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SPARKLEIOT XH-S3E Ultra-low Power WiFi Module User Manual

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SPARKLEIOT XH-S3E Ultra-low Power WiFi Module User Manual

Features

- SOC features
- Built-in Tensilica L106 ultra-low power consumption 32-bit cpu, the main frequency can be 80MHz and 160MHz, also support RTOS;
- Built-in TCP/IP protocol stack;
- Built-in 1 channel 10-bit high precision ADC;
- Interfaces include HSPI, UART, I2C, I2S, IR Remote Control, PWM, GPIO;
- 20uA deep-sleep current, less than 5uA cutoff current;
- 2ms wake-up time;
- 1.0mW consume power (DTIM3 and standby state);
- · Wi-Fi features
- Support 802.11 b/g/n/e/i
- Support three modes: Station, SoftAP, and SoftAP+STA;
- Support Wi-Fi Direct (P2P);
- Support hardware acceleration for CCMP (CBC-MAC, computation mode), TKIP (MIC, RC4), WAPI(SMS4), WEP(RC4), CRC;
- P2P detection, P2P GO mode/GC mode and P2P power management;

- WPA/PA2 PSK and WPS;
- Support 802.11 i security: pre-certification and TSN;
- Support 802.11n (2.4 GHz);
- 802.1h/RFC1042 frame encapsulation;
- · Support seamless roam;
- Support AT remote upgrade and cloud OTA upgrade;
- Support SmartConfig function for Android and iOS device.

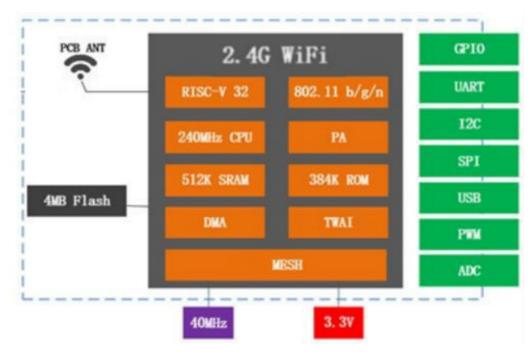
Module Interface

- 2xUART
- 1xADC
- 1xEn
- 1xWakeup pin
- 1xHSPI
- 1xI2C
- 1xl2S
- 11xGPIOs
- 4M SPI Flash
- Working temperature -40°C-105°C
- Module size 16mm×24mm Applications
- Serial transparent transmission;
- WiFi prober;
- Smart power plug/Smart LED light;
- · Mesh networks;
- · Sensor networks;
- · Wireless location recognition;
- · Wireless location system beacon;
- · Industrial wireless control.

Module Type

Name	Antenna Type
XH-S3E	PCB Antenna

Module Structure



SPARKLEIOT XH-S3E Ultra-low Power WiFi Module User Manual Module Structure

Update Record

Date	Version	Update	
2017-3-14	V1.0	Initial version	
2017-3-18	V1.1	Add system design	

Introduction

The WiFi module XH-S3E is manufactured by using a high-performance chip named ESP8684. This small chip is encapsulated an enhanced Tensilica's L106 diamond series 32-bit kennel CPU with a SRAM. Thus, ESP8684 has the complete function Wi-Fi function; it can be applied independently, and also can be used as a slaver working with other host CPU. When ESP8684 is applied as a slaver, it can start from the onboard flash. The built-in high-speed buffer is not only benefit to improve the system performance, but optimize the store system. In addition, XH-S3E WiFi module can be used as Wi-Fi adapter by SPI/SDIO or I2C/UART interface, when it is applied to other MCU design.

The XH-S3E WiFi module supports the standard IEEE802.11 b/g/n/e/i protocol and the complete TCP/IP protocol stack. User can use it to add the WiFi function for the installed devices, and also can be viewed as a independent network controller. Anyway, XH-S3E module provides many probabilities with the best price.

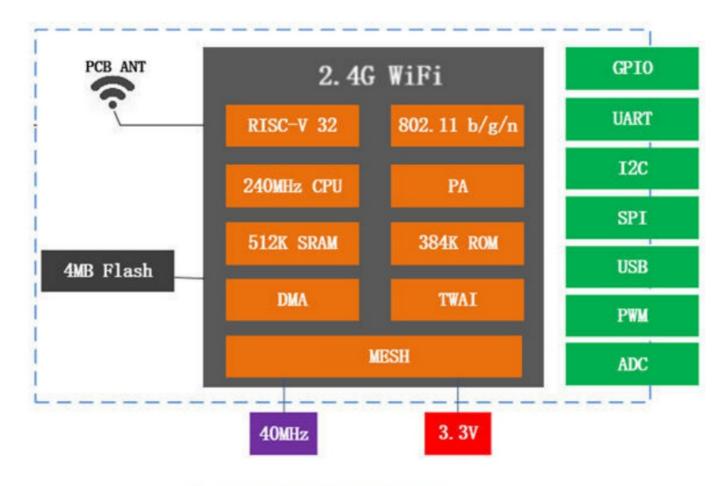


Fig. 1.1 XH-S3E Module Structure

Technical parameters for XH-S3E are listed as follows.

Types	Items	Parameters		
	Frequency	2.4G~2.5G(2400M~2483.5M)		
		802.11b: +16 dBm		
		802.11g: +15 dBm		
	Transmit power	802.11n: +14 dBm		
		802.11b: -91 dbm (11Mbps)		
		802.11g: -75 dbm 54Mbps		
Wi-Fi	Receiver sensitivity	802.11n: -72 dbm MCS7		
	Antenna	PCB antenna / U.F.L antenna		
	CPU	Tensilica L106 32 bit MCU		
		UART/SDIO/SPI/I2C/I2S/IR control		
	Interface	GPIO/ADC/PWM/SPI/I2C/I2S		
	Working voltage	2.5V ~ 3.6V		
	Working current	Average current: 80 mA,Peak current: >200mA		
	Working temperature	-40°C ~1 05°C		
Hardware	Environment temperature	-40°C ~ 1 05°C		
	Shape	16*24*3mm		
	Wi-Fi working mode	Station/SoftAP/SoftAP+Station		
	Security mode	WPA/WPA2		
	Encryption type	WEP/TKIP/AES		
Software Types	Update firmware	UART Download/OTA		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Software develop	Non-RTOS/RTOS/Arduino IDE etc.		
	Network protocol	IPv4, TCP/UDP/HTTP/FTP/MQTT		

Interface Definition

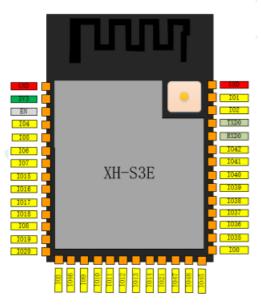


Fig. 2.1 XH-S3E Pin Definition

Working mode and pin function is shown in Table 2.1.

Table 2.1 Working mode

Mode	GPIO
UART Download Mode	Low
Flash Boot Mode	High

Table 2.2 Pin Function Definition

name	Serial nu mber	type	Feature	
GND	1	Р	Ground connection	
3V3	2	Р	Power supply	
			High: chip enabled; Low: chip off;	
EN	3	I	Make sure the EN pin does not f loat.	
IO4	4	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO4 , GPIO4 , TOUCH4 , ADC1_ CH3	
IO5	5	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO5 , GPIO5 , TOUCH5 , ADC1_ CH4	
IO6	6	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO6 , GPIO6 , TOUCH6 , ADC1_ CH5	

IO7	7	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO7 , GPIO7 , TOUCH7 , ADC1_ CH6		
IO15	8	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO15, GPIO15, U0RTS, ADC2_CH4, XTAL_32K_P		
IO16	9	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO16, GPIO16, U0CTS, ADC2_CH5, XTAL_32K_N		
IO17	10	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO17, GPIO17, U1 TXD, ADC2_CH6		
IO18	11	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO18, GPIO18, U1RXD, ADC2_CH7, CLK_OUT3		
IO8	12	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO8 , GPIO8 , TOUCH8 , ADC1_ CH7 , SUBSPICS1		
IO19	13	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO19, GPIO19, U1RTS, ADC2_CH8, CLK_OUT2, USB_D•		
IO20	14	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO20 , GPIO20 , U1 CTS, ADC2_CH9 , CLK_OUT1 , USB_D+		
IO3	15	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO3 , GPIO3 , TOUCH3 , ADC1_ CH2		
IO46	16	I/O/T	GPIO46		
109	17	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO9, GPIO9, TOUCH9, ADC1_CH8, FSPIHD, SUBSPIHD		
IO10	18	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO10 , GPIO10 , TOUCH10 , ADC1_ CH9 , FSPICS0 , FSPIIO4, SUBSP ICS0		
IO11	19	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO11, GPIO11, TOUCH11, ADC2_CH0, FSPID, FSPIIO5, SUBSPID		
IO12	20	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO12, GPIO12, TOUCH12, ADC2_CH1, FSPICLK, FSPIIO6, SUBSPICLK		
IO13	21	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO13, GPIO13, TOUCH13, ADC2_CH2, FSPIQ, FSPIIO7, SUBSPIQ		
IO14	22	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO14 , GPIO14 , TOUCH14 , ADC2_ CH3 , FSPIWP, FSPIDQS, SUBSP IWP		
IO21	23	I/O/T	RTC_ GPIO21 , GPIO21		
IO47	24	I/O/T	SPICLK_ P_ DIFF, GPIO47 , SUBSPICLK_ P_ DIFF		

IO48	25	I/O/T	SPICLK_ N_DIFF, GPIO48, SUBSPICLK_N_DIFF
IO45	26	I/O/T	GPIO45
100	27	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO0, GPIO0
IO35 b	28	I/O/T	SPIIO6, GPIO3 5, FSPID, SUBSPID
IO36 b	29	I/O/T	SPIIO7, GPIO3 6, FSPICLK, SUBSPICLK
IO37 b	30	I/O/T	SPIDQS, GPIO3 7 , FSPIQ, SUBSPIQ
IO38	31	I/O/T	GPIO3 8 , FSPIWP, SUBSPIWP
IO39	32	I/O/T	MTCK, GPIO39 , CLK_ OUT3 , SUBSPICS1
IO40	33	I/O/T	MTDO, GPIO40, CLK_OUT2

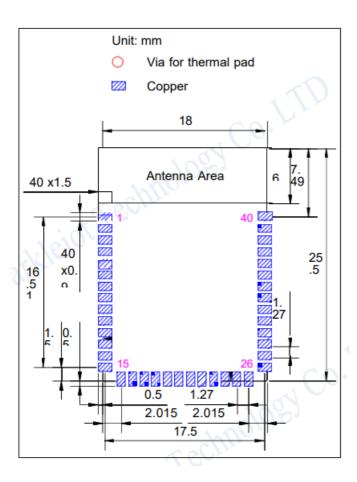
IO41	34	I/O/T	MTDI, GPIO41, CLK_OUT1
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		a	
IO42	35	I/O/T	MTMS, GPIO42
RXD0	36	I/O/T	U0RXD, GPIO44, CLK_OUT2
TXD0	37	I/O/T	U0TXD, GPIO43, CLK_OUT1
102	38	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO2, GPIO2, TOUCH2, ADC1_CH1
IO1	39	I/O/T	RTC_GPIO1, GPIO1, TOUCH1, ADC1_CH0
GND	40	Р	Ground connection
EPAD	41	Р	Ground connection

Shape and Size

Shape and size for XH-S3E can be shown as follows. The Flash of XH-S3E is 32 Mbits 4M Bytes .

Fig.3.1 Shape for XH-S3E



(a) Vertical View

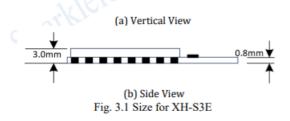


Table 3.1 Size for XH-S3E

Length	Width	Height	PAD Size (bottom)	Distance between P ins
25.5 mm	18 mm	3 mm	0.45 mm x 0.9 mm	0.8 ± 0.1 mm

Electronical Characteristics

Table 4.1 Electronical Characteristics

Parameters		Condition	Min	Classical	Max	Unite	
Store Temperature		_	-40	Normal	125	°C	
Sold Temperature		IPC/JEDEC J- STD-020	-	-	260	°C	
Working \	Voltage	_	2.5	3.3	3.6	V	
	VIL/VIH	_	-0.3/0.75VIO	_	0.25VIO/3.6	- I/O	
I/O	VOL/VOH	_	N/0.8VIO	_	0.1VIO/N		
	IMAX	_	_	_	12		
Electrostatic release quantity (Human model)		TAMB=25°C	_	_	2	KV	
Electrostatic release quantity (Human model)		TAMB=25°C	_	_	0.5	KV	

Power Consumption

Table 5.1 Power Consumption

Parameters	Min	Classical	Max	Unit
Tx802.11b, CCK 11Mbps, POUT=+17dBm	_	170	_	mA
Tx802.11g, OFDM 54 Mbps, POUT =+15dBm	_	140	_	mA
Tx802.11n,MCS7,POUT =+13dBm	_	120	_	mA
Rx 802.11b 1024 Bytes, -80dBm	_	50	_	mA
Rx 802.11g 1024 Bytes, -70dBm	_	56	_	mA
Rx 802.11n 1024 Bytes, -65dBm	_	56	_	mA
Modem-sleep®	_	15	_	mA
Light-sleep@	_	0.9	_	mA
Deep-sleep3	_	20	_	μΑ

Note

①: **Modem**-Sleep mode can be used for the case that CPU is always working, e.g., PWM or I2S etc. If WiFi is connected and no data is to transmitted, in this case, WiFi modem can be closed to save power energy. For example, if at DTIM3 status, keep asleep at 300ms, Then, the module can wake up to receive the Beacon package within 3ms and the current being 15mA.

②: **Light**-Sleep mode can used for the case that CUP can stop the application temporally, e.g., Wi-Fi Switch . If Wi-Fi is connected and there is no data packet to transmitted, by the 802.11 standard (e.g., UAPSD), module can close Wi-Fi Modem and stop CPU to save power. For example, at DTIM3, keep up

sleeping at 300ms, it would receive the Beacon package from AP after each 3ms, then the whole average current is about 0.9mA.

③ **Deep-**Sleep mode is applied to the case that Wi-Fi is not necessary to connect all the time, just send a data packet after a long time (e.g., transmit one temperate data each 100s) . it just need 0.3s-1s to connect AP after each 300s, and the whole average current is much smaller 1mA.

Wi-Fi RF Characteristics

The data in the following Table is gotten when voltage is 3.3V and 1.1V in the indoor temperature environment.

Table 6.1 Wi-Fi RF Characteristics

Parameters	Min	Classical	Max	Unite			
Input frequencey	2412	_	2484	MHz			
Input impedance	_	50	_	Ω			
Input reflection	_	_	-10	dB			
At 72.2Mbps, output power consumption for PA	15.5	16.5	17.5	dBm			
At 11b mode, output power consumption for PA	19.5	20.5	21.5	dBm			
Sensibility	_	_	_	_			
DSSS, 1Mbps	_	-98	_	dBm			
CCK11, Mbps	_	-91	_	dBm			
6Mbps(1/2 BPSK)	_	-93	_	dBm			
54Mbps(3/4 64-QAM)	_	-75	_	dBm			
HT20, MCS7(65 Mbps, 72.2 Mbps)	_	-72	_	dBm			
Adjacent Inhibition							
OFDM, 6Mbps	_	37	_	dB			
OFDM, 54Mbps	_	21	_	dB			
HT20, MCS0	_	37	_	dB			
HT20, MCS7	_	20	_	dB			

The Recommended Sold Temperature Curve

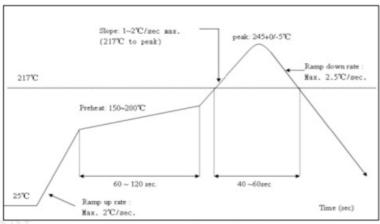
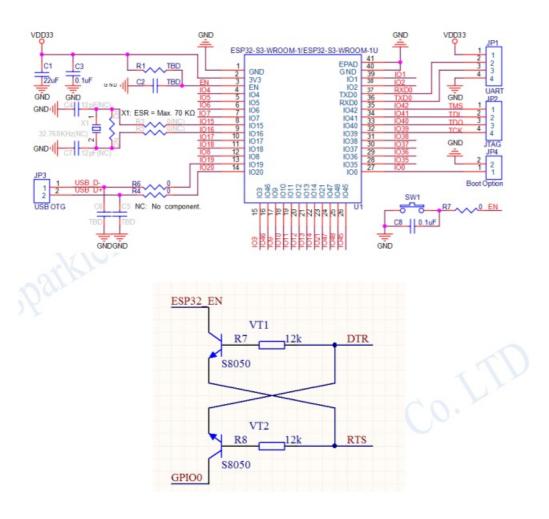


图 7.1 Temperature Curve when sold

Module Schematic



Note

- (1) the working voltage for module is DC 3.3V;
- (2) the max current from IO of this module is 12mA;
- (3) RST Pin is enabled when it is low level; and EN pin is enabled when it is high level;
- (4) WiFi module is at update mode: GPIO0 is low level, then module reset to power; Wi-Fi module is at working mode: GPIO0 is at high level, and then reset to power;
- (5) Wi-Fi module is connected to RXD of the other MCU, and TXD is connected to RXD of the other MCU.

The Recommended PCB Design (Take XH-C2F as an example)

XH-C2F Wi-Fi module can be sold on PCB board directly. For the high RF performance for the device, please notice the placement of the module. There are three ways to use the module. Solution 1:optical solution. The WiFi module is placed on the side of the board, and the antennas are all exposed, and there is no metal material around the antenna, including wires, metal casings, weight plates, and the like. Solution 2:suboptical solution. The WiFi module is placed on the side of the board, and the antenna below is hollowed out. There is a gap of not less than 5 mm reserved with the PCB, and there is no metal material around the antenna, including wires, metal casings, weight plates, and the like. Solution 3: The WiFi module is placed on the side of the board, and the PCB area under the antenna is empty, and copper cannot be laid.

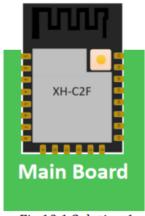


Fig.10.1 Solution 1

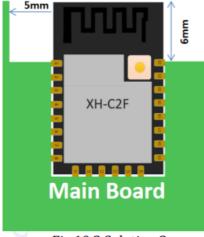


Fig.10.2 Solution 2

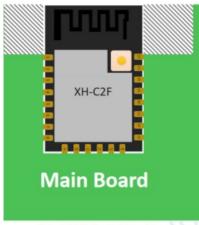


Fig.10.3 Solution 3

Peripheral Design Suggestion

Wi-Fi module is already integrated into high-speed GPIO and Peripheral interface, which may be generated the switch noise. If there is a high request for the power consumption and EMI characteristics, it is suggested to connect a serial 10~100 ohm resistance, which can suppress overshoot when switching power supply, and can smooth signal. At the same time, it also can prevent electrostatic discharge (ESD).

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Shenzhen Sparkleiot Technology Co., Ltd. is a national-level high-tech and innovative technology enterprise, focusing on R&D, production and sales of smart home and IOT products. The company was established in 2014. At the beginning of its establishment, it was adhering to the concept of "science and technology change lives, and products enter thousands of households". After just a few years, the company has continuously launched the market's cost-effective 2.4G WiFi module, 2.4G WiFi module, .4GWiFi module, and quickly won unanimous praise in the market. In 2018, the company established a smart home department, focusing on the smart electrical lighting industry. The company's products are exported to the Americas, Europe and other regions, and continue to receive praise from customers.

FCC Statement

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receivingantenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help important announcement Important Note:

Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator and your body.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Country Code selection feature to be disabled for products marketed to the US/Canada. This device is intended only for OEM integrators under the following conditions:

- 1. The antenna must be installed such that 20 cm is maintained between the antenna and users, and
- 2. The transmitter module may not be co-located with any other transmitter or antenna,
- 3. For all products market in US, OEM has to limit the operation channels in CH1 to CH11 for 2.4G band by supplied firmware programming tool. OEM shall not supply any tool or info to the end-user regarding to Regulatory Domain change. (if modular only test Channel 1-11)
 As long as the three conditions above are met, further transmitter testing will not be required. However, the OEM integrator is still responsible for testing their end-product for any additional compliance requirements required with this module installed.

Important Note:

In the event that these conditions cannot be met (for example certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

End Product Labeling

The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following" Contains FCC ID: 2BCLR-XH S3E"

Manual Information to the End User

The OEM integrator has to be aware not to provide information to the end user regarding how to install or remove this RF module in the user's manual of the end product which integrates this module. The end user manual shall include all required regulatory information/warning as show in this manual.

Integration instructions for host product manufacturers according to KDB 996369 D03 OEM Manual v01 2.2 List of applicable FCC rules

CFR 47 FCC PART 15 SUBPART C has been investigated. It is applicable to the modular transmitter **2.3 Specific** operational use conditions

This module is stand-alone modular. If the end product will involve the Multiple simultaneously transmitting condition or different operational conditions for a stand-alone modular transmitter in a host, host manufacturer have to consult with module manufacturer for the installation method in end system.

2.4 Limited module procedures

Not applicable

2.5 Trace antenna designs

Not applicable

2.6 RF exposure considerations

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

2.7 Antennas

This radio transmitter **FCC ID:2BCLR-XH-S3E** has been approved by Federal Communications Commission to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Antenna No.	Model No. of antenna:	Type of antenna:	Gain of the antenna (Max.)	Frequency range:
2.4GWiFi	/	PCB Antenna	0.76dBi for 2412-2462MHz;	

2.8 Label and compliance information

The final end product must be labeled in a visible area with the following" Contains FCC ID:2BCLR-XH-S3E". 2.9 Information on test modes and additional testing requirements

Host manufacturer is strongly recommended to confirm compliance with FCC requirements for the transmitter when the module is installed in the host.

2.10 Additional testing, Part 15 Subpart B disclaimer

Host manufacturer is responsible for compliance of the host system with module installed with all other applicable requirements for the system such as Part 15 B.

Documents / Resources



SPARKLEIOT XH-S3E Ultra-low Power WiFi Module [pdf] User Manual

2BCLR-XH-S3E, 2BCLRXHS3E, xh s3e, XH-S3E Ultra-low Power WiFi Module, Ultra-low Power WiFi Module, Power WiFi Module, WiFi Module

Manuals+,