

VHDLwhiz WAV Audio File Reader Writer Packages User Manual

Home » VHDLwhiz » VHDLwhiz WAV Audio File Reader Writer Packages User Manual

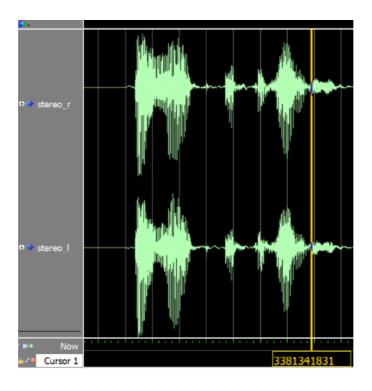


Contents

- 1 VHDLwhiz WAV Audio File Reader Writer **Packages**
- **2 Product Information**
- **3 Description**
- 4 Simulating the design
- **5 Documents / Resources**
 - **5.1 References**



VHDLwhiz WAV Audio File Reader Writer Packages



Product Information

• Product Name: WAV audio file reader/writer packages

Version: 1.0.0Date: July 1, 2022

• Product URL: https://vhdlwhiz.com/product/vhdl-package-wav-audio-file-reader-writer/

• Contact Email: jonas@vhdlwhiz.com

Description

- This VHDL package provides functionality for reading and writing uncompressed WAV audio format files. It contains two packages, wav_reader and wav_writer, which allow users to handle audio data in simulation.
- WAV is a widely used audio file format on Windows-based systems and is also compatible with audio recording
 devices and editing software like the Adobe suite. Despite the availability of more efficient audio codecs, WAV
 remains popular for storing uncompressed, lossless audio due to its simplicity and cross-platform support.
- The VHDLwhiz's wav_reader package skips non-mandatory parts of a WAV file and focuses on the data subchunk that contains the audio samples. The wav_writer package can reproduce or create a new WAV file with a mandatory RIFF header.
- The VHDL packages support mono or stereo WAV files with any sampling rate and sample bit length, as long as it is a multiple of 8 bits. WAV files can have various types of encoding on individual audio samples, but the most common ones are pulse-code modulation (PCM) or 32-bit IEEE floating-point.
- Note that the wav_reader package reads the audio samples as-is without performing any conversion. It is the
 responsibility of the user to interpret the data. The wav_writer package allows specifying the format code to
 indicate the encoding of the samples.

License

The MIT license covers the source code's copyright requirements and terms of use. Refer to the LICENSE.txt file in the Zip file for details.

Changelog

These changes refer to the project files, and this document is updated accordingly.

• Version: 1.0.0

· Remarks: Initial release

Description

- This project contains two VHDL packages for reading from or writing audio data to WAV files in simulation.
- WAV is a file format for storing audio data that's widely used on Windows-based systems and by audio
 recording devices or editing software like the Adobe suite. Despite the emergence of more efficient audio
 codec algorithms, WAV remains a popular format for storing uncompressed, lossless audio data because of its
 simplicity and cross-platform support.
- Every WAV file begins with a Resource Interchange File Format (RIFF) header containing information about the audio data's encoding. After this mandatory part, there may be multiple subchunks with meta info that's not crucial for knowing how to interpret the audio data.
- Therefore, VHDLwhiz's wav_reader package ignores non-mandatory parts and skips to the "data" subchunk containing the audio samples. Similarly, the wav_writer package can reproduce or create a new WAV file with a mandatory RIFF header.
- The VHDL packages support WAV files that are mono or stereo, have any sampling rate, and any sample bit length, as long as it's a multiple of 8 bits.
- WAV files support any type of encoding on the individual audio samples, but the most common ones are pulsecode modulation (PCM) or 32-bit IEEE floating-point.
- The wav_reader package allows you to extract the format code from the file header, but it will not do any
 conversion. It reads the audio samples as-is, and it's up to the Copyright <u>VHDLwhiz.com</u>

user of the package to interpret the data. Likewise, you may specify the format code when using the wav_writer package to indicate the encoding of the samples.

Example use cases

The comments above the method prototype code in the VHDL files describe how the procedures and functions in the protected types work.

Study the VHDL testbench to see a working example that reads and writes mono and stereo WAV files with PCM and IEEE float encoding.

DUT audio passthrough

- When testing audio processing modules, a typical use case is to read from one WAV file, stream the data through the device under test (DUT), and write back the results to a new WAV file.
- That's easy to accomplish with VHDLwhiz's WAV file reader/writer packages.
- The example code below shows how you can set up such a testbench.

```
READER_PROC : process
begin
  -- Open WAV file for reading
 reader.open_file(read_filename);
 reader.print_metainfo;
 -- Open WAV file for writing with the same header fields
 writer.open file(
   write_filename,
   reader.get_audio_format,
   reader.get_num_channels,
   reader.get_sample_rate,
   reader.get_bits_per_sample,
   reader.get_total_samples);
 while not reader.is empty loop
   -- Send data to the DUT
   reader.read_sample(stereo_in_l, stereo_in_r);
   wait for 1 sec / reader.get_sample_rate;
   writer.write_sample(stereo_out_1, stereo_out_r);
 end loop;
 reader.close file;
 writer.close_file;
end process;
```

First, we open the input WAV file for reading. Then, we create an output WAV file based on the input file's header. After that, we enter a loop that reads each sample and sends it to the DUT.

Because audio data is slow compared to the FPGA's high clock speed, the DUT will have plenty of time to process the samples before we write its output to the second WAV file.

Finally, we close both WAV files so that we can listen to them or analyze them using third-party software.

Method prototypes

wav reader pkg.vhd

The code listing below shows the declarative region of the WAV file reader package.

```
package wav_reader_pkg is
  type wav_reader is protected

-- Open the wave file for reading
--
-- @param filename The path to the input file
--
procedure open_file(filename : string);
-- Close the wave file if open
procedure close_file;
-- Check if the file has been opened for reading
--
-- @return true if the file is open
```

```
package wav_writer_pkg is
 type wav_writer is protected
   -- Open the wave file for writing
   -- initially came from the wav_reader_pkg package, you can access those data
   -- from the reader's getter functions: get_audio_format, get_num_channels,
   -- @param filename The path to the input file
   -- @param audio format Numeric value identifying the encoding of a sample
   -- @param num_channels Mono = 1, stereo = 2
   -- @param bits_per_sample Bits per sample, per channel (must be a multiple of
   procedure open_file(
     filename : string;
    audio_format : integer;
    num_channels : integer;
    sample_rate : integer;
    bits_per_sample : integer;
    total_samples : integer);
   procedure close_file;
   -- @return true if the file is open
```

wav_writer_pkg.vhd

The code listing below shows the declarative region of the WAV file writer package.

```
package wav_writer_pkg is
 type wav_writer is protected
   -- Open the wave file for writing
  -- initially came from the wav_reader_pkg package, you can access those data
   -- from the reader's getter functions: get_audio_format, get_num_channels,
   -- Mparam filename The path to the input file
   -- @param audio format Numeric value identifying the encoding of a sample
   -- @param num_channels Mono = 1, stereo = 2
   -- @param sample_rate The sampling rate in Hz
   -- @param bits_per_sample Bits per sample, per channel (must be a multiple of
   procedure open_file(
    filename : string;
    audio_format : integer;
    num_channels : integer;
    sample_rate : integer;
    bits_per_sample : integer;
    total_samples : integer);
   procedure close file;
   -- @return true if the file is open
```

```
impure function is_open return boolean;

-- The number of samples left to write based on total_samples
impure function get_samples_left_to_write return integer;

-- Write one audio sample (mono version)
procedure write_sample(constant sample : in std_logic_vector);

-- Write one audio sample set (stereo version)
procedure write_sample(constant sample_l, sample_r : in std_logic_vector);
end protected;
end package;
```

Zip file content

- WAV file RW package User Manual.pdf This document
- wav_reader_pkg.vhd The VHDL package for reading WAV files
- wav_writer_pkg.vhd The VHDL package for writing WAV files
- · testbench.vhd VHDL testbench for the package
- How to run.gif Screencast guide for running the testbench

- · LICENSE.txt License agreement
- project.mpf ModelSim/Questa project file
- run.do ModelSim/Questa script for running the testbench
- · wave.do Wave format file for ModelSim/Questa
- Audio_in_mono_48kHz_32b_float.wav Audio sample
- Audio in stereo 48kHz 24b PCM.wav Audio sample

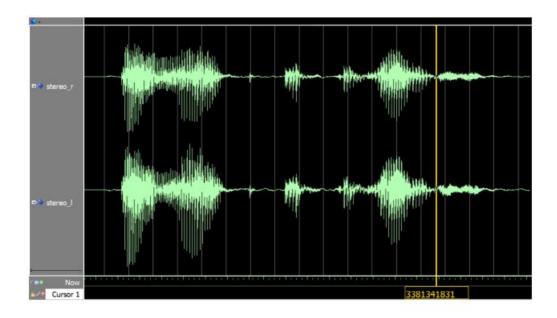
Simulating the design

There is a demo testbench in the Zip file (testbench.vhd).

The VHDL testbench should work in any capable VHDL simulator supporting the full 2008 VHDL revision, but the provided run.do script only works in ModelSim/Questa.

To run the testbench, open ModelSim/Questa and type in the simulator console: do <path_to_extracted_zip_content>/run.do runtb

- The testbench reads two WAV files using the wav_reader and writes them back to disk using the wav_writer package. The two input files are
- Audio_in_mono_48kHz_32b_float.wav and
- Audio_in_stereo_48kHz_24b_PCM.wav. The output files will be
- Audio_out_mono.wav and Audio_out_stereo.wav.
- The WAV header information should appear in the simulator's transcript window, and a waveform showing the audio as an analog signal should appear, as shown below.



Known issues

The package is unsynthesizable and only meant for use in testbenches/simulation.

Copyright VHDLwhiz.com

Documents / Resources



VHDLwhiz WAV Audio File Reader Writer Packages [pdf] User Manual

WAV Audio File Reader Writer Packages, WAV Audio, File Reader Writer Packages, Reader Writer Packages, Writer Packages

References

- V VHDLwhiz The best resource for VHDL engineers
- V VHDLwhiz The best resource for VHDL engineers
- V-VHDL package: WAV audio file reader/writer VHDLwhiz
- VHDL package: WAV audio file reader/writer VHDLwhiz

Manuals+,