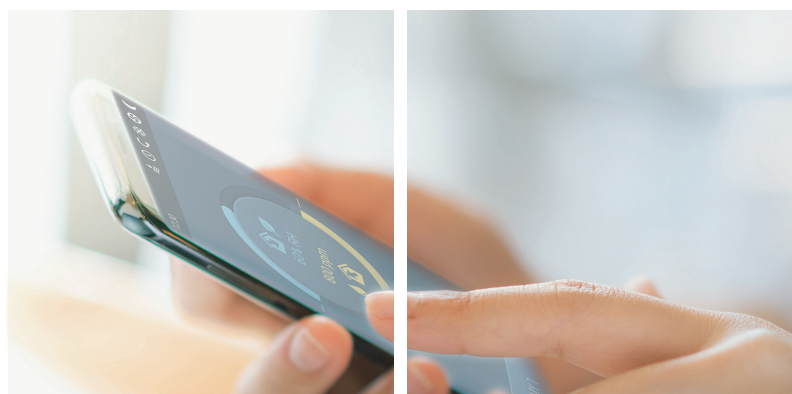


komfovent[®]



RHP Pro



USER MANUAL

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1. INTRODUCTION

An air handling unit is a device designed to ensure good ventilation in the premises. An air handling unit removes indoor air containing carbon dioxide, various allergens or dust and replaces it with filtered fresh outdoor air. RHP PRO air handling units are designed for ventilation of medium or large commercial or industrial premises (e.g., stores, offices, hotels, etc.) where a standard air temperature and humidity must be maintained. These air handling units are not intended for air flows containing solid particles. As the outside air is usually colder or warmer than the indoor air, an integrated recuperator (heat exchanger) is used to recover thermal energy from the indoor air and transfer the majority of it to the supplied air. If the heat of the recuperator is not sufficient to reach the user-set temperature, the heat pump integrated in the unit is switched on. If a heat exchanger alone is not capable of reaching a desired temperature, heaters or coolers can be additionally activated.



- Heat exchangers and heaters (or coolers) are designed to compensate for heat/cool losses during ventilation, therefore, we do not recommend using this unit as the main heating/cooling source. The unit may fail to reach the user-defined supply air temperature when the actual room temperature significantly differs from the desired room temperature. This condition results in inefficient operation of the heat exchanger.
- We recommend keeping your air handling unit turned on at all times; when ventilation is not necessary, switch the unit to the minimum intensity operation (20 %). This will help to ensure good indoor climatic conditions and will reduce condensation inside the unit that can cause failure in electronic components.
- RHP PRO air handling units are not intended for operation in areas with potentially explosive atmospheres. Air handling units are not intended for ventilation and dehumidification of wet premises (pools, saunas, car washes, etc.).
- When the AHU is installed in a room with high humidity level, condensate may form on the walls of the unit at low outdoor temperatures.



This symbol indicates that this product may not be disposed of with your household waste as specified in the WEEE Directive (2002/96/EC) and national laws. This product should be handed over to a designated collection point or to an authorised collection site for recycling electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) waste. Improper handling of this type of waste could have a negative impact on the environment and human health due to potentially hazardous substances that are generally associated with electrical and electronic equipment. At the same time, your cooperation in the correct disposal of this product will contribute to the effective usage of natural resources. For more information about where you can drop off your waste for further recycling, contact your city authorities, waste management organisations, approved WEEE scheme or your household waste disposal service.

1.1. Before turning on the unit

Before turning on the unit, make sure that:

- The unit is installed in a designated location, all ducts and wires are connected, and sections are tightly interconnected.
- There are no foreign objects, debris or tools inside the unit.
- All air filters are installed.
- Condensate drainage is connected and siphons are filled with water.
- All doors are closed and/or locked and all protective caps are screwed on.



- Do not operate the unit connected to a temporary power supply as unstable power supply can damage electronic components.
- The air handling unit shall not be turned on without installed and connected protective earthing.



In case of any doubts, contact your installer or “Komfovent” representative to make sure that the unit is operational.

2. AIR HANDLING UNIT FUNCTIONS

Operation algorithms and functions of the air handling unit are controlled by an integrated automation system. The air handling unit operates in a user-selected ventilation mode, using additional functions to adjust fan speed and/or power of heaters/coolers. Automation system also continuously monitors various parameters to ensure proper operation of individual protective guards: when these parameters go out of range, error messages are displayed or the unit is stopped.

All RHP PRO air-handling units are equipped with an integrated heat pump operating both in heating and cooling modes.



If the unit is supplied without a factory-installed automation system, the company that installed the automation system shall be responsible for operation of the unit and reliability of protective guards.



2.1. Ventilation modes

The unit operates in one of the available ventilation modes. Air volume for each fan and desired air temperature can be set individually for each mode. The unit comes with the following preset ventilation modes that may be used immediately after installation or, if required, after altering ventilation settings:

- **COMFORT 1** – maximum ventilation intensity (100%), desired air temperature – 21°C.
- **COMFORT 2** – average ventilation intensity (50%), desired air temperature – 21°C.
- **ECONOMY 1** – low ventilation intensity (33%), desired air temperature – 20°C.
- **ECONOMY 2** – minimum ventilation intensity (20%), desired air temperature – 19°C.
- **SPECIAL** – maximum ventilation intensity (100%), desired air temperature – 21°C. This ventilation mode may also be used to block heating/cooling and other functions.

For information on how to select a ventilation mode and change parameters see Chapter “Control and Settings”.

2.2. Air flow control

Fan speed of AHU is adjusted by the selected air flow control method:

- **CAV** – constant air volume control. Fan speed is adjusted by measuring air flow and comparing it against the set value. Fan rotates at a speed required to reach the set air volume, regardless of pressure changes. For example, when air filters get contaminated, fan speed is automatically increased to ensure the same volume of air as during operation with clean filters. In operating modes the user can set the desired air volume for each fan separately. Air volume is set and measured in m³/h, m³/s or l/s.
- **VAV** – variable air volume control mode. This method allows maintaining constant air pressure in ducts and adjusting fan speed according to pressure changes in the ventilation system. Air pressure in ducts is measured with optional VAV pressure sensors installed in supply and extract air ducts and connected to B6 and B7 terminals of the main controller (see “Installation Manual”). The user sets a desired air pressure value for the supplied and extracted air flows separately in operating modes. Air pressure is set and measured in Pa. For proper activation of this function please see the “VAV Function Installation Instruction”.
- **DCV** – direct air volume control mode. This mode is very similar to the CAV mode, but additionally allows adjustment of fan speed by connecting 0..10 V control signal to terminals B6 and B7 of the main board (see “Installation Manual”). As the control signal voltage changes, fan speed is adjusted accordingly, i.e. 10V corresponds to the set air volume value, whereas, 2V corresponds to 20% of the fan power.



- VAV or DCV air flow control method requires additional air duct equipment, therefore, use these functions only after consulting the installer or other qualified professional.
- For proper operation of a heat pump, a certain amount of air is required (see “Installation Manual”). With VAV or DCV functions, heat pump operation may be temporarily blocked due to reduced airflow.



For information on how to select an air flow control method see Chapter “Control and Settings”.

2.3. Temperature control

Temperature in the air handling unit is maintained by measuring the actual temperature and comparing it against the user-defined temperature. Then, depending on whether the supplied air requires heating or cooling, heat exchanger or additional heaters/coolers are activated. Available temperature control methods:

- **Supply air temperature control** – the unit supplies air of user-defined temperature.
- **Extract air temperature control** – the unit automatically selects the temperature of supplied air to ensure that the temperature of extracted air is reached and maintained as quickly as possible. Room air temperature is measured by an integrated exhaust air temperature sensor.
- **Room temperature control** – the unit automatically selects the temperature of supplied air to ensure that the room temperature is reached and maintained as quickly as possible; room temperature is measured by an optional sensor (0..10 V signal corresponds to the range of 0..50 °C). Room temperature control function will only be available if none of the following functions is activated at the same time: AQC, OOD, REC by air quality.
- **Balance** – supplied air temperature will be maintained to be the same as extracted air temperature, therefore, selecting a desired temperature in the ventilation mode settings is not possible. Room air temperature is measured by an integrated exhaust air temperature sensor.

For information on how to select a temperature control method see Chapter “Control and Settings”.



When the heat pump is running and heating/cooling demand is low (especially during transition periods – spring or autumn), supply temperature variations may occur. In this case, to stabilize the supply temperature, we recommend selecting exhaust air or indoor temperature control.



2.4. Air Quality Control (AQC)

Air quality control function is intended for adjusting ventilation intensity according to the indoor air quality. When indoor air quality drops below the user-defined limit, ventilation intensity is gradually increased until the air quality improves. This function requires an air quality sensor installed inside the extraction air duct or inside the room (see “Installation Manual”).

Air quality may be controlled by one of the following sensors (type of the sensor is selected during ordering or set in the remote control menu item “Settings”):

- Carbon dioxide CO₂.
- Air quality VOC_q, where maximum signal corresponds to good air quality.
- Air quality VOC_p, where minimum signal corresponds to good air quality.
- Relative humidity RH.
- Temperature TMP.

AQC function is blocked if any of the following functions are activated at the same time: SNC, MTC, REC, OCV.

For information on how to activate this function and set a maintained air quality value see Chapter “Control and Settings”.

2.5. Outdoor compensated ventilation (OCV)

This function adjusts ventilation intensity according to the outdoor temperature. This saves the energy needed for air heating or cooling. The user sets four outdoor temperatures (two for winter and two for summer) for this function to operate. As long as the outdoor temperature is outside the summer or winter temperature limits, the unit keeps running in a currently activated ventilation mode. Ventilation intensity is reduced proportionally to the rising (summer temperature range) or decreasing (winter temperature range) outdoor temperature.

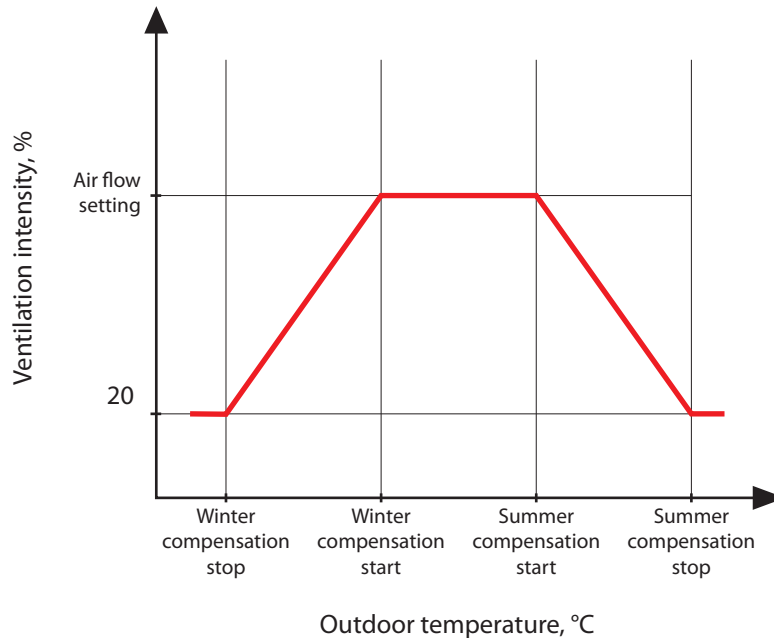


Fig. 1. OCV function operation

OCV function is blocked if SNC or REC functions are activated at the same time. This function also has priority over AQC function.

For information on how to activate this function and set temperature ranges see Chapter “Control and Settings”.

2.6. Minimum temperature control function (MTC)

Minimum temperature control function forcibly reduces the user-defined ventilation intensity when the set minimum temperature cannot be reached. Fan speed is gradually reduced when the outdoor temperature drops below $+5^{\circ}$ and the power of the heat exchanger and heater is insufficient to reach the minimum temperature. If this function runs for a long time, ventilation intensity is reduced to 20%.

During summer, the minimum temperature control function limits power of coolers when, in case of cooling demand, supplied air temperature is below the minimum set temperature value.

For information on how to activate this function and set a minimum temperature value see Chapter “Control and Settings”.

2.7. Operation on demand (OOD)

This function turns on the AHU as soon as the indoor air quality decreases. In this way, the air handling unit will only run when ventilation is required and will remain stopped when the air quality is good. As the air quality decreases and reaches the user-defined critical limit, the air handling unit starts and runs in the last activated operating mode. If the air quality improves within 30 minutes (pollution drops 10% below the critical limit), the unit stops. If the air quality remains poor, the unit keeps operating.

This function requires an additional air quality sensor installed inside the room (see “Installation Manual”). The same sensor is also used for AQC function.

Sensor type is selected during ordering. Later, the sensor type may be changed in the remote controller menu “Settings”.

For information on how to activate this function and set a critical air quality value see Chapter “Control and Settings”.

2.8. Summer night cooling function (SNC)

Summer night cooling function uses the night's cool air to ventilate the premises during summer. This function removes excess heat accumulated during the day and fills the building with cooler outdoor air.

Function runs at night (from 00:00 a.m. to 06:00 a.m.) when the outdoor air is cooler than the indoor air and the indoor temperature is higher than the user-defined limit (i.e. ventilation is required). When this function is activated, the ventilation intensity is increased to the maximum and the outdoor air is supplied to the premises (all cooling devices are switched off, heat exchanger is stopped). The user may also set the room temperature at which the function will be stopped.

Summer night cooling function has priority over ACV and AQC functions.

For information on how to activate this function and set ON/OFF temperatures see Chapter "Control and Settings".

2.9. Override (OVR)

Override function is activated by closing designated contacts in the controller board, i.e. by connecting a switch, cooker hood or a motion sensor (see "Installation Manual"). This function ignores current ventilation mode and switches to the pre-selected mode or stops it. In the function setup screen the user can select any ventilation mode, weekly operation schedule or turning off of the unit. Additionally, the user may also specify conditions when the override function should run:

- All the time – function is activated any time by closing contacts, regardless of whether the unit is operating or stopped.
- When running – function is activated by closing contacts when the unit is operating. When the unit is stopped with a remote controller or by a weekly schedule, the function cannot be activated by closing contacts.
- When stopped – function is activated by closing contacts when the unit is stopped. If the unit is already running in any ventilation mode, the function cannot be activated by closing contacts.

This function runs as long as contacts are closed. When the contacts are open, the unit returns to the previous ventilation mode or stops, if it was stopped before activating the function.

2.10. Filter impurity indication

The air handling unit has separate pressure sensors for measuring differential pressure upstream and downstream the filters. The initial pressure drop of clean filters is pre-programmed in the factory according to the type of filters used. This value is used to calculate the pressure value for filter replacement; filter contamination level is displayed as a percentage.

In case filters from another manufacturer or filters of other filtration class are used instead of factory-fitted filters, calibration of clean filters shall be performed before using the air handling unit.

Filter calibration is described in chapter "Control and Settings".

For information on how to replace contaminated filters see Chapter "Periodic Maintenance".

2.11. Heat pump

All RHP PRO air-handling units are equipped with an integrated heat pump operating both in heating and cooling modes. A heat pump unit consists of a piping system containing refrigerant, compressor (or several), two radiators (condenser and evaporator) and separate control electronics (for more information on heat pump components, see “Installation Manual”). Heat pump is activated automatically when a rotary heat exchanger is unable to reach desired temperature; and is switched off as soon as desired temperature is reached.

A certain airflow is required to ensure proper operation of a heat pump (see “Installation Manual” or technical data sheet of your unit), i. e. to ensure efficient heat exchange and maintain refrigerant pressure within limits. When airflow drops below a minimum limit, a heat pump temporarily stops. Operation is resumed only when airflow increases. If heating/cooling demand increases when the heat pump is switched off, additional heaters/coolers are activated¹.



When the heat pump is running, we recommend operating air handling units with the smallest possible air volume difference between the supply and extract airflows. In case of high flow imbalances (>20%), capacity and efficiency of the heat pump decreases, therefore the compressor operates at a critical refrigerant pressure limit. This results in reduced operating life and increased probability of failure.



To reduce energy consumption of the air-handling unit, the heat pump is not operating when outdoor air temperature is between 15°C and 20°C, as, in this case, the rotary heat exchanger is usually capable of reaching desired air temperature.

When the heat pump is blocked due to low airflow or outdoor temperature limits, a heat pump operation prohibition icon is displayed in the control panel (see chapter “Control panel C5.1”).

During wintertime, heat pump evaporator will naturally ice-up and periodically go into an automatic defrost cycle (see chapter “Protective Functions”).

2.12. Protective functions

The air handling unit is equipped with several protective functions that affect the operation of the unit. The operator is not allowed to change these settings values. These functions protect the unit and its components against damage as well as provide protection for the building and people when the ventilation system is exposed to dangerous circumstances.

External fire alarm function stops the air handling unit as soon as a signal from the building's fire alarm system or smoke detectors is received. This immediately stops ventilation and fresh air from entering fire zones to prevent fire from spreading. Fire alarm message is displayed on a control panel or other device used for controlling the air handling unit. In case of false fire alarm, for example, due to fire protection system inspections, the air handling unit will need to be restarted after turning off the signal and clearing the fire alarm message. If such tests are run periodically, authorized service person may program the air handling unit to start in the previous mode after turning off the fire alarm.

Connection of the building's fire protection system signal is described in the “Installation Manual”.

Internal fire alarm function stops the air handling unit when air temperature increase is detected inside the unit. This can happen, for example, when hot smoke enters the duct system from fire zones both inside and outside the building. This function prevents smoke from spreading inside the premises and warns about a potential fire hazard if the building's fire protection system has not yet responded. If the air handling unit is intended for operation in high temperature premises (for example, in drying chambers, bakeries, etc.), this function may be disabled. This can be done by authorized service person.

Electric heater overheat protection consists of several different control algorithms. Integrated thermostats disconnect electric heater's power supply if its temperature reaches a critical limit (e.g., in case of heater's control electronics failure). Every electric heater has 2 thermostats:

- Automatic thermostat 70°C which prevents heating tubes from overheating when the heater is running at high power and low airflow speed. Protection is restored as soon as the heater cools down and thermostat temperature drops. Heater operation is restored automatically.
- Manual reset thermostat 100°C. This thermostat, in case of overheating, completely disconnects the heater's power supply to protect control electronics and adjacent plastic components. Protection may be reset by pressing the RESET button inside the unit (see Chapter “Troubleshooting”).

¹ Depends on configuration.



Eliminate the cause of overheating before restoring the manual reset thermostat of 100°C.



Fan cooling of heating/cooling devices. If the air-handling unit is stopped while heat pump, electric heater or direct evaporation (DX) unit is still running, fan cooling is initiated. Fans run at fixed speed until heater tubes cool down or heat pump's / DX unit's refrigerant pressures stabilize. Blowing time depends on the accumulated heat/cold and ventilation intensity and can take up to 15 minutes.

Water heater frost protection function measures water temperature returning from the heater coil. At low outdoor temperatures, when there's a risk of water freezing, a 3-way water mixing valve is opened and hot water pump is started to prevent temperature of water inside the heater from dropping. If temperature of water returning from the heater coil still falls below the critical limit, the unit is stopped and outdoor air dampers are closed to prevent cold air from entering the unit.



When operating air handling unit in the temperatures lower than 0 °C, it is necessary to use water-glycol mixture as a heat carrier or to maintain a return water temperature of at least 25 °C.



Water flow sensor may also be used as an additional frost protection (see Chapter "Water Flow Monitoring Function").

Defrosting heat pump evaporator

During winter operation, when the heat pump is in heating mode, condensate on the evaporator starts freezing and forms frost. Large ice deposits block airflow in the evaporator and may damage the heat pump. Therefore, the evaporator is automatically defrosted during winter use.

When the outdoor temperature drops below zero, the heat pump automation system starts constantly monitoring pressure difference upstream and downstream the evaporator heat exchanger. When condensate accumulates in heat exchanger plates and ice starts to form, pressure increases and defrosting actions are initiated. During the defrost cycle, part of the hot refrigerant gas is directed from the compressor to the evaporator to melt forming ice crystals, therefore supply air temperature temporarily drops. Additional heaters are automatically switched on to compensate for this change. As soon as frost melts and pressure decreases, all the power of the heat pump is redirected to the heating process.

3. OPTIONAL FUNCTIONS

3.1. Recirculation (REC)

Extracted air recirculation function is available in units with recirculation sections. Recirculation section is intended for mixing extracted and supplied air for heating or cooling of air flows in order to reduce energy consumption of heaters/coolers.

The recirculation damper control method is selected during ordering of the unit. Available recirculation damper control methods:

- **By air quality**

When the indoor air quality is good, a recirculation damper is opened and outdoor dampers are closed. In this way, the extracted air is returned to the supply air flow. When air quality is decreasing, the recirculation valve starts gradually closing and more fresh air is supplied from outside. The user may also set minimum fresh air volume to be supplied even when the indoor air quality is good.

- **By schedule**

The user sets a weekly schedule with times and percentage for opening the recirculation damper.

- **By outdoor temperature**

The user sets outdoor temperature limits at which the recirculation damper will be opened proportionally:

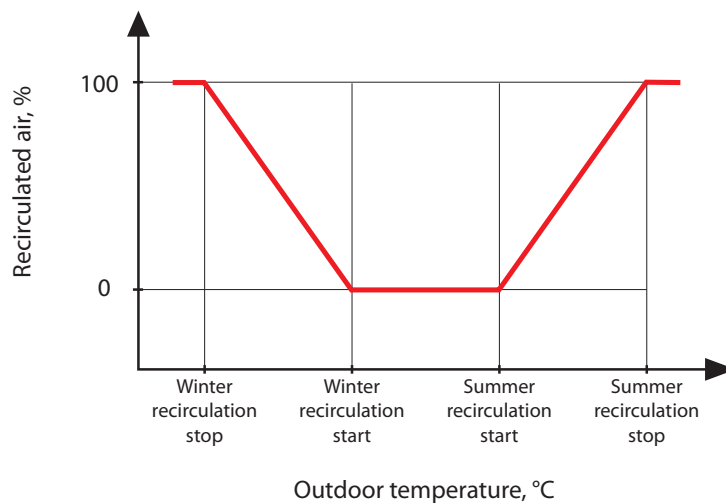


Fig. 2. REC function operation

- **Control by external signal**

Recirculation damper position is changed by connecting an external device (switch, motion sensor, thermostat) to the C5 controller board, which opens or closes contacts (see "Installation Manual"). The user specifies two recirculation damper positions (as a percentage): for open and for closed contact.

The volume of supplied and extracted air for all recirculation control methods is determined by an activated ventilation mode (see "Ventilation modes").

For information on how to activate this function and alter settings see Chapter "Control and Settings".

3.2. Humidity control function (HUM)

Humidity control function is intended for maintaining the user-defined air humidity level. This function controls air humidifiers or dehumidifiers according to the user-defined humidity level and also can perform dehumidification using integrated heating/cooling devices. This function requires one or two humidity sensors connected to the C5 controller board (see "Installation Manual").

This function can be used to maintain:

- **Supply air humidity level** – when a duct-mounted supply air humidity sensor is used.
- **Indoor humidity level** – when two humidity sensors are used. Indoor air (or extract air) sensor measures the desired humidity level in the premises, whereas the supplied air humidity is limited according to the readings of a duct-mounted humidity sensor.

Settings for humidity control function and humidifier/dehumidifier control type is selected during ordering of the air handling unit. Later, these settings may only be changed by a service representative. Humidity control function has priority over AQC function. For information on how set a desired humidity value see Chapter "Control and Settings".

3.3. Additional zone control (ZN)

This function allows controlling up to three different temperature zones with one air handling unit. Temperature of the main zone is maintained by integrated heaters/coolers. Temperature in other zones is maintained by connected additional zone modules, which are used to control duct-mounted heating/cooling devices. Every additional temperature zone will also have a separate temperature sensor and a separate setting for the desired temperature that the user will be able to set with the control panel.

An additional zone module may also control heaters/coolers installed in the same supply air flow, when more heating/cooling power stages are required or a pre-heater is connected upstream the air handling unit.

For more information about this function and connection of heating/cooling devices see "Additional zone control C5" Instruction Manual.

For information on how to activate this function and set a desired temperature value see Chapter "Control and Settings".

3.4. Multi-level frost prevention

When ordering an air handling unit with a counter-flow heat exchanger (CF), you may additionally select a multi-level antifreeze protection function. If this function is ordered, the heat exchanger is fitted with a four-segment damper. If there is a risk of freezing, damper segments close/open in turns, thus preventing the heat exchanger from freezing.

For more information about this function see in "Multi-Level frost prevention" Instruction Manual.

The function is only activated at the factory and cannot be added to the air handling unit later.

3.5. Combined water heater/cooler

It is possible to use only one water heater and one piping unit (mixing valve, valve actuator, circulation pump) both for heating and cooling. For the function to work properly, an additional external signal (e.g., from a thermostat) is required to switch between heating and cooling modes (see "Installation Manual").

This feature is pre-ordered and configured at the factory. Later, settings of this function may only be changed by a service representative.

3.6. Control of direct evaporation (DX) devices

When the unit is ordered with an additional direct evaporation (DX) coil, a feature for controlling an external DX unit is enabled. There are several different ways to control the DX unit:

- Modulated control – DX device is controlled by 0..10 V signal.
- Stepping control – START/STOP type DX devices are used.

This feature is pre-ordered and configured at the factory. Later, settings of this function may only be changed by a service representative.

3.7. Pressure auto balance

When this function is ordered for AHU, extract air damper (air extracted from the premises) is mounted additionally and pressure sensor is installed inside of the C5 controller board. Function maintains constant pressure difference between supply and extract airflows inside of AHU, by regulating damper position. Function ensures that extracted air is not returned to the supply flow through heat exchanger and increases purge sector (if installed on AHU with rotary heat exchanger) efficiency.



In cases, when AHU cannot reach set extract air flow (for example because of incorrectly designed or poorly installed duct system), it is possible, that airflow will be reduced during operation of pressure auto balance function and too low airflow alarm will be indicated. It is recommended to reduce airflow set point if such situation will appear.



This function is active constantly and may only be disabled or changed by a service representative.

3.8. Smoke extraction by-pass

When the fire alarm is triggered, an additional smoke by-pass damper is opened (see "Installation manual"). In this way, smoke and other gases generated by fire by-passes AHU filters, heat exchanger and enters directly into the extract air fan, which exhaust it to the outside. During function operation, the thermal protection of the fans is disconnected to prevent them from stopping due to the high temperatures. The function is started and runs as long as the fire alarm is active (see "Installation manual") – other functions and ventilation modes are ignored at that time.

When selecting this function, the following options of fan control during fire can be selected:

- **Default** – the unit is completely stopped in the event of a fire and the smoke extraction function is not used.
- **Force exhaust fan** – the supply air fan is stopped and the exhaust fan is started at full power.
- **Force both fans** – both AHU fans are started at full power.

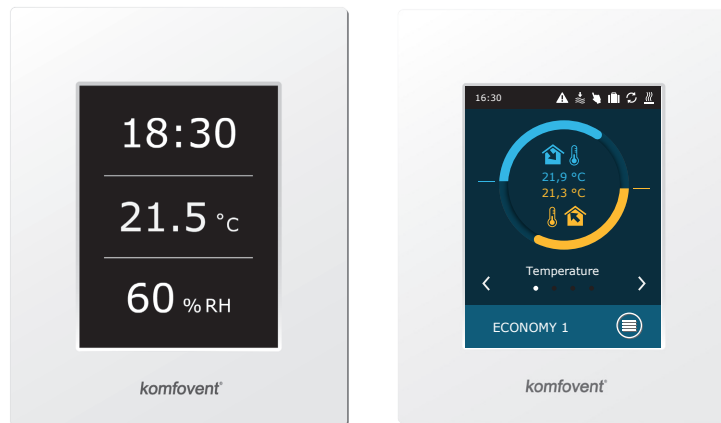
The smoke bypass function is selected in the VERSO selection software when ordering the unit.

4. CONTROL AND SETTINGS. CONTROL PANEL C5.1

Air handling unit may be conveniently controlled via the following ways:

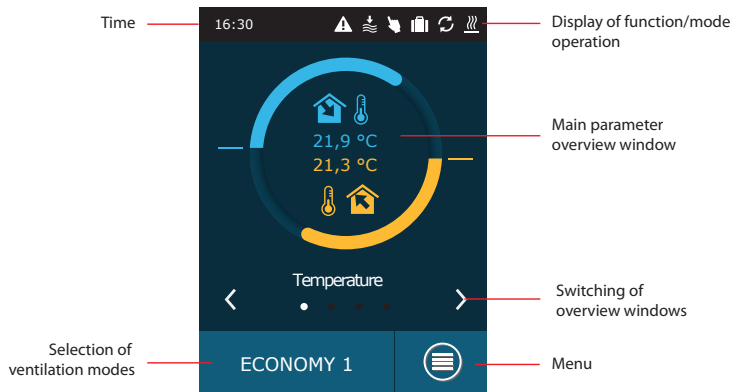
- Control panel.
- Mobile app.
- Web browser.

Air handling unit is equipped with a C5.1 control panel. C5.1 panel has a colour touchscreen. If the unit is connected to the mains, the control panel will display the home screen or screen saver that you can switch off with a single tap.

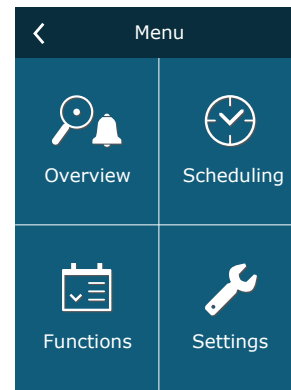


This control panel is designed for indication and changing of various functions and settings of the unit. Touch-sensitive display reacts to soft taps, therefore, do not use any sharp tools (screwdrivers or pens), also do not apply excessive force as it may damage the display.

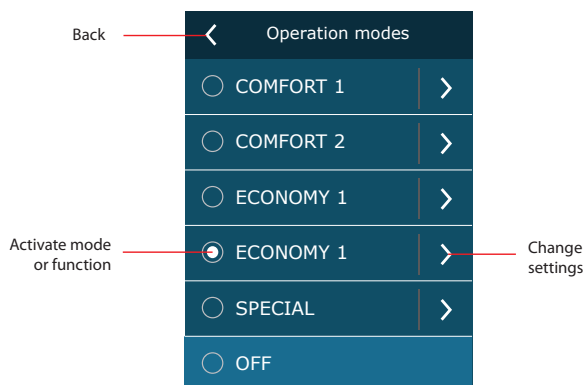
Main screen



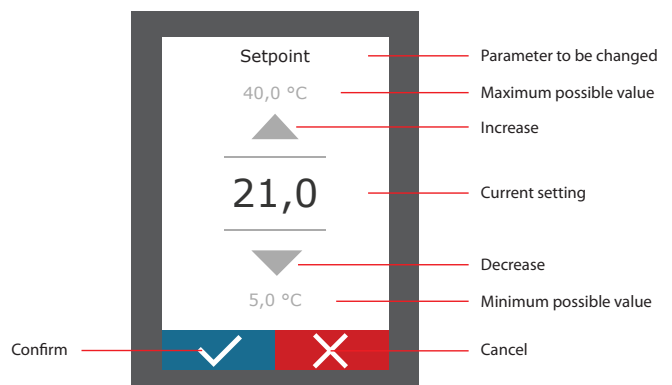
Menu window



Selection of ventilation modes



Parameter modification window

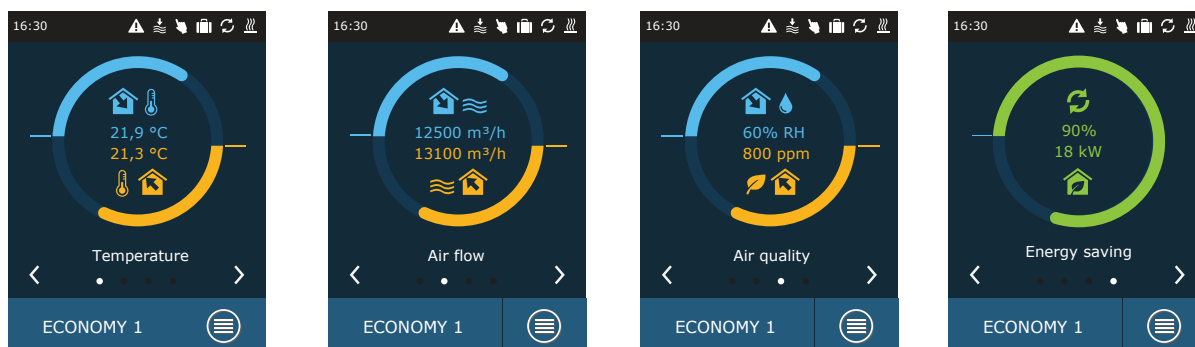


Explanation of the displayed symbols

 Supply air temperature	 Fan operation	 Summer night cooling mode
 Extract air temperature	 Air flow increasing by activated function (see chapter Functions)	 Weekly operation mode
 Supply air volume	 Air flow decreasing by activated function (see chapter Functions)	 Holiday operation mode
 Extract air volume	 Energy recovery operation	 „Override“ mode
 Supply air humidity	 Air heater operation	 Alarm signal
 Extract air humidity	 Air cooler operation	 Heat pump operating prohibition ¹
 Extract (room) air quality	 Air humidifier operation	

4.1. Parameter overview

The following parameters are displayed in the main window and parameter overview windows: air flow, temperatures, air quality sensor data and energy recovery. Use arrows on the sides of the main screen to browse across parameter windows.



For more parameters see “Detailed information” screen (Menu → Overview → Detailed information).

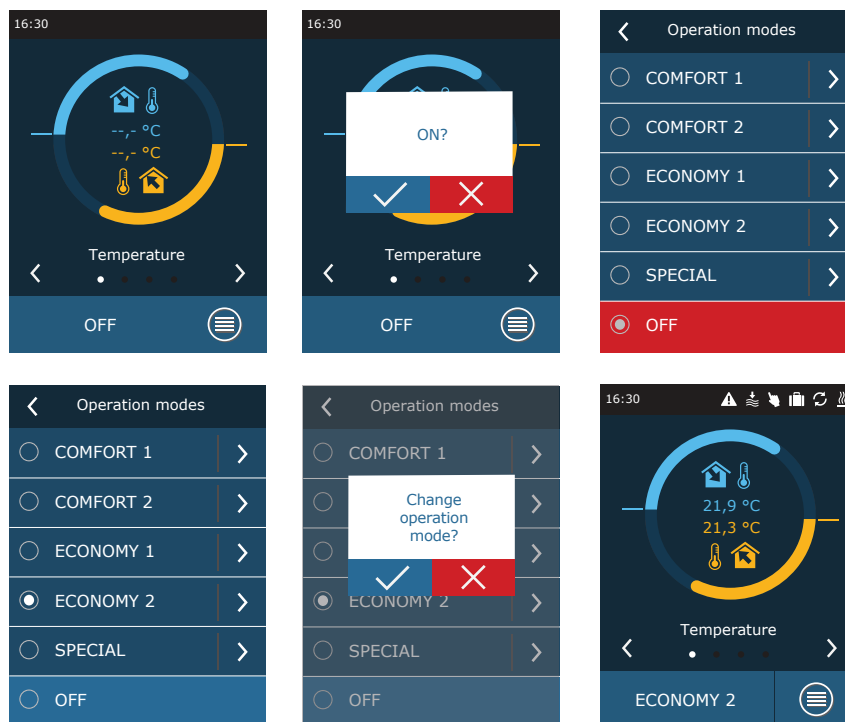
Menu Overview Scheduling Functions Settings	Overview Alarms Operation counters Efficiency status Detailed information	Detailed information Supply temperature 21,9 °C Extract temperature 22,1 °C Outdoor temperature 16,6 °C Water temperature 25,3 °C Supply flow 350 m³/h < 1 / 3 >
--	--	---

¹ Under certain conditions, the heat pump cannot operate due to low (high) outdoor air temperature or due to low air flow of the air handling unit. For more details, see the section “Heat pump”.

4.2. Turning on and selection of ventilation modes

To start an air handling unit or to change a ventilation mode:

1. Press the ventilation mode selection button.
2. Confirm the message if you want to run the device in the previous mode (if the unit is stopped).
3. Cancel the message if you want to select another operating mode or you do not remember which mode was activated previously.
4. Select a desired ventilation mode.
5. Press the return key and confirm the message that appears.

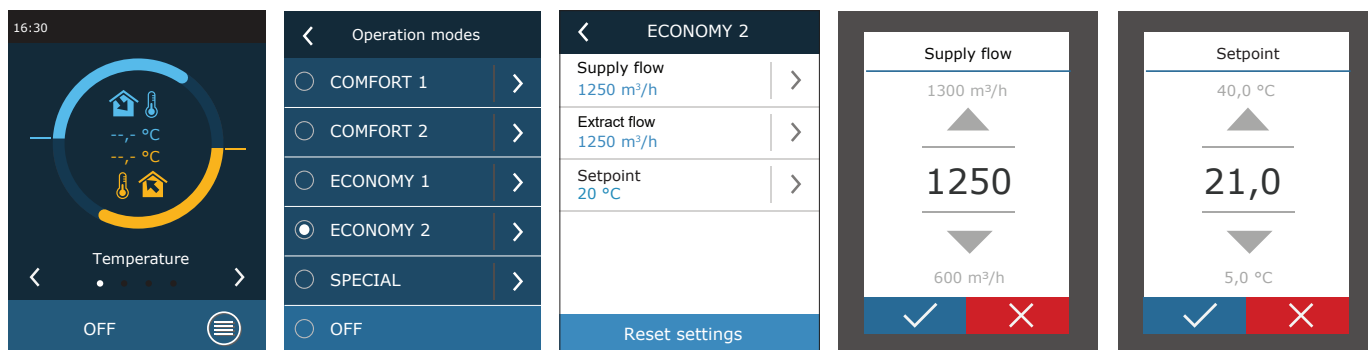


During the first minute of starting the unit, the unit automation checks the settings, automation components and opens air dampers. Later, a signal is released to fans and a heat exchanger, and the unit starts operating at a selected ventilation mode.

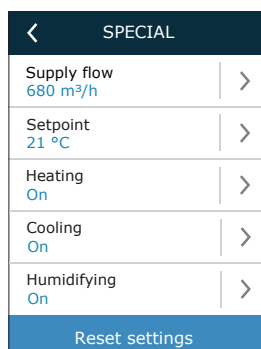
4.3. Setting parameters of ventilation modes

To change the ventilation mode settings:

1. Press the ventilation mode selection button.
2. Press "Change settings" symbol next to the parameter to be changed.
3. Press a parameter you want to change.
4. Use the arrows to select a desired value and press to confirm.
5. Press the return icon at the top of the screen to return to the home screen.



SPECIAL ventilation mode may also be used to disable heating/cooling and other functions. This saves energy when temperature and other ventilation parameters are less important (for example, at night, when the building is empty, when cooling devices can be turned off and will not be activated even when temperature exceeds the desired temperature during the day).



4.4. Scheduling window and ventilation schedule settings

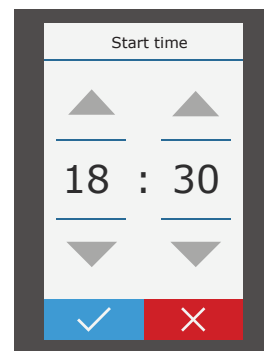
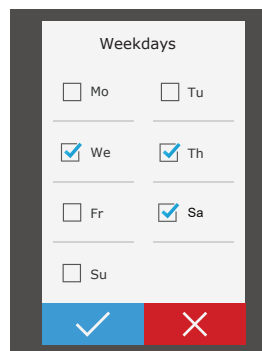
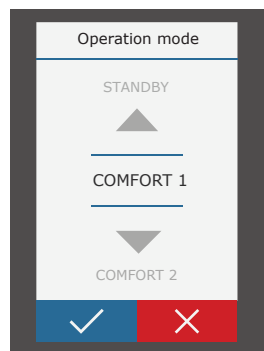
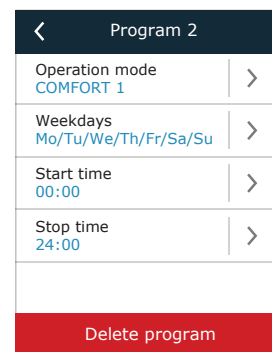
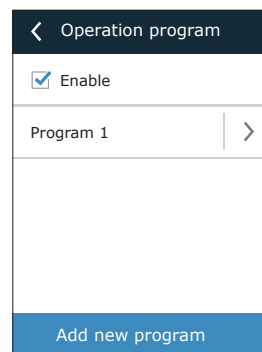
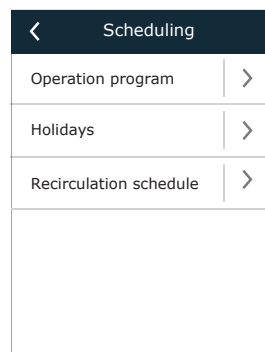
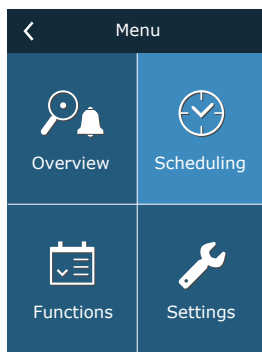
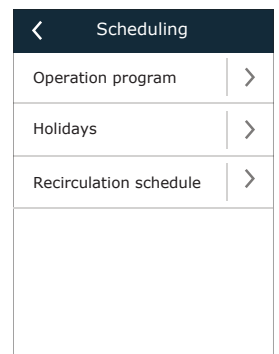
In menu item “Scheduling” you can create your own ventilation schedules so that the ventilation intensity or temperature settings change automatically.

• Operation program

You can set up to twenty operating programs. You can assign a desired operating mode, day of the week and time interval for every program.

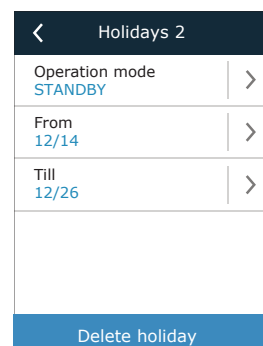
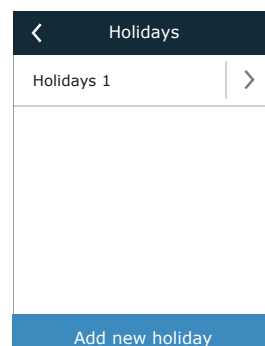
To create a weekly ventilation schedule:

1. Press “Scheduling” key in the menu window.
2. Press “Operation program”.
3. Press “Add new program” key at the bottom.
4. Select a desired ventilation mode. If you don’t want your unit to run at a specified time, select standby mode¹.
5. Select days of the week for the program to run.
6. Set the start and end time for the program.
7. Add additional programs, if needed (up to 20 programs).
8. Once the schedule is created, activate it by checking “Enable” box and returning to the main window.



• Holidays

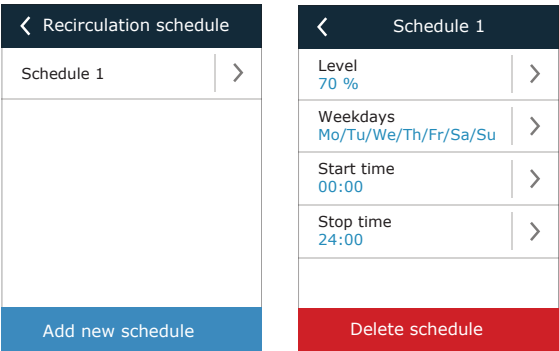
Here you can select a holiday program, set dates for the unit to run in a selected mode or to be stopped (e.g., stopping the air handling unit in the office during Christmas holidays).



¹ Standby mode is optional. The device will only operate at a set time. The unit will automatically stop during unspecified periods.

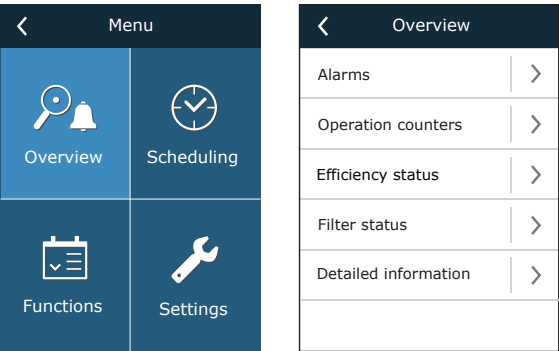
• **Recirculation schedule¹**

When the unit is equipped with a recirculation section, recirculation damper can be controlled according to a user-created weekly schedule (maximum of 5 different schedules) with a user-defined day of the week, hours and recirculation level %.



4.5. Overview window

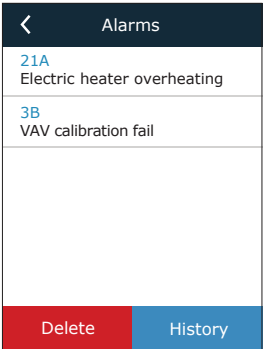
“Overview” screen shows information about the status of the air handling unit and its devices.



• **Alarms**

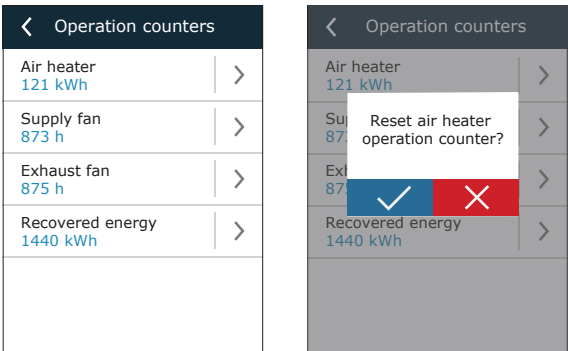
This menu item displays relevant messages with identification codes. “A” at the end of the code means that the error is critical and the unit will be stopped until the fault is rectified. “B” at the end of the code means that the message is informational and the unit will keep running. Once the cause is resolved, delete relevant errors and messages by pressing “Reset”. For more information see Chapter 8. “Troubleshooting”.

Press “History” button to show the last 50 messages along with the date and time they were displayed.



• **Operation counters**

These meters show operating time of individual devices, amount of energy returned and consumed. To reset a meter, press an arrow next to a desired parameter.



¹ Displayed only when this function is pre-ordered.

• Efficiency

Heat exchanger parameters are displayed in real-time.

In this menu you can also calibrate CF heat exchanger¹, if not calibrated during the first start-up. If calibration was successful and the display shows "Calibrated", there is no need to repeat it. During calibration, the unit will run for 10 minutes by changing fan speed and will be measuring pressure inside the unit, therefore, do not open the unit door, do not adjust the duct system or change parameters at that time. To stop calibration, turn off the unit with a remote controller.

< Efficiency status	
Heat exchanger efficiency	83%
Energy saving	90%
Energy recovery	4,1 kW
CF exchanger calibration Calibrated	

• Filter status

When replacing filters with filters from different manufacturers or different filtration class, calibration of clean filters is recommended. During calibration, the unit will operate at a maximum speed for a few minutes, measure the pressure difference upstream and downstream the filter and automatically determine the filtration class.

< Filter status	
Outdoor air filter impurity	67%
Extract air filter impurity	53%
Clean filters calibration	

< Filter status	
Outdoor air filter impurity	67%
Extract air filter impurity	53%
Start calibration? ✓ ✗	
Clean filters calibration	

• Detailed information

This menu item displays readings of all sensors installed in the unit as well as information on operation of individual devices of the AHU and other detailed data.

< Detailed information	
Supply temperature	21,9 °C
Extract temperature	22,1 °C
Outdoor temperature	16,6 °C
Water temperature	25,3 °C
Supply flow	350 m³/h
< 1 / 3 >	

4.6. Functions

In menu item "Functions" you can activate or alter all functions of the unit. Press the function name or an arrow to display the function settings.

< Menu		< Functions		< Functions	
Overview	Scheduling	☒ Air quality control	>	☒ Override function	>
Functions	Settings	☐ Operation on demand	>	☐ Humidity control	>
		☐ Outdoor compensated ventilation	>	☐ Recirculation control	>
		☐ Summer night cooling	>	☒ 1st additional zone control	>
		☐ Minimum temperature control	>	☒ 2nd additional zone control	>
		< 1 / 2 >		< 2 / 2 >	

Function status is indicated in a box next to the function name:

- ☐ Blank box: function is disabled.
- ☒ Blue box: function is working.
- ☐ Grey box: function is activated but not working.

In the settings of each function you can activate the function and alter operating conditions.

¹ Only in CF units.

- **Air quality control (AQC)**

Selecting an air quality limit up to which the air handling unit will run during the activated mode and above which the ventilation intensity will be automatically increased. Air quality limit is set for two different ventilation modes during which the function will be used and the desired value will change automatically as the mode changes. If the unit operates in a different ventilation mode than the one set, air quality control function will be disabled automatically.

< Air quality control

☒ Enable

Setpoint 1
1000 ppm
 >

Mode 1
COMFORT 1
 >

Setpoint 2
880 ppm
 >

Mode 2
COMFORT 2
 >

Reset settings

- **Operation on demand (OOD)**

Setting a critical air quality sensor value. The unit starts as soon as this value is exceeded.

< Operation on demand

☒ Enable

Setpoint
1000 ppm
 >

Reset settings

- **Outdoor compensated ventilation (OCV)**

Setting winter and summer outdoor temperature limits for reducing ventilation intensity. When the outdoor temperature is within the range of "Winter compensation start" and "Summer compensation start", the unit operates in a selected ventilation mode.

< Outdoor compensated...

☒ Enable

Winter stop
-15 °C
 >

Winter start
5 °C
 >

Summer start
25 °C
 >

Summer stop
35 °C
 >

Reset settings

- **Summer night cooling (SNC)**

Setting two indoor temperatures for the function to start running and stop.

< Summer night cooling

☒ Enable

Start when indoor
25 °C
 >

Stop when indoor
20 °C
 >

Reset settings

- **Minimum temperature control (MTC)**

Setting a minimum desired supply air temperature.

< Minimum temperature ...

☒ Enable

Setpoint
15 °C
 >

Reset settings

• **Override function (OVR)**

Selecting conditions for activating the function (all the time, only when the unit is running, only when the unit is stopped) and specifying ventilation mode for the unit to run when the function starts. If the "Standby" ventilation mode is selected, the unit will be stopped.

Override function	
☒ Enable	
Override If on	>
Operation modes ECONOMY 1	>
Reset settings	

• **Humidity control (HUM)**

Setting a desired relative humidity level. Humidity level is set for two different ventilation modes during which this function will be used and the desired value will change automatically as the mode changes. If the unit operates in a different ventilation mode than the one set, humidity control function is disabled automatically.

Humidity control	
☒ Enable	
Setpoint 1 55% RH	>
Mode 1 COMFORT 1	>
Setpoint 2 30% RH	>
Mode 2 ECONOMY 2	>
Reset settings	

• **Recirculation control (REC)¹**

Function windows displayed on the controller depend on the selected recirculation control method (see Chapter "Optional Functions"):

– **By air quality**

Setting the indoor air quality limit up to which the extracted air is recirculated. The minimum position of the opened recirculation damper is also indicated, i.e. the minimum volume of fresh air to be supplied from the outside (as a percentage of the set air volume) even when the indoor air quality is good. Air quality limit is set for two different ventilation modes during which the function will be used and the desired value will change automatically as the mode changes. If the unit operates in a different ventilation mode than the one set, REC function is disabled automatically.

Recirculation control	
☒ Enable	
Setpoint 1 800 ppm	>
Min. fresh air 1 40 %	>
Mode 1 ECONOMY 1	>
Reset settings	
< 1 / 2 >	

– **By outdoor temperature**

Setting four outdoor temperature values for controlling the recirculation damper position.

– **By schedule**

In this screen you can only activate/deactivate the recirculation function; recirculation schedule is created in the Planning menu (see Chapter "Planning Window and Ventilation Schedule Settings").

– **Control by external signal**

Recirculation damper position is set for open (default recirculation) and closed (activated recirculation) control signal contacts.

Recirculation control	
☒ Enable	
Winter stop -20 °C	>
Winter start -5 °C	>
Summer start 25 °C	>
Summer stop 40 °C	>
Reset settings	

Recirculation control	
☒ Enable	
Default recirculation 0 %	>
Activated recirculation 100 %	>
Reset settings	

• **Additional zone control (ZN)²**

In this window you can set a desired supply air temperature for an individual ventilation zone.

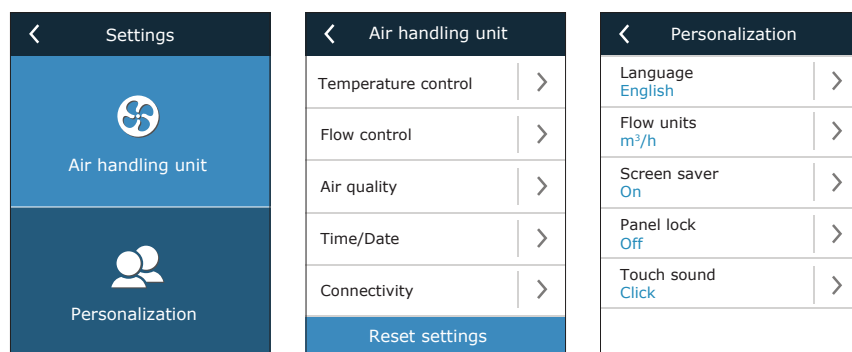
1st additional zone c...	
☒ Enable	
Setpoint 22.0 °C	>
Reset settings	

¹ Displayed only when this function is pre-ordered.

² This function only runs when optional additional zone modules are connected.

4.7. Settings

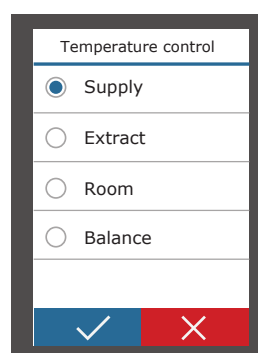
All settings are divided into two groups, covering the main settings of the air handling unit and the user interface.



4.7.1. Air handling unit

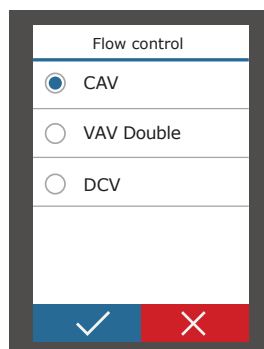
- Temperature control**

The user can select a desired temperature control method (see Chapter "Temperature Control"). The user-set temperature will be maintained during ventilation modes according to the selected control method.



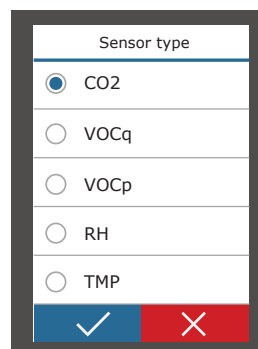
- Flow control**

The user can select a desired air flow control method (see Chapter "Air Flow Control").



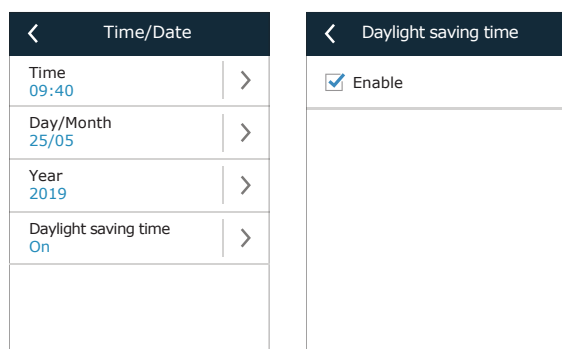
- Air quality**

Selected air quality sensor type is used in AQC, OOD and REC functions by air quality.



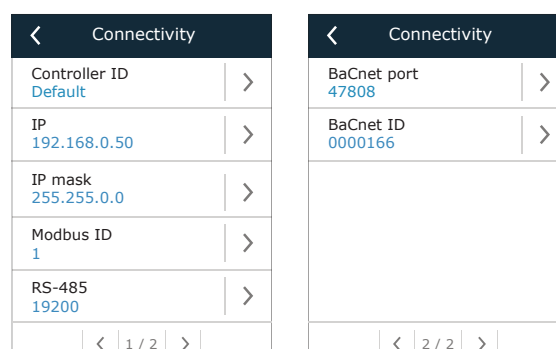
- Time/data**

Time and date settings are used for ventilation by weekly, holiday and recirculation schedules.



- Connectivity**

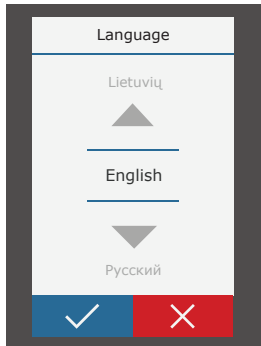
Parameters for connecting the air handling unit to a computer network, the Internet or a building management system.



4.7.2. Customization

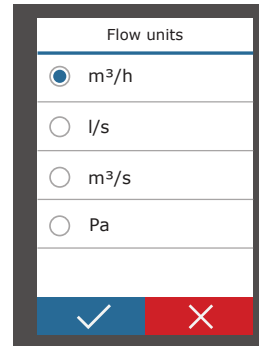
- **Language**

Selecting language of the user interface.



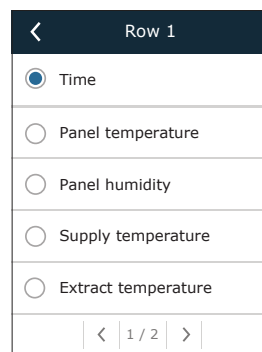
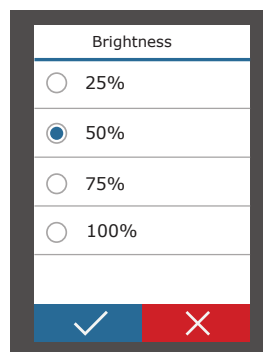
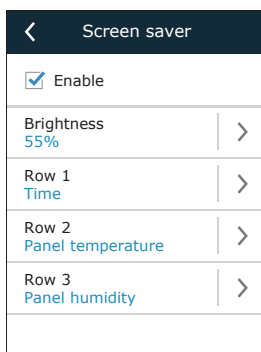
- **Flow units**

Selecting measurement units for air flow measurement. "Pa" can only be selected if the VAV flow control type is enabled.



- **Screen saver**

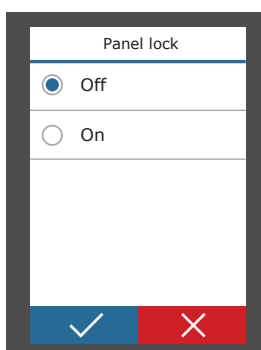
Screen saver is activated after 1 minute of inactivity on the control panel. In this menu the user can enable/disable a screen saver and select parameters to be displayed on screen.



- **Panel lock**

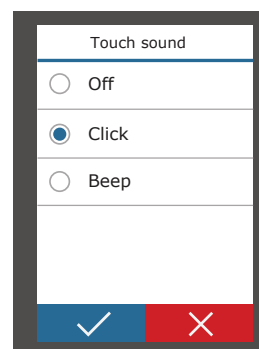
The panel can be locked using a four-digit code. To activate a panel lock, enter your PIN code and press Confirm. When the lock is activated, the panel will lock every time a screen saver appears. You will need to enter the same code again to access the main window or other settings. You must enter a correct PIN code to use the panel. To deactivate the panel lock, enter the same PIN code again in the setup menu.

If you forget your PIN code, you can unlock the panel by connecting to the air handling unit with a computer and resetting factory settings (see Chapter "Control via Computer").



- **Touch sounds**

You can turn on/off touch sounds. Two types of touch sounds are available.



5. CONTROL AND SETTINGS. COMPUTER

The unit may be controlled via computer using a web browser. For information on how to connect the unit to an internal network or directly to a computer, see the "Installation Manual".

Enter the device IP address in your web browser (IP address is displayed on the control panel) (see Settings → Air handling unit → Connectivity):



Connect to the user interface: enter the user name **user**, password **user**¹ and press "Login".

Username: Password:

If the login is successful, the overview window is displayed. The overview window contains a simplified diagram² and information about operation of the unit. You can also turn your AHU on/off in this window.

Setting windows

Simplified functional diagram of the unit

ON/OFF button

Current status of the unit

Currently running functions

Status of messages and errors

5.1. Modes

In this menu item, the user can alter the ventilation mode, flow and temperature control settings. Press the "Save" button for the changes to take effect.

- OPERATION MODES
- FLOW CONTROL MODE
- TEMPERATURE CONTROL MODE

¹ If You forgot a changed password, it can be reset to the initial "user" from the control panel (Settings→Air handling unit→Reset settings).

² Displayed unit diagram depends on the unit type and ordered components.

5.1.1. Operation modes

In this menu item the user can select one of the five ventilation modes for the unit (see Chapter 2.1 “Ventilation Modes”).
Selecting the “Program” mode:

▼ OPERATION MODES

Mode selection	Comfort1 ▾
	Comfort2
	Economy1
	Economy2
	Special
	Program

You can select air volume (for supplied and extracted air separately) and desired temperature for each ventilation mode.
Air volume is set in the units specified in the user interface settings.

Comfort1

Supply flow	6000	m³/h
Extract flow	6000	m³/h
Setpoint	21.0	°C

“Special” ventilation mode may also be used to block heating/cooling signals and disable recirculation and humidification functions. To disable a function, uncheck a box next to the setting.

Special

Supply flow	12000	m³/h
Extract flow	12000	m³/h
Setpoint	21.0	°C
Heating	☒	
Cooling	☒	
Recirculation	☒	
Humidifying	☒	

5.1.2. Flow control modes

Selecting an air flow control method for controlling fan speed (see Chapter 2.2 “Air Flow Control”).

▼ FLOW CONTROL MODE

Mode

CAV ▾
VAV
DCV

5.1.3. Temperature control modes

Selecting a temperature control method for controlling heating/cooling devices (see Chapter 2.3 “Temperature Control”).

▼ TEMPERATURE CONTROL MODE

Mode

Supply ▾
Extract
Room
Balance

5.2. Functions

Here you can enable/disable ventilation functions and change their settings.

5.2.1. Air quality control (AQC)

Selecting air quality limit up to which the air handling unit will operate in a selected mode and above which the ventilation intensity will be automatically increased. Air quality limit is set for two different ventilation modes during which the function will be used and the desired value will change automatically as the mode changes. If the unit operates in a different ventilation mode than the one set, air quality control function will be disabled automatically.

▼ AIR QUALITY CONTROL (AQC)

Enable	☒
Setpoint 1	800ppm
Mode 1	Economy1 ▾
Setpoint 2	1200ppm
Mode 2	Comfort1 ▾

5.2.2. Outdoor compensated ventilation (OCV)

Setting winter and summer outdoor temperature limits for reducing ventilation intensity. When the outdoor temperature is within the range of "Winter compensation start" and "Summer compensation start", the unit operates in a selected ventilation mode.

▼ OUTDOOR COMPENSATED VENTILATION (OCV)

Enable	☒	
Winter compensation stop	-40.0	°C
Winter compensation start	0.0	°C
Summer compensation start	20.0	°C
Summer compensation stop	50.0	°C

5.2.3. Minimum temperature control (MTC)

Setting a minimum desired supply air temperature.

▼ MIN. TEMPERATURE CONTROL (MTC)

Enable	☒	
Setpoint	18.0	°C

5.2.4. Summer night cooling (SNC)

Setting two indoor temperatures for the function to start running and stop.

▼ SUMMER NIGHT COOLING (SNC)

Enable	☒	
Start when indoor	25.0	°C
Stop when indoor	25.0	°C

5.2.5. Override function (OVR)

Selecting conditions for activating the function (all the time, only when the unit is running, only when the unit is stopped) and specifying ventilation mode for the unit to run when the function starts. If the “Standby” ventilation mode is selected, the unit will be stopped.

▼ OVERRIDE FUNCTION (OVR)

Enable	☒
Override	All time ▾
Mode	Comfort2 ▾

5.2.6. Operation on demand (OOD)

Setting a critical air quality sensor value. The unit starts as soon as this value is exceeded.

▼ OPERATION ON DEMAND (OOD)

Enable	☒
Setpoint	800 ppm

5.2.7. Recirculation control (REC)¹

Displayed function windows depend on the selected recirculation control method (see Chapter 3 “Optional Functions”):

- **By air quality**

Setting an indoor air quality limit up to which the extracted air is recirculated. The minimum position of the opened recirculation damper is also indicated, i.e. the minimum volume of fresh air to be supplied from the outside (as a percentage of the set air volume) even when the indoor air quality is good. Air quality limit is set for two different ventilation modes during which the function will be used and the desired value will change automatically as the mode changes. If the unit operates in a different ventilation mode than the one set, REC function is disabled automatically.

▼ RECIRCULATION CONTROL (REC)

Enable	☒
Setpoint 1	600 ppm
Min. fresh air 1	40 %
Mode 1	Comfort1 ▾
Setpoint 2	800 ppm
Min. fresh air 1	20 %
Mode 2	Comfort2 ▾

¹ Displayed only when this function is pre-ordered.

- **By outdoor temperature**

Setting four outdoor temperature values for controlling the recirculation damper position.

▼ RECIRCULATION CONTROL (REC)

Enable	☒
Winter recirculation end	-40.0 °C
Winter recirculation start	0.0 °C
Summer recirculation start	20.0 °C
Summer recirculation end	50.0 °C

- **By schedule**

Here you can only activate/deactivate a recirculation function; recirculation schedule is created in the Scheduling menu (see Chapter 5.4 "Scheduling").

▼ RECIRCULATION CONTROL (REC)

Enable	☒
--------	-------------------------------------

- **Control by external signal**

Recirculation damper position is set for open (main recirculation) and closed (activated recirculation) control signal contacts.

▼ RECIRCULATION CONTROL (REC)

Enable	☒
Default recirculation	0 %
Activated recirculation	60 %

5.2.8. Humidity control (HUM)¹

Setting a desired relative humidity level. Humidity level is set for two different ventilation modes during which this function will be used and the desired value will change automatically as the mode changes. If the unit operates in a different ventilation mode than the one set, humidity control function is disabled automatically.

▼ HUMIDITY CONTROL (HUM)

Enable	☒
Setpoint 1	50 %RH
Mode 1	Comfort1 ▾
Setpoint 2	60 %RH
Mode 2	Comfort2 ▾

¹ Displayed only when this function is pre-ordered.

5.2.9. Additional zone control (ZN)¹

Setting a desired supply air temperature for an individual ventilation zone. You can also monitor temperature of air supplied to the additional zone as well as the heating/cooling signals.

▼ 1ST ADDITIONAL ZONE CONTROL (ZN1)

Enable	☒
Setpoint	21.0 °C
Supply temperature	0.0 °C
Heating	0.0 %
Cooling	0.0 %

5.3. Alarms/Status

This menu item shows information about the air handling unit and its assemblies.

- ▶ ACTUAL ALARMS
- ▶ ALARM HISTORY
- ▶ OPERATION COUNTERS
- ▶ EFFICIENCY STATUS
- ▶ VAV STATUS
- ▶ CONTROLLER STATUS

5.3.1. Actual alarms

This menu item displays relevant messages with identification codes. "A" at the end of the code means that the error is critical and the unit will be stopped until the fault is rectified. "B" at the end of the code means that the message is informational and the unit will keep running. Once the cause is resolved, delete relevant errors and messages by pressing "Reset". For more information see Chapter 8. "Troubleshooting".

▼ ACTUAL ALARMS

119A: Communication error
118A: Communication error
117A: Communication error
127B: Service mode
Reset

¹ This function only works when optional additional zone modules are connected.

5.3.2. Alarm history

Displays the last 50 messages and errors, along with the date and time they occurred.

▼ ALARM HISTORY

30-03-2019	18:44:03	5B: Change extract air filter
27-03-2019	10:10:09	4B: Change outdoor air filter
26-03-2019	16:25:07	1B: Low supply air flow

5.3.3. Operation counters

Depending on the configuration of the unit, operating meters display operating time of various units and the amount of energy returned by the heat exchanger.

▼ OPERATION COUNTERS

Air heater operation	151 h	Reset
Supply fan operation	366 h	Reset
Exhaust fan operation	363 h	Reset
Recovered energy	2227 kWh	Reset

5.3.4. Efficiency status

▼ EFFICIENCY STATUS

Heat exchanger thermal efficiency	---
Heat exchanger recovery	8.6 W
Thermal energy saving	100 %

5.3.5. Filter status

In this menu you can check filter impurity levels. When the contamination level reaches 100%, a message urging to change filters is displayed. After changing the filters, delete the message to reset the contamination level.

▼ FILTER STATUS

Outdoor air filter impurity	67 %
Extract air filter impurity	53 %
Clean filters calibration	Run

When replacing filters with filters from different manufacturers or different filtration class, calibration of clean filters is recommended. During calibration, the unit will operate at a maximum speed for a few minutes, measure the pressure difference upstream and downstream the filter and automatically set the filtration class.

5.3.6. VAV status

This window is intended for VAV mode calibration. Calibration must be performed by a qualified specialist in accordance with a separate "VAV Function Installation Instruction".

▼ VAV STATUS

VAV mode	Double
VAV calibration	Run

5.3.7. Controller status

Overview of the controller and control panel software versions.

▼ CONTROLLER STATUS

Main module firmware	v2.340
1st zone module firmware	v1.200
Control panel firmware	v2.223
Log	Download

For detailed performance analysis, you may download a device logbook (Log) which contains weekly operation data. To open a logbook you will need a "Log plotter" app that you can download on the "Komfovent" website. This data can be useful in the event of a failure and may facilitate repair procedures, therefore, we recommend downloading an operation logbook and handing it over to the authorised service personnel.

5.4. Scheduling

In this menu the user can set weekly, holiday and recirculation schedules.

- OPERATION PROGRAM
- HOLIDAYS
- RECIRCULATION SCHEDULE

Save

5.4.1. Operation program

You can set up to twenty operating programs. You can assign a desired operating mode, day of the week and time interval for every program. When the "Program" mode is selected in the ventilation mode setup screen, the air handling unit will only operate at a specified time. There is no need to set periods for stopping the unit.

▼ OPERATION PROGRAM

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Start		Stop		Mode
☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☐	☐	06	:00	08	:00	Comfort1 ▾
☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☐	☐	08	:00	17	:00	Economy2 ▾
☒	☒	☒	☒	☒	☐	☐	17	:00	24	:00	Special ▾
☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☒	☒	00	:00	24	:00	Comfort2 ▾

5.4.2. Holidays

Here you can select a holiday program, to set dates for the unit to run in a selected mode or to be stopped (e.g., stopping the air handling unit in the office every year during Christmas holidays).

▼ HOLIDAYS

Day - Month - Year				Day - Month - Year			Mode
24	-	12	-	2019	-	10 - 01 - 2020	Special ▾
							Standby
							Comfort1
							Comfort2
							Economy1
							Economy2
							Program

5.4.3. Recirculation schedule¹

When the unit is equipped with a recirculation section, recirculation damper can be controlled according to a user-created weekly schedule (maximum of 5 different schedules) with a user-defined day of the week, hours and recirculation level %.

▼ RECIRCULATION SCHEDULE

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su	Start		Stop		Level	
☒	☒	☒	☐	☐	☐	☐	13	: 00	16	: 00	60	%
☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐		:		:		%

5.5. Settings

Settings menu is intended for user interface configuration. Here you can set the time, language, measurement units, computer network settings, or change the login password.

- DATE/TIME
- CONNECTIVITY
- USER INTERFACE
- LOGIN PASSWORD
- SETTINGS RESET

Save

5.5.1. Date/time

In this menu item the user can set the time and date of the unit, used for various functions and operation by a weekly schedule. When the "Daylight Saving Time" function is enabled, the clock will automatically switch between summer time and winter time in spring and autumn.

▼ DATE/TIME

Day - Month - Year	28	-	06	-	2020
Time	07	:	49		
Daylight saving time	☒				

¹ Displayed only when this function is pre-ordered.

5.5.2. Connectivity

Setting IP address, Modbus and BACnet or computer network parameters.

▼ CONNECTIVITY

IP	192	.	168	.	0	.	50
IP mask	255	.	255	.	0	.	0
Modbus ID	1						
RS-485	19200 baud		▼	8E1		▼	
Modbus ID	47808						
Modbus ID	166						

5.5.3. User interface

Here you can select the user interface language (the same language will be used on the control panel), air flow measurement units and the device name that will be displayed in the web browser. If one computer is used to control several air handling units, we recommend naming every unit differently. This will facilitate distinguishing the units.

▼ USER INTERFACE

Language	English	▼
Flow units	m ³ /h	
AHU name	Komfovent	

5.5.4. Log-in password

Here you can change your password used to log in to the air handling unit in a web browser. New password must have at least 4 characters. Forgotten password can be restored by resetting AHU settings to factory defaults.

▼ LOGIN PASSWORD

Enter new password	
Confirm new password	

5.5.5. Restoring factory settings

Click the “Reset” button to undo all user-performed changes (desired temperature, air volume, function settings, weekly schedule, etc.) and to restore factory settings (the user interface language will be restored to English).

▼ SETTINGS RESET

Reset settings to default values

Reset

A factory reset also removes a PIN code. If you have locked the panel and forgot the PIN code, a factory reset will restore the PIN code to 0000 and then you will be able to unlock it.



Write down the computer network parameters before restoring factory settings (see Menu “Connectivity”), as these settings will also be reset and communication with the air handling unit may be lost until re-configuration.

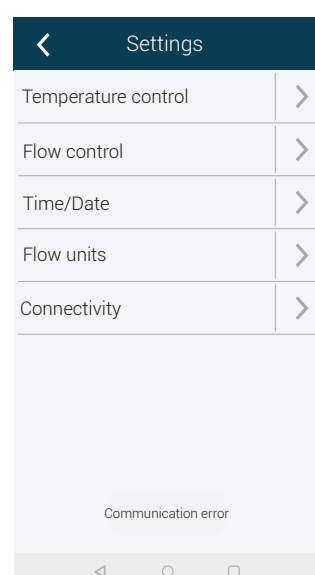
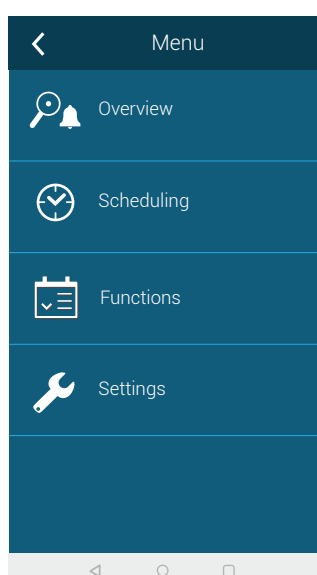
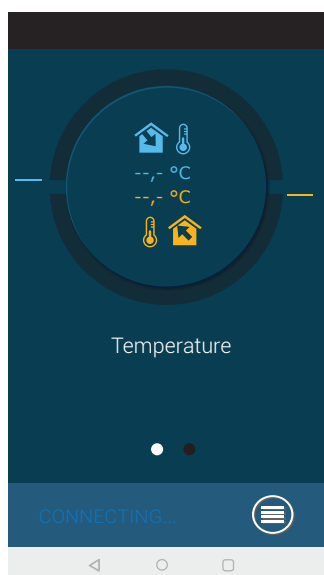


6. CONTROL VIA A SMARTPHONE

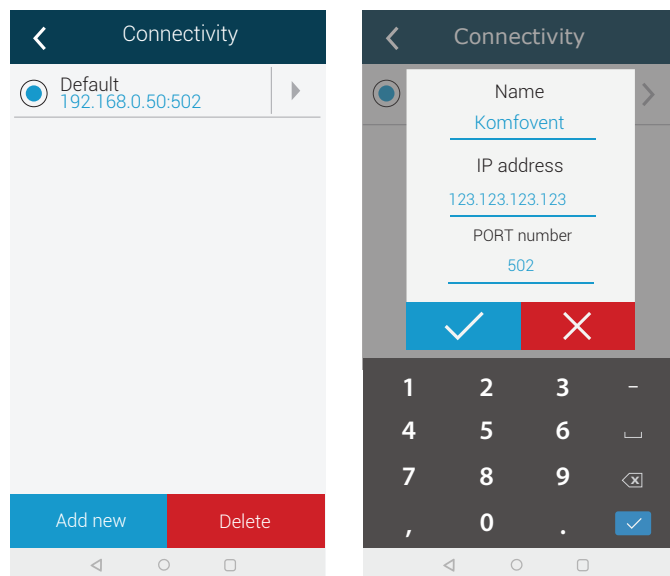
“Komfovent C5” app is necessary for controlling your air handling unit via your mobile phone. The unit can be controlled in a local network via mobile phone. Controlling the air handling unit with your mobile device is almost the same as with a C5.1 control panel. Screens and settings are so similar that you can follow the chapter “C5.1 Control Panel” to perform necessary changes or settings. The app language is automatically selected according to the language used in your mobile device and can differ from the language set in your air handling unit.

Connect the unit to a network router. The unit IP address must be on the same gateway as the network router. If the default IP address is incorrect, set the IP address and IP mask (see the “Connectivity” menu). Connect your mobile device to the internal network via Wi-Fi and run the “Komfovent C5” app. Launched for the first time, “Komfovent C5” app will attempt connecting to default IP address (192.168.0.50) (if not changed); after a while a home screen for the air handling unit will appear on the mobile phone screen. If you changed the IP address according to the router settings, “Communication error” message will be displayed. In this case connection settings must be changed:

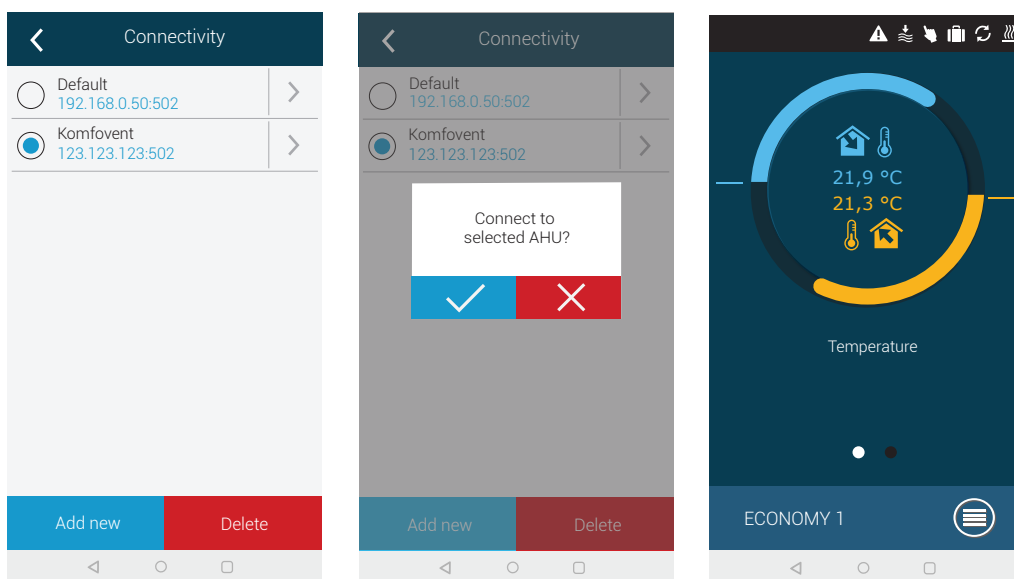
- Press Menu → Settings → Connectivity.



- Press “Add new” at the bottom.
- Enter your device name and new IP address.
- Enter port number 502 and confirm settings.



- Select a row with newly entered settings and press the return button.
- When the app asks you if you want to connect to the selected unit, confirm the message.
- Once connected to the unit, the main screen and current status of the unit will be displayed on the app.



7. PERIODIC MAINTENANCE

The air handling unit must be serviced by a qualified technician or authorized service representative.



- Before starting any tasks, make sure that the unit is unplugged from the mains.
- Use caution when performing works near internal or external heaters as their surfaces may be hot.
- Remove all foreign objects and tools from the unit.
- Use appropriate safety equipment (gloves, goggles).
- If you have washed or cleaned any of the components, wait for them to dry completely before starting the unit.



The following table provides recommended regular maintenance intervals for the unit. Actual frequency of maintenance procedures depends on operating conditions, amount of dust and impurities in the supplied air as well as environment in which the unit is installed. Maintenance intervals may be shorter, following the national hygiene norms and specific requirements for ventilation of the premises.

Task	Frequency			
	Commissioning	3 months	6 months	12 months
7.1. Housing				
Mechanical damage	X			X
Air-tightness and gaskets of the sections	X			X
Horizontality of the sections	X			X
Air-tightness and gaskets of doors and locks	X			X
Air damper operation	X		X	
Condensate drainage	X		X	
Cleaning of drip trays			X	
7.2. Filters				
Visual inspection of filters	X	X		
Inspection of differential pressure sensors	X	X		
Filter replacement			X	
7.3. Fans				
Extraneous noise and vibrations	X		X	
Fan operation, speed adjustment	X		X	
Cleaning of the impeller				X
Motor overheat protection	X		X	
7.4. Rotary heat exchanger				
Belt inspection	X		X	
Motor operation	X		X	
Drum brushes and seals				X
Free rotation and bearings of the drum			X	
Drum cleaning				X
7.5. Heat pump				
Moisture inside the refrigerant system	X	X		
Refrigerant leak	X		X	
Operation of the compressor	X			X
7.6. Water heater/cooler				
Fluid leakage	X		X	
Operation of valves, gears, pumps	X		X	
Frost protection	X		X	
Cleaning of the heat exchanger				X

Task	Frequency			
	Commissioning	3 months	6 months	12 months
7.7. Direct evaporation cooler/heater				
Refrigerant leak	X		X	
Cleaning of the heat exchanger				X
Operation of an external unit	X		X	
7.8. Electrical heater				
Wiring	X		X	
Operation of overheat protection	X	X		
Cleaning of heating elements				X
7.9. Humidifier				
Operation of the water treatment system	X	X		
Check of humidifier components		X		
Cleaning of the humidifier			X	
7.10. Silencers				
Inspection of silencers			X	
Cleaning of silencers				X

7.1. Housing

Once the unit is installed (and periodically) check whether there are no foreign objects, debris or tools inside the unit. Inner and outer surfaces shall be cleaned with a damp cloth or a vacuum cleaner. Also check the housing for mechanical damage or signs of corrosion which could affect normal operation of the unit. As building stability may change over time (e.g., settling of foundations), regular unit horizontality checks using a level gauge are recommended; levelling shall be performed if needed. Deviations must not exceed 0.3mm for 1m in the longitudinal direction and 0.5mm for 1m in the transverse direction; otherwise, sections may warp and loosen their connections. Check the unit doors for tightness and if all gaskets or sealant joints are intact. Replace gaskets and reseal joints, if needed. Inspect air collection/exhaust dampers and grilles. Remove accumulated dirt; check dampers for proper opening and tight closing. Check operation of electric actuators and wiring contacts of dampers. Check whether condensate is freely removed from drip trays; check siphons for proper operation; check drainage pipeline components for damage/blockage. If the unit is equipped with drip trays, regularly clean any dirt from drip trays.

7.2. Filters

Check if filters are not damaged, torn or dampened. Filter replacement intervals depend on the environment as well as time of year, for example, during spring and summer filters may be contaminated with pollen, pubescence or insects, therefore replacement intervals are shorter. Replace filters if they are visibly dirty even though it is not time yet or differential pressure has not reached a critical limit yet. Contaminated filters increase pressure loss of the unit, reduce purification efficiency and increase electricity consumption of fans. If differential pressure sensors are installed, check them for proper operation; check whether their pressure tubes are clean/intact.

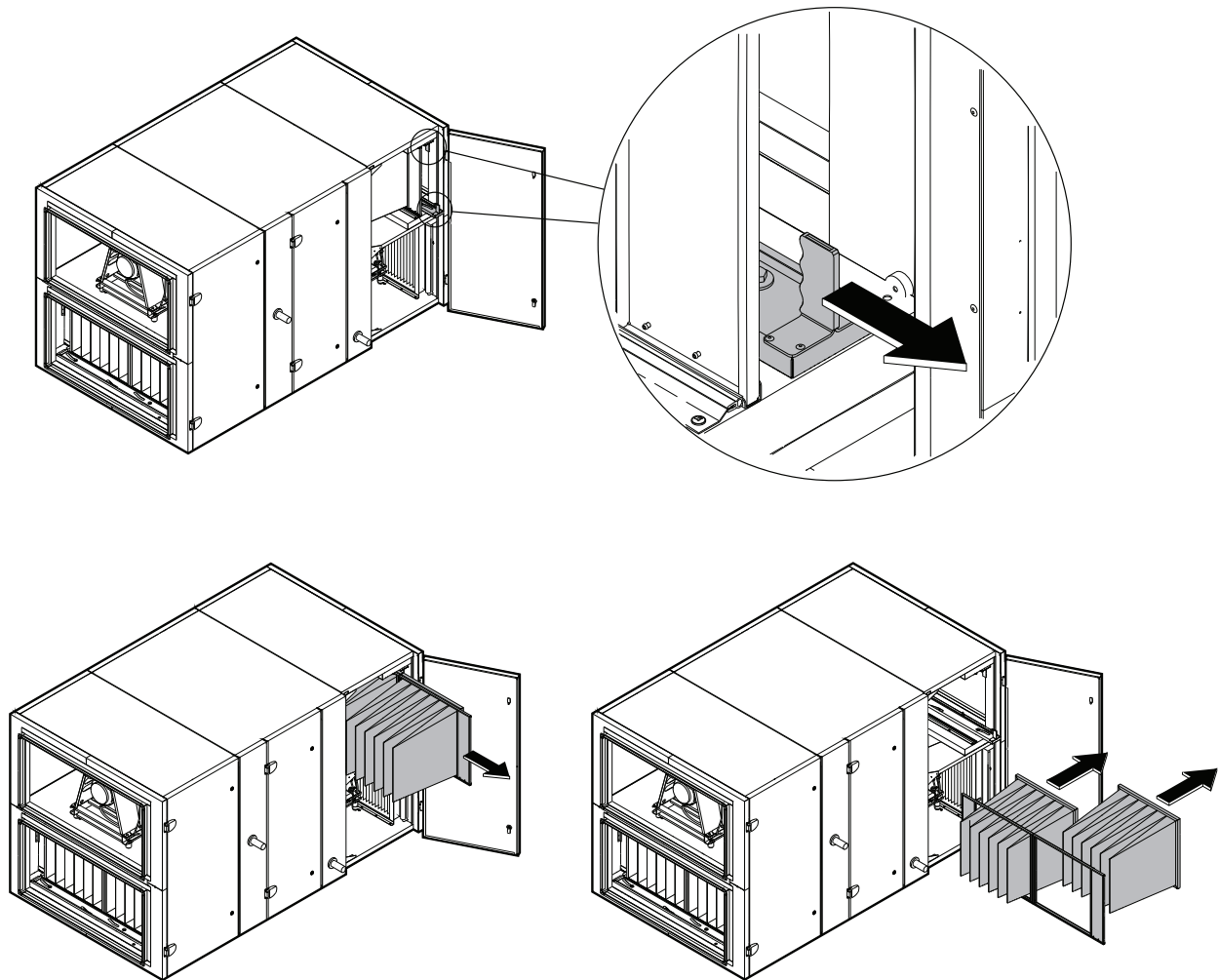


Fig. 3. Filter clamping device

To insert/remove filters, pull two handles at the top and bottom of the filter to release a filter clamping device. Filters are removed/inserted one by one (number of filters depends on the unit size). Once the filters are replaced/inserted, handles are pushed and the filter clamping device presses the filters to the gaskets.



When inserting filters, make sure that their pockets are upright, filter frames are tightly seated and gaskets are intact.



In case filters from another manufacturer or filters of other filtration class is used instead of factory-fitted filters, calibration of clean filters shall be performed after filter replacement. Filter calibration is described in chapter "Control and Settings".

7.3. Fans

Check whether fans rotate freely without obstructions, extraneous noise and vibrations. Check the fan frame shock absorbers for wear. Replace worn out or damaged components, if needed. Dirt, grease or dust may unbalance the impeller and cause additional vibrations as well as shorten the motor service life. Impeller shall be cleaned with a damp cloth. Motor surfaces shall be cleaned with a dry cloth or a vacuum cleaner. Check motor connecting cables; check for corrosion on contacts; clean contacts with special agents, if needed. Check operation of a motor overheat protection, if installed. Turn on the ventilation device and check whether the fans are rotating to the desired direction and the rotation speed alternates depending on the automation settings.

7.4. Rotary heat exchanger

Check whether the rotor drum rotates freely, is not touching any metal parts of the housing, and its bearings are intact.

Check the actuator and motor. Rotary heat exchanger shall rotate at approx. 12rpm. Check the drum brushes for wear. Replace, if needed. Check the drum belt. Worn belt may slide without turning the drum at the proper speed. Worn or torn belts must be replaced.

Air channels of the rotary heat exchanger may be contaminated with grease, oils, limescale and other dirt over time. Heat exchanger drum can be cleaned with compressed air jet (~6 bar) inside the unit. If dirt cannot be removed with compressed air or as provided for in the requirements for ventilation of the building premises, the rotary heat exchanger can be removed from the unit and washed with water. Rotary heat exchangers shall be cleaned with high-pressure washers (pressure up to 10bar). Before washing, the rotor motor and electronics must be additionally protected against moisture or dismantled. Neutral or mild alkaline detergents and disinfection agents must be used for washing. Washing agents may be harmless to the environment, shall not damage aluminium foil and shall be intended for use with high-pressure washers.

7.5. Heat pump



- The user can only perform visual inspections of the heat pump. Only qualified refrigeration systems' specialists or "Komfovent" representative can perform any mechanical/electrical works on a heat pump.
- Do not unscrew any threaded connections or caps of the heat pump unit. Temperature of evaporating refrigerant is very low and causes severe frostbite in contact with skin. If you notice any discrepancies in the heat pump unit, contact a qualified refrigeration systems' specialist or "Komfovent" representative immediately.



Check for the presence of moisture in the refrigerant system. A sight glass with moisture indicator is provided for this purpose. The indicator is completely green when there is no moisture in the system and changes colour (to yellow or red) when moisture is detected. Check the approximate level of the refrigerant - liquid level should be at least up to $\frac{3}{4}$ of the sight glass. Visually inspect visible pipeline connections for corrosion and refrigerant leaks. With the heat pump running, make sure that the compressor is operating normally without any extraneous noises or abnormal vibrations.

7.6. Water heater/cooler

Check for fluid leakage; check for proper operation of a check valve and a pump. Check threaded connections for tightness. Check operation of an antifreeze protection system. Check whether the return water temperature sensor is installed and isolated correctly. Check a capillary thermostat, if installed, for proper operation.

Dirt from the water coil surfaces shall be removed with compressed air. Be careful not to damage the coil lamellas while cleaning.

7.7. Direct evaporation cooler/heater (DX)

Check for refrigerant leaks. In a humidity indicator check whether the refrigerant is moisture free; check for sufficient amount of refrigerant. Check operation of the external unit and temperature sensors. Perform regular maintenance works of a direct evaporation cooler/heater in accordance with the manufacturer's documentation.

Dirt from the refrigerant coil surfaces shall be removed with compressed air. Be careful not to damage the coil lamellas while cleaning.

7.8. Electrical heater

Check operation of overheat thermostats and automation. Inspect power supply installation, contacts and automatic switches.

Heating tubes of the electrical heater may get contaminated with dust and other dirt that may ignite under excessive heat, therefore they must be cleaned. Tubes must be cleaned with a damp cloth or compressed air. Wait for the tubes to dry completely before turning on the device.

7.9. Humidifier

Regular cleaning is required for good operation of the humidifier. Cleaning intervals depend on water quality. Humidifier must be inspected at least every three months and cleaned every six months. If water contains high levels of calcium and salts, the humidifier inspection intervals must be shorter. Automatic periodic washing function of the humidifier section must be foreseen for sanitary purposes. Air supply to the ventilation system must be stopped during washing of the section. After washing, the water must be completely removed from the drainage tray.

Perform regular humidifier maintenance in accordance with the manufacturer's documentation.

7.10. Silencers

Silencers shall be disassembled for cleaning. Metal parts can be cleaned with a damp cloth. Noise suppression elements shall be cleaned with a vacuum cleaner. Washing or cleaning with damp products is not allowed.

8. TROUBLESHOOTING

Device automation continuously monitors the operation of various nodes and function algorithms. If something goes wrong, the device informs you with a message and an audible alarm from a control panel. Messages are divided into critical messages and notifications. Critical messages occur when the device cannot continue operation without intervention of the user or an authorised service representative. Notifications are used to warn the user about possible faults or small discrepancies but they do not stop the device.

In case of a message, perform the following actions:

- Read the message and note its number displayed on screen (control panel, computer, smartphone).
- Stop the unit. If heating/cooling devices were running at that time, after pressing the OFF button they will keep running for a few minutes until their temperature is stabilized.
- When the unit stops, unplug it from the mains.
- Find tips in the "Alarm Table" by the message number.
- If possible, eliminate the cause. If a fault cannot be resolved, contact an authorized service representative.
- After troubleshooting, make sure no foreign objects, debris or tools are left inside the unit, and only then close the unit door.
- Connect the unit to the mains and delete all messages from the message window.
- If a fault is not resolved, depending on its nature, the device may not start at all or start and then stop after a while by displaying a message.

Below is a list of messages and recommended actions to resolve faults. These messages are displayed on the C5.1 control panel, mobile app or a computer. Letter "A" marks critical alarms, letter "B" marks informational messages. If you can't find your fault code in the table, contact an authorized service representative.

Code	Message	Possible cause	User's actions
1B	Low supply air flow	1. Contaminated air filters. 2. Excessive resistance of the air duct system. 3. VAV air flow control selected but pressure sensors are not connected. 4. Supply air fan not working properly.	1. Check air filters and replace, if needed. 2. Check air dampers, air inlet/exhaust openings. 3. If VAV air flow control is required, install and connect duct-mounted pressure sensors. If VAV mode is not necessary – select CAV or DCV in the settings. 4. Contact authorised service.
2B	Low extract air flow	1. Contaminated air filters. 2. Excessive resistance of ducts. 3. VAV air flow control selected but pressure sensors are not connected. 4. Exhaust air fan not working properly.	1. Check air filters and replace, if needed. 2. Check air dampers, air inlet/exhaust openings. 3. If VAV air flow control is required, install and connect duct-mounted pressure sensors. If VAV mode is not necessary – select CAV or DCV in the settings. 4. Contact authorised service.
3B	VAV calibration fail	Not connected or faulty pressure sensors.	Check pressure sensors and their measuring range. If a sensor needs to be replaced, contact an authorized service representative.
4B	Change outdoor air filter	Contaminated outdoor air filters.	Replace the air handling unit filters and clear the message.
5B	Change extract air filter	Contaminated exhaust air filters.	Replace the air handling unit filters and clear the message.
6B-11B	Electric heater off	Electrical heater temperature has risen above 70 °C, because: 1. Supply air flow is too low at high heating demand. 2. Electric heater malfunctioning.	When the heater cools down, it will turn on again automatically. 1 a. Check air filters and air ducts. 1 b. Decrease the desired temperature. 1 c. Increase ventilation intensity. 2. Contact authorised service.
14B	Service time	Time for annual periodic maintenance.	Clear the message after performing periodic maintenance.
15B	Evaporator icing	Defrosting of the evaporator heat exchanger failed.	Contact authorised service.
16B	Compressor failure	Compressor is overheated or not running.	1. Check the heat pump circuit breakers. 2. Contact authorised service.
19B	Compressor off	Heat pump stopped due to insufficient airflow (see chapter "Heat Pump").	Increase airflow setting.
20B	Compressor off	Heat pump is not running when the outdoor temperature is between 15°C and 20°C (see chapter "Heat Pump").	Heat pump will start automatically as soon as the outdoor temperature changes.
23B-94B	Compressor failure	Heat pump is not working or is malfunctioning.	1. Check the heat pump circuit breakers. 2. Contact authorised service.
95B	Low heat exchanger efficiency	1. Heat exchanger efficiency decreased due to unfavourable temperature or humidity conditions. 2. One or two faulty temperature sensors inside the unit. 3. Air mixing between different flows.	1. Message will disappear automatically when the air temperature or humidity changes and efficiency increases. 2. Check the readings of the temperature sensors. If a sensor(s) needs to be replaced, contact an authorized service representative. 3. Check the unit door for tightness and all gaskets or sealant joints for wear.
96B – 111B	Compressor failure	Heat pump is not working or is malfunctioning.	1. Check the heat pump circuit breakers. 2. Contact authorised service.

Code	Message	Possible cause	User's actions
112B	Water pump/ coil alarm	Signal from the water flow sensor or circulation pump received (see "Water flow monitoring function").	Check if there is enough water in the system and whether the circulation pump and water mixing valves are working.
127B	Service mode	Temporary special operating mode that can only be activated by a service specialist.	If the unit has been previously repaired, contact the person who repaired the unit to make sure that the service mode can be disabled. Service mode is turned off by deleting a message.
1A, 2A	Supply air temp. sensor failure	Not connected or faulty supply air temperature sensor.	Check whether the sensor is connected. If a sensor needs to be replaced, contact an authorized service representative.
3A, 4A	Extract air temp. sensor failure	Not connected or faulty extract air temperature sensor.	Check whether the sensor is connected. If a sensor needs to be replaced, contact an authorized service representative.
5A, 6A	Outdoor air temp. sensor failure	Not connected or faulty outdoor air temperature sensor.	Check whether the sensor is connected. If a sensor needs to be replaced, contact an authorized service representative.
7A, 8A	Exhaust air temp. sensor failure	Not connected or faulty exhaust air temperature sensor.	Check whether the sensor is connected. If a sensor needs to be replaced, contact an authorized service representative.
9A, 10A	Water temp. sensor failure	Not connected or faulty return water temperature sensor.	Check whether the sensor is connected. If a sensor needs to be replaced, contact an authorized service representative.
11A	Return water temp. low	Return water temperature of the water heater dropped below the permissible limit.	Check the condition of a circulation pump and the heating system as well as operation of a mixing valve actuator. Check if hot water is available in the system.
12A	Internal fire alarm	1. Internal temperature is above 50°C 2. Faulty temperature sensor.	1. Locate the heat source in the ductwork or unit. 2. Contact authorised service.
13A	External fire alarm	A fire alarm received from the building's fire protection system.	Once fire alarm is resolved, the unit must be started using a control panel, computer or a smartphone.
14A	External stop	The unit stopped by an external device (button, timer, sensor).	Once the additional device is stopped, the unit will operate in normal mode.
15A	Heat exchanger failure	1. Rotary heat exchanger not rotating. 2. Temperature sensors malfunctioning.	1. Check for foreign objects or debris preventing rotation of the rotor drum. Check if the rotor belt is not torn. 2. Contact authorised service.
16A	Heat exchanger icing	Freezing is possible at low outdoor temperatures and high indoor humidity.	Check the rotary heat exchanger drive. Check if an external pre-heater is working, if used.
17A	Low supply air temperature	1. Integrated heaters not working. 2. Additional heating/cooling devices faulty or installed incorrectly. 3. Faulty air temperature sensor.	1. Contact authorised service. 2. Contact the company that installed or sold additional heating/cooling equipment. 3. Contact authorised service.
18A	High supply air temperature	1. Integrated heaters malfunctioning. 2. Additional heating/cooling devices malfunctioning or installed incorrectly. 3. Faulty air temperature sensor.	1. Contact authorised service. 2. Contact the company that installed or sold additional heating/cooling equipment. 3. Contact authorised service.

Code	Message	Possible cause	User's actions
19A	Low supply air flow	1. Obstacle in the duct system. 2. VAV air flow control selected but pressure sensors are not connected. 3. Faulty supply air fan.	1. Check that the air dampers, air intake and exhaust openings are not blocked, check whether the adjustment valves are not completely closed. 2. If VAV air flow control is required, install and connect duct-mounted pressure sensors. If VAV mode is not necessary – select CAV or DCV in the settings. 3. Contact authorised service.
20A	Low extract air flow	1. Obstacle in the duct system. 2. VAV air flow control selected but pressure sensors are not connected. 3. Faulty exhaust air fan	1. Check that the air dampers, air intake and exhaust openings are not blocked, check whether the adjustment valves are not completely closed. 2. If VAV air flow control is required, install and connect duct-mounted pressure sensors. If VAV mode is not necessary – select CAV or DCV in the settings. 3. Contact authorised service.
21A-23A	Electric heater overheat	Electrical heater temperature has risen above 100°C, because: 1. Supply air flow too low at high heating demand. 2. Power failure during operation of the electric heater; the heater could not cool down. 3. Electric heater malfunctioning.	1 a. Check the air duct system, air intake and exhaust dampers, fan operation. 1 b. Decrease the desired temperature. 1 c. Increase ventilation intensity. 2. Check whether the unit is connected to the mains. 3. Contact authorised service. Once the fault is eliminated, reset an overheating protection fuse before restarting the unit. Look for a yellow sticker with the word "Reset" inside the unit that marks an overheating protection fuse.
24A - 27A	Evaporator air temp. sensor failure	Air temperature sensor upstream the evaporator not connected or defective.	Contact authorised service.
28A-30A	Compressor failure	Heat pump is not working or is malfunctioning.	1. Check the heat pump circuit breakers. 2. Contact authorised service.
31A-38A	Temperature sensor failure	One of the additional zone temperature sensors is faulty or not connected.	1. Check if the sensor is connected. If a sensor needs to be replaced, contact an authorized service representative. 2. Check whether the auxiliary temperature zone parameters are configured correctly (see Chapter "Functions" or "Additional zone control C5" of the Instruction Manual).
39A,40A	Return water temp. low	Return water temperature of the additional temperature zone water heater dropped below the permissible limit.	1. Check the condition of a circulation pump and the heating system as well as operation of a heating damper actuator. Check if hot water is in the system. 2. Check that the auxiliary temperature zone parameters are configured correctly (see Chapter "Functions" or "Additional zone control C5" of the Instruction Manual)
41A,42A	Supply air temp. sensor failure	Not connected or faulty temperature sensor inside the unit, measuring supply air temperature downstream the heat exchanger.	Check whether the sensor is connected. If a sensor needs to be replaced, contact an authorized service representative.
43A,44A	External stop	The unit stopped by an external device connected to the additional zone module.	Once the additional device is stopped, the unit will run in a normal mode.

Code	Message	Possible cause	User's actions
45A	Water pump/ coil alarm	Signal from the water flow sensor or circulatory pump received (see "Water flow monitoring function").	Check if there is enough water in the system and whether the circulation pump and water mixing valves are working.
84A-89A	Communication error	Inoperative heat pump's electronic board or faulty connection.	1. Check the heat pump circuit breakers. 2. Contact authorised service.
90A	Service mode	C5 controller blocked.	Contact authorised service.
91A-98A	Controller failure	Faulty controller electronic or no connection between controller electronics.	1. Check if all wires and cables are connected between the unit sections. 2. Contact authorised service.
99A-103A	Supply fan failure	Supply air fan or frequency converter not working.	1. Check if all wires and cables are connected between the unit sections. 2. Check the fan circuit breakers. 3. Contact authorised service.
104A-108A	Exhaust fan failure	Exhaust air fan or frequency converter not working.	1. Check if all wires and cables are connected between the unit sections. 2. Check the fan circuit breakers. 3. Contact authorised service.
109A-113A	Rotor drive failure	Rotary heat exchanger motor or frequency converter not working.	1. Check if all wires and cables are connected between the unit sections. 2. Contact authorised service.
114A-124A	Communication error	Faulty controller electronic or no connection between controller electronics.	1. Check if all wires and cables are connected between the unit sections. 2. Contact authorised service.
125A,127A	Controller failure	Faulty C5 controller.	Contact authorised service.
126A	Controller failure	1. Improperly connected or defective external devices. 2. Faulty C5 controller.	1. Check connection of external devices or contact the representative of the installer. 2. Contact authorised service.

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