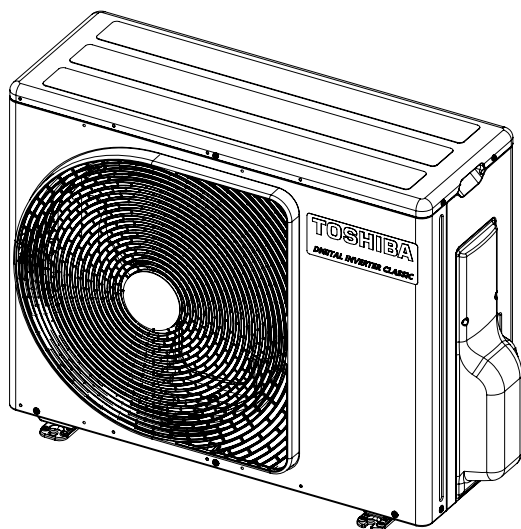


TOSHIBA

AIR CONDITIONER (SPLIT TYPE) Installation Manual



Outdoor Unit

Model name:

For commercial use

<Heat Pump Model>

RAV-GV1101ATP-E

Scan QR CODE to access installation and owner's manual on website.

<https://www.toshiba-carrier.co.th/manuals/default.aspx>

Manual are available in AR/BG/CZ/DA/DE/EL/EN/ES/ET/FI/FR/
HR/HU/IT/LT/LV/NL/NO/PL/PT/RO/RU/SK/SL/SV/TR.



English

Original instruction

Please read this Installation Manual carefully before installing the Air Conditioner.

- This Manual describes the installation method of the outdoor unit.
- For installation of the indoor unit, follow the Installation Manual attached to the indoor unit.

ADOPTION OF R32 REFRIGERANT

This air conditioner adopts the HFC refrigerant (R32) which does not destroy the ozone layer.
This Outdoor unit is designed exclusively for use with R32 refrigerant. Be sure to use in combination with a R32 refrigerant Indoor unit.

This equipment complies with IEC 61000-3-12 provided that the short-circuit power Ssc is greater than or equal to Ssc (*1) at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a short-circuit power Ssc greater than or equal to Ssc (*1).

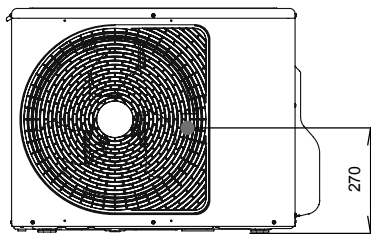
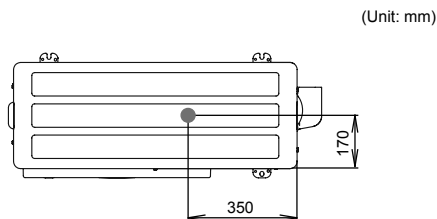
Ssc (*1)

Model	Ssc (KVA)
	Single system
RAV-GV1101ATP-E	775

Contents

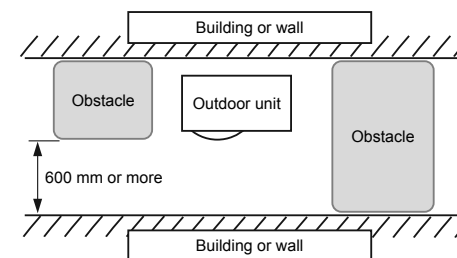
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■ Center of gravity



Cautions for Outdoor unit installation space

- In the event that the Outdoor unit is installed in a small space and refrigerant leaks, accumulation of highly concentrated refrigerant may cause a fire hazard. Therefore, be sure to follow the installation space instructions in the Installation Manual, and provide open space on at least one of the four Outdoor unit sides.
- In particular, when both the discharge and intake sides face walls and obstacles are also placed on both sides of the Outdoor unit, take steps to provide space wide enough for a person to pass (600 mm or more) on one side to prevent leaked refrigerant from accumulating.






To disconnect the appliance from main power supply

- This appliance must be connected to the main power supply by means of a switch with a contact separation of at least 3 mm.

Do not wash air conditioners with pressure washers.

- Electric leaks may cause electric shocks or fires.

1 Accessory parts

Part name	Q'ty	Shape	Usage
Installation Manual	1	Booklet	For hand this directly to the customer.
Drain nipple	1		
Waterproof rubber cap	2		
Safety Manual	1		For hand over directly to the customer.

2 Installation of R32 refrigerant air conditioner

CAUTION

R32 refrigerant air conditioner installation

- This air conditioner adopts the HFC refrigerant (R32) which does not destroy ozone layer.

Therefore, during installation work, make sure that water, dust, former refrigerant, or refrigerant oil does not enter the R32 refrigerant air conditioner cycle. To prevent mixing of refrigerant or refrigerant oil, the sizes of connecting sections of charge port on the main unit and installation tools are different from those of the conventional refrigerant units.

Accordingly, special tools are required for the R32 or R410A refrigerant units. For connecting pipes, use new and clean piping materials with high pressure fittings made for the R32 or R410A only, so that water and/or dust does not enter.

- When using existing piping, refer to “14 Appendix”.

■ Required Tools/Equipment and Precautions for Use

Prepare the tools and equipment listed in the following table before starting the installation work. Newly prepared tools and equipment must be used exclusively.

Legend

△ : Conventional tools (R32 or R410A)

◎ : Prepared newly (Use for R32 only)

Tools / equipment	Use	How to use tools / equipment
Gauge manifold	Vacuuming / charging refrigerant and operation check	△ Conventional tools (R410A)
Charging hose		△ Conventional tools (R410A)
Charging cylinder	Can not be used	Unusable (Use the electronic refrigerant charging scale)
Gas leak detector	Charging refrigerant	△ Conventional tools (R32 or R410A)
Vacuum pump	Vacuum drying	△ Conventional tools (R32 or R410A) Usable if the backflow prevention adapter is installed.
Vacuum pump with backflow prevention function	Vacuum drying	△ Conventional tools (R32 or R410A)
Flare tool	Flare machining of pipes	△ Conventional tools (R410A)

Bender	Bending pipes	△ Conventional tools (R410A)
Refrigerant recovery equipment	Refrigerant recovery	△ Conventional tools (R32 or R410A)
Torque wrench	Tightening flare nuts	△ Conventional tools (R410A)
Pipe cutter	Cutting pipes	△ Conventional tools (R410A)
Refrigerant cylinder	Charging refrigerant	◎ Prepared newly (Use for R32 only)
Welding machine and nitrogen cylinder	Welding pipes	△ Conventional tools (R410A)
Electronic refrigerant charging scale	Charging refrigerant	△ Conventional tools (R32 or R410A)

■ Refrigerant piping

R32 refrigerant



- Incomplete flaring may cause refrigerant gas leakage.
- Do not re-use flares. Use new flares to prevent refrigerant gas leakage.
- Use flare nuts that are included with the unit. Using different flare nuts may cause refrigerant gas leakage.

Use the following item for the refrigerant piping.
Material : Seamless phosphorous deoxidized copper pipe.
Ø6.35, Ø9.52, Ø12.7 Wall thickness 0.8 mm or more
Ø15.88 Wall thickness 1.0 mm or more

REQUIREMENT

When the refrigerant pipe is long, provide support brackets at intervals of 2.5 to 3 m to clamp the refrigerant pipe. Otherwise, abnormal sound may be generated.

3 Installation conditions

■ Before installation

Be sure to prepare to the following items before installation.

Length of refrigerant pipe

Model	Length of refrigerant pipe connected to Indoor / Outdoor unit
GV1101	5 to 30 m

- Do not connect a refrigerant pipe that is shorter than **5 m**.
This may cause a malfunction of the compressor or other devices.

Airtight test

1. Before starting an airtight test, further tighten the spindle valves on the gas and liquid sides.
2. Pressurize the pipe with nitrogen gas charged from the service port to the design pressure (4.15 MPa) to conduct an airtight test.
3. After the airtight test is completed, evacuate the nitrogen gas.

Air purge

- To purge air, use a vacuum pump.
- Do not use refrigerant charged in the Outdoor unit to purge air. (The air purge refrigerant is not contained in the Outdoor unit.)

Electrical wiring

- Be sure to fix the power wires and system interconnection wires with clamps so that they do not come into contact with the cabinet, etc.

Earthing



Make sure that proper earthing is provided.
Improper earthing may cause an electric shock.
For details on how to check earthing, contact the dealer who installed the air conditioner or a professional installation company.

- Proper earthing can prevent charging of electricity on the Outdoor unit surface due to the presence of a high frequency in the frequency converter (inverter) of the Outdoor unit, as well as prevent electric shock. If the Outdoor unit is not properly earthed, you may be exposed to an electric shock.
- **Be sure to connect the earth wire. (grounding work)**
Incomplete grounding can cause an electric shock. Do not connect ground wires to gas pipes, water pipes, lightning rods or ground wires for telephone wires.

Test run

Turn on the leakage breaker at least 12 hours before starting a test run to protect the compressor during startup.



Incorrect installation work may result in a malfunction or complaints from customers.

■ Installation location

⚠ WARNING

Install the Outdoor unit properly in a location that is durable enough to support the weight of the Outdoor unit.

Insufficient durability may cause the Outdoor unit to fall, which may result in injury.
Pay special attention when installing the unit onto a wall surface.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not install the Outdoor unit in a location that is subject to combustible gas leaks.
Accumulation of combustible gas around the Outdoor unit may cause a fire.

Install the Outdoor unit in a location that meets the following conditions after the customer's consent is obtained.

- A well-ventilated location free from obstacles near the air intakes and air discharge.
- A location that is not exposed to rain or direct sunlight.
- A location that does not increase the operating noise or vibration of the Outdoor unit.
- A location that does not produce any drainage problems from discharged water.

Do not install the Outdoor unit in the following locations.

- A location with a saline atmosphere (coastal area) or one that is full of sulfide gas (hot-spring area) (Special maintenance is required).
- A location subject to oil, vapor, oily smoke, or corrosive gases.
- A location in which organic solvent is used.
- Places where iron or other metal dust is present. If iron or other metal dust adheres to or collects on the interior of the air conditioner, it may spontaneously combust and start a fire.
- A location where high-frequency equipment (including inverter equipment, private power generator, medical equipment, and communication equipment) is used (Installation in such a location may cause malfunction of the air conditioner, abnormal control or problems due to noise from such equipment).
- A location in which the discharged air of the Outdoor unit blows against the window of a neighboring house.
- A location where the operating noise of the Outdoor unit is transmitted.
- When the Outdoor unit is installed in an elevated position, be sure to secure its feet.
- A location in which drain water poses any problems.

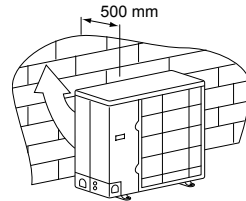
⚠ CAUTION

1 Install the Outdoor unit in a location where the discharge air is not blocked.

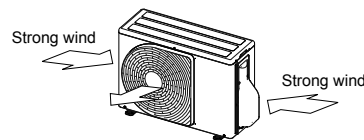
2 When an Outdoor unit is installed in a location that is always exposed to strong winds like a coast or on the high stories of a building, secure normal fan operation by using a duct or wind shield.

3 When installing the Outdoor unit in a location that is constantly exposed to strong winds such as on the upper stairs or rooftop of a building, apply the windproofing measures referred to in the following examples.

- 1) Install the unit so that its discharge port faces the wall of the building.
Keep a distance 500 mm or more between the unit and wall surface.



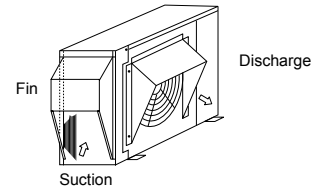
- 2) Consider the wind direction during the operational season of the air conditioner, and install the unit so that the discharge port is set at a right angle relative to the wind direction.



- When using an air conditioner under low outside temperature conditions (Outside temp: -5°C or lower) in COOL mode, prepare a duct or wind shield so that it is not affected by the wind.

<Example>

Suction hood (Side)
Discharge hood

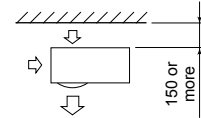


■ Necessary space for installation (Unit: mm)

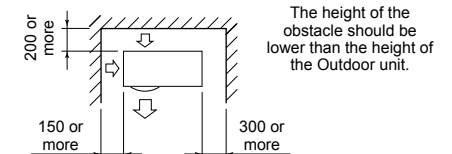
Obstacle at rear side

Upper side is free

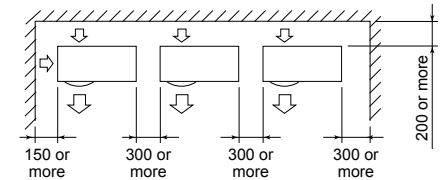
1. Single unit installation



2. Obstacles on both right and left sides

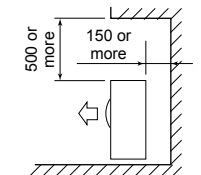


3. Serial installation of two or more units



The height of the obstacle should be lower than the height of the Outdoor unit.

Obstacle also above unit



4 Refrigerant piping

■ Optional installation parts (Locally procured)

	Parts name	Q'ty
A	Refrigerant piping Liquid side: Ø6.4, Ø9.5 mm Gas side: Ø12.7, Ø15.9 mm	One each
B	Pipe insulating material (polyethylene foam, 6 mm thick)	1
C	Putty, PVC tape	One each

■ Refrigerant piping connection

⚠ CAUTION

IMPORTANT 4 POINTS FOR PIPING WORK

- Reusable mechanical connectors and flared joints are not allowed indoors. When mechanical connectors are reused indoors, sealing parts shall be renewed.
When flared joints are reused indoors, the flare part shall be refabricated.
- Tight connection (between pipes and unit)
- Evacuate the air in the connecting pipes by using VACUUM PUMP.
- Check the gas leakage. (Connected points)

Piping connection

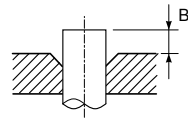
(Unit: mm)

Model	Liquid side		Gas side	
	Outer diameter	Thickness	Outer diameter	Thickness
GV110	Ø9.5	0.8	Ø15.9	1.0

Flaring

- Cut the pipe with a pipe cutter.
Be sure to remove burrs that may cause a gas leak.
- Insert a flare nut into the pipe, and then flare the pipe.
Use the flare nuts supplied with the air conditioner or those for R32.
Insert a flare nut into the pipe, and flare the pipe.
Use the flare nuts supplied with the air conditioner or flare nuts for R32 or R410A.
However, the conventional tools can be used by adjusting the projection margin of the copper pipe.

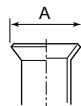
Projection margin in flaring: B (Unit: mm)



RIDGID (Clutch type)

Outer dia. of copper pipe	R32/R410A tool used	Conventional tool used
6.4	0 to 0.5	1.0 to 1.5
9.5		
12.7		
15.9		

Flaring dia. size: A (Unit: mm)

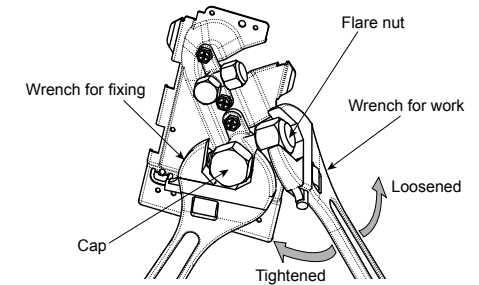


Outer dia. of copper pipe	A ⁺⁰ / _{-0.4}
6.4	9.9
9.5	13.2
12.7	16.6
15.9	19.7

* In case of flaring for R32/R410A with the conventional flare tool, pull the tool out approx. 0.5 mm more than that for R22 to adjust it to the specified flare size.
The copper pipe gauge is useful for adjusting the projection margin size.

⚠ CAUTION

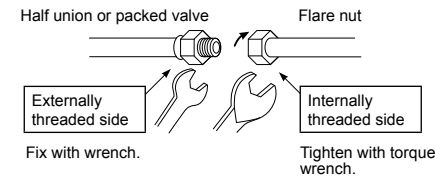
- Do not scratch the inner surface of the flared part when removing burrs.
- Flare processing under the condition of scratches on the inner surface of flare processing part will cause refrigerant gas leak.
- Check that the flared part is not scratched, deformed, stepped, or flattened, and that there are no chips adhered or other problems, after flare processing.
- Do not apply refrigerating machine oil to the flare surface.



Valve at gas side

■ Tightening of connecting part

- Align the centers of the connecting pipes and fully tighten the flare nut with your fingers. Then fix the nut with a wrench as shown in the figure and tighten it with a torque wrench.



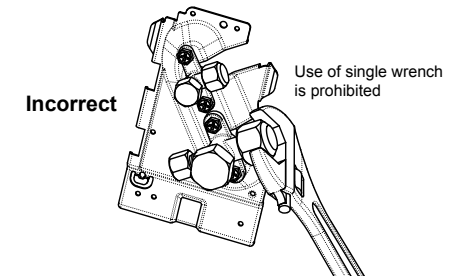
- As shown in the figure, be sure to use two wrenches to loosen or tighten the flare nut of the valve on the gas side. If you use a single crescent, the flare nut cannot be tightened to the required tightening torque. On the other hand, use a single crescent to loosen or tighten the flare nut of the valve on the liquid side.

(Unit: N•m)

Outer dia. of copper pipe	Tightening torque
6.4 mm (dia.)	14 to 18 (1.4 to 1.8 kgf•m)
9.5 mm (dia.)	34 to 42 (3.4 to 4.2 kgf•m)
12.7 mm (dia.)	49 to 61 (4.9 to 6.1 kgf•m)
15.9 mm (dia.)	68 to 82 (6.8 to 8.2 kgf•m)

⚠ CAUTION

- Do not put the crescent wrench on the cap. The valve may break.
- If applying excessive torque, the nut may break according to some installation conditions.



- After the installation work, be sure to check for gas leaks of the pipe connections with nitrogen.
- Therefore, using a torque wrench, tighten the flare pipe connecting sections that connect the Indoor / Outdoor units at the specified tightening torque.
Incomplete connections may cause not only a gas leak, but also trouble with the refrigeration cycle.

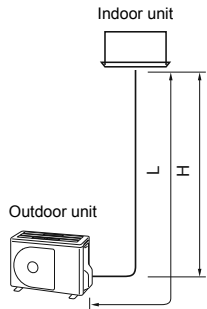
Do not apply refrigerating machine oil to the flared surface.

■ Refrigerant pipe length

Single

Model	Allowable pipe length (m)	Height difference (Indoor-outdoor H) (m)	
	Total length L	Indoor unit: Upper	Outdoor unit: Lower
GV110	30	30	30

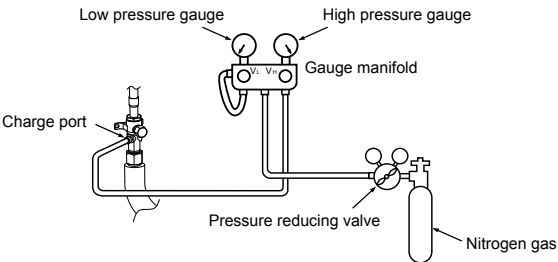
Model	Pipe diameter (mm)		Number of bent portions
	Liquid side	Gas side	
GV110	Ø9.5	Ø15.9	10 or less



5 Air purging

■ Airtight test

After completing the refrigerant piping work, perform an airtight test. Connect a nitrogen gas cylinder and pressurize the pipes with nitrogen gas as follows to conduct the airtight test.



⚠ CAUTION

Never use oxygen, flammable gas, or noxious gas for the airtight test.

Gas leak check

Step 1....Pressurize to **0.5 MPa** (5 kg/cm²G) for 5 minutes or longer. ➤ Major leaks can be discovered.
 Step 2....Pressurize to **1.5 MPa** (15 kg/cm²G) for 5 minutes or longer.
 Step 3....Pressurize to **4.15 MPa** (42 kg/cm²G) for 24 hours. Micro leaks can be discovered.
 (However, note that when the ambient temperature differs during pressurization and after 24 hours, the pressure will change by approximately 0.01 MPa (0.1 kg/cm²G) per 1°C, so this should be compensated.)

If the pressure drops in steps 1 through 3, check the connections for leakage. Check for leaks with foaming liquid, etc., take steps to fix the leaks such as brazing the pipes again and tightening the flare nuts, and then perform the airtight test again.

* After the airtight test is completed, evacuate the nitrogen gas.

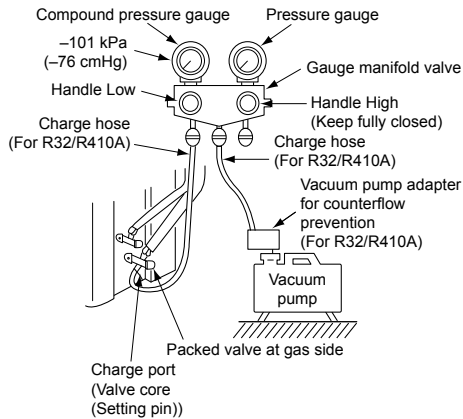
Air purge

With respect to the preservation of the terrestrial environment, adopt "Vacuum pump" to purge air (Evacuate air in the connecting pipes) when installing the unit.

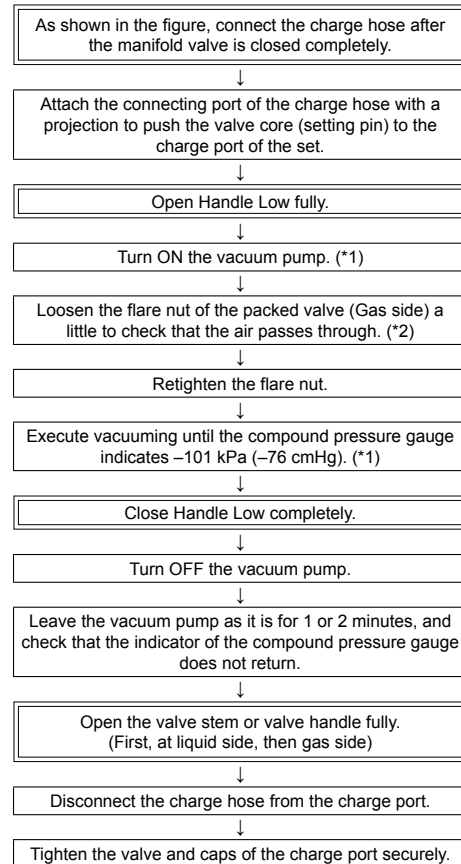
- Do not discharge the refrigerant gas to the atmosphere to preserve the terrestrial environment.
- Use a vacuum pump to discharge the air (nitrogen, etc.) that remains in the set. If air remains, the capacity may decrease.

For the vacuum pump, be sure to use one with a backflow into the pipe of the air conditioner when the pump stops.

(If oil in the vacuum pump is put in an air conditioner including R32, it may cause trouble with the refrigeration cycle.)



Vacuum pump



*1: Use the vacuum pump, vacuum pump adapter, and gauge manifold correctly referring to the manuals supplied with each tool before using them. Check that the vacuum pump oil is filled up to the specified line of the oil gauge.

*2: When air is not charged, check again whether the connecting port of the discharge hose, which has a projection to push the valve core, is firmly connected to the charge port.

Pump down process

1. Turn off the Air Conditioner system.
2. Connect the charge hose from the manifold valve to the service port of the packed valve at gas side.
3. Turn on the Air Conditioner system in cooling operation more than 10 minutes.
4. Check the operating pressure of the system should be normal value.
(Ref. with product specification)
5. Release the valve rod cap of both service valves.
6. Use the Hexagon wrench to turning the valve rod of Liquid side fully close.
(*Make sure no entering air into the system)
7. Continue operate Air Conditioner system until the gauge of manifold dropped into the range of 0.5 - 0 kgf/cm².
8. Use the Hexagon wrench to turning the valve rod of Gas side fully close.
And turn off the Air Conditioner system immediately thereafter.
9. Remove the gauge manifold from the service port of the packed valve.
10. Securely tighten the valve rod cap to the both service valves.

CAUTION

Should be check the compressor operating condition while pumping down process. It must not any abnormal sound, more vibration. It is abnormal condition appears and must turn off the Air Conditioner immediately.

How to open the valve

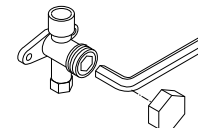
Fully open the valves of the Outdoor unit. (First fully open the valve on the liquid side, and then fully open the valve on the gas side.)

* Do not open or close the valves when the ambient temperature is -20°C or less. Doing so may damage the valve O-rings and result in refrigerant leakage.

Liquid side, gas side

Open the valve with hexagon wrench.
[Hexagonal wrench is required.]

Model	Hexagonal wrench size	
	Liquid side	Gas side
GV110	4 mm	5 mm



Valve handling precautions

- Open the valve stem until it strikes the stopper. It is unnecessary to apply further force.
- Securely tighten the cap with a torque wrench.

Cap tightening torque

Valve size	Ø6.4 mm	14 to 18 N•m (1.4 to 1.8 kgf•m)
	Ø9.5 mm	14 to 18 N•m (1.4 to 1.8 kgf•m)
	Ø12.7 mm	33 to 42 N•m (3.3 to 4.2 kgf•m)
	Ø15.9 mm	34 to 42 N•m (3.4 to 4.2 kgf•m)
Charge port		14 to 18 N•m (1.4 to 1.8 kgf•m)

Replenishing refrigerant

This model is a 20 m chargeless type that does not need to have its refrigerant replenished for refrigerant pipes up to 20 m. When a refrigerant pipe longer than 20 m is used, add the specified amount of refrigerant.

Refrigerant replenishing procedure

1. After vacuuming the refrigerant pipe, close the valves and then charge the refrigerant while the air conditioner is not working.
2. When the refrigerant cannot be charged to the specified amount, charge the required amount of refrigerant from the charge port of the valve on the gas side during cooling.

Requirement for replenishing refrigerant

Replenish liquid refrigerant.

When gaseous refrigerant is replenished, the refrigerant composition varies, which disables normal operation.

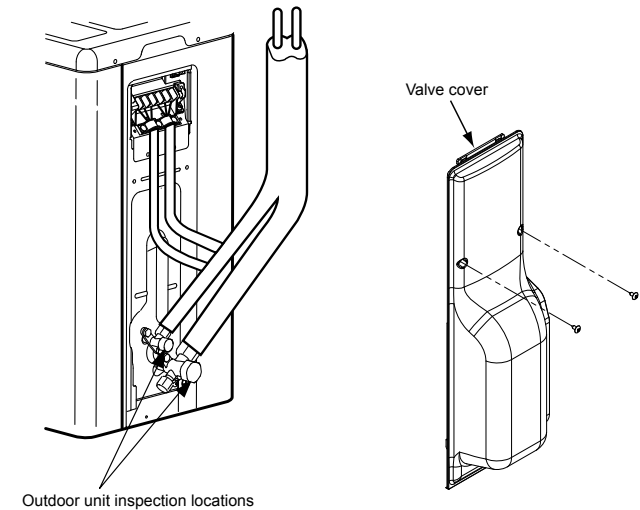
Gas leak inspection

Use a leak detector manufactured specially for HFC refrigerant (R32, R410A, R134a, etc.) to perform the R32 gas leak inspection.

- * Leak detectors for conventional HCFC refrigerant (R22, etc.) cannot be used, as the sensitivity drops to approximately 1/40 when used for HFC refrigerant.
- R32 has a high working pressure, so failure to perform the installation work properly may result in gas leaks such as when the pressure rises during operation. Be sure to perform leak tests on the piping connections.

■ Insulating the Pipes

- The temperatures at both the liquid side and gas side will be low during cooling so in order to prevent condensation, be sure to insulate the pipes at both of these sides.
- Insulate the pipes separately for the liquid side and gas side.

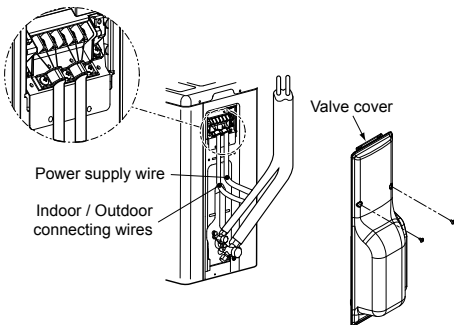


6 Electrical work

⚠ CAUTION

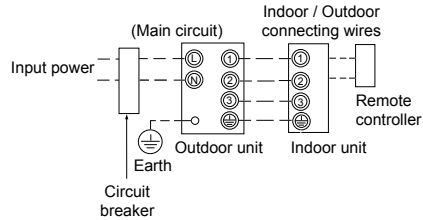
- An installation fuse must be used for the power supply line of this air conditioner.
- Incorrect / incomplete wiring may lead to an electrical fire or smoke.
- Prepare an exclusive power supply for the air conditioner.
- This product can be connected to the mains power. Fixed wire connections: A switch that disconnects all poles and has a contact separation of at least 3 mm must be incorporated in the fixed wiring.
- Be sure to use the cord clamps attached to the product.
- Do not damage or scratch the conductive core or inner insulator of the power and Indoor / Outdoor connecting wires when peeling them.
- Use the power and Indoor / Outdoor connecting wires with specified thicknesses, specified types and protective devices required.

- 1 Remove valve cover screw.
- 2 Pull the valve cover downward to remove it.



■ Wiring between Indoor unit and Outdoor unit

The dashed lines show on-site wiring.



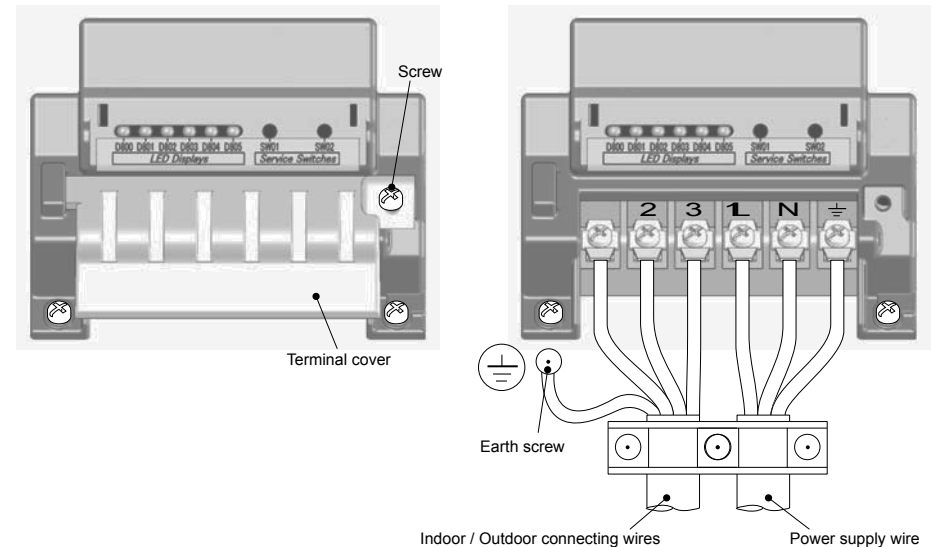
- Connect the Indoor / Outdoor connecting wires to the identical terminal numbers on the terminal block of each unit. Incorrect connection may cause a failure.

For the air conditioner, connect a power wire with the following specifications.

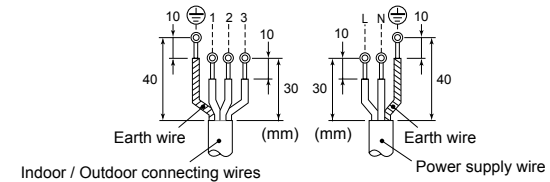
Model RAV-	GV110
Power supply	220-240 V~ 50 Hz 220 V~ 60 Hz
Maximum running current	20 A
Installation fuse rating	25 A
Power supply wire	H07RN-F or 60245 IEC 66 (4 mm ² or more)
Indoor / Outdoor connecting wires	H07RN-F or 60245 IEC 66 (1.5 mm ² or more)

How to wire

1. Remove the terminal cover by taking off the mounting screw (1 piece).
 2. Connect the power supply wires and Indoor / Outdoor connecting wires to the terminal block of the electrical control box.
 3. Tighten the screws of the terminal block, connect the wires matching the terminal numbers (Do not apply tension to the connecting section of the terminal block.)
 4. Attach the terminal cover.
- When connecting the Indoor / Outdoor connecting wires to the Outdoor unit terminal, prevent water from coming into the Outdoor unit.
 - Insulate the unsheathed cords (conductors) with electrical insulation tape. Process them so that they do not touch any electrical or metal parts.
 - For Indoor / Outdoor connecting wires, do not use a wire joined to another on the way. Use wires long enough to cover the entire length.



Stripping length power cord and connecting wire



7 Earthing

WARNING

Be sure to connect the earth wire. (grounding work)
Incomplete grounding may cause an electric shock.

Connect the earth wire properly following applicable technical standards.
Connecting the earth wire is essential to preventing electric shock and to reducing noise and electrical charges on the Outdoor unit surface due to the high-frequency wave generated by the frequency converter (inverter) in the Outdoor unit.

If you touch the charged Outdoor unit without an earth wire, you may experience an electric shock.

8 Finishing

After the refrigerant pipe, inter-unit wires, and drain pipe have been connected, cover them with finishing tape and clamp them to the wall with off-the-shelf support brackets or their equivalent.

Keep the power wires and system interconnection wires off the valve on the gas side or pipes that have no heat insulator.

9 Test run

- **Turn on the leakage breaker at least 12 hours before starting a test run to protect the compressor during startup.**

To protect the compressor, power is supplied from the 220-240 VAC input to the unit to preheat the compressor.

- **Check the following before starting a test run:**
 - **That all pipes are connected securely without leaks.**
 - **That the valve is open.**

If the compressor is operated with the valve closed, the Outdoor unit will become overpressurized, which may damage the compressor or other components.

If there is a leak at a connection, air can be sucked in and the internal pressure further increases, which may cause a burst or injury.

- Operate the air conditioner in the correct procedure as specified in the Owner's Manual.

10 Annual maintenance

For an air conditioning system that is operated on a regular basis, cleaning and maintenance of the indoor / Outdoor units are strongly recommended.

As a general rule, if an Indoor unit is operated for about 8 hours daily, the Indoor / Outdoor units will need to be cleaned at least once every 3 months. This cleaning and maintenance should be carried out by a qualified service person.

Failure to clean the Indoor / Outdoor units regularly will result in poor performance, icing, water leaking and even compressor failure.

11 Air conditioner operating conditions

For proper performance, operate the air conditioner under the following temperature conditions:

Cooling operation	Dry bulb temp.	-15°C to 46°C
Heating operation	Wet bulb temp.	-15°C to 15°C

If air conditioner is used outside of the above conditions, safety protection may work.

12 Functions to be implemented locally

■ Handling existing pipe

When using the existing pipe, carefully check for the following:

- Wall thickness (within the specified range)
- Scratches and dents
- Water, oil, dirt, or dust in the pipe
- Flare looseness and leakage from welds
- Deterioration of copper pipe and heat insulator

Cautions for using existing pipe

- Do not reuse a flare nut to prevent gas leaks.
Replace it with the supplied flare nut and then process it to a flare.
- Blow nitrogen gas or use an appropriate means to keep the inside of the pipe clean. If discolored oil or much residue is discharged, wash the pipe.
- Check welds, if any, on the pipe for gas leaks.

When the pipe corresponds to any of the following, do not use it. Install a new pipe instead.

- The pipe has been opened (disconnected from Indoor unit or Outdoor unit) for a long period.
- The pipe has been connected to an Outdoor unit that does not use refrigerant R32, R410A.
- The existing pipe must have a wall thickness equal to or larger than the following thicknesses.

Reference outside diameter (mm)	Wall thickness (mm)
Ø6.4	0.8
Ø9.5	0.8
Ø12.7	0.8
Ø15.9	1.0

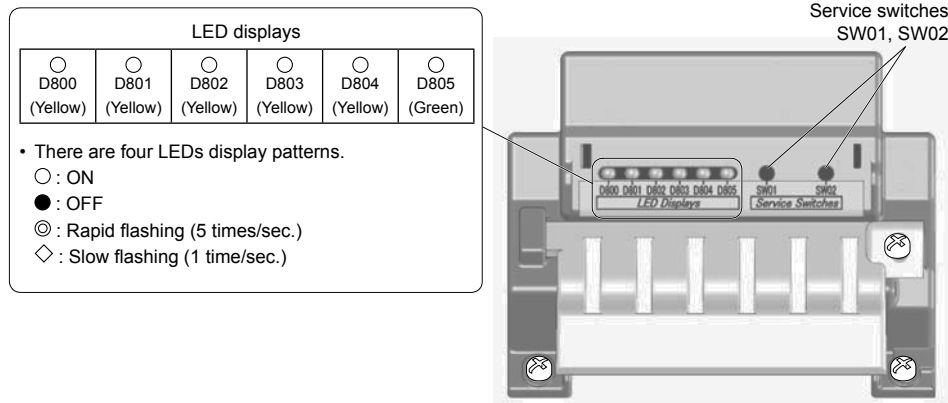
- Do not use any pipe with a wall thickness less than these thicknesses due to insufficient pressure capacity.

■ Refrigerant recovery

When recovering the refrigerant in situations such as when relocating an Indoor unit or Outdoor unit, the recovery operation can be performed by operating the SW01 and SW02 switches on the P.C. board of the Outdoor unit. A cover for the electric parts has been installed in order to provide protection from electric shocks while work is being performed. Operate the service switches and check the LED displays with this electric parts cover in place. Do not remove this cover while the power is still on.

⚠ DANGER

The entire P.C. board of this air conditioner system is a high-voltage area.
When operating the service switches with the power of the system left on, wear electrically insulated gloves.



- In the initial LED display status, D805 is lighted as shown on the table below. If the initial status is not established (if D805 is flashing), hold down the SW01 and SW02 service switches simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return the LED displays to the initial status.

LED display initial status

D800 (Yellow)	D801 (Yellow)	D802 (Yellow)	D803 (Yellow)	D804 (Yellow)	D805 (Green)
● or ⊙	● or ⊙	● or ⊙	● or ⊙	● or ⊙	○
OFF or Rapid flashing	OFF or Rapid flashing	OFF or Rapid flashing	OFF or Rapid flashing	OFF or Rapid flashing	ON

Steps taken to recover the refrigerant

1. Operate the Indoor unit in the fan mode.
2. Check that the LED displays are placed in their initial status. If not, place them in the initial status.
3. Hold down SW01 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly. (Fig. 1)
4. Press SW01 once to set the LED displays (D800 to D805) to the "refrigerant recovery LED display" shown below. (Fig. 2)

(Fig. 1)

LED displays indicated when step 3 is taken					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
○	●	●	●	◇	●

○ : ON ● : OFF ◇ : Slow flashing

(Fig. 2)

Refrigerant recovery LED display					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
○	●	●	●	⊙	●

○ : ON ● : OFF ⊙ : Rapid flashing

5. Press SW02 to set D805 to rapid flashing. (Each time SW02 is pressed, D805 is switched between rapid flashing and OFF.) (Fig. 3)
6. Hold down SW02 for at least 5 seconds, and when D804 flashes slowly and D805 lights, the forced cooling operation is started. (Max. 10 minutes) (Fig. 4)

(Fig. 3)

LED displays indicated when step 5 is taken					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
○	●	●	●	⊙	⊙

○ : ON ● : OFF ⊙ : Rapid flashing

(Fig. 4)

LED displays indicated when step 6 is taken					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
○	●	●	●	◇	○

○ : ON ● : OFF ◇ : Slow flashing

7. After operating the system for at least 3 minutes, close the valve on the liquid side.
 8. After the refrigerant has been recovered, close the valve on the gas side.
 9. Hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds. The LED displays are returned to the initial status, and the cooling operation and indoor fan operation stop.
 10. Turn off the power.
- * If there is any reason to doubt whether the recovery was successful in the course of this operation, hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return to the initial status, and then repeat the steps for recovering the refrigerant.

Existing piping

The following settings are required when using a pipe Ø19.1 mm as the existing piping at the gas pipe side.

Steps taken to support existing piping

- Set the circuit breaker to the ON position to turn on the power.
- Check that the LED displays are placed in their initial status. If not, place them in the initial status.
- Hold down SW01 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly. (Fig. 5)
- Press SW01 four times to set the LED displays (D800 to D805) to the "LED displays for existing piping settings" shown below. (Fig. 6)

(Fig. 5)

LED displays indicated when step 3 is taken					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
○	●	●	●	◇	●

○ : ON ● : OFF ◇ : Slow flashing

- Press SW02 to set D805 to rapid flashing. (Each time SW02 is pressed, D805 is switched between rapid flashing and OFF.) (Fig. 7)
- Hold down SW02 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly and that D805 lights. (Fig. 8)

(Fig. 7)

LED displays indicated when step 5 is taken					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
●	●	○	●	◎	◎

○ : ON ● : OFF ◎ : Rapid flashing

- Hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return the LED displays to the initial status. The existing piping is now supported by taking the above steps. In this status, the heating capacity may decrease during heating depending on the outside air temperature and indoor temperature.
- * If there is any reason to doubt whether establishing support was successful in the course of this operation, hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return to the initial status, and then repeat the setting steps.

(Fig. 6)

Refrigerant recovery LED display					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
●	●	○	●	◎	●

○ : ON ● : OFF ◎ : Rapid flashing

(Fig. 8)

LED displays indicated when step 6 is taken					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
●	●	○	●	◇	○

○ : ON ● : OFF ◇ : Slow flashing

How to check the existing piping settings

You can check whether the existing piping settings are enabled.

- Check that the LED displays are placed in their initial status. If not, place them in the initial status.
- Hold down SW01 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly. (Fig. 9)
- Press SW01 four times to set the LED displays (D800 to D805) to the "LED displays for existing piping settings" shown below. If the setting is enabled, D802 lights and D804 and D805 flash rapidly. (Fig. 10)
- Hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return the LED displays to the initial status.

(Fig. 9)

LED displays indicated when step 3 is taken					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
○	●	●	●	◇	●

○ : ON ● : OFF ◇ : Slow flashing

(Fig. 10)

LED displays for existing piping settings					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
●	●	○	●	◎	◎

○ : ON ● : OFF ◎ : Rapid flashing

When restoring the factory defaults

To restore the factory defaults in situations such as when relocating the units, follow the steps below.

- Check that the LED displays are placed in their initial status. If not, place them in the initial status.
- Hold down SW01 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly. (Fig. 11)
- Press SW01 14 times to set the LED displays (D800 to D805) to the "LED displays restored to factory defaults" shown below. (Fig. 12)

(Fig. 11)

LED displays indicated when step 2 is taken					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
○	●	●	●	◇	●

○ : ON ● : OFF ◇ : Slow flashing

(Fig. 12)

LED displays restored to factory defaults					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
●	●	●	●	◎	●

○ : ON ● : OFF ◎ : Rapid flashing

- Hold down SW02 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly. (Fig. 13)
- Hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return the LED displays to the initial status.

(Fig. 13)

LED displays indicated when step 4 is taken					
D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
●	●	●	●	◇	●

○ : ON ● : OFF ◇ : Slow flashing

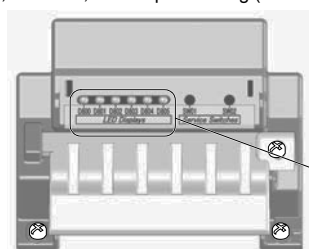
13 Troubleshooting

You can perform fault diagnosis of the Outdoor unit with the LEDs on the P.C. board of the Outdoor unit in addition to using the check codes displayed on the wired remote controller of the Indoor unit.
Use the LEDs and check codes for various checks. Details of the check codes displayed on the wired remote controller of the Indoor unit are described in the Installation Manual of the Indoor unit.

■ LED displays and check codes

No.	Error	Display					
		D800	D801	D802	D803	D804	D805
1	Normal	●	●	●	●	●	○
2	Discharge temperature sensor (TD) error	◎	●	●	●	●	○
3	Heat exchanger temperature sensor (TE) error	●	◎	●	●	●	○
4	Heat exchanger temperature sensor (TL) error	◎	◎	●	●	●	○
5	Outside air temperature sensor (TO) error	●	●	◎	●	●	○
6	Suction temperature sensor (TS) error	◎	●	◎	●	●	○
7	Heat sink temperature sensor (TH) error	●	◎	◎	●	●	○
8	Heat exchanger sensor (TE, TS) connection error	◎	◎	◎	●	●	○
9	EEPROM error	●	◎	●	◎	●	○
10	Compressor breakdown	◎	◎	●	◎	●	○
11	Compressor lock	●	●	◎	◎	●	○
12	Current detection circuit error	◎	●	◎	◎	●	○
13	Case thermostat operation	●	◎	◎	◎	●	○
14	Model data not set	●	●	●	●	◎	○
15	Discharge temperature error	●	◎	●	●	◎	○
16	Power supply error	●	●	◎	●	◎	○
17	High pressure SW error	◎	◎	●	●	◎	○
18	Heat sink overheating error	●	◎	◎	●	◎	○
19	Gas leak detected	◎	◎	◎	●	◎	○
20	4-way valve reverse error	●	●	●	◎	◎	○
21	High pressure release operation	◎	●	●	◎	◎	○
22	Fan system error	●	◎	●	◎	◎	○
23	Drive device short-circuiting	◎	◎	●	◎	◎	○
24	Position detection circuit error	●	●	◎	◎	◎	○
25	Compressor IPDU or other (not specifically identified)	◎	●	◎	◎	◎	○

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times/sec.)



* The LEDs and switches are located at the top right of the P.C. board of the Outdoor unit as shown in the figure on the below.

LED displays					
○ D800 (Yellow)	○ D801 (Yellow)	○ D802 (Yellow)	○ D803 (Yellow)	○ D804 (Yellow)	○ D805 (Green)

14 Appendix

Work instructions

The existing R22 and R410A piping can be reused for our digital inverter R32 product installations.

⚠ WARNING

Confirming the existence of scratches or dents on the existing pipes and confirming the reliability of the pipe strength are conventionally referred to the local site.

If the specified conditions can be cleared, it is possible to update existing R22 and R410A pipes to those for R32 models.

Basic conditions needed to reuse existing pipes

Check and observe the presence of three conditions in the refrigerant piping works.

1. **Dry** (There is no moisture inside of the pipes.)
2. **Clean** (There is no dust inside of the pipes.)
3. **Tight** (There are no refrigerant leaks.)

Restrictions for use of existing pipes

In the following cases, the existing pipes should not be reused as they are. Clean the existing pipes or exchange them with new pipes.

1. When a scratch or dent is heavy, be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant piping works.
2. When the existing pipe thickness is thinner than the specified "Pipe diameter and thickness," be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant piping works.
 - The operating pressure of R32 is high. If there is a scratch or dent on the pipe or a thinner pipe is used, the pressure strength may be inadequate, which may cause the pipe to break in the worst case.

* Pipe diameter and thickness (mm)

Pipe outer diameter		Ø6.4	Ø9.5	Ø12.7	Ø15.9
Thickness	R32/R410A	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.0
	R22				

- In case the pipe diameter is Ø12.7 mm or less and the thickness is less than 0.7 mm, be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant piping works.
3. When the Outdoor unit was left with the pipes disconnected, or the gas leaked from the pipes and the pipes were not repaired and refilled.
 - There is the possibility of rain water or air, including moisture, entering the pipe.
 4. When refrigerant cannot be recovered using a refrigerant recovery unit.
 - There is the possibility that a large quantity of dirty oil or moisture remains inside the pipes.

5. When a commercially available dryer is attached to the existing pipes.
 - There is the possibility that copper green rust has been generated.
6. When the existing air conditioner is removed after refrigerant has been recovered. Check if the oil is judged to be clearly different from normal oil.
 - The refrigerator oil is copper rust green in color: There is the possibility that moisture has mixed with the oil and rust has been generated inside the pipe.
 - There is discolored oil, a large quantity of residue, or a bad smell.
 - A large quantity of shiny metal dust or other wear residue can be seen in the refrigerant oil.
7. When the air conditioner has a history of the compressor failing and being replaced.
 - When discolored oil, a large quantity of residue, shiny metal dust, or other wear residue or mixture of foreign matter is observed, trouble will occur.
8. When temporary installation and removal of the air conditioner are repeated such as when leased etc.
9. If the type of refrigerator oil of the existing air conditioner is other than the following oil (Mineral oil), Suniso, Freol-S, MS (Synthetic oil), alkyl benzene (HAB, Barrel-freeze), ester series, PVE only of ether series.
 - The winding-insulation of the compressor may deteriorate.

NOTE

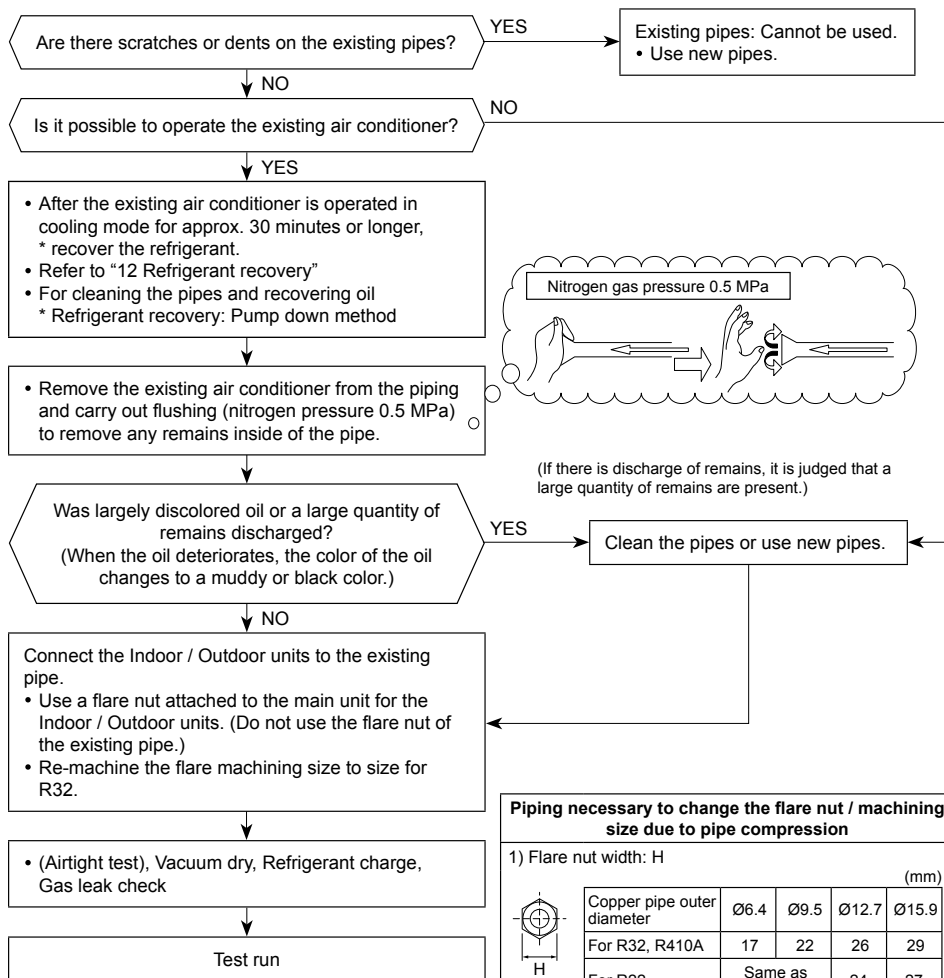
The above descriptions are results have been confirmed by our company and represent our views on our air conditioners, but do not guarantee the use of the existing pipes of air conditioners that have adopted R32/R410A in other companies.

Curing of pipes

When removing and opening the indoor or Outdoor unit for a long time, cure the pipes as follows:


- Otherwise rust may be generated when moisture or foreign matter due to condensation enters the pipes.
- The rust cannot be removed by cleaning, and new pipes are necessary.

Placement location	Term	Curing manner
Outdoors	1 month or more	Pinching
	Less than 1 month	Pinching or taping
Indoors	Every time	




Piping necessary to change the flare nut / machining size due to pipe compression

1) Flare nut width: H (mm)



Copper pipe outer diameter	Ø6.4	Ø9.5	Ø12.7	Ø15.9
For R32, R410A	17	22	26	29
For R22	Same as above		24	27

2) Flare machining size: A (mm)



Copper pipe outer diameter	Ø6.4	Ø9.5	Ø12.7	Ø15.9
For R32, R410A	9.1	13.2	16.6	19.7
For R22	9.0	13.0	16.2	19.4

Becomes a little larger for R32/R410A

Do not apply refrigerator oil to the flare surface.

Minimum floor area : A_{\min} (m²)

Total refrigerant quantity*	Floor standing unit	Wall mounted unit	Ceiling mounted unit
h_0	0.6	1.8	2.2
M (kg)	A_{\min} (m ²)		
1.900	30.976	3.442	2.304

* Total refrigerant quantity: Refrigerant quantity pre-charged at factory

15 Specifications

Model	Sound power level (dBA)		Weight (kg)
	Cooling	Heating	
RAV-GV1101ATP-E	*	*	45

* Under 70 dBA

■ To Fix the Fluorinated Greenhouse Gases Label

This product contains fluorinated greenhouse gases.
Do not vent gases into the atmosphere.

Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases	
• Chemical Name of Gas	R32
• Global Warming Potential (GWP) of Gas	675

⚠ CAUTION

1. Stick the enclosed refrigerant label adjacent to the service ports for charging or recovering location and where possible adjacent to existing nameplates or product information label.
2. Clearly write the charged refrigerant quantity on the refrigerant label using indelible ink. Then, place the included transparent protective sheet over the label to prevent the writing from rubbing off.
3. Prevent emission of the contained fluorinated greenhouse gas. Ensure that the fluorinated greenhouse gas is never vented to the atmosphere during installation, service or disposal. When any leakage of the contained fluorinated greenhouse gas is detected, the leak shall be stopped and repaired as soon as possible.
4. Only qualified service personnel are allowed to access and service this product.
5. Any handling of the fluorinated greenhouse gas in this product, such as when moving the product or recharging the gas, shall comply under (EU) Regulation No.517/2014 on certain fluorinated greenhouse gases and any relevant local legislation.
6. Periodical inspections for refrigerant leaks may be required depending on European or local legislation.
7. Contact dealers, installers, etc., for any questions.

Fill in the label as follows:

Refrigerant Label

Contains fluorinated greenhouse gases.

① Pre-charged refrigerant at factory [kg], specified in the nameplate.

② Additional charge on installation site [kg].

③ Total quantity of refrigerant in tonnes CO₂ equivalent.

Caution: Write out charge amount ①, ②, ① + ② and ③ by indelible means on installation site.

R32 GWP:675

① = kg

② = kg

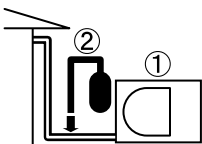
①+② = kg

③ = t

Pre-charged refrigerant at factory [kg], specified in the nameplate

Additional charge on installation site [kg]

$\frac{\text{GWP} \times \text{kg}}{1000}$



Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: Toshiba Carrier (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
144 / 9 Moo 5, Bangkadi Industrial Park, Tivanon Road, Tambol Bangkadi,
Amphur Muang, Pathumthani 12000, Thailand

TCF holder: TOSHIBA CARRIER EUROPE S.A.S
Route de Thil 01120 Montluel FRANCE

Hereby declares that the machinery described below:

Generic Denomination: Air Conditioner

Model / type: RAV-GV1101ATP-E

Commercial name: Digital Inverter Series Air Conditioner

Complies with the provisions of the Machinery Directive (Directive 2006/42/EC) and the regulations transposing into national law

Name: Masaru Takeyama
Position: GM, Quality Assurance Dept.
Date: 16 June, 2022
Place Issued: Thailand

NOTE

This declaration becomes invalid if technical or operational modifications are introduced without the manufacturer's consent.

Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: Toshiba Carrier (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
144 / 9 Moo 5, Bangkadi Industrial Park, Tivanon Road, Tambol Bangkadi,
Amphur Muang, Pathumthani 12000, Thailand

TCF holder: TOSHIBA CARRIER UK LTD.
Porsham Close Belliver Industrial Estate Roborough Plymouth Devon PL6 7DB
United Kingdom

Hereby declares that the machinery described below:

Generic Denomination: Air Conditioner

Model / type: RAV-GV1101ATP-E

Commercial name: Digital Inverter Series Air Conditioner

Complies with the provisions of the Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008

Name: Masaru Takeyama
Position: GM, Quality Assurance Dept.
Date: 16 June, 2022
Place Issued: Thailand

NOTE

This declaration becomes invalid if technical or operational modifications are introduced without the manufacturer's consent.

Warnings on refrigerant leakage

Check of concentration limit

The room in which the air conditioner is to be installed requires a design that in the event of refrigerant gas leaking out, its concentration will not exceed a set limit.

The refrigerant R32 which is used in the air conditioner is safe, without the toxicity or combustibility of ammonia, and is not restricted by laws to be imposed which protect the ozone layer. However, since it contains more than air, it poses the risk of suffocation if its concentration should rise excessively. Suffocation from leakage of R32 is almost non-existent.

If a conditioner system is to be installed in a small room, select a suitable model and installation procedure so that if the refrigerant accidentally leaks out, its concentration does not reach the limit (and in the event of an emergency, measures can be made before injury can occur).

In a room where the concentration may exceed the limit, create an opening with adjacent rooms, or install mechanical ventilation combined with a gas leak detection device.

The concentration is as given below.

$$\frac{\text{Total amount of refrigerant (kg)}}{\text{Min. volume of the Indoor unit installed room (m}^3\text{)}} \leq \text{Concentration limit (kg/m}^3\text{)}$$

Refrigerant Concentration Limit shall be in accordance with local regulations.

Toshiba Carrier (Thailand) Co., Ltd.

144 / 9 Moo 5, Bangkadi Industrial Park, Tivanon Road, Tambol Bangkadi, Amphur Muang, Pathumthani 12000, Thailand

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