

5800PIR-OD Wireless Outdoor Motion Sensor – Installation Instructions

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Honeywell 5800PIR-OD Wireless Outdoor Motion Sensor (referred to as the 5800PIR-OD) combines the convenience of wireless technology with a full featured outdoor PIR motion sensor. The major features are highlighted below:

- Immunity to bright light disturbances from headlights, sunlight, and other bright light sources.
- Discriminates both large and small animals to reduce false alarms.
- Tamper detection.
- Selectable detector range and angle.
- Battery saving circuit allows for a 5 or 120 second period of inactivity before being reactivated.

SPECIFICATIONS

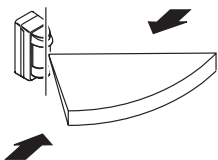
Detection Method	Passive Infrared
Initial Warm Up	~ 2 minutes
Dimensions	Height 199mm (7.8 in.) Width 82mm (3.2 in.) Depth 120mm (4.7 in.)
Mounting Height	0.8 - 1.2m (2.7 - 4ft) To the center of lens.

Range	Adjustable up to 12m (40ft)
Pattern	90° pattern consisting of 13 zones. This pattern can be adjusted in 15° increments from center up to 45°.
Sensitivity	2.0° C at 0.6m/s (3.6° F at 2.0ft/s)
Detection Speed	0.3 - 1.5m/s (1 - 5ft/s)
Operating Voltage	6 VDC (uses 4 lithium 1.5VDC AA cells)
Battery Saving Timer	Adjustable 120sec or 5sec
Alarm Period	~ 2.5 seconds
LED Indicator	Enabled during a walk test. Disabled for normal operation.
Weatherproof	IP54 compliance
Operating Temperature	- 20 to + 50 °C (- 4 to +122 °F)
Humidity	95% Max
Accessories (included)	Pole mounting kit, screw kit, detection masking strips.

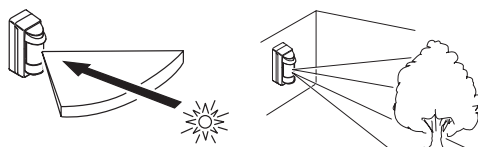
INSTALLATION (refer to the Component Identification Diagram on page 7)

1 Select the Mounting Position

- ☐ Orient the detector so that intrusion passes across the detection field, not into the sensor.

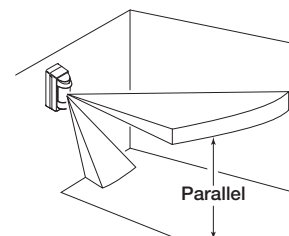


- ☐ Avoid strong sunlight into the sensor's field.
- ☐ Avoid moving or swaying trees and bushes.



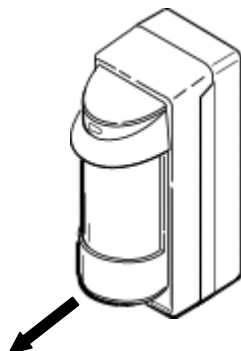
- ☐ Allow 110mm (4.4") above the sensor to enable opening the cover.
- ☐ Choose an installation height of 0.8m to 1.2m (2.7 to 4ft).

- ☐ Ensure the sensor can be mounted on a perpendicular wall or pole that would make its detection pattern parallel to the ground.

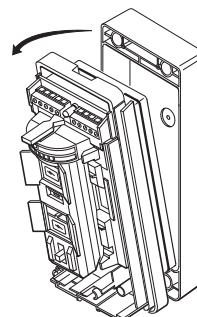


2 Prepare the Sensor for Mounting

1. Remove the Cover by pulling from bottom.



2. Remove Detector from the Back Box by pulling from top.

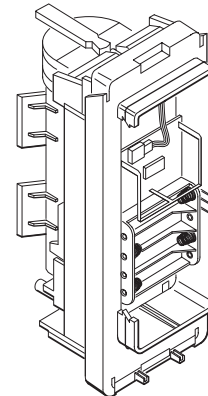


3 Install / Replace the Battery

IMPORTANT:

- Use only lithium batteries.
- Use four (4) lithium 1.5VDC AA cells. (Energizer L91 or equivalent.)
- Change all four batteries at the same time. Do not mix weak batteries with new batteries.
- Observe polarity.

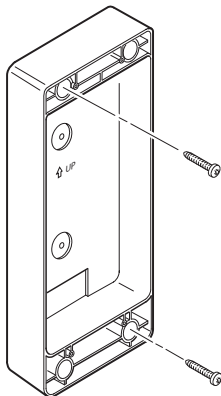
1. If necessary, loosen the Captive Lock Screw and lift Cover off. Then, remove 4 screws that secure the Detector to the Back Box.
2. Observe the proper polarity and replace the batteries. **Ensure positive side of battery is pointing away from the springs.**



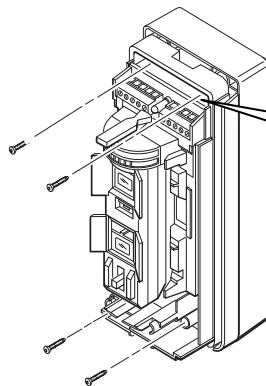
4 Mount the Sensor

WALL MOUNTING

1. Install the Back Box on the wall using two M4 x 20 mounting screws.



2. Secure the Detector to the Back Box.
3. Fasten with four self tapping M3 x 14 screws.

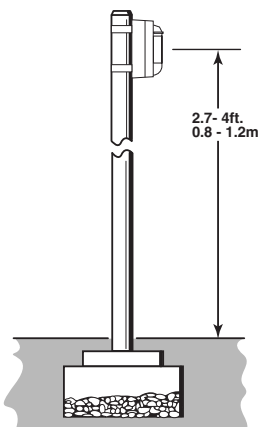


You may have to move aside the sponge packing to reveal the screw holes.

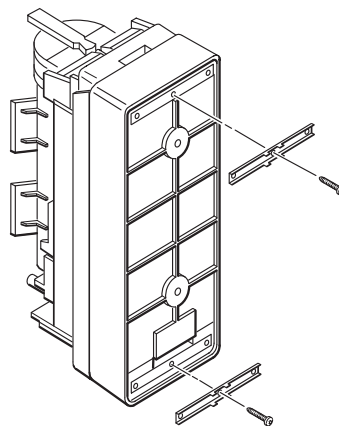
4. Perform Settings & Adjustments.
5. Perform a Walk Test.
6. Secure the Cover with the M3 x 10 Captive Lock Screw.
7. Program the control panel.

POLE MOUNTING

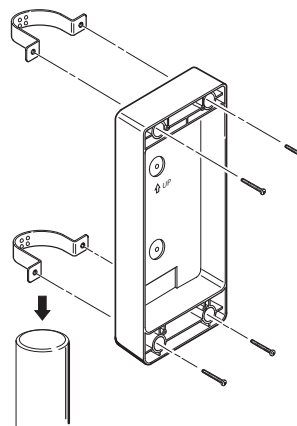
1. Use a pole with an outside diameter of 43-48mm (1.69-1.89").



2. Attach the Brackets to the Back Box with two M3 x 8 screws.



3. Using the Pole Brackets and four M4 x 30 screws, fasten the Back Box to the pole.



4. Secure the Detector to the Back Box and fasten with four self-tapping M3 x 14 screws.
5. Perform Settings & Adjustments.
6. Perform a Walk Test.
7. Secure the Cover with the M3 x 10 Captive Lock Screw.
8. Program the control panel.

5 Perform Settings & Adjustments

SET THE DETECTION LENGTH

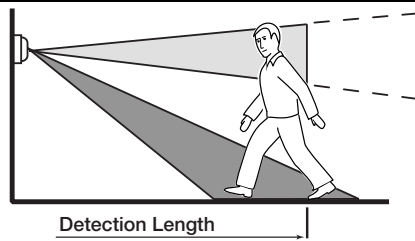
Note: The length of the lower detection area determines the detection length.

The upper detection area stays parallel to the ground at all times. The lower detection area can be adjusted by the Detection Length Adjustment Switch as shown below.

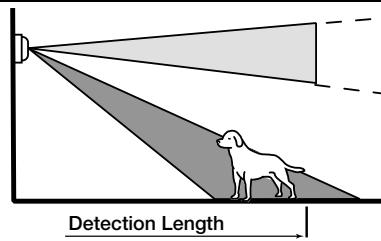
Detection length is therefore limited by the length of the lower detection area since both upper and lower areas have to be blocked at the same time to activate the sensor.

IMPORTANT:

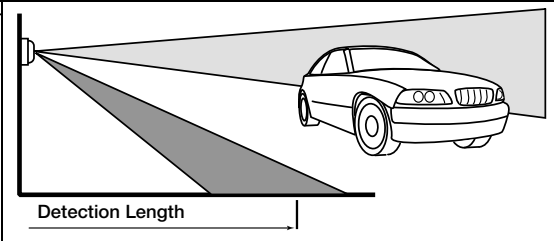
- This sensor detects temperature differences between the moving object and the background temperature in the detection area to produce a valid detection.
- If the object does not move, the sensor will not detect it.
- If there is traffic near the detection area, adjust the detection area length 1.5 to 2.0m (5 to 7ft) back from traffic.



UPPER and LOWER beams are blocked, detection is made.



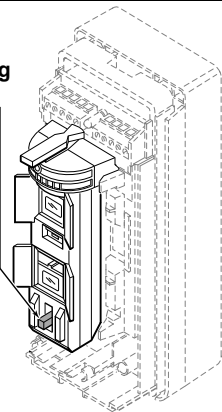
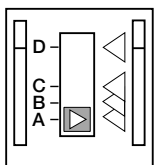
Only the LOWER beam is blocked, detection is not made.



Only the UPPER beam is blocked, detection is not made.

Press and slide the Detection Length Adjustment Switch to the desired position.

Default Setting

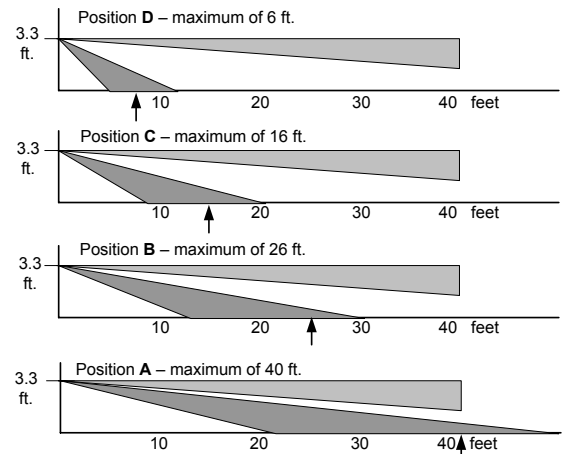


DETECTION LENGTH

	DETECTION LENGTH
D	2.0m (6.7ft)
C	5.0m (16.7ft)
B	8.0m (26.7ft)
A	12.0m (40.0ft)

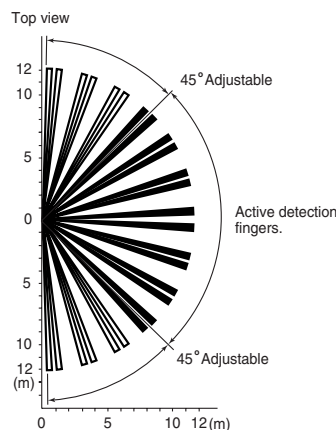
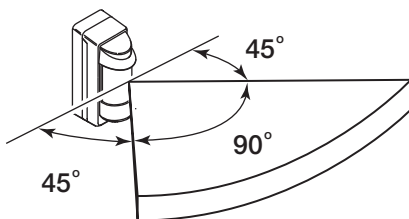
NOTES:

- This table is based on a motion sensor height of 1m (3.3ft)
- The height of the motion sensor will effect the detection length. In addition, the detection length may vary due to environmental conditions.

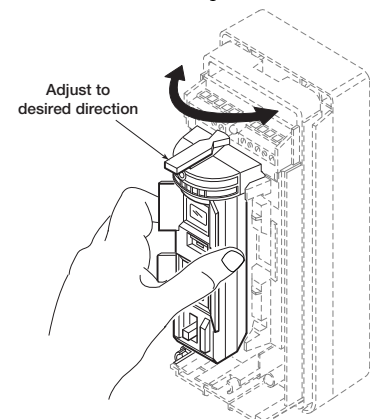


SET THE DETECTION AREA ANGLE

1. The detection area angle is 90° with 7 fingers as shown.

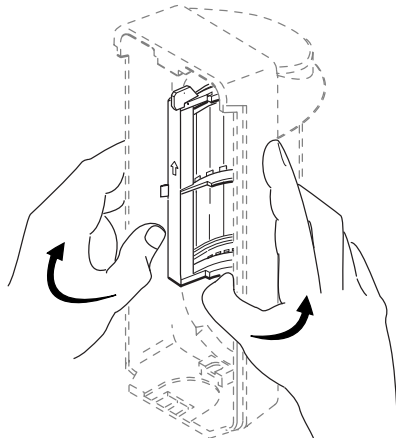


2. Hold the sensor and turn it to the desired direction. Each click represents 15° of change.

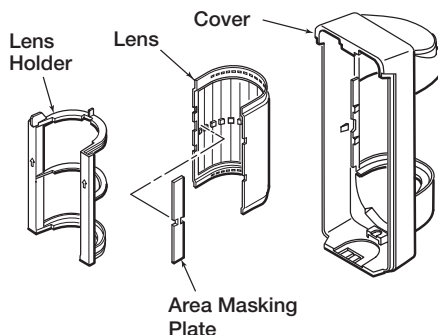


IF NECESSARY, CONFIGURE DETECTION MASKING

1. Spread the Cover and gently press on the Lens to remove the Lens Holder.

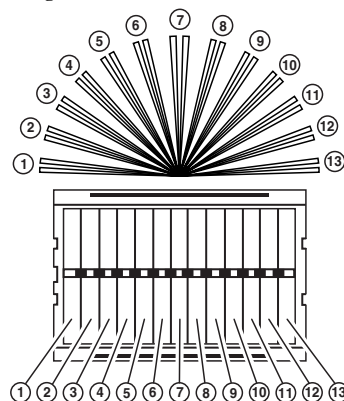


2. Separate the Lens from the Cover.

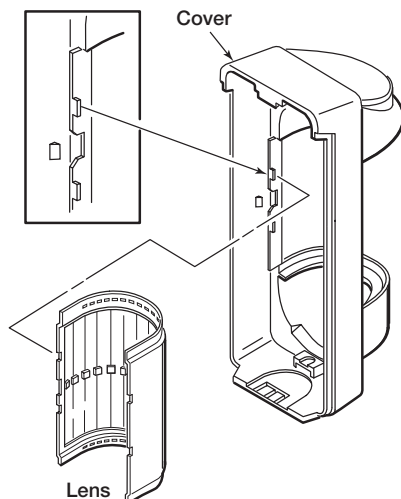


3. Identify the segments on the Lens to be masked.

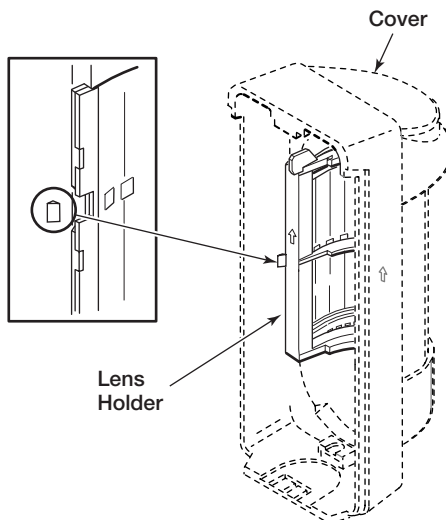
4. Then apply the adhesive Masking Strip(s), as necessary, inside the lens to mask the desired segments.



5. Replace the Lens by aligning the 4 cutouts on the lens to the 4 projections inside the cover. Snap in place with the Lens Holder.

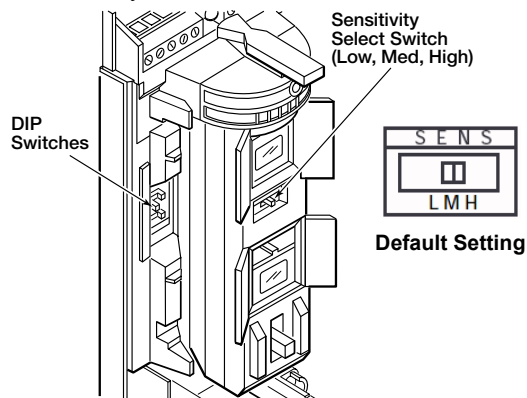


6. Ensure the Lens Holder is held by the left and right cover prongs and the two tabs are engaged.



SET THE SENSITIVITY

1. Set the Sensitivity Select Switch to the desired sensitivity.



Low Sensitivity - Best to prevent false detections.
High sensitivity - Best detection catches (increased false detections). Use for applications where you are tagging video, or need high security awareness.

SET THE DIP SWITCHES

1. At the DIP switches, set switch 2 for the desired Battery Saving Timer period.

Note: The alarm output activations are limited by the timer selection (5 or 120 seconds). Even if there are continuous alarm events, the alarm output operates only once in the selected timer period. This period can be set for 5 or 120 seconds.

120s - Default Setting

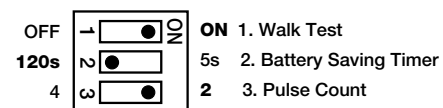
5s - Used when frequent alarm transmission is required. Battery life will be shortened when using this setting.

2. Set switch 3 for the desired Pulse Count (selectable for 2 or 4).

Pulse Count of 2 = detection can be made with as little as two steps.

Pulse Count of 4 = detection can be made with as little as four steps.

3. Set switch 1 to enable the Walk Test, then perform the walk test on the next page.



Default Setting

6 Perform a Walk Test

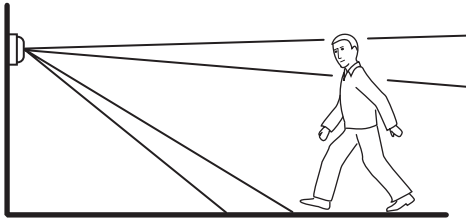
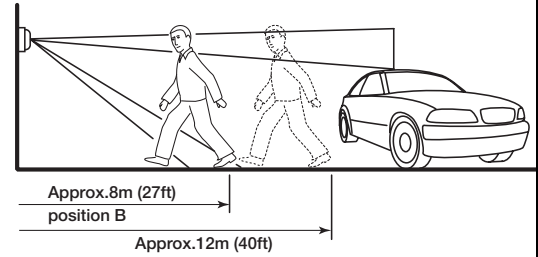
NOTE: With the Walk Test switch set to ON the LED will light when the detector is tripped, and the alarm is generated instantly.

1. Set the walk test switch (DIP switch 1) to ON. Replace the cover.
2. Perform a walk test through the detection area, and verify satisfactory results.
3. Allow the detection area to remain static, and check for false or unwanted detections.
4. If necessary, adjust the detection area (see Perform Settings & Adjustments).
5. Repeat the walk test through the detection area, and verify satisfactory results.
6. Set the walk test DIP switch 1 to OFF, and secure the Cover with the M3 x 10 Captive Lock Screw.

Notes:

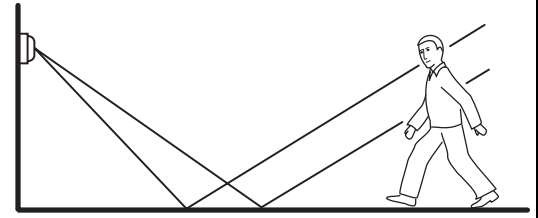
- If normal car or people traffic pass close to the detection area, adjust the detection area 1.5 to 2.0m (5 to 7ft) shorter to reduce false detections. This also allows for changes due to environmental thermal conditions.
- If the detection length is adjusted to position "A" [12m (40ft)], the detection area may increase when there is a big temperature difference between the moving object and the background.

- If this causes a problem, adjust the detection length to position "B". Then walk test to verify satisfactory results.



WALK TEST

- This sensor has a multi-level detection pattern (from side view). A heat source beyond the detection area may cause the detector to issue a false alarm by reflecting off the ground. Examples include puddles, wet surfaces, very smooth asphalt or concrete surfaces.
- If this causes a problem, adjust the detection length to position "B". Then perform a walk test to verify satisfactory results.



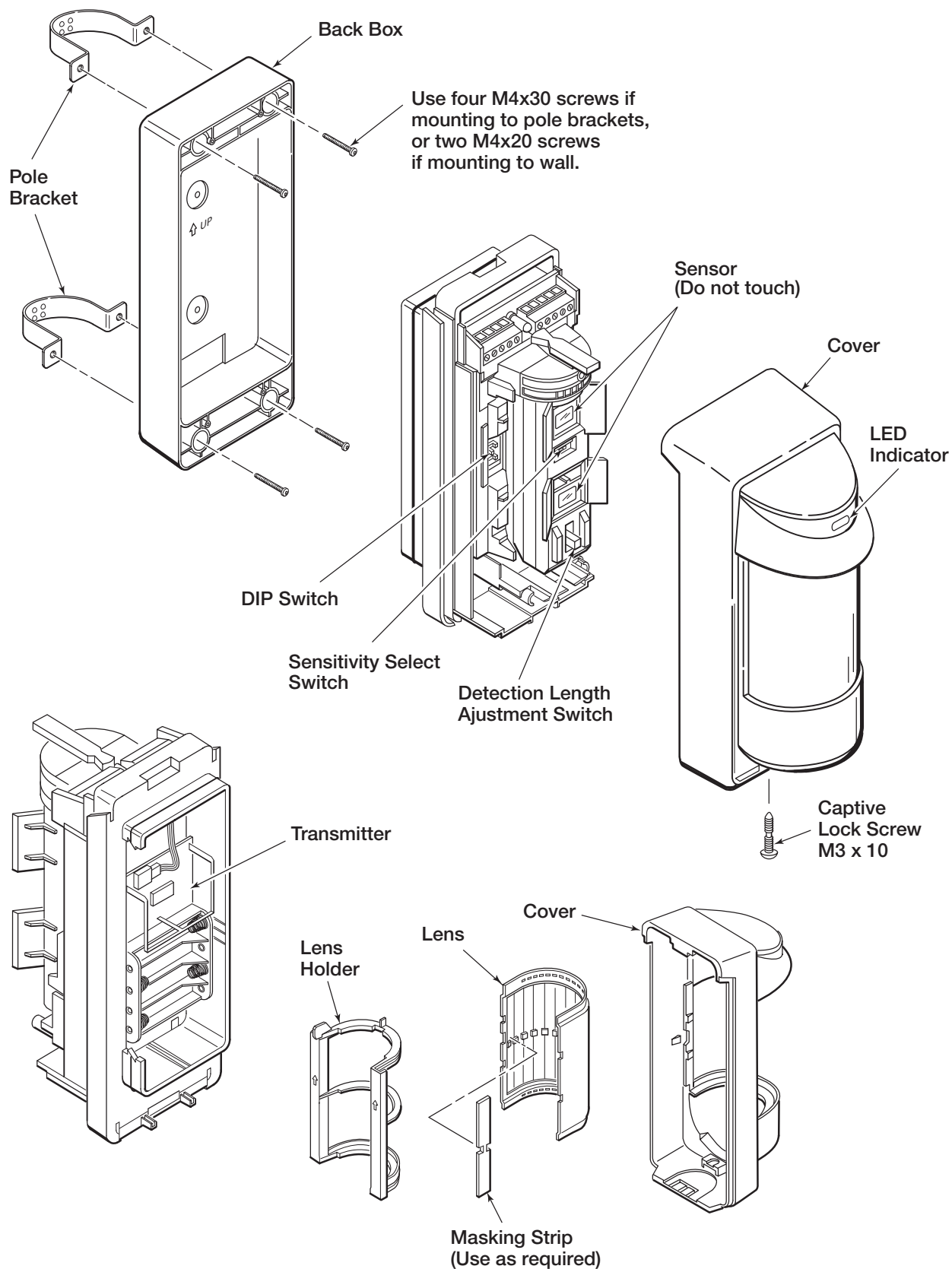
7 Program the Control Panel

Prior to use in the system, you must program the transmitter's serial number, input type (RF Supervised), response type, and loop # (set to 1) in the control panel. Refer to the control panel's instructions for further details.

Note: If you are learning the control panel by walking, either use the Walk Test setting or temporally set the Battery Saving Timer to 5 sec. When the programming is complete ensure the Walk Test switch is set to OFF, and the Battery Saving Timer is set to your desired setting.

TROUBLESHOOTING		
SYMPTOM	CAUSE	REMEDY
No detection, when walking through the detection area.	Batteries are incorrectly installed or dead.	Check for correct battery installation, or replace dead batteries.
	Wiring is faulty or loose.	Check all connectors and wiring.
	Water in unit.	Check for cracks in the housing that would allow water infiltration. Replace unit.
	Transmitter or PIR sensor is faulty.	Replace unit.
No detection occasionally, or poor detection.	Sensitivity is set too low.	Try a higher sensitivity setting.
	Detection area is not set correctly.	Perform a Settings & Adjustments procedure.
Low battery fault indicated on system keypad display.	Batteries are very low or dead.	Replace batteries.
Alarms when no one is walking through the detection area.	Sensor is not perpendicular to ground.	Remount and align sensor so the detection area is parallel to the ground.
	Sensor is detecting moving trees, bushes, or a strong source of light.	Check for moving trees, or bushes or a strong light source. Perform a Settings & Adjustments procedure.
	Lower detection area is too long.	Set Detection Length to a shorter range.
	A heat source in the area may be causing an abrupt temperature change.	Move or remove the heat source. Mask the area pointing to the source of heat, or shorten the Detection Length.

COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION DIAGRAM



FCC / IC STATEMENT

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules, and RSS210 of IC.

Operation is subject to the following conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

INFORMATION TO USER

Unauthorized changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

DOCUMENTATION AND ONLINE SUPPORT

For the latest documentation and online support information, please go to:

<http://www.security.honeywell.com/hsc/resources/MyWebTech/>

WARRANTY

For the latest warranty information, please go to:

<http://www.security.honeywell.com/hsc/resources/wa/>

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