

Xplorer
XPL12-135
Polar Max
Lithium
Battery



Xplorer XPL12-135 Polar Max Lithium Battery User Guide

[Home](#) » [Xplorer](#) » Xplorer XPL12-135 Polar Max Lithium Battery User Guide 

Contents

- 1 Xplorer XPL12-135 Polar Max Lithium Battery
- 2 Product Usage Instructions
- 3 Product Design
- 4 Specification
- 5 Series Strings
- 6 Charging Batteries
- 7 Bluetooth battery APP introduction
- 8 BATTERY HEATING
- 9 Troubleshooting
- 10 Battery Current Disappears when Charging
- 11 Documents / Resources
 - 11.1 References
- 12 Related Posts

Xplorer

Xplorer XPL12-135 Polar Max Lithium Battery



Specifications:

- Model: XPL12-135
- Nominal Voltage: 12.8V
- Nominal Capacity: 135Ah
- Total Energy: 1728Wh
- Max. Charging Current: 100A
- Recommended Charging Current: 15A Min – 70A Max
- Charging Voltage: 14.2~14.6V
- Max. Discharging Current: 200A
- End of Discharge Voltage: 11.2V
- Operating Temperature Range: 0~95% RH (No condensing)
- Protection: Over charge, Over discharge, Over temperature, Low Temperature, Over Current, Short circuit
- Cycle Life: 3500 cycles
- Designed Calendar Life: 10 Years
- Dimension (W*D*H, mm): 330*172*241
- Weight: 19 Kg
- Operation Humidity: 0~95% RH (No condensing)
- Communication Port: RS485; CAN, Victron SOC, ALM, RUN, ON/OFF
- LED Indicator and Button: Yes, Max, 4 Sets
- IP Class: IP30
- Parallel Support: Yes, Max, 4 Sets
- Series Support: Yes, Max, 4 Sets
- Certification-Cell: UN38.3; ROHS; IEC62619; UL1973; Grade A REPT Cells
- Certification-Battery: UN38.3; MSDS; CE

Product Usage Instructions

First Use & Storage:

Before using the Xplorer PolarMax Lithium Battery for the first time, ensure it is fully charged according to the recommended charging current. Store the battery in a cool and dry place when not in use, avoiding extreme temperatures.

Charge Limits and Temperature:

Be mindful of the ambient temperature when charging the battery as lower temperatures may affect the charge acceptance of the cells. Refer to the recommended charge limits based on the ambient temperature to maintain optimal performance and durability.

FAQ:**Q: What should I do if I encounter a warning message on the LED display?**

A: If you see a warning message on the LED display indicating over temperature, low temperature, or any other issue, immediately disconnect the battery from any devices and refer to the user manual for troubleshooting steps.

Q: Can I connect multiple batteries in series or parallel?

A: Yes, the Xplorer PolarMax Lithium Battery supports parallel and series connections for increased capacity or voltage. Ensure to follow the manufacturer's guidelines when connecting multiple batteries.

Thanks for purchasing your Xplorer PolarMax Lithium Battery

Xplorer PolarMax 12V 135Ah Li-ion battery is intended as a replacement for common lead acid batteries for a wide range of applications

The new generation PolarMax battery adopts advanced modern features such as a removable enclosure and modular design with Bluetooth and self-heating

The battery adopts Iron Phosphate (LiFePO₄) REPT Grade A cells and unique Ritar BMS to provide safety, high current and prominent long life performance, with 20 times longer cyclic life than SLA battery to save cost and energy & up to 70% lighter than SLA batteries

Diverse internal features which include Bluetooth modules, heater components, LED display units and communication ports.

This document is intended for use by anyone required to install and operate PolarMax 12V 135Ah Li-ion batteries. Be sure to review this manual carefully to identify any potential safety risks before proceeding. The owner must be familiar with all the features of this product before proceeding. Failure to install or use this product as instructed can result in damage to the product that may not be covered under the limited warranty.

Manufactured by Hengyang Ritar Power Co. A global leading and established Battery manufacturer

WARNING:

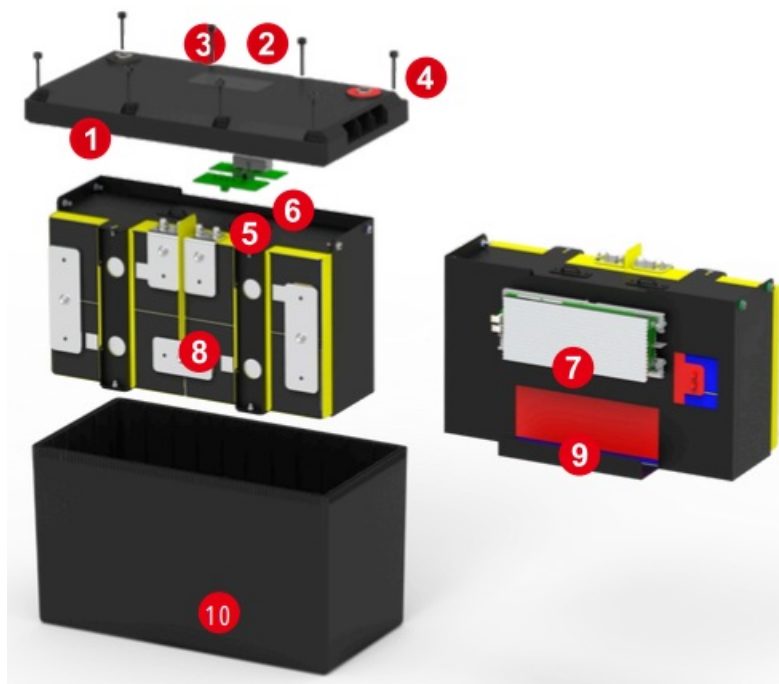
Explosion, Electrocution, Or Fire Hazard

- A battery can present a risk of electric shock, burns from high short circuit current, fire, or explosion. Observe proper precautions.
- Ensure the cables are properly sized. Ensure clearance requirements are strictly enforced around the batteries.
- Ensure the area around the batteries is well-ventilated and clean of debris. Ensure no heat source near the battery.
- Ensure the battery terminal screws are tightened, (M8 screw torque: 18 N.m). Always use insulated tools.
- Avoid dropping tools onto batteries or other electrical parts.
- Never charge a frozen battery unless optional heater parts inside.
- If a battery must be removed, always remove the grounded terminal from the battery first. Make sure all devices are disconnected.
- Never leave on permanent charge
- Never store the battery at full capacity or over-discharged

IMPORTANT

- When installing batteries, leave adequate clearance between batteries. When replacing batteries, use the same number and type of batteries.
- Avoid any fall or collision during the installation process. Do not remove the battery components. The maintenance of the battery should be carried out by a professional engineer. Do not expose the Li-ion battery to heat in excess of 58°C during operation, 60°C in storage. Do not incinerate or expose to open flames. Do not connect over 4 sets Li-ion batteries in series or parallel. Wrong operation will damage the BMS. Before series connection, it's better to make sure fully charge or discharge single battery. The different SOC between batteries may cause the whole group to fail to charge and discharge normally (Reduce the usable capacity of the battery group. Before parallel connection, it's better to make sure the voltage difference less than 0.1V to avoid large current impact .
- Do not connect in series at the same time connect in parallel.
- Be sure to have satisfied yourself that your charging system supports Lithium Batteries safely or optimised to do so
- Direct alternator charging is prohibited unless an adequate DC/DC charger is installed optimised for Lithium Charging

Product Design



1. Detachable cover-ABS+PC
2. PC Film
3. Communication port cover
4. Hexagon socket screws
5. ON/OFF button and LEDs
6. Communication board
7. (BMS (RD-RJ4S100A)
8. Cells – Grade A REPT

9. Heater Parts

10. Case: ABS+PC

Specification

Model	XPL12- 135	
Nominal Voltage [V]	12.8	
Nominal Capacity [Ah]	135	
Total Energy [Wh]	1728	
Max. Charging Current [A]	100	
Recommended Charging Current [A]	15A Min - 70A Max	
Charging Voltage [V]	14.2~14.6	
Max. Discharging Current [A]	200	
End of Discharge Voltage [V]	11.2	
Operating Temperature Range	Discharge: -20 ~ +55°C Charge/Discharge -20~+55°C	
Protection	Over charge Over discharge, Over temperature, Low Temperature, Over Current, Short circuit	
Cycle Life	3500 cycles	
Designed Calendar Life	10 Years	
Dimension (W*D*H, mm)	330*172*241	
Weight [Kg]	19	
Operation Humidity	0~95% RH (No condensing)	
Communication Port	RS485; CAN, Victron	
LED Indicator and Button	SOC, ALM, RUN, ON/OFF	
IP Class	IP30	
Parallel Support ⁽³⁾	Yes, Max, 4Sets	
Series Support	Yes, Max. 4 Sets	
Certification-Cell	UN38.3; ROHS; IEC62619; UL1973; Grade A REPT Cells	
Certification-Battery	UN38.3; MSDS; CE	

First use & Storage

Your battery will require charging before use to both activate and fully charge your battery before installing. We would recommend doing this via your mains powered Battery charger of at least 20A of charge current.

The XPL12-135 Li-ion battery can be stored in an environment with temperatures between -20°C and +55°C and between 10% and 90% relative humidity, non-condensing. For long storage periods at 25°C, charge the battery every 2 months

For temperatures above 40°C, charge the battery quarterly. Do not store the Li-ion battery at temperatures above 60°C. We strongly recommend that your battery is stored at between 30 – 50% capacity at room temperature when not in use. Never leave on permanent charge

Relationship Between Charge Limits and Temperature

Due to the chemistry of Lithium Ion cells, the cells cannot accept as much charge current at lower temperatures without risking permanent loss of capacity. As the cells' temperature rises during the charging process, they can gradually accept higher currents. To maintain optimum performance and durability of Li-ion battery, the following charge limits based on ambient temperature is recommended. Please refer to the heating aspect of the battery

Table 1 Charge rate by temperature

Temperature (°C)	Max Charge Current
-20	Prohibit charging
-10	Prohibit charging
0	0.1C
10	Recommended charge current
20	Max continuous charge current
35	Recommended charge current
45	0.2C
>55	Prohibit charging

Series Strings

The batteries can be combined together in series strings to achieve higher operating voltages by connecting the positive terminal of one battery to the negative terminal of the next battery. The maximum number of 12.8V Li-ion battery that you can connect in a series is four (4). Below figure 2 illustrates four 12.8V Li-ion batteries connected in series, for a 4S1P configuration.



Figure 2. Connecting Batteries in Series (4S1P Configuration)

- Two batteries in series: $2 \times 12.8V = 25.6V$ (nominal) for 24V applications
- Three batteries in series: $3 \times 12.8V = 38.4V$ (nominal) for 36V applications
- Four batteries in series: $4 \times 12.8V = 51.2V$ (nominal) for 48V applications

CAUTION

- Failure to follow the following safety instructions may result in personal injuries or damage to the equipment! Do

not connect more than four batteries in series.

- Connecting more than four batteries in series exceeds the voltage limit of the BMS.
- Do not short circuit the Li-ion battery Do not connect different batches, different types, old and new batteries in series.
- Ensure the batteries consistency before connecting in series.
- For series connection, if one of batteries is charged fully (100% SOC), the other batteries will not be charged anymore, this may casue some batteris SOC won't show 100%, it doesn't effect the performance of battery.

Parallel Strings

You can combine batteries together in parallel strings to achieve higher operating energy by connecting like-polarity terminals of adjacent batteries. To combine batteries in parallel strings, connect all like-polarity wires on adjacent batteries to an appropriately sized terminal block for your application. Refer to Figure 3 for an example of four 12.8V Li-ion batteries connected together in a 4P confi guration. The maximum number of 12V series strings that you can connect in parallel is four. It is important to use the data cable between batteries to ensure even discharge and recharge. Bus Bar connectivity recommended



4pcs x 12.8v100ah in Parallel

Figure 3 Example of a 4S2P Confi guration

CAUTION

- Do not connect different batches, different types, old and new batteries in parallel.
- Ensure the battery voltage difference is below 100mV before parallel connection to avoid high pulse current.
- Ensure every battery have 3A charge/discharge current.
- The parallel application can only extend the capacity and runtime, and cannot increase the charging or discharging current. The max discharge current remains 200A & 100A Charge current

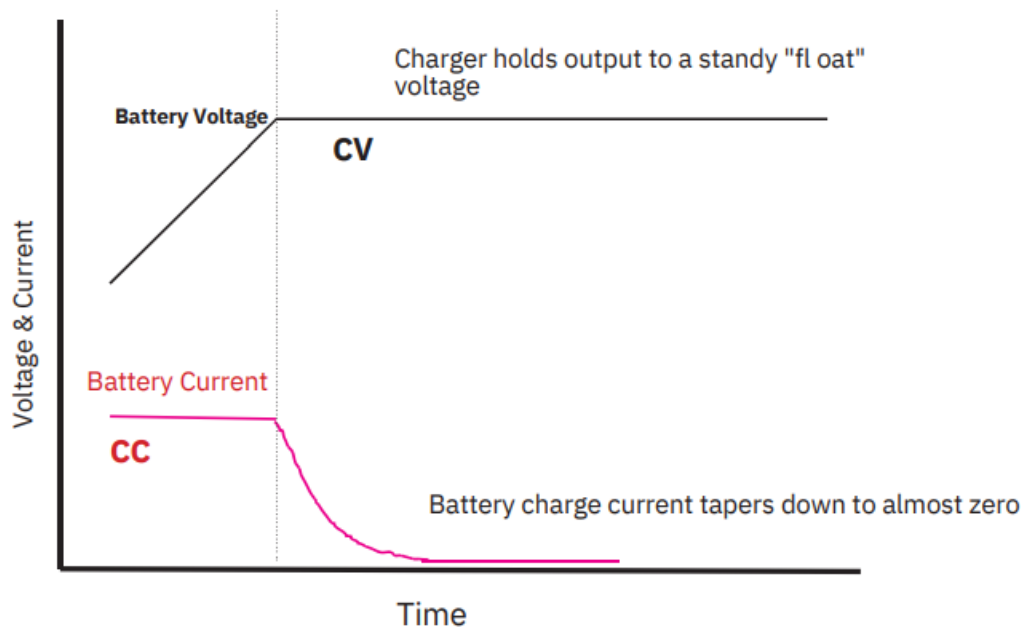
Charging Batteries

The 12.8V Li-ion is compatible with common 12V Lead-acid battery chargers. We advise using GEL or AGM charge profiles if Lithium mode not present.

Do not recharge using standard split relay or direct alternator charging unless a Lithium optimised DC/DC charger is installed Chargers that require the detection of voltage at the battery terminals to charge may fail to wake the Li-

ion battery from a state of under-voltage protection. Constant Voltage (CV) chargers may result in an inrush of current due to the low impedance of the cells, interrupting the charge. Reset the charger and continue charging normally if the charger trips. The constant current (CC) chargers is recommended strongly. To charge a single 12.8V battery, the maximum charge voltage is 14.6V and the maximum charge current is refer to Table 1. Any inrush current may cause over current or short circuit protection. Once you reach end-of-charge voltage, apply a constant voltage hold at this voltage until the current decays to almost zero. This charges the cells to 100% state of charge (SOC).

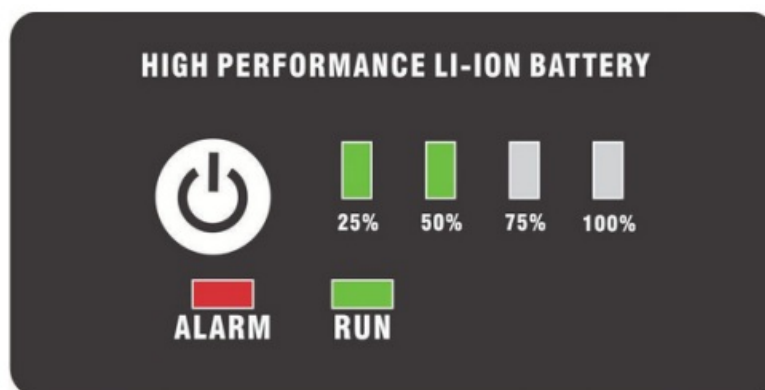
Refer to below figure for an illustration.



Battery voltage and current during recharge

Wake up or Switch Off

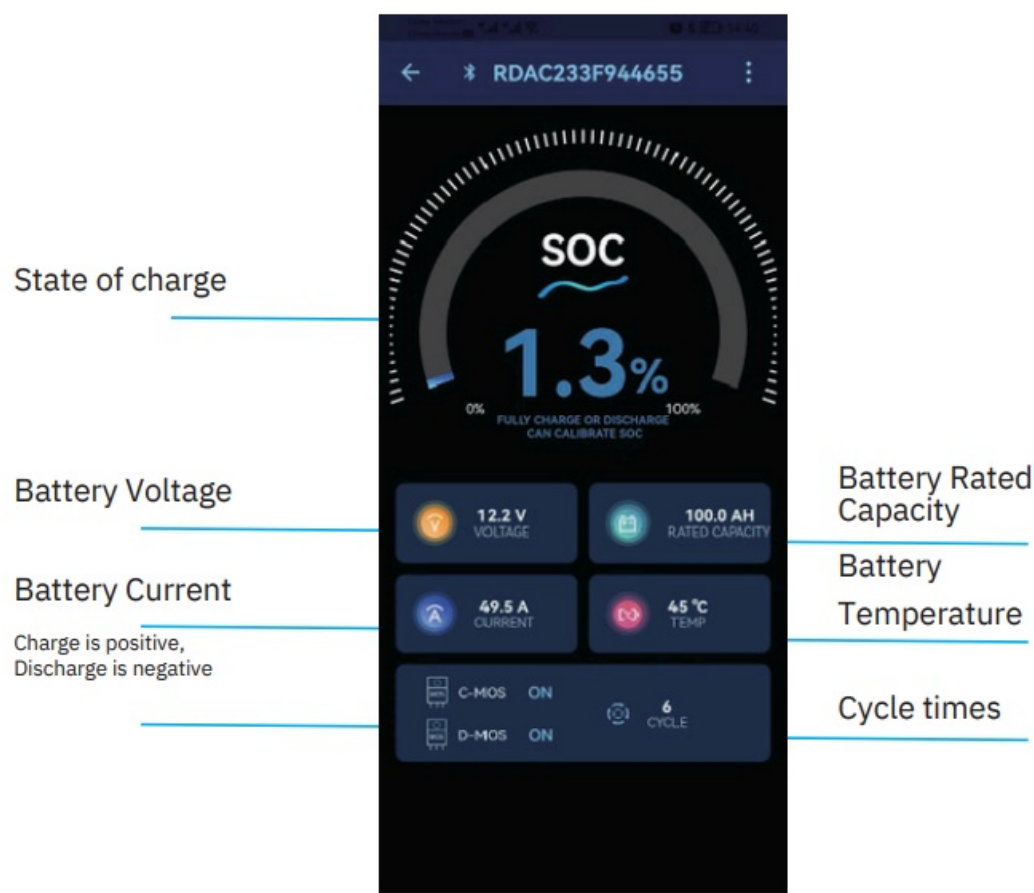
For 12v 135Ah Li-ion battery, if there are no charge or discharge for 24 hours, the battery will enter into sleep mode to save energy and it can still be measured a OCV (>10V), any charge or discharge operation will active the battery. If the battery was over-discharged protection, the BMS will enter into sleep mode after 5 min. there are no OCV at this status. only charge operation can active the battery. Press ON/OFF button 6 seconds to active or switch off a battery.



LED Indicator for G2 & G3

		<div></div>	<div></div>	<div></div>	<div></div>	<div></div>	<div></div>	

ports. Contact our customer service team if you need further assistance



BATTERY HEATING

The PolarMax has LiFePO4 chemistry, this allows it to be discharged in temperatures as low as -20°C without any

adverse effects due to the built in internal heating pad.

Without this, the charging process can pose problems as charging a LiFePO₄ battery below freezing temperatures can cause irreversible damage, leading to a shorter lifespan.

To combat this issue, we've incorporated heating pads into the battery to maintain optimal charging temperatures. To avoid charging the battery under freezing conditions, the battery management system will disable charging and activate the protective state (LTC) when a temperature of 0°C is detected. This action initiates the activation of the heat pads. The BMS will utilize the incoming charge current to energize the 36W heating pads until the temperature reaches 5°C. After achieving 5°C, the protective state will be terminated, and the charging process will resume.

For optimal heating, the heating pads necessitate an incoming charge current of no less than 0.5A

The PolarMax Lithium range is designed to work directly with Victron systems. This negates the need to use extra shunts or BMS's when using a Victron system. Our Batteries have been designed to plug into the Victron communication hub known as the Cerbo GX

The PolarMax BMS once successfully connected to the Victron Cerbo will display the following information

Cell Voltages

Temp

Voltage, State of charge & Current

Current Limit

Charging Voltage Limit

Alarms for over voltage, high voltage and cell imbalance

Connect

Using the cable supplied. Connect lead end labelled Battery to the down Com port on the battery and then the lead end labelled Inverter directly to the BMS CAN input on the Cerbo. You must also use the spare jumper (grey) and place this in the spare BMS CAN input

Please contact our customer service team if you need assistance sales@alpha-batteries.co.uk Tel: 01706356356

Troubleshooting

The PolarMax Li-ion batteries are extremely reliable batteries that provide greater useful life than comparable 12V lead-acid batteries. Despite the high reliability of the 12.8V Li-ion batteries, you may encounter situations where the battery does not operate as expected. These situations are typically the result of misuse, abuse or a non-optimal charging or storage environment. This part details potential issues you may encounter with the PolarMax batteries and the appropriate troubleshooting procedures.

Charger Trips using Constant Voltage

Problem: Charger trips when charging the batteries. This is due to the low impedance of the battery creating a current inrush.

Solution: Reset the charger and try again.

Terminal Voltage Absent or Low

Problem: Using a multimeter to check terminal voltage shows the terminal voltage is low (<10V). Possible causes for this problem are: The voltage of a cell within the battery dropped below 2.5 V, causing the microprocessor to enable low-voltage protection. The battery's SOC dropped below 5% from either an extended idle period or heavy

use, enabling under-voltage protection. The battery overheated ($>60^{\circ}\text{C}$), causing the microprocessor to enable over-temperature protection.

Solution: To resolve situations where terminal voltage is absent or low:

1. Allow the battery to cool and then recheck terminal voltage.
2. .Connect the battery to a charger to wake the battery and recover terminal voltage. ($\leq 30\text{V}$ PV panel can be used to active a deep discharge battery.)(A 12V VRLA battery can also be used to active a deep discharge battery.)
3. If the cells pack voltage is below 7V, the BMS will not be activated anymore. So it needs to be charged in time after deep discharge.

Battery Current Disappears when Charging

Problem:

Battery current disappears when charging. Possible causes for this problem are: The battery overheated, enabling over-temperature protection.

Charger voltage is too high.

Solution:

To resolve situations where current disappears when charging:

1. Allow the battery to cool.
2. Reduce charger voltage to 14.2~.14.6 V.

We're here to help.

Our UK based dedicated support team are available to assist Contact us at sales@alpha-batteries.co.uk Tel: 01706356356

What are the ideal charge settings for my PolarMax?

Bulk Charge: 14.2 – 14.6v

Float Charge: 13.6v

What size thread/Terminal type do the PolarMax Batteries have?

8mm nut and bolt connection supplied. 8mm to SAE round post adapters can be fitted. We supply them here

Can I connect multiple PolarMax batteries?

Yes you can! You can connect up to four PolarMax Batteries in Series or Paralell

You must only connect batteries together of the same type, manufacturer and age!

Can I side mount my PolarMax Battery?

You can indeed! The range is designed to be orientated in any position. Please ensure the terminals are protected to avoid short circuit

What Inverter size can I use on this Model?

The PolarMax 135ah has a Ritar 100A Max discharge BMS built inside. This equates to 1280W

We recommend an Inverter no larger than 1200w.

What Charger shall I use?

We recommend 15A minimum and 70A Max. Failure to do so will result in either under or overcharge resulting in battery failure

We strongly recommend the use of modern Victron chargers for mains and alternator charging Existing chargers can be used but must have a dedicated Lithium charge profile or GEL/AGM setting at least.

Documents / Resources



[Xplorer XPL12-135 Polar Max Lithium Battery](#) [pdf] User Guide
XPL12-135 Polar Max Lithium Battery, XPL12-135, Polar Max Lithium Battery, Max Lithium Battery, Lithium Battery, Battery

References

- [S batteries.co.uk - Batteries Resources and Information.](https://www.batteries.co.uk)
- [User Manual](#)

[Manuals+](#), [Privacy Policy](#)

This website is an independent publication and is neither affiliated with nor endorsed by any of the trademark owners. The "Bluetooth®" word mark and logos are registered trademarks owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc. The "Wi-Fi®" word mark and logos are registered trademarks owned by the Wi-Fi Alliance. Any use of these marks on this website does not imply any affiliation with or endorsement.