

# **MODULARO Log Cabin Installation Guide**

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Installation manual Log cabin Width 587 x Depth 250 cm Log thickness 28 mm



The producer shall have the right to make technical changes to the produc

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#### **General information**



# Dear client,

We are glad that you have decided in favour of our garden house!

Please read the assembly manual carefully before proceeding with the house installation! You will thus avoid problems and will not waste time.

#### **Recommendations:**

- Keep the house package until its complete assembly in a dry place, but not in direct contact with the ground, protected from weather conditions (moisture, the sun, etc.). Do not keep the house package in a heated room!
- When selecting the garden house location, make sure that the house will not be subjected to extreme weather conditions (areas of strong snowfall or winds); otherwise you should attach the house (for instance, with anchors) to the subsoil.



Your house is made from high quality spruce and delivered in the natural (unprocessed) form. If, despite our thorough inspection, you should have complaints, please submit the filled out control sheet and purchase invoice to the product seller.

ATTENTION: Please be sure to keep the documentation accompanying the house package! The control sheet includes the control number of the house. We can only review complaints if you submit the control number of the house to the seller!

# The warranty does not cover:

- · Peculiarities of wood as a natural material
- Wooden details already painted (processed with a wood preservative)
- Wooden details containing whole branches that do not endanger the stability of the house
- Colour tone variations caused by wood structure differences that do not influence wood lifetime
- Wooden details containing (caused by drying) small cracks/gaps that do not pass through and do not influence
  the structure of the house
- Twisted wooden details if they can nevertheless be installed
- Roof and floor boards that may have on their concealed surfaces some non-planed areas, colour differences and waning
- Complaints resulting from an incompetent manner of the installation of the house or the house subsiding due to an incompetently made foundation
- Complaints caused by introducing self-initiative changes to the house, such as the deformation of wooden details and doors/windows due to an incompetent manner of wood processing; the attachment of storm braces too rigidly, doorframes being screwed onto wall logs, etc.
- The complaints covered by the warranty are satisfied to the extent of replacing the deficient/faulty material. All other demands will be excluded!



# Garden house painting and maintenance

Wood is a natural material, growing and adapting depending on weather conditions. Large and small cracks, colour tone differences and changes, as well as a changing structure of wood are not errors, but a result of wood growing and a peculiarity of wood as a natural material.

Unprocessed wood (except for foundation joists) becomes greyish after having been left untouched for a while, and can be turn blue and become mouldy. To protect the wooden details of your garden house, you must immediately process them with a wood preservative.

We recommend that you cover the floor boards in advance with a colourless wood impregnation agent, especially the bottom sides of the boards, to which you will no longer have access when the house is assembled. Only this will prevent moisture penetration.

We definitely recommend that you also process the doors and windows with a wood impregnation agent, and do that namely both inside and outside! Otherwise the doors and windows can become twisted.

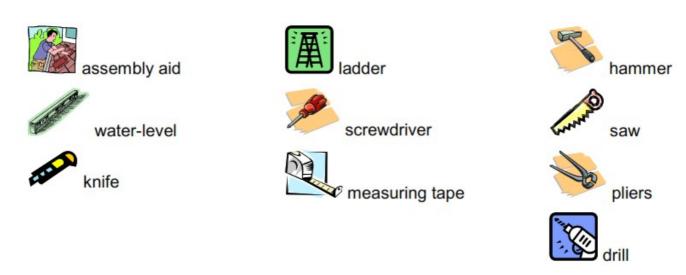
After the house assembly is completed, we recommend for the conclusive finishing a weather protection paint that will protect wood from moisture and UV radiation.

When painting, use high quality tools and paints, follow the paint application manual and weather. Consult a specialist regarding paints suitable for unprocessed softwood and follow the paint that you inspect the house thoroughly once every six months.

# Preparation for assembly

# Tools and preparation of components

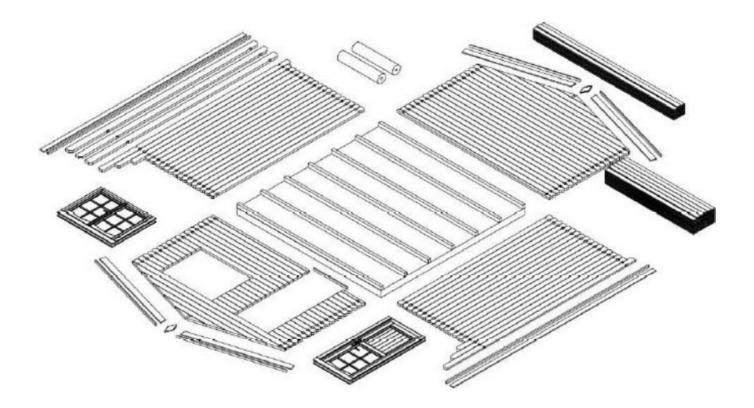
To assemble the garden house, you will need the following tools:



**ADVICE:** To avoid splinters, we recommend that you wear the corresponding protective gloves during the assembly process.

Preparation of components: Sort the components based on the wall plans (see Technical specifications) and place them at the four sides of the house in the installation sequence.

**ATTENTION:** Never place the components directly on grass or a muddy surface because it will be very difficult or even impossible to clean them up later!



#### **Foundation**

A good foundation is the most important aspect guaranteeing the duration and safety of your house.

Only a completely level, rectangular and bearing foundation will ensure problem-free installation of the house, its stability and especially the matching of the doors. With a good foundation, your house will stand for many years more.

Prepare the foundation so that its upper edge extends from the ground to a height of at least 5 cm. At the same time make sure that there are sufficient air apertures under the house floor for ventilation.

We recommend the following foundation options:

- · Strip or spot foundation
- Foundation from concrete or pavement slabs
- Cast concrete bed

Prepare the foundation so that the foundation joists are propped up on every side with intervals not exceeding 50-60 cm.

Consult an expert in this field or have the foundation prepared by specialists.

# Garden house assembly

### **ATTENTION:**

- The house package also includes 2-3 marked hitting blocks (wall profile approximately 20-30 cm long).

  All of the details listed above ARE NOT mentioned in the specification list.
- The drawings have the details marked with three-digit position numbers. The exact positions of those details that have the third digit x can be found in the specification list.

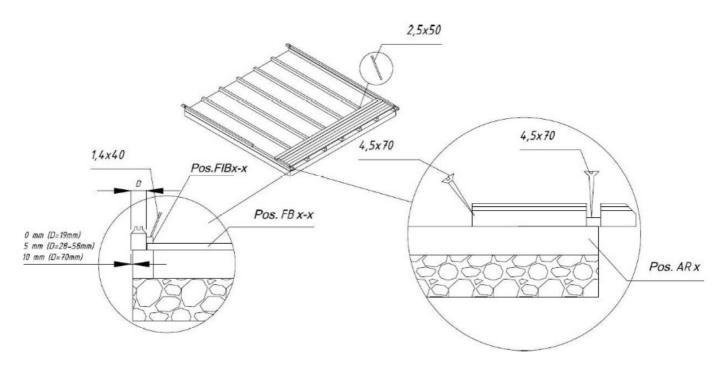
# Base frame (Foundation joists)

The base frame of the house must be completely flat and level to ensure that the installation proceeds without problems.

**ATTENTION:** different house can have different foundation placements see the appended base frame drawing (in Technical specifications)!

Place the impregnated foundation joists on the prepared foundation in accordance with the drawing at equal intervals. Make sure that the joists are level and rectangular prior to screwing them together.

**ADVICE:** It is recommended to place between the foundation joists and foundation a damp-proof course that will protect the house from moisture and decay. **ADVICE:** To ensure protection from wind and storm, it is recommended to attach the foundation joists to the foundation (for this, you can use for instance metal angles, anchors, etc.). The corresponding materials are not included in the supplied kit! Installation of foundation joists:



# Walls

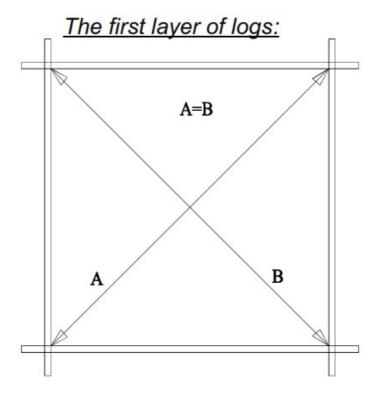
When installing the walls, it is important to remember that:

- The logs are always assembled with their tongue upwards!
- If necessary, use the hitting block and hammer! Never directly hit the tongue with the hammer! Install the walls in accordance with the appended wall plans (see Technical specifications).

First of all place half logs of front and back wall at the correct location and attach them with screws to the foundation joists. Then install the side wall logs. Make sure that the first layer of logs extends a bit over the foundation joists: the logs must extend over the joists by some 3-5 mm. You will thus protect the house from moisture, allowing the free flow of rainwater into the ground.

**ATTENTION:** After the first layer of logs, measure the diagonal lengths and, if necessary, re-install the logs. Only if the diagonal lengths are completely equal is the base frame rectangular and you can mutually attach the logs.

# The first layer of logs:



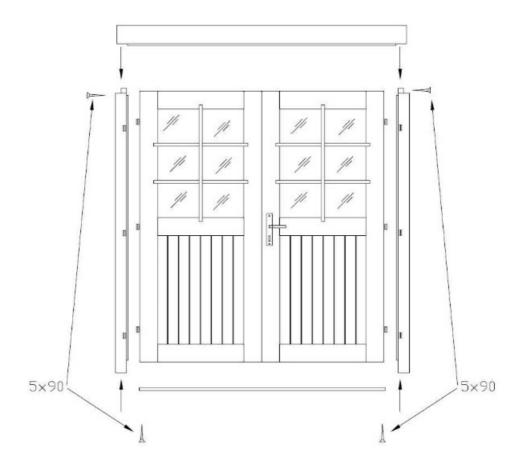
Continue the installation of the walls by strongly forcing the wall logs into one another. If necessary, use the hitting block and hammer. At the same time, do not forget to begin the installation of the door and windows. You should definitely begin the door installation after the 5th -6 th layer of logs.

# Door and window

#### Doorframe:

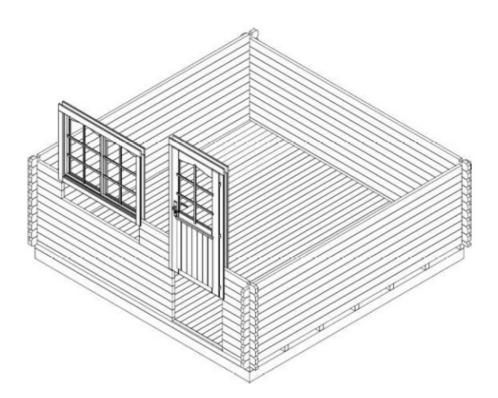
- If it is a double door, the doorframe is supplied in separate parts due to transportation requirements and you will have to begin by assembling it.
- To do this, place together the 4 parts of the frame and screw them onto one another.
- Make sure that the part of the frame with the deeper notch is installed upwards. The lateral jamb parts have hinges and are mirrored.
- It is recommended to install the leaves later.
- If it is a single door, its frame and leaf are supplied already assembled.

Doorframe installation (Only necessary for a double door!):



# Door installation:

The doorframe is placed at the formed aperture and pushed with force onto the lower log. If it is a double door, place the leaves on the hinges now. To open and close the door, fit the separately packaged lock and handle.



#### Window installation:

Continue with the installation of the wall logs until you reach the window height. The wall plans (see Technical specifications) show how many logs go under the window. Install the window similarly with the door. Just like the door, push the window frame with the window into the window aperture onto the lower log, applying force. Make sure that the window is not fitted backwards (topsy-turvy).

ADVICE: Definitely make sure that the windows and doors open in the proper direction. The doors always open from the inside to the outside. The tilt&turn windows open to the inside. The revolving and the slinging windows

open to the outside (the window handles are on the inside).

**ATTENTION:** It is not necessary to fix the doors and windows to the wall logs! If you wish to do this, it will be sufficient to fix them with a couple of screws in the lower part of the frame because as they dry, the wall logs will begin subsiding.

You can conduct the final adjustments of the doors and windows only some 2-3 weeks after the house installation, when the house will have become adapted to weather conditions and its logs settled.

#### **Apex**

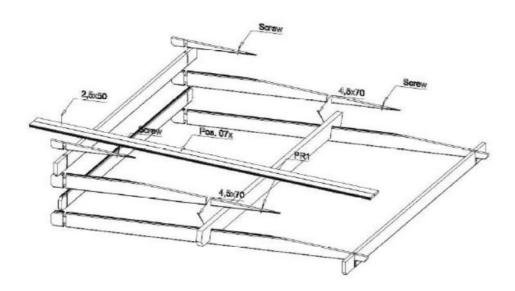
In most cases, the apex is supplied in one piece (attention: in some house options, the apex can comprise several parts! In this case, these parts will have to be screwed together prior to other actions). Having installed the last wall logs, place the apex on the front and back walls and attach them with screws.

The apexes have indents for the purlins. The purlins also have the corresponding indents, ensuring that the roof is placed firmly and in the right place.

Now place the purlins in the corresponding indents in the apexes.

Make sure that the upper wall log, apexes and purlins are level. Having fitted the purlins, screw them onto the apex from above.

# Installation of purlins:



**ATTENTION:** If the wall logs are not properly pressed on top of one another without gaps, the upper wall log may not be on the same level with the apexes. In this case you should tap the wall logs downwards as necessary or plane the apex or sidewall log somewhat lower.

# Roof

Before installing the roof boards, make sure that the house is completely level. Use the water-level to check all walls

**ATTENTION:** When placing the roof, use a stable ladder. Do not step on the roof as the structure is suitable to sustain only an even load (snow, wind, etc.), and not a point load! Begin the installation of the roof boards from the front edge of the roof. Tap the boards lightly and attach them from above and below with nails to the purlins and upper wall log.

**ATTENTION:** Do not press the roof boards together too densely and you will avoid moisture-causing bulging! Leave an interval of about 1 mm between the boards to allow for swelling. During the whole process of installing the roof boards, make sure that their crest purlins coincide and the eave sides of the boards extend at a uniform distance. Verify this with a rope or the lateral eave lath that you may install for verification purposes.

The roof boards must be even with the purlin ends in front and behind. If necessary, saw both last roof boards so narrow that they are even with the purlin ends.

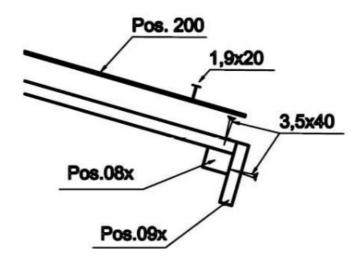
Having installed the roof boards, the roof felt and roof slats must be attached.

The table of components shows whether the roof cover material and slats are included with this house

#### option!

First of all, screw the roof edge reinforcements and eave edgings under the roof board ends. Then install the roof

#### Installation of roof slats:



Roof cover material (NB! Some house options do not include it in the kit!)

Cut the roof felt in accordance with the roof length into suitable pieces and begin installing them parallel to the lower edge of the roof, moving toward the crest and placing the felt strips in the direction from the back wall to the front wall. The felt should extend from the edge by approximately 2-4 cm. Attach the roof felt to the roof boards with the supplied felt nails at intervals of about 15 cm. Make sure that the felt strips overlap by at least 10 cm.

#### **Floor**

Only when the house is built completely you can install the floor boards, thus avoiding unnecessary smudging on the floor.

Place the floor boards on the base frame, tap them lightly against one another and then nail them with force to the foundation joists. If necessary, cut the last floor board to the suitable width.

The final operation is the fitting of the floor beadings to cover the spaces between the floor boards and walls. If necessary, cut the floor beadings to the suitable length.

**ATTENTION:** Depending on the climate at the house location, the floor boards can either swell or diminish. If the floor boards are very dry while the climate is damp, they will easily absorb moisture. In this case, the floor boards should not be attached very densely to avoid likely bulging. Leave some space (1-2 mm) between the floor boards to allow for swelling. But if your climate is warm and dry, you can install the boards densely because they will become drier and spaces may appear between them.

# **Storm braces** (NB! Not included in some house option kits!)

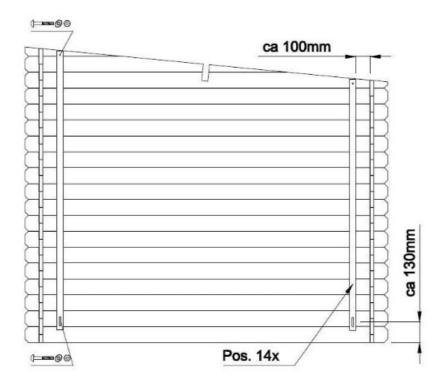
Attach the storm braces (if included in the supplied kit) to the inner sides of the front (2 units) and back (2 units) walls with the supplied bolts. It is important for the logs to be drilled through in advance. Please keep the distances indicated in the drawing so that no problems occur due to wood swelling or diminishing.

ADVICE: Make sure that the storm braces are attached to the apex log from above and to the middle of the first full-length wall log from below. If necessary, shorten the upper ends of the slats.

Do not turn the screws tightly so wood can further swell or diminish.

With the house having settled, you should adjust the attachments so the wall logs can settle.

#### Installation of storm braces:



# General advice:

# Problem: Gaps appear between the wall logs

Cause: Additional details are attached to the house that do not allow wood to swell/diminish.

Solutions: If the door/window is attached to the wall logs with screws/nails, remove these screws/nails;

If the storm brace is screwed on too tightly, loosen its attachment;

If (rain water) pipes are installed on the wall, loosen their attachments;

# Problem: The doors and windows become stuck.

Cause: The house/foundation has settled.

Solution: Check whether the house is level. Level the foundation joists and walls.

Cause: The doors and windows have swelled due to moisture.

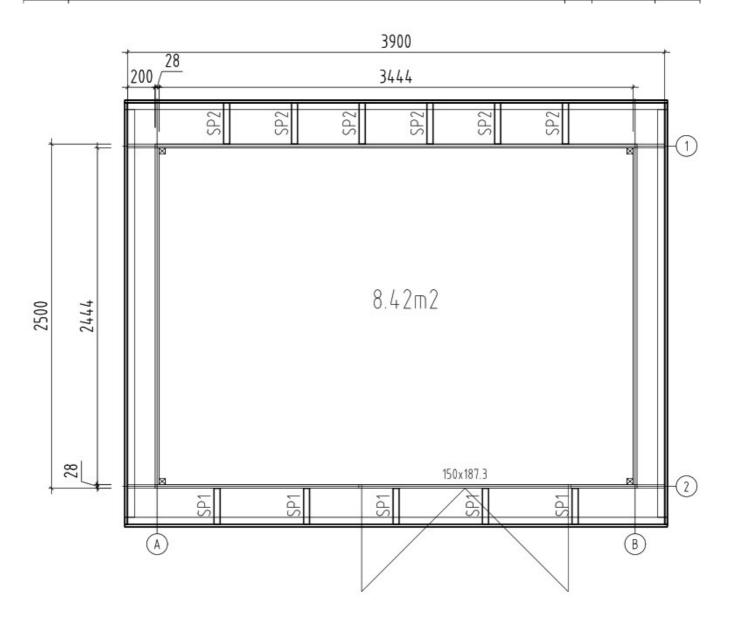
Solution: Adjust the door and window hinges; if necessary, plane the door or window narrower.

We wish you total success with the garden house installation and much joy with this house for many years to come!

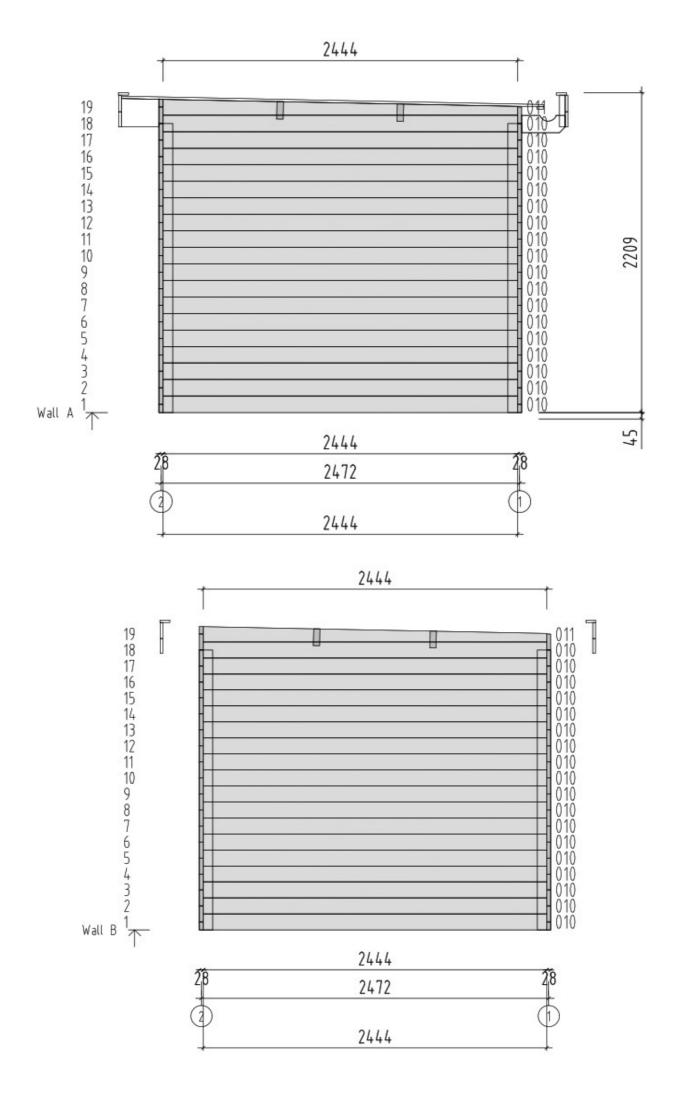
Pos	SPECIFICATION-STÜCKLISTE-NOMENCLATURE-ELEMENTI-ESPECIFICATIÓN "FR28-3524"	Pcs	Profile (mm)	Length (mm)
001		1	28x55	3500
002		18	28x114	3500
003		1	28x120	3900
004		1	28x55	1479
005		1	28x55	479
006		16	28x114	1479
007		16	28x114	479
800		1	28x114	3900
009		1	28x55	3900
010		34	28x114	2444
WA-1	₹ 0110	1		
WB-1	₹ 011 010	1		
AR2	Foundation- Fundament- Fondation- Fondazione- Vigas de cimentación	2	45x45	3400
AR1	Foundation- Fundament- Fondation- Fondazione- Vigas de cimentación	2	45x45	2490
CoB4	Covering board- Deckbrett- Madrier de couverture- Tavola di copertura- Listón de cubierta	2	95x16	2160
CoB2	Covering board- Deckbrett- Madrier de couverture- Tavola di copertura- Listón de cubierta	2	95x16	2110
CoB3	Covering board- Deckbrett- Madrier de couverture- Tavola di copertura- Listón de cubierta	4	95x16	1995
CoB5	Covering board- Deckbrett- Madrier de couverture- Tavola di copertura- Listón de cubierta	2	70x19	3940
CoB1	Covering board- Deckbrett- Madrier de couverture- Tavola di copertura- Listón de cubierta	2	70x19	2960
Pst2	Post- Pfosten- Poteau- Montante- Poste	2	45x45	2150
Ps†1	Post - Pfosten - Poteau - Montante - Poste	2	45x45	2100
Rai4	Railing board- Geländer- Barre de rambarde- Tavola di ringhiera- Tabla de barandilla	2	19x114	3940
Rai2	Railing board- Geländer- Barre de rambarde- Tavola di ringhiera- Tabla de barandilla	2	19x114	3060
Rai3	Railing board- Geländer- Barre de rambarde- Tavola di ringhiera- Tabla de barandilla	2	19x105	3940
Rai1	Railing board- Geländer- Barre de rambarde- Tavola di ringhiera- Tabla de barandilla	2	19x105	3060

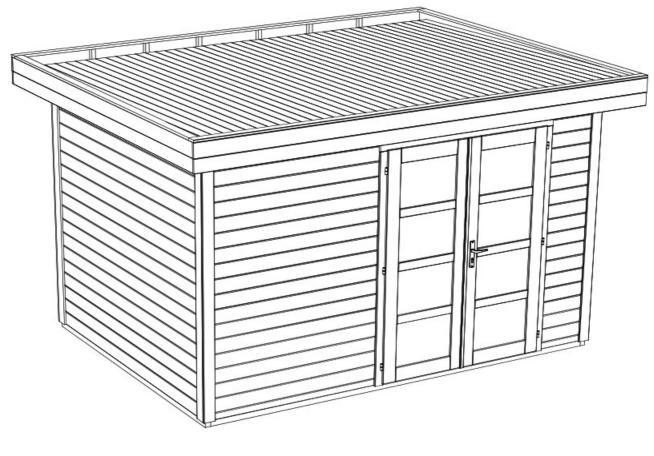
Pos	SPECIFICATION-STÜCKLISTE-NOMENCLATURE-ELEMENTI-ESPECIFICATIÓN "FR28-3524"	Pcs	Profile (mm)	Length (mm)
SP1	Support brace- Stützleiste- Baguette de support- Listello di supporto- Listón de soporte	5	44x195	260
SP2	Support brace- Stútzleiste- Baguette de support- Listello di supporto- Listón de soporte	6	44×120	300
SP3	Support brace- Stûtzleiste- Baguette de support- Listello di supporto- Listón de soporte	6	32x40	218
TP1	Tender post- Tenderleiste- T-poste- Rinforzo- Refuerzo	2	19x28	1880
PR1	Purlin- Dachpfette- Arbalétrier- Arcareccio- Correa 200 3444 200	2	44×140	3900
RB1-1	Roof board- Dachbrett- Madrier du toit- Tavola tetto- Tabla de tejado	44	89x16	2910
RE1-1	Roof edge reinforcement- Dachrandleiste- Baguette en bordure du toit- Rinforzo bordo tetto- Refuerzo borde tejado 16x45	2	16x45	1950
SiS5-1	Side slat - Randleiste - Baguette en bordure - Listello bordo 5	2	28x45	1576
Fim	-Fixing kit- Befestigungsset- Moyens de fixation- Materiale di fissaggio- Kit de fijación	1	USE	
QULSI 30x35	Cylinder- Zylinderschloss- Serrure a mortaiser- Serratura a cilindro- Bombin- 30.35	1	TU28-	13P
QLIU KAPal	Door fittings- Türbeschlag- Ferrure- Ferramenta porta- Manilla puerta- QLIUKAPal	1	TU28-13P	
QRV1 20Zn	Keeper- Schliessblech- Tole- Lamiera- Aldaba de candado- 120Zn	1	TU28-13P	
QNU20 x20x40	L-iron- Winkel- Angle -Angolo- Angulo 20x20x40	16	ARx+w	ıall
QNU40x 40x40Zn	L-iron- Winkel- Angle -Angolo- Angulo 40x40x40	4	AR1+A	R2
QNA2 2x50Zn	Nail- Nagel- Clou- Chiodo- Clavo- 2.5x50mm	200	RB1-	1
QKRPP2 _5x16Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 2.5x16mm Zn <b>→</b>	2	•	1
QKRPP3 _5x25Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 3.5x25mm Zn →	100		
QKRPP3 _5x40Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 3.5x40mm	80	CoB2; CoB3	; CoB4
QKRPP 3x30Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 3x30mm   →	12	RE1-	1
QKRPP4 _5x50Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 4.5x50mm	200	TP1; Raix; Co SP2+S	
QKRPP4 _5x60Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 4.5x60mm	320	wall+Ps†1; w	all+Ps†2
QKRPP4 _5x70Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 4.5x70mm	15	SiS5-	1
QKRPP 5x90Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 5x90mm	40	TU28-1 wall+SP1; w	
QKRPP6 x120Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 6x120mm	10	ARx; F	PR1

Pos	SPECIFICATION-STÜCKLISTE-NOMENCLATURE-ELEMENTI-ESPECIFICATIÓN "FR28-3524"	Pcs	Profile (mm)	Length (mm)
TU28 -13P	Door - Tür - Porte - Porta-Puerta 1500x1873	1		

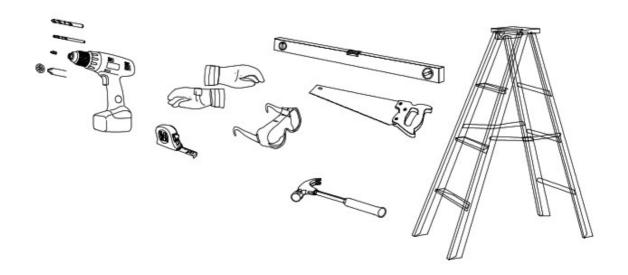


3500

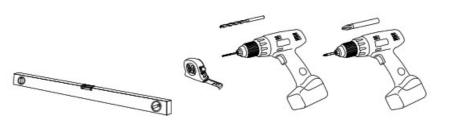


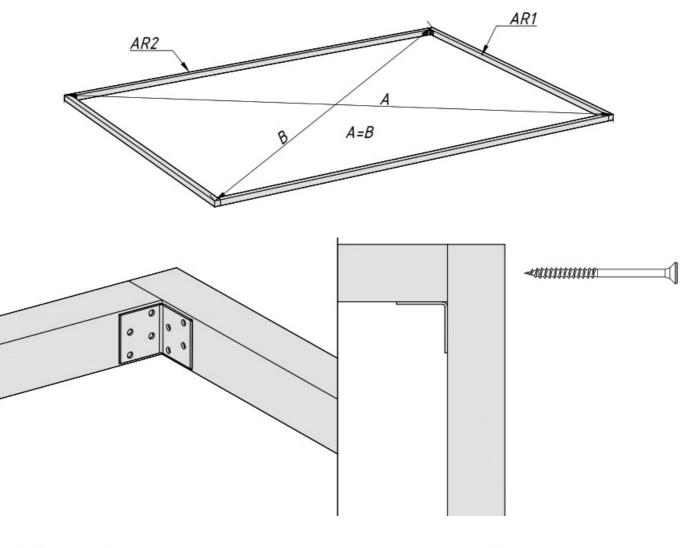






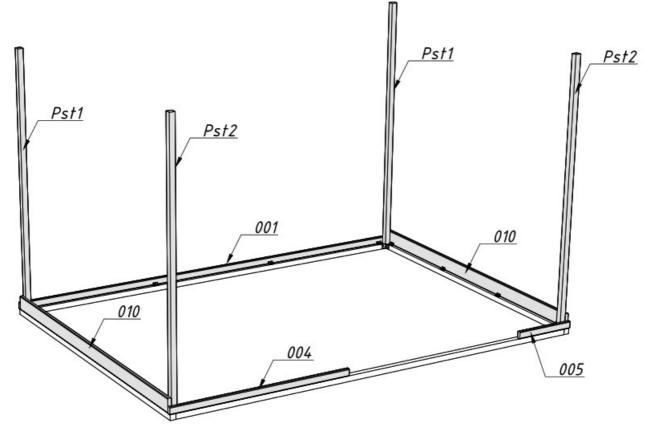
AR1	2	pcs
AR2	2	pcs
	4	pcs
3,5x25	32	pcs
6x120	4	pcs

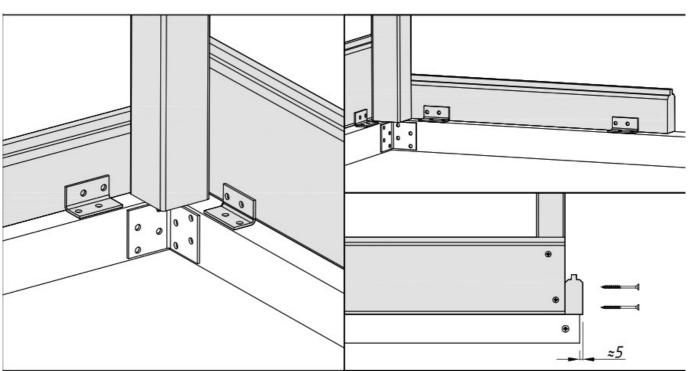




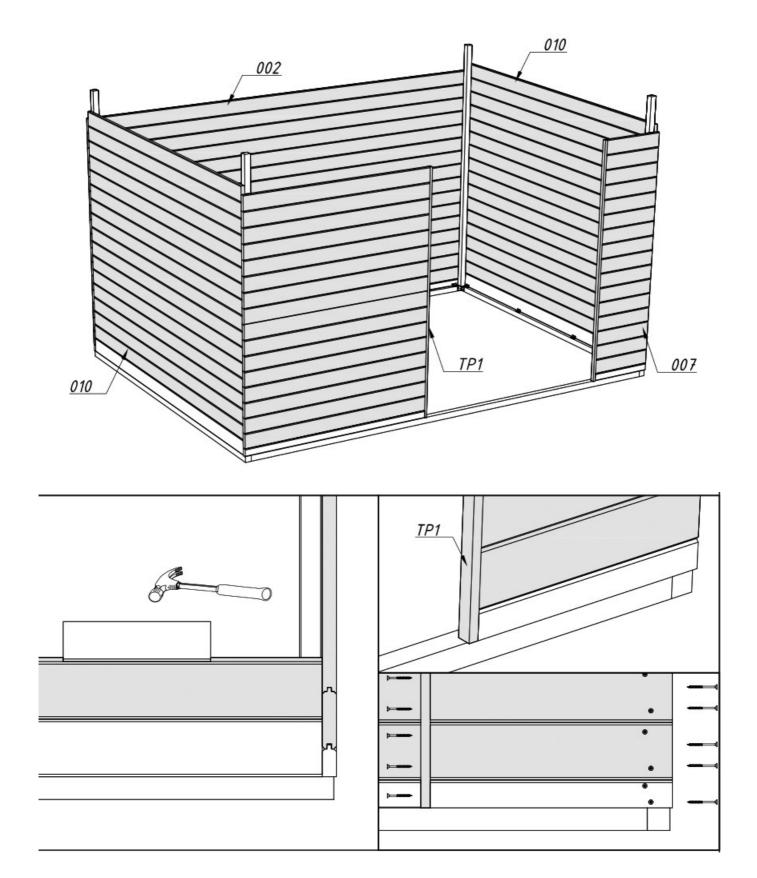
Pst1	2	pcs
Pst2	2	pcs
001	1	pcs
004	1	pcs
005	1	pcs
010	2	pcs
	16	pcs
3,5x25	64	pcs
4,5x60	16	pcs



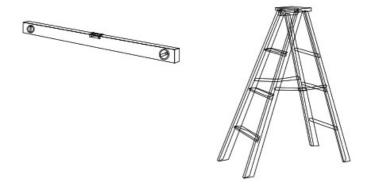


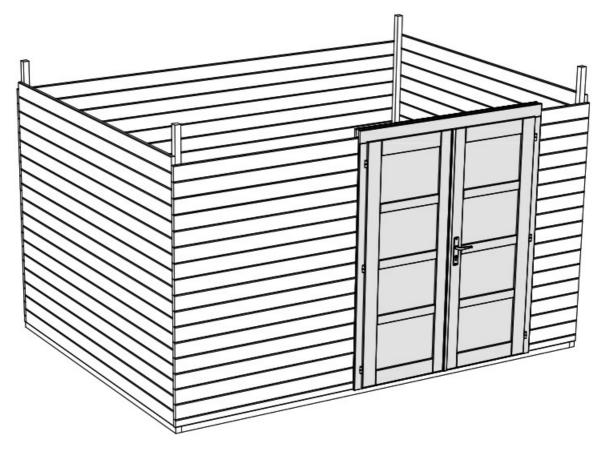


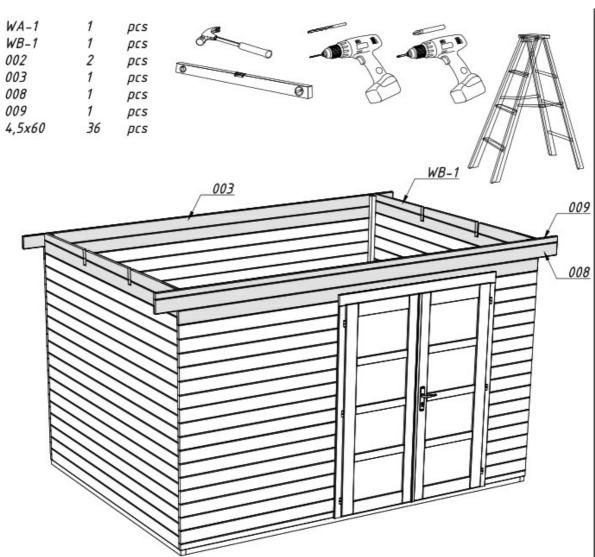
TP1	2	pcs	C.			
002	16	pcs	Oran Comment		150	E 58
006	16	pcs				
007	16	pcs	0	So A	100	12
010	32	pcs	a	1	6	6
4,5x50	34	pcs (TP1)		J		
4 5x60	256	ncs				

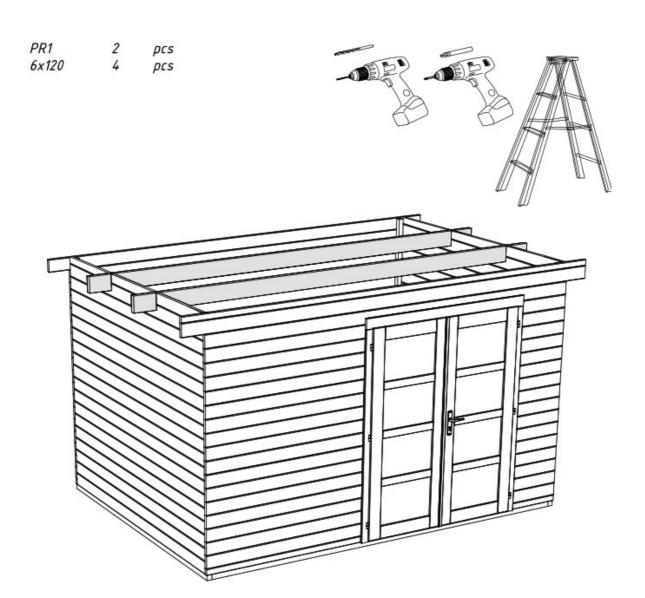


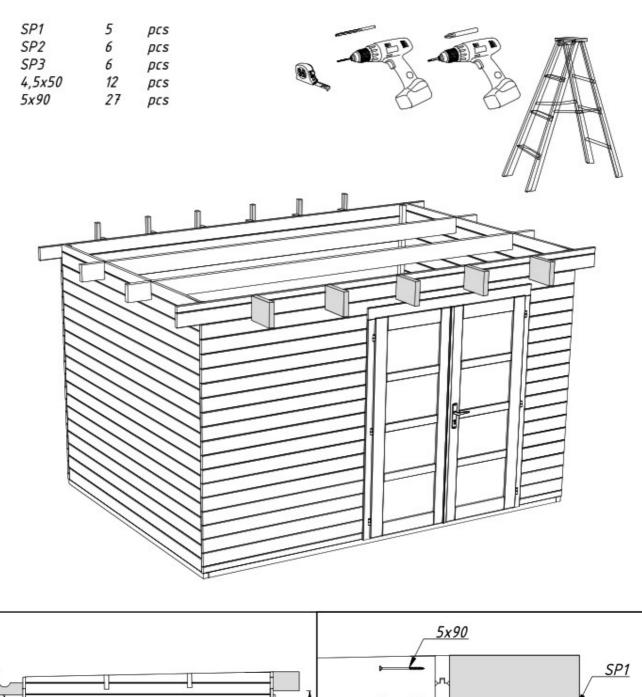
TU28-13R 1 pcs

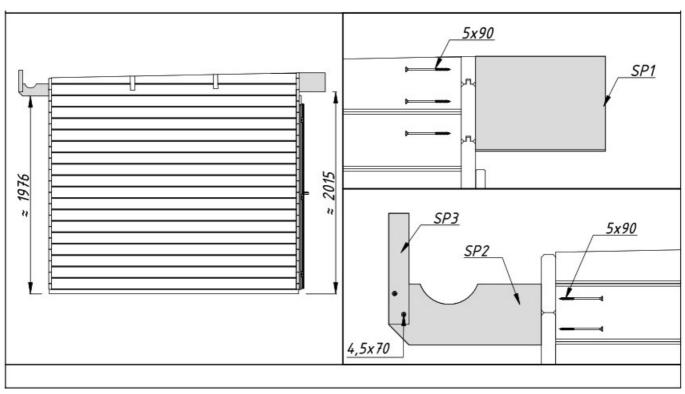


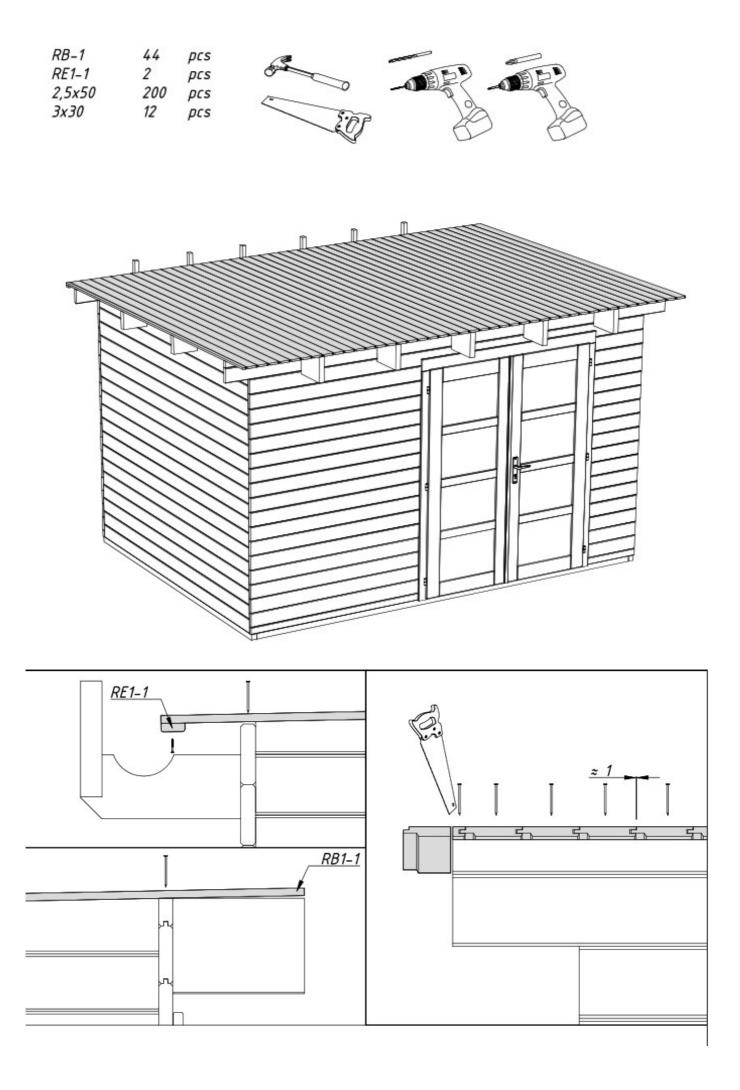


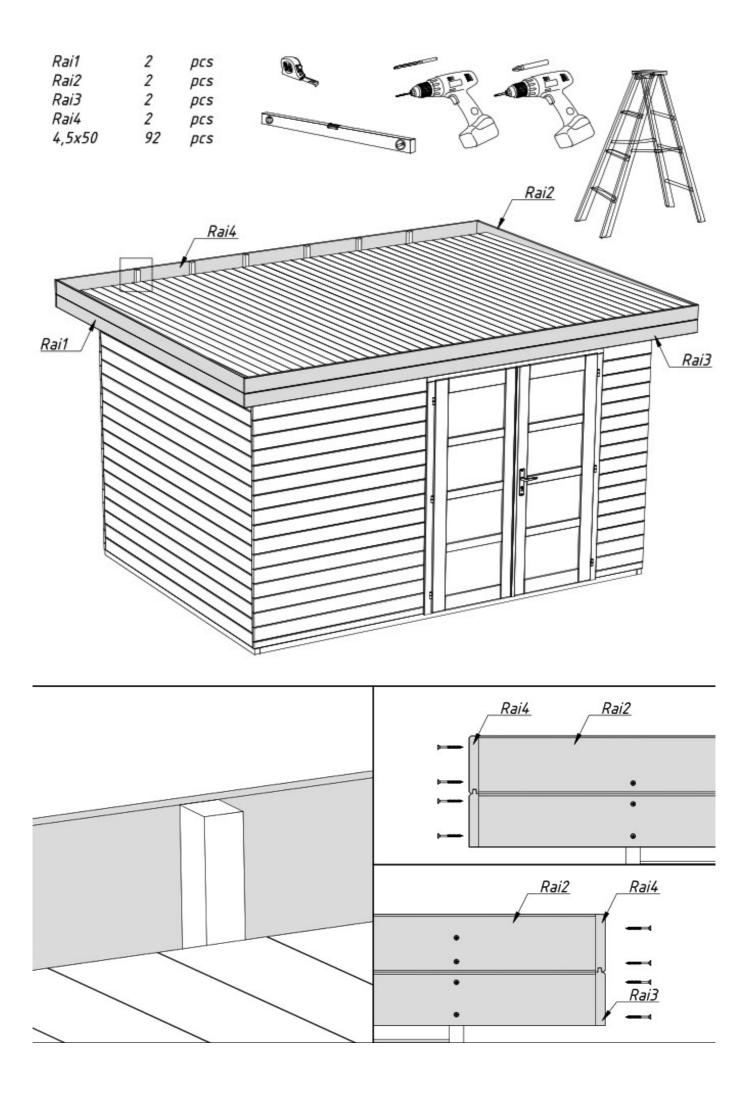


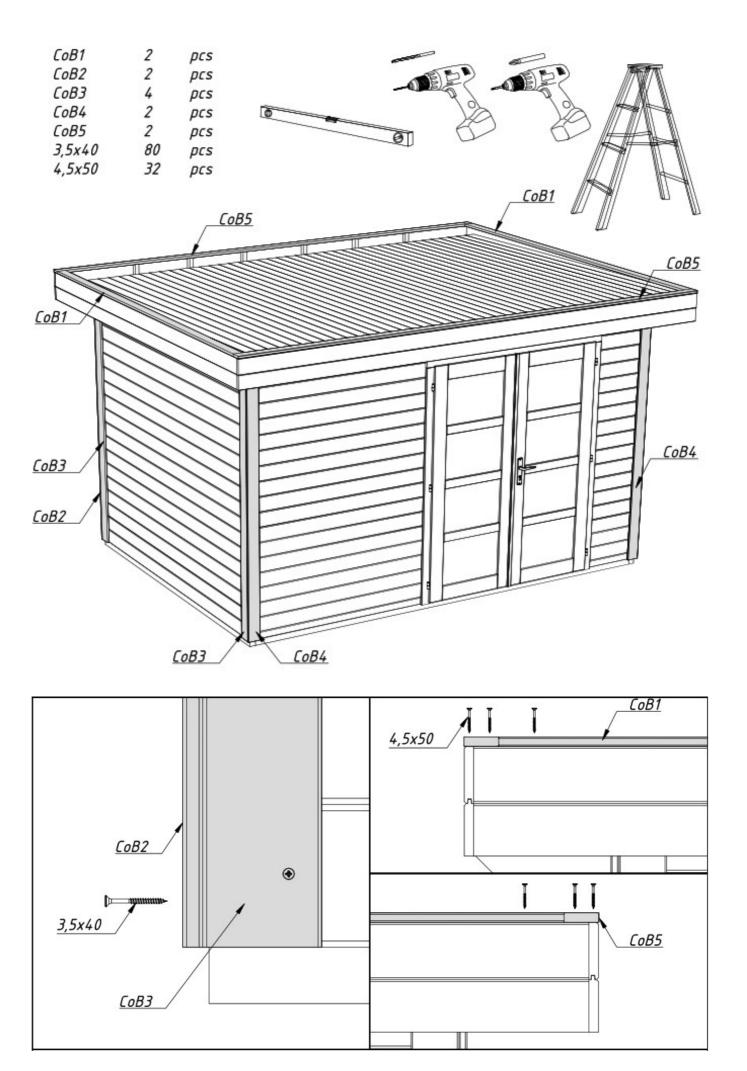








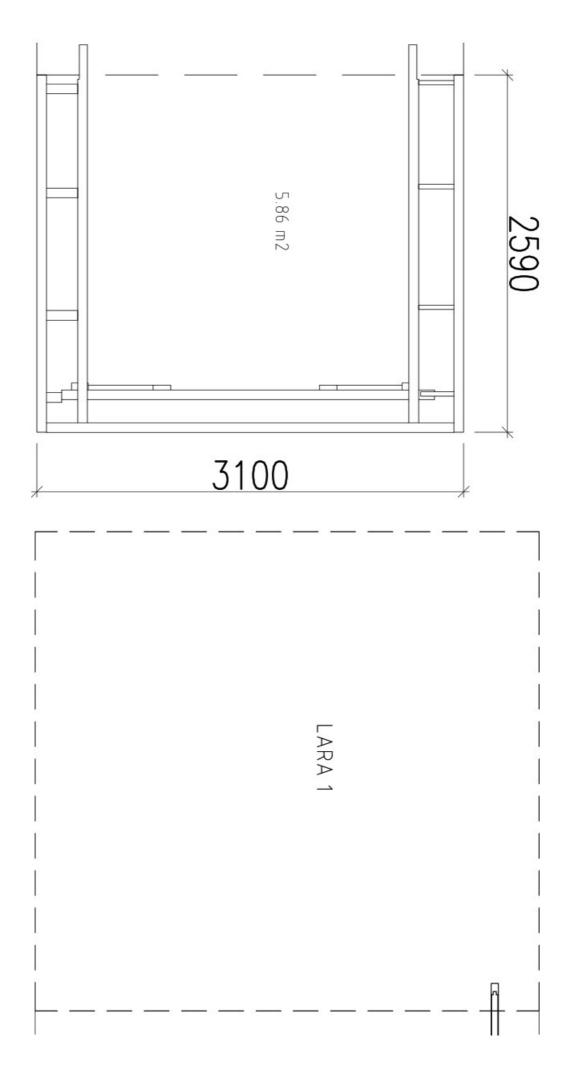


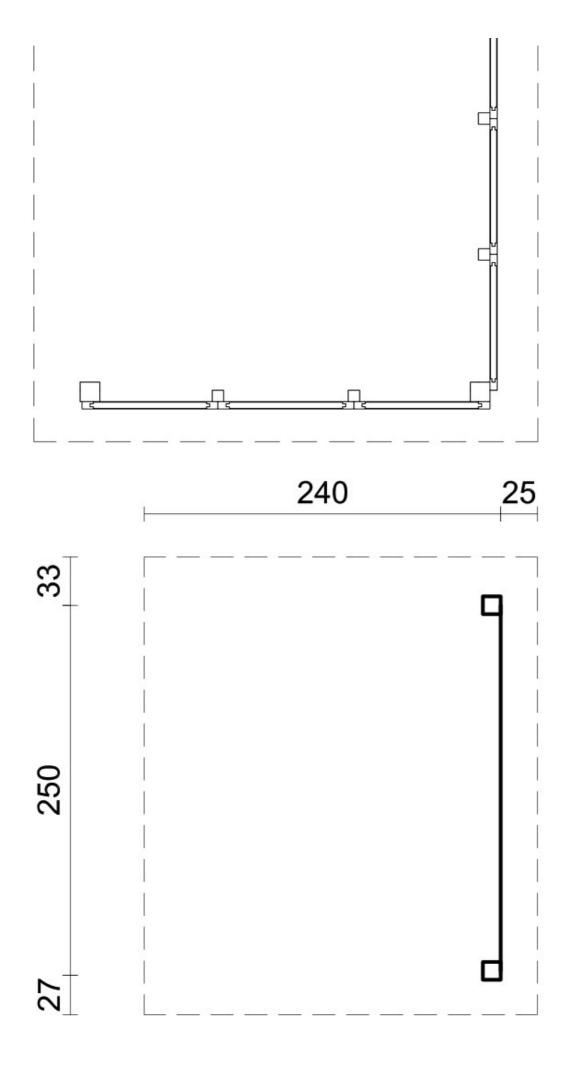


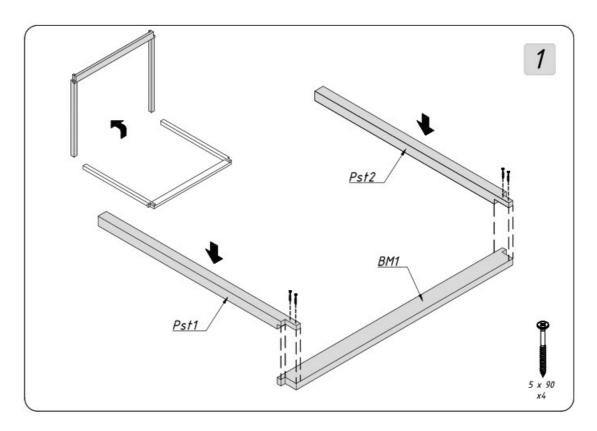
Pos	SPECIFICATION-STÜCKLISTE-NOMENCLATURE-ELEMENTI-ESPECIFICATIÓN LA-2425	Pcs	Profile (mm)	Length (mm)
BM1	Beam- Balken- Poutre- Trave- Viga	1	60×160	2446
ВМЗ	Beam- Balken- Poutre- Trave- Viga	1	44x168	2556
BM2	Beam- Balken- Poutre- Trave- Viga	1	44x140	2556
CoB1	Covering board- Deckbrett- Madrier de couverture- Tavola di copertura- Listón de cubierta	1	70x19	2960
CoB2	Covering board- Deckbrett- Madrier de couverture- Tavola di copertura- Listón de cubierta	2	70x19	2371
Pst2	Post- Pfosten- Poteau- Montante- Poste	1	90x90	2108
Pst1	Post- Pfosten- Poteau- Montante- Poste	1	90x90	2108
Pst4	Post- Pfosten- Poteau- Montante- Poste	1	70×70	700
Pst3	Post- Pfosten- Poteau- Montante- Poste	1	70x70	700
Rai1	Railing board- Geländer- Barre de rambarde- Tavola di ringhiera- Tabla de barandilla	1	19x114	3060
Rai4	Railing board- Geländer- Barre de rambarde- Tavola di ringhiera- Tabla de barandilla	2	19x114	2371
Rai2	Railing board- Geländer- Barre de rambarde- Tavola di ringhiera- Tabla de barandilla	1	19x105	3060
Rai3	Railing board- Geländer- Barre de rambarde- Tavola di ringhiera- Tabla de barandilla	2	19x105	2371
SP1	Support brace- Stützleiste- Baguette de support- Listello di supporto- Listón de soporte	4	44×120	328
SP3	Support brace- Stützleiste- Baguette de support- Listello di supporto- Listón de soporte	3	44×120	288
SP4	Support brace- Stützleiste- Baguette de support- Listello di supporto- Listón de soporte	2	44×120	186
SP2	Support brace- Stützleiste- Baguette de support- Listello di supporto- Listón de soporte	4	32x40	218
PR1	Purlin- Dachpfette- Arbalétrier- Arcareccio- Correa	2	44×120	2326
RB1-1	Roof board- Dachbrett- Madrier du toit- Tavola tetto- Tabla de tejado	28	89x16	2910
RE1-1	Roof edge reinforcement- Dachrandleiste- Baguette en bordure du toit- Rinforzo bordo tetto- Refuerzo borde tejado 16x45	1	16x45	2492
Fim	-Fixing kit- Befestigungsset- Moyens de fixation- Materiale di fissaggio- Kit de	1	US	E
QLA80	fijación  Adjustment bolt - Senkbolzen - Boulon de reglage - Bullone di regolamento- Perno de ajuste 80-120	2	Pst1; Pst2	
QKRKK8 x120Zn	Bolt - Schloss-schraube -Boulon- Bullone- Perno- 8x120mm KSKR	12		
XIZVZN	Hole plug- Abdeckkappe- Cache-vis- Tappi in legno- Embellecedor- QKA20	2	Pst3;	

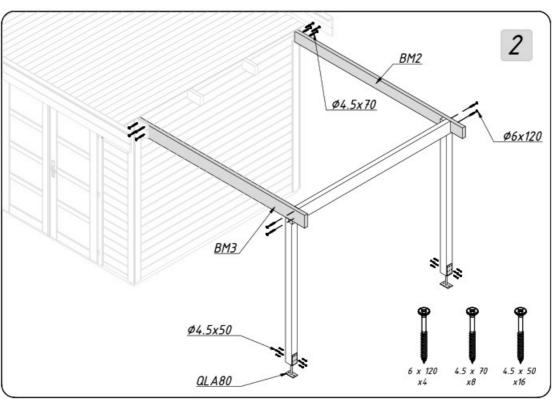
Pos	SPECIFICATION-STÜCKLISTE-NOMENCLATURE-ELEMENTI-ESPECIFICATIÓN LA-2425		Pcs	Profile (mm)	Length (mm)
QTK45 x107Zn	Joist hanger- Balkenschuhe- Étrier a solive- Gancio travetto- Suspensión de la viga- QTK45x107Zn		2	PR1	
QNA2 2x50Zn	Nail- Nagel- Clou- Chiodo- Clavo- 2.5x50mm	<b></b>	120	RB1-	-1
QKRPP 3x30Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 3x30mm	<b></b>	5	RE1-	-1
QKRPP4 _5x40Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 4.5x40mm	()=::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	25	+	PR1
QKRPP4 _5x50Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 4.5x50mm	<u> </u>	90	QLA80; QT SP1+SP2; R	
QKRPP4 _5x70Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 4.5x70mm	þ <del></del>	10	BM2+wall; B	BM3+wall
QKRPP 5x90Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 5x90mm	<b>МИМИМИМИМ</b>	25	BM1+Pstx;	PR1; SP1
QKRPP6 x120Zn	Screw- Schraube- Vis- Vite- Tornillo- 6x120mm	unnununununu-	15	BM2; BM3; S	5P3; SP4
QSE8 x20Zn	Washer- Dichtscheibe- Joint- Rondella- Arandela- 8x20mm	0	2	0000	******

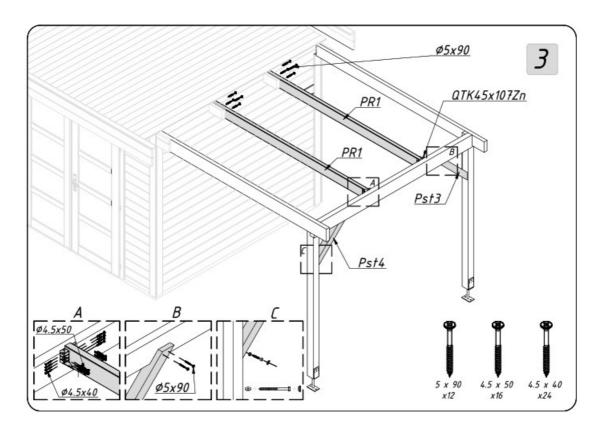
LARA 1/2

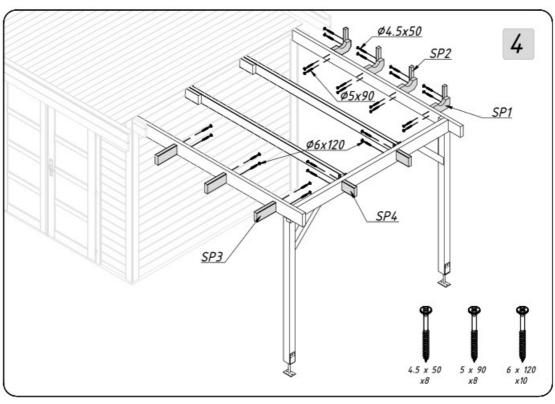


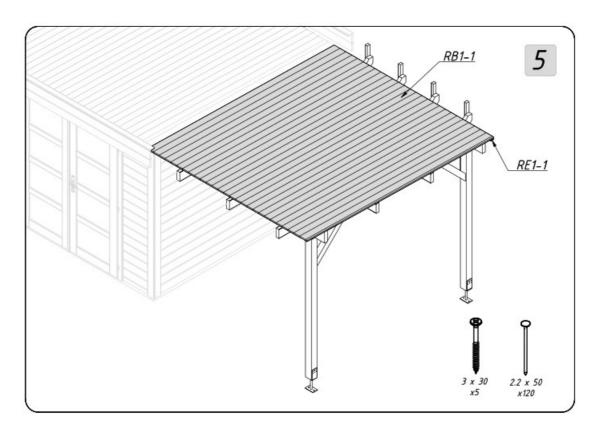


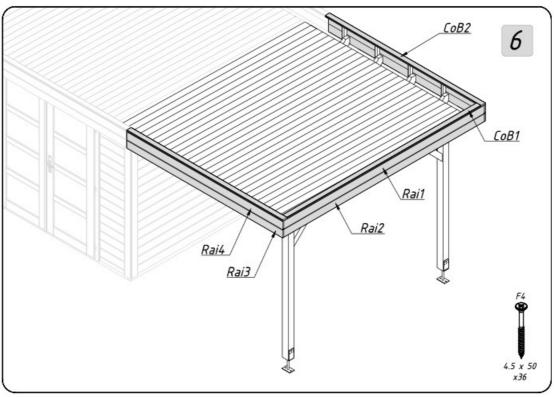












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# MODULARO Log Cabin [pdf] Installation Guide

Log Cabin, Cabin

Manuals+,