

### **DESCRIPTION**

The Micro PLC CAN 4 ANA is a miniature controller for automotive applications with 4 analog inputs and outputs, which can be configured to measure current, frequency and voltage. All data can be conveniently sent and read out via the CAN bus interface.

## **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION**

## REGULATORY APPROVALS AND TESTING

Housing	Plastic PA66GF30
Connector	Base plate 9-pin
Weight	28 g
Temperature range acc. to ISO 16750-4	-40 °C+85 °C
Environmental protection acc. to ISO 20653	IP6K8 without potentiometer with correct mounting position (connection pins vertically downwards) and use of the waterproof socket otherwise IP40/IP20 (without/ with potentiometer)
Current consumption	35 mA (at 12 V) 40 mA (at 24 V)
Over-current Protection	Current consumption + load current
Total Inputs and outputs	4
Inputs	Configurable as: Analog input (012.5 V/036 V) Digital input Current input (024/31 mA) Frequency input
Outputs	Configurable as: Constant voltage source Analog voltage output
Supply voltage	932 V (Code C for 12 V, Code E for 24 V, acc. to ISO 16750-2)
Overvoltage protection	≥ 33 V
Quiescent current	20 μA (at 12 V and 24 V)
Reverse polarity protection	yes
CAN Interfaces	Highspeed 2.0 A/B according to ISO 11898-2

E1 approval	10 R - 05 7522
Electrical tests	Acc. to ISO 16750-2 or -4: Supply voltage test Long-term overvoltage at T <sub>65 °C</sub> Short circuit signal lines Short circuit in load circuits Reverse voltage Pin interruption Interruption Connector Storage test T <sub>max</sub> and T <sub>min</sub> Operation test T <sub>max</sub> and T <sub>min</sub> Starting profile
	Acc. to ISO 7637: Car pulses 1 to 3b to ECE R10

#### SOFTWARE/PROGRAMMING

**Programming System** 

### MRS APPLICS STUDIO

The Applics Studio is the new development and tool platform for our assemblies. Program your MRS controls quickly and easily with our stand-alone software. The focus is on your application.



## **INPUT FEATURES - SUMMARY**

Pin 1, 3	Usable as analog or digital input Resolution Accuracy	12 Bit 1% full scale	Pin 5, 8	Usable as analog or digital input Resolution Accuracy	12 Bit 1% full scale
Voltage input 012.5 V (see A) <sup>1</sup>	Input resistance Input frequency <sup>2</sup> Accuracy Conversion factor	44 kΩ f <sub>g</sub> = 30 Hz ± 3 % 3 (33 Digits ≈ 100 mV, S.5)	Voltage input 012.5 V (see A) <sup>1</sup>	Input resistance Input frequency <sup>2</sup> Accuracy Conversion factor	80 kΩ f <sub>g</sub> = 30 Hz ± 3 % 3 (33 Digits ≈ 100 mV, S.5)
Voltage input 036 V (see B) <sup>1</sup>	Input resistance Input frequency <sup>2</sup> Accuracy Conversion factor	29 kΩ f <sub>g</sub> = 75 Hz ± 3 % 8,8 (12 Digits ≈ 100 mV, S.5)	Voltage input 036 V (see B)1	Input resistance Input frequency <sup>2</sup> Accuracy Conversion factor	54 kΩ f <sub>g</sub> = 75 Hz ± 3 % 8,8 (12 Digits ≈ 100 mV, S.5)
Digital input <sup>1</sup>	Input resistance Turn-on threshold (12.5 V) Turn-off threshold (12.5 V) Turn-on threshold (36 V) Turn-off threshold (36 V)	29 kΩ 7 V 5.5 V 20.5 V 15.6 V	Digital input <sup>1</sup>	Input resistance Turn-on threshold (12.5 V) Turn-off threshold (12.5 V) Turn-on threshold (36 V) Turn-off threshold (36 V)	54 kΩ 7 V 5.5 V 20.5 V 15.6 V
Current input 024/31 mA (see C) <sup>3</sup>	Input resistance Conversion factor 024 mA 031 mA	500 Ω ≈ 0.0059 (1695 Digits ≈ 10 mA) ≈ 0.0175 (580 Digits ≈ 10 mA)	Current input 024/31 mA (see C) <sup>3</sup>	Input resistance Conversion factor 024 mA 031 mA	500 Ω ≈ 0.0059 (1695 Digits ≈ 10 mA) ≈ 0.0175 (580 Digits ≈ 10 mA)
Frequency input (see D)4	Input resistance Accuracy  Turn-on threshold (12.5 V)  Turn-off threshold (12.5 V)  Turn-on threshold (36 V)  Turn-off threshold (36 V)	29 kΩ Up to 4.3 kHz max. ± 3 % 7 V 5.5 V 20.5 V	<ul> <li>Defined voltage signals must always be applied to pins that ar configured as analog or digital inputs. Otherwise, they may be in an undefined state and cause malfunctions.</li> <li>cutoff frequency (-3 dB)</li> <li>Switching via measuring range</li> <li>When programming via C-code, both frequency inputs can be read in parallel.</li> </ul>		

## **CONFIGURATION OF INPUTS**

Desired Configuration	Setting via
Voltage input 012.5 V	DO_I_NAME = 0, DO_30V_10V_NAME = 0, PWM_20MA_NAME = 0
Voltage input 036 V	DO_I_NAME = 0, DO_30V_10V_NAME = 1, PWM_20MA_NAME = 0
Analog voltage output / current input	DO_I_NAME = 1, PWM_20MA_NAME $(0100\% = 0U_{B-3 \vee}^{5})$
Current output	DO_I_NAME = 0, PWM_20MA_NAME (0100% = 025 mA)
Frequency input (X and C)	Reading of the input frequency via FREQ_NAME

 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  applies up to a maximum output voltage of 12 V, which corresponds to an supply voltage of approx. 15 V.



## **OUTPUT FEATURES - SUMMARY**

Pin 1, 3 ,5 ,8 (X, C, 87A, 87)

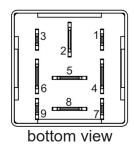
 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Digital, positive} & \text{Switching voltage} & \text{UB}_{.3\text{V}} \\ \text{switching} & \text{Switching current} & 25 \text{ mA} \\ \text{Analog voltage output} & \text{Deviation} \pm 3 \ \% \\ \end{array}$ 

## PIN ASSIGNMENT POWER SUPPLY AND INTERFACES

Pin	Pin description	Pin	Pin description
2	Contact 30 / Supply voltage	7	CAN-H
4	Contact 15 / Battery / Ignition	9	CAN-L
6	Contact 31 / Ground		

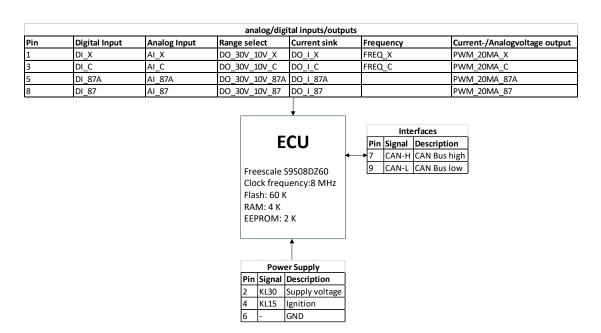
## PIN ASSIGNMENT INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

Pin	Programm signal	Pin description	Pin	Programm signal	Pin description
1	DI_X AI_X DO_30V_10V_X DO_I_X PWM_20MA_X	Digital input X Analog input X Range selection 12.5/36 V Current sink X Current output X Analog voltage output	5	DI_87A AI_87A DO_30V_10V_87A DO_I_87A PWM_20MA_87A	Digitale input 87A Analog input 87A Range selection 12.5/36 V Current sink 87A Current output 87A Analog voltage output
	FREQ_X	Frequency input X	8	DI 87	Digital input 87
3	DI_C Digital input C AI_C Analog input C DO_30V_10V_C Range selection 12.5/36 V DO_I_C Current sink C PWM_20MA_C Current output C		AI_87 DO_30V_10V_87 DO_I_87 PWM_20MA_87	Analog input 87 Range selection 12.5/36 V Current sink 87 Current output 87 Analog voltage output	
	Analog voltage output FREQ_C Frequency input C				

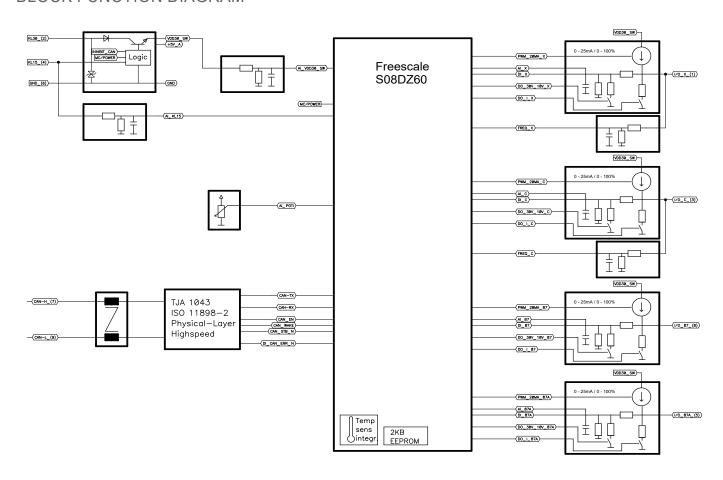




#### PIN FEATURE MAP

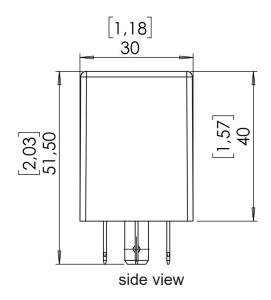


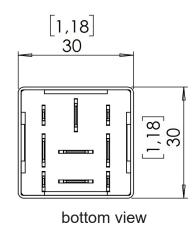
## **BLOCK FUNCTION DIAGRAM**



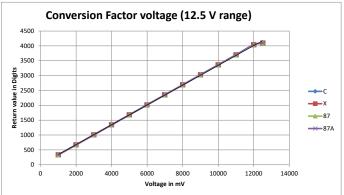


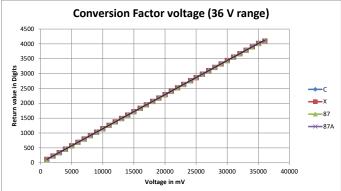
# TECHNICAL DRAWING IN MM [INCH], TOLERANCES ACCORDING TO ISO 2768-1 V

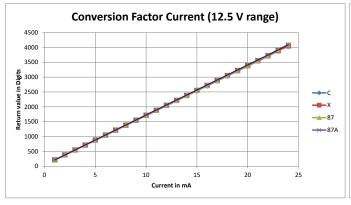


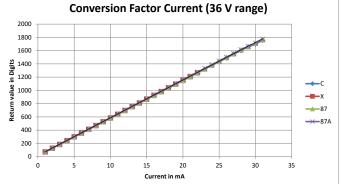


### **CONVERSION FACTOR**









### MRS ELECTRONIC

## DATASHEET CAN 4 ANA 1.112



## ASSEMBLY OPTIONS AND ORDER INFORMATION

Order number	Pin numbering of the inputs			CAN Bus	Remarks	
	A Voltage 012.5 V	B Voltage 036 V	C Current 031 mA	D Frequency 04.3 kHz	High-Speed	
1.112.300.00	1,3,5,8	1,3,5,8	1,3,5,8	1,3	Х	
1.112P.300.00	1,3,5,8	1,3,5,8	1,3,5,8	1,3	Х	CANopen

SCIP-number: 09a6e447-a7d3-45df-8198-df83228e8c33

## **MRS ELECTRONIC**

## DATASHEET CAN 4 ANA 1.112



## **ACCESSORIES**

Description	Order number
Softwaretool MRS Applics Studio	1.100.200.01
Cable set to programm CAN 4 ANA	109446
Socket ST FL 9-pin 5x6.3 / 4x2.8	1.017.002.00
Socket package watertight 40 mm	1.017.010.40
FASTON terminal for latching 6.3 mm 1.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	103064
FASTON terminal for latching 6.3 mm 1.0 mm <sup>2</sup>	102355
FASTON terminal for latching 2.8 mm 0.5-1.0 mm <sup>2</sup>	105292
Housing bracket	1.017.08.00
PCAN-USB Interface	105358



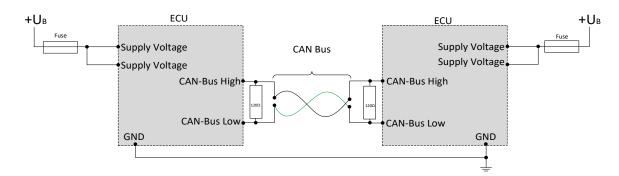
## **MANUFACTURER**

MRS Electronic GmbH & Co. KG Klaus-Gutsch-Str. 7 78628 Rottweil Germany

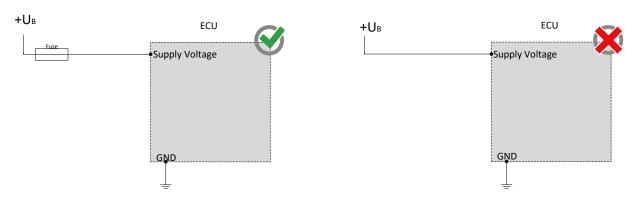


### NOTES ON WIRING AND CABLE ROUTING

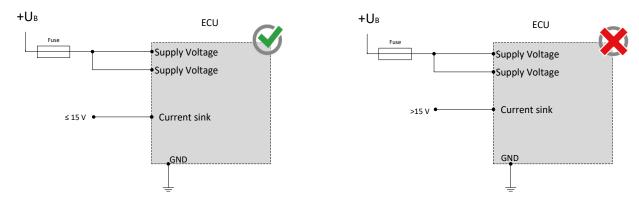
CAN bus communication is the main communication between the control unit and the vehicle. Therefore, connect the CAN bus with special care and check the correct communication with the vehicle to avoid undesired behavior.



The control must be protected against overload (see performance data)



When using the input with pull-down resistance (using DO\_I\_C/X/87/87A), you must not connect a greater voltage than 15 V to the input.



### DATASHEET CAN 4 ANA 1.112



### SAFETY AND INSTALLATION INFORMATION

It is essential to read the instructions in full thoroughly before working with the device.

Please note and comply with the instructions in the operating instructions and the information in the device data sheet, see www.mrs-electronic.com

Staff qualification: Only staff with the appropriate qualifications may work on this device or in its proximity.

#### SAFFTY



#### WARNING! Danger as a result of a malfunction of the entire system.

Unforeseen reactions or malfunctions of the entire system may jeopardise the safety of people or the machine.

· Ensure that the device is equipped with the correct software and that the wiring and settings on the hardware are appropriate.



#### WARNING! Danger as a result of unprotected moving components.

Unforeseen dangers may occur from the entire system when putting the device into operation and maintaining it.

- · Switch the entire system off before carrying out any work and prevent it from unintentionally switching back on.
- Before putting the device into operation, ensure that the entire system and parts of the system are safe.
- · The device should never be connected or separated under load or voltage.



#### CAUTION! Risk of burns from the housing.

The temperature of the device housing may be elevated.

• Do not touch the housing and let all system components cool before working on the system.

#### PROPER USE

The device is used to control or switch one or more electrical systems or sub-systems in motor vehicles and machines and may only be used for this purpose. The device may only be used in an industrial setting.



#### WARNING!Danger caused by incorrect use.

The device is only intended for use in motor vehicles and machines.

- Use in safety-related system parts for personal protection is not permitted.
- Do not use the device in areas where there is a risk of explosion.

#### Correct use:

- · operating the device within the operating areas specified and approved in the associated data sheet.
- · strict compliance with these instructions and no other actions which may jeopardise the safety of individuals or the functionality of the device.

#### Obligations of the manufacturer of entire systems

It is necessary to ensure that only functional devices are used. If devices fail or malfunction, they must be replaced immediately.

System developments, installation and the putting into operation of electrical systems may only be carried out by trained and experienced staff who are sufficiently familiar with the handling of the components used and the entire system.

It is necessary to ensure that the wiring and programming of the device does not lead to safety-related malfunctions of the entire system in the event of a failure or a malfunction. System behaviour of this type can lead to a danger to life or high levels of material damage.

The manufacturer of the entire system is responsible for the correct connection of the entire periphery (e.g. cable cross sections, correct selection/connection of sensors/actuators).

Opening the device, making changes to the device and carrying out repairs are all prohibited. Changes or repairs made to the cabling can lead to dangerous malfunctions. Repairs may only be carried out by MRS.

#### Installation

The installation location must be selected so the device is exposed to as low a mechanical and thermal load as possible. The device may not be exposed to any chemical loads.

Install the device in such a manner that the plugs point downwards. This means condensation can flow off the device. Single seals on the cables/leads must be used to ensure that no water gets into the device.

#### **Putting into operation**

The device may only be put into operation by qualified staff. This may only occur when the status of the entire system corresponds to the applicable quidelines and regulations.

### FAULT CORRECTION AND MAINTENANCE



#### NOTE The device is maintenance-free and may not be opened.

· If the device has damage to the housing, latches, seals or flat plugs, it must be taken out of operation.

Fault correction and cleaning work may only be carried out with the power turned off. Remove the device to correct faults and to clean it.

Check the integrity of the housing and all flat plugs, connections and pins for mechanical damage, damage caused by overheating, insulation damage and corrosion. In the event of faulty switching, check the software, switches and settings.

Do not clean the device with high pressure cleaners or steam jets. Do not use aggressive solvents or abrasive substances.