


**SOLAR  
LIGHT**  
**PMA2200 Single  
Input  
Radiometer**



# SOLAR LIGHT PMA2200 Single Input Radiometer User Manual

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**SOLAR  
LIGHT**

**SOLAR LIGHT PMA2200 Single Input Radiometer**



## Product Information

- Model: PMA2200 Photometer/Radiometer
- Part Number: 210101
- Revision Level: C

## Product Usage Instructions

### Introduction

- Read the following guide to understand how to operate the PMA2200 Photometer/Radiometer effectively.

### Quick Start Guide

#### Selection Of The Detector

- Follow the instructions provided in the manual to select the appropriate detector for your measurement needs.
  - **Measuring With PMA2200**
    - Refer to section 5 for information on data logging and processing after measuring with the PMA2200.
  - **Controls & Indicators**
    - Review the manual to understand the various controls and indicators on the PMA2200 device.

### Setup

- **Meter Setup**
  - Set up the meter following the instructions provided, including configuring the real-time clock and calendar settings.

- **Detector Setup**

- Configure the detector settings as per your requirements.

## **Data Management**

- **Data Logging**

- Learn how to log data using the PMA2200 device.

- **Data Processing**

- Understand how to process the collected data effectively for analysis.

## **Interfaces**

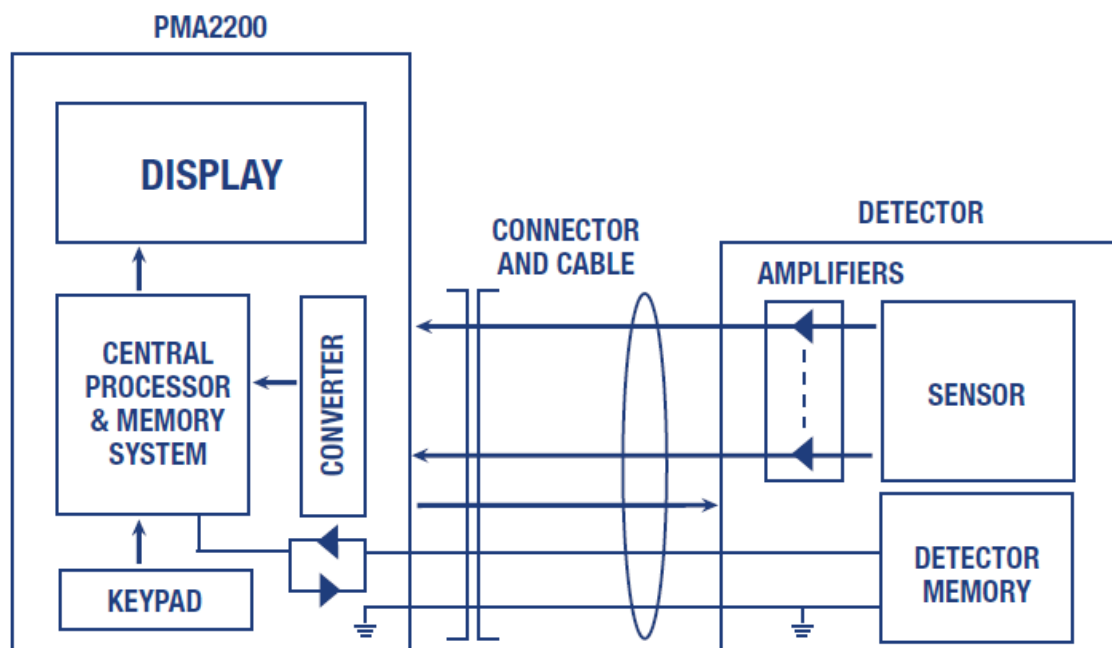
- Explore the different interfaces available on the PMA2200 for data transfer and connectivity.

## **INTRODUCTION**

- The Personal Measurement Assistant model PMA2200 is a sophisticated, multipurpose measuring instrument.

## **PMA2200 DESIGN CONCEPT**

- The meter itself is programmed to perform the tasks common to most detectors. The information specific for a particular detector is stored in a nonvolatile memory built into the detector itself. It includes identification information, signal-processing algorithms, a description of the data presentation, and the current setup of the detector.
- Upon connection of a detector, the PMA2200 identifies it, downloads the contents of the detector's memory into the operating memory, updates its setup and executes the downloaded code, if appropriate.
- This approach allows for an unlimited number of detectors to be supported by the PMA2200. It configures itself to the specific features of each detector and the custom setup of the measurement process.



*Figure 1 Architecture of the PMA2200*

## MAJOR FEATURES

Measuring with the PMA2200 is as simple as with the usual single detector and meter. Plug a detector into the input socket, turn ON power and read the display.

The many additional capabilities of the PMA2200 Version 1.26 include:

- User Selectable System of Units
- Integration of the Accumulated Dose (Where Applicable)
- Tracking of the Extremes of the Signal (Min., Max., Avg.)
- RS232 Serial Interface
- Digital Inputs and Outputs to Control External Devices
- **CURRENTLY SUPPORTED DETECTORS**
- The PMA2200 family currently includes a variety of detectors for such parameters as:
- Biologically Effective UV Radiation (UV-B)
- UV-A Radiation
- UV Safety
- Germicidal UV
- Bilirubin Phototherapy
- PAR (Photosynthetic)
- Continuous Lasers
- Blue Light Safety
- Illumination (Photopic & Scotopic)
- UV-VIS-IR (Class II Pyranometer)
- Custom Wavelength Bands
- Temperature & Humidity

For a complete list of detectors see [www.solarlight.com/product\\_category/products/sensors](http://www.solarlight.com/product_category/products/sensors)

- The PMA2200 can be used in any application where an accurate measurement is required, especially if multiple quantities are measured or the enhanced functionality of the meter is desired.

### Potential applications include:

- Laboratory Measurements
- Environmental Monitoring
- Industrial Safety
- UV-Curing, Printing and Photolithography
- Photodermatology & Photobiology
- Phototherapy
- Cosmetic Industry, SPF Testing
- Materials Testing
- Agriculture

Any sensor producing up to 4 analog signals can be quickly and inexpensively accommodated by the PMA2200,

making it attractive to sensor manufacturers who would like to offer a state of the art meter with their product.

## QUICK START GUIDE

- While sophisticated and powerful, the PMA2200 is a user-friendly instrument allowing for simple “plug-and-play” operation.

## SELECTION OF THE DETECTOR

- A critical part of every measurement process is the sensor selection.
- The criteria that need to be addressed when making that decision are
- Environmental factors such as temperature range and humidity
- Anticipated signal characteristics including spectral range
- The PMA2200 family includes detectors for indoor, permanent outdoor, and underwater operation, satisfying virtually any operating environment.

## MEASURING WITH PMA2200

To perform measurements with a PMA2200, the following steps should be followed:

1. Power ON the PMA2200 by pressing the ON/OFF button. If the meter does not respond attach the external power supply. The unit will be powered ON whenever connected to the external power supply. The PMA2200 will turn itself OFF after 3 minutes of inactivity if no detector is attached.
2. Plug the selected detector into the detector input located on the side of the meter. The meter will indicate the connection by a beep and the display will show the measurement result. Squeeze the locking arms of the detector plug while connecting or disconnecting it.
3. In order to turn the PMA2200 OFF press the ON/OFF key. If the unit is connected to external power, it will remain powered up and pressing the ON/OFF will have no effect.
  - Refer to “Controls and Indicators” for detailed description of the PMA2200 “data mode” display.

## CONTROLS & INDICATORS

### DISPLAY

- When the meter is turned ON, it displays a start-up screen (Figure 2)



Figure 2 Start-up Screen of the PMA2200 Meter

- while performing the hardware test. The model number and software version number of the meter are briefly

displayed.

- Then, the display goes into the “data mode”. If a detector is attached, the measurement results are shown (Figure 5).

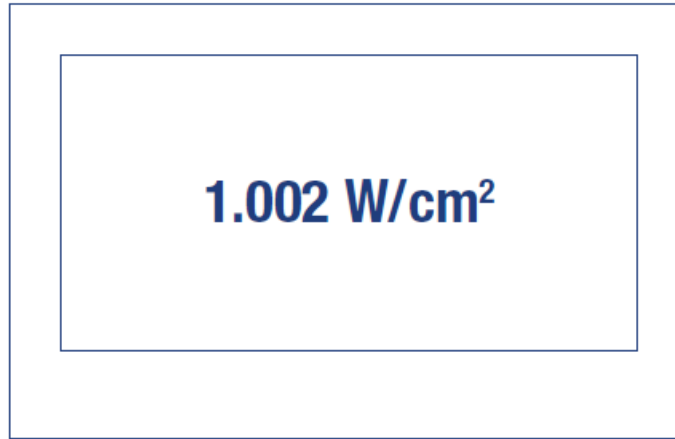


Figure 5 “Data Mode” with Detector Connected - No Integration

- Otherwise the screen indicates that there is no detector connected (Figure 4).

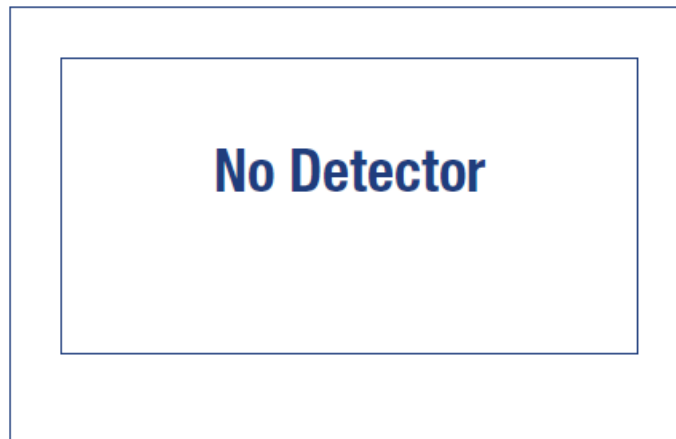


Figure 4 Display in the “Data Mode” with No Detector Connected

- The HOLD function is activated by pressing the HOLD key. When the data is flashing, the contents of the display are frozen; however, the measurements, dose integration or min/max/avg. (if enabled) will continue in the background. Pressing the HOLD key again reactivates the continuous data display.
- The Low and High tracking can be initiated by pressing the Min/Max key. The same key clears the setting. The tracking of extremes starts from the moment the feature is activated. To re-start the tracking, turn the feature OFF then back ON by pressing the Min/Max key twice.
- Averaging is activated by pressing the Avg key. The averaging starts from the moment the feature is activated. To re-start the averaging, turn the feature OFF then back ON by pressing the Avg key twice.
- The instantaneous reading is displayed with the currently selected units to the right of the measurement result. If alternative units are available, pressing the Units key will convert the result to alternative units. There can be more than two unit systems. They can be selected by pressing the Units repeatedly. After the last unit selection is reached, pressing the Units key will bring the display back to the initial unit selection.
- If the measured quantity can be integrated over time, integration can be initiated by pressing the Int key. The integrated value is displayed in the space below the instantaneous measurement value (Figure 3).

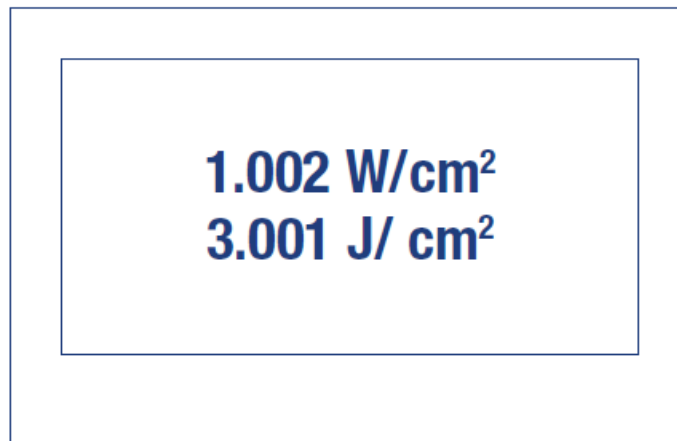


Figure 3 "Data Mode" with Detector Connected - Integration ON

- Pressing the Int key again stops the integration.
- The dose display freezes but the information is displayed on the LCD until the Int key is pressed again. When restarted, the integrated value will be reset to zero. Integration can not be used when using the Min/Max or Avg features.
- The assignment of the function key, F1, can change dynamically depending on the mode of operation. The function of the key is described by pressing F1. If the function key is defined for the detector being displayed, the definitions of the key will appear on the second line of the display. Pressing F1 a second time will perform the defined operation.



## KEYPAD

- The keys of the PMA2200 (Figure 7) have a tactile feel and an audible signal is generated when the key is pressed.
- The ON/OFF key toggles the power to the meter. It is only active in the display mode.
- The Int button enables the dose integration. The integrated dose is in the space shown below the instantaneous measurement result (Figure 3).

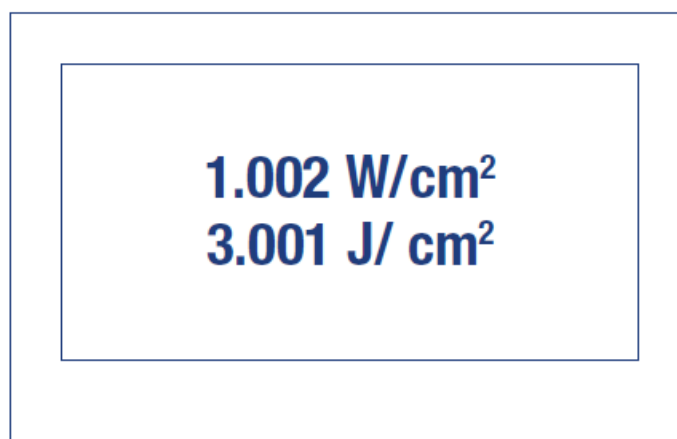


Figure 3 "Data Mode" with Detector Connected - Integration ON

- Pressing the Int button a second time stops the integration. Pressing a third time clears the integration from the

screen.

- Pressing the HOLD key freezes the information on the LCD without affecting the measurement and data collection process. The displayed data will begin to flash. While in the “hold mode” pressing HOLD a second time reactivates display updating.
- The Min/Max key initiates the Low and High tracking. The same key clears the setting. The tracking of extremes begins from the moment the feature is activated. To re-start the tracking turn the feature OFF then back ON by pressing the Min/Max key twice.
- High and low values will be reset to zero on restart of the Min/Max function.

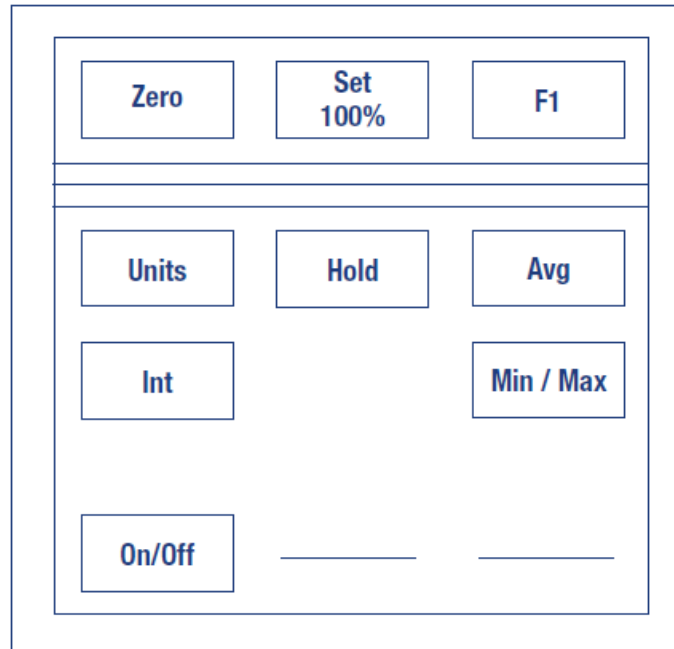


Figure 7 Keypad Configuration of the PMA2200

- The Avg key initiates averaging. The same key clears the setting. The averaging begins from the moment the feature is activated. To re-start the averaging, turn the feature OFF then back ON by pressing the Avg key twice. The average value will be reset on restart of the Avg function.
- The Zero key will zero any offset for the detector. This function is also useful for relative measurements between two sources.
- Pressing the Set 100% key will take the current instantaneous reading and set it to 100% (100% will be seen on the display). Any variations in the reading will be indicated in percent. This feature is useful for measuring transmission of filters or materials.

## SETUP

### METER SETUP

### LCD CONTRAST

- The real-time clock and calendar provide the information for time stamping of the recorded data. To set the real time clock/calendar, follow these steps:
  1. Connect the PMA2200 to an available serial port on a PC using an AT modem cable.
  2. Start a communications program such as ProComm or Windows Terminal or HyperTerminal.
  3. Configure the Comport as follows:



- Baud rate 19200
- Handshake None
- Data bits 8
- Parity None
- Stop bits 1

4. Press Enter to get a menu from the PMA2200. (Figure 8)



Figure 8 Setup Screen for the PMA2200 Meter

5. Press “D” to set the date or “T” to set the time.

#### **RS232 DATA PRINTING: FUNCTION “O”**

- The RS232 data printing function allows the user to display and/or capture the data from the detector to a file via RS232. Follow steps 1-4 in the Real time clock and calendar section for the computer connection and display. Press “O” to toggle the data printing on and off. The data is updated and displayed about three times per second.
- Open a file to capture the data if it is to be stored. Before the PMA2200 is connected, a description can be annotated. For example, light source type, distance, filters, experiment name, etc. Connect the PMA2200 and press Enter. Press “O” to toggle the RS232 on when the detector setup is complete and you are ready to start storing data.
- The data format displayed is shown in Table 3 and the description is shown in Table 5.

#### **DETECTOR SETUP**

- The detectors are equipped with a non-volatile memory to store configuration information specific to a particular detector. When the detector is connected, these configuration parameters are read from the detector and used to set up the PMA2200.

#### **DATA MANAGEMENT**

##### **• DATA LOGGING**

- The PMA2200 does not have internal datalogging capability. However, the PMA2200 can transmit data by RS232 serial interface. The PMA2200 can be connected to a PC running a communications software package. The PC can then function as a datalogger saving data records to file. Refer to “Setup” for instructions to use a

PC to store data from the PMA2200.

- The data are downloaded in a text format following the template shown in Table 3.

**TABLE 3 FORMAT OF THE DATA DOWNLOADED FROM PMA2200**

| Detector Model # | Detector Serial # | Record Date | Record Time | Recorded Value | Units | Scale | Flags | Calibration Due Date |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|----------------------|
|------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|----------------------|

**TABLE 4 EXAMPLE OF DATA RECORDS FROM THE PMA2200**

RS232 printing Enabled. 30,"02258","09/23/1998","09:47:00",2.3895E+03,"Lux",1.00,00,"09/1999"  
30,"02258","09/23/1998","09:47:01",2.4312E+03,"Lux",1.00,00,"09/1999"  
RS232 printing Disabled.

- Commas separate the fields. The non-numerical values, such as serial number, date, time and units are enclosed in quotes to comply with a commonly used Comma and Quote Separated Format.
- Table 5 contains detailed description of the individual fields of the data record. Refer to the "Data Processing" chapter below for additional information about importing and processing the data.

## DATA PROCESSING

- The data downloaded from the PMA2200 can be imported into any commercial spreadsheet or data processing package supporting the import of data in Comma and Quote Separated Format.
- As an example, the steps necessary to import a data file into Microsoft Excel are listed:

1. Download the data from the PMA2200 and save in a file called PMA.TXT.
2. Open Microsoft Excel.
3. Place the cursor on an empty page in a cell where you want the data block to begin
4. From the menu select Data, then Import External Data, and then Import Data...
5. In the Select Data Source dialog locate and select your data file. In this case PMA.TXT.
6. In the Text Import Wizard select Delimited for the Original Data Type and click Next >.
7. Select Comma as the Delimiter and " as the Text Qualifier and click Finish.
8. Select the location where your data will be imported and click Ok..

The data is imported into the spreadsheet and can be manipulated with the various tools built into this software. Some programs have built-in import wizards that analyze the format of the file and facilitate the data import. A macro can be created in most spreadsheet programs to automate the import of downloaded data.

| TABLE 5 DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA RECORD FORMAT |  |                |
|---|--|----------------|
| Field   | Contents   | Type           |
| Detector Model #                              | The last two digits of the detector type. For example the detector PMA2131 has the type code 31                                | Numerical      |
| Detector Serial #                             | The string containing the serial number of the detector  | Enclosed In "" |
| Record Date                                   | The date stamp of the measurement. The date is formatted as follows: mm/dd/yyyy<br>where: mm = month, dd = day, yyyy = year    | Enclosed In "" |
| Record Time                                   | The time stamp of the measurement. The time is formatted as follows: hh:mm:ss<br>where: hh = hours, mm = minutes, ss = seconds | Enclosed In "" |
| Recorded Value                                | The measurement result   | Numerical      |
| Units   | Units used for measurement result  | Enclosed In "" |
| Scale   | Scale of the detector (1.00 nominal) <i>(future use only)</i>  |                |
| Flags   | Flags set when data recorded <i>(future use only)</i>  |                |
| Calibration Due Date                          | The date the detector is due for calibration. The date is formatted as follows: mm/yyyy<br>where: mm = month, yyyy = year      | Enclosed In "" |

## INTERFACES

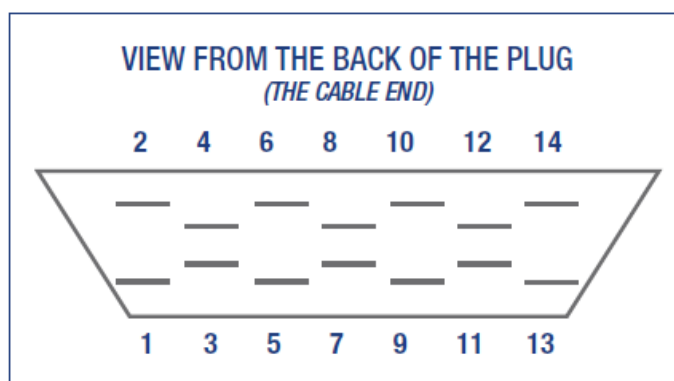


Figure 9 Detector Input Pin Assignment

## DETECTOR INTERFACE

- The PMA2200 detector interface provides connections for the detector's analog signals, the power for the detector and the digital interface for the detector's memory.
- The single PMA2200 detector interface (port) provides 4 independent analog inputs, designated Input0 through Input3. These direct inputs accept signals in a range of -4V to +4V. Table 6 provides a detailed functional description of the individual pins.

**TABLE 6 PMA2200 DETECTOR INTERFACE CONFIGURATION**

| Pin Number | Signal Description  | Specifications   |
|------------|---|--|
| 1          | Analog Input 1 or 5   | ±4V Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground  |
| 2          | Analog Input 2 or 6   | ±4V Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground  |
| 3          | Analog Input 3 or 7   | ±4V Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground  |
| 4          | Analog Input 4 or 8   | ±4V Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground  |
| 5          | Analog Ground   | Internally Connected to Power/Digital Ground –<br><br><i>Do Not Connect to Power GND Inside the Detector</i> |
| 6          | Detector Presence 1   | Used to Determine if Detector Connected  |
| 7          | Detector Presence 2   | Used to Determine if Detector Connected  |
| 8          | Detector Decode 1   | Used to Determine Detector Port Used   |
| 9          | Detector Clock  | Clock for Non-Volatile Memory – ESD Protected  |
| 10         | Detector Decode 2   | Used to Determine Detector Port Used   |
| 11         | -5V Power   | 50mA max., Short Circuit Protected   |
| 12         | +5V Power   | 50mA max., Short Circuit Protected   |
| 13         | Power and Digital Ground ( <i>connected to shield inside the PMA2200 meter</i> )  | Do Not Connect to Analog GND Inside the Detector   |
| 14         | Data I/O  | Data Line for Non-Volatile Memory – ESD Protected  |
| Shield     | Power and Digital Ground<br><br>( <i>connected to pin 13 inside the PMA2200 meter</i> ) not connected to connector shell. |  |

## SERIAL AND EXTENSION PORT

- The PMA2200 is equipped with a RS232C serial port allowing communication with a computer or a serial printer. The serial communication lines, along with other analog and digital signals, available on the 25 pin female D-connector located on the bottom of the meter.
- To connect the PMA2200 to a computer, a standard AT modem cable can be used in place of the one that is provided with the meter. The baud rate of the serial port is preset at 19200.
- Due to the power-saving features built into the PMA2200, the serial port's transmitter operates properly only if there is no incoming transmission, i.e. the receiving line must be in a negative (marking) state. The PMA2200's receiver works properly all the time.

**TABLE 7 SERIAL COMMUNICATION & EXTENSION PORT CONNECTOR**

| <b>Pin Number</b> | <b>Signal Description</b>                | <b>Specifications</b>  |
|-------------------|--|--|
| <b>1</b>          | Optical Output 0                         | Refer to Figure 8  |
| <b>2</b>          | RxD – Data Input                         | Switching Threshold Approx. 1.5V, with 0.5V Hysteresis; Accepts Standard RS232C Levels |
| <b>3</b>          | TxD – Data Output                        | High State: +5V<br>Low State: Equal to the RxD's Low Level                             |
| <b>4</b>          | DCD – Data Carrier Detect Input          | RS232C Levels  |
| <b>5</b>          | Optical Input 0                          | Refer to Figure 9  |
| <b>6</b>          | Optical Input 1                          | Refer to Figure 9 ( <i>Not Used for PMA2200</i> )                                      |
| <b>7</b>          | Ground                                   | Digital Ground   |
| <b>8</b>          | Optical Input Ground                     | Refer to Figure 9  |
| <b>9</b>          | +5V Power                                | 50mA Max., Short Circuit Protected   |
| <b>10</b>         | -5V Power                                | 50mA Max., Short Circuit Protected   |
| <b>11</b>         | Analog Input 3                           | ±4V Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground  |
| <b>12</b>         | Analog Input 2                           | ±4V Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground  |
| <b>13</b>         | Analog Input 0                           | ±4V Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground  |
| <b>14</b>         | Optical Output 1                         | Refer to Figure 8 ( <i>Not Used for PMA2200</i> )                                      |
| <b>15</b>         | Analog Input 6 / Analog Output, Positive | ±4V Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground  |
| <b>16</b>         | Detector Clock                           | Clock for Non-Volatile Memory – ESD Protected  |
| <b>17</b>         | Data I/O                                 | Data Line for Non-Volatile Memory – ESD Protected                                      |

|           |  |  |
|-----------|--|--|
| <b>18</b> | Detector Presence 3                    | Used to Determine if Detector Connected          |
| <b>19</b> | Analog Input 7 / Analog Output, Ground | $\pm 4V$ Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground |
| <b>20</b> | Processor Selector                     | Not Used for PMA2200                             |
| <b>21</b> | Analog Input 5                         | $\pm 4V$ Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground |
| <b>22</b> | Optical Output Ground                  | Refer to Figure 8                                |
| <b>23</b> | Analog Input 4                         | $\pm 4V$ Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to Ground |
| <b>24</b> | Analog Ground                          | Analog Ground                                    |
| <b>25</b> | Analog Input 1                         | $\pm 4V$ Full Scale, 2.7K Series 0.1uf to round  |

- The PMA2200 can be controlled from a remote computer via an external modem. The modem connected to the PMA2200 should be set to auto-answer in order to pick-up the incoming calls automatically. The modem's result codes should also be disabled. For modems supporting the Hayes AT commands the following programming sequence is adequate:
- AT&D0Q1E0S0=2&C1&W0&Y0
- This sequence should be transmitted to the modem from a PC before this modem is connected to the PMA2200. Only the remote modem picking up the calls to the PMA2200 has to be set up in this way. The PMA2200 is not able to dial the telephone number so the calls cannot originate from the PMA2200. Table 8 shows the cable connections between the PMA2200 and the modem.

| <b>TABLE 8 PMA2200 TO MODEM CONNECTION</b> |               |                             |               |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| <b>PMA DB25 connector</b>                  |               | <b>Modem DB25 connector</b> |               |
| <b>Pin Number</b>                          | <b>Signal</b> | <b>Pin Number</b>           | <b>Signal</b> |
| <b>2</b>                                   | <b>RxD</b>    | <b>3</b>                    | <b>TxD</b>    |
| <b>3</b>                                   | <b>TxD</b>    | <b>2</b>                    | <b>RxD</b>    |
| <b>7</b>                                   | <b>GND</b>    | <b>7</b>                    | <b>GND</b>    |

## DIGITAL CONTROL LINES

- The digital control lines of the PMA2200 can be used to control an external device, such as a relay or valve, acting as a closed loop feedback system or as a dose controller. An example application is the monitoring and control of greenhouse temperature and the amount of light.
- The PMA2200's digital control lines provide 1 optically coupled input and 1 optically coupled output designed to

connect with control equipment. The pins of the digital control lines are available on the 25-pin connector, which also accommodates the pins of the serial port.

- The optically coupled I/O's functions depend on the detector connected to the PMA2200. Typically these outputs are not used; however, some custom or specialized detectors may use these ports for external control.

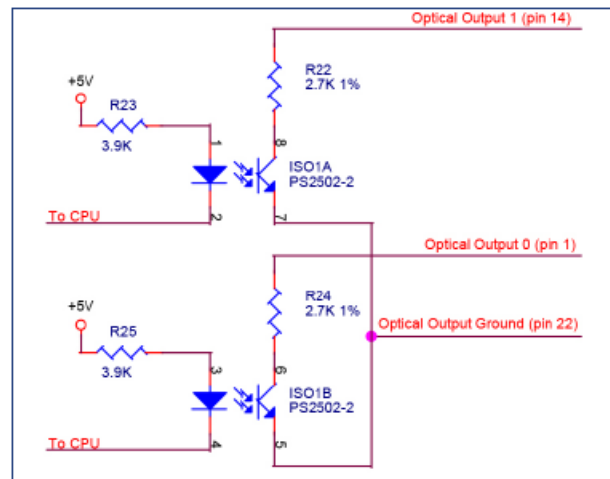


Figure 10 Digital, Optically Coupled Outputs

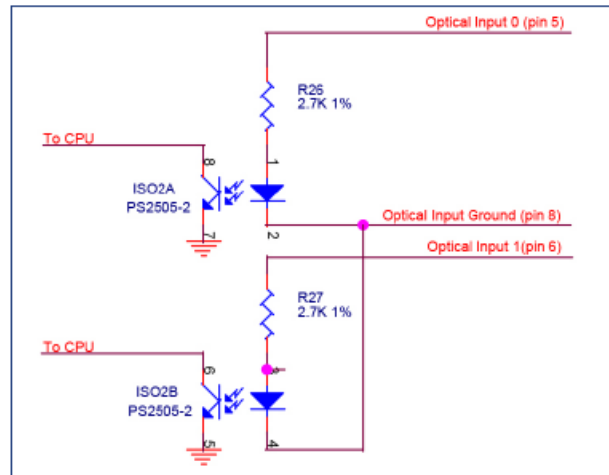


Figure 11 Digital, Optically Coupled Inputs

## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| SPECIFICATIONS          |  |
|-------------------------|--|
| Detector Inputs         | 1 Detector Input with up to 4 Analog Signals                       |
| Input Ranges            | ±4V, Single Range ( <i>autoranging not necessary</i> )             |
| Resolution              | 13µV on 4V Range   |
| Dynamic Range           | 2.6 x10 <sup>6</sup> (6.5 digits)                                  |
| Accuracy                | Within 0.5% FS   |
| Non-Linearity           | 0.003% Integral Non-linearity                                      |
| Operating Environment   | 32 to 120°F (0 to +50°C)   |
| Temperature Coefficient | Max 50ppm/°C   |
| Power Source            | 4 x AA NiCd or Alkaline Batteries, 9-12V AC or DC Charger          |
| Sampling Rate           | 3 per second   |
| Screen Refresh Rate     | 10 per second  |
| Battery Life            | Up to 40 Hours Between Charges                                     |
| External Power          | 9-12V AC or DC adapter. 100mA min                                  |
| Power Consumption       | Approximately 110mW  |
| Program Control         | 12-Button Keypad   |
| Size WxDxH              | 4" x 1.75" x 7.5" (10 x 4.3 x 19.3 cm)                             |
| LCD Size                | 2.5" x 0.5" (6.4 x 1.3 cm) Program control 9-button keypad x4.5 cm |
| Weight                  | 18 oz. (510 grams)   |

## MAINTENANCE

## METER CALIBRATION



- Both the PMA2200 meter and the detectors have to be calibrated to assure accurate measurements.
- The analog inputs of the PMA2200 are initially calibrated with an accuracy of 0.2% and the calibration factors are stored in its internal memory. The internal real time clock is accurate to within 1 minute per month. Since there are no mechanically adjustable components in the meter, its calibration is extremely stable. Nonetheless, the calibration should be periodically checked. The recommended calibration interval is one year. The calibration is done in a computerized tester and must be performed by Solar Light Company, LLC.
- The calibration of the detectors is independent from the meter's calibration. The detector calibration accuracy depends on the type of detector. Solar Light Company, LLC should perform it at least annually.

## FAQ

### Q: How do I calibrate the meter?

A: Refer to section 8.1 in the manual for detailed instructions on calibrating the PMA2200 meter.

## Documents / Resources



[SOLAR LIGHT PMA2200 Single Input Radiometer](#) [pdf] User Manual  
PMA2200, PMA2200 Single Input Radiometer, Single Input Radiometer, Radiometer

## References

- [SL Home | Solar Light Company](#)
- [SL Sensors - SOLAR LIGHT | Solar Light](#)
- [User Manual](#)

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