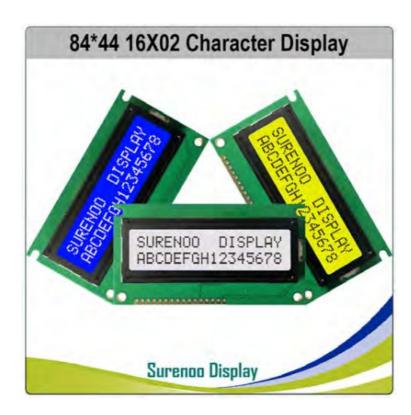


# Surenoo SLC1602D Series LCD Module User Manual

Home » Surenoo » Surenoo SLC1602D Series LCD Module User Manual



Surenoo SLC1602D Series LCD Module













#### **Contents**

- 1 ORDERING INFORMATION
  - 1.1 SLC1602D Series Table
  - 1.2 SLC1602D Series Image
- **2 SPECIFICATION** 
  - 2.1 Display Specification
  - 2.2 Mechanical Specification
  - 2.3 Electrical Specification
  - 2.4 Optical Specification
- **3 DRAWING**
- **4 ELECTRICAL SPEC** 
  - 4.1 Pin Configuration
  - 4.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings
  - 4.3 Electrical Characteristics
- **5 INSPECTION CRITERIA** 
  - 5.1 Acceptable Quality Level
  - 5.2 Definition of Lot
  - **5.3 Condition of Cosmetic Inspection**
  - **5.4 Module Cosmetic Criteria**
  - 5.5 Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Non-

**Operating**)

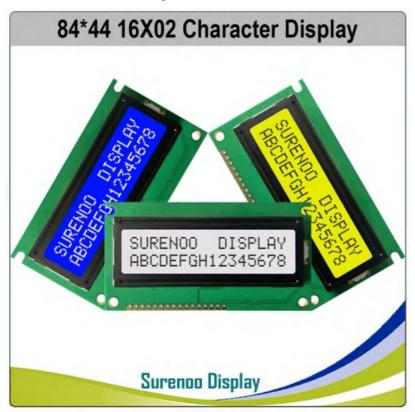
- 5.6 Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Operating)
- **6 PRECAUTIONS FOR USING** 
  - **6.1 Handling Precautions**
  - **6.2 Power Supply Precautions**
  - **6.3 Operating Precautions**
  - **6.4 Mechanical/Environmental Precautions**
  - **6.5 Storage Precautions**
  - 6.6 Others
- **7 USING LCD MODULES** 
  - 7.1 Liquid Crystal Display Modules
  - 7.2 Installing LCD Modules
  - 7.3 Precaution for Handling LCD Modules
  - 7.4 Electro-Static Discharge Control
  - 7.5 Precaution for Soldering to LCM
  - 7.6 Precaution for Operation
  - 7.7 Limited Warranty
  - 7.8 Return Policy
- 8 Documents / Resources
  - 8.1 References
- 9 Related Posts

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

	SURENOO CHARACTER DISPLAY													
Model No	Interfa ce	Displa y	Outlin e Size (MM)	Viewin g Area (MM)	Area A rea (M M)	Volt age (V)	Contr	Mark	Color Code	IMAGE				
	Paralle 16*02		04.00*		56.20* 11.50		SPLC7 80D AIP31							
CI 04C00							066	84X44	YGYPT					
SLC1602 D			64.30* 16.00									5.0V	HD447 80 KS 0066	Size
							ST706 6							

## SLC1602D Series Image

\*The number of series image is in accordance with number of the above series table 1.1.



## **SPECIFICATION**

**Display Specification** 

ITEM	STANDARD VALUE	UNIT
63B057Resolution	16 Characters x 2 Lines	_
Display Connector	Pin Header, 16 pin	_
70B648Operating Temperature	-20 ~ +70	°C
Storage Temperature	-30 ~ +80	°C
Touch Panel Optional	N/A	_
Font Chip Optional	N/A	_
*Sunlight Readable		_

## **Mechanical Specification**

ITEM	ANDARD VALUE	UNIT
Outline Dimension	84.0(W) × 44.0(H) × 12.3(T) (MAX)	mm
Visual Area	64.50(W) × 15.90(H)	mm
Active Area	56.20(W) × 11.50(H)	mm
Character Size	2.95(W) × 5.55(H)	mm
Dot Size	97B4180.55×0.65	mm
Dot Pitch	0.60 ×0.70	mm
Net Weight	51.0 ± 15% grams (typical)	g

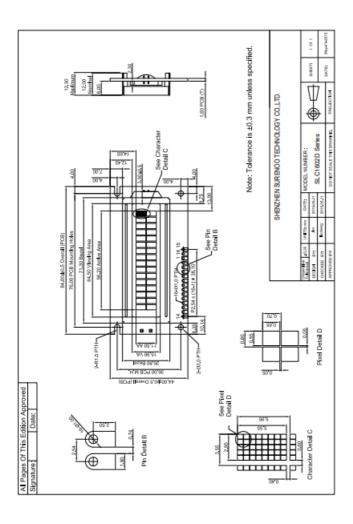
## **Electrical Specification**

ITEM	STANDARD VALUE	UNIT
IC Package	СОВ	_
Controller	HD44780 or Equivalent KS0066 or SPLC780	_
Interface	6800 8-bit Parallel, 6800 4-bit Parallel	_

## **Optical Specification**

ITEM	STANDARD VALUE	UNIT
LCD Type	Refer to 1.1 SLC16020 Series Table	_
Backlight Color	Refer to 1.1 SLC1602D Series Table	_
Viewing Direction	6:00	Clock
LCD Duty	1/16	Duty
LCD Bias	1/5	Bias

## **DRAWING**



## **ELECTRICAL SPEC**

## Pin Configuration

Pin No	Pin Name	Descriptions
1	vss	Ground ,0V
2	VDD	Logic Power Supply
3	VO	Operating voltage for LCD
4	RS	Data/Instruction Register Select (H: Data Signal, L: Instruction Signal)
5	RNJ	Read/ Write (H: Read Mode, L: Write Mode)
6	E	Enable Signal
7	DB0	Data Bit 0
8	DB1	Data Bit 1
9	DB2	Data Bit 2
10	DB3	Data Bit 3
11	DB4	Data Bit 4
12	DBS	Data Bit 5
13	DB6	Data Bit 6
14	DB7	Data Bit 7
15	LED_A	Backlight Anode
16	LED_K	Backlight Cathode

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply for Logic	VDD-VSS	-0.3	_	+7.0	V
Power Supply for LCD	VLCD	VDD-15	_	VDD+0.3	V
Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3	_	VDD+0.3	V
Supply Current for Backlight	ILED	_	_	125	mA

## **Electrical Characteristics**

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply for LCM	VDD-VSS	VDD=5V	4.8	5.0	5.2	V
	VIL	L Level	-0.2	_	1	V
Input Voltage	VIH	H Level	VDD-1.0	_	VDD	V
LCD Driving Voltage	VDD-V0	_	4.5	4.8	5.1	V
Supply Current for LCM	IDD	_	_	_	3500.0	uA
Supply Current for Backlight	ILED	_	_	75	_	mA

### **INSPECTION CRITERIA**

### **Acceptable Quality Level**

Each lot should satisfy the quality level defined as follows

PARTITION	AQL	DEFINITION
A. Major	0.4%	Functional defective as product
B. Minor	1.5%	Satisfy all functions as product but not satisfy cosmetic stanard

### **Definition of Lot**

One lot means the delivery quantity to customer at one time.

#### **Condition of Cosmetic Inspection**

#### • INSPECTION AND TEST

- FUNCTION TEST
- APPEARANCE INSPECTION
- PACKING SPECIFICTION

### • INSPECTION CONDITION

- Put under the lamp (20w¡Á2) at a distance 100mm from
- Tilt upright 45 degree by the front (back) to inspect LCD appearance.

### • AQL INSPECTION LEVEL

• SAMPLING METHOD: MIL-STD-105D

• SAMPLING PLAN: SINGLE

MAJOR DEFECT: 0.4% (MAJOR)
MINOR DEFECT: 1.5% (MINOR)
GENERAL LEVEL: II/NORMAL

#### **Module Cosmetic Criteria**

NO.	Item	Judgment Criterion	Partition		
1	Difference in Spec.	None allowed	Major		
2	Pattern Peeling	No substrate pattern peeling and floating	Major		
		No soldering missing			
3	Soldering defects	No soldering bridge	Major		
		No cold soldering	Minor		
4	Resist flaw on Substrate	Invisible copper foil( 0.5mm or more)on substrate pattern	Minor		
_	Accretion of metallic For	No soldering dust	Minor		
5	eign matter	No accretion of metallic foreign matters(Not exceed 0.2mm)			
6	Stain	No stain to spoil cosmetic badly	Minor		
7	Plate discoloring	No plate fading ,rusting and discoloring	Minor		
8	Solder amount  1. Lead parts	a. Soldering side of PCB Solder to form a'Filet' all around the lead. Solder should not hide the lead form perfectly.(too much)  b. Components side (In case of 'Through Hole PCB') Solder to rea ch the Components side of PCB	Minor		

	2.Flal packages	Either 'toe'(A) or 'heal' (B) of the lead to be covered by 'Filet'.  A  B  Lead form to be assume over Solder.	Minor
	3.Chlps	(3/2) H≧h≧(1/2)H	Minor
9	Backlight defects	<ol> <li>Light fails or flickers.(Major)</li> <li>Color and luminance do not correspond to specifications. (Majo r)</li> <li>Exceeds standards for display's blemishes, foreign matter, dark lines or scratches.(Minor)</li> </ol>	See list ←
10	PCB defects	Oxidation or contamination on connectors.*  2. Wrong parts, missing parts, or parts not in specification.*  3.Jumpers set incorrectly.(Minor)  4.Solder(if any)on bezel, LED pad, zebra pad, or screw hole pad is not smooth.(Minor)  *Minor if display functions correctly. Major if the display fails.	See list ←
11	Soldering defects	<ol> <li>Unmelted solder paste.</li> <li>Cold solder joints, missing solder connections, or oxidation.*</li> <li>Solder bridges causing short circuits.*</li> <li>Residue or solder balls.</li> <li>Solder flux is black or brown.</li> <li>*Minor if display functions correctly. Major if the display fails.</li> </ol>	Minor

**Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Non-Operating)** 

No	Defect	Judgment Criterion	Partition	
1	Spots	In accordance with Screen Cosm	Minor	
2	Lines	In accordance with Screen Cosm	netic Criteria (Operation) No.2.	Minor
3	Bubbles in Polariz er	Size: d mm  Acceptable Qty in active area  Disregard  d≤0.3 0.3 <d≤1.0 0<="" 1="" 1.0<d≤1.5 ="" 1.5<d="" 3="" td=""><td>Minor</td></d≤1.0>		Minor
4	Scratch	In accordance with spots and line e light reflects on the panel surfable.	Minor	
5	Allowable density	Above defects should be separat	Minor	
6	Coloration	Not to be noticeable coloration in Back-lit type should be judged wi	Minor	
7	Contamination	Not to be noticeable.		Minor

**Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Operating)** 

No	Defect	Judgment Criterion		Partition	
	Spots	A) Clear			
1		Size:d mm	Acceptable Qty in active area		
		d≦0.1 0.1 <d≦0.2 0.2<d≦0.3 0.3<d< td=""><td>Disregard 6 2 0</td><td></td></d<></d≦0.3 </d≦0.2 	Disregard 6 2 0		
		Note: Including pin holes and defective dots which must be within one pi xel Size.  B) Unclear		Minor	
		Size: d mm	Acceptable Qty in active area		
		d≦0.2 0.2 <d≦0.5 0.5<d≦0.7 0.7<d< td=""><td>Disregard 6 2 0</td></d<></d≦0.7 </d≦0.5 	Disregard 6 2 0		
2	Lines	A) Clear  L 5.0	See No.1 W	Minor	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Clear' = The shade and size are not changed by Vo. 'Unclear' = The shade and size are changed by Vo.

No.	Defect	Judgment Criterion	Partition

3	Rubbing line	Not to be noticeable.		
4	Allowable densit y	Above defects should be separated more than 10mm each other.		
5	Rainbow	Not to be noticeable.		
	Dot size	To be 95%~105%of the dot size (Typ.) in drawing.		
6		Partial defects of each dot (ex.pin-hole) should be treated as'spot'. (se e Screen Cosmetic Criteria (Operating) No.1)		
7	Brightness (only back-lit Module)	Brightness Uniformity must be BMAX/BMIN≦2  • BMAX :Max.value by measure in 5 points  • BMIN : Min.value by measure in 5 points  Divide active area into 4 vertically and horizontally. Measure 5 points s hown in the following figure.	Minor	
8	Contrast Unifor mity	Contrast Uniformity must be BmAX/BMIN≦2 Measure 5 points shown in the following figure.  Dashed lines divide active area into 4 vertically and horizontally. Meas uring points are located at the inter sections of dashed line.  I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Minor	

#### Note:

- 1. Size: d=(long length + short length)/2
- 2. The limit samples for each item have priority.
- 3. Complexed defects are defined item by item, but if the number of defects is defined in above table, the total number should not exceed 10.
- 4. In case of 'concentration', even the spots or the lines of 'disregarded' size should not be allowed. Following t hree situations

Should be treated as 'concentration'.

- 7 or over defects in circle of 5mm.
- 10 or over defects in circle of 10mm
- 20 or over defects in circle of 20mm

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR USING

#### **Handling Precautions**

- This device is susceptible to Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) damage. Observe Anti-Static precautions.
- SUR display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact. If
- SUR display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth.

  If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the SUR adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- If display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following Isopropyl or alcohol.
- Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the Water.
- Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the cable or the backlight cable.
- Do not attempt to disassemble or process SUR LCD module.
- · NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
  - Be sure to ground the body when handling LCD modules.
  - Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded.
  - To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions.
  - The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this
    protective film since static electricity may be generated.

#### **Power Supply Precautions**

- Identify and, at all times, observe absolute maximum ratings for both logic and LC drivers. Note that there is some variance between models.
- Prevent the application of reverse polarity to VDD and VSS, however briefly.
- Use a clean power source free from transients. Power-up conditions are occasionally jolting and may exceed the maximum ratings of modules.
- The VDD power of module should also supply the power to all devices that may access the display. Don't allow the data bus to be driven when the logic supply to the module is turned off.

#### **Operating Precautions**

- DO NOT plug or unplug SUR module when the system is powered up.
- Minimize the cable length between module and host MPU.
- For models with backlights, do not disable the backlight by interrupting the HV line. Unload inverters produce voltage extremes that may arc within a cable or at the display.
- Operate SUR module within the limits of the modules temperature specifications.

#### Mechanical/Environmental Precautions

- Improper soldering is the major cause of module difficulty. Use of flux cleaner is not recommended as they may seep under the electrometric connection and cause display failure.
- Mount module so that it is free from torque and mechanical stress.
- Surface of the LCD panel should not be touched or scratched. The display front surface is an easily scratched,
  plastic polarizer. Avoid contact and clean only when necessary with soft, absorbent cotton dampened with
  petroleum benzene.
- Always employ anti-static procedure while handling SUR module.
- · Prevent moisture build-up upon the module and observe the environmental constraints for storage tem
- Do not store in direct sunlight
- If leakage of the liquid crystal material should occur, avoid contact with this material, particularly ingestion. If the body or clothing becomes contaminated by the liquid crystal material, wash thoroughly with water and soap

#### **Storage Precautions**

When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps. Keep SUR modules in bags (avoid high temperature / high humidity and low temperatures below 0C Whenever possible, LCD modules should be stored in the same conditions in which they were shipped from our company.

#### Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If SUR modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not

adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- Terminal electrode sections.

#### **USING LCD MODULES**

#### **Liquid Crystal Display Modules**

SUR LCD is composed of glass and polarizer. Pay attention to the following items when handling.

- Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.
- Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.).
- N-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizers and reflectors
  made of organic substances which will be damaged by chemicals such as acetone, toluene, ethanol and
  isopropylalcohol.
- When display surface becomes dusty, wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material like chamois soaked in petroleum benzin. Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.
- Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading.
- · Avoid contacting oil and fats.
- Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizers.
   After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with rom temperature air.
- Do not put or attach anything on SUR display area to avoid leaving marks on.
- Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degradate insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determinated to the polarizers).
- As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring.

#### **Installing LCD Modules**

- Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.
- When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be±0.1mm.

#### **Precaution for Handling LCD Modules**

Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision; avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
- Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
- Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
- Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

#### **Electro-Static Discharge Control**

- Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC.
- Make certain that you are grounded when handing LCM.
- Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.
- When soldering the terminal of LCM, make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak.
- When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize
  as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator
  of the motor.
- As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.
- To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended.

#### Precaution for Soldering to LCM

- Observe the following when soldering lead wire, connector cable and etc. to the LCM.
  - Soldering iron temperature : 280°C±10°C
  - Soldering time: 3-4 sec.
  - Solder: eutectic solder.
    - If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing to soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.
- When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more
  than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned
  above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.
- When remove the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

### **Precaution for Operation**

- Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VO). Adjust VO to show the best contrast.
- Driving the LCD in the voltage above the limit shortens its life.
- Response time is greatly delayed at temperature below the operating temperature range. However, this does

not mean the LCD will be out of the order. It will recover when it returns to the specified temperature range.

- If display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.
- Condensation on terminals can cause an electrochemical reaction disrupting the terminal circuit. Therefore, it must be used under the relative condition of 40°C, 50% RH.
- When turning the power on, input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.

#### **Limited Warranty**

Unless agreed between and customer, SUR will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of shipments. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on freight documents. The warranty liability of limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

#### **Return Policy**

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are:

- · Broken LCD glass.
- · PCB eyelet damaged or modified.
- · PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet's, conductors and terminals

#### That's the end of the datasheet



#### **Documents / Resources**



<u>Surenoo SLC1602D Series LCD Module</u> [pdf] User Manual SLC1602D Series LCD Module, SLC1602D Series, LCD Module, Module

## References

• 5 Surenoo Tech: Professional LCD Module Supplier Since 2005

Manuals+,