

UNITRONICS V120-22-T2C HMI Display Unit User Guide

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General Description

The products listed above are micro-PLC+HMIs, rugged programmable logic controllers that comprise built-in operating panels.

Detailed Installation Guides containing the I/O wiring diagrams for these models, technical specifications, and additional documentation are located in the Technical Library in the Unitronics website: https://unitronicsplc.com/support-technical-library/

Alert Symbols and General Restrictions

When any of the following symbols appear, read the associated information carefully.

Symbol	Meaning	Description
<u>*</u>	Danger	The identified danger causes physical and property damage.
<u>^</u>	Warning	The identified danger could cause physical and property damage.
Caution	Caution	Use caution.

- Before using this product, the user must read and understand this document.
- All examples and diagrams are intended to aid understanding, and do not guarantee operation.
 Unitronics accepts no responsibility for actual use of this product based on these examples.
- Please dispose of this product according to local and national standards and regulations.
- Only qualified service personnel should open this device or carry out repairs.
- Failure to comply with appropriate safety guidelines can cause severe injury or property damage.
- Do not attempt to use this device with parameters that exceed permissible levels.

• To avoid damaging the system, do not connect/disconnect the device when power is on.

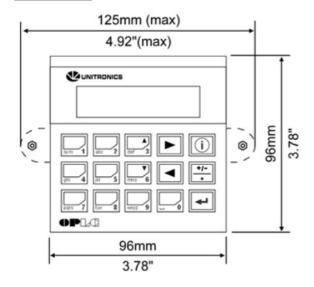
Environmental Considerations

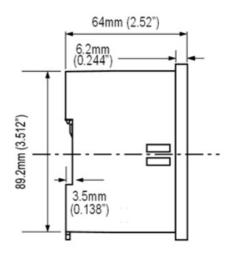
- Do not install in areas with: excessive or conductive dust, corrosive or flammable gas, moisture or rain, excessive heat, regular impact shocks or excessive vibration, in accordance with the standards given in the product's technical specification sheet.
- Do not place in water or let water leak onto the unit.
- Do not allow debris to fall inside the unit during installation.
- Ventilation: 10mm space required between controller's top/bottom edges & enclosure walls.
- Install at maximum distance from high-voltage cables and power equipment.

Mounting

Note that figures are for illustrative purposes only.

Dimensions





Model	Cut-out	View area
V120	92×92 mm (3.622"x3.622")	57.5×30.5mm (2.26"x1.2")
M91	92×92 mm (3.622"x3.622")	62×15.7mm (2.44"x0.61")

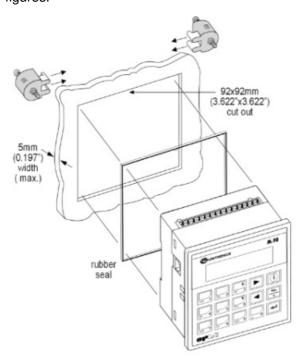
Panel Mounting

Before you begin, note that the mounting panel cannot be more than 5 mm thick.

- 1. Make a panel cut-out of the appropriate size:
- 2. Slide the controller into the cut-out, ensuring that the rubber seal is in place.
- 3. Push the mounting brackets into their slots on the sides of the panel as shown in the figure below.
- 4. Tighten the bracket's screws against the panel. Hold the bracket securely against the unit while tightening the

screw.

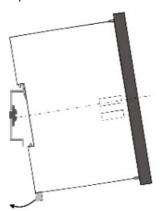
5. When properly mounted, the controller is squarely situated in the panel cut-out as shown in the accompanying figures.



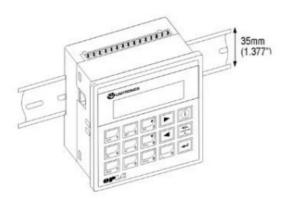


DIN-rail Mounting

1. Snap the controller onto the DIN rail as shown in the figure to the right.



2. When properly mounted, the controller is squarely situated on the DIN-rail as shown in the figure to the right.



Wiring

- Do not touch live wires.
- This equipment is designed to operate only in SELV/PELV/Class 2/Limited Power environments.
- All power supplies in the system must include double insulation. Power supply outputs must be rated as SELV/PELV/Class 2/Limited Power.
- Do not connect either the 'Neutral or 'Line' signal of the 110/220VAC to device's 0V pin.
- · All wiring activities should be performed while power is OFF.
- Use over-current protection, such as a fuse or circuit breaker, to avoid excessive currents into the power supply connection point.
- Unused points should not be connected (unless otherwise specified). Ignoring this directive may damage the
 device.
- Double-check all wiring before turning on the power supply

Caution

- To avoid damaging the wire, do not exceed a maximum torque of:
 - Controllers offering a terminal block with pitch of 5mm: 0.5 N·m (5 kgf·cm).
 - Controllers offering a terminal block with pitch of 3.81mm f 0.2 N·m (2 kgf·cm).
- Do not use tin, solder, or any substance on stripped wire that might cause the wire strand to break.
- Install at maximum distance from high-voltage cables and power equipment.

Wiring Procedure

Use crimp terminals for wiring;

- Controllers offering a terminal block with pitch of 5mm: 26-12 AWG wire (0.13 mm2 -3.31 mm2).
- Controllers offering a terminal block with pitch of 3.81mm: 26-16 AWG wire (0.13 mm2 1.31 mm2).
- 1. Strip the wire to a length of 7±0.5mm (0.270–0.300").
- 2. Unscrew the terminal to its widest position before inserting a wire.
- 3. Insert the wire completely into the terminal to ensure a proper connection.
- 4. Tighten enough to keep the wire from pulling free.

Wiring Guidelines

- Use separate wiring ducts for each of the following groups:
 - Group 1: Low voltage I/O and supply lines, communication lines.
 - Group 2: High voltage Lines, Low voltage noisy lines like motor driver outputs.
 Separate these groups by at least 10cm (4"). If this is not possible, cross the ducts at a 90° angle.
- For proper system operation, all 0V points in the system should be connected to the system 0V supply rail.
- Product-specific documentation must be fully read and understood before performing any wiring.
 Allow for voltage drop and noise interference with input lines used over an extended distance.
 Use wire that is properly sized for the load.

Earthing the product

To maximize system performance, avoid electromagnetic interference as follows:

- · Use a metal cabinet.
- Connect the 0V and functional ground points (if exist) directly to the earth ground of the system.
- Use the shortest, less than 1m (3.3 ft.) and thickest, 2.08mm² (14AWG) min, wires possible.

UL Compliance

The following section is relevant to Unitronics' products that are listed with the UL. The following models: V120-22-T1, V120-22-T2C, V120-22-UA2, V120-22-UN2, M91-2-R1, M91-2-R2C, M91-2-R6, M91-2-R6C, M91-2-T1, M91-2-T2C, M91-2-UA2, M91-2-UN2 are UL listed for Hazardous Locations.

The following models: V120-22-R1, V120-22-R2C, V120-22-R34, V120-22-R6, V120-22-R6C, V120-22-RA22, V120-22-T1, V120-22-T2C, V120-22-T38, V120-22-UA2, V120-22-UN2, M91-2-FL1, M91-2- PZ1, M91-2-R1, M91-2-R2, M91-2-R2C, M91-2-R34, M91-2-R6, M91-2-R6C, M91-2-RA22, M91-2-T1, M91-2-T2C, M91-2-T38, M91-2-TC2, M91-2-UA2, M91-2-UN2, M91-2-ZK, M91-T4-FL1, M91-T4-PZ1, M91-T4-R1, M91-T4-R2, M91-T4-R2C, M91-T4-R34, M91-T4-R6, M91-T4-R6C, M91-T4-RA22, M91-T4-T1, M91-T4-T2C, M91-T4-T38, M91-T4-TC2, M91-T4-UA2, M91-T4-UN2, M91-T4-ZK are UL listed for Ordinary Location.

For models from series M91, that include "T4" in the Model name, Suitable for mounting on the flat surface of Type 4X enclosure.

For examples: M91-T4-R6

UL Ordinary Location

In order to meet the UL ordinary location standard, panel-mount this device on the flat surface of Type 1 or 4 X enclosures

<u>UL Ratings, Programmable Controllers for Use in Hazardous Locations, Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C</u> and D

These Release Notes relate to all Unitronics products that bear the UL symbols used to mark products that have been approved for use in hazardous locations, Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D.



- This equipment is suitable for use in Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C and D, or Nonhazardous locations only.
- Input and output wiring must be in accordance with Class I, Division 2 wiring methods and in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.
- WARNING—Explosion Hazard—substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.
- WARNING EXPLOSION HAZARD Do not connect or disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.
- WARNING Exposure to some chemicals may degrade the sealing properties of material used in Relays.
- This equipment must be installed using wiring methods as required for Class I, Division 2 as per the NEC and/or CEC.

Panel-Mounting

For programmable controllers that can be mounted also on panel, in order to meet the UL Haz Loc standard, panel-mount this device on the flat surface of Type 1 or Type 4X enclosures.

Relay Output Resistance Ratings

The products listed below contain relay outputs:

Programmable controllers, Models: M91-2-R1, M91-2-R2C, M91-2-R6C, M91-2-R6

- When these specific products are used in hazardous locations, they are rated at 3A res.
- when these specific products are used in non-hazardous environmental conditions, they are rated at 5A res, as given in the product's specifications.

Temperature Ranges

Programmable Logic Controllers, Models, M91-2-R1, M91-2-R2C, M91-2-R6C.

- When these specific products are used in hazardous locations, they may be used only within a temperature range of 0-40°C (32- 104°F).
- When these specific products are used in non-hazardous environmental conditions, they function within the range of 0-50°C (32- 122°F) given in the product's specifications.

Removing / Replacing the battery

When a product has been installed with a battery, do not remove or replace the battery unless the power has been switched off, or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

Please note that it is recommended to back up all data retained in RAM, in order to avoid losing data when changing the battery while the power is switched off. Date and time information will also need to be reset after the procedure.

Graphic Operator Panel & Programmable Logic Controller

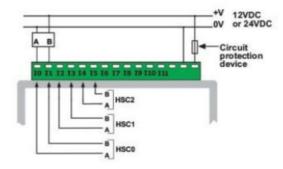
12/24VDC, 12 pnp/npn digital inputs, 2 analog inputs, 3 high-speed counter/shaft encoder inputs, 12 transistor outputs, 1/0 expansion port, RS232/RS485 plus CANbus

Power supply	12VDC or 24VDC
Permissible range	10.2VDC to 28.8VDC with less
	than 10% ripple
Maximum current consumption	130mA@24VDC (pnp inputs)
•	230mA@24VDC (npn inputs)
	250mA@12VDC (pnp inputs)
	290mA@12VDC (npn inputs)
Digital inputs	12 pnp (source) or npn (sink)
	inputs. See Notes 1 and 2.
Nominal input voltage	12VDC or 24VDC.
St. Oct. Bill S. A. Schuller S. S. Schuller S.	See Notes 3 and 4.
Input voltages for pnp (source):	AND THE PARTY OF T
For 12VDC	0-3VDC for Logic '0'
	8-15.6VDC for Logic '1'
For 24VDC	0-5VDC for Logic '0'
	17-28.4VDC for Logic '1'
Input voltages for npn (sink):	
For 12VDC	8-15.6VDC/<1.2mA for Logic '0'
	0-3VDC/>3mA for Logic '1'
For 24VDC	17-28.4VDC/<2mA for Logic '0'
	0-5VDC/>6mA for Logic '1'
Input current	4mA@12VDC
30/3 - 400-340-340-340-340-3	8mA@24VDC
Input impedance	3ΚΩ
Response time	10mS typical
(except high-speed inputs)	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Galvanic isolation	None
Input cable length	Up to 100 meters, unshielded
High-speed counter	Specifications below apply when
	inputs are wired for use as a high-
	speed counter input/shaft
	encoder. See Notes 5 and 6.
Resolution	32-bit
Input freq.	10kHz max.
Minimum pulse	40µs

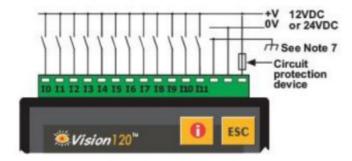
Notes:

- 1. All 12 inputs can be set to pnp (source) or I'l)n (sink) via a single jumper and appropriate wiring.
- 2. Inputs #10 and #11 can fuiction as either digital inputs or as analog inputs, via a single jumper and appropriate wiring.
- 3. All 12 inputs can fun::tion in 12 voe or 24 VDC; set via a single jumper and appropriate wiring.
- 4. npn (sink) inputs use voltage supplied from the controller's power suppty.
- 5. Inputs #0, #2 and #4 can each function as either high-speed counter or as part of a shaft encoder. In each case, highspeed Input specifications apply. When used as a normal digital input, normal input specifications apply.
- 6. Inputs #1, #3 and #5 cane~ function as either counter reset, or as a normal digital input: in either case, specifications are those of a normal digital input.
 - These inputs may also be used as pat c:l a shaft encoder.
 - In this case, high-speed Input specifications apply.

Shaft encoder



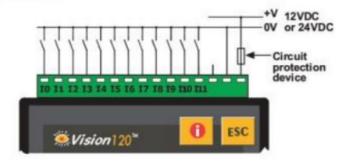
Power supply, pnp (source) inputs



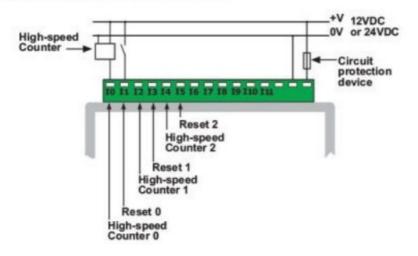
Note 7:

To avoid electromagnetic interference, mount the controller in a metal panel/cabinet and earth the power supply. Earth the power supply signal to the metal using a wire whose length does not exceed 10cm. If your conditions do not permit this, do not earth the power supply.

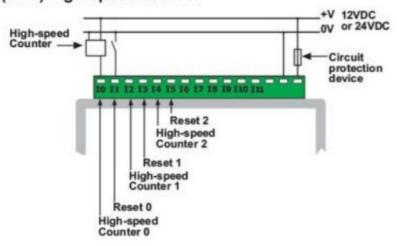
npn (sink) inputs



pnp (source) high-speed counter



npn (sink) high-speed counter





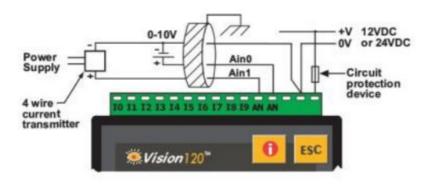
- Unused pins should not be connected. Ignoring this directive may damage the controller.
- Improper use of this product may severely damage the controller.
- Refer to the controller's User Guldereg..-ding wiring considerations.
- Before using this product. it Is the responsibility of the user to read the product's User Guide and all accompanying documentation.

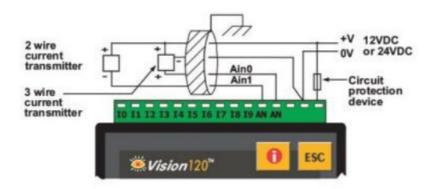
Analog Inputs	Two 10-bit, multi-range inputs:
	0-10V, 0-20mA, 4-20mA
	See Note 2.
Conversion method	Successive approximation
Input impedance	>1MΩ for voltage
	243Ω for current
Galvanic isolation	None
Resolution (except 4-20mA)	10-bit (1024 units)
Resolution at 4-20mA	204 to 1023 (820 units)
Conversion time	Synchronized to scan time
Absolute max. rating	±15V
Full scale error	± 2 LSB
Linearity error	±2LSB
Status indication	Yes, see Note 8

Note 8:

The analog value can also Indicate when the Input is functioning out of range. If an analog input deviates above the permissible range, its value will be 1024.

Voltage / Current connection





Note9:

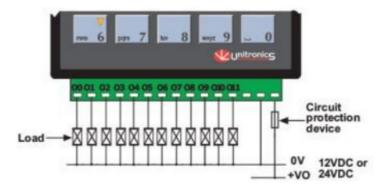
Voltage currant connection shields should be connected at the signals' source. The 0V signal of the analog input must be connected to the controller's rN.

Digital outputs	12 pnp (source) outputs
	12VDC or 24VDC
Output type	P-MOSFET (open drain)
Isolation	None
Output current	0.5A max. Total current: 3A max.
Max. frequency for normal outputs	50Hz (resistive load) 0.5Hz (inductive load)
High speed output maximum	2kHz (resistive load)
frequency	See Note 10.
Short circuit protection	Yes
Short indication	by software
On voltage drop	0.5VDC maximum
Power supply for outputs	
Operating voltage	10.2 to 28.8VDC
Nominal operating voltage	12VDC or 24VDC

Note 10:

Output #0 and Output #1 may be used as high-Speed outputs.

Outputs connection



Graphic Display	STN, LCD display
Illumination backlight	LED, yellow-green,
	software-controlled
Display resolution	128x64 pixels
Keypad	Sealed membrane
Number of keys	16
Number of keys	10
Program	
Application Memory	448K
Memory Bits (coils)	2048
Memory Integers (registers)	1600
Long Integers (32 bit)	256
Double Word (32 bit unsigned)	64
Floats	24
Timers	192
Counters	24
Data Tables	120K (RAM) / 64K (FLASH)
HMI displays	Up to 255
Execution time	0.8µs for bit operations
	Used for: • Application Download/Upload • Application Testing (Debug) • Connect to GSM or standard
	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages Remote access programming
RS232 (See Note 11)	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages
RS232 (See Note 11) Galvanic isolation	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages Remote access programming RS485 Networking
	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages Remote access programming RS485 Networking 2 ports
Galvanic isolation Voltage limits	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages Remote access programming RS485 Networking ports None
Galvanic isolation Voltage limits RS485 (See Note 11)	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages Remote access programming RS485 Networking ports None ±20V
Galvanic isolation Voltage limits	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages Remote access programming RS485 Networking ports None ±20V port 7 to +12V differential max. Shielded twisted pair,
Galvanic isolation Voltage limits RS485 (See Note 11) Input voltage	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages Remote access programming RS485 Networking ports None ±20V port 7 to +12V differential max.
Galvanic isolation Voltage limits RS485 (See Note 11) Input voltage Cable type	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages Remote access programming RS485 Networking ports None ±20V port 7 to +12V differential max. Shielded twisted pair, in compliance with EIA RS485
Galvanic isolation Voltage limits RS485 (See Note 11) Input voltage Cable type Galvanic isolation	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages Remote access programming RS485 Networking ports None ±20V port 7 to +12V differential max. Shielded twisted pair, in compliance with EIA RS485 None 110 – 57600 bps
Galvanic isolation Voltage limits RS485 (See Note 11) Input voltage Cable type Galvanic isolation Baud rate	 Application Download/Upload Application Testing (Debug) Connect to GSM or standard telephone modem: Send/receive SMS messages Remote access programming RS485 Networking 2 ports None ±20V 1 port 7 to +12V differential max. Shielded twisted pair, in compliance with EIA RS485 None 110 - 57600 bps Up to 32

I/O expansion port	Up to 128 additional I/Os, including digital & analog I/Os, RTD and more.
CANbus port	Up to 63 nodes
Baud rate range	20Kbps - 1Mbps
Cable length	Up to 150m for 12VDC network Up to 1000m for 24VDC network

CANbus connection



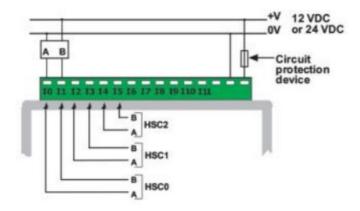
Miscellaneous	
Clock (RTC)	Real-time clock functions. (Date and Time)
Battery back-up	7 years typical battery back-up for RTC and system data.
Weight	240g (8.46 oz.)
Operational temperature	0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F)
Storage temperature	-20 to 60°C (-4 to 140°F)
Relative Humidity (RH)	5% to 95% (non-condensing)
Mounting method	DIN-rail mounted (IP20/NEMA1) Panel mounted (IP65/NEMA4X)

Power supply	12VDC or 24VDC
Permissible range	10.2VDC to 28.8VDC with less
	than 10% ripple
Maximum current consumption	70mA@24VDC (pnp inputs)
	130mA@12VDC (pnp inputs)
	170mA (npn inputs)
Digital inputs	12 pnp (source) or npn (sink)
	inputs. See Notes 1 and 2.
Nominal input voltage	12VDC or 24VDC.
	See Notes 3 and 4.
Input voltages for pnp (source):	
For 12VDC	0-3VDC for Logic '0'
	8-15.6VDC for Logic '1'
For 24VDC	0-5VDC for Logic '0'
	17-28.4VDC for Logic '1'
Input voltages for npn (sink):	
For 12VDC	8-15.6VDC/<1.2mA for Logic '0'
	0-3VDC/>3mA for Logic '1'
For 24VDC	17-28.4VDC/<2mA for Logic '0'
	0-5VDC/>6mA for Logic '1'
Input current	4mA@12VDC
20 Page 10 Pag	8mA@24VDC
Input impedance	3ΚΩ
Response time	10mS typical
(except high-speed inputs)	4
Galvanic isolation	None
Input cable length	Up to 100 meters, unshielded
High-speed counter	Specifications below apply when
	inputs are wired for use as a high-
	speed counter input/shaft
	encoder. See Notes 5 and 6.
Resolution	16-bit
Input freq.	10kHz max.
Minimum pulse	40µs

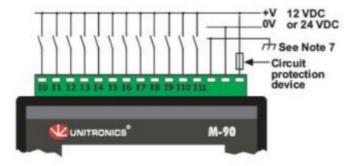
Notes:

- 1. All 12 inputs can be set to pnp (source) or npn (sink)via a single jumper and appropriate wiring.
- 2. Inputs #10 and #11 can function as either digital inputs or as analog inputs, via a singe jumper and appropriate wiring.
- 3. All 12 inputs can function in 12 voe or 24 VOC; set via a single j1.mper and appropriate wiring.
- 4. npn (sink) inputs use voltage supplied from the controller's power supply.
- 5. Inputs #0, #2 and #4 can each function as either high—speed counter or as part of a shaft encoder. In each case, high-speed input specifications apply. When used as a normal digital input. normal input specifications apply.
- 6. Inputs #1, #3 and #5 can each function as either counter reset, or as a normal digital input In either case, specifications are those of a normal digital input.
 - These Inputs may also be used as part d a shaft encoder.
 - In this case, high-speed input specifications apply.

Shaft encoder



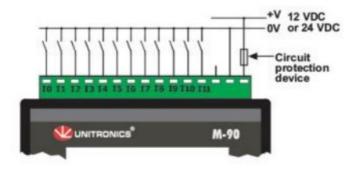
Power supply, pnp (source) inputs



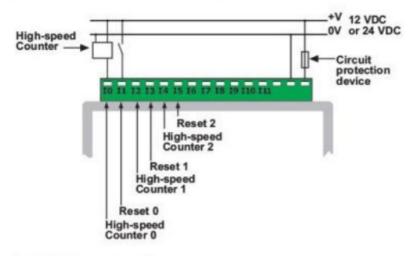
Note 7:
To avoid electromagnetic interference, mount the controller in a metal panel/cabinet and earth the power supply. Earth the power supply

panel/cabinet and earth the power supply. Earth the power supply signal to the metal using a wire whose length does not exceed 10cm. If your conditions do not permit this, do not earth the power supply.

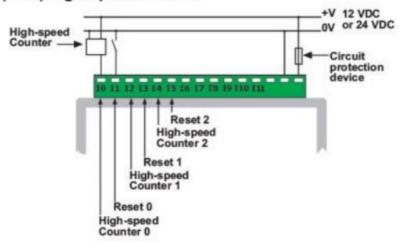
npn (sink) inputs



pnp (source) high-speed counter



npn (sink) high-speed counter



Warnings:

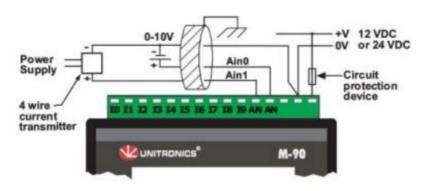
- Unused pins should not be c:onneded. Ignoring this directive may damage the controller.
- Improper use of this product may severely damage the c:ontroller.
- Refer to the controller's User Guide regarding wiring considerations.
- Before using this product. it is the responsibility d the user to read the product's User Guide and all accompanying documentation.

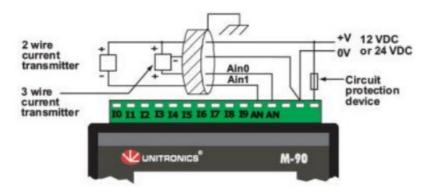
Analog Inputs	Two 10-bit, multi-range inputs:
	0-10V, 0-20mA, 4-20mA
	See Note 2.
Conversion method	Successive approximation
Input impedance	>1M Ω for voltage
	243Ω for current
Galvanic isolation	None
Resolution (except 4-20mA)	10-bit (1024 units)
Resolution at 4-20mA	204 to 1023 (820 units)
Conversion time	Synchronized to scan time
Absolute max. rating	±15V
Full scale error	± 2 LSB
Linearity error	±2LSB
Status indication	Yes, see Note 8

Note 8:

The analog value can also indicate when the input is functioning out of range. If an analog input deviates above the permissible range, its value will be 1024.

Voltage / Current connection





Note 9:

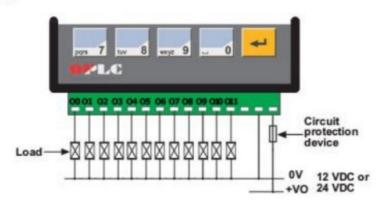
Voltage current connection shields should be comected at the signals' source. The <N signal of the analog input must be connected to the controller's W.

Digital outputs	12 pnp (source) outputs
	12VDC or 24VDC
Output type	P-MOSFET (open drain)
Isolation	None
Output current	0.5A max. Total current: 3A max.
Max. frequency for normal outputs	50Hz (resistive load) 0.5Hz (inductive load)
High speed output maximum frequency	2kHz (resistive load) See Note 10.
Short circuit protection	Yes
Short indication	by software
On voltage drop	0.5VDC maximum
Power supply for outputs Operating voltage Nominal operating voltage	10.2 to 28.8VDC 12VDC or 24VDC

Note 10:

Output #0 and Output #1 may be used as high-speed outputs.

Outputs connection



Display	STN, LCD display
Illumination	LED yellow-green backlight
Display size	2 lines, 16 characters long
Character size	5 x 8 matrix, 2.95 x 5.55mm
Keypad	Sealed membrane
Number of keys	15
PLC program	
Ladder Code Memory	36K
Memory Bits (coils)	256
Integers/Registers	256
Timers	64
Execution time	12µsec. for bit operations
Database	1024 integers (indirect access)
HMI displays	80 user-designed displays
HMI variables	64 HMI variables are available to
144.00.00000000000000000000000000000000	conditionally display and modify
	text, numbers, dates, times & timer
	values. The user can also create
	a list of up to 120 variable
	text displays, totaling up to 2K.
RS232/RS485 serial port	Used for:
	 Application Download/Upload
	 Application Testing (Debug)
	Connect to GSM or standard
	telephone modem:
	- Send/receive SMS messages
	- Remote access programming
	RS485 Networking
RS232 (See Note 11)	1 port
Galvanic isolation	None
Voltage limits	±20V
RS485 (See Note 11)	1 port
Input voltage	-7 to +12V differential max.
Cable type	Shielded twisted pair,
Cable type	in compliance with EIA RS485
Galvanic isolation	None
Baud rate	110 – 57600 bps
Nodes	Up to 32
Note 11:	Op 10 32
	per settings and wiring as described in the
document "M91 RS485 Port Setting	
I/O expansion port	Up to 64 additional I/Os,
	including digital & analog I/Os,
	RTD and more.
	Maria de la companya
CANbus port	Up to 63 nodes
Baud rate range	10Kbps - 1Mbps
Cable length	Up to 150m for 12VDC network

Cable length

10Kbps - 1Mbps Up to 150m for 12VDC network Up to 1000m for 24VDC network

CANbus connection



Miscellaneous		
Clock (RTC)	Real-time clock functions. (Date and Time)	
Battery back-up	7 years typical battery back-up for RTC and system data.	
Weight	230g (8.11 oz.)	
Operational temperature	0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F)	
Storage temperature	-20 to 60°C (-4 to 140°F)	
Relative Humidity (RH)	5% to 95% (non-condensing)	
Mounting method	DIN-rail mounted (IP20/NEMA1) Panel mounted (IP65/NEMA4X)	

Jumpers Settings

The tables below show how to set a specific jumper to change the functionality of the controller.

To open the controller and access the jumpers, refer to the directions at the end of these specifications.

Important:

Incompatible jumper settings and wiring connections may severely damage the controller.

JP1 Digital Inputs type

To use as	JP1
npn (sink)	A
pnp (soures)"	В

JP2 Inputs voltage

To use as	JP2
12VDC	Α
24VDC*	В

JP3, JP4 Analog inputs type

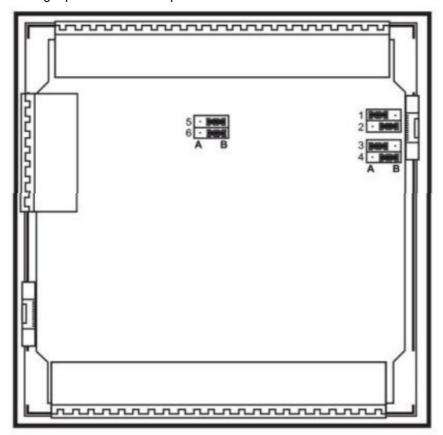
To use as	JP3 for analog Input #1	JP4 for analog Input #0
Voltage input*	A	A
Current input	В	В

JPS, JP6
Digital/Analog inputs

Range	JPS for AN1 / In#10	JP6 for ANO / In#11
Digital inputs•	A	A
Analog inputs	В	В

In this figure, the jumper settings will cause the controller to function as follows:

Digital inputs: npn, 24VDC inputs Analog Input #0: Voltage input Analog input #1: Current input



Communication Ports

Note that different controller models offer different serial and CANbus communication options. To see which options are relevant, check your controller's technical specifications.

Turn off power before making communications connections.

Caution

- Note that the serial ports are not isolated.
- Signals are related to the controller's 0V; the same 0V is used by the power supply.
- Always use the appropriate port adapters.

Serial Communications

This series comprises 2 serial port can be set to either RS232 or RS485 according to jumper settings. By default, the ports are set to RS232.

Use RS232 to download programs from a PC, and to communicate with serial devices and applications, such as SCADA.

Use RS485 to create a multi-drop network containing up to 32 devices.

Caution

• The serial ports are not isolated. If the controller is used with a nonisolated external device, avoid potential voltage that exceeds ± 10V.

Pinouts

The pinouts below show the signals between the adapter and port.

RS232		
Pin #	Description	
1*	DTR signal	
2	0V reference	
3	TXD signal	
4	RXD signal	
5	0V reference	
6*	DSR signal*	

RS485		Controller Port
Pin #	Description	
1	A signal (+)	
2	(RS232 signal)	
3	(RS232 signal)	
4	(RS232 signal)	
5	(RS232 signal)	Pin #1
6	B signal (-)	

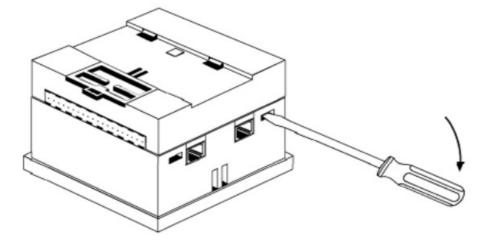
^{*}Standard programming cables do not provide connection points for pins 1 and 6.

RS232 to RS485: Changing Jumper Settings

- To access the jumpers, open the controller and then remove the module's PCB board. Before you begin, turn off the power supply, disconnect and dismount the controller.
- When a port is adapted to RS485, Pin 1 (DTR) is used for signal A, and Pin 6 (DSR) signal is used for signal B.
- If a port is set to RS485, and flow signals DTR and DSR are not used, the port can also be used to communicate via RS232; with the appropriate cables and wiring.
- Before performing these actions, touch a grounded object to discharge any electrostatic charge.
- Avoid touching the PCB board directly. Hold the PCB board by its connectors.

Opening the controller

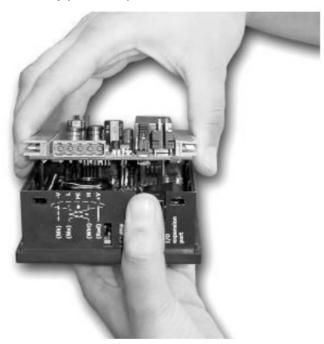
- 1. Turn power off before opening the controller.
- 2. Locate the 4 slots on the sides of the controller.
- 3. Using the blade of a flat-bladed screwdriver, gently pry off the back of the controller.



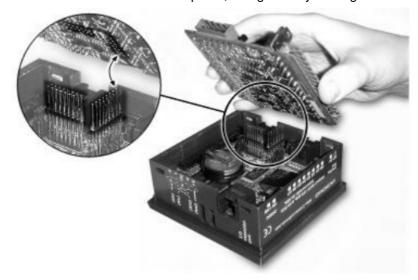
- 4. Gently remove the top PCB board:
 - a. Use one hand to hold the top-most PCB board by its top and bottom connectors.
 - b. With the other hand, grasp the controller, while keeping hold of the serial ports; this will keep the bottom

board from being removed together with the top board.

c. Steadily pull the top board off.



- 5. Locate the jumpers, and then change the jumper settings as required.
- 6. Gently replace the PCB board. Make certain that the pins fit correctly into their matching receptacle.
 - a. Do not force the board into place; doing so may damage the controller.



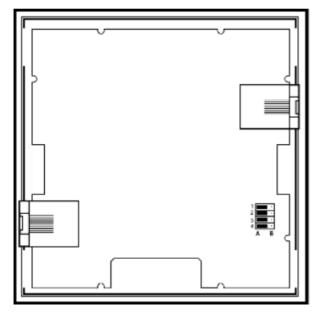
7. Close the controller by snapping the plastic cover back in its place. If the card is placed correctly, the cover will snap on easily.

M91: RS232/RS485 Jumper Settings

RS232/RS485 Jumper Setting			
To use as Jumper 1 Jumper 2			
RS232*	А	A	
RS485	В	В	

RS485 Termination			
Termination Jumper 3 Jumper 4			
ON* A A			
OFF	В	В	

*Default factory setting.

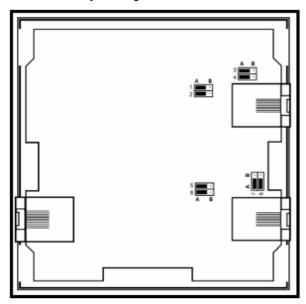


V120: RS232/RS485 Jumper Settings

	Jumper Settings		
	Jumper	RS232*	RS485
COM 1	1	А	В
	2	А	В
COM 2	5	А	В
	6	A	В

RS485 Termination			
Jumper	ON*	OFF	
3	А	В	
4	А	В	
7	А	В	
8	А	В	

*Default factory setting.



CANbus

These controllers comprise a CANbus port. Use this to create a decentralized control network of up to 63 controllers, using either Unitronics' proprietary CANbus protocol or CANopen.

The CANbus port is galvanically isolated

CANbus Wiring

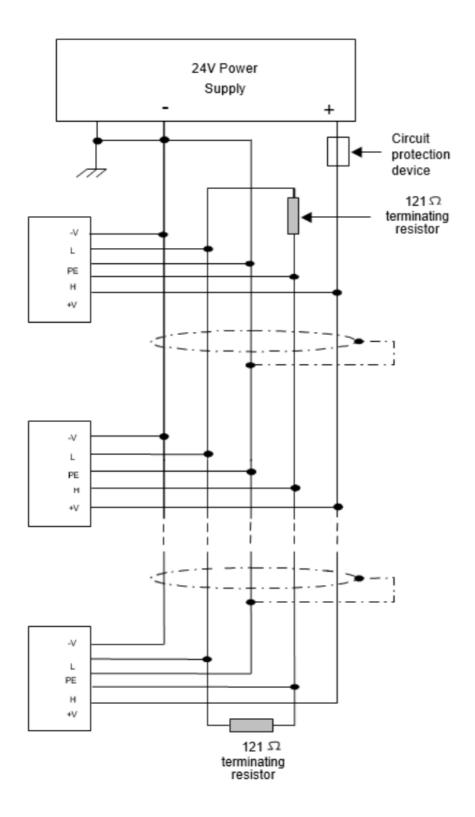
Use twisted-pair cable. DeviceNet® thick shielded twisted pair cable is recommended.

Network terminators: These are supplied with the controller. Place terminators at each end of the CANbus network.

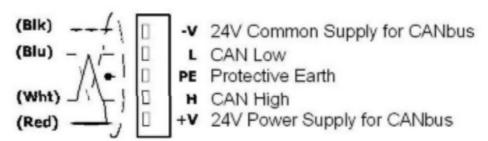
Resistance must be set to 1%, 1210, 1/4W.

Connect ground signal to the earth at only one point, near the power supply.

The network power supply need not be at the end of the network



CANbus Connector



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Documents / Resources



UNITRONICS V120-22-T2C HMI Display Unit [pdf] User Guide

V120-22-T2C, M91-2-T2C, V120-22-T2C HMI Display Unit, V120-22-T2C, HMI Display Unit, Display Unit, Unit

References

• <u>Marchnical library- about PLC Controllers, HMI panels, automation & control</u>

Manuals+,