MACHINIST H610 Swordsman Computer Motherboards





# **MACHINIST H610 Swordsman Computer Motherboards User Manual**

Home » MACHINIST » MACHINIST H610 Swordsman Computer Motherboards User Manual



### **Contents**

- 1 MACHINIST H610 Swordsman Computer
- **Motherboards**
- 2 Specifications
- **3 Overview of Components**
- **4 Internal Connectors**
- **5 BIOS Setup**
- 6 Documents / Resources
  - **6.1 References**
- **7 Related Posts**



**MACHINIST H610 Swordsman Computer Motherboards** 

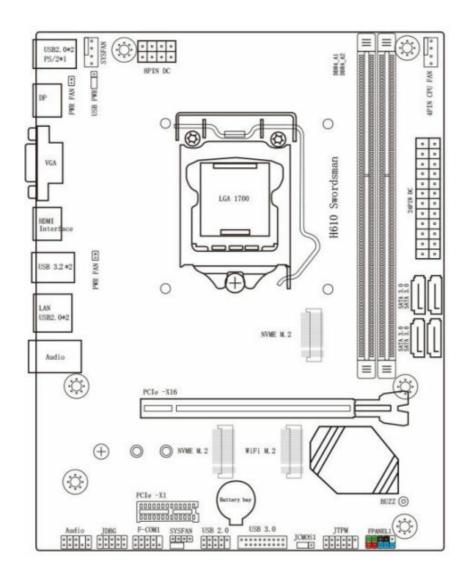


# **Specifications**

H610 Swordsmar	1					
Processor	Supports 12th/13th Generation Intel Core/Pentium/Celeron series processors					
Southbridge	H610 Chipset					
	Technology	Dual Channel DDR4				
RAM	Maximum Capacity	64GB (32GB*2)				
	Memory Slot	2*DDR4				
	PS/2	1				
	Display Interface	HDMI/DP/VGA				
	USB	4*USB2.0, 2*USB3.2				
Rear I/O	Ethernet	1*2.5GbE LAN				
	AUDIO	1 (Mic-in, Line-out Line-in)				
	CFAN	1*4PIN				

	SFAN	2*4PIN			
	PWR Interface	2*PWR FAN; 1*USB PWR			
	ATXPWR Interface	1*8PIN Power Socket; 1*24PIN Power Socket			
	USB2.0(front)	1			
	USB3.0(front)	1			
	M.2	1*NVME M.2; 1*WiFi M.2			
	SATA Interface	4*SATA3.0			
	JAUDIO(front)	1			
Internal connector	JDBG	1			
	JCOM1	1			
	JCMOS Port	1			
	JTPM	1			
	PCle	1*PCle x16; 1*PCle x1			
		Working Environment	Storage Environment		
Environment	Temperature Range	Temperature 0 50°C	Temperature: -20~70°C		
		Humidity 5%~95%	Humidity: 5%~95%		
Physical Size	Size	240*180mm			

# **Overview of Components**

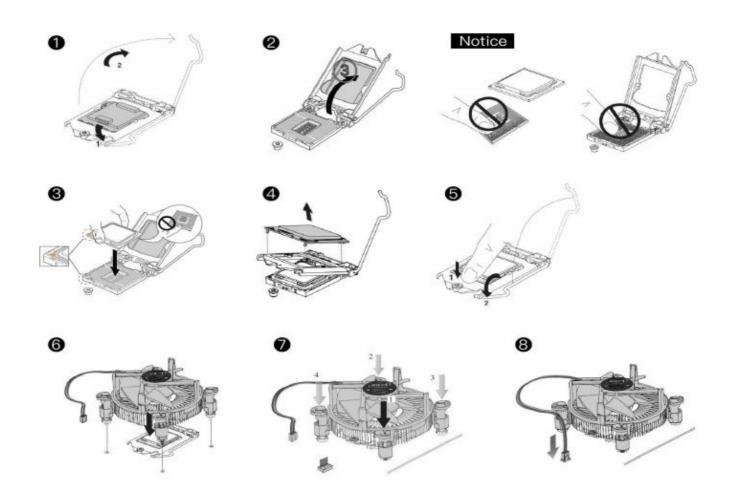


# Package List

- H610 Motherboard \* 1
- SATA Cable \* 1
- I/O Blocking \* 1

# Install CPU & Fan

Please install the CPU into the CPU socket as shown below.



### **Important**

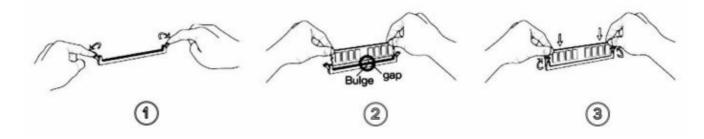
- Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.
- Always unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Please retain the CPU protective cap after installing the processor.
- Do not turn on the computer if the CPU cooler is not installed, otherwise overheating and damage to the CPU may occur.
- Confirm that the CPU heatsink has formed a tight seal with the CPU before booting your system.
- Apply an even layer of thermal paste (or thermal tape) between the CPU and the heatsink to enhance heat dissipation.
- Whenever the CPU is not installed, always protect the CPU socket pins by covering the socket with a plastic cap.
- Locate the pin one of the CPU socket and the CPU. Once the CPU is positioned into its socket, place one finger down on the middle of the CPU, lowering the locking lever and latching it into the fully locked position.
- Do not force the CPU into the CPU socket before the CPU socket locking lever is lifted up, or damage to the CPU and CPU socket may occur.
- Connect the CPU heatsink's 4pin fan power connector to the 4pin CPU fan header on the motherboard.

#### **Install Memory**

The motherboard provides 2 DDR4 DIMM slots with a maximum capacity of 64GB.

- 1. Wrench the latches on both sides of the memory slot outwards.
- 2. Insert the memory into the slot by aligning it with the notch in the slot.

3. Flip the latches on both sides of the slot to lock the memory.



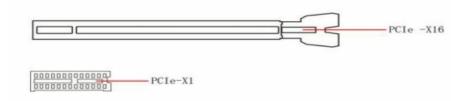
### **Important**

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to
  prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.
- The stability and compatibility of the installed memory module depend on the installed CPU and devices when overclocking.
- This motherboard provides two memory sockets and supports dual channel technology. Dual Channel mode cannot be enabled if only one memory module is installed.

(Note: Server memory and desktop memory cannot be used together.)

## **Install Expansion Card**

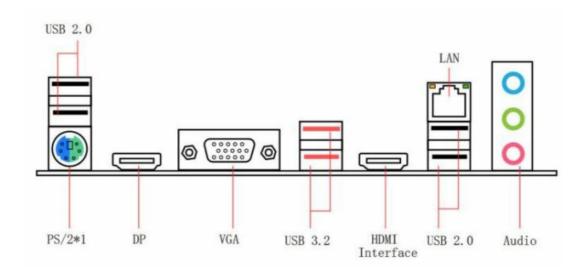
The motherboard provides a PCI Express 5.0 X16 expansion slot. Place the expansion card in an available PCI Express slot and press the expansion card until it is fully inserted into the slot.



### **Important**

- When adding or removing expansion cards, always turn off the power supply and unplug the power supply power cable from the power outlet to prevent hardware damage.
- If the expansion card is not installed correctly, it may cause a short circuit throughout the metal pins, which could burn out the expansion card or the motherboard.

### **Back Panel Connectors**



#### **USB 2.0 Port**

The USB port supports the USB 2.0 specification. Use this port for USB devices.

#### **USB 3.2 Port**

USB 3.2 supports the USB 3.2 specification and is compatible with the USB 2.0 and 3.0 specifications. USB 3.2 transmission speed can reach up to 10Gbps.

#### **DP Port**

As a higher-definition interface than HDMI, the DP interface has higher image quality, can easily support 2560×1600 ultra-high resolution, and can transmit signals with a bandwidth of 10.8gbps.

### **VGA Port**

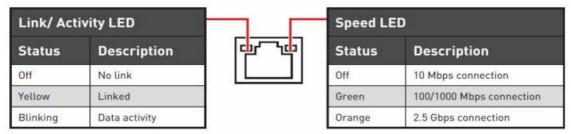
VGA (Video Graphics Array) supports analog video signal transmission, high resolution, fast display rate and rich colors.

### **HDMI Port**

The HDMI port supports 4K and 1080px. You can use this port to connect your HDMI-supported monitor.

### 2.5GbE LAN Port

The 2.5GbE LAN port provides Internet connection at up to 2.5Gbps data rate. The following describes the states of the LAN port LEDs.



### **USB 3.2 Port**

USB 3.2 supports the USB 3.2 specification and is compatible with the USB 2.0 and 3.0 specifications. USB 3.2 transmission speed can reach up to 10Gbps.

#### **DP Port**

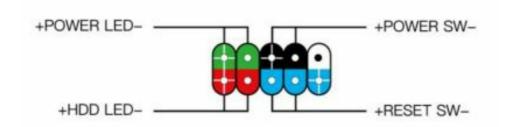
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### **VGA Port**

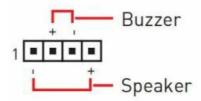
Any problem, please feel free to contact us.

### **Internal Connectors**

### **F\_PANEL1** Connector



### **SPEAK1 Connector**



### **JAUDIO1 Connector**

This connector allows you to connect audio jacks on the front panel.

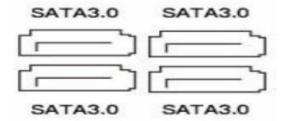
	1	MICL	2	Ground
2 10	3	MIC R	4	NC
	5	Head Phone R	6	MIC Detection
1 9	7	SENSE_SEND	8	No Pin
	9	Head Phone L	10	Head Phone Detection

# **Important**

• An incorrect connection between the module connector and the motherboard header will make the device unable to work or even damage it.

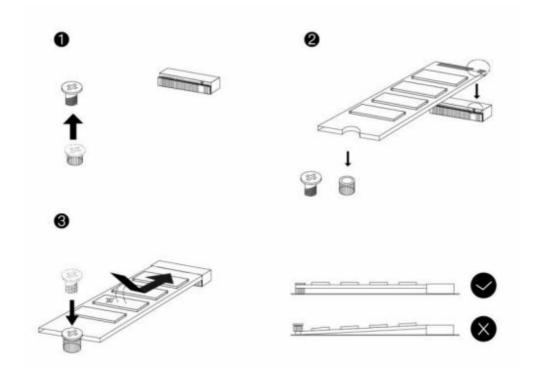
### 4\* SATA 3.0 Connectors

These SATA 3.0 connectors are SATA 6Gb/s interface ports. Each SATA connector supports a single SATA device.

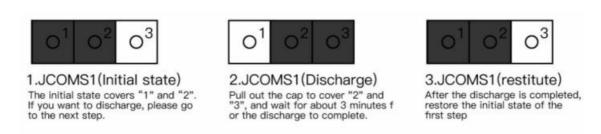


## M.2 Slot

Insert your M.2 SSD into the M.2 slot at a 30-degree angle. Secure the M.2 SSD in place with the screw.



## JCMOS1: CMOS Discharge



# **Important**

Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before discharging.

### JCOM1: Serial Port Connector

The COM connector can provide one serial port via an optional COM port cable.

	1	DCD	2	SIN	
2 10	3	SOUT	4	DTR	
	5	Ground	6	DSR	
1 0	7	RST	8	CTS	
. ,	9	RI	10	NC	

### ATXPWR1, JATXPWR1: Power Connectors

With the use of the power connector, the power supply can provide enough stable power to all the components on the motherboard. Before connecting the power connector, make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed.

### **Important**

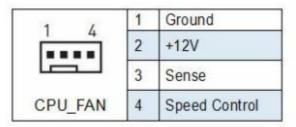
 It is recommended that a power supply that can withstand high power consumption be used (at least 500W). If a power supply is used that does not provide the required power, the result can lead to an unstable or unbootable system.

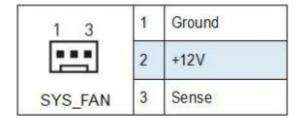
			1	+3.3V	13	+3.3V
۰. [۲			2	+3.3V	14	-12V
12	0 0	24	3	Ground	15	Ground
3			4	+5V	16	PS-ON
-	0 0		5	Ground	17	Ground
1		1	6	+5V	18	Ground
1	0 0		7	Ground	19	Ground
0	0 0		8	Power OK	20	NC
	0 0		9	5VSB	21	+5V
1		13	10	+12V	22	+5V
ATXPWR1		D4	11	+12V	23	+5V
		KI	12	+3.3V	24	Ground

2247 - Table 1	1	Ground	5	+12V	
5 0 0 0 0 8	2	Ground	6	+12V	
	3	Ground	7	+12V	
JATXPWR1	4	Ground	8	+12V	

## CPU\_FAN1, SYS\_FAN1~2: Fan Connectors

- CPU\_FAN is an interface for the CPU radiator. The 4pin fan has PWM intelligent speed regulation function, which can intelligently control the fan speed based on load and temperature changes.
- SYS\_FAN is the system cooling fan interface, which is generally connected to the case fan. The 3pin fan has no PWM adjustment capability.





### **JUSB2: USB 2.0 Connectors**

The headers conform to USB 2.0 specifications. This connector allows you to connect USB 2.0 ports on the front panel.

	1	VCC	2	VCC	
2 10	3	USB0-	4	USB1-	
	5	USB0+	6	USB1+	
1 0	7	Ground	8	Ground	
	9	No Pin	10	NC	

## FUSB3: USB 3.0 Connector

The header conforms to USB 3.0 and USB 2.0 specification. This connector allows you to connect USB 3.0 ports on the front panel.

		1	VBUS	11	D2+
-	1	2	SSRX1-	12	D2-
20	•   1	3	SSRX1+	13	Ground
-		4	Ground	14	SSTX2+
-	1::4	5	SSTX1-	15	SSTX2-
-	: :	6	SSTX1+	16	Ground
11	::	7	Ground	17	SST2+
	10	8	D-	18	SST2-
' 'L	10	9	D+	19	VBUS
		10	NC	20	No Pin

### **BIOS Setup**

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the CMOS on the motherboard. BIOS identifies, configures, tests and connects computer hardware to the OS immediately after a computer is turned on. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters and loading the operating system, etc. BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

### **Important**

 Because BIOS flashing is potentially risky if you do not encounter problems using the current version of BIOS, it is recommended that you not flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.

### **BIOS Setup**

The default settings offer the optimal performance for system stability in normal conditions. It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in the system's failure to boot.

### **Important**

• BIOS items are regularly updated for better system performance. The items may be slightly different from the latest BIOS; therefore, the description is for reference only.

#### **Enter BIOS Setup**

Entering BIOS Setup When the computer starts up, BIOS enters the self-test process. When the self-test is completed, the following message is displayed: Press DEL key to enter Setup Menu. At this time, Press <Delete> key to enter the BIOS setup. If this message disappears before you press <DEL> key, you can turn it off and then turn on your computer or press <Reset> on the case to restart your computer. You can also press <Ctrl>+<Alt>+ <Delete> at the same time to restart your computer. It is recommended to repeatedly press the "Del" key immediately after starting the computer to ensure that the computer can enter BIOS mode.

### **Important**

• Functions may vary depending on the product you have.

#### **Reset BIOS**

When you need to restore the default BIOS settings to resolve certain issues, there are several ways to reset the BIOS:

- Go to BIOS and press F6 to load optimized defaults.
- Short the Clear CMOS jumper on the motherboard.

# **Important**

• Be sure the computer is off before clearing CMOS data. Please refer to the Clear CMOS jumper section for resetting BIOS.

### **Documents / Resources**

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# References

• User Manual

Manuals+, Privacy Policy