



# Alcatel-Lucent 7705

SERVICE AGGREGATION ROUTER OS | RELEASE 3.0  
OAM AND DIAGNOSTICS GUIDE

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# List of Acronyms

Acronym	Expansion
2G	second generation wireless telephone technology
3DES	triple DES (data encryption standard)
3G	third generation mobile telephone technology
5620 SAM	5620 Service Aware Manager
7705 SAR	7705 Service Aggregation Router
7710 SR	7710 Service Router
7750 SR	7750 Service Router
9500 MPR	9500 Microwave Packet Radio
A/S	active/standby
ABR	available bit rate area border router
AC	alternating current attachment circuit
ACL	access control list
ACR	adaptive clock recovery
ADP	automatic discovery protocol
AFI	authority and format identifier
AIS	alarm indication signal
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
Apipe	ATM VLL
APS	automatic protection switching
ARP	address resolution protocol
AS	autonomous system
ASAP	any service, any port

## List of Acronyms

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Expansion</b>
ASBR	autonomous system boundary router
ASN	autonomous system number
ATM	asynchronous transfer mode
ATM PVC	ATM permanent virtual circuit
B3ZS	bipolar with three-zero substitution
Batt A	battery A
B-bit	beginning bit (first packet of a fragment)
Bellcore	Bell Communications Research
BFDD	bidirectional forwarding detection
BGP	border gateway protocol
BITS	building integrated timing supply
BOF	boot options file
BRAS	Broadband Remote Access Server
BSC	Base Station Controller
BSTA	Broadband Service Termination Architecture
BTS	base transceiver station
CAS	channel associated signaling
CBN	common bonding networks
CBS	committed buffer space
CC	control channel continuity check
CCM	continuity check message
CE	customer edge circuit emulation
CEM	circuit emulation
CES	circuit emulation services

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Expansion</b>
CESoPSN	circuit emulation services over packet switched network
CFM	connectivity fault management
CIDR	classless inter-domain routing
CIR	committed information rate
CLI	command line interface
CLP	cell loss priority
CoS	class of service
CPE	customer premises equipment
Cpipe	circuit emulation (or TDM) VLL
CPM	Control and Processing Module (CPM is used instead of CSM when referring to CSM filtering – to align with CLI syntax used with other SR products)
CPU	central processing unit
CRC	cyclic redundancy check
CRON	a time-based scheduling service (from chronos = time)
CSM	Control and Switching Module
CSNP	complete sequence number PDU
CSPF	constrained shortest path first
CV	connection verification customer VLAN (tag)
CW	control word
DC	direct current
DC-C	DC return - common
DCE	data communications equipment
DC-I	DC return - isolated
DCO	digitally controlled oscillator
DDoS	distributed DoS

## List of Acronyms

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Expansion</b>
DES	data encryption standard
DHCP	dynamic host configuration protocol
DIS	designated intermediate system
DM	delay measurement
DNS	domain name server
DoS	denial of service
dot1p	IEEE 802.1p bits, found in Ethernet or VLAN ingress packet headers and used to map traffic to up to eight forwarding classes
dot1q	IEEE 802.1q encapsulation for Ethernet interfaces
DPLL	digital phase locked loop
DSCP	differentiated services code point
DSL	digital subscriber line
DSLAM	digital subscriber line access multiplexer
DTE	data termination equipment
DU	downstream unsolicited
DV	delay variation
e911	enhanced 911 service
E-bit	ending bit (last packet of a fragment)
ECMP	equal cost multi-path
EFM	Ethernet in the first mile
EGP	exterior gateway protocol
EIA/TIA-232	Electronic Industries Alliance/Telecommunications Industry Association Standard 232 (also known as <a href="#">RS-232</a> )
ELER	egress label edge router

Acronym	Expansion
E&M	ear and mouth earth and magneto exchange and multiplexer
Epipe	Ethernet VLL
ERO	explicit route object
ESD	electrostatic discharge
ESMC	Ethernet synchronization message channel
ETE	end-to-end
ETH-CFM	Ethernet connectivity fault management (IEEE 802.1ag)
EVDO	evolution - data optimized
EXP bits	experimental bits (currently known as <a href="#">TC</a> )
FC	forwarding class
FCS	frame check sequence
FDB	forwarding database
FDL	facilities data link
FEAC	far-end alarm and control
FEC	forwarding equivalence class
FF	fixed filter
FIB	forwarding information base
FIFO	first in, first out
FNG	fault notification generator
FOM	figure of merit
FRR	fast reroute
FTN	FEC-to-NHLFE
FTP	file transfer protocol
GFP	generic framing procedure

## List of Acronyms

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Expansion</b>
GigE	Gigabit Ethernet
GRE	generic routing encapsulation
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications (2G)
HCM	high capacity multiplexing
HDB3	high density bipolar of order 3
HEC	header error control
HMAC	hash message authentication code
HSDPA	high-speed downlink packet access
HSPA	high-speed packet access
IANA	internet assigned numbers authority
IBN	isolated bonding networks
ICMP	Internet control message protocol
ICP	IMA control protocol cells
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
IEEE 1588v2	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers standard 1588-2008
IES	Internet Enhanced Service
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force
IGP	interior gateway protocol
ILER	ingress label edge router
ILM	incoming label map
IMA	inverse multiplexing over ATM
IOM	input/output module
IP	Internet Protocol
IPCP	Internet Protocol Control Protocol
IPIP	IP in IP

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Expansion</b>
Ipipe	IP interworking VLL
IPoATM	IP over ATM
IS-IS	Intermediate System-to-Intermediate System
IS-IS-TE	IS-IS-traffic engineering (extensions)
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
LB	loopback
lbf-in	pound force inch
LBM	loopback message
LBR	loopback reply
LCP	link control protocol
LDP	label distribution protocol
LER	label edge router
LIB	label information base
LLF	link loss forwarding
LLID	loopback location ID
LM	loss measurement
LSA	link-state advertisement
LSDB	link-state database
LSP	label switched path link-state PDU (for IS-IS)
LSR	label switch router link-state request
LSU	link-state update
LT	linktrace
LTE	line termination equipment
LTM	linktrace message

## List of Acronyms

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Expansion</b>
LTN	LSP ID to NHLFE
LTR	linktrace reply
MA	maintenance association
MA-ID	maintenance association identifier
MAC	media access control
MBB	make-before-break
MBS	maximum buffer space maximum burst size media buffer space
MBSP	mobile backhaul service provider
MC-MLPPP	multi-class multilink point-to-point protocol
MD	maintenance domain
MD5	message digest version 5 (algorithm)
MDA	media dependent adapter
MDDDB	multidrop data bridge
MDL	maintenance data link
ME	maintenance entity
MED	multi-exit discriminator
MEF	Metro Ethernet Forum
MEG	maintenance entity group
MEG-ID	maintenance entity group identifier
MEN	Metro Ethernet network
MEP	maintenance association end point
MFC	multi-field classification
MHF	MIP half function
MIB	management information base

Acronym	Expansion
MIP	maintenance association intermediate point
MIR	minimum information rate
MLPPP	multilink point-to-point protocol
MP	merge point multilink protocol
MP-BGP	multiprotocol border gateway protocol
MPLS	multiprotocol label switching
MPR	see 9500 MPR
MRRU	maximum received reconstructed unit
MRU	maximum receive unit
MSDU	MAC Service Data Unit
MS-PW	multi-segment pseudowire
MTSO	mobile trunk switching office
MTU	maximum transmission unit multi-tenant unit
MW	microwave
N·m	newton meter
NBMA	non-broadcast multiple access (network)
NE	network element
NET	network entity title
NHLFE	next hop label forwarding entry
NHOP	next-hop
NLRI	network layer reachability information
NNHOP	next next-hop
NNI	network-to-network interface
Node B	similar to BTS but used in 3G networks — term is used in UMTS (3G systems) while BTS is used in GSM (2G systems)

## List of Acronyms

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Expansion</b>
NSAP	network service access point
NSSA	not-so-stubby area
NTP	network time protocol
OAM	operations, administration, and maintenance
OAMPDU	OAM protocol data units
OC3	optical carrier, level 3
ORF	outbound route filtering
OS	operating system
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection (reference model)
OSINLCP	OSI Network Layer Control Protocol
OSPF	Open Shortest Path First
OSPF-TE	OSPF-traffic engineering (extensions)
OSS	operations support system
OSSP	Organization Specific Slow Protocol
PDU	protocol data units
PDV	packet delay variation
PDVT	packet delay variation tolerance
PE	provider edge router
PHB	per-hop behavior
PHY	physical layer
PID	protocol ID
PIR	peak information rate
PLCP	Physical Layer Convergence Protocol
PLR	point of local repair
POP	point of presence
POS	packet over SONET

Acronym	Expansion
PPP	point-to-point protocol
PSN	packet switched network
PSNP	partial sequence number PDU
PTP	precision time protocol performance transparency protocol
PVC	permanent virtual circuit
PVCC	permanent virtual channel connection
PW	pseudowire
PWE	pseudowire emulation
PWE3	pseudowire emulation edge-to-edge
QL	quality level
QoS	quality of service
RADIUS	Remote Authentication Dial In User Service
RAN	Radio Access Network
RBS	robbed bit signaling
RD	route distinguisher
RDI	remote defect indication
RED	random early discard
RESV	reservation
RIB	routing information base
RJ-45	registered jack 45
RNC	Radio Network Controller
RRO	record route object
RS-232	Recommended Standard 232 (also known as <a href="#">EIA/TIA-232</a> )
RSVP-TE	resource reservation protocol - traffic engineering
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment

## List of Acronyms

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Expansion</b>
RT	receive/transmit
RTM	routing table manager
RTN	battery return
RTP	real-time protocol
RTU	remote terminal unit
SAA	service assurance agent
SAP	service access point
SAR-8	7705 Service Aggregation Router - 8-slot chassis
SAR-F	7705 Service Aggregation Router - fixed form-factor chassis
SAToP	structure-agnostic TDM over packet
SCADA	surveillance, control and data acquisition
SCP	secure copy
SD	signal degrade
SDH	synchronous digital hierarchy
SDI	serial data interface
SDP	service destination point
SE	shared explicit
SF	signal fail
SFP	small form-factor pluggable (transceiver)
SGT	self-generated traffic
SHA-1	secure hash algorithm
SIR	sustained information rate
SLA	Service Level Agreement
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
SNPA	subnetwork point of attachment
SNTP	simple network time protocol

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Expansion</b>
SONET	synchronous optical networking
S-PE	switching provider edge router
SPF	shortest path first
SPT	shortest path tree
SR	service router (includes 7710 SR, 7750 SR)
SRLG	shared risk link group
SSH	secure shell
SSM	synchronization status messaging
SSU	system synchronization unit
STM1	synchronous transport module, level 1
SVC	switched virtual circuit
TACACS+	Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System Plus
TC	traffic class (formerly known as <a href="#">EXP bits</a> )
TCP	transmission control protocol
TDM	time division multiplexing
TE	traffic engineering
TFTP	trivial file transfer protocol
TLDP	targeted LDP
TLV	type length value
ToS	type of service
T-PE	terminating provider edge router
TPID	tag protocol identifier
TTL	time to live
TTM	tunnel table manager
U-APS	unidirectional automatic protection switching
UBR	unspecified bit rate

## List of Acronyms

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Expansion</b>
UDP	user datagram protocol
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (3G)
UNI	user-to-network interface
V.35	V-series Recommendation 35
VC	virtual circuit
VCC	virtual channel connection
VCCV	virtual circuit connectivity verification
VCI	virtual circuit identifier
VID	VLAN ID
VLAN	virtual LAN
VLL	virtual leased line
VoIP	voice over IP
VP	virtual path
VPC	virtual path connection
VPI	virtual path identifier
VPLS	virtual private LAN service
VPN	virtual private network
VPRN	virtual private routed network
VRF	virtual routing and forwarding table
VSE	vendor-specific extension
VSO	vendor-specific option
WCDMA	wideband code division multiple access (transmission protocol used in UMTS networks)
WRED	weighted random early discard
WTR	wait to restore

## About This Guide

This guide describes Operations, Administration and Management (OAM) and diagnostic tools provided by the 7705 SAR OS and presents examples to configure and implement various tests.

This document is organized into functional chapters and provides concepts and descriptions of the implementation flow, as well as Command Line Interface (CLI) syntax and command usage.

## Audience

This guide is intended for network administrators who are responsible for configuring the 7705 SAR routers. It is assumed that the network administrators have an understanding of networking principles and configurations. Protocols, standards, and services described in this guide include the following:

- CLI concepts
- operations, administration and maintenance (OAM) operations

## List of Technical Publications

The 7705 SAR OS documentation set is composed of the following guides:

- 7705 SAR OS Basic System Configuration Guide  
This guide describes basic system configurations and operations.
- 7705 SAR OS System Management Guide  
This guide describes system security and access configurations as well as event logging and accounting logs.
- 7705 SAR OS Interface Configuration Guide  
This guide describes card and port provisioning.

- **7705 SAR OS Router Configuration Guide**  
This guide describes logical IP routing interfaces, IP-based filtering, and routing policies.
- **7705 SAR OS MPLS Guide**  
This guide describes how to configure Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS), Resource Reservation Protocol for Traffic Engineering (RSVP-TE), and Label Distribution Protocol (LDP).
- **7705 SAR OS Services Guide**  
This guide describes how to configure service parameters such as service access points (SAPs), service destination points (SDPs), customer information, and user services.
- **7705 SAR OS Quality of Service Guide**  
This guide describes how to configure Quality of Service (QoS) policy management.
- **7705 SAR OS Routing Protocols Guide**  
This guide provides an overview of dynamic routing concepts and describes how to configure them.
- **7705 SAR OS OAM and Diagnostics Guide**  
This guide provides information on Operations, Administration and Maintenance (OAM) tools.

## Technical Support

If you purchased a service agreement for your 7705 SAR router and related products from a distributor or authorized reseller, contact the technical support staff for that distributor or reseller for assistance. If you purchased an Alcatel-Lucent service agreement, contact your welcome center at:

Web: <http://www.alcatel-lucent.com/support>

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# Getting Started

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## In This Chapter

This chapter provides the process flow information required to configure Operations, Administration and Management (OAM) tools.

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## Alcatel-Lucent 7705 SAR OAM Configuration Process

[Table 1](#) lists the tasks necessary to perform tools monitoring functions. This guide is presented in an overall logical configuration flow. Each section describes a software area and provides CLI syntax and command usage to configure parameters for a functional area.

**Table 1: Configuration Process**

Area	Task	Reference
Diagnostics/Service verification	OAM	<a href="#">OAM and SAA on page 29</a> <a href="#">Tools on page 163</a>
Reference	List of IEEE, IETF, and other proprietary entities	<a href="#">Standards and Protocol Support on page 195</a>

## Notes on 7705 SAR-8 and 7705 SAR-F

The 7705 SAR-8 and the 7705 SAR-F run the same operating system software. The main difference between the products is their hardware platforms.

The 7705 SAR-8 has an 8-slot chassis that supports two CSMs, a Fan module and six adapter cards.

The 7705 SAR-F chassis has a fixed hardware configuration. The 7705 SAR-F replaces the CSM, Fan module, and the 16-port T1/E1 ASAP Adapter card and 8-port Ethernet Adapter card with an all-in-one unit that provides comparable functional blocks, as detailed in [Table 2](#).

The fixed configuration of the 7705 SAR-F means that provisioning the router at the “card slot” and “type” levels is preset and is not user-configurable. Operators begin configurations at the port level.



**Note:** Unless stated otherwise, references to the terms “Adapter card” and “CSM” throughout the 7705 SAR OS documentation set include the equivalent functional blocks on the 7705 SAR-F.

**Table 2: 7705 SAR-8 and 7705 SAR-F Comparison**

7705 SAR-8	7705 SAR-F	Notes
CSM	Control and switching functions	The control and switching functions include the console and management interfaces, the alarm and fan functions, the synchronization interfaces, system LEDs, and so on.
Fan module	Integrated with the control and switching functions	
16-port T1/E1 ASAP Adapter card	16 individual T1/E1 ports on the faceplate	The T1/E1 ports on the 7705 SAR-F are equivalent to the T1/E1 ports on the 16-port T1/E1 ASAP Adapter card, except that the 16 T1/E1 ports on the 7705 SAR-F support multiple synchronization sources to support two timing references. On the 7705 SAR-8, the CLI indicates the MDA type for the 16-port T1/E1 ASAP Adapter card as <code>a16-chds1</code> . On the 7705 SAR-F, the CLI indicates the MDA type for the 7705 SAR-F ports as <code>a16-chds1v2</code> .

Table 2: 7705 SAR-8 and 7705 SAR-F Comparison (Continued)

7705 SAR-8	7705 SAR-F	Notes
8-port Ethernet Adapter card	8 individual Ethernet ports on the faceplate	<p>The –48 VDC versions of the 7705 SAR-8 support two versions of the 8-port Ethernet Adapter card, with version 2 having additional support for Synchronous Ethernet. The Ethernet ports on the 7705 SAR-F are equivalent to the Ethernet ports on version 2 of the 8-port Ethernet Adapter card and support multiple synchronization sources to support two timing references.</p> <p>The +24 VDC version of the 7705 SAR-8 only supports version 2 of the 8-port Ethernet Adapter card.</p> <p>On the 7705 SAR-8, the CLI indicates the MDA type for the 8-port Ethernet Adapter card as <code>a8-eth</code> or <code>a8-ethv2</code>. On the 7705 SAR-F, the CLI indicates the MDA type for the 7705 SAR-F Ethernet ports as <code>a8-ethv3</code>, to distinguish it from the actual version 2 of the 8-port Ethernet Adapter card.</p>
Requires user configuration at card (IOM) and MDA (adapter card) levels	Configuration at card (IOM) and MDA (adapter card) levels is preset and users cannot change these types	



# OAM and SAA

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## In This Chapter

This chapter provides information about the Operations, Administration and Maintenance (OAM) and Service Assurance Agent (SAA) commands available in the CLI for troubleshooting services.

Topics in this chapter include:

- [OAM Overview on page 30](#)
  - [ICMP Diagnostics on page 30](#)
  - [LSP Diagnostics on page 31](#)
  - [SDP Diagnostics on page 32](#)
  - [Service Diagnostics on page 33](#)
  - [VLL Diagnostics on page 34](#)
  - [Ethernet OAM Capabilities on page 38](#)
  - [OAM Propagation to Attachment Circuits on page 57](#)
  - [LDP Status Signaling on page 58](#)
- [Service Assurance Agent \(SAA\) Overview on page 59](#)
  - [SAA Application on page 59](#)
- [Configuring SAA Test Parameters on page 61](#)
- [OAM and SAA Command Reference on page 63](#)

## OAM Overview

Delivery of services requires that a number of operations occur properly and at different levels in the service delivery model. For example, operations—such as the association of packets to a service, VC-labels to a service, and each service to a service tunnel—must be performed properly in the forwarding plane for the service to function properly. In order to verify that a service is operational, a set of in-band, packet-based OAM tools is provided, with the ability to test each of the individual packet operations.

For in-band testing, the OAM packets closely resemble customer packets in order to effectively test the customer's forwarding path, but they are distinguishable from customer packets so that they can be kept within the service provider's network and not get forwarded to the customer.

The suite of OAM diagnostics supplements the basic IP ping and traceroute operations with diagnostics specialized for the different levels in the service delivery model. In addition, there are diagnostics for MPLS LSPs, SDPs, and Services within a service.

## ICMP Diagnostics

ICMP sends and receives control and error messages used to manage the behavior of the TCP/IP stack. ICMP provides:

- debugging tools and error reporting mechanisms to assist in troubleshooting an IP network
- the ability to send and receive error and control messages to far-end IP entities

## Ping

Ping is used to determine if there is IP layer connectivity between the 7705 SAR and another node in the network.

## Traceroute

Traceroute is used to determine the path that an IP packet takes from the 7705 SAR to a specified router.

## LSP Diagnostics

The 7705 SAR LSP diagnostics are implementations of LSP ping and LSP traceroute based on RFC 4379, *Detecting Multi-Protocol Label Switched (MPLS) Data Plane Failures*. LSP ping and LSP traceroute are modeled after the ICMP echo request/reply used by ping and traceroute to detect and localize faults in IP networks.

### LSP Ping

LSP ping, as described in RFC 4379, provides a mechanism to detect data plane failures in MPLS LSPs. For a given FEC, LSP ping verifies whether the packet reaches the egress label edge router (ELER).

### LSP Traceroute

LSP traceroute sends a packet to each transit LSR along a communications path until the far-end router is reached. The path is traced one LSR at a time, where each LSR that receives a traceroute packet replies to the initiating 7705 SAR with a packet that identifies itself. Once the final LSR is identified, the initiating LSR has a list of all LSRs on the path. Like IP traceroute, LSP traceroute is a hop-by-hop operation (that is, LSR by LSR).

Use LSP traceroute to determine the exact location of LSP failures.

## SDP Diagnostics

The 7705 SAR SDP diagnostics include SDP ping and SDP MTU path discovery.

### SDP Ping

SDP ping performs in-band unidirectional or round-trip connectivity tests on SDPs. The SDP ping OAM packets are sent in-band, in the tunnel encapsulation, so it will follow the same path as traffic within the service. The SDP ping response can be received out-of-band in the control plane, or in-band using the data plane for a round-trip test.

For a unidirectional test, SDP ping tests:

- the egress SDP ID encapsulation
- the ability to reach the far-end IP address of the SDP ID within the SDP encapsulation
- the path MTU to the far-end IP address over the SDP ID
- the forwarding class mapping between the near-end SDP ID encapsulation and the far-end tunnel termination

For a round-trip test, SDP ping uses a local egress SDP ID and an expected remote SDP ID. Since SDPs are unidirectional tunnels, the remote SDP ID must be specified and must exist as a configured SDP ID on the far-end 7705 SAR. SDP round-trip testing is an extension of SDP connectivity testing with the additional ability to test:

- the remote SDP ID encapsulation
- the potential service round-trip time
- the round-trip path MTU
- the round-trip forwarding class mapping

### SDP MTU Path Discovery

In a large network, network devices can support a variety of packet sizes that are transmitted across their interfaces. The largest packet (including headers) can be as large as the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU). An MTU specifies the largest packet size, measured in octets, that can be transmitted through a network entity. It is important to understand the MTU of the entire path (end-to-end) when provisioning services, especially for VLL services where the service must support the ability to transmit the extra large customer packets.

The Path MTU Discovery tool is a powerful tool that enables service providers to get the exact MTU supported between the service ingress and service termination points, accurate to 1 byte.

## Service Diagnostics

The Alcatel-Lucent Service ping feature provides end-to-end connectivity testing for an individual service. Service ping operates at a higher level than the SDP diagnostics in that it verifies an individual service and not the collection of services carried within an SDP.

## Service Ping

Service (SVC) ping is initiated from a 7705 SAR router to verify round-trip connectivity and delay to the far end of the service. The Alcatel-Lucent implementation of Service ping applies to GRE, IP, and MPLS tunnels and tests the following from edge-to-edge:

- tunnel connectivity
- VC label mapping verification
- service existence
- service provisioned parameter verification
- round-trip path verification
- service dynamic configuration verification



**Note:** By default, service ping uses GRE encapsulation.

## VLL Diagnostics

This section describes VCCV (Virtual Circuit Connectivity Verification) ping and VCCV trace, the VLL diagnostic capabilities for the 7705 SAR.

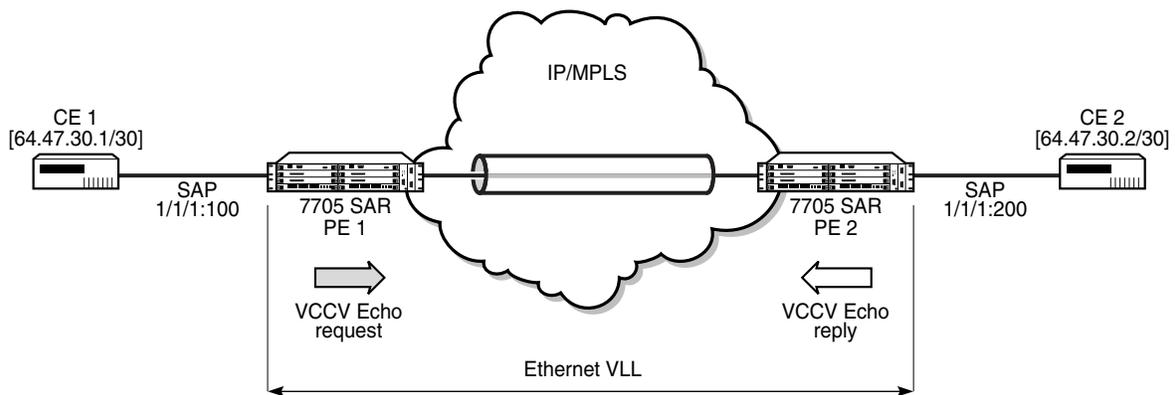
### VCCV Ping

VCCV ping is used to check the connectivity (in-band) of a VLL. It checks that the destination (target) PE is the egress point for the Layer 2 FEC. It provides a cross-check between the data plane and the control plane. It is in-band, meaning that the VCCV ping message is sent using the same encapsulation and along the same path as user packets in that VLL. This is equivalent to the LSP ping for a VLL service. VCCV ping reuses an LSP ping message format and can be used to test a VLL configured over an MPLS, GRE, or IP SDP.

### VCCV Ping Application

VCCV creates an IP control channel within the pseudowire between PE1 and PE2 (see [Figure 1](#)). PE2 should be able to distinguish, on the receive side, VCCV control messages from user packets on that VLL.

Figure 1: VCCV Ping Application



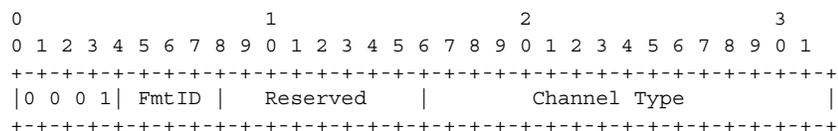
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VCCV-based pseudowire (PW) tests are only supported on dynamically signaled PWs (not on statically signaled PWs).

There are three methods of encapsulating a VCCV message in a VLL, which translates into three types of control channels, as follows:

- Type 1 — in-band VCCV (special control word)  
Type 1 uses the OAM control word, which is shown in [Figure 2](#).

**Figure 2: OAM Control Word Format**



In [Figure 2](#), the first nibble is set to 0x1. The Format ID and the Reserved fields are set to 0 and the Channel Type is the code point associated with the VCCV IP control channel, as specified in the PWE3 IANA registry [RFC 4446]. The channel type value of 0x21 indicates that the Associated Channel carries an IPv4 packet.

The use of the OAM control word assumes that the *draft-martini* control word is also used for the user packets. This means that if the control word is optional for a VLL and is not configured, the 7705 SAR PE node will only advertise the router alert label as the CC capability in the Label Mapping message.

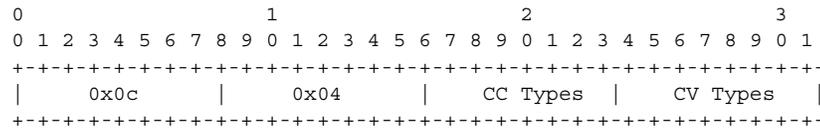
This method is supported by the 7705 SAR.

- Type 2 — out-of-band VCCV (router alert above the service label)  
The 7705 SAR uses the router alert label immediately above the VC label to identify the VCCV ping message. This method has a drawback in that if ECMP is applied to the outer LSP label, such as the transport label, the VCCV message will not follow the same path as the user packets. This effectively means it will not troubleshoot the appropriate path.  
This method is supported by the 7705 SAR.
- Type 3 — TTL expiry VCCV (service label TTL = 1 and special control word)  
This method is not supported by the 7705 SAR.

When sending the label mapping message for the VLL, PE1 and PE2 must indicate which of the above OAM packet encapsulation methods (that is, which control channel type) they support. This is accomplished by including an optional VCCV TLV in the PW FEC interface parameter field. The format of the VCCV TLV is shown in [Figure 3](#).

Note that the absence of the optional VCCV TLV in the Interface parameters field of the pseudowire FEC indicates that the PE has no VCCV capability.

**Figure 3: VCCV TLV**



In [Figure 3](#), the Control Channel (CC) Type field is a bit mask used to indicate if the PE supports none, one, or many control channel types:

- 0x00 — none of the following VCCV control channel types (Type 1, Type 2, or Type 3) are supported
- 0x01 — (Type 1, in-band) PWE3 OAM control word (see [Figure 2](#))
- 0x02 — (Type 2, out-of-band) MPLS router alert label
- 0x04 — (Type 3, not supported on the 7705 SAR) MPLS inner label TTL = 1

If both PE nodes support more than one of the CC types, then a 7705 SAR PE will make use of the CC type with the lowest type value. For instance, OAM control word (0x01) will be used in preference to the MPLS router alert label (0x02).

The Connectivity Verification (CV) Type field is a bit mask used to indicate the specific type of VCCV packets to be sent over the VCCV control channel. The possible values supported on the 7705 SAR are:

- 0x00 — none of the following VCCV packet types are supported
  - 0x02 — LSP ping
- This value (0x02) is used in the VCCV ping application and applies to a VLL over an MPLS, GRE, or IP SDP.

A VCCV ping is an LSP echo request message as defined in RFC 4379. It contains a Layer 2 FEC stack TLV in which it must include the sub-TLV type 10 FEC 128 pseudowire. It also contains a field that indicates to the destination PE which reply mode to use:

- do not reply  
This mode is supported by the 7705 SAR.
- reply by an IPv4 UDP packet  
This mode is supported by the 7705 SAR.
- reply via an IPv4 UDP packet with router alert  
This mode is not supported by the 7705 SAR.



**Note:** Do not confuse this mode, which sets the router alert bit in the IP header, with the CC type that makes use of the router alert label.

- reply by application-level control channel  
This mode sends the reply message in-band over the pseudowire from PE2 to PE1. PE2 will encapsulate the echo reply message using the CC type negotiated with PE1.  
This mode is supported by the 7705 SAR.

The VCCV ping reply has the same format as an LSP echo reply message as defined in RFC 4379. The message is sent via the reply mode requested by PE1. The return codes supported are the same as those currently supported in the 7705 SAR LSP ping capability.

The VCCV ping feature is in addition to the service ping OAM feature that can be used to test a service between 7705 SAR nodes. The VCCV ping feature can test connectivity of a VLL with any third-party node that is compliant with RFC 5085.

## VCCV Trace

VCCV-trace is similar to LSP-trace. VCCV-trace is used to trace the entire path of a pseudowire (PW) with a single command.

VCCV-trace is useful in multi-segment PW (MS-PW) applications where a single PW traverses one or more switched PEs (S-PEs, for example, a 7710 SR or 7750 SR). VCCV-trace is an iterative process by which the initiating terminating PE (T-PE, for example, the 7705 SAR) sends successive VCCV-ping messages, each message having an incrementing TTL value, starting from TTL=1. The procedure for each iteration is the same as that for VCCV-ping, where each node in which the VC label TTL expires will check the FEC and reply with the FEC to the downstream S-PE or far-end T-PE. The process is terminated when the reply is from the far-end T-PE or when a timeout occurs.

The results of a VCCV-trace can be displayed for a fewer number of pseudowire segments of the end-to-end MS-PW path. In this case, the `min-ttl` and `max-ttl` parameters should be configured accordingly. However, the T-PE or S-PE will still probe all hops up to the `min-ttl` value in order to correctly build the FEC of the desired subset of segments.

## Ethernet OAM Capabilities

The 7705 SAR supports Ethernet OAM capabilities, as described in the following sections:

- [Ethernet OAM Overview](#)
- [802.1ag and Y.1731 Functional Comparison](#)
- [ETH-CFM Ethernet OAM Tests \(802.1ag and Y.1731\)](#)
- [ITU-T Y.1731 Performance Monitoring \(PM\)](#)
- [EFM OAM \(802.3ah\)](#)

## Ethernet OAM Overview

The 7705 SAR supports the following Ethernet OAM capabilities:

- Ethernet Connectivity Fault Management (ETH-CFM) — for network layer OAM according to IEEE 802.1ag (dot1ag) and ITU Y.1731 standards, including loopbacks (LB), linktrace (LT), continuity checks (CC), and remote defect indicators (RDI). “Network layer” refers to an end-to-end context across a network.  
ITU-T Y.1731 provides functional enhancements to 802.1ag ETH-CFM, including alarm indication signals (AIS) and Ethernet signal tests (ETH-Test).  
See [ETH-CFM Ethernet OAM Tests \(802.1ag and Y.1731\) on page 43](#).
- Performance Monitoring (PM) — PM according to the ITU-T Y.1731 standard, including delay measurements (DM), delay variation measurements (DV), and loss measurements (LM).  
See [ITU-T Y.1731 Performance Monitoring \(PM\) on page 50](#).
- Ethernet First Mile (EFM) OAM — for the transport layer OAM according to IEEE 802.3ah (dot3ah) standards. “Transport layer” refers to a point-to-point link context or transport hop.  
See [OAM Propagation to Attachment Circuits on page 57](#).

Ethernet OAM capabilities on the 7705 SAR are similar to the OAM capabilities offered in SONET/SDH networks and include loopback tests to verify end-to-end connectivity, test pattern generation (and response) to verify error-free operation, and alarm message generation in case of fault conditions to ensure that the far end is notified of the failure.

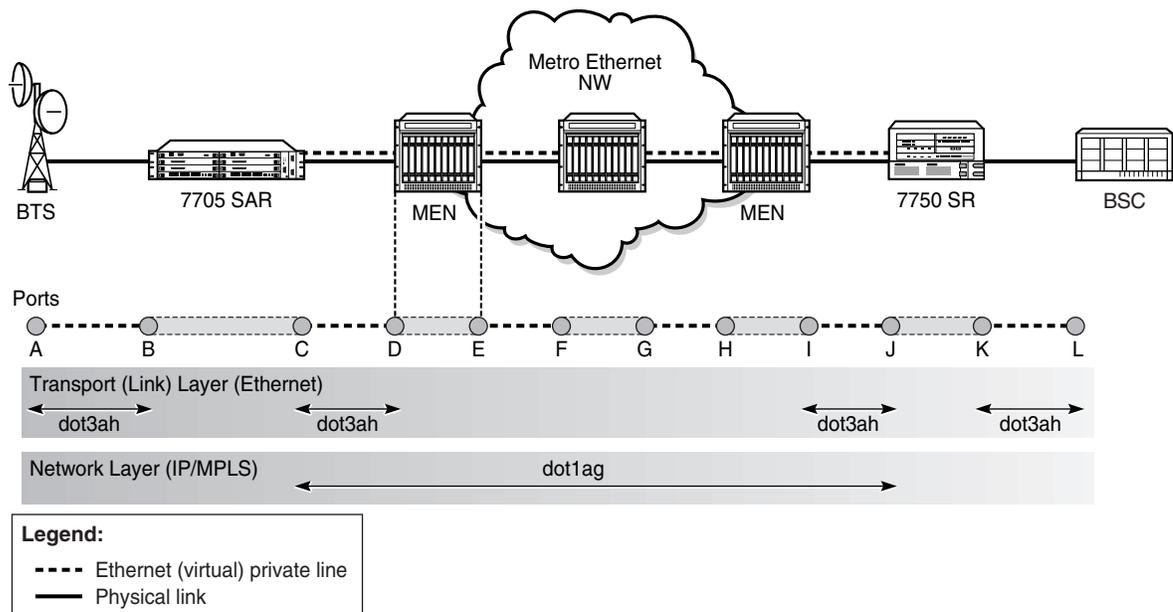
Ethernet OAM configurations are maintained across Control and Switching module (CSM) switchovers.

### Ethernet OAM Usage Examples

Figure 4 illustrates the complementary use of dot3ah and dot1ag to locate points of failure along a route from BTS to BSC. Since dot1ag and Y.1731 have similar functions, only dot1ag is discussed in order to simplify the explanation.

In Figure 4, from the IP/MPLS (network) layer perspective, the 7705 SAR looks as though it is connected directly to the 7750 SR. From the Ethernet (transport) layer perspective, the route passes through many ports and nodes, where each port or node is a potential point of failure. These failure points cannot be detected using IP/MPLS OAM capabilities (that is, using ETH-CFM (dot1ag)). However, they can be detected using EFM OAM (dot3ah) capabilities.

Figure 4: 7705 SAR Ethernet OAM Endpoints



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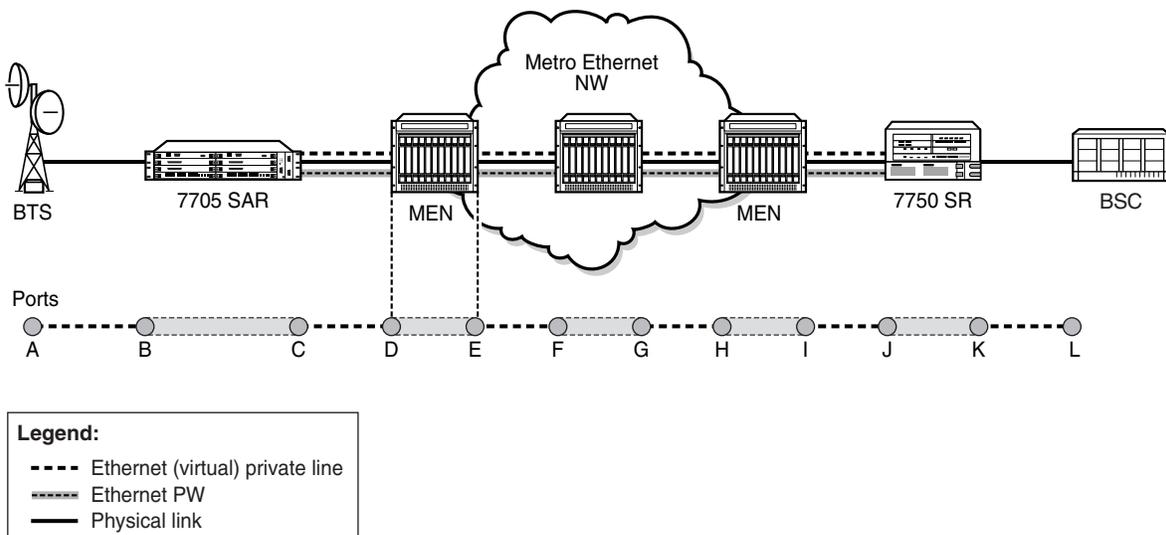
Dot3ah uses port-level loopbacks to check and verify last-mile Ethernet frame integrity, connectivity verification between ports and nodes, and so on. As shown in Figure 4, dot3ah provides transport (link) layer OAM between the BTS and the 7705 SAR access port facing the BTS (ports A and B), or between the 7705 SAR network port and the MEN switch (ports C and D). Ethernet first mile (EFM) OAM allows users to test frame integrity and detect Ethernet layer failures faster than using associated heart-beat messages.

Dot1ag checks end-to-end connectivity across an Ethernet PW (across a network). Since end-to-end connectivity differs depending on the service provided and the span of the network, dot1ag can operate at several MD levels (as defined in the IEEE 802.1ag standard). For example, in Figure 4, ETH-CFM (dot1ag) could be used by a MEN provider at one MD level to ensure connectivity between ports D and I (or possibly all the way to their customer’s Ethernet ports, C and J). Similarly, a mobile backhaul service provider (MBSP) can use dot1ag at another MD level to ensure connectivity between ports B and K (and possibly between ports A and L).

Figure 5 and Figure 6 illustrate the use of ETH-CFM to verify connectivity across an Ethernet PW and EFM OAM to verify transport layer connectivity between two directly connected nodes.

For example, in Figure 5, an MBSP can use dot1ag between the two Ethernet spoke SDP endpoints (ports C and J, which define the Ethernet PW) to ensure connectivity. Similarly, a MEP can use dot1ag between ports D and I to ensure the health status of the Ethernet (virtual) private line.

Figure 5: ETH-CFM (Dot1ag) Capabilities on the 7705 SAR

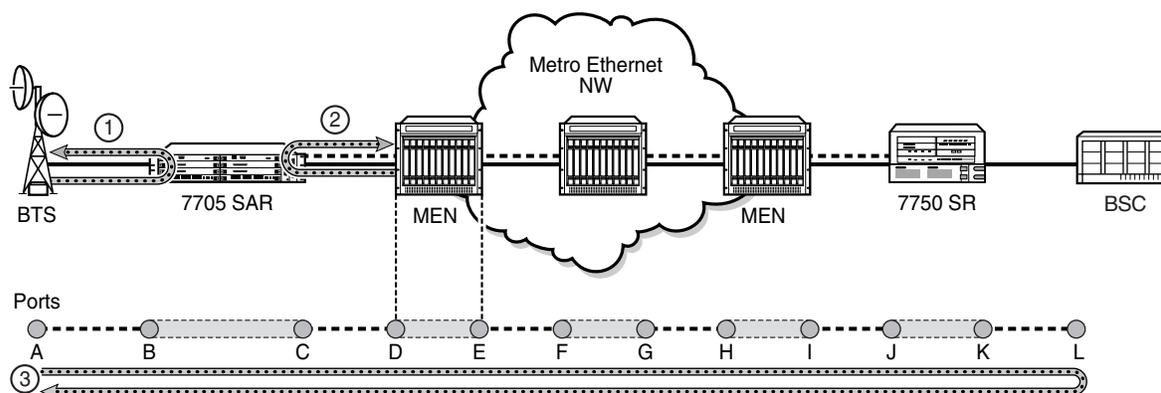


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In [Figure 6](#), EFM OAM ensures transport layer connectivity between two directly connected nodes. [Figure 6](#) illustrates three scenarios in which EFM can be used by the MEN provider to ensure error-free connectivity to the 7705 SAR (the cell site) via loopback tests, including:

- scenario 1: EFM termination at the Ethernet access port, which includes loopback tests, heart-beat messages at the Ethernet layer with dying gasp, and termination of customer device-initiated EFM packets at the access port
- scenario 2: EFM termination at the Ethernet network port, which includes network-side loopbacks
- scenario 3: EFM tunneling through an Epipe service

**Figure 6: EFM OAM (Dot3ah) Capabilities on the 7705 SAR**



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## 802.1ag and Y.1731 Functional Comparison

[Table 3](#) lists the 802.1ag and Y.1731 OAM functions supported on the 7705 SAR. For each function and test, the table identifies the PDU that carries the test data, the test's target entity, and the standard(s) that the 7705 SAR supports for the test.

For example, the 7705 SAR can run an Ethernet Continuity Check using an ETH-CC test according to the dot1ag and the Y.1731 standards. For either standard, the test data is carried in a Continuity Check message (CCM) and the test target is a MEP.

The Fault Management (FM) capabilities of ITU-T Y.1731 extend the functionality of dot1ag (ETH-CFM) with additional FM functions as well as performance management (PM) capabilities. The generation of AIS and RDI messages are defined under the FM section of the Y.1731 specification, whereas Ethernet layer, delay, jitter, loss, and throughput tests are part of Y.1731 PM capabilities.

**Table 3: 802.1ag and Y.1731 OAM Functionality Overview**

Test	OAM Function	PDU	Target	Standard
ETH-LB	Loopback	LBM, LBR	MEP	dot1ag, Y.1731
ETH-LT	Linktrace	LTM, LTR	MEP	dot1ag, Y.1731
ETH-CC	Continuity Check	CCM	MEP	dot1ag, Y.1731
ETH-RDI	Remote Defect Indication	CCM	MEP	dot1ag, Y.1731
ETH-AIS	Alarm Indication Signal	AIS	MEP	Y.1731
ETH-LM	Frame Loss Measurement (dual-ended)	CCM	MEP	Y.1731
ETH-LM	Frame Loss Measurement (single-ended)	LMM, LMR	MEP	Y.1731
ETH-DM	Frame Delay Measurement (two-way)	DMM, DMR	MEP	Y.1731
ETH-DM	Frame Delay Measurement (one-way)	1DM	MEP	Y.1731
ETH-DV	Frame Delay Variation (one-way)	DMM, DMR	MEP	Y.1731
ETH-Test	Test Error Measurements	TST	MEP	Y.1731

## **ETH-CFM Ethernet OAM Tests (802.1ag and Y.1731)**

Ethernet Connectivity Fault Management (ETH-CFM) is defined in the IEEE 802.1ag and ITU Y.1731 standards. It specifies protocols, procedures, and managed objects to support fault management (including discovery and verification of the path), detection, and isolation of a connectivity fault for each Ethernet service instance.

IEEE 802.1ag and Y.1731 can detect:

- loss of connectivity
- unidirectional loss
- loops
- merging of services

The implementation of Y.1731 on the 7705 SAR also provides the following enhancements:

- Ethernet Alarm Indication Signal (ETH-AIS)
- Ethernet Test function (ETH-Test)

ETH-CFM uses Ethernet frames and can be distinguished by its Ethertype value (8902). With ETH-CFM, interoperability can be achieved between different vendor equipment in the service provider network, up to and including customer premises bridges.

ETH-CFM is configured at both the global level and the Ethernet service level. The following entities and their configuration levels are listed below:

- global level
  - MA and MEG
  - MD
  - MD level and MEG level
- Ethernet service level
  - MEP

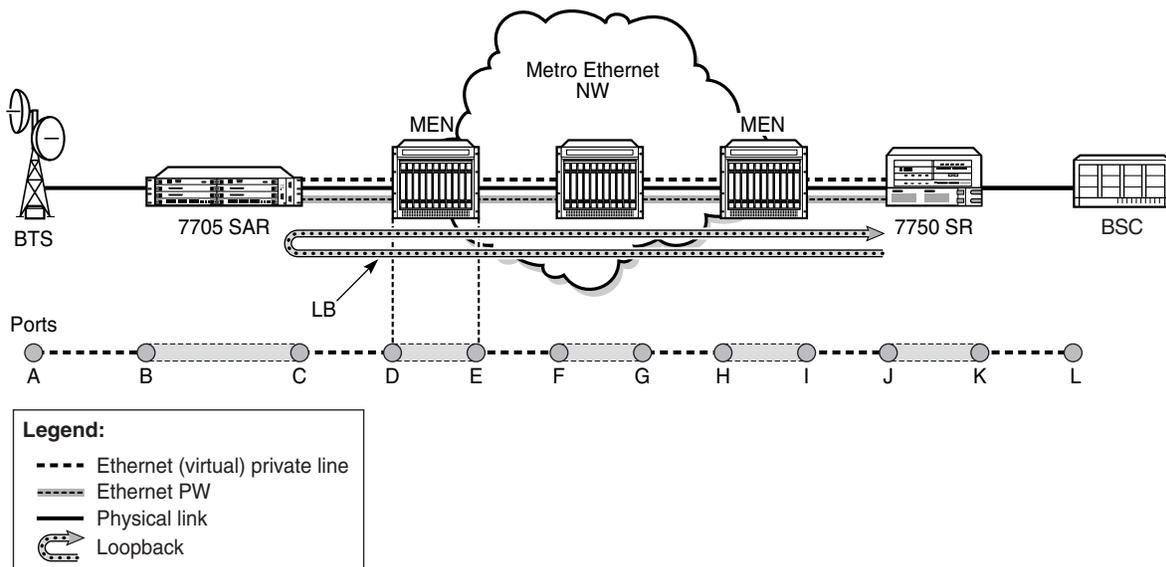
For information on configuring ETH-CFM to set up an Ethernet OAM architecture, refer to the “ETH-CFM (802.1ag and Y.1731)” section in the 7705 SAR OS Services Guide.

## Loopback (LB)

The loopback function is supported by 802.1ag and Y.1731 on the 7705 SAR. A Loopback Message (LBM) is generated by a MEP to its peer MEP. Both dot1ag and dot3ah loopbacks are supported. The loopback function is similar to IP or MPLS ping in that it verifies Ethernet connectivity between the nodes on a per-request basis. That is, it is non-periodic and is only initiated by a user request.

In [Figure 7](#), the line labeled LB represents the dot1ag loopback message between the 7750 SR (source) and 7705 SAR (target) over an Epipe. The 7750 SR-generated LBM is switched to the 7705 SAR, where the LBM message is processed. Once the 7705 SAR generates the Loopback Reply message (LBR), the LBR is switched over the Ethernet PW to the 7750 SR.

**Figure 7: Dot1ag Loopback Test**



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## Linktrace (LT)

The linktrace function is supported by 802.1ag and Y.1731 on the 7705 SAR. A Linktrace Message (LTM) is originated by a MEP and targeted to a peer MEP in the same MA and within the same MD level. Its function is similar to IP traceroute. The peer MEP responds with a Linktrace Reply (LTR) message after successful inspection of the LTM.

## Throughput Measurement

Throughput measurement is performed by sending frames to the far end at an increasing rate (up to wire speed) and measuring the percentage of frames received back. In general, the rate is dependent on frame size; the larger the frame size, the lower the rate.

The Y.1731 specification recommends the use of unicast ETH-LB and ETH-Test frames to measure throughput.

In Release 3.0 of the 7705 SAR, LBM processing and LBR generation is enhanced and occurs on the datapath, allowing the 7705 SAR to respond to loopback messages at wire speed and making in-service throughput tests possible. Thus, if the 7705 SAR receives LBMs at up to wire speed, it can generate up to an equal number of LBRs. In order to process LBMs at wire speed, there must be either no TLVs or a single TLV (which is a Data TLV) in the LBM frame. The End TLV field (0) must be present and the frame can be padded with data after the End TLV field in order to increase the size of the frame. Note, however, that the MAC address cannot be a multicast MAC address; it must be the MEP MAC destination address (DA).

Datapath processing of LBMs is supported for the following MEPs:

- dot1ag
  - SAP Up MEP
  - SAP Down MEP
  - spoke-SDP Down MEP
- Y.1731
  - SAP Up MEP
  - SAP Down MEP

For spoke-SDP Down MEPs, fastpath (datapath) LBM processing requires that both interfaces—the LBM receiver and the LBR transmitter—reside on the same adapter card. For example, if the 7705 SAR must perform a reroute operation and needs to move the next hop interface to another adapter card (that is, LBMs are received on one card and LBRs are transmitted on another), then the fastpath processing of LBMs is terminated and LBM processing continues via the CSM.

## Continuity Check (CC)

The continuity check function is supported by 802.1ag and Y.1731 on the 7705 SAR. A Continuity Check Message (CCM) is a multicast frame that is generated by a MEP and sent to its remote MEPs in the same MA. The CCM does not require a reply message. To identify faults, the receiving MEP maintains a MEP database with the MAC addresses of the remote MEPs with which it expects to maintain connectivity checking. The MEP database can be provisioned manually. If there is no CCM from a monitored remote MEP in a preconfigured period, the local MEP raises an alarm.

The following CC capabilities are supported:

- enable and disable CC for a MEP
- automatically put local MEPs into the database when they are created
- manually configure and delete the MEP entries in the CC MEP monitoring database. Note that the only local provisioning required to identify a remote MEP is the remote MEP identifier (using the `remote-mepid mep-id` command).
- CCM transmit interval: 10ms, 100ms, 1s, 10s, 1m, 10m (default: 10s)
- transmit interval: 10ms, 100ms, 1s, 10s, 1m, 10m (default: 10s)
- CCM declares a fault when it:
  - stops hearing from one of the remote MEPs for a period of 3.5 times the CC interval
  - hears from a MEP with a lower MD level
  - hears from a MEP that is not in the same MA
  - hears from a MEP that is in the same MA but is not in the configured MEP list
  - hears from a MEP that is in the same MA with the same MEP ID as the receiving MEP
  - recognizes that the CC interval of the remote MEP does not match the local configured CC interval
  - recognizes that the remote MEP declares a faultAn alarm is raised and a trap is sent if the defect is greater than or equal to the configured low-priority-defect value.
- CC must be enabled in order for RDI information to be carried in the CCM OAMPDU

## ETH-RDI

The Ethernet Remote Defect Indication function (ETH-RDI) is used by a MEP to communicate to its peer MEPs that a defect condition has been encountered. Defect conditions such as signal fail and AIS may result in the transmission of frames with ETH-RDI information. ETH-RDI is used only when ETH-CC transmission is enabled.

ETH-RDI has the following two applications:

- single-ended fault management — the receiving MEP detects an RDI defect condition, which gets correlated with other defect conditions in this MEP. The absence of received ETH-RDI information in a single MEP indicates the absence of defects in the entire MEG.
- contribution to far-end performance monitoring — the transmitting MEP reflects that there was a defect at the far end, which is used as an input to the performance monitoring process

A MEP that is in a defect condition transmits frames with ETH-RDI information. A MEP, upon receiving frames with ETH-RDI information, determines that its peer MEP has encountered a defect condition.

The specific configuration information required by a MEP to support the ETH-RDI function is as follows:

- MEG level — the MEG level at which the MEP exists
- ETH-RDI transmission period — application-dependent and is the same value as the ETH-CC transmission period
- priority — the priority of frames containing ETH-RDI information and is the same value as the ETH-CC priority

The PDU used to carry ETH-RDI information is the CCM.



**Note:** There is a scenario in which an RDI defect is transmitted when it should not be transmitted. Normally, to indicate a failure, an Up MEP transmits a Port or Interface Status TLV (or both). However, an Up MEP will also transmit ETH-RDI if the port or interface on which it resides experiences a failure. In addition, the normal expectation is for the MEP to report no defects. However, the MEP will instead indicate a DefRemoteCCM defect.

Furthermore, under normal conditions, the remote MEP would indicate only a DefMACstatus. However, the remote MEP indicates both a DefMACstatus and a DefRDICCM defect.

### **ETH-AIS**

The Ethernet Alarm Indication Signal function (ETH-AIS) is a Y.1731 CFM enhancement used to suppress alarms at the client (sub) layer following detection of defect conditions at the server (sub) layer.

Transmission of frames with ETH-AIS information can be enabled or disabled on a Y.1731 MEP.

Frames with ETH-AIS information can be issued at the client MEG level by a MEP, including a server MEP, upon detecting the following conditions:

- signal failure conditions in the case where ETH-CC is enabled
- AIS condition in the case where ETH-CC is disabled

For a point-to-point Ethernet connection at the client (sub) layer, a client layer MEP can determine that the server (sub) layer entity providing connectivity to its peer MEP has encountered a defect condition upon receiving a frame with ETH-AIS information. Alarm suppression is simplified by the fact that a MEP is expected to suppress only those defect conditions associated with its peer MEP.

Only a MEP, including a server MEP, is configured to issue frames with ETH-AIS information. Upon detecting a defect condition, the MEP can immediately start transmitting periodic frames with ETH-AIS information at a configured client MEG level. A MEP continues to transmit periodic frames with ETH-AIS information until the defect condition is removed. Upon receiving a frame with ETH-AIS information from its server (sub) layer, a client (sub) layer MEP detects the AIS condition and suppresses alarms associated with all its peer MEPs. Once the AIS condition is cleared, a MEP resumes alarm generation upon detecting defect conditions.

The following specific configuration information is required by a MEP to support ETH-AIS:

- client MEG level — the MEG level at which the most immediate client layer MEPs exist
- ETH-AIS transmission period — the transmission period of frames with ETH-AIS information
- priority — the priority of frames with ETH-AIS information

## ETH-Test

The Ethernet Test (signal) function (ETH-Test) is a Y.1731 CFM enhancement used to perform one-way, on-demand, in-service diagnostics tests, which include verifying frame loss, bit errors, and so on.



**Note:** The out-of-service diagnostics test is not supported in the 7705 SAR, Release 3.0.

When configured to perform such tests, a MEP inserts frames with ETH-Test information such as frame size and transmission patterns.

When an in-service ETH-Test function is performed, data traffic is not disrupted and the frames with ETH-Test information are transmitted.

To support ETH-Test, a Y.1731 MEP requires the following configuration information:

- MEG level — the MEG level at which the MEP exists
- unicast MAC address — the unicast MAC address of the peer MEP for which the ETH-Test is intended
- data — an optional element with which to configure data length and contents for the MEP. The contents can be a test pattern and an optional checksum.

Examples of test patterns include all 0s or all 1s. At the transmitting MEP, this configuration information is required for a test signal generator that is associated with the MEP. At the receiving MEP, this configuration is required for a test signal detector that is associated with the MEP.

- priority — the priority of frames with ETH-Test information

A MEP inserts frames with ETH-Test information towards a targeted peer MEP. The receiving MEP detects the frames with ETH-Test information and performs the requested measurements.

## **ITU-T Y.1731 Performance Monitoring (PM)**

The Y.1731 Performance Monitoring (PM) functions can be used to measure Ethernet frame delay, delay variation, throughput (including throughput at queue-rates), and frame loss. These performance parameters are defined for point-to-point Ethernet connections.

### **Delay and Delay Variation Measurements (DM and DV)**

The Y.1731 recommendation covers the following performance parameters, which are based on Metro Ethernet Forum (MEF) 10:

- frame delay — specified as one-way or round-trip delay for a frame, where frame delay is defined as the time elapsed since the start of transmission of the first bit of the frame by a source node until the reception of the frame by the destination node or the same source node
- frame delay variation — a measure of the variations in the frame delay between a pair of service frames, where the service frames belong to the same CoS instance on a point-to-point Ethernet connection

The performance parameters listed above are applicable to Ethernet services frames. Services frames are those frames that conform to an agreed-upon level of bandwidth profile conformance and are associated with a particular CoS identifier. Services frames are admitted at the ingress Ethernet flow point of a point-to-point Ethernet connection and should be delivered to the egress Ethernet flow point.

The 7705 SAR supports one-way and two-way Ethernet Delay Measurement (ETH-DM) (section 8.2 of the Y.1731 standard), using the CLI commands `oam>eth-cfm>one-way-delay-test` and `config>service>epipe>two-way-delay-test`. Ethernet Delay Variation measurements (ETH-DV) are run along with the one-way and two-way ETH-DM tests.

For ETH-DM, the accuracy of the measurement is in the microseconds range.

## Y.1731 Delay Measurement (DM)

Y.1731 delay measurement implementation ensures the most accurate results under all circumstances. The implementation ensures that there is minimal delay measurement error between packet generation and packet play-out over the Ethernet link.

In order to isolate delay measurement results from the effects of any queuing, scheduling, and shaping procedures, timestamping of DM frames in the transmit direction is performed when the first byte of the DM frame is put on the wire (that is, once the actual serialization has started). Last-minute timestamping ensures that DM tests truly measure the delay between two SAP or port endpoints, and not the delay imposed by the routers. Using these accurate measurements, a network operator can separate the delay induced by the routers from the transmission delay introduced by the transmission network, such as a Metro Ethernet network (MEN) or Generic Framing Procedure (GFP) over SONET links.

Timestamping of DM frames in the receive direction is similar to last-minute timestamping in the transmit direction, except that the timestamp on received DM frames occurs when the last byte is received from the wire. Last-minute timestamping ensures the ability to separate the total delay measurement into a node component and a transport network component.

Last-minute timestamping is used for both one-way and two-way delay test frames to ensure accuracy.

## Loss Measurement (LM)

The 7705 SAR supports single-ended and dual-ended Ethernet Loss Measurement (ETH-LM) tests. Dual-ended LM tests are enabled under the `config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep` context. Once enabled, dual-ended LM tests run continuously in the background. Single-ended LM tests are run from the `oam>eth-cfm` context and are considered on-demand tests.

Y.1731 loss measurement functionality is implemented to ensure the most accurate results under all circumstances. Each adapter card has a network processor (NP). LM counters are maintained at the NP. The NP is responsible for incrementing and resetting these counters. These counters are accessed by the CSM CPU in order to calculate and display the loss (percentage) to the user.

LM/CCM frames follow the associated QoS path and therefore might inadvertently report loss due to local congestion even before the frame is switched onto the link. In order to reflect the true experience of a particular QoS setting, generated LM/CCM frames follow the egress QoS path. Once generated, these frames are classified in the same manner as the applicable dot1p-to-FC mapping, associated queuing, and scheduling rules. Following the proper path ensures that loss measurements reflect the experience of a given FC all the way through the network, including within the 7705 SAR platform. As is the case for any other frame of the same FC (that is, user or control frame), the LM/CCM frame follows the associated QoS path to reflect the real experience.

For example, newly generated LM/CCM frames that have a higher counter value can be forwarded sooner than LM/CCM frames with a lower counter value that have been generated but are waiting to be serviced (that is, frames with a lower queue, a queue in the out-of-profile state; or a single SAP with multiple FCs). As a result, when under congestion, the LM ratio would increase to reflect local loss if lower-priority frames cannot be serviced in a timely manner.

In addition, congestion, and hence prioritization, can occur anywhere in the transport network, which means that a reordering might take place not only on the ingress point, but anywhere in the network along the entire path.

The loss ratio is calculated based on the aggregate frames being transmitted and received. Thus, in an uncongested network, the loss ratio would be 0%. With congestion, not all frames may be sent out to the network (that is, higher priority traffic, and so on) or any one of the transit nodes or the endpoint node might drop the packet, which would end up with loss.

The above-described behavior for following the QoS path equally applies to both Up and Down MEPs. Loss measurements in both up and down directions for the same MEP can be performed simultaneously.

The counters used for loss measurement in LM and CCM frames are appended as late as possible in the datapath. Appending the counters at the last minute to the LM or CCM frames ensures that a scheduling priority issue or some other queue-delaying event does not delay the OAM frame in a queue. If the counters are updated or generated earlier in the datapath, then the OAM frames could be affected by queuing or scheduling delays, which might cause the frames to be counted as lost frames when the far-end receive timer expires.

The following notes apply to Y.1731 LM tests.

- Single-ended and dual-ended LM tests cannot be enabled on a MEP simultaneously. That is, either a single-ended or a dual-ended LM test can be enabled on a given MEP at any given time.
- The behavior and the interaction between single- and dual-ended LM tests are described in the following list. Note that error conditions, such as correct domain level and valid destination address (DA) MAC, are not covered in the list:
  - if dual-ended loss test is disabled:
    - CCM frames are transmitted with LM counters set to 0
    - CCM frames being received are not processed for LM
    - LMM and LMR frames being received are processed
    - single-ended tests can be enabled (not blocked by CLI)
  - if dual-ended loss test is enabled:
    - single-ended tests cannot be enabled (blocked by CLI)
    - LMM and LMR frames being received will be dropped

- Multiple MEPs bound to the same Epipe SAP but belonging to different MEG levels can perform LM tests simultaneously.
- CCM must be enabled before a dual-ended LM test can be enabled.
- When a dual-ended LM test is enabled, the user cannot disable CCM. The dual-ended LM test needs to be disabled before the CCM can be disabled.
- For dual-ended LM tests, an alarm is declared when frame losses are greater than an alarm threshold configured for the MEP. The granularity of the alarm threshold (declaring or clearing) is 0.01%. The default threshold is set to 0.25%.
- On a per-SAP basis, there is one set of Rx and Tx Local LM counters and one set of Rx and Tx Remote LM counters. LM counters are not separated on a per-MAC source address (SA) basis. All MEPs, irrespective of their MD or MEG level, share the same set of Rx and Tx LM counters.
- On the CLI, there are interval counters and accumulated counters. The CCM counters are referred to as Local and FarEnd counters and the accumulated counters are referred to as Near-End and Far-End counters.
- The LM counters are incremented when a user data frame reaches a SAP. Since there is only one set of Tx and Rx Local counters per SAP, each user data frame received by all the MEPs configured on that SAP is counted.
- OAM frames with MEP levels matching or lower than the locally configured MEP level are not counted. They are treated and processed as OAM frames. This functionality applies to both received and transmitted OAM frames. CFM OAM frames at higher MEP levels are counted as user data frames.
  - For example, assume a SAP with two MEPs configured on it; one MEP at level 5 and the other at level 6.
  - When a level 6 OAM frame is received, it is extracted to the CSM for processing and is not counted by LM counters. It is treated as an OAM frame.
  - The same behavior applies in the transmit direction. In the above example, any level 5 or level 6 OAM frames generated by the local SAR would not be counted by the far-end LM counters.
- For dual-ended LM tests, any received CCMs with all LM counters being 0s (zeros) are treated as invalid. In this case, the 7705 SAR resets the LM counters for the current and previous CCMs to 0s (zeros). Accumulated counters are not reset.
- Except for a valid counter rollover scenario, if the value of any CCM/LMR counter is less than the value of the same counter in the previous CCM/LMR frame, then the accumulated values of all counters are not increased; they are kept at the same values as before the last CCM/LMR frame is processed.
- When the first valid CCM/LMR frame — that is, a frame with at least one non-zero LM counter — is received after a dual-ended loss test is enabled or a single-ended loss test is launched, the accumulated values cannot be calculated. In this case, the counters are resaved as current counters. When the next received CCM/LMR frame with valid LM counts is received, it will trigger the update of accumulation counts.

Accumulated counts always start at 0 for each launch of a single-ended test. However, the accumulation counts do not change nor do they get reset to all 0s when dual-ended loss tests become disabled. For dual-ended loss tests, accumulated counts can be restarted at 0s by removing the existing LM result of a particular MEP with the CLI command `clear>eth-cfm>dual-ended-loss-test>mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index`, or the equivalent SNMP command.

### **EFM OAM (802.3ah)**

802.3ah Clause 57 defines the Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) OAM sublayer, which is a link level Ethernet OAM that is supported on 7705 SAR Ethernet ports configured as network or access ports. It provides mechanisms for monitoring link operations such as remote fault indication and remote loopback control. Ethernet OAM gives network operators the ability to monitor the health of Ethernet links and quickly determine the location of failing links or fault conditions.

Because some of the sites where the 7705 SAR will be deployed will have only Ethernet uplinks, this OAM functionality is mandatory. For example, mobile operators must be able to request remote loopbacks from the peer router at the Ethernet layer in order to debug any connectivity issues. EFM OAM provides this capability.

EFM OAM defines a set of events that may impact link operation. The following events are supported:

- critical link events (defined in 802.3ah clause 57.2.10.1)
  - link fault: the PHY has determined that a fault has occurred in the receive direction of the local DTE
  - dying gasp: an unrecoverable local failure condition has occurred
  - critical event: an unspecified critical event has occurred

These critical link events are signaled to the remote DTE by the flag field in OAMPDUs.

EFM OAM is supported on network and access Ethernet ports, and is configured at the Ethernet port level. The access ports can be configured to tunnel the OAM traffic originated by the far-end devices.

EFM OAM has the following characteristics.

- All EFM OAM, including loopbacks, operate on point-to-point links only.
- EFM loopbacks are always line loopbacks (line Rx to line Tx).
- When a port is in loopback, all frames (except EFM frames) are discarded. If dynamic signaling and routing is used (dynamic LSPs, OSPF, IS-IS, or BGP routing), all services also go down. If all signaling and routing protocols are static (static routes, LSPs, and service labels), the frames are discarded but services stay up.

The following EFM OAM functions are supported:

- OAM capability discovery
- configurable transmit interval with an Information OAMPDU
- active or passive mode
- OAM loopback
- OAMPDU tunneling and termination (for Epipe service)
- dying gasp at network and access ports

For information on Epipe service, refer to the 7705 SAR OS Services Guide, “Ethernet VLL (Epipe) Services”.

## Unidirectional OAM Operation

Some physical layer devices support unidirectional OAM operation. When a link is operating in unidirectional OAM mode, the OAM sublayer ensures that only information OAMPDUs with the Link Fault critical link event indication set and no Information TLVs are sent across the link.

## Remote Loopback

EFM OAM provides a link-layer frame loopback mode, which can be controlled remotely.

To initiate a remote loopback, the local EFM OAM client enables the OAM remote loopback command to send a loopback control OAMPDU. After receiving the loopback control OAMPDU, the remote OAM client puts the remote port into local loopback mode.

OAMPDUs are slow protocol frames that contain appropriate control and status information used to monitor, test, and troubleshoot OAM-enabled links.

To exit a remote loopback, the local EFM OAM client sends a loopback control OAMPDU by disabling the OAM remote loopback command. After receiving the loopback control OAMPDU, the remote OAM client puts the port back into normal forwarding mode.

When a port is in local loopback mode (the far end requested an Ethernet OAM loopback), any packets received on the port will be looped back, except for EFM OAMPDUs. No data will be transmitted from the node; only data that is received on the node will be sent back out.

When the node is in remote loopback mode, local data from the CSM is transmitted, but any data received on the node is dropped, except for EFM OAMPDUs.

Remote loopbacks should be used with caution; if dynamic signaling and routing protocols are used, all services go down when a remote loopback is initiated. If only static signaling and routing is used, the services stay up. On the 7705 SAR, the Ethernet port can be configured to accept or reject the remote-loopback command.

### 802.3ah OAMPDU Tunneling and Termination for Epipe Services

Customers who subscribe to Epipe service might have customer equipment running 802.3ah at both ends. The 7705 SAR can be configured to tunnel EFM OAMPDUs received from a customer device to the other end through the existing network using MPLS or GRE, or to terminate received OAMPDUs at a network or an access Ethernet port.



**Note:** This feature applies only to port-based Epipe SAPs because 802.3ah runs at port level, not at VLAN level.

While tunneling offers the ability to terminate and process the OAM messages at the head-end, termination on the first access port at the cell site can be used to detect immediate failures or can be used to detect port failures in a timelier manner.

The user can choose either tunneling or termination, but not both at the same time.

In [Figure 6](#), scenario 1 shows the termination of received EFM OAMPDUs from a customer device on an access port, while scenario 2 shows the same thing except for a network port. Scenario 3 shows tunneling of EFM OAMPDUs through the associated Ethernet PW. To configure termination (scenario 1), use the `config>port>ethernet>efm-oam>no shutdown` command.

### Dying Gasp

Dying gasp is used to notify the far end that EFM-OAM is disabled or shut down on the local port. The dying gasp flag is set on the OAMPDUs that are sent to the peer. The far end can then take immediate action and inform upper layers that EFM-OAM is down on the port.

## OAM Propagation to Attachment Circuits

Typically, T1/E1 equipment at a site relies on the physical availability of the T1/E1 ports to determine the uplink capacity (that is, for ATM IMA or MLPPP groups). When a failure in the access link between the 7705 SAR and the associated T1/E1 equipment is detected, notification of the failure is propagated by the PW status signaling using one of two methods — label withdrawal or TLV (see [LDP Status Signaling](#)). In addition, the PW failure must also be propagated to the devices attached to the T1/E1 equipment. The propagation method depends on the type of port used by the access circuit (ATM, T1/E1 TDM, or Ethernet) and is described below.

### ATM Ports

Propagation of ATM PW failures to the ATM port is achieved through the generation of AIS and RDI alarms.

### T1/E1 TDM Ports

If a port on a 16-port T1/E1 ASAP Adapter card or 2-port OC3/STM1 Channelized Adapter card is configured for CESoPSN VLL service, failure of the VLL forces a failure of the associated DS0s (timeslots). Since there can be  $n \times$  DS0s bound to a CESoPSN VLL service as the attachment circuit, an alarm is propagated to the bound DS0s only. In order to emulate the failure, an “all 1s” or an “all 0s” signal is sent through the DS0s. The bit pattern can be configured to be either all 1s or all 0s. This is sometimes called “trunk conditioning”.

### Ethernet Ports

For an Ethernet port-based Ethernet VLL, failure of the VLL forces a failure of the local Ethernet port. That is, the local attachment port is taken out of service at the physical layer and the Tx is turned off on the associated Ethernet port.

## LDP Status Signaling

The failure of a local circuit needs to be propagated to the far-end PE, which then propagates the failure to its attached circuits. The 7705 SAR can propagate failures over the PW using one of the following methods:

- LDP status via label withdrawal
- LDP status via TLV

### LDP Status via Label Withdrawal

Label withdrawal is negotiated during the PW status negotiation phase and needs to be supported by both the near-end and the far-end points. If the far end does not support label withdrawal, the 7705 SAR still withdraws the label in case the local attachment circuit is removed or shut down.

Label withdrawal occurs only when the attachment circuit is administratively shut down or deleted. If there is a failure of the attached circuit, the label withdrawal message is not generated.

When the local circuit is re-enabled after shutdown, the VLL must be re-established, which causes some delays and signaling overhead.

### LDP Status via TLV

Signaling PW status via TLV is supported as per RFC 4447. Signaling PW status via TLV is advertised during the PW capabilities negotiation phase. It is more efficient and is preferred over the label withdrawal method.

For cell mode ATM PWs, when an AIS message is received from the local attachment circuit, the AIS message is propagated to the far-end PE unaltered and PW status TLV is not initiated.

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## Service Assurance Agent (SAA) Overview

Broadband service delivery technologies have enabled the introduction of broadband service termination applications such as Voice over IP (VoIP), TV service delivery, and video and high-speed Internet services. These new applications force carriers to produce services where the health and quality of Service Level Agreement (SLA) commitments are verifiable, both to the customer and internally (within the carrier).

SAA is a feature that monitors network operations using statistics for parameters such as latency, jitter, response time, and packet loss. The information can be used to troubleshoot network problems and help in problem prevention and network topology planning.

The results are saved in SNMP tables that are queried by either the CLI or a management system. Threshold monitors allow for both rising and falling threshold events to alert the provider if SLA performance statistics deviate from the required parameters.

## SAA Application

SAA allows two-way timing for several applications. This provides carriers and their customers with data to verify that the SLA agreements are being properly enforced.

For SAA ICMP ping, one-way timestamping can be enabled at the system level for all outbound SAA ICMP ping packets.

## Traceroute Implementation

For various applications, such as LSP traceroute, packets must pass through the network processor while on their way to the control CPU. When the packets exit the control CPU in the egress direction, the network processor inserts a timestamp inside each packet. Only packets processed by the control CPU will receive a timestamp.

When interpreting these timestamps, care must be taken because some nodes are not capable of providing timestamps, as such timestamps must be associated with the same IP address that is being returned to the originator to indicate which hop is being measured.

## **SAA Jitter**

Mobile operators require millisecond-level granularity when it comes to delay and jitter measurements. This is especially true for synchronization-over-packet based applications.

Two-way jitter tests measure the jitter in each direction separately. The 7705 SAR provides two-way jitter tests with millisecond granularity for all network deployment applications.

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## Configuring SAA Test Parameters

Use the following CLI syntax to create an SAA test and set test parameters.

```

CLI Syntax: config# saa
config>saa# test t1
config>saa>test$ type
config>saa>test>type$ lsp-ping to-104 interval 4 send-
count 4
config>saa>test>type$ exit
config>saa>test# no shutdown
config>saa>test# exit
config>saa# exit
  
```

The following example displays the SAA test configuration output.

```

A:ALU-48>config>saa
-----
test "t1"
  type
    lsp-ping "to-104" interval 4 send-count 4
  exit
  no shutdown
  exit
-----
  
```

The following example displays the result after running the test twice.

```

A:ALU-48>config>saa# show saa t1
Test Run: 1
Total number of attempts: 5
Number of requests that failed to be sent out: 1
Number of responses that were received: 4
Number of requests that did not receive any response: 0
Total number of failures: 1, Percentage: 20
Roundtrip Min: 0 ms, Max: 30 ms, Average: 15 ms
Per test packet:
  Sequence: 1, Result: The active lsp-id is not found., Roundtrip: 0 ms
  Sequence: 2, Result: Response Received, Roundtrip: 0 ms
  Sequence: 3, Result: Response Received, Roundtrip: 0 ms
  Sequence: 4, Result: Response Received, Roundtrip: 30 ms
Test Run: 2
Total number of attempts: 5
Number of requests that failed to be sent out: 0
Number of responses that were received: 5
Number of requests that did not receive any response: 0
Total number of failures: 0, Percentage: 0
Roundtrip Min: 0 ms, Max: 40 ms, Average: 14 ms
Per test packet:
  Sequence: 1, Result: Response Received, Roundtrip: 40 ms
  Sequence: 2, Result: Response Received, Roundtrip: 0 ms
  Sequence: 3, Result: Response Received, Roundtrip: 0 ms
  Sequence: 4, Result: Response Received, Roundtrip: 0 ms
  
```



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## OAM and SAA Command Reference

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### Command Hierarchies

- [Operational Commands](#)
- [OAM Commands](#)
  - [ATM Diagnostics](#)
  - [LSP Diagnostics](#)
  - [SDP Diagnostics](#)
  - [Service Diagnostics](#)
  - [VLL Diagnostics](#)
  - [Ethernet in the First Mile \(EFM\) Commands](#)
  - [ETH-CFM Commands](#)
- [SAA Configuration Commands](#)
  - [SAA Diagnostics](#)
- [Show Commands](#)
- [Clear Commands](#)
- [Debug Commands](#)

## Operational Commands

- global
- **ping** *[ip-address | dns-name]* [**rapid** | **detail**] [**ttl** *time-to-live*] [**tos** *type-of-service*] [**size** *bytes*] [**pattern** *pattern*] [**source** *ip-address*] [**interval** *interval*] [{**next-hop** *ip-address* | **interface** *interface-name*} | **bypass-routing**] [**count** *requests*] [**do-not-fragment**] [**router** *router-instance*] [**timeout** *timeout*]
  - **tracert** *[ip-address | dns-name]* [**tth** *tth*] [**wait** *milli-seconds*] [**no-dns**] [**source** *ip-address*] [**tos** *type-of-service*] [**router** *router-instance*]

## OAM Commands

### ATM Diagnostics

- global
- **oam**
    - **atm-ping** {*port-id* | *bundle-id* [:*vpi* | *vpi/vci*]} [**end-to-end** | **segment**] [**dest** *destination-id*] [**send-count** *send-count*] [**timeout** *timeout*] [**interval** *interval*]

### LSP Diagnostics

- global
- **oam**
    - **lsp-ping** {{*lsp-name* [*path* *path-name*]} | {**prefix** *ip-prefix/mask*}} [**fc** *fc-name*] [**profile** {**in** | **out**}] [**size** *octets*] [**tth** *label-ttl*] [**send-count** *send-count*] [**timeout** *timeout*] [**interval** *interval*] [**path-destination** *ip-address*] [**interface** *if-name* | **next-hop** *ip-address*]] [**detail**]
    - **lsp-trace** {{*lsp-name* [*path* *path-name*]} | {**prefix** *ip-prefix/mask*}} [**fc** *fc-name*] [**profile** {**in** | **out**}] [**max-fail** *no-response-count*] [**probe-count** *probes-per-hop*] [**size** *octets*] [**min-tth** *min-label-ttl*] [**max-tth** *max-label-ttl*] [**timeout** *timeout*] [**interval** *interval*] [**path-destination** *ip-address*] [**interface** *if-name* | **next-hop** *ip-address*]] [**detail**]

### SDP Diagnostics

- global
- **oam**
    - **sdp-mtu** *orig-sdp-id* **size-inc** *start-octets* *end-octets* [**step** *step-size*] [**timeout** *timeout*] [**interval** *interval*]
    - **sdp-ping** *orig-sdp-id* [**resp-sdp** *resp-sdp-id*] [**fc** *fc-name*] [**profile** {**in** | **out**}] [**size** *octets*] [**count** *send-count*] [**timeout** *timeout*] [**interval** *interval*]

## Service Diagnostics

- ```

global
  — oam
    — svc-ping ip-address service service-id [local-sdp] [remote-sdp]
      — vprn-ping service-id source ip-address destination ip-address [fc fc-name
        [profile {in | out}]] [size size] [ttl vc-label-ttl] [count send-count] [return-
        control] [timeout timeout] [interval interval]
      — vprn-trace service-id source ip-address destination ip-address [fc fc-name
        [profile {in | out}]] [size size] [min-ttl vc-label-ttl] [max-ttl vc-label-ttl] [probe-
        count send-count] [return-control] [timeout timeout] [interval interval]

```

## VLL Diagnostics

- ```

global
  — oam
    — vccv-ping sdp-id:vc-id [src-ip-address ip-addr dst-ip-address ip-addr pw-id pw-id] [reply-
      mode {ip-routed | control-channel}] [fc fc-name [profile {in | out}]] [size octets] [count
      send-count] [timeout timeout] [interval interval] [ttl vc-label-ttl]
    — vccv-trace sdp-id:vc-id [size octets] [min-ttl min-vc-label-ttl] [max-ttl max-vc-label-ttl]
      [max-fail no-response-count] [probe-count probe-count] [reply-mode {ip-routed |
      control-channel}] [timeout timeout-value] [interval interval-value] [fc fc-name [profile
      {in | out}]] [detail]

```

## Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) Commands

- ```

global
  — oam
    — efm port-id
      — local-loopback {start | stop}
      — remote-loopback {start | stop}

config
  — [no] port {port-id}
    — ethernet
      — efm-oam
        — [no] accept-remote-loopback
        — mode {active | passive}
        — [no] shutdown
        — [no] transmit-interval interval [multiplier multiplier]
        — [no] tunneling

```

## ETH-CFM Commands

- ```

global
  — oam
    — eth-cfm
      — eth-test mac-address mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index
        [priority priority] [data-length data-length]
      — linktrace mac-address mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index [ttl
        ttl-value]
      — loopback mac-address mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index
        [send-count send-count] [size data-size] [priority priority]
      — one-way-delay-test mac-address mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-
        index [priority priority]
      — single-ended-loss-test mac-address mep mep-id domain md-index association
        ma-index [priority priority] [interval {100ms | 1s}] [send-count send-count]
      — two-way-delay-test mac-address mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-
        index [priority priority]

config
  — eth-cfm
    — domain md-index [format {dns | mac | none | string}] name md-name level level
    — domain md-index
    — no domain md-index
      — association ma-index [format {icc-based | integer | string | vid | vpn-id}] name
        ma-name
      — association ma-index
      — no association ma-index
        — [no] bridge-identifier bridge-id
          — vlan vlan-id
          — no vlan
        — ccm-interval {10ms | 100ms | 1 | 10 | 60 | 600}
        — no ccm-interval
      — [no] remote-mepid mep-id
  — service
    — [no] epipe service-id [customer customer-id] [create] [vpn vpn-id]
    — sap sap-id [create]
      — eth-cfm
        — mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index
          [direction {up | down}]
        — no mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index
          — [no] ais-enable
          — client-meg-level [level [level ...]]
          — [no] client-meg-level
          — interval [1 | 60]
          — [no] interval
          — priority priority-value
          — [no] priority
          — [no] ccm-enable
          — ccm-ltm-priority priority
          — [no] ccm-ltm-priority
          — [no] dual-ended-loss-test-enable
          — alarm-threshold percentage
          — [no] alarm-threshold
          — [no] eth-test-enable

```

- [no] **test-pattern** {all-zeros | all-ones} [crc-enable]
- **low-priority-defect** {allDef | macRemErrXcon | remErrXcon | errXcon | xcon | noXcon}
- [no] **shutdown**
- **spoke-sdp** *sdp-id:vc-id* [vc-type {ether | vlan}] [create] [no-endpoint]
- **spoke-sdp** *sdp-id:vc-id* [vc-type {ether | vlan}] [create] endpoint *endpoint-name*
  - **eth-cfm**
    - **mep** *mep-id domain md-index association ma-index* [direction {up | down}]
    - **no mep** *mep-id domain md-index association ma-index*
      - [no] **ccm-enable**
      - **ccm-ltm-priority** *priority*
      - [no] **ccm-ltm-priority**
      - **low-priority-defect** {allDef | macRemErrXcon | remErrXcon | errXcon | xcon | noXcon}
      - [no] **shutdown**

## SAA Configuration Commands

- ```
config
  — saa
    — [no] test test-name [owner test-owner]
      — description description-string
      — no description
      — jitter-event rising-threshold threshold [falling-threshold threshold] [direction]
      — no jitter-event
      — latency-event rising-threshold threshold [falling-threshold threshold] [direction]
      — no latency-event
      — loss-event rising-threshold threshold [falling-threshold threshold] [direction]
      — no loss-event
      — [no] shutdown
      — [no] type
        — icmp-ping [ip-address | dns-name] [rapid | detail] [ttl time-to-live] [tos type-of-service] [size bytes] [pattern pattern] [source ip-address] [interval seconds] [next-hop ip-address] | [interface interface-name] | bypass-routing [count requests] [do-not-fragment] [router router-instance] [timeout timeout] [fc fc-name] [profile {in | out}]
        — icmp-trace [ip-address | dns-name] [ttl time-to-live] [wait milliseconds] [source ip-address] [tos type-of-service] [router router-instance]
        — lsp-ping {{lsp-name [path path-name]} | {prefix ip-prefix/mask}} [fc fc-name] [profile {in | out}] [size octets] [ttl label-ttl] [send-count send-count] [timeout timeout] [interval interval] [path-destination ip-address] [interface if-name | next-hop ip-address]
        — lsp-trace {{lsp-name [path path-name]} | {prefix ip-prefix/mask}} [fc fc-name] [profile {in | out}] [max-fail no-response-count] [probe-count probes-per-hop] [size octets] [min-ttl min-label-ttl] [max-ttl max-label-ttl] [timeout timeout] [interval interval] [path-destination ip-address] [interface if-name | next-hop ip-address]
```

- **sdp-ping** *orig-sdp-id* [**resp-sdp** *resp-sdp-id*] [**fc** *fc-name* [**profile** {**in** | **out**;}]] [**size** *octets*] [**count** *send-count*] [**timeout** *timeout*] [**interval** *interval*]
- **vccv-ping** *sdp-id:vc-id* [**src-ip-address** *ip-addr* **dst-ip-address** *ip-addr* **pw-id** *pw-id*] [**reply-mode** {**ip-routed** | **control-channel**}] [**fc** *fc-name* [**profile** {**in** | **out**;}]] [**size** *octets*] [**count** *send-count*] [**timeout** *timeout*] [**interval** *interval*] [**ttl** *vc-label-ttl*]
- **vccv-trace** *sdp-id:vc-id* [**size** *octets*] [**min-ttl** *min-vc-label-ttl*] [**max-ttl** *max-vc-label-ttl*] [**max-fail** *no-response-count*] [**probe-count** *probe-count*] [**reply-mode** {**ip-routed** | **control-channel**}] [**timeout** *timeout-value*] [**interval** *interval-value*] [**fc** *fc-name* [**profile** {**in** | **out**;}]] [**detail**]
- **vprn-ping** *service-id* **source** *ip-address* **destination** *ip-address* [**fc** *fc-name* [**profile** {**in** | **out**;}]] [**size** *size*] [**ttl** *vc-label-ttl*] [**count** *send-count*] [**return-control**] [**timeout** *timeout*] [**interval** *interval*]
- **vprn-trace** *service-id* **source** *ip-address* **destination** *ip-address* [**fc** *fc-name* [**profile** {**in** | **out**;}]] [**size** *size*] [**min-ttl** *vc-label-ttl*] [**max-ttl** *vc-label-ttl*] [**probe-count** *send-count*] [**return-control**] [**timeout** *timeout*] [**interval** *interval*]

**config**

- **system**
  - [**no**] **enable-icmp-vse**

## SAA Diagnostics

**global**

- **oam**
  - **saa** *test-name* [**owner** *test-owner*] {**start** | **stop**}

## Show Commands

```

show
  — eth-cfm
    — association [ma-index] [detail]
    — cfm-stack-table
    — cfm-stack-table port [port-id [vlan vlan-id]] [level 0..7] [direction {up | down}]
    — cfm-stack-table sdp sdp-id[:vc-id] [level 0..7] [direction {up | down}]
    — cfm-stack-table virtual [service-id] [level 0..7]
    — domain [md-index] [association ma-index | all-associations] [detail]
    — mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index [loopback] [linktrace]
    — mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index {remote-mepid mep-id | all-remote-meps}
    — mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index eth-test-results [remote-peer mac-address]
    — mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index one-way-delay-test [remote-peer mac-address]
    — mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index two-way-delay-test [remote-peer mac-address]
    — mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index single-ended-loss-test [remote-peer mac-address]
    — mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index dual-ended-loss-test [remote-peer mac-address]
  — saa [test-name [owner test-owner]]
  — ldp-treetrace [prefix ip-prefix/mask] [detail]

```

## Clear Commands

```

clear
  — saa [test-name [owner test-owner]]
  — eth-cfm
    — dual-ended-loss-test mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index

```

## Debug Commands

```

debug
  — [no] oam
    — lsp-ping-trace [tx | rx | both] [raw | detail]
    — no lsp-ping-trace

```

## **Command Descriptions**

- [OAM and SAA Commands on page 71](#)
- [Show Commands on page 135](#)
- [Clear Commands on page 158](#)
- [Debug Commands on page 161](#)

---

## **OAM and SAA Commands**

- [Operational Commands on page 72](#)
- [ATM Diagnostics on page 76](#)
- [Service Diagnostics on page 78](#)
- [EFM Commands on page 90](#)
- [ETH-CFM Commands on page 93](#)
- [Service Assurance Agent \(SAA\) Commands on page 106](#)
- [OAM SAA Commands on page 134](#)

---

## Operational Commands

### ping

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ping</b> [ <i>ip-address</i>   <i>dns-name</i> ] [ <b>rapid</b>   <b>detail</b> ] [ <b>ttl</b> <i>time-to-live</i> ] [ <b>tos</b> <i>type-of-service</i> ] [ <b>size</b> <i>bytes</i> ] [ <b>pattern</b> <i>pattern</i> ] [ <b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>interval</i> ] [{ <b>next-hop</b> <i>ip-address</i> }   { <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> }   <b>bypass-routing</b> ] [ <b>count</b> <i>requests</i> ] [ <b>do-not-fragment</b> ] [ <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> ] [ <b>timeout</b> <i>timeout</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Context</b>     | <GLOBAL>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b> | This command verifies the reachability of a remote host.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>ip-address</i> — identifies the far-end IP address to which to send the <b>ping</b> request message in dotted-decimal notation</p> <p><b>Values</b>     ipv4-address:     a.b.c.d</p> <p><i>dns-name</i> — identifies the DNS name of the far-end device to which to send the <b>ping</b> request message, expressed as a character string</p> <p><b>rapid</b> — specifies that packets will be generated as fast as possible instead of the default 1 per second</p> <p><b>detail</b> — displays detailed information</p> <p><i>time-to-live</i> — specifies the TTL value for the MPLS label, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p><b>Values</b>     1 to 128</p> <p><i>type-of-service</i> — specifies the service type</p> <p><b>Values</b>     0 to 255</p> <p><i>bytes</i> — specifies the request packet size in bytes, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p><b>Values</b>     0 to 16384</p> <p><i>pattern</i> — specifies the pattern that will be used to fill the data portion in a ping packet. If no pattern is specified, position information will be filled instead.</p> <p><b>Values</b>     0 to 65535</p> <p><b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> — specifies the IP address to be used</p> <p><b>Values</b>     ipv4-address:     a.b.c.d</p> |

*interval* — defines the minimum amount of time, expressed as a decimal integer, that must expire before the next message request is sent.

This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval. If the **interval** is set to 1 s, and the **timeout** value is set to 10 s, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 s and the minimum is 1 s. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 1

**next-hop ip-address** — displays only the static routes with the specified next-hop IP address

**Values** ipv4-address: a.b.c.d (host bits must be 0)

*interface-name* — specifies the name of an IP interface. The name must already exist in the **config>router>interface** context.

**bypass-routing** — specifies whether to send the ping request to a host on a directly attached network bypassing the routing table

*requests* — specifies the number of times to perform an OAM ping probe operation. Each OAM echo message request must either time out or receive a reply before the next message request is sent.

**Values** 1 to 100000

**Default** 5

**do-not-fragment** — sets the DF (Do Not Fragment) bit in the ICMP ping packet

*router-instance* — specifies the router name or service ID

**Values** router-name: Base, management  
service-id: 1 to 2147483647

**Default** Base

*timeout* — specifies the amount of time that the router will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting router assumes that the message response will not be received. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

This value is used to override the default timeout value.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 5

## shutdown

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>[no] shutdown</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa>test<br>config>port>ethernet>efm-oam<br>config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep<br>config>service>epipe>spoke-sdp>eth-cfm>mep                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>The <b>shutdown</b> command administratively disables a test. A <b>shutdown</b> can only be performed if a test is not executing at the time the command is entered.</p> <p>When a test is created, it remains in shutdown mode until a <b>no shutdown</b> command is executed.</p> <p>In order to modify an existing test, it must first be shut down.</p> <p>When used with the <b>ethernet&gt;efm-oam</b> command, <b>shutdown</b> enables tunneling on the port (see <a href="#">tunneling</a>), and <b>no shutdown</b> enables Ethernet EFM OAM 802.3ah.</p> <p>The <b>no</b> form of this command sets the state of the test to operational.</p> |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>shutdown</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

## traceroute

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>traceroute</b> [ <i>ip-address</i>   <i>dns-name</i> ] [ <b>tll</b> <i>tll</i> ] [ <b>wait</b> <i>milli-seconds</i> ] [ <b>no-dns</b> ] [ <b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> ] [ <b>tos</b> <i>type-of-service</i> ] [ <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Context</b>     | <GLOBAL>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b> | This command determines the route to a destination address.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>ip-address</i> — specifies the far-end IP address to which to send the traceroute request message in dotted-decimal notation</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><b>Values</b>    ipv4-address :    a.b.c.d</p> <p><i>dns-name</i> — specifies the DNS name of the far-end device to which to send the traceroute request message, expressed as a character string</p> <p><i>tll</i> — specifies the maximum Time-To-Live (TTL) value to include in the traceroute request, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><b>Values</b>    1 to 255</p> <p><i>milli-seconds</i> — specifies the time in milliseconds to wait for a response to a probe, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><b>Values</b>    10 to 60000</p> <p style="margin-left: 20px;"><b>Default</b>    5000</p> |

**no-dns** — when the **no-dns** keyword is specified, DNS lookups of the responding hosts will not be performed; only the IP addresses will be printed

**Default** DNS lookups of the responding hosts are performed

**source** *ip-address* — specifies the source IP address to use as the source of the probe packets in dotted-decimal notation. If the IP address is not one of the device's interfaces, an error is returned.

*type-of-service* — specifies the type-of-service (TOS) bits in the IP header of the probe packets, expressed as a decimal integer

**Values** 0 to 255

*router-instance* — specifies a router name or service ID

|               |             |                  |
|---------------|-------------|------------------|
| <b>Values</b> | router-name | Base, management |
|               | service-id  | 1 to 2147483647  |

**Default** Base

#### Output **Sample Destination Address Route**

```
*A:ALU-1# traceroute 192.168.xx.xx4
traceroute to 192.168.xx.xx4, 30 hops max, 40 byte packets
 1 192.168.xx.xx4 0.000 ms 0.000 ms 0.000 ms
*A:ALU-1#
```

---

## ATM Diagnostics

### atm-ping

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>atm-ping</b> { <i>port-id</i>   <i>bundle-id</i> [: <i>vpi</i>   <i>vpi/vci</i> ]} [ <b>end-to-end</b>   <b>segment</b> ] [ <b>dest</b> <i>destination-id</i> ] [ <b>send-count</b> <i>send-count</i> ] [ <b>timeout</b> <i>timeout</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>interval</i> ] |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Description</b> | This command tests ATM path connectivity on an ATM VCC.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>port-id:vpi/vci</i> — specifies the ID of the access port of the target VC. This parameter is required.                                                                                                                                                                       |

|               |            |                                        |
|---------------|------------|----------------------------------------|
| <b>Values</b> | port-id    | <i>slot/mda/port</i>                   |
|               | bundle-id  | <i>bundle-type-slot/mda.bundle-num</i> |
|               | bundle     | keyword                                |
|               | type       | ima                                    |
|               | bundle-num | 1 to 10                                |
|               | vpi        | 0 to 4095 (NNI)<br>0 to 255 (UNI)      |
|               | vci        | 1, 2, 5 to 65535                       |

**end-to-end** | **segment** — specifies whether the ATM OAM loopback cell is destined for the first segment point in the line direction or the PVCC's connection endpoint

*destination-id* — defines the LLID field in an OAM loopback cell. If set to all 1s, only the connection end (end-to-end ping) or segment end (segment ping) will respond to the ping. If the **segment** parameter is specified and **dest** is set to a specific destination, only the destination will respond to the ping.

**Values** a 16-byte octet string, with each octet separated by a colon; if not specified, the value of 0x11 will be used

*send-count* — the number of messages to send, expressed as a decimal integer. The **send-count** parameter is used to override the default number of message requests sent. Each message request must either time out or receive a reply before the next message request is sent. The message interval value must be expired before the next message request is sent.

**Values** 1 to 100

**Default** 1

*timeout* — specifies the amount of time that the router will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting router assumes that the message response will not be received. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

This value is used to override the default timeout value.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 5

*interval* — specifies the minimum amount of time that must expire before the next message request is sent

If the **interval** is set to 1 s, and the **timeout** value is set to 10 s, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 s and the minimum is 1 s. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.

This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 1

---

## Service Diagnostics

### sdp-mtu

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>sdp-mtu</b> <i>orig-sdp-id</i> <b>size-inc</b> <i>start-octets end-octets</i> [ <b>step</b> <i>step-size</i> ] [ <b>timeout</b> <i>timeout</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>interval</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command performs MTU path tests on an SDP to determine the largest <b>path-mtu</b> supported on an SDP. The <b>size-inc</b> parameter can be used to easily determine the <b>path-mtu</b> of a given SDP-ID. The forwarding class is assumed to be Best-Effort Out-of-Profile. The message reply is returned with IP encapsulation from the far-end 7705 SAR. OAM request messages sent within an IP SDP must have the “DF” IP header bit set to 1 to prevent message fragmentation.</p> <p>With each OAM echo request sent using the <b>size-inc</b> parameter, a response line is displayed as message output. The path MTU test displays incrementing packet sizes, the number sent at each size until a reply is received and the response message.</p> <p>As the request message is sent, its size value is displayed followed by a period for each request sent of that size. Up to three requests will be sent unless a valid response is received for one of the requests at that size. Once a response is received, the next size message is sent. The response message indicates the result of the message request.</p> <p>After the last reply has been received or a response timeout occurs, the maximum size message replied to indicates the largest size OAM request message that received a valid reply.</p> <p>To terminate an <b>sdp-mtu</b> in progress, use the CLI break sequence &lt;Ctrl-C&gt;.</p> |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>orig-sdp-id</i> — specifies the SDP-ID to be used by <b>sdp-mtu</b>, expressed as a decimal integer. The far-end address of the specified SDP-ID is the expected <i>responder-id</i> within each reply received. The specified SDP-ID defines the SDP tunnel encapsulation used to reach the far end — GRE, IP, or MPLS. If <i>orig-sdp-id</i> is invalid or administratively down or unavailable for some reason, the SDP echo request message is not sent and an appropriate error message is displayed (once the <b>interval</b> timer expires, <b>sdp-mtu</b> will attempt to send the next request if required).</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 17407</p> <p><i>start-octets end-octets</i> — indicates that an incremental path MTU test will be performed by sending a series of message requests with increasing MTU sizes</p> <p><i>start-octets</i> — specifies the beginning size in octets of the first message sent for an incremental MTU test, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p><b>Values</b> 40 to 9198</p> <p><i>end-octets</i> — specifies the ending size in octets of the last message sent for an incremental MTU test, expressed as a decimal integer. The specified value must be greater than <i>start-octets</i>.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 40 to 9198</p>                                                                                                                                                |

*step-size* — specifies the number of octets to increment the message size request for each message sent for an incremental MTU test, expressed as a decimal integer. The next size message will not be sent until a reply is received or three messages have timed out at the current size.

If the incremented size exceeds the *end-octets* value, no more messages will be sent.

**Values** 1 to 512

**Default** 32

*timeout* — specifies the amount of time that the router will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting router assumes that the message response will not be received. A “request timeout” message is displayed by the CLI for each message request sent that expires. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

This value is used to override the default **timeout** value.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 5

*interval* — defines the minimum amount of time that must expire before the next message request is sent.

If the **interval** is set to 1 s, and the **timeout** value is set to 10 s, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 s and the minimum is 1 s. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.

This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 1

#### Output **Sample SDP MTU Path Test Output**

```
*A:router 1> sdp-mtu 6 size-inc 512 3072 step 256
  Size      Sent      Response
  -----
  512       .         Success
  768       .         Success
  1024      .         Success
  1280      .         Success
  1536      .         Success
  1792      .         Success
  2048      .         Success
  2304      ...        Request Timeout
  2560      ...        Request Timeout
  2816      ...        Request Timeout
  3072      ...        Request Timeout
Maximum Response Size: 2048
```

## svc-ping

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>svc-ping</b> <i>ip-address</i> <b>service</b> <i>service-id</i> [ <b>local-sdp</b> ] [ <b>remote-sdp</b> ]                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command tests a service ID for correct and consistent provisioning between two service endpoints. The command accepts a far-end IP address and a Service-ID for local and remote service testing. The following information can be determined from <b>svc-ping</b> : |

- local and remote service existence
- local and remote service state
- local and remote service type correlation
- local and remote customer association
- local and remote service-to-SDP bindings and state
- local and remote ingress and egress service label association

Unlike **sdp-ping**, only a single message will be sent per command; no count or interval parameter is supported and round-trip time is not calculated. A timeout value of 10 s is used before failing the request. The forwarding class is assumed to be Best-Effort Out-of-Profile.

If no request is sent or a reply is not received, all remote information will be shown as N/A.

To terminate an **svc-ping** in progress, use the CLI break sequence <Ctrl-C>.

Upon request timeout, message response, request termination, or request error, the local and remote information described in [Table 4](#) will be displayed. Local and remote information is dependent upon service existence and reception of reply.

**Table 4: SVC Ping Report Field**

| Field          | Description                                       | Values                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Request Result | The result of the <b>svc-ping</b> request message | Sent - Request Timeout<br>Sent - Request Terminated<br>Sent - Reply Received<br>Not Sent - Non-Existent Service-ID<br>Not Sent - Non-Existent SDP for Service<br>Not Sent - SDP For Service Down<br>Not Sent - Non-existent Service Egress Label |

Table 4: SVC Ping Report Field (Continued)

| Field                      | Description                                                                                                                                 | Values                                         |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Service-ID                 | The Service-ID being tested                                                                                                                 | Service-ID                                     |
| Local Service Type         | The type of service being tested. If <i>service-id</i> does not exist locally, N/A is displayed.                                            | Epip, Apip<br>TLS<br>IES<br>Mirror-Dest<br>N/A |
| Local Service Admin State  | The local administrative state of <i>service-id</i> . If the service does not exist locally, the administrative state will be Non-Existent. | Admin-Up<br>Admin-Down<br>Non-Existent         |
| Local Service Oper State   | The local operational state of <i>service-id</i> . If the service does not exist locally, the state will be N/A.                            | Oper-Up<br>Oper-Down<br>N/A                    |
| Remote Service Type        | The remote type of service being tested. If <i>service-id</i> does not exist remotely, N/A is displayed.                                    | Epip, Apip<br>TLS<br>IES<br>Mirror-Dest<br>N/A |
| Remote Service Admin State | The remote administrative state of <i>service-id</i> . If the service does not exist remotely, the administrative state is Non-Existent.    | Up<br>Down<br>Non-Existent                     |
| Local Service MTU          | The local <b>service-mtu</b> for <i>service-id</i> . If the service does not exist, N/A is displayed.                                       | service-mtu<br>N/A                             |
| Remote Service MTU         | The remote <b>service-mtu</b> for <i>service-id</i> . If the service does not exist remotely, N/A is displayed.                             | remote-service-mtu<br>N/A                      |
| Local Customer ID          | The local <i>customer-id</i> associated with <i>service-id</i> . If the service does not exist locally, N/A is displayed.                   | customer-id<br>N/A                             |

**Table 4: SVC Ping Report Field (Continued)**

| <b>Field</b>                        | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | <b>Values</b>                                |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Remote Customer ID                  | The remote <i>customer-id</i> associated with <i>service-id</i> . If the service does not exist remotely, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                         | customer-id<br>N/A                           |
| Local Service IP Address            | The local system IP address used to terminate a remotely configured SDP-ID (as the far-end address). If an IP interface has not been configured to be the system IP address, N/A is displayed.                                                                      | system-ip-address<br>N/A                     |
| Local Service IP Interface Name     | The name of the local system IP interface. If the local system IP interface has not been created, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                 | system-interface-name<br>N/A                 |
| Local Service IP Interface State    | The state of the local system IP interface. If the local system IP interface has not been created, Non-Existent is displayed.                                                                                                                                       | Up<br>Down<br>Non-Existent                   |
| Expected Far-end Address            | The expected IP address for the remote system IP interface. This must be the far-end address entered for the <b>svc-ping</b> command.                                                                                                                               | orig-sdp-far-end-addr<br>dest-ip-addr<br>N/A |
| Actual Far-end Address              | The returned remote IP address. If a response is not received, the displayed value is N/A. If the far-end service IP interface is down or non-existent, a message reply is not expected. The <b>sdp-ping</b> command should also fail.                              | resp-ip-addr<br>N/A                          |
| Responders Expected Far-end Address | The expected source of the originator's SDP-ID from the perspective of the remote 7705 SAR terminating the SDP-ID. If the far end cannot detect the expected source of the ingress SDP-ID or the request is transmitted outside the SDP-ID, N/A is displayed.       | resp-rec-tunnel-far-end-address<br>N/A       |
| Originating SDP-ID                  | The SDP-ID used to reach the far-end IP address if <b>sdp-path</b> is defined. The originating SDP-ID must be bound to the <i>service-id</i> and terminate on the far-end IP address. If an appropriate originating SDP-ID is not found, Non-Existent is displayed. | orig-sdp-id<br>Non-Existent                  |

Table 4: SVC Ping Report Field (Continued)

| Field                                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Values                        |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Originating SDP-ID Path Used            | Indicates whether the originating 7705 SAR used the originating SDP-ID to send the <b>svc-ping</b> request. If a valid originating SDP-ID is found, is operational and has a valid egress service label, the originating 7705 SAR should use the SDP-ID as the requesting path if <b>sdp-path</b> has been defined. If the originating 7705 SAR uses the originating SDP-ID as the request path, Yes is displayed. If the originating 7705 SAR does not use the originating SDP-ID as the request path, No is displayed. If the originating SDP-ID is non-existent, N/A is displayed. | Yes<br>No<br>N/A              |
| Originating SDP-ID Administrative State | The local administrative state of the originating SDP-ID. If the SDP-ID has been shut down, Admin-Down is displayed. If the originating SDP-ID is in the no shutdown state, Admin-Up is displayed. If an originating SDP-ID is not found, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Admin-Up<br>Admin-Down<br>N/A |
| Originating SDP-ID Operating State      | The local operational state of the originating SDP-ID. If an originating SDP-ID is not found, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Oper-Up<br>Oper-Down<br>N/A   |
| Originating SDP-ID Binding Admin State  | The local administrative state of the originating SDP-ID's binding to <i>service-id</i> . If an SDP-ID is not bound to the service, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Admin-Up<br>Admin-Down<br>N/A |
| Originating SDP-ID Binding Oper State   | The local operational state of the originating SDP-ID's binding to <i>service-id</i> . If an SDP-ID is not bound to the service, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Oper-Up<br>Oper-Down<br>N/A   |
| Responding SDP-ID                       | The SDP-ID used by the far end to respond to the <b>svc-ping</b> request. If the request was received without the <b>sdp-path</b> parameter, the responding 7705 SAR will not use an SDP-ID as the return path, but the appropriate responding SDP-ID will be displayed. If a valid SDP-ID return path is not found to the originating 7705 SAR that is bound to the <i>service-id</i> , Non-Existent is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                   | resp-sdp-id<br>Non-Existent   |

Table 4: SVC Ping Report Field (Continued)

| Field                                  | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Values                        |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Responding SDP-ID Path Used            | Indicates whether the responding 7705 SAR used the responding SDP-ID to respond to the <b>svc-ping</b> request. If the request was received via the originating SDP-ID and a valid return SDP-ID is found, is operational and has a valid egress service label, the far-end 7705 SAR should use the SDP-ID as the return SDP-ID. If the far end uses the responding SDP-ID as the return path, Yes is displayed. If the far end does not use the responding SDP-ID as the return path, No is displayed. If the responding SDP-ID is non-existent, N/A is displayed. | Yes<br>No<br>N/A              |
| Responding SDP-ID Administrative State | The administrative state of the far-end SDP-ID associated with the return path for <i>service-id</i> . When a return path is administratively down, Admin-Down is displayed. If the return SDP-ID is administratively up, Admin-Up is displayed. If the responding SDP-ID is non-existent, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Admin-Up<br>Admin-Down<br>N/A |
| Responding SDP-ID Operational State    | The operational state of the far-end SDP-ID associated with the return path for <i>service-id</i> . When a return path is operationally down, Oper-Down is displayed. If the return SDP-ID is operationally up, Oper-Up is displayed. If the responding SDP-ID is non-existent, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Oper-Up<br>Oper-Down<br>N/A   |
| Responding SDP-ID Binding Admin State  | The local administrative state of the responder's SDP-ID binding to <i>service-id</i> . If an SDP-ID is not bound to the service, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Admin-Up<br>Admin-Down<br>N/A |
| Responding SDP-ID Binding Oper State   | The local operational state of the responder's SDP-ID binding to <i>service-id</i> . If an SDP-ID is not bound to the service, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Oper-Up<br>Oper-Down<br>N/A   |
| Originating VC-ID                      | The originator's VC-ID associated with the SDP-ID to the far-end address that is bound to <i>service-id</i> . If the SDP-ID signaling is off, <i>originator-vc-id</i> is 0. If the <i>originator-vc-id</i> does not exist, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | originator-vc-id<br>N/A       |
| Responding VC-ID                       | The responder's VC-ID associated with the SDP-ID to <i>originator-id</i> that is bound to <i>service-id</i> . If the SDP-ID signaling is off or the service binding to SDP-ID does not exist, <i>responder-vc-id</i> is 0. If a response is not received, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | responder-vc-id<br>N/A        |

**Table 4: SVC Ping Report Field (Continued)**

| Field                                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Values                                  |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Originating Egress Service Label        | The originating service label (VC-Label) associated with the <i>service-id</i> for the originating SDP-ID. If <i>service-id</i> does not exist locally, N/A is displayed. If <i>service-id</i> exists, but the egress service label has not been assigned, Non-Existent is displayed.                                                                      | egress-vc-label<br>N/A<br>Non-Existent  |
| Originating Egress Service Label Source | The originating egress service label source. If the displayed egress service label is manually defined, Manual is displayed. If the egress service label is dynamically signaled, Signaled is displayed. If the <i>service-id</i> does not exist or the egress service label is non-existent, N/A is displayed.                                            | Manual<br>Signaled<br>N/A               |
| Originating Egress Service Label State  | The originating egress service label state. If the originating 7705 SAR considers the displayed egress service label operational, Up is displayed. If the originating 7705 SAR considers the egress service label inoperative, Down is displayed. If the <i>service-id</i> does not exist or the egress service label is non-existent, N/A is displayed.   | Up<br>Down<br>N/A                       |
| Responding Service Label                | The actual responding service label in use by the far-end 7705 SAR for this <i>service-id</i> to the originating 7705 SAR. If <i>service-id</i> does not exist in the remote 7705 SAR, N/A is displayed. If <i>service-id</i> does exist remotely but the remote egress service label has not been assigned, Non-Existent is displayed.                    | rec-vc-label<br>N/A<br>Non-Existent     |
| Responding Egress Service Label Source  | The responder's egress service label source. If the responder's egress service label is manually defined, Manual is displayed. If the responder's egress service label is dynamically signaled, Signaled is displayed. If the <i>service-id</i> does not exist on the responder or the responder's egress service label is non-existent, N/A is displayed. | Manual<br>Signaled<br>N/A               |
| Responding Service Label State          | The responding egress service label state. If the responding considers its egress service label operational, Up is displayed. If the responding 7705 SAR considers its egress service label inoperative, Down is displayed. If the <i>service-id</i> does not exist or the responder's egress service label is non-existent, N/A is displayed.             | Up<br>Down<br>N/A                       |
| Expected Ingress Service Label          | The locally assigned ingress service label. This is the service label that the far end is expected to use for <i>service-id</i> when sending to the originating 7705 SAR. If <i>service-id</i> does not exist locally, N/A is displayed. If <i>service-id</i> exists but an ingress service label has not been assigned, Non-Existent is displayed.        | ingress-vc-label<br>N/A<br>Non-Existent |

**Table 4: SVC Ping Report Field (Continued)**

| <b>Field</b>                           | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <b>Values</b>                                |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Expected Ingress Label Source          | The originator's ingress service label source. If the originator's ingress service label is manually defined, Manual is displayed. If the originator's ingress service label is dynamically signaled, Signaled is displayed. If the <i>service-id</i> does not exist on the originator or the originator's ingress service label has not been assigned, N/A is displayed.                                        | Manual<br>Signaled<br>N/A                    |
| Expected Ingress Service Label State   | The originator's ingress service label state. If the originating 7705 SAR considers its ingress service label operational, Up is displayed. If the originating 7705 SAR considers its ingress service label inoperative, Down is displayed. If the <i>service-id</i> does not exist locally, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                   | Up<br>Down<br>N/A                            |
| Responders Ingress Service Label       | The assigned ingress service label on the remote 7705 SAR. This is the service label that the far end is expecting to receive for <i>service-id</i> when sending to the originating 7705 SAR. If <i>service-id</i> does not exist in the remote 7705 SAR, N/A is displayed. If <i>service-id</i> exists, but an ingress service label has not been assigned in the remote 7705 SAR, Non-Existent is displayed.   | resp-ingress-vc-label<br>N/A<br>Non-Existent |
| Responders Ingress Label Source        | The assigned ingress service label source on the remote 7705 SAR. If the ingress service label is manually defined on the remote 7705 SAR, Manual is displayed. If the ingress service label is dynamically signaled on the remote 7705 SAR, Signaled is displayed. If the <i>service-id</i> does not exist on the remote 7705 SAR, N/A is displayed.                                                            | Manual<br>Signaled<br>N/A                    |
| Responders Ingress Service Label State | The assigned ingress service label state on the remote 7705 SAR. If the remote 7705 SAR considers its ingress service label operational, Up is displayed. If the remote 7705 SAR considers its ingress service label inoperative, Down is displayed. If the <i>service-id</i> does not exist on the remote 7705 SAR or the ingress service label has not been assigned on the remote 7705 SAR, N/A is displayed. | Up<br>Down<br>N/A                            |

**Parameters** *ip-address* — specifies the far-end IP address to which to send the **svc-ping** request message in dotted-decimal notation

*service-id* — identifies the service being tested. The Service ID need not exist on the local 7705 SAR to receive a reply message.

This is a mandatory parameter.

**Values** 1 to 2147483647

**local-sdp** — specifies that the **svc-ping** request message should be sent using the same service tunnel encapsulation labeling as service traffic

If **local-sdp** is specified, the command attempts to use an egress SDP-ID bound to the service with the specified far-end IP address with the VC-Label for the service. The far-end address of the specified SDP-ID is the expected *responder-id* within the reply received. The SDP-ID defines the SDP tunnel encapsulation used to reach the far end — GRE, IP, or MPLS. On originator egress, the service-ID must have an associated VC-Label to reach the far-end address of the SDP-ID and the SDP-ID must be operational for the message to be sent.

If **local-sdp** is not specified, the **svc-ping** request message is sent with GRE encapsulation with the OAM label.

[Table 5](#) indicates whether a message is sent and how the message is encapsulated based on the state of the service ID.

**Table 5: Local SDP Message Results**

| Local Service State                       | local-sdp Not Specified |                          | local-sdp Specified |                                                   |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
|                                           | Message Sent            | Message Encapsulation    | Message Sent        | Message Encapsulation                             |
| Invalid Local Service                     | Yes                     | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | No                  | None                                              |
| No Valid SDP-ID Bound                     | Yes                     | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | No                  | None                                              |
| SDP-ID Valid But Down                     | Yes                     | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | No                  | None                                              |
| SDP-ID Valid and Up, But No Service Label | Yes                     | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | No                  | None                                              |
| SDP-ID Valid, Up and Egress Service Label | Yes                     | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | Yes                 | SDP Encapsulation with Egress Service Label (SLP) |

**remote-sdp** — specifies that the **svc-ping** reply message from the far end should be sent using the same service tunnel encapsulation labeling as service traffic

If **remote-sdp** is specified, the far-end responder attempts to use an egress SDP-ID bound to the service with the message originator as the destination IP address with the VC-Label for the service. The SDP-ID defines the SDP tunnel encapsulation used to reply to the originator — GRE, IP, or MPLS. On responder egress, the service-ID must have an associated VC-Label to reach the originator address of the SDP-ID and the SDP-ID must be operational for the message to be sent. If **remote-sdp** is not specified, the **svc-ping** request message is sent with GRE encapsulation with the OAM label.

[Table 6](#) indicates how the message response is encapsulated based on the state of the remote Service ID.

**Table 6: Remote SDP Message Results**

| Remote Service State                                          | Message Encapsulation    |                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
|                                                               | remote-sdp Not Specified | remote-sdp Specified                              |
| Invalid Ingress Service Label                                 | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP)                          |
| Invalid Service-ID                                            | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP)                          |
| No Valid SDP-ID Bound on Service-ID                           | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP)                          |
| SDP-ID Valid But Down                                         | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP)                          |
| SDP-ID Valid and Up, but No Service Label                     | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP)                          |
| SDP-ID Valid and Up, Egress Service Label, but VC-ID Mismatch | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP)                          |
| SDP-ID Valid and Up, Egress Service Label, but VC-ID Match    | Generic IP/GRE OAM (PLP) | SDP Encapsulation with Egress Service Label (SLP) |

### Sample Output

```
*A:router1> svc-ping far-end 10.10.10.10 service 101 local-sdp remote-sdp
Service-ID: 101
```

```
Err Info          Local          Remote
-----
Type:             CPIPE         CPIPE
Admin State:      Up            Up
Oper State:       Up            Up
Service-MTU:     1000         1000
Customer ID:     1001         1001

==> IP Interface State: Down
Actual IP Addr:   10.10.10.11  10.10.10.10
Expected Peer IP: 10.10.10.10  10.10.10.11

==> SDP Path Used:   Yes           Yes
SDP-ID:           123          325
Admin State:      Up            Up
Operative State: Up            Up
Binding Admin State:Up          Up
Binding Oper State:Up           Up
Binding VC ID:    101          101
Binding Type:     Spoke         Spoke
Binding Vc-type:  CesOPsn       CesOPsn
Binding Vlan-vc-tag:0           0
```

```
==> Egress Label:      131066      131064
      Ingress Label:    131064      131066
      Egress Label Type: Signaled    Signaled
      Ingress Label Type: Signaled   Signaled
```

Request Result: Sent - Reply Received

## EFM Commands

### efm

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>efm</b> <i>port-id</i>                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables Ethernet in the First Mile (EFM) OAM loopbacks on the specified port. The EFM OAM remote loopback OAMPDU will be sent to the peering device to trigger a remote loopback. |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>port-id</i> — specifies the port ID in the <i>slot/mda/port</i> format                                                                                                                      |

### local-loopback

|                    |                                                                  |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>local-loopback</b> { <b>start</b>   <b>stop</b> }             |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam>efm                                                          |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables local loopback tests on the specified port. |

### remote-loopback

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>remote-loopback</b> { <b>start</b>   <b>stop</b> }                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam>efm                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables remote EFM OAM loopback tests on the specified port. The EFM OAM remote loopback OAMPDU will be sent to the peering device to trigger a remote loopback. |

### ethernet

|                    |                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ethernet</b>                                                                                                      |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>port                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables access to the context to configure Ethernet port attributes on an 8-port Ethernet Adapter card. |

## efm-oam

|                    |                                             |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>efm-oam</b>                              |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>port>ethernet                        |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures EFM OAM attributes. |

## accept-remote-loopback

|                    |                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>[no] accept-remote-loopback</b>                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>port>ethernet>efm-oam                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables reactions to loopback control OAMPDUs from peers.<br>The <b>no</b> form of this command disables reactions to loopback control OAMPDUs. |

## mode

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>mode {active   passive}</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>port>ethernet>efm-oam                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures the mode of OAM operation for this Ethernet port.<br><br><b>Active</b> mode causes the port to initiate the negotiation process and continually send out EFM OAM information PDUs. <b>Passive</b> mode waits for the peer to initiate the negotiation process. A passive mode port cannot initiate monitoring activities (such as loopback) with the peer. |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>active</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

## transmit-interval

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>[no] transmit-interval <i>interval</i> [<b>multiplier</b> <i>multiplier</i>]</b>                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>port>ethernet>efm-oam                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures the transmit interval of OAMPDUs.                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>interval</i> — specifies the transmit interval<br><b>Values</b> 1 to 600 (in 100 ms)<br><i>multiplier</i> — specifies the multiplier for the transmit interval to set the local link down timer<br><b>Values</b> 2 to 5 |

### tunneling

**Syntax** [no] tunneling

**Context** config>port>ethernet>efm-oam

**Description** This command enables EFM OAMPDU tunneling. OAMPDU tunneling is required when a loopback is initiated from a router end and must be transported over the existing network infrastructure to the other end. Enabling tunneling will allow the PDUs to be mapped to Epipes so that the OAM frames can be tunneled over MPLS to the far end.

To enable Ethernet EFM OAM 802.3ah on the port, use the **efm-oam>no shutdown** command.

The **no** form of the command disables tunneling.

---

## ETH-CFM Commands

### eth-test

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>eth-test</b> <i>mac-address</i> <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> [ <b>priority</b> <i>priority</i> ] [ <b>data-length</b> <i>data-length</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam eth-cfm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies to initiate an Ethernet (signal) test.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>mac-address</i> — specifies a unicast MAC address</p> <p><b>Values</b>      xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx or xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx, where xx is a hexadecimal number</p> <p><i>mep-id</i> — specifies the target MEP ID</p> <p><b>Values</b>      1 to 8191</p> <p><i>md-index</i> — specifies the MD index</p> <p><b>Values</b>      1 to 4294967295</p> <p><i>ma-index</i> — specifies the MA index</p> <p><b>Values</b>      1 to 4294967295</p> <p><i>priority</i> — specifies the value used for priority mapping</p> <p><b>Values</b>      0 to 7</p> <p><b>Default</b>      the CCM and LTM priority of the MEP</p> <p><i>data-length</i> — specifies the packet size in bytes, expressed as a decimal integer, used for the ETH-CFM test</p> <p><b>Values</b>      64 to 1500</p> <p><b>Default</b>      64</p> |

### linktrace

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>linktrace</b> <i>mac-address</i> <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> [ <b>ttl</b> <i>tvl-value</i> ]                                                                                                     |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam>eth-cfm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies to initiate a linktrace test.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>mac-address</i> — specifies a unicast destination MAC address</p> <p><b>Values</b>      xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx or xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx, where xx is a hexadecimal number</p> <p><i>mep-id</i> — specifies the target MEP ID</p> <p><b>Values</b>      1 to 8191</p> |

*md-index* — specifies the MD index

**Values** 1 to 4294967295

*ma-index* — specifies the MA index

**Values** 1 to 4294967295

*tll-value* — specifies the TTL for a returned linktrace

**Values** 0 to 255

### loopback

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>loopback</b> <i>mac-address</i> <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> [ <b>send-count</b> <i>send-countf</i> ] [ <b>size</b> <i>data-size</i> ] [ <b>priority</b> <i>priority</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam>eth-cfm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies to initiate a loopback test.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>mac-address</i> — specifies a unicast MAC address</p> <p><b>Values</b> xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx or xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx, where xx is a hexadecimal number</p> <p><i>mep-id</i> — specifies the target MEP ID</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 8191</p> <p><i>md-index</i> — specifies the MD index</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 4294967295</p> <p><i>ma-index</i> — specifies the MA index</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 4294967295</p> <p><i>send-count</i> — specifies the number of messages to send, expressed as a decimal integer. Dot1ag loopback messages are sent back-to-back, with no delay between the transmissions.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 5</p> <p><b>Default</b> 1</p> <p><i>data-size</i> — specifies the packet size in bytes, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 1500</p> <p><b>Default</b> 0</p> <p><i>priority</i> — specifies a 3-bit value to be used in the VLAN tag, if present, in the transmitted frame</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 7</p> <p><b>Default</b> the CCM and LTM priority of the MEP</p> |

## one-way-delay-test

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>one-way-delay-test</b> <i>mac-address mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index</i> [ <i>priority priority</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam>eth-cfm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies to initiate an ETH-CFM one-way delay test.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>mac-address</i> — specifies a unicast MAC address</p> <p><b>Values</b>      xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx or xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx, where xx is a hexadecimal number</p> <p><i>mep-id</i> — specifies the target MEP ID</p> <p><b>Values</b>      1 to 8191</p> <p><i>md-index</i> — specifies the MD index</p> <p><b>Values</b>      1 to 4294967295</p> <p><i>ma-index</i> — specifies the MA index</p> <p><b>Values</b>      1 to 4294967295</p> <p><i>priority</i> — specifies the value used for priority mapping</p> <p><b>Values</b>      0 to 7</p> <p><b>Default</b>      the CCM and LTM priority of the MEP</p> |

## two-way-delay-test

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>two-way-delay-test</b> <i>mac-address mep mep-id domain md-index association ma-index</i> [ <i>priority priority</i> ]                                             |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam>eth-cfm                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command specifies to initiate an ETH-CFM two-way delay test.</p> <p>The <i>priority</i> is selected according to the mappings in <a href="#">Table 7</a>.</p> |

**Table 7: Y.1731 Priority-to-FC Mapping**

| Priority | FC-ID | FC Name |
|----------|-------|---------|
| 0        | 0     | BE      |
| 1        | 1     | L2      |
| 2        | 2     | AF      |
| 3        | 3     | L1      |
| 4        | 4     | H2      |

**Table 7: Y.1731 Priority-to-FC Mapping (Continued)**

| Priority | FC-ID | FC Name |
|----------|-------|---------|
| 5        | 5     | EF      |
| 6        | 6     | H1      |
| 7        | 7     | NC      |

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Parameters</b> | <p><i>mac-address</i> — specifies a unicast MAC address</p> <p><b>Values</b>     xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx or xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx, where xx is a hexadecimal number</p> <p><i>mep-id</i> — specifies the target MEP ID</p> <p><b>Values</b>     1 to 8191</p> <p><i>md-index</i> — specifies the MD index</p> <p><b>Values</b>     1 to 4294967295</p> <p><i>ma-index</i> — specifies the MA index</p> <p><b>Values</b>     1 to 4294967295</p> <p><i>priority</i> — specifies the priority mapping value that specifies the FC for OAM traffic, according to <a href="#">Table 7</a></p> <p><b>Values</b>     0 to 7</p> <p><b>Default</b>     The CCM and LTM priority of the MEP</p> |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## single-ended-loss-test

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>single-ended-loss-test</b> <i>mac-address</i> <i>mep</i> <i>mep-id</i> <i>domain</i> <i>md-index</i> <i>association</i> <i>ma-index</i> [ <b>priority</b> <i>priority</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> {100ms   1s}] [ <b>send-count</b> <i>send-count</i> ]                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam>eth-cfm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command specifies to initiate a loss measurement test between the specified <i>mac-address</i> router and the specified <i>mep-id</i> MEP.</p> <p>Single-ended and dual-ended loss tests are mutually exclusive tests. Single-ended loss tests can be run when dual-ended loss tests are disabled (under the <b>spoke-sdp&gt;eth-cfm&gt;mep</b> context).</p>                             |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>mac-address</i> — specifies a unicast MAC address</p> <p><b>Values</b>     xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx or xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx, where xx is a hexadecimal number</p> <p><i>mep-id</i> — specifies the target MEP ID</p> <p><b>Values</b>     1 to 8191</p> <p><i>md-index</i> — specifies the index of the MD to which the MEP is associated, or 0, if none</p> <p><b>Values</b>     1 to 4294967295</p> |

*ma-index* — specifies the index to which the MEP is associated, or 0, if none

**Values** 1 to 4294967295

*send-count* — specifies the number of LMM messages to send, expressed as a decimal integer

**Values** 2 to 5

**Default** 2

**interval** {**100ms** | **1s**} — specifies the interval between groups of consecutive LMM packets (for example, if *send-count* is 5 and *interval* is 1s, then 5 LMM packets are sent at 1-s intervals)

**Values** 100ms | 1s

**Default** 1s

*priority* — specifies the priority mapping value that specifies the FC for OAM traffic, according to [Table 7: Y.1731 Priority-to-FC Mapping](#)

**Values** 0 to 7

**Default** the CCM and LTM priority of the MEP

## eth-cfm

|                    |                                                                                                       |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>eth-cfm</b>                                                                                        |
| <b>Context</b>     | config                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to configure 802.1ag Connectivity Fault Management (CFM) parameters. |

## domain

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> [ <b>format</b> { <b>dns</b>   <b>mac</b>   <b>none</b>   <b>string</b> }] [ <b>name</b> <i>md-name</i> ] <b>level</b> <i>level</i><br><b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i><br><b>no domain</b> <i>md-index</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>eth-cfm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures CFM domain parameters.<br><br>The <b>dns</b> , <b>mac</b> , and <b>string</b> keywords apply to dot1ag. The <b>none</b> keyword applies to Y.1731. Using the <b>none</b> keyword means that the <a href="#">association</a> command must use the <b>icc-based</b> format. A MEP associated with domain format <b>none</b> and association format <b>icc-based</b> is a Y.1731 MEP; otherwise, the MEP is a dot1ag MEP.<br><br>The <b>no</b> form of the command removes the MD index parameters from the configuration. |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>md-index</i> — specifies the Maintenance Domain (MD) index value<br><b>Values</b> 1 to 4294967295                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

**format** {**dns** | **mac** | **none** | **string**} — specifies a value that represents the type (format) of the *md-name*

**Values**

- dns:** specifies the DNS name format
- mac:** X:X:X:X:X-u  
X: [0 to FF] hex  
u: [0 to 65535] decimal
- none:** no name specified (the domain represents a Y.1731 MEG, not a dot1ag domain)
- string:** specifies an ASCII string

**Default** string

*md-name* — specifies a generic Maintenance Domain (MD) name

**Values** 1 to 43 characters

*level* — specifies the integer identifying the maintenance domain level (MD level). Higher numbers correspond to higher-level maintenance domains (those with the greatest physical reach) with the highest values for customers' CFM packets. Lower numbers correspond to lower-level maintenance domains (those with more limited physical reach) with the lowest values for single bridges or physical links.

**Values** 0 to 7

## association

**Syntax** **association** *ma-index* [**format** {**icc-based** | **integer** | **string** | **vid** | **vpn-id**}] **name** *ma-name*  
**association** *ma-index*  
**no association** *ma-index*

**Context** config>eth-cfm>domain

**Description** This command configures the Maintenance Association (MA) for the domain.

The **integer**, **string**, **vid**, and **vpn-id** keywords apply to dot1ag MAs. The **icc-based** keyword applies to Y.1731 MEGs, and is only available when the domain format is **none**. A MEP associated with domain format **none** and association format **icc-based** is a Y.1731 MEP; otherwise the MEP is a dot1ag MEP.

**Parameters** *ma-index* — specifies the MA index value

**Values** 1 to 4294967295

**format** {**icc-based** | **integer** | **string** | **vid** | **vpn-id**} — specifies a value that represents the type (format) of the *ma-name*

**Values**

- icc-based:** raw ASCII, exactly 13 characters (the association is a Y.1731 MEG, not a dot1ag MA)

- integer:** 0 to 65535 (integer value 0 means the MA is not attached to a VID)

|                |                                                                                                                                 |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>string:</b> | raw ASCII                                                                                                                       |
| <b>vid:</b>    | 0 to 4094                                                                                                                       |
| <b>vpn-id:</b> | RFC 2685, Virtual Private Networks Identifier<br>XXX:XXXX where X is a value between 00 and FF<br>(for example 00164D:AABBCCDD) |
| <b>Default</b> | integer                                                                                                                         |
| <i>ma-name</i> | — specifies the part of the maintenance association identifier that is unique within the maintenance domain name                |
| <b>Values</b>  | 1 to 45 characters                                                                                                              |

## bridge-identifier

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>[no] bridge-identifier</b> <i>bridge-id</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>eth-cfm>domain>association                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures the service ID for the domain association. The <i>bridge-id</i> should be configured to match the <i>service-id</i> of the service where MEPs for this association will be created. For example, for Epipe service-id 2, set the bridge-id to 2. Note that there is no verification that the service with a matching <i>service-id</i> exists. |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>bridge-id</i> — specifies the bridge ID for the domain association                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Values</b>      | 1 to 2147483647                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## vlan

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>vlan</b> <i>vlan-id</i><br><b>no vlan</b>                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>eth-cfm>domain>association>bridge-identifier                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures the bridge-identifier primary VLAN ID. Note that it is informational only, and no verification is done to ensure that MEPs on this association are on the configured VLAN. |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>vlan-id</i> — specifies a VLAN ID monitored by MA                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Values</b>      | 0 to 4094                                                                                                                                                                                          |

### ccm-interval

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ccm-interval</b> {10ms   100ms   1   10   60   600}<br><b>no ccm-interval</b>                                                                                                           |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>eth-cfm>domain>association                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures the CCM transmission interval for all MEPs in the association, in milliseconds and seconds.<br><br>The <b>no</b> form of the command reverts to the default value. |
| <b>Default</b>     | 10 s                                                                                                                                                                                       |

### remote-mepid

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | [no] <b>remote-mepid</b> <i>mep-id</i>                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>eth-cfm>domain>association                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures the remote maintenance association endpoint MEP identifier.                                                                                  |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>mep-id</i> — maintenance association endpoint identifier of a remote MEP whose information from the MEP database is to be returned<br><br><b>Values</b> 1 to 8191 |

### eth-cfm

|                    |                                                                   |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>eth-cfm</b>                                                    |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>service>epipe>sap<br>config>service>epipe>spoke-sdp        |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to configure ETH-CFM parameters. |

### mep

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> [ <b>direction</b> {up   down}]<br><b>no mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i>                        |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm<br>config>service>epipe>spoke-sdp>eth-cfm                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command provisions an 802.1ag or a Y.1731 maintenance association endpoint (MEP).<br><br>In Release 3.0, the 7705 SAR supports Up and Down MEPs on Ethernet SAPs (802.1ag and Y.1731), and Down MEPs on Ethernet spoke SDPs (802.1ag only). |

The **no** form of the command reverts to the default values.

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Parameters</b> | <i>mep-id</i> — specifies the maintenance association endpoint identifier                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                   | <b>Values</b> 1 to 81921                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                   | <i>md-index</i> — specifies the maintenance domain (MD) index value                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                   | <b>Values</b> 1 to 4294967295                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                   | <i>ma-index</i> — specifies the MA index value                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                   | <b>Values</b> 1 to 4294967295                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                   | <b>up   down</b> — specifies the direction in which the maintenance association (MEP) faces on the bridge port ( <b>up</b> sends Continuity Check messages (CCMs) towards the fabric, <b>down</b> sends CCMs towards the egress port or line) |

## ais-enable

|                    |                                                                                                            |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>[no] ais-enable</b>                                                                                     |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the generation and the reception of AIS messages and applies to Y.1731 SAP MEPs only. |
| <b>Default</b>     | disabled                                                                                                   |

## client-meg-level

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>client-meg-level</b> [/level [/level ...]]<br><b>no client-meg-level</b>                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep>ais-enable                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures the client Maintenance Entity Group (MEG) level(s) to use for AIS message generation. Up to seven levels can be provisioned, with the restriction that the client (remote) MEG level must be higher than the local MEG level. |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>level</i> — specifies the client MEG level                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                    | <b>Values</b> 1 to 7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                    | <b>Default</b> 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |

### interval

|                    |                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>interval</b> {1   60}<br><b>no interval</b>                                    |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep>ais-enable                                   |
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies the transmission interval of AIS messages in seconds.      |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | 1   60 — the transmission interval of AIS messages in seconds<br><b>Default</b> 1 |

### priority

|                    |                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>priority</b> <i>priority-value</i><br><b>no priority</b>                                                                                 |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep>ais-enable                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies the priority of AIS messages originated by the MEP, which is used for priority-mapping OAM frames.                   |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>priority-value</i> — specifies the priority value of the AIS messages originated by the node<br><b>Values</b> 0 to 7<br><b>Default</b> 7 |

### ccm-enable

|                    |                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | [no] <b>ccm-enable</b>                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep<br>config>service>epipe>spoke-sdp>eth-cfm>mep                                                     |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the generation of CCM messages.<br><br>The <b>no</b> form of the command disables the generation of CCM messages. |

### ccm-ltm-priority

|                |                                                                                    |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>  | <b>ccm-ltm-priority</b> <i>priority</i><br><b>no ccm-ltm-priority</b>              |
| <b>Context</b> | config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep<br>config>service>epipe>spoke-sdp>eth-cfm>mep |

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies the priority value for Continuity Check messages (CCMs) and linktrace messages (LTMs) transmitted by the MEP.<br><br>The default priority is 7, which means that CCM frames map to the NC forwarding class by default.<br><br>The <b>no</b> form of the command removes the priority value from the configuration. |
| <b>Default</b>     | 7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>priority</i> — specifies the priority of CCM and LTM messages<br><br><b>Values</b> 0 to 7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## dual-ended-loss-test-enable

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>[no] dual-ended-loss-test-enable</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep<br>config>service>epipe>spoke-sdp>eth-cfm>mep                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables dual-ended loss measurement testing on a MEP. When enabled, the test runs in the background.<br><br>CCM must be enabled before the dual-ended loss measurement test can be enabled.<br><br>The dual-ended and single-ended loss measurement tests are mutually exclusive tests. When the dual-ended loss measurement test is enabled, the single-ended test is not available.<br><br>The <b>no</b> form of the command disables the dual-ended loss measurement test. |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>enabled</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

## alarm-threshold

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>alarm-threshold <i>percentage</i></b><br><b>no alarm-threshold</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep>dual-ended-loss-test-enable<br>config>service>epipe>spoke-sdp>eth-cfm>mep>dual-ended-loss-test-enable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies the alarm threshold ratio for frame loss measurement, where <i>percentage</i> is defined as (the total number of Tx frames) divided by (the total number of frames dropped) expressed as a percentage. When the alarm threshold is reached, an alarm is raised.<br><br>The <b>no</b> form of the command removes the priority value from the configuration. Setting the percentage to 0.00 is equivalent to using the <b>no</b> form of the command. |

**Parameters** *percentage* — 0.00 to 100.00, adjustable in 0.01% increments

**Default** 0.25

**Values**

### eth-test-enable

**Syntax** [no] eth-test-enable

**Context** config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep

**Description** This command enables an Ethernet (signal) test (ETH-Test) on a MEP. When enabled, the test runs in the background. This command applies to Y.1731 SAP MEPs only.

For this test, operators must configure ETH-Test parameters on both sender and receiver nodes. The ETH-Test can then be run using the following OAM command:

```
oam eth-cfm eth-test mac-address mep mep-id domain md-index
association ma-index [priority priority] [data-length data-
length]
```

A check is done on the provisioning and the test commands to ensure that the MEP is a Y.1731 MEP. If the MEP is not a Y.1731 MEP, the operation fails and an error message in the CLI and SNMP will indicate the problem. A Y.1731 MEP has domain format **none** and association format **icc-based**.

The **no** form of the command disables the ETH-Test on a MEP.

**Default** enabled

### test-pattern

**Syntax** [no] test-pattern {all-zeros | all-ones} [crc-enable]

**Context** config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep>eth-test-enable  
config>service>epipe>spoke-sdp>eth-cfm>mep>eth-test-enable

**Description** This command configures the test pattern for ETH-Test frames.

The **no** form of the command removes the values from the configuration.

**Parameters** **all-zeros** | **all-ones** — specifies to use all zeros or all ones in the test pattern

**Default** all-zeros

**crc-enable** — specifies to generate a CRC checksum

## low-priority-defect

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>low-priority-defect</b> { <b>allDef</b>   <b>macRemErrXcon</b>   <b>remErrXcon</b>   <b>errXcon</b>   <b>xcon</b>   <b>noXcon</b> }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>service>epipe>sap>eth-cfm>mep<br>config>service>epipe>spoke-sdp>eth-cfm>mep                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies the lowest priority defect that is allowed to generate a fault alarm.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>remErrXcon</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><b>allDef</b> — DefRDICCM, DefMACstatus, DefRemoteCCM, DefErrorCCM, and DefXconCCM</p> <p><b>macRemErrXcon</b> — DefMACstatus, DefRemoteCCM, DefErrorCCM, and DefXconCCM</p> <p><b>remErrXcon</b> — only DefRemoteCCM, DefErrorCCM, and DefXconCCM</p> <p><b>errXcon</b> — only DefErrorCCM and DefXconCCM</p> <p><b>xcon</b> — only DefXconCCM</p> <p><b>noXcon</b> — no defects DefXcon or lower are to be reported</p> |

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## Service Assurance Agent (SAA) Commands

### saa

|                    |                                                              |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>saa</b>                                                   |
| <b>Context</b>     | config                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command creates the context to configure the SAA tests. |

### test

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>[no] test <i>test-name</i> [owner <i>test-owner</i>]</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b> | This command identifies a test and creates or modifies the context to provide the test parameters for the named test. Subsequent to the creation of the test instance, the test can be started in the OAM context.<br><br>A test must be shut down before it can be modified or removed from the configuration.<br><br>The <b>no</b> form of this command removes the test from the configuration. |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>test-name</i> — identifies the SAA test name to be created or edited<br><i>test-owner</i> — specifies the owner of an SAA operation, up to 32 characters in length                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Values</b>      | if a <i>test-owner</i> value is not specified, tests created by the CLI have a default owner “TIMOS CLI”                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |

### description

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>description <i>description-string</i></b><br><b>no description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa>test                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command creates a text description stored in the configuration file for a configuration context.<br><br>The <b>no</b> form of this command removes the string from the configuration.                                                                                                    |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>no description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>description-string</i> — the description character string. Allowed values are any string up to 80 characters long composed of printable, 7-bit ASCII characters. If the string contains special characters (#, \$, spaces, etc.), the entire string must be enclosed within double quotes. |

## jitter-event

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>jitter-event rising-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> [ <b>falling-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> ] [ <i>direction</i> ]<br><b>no jitter-event</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa>test                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command specifies that at the termination of an SAA test probe, the calculated jitter value is evaluated against the configured rising and falling jitter thresholds. SAA threshold events are generated as required.</p> <p>Once the threshold (rising/falling) is crossed, it is disabled from generating additional events until the opposite threshold is crossed. If a falling threshold is not supplied, the rising threshold will be re-enabled when it falls below the threshold after the initial crossing that generated the event.</p> <p>The configuration of jitter event thresholds is optional.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><b>rising-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> — specifies a rising threshold jitter value. When the test run is completed, the calculated jitter value is compared to the configured jitter rising threshold. If the test run jitter value is greater than the configured rising threshold value, then an SAA threshold event is generated. The SAA threshold event is tmnxOamSaaThreshold, logger application OAM, event #2101.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 2147483 ms</p> <p><b>Default</b> 0</p> <p><b>falling-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> — specifies a falling threshold jitter value. When the test run is completed, the calculated jitter value is compared to the configured jitter falling threshold. If the test run jitter value is greater than the configured falling threshold value, then an SAA threshold event is generated. The SAA threshold event is tmnxOamSaaThreshold, logger application OAM, event #2101.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 2147483 ms</p> <p><b>Default</b> 0</p> <p><i>direction</i> — specifies the direction for OAM ping responses received for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>Values</b> <b>inbound</b> — monitors the jitter value calculated for the inbound, one-way, OAM ping responses received for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>outbound</b> — monitors the jitter value calculated for the outbound, one-way, OAM ping requests sent for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>roundtrip</b> — monitors the jitter value calculated for the round trip, two-way, OAM ping requests and replies for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>Default</b> roundtrip</p> |

## latency-event

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>latency-event rising-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> [ <b>falling-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> ] [ <i>direction</i> ]<br><b>no latency-event</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa>test                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies that at the termination of an SAA test probe, the calculated latency event value is evaluated against the configured rising and falling latency event thresholds. SAA threshold events are generated as required.<br><br>The configuration of latency event thresholds is optional.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><b>rising-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> — specifies a rising threshold latency value. When the test run is completed, the calculated latency value is compared to the configured latency rising threshold. If the test run latency value is greater than the configured rising threshold value, then an SAA threshold event is generated. The SAA threshold event is tmnxOamSaaThreshold, logger application OAM, event #2101.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 2147483647 ms</p> <p><b>Default</b> 0</p> <p><b>falling-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> — specifies a falling threshold latency value. When the test run is completed, the calculated latency value is compared to the configured latency falling threshold. If the test run latency value is greater than the configured falling threshold value, then an SAA threshold event is generated. The SAA threshold event is tmnxOamSaaThreshold, logger application OAM, event #2101.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 2147483647 ms</p> <p><b>Default</b> 0</p> <p><i>direction</i> — specifies the direction for OAM ping responses received for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>Values</b> <b>inbound</b> — monitors the latency value calculated for the inbound, one-way, OAM ping responses received for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>outbound</b> — monitors the latency value calculated for the outbound, one-way, OAM ping requests sent for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>roundtrip</b> — monitors the latency value calculated for the round-trip, two-way, OAM ping requests and replies for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>Default</b> roundtrip</p> |

## loss-event

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>loss-event rising-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> [ <b>falling-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> ] [ <i>direction</i> ]<br><b>no loss-event</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa>test                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b> | This command specifies that at the termination of an SAA test run, the calculated loss event value is evaluated against the configured rising and falling loss event thresholds. SAA threshold events are generated as required.<br><br>The configuration of loss event thresholds is optional.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><b>rising-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> — specifies a rising threshold loss event value. When the test run is completed, the calculated loss event value is compared to the configured loss event rising threshold. If the test run loss event value is greater than the configured rising threshold value, then an SAA threshold event is generated. The SAA threshold event is tmnxOamSaaThreshold, logger application OAM, event #2101.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 2147483647 packets</p> <p><b>Default</b> 0</p> <p><b>falling-threshold</b> <i>threshold</i> — specifies a falling threshold loss event value. When the test run is completed, the calculated loss event value is compared to the configured loss event falling threshold. If the test run loss event value is greater than the configured falling threshold value, then an SAA threshold event is generated. The SAA threshold event is tmnxOamSaaThreshold, logger application OAM, event #2101.</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 2147483647 packets</p> <p><b>Default</b> 0</p> <p><i>direction</i> — specifies the direction for OAM ping responses received for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>Values</b> <b>inbound</b> — monitors the loss value calculated for the inbound, one-way, OAM ping responses received for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>outbound</b> — monitors the loss value calculated for the outbound, one-way, OAM ping requests sent for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>roundtrip</b> — monitors the loss value calculated for the round-trip, two-way, OAM ping requests and replies for an OAM ping test run</p> <p><b>Default</b> roundtrip</p> |

## type

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>[no] type</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa>test                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command creates the context to provide the test type for the named test. Only a single test type can be configured.</p> <p>A test can only be modified while the test is in shutdown mode.</p> <p>Once a test type has been configured, the command can be modified by re-entering the command. The test type must be the same as the previously entered test type.</p> <p>To change the test type, the old command must be removed using the <b>config&gt;saa&gt;test&gt;no type</b> command.</p> |

## icmp-ping

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>icmp-ping</b> [ <i>ip-address</i>   <i>dns-name</i> ] [ <b>rapid</b>   <b>detail</b> ] [ <b>ttl</b> <i>time-to-live</i> ] [ <b>tos</b> <i>type-of-service</i> ] [ <b>size</b> <i>bytes</i> ] [ <b>pattern</b> <i>pattern</i> ] [ <b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> ] [{ <b>next-hop</b> <i>ip-address</i> }   { <b>interface</b> <i>interface-name</i> }   <b>bypass-routing</b> ] [ <b>count</b> <i>requests</i> ] [ <b>do-not-fragment</b> ] [ <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> ] [ <b>timeout</b> <i>timeout</i> ] [ <b>fc</b> <i>fc-name</i> ] [ <b>profile</b> { <b>in</b>   <b>out</b> }]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa>test>type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures an ICMP ping test.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>ip-address</i> — identifies the far-end IP address to which to send the <b>icmp-ping</b> request message in dotted-decimal notation</p> <p><b>Values</b>    ipv4-address:    a.b.c.d</p> <p><i>dns-name</i> — identifies the DNS name of the far-end device to which to send the <b>icmp-ping</b> request message, expressed as a character string</p> <p><b>Values</b>    63 characters maximum</p> <p><b>rapid</b> — specifies that packets will be generated as fast as possible instead of the default 1 per second</p> <p><b>detail</b> — displays detailed information</p> <p><i>time-to-live</i> — specifies the TTL value for the MPLS label, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p><b>Values</b>    1 to 128</p> <p><b>Default</b>    64</p> <p><i>type-of-service</i> — specifies the service type</p> <p><b>Values</b>    0 to 255</p> <p><b>Default</b>    0</p> |

*bytes* — specifies the request packet size in bytes, expressed as a decimal integer

**Values** 0 to 16384

**Default** 56

*pattern* — specifies the pattern that will be used to fill the data portion in a ping packet. If no pattern is specified, position information will be filled instead.

**Values** 0 to 65535

*source ip-address* — specifies the IP address to be used

**Values** ipv4-address: a.b.c.d

*seconds* — defines the minimum amount of time, expressed as a decimal integer, that must expire before the next message request is sent

This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval. If the **interval** is set to 1 s, and the **timeout** value is set to 10 s, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 s and the minimum is 1 s. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.

**Values** 1 to 10000

**Default** 1

*next-hop ip-address* — displays only the static routes with the specified next-hop IP address

**Values** ipv4-address: a.b.c.d (host bits must be 0)

*interface-name* — specifies the name of an IP interface. The name must already exist in the **config>router>interface** context.

**bypass-routing** — specifies whether to send the ping request to a host on a directly attached network bypassing the routing table

*requests* — specifies the number of times to perform an OAM ping probe operation. Each OAM echo message request must either time out or receive a reply before the next message request is sent.

**Values** 1 to 100000

**Default** 5

**do-not-fragment** — sets the DF (Do Not Fragment) bit in the ICMP ping packet

*router-instance* — specifies the router name or service ID

**Values** router-name: Base, management  
service-id: 1 to 2147483647

**Default** Base

*timeout* — specifies the amount of time that the router will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting router assumes that the message response will not be received. A “request timeout” message is displayed by the CLI for each message request sent that expires. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

This value is used to override the default timeout value.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 5

*fc-name* — indicates the forwarding class of the MPLS echo request packets. The actual forwarding class encoding is controlled by the network egress LSP-EXP mappings.

The LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping back to the internal forwarding class used by the far-end 7705 SAR that receives the message request. The egress mappings of the egress network interface on the far-end router control the forwarding class markings on the return reply message. The LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping of the message reply back at the originating SAR.

**Values** be, l2, af, l1, h2, ef, h1, nc

**Default** nc

**profile {in | out}** — specifies the profile state of the MPLS echo request encapsulation

**Default** in

### icmp-trace

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>icmp-trace</b> [ <i>ip-address</i>   <i>dns-name</i> ] [ <b>ttl</b> <i>time-to-live</i> ] [ <b>wait</b> <i>milli-seconds</i> ] [ <b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> ] [ <b>tos</b> <i>type-of-service</i> ] [ <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa>test>type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b> | This command configures an ICMP traceroute test.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>ip-address</i> — the far-end IP address to which to send the <b>icmp-trace</b> request message in dotted-decimal notation</p> <p><b>Values</b> ipv4-address: a.b.c.d</p> <p><i>dns-name</i> — the DNS name of the far-end device to which to send the <b>icmp-trace</b> request message, expressed as a character string</p> <p><b>Values</b> 63 characters maximum</p> <p><i>time-to-live</i> — the TTL value for the MPLS label, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 255</p> <p><i>milli-seconds</i> — the time, in milliseconds, to wait for a response to a probe, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p><b>Default</b> 5000</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 60000</p> <p><b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> — specifies the IP address to be used</p> <p><b>Values</b> ipv4-address: a.b.c.d</p> |

*type-of-service* — specifies the service type

**Values** 0 to 255

*router-instance* — specifies the router name or service ID

**Values** router-name: Base, management

service-id: 1 to 2147483647

**Default** Base

## lsp-ping

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>lsp-ping</b> <i>{{[lsp-name [path path-name]]   {prefix ip-prefix/mask}}</i> <b>[fc fc-name [profile {in   out}]] [size octets] [ttl label-ttl] [send-count send-count] [timeout timeout] [interval interval] [path-destination ip-address [interface if-name   next-hop ip-address]] [detail]</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam<br>config>saa>test>type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command performs in-band LSP connectivity tests using the protocol and data structures defined in RFC 4379, <i>Detecting Multi-Protocol Label Switched (MPLS) Data Plane Failures</i>.</p> <p>The LSP ping operation is modeled after the IP ping utility, which uses ICMP echo request and reply packets to determine IP connectivity.</p> <p>In an LSP ping, the originating device creates an MPLS echo request packet for the LSP and path to be tested. The MPLS echo request packet is sent through the data plane and awaits an MPLS echo reply packet from the device terminating the LSP. The status of the LSP is displayed when the MPLS echo reply packet is received.</p> <p>The <b>detail</b> parameter is available only from the <b>oam</b> context.</p> |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>lsp-name</i> — specifies a unique LSP name, up to 32 characters in length</p> <p><i>path-name</i> — specifies the name for the LSP path, up to 32 characters in length</p> <p><i>ip-prefix/mask</i> — specifies the address prefix and subnet mask of the destination node</p> <p><b>Values</b> ipv4-address: a.b.c.d<br/>mask: value must be 32</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

*fc-name* — indicates the forwarding class of the MPLS echo request packets. The actual forwarding class encoding is controlled by the network egress LSP-EXP mappings.

The LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping back to the internal forwarding class used by the far-end 7705 SAR that receives the message request. The egress mappings of the egress network interface on the far-end 7705 SAR control the forwarding class markings on the return reply message.

The LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping of the message reply back at the originating 7705 SAR.

**Values** be, l2, af, l1, h2, ef, h1, nc

**Default** be

**profile {in | out}** — specifies the profile state of the MPLS echo request encapsulation

**Default** out

*octets* — specifies the MPLS echo request packet size in octets, expressed as a decimal integer. The request payload is padded with zeroes to the specified size.

**Values** 80, and 85 to 1500 — prefix-specified ping  
92, and 97 to 1500 — LSP name-specified ping

**Default** 80 — prefix-specified ping  
92 — LSP name-specified ping  
The system sends the minimum packet size, depending on the type of LSP. No padding is added.

*label-ttl* — specifies the TTL value for the MPLS label, expressed as a decimal integer

**Values** 1 to 255

**Default** 255

*send-count* — the number of messages to send, expressed as a decimal integer. The **send-count** parameter is used to override the default number of message requests sent. Each message request must either time out or receive a reply before the next message request is sent. The message interval value must be expired before the next message request is sent.

**Values** 1 to 100

**Default** 1

*timeout* — specifies the amount of time that the router will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting router assumes that the message response will not be received. A “request timeout” message is displayed by the CLI for each message request sent that expires. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

This value is used to override the default timeout value.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 5

*interval* — specifies the minimum amount of time that must expire before the next message request is sent.

If the **interval** is set to 1 second, and the **timeout** value is set to 10 seconds, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 seconds and the minimum is 1 second. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.

This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 1

**path-destination** *ip-address* — specifies the destination IP address

**Values** ipv4-address: a.b.c.d (host bits must be 0)

*if-name* — specifies the name of an IP interface. The name must already exist in the **config>router>interface** context.

**next-hop** *ip-address* — displays only the static routes with the specified next-hop IP address

**Values** ipv4-address: a.b.c.d (host bits must be 0)

**detail** — displays detailed information

## Isp-trace

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>isp-trace</b> <i>{{[sp-name [path path-name]]   {prefix ip-prefix/mask}}</i> [ <b>fc</b> <i>fc-name</i> [ <b>profile</b> { <b>in</b>   <b>out</b> }]] [ <b>max-fail</b> <i>no-response-count</i> ] [ <b>probe-count</b> <i>probes-per-hop</i> ] [ <b>size</b> <i>octets</i> ] [ <b>min-ttl</b> <i>min-label-ttl</i> ] [ <b>max-ttl</b> <i>max-label-ttl</i> ] [ <b>timeout</b> <i>timeout</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>interval</i> ] [ <b>path-destination</b> <i>ip-address</i> ] [ <b>interface</b> <i>if-name</i>   <b>next-hop</b> <i>ip-address</i> ] [ <b>detail</b> ] |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam<br>config>saa>test>type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays the hop-by-hop path for an LSP traceroute using the protocol and data structures defined in RFC 4379 <i>Detecting Multi-Protocol Label Switched (MPLS) Data Plane Failures</i> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

The LSP traceroute operation is modeled after the IP traceroute utility, which uses ICMP echo request and reply packets with increasing TTL values to determine the hop-by-hop route to a destination IP.

In an LSP traceroute, the originating device creates an MPLS echo request packet for the LSP to be tested with increasing values of the TTL in the outermost label. The MPLS echo request packet is sent through the data plane and awaits a TTL exceeded response or the MPLS echo reply packet from the device terminating the LSP. The devices that reply to the MPLS echo request packets with the TTL exceeded and the MPLS echo reply are displayed.

The **detail** parameter is available only from the **oam** context.

### Parameters

*lsp-name* — specifies a unique LSP name, up to 32 characters in length

*path-name* — specifies the name for the LSP path, up to 32 characters in length

*ip-prefix/mask* — specifies the address prefix and subnet mask of the destination node

**Values**    ipv4-address:    a.b.c.d (host bits must be 0)  
                 mask:                    0 to 32

*fc-name* — indicates the forwarding class of the MPLS echo request packets. The actual forwarding class encoding is controlled by the network egress LSP-EXP mappings.

The LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping back to the internal forwarding class used by the far-end 7705 SAR that receives the message request. The egress mappings of the egress network interface on the far-end 7705 SAR control the forwarding class markings on the return reply message.

The LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping of the message reply back at the originating 7705 SAR.

**Values**    be, l2, af, l1, h2, ef, h1, nc

**Default**    be

**profile {in | out}** — specifies the profile state of the MPLS echo request encapsulation

**Values**    out

*no-response-count* — specifies the maximum number of consecutive MPLS echo requests, expressed as a decimal integer, that do not receive a reply before the trace operation fails for a given TTL

**Values**    1 to 255

**Default**    5

*probes-per-hop* — specifies the number of OAM requests sent for a particular TTL value, expressed as a decimal integer

**Values**    1 to 10

**Default**    1

*octets* — specifies the MPLS echo request packet size in octets, expressed as a decimal integer. The request payload is padded with zeroes to the specified size.

**Values**    104 to 1500

**Default**    104 — the system sends the minimum packet size, depending on the type of LSP. No padding is added.

*min-label-ttl* — specifies the minimum TTL value in the MPLS label for the LSP trace test, expressed as a decimal integer

**Values**    1 to 255

**Default**    1

*max-label-ttl* — specifies the maximum TTL value in the MPLS label for the LSP trace test, expressed as a decimal integer

**Values** 1 to 255

**Default** 30

*timeout* — specifies the amount of time that the router will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting router assumes that the message response will not be received. A “request timeout” message is displayed by the CLI for each message request sent that expires. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

This value is used to override the default timeout value.

**Values** 1 to 60

**Default** 3

*interval* — specifies the minimum amount of time that must expire before the next message request is sent.

If the **interval** is set to 1 second, and the **timeout** value is set to 10 seconds, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 seconds and the minimum is 1 second. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.

This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 1

**path-destination** *ip-address* — specifies the destination IP address

**Values** ipv4-address: a.b.c.d (host bits must be 0)

*if-name* — specifies the name of an IP interface. The name must already exist in the **config>router>interface** context.

**next-hop** *ip-address* — displays only the static routes with the specified next-hop IP address

**Values** ipv4-address: a.b.c.d (host bits must be 0)

**detail** — displays detailed information

## sdp-ping

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>sdp-ping</b> <i>orig-sdp-id</i> [ <b>resp-sdp</b> <i>resp-sdp-id</i> ] [ <b>fc</b> <i>fc-name</i> [ <b>profile</b> { <b>in</b>   <b>out</b> }]] [ <b>size</b> <i>octets</i> ] [ <b>count</b> <i>send-count</i> ] [ <b>timeout</b> <i>timeout</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>interval</i> ] |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam<br>config>saa>test>type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command tests SDPs for unidirectional or round-trip connectivity and performs SDP MTU path tests.                                                                                                                                                                                    |

The **sdp-ping** command accepts an originating SDP-ID and an optional responding SDP-ID. The size, number of requests sent, message time out and message send interval can be specified. All sdp-ping requests and replies are sent with PLP OAM-Label encapsulation, as a service-id is not specified.

For round-trip connectivity testing, the **resp-sdp** keyword must be specified. If resp-sdp is not specified, a unidirectional SDP test is performed.

To terminate an **sdp-ping** in progress, use the CLI break sequence <Ctrl-C>.

An **sdp-ping** response message indicates the result of the **sdp-ping** message request. When multiple response messages apply to a single SDP Echo Request/Reply sequence, the response message with the highest precedence will be displayed. [Table 8](#) displays the response messages sorted by precedence.

**Table 8: SDP Ping Response Messages**

| Result of Request                                                | Displayed Response Message     | Precedence |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|
| Request timeout without reply                                    | Request Timeout                | 1          |
| Request not sent due to non-existent <i>orig-sdp-id</i>          | Orig-SDP Non-Existent          | 2          |
| Request not sent due to administratively down <i>orig-sdp-id</i> | Orig-SDP Admin-Down            | 3          |
| Request not sent due to operationally down <i>orig-sdp-id</i>    | Orig-SDP Oper-Down             | 4          |
| Request terminated by user before reply or timeout               | Request Terminated             | 5          |
| Reply received, invalid <i>origination-id</i>                    | Far End: Originator-ID Invalid | 6          |
| Reply received, invalid <i>responder-id</i>                      | Far End: Responder-ID Error    | 7          |
| Reply received, non-existent <i>resp-sdp-id</i>                  | Far End: Resp-SDP Non-Existent | 8          |
| Reply received, invalid <i>resp-sdp-id</i>                       | Far End: Resp-SDP Invalid      | 9          |
| Reply received, <i>resp-sdp-id</i> down (admin or oper)          | Far-end: Resp-SDP Down         | 10         |
| Reply received, No Error                                         | Success                        | 11         |

#### Parameters

*orig-sdp-id* — the SDP-ID to be used by **sdp-ping**, expressed as a decimal integer. The far-end address of the specified SDP-ID is the expected responder-id within each reply received. The specified SDP-ID defines the SDP tunnel encapsulation used to reach the far end — GRE, IP, or MPLS. If *orig-sdp-id* is invalid or administratively down or unavailable for some reason, the SDP echo request message is not sent and an appropriate error message is displayed (once the interval timer expires, **sdp-ping** will attempt to send the next request if required).

**Values** 1 to 17407

*resp-sdp-id* — specifies the return SDP-ID to be used by the far-end 7705 SAR for the message reply for round-trip SDP connectivity testing. If *resp-sdp-id* does not exist on the far-end 7705 SAR, terminates on another 7705 SAR different from the originating 7705 SAR, or another issue prevents the far-end 7705 SAR from using *resp-sdp-id*, the SDP echo reply will be sent using generic OAM encapsulation. The received forwarding class (as mapped on the ingress network interface for the far end) defines the forwarding class encapsulation for the reply message.

This is an optional parameter.

**Values** 1 to 17407

**Default** null – use the non-SDP return path for message reply

*fc-name* — indicates the forwarding class of the SDP encapsulation. The actual forwarding class encoding is controlled by the network egress DSCP or LSP-EXP mappings.

The DSCP or LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping back to the internal forwarding class used by the far-end 7705 SAR that receives the message request. The egress mappings of the egress network interface on the far-end 7705 SAR control the forwarding class markings on the return reply message.

The DSCP or LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping of the message reply back at the originating 7705 SAR. This is displayed in the response message output upon receipt of the message reply.

**Values** be, l2, af, l1, h2, ef, h1, nc

**Default** be

**profile {in | out}** — specifies the profile state of the SDP encapsulation

**Default** out

*octets* — the size of the packet in octets, expressed as a decimal integer. This parameter is used to override the default message size for the **sdp-ping** request. Changing the message size is a method of checking the ability of an SDP to support a path-mtu. The size of the message does not include the SDP encapsulation, VC-Label (if applied) or any DLC headers or trailers.

When the OAM message request is encapsulated in an SDP, the IP “DF” (Do Not Fragment) bit is set. If any segment of the path between the sender and receiver cannot handle the message size, the message is discarded. MPLS LSPs are not expected to fragment the message either, as the message contained in the LSP is not an IP packet.

**Values** 72 to 1500

**Default** 40

*send-count* — the number of messages to send, expressed as a decimal integer. The count parameter is used to override the default number of message requests sent. Each message request must either time out or receive a reply before the next message request is sent. The message interval value must be expired before the next message request is sent.

**Values** 1 to 100

**Default** 1

*timeout* — specifies the amount of time that the router will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting router assumes that the message response will not be received. A “request timeout” message is displayed by the CLI for each message request sent that expires. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

This value is used to override the default timeout value.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 5

*interval* — specifies the minimum amount of time that must expire before the next message request is sent.

If the **interval** is set to 1 second, and the **timeout** value is set to 10 seconds, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 seconds and the minimum is 1 second. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.

This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 1

### Special Cases

**Single Response Connectivity Tests** — A single response **sdp-ping** test provides detailed test results.

Upon request timeout, message response, request termination, or request error, the local and remote information described in [Table 9](#) will be displayed. Local and remote information is dependent upon SDP-ID existence and reception of reply.

**Table 9: Single Response Connectivity**

| Field              | Description                                         | Values                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Request Result     | The result of the <b>sdp-ping</b> request message   | Sent - Request Timeout<br>Sent - Request Terminated<br>Sent - Reply Received<br>Not Sent - Non-Existent Local SDP-ID<br>Not Sent - Local SDP-ID Down |
| Originating SDP-ID | The originating SDP-ID specified by <b>orig-sdp</b> | orig-sdp-id                                                                                                                                          |

Table 9: Single Response Connectivity (Continued)

| Field                                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Values                                                   |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Originating SDP-ID Administrative State | The local administrative state of the originating SDP-ID. If the SDP-ID has been shut down, Admin-Down is displayed. If the originating SDP-ID is in the no shutdown state, Admin-Up is displayed. If the <i>orig-sdp-id</i> does not exist, Non-Existent is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Admin-Up<br>Admin-Down<br>Non-Existent                   |
| Originating SDP-ID Operating State      | The local operational state of the originating SDP-ID. If <i>orig-sdp-id</i> does not exist, N/A will be displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Oper-Up<br>Oper-Down<br>N/A                              |
| Originating SDP-ID Path MTU             | The local <b>path-mtu</b> for <i>orig-sdp-id</i> . If <i>orig-sdp-id</i> does not exist locally, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | orig-path-mtu<br>N/A                                     |
| Responding SDP-ID                       | The SDP-ID requested as the far-end path to respond to the <b>sdp-ping</b> request. If <b>resp-sdp</b> is not specified, the responding 7705 SAR will not use an SDP-ID as the return path and N/A will be displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | resp-sdp-id<br>N/A                                       |
| Responding SDP-ID Path Used             | Displays whether the responding 7705 SAR used the responding SDP-ID to respond to the <b>sdp-ping</b> request. If <i>resp-sdp-id</i> is a valid, operational SDP-ID, it must be used for the SDP Echo Reply message. If the far end uses the responding SDP-ID as the return path, Yes will be displayed. If the far end does not use the responding SDP-ID as the return path, No will be displayed. If <b>resp-sdp</b> is not specified, N/A will be displayed.                              | Yes<br>No<br>N/A                                         |
| Responding SDP-ID Administrative State  | The administrative state of the responding SDP-ID. When <i>resp-sdp-id</i> is administratively down, Admin-Down will be displayed. When <i>resp-sdp-id</i> is administratively up, Admin-Up will be displayed. When <i>resp-sdp-id</i> exists on the far-end 7705 SAR but is not valid for the originating 7705 SAR, Invalid is displayed. When <i>resp-sdp-id</i> does not exist on the far-end 7705 SAR, Non-Existent is displayed. When <b>resp-sdp</b> is not specified, N/A is displayed. | Admin-Down<br>Admin-Up<br>Invalid<br>Non-Existent<br>N/A |
| Responding SDP-ID Operational State     | The operational state of the far-end SDP-ID associated with the return path for <i>service-id</i> . When a return path is operationally down, Oper-Down is displayed. If the return SDP-ID is operationally up, Oper-Up is displayed. If the responding SDP-ID is non-existent, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                              | Oper-Up<br>Oper-Down<br>N/A                              |
| Responding SDP-ID Path MTU              | The remote <b>path-mtu</b> for <i>resp-sdp-id</i> . If <i>resp-sdp-id</i> does not exist remotely, N/A is displayed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | resp-path-mtu<br>N/A                                     |

**Table 9: Single Response Connectivity (Continued)**

| Field                               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Values                                       |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Local Service IP Address            | The local system IP address used to terminate remotely configured SDP-IDs (as the SDP-ID far-end address). If an IP address has not been configured to be the system IP address, N/A is displayed.           | system-ip-addr<br>N/A                        |
| Local Service IP Interface Name     | The name of the local system IP interface. If the local system IP interface has not been created, N/A is displayed.                                                                                          | system-interface-name<br>N/A                 |
| Local Service IP Interface State    | The state of the local system IP interface. If the local system IP interface has not been created, Non-Existent is displayed.                                                                                | Up<br>Down<br>Non-Existent                   |
| Expected Far End Address            | The expected IP address for the remote system IP interface. This must be the far-end address configured for the <i>orig-sdp-id</i> .                                                                         | orig-sdp-far-end-addr<br>dest-ip-addr<br>N/A |
| Actual Far End Address              | The returned remote IP address. If a response is not received, the displayed value is N/A. If the far-end service IP interface is down or non-existent, a message reply is not expected.                     | resp-ip-addr<br>N/A                          |
| Responders Expected Far End Address | The expected source of the originator's SDP-ID from the perspective of the remote 7705 SAR terminating the SDP-ID. If the far end cannot detect the expected source of the ingress SDP-ID, N/A is displayed. | resp-rec-tunnel-far-end-addr<br>N/A          |
| Round Trip Time                     | The round-trip time between SDP Echo Request and the SDP Echo Reply. If the request is not sent, times out or is terminated, N/A is displayed.                                                               | delta-request-reply<br>N/A                   |

**Single Response Round-trip Connectivity Test Sample Output**

```
A:router1> oam sdp-ping 10 resp-sdp 22 fc ef
Err SDP-ID Info Local Remote
-----
SDP-ID: 10 22
Administrative State: Up Up
Operative State: Up Up
Path MTU: 4470 4470
Response SDP Used: Yes

==> IP Interface State: Up
Actual IP Address: 10.10.10.11 10.10.10.10
Expected Peer IP: 10.10.10.10 10.10.10.11

Forwarding Class ef ef
Profile Out Out
```

Request Result: Sent - Reply Received  
RTT: 30ms

**Multiple Response Connectivity Tests** — When the connectivity test count is greater than one (1), a single line is displayed per SDP echo request send attempt.

The request number is a sequential number starting with 1 and ending with the last request sent, incrementing by 1 for each request. This should not be confused with the message-id contained in each request and reply message.

A response message indicates the result of the message request. Following the response message is the round-trip time value. If any reply is received, the round-trip time is displayed.

After the last reply has been received or response timed out, a total is displayed for all messages sent and all replies received. A maximum, minimum and average round-trip time is also displayed. Error response and timed-out requests do not apply toward the average round-trip time.

### Multiple Response Round-trip Connectivity Test Sample Output

```
A:router1> oam sdp-ping 6 resp-sdp 101 size 1514 count 5
Request      Response      RTT
-----
      1      Success      10ms
      2      Success      15ms
      3      Success      10ms
      4      Success      20ms
      5      Success      5ms
Sent:        5      Received:    5
Min: 5ms     Max: 20ms    Avg: 12ms
```

## vccv-ping

- Syntax** `vccv-ping sdp-id:vc-id [src-ip-address ip-addr dst-ip-address ip-addr pw-id pw-id] [reply-mode {ip-routed | control-channel}] [fc fc-name [profile {in | out}]] [size octets] [count send-count] [timeout timeout] [interval interval] [ttl vc-label-ttl]`
- Context** oam  
config>saa>test>type
- Description** This command configures a virtual circuit connectivity verification (VCCV) ping test. A VCCV ping test checks connectivity of a VLL in-band. It checks to verify that the destination (target) PE is the egress for the Layer 2 FEC. It provides for a cross-check between the data plane and the control plane. The test is in-band, which means that the VCCV ping message is sent using the same encapsulation and along the same path as user packets in that VLL. The VCCV ping test is the equivalent of the LSP ping test for a VLL service. VCCV ping reuses an LSP ping message format and can be used to test a VLL configured over an MPLS, GRE, or IP SDP.

VCCV ping can be initiated on the terminating provider edge (T-PE) router or the switching provider edge (S-PE) router. The 7705 SAR functions only as a T-PE, while the 7710 SR or the 7750 SR can function as an S-PE. If initiated on the S-PE, the **reply-mode** parameter must be used with the **ip-routed** value. The ping from the T-PE can have values or the values can be omitted.

If a VCCV ping is initiated from a T-PE to a neighboring S-PE (one segment only), only the *sdp-id:vc-id* parameter must be used. However, if the ping is across two or more segments, the *sdp-id:vc-id*, **src-ip-address** *ip-addr*, **dst-ip-address** *ip-addr*, **ttl** *vc-label-ttl* and **pw-id** *pw-id* parameters must be used, where:

- the **src-ip-address** is the system IP address of the router preceding the destination router
- the *pw-id* is the VC ID of the last pseudowire segment
- the *vc-label-ttl* must have a value equal to or greater than the number of pseudowire segments

**Parameters** *sdp-id:vc-id* — identifies the virtual circuit of the pseudowire being tested. The VC ID must exist on the local router and the far-end peer must indicate that it supports VCCV to allow the user to send a **vccv-ping** message.

This is a mandatory parameter.

**Values**      sdp-id:            1 to 17407  
                   vc-id:                1 to 2147483647

**src-ip-address** *ip-addr* — specifies the source IP address

**Values**      ipv4-address:    a.b.c.d

**dst-ip-address** *ip-addr* — specifies the destination IP address

**Values**      ipv4-address:    a.b.c.d

*pw-id* — specifies the pseudowire ID to be used for performing a **vccv-ping** operation. The pseudowire ID is a non-zero, 32-bit connection ID required by the FEC 128, as defined in RFC 4379, *Detecting Multi-Protocol Label Switched (MPLS) Data Plane Failures*.

**Values**      0 to 4294967295

**reply-mode** {**ip-routed** | **control-channel**} — specifies the method for sending the reply message to the far-end 7705 SAR

This is a mandatory parameter.

**Values**      **ip-routed** — indicates a reply mode out-of-band using UDP IPv4  
                   **control-channel** — indicates a reply mode in-band using VCCV control channel

**Default**      control-channel

*fc-name* — indicates the forwarding class of the MPLS echo request packets. The actual forwarding class encoding is controlled by the network egress LSP-EXP mappings.

The LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping back to the internal forwarding class used by the far-end 7705 SAR that receives the message request. The egress mappings of the egress network interface on the far-end router control the forwarding class markings on the return reply message. The LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping of the message reply back at the originating SAR.

**Values** be, l2, af, l1, h2, ef, h1, nc

**Default** be

**profile {in | out}** — specifies the profile state of the MPLS echo request encapsulation

**Default** out

*octets* — specifies the VCCV ping echo request packet size in octets, expressed as a decimal integer. The request payload is padded with zeroes to the specified size.

**Values** 88 to 9198

**Default** 88

*send-count* — the number of messages to send, expressed as a decimal integer. The count parameter is used to override the default number of message requests sent. Each message request must either time out or receive a reply before the next message request is sent. The message interval value must be expired before the next message request is sent.

**Values** 1 to 100

**Default** 1

*timeout* — specifies the amount of time that the router will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting router assumes that the message response will not be received. A “request timeout” message is displayed by the CLI for each message request sent that expires. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

This value is used to override the default timeout value.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 5

*interval* — specifies the minimum amount of time that must expire before the next message request is sent.

If the **interval** is set to 1 second, and the **timeout** value is set to 10 seconds, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 seconds and the minimum is 1 second. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.

This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval.

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 1

*vc-label-ttl* — specifies the time-to-live value for the vc-label of the echo request message. The outer label TTL is still set to the default of 255 regardless of this value.

**Values** 1 to 255

### Sample Output

#### Ping from T-PE to T-PE:

```
*A:ALU-dut-b_a# oam vccv-ping 1:1 src-ip-address 5.5.5.5 dst-ip-address 3.3.3.3 pw-id
1 ttl 3
VCCV-PING 1:1 88 bytes MPLS payload
Seq=1, reply from 3.3.3.3 via Control Channel
    udp-data-len=32 rtt=10ms rc=3 (EgressRtr)
```

```
---- VCCV PING 1:1 Statistics ----
1 packets sent, 1 packets received, 0.00% packet loss
round-trip min = 10.0ms, avg = 10.0ms, max = 10.0ms, stddev < 10ms
```

#### Ping from T-PE to S-PE:

```
*A:ALU-dut-b_a# oam vccv-ping 1:1
VCCV-PING 1:1 88 bytes MPLS payload
Seq=1, reply from 4.4.4.4 via Control Channel
    udp-data-len=32 rtt<10ms rc=8 (DSRtrMatchLabel)
```

```
---- VCCV PING 1:1 Statistics ----
1 packets sent, 1 packets received, 0.00% packet loss
round-trip min < 10ms, avg < 10ms, max < 10ms, stddev < 10ms
```

```
*A:ALU-dut-b_a# oam vccv-ping 1:1 src-ip-address 4.4.4.4 dst-ip-address 5.5.5.5 ttl 2
pw-id 200
VCCV-PING 1:1 88 bytes MPLS payload
Seq=1, reply from 5.5.5.5 via Control Channel
    udp-data-len=32 rtt<10ms rc=8 (DSRtrMatchLabel)
```

```
---- VCCV PING 1:1 Statistics ----
1 packets sent, 1 packets received, 0.00% packet loss
round-trip min < 10ms, avg < 10ms, max < 10ms, stddev < 10ms
```

#### Ping from S-PE – 7710 SR or 7750 SR (on single or multi-segment):

```
*A:ALU-dut-b_a# oam vccv-ping 4:200 reply-mode ip-routed
VCCV-PING 4:200 88 bytes MPLS payload
Seq=1, reply from 5.5.5.5 via IP
    udp-data-len=32 rtt<10ms rc=8 (DSRtrMatchLabel)
```

```
---- VCCV PING 4:200 Statistics ----
1 packets sent, 1 packets received, 0.00% packet loss
round-trip min < 10ms, avg < 10ms, max < 10ms, stddev < 10ms
```

```
*A:ALU-dut-b_a# oam vccv-ping 4:200 reply-mode ip-routed src-ip-address 5.5.5.5 dst-
ip-address 3.3.3.3 ttl 2 pw-id 1
VCCV-PING 4:200 88 bytes MPLS payload
Seq=1, reply from 3.3.3.3 via IP
    udp-data-len=32 rtt<10ms rc=3 (EgressRtr)

---- VCCV PING 4:200 Statistics ----
1 packets sent, 1 packets received, 0.00% packet loss
round-trip min < 10ms, avg < 10ms, max < 10ms, stddev < 10ms
```

## vccv-trace

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>vccv-trace</b> <i>sdp-id:vc-id</i> [ <b>size</b> <i>octets</i> ] [ <b>min-ttl</b> <i>min-vc-label-ttl</i> ] [ <b>max-ttl</b> <i>max-vc-label-ttl</i> ] [ <b>max-fail</b> <i>no-response-count</i> ] [ <b>probe-count</b> <i>probe-count</i> ] [ <b>reply-mode</b> { <b>ip-routed</b>   <b>control-channel</b> }] [ <b>timeout</b> <i>timeout-value</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>interval-value</i> ] [ <b>fc</b> <i>fc-name</i> ] [ <b>profile</b> { <b>in</b>   <b>out</b> }] [ <b>detail</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam<br>config>saa>test>type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command configures a Virtual Circuit Connectivity Verification (VCCV) automated trace test. The automated VCCV trace can trace the entire path of a PW with a single command issued at the terminating PE (T-PE) 7705 SAR. VCCV trace is equivalent to LSP trace and is an iterative process by which the source T-PE or S-PE node sends successive VCCV ping messages with incrementing TTL values, starting from TTL=1.</p> <p>In each iteration, the T-PE builds the MPLS echo request message in a way similar to VCCV ping. The first message (with TTL=1) includes the next-hop S-PE targeted LDP session source address in the Remote PE Address field of the PW FEC TLV. Each S-PE that terminates and processes the message will include the FEC 128 TLV corresponding to the PW segment to its downstream node in the MPLS echo reply message. The source T-PE node can then build the next echo reply message with TTL=2 to test the next-next hop for the MS-PW. It will copy the FEC TLV it received in the echo reply message into the new echo request message. The process is terminated when the reply is from the egress T-PE or when a timeout occurs.</p> <p>The user can specify to display the result of the VCCV trace for a fewer number of PW segments of the end-to-end MS-PW path. In this case, the <b>min-ttl</b> and <b>max-ttl</b> parameters should be configured accordingly. However, the T-PE or S-PE node will still probe all hops up to <b>min-ttl</b> in order to correctly build the FEC of the desired subset of segments.</p> |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>sdp-id:vc-id</i> — specifies the VC ID of the pseudowire being tested. The VC ID must exist on the local 7705 SAR and the far-end peer must indicate that it supports VCCV to allow the user to send a VCCV ping message.</p> <p><b>Values</b>      <i>sdp-id</i> : 1 to 17407<br/>                  <i>vc-id</i>: 1 to 4294967295</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

*octets* — specifies the VCCV ping echo request packet size, in octets, expressed as a decimal integer. The request payload is padded with zeroes to the specified size.

**Values** 88 to 9198

**Default** 88

*min-vc-label-ttl* — specifies the TTL value for the VC label of the echo request message for the first hop of the MS-PW for which the results are to be displayed. This is expressed as a decimal integer. Note that the outer label TTL is still set to the default of 255 regardless of the value of the VC label.

**Values** 1 to 255

**Default** 1

*max-vc-label-tt* — specifies the TTL value for the VC label of the echo request message for the last hop of the MS-PW for which the results are to be displayed. This is expressed as a decimal integer. Note that the outer label TTL is still set to the default of 255 regardless of the value of the VC label.

**Values** 1 to 255

**Default** 8

*no-response-count* — specifies the maximum number of consecutive VCCV trace echo requests, expressed as a decimal integer, that do not receive a reply before the trace operation fails for a given TTL value.

**Values** 1 to 255

**Default** 5

*probe-count* — specifies the number of VCCV trace echo request messages to send per TTL value

**Values** 1 to 10

**Default** 1

**reply-mode** {**ip-routed** | **control-channel**} — specifies the method for sending the reply message to the far-end 7705 SAR

This is a mandatory parameter.

**Values** **ip-routed** — indicates a reply mode out-of-band using UDP IPv4

**control-channel** — indicates a reply mode in-band using the VCCV control channel

**Default** control-channel

*timeout-value* — specifies the **timeout** parameter, in seconds, expressed as a decimal integer. This value is used to override the default timeout value and is the amount of time that the 7705 SAR will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting 7705 SAR assumes that the message response will not be received. A request timeout message is displayed by the CLI for each message request sent that expires. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

**Values** 1 to 60

**Default** 3

*interval-value* — specifies the **interval** parameter, in seconds, expressed as a decimal integer. This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval and defines the minimum amount of time that must expire before the next message request is sent.

If the interval is set to 1 s and the timeout value is set to 10 s, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 s and the minimum is 1 s. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.

**Values** 1 to 255

**Default** 1

*fc-name* — specifies the forwarding class of the VCCV trace echo request encapsulation. The **fc** and **profile** parameters are used to indicate the forwarding class of the VCCV trace echo request packets. The actual forwarding class encoding is controlled by the network egress LSP-EXP mappings.

The LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping back to the internal forwarding class used by the far-end router that receives the message request. The egress mappings of the egress network interface on the far-end router control the forwarding class markings on the return reply message. The LSP-EXP mappings on the receive network interface control the mapping of the message reply back at the originating router.

**Values** be, l2, af, l1, h2, ef, h1, nc

**Default** be

**profile {in | out}** — specifies the profile state of the VCCV trace echo request encapsulation

**Default** out

**detail** — displays detailed information

### Sample Output

```
*A:138.120.214.60# oam vccv-trace 1:33
VCCV-TRACE 1:33 with 88 bytes of MPLS payload
1 1.1.63.63 rtt<10ms rc=8(DSRtrMatchLabel)
2 1.1.62.62 rtt<10ms rc=8(DSRtrMatchLabel)
3 1.1.61.61 rtt<10ms rc=3(EgressRtr)
```

Trace with detail:

```
*A:ALU2>oam vccv-trace 1:33 detail
VCCV-TRACE 1:33 with 88 bytes of MPLS payload
1 1.1.63.63 rtt<10ms rc=8(DSRtrMatchLabel)
Next segment: VcId=34 VcType=AAL5SDU Source=1.1.63.63 Remote=1.1.62.62
2 1.1.62.62 rtt<10ms rc=8(DSRtrMatchLabel)
Next segment: VcId=35 VcType=AAL5SDU Source=1.1.62.62 Remote=1.1.61.61
3 1.1.61.61 rtt<10ms rc=3(EgressRtr)
-----
*A:ALU2>oam vccv-trace#
```

### vprn-ping

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>vprn-ping</b> <i>service-id</i> <b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> <b>destination</b> <i>ip-address</i> [ <b>fc</b> <i>fc-name</i> [ <b>profile</b> [ <b>in</b>   <b>out</b> ]] [ <b>size</b> <i>size</i> ] [ <b>ttl</b> <i>vc-label-ttl</i> ] [ <b>count</b> <i>send-count</i> ] [ <b>return-control</b> ] [ <b>timeout</b> <i>timeout</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa>test>type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b> | This command performs a VPRN ping.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>service-id</i> — the VPRN service ID to diagnose or manage</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 2147483647</p> <p><b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> — the IP prefix for the source IP address in dotted-decimal notation</p> <p><b>Values</b> ipv4-address: 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255</p> <p><b>destination</b> <i>ip-address</i> — the IP prefix for the destination IP address in dotted-decimal notation</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255</p> <p><i>size</i> — the OAM request packet size in octets, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 9198</p> <p><i>vc-label-ttl</i> — the TTL value in the VC label for the OAM request, expressed as a decimal integer</p> <p><b>Default</b> 255</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 255</p> <p><b>return-control</b> — specifies the response to come on the control plane.</p> <p><i>seconds</i> — the <b>interval</b> parameter in seconds, expressed as a decimal integer. This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval and defines the minimum amount of time that must expire before the next message request is sent.</p> <p>If the <b>interval</b> is set to 1 second where the <b>timeout</b> value is set to 10 seconds, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 seconds and the minimum is 1 second. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.</p> <p><b>Default</b> 1</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 10</p> |

*send-count* — the number of messages to send, expressed as a decimal integer. The **count** parameter is used to override the default number of message requests sent. Each message request must either time out or receive a reply before the next message request is sent. The message **interval** value must be expired before the next message request is sent.

**Default** 1

**Values** 1 to 100

*timeout* — the **timeout** parameter in seconds, expressed as a decimal integer. This value is used to override the default **timeout** value and is the amount of time that the router will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting router assumes that the message response will not be received. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

**Default** 5

**Values** 1 to 100

*fc-name* — the forwarding class of the MPLS echo request encapsulation

**Default** be

**Values** be, l2, af, l1, h2, ef, h1, nc

**profile {in | out}** — the profile state of the MPLS echo request encapsulation

**Default** out

## Output **Sample Output**

```
A:PE_1# oam vprn-ping 25 source 10.4.128.1 destination 10.16.128.0
```

```
Sequence Node-id Reply-Path Size RTT
```

```
-----
```

```
[Send request Seq. 1.]
```

```
1 10.128.0.3:cpm In-Band 100 0ms
```

```
-----
```

```
...
```

```
A:PE_1#
```

```
-----
```

```
A:PE_1#
```

## vprn-trace

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>vprn-trace</b> <i>service-id</i> <b>source</b> <i>ip-address</i> <b>destination</b> <i>ip-address</i> [ <b>fc</b> <i>fc-name</i> [ <b>profile</b> [ <b>in</b>   <b>out</b> ]]] [ <b>size</b> <i>size</i> ] [ <b>min-ttl</b> <i>vc-label-ttl</i> ] [ <b>max-ttl</b> <i>vc-label-ttl</i> ] [ <b>probe-count</b> <i>send-count</i> ] [ <b>return-control</b> ] [ <b>timeout</b> <i>timeout</i> ] [ <b>interval</b> <i>seconds</i> ] |
| <b>Context</b>     | config>saa>test>type                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b> | This command performs a VPRN trace.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>service-id</i> — the VPRN service ID to diagnose or manage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                    | <b>Values</b> 1 to 2147483647                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

**source** *ip-address* — the IP prefix for the source IP address in dotted-decimal notation

**Values** ipv4-address: 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255

**destination** *ip-address* — the IP prefix for the destination IP address in dotted-decimal notation

**Values** 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255

*size* — the OAM request packet size in octets, expressed as a decimal integer

**min-ttl** *vc-label-ttl* — the minimum TTL value in the VC label for the trace test, expressed as a decimal integer

**Default** 1

**Values** 1 to 255

**max-ttl** *vc-label-ttl* — the maximum TTL value in the VC label for the trace test, expressed as a decimal integer

**Default** 4

**Values** 1 to 255

**return-control** — specifies the OAM reply to a data plane OAM request be sent using the control plane instead of the data plane

**Default** OAM reply sent using the data plane.

*send-count* — the number of OAM requests sent for a particular TTL value, expressed as a decimal integer

**Default** 1

**Values** 1 to 10

*seconds* — the **interval** parameter in seconds, expressed as a decimal integer. This parameter is used to override the default request message send interval and defines the minimum amount of time that must expire before the next message request is sent.

If the **interval** is set to 1 second where the **timeout** value is set to 10 seconds, then the maximum time between message requests is 10 seconds and the minimum is 1 second. This depends upon the receipt of a message reply corresponding to the outstanding message request.

**Default** 1

**Values** 1 to 10

*timeout* — the **timeout** parameter in seconds, expressed as a decimal integer. This value is used to override the default **timeout** value and is the amount of time that the router will wait for a message reply after sending the message request. Upon the expiration of message timeout, the requesting router assumes that the message response will not be received. Any response received after the request times out will be silently discarded.

**Default** 3

**Values** 1 to 10

*fc-name* — the forwarding class of the MPLS echo request encapsulation

**Default** be

**Values** be, l2, af, l1, h2, ef, h1, nc

**profile {in | out}** — the profile state of the MPLS echo request encapsulation

**Default** out

## Output **Sample Output**

```
A:PE_1# oam vprn-trace 25 source 10.4.128.1 destination 10.16.128.0
TTL Seq Reply Node-id Rcvd-on Reply-Path RTT
-----
[Send request TTL: 1, Seq. 1.]
1 1 1 10.128.0.4 cpm In-Band 0ms
Requestor 10.128.0.1 Route: 0.0.0.0/0
Vpn Label: 131071 Metrics 0 Pref 170 Owner bgpVpn
Next Hops: [1] ldp tunnel
Route Targets: [1]: target:65100:1
Responder 10.128.0.4 Route: 10.16.128.0/24
Vpn Label: 131071 Metrics 0 Pref 170 Owner bgpVpn
Next Hops: [1] ldp tunnel
Route Targets: [1]: target:65001:100
[Send request TTL: 2, Seq. 1.]
2 1 1 10.128.0.3 cpm In-Band 0ms
Requestor 10.128.0.1 Route: 0.0.0.0/0
Vpn Label: 131071 Metrics 0 Pref 170 Owner bgpVpn
Next Hops: [1] ldp tunnel
Route Targets: [1]: target:65100:1
Responder 10.128.0.3 Route: 10.16.128.0/24
Vpn Label: 0 Metrics 0 Pref 0 Owner local
Next Hops: [1] ifIdx 2 nextHopIp 10.16.128.0
[Send request TTL: 3, Seq. 1.]
[Send request TTL: 4, Seq. 1.]
...
-----
A:PE_1#
```

## enable-icmp-vse

**Syntax** [no] enable-icmp-vse

**Context** config>system

**Description** This command is a global command that enables and disables one-way timestamping of outbound SAA ICMP ping packets. Enabling one-way timestamping on a 7705 SAR node requires **enable-icmp-vse** to be set on both the near-end and far-end nodes. The current status can be seen on the **show>system>information** CLI display.

The **-vse** part of the command means vendor-specific extension.

The **no** form of this command disables one-way timestamping.

**Default** no enable-icmp-vse

## OAM SAA Commands

### saa

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>saa</b> <i>test-name</i> [ <b>owner</b> <i>test-owner</i> ] { <b>start</b>   <b>stop</b> }                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Context</b>     | oam                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b> | This command starts or stops an SAA test.                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>test-name</i> — specifies the name of the SAA test to be run. The test name must already be configured in the <b>config&gt;saa&gt;test</b> context.<br><i>test-owner</i> — specifies the owner of an SAA operation, up to 32 characters in length |
| <b>Values</b>      | If a <i>test-owner</i> value is not specified, tests created by the CLI have a default owner “TIMOS CLI”                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>start</b>       | — starts the test. A test cannot be started if the same test is still running or if the test is in a shutdown state. An error message and log event will be generated to indicate a failed attempt to start an SAA test run.                         |
| <b>stop</b>        | — stops a test in progress. A log message will be generated to indicate that an SAA test run has been aborted.                                                                                                                                       |

---

## Show Commands

### eth-cfm

|                    |                                                              |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>eth-cfm</b>                                               |
| <b>Context</b>     | show                                                         |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to display CFM information. |

### association

|                    |                                                                  |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>association</b> [ <i>ma-index</i> ] [ <b>detail</b> ]         |
| <b>Context</b>     | show>eth-cfm                                                     |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays dot1ag and Y.1731 association information. |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>ma-index</i> — specifies the MA index                         |

**Values** 1 to 4294967295

**detail** — displays detailed information for the association

**Output** The following output is an example of eth-cfm association information, and [Table 10](#) describes the fields.

#### Sample Output

```
*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm# association
=====
Dot1ag CFM Association Table
=====
Md-index  Ma-index  Name                CCM-interval  Bridge-id
-----
1         1         kanata_MA           10            2
1         2         2                   10            20
=====
*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm#

*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm# association detail
-----
Domain 1 Associations:
-----
Md-index      : 1                Ma-index      : 1
Name Format    : charString      CCM-interval  : 10
Name          : kanata_MA
Bridge-id     : 2                MHF Creation  : defMHFnone
PrimaryVlan   : 2                Num Vids      : 0
```

```

-----
Domain 2 Associations:
-----
Md-index          : 2                Ma-index          : 2
Name Format       : icc-based         CCM-interval     : 100ms
Name             : 1234567890123
Bridge-id        : 2                MHF Creation     : defMHFnone
PrimaryVlan      : 2                Num Vids         : 0
Remote Mep Id    : 2
-----
*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm#

```

**Table 10: ETH-CFM Association Field Descriptions**

| Label         | Description                                                                                                                   |
|---------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Md-index      | Displays the MD index                                                                                                         |
| Ma-index      | Displays the MA index                                                                                                         |
| Name          | Displays the name of the MA                                                                                                   |
| CCM-interval  | Displays the CCM interval (in seconds)                                                                                        |
| Bridge-id     | Displays the bridge ID for the MA. The bridge ID is the same value as the service ID of the service to which the MEP belongs. |
| Name Format   | Displays the format for the MA name                                                                                           |
| MHF Creation  | Not applicable                                                                                                                |
| PrimaryVlan   | Displays the VLAN ID                                                                                                          |
| Num Vids      | Displays the number of VLAN IDs                                                                                               |
| Remote Mep Id | Displays the MEP identifier for the remote MEP                                                                                |

## cfm-stack-table

**Syntax** **cfm-stack-table**  
**cfm-stack-table port** [*port-id* [*vlan vlan-id*]] [*level 0...7*] [*direction {up | down}*]  
**cfm-stack-table sdp** [*sdp-id[:vc-id]*] [*level 0...7*] [*direction {up | down}*]  
**cfm-stack-table virtual** [*service-id*] [*level 0...7*]

**Context** show>eth-cfm

**Description** This command displays stack-table information.

**Parameters** *port-id* — displays the bridge port or aggregated port on which MEPs are configured

**Values** *slot/mda/port[.channel]*

*vlan-id* — displays the associated VLAN ID

**Values** 0 to 4094

*sdp-id[:vc-id]* — displays the SDP binding for the bridge

**Values** *sdp-id* 1 to 17407

*vc-id* 1 to 4294967295

*0...7* — display the MD level of the maintenance point

**Values** 0 to 7

*service-id* — displays the CFM stack table information for the specified *service-id*

**Values** 0 to 2147483647

**up | down** — displays the direction that the MEP faces on the bridge port

## Output

The following output is an example of eth-cfm stack table information, and [Table 11](#) describes the fields.

### Sample Output

```
*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm# cfm-stack-table
=====
CFM SAP Stack Table
=====
Sap           Level Dir  Md-index  Ma-index  Mep-id  Mac-address
-----
1/5/1         5      Down 1      1          1
=====

=====
CFM SDP Stack Table
=====
Sdp           Level Dir  Md-index  Ma-index  Mep-id  Mac-address
-----
1:11         5      Down 1      1          2      a4:58:ff:00:00:00
=====

=====
CFM Virtual Stack Table
=====
Service       Level Dir  Md-index  Ma-index  Mep-id  Mac-address
-----
No Matching Entries
=====
*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm#
```

**Table 11: ETH-CFM Stack Table Field Descriptions**

| Label           | Description                                   |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Sap             | Displays the SAP identifier                   |
| Sdp             | Displays the spoke SDP identifier             |
| Service         | Displays the service identifier               |
| Level           | Displays the MD level of the domain           |
| Dir (direction) | Displays the direction of OAMPDU transmission |
| Md-index        | Displays the MD index of the domain           |
| Mep-id          | Displays the MEP identifier                   |
| Mac-address     | Displays the MAC address of the MEP           |

## domain

**Syntax** `domain [md-index] [association ma-index | all-associations] [detail]`

**Context** `show>eth-cfm`

**Description** This command displays domain information.

**Parameters** *md-index* — displays the index of the MD to which the MEP is associated, or 0, if none

**Values** 1 to 4294967295

*ma-index* — displays the index to which the MA is associated, or 0, if none

**Values** 1 to 4294967295

**all-associations** — displays all associations to the MD

**detail** — displays detailed domain information

**Output** The following output is an example of eth-cfm domain information, and [Table 12](#) describes the fields.

### Sample Output

```
*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm# domain
=====
CFM Domain Table
=====
Md-index   Level Name                                     Format
-----
1           5      kanata_MD                                     charString
2           1   none
=====
```

```

*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm# domain detail
=====
Domain 1
Md-index      : 1                      Level           : 5
Permission    : sendIdNone             MHF Creation    : defMHFnone
Name Format    : charString              Next Ma Index   : 2
Name          : kanata_MD
=====
Domain 2
Md-index      : 2                      Level           : 1
Permission    : sendIdNone             MHF Creation    : defMHFnone
Name Format    : none                    Next Ma Index   : 1
=====

*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm# domain all-associations
=====
CFM Association Table
=====
Md-index  Ma-index  Name                      CCM-interval  Bridge-id
-----
1          1          kanata_MA                 10            2
2          2          1234567890123           100ms        2
=====

*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm# domain all-associations detail
=====
Domain 1
Md-index      : 1                      Level           : 5
Permission    : sendIdNone             MHF Creation    : defMHFnone
Name Format    : charString              Next Ma Index   : 2
Name          : kanata_MD
-----
Domain 1 Associations:

Md-index      : 1                      Ma-index        : 1
Name Format    : string                  CCM-interval    : 10
Name          : kanata_MA
Bridge-id     : 2                      MHF Creation    : defMHFnone
PrimaryVlan   : 2                      Num Vids        : 0
Remote Mep Id : 1

=====
Domain 2
Md-index      : 2                      Level           : 1
Permission    : sendIdNone             MHF Creation    : defMHFnone
Name Format    : none                    Next Ma Index   : 1
-----
Domain 2 Associations:

Md-index      : 2                      Ma-index        : 2
Name Format    : icc-based               CCM-interval    : 100ms
Name          : 1234567890123
Bridge-id     : 2                      MHF Creation    : defMHFnone
PrimaryVlan   : 2                      Num Vids        : 0
Remote Mep Id : 2

=====
*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm#

```

**Table 12: ETH-CFM Domain Field Descriptions**

| <b>Label</b>               | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                               |
|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Domain</b>              |                                                                                                                                  |
| Md-index                   | Displays the MD index of the domain                                                                                              |
| Level                      | Displays the MD level of the domain                                                                                              |
| Permission                 | Not applicable                                                                                                                   |
| MHF Creation               | Not applicable                                                                                                                   |
| Name Format                | Displays the format for the MD name                                                                                              |
| Next Ma Index              | Displays the value of the next MA index                                                                                          |
| Name                       | Displays the name of the MD                                                                                                      |
| <b>Domain Associations</b> |                                                                                                                                  |
| Md-index                   | Displays the MD index of the domain                                                                                              |
| Ma-index                   | Displays the MA index of the association                                                                                         |
| Name Format                | Displays the format for the MA name                                                                                              |
| CCM-interval               | Displays the CCM interval (in seconds)                                                                                           |
| Name                       | Displays the name of the MA                                                                                                      |
| Bridge-id                  | Displays the bridge ID for the MA. The bridge ID is the same value as the service ID of the service to which the MEP belongs.    |
| MHF Creation               | Not applicable                                                                                                                   |
| PrimaryVlan                | Displays the VLAN ID configured under the <b>config&gt;eth-cfm&gt;domain&gt;association&gt;bridge-identifier&gt;vlan</b> command |
| Num Vids                   | Displays the number of VLAN IDs and is always 0                                                                                  |
| Remote Mep Id              | Displays the MEP identifier for the remote MEP                                                                                   |

## mep

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <pre> <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> [<b>loopback</b>] [<b>linktrace</b>] <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> {<b>remote-mepid</b> <i>mep-id</i>   <b>all-remote-mepids</b>} <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> <b>eth-test-results</b> [<b>remote-peer</b> <i>mac-address</i>] <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> <b>one-way-delay-test</b> [<b>remote-peer</b> <i>mac-address</i>] <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> <b>two-way-delay-test</b> [<b>remote-peer</b> <i>mac-address</i>] <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> <b>single-ended-loss-test</b> [<b>remote-peer</b> <i>mac-address</i>] <b>mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i> <b>dual-ended-loss-test</b> [<b>remote-peer</b> <i>mac-address</i>] </pre> |
| <b>Context</b>     | show>eth-cfm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command displays information for various Ethernet OAM tests and entities related to MEPs, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MEPs</li> <li>• loopback</li> <li>• linktrace</li> <li>• remote MEPs</li> <li>• Ethernet signal test</li> <li>• delay and delay variation measurements (one-way and two-way)</li> <li>• loss measurements (single-ended and dual-ended)</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>mep-id</i> — specifies the target MEP ID</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 8191</p> <p><i>md-index</i> — displays the index of the MD to which the MEP is associated, or 0, if none</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 4294967295</p> <p><i>ma-index</i> — displays the index of the MA to which the MEP is associated, or 0, if none</p> <p><b>Values</b> 1 to 4294967295</p> <p><i>mac-address</i> — displays the MAC address of the remote peer MEP</p> <p><b>Values</b> xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx or<br/>xx-xx-xx-xx-xx-xx,<br/>where xx is a hexadecimal number</p> <p><b>loopback</b> — displays loopback information for the specified MEP</p> <p><b>linktrace</b> — displays linktrace information for the specified MEP</p> <p><b>remote-mepid</b> — displays specified remote <i>mep-id</i> information for the specified MEP</p> <p><b>all-remote-mepids</b> — displays all remote <i>mep-id</i> information for the specified MEP</p>                                                                                                                                                                                       |

- remote-peer** — displays specified remote *mep-id* information for the specified MEP
- eth-test-results** — displays ETH-Test result information for the specified MEP and remote peer
- one-way-delay-test** — displays one-way test information for the specified MEP and remote peer
- two-way-delay-test** — displays two-way test information for the specified MEP and remote peer
- single-ended-loss-test** — displays single-ended-loss test information for the specified MEP and remote peer
- dual-ended-loss-test** — displays dual-ended-loss test information for the specified MEP and remote peer

**Output** The following outputs are examples of Ethernet OAM tests for MEPs:

- MEPs, Loopback, and Linktrace ([Sample Output, Table 13](#))
- Remote MEPs ([Sample Output, Table 14](#))
- ETH-Test results ([Sample Output, Table 15](#))
- Delay measurements (one-way and two-way) ([Sample Output \(one-way\)](#) and [Sample Output \(two-way\)](#), [Table 16](#))
- Loss test (single-ended and dual-ended) ([Sample Output \(single-ended\)](#) and [Sample Output \(two-way\)](#), [Table 17](#))

## Sample Output

```
*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm# mep 2 domain 1 association 1 loopback linktrace
-----
Mep Information
-----
Md-index           : 1                Direction         : Down
Ma-index           : 1                Admin             : Disabled
MepId              : 2                CCM-Enable       : Disabled
IfIndex            : 0                PrimaryVid       : 0
FngState           : fngReset
LowestDefectPri    : macRemErrXcon      HighestDefect     : none
Defect Flags       : None
Mac Address        : a4:58:ff:00:00:00 CcmLtmPriority    : 7
CcmTx              : 0                CcmSequenceErr   : 0
DmrRepliesTx      : 0
LmrRepliesTx      : 0
Dual-Loss-Test    : Disabled
Eth-Ais            : Disabled
Eth-Tst            : Disabled

CcmLastFailure Frame:
None
XconCcmFailure Frame:
None
-----
Mep Loopback Information
-----
LbRxReply          : 0                LbRxBadOrder     : 0
LbRxBadMsdu       : 0                LbTxReply        : 0
LbSequence        : 1                LbNextSequence   : 1
```

```

LbStatus          : False          LbResultOk       : False
DestIsMepId      : False          DestMepId        : 0
DestMac          : 00:00:00:00:00:00 SendCount        : 0
VlanDropEnable   : True           VlanPriority     : 7

```

```
Data TLV:
```

```
None
```

```
-----
Mep Linktrace Message Information
-----
```

```

LtRxUnexplained  : 0              LtNextSequence   : 1
LtStatus         : False          LtResult         : False
TargIsMepId     : False          TargMepId        : 0
TargMac         : 00:00:00:00:00:00 TTL              : 64
EgressId        : 00:00:a4:58:ff:00:00:00 SequenceNum     : 1
LtFlags         : useFDBOnly

```

```
-----
Mep Linktrace Replies
-----
```

```

SequenceNum      : 1              ReceiveOrder     : 1
Ttl              : 63             Forwarded        : False
LastEgressId    : 00:00:00:21:05:6e:5a:f1 TerminalMep     : True
NextEgressId    : 00:00:00:21:05:4d:a8:b2 Relay           : rlyHit
ChassisIdSubType : unknown value (0)
ChassisId:
None
ManAddressDomain:
None
ManAddress:
None
IngressMac       : 00:21:05:4d:a8:b2 Ingress Action   : ingOk
IngrPortIdSubType : unknown value (0)
IngressPortId:
None
EgressMac        : 00:00:00:00:00:00 Egress Action    : egrNoTlv
EgrPortIdSubType : unknown value (0)
EgressPortId:
None
Org Specific TLV:
None

```

```
-----
*A:ALU-1>show>eth-cfm#
```

**Table 13: ETH-CFM MEP, Loopback, and Linktrace Field Descriptions**

| Label                  | Description                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Mep Information</b> |                                                                                                                                        |
| Md-index               | Displays the MD index of the domain                                                                                                    |
| Direction              | Displays the direction of OAMPDU transmission                                                                                          |
| Ma-index               | Displays the MA index of the association                                                                                               |
| Admin                  | Displays the administrative status of the MEP                                                                                          |
| MepId                  | Displays the MEP identifier                                                                                                            |
| CCM-Enable             | Displays the status of the CCM (enabled or disabled)                                                                                   |
| IfIndex                | Displays the index of the interface                                                                                                    |
| PrimaryVid             | Displays the identifier of the primary VLAN                                                                                            |
| FngState               | Indicates the different states of the Fault Notification Generator                                                                     |
| LowestDefectPri        | Displays the lowest priority defect (a configured value) that is allowed to generate a fault alarm                                     |
| HighestDefect          | Identifies the highest defect that is present (for example, if defRDICCM and defXconCCM are present, the highest defect is defXconCCM) |
| Defect Flags           | Displays the number of defect flags                                                                                                    |
| Mac Address            | Displays the MAC address of the MEP                                                                                                    |
| CcmLtmPriority         | Displays the priority value transmitted in the linktrace messages (LTM)s and CCMs for this MEP. The MEP must be configured on a VLAN.  |
| CcmTx                  | Displays the number of Continuity Check Messages (CCM) sent<br><br>The count is taken from the last polling interval (every 10 s)      |
| CcmSequenceErr         | Displays the number of CCM errors                                                                                                      |
| DmrRepliesTx           | Displays the number of delay measurement replies transmitted                                                                           |
| LmrRepliesTx           | Displays the number of loss measurement replies transmitted                                                                            |
| Eth-Ais                | Displays the state of the ETH-AIS test (enabled or disabled)                                                                           |
| Dual-Loss-Test         | Displays the state of the dual-ended loss test (enabled or disabled)                                                                   |

**Table 13: ETH-CFM MEP, Loopback, and Linktrace Field Descriptions (Continued)**

| Label                           | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Eth-Test                        | Displays the state of the ETH-Test (enabled or disabled)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| CcmLastFailure Frame            | Displays the frame that caused the last CCM failure                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| XconCcmFailure Frame            | Displays the frame that caused the XconCCMFailure                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Mep Loopback Information</b> |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| LbRxReply                       | Displays the number of received loopback (LB) replies                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| LbRxBadOrder                    | Displays the number of received loopback messages that are in a bad order                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| LbRxBadMsdu                     | Displays the number of loopback replies that have been received with the wrong destination MAC address (MSDU = MAC Service Data Unit)                                                                                                                                                                   |
| LbTxReply                       | Displays the number of loopback replies transmitted out this MEP                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| LbTxReply (Total)               | Displays the total number of LBRs (loopback replies) transmitted from this MEP                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| LbTxReplyNoTLV                  | Displays the number of LBRs (loopback replies) transmitted from this MEP with no TLV<br><br>Note that because only LBMs with no TLVs are used for throughput testing, the LbTxReply (Total), LbTxReplyNoTLV, and LbTxReplyWithTLV counters can help debug problems if throughput testing is not working |
| LbTxReplyWithTLV                | Displays the number of LBRs (loopback replies) transmitted from this MEP with TLV                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| LbSequence                      | Displays the sequence number in the loopback message                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| LbNextSequence                  | Displays the next loopback sequence                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| LbStatus                        | Displays the loopback status as True or False:<br>True – loopback is in progress<br>False – no loopback is in progress                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| LbResultOk                      | Displays the result of the loopback test                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| DestIsMepId                     | Identifies whether the destination interface has a MEP-ID (true or false)                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| DestMepId                       | Displays the MEP-ID of the destination interface                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| DestMac                         | Displays the MAC address of the destination interface                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

**Table 13: ETH-CFM MEP, Loopback, and Linktrace Field Descriptions (Continued)**

| <b>Label</b>                             | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                           |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SendCount                                | Indicates the number of loopback messages sent                                                                                               |
| VlanDropEnable                           | Identifies whether the VLAN drop is enabled (true or false)                                                                                  |
| VlanPriority                             | Displays the VLAN priority                                                                                                                   |
| Data TLV                                 | Displays the data TLV information                                                                                                            |
| <b>Mep Linktrace Message Information</b> |                                                                                                                                              |
| LtRxUnexplained                          | Displays the number of unexplained linktrace messages (LTM) that have been received                                                          |
| LtNextSequence                           | Displays the sequence number of the next linktrace message                                                                                   |
| LtStatus                                 | Displays the status of the linktrace                                                                                                         |
| LtResult                                 | Displays the result of the linktrace                                                                                                         |
| TargIsMepId                              | Identifies whether the target interface has a MEP-ID (true or false)                                                                         |
| TargMepId                                | Displays the MEP-ID of the target interface                                                                                                  |
| TargMac                                  | Displays the MAC address of the target interface                                                                                             |
| TTL                                      | Displays the TTL value                                                                                                                       |
| EgressId                                 | Displays the egress ID of the linktrace message                                                                                              |
| SequenceNum                              | Displays the sequence number of the linktrace message                                                                                        |
| LtFlags                                  | Displays the linktrace flags                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Mep Linktrace Replies</b>             |                                                                                                                                              |
| SequenceNum                              | Displays the sequence number returned by a previous transmit linktrace message, indicating which linktrace message response will be returned |
| ReceiveOrder                             | Displays the order in which the linktrace initiator received the linktrace replies                                                           |
| Ttl                                      | Displays the TTL field value for a returned linktrace reply                                                                                  |
| Forwarded                                | Indicates whether the linktrace message was forwarded by the responding MEP                                                                  |

**Table 13: ETH-CFM MEP, Loopback, and Linktrace Field Descriptions (Continued)**

| Label            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LastEgressId     | <p>Displays the last egress identifier returned in the linktrace reply egress identifier TLV of the linktrace reply</p> <p>The last egress identifier identifies the MEP linktrace initiator that initiated, or the linktrace responder that forwarded, the linktrace message for which this linktrace reply is the response</p> <p>This is the same value as the egress identifier TLV of that linktrace message</p> |
| TerminalMep      | <p>Indicates whether the forwarded linktrace message reached a MEP enclosing its MA</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| NextEgressId     | <p>Displays the next egress identifier returned in the linktrace reply egress identifier TLV of the linktrace reply</p> <p>The next egress identifier identifies the linktrace responder that transmitted this linktrace reply and can forward the linktrace message to the next hop</p> <p>This is the same value as the egress identifier TLV of the forwarded linktrace message, if any</p>                        |
| Relay            | <p>Displays the value returned in the Relay Action field</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| ChassisIdSubType | <p>Displays the format of the chassis ID returned in the Sender ID TLV of the linktrace reply, if any</p> <p>This value is meaningless if the chassis ID has a length of 0</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| ChassisId        | <p>Displays the chassis ID returned in the Sender ID TLV of the linktrace reply, if any</p> <p>The format is determined by the value of the ChassisIdSubType</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| ManAddressDomain | <p>Displays the TDomain that identifies the type and format of the related ManAddress, used to access the SNMP agent of the system transmitting the linktrace reply</p> <p>Received in the linktrace reply Sender ID TLV from that system</p>                                                                                                                                                                         |
| ManAddress       | <p>Displays the TAddress that can be used to access the SNMP agent of the system transmitting the CCM</p> <p>Received in the CCM Sender ID TLV from that system</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| IngressMac       | <p>Displays the MAC address returned in the ingress MAC address field</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

**Table 13: ETH-CFM MEP, Loopback, and Linktrace Field Descriptions (Continued)**

| <b>Label</b>         | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Ingress Action       | Displays the value returned in the Ingress Action field of the linktrace message                                                                                                         |
| IngressPortIdSubType | Displays the format of the ingress port ID                                                                                                                                               |
| IngressPortId        | Displays the ingress port ID; the format is determined by the value of the IngressPortIdSubType                                                                                          |
| EgressMac            | Displays the MAC address returned in the egress MAC address field                                                                                                                        |
| Egress Action        | Displays the value returned in the Egress Action field of the linktrace message                                                                                                          |
| EgressPortIdSubType  | Displays the format of the egress port ID                                                                                                                                                |
| EgressPortId         | Displays the egress port ID; the format is determined by the value of the EgressPortIdSubType                                                                                            |
| Org Specific TLV     | <p>Displays all organization-specific TLVs returned in the linktrace reply, if any</p> <p>Includes all octets including and following the TLV length field of each TLV, concatenated</p> |

**Sample Output**

```

*A:ALU-1>show eth-cfm mep 1 domain 103 association 99 all-remote-mepids
=====
Eth-CFM Remote-Mep Table
=====
R-mepId Rx CC  Rx Rdi Port-Tlv If-Tlv Peer Mac Addr      CCM status since
-----
2         True  False Up      Up      8a:d9:ff:00:00:00 02/17/2009 16:27:48
3         True  False Up      Up      8a:da:01:01:00:02 02/17/2009 16:27:48
=====
*A:ALU-1>
*A:ALU-1>show eth-cfm mep 1 domain 103 association 99 remote-mepid 3
=====
Eth-CFM Remote-Mep Table
=====
R-mepId Rx CC  Rx Rdi Port-Tlv If-Tlv Peer Mac Addr      CCM status since
-----
3         True  False Up      Up      8a:da:01:01:00:02 02/17/2009 16:27:48
=====
*A:ALU-1>

```

**Table 14: ETH-CFM MEP Remote MEP Field Descriptions**

| Label            | Description                                                                                                                    |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| R-mepId          | Displays the remote MEP identifier                                                                                             |
| Rx CC            | Displays the state of received CCMs (True or False):<br>True – CCMs are received<br>False – CCMs are not received              |
| Rx Rdi           | Displays the state of received RDIs (True or False):<br>True – RDIs are received<br>False – RDIs are not received              |
| Port-Tlv         | Displays the contents of the port status TLV in the CCM (Up, Blocked, or Absent), as defined in the 802.1ag specification      |
| If-Tlv           | Displays the contents of the interface status TLV in the CCM (Up, Blocked, or Absent), as defined in the 802.1ag specification |
| Peer Mac Addr    | Displays the MAC address of the peer (remote) entity                                                                           |
| CCM status since | Displays the date and time when continuity check messages began to be sent                                                     |

**Sample Output**

```
*A:ALU-1>show eth-cfm mep 1 domain 103 association 99 eth-test-results
=====
Eth CFM ETH-Test Result Table
=====
Peer Mac Addr      FrameCount      Current
                   ByteCount      ErrBits
                   CrcErrs       Accumulate
                   CrcErrs
-----
22:34:56:78:9a:bc 1                0                0
                   100             0                0
32:34:56:78:9a:bc 1                0                0
                   100             0                0
42:34:56:78:9a:bc 1                0                0
                   100             0                0
=====
*A:ALU-1>#
*A:ALU-1>show eth-cfm mep 1 domain 103 association 99 eth-test-results remote-peer
22:34:56:78:9a:bc
=====
Eth CFM ETH-Test Result Table
=====
Peer Mac Addr      FrameCount      Current
                   ByteCount      ErrBits
                   CrcErrs       Accumulate
                   CrcErrs
-----
22:34:56:78:9a:bc 1                0                0
                   100             0                0
=====
*A:ALU-1>
```

**Table 15: ETH-CFM MEP ETH-Test Field Descriptions**

| Label              | Description                                                                 |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Peer Mac Addr      | Displays the MAC address of the peer (remote) entity                        |
| FrameCount         | Displays the number of test frames sent between the MEP and the peer entity |
| ByteCount          | Displays the number of bytes sent between the MEP and the peer entity       |
| Current ErrBits    | Displays the number of bit errors in the current test                       |
| Current CrcErrs    | Displays the number of CRC errors in the current test                       |
| Accumulate ErrBits | Displays the accumulated number of bit errors in the current test           |
| Accumulate CrcErrs | Displays the accumulated number of CRC errors in the current test           |

**Sample Output (one-way)**

```
*A:ALU-1>show eth-cfm mep 1 domain 103 association 99 one-way-delay-test
=====
Eth CFM One-way Delay Test Result Table
=====
Peer Mac Addr          Delay (us)          Delay Variation (us)
-----
8a:d8:01:01:00:01     759606             2840
aa:bb:cc:dd:ee:ff     760256             760256
=====
*A:ALU-1>
*A:ALU-1>show eth-cfm mep 1 domain 103 association 99 one-way-delay-test remote-peer
8a:d8:01:01:00:01
=====
Eth CFM One-way Delay Test Result Table
=====
Peer Mac Addr          Delay (us)          Delay Variation (us)
-----
8a:d8:01:01:00:01     759606             2840
=====
*A:ALU-1>
```

**Sample Output (two-way)**

```
*A:ALU-1>show eth-cfm mep 2 domain 103 association 99 two-way-delay-test
=====
Eth CFM Two-way Delay Test Result Table
=====
Peer Mac Addr          Delay (us)          Delay Variation (us)
-----
00:16:4d:54:49:db     10190              13710
=====
*A:ALU-1>
*A:ALU-1>show eth-cfm mep 2 domain 103 association 99 two-way-delay-test remote-peer
00:16:4D:54:49:DB
=====
Eth CFM Two-way Delay Test Result Table
=====
Peer Mac Addr          Delay (us)          Delay Variation (us)
-----
00:16:4d:54:49:db     10190              13710
=====
*A:ALU-1>
```

**Table 16: ETH-CFM MEP Delay Measurement Test Field Descriptions**

| Label                | Description                                                             |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Peer Mac Addr        | Displays the MAC address of the peer (remote) entity                    |
| Delay (us)           | Displays the measured delay (in microseconds) for the DM test           |
| Delay Variation (us) | Displays the measured delay variation (in microseconds) for the DV test |

**Sample Output (single-ended)**

```
*A:ALU-1>show eth-cfm mep 1 domain 1 association 1 single-ended-loss-test remote-
peer 00:1a:f0:00:00:01
=====
Eth CFM Single-Ended Test Result Table
=====
Far-End Mac Addr:          00:1a:f0:00:00:00      Duration (sec): 5

Latest Frame Counters      In Previous LMR      In Current LMR      Delta
TxLocal      :          123456          123466          10
RxFarEnd     :          123450          123460          10
TxFarEnd     :          123450          123460          10
RxLocal      :          123456          123465           9

Accumulated Frames        Near-End            Far-End
Total Tx      :          30             36
Total Rx      :          35             30
Total Loss    :           1             0
Loss Ratio(%) :          2.78          0.00
=====
*A:ALU-1>
```

**Sample Output (dual-ended)**

```
*A:ALU-1>show eth-cfm mep 1 domain 1 association 1 dual-ended-loss-test remote-peer
00:1a:f0:00:00:01
=====
Eth CFM Dual-Ended Test Result
=====
Far-End Mac Addr:          00:1a:f0:00:00:01      Duration (sec): 21347
CcmRxCount      :          60632

Latest Frame Counters      In Previous CCM      In Current CCM      Delta
TxLocal      :          3999          4000           1
RxFarEnd     :          3999          4000           1
TxFarEnd     :           0           0             0
RxLocal      :           0           0             0

Accumulated Frames        Near-End            Far-End
Total Tx      :      5066117155          741
Total Rx      :           0          6720979
Total Loss    :           741          5059396176
Loss Ratio(%) :          100.00          99.86
=====
*A:ALU-1>
```

**Table 17: ETH-CFM MEP Loss Measurement Test Field Descriptions**

| <b>Label</b>          | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Far-End Mac Addr      | Displays the MAC address of the far-end (remote) router                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Duration (sec)        | Displays the duration that the current test has been running<br>Reset via the <b>clear&gt;eth-cfm&gt;dual-ended-loss-test</b> command                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| CCMRxCount            | Displays the total number of received CCMs                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Latest Frame Counters | Indicates that the number of frames counted are the latest values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For single-ended tests — the values are for the previous LMR, the current LMR, and the difference between them</li> <li>• For dual-ended tests — the values are the previous CCM, the current CCM, and the difference between them</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| TxLocal               | Displays the latest number of frames transmitted from the local router                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| RxFarEnd              | Displays the latest number of frames received at the remote router                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| TxFarEnd              | Displays the latest number of frames transmitted from the remote router                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| RxLocal               | Displays the latest number of frames received by the local router                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Accumulated Frames    | Indicates that the frame counter values under this heading are the accumulated values for the near-end (local) and far-end (remote) routers                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Total Tx              | Displays the total number of frames transmitted during the test                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Total Rx              | Displays the total number of frames received during the test                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Total Loss            | Displays the total number of frames lost during the test                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Loss Ratio (%)        | Displays the loss ratio, defined as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>\text{Loss Ratio (NE)} = \text{Total Loss (NE)} \div \text{Total Tx (FE)} \times 100\%</math></li> </ul> <p>Example (single-ended):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>\text{NE loss ratio} = (1 \div 36) \times 100\% = 2.78\%</math></li> <li>• <math>\text{FE loss ratio} = (0 \div 30) \times 100\% = 0.00\%</math></li> </ul> <p>Example (dual-ended):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>\text{NE loss ratio} = (741 \div 741) \times 100\% = 100\%</math></li> <li>• <math>\text{FE loss ratio} = (5059396176 \div 5066117155) \times 100\% = 99.86\%</math></li> </ul> |

## saa

- Syntax** `saa [test-name [owner test-owner]]`
- Context** `show>saa`
- Description** This command displays information about the SAA test.
- If no specific test is specified, a summary of all configured tests is displayed.
- If a test is specified, then detailed test results for that test are displayed for the last three occurrences that this test has been executed, or since the last time the counters have been reset via a **system reboot** or **clear** command.
- Parameters**
- test-name* — specifies the SAA test to display. The test name must already be configured in the `config>saa>test` context.
  - test-owner* — specifies the owner of an SAA operation, up to 32 characters in length
- Default** If a *test-owner* value is not specified, tests created by the CLI have a default owner “TiMOS CLI”
- Output** The following output is an example of SAA test result information, and [Table 18](#) describes the fields.

### Sample Output

The following displays an SAA test result:

```
*A:ALU-3>config>saa>test$ show saa

=====
SAA Test Information
=====
Test name           : test5
Owner name          : reuben
Administrative status : Enabled
Test type           : sdp-ping 600 resp-sdp 700 fc "nc" count 50
Test runs since last clear : 1
Number of failed test runs : 0
Last test result    : Success
-----

Threshold
Type           Direction Threshold Value      Last Event      Run #
-----
Jitter-in     Rising      None      None      Never           None
              Falling    None      None      Never           None
Jitter-out    Rising      None      None      Never           None
              Falling    None      None      Never           None
Jitter-rt     Rising      None      None      Never           None
              Falling    None      None      Never           None
Latency-in    Rising      None      None      Never           None
              Falling    None      None      Never           None
Latency-out   Rising      None      None      Never           None
              Falling    None      None      Never           None
Latency-rt    Rising      50        None      Never           None
              Falling    50        10        04/23/2008 22:29:40 1
```

```

Loss-in      Rising      None      None      Never      None
             Falling     None      None      Never      None
Loss-out     Rising      None      None      Never      None
             Falling     None      None      Never      None
Loss-rt      Rising      8         None      Never      None
             Falling     8         0         04/23/2008 22:30:30 1

```

```

=====
*A:ALU-3>config>saa>test$

```

**Table 18: SAA Field Descriptions**

| Label                      | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Test name                  | Displays the name of the test                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Owner name                 | Displays the test owner's name                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Administrative status      | Indicates the administrative state of the test – enabled or disabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Test type                  | Identifies the type of test configured                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Test runs since last clear | Indicates the total number of tests performed since the last time the tests were cleared                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| Number of failed tests run | Specifies the total number of tests that failed                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Last test result           | Indicates the result of the last test run                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Threshold type             | Indicates the type of threshold event being tested – jitter-event, latency-event, or loss-event – and the direction of the test responses received for a test run: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• in – inbound</li> <li>• out – outbound</li> <li>• rt – roundtrip</li> </ul> |
| Direction                  | Indicates the direction of the event threshold – rising or falling                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Threshold                  | Displays the configured threshold value                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Value                      | Displays the measured crossing value that triggered the threshold crossing event                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Last event                 | Indicates the time that the threshold crossing event occurred                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Run #                      | Indicates what test run produced the specified values                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

## ldp-treetrace

|                    |                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ldp-treetrace</b> [ <i>prefix ip-prefix/mask</i> ] [ <b>detail</b> ]                                                                                |
| <b>Context</b>     | show>test-oam                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays OAM LDP treetrace information.                                                                                                   |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>prefix ip-prefix/mask</b> — specifies the address prefix and subnet mask of the destination node.<br><b>detail</b> — displays detailed information. |

### Sample Output

```
*A:ALA-48# show test-oam ldp-treetrace
Admin State : Up Discovery State : Done
Discovery-intvl (min) : 60 Probe-intvl (min) : 2
Probe-timeout (min) : 1 Probe-retry : 3
Trace-timeout (sec) : 60 Trace-retry : 3
Max-TTL : 30 Max-path : 128
Forwarding-class (fc) : be Profile : Out
Total Fecs : 400 Discovered Fecs : 400
Last Discovery Start : 12/19/2006 05:10:14
Last Discovery End : 12/19/2006 05:12:02
Last Discovery Duration : 00h01m48s
Policy1 : policy-1
Policy2 : policy-2
*A:ALA-48# show test-oam ldp-treetrace detail
Admin State : Up Discovery State : Done
Discovery-intvl (min) : 60 Probe-intvl (min) : 2
Probe-timeout (min) : 1 Probe-retry : 3
Trace-timeout (sec) : 60 Trace-retry : 3
Max-TTL : 30 Max-path : 128
Forwarding-class (fc) : be Profile : Out
Total Fecs : 400 Discovered Fecs : 400
Last Discovery Start : 12/19/2006 05:10:14
Last Discovery End : 12/19/2006 05:12:02
Last Discovery Duration : 00h01m48s
Policy1 : policy-1
Policy2 : policy-2
=====
Prefix (FEC) Info
=====
Prefix Path Last Probe Discov Discov
Num Discovered State State Status
-----
11.11.11.1/32 54 12/19/2006 05:10:15 OK Done OK
11.11.11.2/32 54 12/19/2006 05:10:15 OK Done OK
11.11.11.3/32 54 12/19/2006 05:10:15 OK Done OK
.....
14.14.14.95/32 72 12/19/2006 05:11:13 OK Done OK
14.14.14.96/32 72 12/19/2006 05:11:13 OK Done OK
14.14.14.97/32 72 12/19/2006 05:11:15 OK Done OK
14.14.14.98/32 72 12/19/2006 05:11:15 OK Done OK
14.14.14.99/32 72 12/19/2006 05:11:18 OK Done OK
```

```

14.14.14.100/32 72 12/19/2006 05:11:20 OK Done OK
=====
Legend: uP - unexplored paths, tO - trace request timed out
mH - max hop exceeded, mP - max path exceeded
nR - no internal resource
*A:ALA-48# show test-oam ldp-treetrace prefix 12.12.12.10/32
Discovery State : Done Last Discovered : 12/19/2006 05:11:02
Discovery Status : ' OK '
Discovered Paths : 54 Failed Hops : 0
Probe State : OK Failed Probes : 0
*A:ALA-48# show test-oam ldp-treetrace prefix 12.12.12.10/32 detail
Discovery State : Done Last Discovered : 12/19/2006 05:11:02
Discovery Status : ' OK '
Discovered Paths : 54 Failed Hops : 0
Probe State : OK Failed Probes : 0
=====
Discovered Paths
=====
PathDest Egr-NextHop Remote-RtrAddr Discovery-time
DiscoveryTtl ProbeState ProbeTmOutCnt RtnCode
-----
127.1.0.5 10.10.1.2 12.12.12.10 12/19/2006 05:11:01
7 OK 0 EgressRtr
127.1.0.9 10.10.1.2 12.12.12.10 12/19/2006 05:11:01
7 OK 0 EgressRtr
127.1.0.15 10.10.1.2 12.12.12.10 12/19/2006 05:11:01
7 OK 0 EgressRtr
127.1.0.19 10.10.1.2 12.12.12.10 12/19/2006 05:11:01
7 OK 0 EgressRtr
127.1.0.24 10.10.1.2 12.12.12.10 12/19/2006 05:11:01
7 OK 0 EgressRtr
127.1.0.28 10.10.1.2 12.12.12.10 12/19/2006 05:11:01
.....
127.1.0.252 10.10.1.2 12.12.12.10 12/19/2006 05:11:01
7 OK 0 EgressRtr
127.1.0.255 10.10.1.2 12.12.12.10 12/19/2006 05:11:01
7 OK 0 EgressRtr
=====
*A:ALA-48#

```

---

## Clear Commands

### saa

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>saa-test</b> [ <i>test-name</i> [ <b>owner</b> <i>test-owner</i> ]]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Context</b>     | clear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b> | This command clears the SAA results for the specified test and the history for the test. If the test name is omitted, all the results for all tests are cleared.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>test-name</i> — specifies the SAA test to clear. The test name must already be configured in the <b>config&gt;saa&gt;test</b> context.</p> <p><i>test-owner</i> — specifies the owner of an SAA operation, up to 32 characters in length</p> <p><b>Default</b> If a <i>test-owner</i> value is not specified, tests created by the CLI have a default owner “TiMOS CLI”</p> |

### dual-ended-loss-test

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>dual-ended-loss-test mep</b> <i>mep-id</i> <b>domain</b> <i>md-index</i> <b>association</b> <i>ma-index</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | clear>eth-cfm                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command clears the accumulated frame counters during a dual-ended loss measurement (LM) test.</p> <p>The LM counters are reset when a MEP on the datapath is created or deleted automatically by the OS for network or configuration reasons. Some of the reasons for creating or deleting a MEP are as follows, excluding the general functions of manually creating or deleting a MEP:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• for SAPs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ changing the ccm-ltm-priority using the CLI or SNMP</li> <li>→ changing the ccm-interval using the CLI or SNMP</li> <li>→ changing the SAP egress QoS policy</li> <li>→ changes to the SAP state (due to, for example, moving (bouncing) ports, link loss forwarding (LLF), or network changes that require recreation of flows)</li> </ul> </li> <li>• for spoke SDPs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>→ changing the vc type on the spoke SDP</li> <li>→ changing the vc vc-tag on the spoke SDP</li> <li>→ changing the vc etype on the spoke SDP</li> <li>→ change to the spoke SDP state due to network conditions</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |



**Note:** The `clear>dual-ended loss-test` command only resets the “Accumulated Frames During the Test” results for both the far end and near end. The frame counters for aggregated results are not reset. See [Sample Output - before less than two CCMs](#).

### Parameters

*mep-id* — specifies the target MEP ID

**Values** 1 to 8191

*md-index* — displays the index of the MD to which the MEP is associated, or 0, if none

**Values** 1 to 4294967295

*ma-index* — displays the index of the MA to which the MEP is associated, or 0, if none

**Values** 1 to 4294967295

### Output

The following outputs show sample displays after issuing a `show>eth-cfm>.....>dual-ended-loss-test` command:

- before receiving two CCMs after issuing the `clear` command
- after receiving two or more CCMs after issuing the `clear` command

### Sample Output - before less than two CCMs

```

=====
Eth CFM Dual-Ended Test Result
=====
Far-End Mac Addr   :   00:1a:f0:69:d4:a6           Duration (sec)   : 0

Latest Frame Counters      In Previous CCM      In Current CCM      Delta
TxLocal                   :                   0                   0                   0
RxFarEnd                  :                   0                   0                   0
TxFarEnd                   :                   0                   0                   0
RxLocal                    :                   0                   0                   0

Accumulated Frames During Test      Near-End      Far-End
Total Tx                             :              0              0
Total Rx                             :              0              0
Total Loss                           :              0              0
Loss Ratio(%)                       :             0.00             0.00
=====

```

**Sample Output - after two or more CCMs**

In the display below, counters that have been cleared and restarted are shown in **bold**.

```
=====
Eth CFM Dual-Ended Test Result
=====
Far-End Mac Addr   :    00:1a:f0:69:d4:a6      Duration (sec)   : 2

Latest Frame Counters   In Previous CCM      In Current CCM      Delta
TxLocal                :    123556          123566              10
RxFarEnd               :    123550          123560              10
TxFarEnd               :    123550          123560              10
RxLocal                :    123556          123566              10

Accumulated Frames During Test      Near-End      Far-End
Total Tx                :                10          10
Total Rx                :                10          10
Total Loss             :                0           0
Loss Ratio(%)          :                0.00        0.00
=====
```

---

## Debug Commands

### oam

|                    |                                                     |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | [no] oam                                            |
| <b>Context</b>     | debug                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables or disables debugging for OAM. |

### lsp-ping-trace

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>lsp-ping-trace [tx   rx   both] [raw   detail]</b><br><b>no lsp-ping-trace</b>                                                                                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | debug>oam                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables debugging for LSP ping.                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>tx   rx   both</b> — specifies the direction for the LSP ping debugging: transmit, receive, or both transmit and receive<br><b>raw   detail</b> — displays output for the debug mode |



## Tools Command Reference

---

### Command Hierarchies

- [Tools Dump Commands](#)
- [Tools Perform Commands](#)
- [Tools ADP Commands](#)

## Tools Dump Commands

```

tools
  — dump
    — auto-discovery [detail] [log]
    — ppp port-id
    — router router-instance
      — ldp
        — fec prefix ip-prefix/mask
        — fec vc-type {ethernet | vlan} vc-id vc-id
        — instance
        — interface [ip-int-name | ip-address]
        — memory-usage
        — peer ip-address
        — session [ip-address :label-space] [connection | peer | adjacency]
        — sockets
        — timers
      — mpls
        — ftn [endpoint endpoint | sender sender | nexthop nexthop | lsp-id lsp-id
          | tunnel-id tunnel-id | label start-label end-label]
        — ilm [endpoint endpoint | sender sender | nexthop nexthop | lsp-id lsp-id
          | tunnel-id tunnel-id | label start-label end-label]
        — lspinfo [detail]
        — memory-usage
      — ospf
        — abr [detail]
        — asbr [detail]
        — bad-packet [interface-name]
        — leaked-routes [summary | detail]
        — memory-usage [detail]
        — request-list [neighbor ip-address] [detail]
        — request-list [virtual-neighbor ip-address area-id area-id] [detail]
        — retransmission-list [neighbor ip-address] [detail]
        — retransmission-list [virtual-neighbor ip-address area-id area-id]
          [detail]
        — route-summary
        — route-table [type] [detail]
      — rsvp
        — psb [endpoint endpoint-address] [sender sender-address] [tunnelid
          tunnel-id] [lspid lsp-id]
        — rsb [endpoint endpoint-address] [sender sender-address] [tunnelid
          tunnel-id] [lspid lsp-id]
      — static-route
        — ldp-sync-status
    — system-resources slot-number

```

## Tools Perform Commands

```

tools
  — perform
    — aps
      — clear aps-id {protect | working}
      — exercise aps-id {protect | working}
      — force aps-id {protect | working}
      — lockout aps-id
      — request aps-id {protect | working}
    — cron
      — action
          — stop [action-name] [owner action-owner] [all]
    — ima
      — reset bundle-id
    — log
      — test-event
    — router router-instance
      — isis
          — ldp-sync-exit
          — run-manual-spf
      — mpls
          — cspf to ip-addr [from ip-addr] [bandwidth bandwidth] [include-bitmap bitmap] [exclude-bitmap bitmap] [hop-limit limit] [exclude-address excl-addr...(up to 8 max)] [use-te-metric] [strict-srlg] [srlg-group grp-id...(up to 8 max)]
          — resignal {lsp lsp-name path path-name | delay minutes}
          — trap-suppress number-of-traps time-interval
      — ospf
          — ldp-sync-exit
          — refresh-lsas [lsa-type] [area-id]
          — run-manual-spf [externals-only]
    — security
      — authentication-server-check server-address ip-address [port port] user-name dhcp-client-user-name password password secret key [source-address ip-address] [timeout seconds] [router router-instance]
    — service
      — id service-id
          — endpoint endpoint-name
              — force-switchover sdp-id:vc-id
              — no force-switchover

```

## Tools ADP Commands

- tools**
- **auto-discovery** [retry] [terminate]
- [no] **auto-discovery echo** [debugger]

---

## Command Descriptions

- [Tools Dump Commands on page 168](#)
- [Tools Perform Commands on page 182](#)

## **Tools Dump Commands**

- [Generic Commands on page 169](#)
- [Dump Commands on page 170](#)
- [Dump Router Commands on page 172](#)

---

## Generic Commands

### tools

|                    |                                                                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>tools</b>                                                                    |
| <b>Context</b>     | <root>                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b> | This command creates the context to enable useful tools for debugging purposes. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                            |

## Dump Commands

### dump

|                    |                                                                                 |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>dump</b>                                                                     |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b> | This command creates the context to display information for debugging purposes. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                            |

### auto-discovery

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>auto-discovery [detail] [log]</b>                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b> | This command allows you to view all progress and event logs stored by ADP.                                                                                                |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>detail</b> — displays detailed information about the system, ports, and ADP instructions<br><b>log</b> — displays all detailed progress and event logs with timestamps |

### ppp

|                    |                                                   |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ppp <i>port-id</i></b>                         |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump                                        |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays PPP information for a port. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                              |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>port-id</i> — specifies the port ID            |

**Syntax:**    *port-id*                    *slot/mda/port[.channel]*  
              **bundle**    *bundle-type-slot/mda.bundle-num*  
                                          **bundle**                    keyword  
                                          **type**                     ima, ppp  
                                          **bundle-num**                1 to 10

## system-resources

|                    |                                                                                     |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>system-resources</b> <i>slot-number</i>                                          |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays system resource information.                                  |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>slot-number</i> — specifies a specific slot to view system resources information |

---

## Dump Router Commands

### router

|                    |                                                                            |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i>                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump                                                                 |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables tools for the router instance.                        |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                       |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>router-instance</i> — specifies the router name and service ID          |
| <b>Values</b>      | <i>router-name:</i> Base, management<br><i>service-id:</i> 1 to 2147483647 |
| <b>Default</b>     | Base                                                                       |

### ldp

|                    |                                          |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ldp</b>                               |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router                        |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables dump tools for LDP. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                     |

### fec

|                    |                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>fec prefix</b> <i>ip-prefix/mask</i><br><b>fec vc-type</b> { <b>ethernet</b>   <b>vlan</b> } <b>vc-id</b> <i>vc-id</i> |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ldp                                                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays information for an LDP FEC.                                                                         |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>ip-prefix/mask</i> — specifies the IP prefix and subnet mask                                                           |
| <b>Values</b>      | <i>ip-prefix:</i> a.b.c.d (host bits must be 0)<br><i>mask:</i> 0 to 32                                                   |

**vc-type** — specifies the VC type signaled for the spoke or mesh binding to the far end of an SDP. The VC type is a 15-bit quantity containing a value that represents the type of VC. The actual signaling of the VC type depends on the signaling parameter defined for the SDP. If signaling is disabled, the **vc-type** command can still be used to define the dot1q value expected by the far-end provider equipment. A change of the binding's VC type causes the binding to signal the new VC type to the far end when signaling is enabled.

VC types are derived according to IETF *draft-martini-l2circuit-trans-mpls*.

**Values**     **Ethernet** — 0x0005

**VLAN** — 0x0004

**vc-id** — specifies the virtual circuit identifier

**Values**     1 to 4294967295

## instance

|                    |                                                        |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>instance</b>                                        |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ldp                                  |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays information for an LDP instance. |

## interface

|                    |                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>interface</b> [ <i>ip-int-name</i>   <i>ip-address</i> ]                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ldp                                                                             |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays information for an LDP interface.                                           |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>none</b>                                                                                       |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>ip-int-name</i> — specifies the interface name<br><i>ip-address</i> — specifies the IP address |

## memory-usage

|                    |                                                         |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>memory-usage</b>                                     |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ldp                                   |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays memory usage information for LDP. |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>none</b>                                             |

### peer

|                    |                                                    |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>peer</b> <i>ip-address</i>                      |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ldp                              |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays information for an LDP peer. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                               |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>ip-address</i> — specifies the IP address       |

### session

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>session</b> [ <i>ip-address</i> <i>:label space</i> ] [ <b>connection</b>   <b>peer</b>   <b>adjacency</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ldp                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays information for an LDP session.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>ip-address</i> — specifies the IP address of the LDP peer<br><i>label-space</i> — specifies the label space identifier that the router is advertising on the interface<br><b>connection</b> — displays connection information<br><b>peer</b> — displays peer information<br><b>adjacency</b> — displays hello adjacency information |

### sockets

|                    |                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>sockets</b>                                                                    |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ldp                                                             |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays information for all sockets being used by the LDP protocol. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                              |

## timers

|                    |                                                  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>timers</b>                                    |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ldp                            |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays timer information for LDP. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                             |

## mpls

|                    |                                                               |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>mpls</b>                                                   |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router                                             |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to display MPLS information. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                          |

## ftn

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ftn</b> [ <b>endpoint</b> <i>endpoint</i>   <b>sender</b> <i>sender</i>   <b>nexthop</b> <i>nexthop</i>   <b>lsp-id</b> <i>lsp-id</i>   <b>tunnel-id</b> <i>tunnel-id</i>   <b>label</b> <i>start-label end-label</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>mpls                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays FEC-to-NHLFE (FTN) dump information for MPLS. (NHLFE is the acronym for Next Hop Label Forwarding Entry.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>endpoint</i> — specifies the IP address of the last hop</p> <p><b>Values</b> a.b.c.d</p> <p><i>sender</i> — specifies the IP address of the sender</p> <p><b>Values</b> a.b.c.d</p> <p><i>nexthop</i> — specifies the IP address of the next hop</p> <p><b>Values</b> a.b.c.d</p> <p><i>lsp-id</i> — specifies the label switched path that is signaled for this entry</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 65535</p> <p><i>tunnel-id</i> — specifies the SDP ID</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 65535</p> |

*start-label end-label* — specifies the label range for the information dump

**Values** start-label — 32 to 131071  
end-label — 32 to 131071

### ilm

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ilm</b> [ <b>endpoint</b> <i>endpoint</i>   <b>sender</b> <i>sender</i>   <b>nexthop</b> <i>nexthop</i>   <b>lsp-id</b> <i>lsp-id</i>   <b>tunnel-id</b> <i>tunnel-id</i>   <b>label</b> <i>start-label end-label</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>mpls                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays incoming label map (ILM) information for MPLS.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><i>endpoint</i> — specifies the IP address of the last hop</p> <p><b>Values</b> a.b.c.d</p> <p><i>sender</i> — specifies the IP address of the sender</p> <p><b>Values</b> a.b.c.d</p> <p><i>nexthop</i> — specifies the IP address of the next hop</p> <p><b>Values</b> a.b.c.d</p> <p><i>lsp-id</i> — specifies the label switched path that is signaled for this entry</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 65535</p> <p><i>tunnel-id</i> — specifies the SDP ID</p> <p><b>Values</b> 0 to 65535</p> <p><i>start-label end-label</i> — specifies the label range for the information dump</p> <p><b>Values</b> start-label — 32 to 131071<br/>end-label — 32 to 131071</p> |

### lspinfo

|                    |                                                   |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>lspinfo</b> [ <b>detail</b> ]                  |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>mpls                            |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays LSP information for MPLS.   |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                              |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>detail</b> — displays detailed LSP information |

## memory-usage

|                    |                                                          |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>memory-usage</b>                                      |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>mpls                                   |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays memory usage information for MPLS. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                     |

## ospf

|                    |                                                                         |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ospf</b>                                                             |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to display tools information for OSPF. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                    |

## abr

|                    |                                                                      |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>abr [detail]</b>                                                  |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ospf                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays area border router (ABR) information for OSPF. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                 |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>detail</b> — displays detailed information about the ABR          |

## asbr

|                    |                                                                                      |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>asbr [detail]</b>                                                                 |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ospf                                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays autonomous system boundary router (ASBR) information for OSPF. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                 |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>detail</b> — displays detailed information about the ASBR                         |

### bad-packet

|                    |                                                                                         |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>bad-packet</b> [ <i>interface-name</i> ]                                             |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ospf                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays information about bad packets for OSPF.                           |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                    |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>interface-name</i> — displays only the bad packets identified by this interface name |

### leaked-routes

|                    |                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>leaked-routes</b> [summary   detail]                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ospf                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays information about leaked routes for OSPF.                                                                                               |
| <b>Default</b>     | summary                                                                                                                                                       |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>summary</b> — displays a summary of information about leaked routes for OSPF<br><b>detail</b> — displays detailed information about leaked routes for OSPF |

### memory-usage

|                    |                                                                           |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>memory-usage</b> [detail]                                              |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ospf                                                    |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays memory usage information for OSPF.                  |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                      |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>detail</b> — displays detailed information about memory usage for OSPF |

### request-list

|                    |                                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>request-list</b> [neighbor <i>ip-address</i> ] [detail]<br><b>request-list</b> [virtual-neighbor <i>ip-address area-id area-id</i> ] [detail] |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ospf                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays request list information for OSPF.                                                                                         |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                                                                             |

**Parameters** **neighbor** *ip-address* — displays neighbor information only for the neighbor identified by the IP address

**detail** — displays detailed information about the neighbor or virtual neighbor

**virtual-neighbor** *ip-address* — displays information about the virtual neighbor identified by the IP address

*area-id* — the OSPF area ID expressed in dotted-decimal notation or as a 32-bit decimal integer

## retransmission-list

**Syntax** **retransmission-list** [**neighbor** *ip-address*] [**detail**]  
**retransmission-list** [**virtual-neighbor** *ip-address area-id area-id*] [**detail**]

**Context** tools>dump>router>ospf

**Description** This command displays dump retransmission list information for OSPF.

**Default** none

**Parameters** **neighbor** *ip-address* — displays neighbor information only for the neighbor identified by the IP address

**detail** — displays detailed information about the neighbor or virtual neighbor

**virtual-neighbor** *ip-address* — displays information about the virtual neighbor identified by the IP address

*area-id* — the OSPF area ID expressed in dotted-decimal notation or as a 32-bit decimal integer

## route-summary

**Syntax** **route-summary**

**Context** tools>dump>router>ospf

**Description** This command displays dump route summary information for OSPF.

**Default** none

### route-table

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>route-table</b> [ <b>type</b> ] [ <b>detail</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>ospf                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays dump information about routes learned through OSPF.                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>type</b> — the type of route table to display information about<br><b>Values</b> intra-area, inter-area, external-1, external-2, nssa-1, nssa-2<br><b>detail</b> — displays detailed information about learned routes |

### rsvp

|                    |                                                                         |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>rsvp</b>                                                             |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router                                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to display tools information for RSVP. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                    |

### psb

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>psb</b> [ <b>endpoint</b> <i>endpoint-address</i> ] [ <b>sender</b> <i>sender-address</i> ] [ <b>tunnelid</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ] [ <b>lspid</b> <i>lsp-id</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>rsvp                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays path state block (PSB) information for RSVP.<br><br>When a PATH message arrives at an LSR, the LSR stores the label request in the local PSB for the LSP. If a label range is specified, the label allocation process must assign a label from that range.<br><br>The PSB contains the IP address of the previous hop, the session, the sender, and the TSPEC. This information is used to route the corresponding RESV message back to LSR 1. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>endpoint-address</i> — specifies the IP address of the last hop<br><i>sender-address</i> — specifies the IP address of the sender<br><i>tunnel-id</i> — specifies the SDP ID<br><b>Values</b> 0 to 4294967295<br><i>lsp-id</i> — specifies the label switched path that is signaled for this entry<br><b>Values</b> 1 to 65535                                                                                                                                    |

## rsb

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>rsb</b> [ <b>endpoint</b> <i>endpoint-address</i> ] [ <b>sender</b> <i>sender-address</i> ] [ <b>tunnelid</b> <i>tunnel-id</i> ] [ <b>lspid</b> <i>lsp-id</i> ]                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>rsvp                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays RSVP Reservation State Block (RSB) information.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>endpoint-address</i> — specifies the IP address of the last hop<br><i>sender-address</i> — specifies the IP address of the sender<br><i>tunnel-id</i> — specifies the SDP ID<br><b>Values</b> 0 to 4294967295<br><i>lsp-id</i> — specifies the label switched path that is signaled for this entry<br><b>Values</b> 1 to 65535 |

## static-route

|                    |                                                                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>static-route</b>                                                              |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router                                                                |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to display tools information for static routes. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                             |

## ldp-sync-status

|                    |                                                                                       |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ldp-sync-status</b>                                                                |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>dump>router>static-route                                                        |
| <b>Description</b> | This command displays the status of the LDP synchronization timers for static routes. |

## **Tools Perform Commands**

- [Perform Commands on page 183](#)
- [Perform Router Commands on page 189](#)

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## Perform Commands

### perform

|                    |                                                                              |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>perform</b>                                                               |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to specify tools to perform specific tasks. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                         |

### aps

|                    |                                                             |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>aps</b>                                                  |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to perform APS operations. |

### clear

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>clear <i>aps-id</i> {protect   working}</b>                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>aps                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b> | This command removes all APS operational commands.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b><i>aps-id</i></b> — the specified APS group<br><b>protect</b> — the physical port acting as a protection circuit for the APS group<br><b>working</b> — the physical port acting as a working circuit for the APS group |

### exercise

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>exercise <i>aps-id</i> {protect   working}</b>                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>aps                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b> | This command performs an exercise request on the protection or working circuit.                                                                                                                                           |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b><i>aps-id</i></b> — the specified APS group<br><b>protect</b> — the physical port acting as a protection circuit for the APS group<br><b>working</b> — the physical port acting as a working circuit for the APS group |

## Tools Command Reference

### force

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>force</b> <i>aps-id</i> { <b>protect</b>   <b>working</b> }                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>aps                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b> | This command forces a switch to either the protection or working circuit.                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>aps-id</b> — the specified APS group<br><b>protect</b> — the physical port acting as a protection circuit for the APS group<br><b>working</b> — the physical port acting as a working circuit for the APS group |

### lockout

|                    |                                                                           |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>lockout</b> <i>aps-id</i>                                              |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>aps                                                         |
| <b>Description</b> | This command locks out the protection circuit in the specified APS group. |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>aps-id</b> — the specified APS group                                   |

### request

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>request</b> <i>aps-id</i> { <b>protect</b>   <b>working</b> }                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>aps                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Description</b> | This command requests a manual switch to either the protection or working circuit.                                                                                                                                 |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>aps-id</b> — the specified APS group<br><b>protect</b> — the physical port acting as a protection circuit for the APS group<br><b>working</b> — the physical port acting as a working circuit for the APS group |

### cron

|                    |                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>cron</b>                                                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform                                                                     |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to perform CRON (scheduling) control operations. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                              |

## action

|                    |                                                                                                                                  |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>action</b>                                                                                                                    |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>cron                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to stop the execution of a script started by CRON action. See the <a href="#">stop</a> command. |

## stop

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |               |                       |                |           |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>stop</b> [ <i>action-name</i> ] [ <b>owner</b> <i>action-owner</i> ] [ <b>all</b> ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |               |                       |                |           |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>cron>action                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |               |                       |                |           |
| <b>Description</b> | This command stops execution of a script started by CRON action.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |               |                       |                |           |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>action-name</i> — specifies the action name<br><table> <tr> <td><b>Values</b></td> <td>maximum 32 characters</td> </tr> </table> <i>action-owner</i> — specifies the owner name<br><table> <tr> <td><b>Default</b></td> <td>TiMOS CLI</td> </tr> </table> <b>all</b> — specifies to stop all CRON scripts | <b>Values</b> | maximum 32 characters | <b>Default</b> | TiMOS CLI |
| <b>Values</b>      | maximum 32 characters                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |               |                       |                |           |
| <b>Default</b>     | TiMOS CLI                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |               |                       |                |           |

## ima

|                    |                                                             |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ima</b>                                                  |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to perform IMA operations. |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>none</b>                                                 |

## reset

|                    |                                                         |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>reset</b> <i>bundle-id</i>                           |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>ima                                       |
| <b>Description</b> | This command resets an IMA bundle in the startup state. |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>none</b>                                             |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>bundle-id</i> — specifies the IMA bundle ID          |

## Tools Command Reference

**Syntax:** bundle-ima-slot/mda.bundle-num  
bundle-ima keyword  
bundle-num 1 to 10

### log

**Syntax** log  
**Context** tools>perform  
**Description** This command enables event logging tools.

### test-event

**Syntax** test-event  
**Context** tools>perform>log  
**Description** This command generates a test event.

### security

**Syntax** security  
**Context** tools>perform  
**Description** This command provides tools for testing security.

### authentication-server-check

**Syntax** authentication-server-check server-address ip-address [port port] user-name dhcp-client-user-name password password secret key [source-address ip-address] [timeout seconds] [router router-instance]  
**Context** tools>perform>security  
**Description** This command checks connection to the RADIUS server.  
**Parameters** server-address ip-address — specifies the server ID  
**Values** a.b.c.d  
port — specifies the port ID  
**Values** 1 to 65535

*dhcp-client-user-name* — specifies the DHCP client

**Values** 256 characters maximum

*password* — specifies the CLI access password

**Values** 10 characters maximum

*key* — specifies the authentication key

**Values** 20 characters maximum

**source-address** *ip-address* — specifies the source IP address of the DHCP relay messages

**Values** a.b.c.d

*seconds* — specifies the timeout in seconds

**Values** 1 to 90

*router-instance* — specifies the router name or service ID

**Values** *router-name:* Base, management  
*service-id:* 1 to 2147483647

**Default** Base

## service

**Syntax** **service**

**Context** tools>perform

**Description** This command enables the context to configure tools for services.

## id

**Syntax** **id** *service-id*

**Context** tools>perform>service

**Description** This command enables the context to configure tools for a specific service.

**Parameters** *service-id* — specifies an existing service ID

**Values** 1 to 2147483647

### endpoint

- Syntax** `endpoint endpoint-name`
- Context** `tools>perform>service>id`
- Description** This command enables the context to configure tools for a specific VLL service endpoint.
- Parameters** *endpoint-name* — specifies an existing VLL service endpoint name

### force-switchover

- Syntax** `force-switchover sdp-id:vc-id`  
`no force-switchover`
- Context** `tools>perform>service>id`
- Description** This command forces a switch of the active spoke SDP for the specified service.
- Parameters** *sdp-id:vc-id* — specifies an existing spoke SDP for the service
- |               |                |                 |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| <b>Values</b> | <i>sdp-id:</i> | 1 to 17407      |
|               | <i>vc-id:</i>  | 1 to 4294967295 |

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## Perform Router Commands

### router

|                    |                                                                            |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>router</b> <i>router-instance</i>                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform                                                              |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables tools for the router instance.                        |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                       |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>router-instance</i> — specifies the router name and service ID          |
| <b>Values</b>      | <i>router-name:</i> Base, management<br><i>service-id:</i> 1 to 2147483647 |
| <b>Default</b>     | Base                                                                       |

### isis

|                    |                                                                   |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>isis</b>                                                       |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>router                                              |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to perform specific IS-IS tasks. |

### mpls

|                    |                                                                  |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>mpls</b>                                                      |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>router                                             |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to perform specific MPLS tasks. |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                             |

### cspf

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>cspf to</b> <i>ip-addr</i> [ <b>from</b> <i>ip-addr</i> ] [ <b>bandwidth</b> <i>bandwidth</i> ] [ <b>include-bitmap</b> <i>bitmap</i> ] [ <b>exclude-bitmap</b> <i>bitmap</i> ] [ <b>hop-limit</b> <i>limit</i> ] [ <b>exclude-address</b> <i>excl-addr...</i> (up to 8 max)] [ <b>use-te-metric</b> ] [ <b>strict-srlg</b> ] [ <b>srlg-group</b> <i>grp-id...</i> (up to 8 max)] |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>router>mpls                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>Description</b> | This command computes a CSPF path with specified user constraints.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Default</b>    | <b>none</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Parameters</b> | <b>to</b> <i>ip-addr</i> — specifies the destination IP address<br><b>from</b> <i>ip-addr</i> — specifies the originating IP address<br><i>bandwidth</i> — specifies the amount of bandwidth in megabits per second (Mb/s) to be reserved<br><b>include-bitmap</b> <i>bitmap</i> — specifies to include a bitmap that lists the admin groups that should be included during setup<br><b>exclude-bitmap</b> <i>bitmap</i> — specifies to exclude a bitmap that lists the admin groups that should be included during setup<br><i>limit</i> — specifies the total number of hops an FRR bypass LSP can take before merging back onto the main LSP path<br><i>excl-addr</i> — specifies an IP address to exclude from the operation (up to a maximum of eight addresses in one command)<br><b>use-te-metric</b> — specifies to use the traffic engineering metric used on the interface<br><b>strict-srlg</b> — specifies to use strict <b>frr-srlg</b> to compute a new CSPF path<br><i>grp-id</i> — specifies to use up to eight SRLGs to compute a new CSPF path |

## resignal

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>resignal</b> { <b>lsp</b> <i>lsp-name</i> <b>path</b> <i>path-name</i>   <b>delay</b> <i>minutes</i> }                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>router>mpls                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| <b>Description</b> | This command resignals specified LSP paths. The <i>minutes</i> parameter is used to configure the global timer to resignal all LSPs. The resignal timer is the time before resignaling occurs after the resignal condition occurs. If only <i>lsp-name</i> and <i>path-name</i> are provided, the specified LSP is resigned immediately. For the delay option to work, the resignal time in the <b>configure&gt;router&gt;mpls</b> context must be set. |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>none</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>lsp-name</i> — specifies a unique LSP name, up to 32 characters in length<br><i>path-name</i> — specifies the name for the LSP path, up to 32 characters in length<br><i>minutes</i> — specifies the delay interval, in minutes, before all LSPs are resigned. If the value 0 is entered, all LSPs are resigned immediately.                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Values</b>      | 0 to 30                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

## trap-suppress

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>trap-suppress</b> <i>number-of-traps</i> <i>time-interval</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>router>mpls                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Description</b> | This command modifies thresholds for trap suppression. The command is used to suppress traps after the specified number of traps has been raised within the specified period of time.                                                                             |
| <b>Default</b>     | none                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <i>number-of-traps</i> — specifies the number of traps in multiples of 100. An error message is generated if an invalid value is entered.<br><b>Values</b> 100 to 1000<br><i>time-interval</i> — specifies the time interval in seconds<br><b>Values</b> 1 to 300 |

## ospf

|                    |                                                                  |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ospf</b>                                                      |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>router                                             |
| <b>Description</b> | This command enables the context to perform specific OSPF tasks. |

## ldp-sync-exit

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>ldp-sync-exit</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>router>ospf<br>tools>perform>router>isis                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Description</b> | This command terminates IGP-LDP synchronization. OSPF or IS-IS then advertises the actual cost value of the link for all interfaces that have IGP-LDP synchronization enabled, if the currently advertised cost is different. |

## refresh-lsas

|                    |                                                            |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>refresh-lsas</b> [ <i>lsa-type</i> ] [ <i>area-id</i> ] |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools>perform>router>ospf                                  |
| <b>Description</b> | This command refreshes LSAs for OSPF.                      |

- Parameters** *lsa-type* — the specified LSA type
- Values** router, network, summary, asbr, extern, nssa, opaque
- area-id* — the OSPF area ID expressed in dotted-decimal notation or as a 32-bit integer
- Values** 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255 (dotted-decimal), 0 to 4294967295 (decimal integer)

### run-manual-spf

- Syntax** `run-manual-spf [externals-only]`
- Context** tools>perform>router>ospf  
tools>perform>router>isis
- Description** This command runs the shortest path first (SPF) algorithm for OSPF or IS-IS.  
The **externals-only** parameter applies only to OSPF.
- Parameters** **externals-only** — specifies the route preference for OSPF external routes

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## ADP Commands

### auto-discovery

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>auto-discovery [retry] [terminate]</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command is used to control ADP while it is running.</p> <p>The <b>retry</b> keyword restarts ADP if it has been halted due to errors. Executing this command clears the rejected DHCP server list for all ports and retries any processing that failed.</p> <p>The <b>terminate</b> keyword terminates ADP and removes the ADP keyword from the BOF. The router returns to normal operations and any temporary configuration is removed. Network configuration and remote access remain enabled to allow the router to be manually provisioned remotely. ADP will not run again on future system restarts unless it is re-enabled via the CLI.</p> |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>none</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <p><b>retry</b> — resumes ADP after being halted for errors</p> <p><b>terminate</b> — terminates ADP and removes the ADP keyword from the BOF</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

### auto-discovery echo

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Syntax</b>      | <b>[no] auto-discovery echo [debugger]</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Context</b>     | tools                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Description</b> | <p>This command enables ADP echoing, which sends periodic updates to the console. The default is for ADP to echo progress summaries and major events. For troubleshooting, the optional <b>debugger</b> parameter causes ADP to echo detailed progress reports with events and timestamps. The command reverts to the default settings each time ADP is run on the system.</p> <p>The <b>no</b> form of this command disables ADP echoing.</p> |
| <b>Default</b>     | <b>auto-discovery echo</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>Parameters</b>  | <b>debugger</b> — enables ADP echoing of detailed progress reports with events and timestamps                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |



# Standards and Protocol Support

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## Standards Compliance

|                 |                                                             |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| IEEE 802.1ag    | Service Layer OAM                                           |
| IEEE 802.1p/q   | VLAN Tagging                                                |
| IEEE 802.3      | 10BaseT                                                     |
| IEEE 802.3ah    | Ethernet OAM                                                |
| IEEE 802.3u     | 100BaseTX                                                   |
| IEEE 802.3x     | Flow Control                                                |
| IEEE 802.3z     | 1000BaseSX/LX                                               |
| IEEE 802.3-2008 | Revised base standard                                       |
| ITU-T Y.1731    | OAM functions and mechanisms<br>for Ethernet-based networks |

## Telecom Compliance

|                                      |                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IC CS-03 Issue 9                     | Spectrum Management and<br>Telecommunications                                                                                             |
| ACTA TIA-968-A                       |                                                                                                                                           |
| AS/ACIF S016 (Australia/New Zealand) | Requirements for Customer<br>Equipment for connection to<br>hierarchical digital interfaces                                               |
| ITU-T G.703                          | Physical/electrical characteristics<br>of hierarchical digital interfaces                                                                 |
| ITU-T G.707                          | Network node interface for the<br>Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH)                                                                     |
| ITU-T G.712-2001                     | Transmission performance<br>characteristics of pulse code<br>modulation channels                                                          |
| ITU-T G.957                          | Optical interfaces for equipments<br>and systems relating to the<br>synchronous digital hierarchy                                         |
| ITU-T V.24                           | List of definitions for interchange<br>circuits between data terminal<br>equipment (DTE) and data circuit-<br>terminating equipment (DCE) |
| ITU-T V.36                           | Modems for synchronous data<br>transmission using 60-108 kHz group<br>band circuits                                                       |

## Protocol Support

### ATM

|                              |                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RFC 2514                     | Definitions of Textual Conventions and<br>OBJECT_IDENTITIES for ATM<br>Management, February 1999                                   |
| RFC 2515                     | Definition of Managed Objects for ATM<br>Management, February 1999                                                                 |
| RFC 2684                     | Multiprotocol Encapsulation over ATM<br>Adaptation Layer 5                                                                         |
| af-tm-0121.000               | Traffic Management Specification<br>Version 4.1, March 1999                                                                        |
| ITU-T Recommendation I.610   | B-ISDN Operation<br>and Maintenance Principles and Functions version<br>11/95                                                      |
| ITU-T Recommendation I.432.1 | B-ISDN user-<br>network interface - Physical layer specification:<br>General characteristics                                       |
| GR-1248-CORE                 | Generic Requirements for<br>Operations of ATM Network Elements (NEs). Issue<br>3 June 1996                                         |
| GR-1113-CORE                 | Bellcore, Asynchronous Transfer<br>Mode (ATM) and ATM Adaptation Layer (AAL)<br>Protocols Generic Requirements, Issue 1, July 1994 |
| AF-PHY-0086.001              | Inverse Multiplexing for ATM<br>(IMA)                                                                                              |

### BFD

|                                 |                                                                   |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| draft-ietf-bfd-mib-00.txt       | Bidirectional Forwarding<br>Detection Management Information Base |
| draft-ietf-bfd-base-o5.txt      | Bidirectional Forwarding<br>Detection                             |
| draft-ietf-bfd-v4v6-1hop-06.txt | BFD IPv4 and IPv6<br>(Single Hop)                                 |
| draft-ietf-bfd-multihop-06.txt  | BFD for Multi-hop<br>Paths                                        |

### **BGP**

- RFC 1397 BGP Default Route Advertisement
- RFC 1997 BGP Communities Attribute
- RFC 2385 Protection of BGP Sessions via MDS
- RFC 2439 BGP Route Flap Dampening
- RFC 2547bis BGP/MPLS VPNs
- RFC 2918 Route Refresh Capability for BGP-4
- RFC 3107 Carrying Label Information in BGP-4
- RFC 3392 Capabilities Advertisement with BGP-4
- RFC 4271 BGP-4 (previously RFC 1771)
- RFC 4360 BGP Extended Communities Attribute
- RFC 4364 BGP/MPLS IP Virtual Private Networks (VPNs) (previously RFC 2574bis BGP/MPLS VPNs)
- RFC 4456 BGP Route Reflection: Alternative to Full-mesh IBGP (previously RFC 1966 and RFC 2796)
- RFC 472 Graceful Restart Mechanism for BGP - GR Helper
- RFC 4760 Multi-protocol Extensions for BGP (previously RFC 2858)

### **DHCP**

- RFC 1534 Interoperation between DHCP and BOOTP
- RFC 2131 Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (REV)
- RFC 3046 DHCP Relay Agent Information Option (Option 82)

### **DIFFERENTIATED SERVICES**

- RFC 2474 Definition of the DS Field in the IPv4 and IPv6 Headers
- RFC 2597 Assured Forwarding PHB Group
- RFC 2598 An Expedited Forwarding PHB
- RFC 3140 Per-Hop Behavior Identification Codes

### **DIGITAL DATA NETWORK MANAGEMENT**

- V.35
- RS-232 (also known as EIA/TIA-232)

### **GRE**

- RFC 2784 Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE)

### **LDP**

- RFC 5036 LDP Specification

### **IS-IS**

- RFC 1142 OSI IS-IS Intra-domain Routing Protocol (ISO 10589)
- RFC 1195 Use of OSI IS-IS for routing in TCP/IP & dual environments
- RFC 2763 Dynamic Hostname Exchange for IS-IS
- RFC 2966 Domain-wide Prefix Distribution with Two-Level IS-IS
- RFC 2973 IS-IS Mesh Groups
- RFC 3373 Three-Way Handshake for Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS) Point-to-Point Adjacencies
- RFC 3567 Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS) Cryptographic Authentication
- RFC 3719 Recommendations for Interoperable Networks using IS-IS
- RFC 3784 Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS) Extensions for Traffic Engineering (TE)
- RFC 3787 Recommendations for Interoperable IP Networks
- RFC 4205 for Shared Risk Link Group (SRLG) TLV draft-ietf-isis-igp-p2p-over-lan-05.txt
- RFC 5309 Point-to-Point Operation over LAN in Link State Routing Protocols

### **MPLS**

- RFC 3031 MPLS Architecture
- RFC 3032 MPLS Label Stack Encoding
- RFC 3815 Definitions of Managed Objects for the Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS), Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)
- RFC 4379 Detecting Multi-Protocol Label Switched (MPLS) Data Plane Failures

### **NETWORK MANAGEMENT**

- ITU-T X.721: Information technology- OSI-Structure of Management Information
- ITU-T X.734: Information technology- OSI-Systems Management: Event Report Management Function
- M.3100/3120 Equipment and Connection Models
- TMF 509/613 Network Connectivity Model
- RFC 1157 SNMPv1
- RFC 1305 Network Time Protocol (Version 3) Specification, Implementation and Analysis
- RFC 1850 OSPF-MIB
- RFC 1907 SNMPv2-MIB
- RFC 2011 IP-MIB
- RFC 2012 TCP-MIB

RFC 2013 UDP-MIB  
 RFC 2030 Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) Version 4 for IPv4, IPv6 and OSI  
 RFC 2096 IP-FORWARD-MIB  
 RFC 2138 RADIUS  
 RFC 2206 RSVP-MIB  
 RFC 2571 SNMP-FRAMEWORKMIB  
 RFC 2572 SNMP-MPD-MIB  
 RFC 2573 SNMP-TARGET-&-NOTIFICATION-MIB  
 RFC 2574 SNMP-USER-BASED-SMMIB  
 RFC 2575 SNMP-VIEW-BASED ACM-MIB  
 RFC 2576 SNMP-COMMUNITY-MIB  
 RFC 2588 SONET-MIB  
 RFC 2665 EtherLike-MIB  
 RFC 2819 RMON-MIB  
 RFC 2863 IF-MIB  
 RFC 2864 INVERTED-STACK-MIB  
 RFC 3014 NOTIFICATION-LOG MIB  
 RFC 3164 The BSD Syslog Protocol  
 RFC 3273 HCRMON-MIB  
 RFC 3411 An Architecture for Describing Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Management Frameworks  
 RFC 3412 Message Processing and Dispatching for the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)  
 RFC 3413 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Applications  
 RFC 3414 User-based Security Model (USM) for version 3 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv3)  
 RFC 3418 SNMP MIB  
 draft-ietf-disman-alarm-mib-04.txt  
 draft-ietf-mppls-ldp-mib-07.txt  
 draft-ietf-ospf-mib-update-04.txt  
 draft-ietf-mppls-lsr-mib-06.txt  
 draft-ietf-mppls-te-mib-04.txt  
 IANA-IFTtype-MIB

### OSPF

RFC 1765 OSPF Database Overflow  
 RFC 2328 OSPF Version 2  
 RFC 2370 Opaque LSA Support  
 RFC 3101 OSPF NSSA Option  
 RFC 3137 OSPF Stub Router Advertisement  
 RFC 3630 Traffic Engineering (TE) Extensions to OSPF

### PPP

RFC 1332 PPP Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP)  
 RFC 1570 PPP LCP Extensions  
 RFC 1619 PPP over SONET/SDH  
 RFC 1661 The Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)  
 RFC 1662 PPP in HDLC-like Framing  
 RFC 1989 PPP Link Quality Monitoring  
 RFC 1990 The PPP Multilink Protocol (MP)  
 RFC 2686 The Multi-Class Extension to Multi-Link PPP

### PSEUDOWIRES

RFC 3550 RTP: A Transport Protocol for Real-Time Applications  
 RFC 3985 Pseudo Wire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Architecture  
 RFC 4385 Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) Control Word for Use over an MPLS PSN  
 RFC 4446 IANA Allocation for PWE3  
 RFC 4447 Pseudowire Setup and Maintenance Using the Label Distribution Protocol (LDP)  
 RFC 4448 Encapsulation Methods for Transport of Ethernet over MPLS Networks  
 RFC 4553 Structure-Agnostic Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) over Packet (SAToP)  
 RFC 4717 Encapsulation Methods for Transport of Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM) over MPLS Networks  
 RFC 5085 Pseudowire Virtual Circuit Connectivity Verification (VCCV): A Control Channel for Pseudowires  
 RFC 5086 Structure-Aware Time Division Multiplexed (TDM) Circuit Emulation Service over Packet Switched Network (CESoPSN)  
 draft-ietf-pwe3-redundancy-02 Pseudowire (PW) Redundancy

### RADIUS

RFC 2865 Remote Authentication Dial In User Service  
 RFC 2866 RADIUS Accounting

### RSVP-TE and FRR

- RFC 2430 A Provider Architecture for DiffServ & TE
- RFC 2961 RSVP Refresh Overhead Reduction Extensions
- RFC 2702 Requirements for Traffic Engineering over MPLS
- RFC 2747 RSVP Cryptographic Authentication
- RFC 3097 RSVP Cryptographic Authentication - Updated Message Type Value
- RFC 3209 Extensions to RSVP for LSP Tunnels
- RFC 3210 Applicability Statement for Extensions to RSVP for LSP Tunnels
- RFC 4090 Fast Reroute Extensions to RSVP-TE for LSP Tunnels

### SONET/SDH

- GR-253-CORE SONET Transport Systems: Common Generic Criteria. Issue 3, September 2000
- ITU-T Recommendation G.841 Telecommunication Standardization Section of ITU, Types and Characteristics of SDH Networks Protection Architecture, issued in October 1998 and as augmented by Corrigendum1 issued in July 2002

### SSH

- draft-ietf-secsh-architecture.txt SSH Protocol Architecture
- draft-ietf-secsh-userauth.txt SSH Authentication Protocol
- draft-ietf-secsh-transport.txt SSH Transport Layer Protocol
- draft-ietf-secsh-connection.txt SSH Connection Protocol
- draft-ietf-secsh- newmodes.txt SSH Transport Layer Encryption Modes

### SYNCHRONIZATION

- G.813 Timing characteristics of SDH equipment slave clocks (SEC)
- G.8261 Timing and synchronization aspects in packet networks
- G.8262 Timing characteristics of synchronous Ethernet equipment slave clock
- GR 1244 CORE Clocks for the Synchronized Network: Common Generic Criteria
- IEEE 1588v2 1588 PTP 2008

### TACACS+

- draft-grant-tacacs-02.txt The TACACS+ Protocol

### TCP/IP

- RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol
- RFC 791 Internet Protocol
- RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol
- RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol
- RFC 826 Ethernet Address Resolution Protocol
- RFC 854 Telnet Protocol Specification
- RFC 1350 The TFTP Protocol (Rev. 2)
- RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 Routers

### Proprietary MIBs

- TIMETRA-ATM-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-CAPABILITY-7705-V1.mib
- TIMETRA-CFLOWD-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-CHASSIS-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-CLEAR-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-FILTER-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-GLOBAL-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-LDP-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-LOG-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-MPLS-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-OAM-TEST-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-PORT-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-PPP-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-QOS-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-ROUTE-POLICY-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-RSVP-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-SAP-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-SDP-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-SECURITY-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-SERV-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-SYSTEM-MIB.mib
- TIMETRA-TC-MIB.mib

# Customer documentation and product support



## Customer documentation

<http://www.alcatel-lucent.com/myaccess>

Product manuals and documentation updates are available at [alcatel-lucent.com](http://www.alcatel-lucent.com). If you are a new user and require access to this service, please contact your Alcatel-Lucent sales representative.



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