

# Vabiooth VB-M001 Dual View Compound Monocular **Microscope Instruction Manual**

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**Operation Manual** 

This operation manual is for the Mode VB-M001 microscope. We recommend that you carefully review this manual prior to operating this device in order to optimize safety and performance, and to become fully familiar with its use. Keep this operation manual in an easily accessible place for future reference.

**WARNING:** To prevent fire and electrical shock, do not expose unit to rain or moisture. **CAUTION:** No user-serviceable parts inside. Refer servicing to qualified service personnel.

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#### Before use

# 1-1. Operation

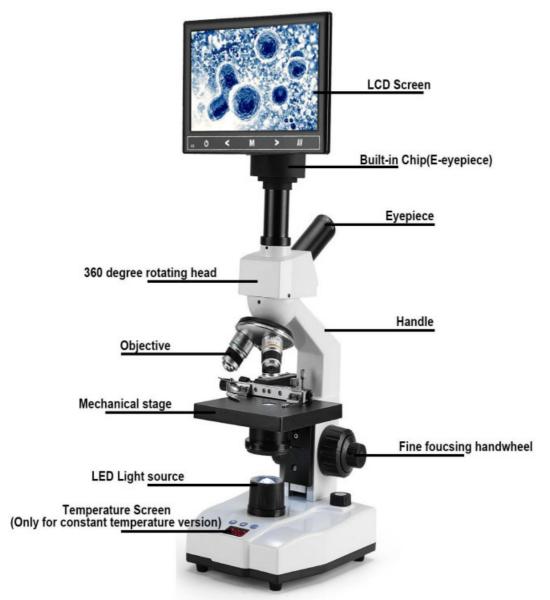
- 1. As the microscope is a precision instrument, always use it with care. Avoid dropping or shaking during operation. Make sure the microscope is placed on a flat surface.
- 2. Do not put the microscope in direct contact with the sun. Do not expose the microscope to high temperature, damp, or dusty environment.
- 3. When moving the microscope, you should use both hands, typically one hand under the base and one hand on the arm (stand) of the microscope and set it down carefully.
  - **CAUTION:** It will damage the microscope if you hold the microscope either by the stage, focusing knob or head.
- 4. Be sure the microscope is unplugged before replacing the bulb or fuse and wait until the bulb has cooled down.
- 5. This microscope has a built in voltage transformer and can be used with wide voltage range from 110 to 240V.
- 6. Only use the power cord supplied with the microscope.

#### 1-2 Maintenance

- 1. Wipe the lens gently with a soft lens tissue. After every use with oil or fingerprints clean the lens surfaces with lens paper or lens paper moistened with a little rubbing alcohol. If you do not have lens paper make sure to use a lint free towel or cloth.
  - **CAUTION:** Alcohol is flammable. Do not place this chemical near fire or fire causing source. You should use this chemical in a ventilated place.
- 2. Don't use organic solution to wipe the surfaces of the other components.
- 3. If the microscope comes in contact with a liquid, then you should turn off the power immediately and wipe it dry.
- 4. Never disassemble or service the microscope yourself.
- 5. After using, cover the microscope with a dust cover.

#### Diagram

VB-M001 Microscope Diagram



How to set the temperature?(Only for constant temperature version) Turn on the constant temperature heating button, press and hold for 3 seconds and then the font will flash. Then press the thermostat key "?" "?" to adjust the temperature, the adjustable range of temperature is 0-50 degree.

# **Assembly**

# 3-1 Install the Objectives

Install the objective into the microscope nosepiece from the lowest magnification to the highest, in a clockwise direction.

# 3-2 Insert the Eyepieces

- 1. Remove the eyepiece tube covers.
- 2. Insert the eyepiece into the tube completely.

# 3-3 Install plug

Insert one side of the plug into the back socket of the microscope.

# Operation



Fig.1

# 4-1 Turn on

- 1. Insert the plug into an outlet and turn on.
- 2. Adjust the light adjustment knob until you get the suitable brightness. (See fig.1)

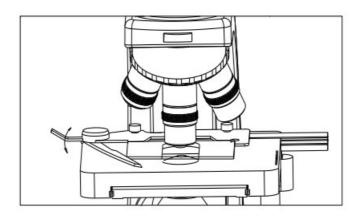


Fig.2

# 4-2 Set the specimen slide

- 1. Push the arm of the specimen holder back.
- 2. Insert the slide with the cover glass facing up and allow the arm of the specimen holder forward. (See fig.2)
- 3. Rotate the X and Y-axis knobs on the mechanical stage to move the specimen to the center (the center of the objective).

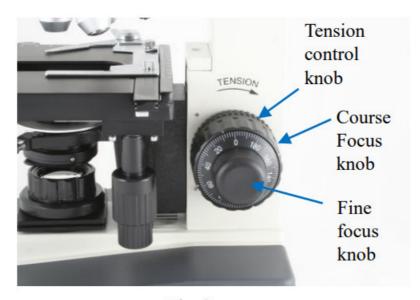
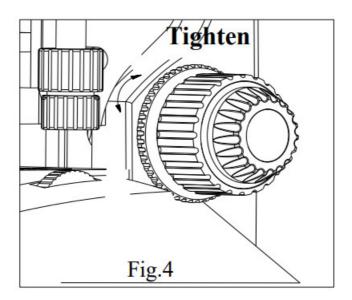


Fig.3

# 4-3 Adjust focus

- 1. Move the objective 4X into the light path.
- 2. Rotate the coarse-focusing-knob until the image appears.
- 3. Turn the fine-focusing-knob to make the specimen clearer. (See fig.3)
  - When using the 4X and 10X objective, open the aperture diaphragm and field diaphragm to the widest position.



# 4-4 Adjust tension of the focus

If the course focus knob is difficult to turn when focusing or the stage drifts downwards by itself, you can solve the problem by adjusting the tension adjustment ring. Turn clockwise to tighten the controls or counterclockwise to loosen the controls (See fig.4)

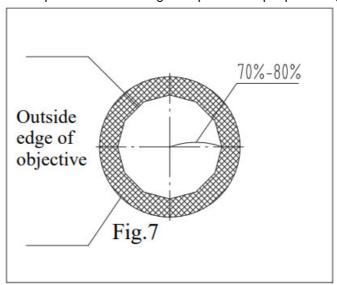


#### Use the filter

Filter can make the background softer.

There is a filters: Frosted.

(You also place the Polarizer in this position when using the optional simple polarizing set)



# 4-4Adjust diaphragm

The diaphragm can prevent other light from entering and strengthen the image by limiting the beam of light entering the condenser. When the image of the diaphragm is just on the edge of the field of view, you can obtain the clearest image.



Fig.8

# 4-5 Adjust aperture diaphragm 2

The aperture diaphragm decides the numerical aperture of the illumination. If the N.A. of illumination is matching with N.A. of the objective②, you can obtain better resolution and the contrast.

If the contrast is low, you can adjust the N.A. of the condenser to 70%-80% of the N.A. of the objective when

using. Adjust the upper diaphragm ring until you see the image like above (See fig.7). Use of diaphragm and put the N.A. of condenser ② to 80% of the objective. e.g.: objective 40X (N.A. =0.65), put the aperture diaphragm to about 0.65X0.8=0.52. (See fig.8)

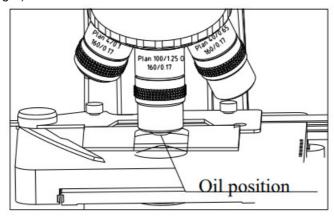


Fig.9

# 4-6 Use the oil objective

- 1. Use the objective 40X to focus the specimen.
- 2. Put a drop of oil on the specimen. (See fig.9)
- 3. Rotate the nosepiece to place the 100X objective (oil) into the light path. Then use the fine focusing knob to focus.
  - ★ Make sure there is no air bubble in the oil.
  - A. Take out the eyepieces to examine the air bubble. Open the aperture diaphragm and field diaphragm fully and observe the edge of the objective from the tube without the eyepiece.
  - B. You can rotate nosepiece slightly and swing the oil objective some times to remove the air bubble.
- 4. After using oil, clean the 100X lens with clean lens paper using rubbing alcohol if the oil does not come off easily.

# **Specification**

# 5-1 VB-M001 Microscope general specifications VB-M001 Feature

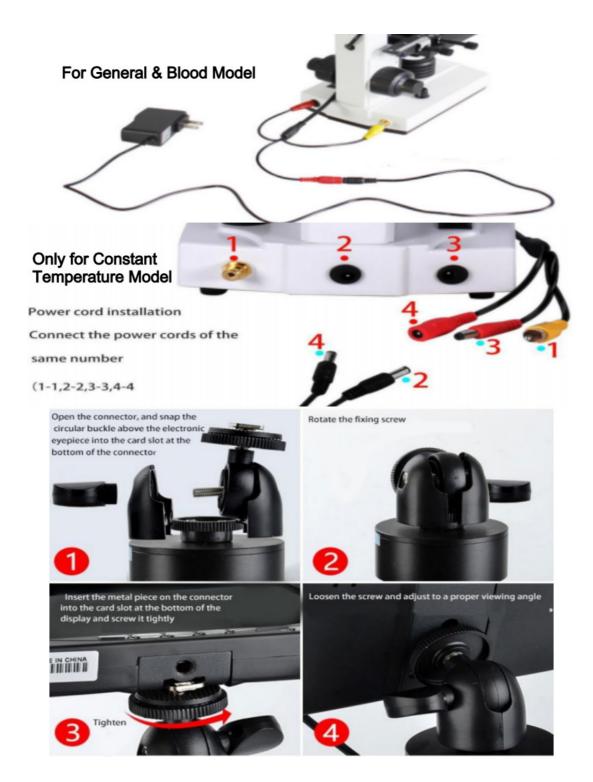
Eyepieces	W110X and WF25X eyepieces	
4 Objective lenses	4X, 10X, 40X (Spring), 100X (Spring, Oil)	
Magnification levels	40X, 100X, 250X, 400X, 1000X, 2500X	
Head	30 degree inclined, 360 degree rotatable trinocular head	
Mechanical stage	Mechanical stage with rack stop, 120x130mm	
Abbe condenser	NA 1.25 Abbe condenser with iris diaphragm	
Knobs	Coaxial coarse and fine focus knobs	
LED light	Transmitted illumination with 1W LCD bulb, adjustable brightness	
Power supply	110-240V power input	

# Troubleshooting

Symptom	Cause	Remedy		
Optics				
(1)The lamp is bright, b ut the light in the field of view is not bright enoug h.	Field diaphragm is not large enough.	Enlarge the field diaphragm.		
	Condenser is too low.	Adjust the condenser.		
	Condenser is not centered.	Center the condenser.		
(2)The side of the field of view is dark or not ev en.	The nosepiece is not in the right position.	Turn the nosepiece into the right		
	Stain or dust has accumulated on the condense r, objective, eyepieces, and base lens.	Clean the lens.		
	Condenser adjustment needed (see step 3-7)	Center the condenser.		
(3)Stain or dust is obser ved in the field of view.	Stains have accumulated on the specimen.	Clean the specimen.		
	Stains have accumulated on the lens.	Clean the lens.		
(4)Unclear image	No cover glass on the specimen slide.	Add the cover glass.		
	The cover glass is not standard.	Use a standard cover glass with th ickness 0.17mm.		
	The cover glass faces down.	Put the cover glass to face up.		
	The immersion oil has accumulated on the dry o bjective.	Clean thoroughly.		
	The immersion oil is not used for oil objective 10 0XR.	Use immersion oil.		
	Air bubble in the immersion.	Get rid of the air bubble.		
	Use wrong immersion oil.	Use correct one.		
	The aperture is not opened correctly.	Adjust the iris diaphragm.		
	Stain or dust has accumulated on the lens in the e inlet of the head.	Clean the lens.		
	The condenser is not in the right position.	Adjust the condenser.		
(5)One side of the field of view is dark or the im age moves while focusing.	The specimen slide is not fixed.	Fix with clips.		
	The nosepiece is not in the right position.	Turn the nosepiece into the right p osition.		
	Condenser is centered incorrectly.	Center the condenser.		
(6) The eyes feel tired e asily. The right field of vi ew doesn't superpose with the left.	Interpupillary distance is wrong.	Adjust the interpupillary distance		
	Diopter adjustment is wrong.	Adjust the diopter.		
	The eyepiece for the right is different from the le ft.	Use the same eyepieces.		

Symptom	Cause	Remedy		
Mechanics				
(1)Can not get the obje ctive focused.	The cover glass faces down.	Put the cover glass to face up.		
	The cover glass is not standard.	Use a standard cover glass with thi ckness 0.17mm.		
(2) The objective touch es the cover glass whil e turning the nosepiece .	The cover glass faces down.	Put the cover glass to face up.		
	The cover glass is not standard.	Use a standard cover glass with thi ckness 0.17mm.		
(3)Coarse focusing kno b is too tight.	Tension knob is too tight.	Loosen a little.		
(4)Stage declines itself and can't stay in the fo cus plane.	Tension knob is too loose.	Tighten a little.		
(5)Coarse focusing kno b can't rise.	The limit stop knob is locked.	Loosen the knob.		
(6)Coarse focusing kno b can't decline.	The base of the condenser is too low.	Raise the base.		
(7)Can not move the sli de smoothly.	The slide is not fixed correctly.	Adjust it correctly.		
	The movable specimen holder is not fixed properly.	Adjust it correctly.		
(8)The image moves o bviously when touching the stage.	The stage is fastened incorrectly.	Fasten the stage correctly.		
Electrical				
(1)The bulb does not w ork.	No power supply.	Check the connection of the power cable.		
	The bulb is not inserted correctly.	Insert it correctly.		
	The bulb burnt out.	Replace it.		
(2)The bulb burnt out u sually.	Use a wrong bulb.	Replace with a correct one.		
(3)The field of view is n ot bright enough.	Use a wrong bulb.	Replace with a correct one.		
	The use of light adjustment knob is wrong.	Adjust correctly.		
(4)The bulb flickers or t he brightness is not sta ble.	The bulb will burn out soon.	Replace with a new one.		
	The wire doesn't connect all right.	Connect correctly.		

# How to connect the monitor?



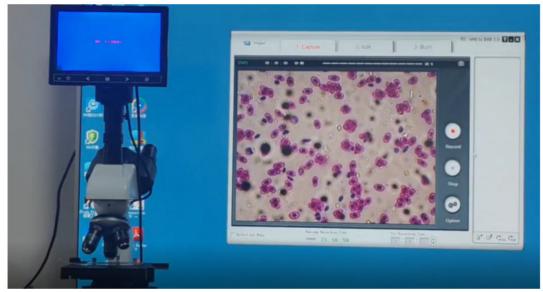
- 1. Install and connect the monitor according to the picture above, then turn on the power button
- 2. Select AV1 channel
- 3. Monitor "M" can adjust BRIGHTNESS, CONTRAST, COLOUR, ZOOMTCON, LANGUAGE ("Vabiooth" Youtube channel has Instructional video)

# How to take still photos and videos?

If you need to take still shots and videos,

please contact <u>Vabiooth@outlook.com</u>, we will send you a install document and device to make the monitor get this function for free.

Instructional Video link: <a href="https://bit.ly/3FYu9aS">https://bit.ly/3FYu9aS</a>



Vabiooth provides 18 months warranty and lifetime free service.

If you encounter any issues with the product, Please contact the Vablooth team to promptly receive troubleshooting tips or a replacement.

#### **FAQ**

1) How to Install the microscope?

Please refer to our user manual. In addition, we have recorded an installation video for each machine. Please search for "Vabiooth

2) What are the options for eyepleces?

To provide a better customer experience, all models'eyepieces have been upgraded to WF25X eyepieces, and if you need WFIOX, WFIEX, 2X Teleconverter, Please contact us.

3) How do I prevent dirt and grime from getting into the eyepieces and objectives?

Remind the user to use the Vabiooth Microscope Cover to keep your microscope covered all the time when not in use. This will help keep the eyepieces and objectives from water and dust. If you need the microscope cover, please contact us.

4) Why are your machines divided into so many versions?

We want to improve the displays color restoration & clarity ability to show perfect imaging for different applications, our microscopes are mainly divided into blood version, constant temperature version, general version (Different versions use different chips). The blood version is used to observe blood cells. The constant temperature version is suitable for breeding and farms to artificial insemination (35-36 degrees is the most active temperature for sperm), the universal version is suitable for experimental research, veterinarians to observe pond organisms, parasites, and soil.

#### Contact us





# **Documents / Resources**



<u>Vabiooth VB-M001 Dual View Compound Monocular Microscope</u> [pdf] Instruction Manual VB-M001 Dual View Compound Monocular Microscope, VB-M001, Dual View Compound Monocular Microscope, Monocular Microscope, Microscope, Microscope

# References

- **(b)** YouTube
- User Manual

Manuals+,