

# **TEKBOX TBCCP1 2K70 Coaxial RF Current Monitoring Probe Instruction Manual**

Home » TEKBOX » TEKBOX TBCCP1 2K70 Coaxial RF Current Monitoring Probe Instruction Manual





TBCCP1 2K70 Coaxial RF **Current Monitoring Probe Instruction Manual** 

### **Contents**

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Specification
- 3 Transfer impedance
- 4 Coaxial Path Insertion loss (S21)
- 5 Coaxial Path Matching (S11)
- **6 Applications**
- 7 CISPR15 Limits for the frequency range from 9 kHz to 30
- 8 Typical transfer impedance table
- 9 Calibration
- **10 Ordering Information**
- 11 History
- 12 Documents / Resources
  - 12.1 References
- 13 Related Posts

#### Introduction

The TBCCP1-2K70 is a coaxial RF current monitoring probe, expanding the Tekbox product range of affordable EMC pre-compliance test equipment.

The probe has a very flat response from 2 kHz to 70 MHz and is characterized over the frequency range from 10 Hz to 100 MHz. The TBCCP1-2K80 is designed to be used as transducer for large loop antennas or for applications that need to measure RF currents in coaxial cables. With a transimpedance of 0 dB $\Omega$ , it is compliant with the specifications for large loop antennas (LLA) in CISPR 15 (EN 555015) and CISPR 16-1-4



Picture 1: TBCCP1-2K70 RF current monitoring probe

# Specification

Characterized frequency range:	10 Hz to 100 MHz
Transfer impedance:	$0~\text{dB}\Omega$ when loaded with $50\Omega$
3 dB bandwidth:	2 kHz to 70 MHz, typ.
Dimensions:	76 mm x 102 x 69 mm
Weight:	450 g
Connector type:	N female
Max. primary current (RF):	12:00 AM
Max. core temperature:	125 °C

# Transfer impedance

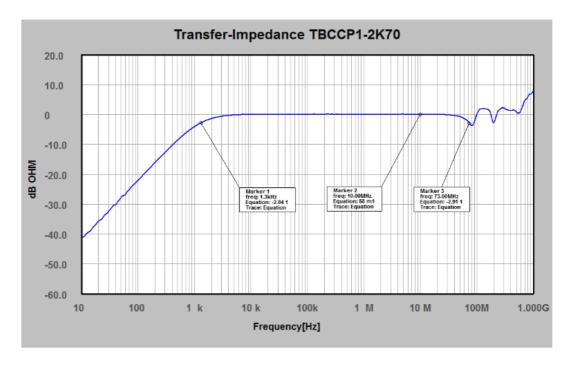


Figure 1: transfer impedance, 10 Hz - 1 GHz, typical data

# Coaxial Path - Insertion loss (S21)

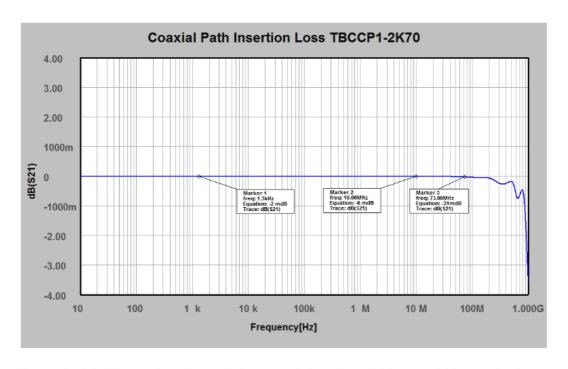


Figure 2: S21, insertion loss of the coaxial path, 10 Hz - 1 GHz, typical data

Coaxial Path - Matching (S11)

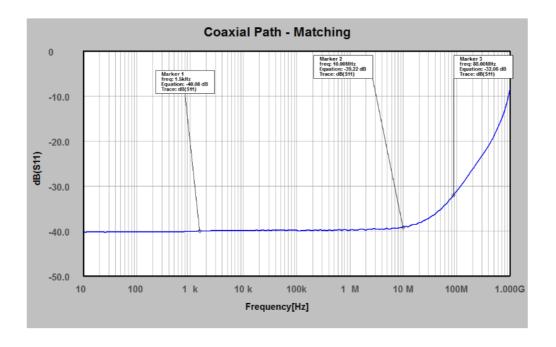


Figure 3: S11, impedance matching of the coaxial path, 10 Hz – 1 GHz, typical data

## **Applications**

Large loop antennas (LLA, 2m loop antenna, Van Veen antenna)

CISPR 16-1-4 and CISPR 15 specify a large triple loop antenna for radiated emission measurement of luminaries in the frequency range of 9 kHz to 30 MHz.

The loop antenna consists of 3 orthogonally oriented loops with a diameter of 2 meters or larger. The loops are constructed from coaxial cable. CISPR 16-1-4 specifies the requirements for the coaxial cable and the slits in the outer conducter. Depending on the dimensions of the luminaries the standard specifies the diameter of the loop, which could be 2m, 3m or 4m.

The luminary is positioned in the center of the loops. Radiated emissions are measured for each of the 3 loops. Most standards specify a horizontal distance between loop antenna and EUT and specify the limits in magnetic fieldstrength units. In contrary, CISPR 15 limits refer to the current induced into the 2m loops. As the specified current transducer has a transimpedance of 0 dB $\Omega$ , the readings of the analyzer or measurement receiver in dB $\mu$ V are equivalent to the induced current in dB $\mu$ A. Consequently, no antenna factor is required.

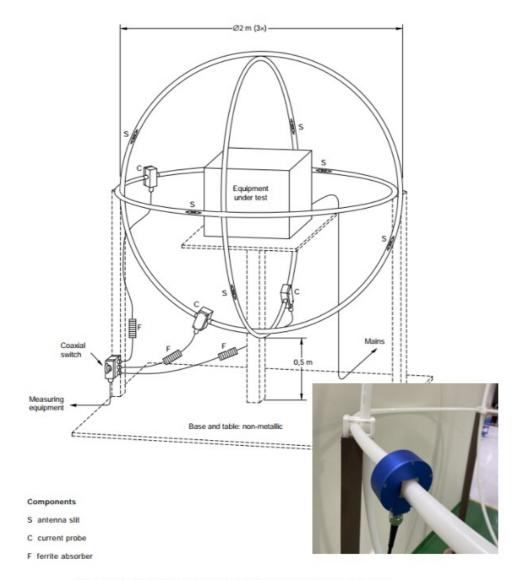


Figure 4: CISPR 16-1-4 / CISPR 15 large loop antenna

# CISPR15 Limits for the frequency range from 9 kHz to 30 MHz

The quasi-peak limits of the magnetic component of the radiated disturbance field strength in the frequency range 9 kHz to 30 MHz, measured as a current in 2m, 3m or 4m loop antennas around the lighting equipment, are given in the table below.

The limits for the 2 m loop diameter apply to equipment not exceeding a length of 1,6m, those for the 3m loop diameter for equipment having a length in between 1,6m and 2,6m and those for the 4m loop diameter for equipment having a length in between 2,6m and 3,6m.

Frequency ran ge [MHz]	Coupling device	RBW	Detector	2m loop [dBpA]	3m loop [dBpA]	4m loop [dBpA]
0.009 — 0.07		200 H z		88	81	75
0.07 — 0.15	Magnetic I oop antenna		Quasi Pe ak	88 — 58 decreasing linearly with logarithm of fr equency	81 — 51 decreasing linea rly with logarithm of frequency	75 — 45 decreasing linearl y with logarithm o f frequency
0.15 – 3		9 kHz		58 — 22 decreasing linearly with logarithm of fr equency	51 — 15 decreasing linea rly with logarithm of frequency	45-9 decreasing linearl y with logarithm o f frequency
3-30				22	15 — 16 increasing linearl y with logarithm of frequency	9-12 increasing linearly with logarithm of f requency

**Table 1:** CISPR 15 Limits for radiated emissions, 9 kHz – 30 MHz

For electrodeless lamps and luminaires, the limit in the frequency range of 2.2 MHz to 3.0 MHz is 58 dB $\mu$ A for 2m, 51 dB $\mu$ A for 3m and 45 dB $\mu$ A for 4m loop diameter.

## Typical transfer impedance table

The table below shows typical transfer impedance data of a TBCCP1-2K70 current probe.

Each current probe is delivered with its corresponding measurement protocol. This data can be used for the creation of a correction file for EMCview or similar EMC measurement software. The transfer impedance in  $dB\Omega$  subtracted from the analyzer reading in  $dB\mu V$  gives the corrected reading in  $dB\mu A$ .

Refer to the application notes of EMCview on how to create a current probe correction file, download a file with typical data from the Tekbox website or simply select the file from the installed correction file directory.

Frequency [MHz]	transfer impedance [dBΩ]	Frequency [MHz]	transfer impedance [dB $\Omega$ ]
0.00001	-41.31	0.25	0.13
0.000025	-34.19	0.5	0.14
0.00005	-28	0.75	0.15
0.000075	-24.56	1	0.15
0.0001	-22	2.5	0.16
0.00025	-14.18	5	0.12
0.0005	-8.6	7.5	0.12
0.00075	-5.74	10	0.13
0.001	-4.03	20	0.05
0.00125	-2.93	30	-0.08
0.0015	-2.2	40	-0.37
0.00175	-1.69	50	-0.65
0.002	-1.33	55	-1
0.00225	-1.06	60	-1.4
0.0025	-0.85	65	-1.83
0.005	-0.13	70	-2.43
0.0075	0.02	75	-3.14
0.01	0.07	80	-3.65
0.025	0.13	85	-3.42
0.05	0.13	90	-2.33
0.075	0.14	95	-0.98
0.1	0.14	100	0.24

Table 2: Transfer impedance: 10 Hz to 100 MHz, typical data

# Calibration

Tekbox coaxial RF current monitoring probes do not need a calibration fixture for the measurement of the transfer impedance.

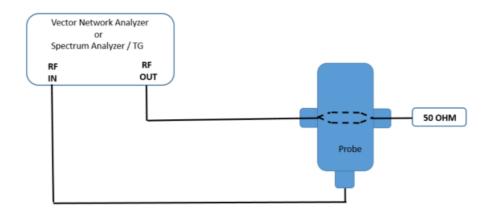


Figure 4: S21, transimpedance measurement set up

Calculate the transfer impedance ZT using the formula below:

ZT [dB $\Omega$ ] = Pin [dBm] – Pprobe [dBm] +34 dB or simply

 $ZT [dB\Omega] = S21 [dB] +34 dB$ 

## **Ordering Information**

Part Number	Description
TBCCP1-2K70	Coaxial RF current monitoring probe, beech-wood box, calibration protocol 10 H z - 100 MHz

### **History**

Version	Date	Author	Changes
V 1.0	27.6.2022	Mayerhofer	Creation of the preliminary document

### www.tekbox.com

TekBox Digital Solutions Vietnam Pte. Ltd.

Factory 4, F4, Lot I-3B-1, Saigon Hi-Tech Park, Tan Phu Ward, District 9, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

#### **Documents / Resources**



TEKBOX TBCCP1 2K70 Coaxial RF Current Monitoring Probe [pdf] Instruction Manual TBCCP1 2K70, Coaxial RF Current Monitoring Probe, TBCCP1 2K70 Coaxial RF Current Monitoring Probe, RF Current Monitoring Probe, Current Monitoring Probe, Monitoring Probe, Probe

### References

<u>Tekbox Digital Solutions</u>