

Channelized E1 Interfaces

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Documentation and Release Notes

To obtain the most current version of all Juniper Networks[®] technical documentation, see the product documentation page on the Juniper Networks website at http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/.

If the information in the latest release notes differs from the information in the documentation, follow the product Release Notes.

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Supported Platforms

For the features described in this document, the following platforms are supported:

- M Series
- MX Series
- T Series
- J Series

Using the Examples in This Manual

If you want to use the examples in this manual, you can use the **load merge** or the **load merge relative** command. These commands cause the software to merge the incoming configuration into the current candidate configuration. The example does not become active until you commit the candidate configuration.

If the example configuration contains the top level of the hierarchy (or multiple hierarchies), the example is a *full example*. In this case, use the **load merge** command.

If the example configuration does not start at the top level of the hierarchy, the example is a *snippet*. In this case, use the **load merge relative** command. These procedures are described in the following sections.

Merging a Full Example

To merge a full example, follow these steps:

 From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration example into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following configuration to a file and name the file **ex-script.conf**. Copy the **ex-script.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
system {
    scripts {
        commit {
            file ex-script.xsl;
        }
    }
} interfaces {
    fxp0 {
        disable;
        unit 0 {
            family inet {
                address 10.0.0.1/24;
        }
    }
}
```

2. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the load merge configuration mode command:

```
[edit]
user@host# load merge /var/tmp/ex-script.conf
load complete
```

Merging a Snippet

To merge a snippet, follow these steps:

1. From the HTML or PDF version of the manual, copy a configuration snippet into a text file, save the file with a name, and copy the file to a directory on your routing platform.

For example, copy the following snippet to a file and name the file **ex-script-snippet.conf**. Copy the **ex-script-snippet.conf** file to the **/var/tmp** directory on your routing platform.

```
commit {
  file ex-script-snippet.xsl; }
```

2. Move to the hierarchy level that is relevant for this snippet by issuing the following configuration mode command:

[edit]
user@host# edit system scripts
[edit system scripts]

3. Merge the contents of the file into your routing platform configuration by issuing the load merge relative configuration mode command:

[edit system scripts]
user@host# load merge relative /var/tmp/ex-script-snippet.conf
load complete

For more information about the load command, see the CLI User Guide.

Documentation Conventions

Table 1 on page ix defines notice icons used in this guide.

Table 1: Notice Icons

Icon	Meaning	Description
i	Informational note	Indicates important features or instructions.
	Caution	Indicates a situation that might result in loss of data or hardware damage.
	Warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury or death.
*	Laser warning	Alerts you to the risk of personal injury from a laser.
0	Tip	Indicates helpful information.
	Best practice	Alerts you to a recommended use or implementation.

Table 2 on page x defines the text and syntax conventions used in this guide.

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions

Convention	Description	Examples	
Bold text like this	Represents text that you type.	To enter configuration mode, type the configure command: user@host> configure	
Fixed-width text like this	Represents output that appears on the terminal screen.	user@host> show chassis alarms No alarms currently active	
Italic text like this	 Introduces or emphasizes important new terms. Identifies guide names. Identifies RFC and Internet draft titles 		
Italic text like this	Represents variables (options for which you substitute a value) in commands or configuration statements.	Configure the machine's domain name [edit] root@# set system domain-name domain-name	
Text like this	Represents names of configuration statements, commands, files, and directories; configuration hierarchy levels; or labels on routing platform components.	 To configure a stub area, include the stub statement at the [edit protocols ospf area area-id] hierarchy level. The console port is labeled CONSOLE 	
< > (angle brackets)	Encloses optional keywords or variables.	stub <default-metric metric="">;</default-metric>	
(pipe symbol)	Indicates a choice between the mutually exclusive keywords or variables on either side of the symbol. The set of choices is often enclosed in parentheses for clarity.	broadcast multicast (string1 string2 string3)	
# (pound sign)	Indicates a comment specified on the same line as the configuration statement to which it applies.	rsvp { # Required for dynamic MPLS only	
[] (square brackets)	Encloses a variable for which you can substitute one or more values.	community name members [community-ids]	
Indention and braces ({ })	Identifies a level in the configuration hierarchy.	[edit] routing-options { static {	
; (semicolon)	nicolon) Identifies a leaf statement at a configuration hierarchy level.		

Table 2: Text and Syntax Conventions (continued)

Convention	Description	Examples
Bold text like this	Represents graphical user interface (GUI) items you click or select.	 In the Logical Interfaces box, select All Interfaces. To cancel the configuration, click Cancel.
> (bold right angle bracket)	Separates levels in a hierarchy of menu selections.	In the configuration editor hierarchy, select Protocols>Ospf .

Documentation Feedback

We encourage you to provide feedback, comments, and suggestions so that we can improve the documentation. You can provide feedback by using either of the following methods:

- Online feedback rating system—On any page at the Juniper Networks Technical
 Documentation site at http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/index.html, simply click the
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- Product warranties—For product warranty information, visit http://www.juniper.net/support/warranty/.
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- Find product documentation: http://www.juniper.net/techpubs/
- Find solutions and answer questions using our Knowledge Base: http://kb.juniper.net/
- Download the latest versions of software and review release notes: http://www.juniper.net/customers/csc/software/
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- Join and participate in the Juniper Networks Community Forum: http://www.juniper.net/company/communities/
- Open a case online in the CSC Case Management tool: http://www.juniper.net/cm/

To verify service entitlement by product serial number, use our Serial Number Entitlement (SNE) Tool: https://tools.juniper.net/SerialNumberEntitlementSearch/

Opening a Case with JTAC

You can open a case with JTAC on the Web or by telephone.

- Use the Case Management tool in the CSC at http://www.juniper.net/cm/.
- Call 1-888-314-JTAC (1-888-314-5822 toll-free in the USA, Canada, and Mexico).

For international or direct-dial options in countries without toll-free numbers, see http://www.juniper.net/support/requesting-support.html.

PART 1

Overview

• Channelized E1 Interfaces on page 3

CHAPTER 1

Channelized E1 Interfaces

• Channelized E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces Overview on page 3

Channelized E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces Overview

Each Channelized E1 PIC, Channelized E1 Intelligent Queuing (IQ) PIC and Channelized E1 Enhanced Intelligent Queuing (IQE) PIC has 10 E1 ports that you can channelize to the **NxDSO** level. Each E1 interface has 32 time slots (DSO), in which time slot 0 is reserved. You can combine one or more of these DSO time slots (channels) to create a channel group **NxDSO**.

PART 2

Configuration

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- Network Interfaces Configuration Statements and Hierarchy on page 15
- Statement Summary on page 39

CHAPTER 2

Channelized E1 Interfaces

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Configuring Channelized E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces

- Configuring E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces on page 7
- Configuring Fractional E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces on page 7
- Configuring NxDS0 IQ and IQE Interfaces on page 8



NOTE: Class-of-service (CoS) rules cannot be applied to an individual channel configured on channelized IQ and IQE interfaces. You can only apply CoS rules to the aggregate bit streams.

Configuring E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces

To configure an E1 interface, include the **no-partition** and **interface-type** statements at the **[edit interfaces ce1-fpc/pic/port]** hierarchy level:

[edit interfaces cel-fpc/pic/port] no-partition interface-type el;

This configuration creates interface el-fpc/pic/port.

Configuring Fractional E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces

By default, all the time slots on a channelized E1 interface are used. To configure a fractional E1 interface on a Channelized E1 IQ PIC, perform the following tasks:

 Include the no-partition statement at the [edit interfaces cel-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level:

[edit interfaces cel-fpc/pic/port] no-partition interface-type el;

This configuration creates interface el-fpc/pic/port.

 Configure the number of time slots allocated to the E1 IQ or IQE interface by including the timeslots statement at the [edit interfaces e1-fpc/pic/port e1-options] hierarchy level:

[edit interfaces el-fpc/pic/port el-options] timeslots time-slot-range;

NxDS0 time slots configured on either a channelized STM1 IQ or IQE interface or a channelized E1 IQ or IQE interface are numbered from 1 to 31 (0 is reserved), while fractional E1 time slots are numbered from 2 to 32 (1 is reserved).

To configure ranges, use hyphens. To configure discontinuous time slots, use commas. Do not include spaces.

For more information about E1 time slots, see Configuring Fractional E1 Time Slots.

Example: Configuring Fractional E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces

Configure a fractional E1 interface that uses time slots 2 through 10:

[edit interfaces ce1-0/0/0] no-partition interface-type e1; [edit interfaces e1-0/0/0 e1-options] timeslots 2-10;

For a full configuration example, see the *Junos OS Feature Guides*.

Configuring NxDSO IQ and IQE Interfaces

By default, all the time slots on a channelized E1 interface are used. To configure an NxDSO IQ interface on a Channelized E1 IQ or IQE PIC, you must configure the number of time slots allocated to the NxDSO IQ or IQE interface by including the partition, timeslots, and interface-type statements at the [edit interfaces ce1-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level, specifying the ds interface type:

[edit interfaces ce1-fpc/pic/port]
partition partition-number timeslots time-slot-range interface-type ds;

For channelized E1 IQ and IQE interfaces, the partition number range is from 1 through 31.

For E1 IQ and IQE interfaces (e1-fpc/pic/port), the time-slot range is from 2 through 31. For channelized E1 IQ and IQE interfaces (ce1-fpc/pic/port), the time-slot range is from 1 through 31. You can designate any combination of time slots. To configure ranges, use hyphens. To configure discontinuous time slots, use commas. Do not include spaces. For more information about E1 time slots, see *Configuring Fractional E1 Time Slots*.

Example: Configuring an NxDSO IQ or IQE Interface

Configure an NxDSO interface that uses time slots 2 through 10. This configuration creates the **ds-0/0/0:1:1** interface.

[edit interfaces ce1-0/0/0:1] partition 1 timeslots 2-10 interface-type ds;

For a full configuration example, see the *Junos OS Feature Guides*.

Configuring Channelized E1 Interfaces

By default, all the time slots on a channelized E1 interface are used. There can be a maximum of 24 channel groups per channelized E1 interface. Thus, you can configure a maximum of 240 channel groups per PIC.

To specify the DSO channel group number in the interface name, include a colon (:) as a separator. For example, a Channelized E1 PIC might have the following physical and virtual interfaces:

ds-0/0/0:x

where x is a DSO channel group from 0 through 23 (for more information about ranges, see Table 3 on page 10).

You can use any of the values within the range available for x; you do not have to configure the links sequentially. In addition, the Junos OS applies the interface options you configure according to the following rules:

• To configure the **e1-options** statement, you must set channel group ${\it x}$ to **0**:

ds-0/0/0:0

- There are no restrictions on configuring the ds0-options statement.
- If you delete a configuration you previously committed for channel group 0, the options return to default values.

To configure the channel groups and time slots for a channelized E1 interface, include the following statements at the **[edit chassis]** hierarchy level:



NOTE: If you commit the interface name but do not include the [edit chassis] configuration, the Channelized E1 PIC behaves like a standard E1 PIC, and none of the DSO functionality is accessible.

There are 32 time slots on an E1 interface; however, time slot 0 is reserved. You can designate any combination of time slots. To configure ranges, use hyphens. To configure discontinuous time slots, use commas. Do not include spaces.

Table 3 on page 10 shows the ranges you can specify.

Table 3: Ranges for Channelized E1 Configuration

Item	Option	Range
FPC slot	slot-number	0 through 7 (see note below)
PIC slot	pic-number	0 through 3
E1 link	link-number	0 through 9
DS0 channel group	group-number	0 through 23
Time slot	time-slot-range	0 through 31 (with time slot 0 reserved) (see note below)

The theoretical maximum number of channel groups possible per PIC is 10 * 24 = 240. This is within the maximum bandwidth available.



NOTE: NxDS0 time slots configured on either a channelized STM1 IQ or IQE interface or channelized E1 IQ or IQE interface are numbered from 1 to 31 (0 is reserved), while fractional E1 time slots range from 2 to 32 (1 is reserved).

The FPC slot range depends on the router. For a routing matrix, the range is from 0 through 31. For M40, M40e, M160, M320, M120, and other T Series routers, the range is from 0 through 7. For M20 routers, the range is from 0 through 3. For M10 and M10i routers, the range is from 0 through 1. For M5 and M7i routers, the only applicable value is 0.

Configuring Channelized E1 Interface Properties

To configure channelized E1 interface properties, include the **e1-options** statement at the **[edit interfaces** *interface-name*] hierarchy level:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
e1-options {
  fcs (16 | 32);
  framing (g704 | g704-no-crc4 | unframed);
  idle-cycle-flag (flags | ones);
  loopback (local | remote);
  start-end-flag (filler | shared);
}
```

To specify options for each of the DSO channels, include the **dsO-options** statement at the **[edit interfaces** *interface-name*] hierarchy level:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name]
ds0-options {
  byte-encoding (nx56 | nx64);
  fcs (16 | 32);
  idle-cycle-flag (flags | ones);
```

```
loopback payload;
start-end-flag (filler | shared);
}
```

For DSO channels on a channelized E1 interface, the **clocking** statement is supported only for channel 0; it is ignored if included in the configuration of channels 1 through 11. The clock source configured for channel 0 applies to all channels on the channelized E1 interface. The individual DSO channels use a gapped 45-MHz clock as the transmit clock. When you configure the clock source for a channelized interface—**ds-fpc/pic/port:0**, for example—you must also include the **channel-group** statement at the **[edit chassis]** hierarchy level, and specify channel group 0. For more information, see *Clock Sources on Channelized Interfaces*.

Only a subset of the E1 options is valid for the channelized configuration; you specify the time slots using the [edit chassis] configuration described in Examples: Interface Naming. For more information about the E1 and DSO options, see E1 Interfaces OverviewE1 Interfaces Overview and T1 Interfaces Overview.

Each E1 interface has 32 time slots (DSOs), in which time slot 0 is reserved. You can combine one or more of these DSO time slots (channels) to create a channel group (NxDSO). There can be a maximum of 24 channel groups per E1 interface.

Example: Configuring Channelized E1 IQ or IQE Interfaces

Configure a channelized E1 interface as an unpartitioned, clear channel:

Configuring an E1 Interface

```
[edit interfaces]
cel-2/0/0 {
   no-partition interface-type el; # el-2/0/0
}
```

The following configuration is sufficient to get the channelized E1 IQ or IQE interface up and running:

Configuring Multiple Interface Types

```
[edit]
interfaces {
  ce1-1/2/3 {
    partition 1 timeslots 10 interface-type ds; # ds-1/2/3:1
    partition 2 timeslots 1-9 interface-type ds; # ds-1/2/3:2
  }
  ds-1/2/3:1 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 10.25.1.2/24;
    }
  }
  ds-1/2/3:2 {
    unit 0 {
      family inet {
        address 10.25.2.2/24;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
[edit]
interfaces {
    cel-1/2/6 {
        no-partition interface-type el; # el-1/2/6
    }
    el-1/2/6 {
        el-options {
            timeslots 1-2;
        }
        unit 0 {
            family inet {
                address 10.255.126.2/24;
        }
        }
    }
}
```

Example: Configuring Channelized E1 Interfaces

[edit chassis]

The following configuration is sufficient to get the channelized E1 interface up and running:

Configuring an E1 Interface, E1 Options, and DS0 Options

```
fpc 0 {
  pic 1 {
    cel {
      e10{
        channel-group 0 timeslots 1;
        channel-group 1 timeslots 2;
        channel-group 5 timeslots 5-7;
      el 4 {
        channel-group 10 timeslots 11,17,28-31;
      }
    3
  }
[edit interfaces ds-0/1/0:0]
el-options {
  fcs 32:
  framing g704-non-grc;
  loopback remote;
[edit interfaces ds-0/1/4:10]
ds0-options {
  byte-encoding nx56;
  start-end-flag filler;
}
```

The above configuration results in the following interfaces:

```
ds-0/1/0:1, with time slot 1 allocated
ds-0/1/0:5, with time slots 5 through 7 allocated
ds-0/1/4:10, with time slots 11, 17, and 28 through 31 allocated
```

The remaining ports (other than 0 and 4) remain as regular E1 interfaces (and follow the e1-0/1/x naming convention).

```
[edit chassis]
fpc 0 {
    pic 1 {
        cel {
            channel-group 1 timeslots 1;
            channel-group 5 timeslots 5-7;
        }
        el 4 {
            channel-group 10 timeslots 11,17, 28-31;
        }
    }
}
```

Use Time Slots 1 Through 10 [edit chassis fpc *slot-number* pic *pic-number* cel el *link-number*] channel-group *group-number*; timeslots 1-10;

Use Time Slots 1 Through 5, 10, and 24 [edit chassis fpc slot-number pic pic-number cel el link-number] channel-group group-number; timeslots 1-5,10,24;

CHAPTER 3

Network Interfaces Configuration Statements and Hierarchy

- [edit chassis] Hierarchy Level on page 15
- [edit interfaces] Hierarchy Level on page 16
- [edit logical-systems] Hierarchy Level on page 32

[edit chassis] Hierarchy Level

```
chassis {
 aggregated-devices {
   ethernet {
     device-count number;
   sonet {
     device-count number;
   }
 channel-group number {
   ethernet {
     device-count number;
    fpc slot-number{
     pic pic-number {
        adaptive-services{
         service-package (layer-2 | layer-3);
       aggregate-ports;
       atm-cell-relay-accumulation;
       atm-l2circuit-mode (aal5 | cell | trunk trunk);
       cel {
         e1 link-number {
           channel-group group-number;
           timeslots time-slot-range;
         }
       }
       channelization;
       ct1 {
         t1 link-number {
           channel-group group-number;
           timeslots time-slot-range;
```

```
3
      }
     ct3 {
        port port-number {
         t1 link-number {
           channel-group group-number;
           timeslots time-slot-range;
         3
        }
       framing sdh;
      max-queues-per-interface number;
      mlfr-uni-nni-bundles num-intf;
      no-concatenate;
     shdsl {
       pic-mode (1-port-atm | 2-port-atm);
      vtmapping (klm | itu-t);
   3
  }
  fpc slot-number{
  pic pic-number{
    account-layer2-overhead
      egress-policer-overhead bytes;
     ingress-policer-overhead bytes;
    }
  }
}
```

[edit interfaces] Hierarchy Level

The statements at the [edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number] hierarchy level can also be configured at the [edit logical-systems logical-system-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number] hierarchy level.



NOTE: The accounting-profile statement is an exception to this rule. The accounting-profile statement can be configured at the [edit interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number] hierarchy level, but it cannot be configured at the [edit logical-systems logical-system-name interfaces interface-name unit logical-unit-number] hierarchy level.

```
interfaces {
  traceoptions {
    file filename < files number > < match regular-expression > < size size > < world-readable |
        no-world-readable > ;
    flag flag < disable > ;
  }
  interface-name {
    accounting-profile name;
    aggregated-ether-options {
        (flow-control | no-flow-control);
        lacp {
```

```
(active | passive);
    link-protection {
     disable:
    (revertive | non-revertive);
    periodic interval;
    system-priority priority;
  link-protection;
  link-speed speed;
  (loopback | no-loopback);
  mc-ae{
    chassis-id chassis-id;
    mc-ae-id mc-ae-id;
    mode (active-active | active-standby);
    redundancy-group group-id;
    status-control (active | standby);
  minimum-links number;
  source-address-filter {
    mac-address;
  (source-filtering | no-source-filtering);
aggregated-sonet-options {
 link-speed speed | mixed;
 minimum-links number;
}
atm-options {
 cell-bundle-size cells;
 ilmi;
  linear-red-profiles profile-name {
    high-plp-max-threshold percent;
    low-plp-max-threshold percent;
    queue-depth cells high-plp-threshold percent low-plp-threshold percent;
  mpls {
    pop-all-labels {
     required-depth number;
    }
  }
  pic-type (atm1 | atm2);
  plp-to-clp;
  promiscuous-mode {
    vpi vpi-identifier;
  scheduler-maps map-name {
    forwarding-class class-name {
     epd-threshold cells plp1 cells;
     linear-red-profile profile-name;
     priority (high | low);
     transmit-weight (cells number | percent number);
    vc-cos-mode (alternate | strict);
  use-null-cw;
    vpi vpi-identifier {
```

```
maximum-vcs maximum-vcs;
    oam-liveness {
      down-count cells;
      up-count cells;
    oam-period (seconds | disable);
    shaping {
      (cbr rate | rtvbr peak rate sustained rate burst length | vbr peak rate sustained rate
        burst length);
      queue-length number;
 3
}
clocking clock-source;
data-input (system | interface interface-name);
dce;
serial-options {
  clock-rate rate;
 clocking-mode (dce | internal | loop);
  control-polarity (negative | positive);
  cts-polarity (negative | positive);
  dcd-polarity (negative | positive);
  dce-options {
    control-signal (assert | de-assert | normal);
    cts (ignore | normal | require);
    dcd (ignore | normal | require);
    dsr (ignore | normal | require);
    dtr signal-handling-option;
    ignore-all;
    indication (ignore | normal | require);
    rts (assert | de-assert | normal);
    tm (ignore | normal | require);
  dsr-polarity (negative | positive);
  dte-options {
    control-signal (assert | de-assert | normal);
    cts (ignore | normal | require);
    dcd (ignore | normal | require);
    dsr (ignore | normal | require);
    dtr signal-handling-option;
    ignore-all;
    indication (ignore | normal | require);
    rts (assert | de-assert | normal);
    tm (ignore | normal | require);
  dtr-circuit (balanced | unbalanced);
  dtr-polarity (negative | positive);
  encoding (nrz | nrzi);
 indication-polarity (negative | positive);
  line-protocol protocol;
 loopback mode;
  rts-polarity (negative | positive);
  tm-polarity (negative | positive);
  transmit-clock invert;
description text;
```

```
dialer-options {
 pool pool-name < priority priority >;
}
disable;
ds0-options {
 bert-algorithm algorithm;
 bert-error-rate rate;
 bert-period seconds;
  byte-encoding (nx56 | nx64);
  fcs (16 | 32);
 idle-cycle-flag (flags | ones);
 invert-data;
 loopback payload;
 start-end-flag (filler | shared);
}
el-options {
 bert-error-rate rate;
 bert-period seconds;
  fcs (16 | 32);
  framing (g704 | g704-no-crc4 | unframed);
  idle-cycle-flag (flags | ones);
 invert-data;
 loopback (local | remote);
  start-end-flag (filler | shared);
  timeslots time-slot-range;
}
e3-options {
 atm-encapsulation (direct | plcp);
 bert-algorithm algorithm;
 bert-error-rate rate;
  bert-period seconds;
  framing feet;
  compatibility-mode (digital-link | kentrox | larscom) < subrate value >;
  fcs (16 | 32);
  framing (g.751 | g.832);
  idle-cycle-flag (filler | shared);
 invert-data;
 loopback (local | remote);
  (payload-scrambler | no-payload-scrambler);
  start-end-flag (filler | shared);
  (unframed | no-unframed);
}
encapsulation type;
es-options {
 backup-interface es-fpc/pic/port;
fastether-options {
  802.3ad aex;
  (flow-control | no-flow-control);
  ignore-l3-incompletes;
  ingress-rate-limit rate;
  (loopback | no-loopback);
  mpls {
    pop-all-labels {
      required-depth number;
    }
```

```
}
 source-address-filter {
   mac-address;
  (source-filtering | no-source-filtering);
flexible-vlan-tagging;
gigether-options {
  802.3ad aex;
  (asynchronous-notification | no-asynchronous-notification);
  (auto-negotiation | no-auto-negotiation) remote-fault < local-interface-online |
    local-interface-offline>;
  auto-reconnect seconds;
  (flow-control | no-flow-control);
  ignore-l3-incompletes;
  (loopback | no-loopback);
  mpls {
    pop-all-labels {
     required-depth number;
    }
  }
 no-auto-mdix;
  source-address-filter {
   mac-address;
  }
  (source-filtering | no-source-filtering);
  ethernet-switch-profile {
    (mac-learn-enable | no-mac-learn-enable);
    tag-protocol-id [ tpids ];
    ethernet-policer-profile {
      input-priority-map {
        ieee802.1p premium [ values ];
     output-priority-map {
        classifier {
          premium {
            forwarding-class class-name {
              loss-priority (high | low);
            }
          }
      }
     policer cos-policer-name {
        aggregate {
          bandwidth-limit bps;
          burst-size-limit bytes;
        premium {
          bandwidth-limit bps;
          burst-size-limit bytes;
        }
     }
   }
 }
(gratuitous-arp-reply | no-gratuitous-arp-reply);
```

```
hold-time up milliseconds down milliseconds;
ima-group-options {
  differential-delay number;
  frame-length (32 | 64 | 128 | 256);
  frame-synchronization {
    alpha number;
   beta number;
   gamma number;
  }
  minimum-links number;
  symmetry (symmetrical-config-and-operation |
    symmetrical-config-asymmetrical-operation);
  test-procedure {
   ima-test-start;
   ima-test-stop;
   interface name;
   pattern number;
   period number;
 transmit-clock (common | independent);
 version (1.0 |1.1);
ima-link-options group-id group-id;
interface-set interface-set-name {
 interface ethernet-interface-name {
    (unit unit-number | vlan-tags-outer vlan-tag);
  }
 interface interface-name {
    (unit unit-number);
  3
}
isdn-options {
 bchannel-allocation (ascending | descending);
 calling-number number;
  pool pool-name < priority priority >;
  spid1 spid-string;
  spid2 spid-string;
  static-tei-val value;
 switch-type (att5e | etsi | nil | ntdms100 | ntt);
 t310 seconds;
  tei-option (first-call | power-up);
}
keepalives <down-count number> <interval seconds> <up-count number>;
link-mode mode;
lmi {
 lmi-type (ansi | itu | c-lmi);
 n391dte number;
  n392dce number;
 n392dte number;
 n393dce number;
 n393dte number;
 t391dte seconds;
  t392dce seconds;
lsq-failure-options {
  no-termination-request;
```

```
[ trigger-link-failure interface-name ];
}
mac mac-address;
mlfr-uni-nni-bundle-options {
  acknowledge-retries number;
  acknowledge-timer milliseconds;
  action-red-differential-delay (disable-tx | remove-link);
  drop-timeout milliseconds;
  fragment-threshold bytes;
  cisco-interoperability send-lip-remove-link-for-link-reject;
  hello-timer milliseconds;
  link-layer-overhead percent;
  lmi-type (ansi | itu | c-lmi);
  minimum-links number;
  mrru bytes;
 n391 number;
 n392 number;
  n393 number;
 red-differential-delay milliseconds;
  t391 seconds;
 t392 seconds;
 yellow-differential-delay milliseconds;
modem-options {
  dialin (console | routable);
 init-command-string initialization-command-string;
}
mtu bytes;
multi-chassis-protection {
  peer a.b.c.d {
   interfaceinterface-name;
    3
  3
multiservice-options {
  (core-dump | no-core-dump);
  (syslog | no-syslog);
native-vlan-id number;
no-gratuitous-arp-request;
no-keepalives;
no-partition {
 interface-type type;
}
no-vpivci-swapping;
otn-options {
  fec (efec | gfec | none);
  (laser-enable | no-laser-enable);
  (line-loopback | no-line-loopback);
  pass-thru;
  rate (fixed-stuff-bytes | no-fixed-stuff-bytes | pass-thru);
  transmit-payload-type number;
  trigger (oc-lof | oc-lom | oc-los | oc-wavelength-lock | odu-ais | odu-bbe-th | odu-bdi
   odu-es-th odu-lck odu-oci odu-sd odu-ses-th odu-ttim odu-uas-th
   opu-ptm | otu-ais | otu-bbe-th | otu-bdi | otu-es-th | otu-fec-deg | otu-fec-exe |
   otu-iae | otu-sd | otu-ses-th | otu-ttim | otu-uas-th);
  tti;
```

```
}
optics-options {
  wavelength nm;
  alarm alarm-name {
   (syslog | link-down);
 warning warning-name {
    (syslog | link-down);
  }
}
partition partition-number oc-slice oc-slice-range interface-type type;
timeslots time-slot-range;
passive-monitor-mode;
per-unit-scheduler;
ppp-options {
 chap {
    access-profile name;
    default-chap-secret name;
   local-name name;
   passive;
  }
  compression {
    acfc;
   pfc;
  }
  dynamic-profile profile-name;
  no-termination-request;
  pap {
    access-profile name;
   local-name name;
   local-password password;
   compression;
psn-vcipsn-vci-identifier;
psn-vpipsn-vpi-identifier;
receive-bucket {
  overflow (discard | tag);
 rate percentage;
 threshold bytes;
}
redundancy-options {
  priority sp-fpc/pic/port;
 secondary sp-fpc/pic/port;
 hot-standby;
}
satop-options {
 payload-size n;
schedulers number;
serial-options {
 clock-rate rate;
 clocking-mode (dce | internal | loop);
  control-polarity (negative | positive);
  cts-polarity (negative | positive);
  dcd-polarity (negative | positive);
```

```
dce-options {
    control-signal (assert | de-assert | normal);
    cts (ignore | normal | require);
    dcd (ignore | normal | require);
    dsr (ignore | normal | require);
    dtr signal-handling-option;
    ignore-all;
    indication (ignore | normal | require);
    rts (assert | de-assert | normal);
    tm (ignore | normal | require);
  dsr-polarity (negative | positive);
  dte-options {
    control-signal (assert | de-assert | normal);
    cts (ignore | normal | require);
    dcd (ignore | normal | require);
    dsr (ignore | normal | require);
    dtr signal-handling-option;
    ignore-all;
    indication (ignore | normal | require);
    rts (assert | de-assert | normal);
    tm (ignore | normal | require);
  dtr-circuit (balanced | unbalanced);
  dtr-polarity (negative | positive);
  encoding (nrz | nrzi);
  indication-polarity (negative | positive);
  line-protocol protocol;
 loopback mode;
  rts-polarity (negative | positive);
  tm-polarity (negative | positive);
  transmit-clock invert;
services-options {
 inactivity-timeout seconds;
  open-timeout seconds;
  session-limit {
    maximum number;
    rate new-sessions-per-second;
    }
    syslog {
    host hostname {
      facility-override facility-name;
      log-prefix prefix-number;
      services priority-level;
    }
  }
shdsl-options {
  annex (annex-a | annex-b);
  line-rate line-rate;
  loopback (local | remote);
  snr-margin {
    current margin;
    snext margin;
  }
```

```
}
sonet-options {
  aggregate asx;
 aps {
    advertise-interval milliseconds;
    annex-b;
    authentication-key key;
    fast-aps-switch;
    force;
    hold-time milliseconds;
    lockout;
    neighbor address;
    paired-group group-name;
    preserve-interface;
    protect-circuit group-name;
    request;
    revert-time seconds;
    switching-mode (bidirectional | unidirectional);
    working-circuit group-name;
  }
  bytes {
    c2 value;
    e1-quiet value;
    fl value;
    f2 value;
    s1 value;
    z3 value;
   z4 value;
  fcs (16 | 32);
  loopback (local | remote);
  mpls {
    pop-all-labels {
     required-depth number;
  }
  path-trace trace-string;
  (payload-scrambler | no-payload-scrambler);
 rfc-2615;
 trigger {
    defect ignore;
    hold-time up milliseconds down milliseconds;
  }
 vtmapping (itu-t | klm);
  (z0-increment | no-z0-increment);
speed (10m | 100m | 1g | oc3 | oc12 | oc48);
stacked-vlan-tagging;
switch-options {
 switch-port port-number {
    (auto-negotiation | no-auto-negotiation);
    speed (10m | 100m | 1g);
    link-mode (full-duplex | half-duplex);
 3
}
t1-options {
```

```
bert-algorithm algorithm;
  bert-error-rate rate;
  bert-period seconds;
 buildout value;
  byte-encoding (nx56 | nx64);
  crc-major-alarm-threshold (1e-3 | 5e-4 | 1e-4 | 5e-5 | 1e-5);
  crc-minor-alarm-threshold (1e-3 | 5e-4 | 1e-4 | 5e-5 | 1e-5 | 5e-6 | 1e-6);
  fcs (16 | 32);
  framing (esf | sf);
  idle-cycle-flag (flags | ones);
 invert-data;
  line-encoding (ami | b8zs);
  loopback (local | payload | remote);
  remote-loopback-respond;
  start-end-flag (filler | shared);
  timeslots time-slot-range;
}
t3-options {
 atm-encapsulation (direct | plcp);
 bert-algorithm algorithm;
  bert-error-rate rate;
 bert-period seconds;
  buildout feet;
  (cbit-parity | no-cbit-parity);
  compatibility-mode (adtran | digital-link | kentrox | larscom | verilink) < subrate
    value>;
  fcs (16 | 32);
  (feac-loop-respond | no-feac-loop-respond);
  idle-cycle-flag value;
  (long-buildout | no-long-buildout);
  (loop-timing | no-loop-timing);
  loopback (local | payload | remote);
  (mac | no-mac);
  (payload-scrambler | no-payload-scrambler);
  start-end-flag (filler | shared);
traceoptions {
  flag flag <flag-modifier> <disable>;
}
transmit-bucket {
 overflow discard;
 rate percentage;
 threshold bytes;
}
(traps | no-traps);
unidirectional;
vlan-tagging;
vlan-vci-tagging;
unit logical-unit-number {
  accept-source-mac {
    mac-address mac-address {
      policer {
        input cos-policer-name;
        output cos-policer-name;
      }
    }
```

```
account-layer2-overhead {
  value;
  egress bytes;
  ingress bytes;
accounting-profile name;
advisory-options {
  downstream-rate rate;
  upstream-rate rate;
allow-any-vci;
atm-scheduler-map (map-name | default);
backup-options {
  interface interface-name;
}
bandwidth rate;
cell-bundle-size cells;
clear-dont-fragment-bit;
compression {
  rtp {
   f-max-period number;
   maximum-contexts number <force>;
   queues [ queue-numbers ];
   port {
     minimum port-number;
     maximum port-number;
    }
  }
compression-device interface-name;
copy-tos-to-outer-ip-header;
demux-destination family;
demux-source family;
demux-options {
  underlying-interface interface-name;
description text;
interface {
  l2tp-interface-id name;
  (dedicated | shared);
3
dialer-options {
  activation-delay seconds;
  callback;
  callback-wait-period time;
  deactivation-delay seconds;
  dial-string [ dial-string-numbers ];
  idle-timeout seconds;
  incoming-map {
   caller (caller-id | accept-all);
   initial-route-check seconds;
   load-interval seconds;
   load-threshold percent;
   pool pool-name;
    redial-delay time;
```

```
watch-list {
      [routes];
   }
 }
}
disable;
disable-mlppp-inner-ppp-pfc;
dlci dlci-identifier;
drop-timeout milliseconds;
dynamic-call-admission-control {
  activation-priority priority;
  bearer-bandwidth-limit kilobits-per-second;
}
encapsulation type;
epd-threshold cells plp1 cells;
fragment-threshold bytes;
inner-vlan-id-range start start-id end end-id;
input-vlan-map {
  (pop | pop-pop | pop-swap | push | push-push | swap | swap-push | swap-swap);
  inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
  inner-vlan-id number;
  tag-protocol-id tpid;
  vlan-id number;
interleave-fragments;
inverse-arp;
layer2-policer {
  input-policer policer-name;
  input-three-color policer-name;
  output-policer policer-name;
  output-three-color policer-name;
link-layer-overhead percent;
minimum-links number;
mrru bytes;
multicast-dlci dlci-identifier;
multicast-vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
multilink-max-classes number;
multipoint;
oam-liveness {
  down-count cells;
  up-count cells;
}
oam-period (seconds | disable);
output-vlan-map {
  (pop | pop-pop | pop-swap | push | push-push | swap | swap-push | swap-swap);
  inner-tag-protocol-id tpid;
  inner-vlan-id number;
  tag-protocol-id tpid;
  vlan-id number;
passive-monitor-mode;
peer-unit unit-number;
plp-to-clp;
point-to-point;
ppp-options {
```

```
chap {
   access-profile name;
   default-chap-secret name;
   local-name name;
   passive;
  compression {
   acfc;
   pfc;
   pap;
   default-pap-password password;
   local-name name;
   local-password password;
   passive;
  }
  dynamic-profile profile-name;
 lcp-max-conf-req number;
 lcp-restart-timer milliseconds;
 loopback-clear-timer seconds;
  ncp-max-conf-req number;
 ncp-restart-timer milliseconds;
pppoe-options {
  access-concentrator name;
 auto-reconnect seconds;
  (client | server);
 service-name name;
 underlying-interface interface-name;
proxy-arp;
service-domain (inside | outside);
shaping {
  (cbr rate | rtvbr peak rate sustained rate burst length | vbr peak rate sustained rate
   burst length);
  queue-length number;
}
short-sequence;
transmit-weight number;
(traps | no-traps);
trunk-bandwidth rate;
trunk-id number;
tunnel {
  backup-destination address;
 destination address;
 key number;
 routing-instance {
   destination routing-instance-name;
 source source-address;
 ttl number;
vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
vci-range start start-vci end end-vci;
vpi vpi-identifier;
vlan-id number;
vlan-id-list [vlan-id vlan-id-vlan-id];
```

```
vlan-id-range number-number;
vlan-tags inner tpid.vlan-id outer tpid.vlan-id;
vlan-tags-outer tpid.vlan-id inner-list [vlan-id vlan-id-vlan-id];
family family {
 accounting {
   destination-class-usage;
   source-class-usage {
     direction;
   3
  }
  access-concentrator name;
  address address {
   destination address;
 bundle ml-fpc/pic/port | ls-fpc/pic/port);
  duplicate-protection;
  dynamic-profile profile-name;
  filter {
   group filter-group-number;
   input filter-name;
   input-list {
      [ filter-names ];
     output filter-name;
   output-list {
      [ filter-names ];
   }
  }
  ipsec-sa sa-name;
 keep-address-and-control;
  max-sessions number;
 max-sessions-vsa-ignore;
 mtu bytes;
 multicast-only;
 negotiate-address;
  no-redirects;
  policer {
   arp policer-template-name;
   input policer-template-name;
   output policer-template-name;
  }
  primary;
 proxy inet-address address;
  receive-options-packets;
  receive-ttl-exceeded;
  remote (inet-address address | mac-address address);
  rpf-check {
   fail-filter filter-name;
   mode loose;
  }
 sampling {
   direction;
  }
  service {
   input {
     service-set service-set-name < service-filter filter-name >;
```

```
post-service-filter filter-name;
  }
 output {
   service-set service-set-names < service-filter filter-name>;
}
service-name-table table-name;
short-cycle-protection < lockout-time-min minimum-seconds lockout-time-max
 maximum-seconds>;
targeted-broadcast {
  forward-and-send-to-re;
  forward-only;
}
(translate-discard-eligible | no-translate-discard-eligible);
(translate-fecn-and-becn | no-translate-fecn-and-becn);
translate-plp-control-word-de;
unnumbered-address interface-name < destination address destination-profile
 profile-name | preferred-source-address address>;
address address {
  arp ip-address (mac | multicast-mac) mac-address < publish >;
 broadcast address;
 destination address;
 destination-profile name;
 eui-64;
 multipoint-destination address (dlci dlci-identifier | vci vci-identifier);
 multipoint-destination address {
   epd-threshold cells plp1 cells;
   inverse-arp;
   oam-liveness {
      up-count cells;
      down-count cells;
   oam-period (seconds | disable);
   shaping {
      (cbr rate | rtvbr peak rate sustained rate burst length | vbr peak rate sustained
       rate burst length);
      queue-length number;
   vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
  }
 preferred;
 primary;
  (vrrp-group | vrrp-inet6-group) group-number {
    (accept-data | no-accept-data);
   advertise-interval seconds;
   authentication-type authentication;
   authentication-key key;
   fast-interval milliseconds;
    (preempt | no-preempt) {
      hold-time seconds;
    }
   priority-number number;
   track {
      priority-cost seconds;
      priority-hold-time interface-name {
        bandwidth-threshold bits-per-second {
```

```
priority;
}
interface priority;
}
route ip-address/mask routing-instance instance-name priority-cost cost;
}
virtual-address [ addresses ];
}
}
}
}
}
}
```

Related Documentation

- · Junos OS Hierarchy and RFC Reference
- Junos® OS Ethernet Interfaces
- Junos® OS Network Interfaces

[edit logical-systems] Hierarchy Level

The following lists the statements that can be configured at the [edit logical-systems] hierarchy level that are also documented in this manual. For more information about logical systems, see the *Logical Systems Configuration Guide*.

```
logical-systems logical-system-name {
  interfaces interface-name {
   unit logical-unit-number {
      accept-source-mac {
       mac-address mac-address {
         policer {
           input cos-policer-name;
           output cos-policer-name;
       }
      allow-any-vci;
      atm-scheduler-map (map-name | default);
      bandwidth rate;
      backup-options {
       interface interface-name;
      cell-bundle-size cells;
      clear-dont-fragment-bit;
      compression {
        rtp {
         f-max-period number;
         port {
           minimum port-number;
           maximum port-number;
         queues [ queue-numbers ];
       }
      }
```

```
compression-device interface-name;
description text;
interface {
  l2tp-interface-id name;
  (dedicated | shared);
dialer-options {
  activation-delay seconds;
  deactivation-delay seconds;
  dial-string [ dial-string-numbers ];
  idle-timeout seconds;
  initial-route-check seconds;
  load-threshold number;
  pool pool;
  remote-name remote-callers;
  watch-list {
    [routes];
  }
}
disable;
dlci dlci-identifier;
drop-timeout milliseconds;
dynamic-call-admission-control {
  activation-priority priority;
  bearer-bandwidth-limit kilobits-per-second;
}
encapsulation type;
epd-threshold cells plp1 cells;
fragment-threshold bytes;
input-vlan-map {
  inner-tag-protocol-id;
  inner-vlan-id;
  (pop | pop-pop | pop-swap | push | push-push | swap | swap-push | swap-swap);
  tag-protocol-id tpid;
  vlan-id number;
interleave-fragments;
inverse-arp;
layer2-policer {
  input-policer policer-name;
  input-three-color policer-name;
  output-policer policer-name;
  output-three-color policer-name;
}
link-layer-overhead percent;
minimum-links number;
mrru bytes;
multicast-dlci dlci-identifier;
multicast-vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
multilink-max-classes number;
multipoint;
oam-liveness {
  up-count cells;
  down-count cells;
oam-period (seconds | disable);
```

```
output-vlan-map {
  inner-tag-protocol-id;
 inner-vlan-id;
  (pop | pop-pop | pop-swap | push | push-push | swap | swap-swap);
  tag-protocol-id tpid;
  vlan-id number;
passive-monitor-mode;
peer-unit unit-number;
plp-to-clp;
point-to-point;
ppp-options {
  chap {
    access-profile name;
   default-chap-secret name;
   local-name name;
   passive;
  }
  compression {
   acfc;
   pfc;
  dynamic-profile profile-name;
  pap {
   default-pap-password password;
   local-name name;
   local-password password;
   passive;
  }
}
proxy-arp;
service-domain (inside | outside);
shaping {
  (cbr rate | rtvbr peak rate sustained rate burst length | vbr peak rate sustained rate
    burst length);
  queue-length number;
}
short-sequence;
transmit-weight number;
(traps | no-traps);
trunk-bandwidth rate;
trunk-id number;
tunnel {
  backup-destination address;
  destination address;
  key number;
  routing-instance {
   destination routing-instance-name;
  source source-address;
  ttl number;
vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
vlan-id number;
vlan-id-list [vlan-id vlan-id-vlan-id]
```

```
vlan-tags inner tpid.vlan-id outer tpid.vlan-id;
vlan-tags outer tpid.vlan-id inner-list [vlan-id vlan-id-vlan-id]
vpi vpi-identifier;
family family {
  accounting {
   destination-class-usage;
   source-class-usage {
      direction;
    }
 bundle interface-name;
 filter {
    group filter-group-number;
   input filter-name;
   input-list {
      [ filter-names ];
   output filter-name;
   output-list {
      [ filter-names ];
  ipsec-sa sa-name;
  keep-address-and-control;
  mtu bytes;
 multicast-only;
  no-redirects;
  policer {
   arp policer-template-name;
   input policer-template-name;
   output policer-template-name;
  }
  primary;
 proxy inet-address address;
  receive-options-packets;
  receive-ttl-exceeded;
  remote (inet-address address | mac-address address);
  rpf-check <fail-filter filter-name > {
    <mode loose>;
  }
  sampling {
   direction;
  }
 service {
      service-set service-set-name < service-filter filter-name >;
      post-service-filter filter-name;
   output {
      service-set service-set-name < service-filter filter-name >;
    }
  }
  (translate-discard-eligible | no-translate-discard-eligible);
  (translate-fecn-and-becn | no-translate-fecn-and-becn);
  unnumbered-address interface-name destination address destination-profile
   profile-name;
```

```
arp ip-address (mac | multicast-mac) mac-address <publish>;
      broadcast address;
      destination address;
      destination-profile name;
      eui-64;
      multipoint-destination address (dlci dlci-identifier | vci vci-identifier);
      multipoint-destination address {
        epd-threshold cells plp1 cells;
        inverse-arp;
        oam-liveness {
          up-count cells;
          down-count cells;
        oam-period (seconds | disable);
        shaping {
          (cbr rate | rtvbr peak rate sustained rate burst length | vbr peak rate sustained
            rate burst length);
          queue-length number;
        }
        vci vpi-identifier.vci-identifier;
      }
      preferred;
      primary;
      (vrrp-group | vrrp-inet6-group) group-number {
        (accept-data | no-accept-data);
        advertise-interval seconds;
        authentication-type authentication;
        authentication-key key;
        fast-interval milliseconds;
        (preempt | no-preempt) {
          hold-time seconds;
        priority-number number;
        track {
          priority-cost seconds;
          priority-hold-time interface-name {
            interface priority;
            bandwidth-threshold bits-per-second {
              priority;
            3
          }
          route ip-address/mask routing-instance instance-name priority-cost cost;
        }
      virtual-address [ addresses ];
3
```

Related Documentation

· Junos OS Hierarchy and RFC Reference

address address {

• Junos® OS Ethernet Interfaces

• Junos® OS Network Interfaces

CHAPTER 4

Statement Summary

- byte-encoding on page 40
- el-options on page 41
- fast-aps-switch on page 42
- fcs on page 43
- framing (E1, E3, and T1 Interfaces) on page 44
- idle-cycle-flag on page 45
- interface-type (Interfaces) on page 46
- loopback (ADSL, DSO, E1/E3, SONET/SDH, SHDSL, and T1/T3) on page 48
- partition on page 50
- start-end-flag on page 51
- timeslots on page 52
- no-partition on page 54

byte-encoding

Syntax byte-encoding (nx56 | nx64);

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces *interface-name* ds0-options], [edit interfaces *interface-name* t1-options]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for the ACX Series Universal Access

Routers.

Description Set the byte encoding on a DSO or T1 interface to use 7 bits per byte or 8 bits per byte.



NOTE: When configuring T1 interfaces on the 10-port Channelized E1/T1 IQE PIC, the byte-encoding statement must be included at the [edit interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level.

Default The default byte encoding is 8 bits per byte (nx64).

Options nx56—Use 7 bits per byte.

nx64—Use 8 bits per byte.

Required Privilege interface—To view this statement in the configuration.

Level interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related • Configuring T1 Byte Encoding

Documentation

e1-options

```
Syntax el-options {
                         bert-algorithm algorithm;
                         bert-error-rate rate;
                         bert-period seconds;
                         fcs (16 | 32);
                         framing (g704 | g704-no-crc4 | unframed);
                         idle-cycle-flag (flags | ones);
                         invert-data;
                         loopback (local | remote);
                         start-end-flag (filler | shared);
                         timeslots time-slot-range;
     Hierarchy Level
                       [edit interfaces interface-name]
Release Information
                       Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.
                       Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for the ACX Series Universal Access
                       Routers.
        Description
                       Configure E1-specific physical interface properties.
                       The statements are explained separately.
  Required Privilege
                       interface—To view this statement in the configuration.
               Level
                       interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.
            Related
                       • Channelized E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces Overview on page 3
    Documentation
                       • Channelized STM1 Interfaces Overview
```

- El Interfaces Overview
- T1 Interfaces Overview

fast-aps-switch

Syntax fast-aps-switch;

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces interface-name sonet-options aps]

Release Information Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.1.

> Description (M320 routers with Channelized OC3/STM1 Circuit Emulation PIC with SFP only) Reduce the Automatic Protection Switching (APS) switchover time in Layer 2 circuits.



NOTE:

- Configuring this statement reduces the APS switchover time only when the Layer 2 circuit encapsulation type for the interface receiving traffic from a Layer 2 circuit neighbor is SAToP.
- · When the fast-aps-switch statement is configured in revertive APS mode, you must configure an appropriate value for revert time to achieve reduction in APS switchover time.
- To prevent the logical interfaces in the data path from being shut down, configure appropriate hold-time values on all the interfaces in the data path that support TDM.
- The fast-aps-switch statement cannot be configured when the APS annex-b option is configured.
- The interfaces that have the fast-aps-switch statement configured cannot be used in virtual private LAN service (VPLS) environments.

Required Privilege interface—To view this statement in the configuration. Level

interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related • Reducing APS Switchover Time in Layer 2 Circuits Documentation

fcs

Syntax fcs (16 | 32);

Hierarchy Level [edit in

[edit interfaces e1-fpc/pic/port], [edit interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces interface-name ds0-options], [edit interfaces interface-name e1-options], [edit interfaces interface-name e3-options], [edit interfaces interface-name sonet-options], [edit interfaces interface-name t1-options], [edit interfaces interface-name t3-options]

Release Information

Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for the ACX Series Universal Access Routers.

Description

For E1/E3, SONET/SDH, and T1/T3 interfaces, configure the frame checksum (FCS) on the interface. The checksum must be the same on both ends of the interface.

On a channelized OC12 interface, the SONET/SDH **fcs** statement is not supported. To configure FCS on each DS3 channel, you must include the **t3-options fcs** statement in the configuration for each channel. For SONET/SDH, the channelized OC12 interface supports DS3 to STS-1 to OC12. For SDH, the channelized OC12 interface supports *Nx*DS3 to *Nx*VC3 to AU3 to STM.



NOTE: When configuring E1 or T1 interfaces on 10-port Channelized E1/T1 IQE PICs, the fcs statement must be included at the [edit interfaces e1-fpc/pic/port] or [edit interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level as appropriate.

Options

16—Use a 16-bit frame checksum on the interface.

32—Use a 32-bit frame checksum on the interface. Using a 32-bit checksum provides more reliable packet verification, but some older equipment might not support 32-bit checksums.

Default: 16

Required Privilege

interface—To view this statement in the configuration.

Level interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

- · Configuring the E1 Frame Checksum
- Configuring the E3 Frame Checksum
- Configuring the SONET/SDH Frame Checksum
- Configuring the T1 Frame Checksum
- Configuring the T3 Frame Checksum

framing (E1, E3, and T1 Interfaces)

 $\textbf{Syntax} \quad \text{framing } (\texttt{g704} \,|\, \texttt{g704-no-crc4} \,|\, \texttt{g.751} \,|\, \texttt{g.832} \,|\, \texttt{unframed} \,|\, \texttt{sf} \,|\, \texttt{esf});$

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces ce1-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces ct1-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces at-fpc/pic/port e3-options], [edit interfaces e1-fpc/pic/port e1-options], [edit interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port t1-options]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for the ACX Series Universal Access

Routers.

Description Configure the framing format.



NOTE: When configuring CEI or CTI interfaces on 10-port Channelized E1/T1 IQE PICs, the framing statement must be included at the [edit interfaces ce1-fpc/pic/port] or [edit interfaces ct1-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level as appropriate.

Default esf for T1 interfaces; g704 for E1 interfaces. There is no default value for E3 over ATM

interfaces.

Options esf—Extended superframe (ESF) mode for T1 interfaces.

g704—G.704 framing format for E1 interfaces.

g704-no-crc4—G.704 framing with no cyclic redundancy check 4 (CRC4) for E1 interfaces.

g.751—G.751 framing format for E3 over ATM interfaces.

g.832—G.832 framing format for E3 over ATM interfaces.

sf—Superframe (SF) mode for T1 interfaces.

unframed—Unframed mode for E1 interfaces.

Required Privilege interface—To view this statement in the configuration.

Level interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

· Configuring E1 Framing

• Configuring E3 and T3 Parameters on ATM Interfaces

Configuring T1 Framing

idle-cycle-flag

Syntax idle-cycle-flag value;

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces el-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces interface-name ds0-options], [edit interfaces interface-name el-options], [edit interfaces interface-name e3-options], [edit interfaces interface-name serial-options], [edit interfaces interface-name t1-options], [edit interfaces interface-name t3-options]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for the ACX Series Universal Access

Routers.

Description Configure the value that the DSO, E1, E3, T1, or T3 interface transmits during idle cycles.



NOTE: When configuring E1 or T1 interfaces on 10-port Channelized E1/T1 IQE PICs, the idle-cycle-flag statement must be included at the [edit interfaces e1-fpc/pic/port] or [edit interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level as appropriate.

Options *value*—Value to transmit in the idle cycles:

• flags—Transmit the value 0x7E.

• ones—Transmit the value 0xFF (all ones).

Default: Flags

Required Privilege interface—To view this statement in the configuration.

interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related • Configuring the E1 Idle Cycle Flag Documentation

Level

• Configuring the E3 Idle Cycle Flag

- Configuring the T1 Idle Cycle Flag
- Configuring the T3 Idle Cycle Flag

interface-type (Interfaces)

Syntax interface-type (bc | coc1 | ct1 | ct3 | dc | ds | so | t1 | t3);

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces interface-range name no-partition],

[edit interfaces interface-range name partition partition-number],

[edit interfaces interface-range name partition partition-number oc-slice oc-slice-range], [edit interfaces interface-range name partition partition-number timeslot timeslot-range]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Description For IQ and IQE interfaces only, configure the sublevel interface type.

Options

- bc—Dual—Port Channelized E1 and T1 ISDN PRI interface type. You can specify this interface type at the [edit interfaces interface-name partition partition-number timeslot timeslot-range] hierarchy level to create a bearer (B) channel bc-pim/0/port:channel interface for each time you want to function as an ISDN PRI B-channel.
- coc1—Channelized OC1 interface type. You can specify this interface type at the [edit interfaces interface-name partition partition-number oc-slice oc-slice-range interface-type coc12-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level.
- ct1—Channelized T1 interface type. You can specify this interface type at the [edit interfaces interface-name partition partition-number interface-type ct3-fpc/pic/port<:channel>] hierarchy level.
- ct3—Channelized T3 interface type. You can specify this interface type at the [edit interfaces interface-name partition partition-number oc-slice oc-slice-range interface-type coc1-fpc/pic/port:channel no-partition] hierarchy level.
- dc—Dual-Port Channelized E1 and T1 ISDN PRI interface type. You can specify this interface type at the [edit interfaces interface-name partition partition-number timeslot timeslot-range] hierarchy level to create a (D) channel dc-pim/0/port to control the B-channels.
- ds—DS0 interface type. You can specify this interface type at the [edit interfaces interface-namepartition partition-number interface-type (cel-fpc/pic/port | ctl-fpc/pic/port<:channel>)] hierarchy level.
- so—SONET/SDH interface type. You can specify this interface type at the [edit interfaces interface-name partition partition-number oc-slice oc-slice-range interface-type coc12-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level.
- t1—T1 interface type. You can specify this interface type at the [edit interfaces interface-name partition partition-number oc-slice oc-slice-range interface-type (coc12-fpc/pic/port | coc1-fpc/pic/port)] hierarchy level.
- t3—T3 interface type. You can specify this interface type at the [edit interfaces interface-name partition partition-number oc-sliceoc-slice-range interface-type (coc12-fpc/pic/port | coc1-fpc/pic/port:channel no-partition)] hierarchy level.

Required Privilege

interface—To view this statement in the configuration.

interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

Level

• Channelized E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces Overview on page 3

• Channelized OC12/STM4 IQ and IQE Interfaces Overview

• Configuring Channelized T3 IQ Interfaces

loopback (ADSL, DSO, E1/E3, SONET/SDH, SHDSL, and T1/T3)

Syntax loopback (local | payload | remote);

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces cel-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces ctl-fpc/pic/port], [edit interfaces tl-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces interface-name ds0-options], [edit interfaces interface-name dsl-options], [edit interfaces interface-name e1-options], [edit interfaces interface-name e3-options], [edit interfaces interface-name shdsl-options], [edit interfaces interface-name sonet-options], [edit interfaces interface-name t1-options], [edit interfaces interface-name t3-options]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for the ACX Series Universal Access

Routers.

 $\textbf{Description} \qquad \text{Configure a loopback connection. To turn off the loopback capability, remove the } \textbf{loopback}$

statement from the configuration.



NOTE: When configuring CE1 or CT1 interfaces on 10-port Channelized E1/T1 IQE PICs, the loopback statement must be included with the local or remote option at the [edit interfaces ce1-fpc/pic/port] or [edit interfaces ct1-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level as appropriate.

When configuring T1 interfaces on 10-port Channelized E1/T1 IQE PICs, the loopback statement must be included with the payload option at the [edit interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level.



NOTE: When configuring CE1 or CT1 interfaces on the 16-port Channelized E1/T1 MIC (MIC-3D-16CHE1-T1-CE), you must include the loopback statement at the [edit interfaces ce1-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level, or [edit interfaces ct1-fpc/pic/port]

To configure loopback on channelized IQ and IQE PICs, SONET/SDH level, use the sonet-options loopback statement local and remote options at the controller interface (coc48, cstm16, coc12, cstm4, coc3, cstm1). It is ignored for path-level interfaces so-fpc/pic/port or so-fpc/pic/port:channel.

Options

local—Loop packets, including both data and timing information, back on the local router's PIC. NxDSO IQ interfaces do not support local loopback.

payload—For channelized T3, T1, and NxDSO IQ interfaces only, loop back data only (without clocking information) on the remote router's PIC. With payload loopback, overhead is recalculated. Neither ATM-over-asymmetrical digital subscriber line (ADSL) interfaces nor ATM-over-SHDSL interfaces support payload loopback.

remote—Loop packets, including both data and timing information, back on the remote router's interface card. *Nx*DSO IQ interfaces do not support remote loopback.

Required Privilege

Level

interface—To view this statement in the configuration. interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

- Configuring E3 and T3 Parameters on ATM Interfaces
- Configuring E1 Loopback Capability
- Configuring E3 Loopback Capability
- Configuring SONET/SDH Loopback Capability
- Configuring SHDSL Operating Mode on an ATM Physical Interface
- Configuring T1 Loopback Capability
- Configuring T3 Loopback Capability
- · feac-loop-respond

partition

partition partition-number oc-slice oc-slice-range interface-type type timeslots Syntax time-slot-range;

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces interface-name]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

channels are configured.

For IQ interfaces and J Series interfaces on the Dual-Port Channelized E1 and T1PIM, Description configure the channelized interface partition. The partition number is correlated with the channel number. Partition and channel numbering on IQ interfaces begins with:1, not:0.

If you omit this statement, the channelized PIC or PIM is not partitioned, and no data

Options partition-number—Sublevel interface partition index.

Range:

Default

- 1 through 4 for an OC3 interface on a channelized OC12 IQ interface.
- 1 through 12 for a T3 interface on a channelized OC12 IQ interface.
- 1 through 4 for a T3 interface on a channelized T3 IQ interface.
- 1 through 28 for a T1 IQ interface on a channelized OC12 IQ or channelized T3 IQ interface.
- 1 through 10 for an E1 interface on a channelized E1 IQ interface.
- 1 through 30 on a channelized E1 interface.
- 1 through 23 on a channelized T1 interface.
- 1 through 24 for NxDS0 interfaces on either channelized OC12 IQ or channelized DS3 IO interfaces.
- 0 through 31(with 0 reserved for framing) for NxDS0 interfaces on channelized E1 IQ interfaces.

The remaining statements are explained separately.

Required Privilege interface—To view this statement in the configuration. Level

interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

- Channelized E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces Overview on page 3
- Channelized OC12/STM4 IQ and IQE Interfaces Overview
- · Configuring Channelized T3 IQ Interfaces
- no-partition on page 54

start-end-flag

Syntax start-end-flag (filler | shared);

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces el-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces interface-name ds0-options], [edit interfaces interface-name el-options], [edit interfaces interface-name e3-options], [edit interfaces interface-name t1-options], [edit interfaces interface-name t3-options]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Statement introduced in Junos OS Release 12.2 for the ACX Series Universal Access

Routers.

Description For DSO, E1, E3, T1, and T3 interfaces, configure the interface to share the transmission

of start and end flags.



NOTE: When configuring El or Tl interfaces on the 10-port Channelized El/Tl IQE PIC, the start-end-flag statement must be included at the [edit interfaces el-fpc/pic/port] or [edit interfaces tl-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level as appropriate.

Options filler—Wait two idle cycles between the start and end flags.

shared—Share the transmission of the start and end flags. This is the default.

Required Privilege interface—To view this statement in the configuration. Level

interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related • Configuring E1 Start and End Flags

· Configuring the E3 Start and End Flags

• Configuring T1 Start and End Flags

• Configuring T3 Start and End Flags

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Documentation

timeslots

Syntax timeslots time-slot-range;

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces e1-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces t1-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces interface-name el-options],

[edit interfaces interface-name partition partition-number],

[edit interfaces interface-name t1-options]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Description For E1 and T1interfaces, allocate the specific time slots by number.



NOTE: When configuring El or Tl interfaces on the 10-port Channelized El/Tl IQE PIC, the timeslots statement must be included at the [edit interfaces el-fpc/pic/port] or [edit interfaces tl-fpc/pic/port] hierarchy level as appropriate.

Options *time-slot-range*—Actual time slot numbers allocated:

Range: Ranges vary by interface type and configuration option as follows:

- 1 through 24 for T1 interfaces (0 is reserved)
- 1 through 31 for 4-port E1 PICs (0 is reserved)
- 1 through 31 for NxDSO interfaces (0 is reserved)
- 2 through 32 for 10-port Channelized E1 and 10-port Channelized E1 IQ PICs (1 is reserved)
- 2 through 32 for the setting under e1-options with IQE PICs (1 is reserved) (when creating fractional E1)
- 1 through 31 for the setting under partition with IQE PICs (0 is reserved) (when creating NxDS0)



NOTE: When creating fractional E1 interfaces only, if you connect a 4-port E1 PIC interface to a device that uses time slot numbering from 2 through 32, you must subtract 1 from the configured number of time slots.

Required Privilege

interface—To view this statement in the configuration.

interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related Documentation

Level

- Configuring Fractional E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces on page 7
- Configuring Fractional T1 IQ and IQE Interfaces

- Configuring Fractional E1 Time Slots
- Configuring Fractional T1 Time Slots
- Configuring a Channelized T1/E1 Interface to Drop and Insert Time Slots

no-partition

Syntax no-partition interface-type (e1 | (cau4 | so) | (ct3 | t3) | so | t3);

Hierarchy Level [edit interfaces cel-fpc/pic/port],

[edit interfaces coc1-fpc/pic/port:channel], [edit interfaces coc12-fpc/pic/port], [edit interfaces cstm1-fpc/pic/port], [edit interfaces ct3-fpc/pic/port]

Release Information Statement introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Description For Channelized E1 IQ PICs only, configure the channelized E1 interface as an unpartitioned, clear channel.

For Channelized OC12 PIC only, convert the channelized OC1 IQ interface into a channelized T3 interface or a T3 interface. You perform this configuration task for C-bit parity and M13-mapped configurations.

For Channelized OC12 IQ PICs only, configure the channelized OC12 interface as an unpartitioned, clear channel.

For Channelized STM1 PIC only, convert the channelized STM1 IQ interface into a channelized Administrative Unit 4 (AU-4) interface or a SONET/SDH STM1 interface.

For Channelized DS3 PIC only, configure the channelized T3 interface as an unpartitioned, clear channel.

Default If you do not include either this statement or the **partition** statement, the Channelized IQ

PIC is not partitioned, and no data channels are configured.

Options The option used must correspond to the physical interface type:

e1—E1 interface type.

coc12 so—Channelized OC12 interface type, in SONET mode.

cau4—Channelized AU-4 interface type.

 ${\tt cstm1-SONET/SDH}$ STM1 interface type, in SDH mode.

ct3—Channelized T3 interface type.

t3—T3 interface type.

Required Privilege interface—To view this statement in the configuration.

Level interface-control—To add this statement to the configuration.

Related • Channelized E1 IQ and IQE Interfaces Overview on page 3

Documentation

• Channelized OC12/STM4 IQ and IQE Interfaces Overview

Configuring an OC12/STM4 Interface

- Configuring Channelized STM1 IQ and IQE Interfaces
- Configuring T3 IQ Interfaces
- partition on page 50
- no-partition

PART 3

Administration

- Monitoring Commands on page 59
- Command Summaries on page 101

CHAPTER 5

Monitoring Commands

- show interfaces (Channelized E1)
- show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ)
- show interfaces (T1, E1, or DS)

show interfaces (Channelized E1)

Syntax show interfaces ds-fpc/pic/port:ds0channel

<brief | detail | extensive | terse>

<descriptions> <media>

<snmp-index snmp-index>

<statistics>

Release Information Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Description (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information the specified channelized

E1 interface.

Options ds-fpc/pic/port:ds0channel—Display standard information about the specified channelized

E1 interface.

brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

 $\textbf{snmp-index}. \textbf{mp-index} - \textbf{(Optional)} \ \textbf{Display information for the specified SNMP index}$

of the interface.

statistics - (Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Required Privilege view

Level

List of Sample Output show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1) on page 68

Output Fields Table 4 on page 60 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (Channelized E1 and

Channelized E1 IQ) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which

they appear.

Table 4: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Physical Interface		
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the "Enabled Field" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	All levels
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive

Table 4: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels
Clocking	Reference clock source: Internal or External.	All levels
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels
FCS	Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits.	All levels
Framing	Physical layer framing format used on the link. It can be G704 , G704-NO-CRC4 , or Unframed . The default is G704 .	All levels
Parent	(Channelized E1 IQ interfaces only) Name and interface index of the interface to which a particular child interface belongs. None indicates that this interface is the top level.	All levels
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the "Device Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	All levels
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the "Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	All levels
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the "Link Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	All levels
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive
Keepalive settings	(PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives.	detail extensive none
	• Interval seconds—Time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds.	
	 Down-count number—Number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. 	
	• Up-count <i>number</i> —Number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255 , with a default of 1.	

Table 4: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Keepalive statistics	 (PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format hh:mm:ss. Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format hh:mm:ss. 	detail extensive none
LMI settings	(Frame Relay) Settings for link management can be either ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings. ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: value, value xx seconds, where value can be: • n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255) • n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10) • n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10) • n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) • t391dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10) • t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds) • t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds)	detail extensive none
LMI	 (Frame Relay) Statistics about the link management. Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (nn) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago) Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (nn) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent hh:mm:ss ago). 	detail extensive none
DTE statistics	 (Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE): Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE. Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE. Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE. 	detail extensive none
DCE statistics	 (Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE: Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE. Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE. 	detail extensive none

Table 4: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Common statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:	detail extensive none
	• Unknown messages received —Number of received packets that do not fall into any category.	
	$\bullet \textbf{Asynchronous updates received} - \text{Number of link status peer changes received}.$	
	• Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence.	
	 Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no LMI packet was reported forn392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings). 	
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs	(Frame Relay, displayed only from the DTE) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE.	detail extensive none
LCP state	(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.	detail extensive none
	Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received.	
	Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent.	
	Conf-req-sent—Request was sent.	
	• Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed).	
	Not-configured—LCP is not configured on the interface.	
	Opened—LCP negotiation is successful.	
CHAP state	(PPP) Displays the state of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.	detail extensive none
	Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response not yet sent.	
	Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent.	
	• Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.)	
	Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received.	
	Closed—CHAP authentication is incomplete.	
	Failure—CHAP authentication failed.	
	Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface.	
	Success—CHAP authentication was successful.	
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone(hour:minute:second ago). For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none
CoS Queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Input Rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output Rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive

Table 4: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	 Number of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	detail extensive
Input errors	 Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious: Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). Giants—Number of frames received that are larger than the giant threshold. Runts—Number of frames received that are smaller than the runt threshold. Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 4: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Output errors	Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:	extensive
	• Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), then either the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC is malfunctioning.	
	• Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors.	
	• Drops —Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism.	
	 Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. 	
	MTU errors—Number of packets larger than the MTU threshold.	
	Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops.	
DS1 alarms	E1 media-specific defects that can render the interface unable to pass packets.	detail extensive none
DS1 defects	When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm. Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. The following lists all possible alarms and defects. For complete explanations of most of these alarms and defects, see <i>Bellcore Telcordia GR-499-CORE</i> .	
	• LOS—Loss of signal.	
	• LOF—Loss of frame.	
	• AIS—Alarm indication signal.	
	YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver.	

Table 4: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
El media	Active alarms and defects, plus counts of specific E1 errors with detailed information.	extensive
	Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active.	
	Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active.	
	• State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem.	
	The E1 media-specific error types can be:	
	SEF—Severely errored framing	
	BEE—Bit error	
	AIS—Alarm indication signal	
	LOF—Loss of frame	
	LOS—Loss of signal	
	YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver	
	BPV—Bipolar violation	
	• EXZ—Excessive zeros	
	LCV—Line code violation	
	PCV—Pulse code violation	
	CS—Carrier state FERS. For and block array.	
	• FEBE—Far-end block error	
	LES—Line error seconds ES—Errored seconds	
	BES—Bursty errored seconds	
	SES—Severely errored seconds	
	SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds	
	UAS—Unavailable seconds	
HDLC configuration	Information about the HDLC configuration.	extensive
_		
	Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. Provide threshold are granted into the hardware.	
	Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. Timeslate Configured times plate for the interface.	
	 Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. Line encodingHDB3—Line encoding used. 	
	• Line encounignos—Line encounig used.	
Interface transmit queues	Names of the transmit queues and their associated statistics for each DS0 channel on the Channelized E1 to DS0 PIC.	extensive
	• B/W —Queue bandwidth as a percentage of the total interface bandwidth.	
	WRR—Weighted round robin (in percent).	
	Packets—Number of packets transmitted.	
	Bytes—Number of bytes transmitted.	
	Drops—Number of packets dropped.	
	Errors—Number of packet errors.	

Table 4: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
DSx BERT configuration	BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface.	detail extensive none
	 BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. 	
	Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT.	
Packet Forwarding Engine	Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine:	extensive
configuration	• Destination slot—FPC slot number.	
	PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte.	
CoS information	Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface.	extensive
	• CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.	
	• Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue.	
	Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps).	
	Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue.	
	• Buffer usec —Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time.	
	Priority—Queue priority: low or high.	
	• Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available.	
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Generation		
Generation Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the "Logical Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	All levels
	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the	All levels
Flags	Information about the logical interface. Possible values are described in the "Logical Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	

Table 4: Channelized E1 and Channelized E1 IQ show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface.	detail extensive
	• Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface.	
	Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface.	
	• Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface.	
	Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface.	
Local statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than one second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Transit statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes awhile (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , mpls .	detail extensive none
Multilink bundle	(Multilink) Interface name for the multilink bundle, if configured.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
DLCI	(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags, Total down time, Last down, and Traffic statistics. Flags is one or more of the following:	detail extensive none
	 Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. 	
	• Down —Set when link is active, but no information is received from the DCE.	
	$\bullet \textbf{Unconfigured} - \textbf{Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured}.$	
	Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured.	
	Dce-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE.	
DLCI statistics	(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics.	detail extensive none
	Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs.	
	Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs.	

Sample Output

show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1)

user@host> show interfaces ds-0/1/1:1 extensive

```
Physical interface: ds-0/1/1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Interface index: 163, SNMP ifIndex: 37, Generation: 46
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
  Device flags : Present Running Down
  Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags
                : Keepalives
 Hold-times
                : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  CoS queues
                 : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2005-12-28 14:44:06 PST (00:00:30 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                      0
                                                            0 bps
  Output bytes :
                                      0
                                                            0 bps
   Input packets:
                                      0
                                                            0 pps
                                      0
  Output packets:
                                                            0 pps
  Input errors:
    Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
    L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
    HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
   Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
    Resource errors: 0
  DS1
       alarms : LOF, LOS
 DS1
        defects : LOF, LOS
  E1 media:
                        Seconds
                                       Count State
                         982318
    SEF
                                              Defect Active
                                           1
    BEE
                              0
                                           0
                                              OK
    AIS
                              0
                                           0
                                              OK
                                              Defect Active
    LOF
                         982318
                                           1
    1.05
                         982318
                                              Defect Active
                                           1
    YELLOW
                              0
                                           0
    BPV
                              1
                                           1
    EXZ
                              1
                                           1
    LCV
                              1
                                           1
    PCV
                                           2
                              1
    CS
                              0
                                           0
    FEBE
                              1
                                           9
    LES
                              1
                         982318
    ES
    SES
                         982318
    SEFS
                         982318
    BES
                              1
    UAS
                              0
  Interface transmit queues:
              B/W WRR
                                            Bytes
                             Packets
                                                          Drops
                                                                      Frrors
    Oueue0
               95
                    95
                                   0
                                                0
                                                              0
                                                                           0
    Queue1
                5
                     5
                                   0
                                                 0
                                                              0
                                                                           0
  HDLC configuration:
    Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 3
                   : 31
    Line encoding: HDB3, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
    Start end flag: shared
  DS1 BERT configuration:
    BERT time period: 0 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
    Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^11 - 1, 0.152 and 0.153 (2047 type),
     Pseudorandom (8)
  Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
   Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 2 (0x1b)
  CoS information:
    CoS transmit queue
                           Bandwidth
                                            Buffer
                                                     Priority
                                                                 Limit
```

	%	bps	%	usec		
0 best-effort	95	1945600	95	0	low	none
3 network-contro	5 [5	102400	5	0	low	none

show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ)

Syntax show interfaces (cel-fpc/pic/port | type-fpc/pic/port<:channel>)

<brief | detail | extensive | terse>

<descriptions>
<media>

<snmp-index snmp-index>

<statistics>

Release Information Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Description (M Series and T Series routers only) Display status information about the specified

channelized E1 IQ interface.

Options *type-fpc/pic/port:<channel>*—Interface type with optional corresponding channel levels.

For the physical channelized E1 IQ interface, *type* is **ce**. For the clear channel, *type*

is e1. At the first level of channelization, type is ds.

brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

snmp-index snmp-index—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Required Privilege view

Level

List of Sample Output show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ) (Physical) on page 71

 $show interfaces \, extensive \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation \, (Channelized \, E1\,IQ\, Multilink\, PPP\, Encapsulation) \, on \, page\, 72\, Multil$

show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1 IQ MLFR Encapsulation) on page 73

show interfaces detail (Clear Channel E1) on page 74

Output Fields For information about output fields, see the output field table for the show interfaces

(Channelized E1) command. Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which

they appear.

Sample Output

show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ) (Physical)

```
user@host> show interfaces cel-1/2/3
```

Physical interface: ce1-1/2/3, Enabled, Physical link is Up

Interface index: 18, SNMP ifIndex: 1128

Link-level type: Frame-relay, Controller, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed:

E1, Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704, Parent: None

Device flags : Present Running

Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps

Link flags : Keepalives DTE

ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds

```
LMI: Input: 51700 (00:00:02 ago), Output: 51701 (00:00:02 ago)
DTE statistics:
  Enquiries sent
                                    : 43186
  Full enquiries sent
                                    : 8515
  Enquiry responses received
                                    : 43185
  Full enquiry responses received
                                    : 8515
DCE statistics:
  Enquiries received
                                    : 0
  Full enquiries received
                                    : 0
  Enquiry responses sent
                                    : 0
  Full enquiry responses sent
                                     : 0
Common statistics:
                                    : 0
  Unknown messages received
  Asynchronous updates received
                                    : 0
  Out-of-sequence packets received
                                   : 0
  Keepalive responses timedout
                                    : 0
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs:
              : 2002-10-04 17:52:51 PDT (00:32:57 ago)
Last flapped
Input rate
              : 0 bps (0 pps)
               : 0 bps (0 pps)
Output rate
DS1 alarms : None
DS1
     defects : None
```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1 IQ Multilink PPP Encapsulation)

```
user@host> show interfaces ds-0/3/4:1 extensive
Physical interface: ds-0/3/4:1, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 151, SNMP ifIndex: 63, Generation: 34
 Link-level type: Multilink-PPP, MTU: 1518, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 64kbps,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
  Parent: ce1-0/3/4 Interface index 150
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags
              : None
  Hold-times
                : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
   Input : 0 (last seen: never)
   Output: 0 (last sent: never)
  LCP state: Down
  CHAP state: Closed
  CoS queues
                : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : Never
  Statistics last cleared: 2005-12-21 10:32:15 PST (1w0d 03:10 ago)
  Traffic statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                                           0 bps
  Output bytes :
                                                         224 bps
                                6070570
  Input packets:
                                                           0 pps
   Output packets:
                                 209330
                                                           0 pps
  Input errors:
    Errors: 3, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
    L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
    Resource errors: 0
  HDLC configuration:
    Giant threshold: 1528, Runt threshold: 2
    Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags, Start end flag: shared
```

```
DSO BERT configuration:
BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x00)

Logical interface ds-0/3/4:1.0 (Index 74) (SNMP ifIndex 64) (Generation 13)
Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
Protocol mlppp, Multilink bundle: ls-0/1/0.0, MTU: 1514, Generation: 24,
Route table: 0
```

show interfaces extensive (Channelized E1 IQ MLFR Encapsulation)

```
user@host> show interfaces ds-0/3/4:5 extensive
Physical interface: ds-0/3/4:5, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 155, SNMP ifIndex: 72, Generation: 38
  Link-level type: Multilink-FR, MTU: 1518, Clocking: Internal, Speed: 64kbps,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16,
  Parent: ce1-0/3/4 Interface index 150
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags
              : No-Keepalives DCE
 Hold-times
                : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
 ANSI LMI settings: n392dce 3, n393dce 4, t392dce 15 seconds
  LMI statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 0 (last sent: never)
  DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent
                                         : 0
    Full enquiries sent
                                         : 0
    Enquiry responses received
                                         : 0
    Full enquiry responses received
                                         : 0
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received
                                         : 0
    Full enquiries received
                                         : 0
    Enquiry responses sent
                                         : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent
                                        : 0
  Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received
                                         : 0
    Asynchronous updates received
                                        : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received
                                        : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout
                                        : 0
  CoS queues
                : 4 supported, 4 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2005-12-21 09:59:01 PST (1w0d 03:44 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: 2005-12-21 10:32:15 PST (1w0d 03:10 ago)
  Traffic statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                      0
                                                           0 bps
  Output bytes :
                                      0
                                                           0 bps
  Input packets:
                                      0
                                                           0 pps
   Output packets:
                                                           0 pps
  Input errors:
    Errors: 3, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Runts: 0, Giants: 0,
    Policed discards: 0, L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0,
    L2 mismatch timeouts: 0, HS link CRC errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
  Output errors:
    Carrier transitions: 0, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
    Resource errors: 0
 HDLC configuration:
    Giant threshold: 1528, Runt threshold: 2
    Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags, Start end flag: shared
```

```
DSO BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 0, PLP byte: 4 (0x01)
Logical interface ds-0/3/4:5.0 (Index 78) (SNMP ifIndex 73) (Generation 17)
   Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
   Traffic statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                      0
   Output bytes :
                                      0
   Input packets:
                                      0
   Output packets:
                                      0
   Local statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                      0
   Output bytes :
                                      0
   Input packets:
                                      0
   Output packets:
                                      0
   Transit statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                      0
                                                            0 bps
   Output bytes :
                                                            0 bps
                                      0
   Input packets:
                                      0
                                                            0 pps
   Output packets:
                                      0
                                                            0 pps
  Protocol mlfr, Multilink bundle: ls-0/1/0.1, MTU: 1514, Generation: 28, Route
table: 0
  DLCI 10
    Flags: Active
    Total down time: 0 sec, Last down: Never
    Traffic statistics:
     Input bytes :
     Output bytes :
                                        0
     Input packets:
                                        0
     Output packets:
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :1 Inactive DLCI :0
```

show interfaces detail (Clear Channel E1)

```
user@host> show interfaces e1-1/2/6 detail
Physical interface: e1-1/2/6, Enabled, Physical link is Up
   Interface index: 89, SNMP ifIndex: 1278, Generation: 341
   Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1, Loopback:None,
...
   Logical interface e1-1/2/6.0 (Index 52) (SNMP ifIndex 1279) (Generation 169)
   Flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
   Bandwidth: 0
```

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show interfaces (T1, E1, or DS)

Syntax show interfaces interface-type

<brief | detail | extensive | terse>

<descriptions>

<media>

<snmp-index snmp-index>

<statistics>

Release Information Command introduced before Junos OS Release 7.4.

Description Display status information about the specified T1, E1, or DS interface.

Options interface-type—On ACX Series, M Series, MX Series, and T Series routers, the T1 interface

type is **t1-fpc/pic/port**, whereas the E1 interface type is **e1-fpc/pic/port**, and DS interface type is **ds-fpc/pic/port**:<channel>. On the J Series routers, the T1 interface

type is t1-pim/0/port, whereas the E1 interface type is e1-pim/0/port.

brief | detail | extensive | terse—(Optional) Display the specified level of output.

descriptions—(Optional) Display interface description strings.

media—(Optional) Display media-specific information about network interfaces.

snmp-index *snmp-index*—(Optional) Display information for the specified SNMP index of the interface.

statistics—(Optional) Display static interface statistics.

Required Privilege

Documentation

ام

view

Level

Related

Understanding Interfaces on ACX Series Universal Access Routers

List of Sample Output

show interfaces (T1, IMA Link) on page 87 show interfaces (T1, PPP) on page 88

show interfaces detail (T1, PPP) on page 88

show interfaces extensive (TI CRC Errors) on page 89

show interfaces extensive (T1, PPP) on page 89 show interfaces (E1, Frame Relay) on page 91

show interfaces detail (E1, Frame Relay) on page 92 show interfaces extensive (E1, Frame Relay) on page 93

show interfaces (E1, IMA Link) on page 95

show interfaces extensive (TI, TDM-CCC-SATOP) on page 96 show interfaces extensive (DS, TDM-CCC-CESoPSN) on page 97

Output Fields

Table 5 on page 76 lists the output fields for the show interfaces (T1 or E1) command.

Output fields are listed in the approximate order in which they appear.

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output				
Physical Interface						
Physical interface	Name of the physical interface.	All levels				
Enabled	State of the interface. Possible values are described in the "Enabled Field" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	All levels				
Interface index	Physical interface's index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none				
SNMP ifIndex	SNMP index number for the physical interface.	detail extensive none				
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive				
Link-level type	Encapsulation being used on the physical interface.	All levels				
MTU	MTU size on the physical interface.	All levels				
Clocking	Reference clock source: Internal or External.	All levels				
Speed	Speed at which the interface is running.	All levels				
Loopback	Whether loopback is enabled and the type of loopback (local or remote).	All levels				
FCS	Frame check sequence on the interface (either 16 or 32). The default is 16 bits.	All levels				
Framing	Physical layer framing format used for the E1 interface on the link: G704 , G704-NO-CRC4 , or Unframed . The default is G704 .	All levels				
	Physical layer framing format used for the T1 interface on the link: SF and ESF . The default is ESF .					
Device flags	Information about the physical device. Possible values are described in the "Device Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	All levels				
Interface flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the "Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	All levels				
Link flags	Information about the link. Possible values are described in the "Link Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	All levels				
Hold-times	Current interface hold-time up and hold-time down, in milliseconds.	detail extensive				

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IMA Link alarms	Current active IMA link alarms, including the following: LIF LODS RFI-IMA Tx-Mis-Connected Tx-Unusable-FE Rx-Unusable-FE Link Fault	detail extensive none
IMA Link defects	Current active IMA link defects, including the following: LIF LODS RFI-IMA Tx-Mis-Connected Tx-Unusable-FE Rx-Unusable-FE Link Fault	detail extensive none
IMA Link state	 Current active IMA link status, including the following: Line: synchronized or not synchronized Near end:—Status of near-end receive and transmit links Rx: Usable or Unusable Tx: Usable or Unusable Far end:—Status of far-end receive and transmit links Rx: Usable or Unusable Tx: Usable or Unusable Tx: Usable or Unusable 	detail extensive none

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
IMA link media	IMA Link Media Status, which provides the seconds and count state for the following link media parameters: • LIF • LODS • Err-ICP • IV • Rx-FC • Tx-FC	detail extensive none
	 FE-Defects FE-Rx-FC FE-Tx-FC Rx-ICP Rx-Stuff Tx-ICP Tx-Stuff Rx-SES Rx-UAS Rx-UUS Tx-UUS FE-Rx-SES FE-Rx-SES FE-Rx-UAS 	
	FE-Rx-UUSFE-Tx-UUS	
Keepalive settings	 (PPP and HDLC) Configured settings for keepalives. interval seconds—The time in seconds between successive keepalive requests. The range is 10 seconds through 32,767 seconds, with a default of 10 seconds. down-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must fail to receive before the network takes a link down. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 3. up-count number—The number of keepalive packets a destination must receive to change a link's status from down to up. The range is 1 through 255, with a default of 1. 	detail extensive none
Keepalive statistics	 (PPP and HDLC) Information about keepalive packets. (When no level of output is specified, the word statistics is not part of the field name and the last seen text is not displayed.) Input—Number of keepalive packets received by PPP. (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was received, in the format hh:mm:ss. Output—Number of keepalive packets sent by PPP and how long ago the last keepalive packets were sent and received. (last seen 00:00:00 ago)—Time since the last keepalive packet was sent, in the format hh:mm:ss. 	detail extensive none

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
LMI settings	(Frame Relay) Settings for Local Management Interface (LMI) which can be either ANSI LMI settings or ITU LMI settings. ANSI LMI settings is the default. The format is (ANSI or ITU) LMI settings: value, value xx seconds, where value can be:	detail extensive none
	• n391dte—DTE full status polling interval (1–255)	
	• n392dce—DCE error threshold (1–10)	
	• n392dte—DTE error threshold (1–10)	
	• n393dce—DCE monitored event count (1–10)	
	• n393dte—DTE monitored event count (1–10)	
	• t391dte—DTE polling timer (5–30 seconds)	
	• t392dce—DCE polling verification timer (5–30 seconds)	
LMI	(Frame Relay) Local Management Interface (LMI) packet statistics:	detail extensive none
	 Input—Number of packets coming in on the interface (nn) and how much time has passed since the last packet arrived. The format is Input: nn (last seen hh:mm:ss ago). 	
	 Output—Number of packets sent out on the interface (nn) and how much time has passed since the last packet was sent. The format is Output: nn (last sent hh:mm:ss ago). 	
DTE statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the data terminal equipment (DTE) to the data communications equipment (DCE):	detail extensive none
	• Enquiries sent—Number of link status enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE.	
	• Full enquiries sent—Number of full enquiries sent from the DTE to the DCE.	
	• Enquiry responses received—Number of enquiry responses received by the DTE from the DCE.	
	• Full enquiry responses received—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DTE to the DCE.	
DCE statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages transmitted from the DCE to the DTE:	detail extensive none
	• Enquiries received—Number of enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE.	
	• Full enquiries received—Number of full enquiries received by the DCE from the DTE.	
	• Enquiry responses sent—Number of enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE.	
	• Full enquiry responses sent—Number of full enquiry responses sent from the DCE to the DTE.	

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Common statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics about messages sent between the DTE and the DCE:	detail extensive none
	Unknown messages received—Number of received packets that do not fall into any category.	
	• Asynchronous updates received—Number of link status peer changes received.	
	• Out-of-sequence packets received—Number of packets for which the sequence of the packets received is different from the expected sequence.	
	 Keepalive responses timedout—Number of keepalive responses that timed out when no Local Management Interface (LMI) packet was reported for n392dte or n393dce intervals. (See LMI settings.) 	
Nonmatching DCE-end DLCIs	(Frame Relay. Displayed only from the DTE.) Number of DLCIs configured from the DCE.	detail extensive none
LCP state	(PPP) Link Control Protocol state.	detail extensive none
	Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received.	
	Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent.	
	Conf-req-sent—Request was sent.	
	Down—LCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed).	
	Not configured—LCP is not configured on the interface.	
	Opened—LCP negotiation is successful.	
NCP state	(PPP) Network Control Protocol state.	detail extensive none
	Conf-ack-received—Acknowledgement was received.	
	Conf-ack-sent—Acknowledgement was sent.	
	• Conf-req-sent—Request was sent.	
	Down—NCP negotiation is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed).	
	Not configured—NCP is not configured on the interface.	
	Opened—NCP negotiation is successful.	
CHAP state	(PPP) State of the Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP) during its transaction.	detail extensive none
	Chap-Chal-received—Challenge was received but response is not yet sent.	
	Chap-Chal-sent—Challenge was sent.	
	• Chap-Resp-received—Response was received for the challenge sent, but CHAP has not yet moved into the Success state. (Most likely with RADIUS authentication.)	
	Chap-Resp-sent—Response was sent for the challenge received.	
	• Down —CHAP authentication is incomplete (not yet completed or has failed).	
	Not-configured—CHAP is not configured on the interface.	
	Opened—CHAP authentication was successful.	
Last flapped	Date, time, and how long ago the interface went from down to up. The format is Last flapped: year-month-day hour:minute:second timezone (hour:minute:second ago). For example, Last flapped: 2002-04-26 10:52:40 PDT (04:33:20 ago).	detail extensive none

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CoS Queues	Number of CoS queues configured.	detail extensive none
Input rate	Input rate in bits per second (bps) and packets per second (pps).	None specified
Output rate	Output rate in bps and pps.	None specified
Statistics last cleared	Time when the statistics for the interface were last set to zero.	detail extensive
Traffic statistics	Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the physical interface. Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface. Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface. Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface.	detail extensive
Input errors	 Input errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious: Errors—Sum of the incoming frame aborts and FCS errors. Drops—Number of packets dropped by the input queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism. Framing errors—Number of packets received with an invalid frame checksum (FCS). Policed discards—Number of frames that the incoming packet match code discarded because they were not recognized or not of interest. Usually, this field reports protocols that the Junos OS does not handle. L3 incompletes—Number of incoming packets discarded because they failed Layer 3 (usually IPv4) sanity checks of the header. For example, a frame with less than 20 bytes of available IP header is discarded. L2 channel errors—Number of times the software did not find a valid logical interface for an incoming frame. L2 mismatch timeouts—Number of malformed or short packets that caused the incoming packet handler to discard the frame as unreadable. HS link CRC errors—Number of errors on the high-speed links between the ASICs responsible for handling the router interfaces. SRAM errors—Number of hardware errors that occurred in the static RAM (SRAM) on the PIC or PIM. If the value of this field increments, the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning. Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops. 	extensive

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Output errors	Output errors on the interface. The following paragraphs explain the counters whose meaning might not be obvious:	extensive
	• Carrier transitions—Number of times the interface has gone from down to up. This number does not normally increment quickly, increasing only when the cable is unplugged, the far-end system is powered down and up, or another problem occurs. If the number of carrier transitions increments quickly (perhaps once every 10 seconds), the cable, the far-end system, or the PIC or PIM is malfunctioning.	
	Errors—Sum of the outgoing frame aborts and FCS errors.	
	• Drops —Number of packets dropped by the output queue of the I/O Manager ASIC. If the interface is saturated, this number increments once for every packet that is dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism.	
	 Aged packets—Number of packets that remained in shared packet SDRAM so long that the system automatically purged them. The value in this field should never increment. If it does, it is most likely a software bug or possibly malfunctioning hardware. 	
	• MTU errors—Number of packets whose size exceeded the MTU of the interface.	
	Resource errors—Sum of transmit drops.	
Queue counters	CoS queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.	detail extensive
	Queued packets—Number of queued packets.	
	• Transmitted packets—Number of transmitted packets.	
	• Dropped packets —Number of packets dropped by the ASIC's RED mechanism.	
DS1 alarms	E1 media-specific defects that can prevent the interface from passing packets. When a defect persists for a certain amount of time, it is promoted to an alarm.	detail extensive none
DS1 defects	Based on the router configuration, an alarm can ring the red or yellow alarm bell on the router, or turn on the red or yellow alarm LED on the craft interface. The following lists all possible alarms and defects. For complete explanations of most of these alarms and defects, see <i>Bellcore Telcordia GR-499-CORE</i> .	
	AIS—Alarm indication signal.	
	• LOF—Loss of frame.	
	• LOS—Loss of signal.	
	YLW—Yellow alarm. Indicates errors at the remote site receiver.	

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
TI media or EI media	Counts of TI or EI media-specific errors. Seconds—Number of seconds the defect has been active. Count—Number of times that the defect has gone from inactive to active. State—State of the error. State other than OK indicates a problem. The TI or EI media-specific error types are: SEF—Severely errored framing BEE—Bit error AIS—Alarm indication signal LOF—Loss of frame LOS—Loss of signal YELLOW—Errors at the remote site receiver CRC Major—Cyclic redundancy check major alarm threshold exceeded CRC Minor—Cyclic redundancy check minor alarm threshold exceeded BPV—Bipolar violation EXZ—Excessive zeros LCV—Line code violation PCV—Pulse code violation CS—Carrier state CRC—Cyclic redundancy check FEBE—Far-end block error (El only) LES—Line error seconds ES—Errored seconds BES—Bursty errored seconds SEFS—Severely errored framing seconds UAS—Unavailable seconds	extensive
SATOP Configuration	 Information about the SAToP configuration. payload-size—Configure the payload size, in bytes (from 32 through 1024 bytes). idle-pattern—An 8-bit hexadecimal pattern to replace TDM data in a lost packet (from 0 through 255). jitter-buffer-packets—Number of packets in the jitter buffer (from 1 through 64 packets). jitter-buffer-latency—Time delay in the jitter buffer (from 1 through 1000 milliseconds). excessive-packet-loss-rate—Set packet loss options. The options are groups, sample-period, and threshold. sample-period—Time required to calculate excessive packet loss rate (from 1000 through 65,535 milliseconds). threshold—Percentile designating the threshold of excessive packet loss rate (1–100 percent). 	extensive

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CESoPSN Configuration	 Information about the CESoPSN configuration. packetization-latency—Time required to create packets (from 1000 through 8000 microseconds). idle-pattern—An 8-bit hexadecimal pattern to replace TDM data in a lost packet (from 0 through 255). jitter-buffer-packets—Number of packets in the jitter buffer (from 1 through 64 packets). jitter-buffer-latency—Time delay in the jitter buffer (from 1 through 1000 milliseconds). excessive-packet-loss-rate—Set packet loss options. The options are sample-period and threshold. sample-period—Time required to calculate excessive packet loss rate (from 1000 through 65,535 milliseconds). 	extensive
	threshold—Percentile designating the threshold of excessive packet loss rate (1–100 percent).	
HDLC configuration	 Policing bucket—Configured state of the receiving policer. Shaping bucket—Configured state of the transmitting shaper. Giant threshold—Giant threshold programmed into the hardware. Runt threshold—Runt threshold programmed into the hardware. Timeslots—Time slots configured on the interface. Buildout—(T1 only) Buildout setting: 0-132, 133-265, 266-398, 399-531, or 532-655 feet. Timeslots—Configured time slots for the interface. Byte encoding—(T1 only) Byte encoding used: Nx64K or Nx56K. Line encoding—Line encoding used. For T1, the value can be B8ZS or AMI. For E1, the value is HDB3. Data inversion—HDLC data inversion setting: Enabled or Disabled. Idle cycle flag—Idle cycle flags. Start end flag—Start and end flag. 	extensive
DS1 BERT configuration	BERT (bit error rate test) checks the quality of the line. This output appears only when a BERT is run on the interface. • BERT time period—Configured total time period that the BERT is to run. • Elapsed—Actual time elapsed since the start of the BERT (in seconds). • Induced error rate—Configured rate at which the bit errors are induced in the BERT pattern. • Algorithm—Type of algorithm selected for the BERT.	detail extensive none
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration	Information about the configuration of the Packet Forwarding Engine: • Destination slot—FPC slot number. • PLP byte—Packet Level Protocol byte.	extensive

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CoS information	Information about the CoS queue for the physical interface.	extensive
	• CoS transmit queue—Queue number and its associated user-configured forwarding class name.	
	Bandwidth %—Percentage of bandwidth allocated to the queue.	
	• Bandwidth bps—Bandwidth allocated to the queue (in bps).	
	Buffer %—Percentage of buffer space allocated to the queue.	
	• Buffer usec —Amount of buffer space allocated to the queue, in microseconds. This value is nonzero only if the buffer size is configured in terms of time.	
	Priority—Queue priority: low or high.	
	• Limit—Displayed if rate limiting is configured for the queue. Possible values are none and exact. If exact is configured, the queue transmits only up to the configured bandwidth, even if excess bandwidth is available. If none is configured, the queue transmits beyond the configured bandwidth if bandwidth is available.	
Logical Interface		
Logical interface	Name of the logical interface.	All levels
Index	Logical interface index number, which reflects its initialization sequence.	detail extensive none
SNMP ifIndex	Logical interface SNMP interface index number.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the interface. Possible values are described in the "Interface Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	All levels
Encapsulation	Encapsulation on the logical interface.	All levels
Input packets	Number of packets received on the logical interface.	None specified
Output packets	Number of packets transmitted on the logical interface.	None specified
Traffic statistics	(Frame Relay) Number and rate of bytes and packets received and transmitted on the logical interface.	detail extensive
	• Input bytes—Number of bytes received on the interface.	
	Output bytes—Number of bytes transmitted on the interface.	
	 Input packets—Number of packets received on the interface. Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface. 	
	Output packets—Number of packets transmitted on the interface.	
Local statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic received from and transmitted to the Routing Engine. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. It takes a while (generally, less than 1 second) for this counter to stabilize.	detail extensive

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
Transit statistics	(Frame Relay) Statistics for traffic transiting the router. When a burst of traffic is received, the value in the output packet rate field might briefly exceed the peak cell rate. This counter normally stabilizes in less than 1 second.	detail extensive
Protocol	Protocol family configured on the logical interface, such as iso , inet6 , mlfr , or mpls .	detail extensive none
Multilink bundle	Interface name for the multilink bundle, if configured.	detail extensive none
MTU	MTU size on the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive
Route table	Routing table in which the logical interface address is located. For example, 0 refers to the routing table inet.0.	detail extensive
Flags	Information about the protocol family flags. Possible values are described in the "Family Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	detail extensive none
Addresses, Flags	Information about the address flags. Possible values are described in the "Addresses Flags" section under <i>Common Output Fields Description</i> .	detail extensive none
Destination	IP address of the remote side of the connection.	detail extensive none
Local	IP address of the logical interface.	detail extensive none
Broadcast	Broadcast address.	detail extensive none
Generation	Unique number for use by Juniper Networks technical support only.	detail extensive none
DLCI	(Frame Relay) DLCI number of the logical interface. The following DLCI information is displayed: Flags, Total down time, Last down, and Traffic statistics or (Input packets, Output packets). Flags can be one or more of the following:	detail extensive none
	 Active—Set when the link is active and the DTE and DCE are exchanging information. 	
	• Down —Set when the link is active, but no information is received from the DCE.	
	 DCE-Unconfigured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is not configured. 	
	Configured—Set when the corresponding DLCI in the DCE is configured. DCE configured. Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE.	
	DCE-configured—Displayed when the command is issued from the DTE.	
DLCI statistics	(Frame Relay) Data-link connection identifier (DLCI) statistics.	detail extensive none
	Active DLCI—Number of active DLCIs.	
	Inactive DLCI—Number of inactive DLCIs.	

Table 5: T1 or E1 show interfaces Output Fields (continued)

Field Name	Field Description	Level of Output
CE Info	Information related to the circuit emulation statistics.	extensive
	CE Tx—Number of transmitted packets and bytes (TDM to PSN flow).	
	 CE Rx—Number of received packets and bytes and forward bytes (PSN to TDM flow). 	
	CE Rx Forwarded—Number of forwarded bytes.	
	CE Strayed—Number of stray packets.	
	CE Lost—Number of lost packets.	
	CE Malformed—Number of malformed packets	
	CE Misinserted—Number of misinserted packets.	
	• CE AIS dropped—Number of dropped bytes due to buffer overrun (PSN to TDM).	
	CE Dropped—Number of dropped packets during resynchronization	
	CE Overrun Events—Number of overrun events.	
	CE Underrun Events—Number of underrun events.	

Sample Output

show interfaces (T1, IMA Link)

```
user@host> show interfaces t1-1/0/0
 IMA Link alarms : None
IMA Link defects : LIF, LODS
  IMA Link state:
    Line : Not synchronized
    Near end : Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
    Far end: Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
  IMA link media:
                                            Count State
                            Seconds
    LIF
                                                0 OK
    LODS
                                                0 OK
    Err-ICP
                                                0
                                                   OK
    ΙV
                                                0
                                                   OK
    Rx-FC
                                                0
                                                   OK
    Tx-FC
                                                0
                                                   OK
    FE-Defects
                                                0
    FE-Rx-FC
                                                0
    FE-Tx-FC
                                                0
                                                0
    Rx-ICP
                                                0
    Rx-Stuff
    Tx-ICP
                                               11
    Tx-Stuff
    Rx-SES
                                  0
    Rx-UAS
                                  0
    Rx-UUS
                                  1
    Tx-UUS
                                  0
    FE-Rx-SES
                                  0
    FE-Rx-UAS
                                  0
    FE-Rx-UUS
                                  0
    FE-Tx-UUS
                                  0
```

show interfaces (T1, PPP)

```
user@host> show interfaces t1-1/1/0
Physical interface: t1-1/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45
 Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
 Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
 Link flags
               : Keepalives
 Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
 Keepalive: Input: 0 (never), Output: 0 (never)
 LCP state: Opened
 NCP state: Opened
 CHAP state: Opened
 CoS queues
                : 4 supported, 4 in use
               : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:13:35 ago)
 Last flapped
               : 0 bps (0 pps)
 Input rate
 Output rate
                : 72 bps (0 pps)
               : None
 DS1 alarms
 DS1 defects : None
 Logical interface t1-1/1/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 51)
   Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
    Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
     Flags: Protocol-Down
     Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
       Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255
```

show interfaces detail (T1, PPP)

```
user@host> show interfaces t1-1/1/0 detail
Physical interface: t1-1/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45, Generation: 32
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags
              : Keepalives
  Hold-times
                : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
   Input : 0 (last seen: never)
   Output: 0 (last sent: never)
  LCP state: Opened
  NCP state: Opened
  CHAP state: Opened
               : 4 supported, 4 in use
  CoS queues
  Last flapped : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:13:52 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :
                                      0
                                                           0 bps
  Output bytes :
                                    798
                                                           0 bps
   Input packets:
                                                           0 pps
                                     0
   Output packets:
                                     42
                                                           0 pps
                       Queued packets Transmitted packets
                                                                Dropped packets
  Queue counters:
    0 best-effort
                                    0
    1 expedited-fo
                                     0
                                                          0
                                                                               n
```

```
2 assured-forw
                                  0
                                                                            0
  3 network-cont
                                  40
                                                       40
                                                                            0
    alarms : None
DS1
     defects : None
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1
Logical interface t1-1/1/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 51) (Generation 5)
  Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 14, Route table: 0
    Flags: Protocol-Down
    Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
      Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
     Generation: 18
```

show interfaces extensive (T1 CRC Errors)

```
user@host> show interfaces t1-3/2/0:1:1 extensive
Physical interface: t1-3/2/0:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
 Interface index: 179, SNMP ifIndex: 79, Generation: 180
 DS1
       alarms : AIS, LOF, CRC Major, CRC Minor
       defects : AIS, LOF, CRC Major, CRC Minor
 DS1
 T1 media:
                       Seconds
                                      Count State
   SEF
                             1
                                          1 OK
   BEE
                                          1 OK
                             1
   AIS
                          1128
                                          1 Defect Active
   LOF
                          1128
                                          1 Defect Active
   LOS
                             0
                                          0 OK
   YELLOW
                             0
                                          0 OK
   CRC Major
                           154
                                          1 Defect Active
   CRC Minor
                           154
                                          1
                                             Defect Active
    BPV
                             0
                                          0
   EXZ
                             0
                                          0
   LCV
                             0
                                          0
   PCV
                                          0
                             0
   CS
                             0
                                          0
   CRC
                           154
                                      15400
```

show interfaces extensive (T1, PPP)

```
user@host> show interfaces t1-1/1/0 extensive
Physical interface: t1-1/1/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 149, SNMP ifIndex: 45, Generation: 32
  Link-level type: PPP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x4000
  Link flags
               : Keepalives
 Hold-times
                : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Keepalive settings: Interval 10 seconds, Up-count 1, Down-count 3
  Keepalive statistics:
   Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 0 (last sent: never)
 LCP state: Down
  NCP state: inet: Not-configured, inet6: Not-configured, iso: Not-configured,
  mpls: Not-configured
```

```
CHAP state: Closed
CoS queues : 4 supported, 4 in use
Last flapped : 2005-12-05 08:43:06 PST (02:13:54 ago)
Statistics last cleared: Never
Traffic statistics:
 Input bytes :
                                    0
                                                         0 bps
 Output bytes :
                                  817
                                                        72 bps
 Input packets:
                                    0
                                                         0 pps
 Output packets:
                                   43
                                                         0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 1, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0, MTU errors: 0,
  Resource errors: 0
Queue counters:
                      Queued packets Transmitted packets
                                                               Dropped packets
  0 best-effort
                                   0
                                                                             0
                                   0
  1 expedited-fo
                                                        0
                                                                             0
  2 assured-forw
                                   0
                                                                             0
  3 network-cont
                                  42
                                                       42
                                                                             n
DS1
     alarms
              : None
DS1
      defects : None
T1 media:
                      Seconds
                                     Count State
  SEF
                                            ΟK
                            1
                                         1
  BEE
                            0
                                         0
                                            OK
                            0
                                         0
                                            OK
  AIS
  LOF
                                         1
                                            OK
  LOS
                            0
                                         0
                                            OK
  YELLOW
                                         1
                                            OK
                            1
  BPV
                            1
                                         1
  EXZ
                            1
                                         1
  LCV
                            1
                                     65535
  PCV
                            1
                                      1023
  CS
                            0
                                         0
  LES
                            1
  ES
  SES
                            1
                            1
  SEFS
  BES
                            0
  UAS
HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 1514, Runt threshold: 3
  Timeslots
                : All active
  Line encoding: B8ZS
  Buildout
                 : 0 to 132 feet
  Byte encoding: Nx64K, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
  Start end flag: shared
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 1, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
```

```
CoS information:
                            CoS transmit queue
                                                     Bandwidth
                                                                        Buffer
                                                                                 Priority
                                                                                             Limit
                                                                  %
                                                           bps
                                                                         usec
                            0 best-effort
                                               95
                                                       1459200
                                                                  95
                                                                            0
                                                                                      low
                                                                                             none
                            3 network-control
                                               5
                                                         76800
                                                                   5
                                                                             0
                                                                                      low
                                                                                             none
                          Logical interface t1-1/1/0.0 (Index 66) (SNMP ifIndex 51) (Generation 5)
                            Flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: PPP
                            Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 14, Route table: 0
                              Flags: Protocol-Down
                              Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
                                Destination: 1.1.1/24, Local: 1.1.1.1, Broadcast: 1.1.1.255,
                               Generation: 18
show interfaces (E1, Frame Relay)
                        user@host> show interfaces e1-3/0/0
                        Physical interface: e1-3/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
                          Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 37
                          Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
                          Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
                          Device flags : Present Running
                          Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
                         Link flags
                                       : Keepalives DTE
                          ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
                          LMI: Input: 0 (never), Output: 11 (00:00:05 ago)
                         DTE statistics:
                            Enquiries sent
                                                                 : 10
                            Full enquiries sent
                                                                 : 1
                            Enquiry responses received
                                                                 : 0
                            Full enquiry responses received
                                                                 : 0
                          DCE statistics:
                            Enquiries received
                                                                 : 0
                            Full enquiries received
                                                                 : 0
                            Enquiry responses sent
                                                                 : 0
                            Full enquiry responses sent
                                                                 : 0
                          Common statistics:
                            Unknown messages received
                                                                 : 0
                                                                 : 0
                            Asynchronous updates received
                            Out-of-sequence packets received
                                                                 : 0
                            Keepalive responses timedout
                                                                 : 1
                          CoS queues
                                        : 8 supported
                          Last flapped
                                       : 2005-11-30 14:50:34 PST (4d 20:33 ago)
                          Input rate : 0 bps (0 pps)
                          Output rate
                                        : 0 bps (0 pps)
                         DS1 alarms
                                        : None
                               defects : None
                         DS1
                          Logical interface e1-3/0/0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 32)
                            Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
                          Input packets: 0
                          Output packets: 0
                            Protocol inet, MTU: 1500
                              Flags: None
                              Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
                               Destination: 10.1.3/24, Local: 10.1.3.1, Broadcast: 10.1.3.255
                            DLCI 100
                              Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
                              Total down time: 00:01:13 sec, Last down: 00:01:13 ago
```

Input packets: 0
Output packets: 0

DLCI statistics: Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1

show interfaces detail (E1, Frame Relay)

```
user@host> show interfaces e1-3/0/0 detail
Physical interface: e1-3/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
  Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 37, Generation: 69
 Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
  Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
  Device flags : Present Running
  Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
               : Keepalives DTE
                : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  Hold-times
  ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
  LMI statistics:
    Input : 0 (last seen: never)
    Output: 12 (last sent 00:00:02 ago)
 DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent
                                          : 10
    Full enquiries sent
                                         : 2
    Enquiry responses received
                                          : 0
    Full enquiry responses received
                                          : 0
  DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received
                                          : 0
    Full enquiries received
                                         : 0
    Enquiry responses sent
                                          : 0
    Full enquiry responses sent
                                         : 0
  Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received
                                         : 0
    Asynchronous updates received
                                         : 0
    Out-of-sequence packets received
                                         : 0
    Keepalive responses timedout
                                          : 1
  CoS queues : 8 supported
Last flapped : 2005-11-30 14:50:34 PST (4d 20:33 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Traffic statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                      0
                                                            0 bps
  Output bytes :
                                    225
                                                           56 bps
   Input packets:
                                      0
                                                            0 pps
                                                            0 pps
   Output packets:
                                     15
  Queue counters:
                        Queued packets Transmitted packets
                                                                  Dropped packets
    0 limited
                                     0
                                                                                0
    1 expedited-fo
                                     0
                                                           0
                                                                                0
    2 real-plus
                                     0
                                                           0
                                                                                0
    3 network-cont
                                    15
                                                          15
                                                                                0
 DS1
       alarms : None
       defects : None
 DS1
  DS1 BERT configuration:
    BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
    Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
  Logical interface e1-3/0/0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 32) (Generation 26)
    Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
    Traffic statistics:
     Input bytes :
                                        0
     Output bytes :
                                        0
```

```
Input packets:
                                     0
  Output packets:
                                     0
  Local statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                     0
   Output bytes :
   Input packets:
                                     0
   Output packets:
                                     0
  Transit statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                     0
                                                           0 bps
   Output bytes :
                                     0
                                                           0 bps
   Input packets:
                                     0
                                                           0 pps
   Output packets:
                                     0
                                                           0 pps
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 32, Route table: 0
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
     Destination: 10.1.3/24, Local: 10.1.3.1, Broadcast: 10.1.3.255,
      Generation: 42
  DLCI 100
    Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
    Total down time: 00:01:18 sec, Last down: 00:01:18 ago
    Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :
                                       0
    Output bytes :
                                       0
     Input packets:
                                       0
    Output packets:
                                       0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1
```

show interfaces extensive (E1, Frame Relay)

```
user@host> show interfaces e1-3/0/0 extensive
Physical interface: e1-3/0/0, Enabled, Physical link is Up
 Interface index: 146, SNMP ifIndex: 37, Generation: 69
 Link-level type: Frame-Relay, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: E1,
 Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: G704
 Device flags : Present Running
 Interface flags: Link-Layer-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps 16384
 Link flags : Keepalives DTE
 Hold-times
                : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
 ANSI LMI settings: n391dte 6, n392dte 3, n393dte 4, t391dte 10 seconds
 LMI statistics:
   Input : 0 (last seen: never)
   Output: 12 (last sent 00:00:05 ago)
 DTE statistics:
    Enquiries sent
                                         : 10
    Full enquiries sent
                                        : 2
   Enquiry responses received
                                        : 0
   Full enquiry responses received
                                        : 0
 DCE statistics:
    Enquiries received
                                        : 0
    Full enquiries received
                                        : 0
    Enquiry responses sent
                                        : 0
   Full enquiry responses sent
                                        : 0
 Common statistics:
    Unknown messages received
                                        : 0
   Asynchronous updates received
                                        : 0
   Out-of-sequence packets received
                                        : 0
   Keepalive responses timedout
                                        : 1
 CoS queues : 8 supported
 Last flapped : 2005-11-30 14:50:34 PST (4d 20:33 ago)
 Statistics last cleared: Never
```

```
Traffic statistics:
 Input bytes :
                                     0
                                                           0 bps
 Output bytes :
                                   225
                                                           0 bps
 Input packets:
                                    0
                                                           0 pps
 Output packets:
                                    15
                                                           0 pps
Input errors:
  Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Framing errors: 0, Policed discards: 0,
  L3 incompletes: 0, L2 channel errors: 0, L2 mismatch timeouts: 0,
  HS link CRC errors: 0, SRAM errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
Output errors:
  Carrier transitions: 17, Errors: 0, Drops: 0, Aged packets: 0,
  MTU errors: 0, Resource errors: 0
                      Queued packets Transmitted packets
Queue counters:
                                                                Dropped packets
  0 limited
                                   0
                                                                               0
  1 expedited-fo
                                   0
                                                         0
                                                                               0
  2 real-plus
                                   0
                                                         0
                                                                               0
  3 network-cont
                                   15
                                                        15
                                                                               0
     alarms
DS1
              : None
     defects : None
E1 media:
                      Seconds
                                      Count State
  SEF
                            0
                                          0
                                             OK
  BEE
                                          5
                                             OK
                            5
  AIS
                                          0
                                             OK
                            0
  LOF
                           245
                                         15
                                             OK
  LOS
                           245
                                          4
                                             OK
  YFLLOW
                            0
                                         11
                                             OK
  BPV
                            0
                                          0
  EXZ
                                          9
  LCV
                            0
                                          0
  PCV
                            0
                                          0
  CS
                            0
                                          0
  FEBE
                            0
                                          0
  LES
                            0
  ES
                            0
  SES
                            0
  SEFS
                            0
  BES
                            0
  UAS
                           271
HDLC configuration:
  Policing bucket: Disabled
  Shaping bucket : Disabled
  Giant threshold: 1506, Runt threshold: 0
  Timeslots
                 : All active
  Line encoding: HDB3, Data inversion: Disabled, Idle cycle flag: flags,
  Start end flag: shared
DS1 BERT configuration:
  BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
  Induced Error rate: 10e-0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
  Destination slot: 3, PLP byte: 1 (0x00)
CoS information:
  CoS transmit queue
                           Bandwidth
                                               Buffer
                                                        Priority
                                                                     Limit
                      %
                                  bps
                                          %
                                                usec
  0 limited
                      95
                              1945600
                                         95
                                                    0
                                                             low
                                                                      none
  3 network-control
                             102400
                                          5
                                                    0
                                                             low
                       5
Logical interface e1-3/0/0.0 (Index 72) (SNMP ifIndex 32) (Generation 26)
```

```
Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: FR-NLPID
  Traffic statistics:
  Input bytes :
                                     0
  Output bytes :
                                     0
  Input packets:
                                     0
  Output packets:
                                     0
  Local statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                     0
   Output bytes :
   Input packets:
                                     0
  Output packets:
                                     0
  Transit statistics:
   Input bytes :
                                     0
                                                          0 bps
                                                          0 bps
  Output bytes :
                                     0
   Input packets:
                                     0
                                                          0 pps
                                     0
  Output packets:
                                                          0 pps
  Protocol inet, MTU: 1500, Generation: 32, Route table: 0
    Flags: None
    Addresses, Flags: Dest-route-down Is-Preferred Is-Primary
     Destination: 10.1.3/24, Local: 10.1.3.1, Broadcast: 10.1.3.255,
     Generation: 42
  DLCI 100
    Flags: Down, DCE-Unconfigured
    Total down time: 00:01:21 sec, Last down: 00:01:21 ago
    Traffic statistics:
    Input bytes :
                                       0
    Output bytes :
                                       0
    Input packets:
                                       0
     Output packets:
                                       0
DLCI statistics:
  Active DLCI :0 Inactive DLCI :1
```

show interfaces (E1, IMA Link)

```
user@host> show interfaces e1-1/0/0
  IMA Link alarms : None
  IMA Link defects : LIF, LODS
  IMA Link state:
           : Not synchronized
   line
    Near end: Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
    Far end: Rx: Unusable, Tx: Usable
                          Seconds
  IMA link media:
                                          Count State
   LIF
                                              0
    LODS
                                              0
    Err-ICP
                                              0
    ΙV
                                              0
    Rx-FC
                                              0
    Tx-FC
                                              0
    FE-Defects
                                              0
    FE-Rx-FC
                                              0
                                              0
    FE-Tx-FC
    Rx-ICP
                                              0
    Rx-Stuff
                                              0
    Tx-ICP
                                             11
    Tx-Stuff
                                 0
    Rx-SES
    Rx-UAS
                                 0
    Rx-UUS
                                 1
    Tx-UUS
    FE-Rx-SES
                                 0
    FE-Rx-UAS
                                 0
```

FE-Rx-UUS 0 FE-Tx-UUS 0

Octet aligned: Disabled

show interfaces extensive (T1, TDM-CCC-SATOP)

```
user@host>show interfaces t1-1/0/0:1:1 extensive
Physical interface: t1-1/0/0:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
  Interface index: 153, SNMP ifIndex: 579, Generation: 817
 Link-level type: TDM-CCC-SATOP, MTU: 1504, Clocking: Internal, Speed: T1,
Loopback: None, FCS: 16, Framing: ESF,
  Parent: coc1-1/0/0:1 Interface index 152
  Device flags : Present Running Down
  Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x0
  Link flags
                : None
 Hold-times
                 : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
  CoS queues
                 : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  Last flapped : 2012-10-28 02:12:40 PDT (22:32:13 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: 2012-10-29 00:44:52 PDT (00:00:01 ago)
  Egress queues: 8 supported, 4 in use
 Queue counters:
                        Queued packets Transmitted packets
                                                                  Dropped packets
    0 best-effort
                                     0
                                                                                0
    1 expedited-fo
                                     0
                                                           0
                                                                                Λ
    2 assured-forw
                                      0
    3 network-cont
                                      0
                                                           0
                                                                                n
  Queue number:
                        Mapped forwarding classes
   0
                        best-effort
    1
                        expedited-forwarding
    2
                        assured-forwarding
    3
                        network-control
 DS1
        alarms
                : None
 DS1
        defects : None
 T1 media:
                        Seconds
                                        Count State
    SEF
                                  0
                                               0 OK
    BEE
                                 0
                                               0
                                                  OK
    AIS
                                 0
                                               0
                                                  OK
    L0F
                                  0
                                               0
                                                  OK
                                               0
                                                  OK
    LOS
                                 0
    YELLOW
                                 n
                                               0
                                                  OK
                                               0
    CRC Major
                                 0
                                                  OK
    CRC Minor
                                               0
                                                  OK
    BPV
                                               0
                                               0
    EXZ
                                 0
                                               0
    I CV
                                 0
    PCV
                                  0
                                               0
    CS
                                               0
                                               0
    CRC
                                  0
    LES
                                 n
                                 0
    ES
    SES
                                 0
    SEFS
                                  0
    BES
                                 0
   UAS
                                 0
  SAToP configuration:
    Payload size: 192
    Idle pattern: 0xFF
```

```
Jitter buffer: packets: 8, latency: 7 ms, auto adjust: Disabled
    Excessive packet loss rate: sample period: 10000 ms, threshold: 30%
 DS1 BERT configuration:
    BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
    Induced Error rate: 0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
  SONET alarms : None
  SONET defects : AIS-V, RDI-V
  SONET vt:
    BIP-BIP2
                                 0
                                              0
    REI-V
                                 0
                                              0
   LOP-V
                                 0
                                              0
                                                 OK
    AIS-V
                                                 Defect Active
                                              0
                                 2
    RDI-V
                                              0 Defect Active
                                 2
    UNEQ-V
                                 0
                                              0 OK
    PLM-V
                                 0
                                              0 OK
    ES-V
                                 0
    SES-V
                                 n
    UAS-V
                                 2
    ES-VFE
                                 0
    SES-VFE
                                 0
    UAS-VFE
                                 0
  Received SONET overhead:
V5
      : 0x07
V5(cmp) : 0x02
  Transmitted SONET overhead:
        : 0x02
  Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
    Destination slot: 1
  CoS information:
   Direction : Output
    CoS transmit queue
                                     Bandwidth
                                                              Buffer Priority
Limit
                                           bps
                                                                usec
    0 best-effort
                             95
                                       1459200
                                                  95
                                                                  0
                                                                          low
none
                              5
                                         76800
                                                   5
                                                                  0
                                                                          low
    3 network-control
none
 Logical interface t1-1/0/0:1:1.0 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 580) (Generation 525)
    Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: TDM-CCC-SATOP
  CE info
                        Packets
                                       Bytes Count
   CE Tx
                           1005
                                       192960
    CE Rx
                           1004
                                       192768
    CE Rx Forwarded
                                           0
    CE Strayed
                              0
    CE Lost
                              0
    CE Malformed
                              0
   CE Misinserted
                              0
    CE AIS dropped
                              0
    CE Dropped
                           1005
                                       192960
    CE Overrun Events
                                              0
    CE Underrun Events
    Protocol ccc, MTU: 1504, Generation: 814, Route table: 0
     Flags: Is-Primary
```

show interfaces extensive (DS, TDM-CCC-CESoPSN)

```
user@host>show interfaces ds-1/0/0:1:1:1 extensive
Physical interface: ds-1/0/0:1:1:1, Enabled, Physical link is Down
```

Interface index: 154, SNMP ifIndex: 597, Generation: 819

```
Link-level type: TDM-CCC-CESoPSN, MTU: 1504, Speed: 1536kbps, Loopback: None,
FCS: 16, Parent: ct1-1/0/0:1:1 Interface index 153
 Device flags : Present Running Down
  Interface flags: Hardware-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Internal: 0x0
  Link flags
                : None
 Hold-times
                : Up 0 ms, Down 0 ms
                : 8 supported, 8 maximum usable queues
  CoS queues
  Last flapped : 2012-10-29 00:49:03 PDT (00:00:35 ago)
  Statistics last cleared: Never
  Egress queues: 8 supported, 4 in use
  Queue counters:
                        Queued packets Transmitted packets
                                                                 Dropped packets
    0 best-effort
                                                                               0
    1 expedited-fo
                                     0
                                                          0
                                                                               0
    2 assured-forw
                                     0
                                                                               n
                                                          n
    3 network-cont
                                     0
                                                                               0
  Queue number:
                        Mapped forwarding classes
                        best-effort
   0
    1
                        expedited-forwarding
    2
                        assured-forwarding
    3
                        network-control
  CESoPSN configuration:
    Packetization latency: 1000 us
    Idle pattern: 0xFF
    Jitter buffer: packets: 8, latency: 8 ms, auto adjust: Disabled
    Excessive packet loss rate: sample period: 10000 ms, threshold: 30%
 DSO BERT configuration:
    BERT time period: 10 seconds, Elapsed: 0 seconds
    Induced Error rate: 0, Algorithm: 2^15 - 1, 0.151, Pseudorandom (9)
  Packet Forwarding Engine configuration:
   Destination slot: 1
  CoS information:
   Direction : Output
    CoS transmit queue
                                     Bandwidth
                                                              Buffer Priority
Limit
                                                   %
                                           bps
                                                                usec
   0 best-effort
                             95
                                       1459200
                                                                          low
                                                  95
                                                                  0
none
    3 network-control
                              5
                                         76800
                                                                          low
                                                   5
none
 Logical interface ds-1/0/0:1:1:1.0 (Index 69) (SNMP ifIndex 598) (Generation
549)
    Flags: Device-Down Point-To-Point SNMP-Traps Encapsulation: TDM-CCC-CESoPSN
 CE info
                        Packets
                                       Bytes Count
   CE Tx
                                           0
                              n
    CE Rx
                          35712
                                       6856704
    CE Rx Forwarded
                                           0
    CE Strayed
                              0
    CE Lost
                              0
    CE Malformed
                              0
    CE Misinserted
                              0
    CE AIS dropped
                              0
    CE Dropped
                              0
                                           0
    CE Overrun Events
                                              0
    CE Underrun Events
                                              1
```

Protocol ccc, MTU: 1504, Generation: 857, Route table: 0

Flags: Is-Primary

CHAPTER 6

Command Summaries

• Channelized E1 Interface Operational Mode Commands on page 101

Channelized E1 Interface Operational Mode Commands

Table 6 on page 101 summarizes the command-line interface (CLI) commands that you can use to monitor and troubleshoot channelized E1 interfaces. Commands are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 6: Channelized E1 Interface Operational Mode Commands

Task	Command
Display status information about channelized E1 interfaces.	show interfaces (Channelized E1)
Display channelized E1 IQ interface information.	show interfaces (Channelized E1 IQ)
Display the interface names of the physical channelized E1 IQ interface and the channels configured on each interface.	show interfaces controller (Channelized E1 IQ)



NOTE: For more information about the channel type and level of channelization, and for information about the number of channels that are supported on the channelized E1 interface, see the *Junos® OS Network Interfaces*.

For channelization illustrations and configuration examples for channelized IQ interfaces, see the *Junos Feature Guide*.

PART 4

Troubleshooting

• Interface Diagnostics on page 105

CHAPTER 7

Interface Diagnostics

• Interface Diagnostics on page 105

Interface Diagnostics

You can use two diagnostic tools to test the physical layer connections of interfaces: loopback testing and bit error rate test (BERT) testing. Loopback testing enables you to verify the connectivity of a circuit. BERT testing enables you to identify poor signal quality on a circuit. This section contains the following topics:

- · Configuring Loopback Testing on page 105
- Interface Diagnostics on page 107

Configuring Loopback Testing

Loopback testing allows you to verify the connectivity of a circuit. You can configure any of the following interfaces to execute a loopback test: Aggregated Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, E1, E3, NxDSO, serial, SONET/SDH, T1, and T3.

The physical path of a network data circuit usually consists of segments interconnected by devices that repeat and regenerate the transmission signal. The transmit path on one device connects to the receive path on the next device. If a circuit fault occurs in the form of a line break or a signal corruption, you can isolate the problem by using a loopback test. Loopback tests allow you to isolate segments of the circuit and test them separately.

To do this, configure a *line loopback* on one of the routers. Instead of transmitting the signal toward the far-end device, the line loopback sends the signal back to the originating router. If the originating router receives back its own data link layer packets, you have verified that the problem is beyond the originating router. Next, configure a line loopback farther away from the local router. If this originating router does not receive its own data link layer packets, you can assume the problem is on one of the segments between the local router and the remote router's interface card. In this case, the next troubleshooting step is to configure a line loopback closer to the local router to find the source of the problem.

There are several types of loopback testing supported by the Junos OS, as follows:

- DCE local—Loops packets back on the local DCE.
- DCE remote—Loops packets back on the remote DCE.

- Local—Useful for troubleshooting physical PIC errors. Configuring local loopback on an interface allows transmission of packets to the channel service unit (CSU) and then to the circuit toward the far-end device. The interface receives its own transmission, which includes data and timing information, on the local router's PIC. The data received from the CSU is ignored. To test a local loopback, issue the **show interfaces** *interface-name* command. If PPP keepalives transmitted on the interface are received by the PIC, the **Device Flags** field contains the output **Loop-Detected**.
- Payload—Useful for troubleshooting the physical circuit problems between the local router and the remote router. A payload loopback loops data only (without clocking information) on the remote router's PIC. With payload loopback, overhead is recalculated.
- Remote—Useful for troubleshooting the physical circuit problems between the local
 router and the remote router. A remote loopback loops packets, including both data
 and timing information, back on the remote router's interface card. A router at one end
 of the circuit initiates a remote loopback toward its remote partner. When you configure
 a remote loopback, the packets received from the physical circuit and CSU are received
 by the interface. Those packets are then retransmitted by the PIC back toward the
 CSU and the circuit. This loopback tests all the intermediate transmission segments.

Table 7 on page 106 shows the loopback modes supported on the various interface types.

Table 7: Loopback Modes by Interface Type

Interface	Loopback Modes	Usage Guidelines
Aggregated Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet	Local	Configuring Ethernet Loopback Capability
Circuit Emulation E1	Local and remote	Configuring E1 Loopback Capability
Circuit Emulation T1	Local and remote	Configuring T1 Loopback Capability
E1 and E3	Local and remote	Configuring E1 Loopback Capability and Configuring E3 Loopback Capability
NxDS0	Payload	"Configuring NxDS0 IQ and IQE Interfaces" on page 8, Configuring T1 and NxDS0 Interfaces, Configuring Channelized OC12/STM4 IQ and IQE Interfaces (SONET Mode), Configuring Channelized STM1 IQ and IQE Interfaces, and Configuring Channelized T3 IQ Interfaces
Serial (V.35 and X.21)	Local and remote	Configuring Serial Loopback Capability
Serial (EIA-530)	DCE local, DCE remote, local, and remote	Configuring Serial Loopback Capability
SONET/SDH	Local and remote	Configuring SONET/SDH Loopback Capability

Table 7: Loopback Modes by Interface Type (continued)

Interface	Loopback Modes	Usage Guidelines
T1 and T3	Local, payload, and remote	Configuring T1 Loopback Capability and Configuring T3 Loopback Capability
		See also Configuring the T1 Remote Loopback Response

To configure loopback testing, include the loopback statement:

loopback mode;

You can include this statement at the following hierarchy levels:

- [edit interfaces interface-name aggregated-ether-options]
- [edit interfaces interface-name ds0-options]
- [edit interfaces interface-name el-options]
- [edit interfaces interface-name e3-options]
- [edit interfaces interface-name fastether-options]
- [edit interfaces interface-name gigether-options]
- [edit interfaces interface-name serial-options]
- [edit interfaces interface-name sonet-options]
- [edit interfaces interface-name t1-options]
- [edit interfaces interface-name t3-options]

Interface Diagnostics

BERT allows you to troubleshoot problems by checking the quality of links. You can configure any of the following interfaces to execute a BERT when the interface receives a request to run this test: E1, E3, T1, T3; the channelized DS3, OC3, OC12, and STM1 interfaces; and the channelized DS3 IQ, E1 IQ, and OC12 IQ interfaces.

A BERT test requires a line loop to be in place on either the transmission devices or the far-end router. The local router generates a known bit pattern and sends it out the transmit path. The received pattern is then verified against the sent pattern. The higher the bit error rate of the received pattern, the worse the noise is on the physical circuit. As you move the position of the line loop increasingly downstream toward the far-end router, you can isolate the troubled portion of the link.

To configure BERT, you must configure the duration of the test, the bit pattern to send on the transmit path, and the error rate to monitor when the inbound pattern is received.

To configure the duration of the test, the pattern to send in the bit stream, and the error rate to include in the bit stream, include the bert-period, bert-algorithm, and bert-error-rate statements, respectively, at the [edit interfaces interface-name interface-type-options] hierarchy level:

```
[edit interfaces interface-name interface-type-options] bert-algorithm algorithm; bert-error-rate rate; bert-period seconds;
```

By default, the BERT period is 10 seconds. You can configure the BERT period to last from 1 through 239 seconds on some PICs and from 1 through 240 seconds on other PICs.

rate is the bit error rate. This can be an integer from 0 through 7, which corresponds to a bit error rate from 10^{-0} (1 error per bit) to 10^{-7} (1 error per 10 million bits).

algorithm is the pattern to send in the bit stream. For a list of supported algorithms, enter a ? after the **bert-algorithm** statement; for example:

For specific hierarchy information, see the individual interface types.



NOTE: The 4-port E1 PIC supports only the following algorithms:

```
pseudo-2e11-o152 Pattern is 2^1 -1 (per 0.152 standard)
pseudo-2e15-o151 Pattern is 2^15 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o151 Pattern is 2^20 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e23-o151 Pattern is 2^23 (per 0.151 standard)
```

When you issue the help command from the CLI, all BERT algorithm options are displayed, regardless of the PIC type, and no commit check is available. Unsupported patterns for a PIC type can be viewed in system log messages.



NOTE: The 12-port T1/E1 Circuit Emulation (CE) PIC supports only the following algorithms:

```
all-ones-repeating
                     Repeating one bits
all-zeros-repeating Repeating zero bits
alternating-double-ones-zeros Alternating pairs of ones and zeros
alternating-ones-zeros Alternating ones and zeros
pseudo-2e11-o152 Pattern is 2^11 -1 (per 0.152 standard)
pseudo-2e15-o151
                    Pattern is 2^15 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o151
                    Pattern is 2^20 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e7
                    Pattern is 2^7 - 1
pseudo-2e9-o153
                    Pattern is 2<sup>9</sup> - 1 (per 0.153 standard)
repeating-1-in-4
                    1 bit in 4 is set
repeating-1-in-8
                    1 bit in 8 is set
repeating-3-in-24
                    3 bits in 24 are set
```

When you issue the help command from the CLI, all BERT algorithm options are displayed, regardless of the PIC type, and no commit check is available. Unsupported patterns for a PIC type can be viewed in system log messages.



NOTE: The IQE PICs support only the following algorithms:

```
all-ones-repeating
                    Repeating one bits
all-zeros-repeating Repeating zero bits
alternating-double-ones-zeros Alternating pairs of ones and zeros
alternating-ones-zeros Alternating ones and zeros
pseudo-2e9-o153
                   Pattern is 2<sup>9</sup> -1 (per 0.153 (511 type) standard)
pseudo-2e11-o152
                    Pattern is 2^11 -1 (per 0.152 and 0.153 (2047 type)
standards)
pseudo-2e15-o151
                    Pattern is 2^15 -1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o151
                    Pattern is 2^20 -1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o153
                    Pattern is 2^20 -1 (per 0.153 standard)
pseudo-2e23-o151
                    Pattern is 2^23 -1 (per 0.151 standard)
repeating-1-in-4
                    1 bit in 4 is set
repeating-1-in-8
                    1 bit in 8 is set
repeating-3-in-24
                    3 bits in 24 are set
```

When you issue the help command from the CLI, all BERT algorithm options are displayed, regardless of the PIC type, and no commit check is available. Unsupported patterns for a PIC type can be viewed in system log messages.



NOTE: BERT is supported on the PDH interfaces of the Channelized SONET/SDH OC3/STM1 (Multi-Rate) MIC with SFP and the DS3/E3 MIC. The following BERT algorithms are supported:

all-ones-repeating	Repeating one bits
all-zeros-repeating	Repeating zero bits
alternating-double-ones-zeros	Alternating pairs of ones and zeros
alternating-ones-zeros	Alternating ones and zeros
repeating-1-in-4	1 bit in 4 is set
repeating-1-in-8	1 bit in 8 is set
repeating-3-in-24	3 bits in 24 are set
pseudo-2e9-o153	Pattern is 2 ⁹ - 1 (per 0.153 standard)
pseudo-2e11-o152	Pattern is 2^11 - 1 (per 0.152 standard)
pseudo-2e15-o151	Pattern is 2^15 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o151	Pattern is 2^20 - 1 (per 0.151 standard)
pseudo-2e20-o153	Pattern is 2^20 - 1 (per 0.153 standard)
pseudo-2e23-o151	Pattern is 2^23 (per 0.151 standard)

Table 8 on page 110 shows the BERT capabilities for various interface types.

Table 8: BERT Capabilities by Interface Type

Interface	TI BERT	T3 BERT	Comments
12-port T1/E1 Circuit Emulation	Yes (ports 0–11)		Limited algorithms
4-port Channelized OC3/STM1 Circuit Emulation	Yes (port 0-3)		Limited algorithms
El or Tl	Yes (port 0-3)	Yes (port 0-3)	Single port at a timeLimited algorithms
E3 or T3	Yes (port 0-3)	Yes (port 0-3)	Single port at a time
Channelized OC12	N/A	Yes (channel 0–11)	Single channel at a timeLimited algorithmsNo bit count
Channelized STM1	Yes (channel 0–62)	N/A	Multiple channelsOnly one algorithmNo error insertNo bit count
Channelized T3 and Multichannel T3	Yes (channel 0–27)	Yes (port 0–3 on channel 0)	 Multiple ports and channels Limited algorithms for T1 No error insert for T1 No bit count for T1

These limitations do not apply to channelized IQ interfaces. For information about BERT capabilities on channelized IQ interfaces, see *Channelized IQ and IQE Interfaces Properties*.

Starting and Stopping a BERT Test

Before you can start the BERT test, you must disable the interface. To do this, include the **disable** statement at the **[edit interfaces interface-name]** hierarchy level:

[edit interfaces *interface-name*] disable;

After you configure the BERT properties and commit the configuration, begin the test by issuing the **test interface** *interface-name interface-type*-bert-start operational mode command:

user@host> test interface interface-name interface-type-bert-start

The test runs for the duration you specify with the **bert-period** statement. If you wish to terminate the test sooner, issue the **test interface** *interface-name interface-type-*bert-stop command:

user@host> test interface interface-name interface-type-bert-stop

For example:

```
user@host> test interface t3-1/2/0 t3-bert-start user@host> test interface t3-1/2/0 t3-bert-stop
```

To view the results of the BERT test, issue the **show interfaces extensive | find BERT** command:

user@host> show interfaces interface-name extensive | find BERT

For more information about running and evaluating the results of the BERT procedure, see the CLI Explorer.



NOTE: To exchange BERT patterns between a local router and a remote router, include the loopback remote statement in the interface configuration at the remote end of the link. From the local router, issue the test interface command.

Example: Configuring Bit Error Rate Testing

Configure a BERT test on a T3 interface. In this example, the run duration lasts for 120 seconds. The configured error rate is 0, which corresponds to a bit error rate of 10^{-0} (1 error per bit). The configured bit pattern of **all-ones-repeating** means that every bit the interface sends is a set to a value of 1.

[edit interfaces]
t3-1/2/0 {
 t3-options {
 bert algorithm all-ones-repeating;
 bert-error-rate 0;
 bert-period 120;

}

PART 5

Index

• Index on page 115

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