



Newland AIDC
Scanning Made Simple



Fixed Mount Barcode Scanner

NLS-NVF230

**User
Guide**

Disclaimer

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Please read through the manual carefully before using the product and operate it according to the manual. It is advised that you should keep this manual for future reference.

Do not disassemble the device, doing so will void the product warranty provided by Fujian Newland Auto-ID Tech. Co., Ltd.

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Revision History

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V1.0.0	Initial release.	May 20 th , 2025

Note: This document applies to firmware version NSet_V3.02.001.7 and above.

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Chapter One: Basic Operation



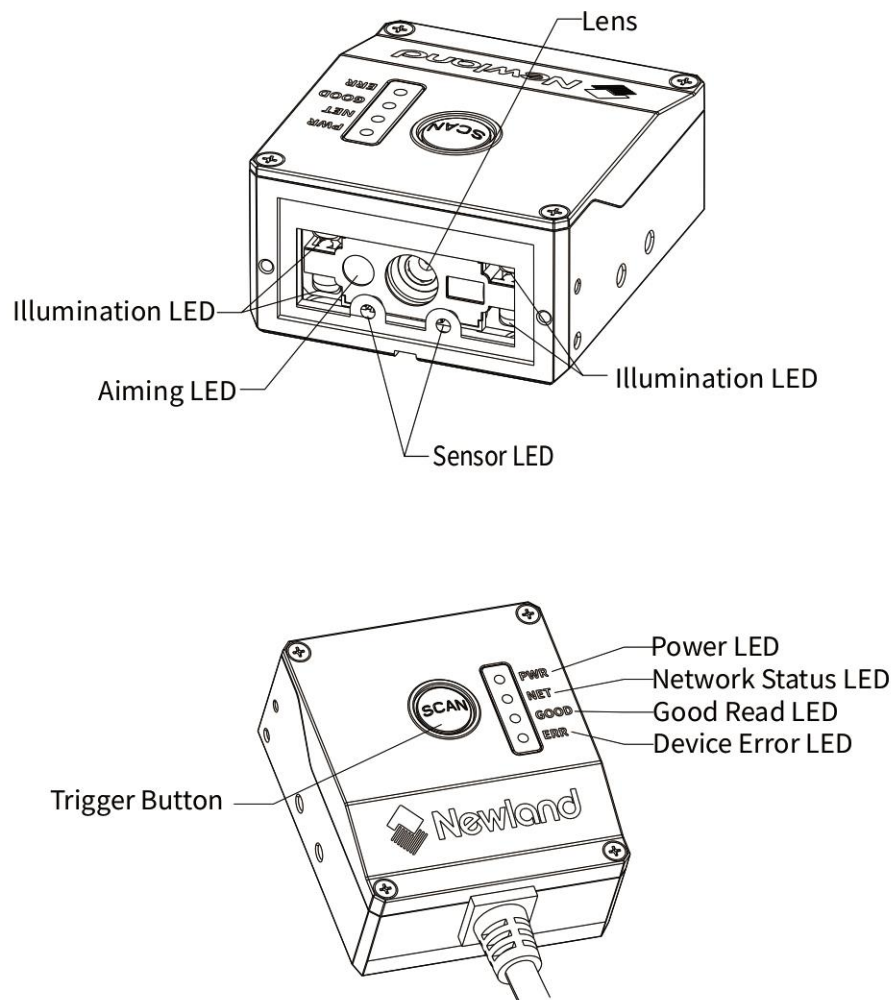
1 Preface

1.1 Unpacking

Model	Name	Package Contents	Quantity
NLS-NVF230	Fixed Mount Barcode Scanner	NLS-NVF230 Scanner	1
		Quick Start Manual	1
		Screws	4
		Mounting Bracket	1
		Power Adapter	1
		Data Cable	1

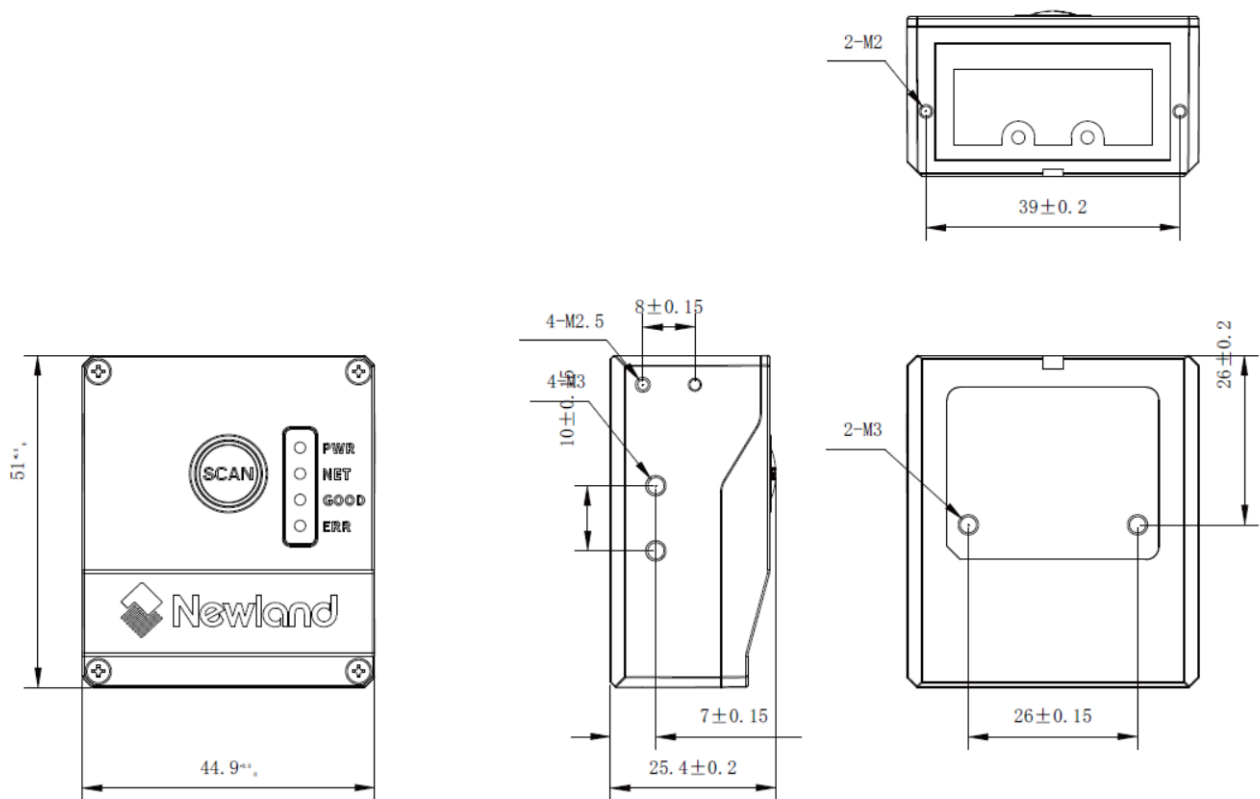
1.2 Device Overview

1.2.1 Product Appearance

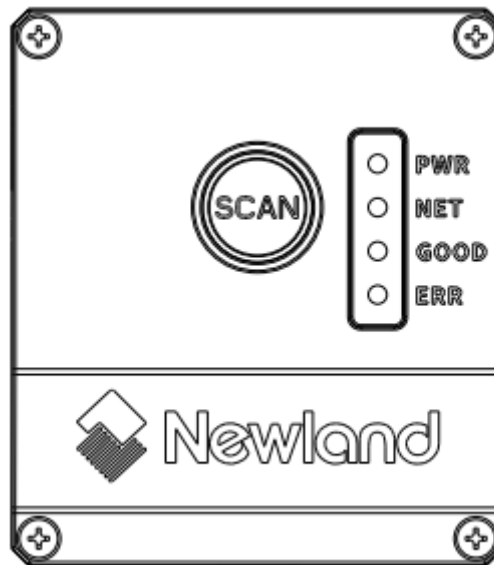


1.2.2 Dimension

Take standard device as an example: Units: mm



1.2.3 Button



Setup	Operations	Device Status	Status Indicators
Barcode Programming	1. Long press for 9 seconds until the buzzer beeps twice, then release to enter barcode programming mode.	In barcode programming mode	The Good Read LED is continuously blinking green
	2. Short press once again to exit. 3. Automatically exit after 60 seconds of inactivity. 4. Exits upon successfully reading other barcodes.	Successfully read the setup barcode	Buzzer beeps once
Restore to factory settings	Long press for 20 seconds to reset to factory settings.	Successfully reset factory settings	All indicator LEDs remain on for 1 second
Trigger	Short press once to start reading the barcode	Successfully read the barcode	The Good Read LED is blinking green

1.2.4 LED Indicator

LED	Definition	Function	Status
PWR	Power Indicator	The device is powered on	Steady Blue
		The device is not powered on	Blue LED Off
NET	Network Indicator	Ethernet connected	Steady Green
		Ethernet links with data transmission	Blinking Green
GOOD	Good Read Indicator	Successful reading	Blinking Green
		Failed reading	Blinking Red
ERR	Device Error Indicator	CMOS abnormality; LED board malfunction	Blinking Red
		Communication error; Firmware update failed; Script execution error	Blinking Blue

2 Connection and Installation

2.1 Cable

Cable	Dimension (mm)
USB + I/O cable	
RS232 + Ethernet + I/O cable	

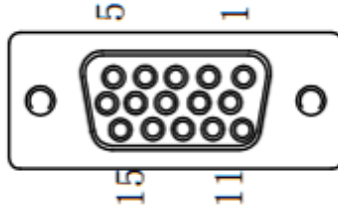
Table 3. Cable

As shown in Table 3, the NVF230 can be connected to four types of cables:

1. USB + I/O Cable: USB provides power supply and data communication; the I/O cable supports external trigger input/output and does not supply power.
2. Ethernet + RS-232 + I/O Cable: The I/O cable supports external trigger input/output; Ethernet or RS-232 is used for data communication. Power is supplied via an external adapter.

Note: When using an external adapter for power supply, the FG (Frame Ground) wire must be connected to the factory ground.

DB15 Pinouts

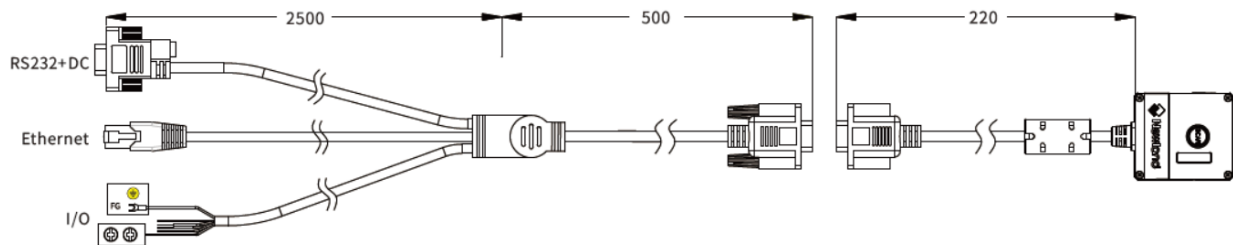


Pin Number	Signal	Pin Functions of the IO Lead Wires		
		Signal Description	Wire Color	
2	VIN	Power positive input	Red	
3	TRIG_IN	Trigger signal input	Brown	
4	IN_COM	Common in	Orange	
5	SCAN_OK	Signal output for good read	Yellow	
7	SCAN_NG	Signal output for not good read	Pink	
9	OUT_COM	Common out	Purple	
10	GND	Power ground	Black	

Table 4. DB15 Pinout Description

Note: The Ethernet + RS232 + I/O cable includes all the lead wires listed in the table above. The Single USB Cable and the USB + I/O Cable are powered directly via USB; therefore, they do not have the VIN and GND wires mentioned in the table.

NVF230 Wiring



Note:

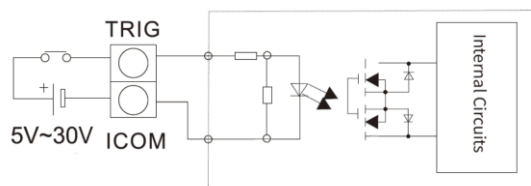
1. The FG wire should be grounded.
2. Always turn off the power before connecting or disconnecting the control cable.
3. The power wire (red) must not be exposed, as it may cause a short circuit.

External trigger input: when the target barcode passes through the scanning range of the scanner, the external equipment (such as sensor) sends a trigger signal to the external trigger input end of the scanner, and the scanner immediately decodes; in this way, fast automatic scanning and detection can be realized;

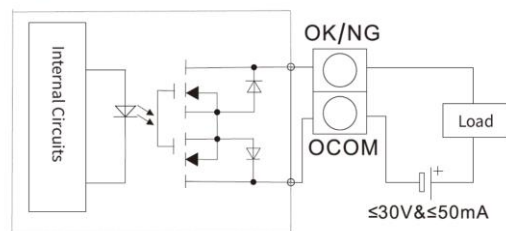
Signal output end: automatic detection also requires to be able to judge and indicate whether scanning is successful.

NVF230 provides two signal output ports for connecting with external indicating devices (such as light source, signal indicator, buzzer, and counter), etc. The circuit connection diagram for external trigger input and signal output is as follows.

Trigger input circuit



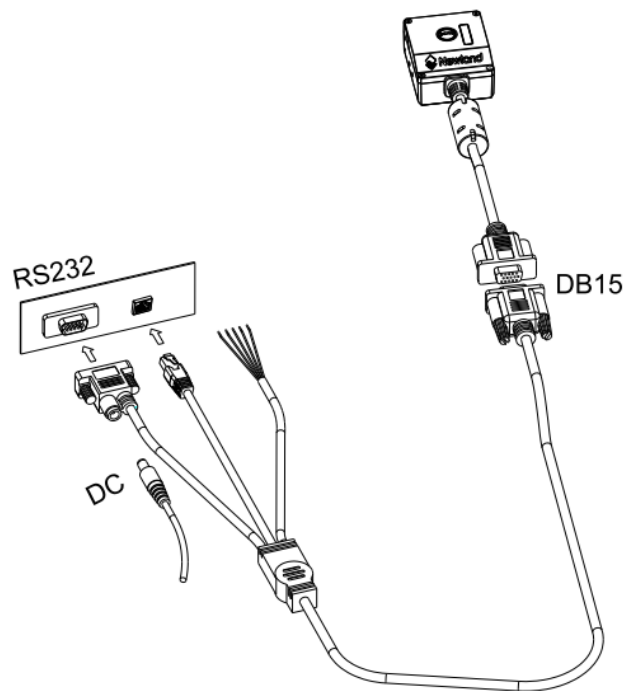
Signal output circuit



Note:

The electrical requirements of the pin for external trigger input are: $5V \leq \text{input voltage} \leq 30V$. And the signal output, the supply voltage provided shall be $\leq 24V$. At the same time, a load resistor is required to ensure that the current does not exceed 50 mA.

2.2 Communicate with the Host Device



The scanner can be connected to the host device via RS232 or Ethernet.



Ethernet IP Settings:

The default configuration of the Ethernet IP is:

IP: 192.168.1.100

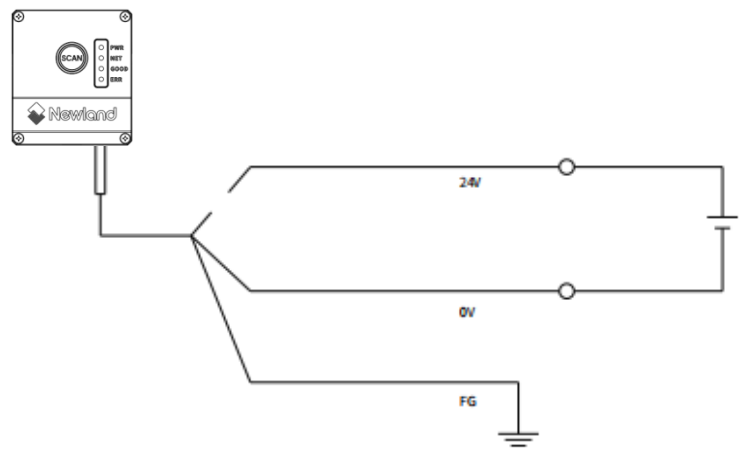
Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Gateway 192.168.1.1

Interface	Location	Image
RS232	RS232 port on the host device	
RJ45	RJ45 port on the host device	

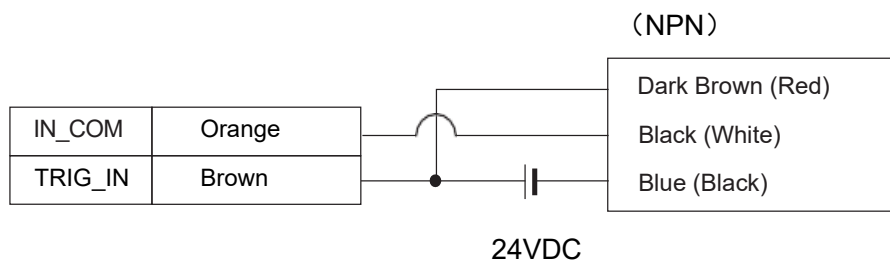
2.3 Sensor and External Switch Connections

Wiring Diagram for I/O-Based Power Supply

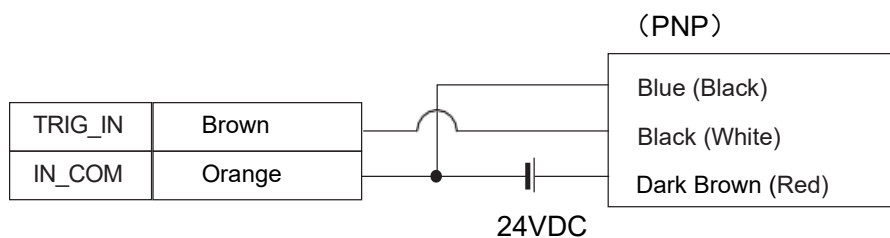


Photoelectric Sensor Wiring

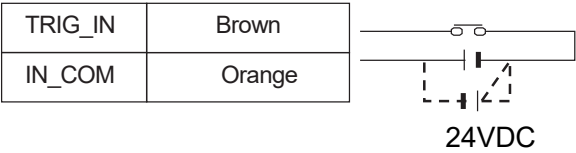
NPN



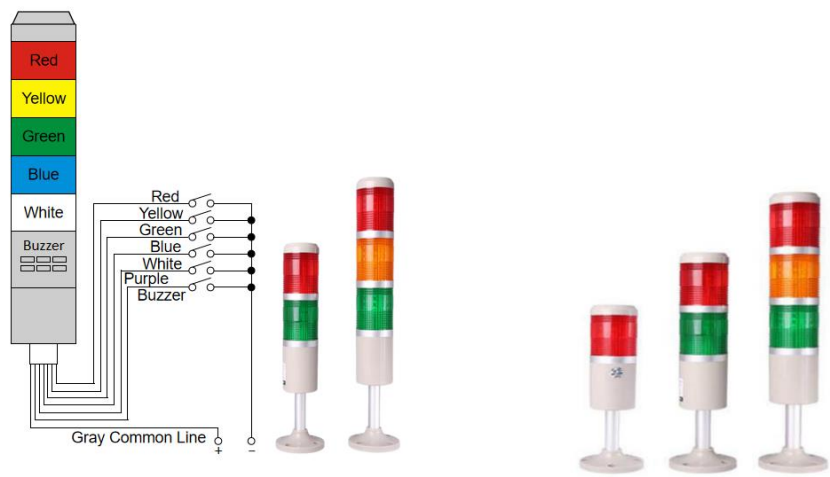
PNP



Switch Wiring



Alarm Indicator Wiring



Alarm Indicator Wires	NVF230 Wires	
Green	SCAN_OK (yellow)	<div></div>
Red/Purple	SCAN_NG (pink)	<div></div>
Gray (Common)	VIN (Red)	<div></div>
-	GND (Black) and OUT_COM (Purple) are connected together	<div></div> <div></div>

Note:

When the barcode is successfully read, the green LED turns on.

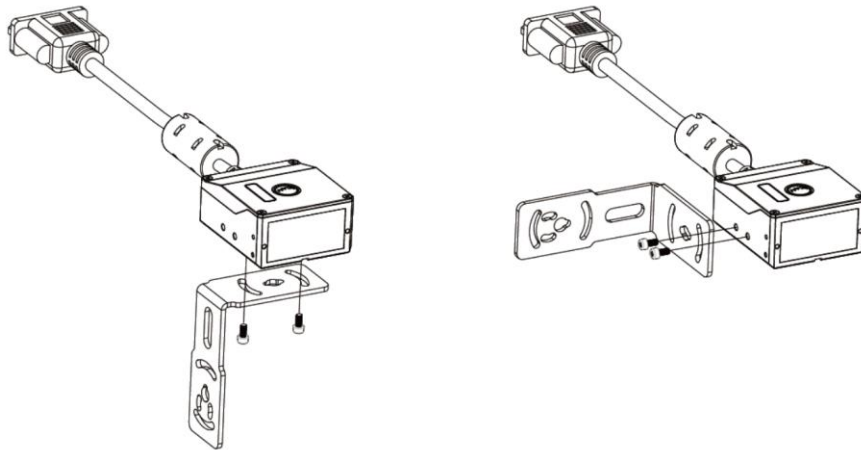
When the barcode reading fails, the red LED turns on and the buzzer beeps.

o

2.4 Installation

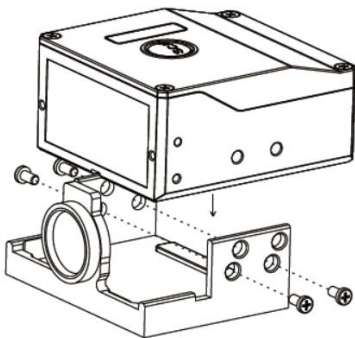
Installation with Bracket

Mounting holes are designed on two sides of the device, offering flexible installation options.

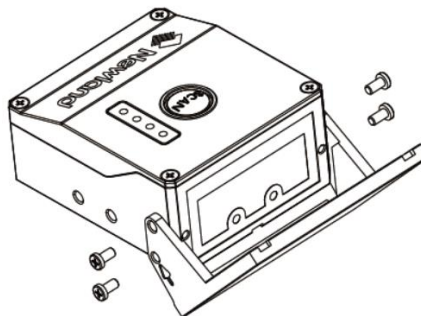


Installation with Optical Accessories

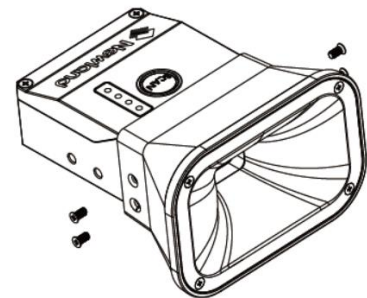
Optional accessories such as a diffuser, magnifying lens, and reflector can be installed on the NVF230 depending on the application.



Magnifier Installation



Reflector Installation



Diffuser Installation

Chapter Two: Nset



3 NSet Introduction

3.1 NSet Introduction

NSet is a User Interface client application developed by Fujian Newland Auto-ID Tech. Co., Ltd.

That simplifies initial scanner setup and changing parameters of the scanner you use.

Its main functions include:

- Debug equipment parameters and take effect in real time, view scanned images and barcode reading data in real time ;
- Upgrade the firmware, import the configurations, restore to the factory default ,etc in batch;
- Provide configuration comparison between multiple devices to analyze the performance differences of different devices;
- Generate the setting barcodes for the configuration of the scanner, and save them as a PDF or Word file;
- Interact with the device through commands;
- Provide quick selection tools to help users quickly assess scene requirements, precisely select the model and determine the installation location

3.2 Installation Guide

NSet software supports Windows XP/7/8/10 operating system.

There is no need to install the driver additionally, just double-click the NSet software installation file and follow the step-by-step instructions to complete the installation.

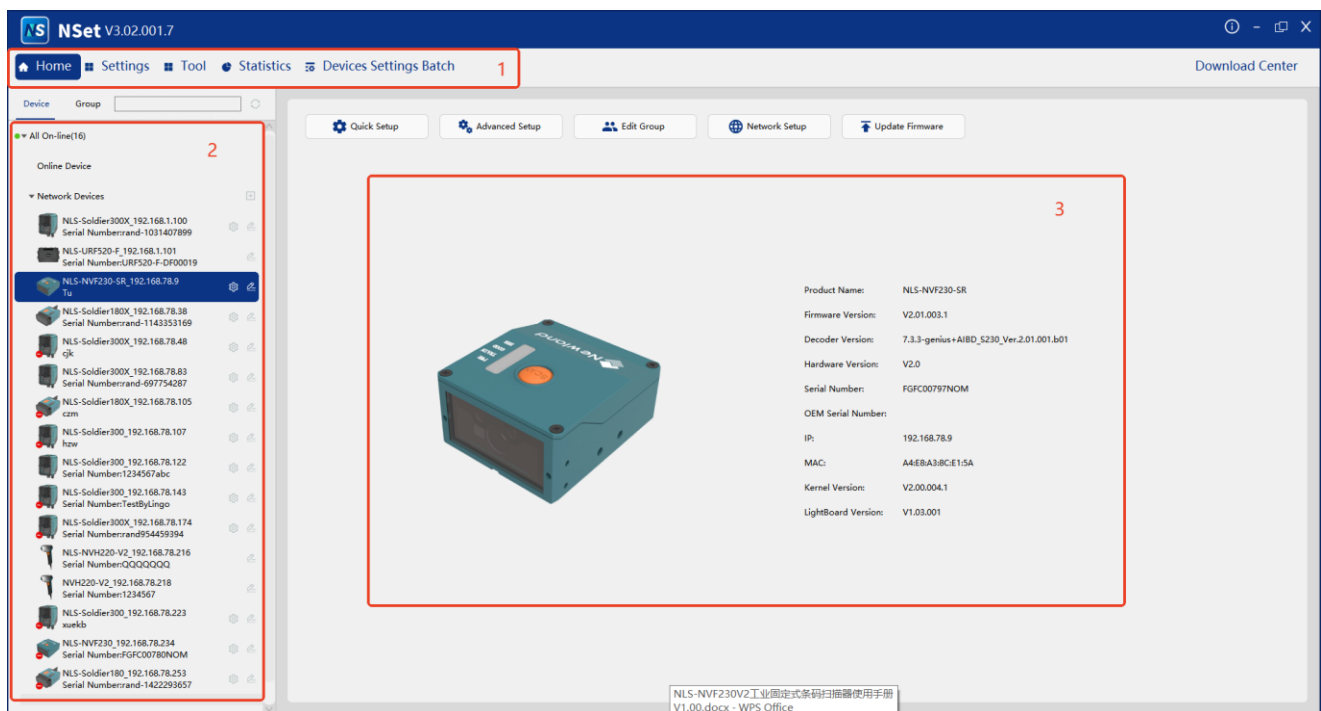


Recommend installing NSet_V3.02.001.7 and above software.

3.3 Nset Home

The NSet Home screen consists of the following main sections:

1. Main Menu
2. Device List
3. Device Information



Note: Click the "Download Center" in the upper-right corner to visit the official website and download the latest documents.

3.4 Network Setup

The default configuration of Ethernet IP is as follows:

IP address: 192.168.1.100

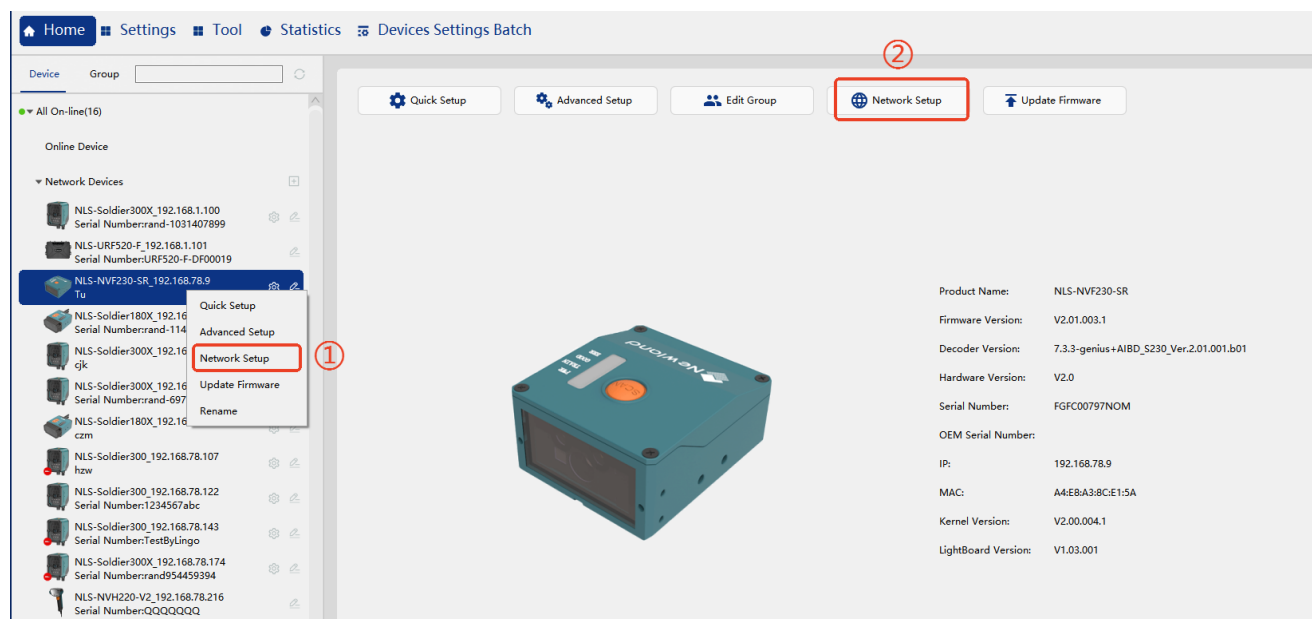
Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Gateway address: 192.168.1.1

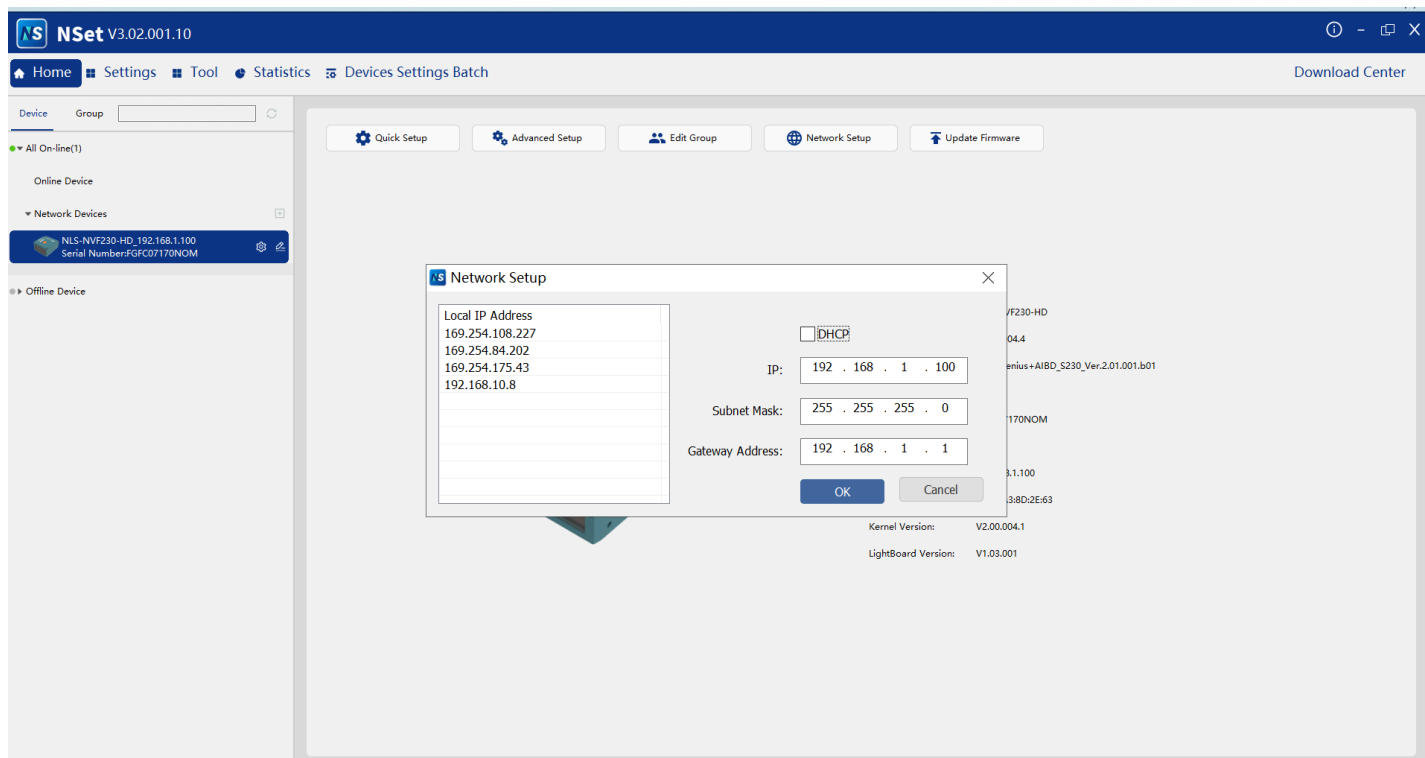
After selecting a device, click the "**Network Setup**" button to bring up an interface that displays the IP address of the local machine (PC). To ensure the scanner is on the same subnet as the PC, you can either enable **DHCP** or configure the settings manually.

Method 1: In the device list, select the device you want to configure, right-click the settings icon, and select the "Network Setup".

Method 2: In the device information panel on the right, click "Network Setup".



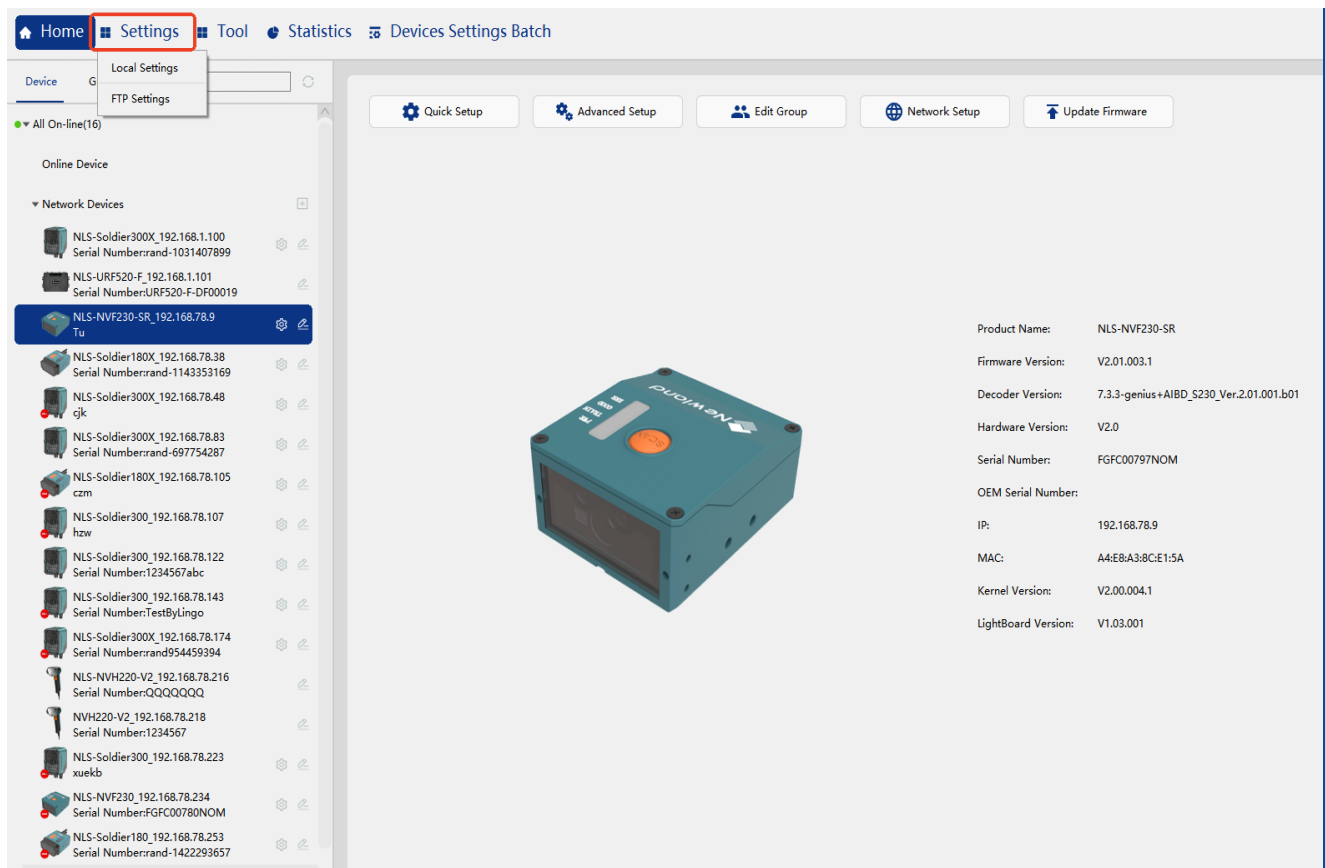
2. In the Network Setup window, you can either enable DHCP to obtain an IP address automatically, or manually configure a fixed IP address based on the host IP.



After setting the IP, double-click the device to enter the main operation interface of the device.

3.5 Main Menu

3.5.1 Settings



Local Settings

The Local Settings menu shows parameters that allow you to select which image quality/type and set where images captured by the scanner are stored. Here, you can also select the language (Chinese or English) of Setup Tool itself.

"Save the number of NG" is the upper limit of the image failed to decode.

Local Settings

Image path:

E:\practice\新大陆\NSet\image\

Browse

Image Quality:

Highest

Image type:

Bmp

Language:

ENGLISH

Save the Number Of NG:

100

NG Number At A Time:

4

Network Refresh Interval (s):

15

Statistical Analysis Saving Interval:

60Minute

Hex Input Mode:

String Input

☐ Auto Save Decoded Image (not playing)

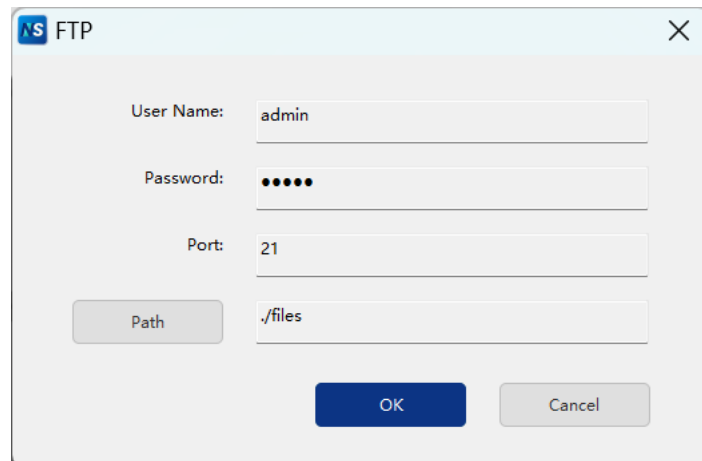
☒ Save Barcode Data

☐ RFID Device Modification Takes Effect In Real Time

Save

FTP Settings

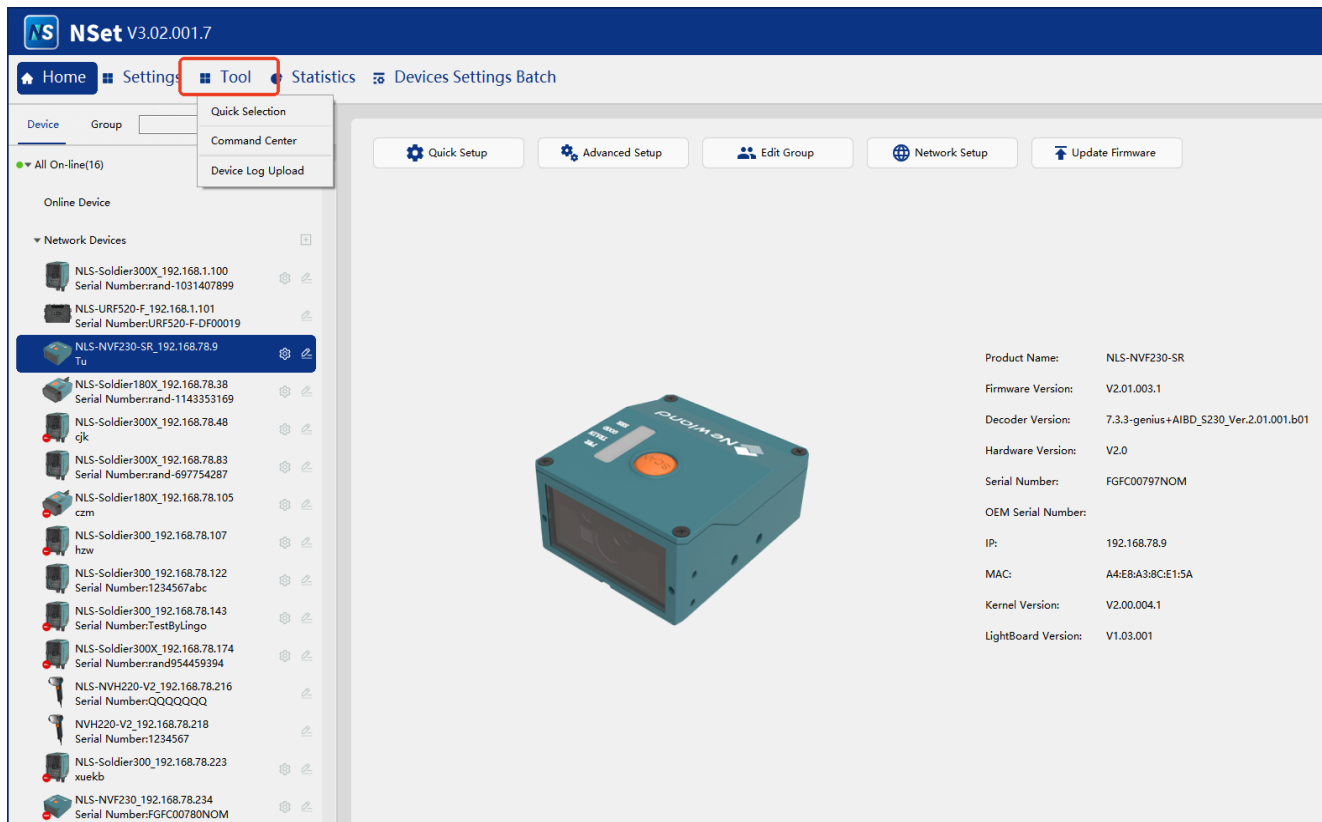
Below interface is used to configure the FTP server on the PC, with the device functioning as an FTP client.



The image shows a dialog box titled "FTP" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. The dialog contains four input fields: "User Name" with the value "admin", "Password" with five dots, "Port" with the value "21", and "Path" with the value "/files". There is a small "Path" label to the left of the path input field. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: "OK" (blue) and "Cancel" (gray).

Field	Value
User Name	admin
Password	•••••
Port	21
Path	/files


3.5.2 Tool



Quick Selection

This function can be used to evaluate whether a device meets the application requirements by analyzing barcode parameters, installation constraints, and field of view (FOV) specifications

Step 1: Select the device model, barcode type, and barcode size.

Click the  button to open the mil conversion tool, which automatically converts the entered barcode data into mils.

Step1

Basic Information

Select Device:


NLS-NVF230-SR

Barcode Type:

1D

Barcode Size(mil):

10



Step 2: select the installation mode and enter installation height.

Step2

Position Information

Installation mode: Specified mounting dist

Installation Height H(mm): 100

Click "Calculate" to determine whether the selected device meets the application requirements and view the installation diagram.

Quick Selection

×

Step1

Basic Information

Select Device: NLS-NVF230-SR

Barcode Type: 1D

Barcode Size(mil): 10 ?

Step2

Position Information

Installation mode: Specified mounting dist

Installation Height H(mm): 100

Calculate

Step3

Selection Results

Is the Device Available: **Yes**

The Horizontal Field of View (mm): 90

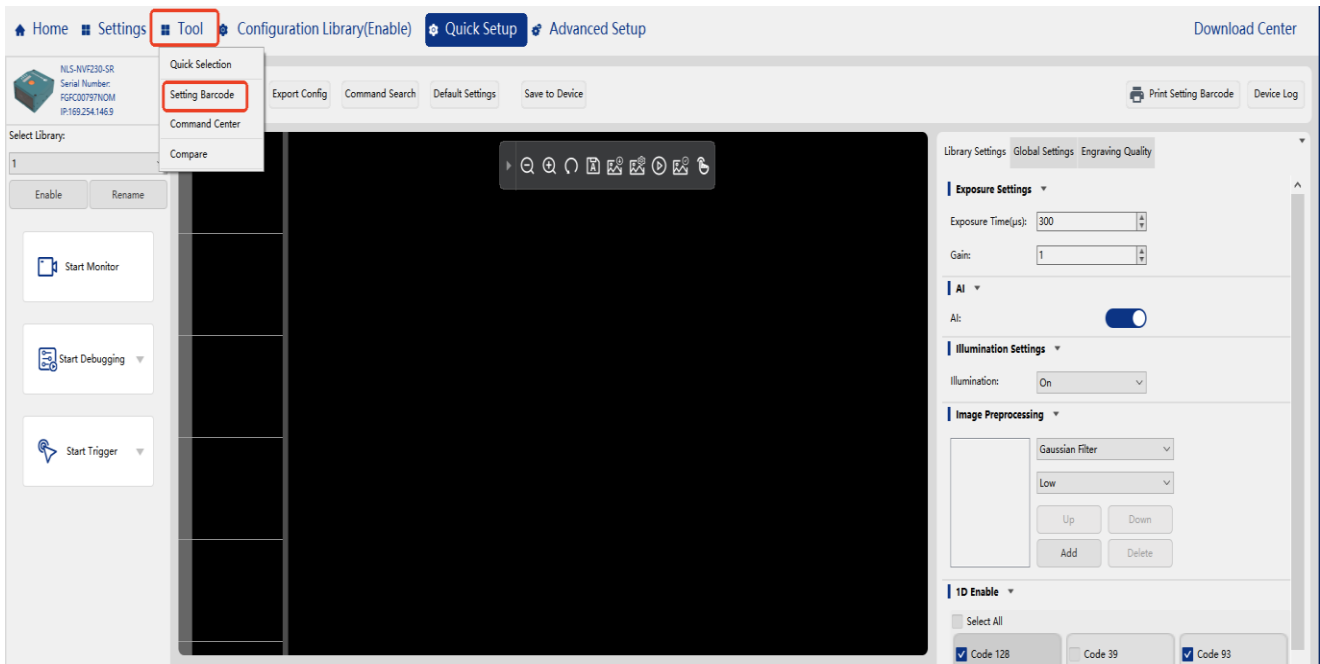
The Vertical Field of View (mm): 55

Deep Vision of the Current Device(mm): 248

Close-up Depth of the Current Device(mm): 0

Installation diagram

Setting Barcode

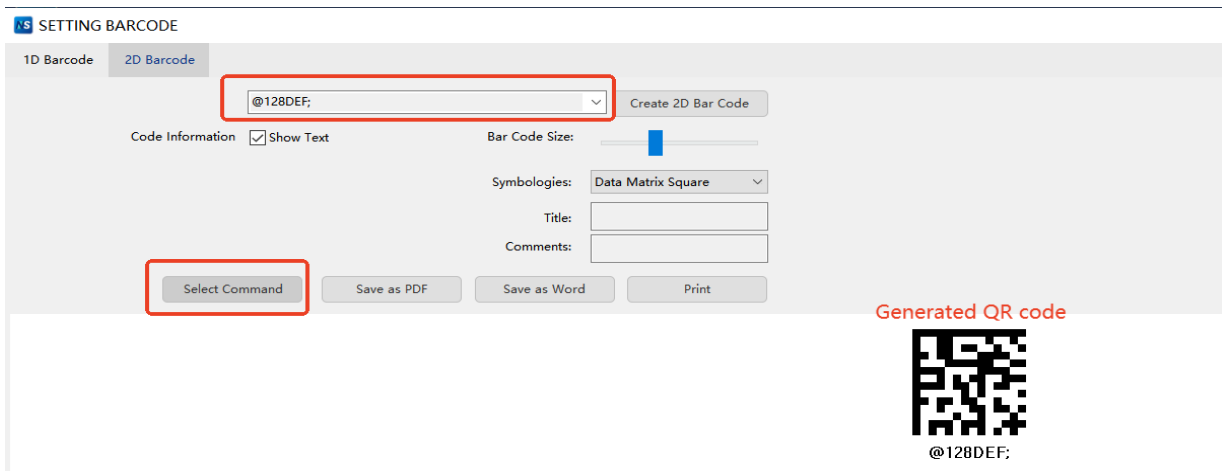


Generate Setting Barcode

There are two ways to generate setting barcodes:

1. Generate the setting code based on the configuration of the modifications compared to the last save.
2. Generate setting barcodes by inputting instructions.

Generate setting barcode by inputting instructions



Generate setting barcodes based on modified configuration

1. Modify the configuration parameters as needed.
2. Click the "Setting Barcode" button in the toolbar to generate setting barcode based on the updated configuration.

SETTING BARCODE

1D Barcode 2D Barcode

Create 2D Bar Code

Code Information ☒ Show Text


Bar Code Size:

Symbologies: Data Matrix Square

Title:

Comments:

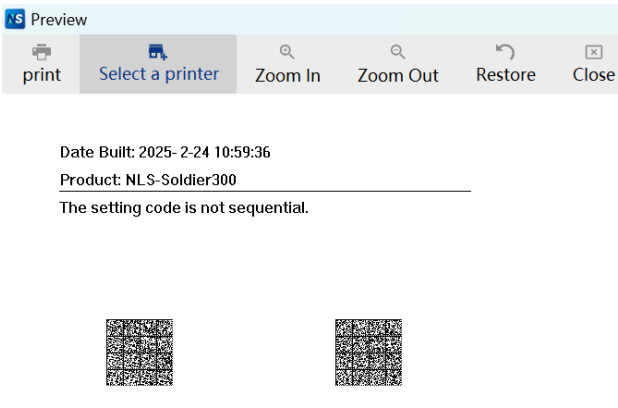
Current device configuration information



32454E41303B443134454E41303B454138454E41313B453133454E41313B4C3235454E41303B495353454E41303B495342454E41303B49425

Print Setting Barcode

After generating the setting barcode, click the  to print the setting barcode.



Read the Setting Barcode

To read setting barcodes, press the TRIG button to enter barcode programming mode. The device will automatically perform illumination and focus adjustments. Before scanning, adjust the device's position using the focus indicator to ensure proper alignment.

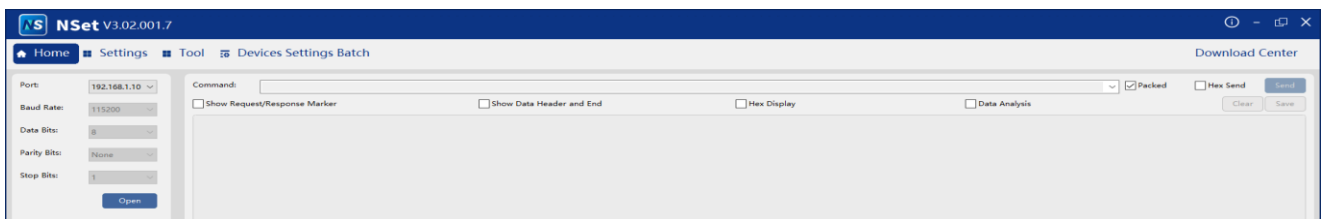
Setup	Operations	Device Status	Status Indicators
Barcode Programming	1. Long press for 9 seconds until the buzzer beeps twice, then release to enter barcode programming mode.	In barcode programming mode	The Good Read LED is continuously blinking green
	2. Short press once again to exit. 3. Automatically exit after 60 seconds of inactivity. 4. Exits upon successfully reading other barcodes.	Successfully read the setting barcode	Buzzer beeps once

Command Center

On the main interface, select the port where the device is located (the device needs to be set to serial port or USB CDC), after opening the serial port, you can interact with the device through commands. If you enter the Advanced Setup interface of the device, click "Options" - "Command Center", and enter the corresponding instruction commands.

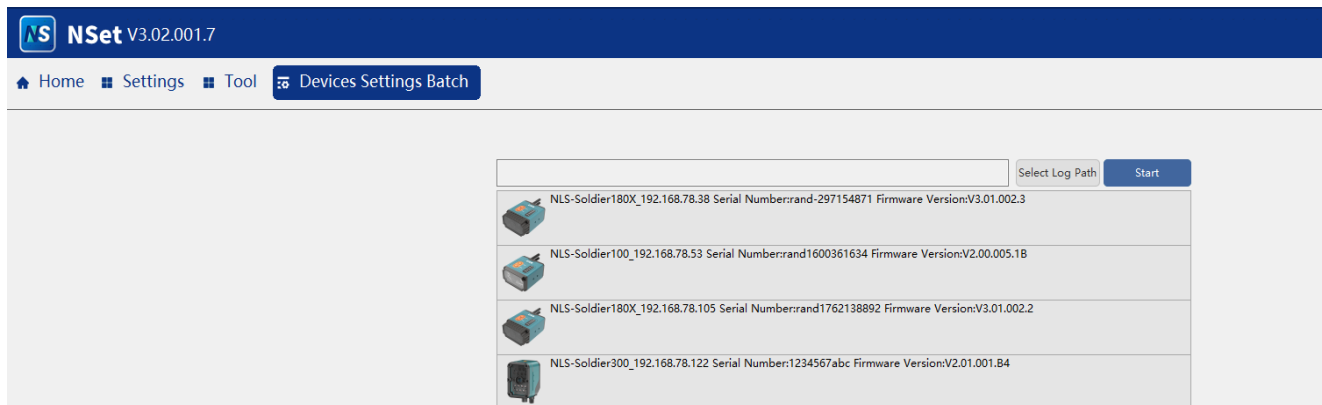
If "Packed" is selected, the packet header and tail will be added according to the instruction structure and sent; if it is removed, the original data will be sent.

Select "Data Analysis" will parse the barcode uploaded by the device to the PC according to the packaging format selected by the user (command is: "PACKAG", if the device supports it).



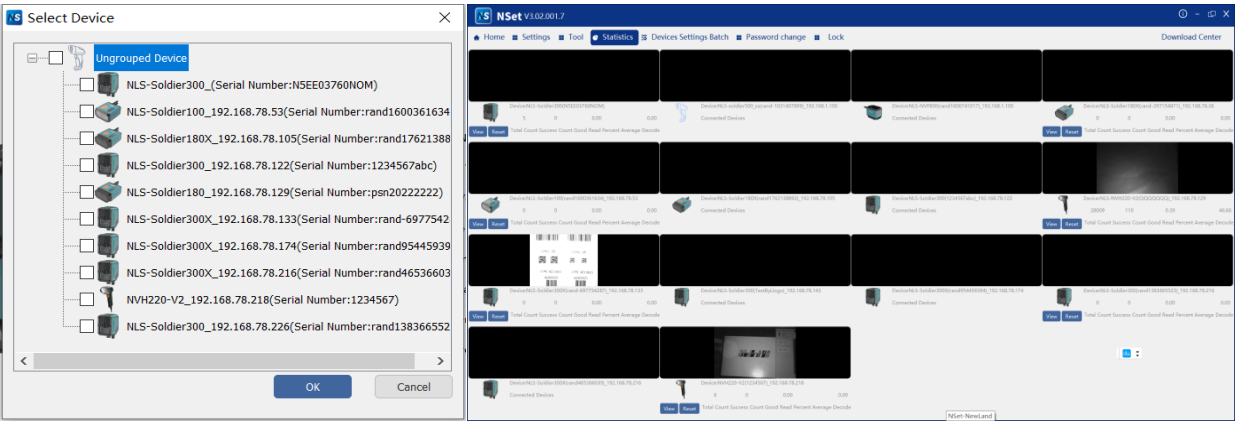
Upload Device Log

Click "Select Log Path" to choose the log directory, then click "Start" and select the target device to export the logs. The device logs are used for troubleshooting and failure analysis.

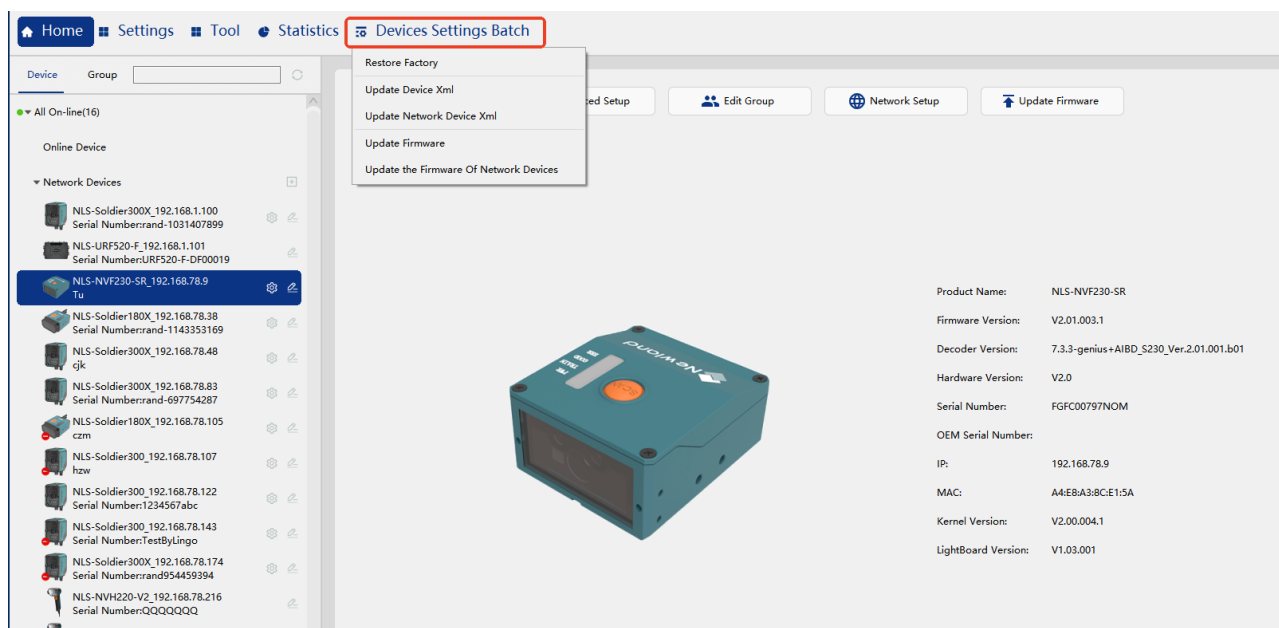


3.5.3 Statistics

Select devices to be monitored. The system supports monitoring multiple devices simultaneously.



3.5.4 Device Setting Batch



In the devices setting batch section, the following functions are available: "Restore Factory", "Update Device Xml", "Update Network Device Xml", "Update Firmware", and "Update the Firmware of Network Devices".

The "Restore Factory", "Update Device Xml", and "Update Firmware" are used for devices with USB interfaces.

For devices that communicate via a network, use "Update Network Device Xml" and "Update the Firmware of Network Devices" to update the configuration file and firmware.

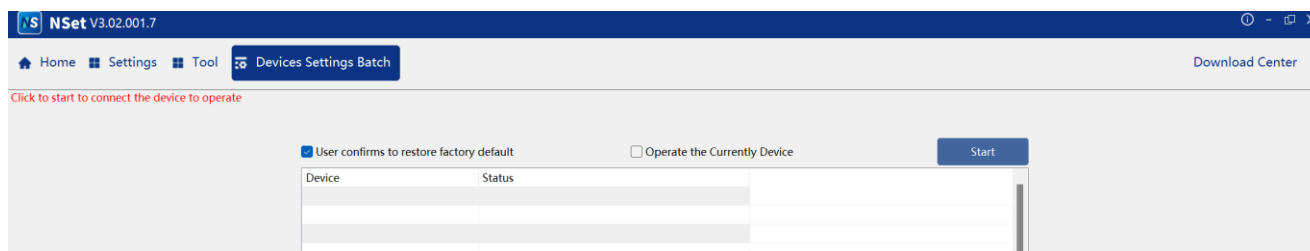
Restore Factory Defaults

Enable "User confirms to restore factory default". A confirmation message will pop up each time you reset the device

Select "Operate current device" to restore the currently connected device to the factory defaults.

Click "Start", the NSet will automatically identify the device connected and start to reset the device.

It can support the simultaneous operation of multiple devices.



Update Device XML

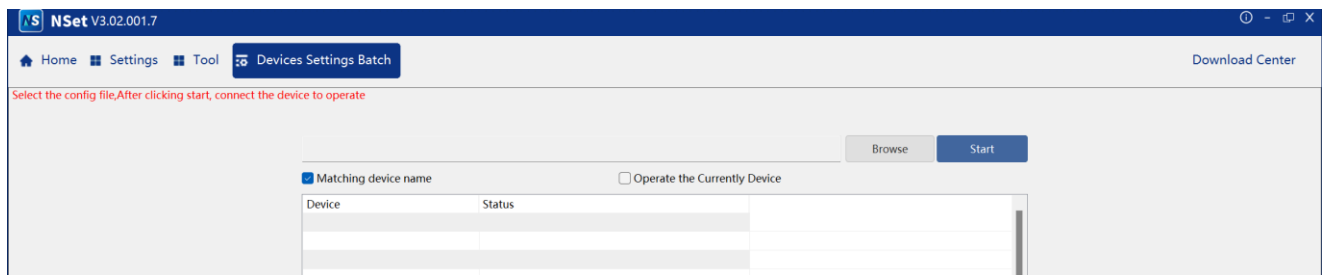
Click "Browse" to select the configuration file to update.

Select "Matching Device name", it will be matched according to the device name, and the device with the same name will be updated. If it is not matched, it will fail to update the configuration file.

Select "Operate the Currently Device" to update the configuration file of the currently connected device.

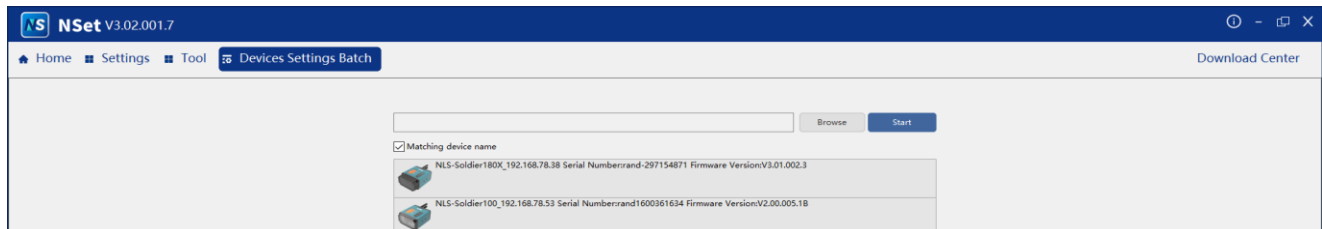
Click "Start", the NSet will automatically identify the device access and start updating the configuration.

It can support the simultaneous operation of multiple devices.



Update Network Device XML

This function allows batch updating of configuration files for devices on the local area network (LAN).



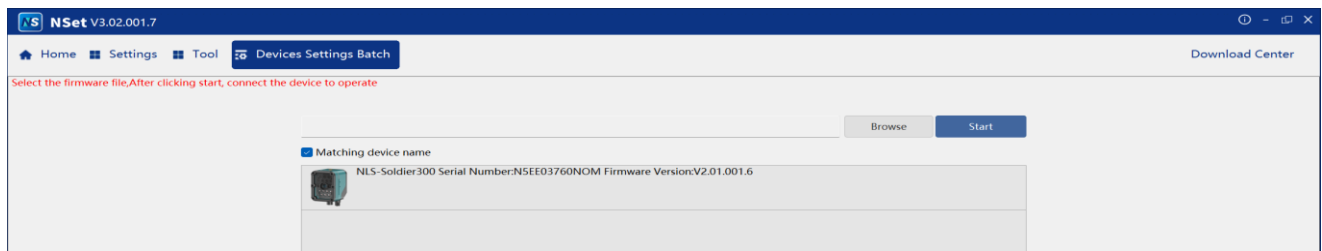
Update Firmware

Click "Browse" to select the firmware file to be updated.

Select "Matching Device name", it will be matched according to the device name, and the device with the same name will be updated. If it is not matched, it will fail to update the configuration file.

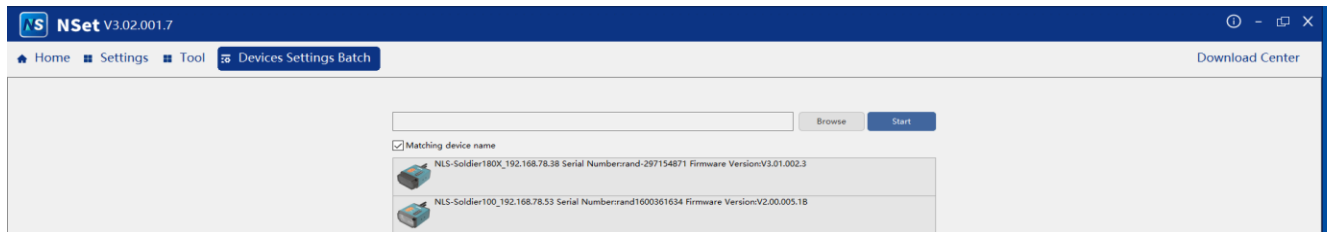
Click "Start", select the device or re-connect the device to start the update.

It can support the simultaneous operation of multiple devices.



Update the Firmware of Network Devices

This function allows batch updating of firmware files for devices on the local area network (LAN).

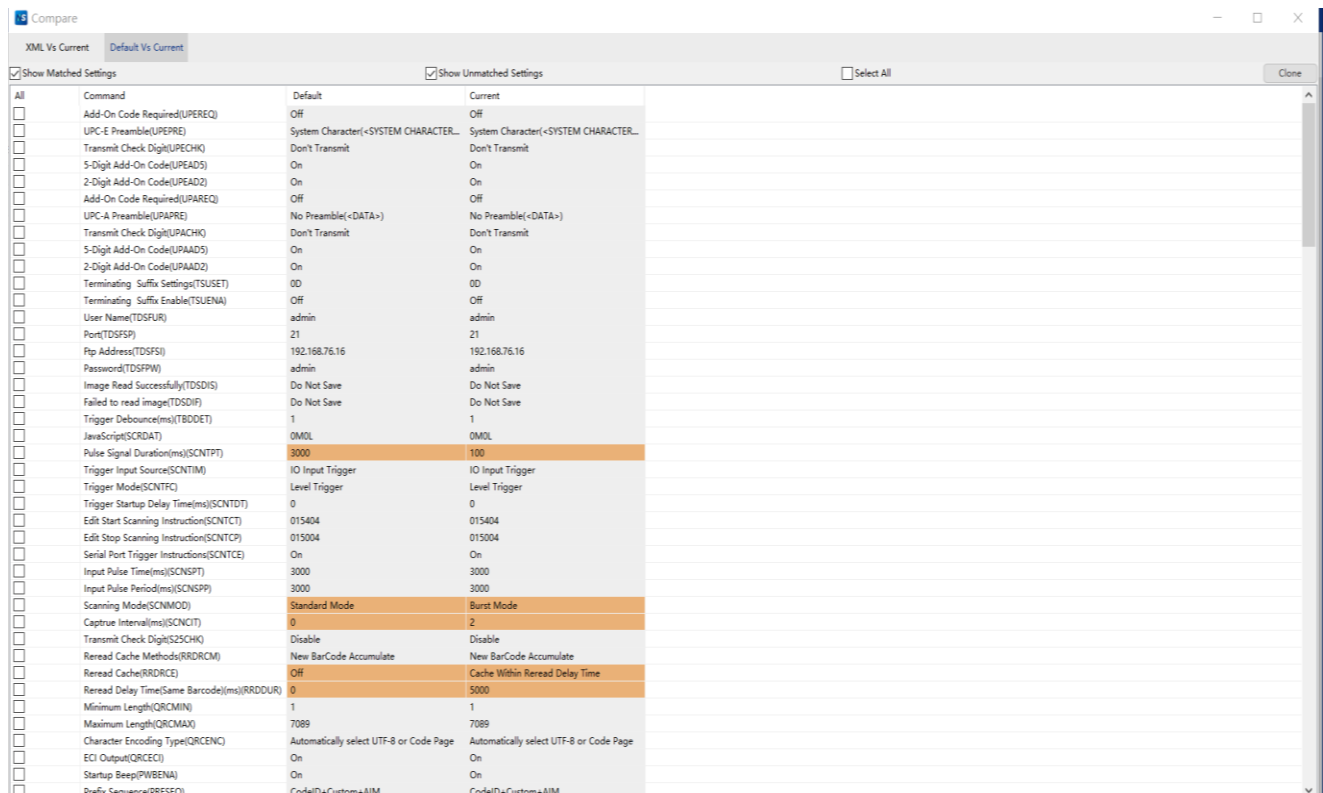


Configuration Compare

Select the device to be compared in the device tree on the left, and click "Start" to list the configuration differences between the devices.

Select "Show Matching Settings" will list the same configuration between devices.

Select "Show Unmatched Settings" will list the different configurations between devices, and marked in orange.

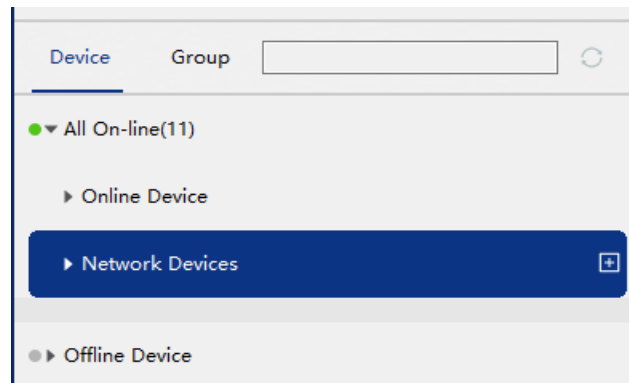


	Command	Default	Current
<input type="checkbox"/>	Add-On Code Required(UPEREQ)	Off	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	UPC-E Preamble(UPEPRE)	System Character(<SYSTEM CHARACTER...)	System Character(<SYSTEM CHARACTER...
<input type="checkbox"/>	Transmit Check Digit(LUPECHK)	Don't Transmit	Don't Transmit
<input type="checkbox"/>	5-Digit Add-On Code(LUPEAD5)	On	On
<input type="checkbox"/>	2-Digit Add-On Code(LUPEAD2)	On	On
<input type="checkbox"/>	Add-On Code Required(LUPEAREQ)	Off	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	UPC-A Preamble(LUAPRE)	No Preamble(<DATA>)	No Preamble(<DATA>)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Transmit Check Digit(LUPACHK)	Don't Transmit	Don't Transmit
<input type="checkbox"/>	5-Digit Add-On Code(LUPAAD5)	On	On
<input type="checkbox"/>	2-Digit Add-On Code(LUPAAD2)	On	On
<input type="checkbox"/>	Terminating Suffix Settings(TSUSET)	00	00
<input type="checkbox"/>	Terminating Suffix Enable(TSUENA)	Off	Off
<input type="checkbox"/>	User Name(TDSFUR)	admin	admin
<input type="checkbox"/>	Port(TDSFSP)	21	21
<input type="checkbox"/>	Ftp Address(TDSFSI)	192.168.76.16	192.168.76.16
<input type="checkbox"/>	Password(TDSFPW)	admin	admin
<input type="checkbox"/>	Image Read Successfully(TDSDIS)	Do Not Save	Do Not Save
<input type="checkbox"/>	Failed to read image(TDSDIF)	Do Not Save	Do Not Save
<input type="checkbox"/>	Trigger Debounce(ms)(TBDDT)	1	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	JavaScript(SCRDAT)	0M0L	0M0L
<input type="checkbox"/>	Pulse Signal Duration(ms)(SCNTPT)	3000	100
<input type="checkbox"/>	Trigger Input Source(SCNTIM)	IO Input Trigger	IO Input Trigger
<input type="checkbox"/>	Trigger Mode(SCNTFC)	Level Trigger	Level Trigger
<input type="checkbox"/>	Trigger Startup Delay Time(ms)(SCNTDT)	0	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	Edit Start Scanning Instruction(SCNTCT)	015404	015404
<input type="checkbox"/>	Edit Stop Scanning Instruction(SCNTCP)	015004	015004
<input type="checkbox"/>	Serial Port Trigger Instructions(SCNTCE)	On	On
<input type="checkbox"/>	Input Pulse Time(ms)(SCNSPT)	3000	3000
<input type="checkbox"/>	Input Pulse Period(ms)(SCNSPP)	3000	3000
<input type="checkbox"/>	Scanning Mode(SCNMOD)	Standard Mode	Burst Mode
<input type="checkbox"/>	Capture Interval(ms)(SCNCIT)	0	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	Transmit Check Digit(S2SCHQ)	Disable	Disable
<input type="checkbox"/>	Reread Cache Methods(RRDRCM)	New BarCode Accumulate	New BarCode Accumulate
<input type="checkbox"/>	Reread Cache(RRDRC)	Off	Cache Within Reread Delay Time
<input type="checkbox"/>	Reread Delay Time(Same Barcode)(ms)(RRDDUR)	0	5000
<input type="checkbox"/>	Minimum Length(QRCMIN)	1	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	Maximum Length(QRCMAX)	7089	7089
<input type="checkbox"/>	Character Encoding Type(QRCENC)	Automatically select UTF-8 or Code Page	Automatically select UTF-8 or Code Page
<input type="checkbox"/>	ECI Output(QRCECI)	On	On
<input type="checkbox"/>	Startup Beep(PWBENA)	On	On
<input type="checkbox"/>	Prefix Sequence(PRESEQ)	CodeID+Custom+AIM	CodeID+Custom+AIM

3.6 Device List

The device list on the left is categorized into: "Device" And "Group".

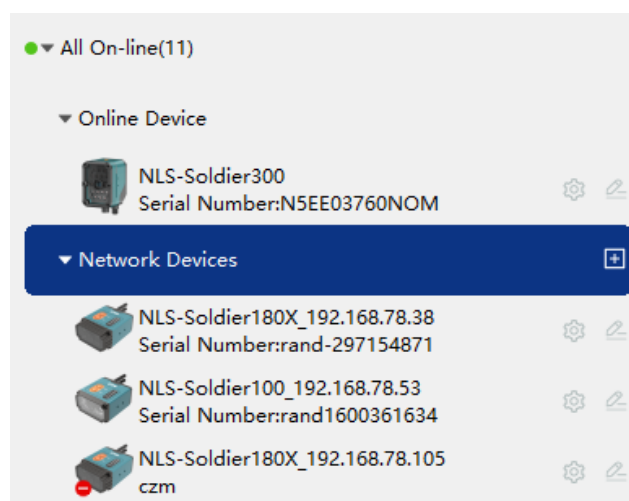
The "Device" list includes: "All On-line" and "Offline Devices".



All On-line

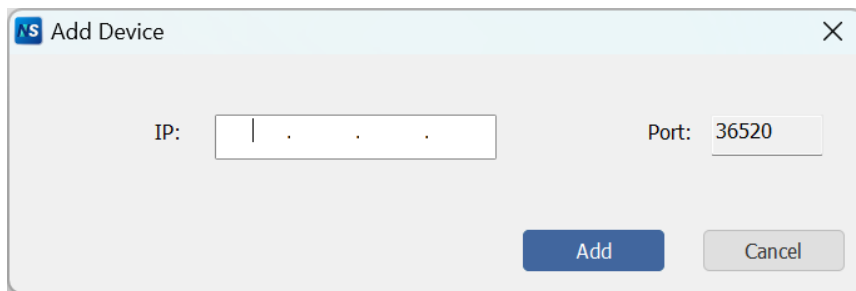
NSet will automatically display all connected devices, and when a device is selected, the system information of the device will be displayed on the right side of the home page, including: product name, hardware version, algorithm library version, serial number, date of manufacture, IP address and mac address and other information.

Among them, the devices connected by Ethernet are unified into a list of "Network Devices", and the rest are listed as "Online Device".



If you find that any device is not displayed in the "All On-line" Column, please click "🔄" At the top right to refresh and try again;

Or click "+" On the right side of the "Network Devices" Column to manually add a network device.



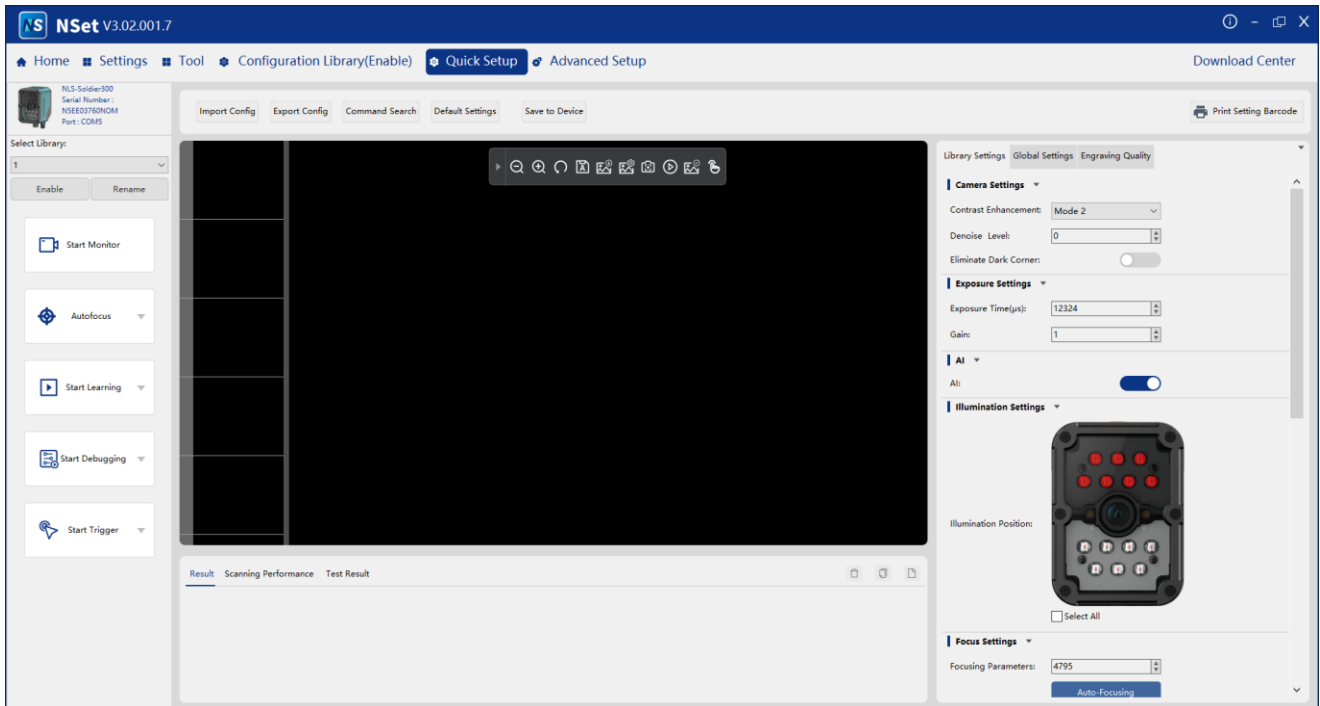
The image shows a dialog box titled "Add Device" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there are two input fields: "IP:" and "Port:". The "IP:" field is a text box with a vertical cursor and three dots, indicating it is for an IP address. The "Port:" field is a text box containing the value "36520". At the bottom right of the dialog, there are two buttons: "Add" (a blue button) and "Cancel" (a grey button).

Offline Device

When the device is not connected, you can view the offline parameters of industrial products, including name and offline configuration version number.

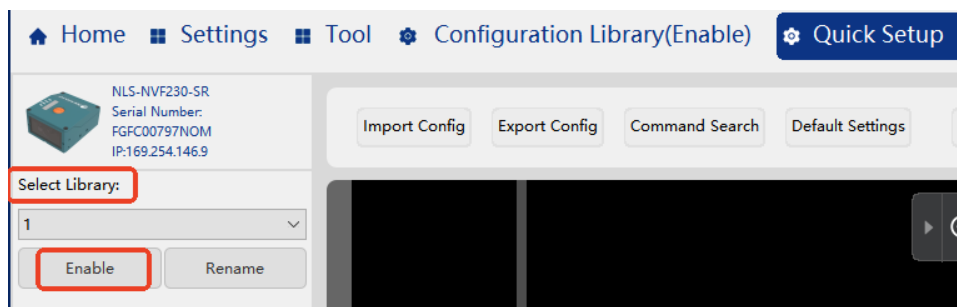
4 Quick Settings

"Quick Setup" is based on auto-focus and self-learning functions, help users to quickly complete the automatic configuration of device parameters.



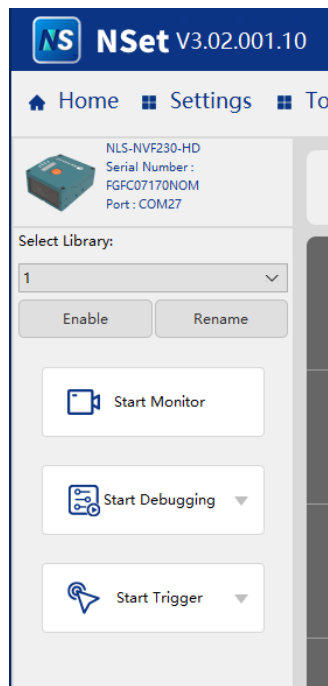
4.1 Select Library

Click "▼" on the right to select the library. Tap "Rename" to quickly modify the library name. Click the "Enable" to enable or disable the library.

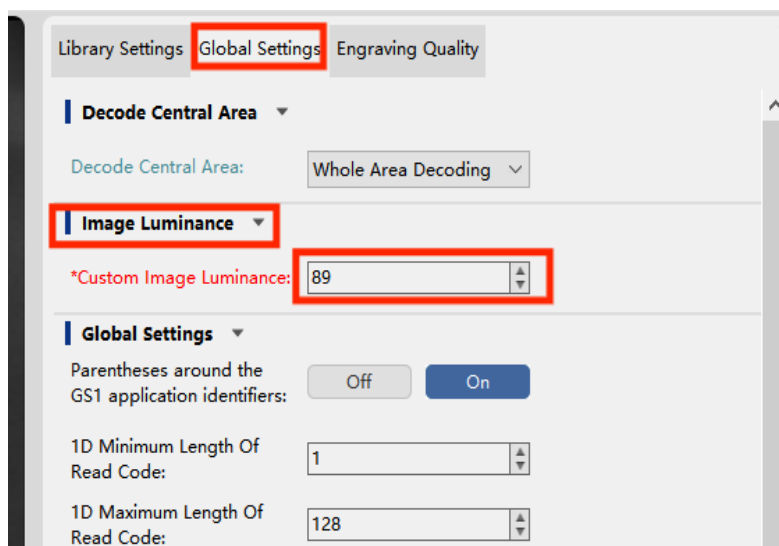


4.2 Start Monitor

Click "Start Monitor" to activate the device to acquire images without decoding. The device will automatically optimize image brightness, which helps improve autofocus performance.



Brightness Optimization: Click "Quick Setup" > "Global Settings" > "Image Luminance".



Alternatively, after starting the monitor, you can adjust the brightness by dragging the brightness slider on the right side of the screen.

Home

Settings

Tool

Configuration Library(Enable)

Quick Setup

Advanced Setup

Download Center

NLS-NV1230-SR

Serial Number: FGCD0797NOM

IP: 192.254.146.9

Select Library:

1

Enable

Rename

Stop Monitor

Start Debugging

Start Trigger

Import Config

Export Config

Command Search

Default Settings

Save to Device

01

20

19

18

17

Library Settings

Global Settings

Engraving Quality

Exposure Settings

Exposure Time(us): 300

Gain: 1

AI

AI:

Illumination Settings

Illumination: On

Image Preprocessing

Gaussian Filter

Low

Up

Down

Add

Delete

1D Enable

Select All

Code 128

EAN-8

UPC-E

Code 39

EAN-13

ISBN

Code 93

UPC-A

ISSN

Result

Scanning Performance

Test Result

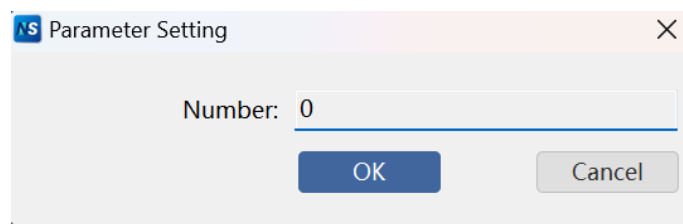
Type	Data	Length	PPM	IP	MAC	Serial Number	Engraving Quality
------	------	--------	-----	----	-----	---------------	-------------------

4.3 Start Debugging

Start Debugging: Only test the currently selected configuration library.

Click "Start Debugging" to start debugging, click again to stop debugging.

Click "▼" On the right side to set the debug parameters:



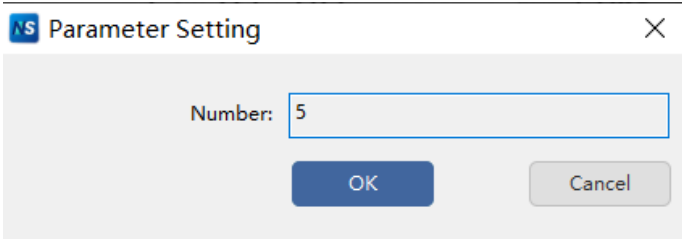
Parameter	Function
Number	Set the number of triggers. When the value is set to 0, the debug test runs continuously until manually stopped.

4.4 Start Trigger

Start Trigger: Test all enabled configuration libraries.

Click "Start Trigger" to start the barcode reading, click again to stop the barcode reading.

Click "▼" On the right side to set the trigger parameters:

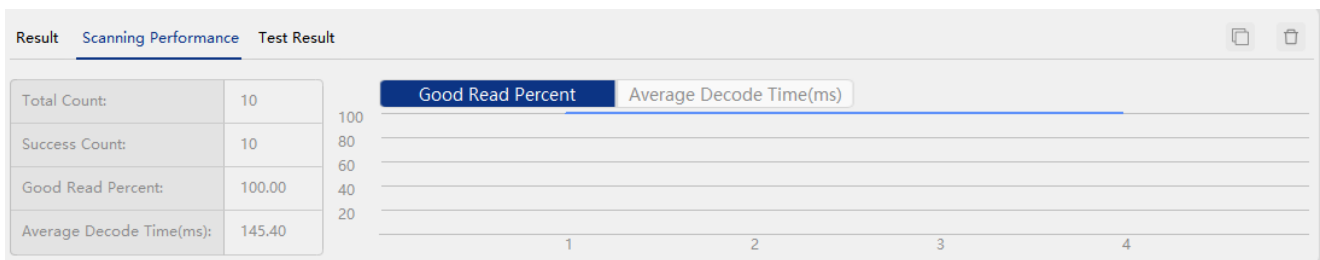
A screenshot of a 'Parameter Setting' dialog box. It has a title bar with a blue icon and the text 'Parameter Setting' and a close button (X). The main area is light gray and contains the label 'Number:' followed by a text input field containing the number '5'. Below the input field are two buttons: 'OK' and 'Cancel'.

Parameter	Function
Number	Set the number of times the device automatically triggers to read barcodes. When set to 0, the scanner will trigger continuously until manually stopped.

4.5 Result & Scanning Performance & Test Result


"Results": displays the decoded results in real time after each trigger.

"Scanning Performance": includes total count, success count, good read percent, average decode time, and line graphs of good read percent and average decode time.



"Test Result": includes barcode type, data, length, PPM, engraving quality, decoding time, configuration, and AI.

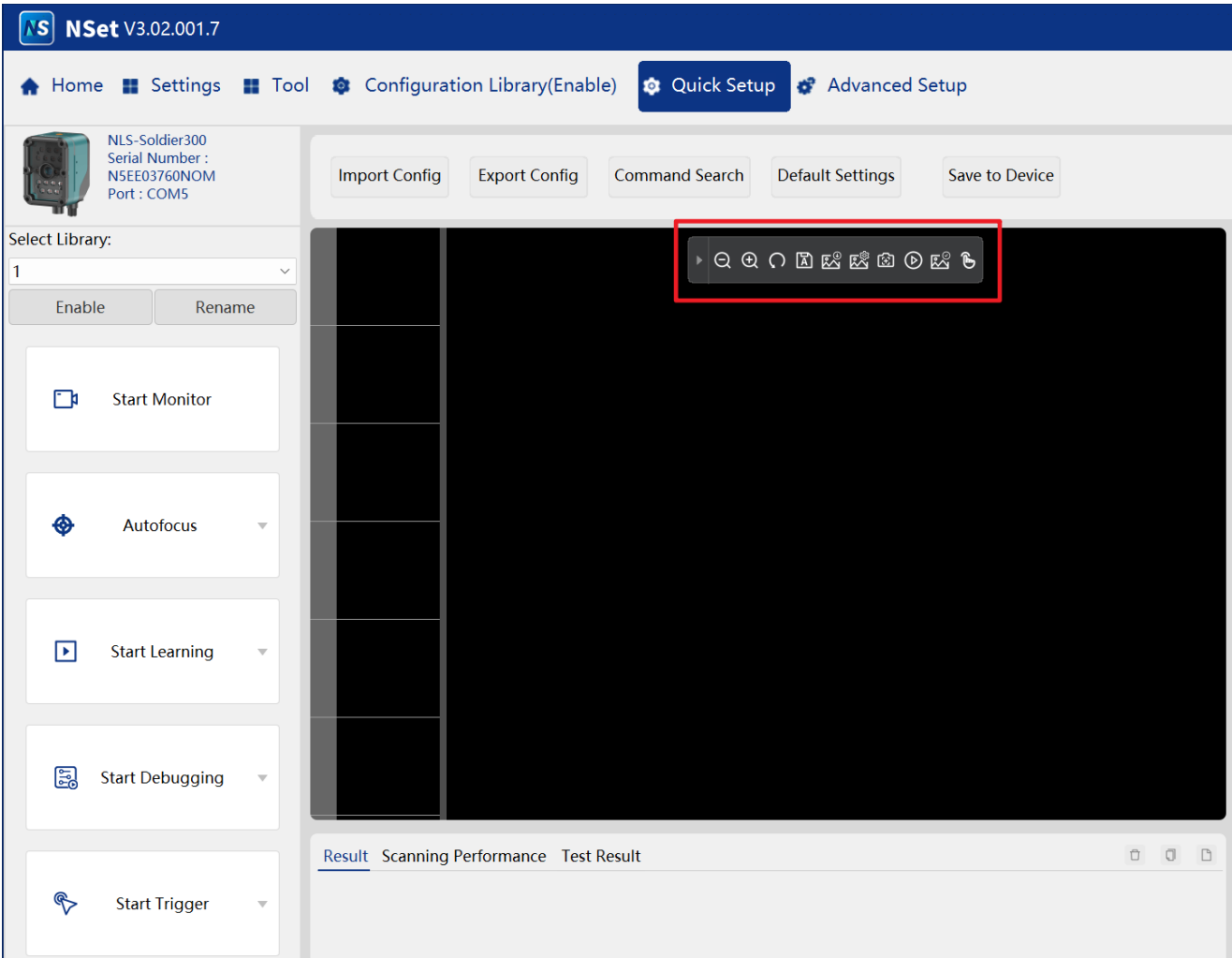
Type	Data	Length	PPM	Engraving Quality	Decoding Ti...	Configuration...	AI	
QR Code	Barcode4856	11	5.00		49.00ms	1	1	
QR Code	Barcode4856	11	5.00		48.00ms	1	1	
QR Code	Barcode4856	11	5.00		49.00ms	1	1	

Note: Both **Start Trigger** and **Start Debugging** belong to the debug mode. The results are displayed in the **Test Result** section, while trigger actions initiated by the icon  or device button are shown in the **Result** section.





The statistical differences between debug mode and actual triggered decoding are as follows:







Parameter	Debug Mode	Actual Triggered Decoding
Test Content	Only tests the performance of the currently selected Library.	Tests the final application performance
Total Count	Number of decoded images	Number of trigger events
Success Count	Number of successfully decoded images	Number of successfully completed trigger events
Good Read Percent	Image decoding success rate (%)	Trigger event success rate (%)
Average Decode Time	Average image decoding time (ms)	Average decoding time for completed trigger event (ms)

4.6 Image Tool



Double-click the specific device in the device list on the home page, or click "Quick Setup", when the interface is USB CDC or Ethernet interface, you can view the real-time image read by the device through NSet, the tool at the top of the imaging window columns include:

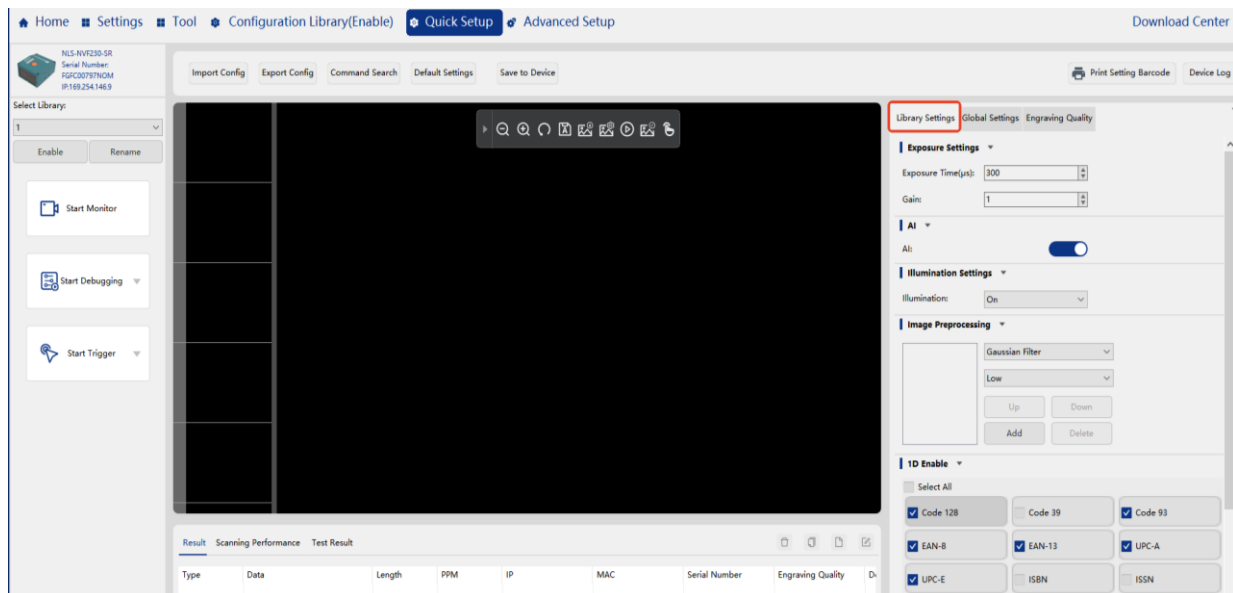
Icon	Function
	Zoom in on the current image
	Zoom out the current image.
	Restore the image size.
	Save image

	Save image to local file
	Set parameters such as image resolution and format.
	Autofocus
	Start/Stop real-time image view
	Obtain image
	Click to trigger device reading barcode.

Note: When the image format is set to raw, the image transmission time will increase, which may affect functions that rely on Ethernet transmission, such as networking.

4.7 Configuration Library

The Configuration Library allows you to set image and barcode parameters, including camera, exposure, illumination, and image preprocessing.



4.7.1 Exposure Setting

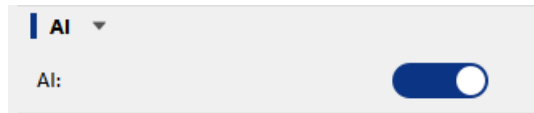
NSet can adjust the exposure time according to the scanned object. When the exposure time is set too short, the scanning object that moves faster can be read, but the field of view becomes dark due to insufficient exposure, which will make decoding difficult; and when the exposure time is too long, the captured barcode image will be smearing and blurring. Please adjust the exposure time value appropriately according to the production line speed.

If the on-site light source and illumination are unstable, the exposure and gain parameter values can be set to an interval, and the scanner will adjust within this interval every time the barcode is scanned (but it will affect the decoding performance).

Parameter	Description	Setting Range	Default Value
Exposure Time(μ s)	Set the exposure duration	60~60000	1000
Gain Value	Set the gain value	1~128	1

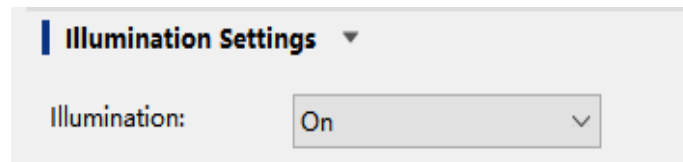
4.7.2 AI

Enable or disable AI function per actual need.



4.7.3 Illumination Settings

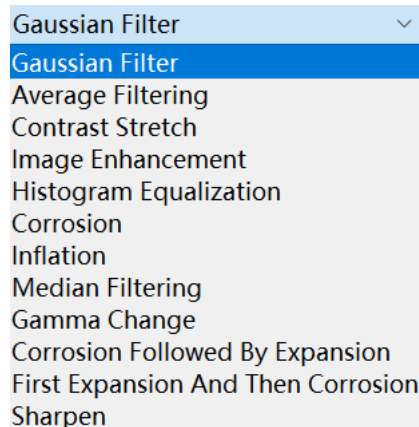
The illumination lights can be turned on or off.



4.7.4 Image Preprocessing

During the reading process of the device, the image quality directly affects the decoding accuracy of the recognition algorithm, thereby affecting the decoding speed and bit error rate. Therefore, in order to further improve the speed and reliability of decoding, it is necessary to effectively preprocess the image. Common barcode problems include: Noise in the barcode area, low-contrast code, and barcode printing diffusion.

Currently, the preprocessing that the device can support are as shown below:



According to the requirements, click "Add" And then select the required preprocessing function and preprocessing intensity. Multiple preprocessing modes can be added at the same time, and they will be superimposed and sorted in order from top to bottom.

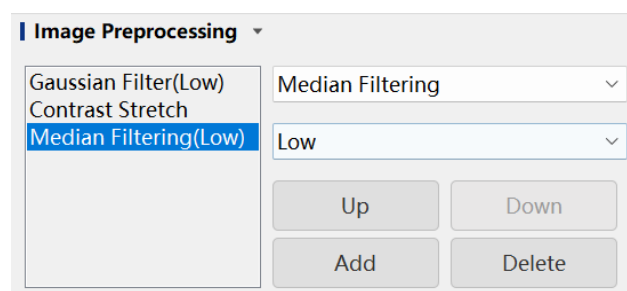
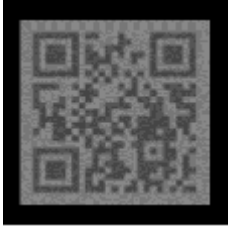








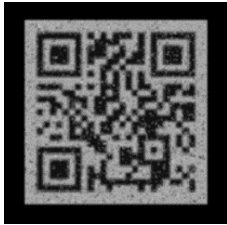
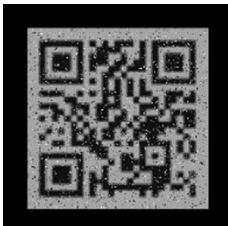
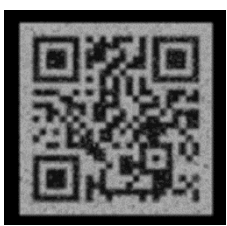



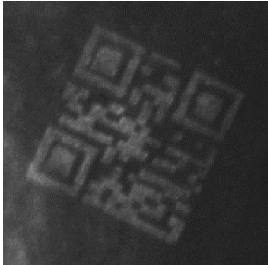
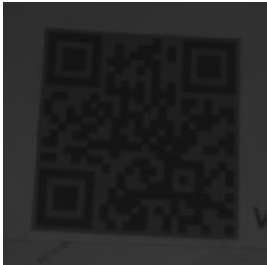



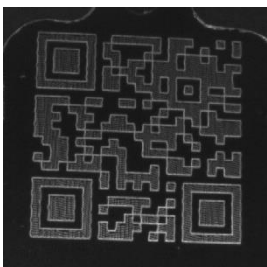
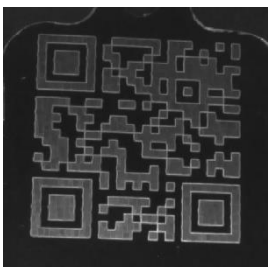
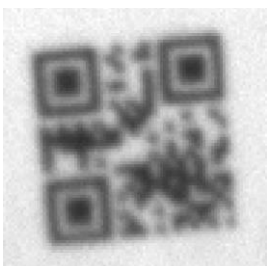



Image Preprocessing Example

Type	Barcode features	Before processing	After processing	Description
Contrast Stretch	Low contrast and no noise			Useful for low contrast and no bright spots in the image.
Histogram Equalization	Low contrast +lots of noise			Useful when contrast is low and there are bright spots in the image.
Corrosion	Black print spread			After corrosion treatment, the white blocks in the barcode become wider, and the black blocks are eroded and narrowed.
Inflation	White print spread			Contrary to erosion, after the expansion process, the white block part in the barcode is narrowed, and the black block is expanded and widened.
Gaussian Filter	Code area is noisy			The legend is a simulated qr barcode with 10% salt and pepper noise. The gaussian filter is softer than the mean filter, and the edge is better preserved.
Average Filtering	Code area is noisy			The denoising effect is weak, and the advantage is that it is fast and can be used when the noise is not serious.

Median filtering	Code area is noisy			Median filtering is slow and very effective at smoothing out impulse noise, while protecting sharp edges in the image, and is used in very noisy situations.
Image Enhancement	Low contrast			Useful for underexposed, low-contrast images without bright spots.
Gamma Change	Low brightness			Useful for images with low contrast or extreme lighting conditions (too bright or too dark).
Corrosion Followed By Expansion	Small holes and gaps within black regions			Used to fill small holes and gaps within black regions.
First Expansion And Then Corrosion	Small holes and gaps within white regions			Used to fill small holes and gaps within white regions.
Sharpen	Blurred images			Used to enhance edges and details in blurred images.

4.7.5 Enable 1D Symbology

Enable 1D symbology as per actual need

1D Enable

☐ Select All

☒ Code 128

☐ Code 39

☒ Code 93

☒ EAN-8

☒ EAN-13

☒ UPC-A

☒ UPC-E

☐ ISBN

☐ ISSN

☐ Code 11

☒ GS1-128 (UCC /EAN-128)

☐ AIM 128

☐ ISBT 128

☐ Codabar

☐ Industrial 2/5

☐ Interleaved 2/5

☐ Matrix 2/5

☐ Standard 2/5

☐ Coop 25

☐ Plessey

☐ MSI Plessey

☐ ITF-14

☐ ITF-6

☐ Deutsche 14

☐ Deutsche 12

4.7.6 Enable 2D Symbology

Enable 2D symbology as per actual need.

2D Enable

☒ Select All

☒ PDF417

☒ QR Code

☒ Aztec Code

☒ Data Matrix

4.8 Global Setting

4.8.1 Decode Central Area

Two decoding modes are available: Whole Area Decoding and Multiple ROI Decoding.

Parameter	Description	Setting Range	Default Value
Decode Central Area	Whether to turn on Multiple ROI Decoding	Whole Area Decoding Multiple ROI Decoding	Whole Area Decoding

4.8.2 Image luminance

Image luminance is the key parameter of scanner configuration, and proper image gray value will ensure successful decoding. Using a live image or acquiring an image will help you adjust the image luminance value. For test, you can directly adjust the image luminance in order to simplify the setup. (It is not recommended to set image luminance in mobile scanning)

Parameter	Description	Setting Range	Default Value
Image luminance	Adjusts image luminance when monitor mode is enabled.	1-255	100

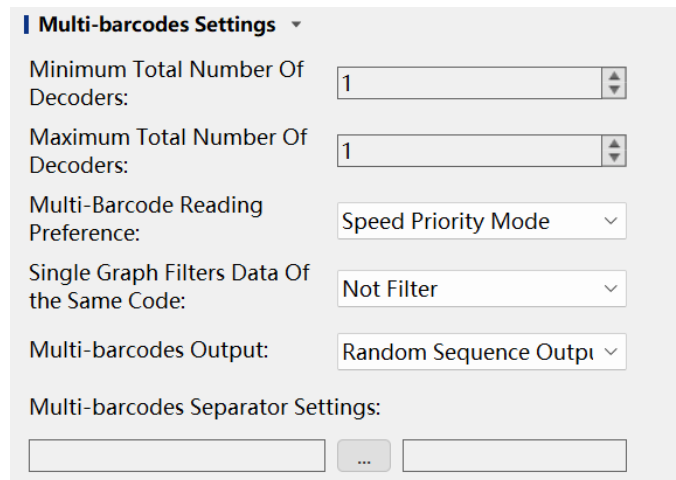
4.8.3 Global Settings

Global settings can configure parameters such as enabling parentheses around GS1 application identifiers, and setting the minimum and maximum length of 1D barcode decoding.

Global Settings ▾
Parentheses around the GS1 application identifiers:
1D Minimum Length Of Read Code: ▴ ▾
1D Maximum Length Of Read Code: ▴ ▾

4.8.4 Multi-barcode Settings

The multi-barcode settings allow you to configure decoding constraints and the output sequence for multiple barcodes. The output sequence also applies in synchronized mode during networked operation.



Multi-barcodes Settings ▾

Minimum Total Number Of Decoders:

Maximum Total Number Of Decoders:

Multi-Barcode Reading Preference:

Single Graph Filters Data Of the Same Code:

Multi-barcodes Output:

Multi-barcodes Separator Settings:

...

Minimum and maximum Total Number of Decoded

The output decoding quantity is randomly output according to the minimum to maximum quantity (but the lower limit quantity is according to the minimum setup value. For example, the minimum setup is 2, the maximum setup is 6, and one decoding can output 2-6 random barcodes, but at least 2 will be output).

Scan Preference

Two modes are available: Speed Priority and Quantity Priority.

Single Graph Filters Data of the Same Code

Filter data for the same barcode in the same image.

Multi-barcodes Output

- **Random Sequence Output**

- Output barcode information in random order.

● Fixed Sequence Output Mode

Customize the sorting and output barcode information according to the characteristics of symbology type, vertical direction, horizontal direction, etc., and adjust the output priority by moving up/down.

The screenshot shows a settings window for the Fixed Sequence Output Mode. On the left, there is a list box containing 'Vertical', 'Horizontal', and 'Barcode'. 'Vertical' is currently selected and highlighted in blue. To the right of this list are two buttons: 'Up' and 'Down'. Below the list box, there are two dropdown menus. The first is labeled 'Vertical Direction:' and has 'From the Top To the Bott' selected. The second is labeled 'Horizontal Direction:' and has 'From Left To Right' selected.

Click "=> / <=" to add/remove symbology types and adjust output priority by moving up/down.

The screenshot shows a window titled 'Barcode'. On the left, there is a list of barcode symbologies: Code 128, GS1-128(UCC/EAN-128), EAN-8, EAN-13, UPC-E, UPC-A, Interleaved 2/5, ITF-14, ITF-6, Matrix 2/5, Code 39, Codabar, Code 93, AIM 128, ISBT 128, COOP 25, and ISSN. 'Code 128' is selected and highlighted in blue. To the right of the list are four buttons: '=>', '<=', 'Up', and 'Down'. Below these buttons is a 'Clear' button. To the right of the buttons is a large empty rectangular area.

Multi-barcodes Separator Settings

Customize the separator between multiple barcodes.

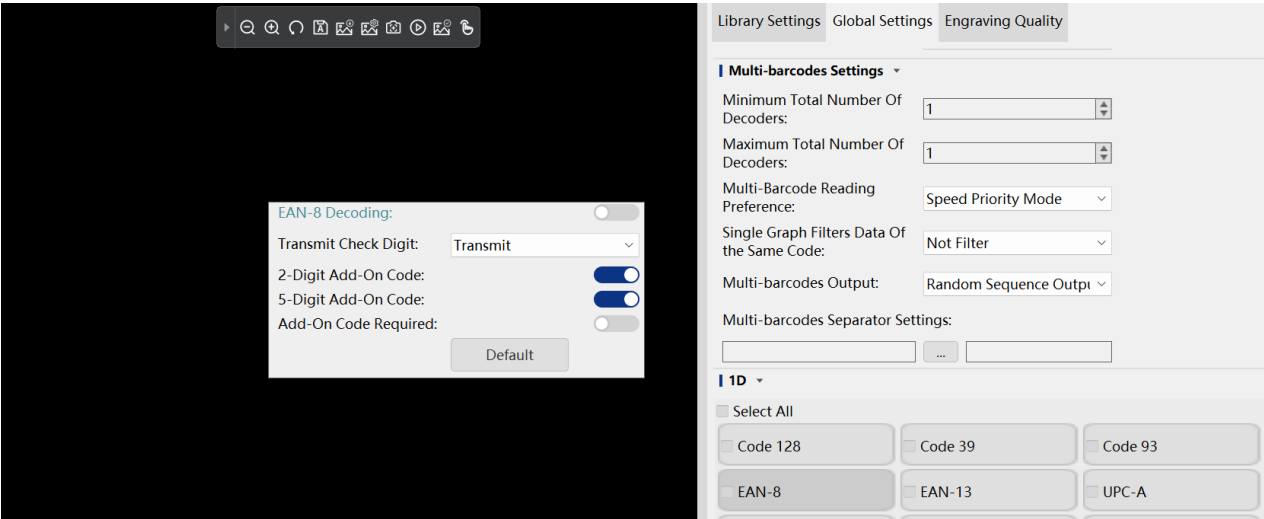
E
xample

Set the barcode separator to "--", the output result is:

A01--B0002--C03--D001--E001--2112345678917。

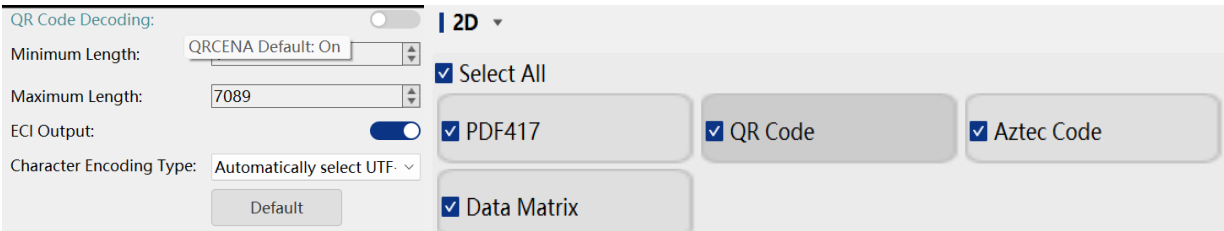
4.8.5 1D

Configure parameters for 1D barcodes, such as transmit the check digit and add-on code required. (Not limited to a specific configuration library.)



4.8.6 2D

Configure parameters for 2D barcodes, such as minimum length, maximum length, and ECI Output.



4.9 Engraving Quality

Engraving Quality: displays the engraving quality grade in the current decoding state.

06

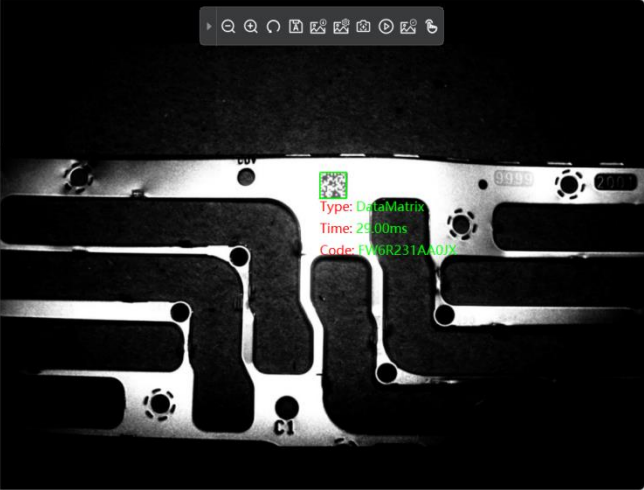
05

04

03

02

01



Result

Scanning Performance

Test Result

Type	Data	Length	PPM	Engraving Quality	Dec
DataMatrix	FW6R231AA01X	17	4.04	B	20.0

Library Settings

Global Settings

Engraving Quality

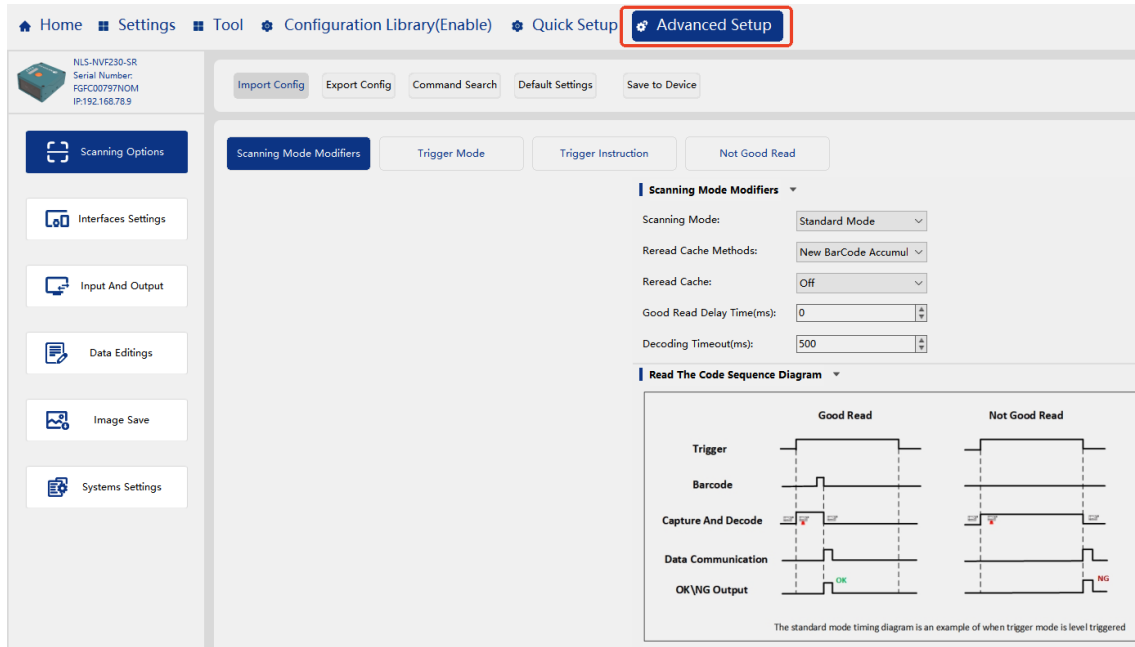
A

ISO/IEC TR 29158(AIM DPM-1-2006)

Decode	A	4
Cell Contrast	A	4
Cell Modulation	A	4
Reflectance Margin	A	4
Fixed Pattern Damage	A	4
Format Info Damage	-	-
Version Info Damage	-	-
Axial Nonuniformity	A	4
Grid Nonuniformity	A	4
Unused Err Correction	A	4
Print Growth Horizontal	-	-
Print Growth Vertical	-	-
Minimum Reflectance	-	-

5 Advanced Setup

Advanced Setup include: Scanning Options, Interfaces Settings, Input and Output, Data Editings, Image Save, System Settings.



5.1 Scanning Options

The Scanning Options include various scan-related configurations, such as scan parameters, trigger modes, and other related settings.

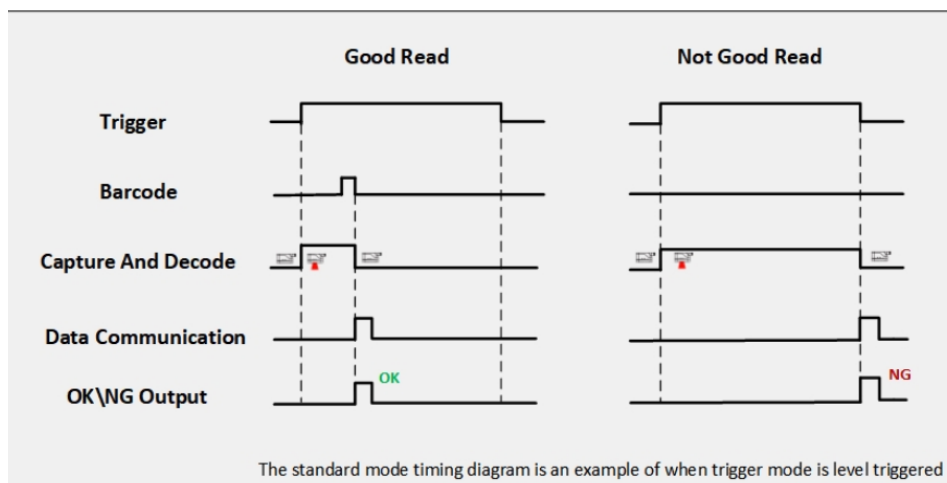
5.1.1 Scanning Settings

The scanner provides three scanning modes, as described below:

Number	Function	Description
1	Level Mode	Reads one barcode during each trigger event
2	Continuous Mode	Continuously reads barcodes while the trigger is held
3	Burst Mode	Captures multiple images per trigger and decodes one barcode

Level Mode

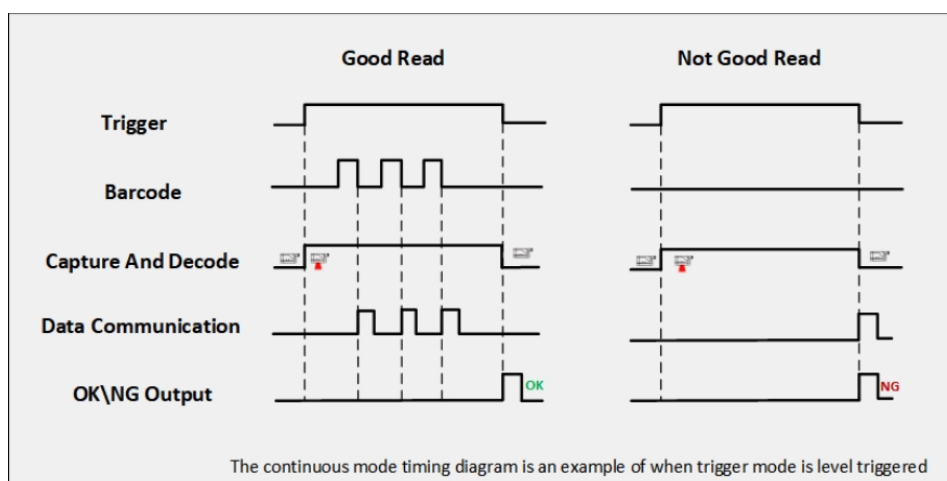
A trigger pull activates a decode session. The decode session continues until a barcode is decoded or you release the trigger.



Parameter	Description	Setting Range	Default Value
Decoding Timeout(ms)	Defines the maximum duration that the barcode scanner will attempt to read and parse the scanned object, after which stop this decoding.(same for Continuous Mode and Burst Mode)	1~3000	500

Continuous Mode

Press the scan trigger to continuously read barcodes. In this mode, the reread delay can be used to prevent the same barcode from being read multiple times.

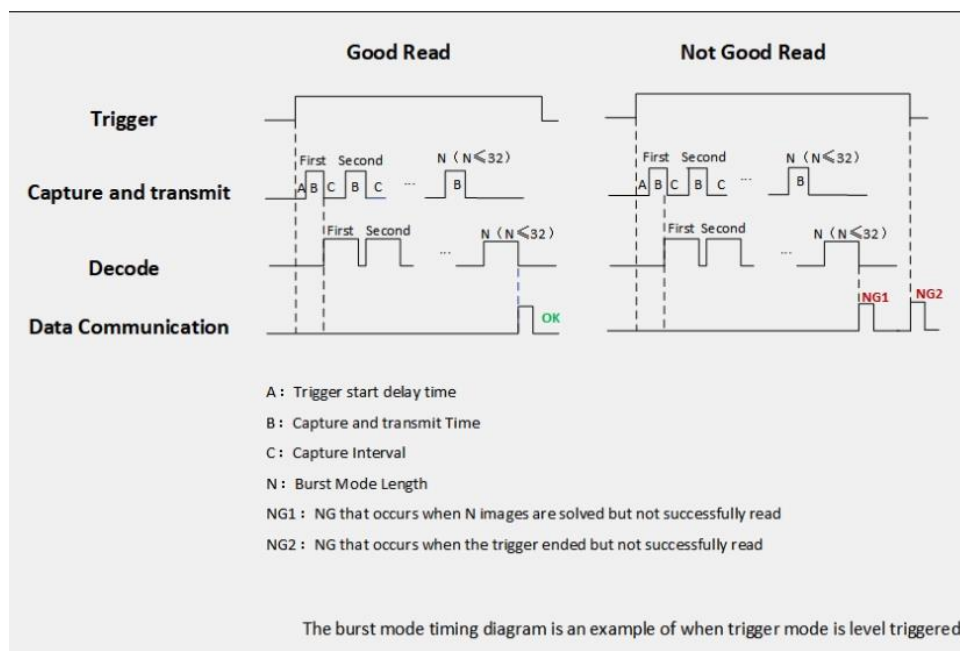


Parameter	Description	Setting Range	Default Value
Reread Delay(ms)	The barcode scanner reads the scanned object according to the set time interval, and the same barcode will not be read repeatedly during the time interval.	0~3600000	0

Good Read Delay Time(ms)	The length of time to pause the barcode reading after successful barcode reading	0~3600000	0
-----------------------------	---	-----------	---

Burst Mode

This configuration is the exclusive mode for the fixed barcode scanners. The reading is started by pressing a button or an external trigger signal. After starting, the image is decoded while the image is acquired. After the maximum buffer is 32 images, the image is stopped. At this time, only decoding is performed, and the exit condition is that the decoding is successful, or finish 32 cached pictures, or press the button again to start reading. Conditions for entering the reading state: button press or external trigger signal. Conditions for exiting the reading state: decoding is successful or reading barcode times out, or 32 cached pictures are decoded. After exiting the reading state: wait for a key press or external trigger input. The burst mode is applied to the fast moving usage scenario of a single barcode. According to the moving speed of the scene, the length of the barcode, the interval time, etc., it can be set in a targeted manner and get the optimal setting.



Parameter	Description	Setting Range	Default Value
Burst Mode Trigger Delay Time(ms)	After the trigger signal is valid, it will enter the reading state after a delay for a period of time	0~1000	0
Burst Mode Length	This parameter reflects the barcode moving speed, the default is 8, and the calculation formula is: Burst Mode Length = Scanning Range (mm)/Barcode Movement Speed (mm/s) * 1000/20	1-32	8

Output logic differences between three scanning modes

Scanning Modes	OK	NG
Level Mode	Output immediately after successful read	Output after trigger release
Continuous Mode	Output after trigger release	
Burst Mode	Output immediately after successful read	Output after trigger release

Reread cache method

Number	Parameter	Description
1	New Barcode Accumulate	New scanned barcodes are output and accumulated in the reread cache
2	New Barcode Coverage	New scanned barcodes are output and overwrite the previous barcode in the reread cache

Reread cache modes

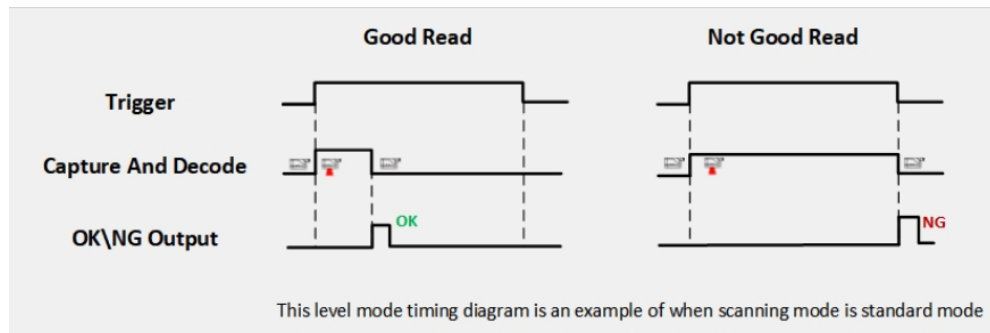
Number	Parameter	Description
1	Off	Disable reread delay function
2	Cache within Reread Delay Time	Barcodes scanned during the reread delay period are cached and will not be read again within this period. Note: The reread delay time is unaffected by the trigger OFF time.
3	Cache during Read	Barcodes scanned during an active trigger session are cached and will not be read again until the trigger is released (end of session).

5.1.2 Trigger Mode

The trigger mode can be configured based on the input signal and application requirements.

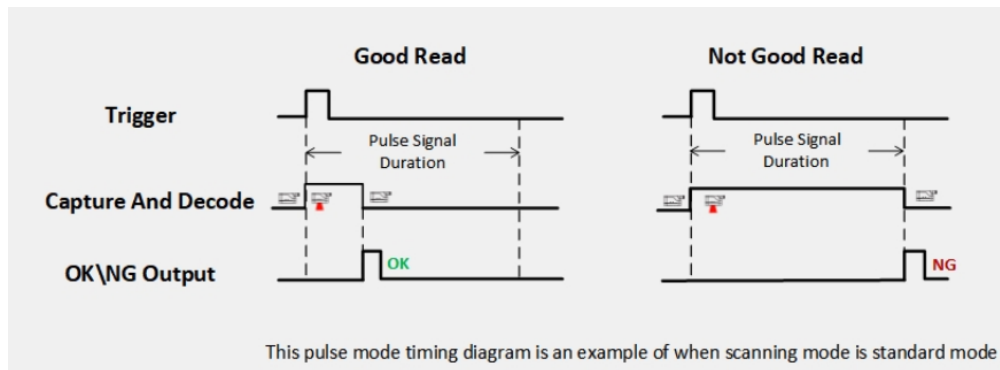
Trigger Mode	Description
Level Trigger Mode	When the trigger input is ON, the LED illumination remains active, and the scanner will start reading. If a barcode is successfully decoded, the illumination turns off, and the data is transmitted
Pulse Trigger Mode	The scanner detects the rising edge of the trigger input signal. The LED illumination turns on, and the scanner performs a read attempt for a specified duration. If a barcode is successfully decoded, the illumination turns off and the data is transmitted.

Level Trigger Mode



Parameter	Description	Setting Range	Default Value
Trigger Startup Delay Time(ms)	Specifies the time delay between receiving a trigger signal and the scanner starting to decode (also applies to pulse trigger mode).	0~60000ms	0ms
Trigger Stop Delay Time(ms)	Specifies the time delay between receiving a trigger release signal and the scanner stopping decoding.	0~5000ms	0ms

Pulse Trigger Mode



Parameter	Description	Setting Range	Default Value
Pulse Signal Duration(ms)	Defines the duration of scanner operation after detecting a pulse trigger signal.	30~360000ms	3000ms

The differences between Level Trigger Mode and Pulse Trigger Mode are as follows:

Trigger Mode	Trigger Start	Trigger Stop
Level Trigger Mode	Activated upon level signal detection	Deactivated when level signal ends
Pulse Trigger Mode	Activated upon pulse signal detection	Deactivated after preset pulse signal duration expires

5.1.3 Trigger Instruction

Serial Port Trigger Instruction: Click to enable or disable the serial port trigger instruction function. The command trigger operates similarly to pulse trigger mode.

Edit Start Scanning Instruction: The default start scanning instruction is 015405, and the default stop scanning instruction is 015004. Users can customize these instructions as needed.

Trigger Instruction ▾

Serial Port Trigger Instructions: ☒

Edit Start Scanning Instruction:
 ...

Edit Stop Scanning Instruction:
 ...

5.1.4 Not Good Read

The barcode reading unsuccessful message supports 1 to 32 characters, the value range of the character is 0 to 0xff, and the default is NG.

Parameter	Description	Setting Range	Default Value
Transmit Not Good Read Message	Enable/Disable transmit not good read message	1: Enable 0: Disable	0

Not Good Read ▾

Transmit Not Good Read Message: ☒

Edit NGR Message:

...

5.2 Interface Settings

5.2.1 RS-232 Settings

When the barcode scanner and the host are connected by a serial cable, both parties need to set the same communication parameters to ensure the normal communication. The parameters to be set include the communication baud rate, check character, stop bit, data bit.

Baud Rate

The baud rate is the number of bits transmitted per second in serial data communication. The baud rate used by the barcode scanner and the data receiving host must be consistent to ensure the accuracy of data transmission.

RS-232 Check

The barcode scanner can choose different parity check character types in the process of using the serial port transmission, but it must be consistent with the parity check character type of the host.

Select odd check: If the number of "1" in the transmitted data is odd, the check character is 0.

Select even check: If the number of "1" in the transmitted data is even, the check character is 0.

Select no check: No parity characters are sent.

RS-232 Stop Bits

The stop bit is located at the last part of each byte transmitted, and is used to mark the completion of the transmission of this byte to start receiving the next byte of data.

1 stop bit is set by default. If you need to stop for a long time, you can set 2 stop bits.

RS-232 Data Bits

You can choose to transmit 7 or 8 bits of data, please make sure that the data bits of the barcode scanner are consistent with those of the data receiving host.

5.2.2 Keyboard Modifiers

Using USB connection, the scanner can be set to hid keyboard input mode. In this mode, the barcode scanner will become a virtual keyboard, and the data receiving host will accept the input of this virtual keyboard just like the real keyboard input. After the barcode scanner decodes and obtains the data, the sending process is to hit each key corresponding to the data in the virtual keyboard.

If the input box of the host can accept keyboard input, the barcode scanner can directly input the decoded data into the input box of the host without any other auxiliary programs using this communication method.

Keyboard Country

The keyboard keys and symbols corresponding to different national languages are not the same. Therefore, the barcode scanner can be virtualized into keyboard systems of different countries as required, and the default is the keyboard of the US standard.

Beep on Unknown Character

If the "Emulate ALT +Keypad" function is enabled, this function is invalid. Due to differences in national keyboard layouts, some characters contained in barcode data may not be available on the selected keyboard. For this, the scanner will skip this unknown character and continue processing the next character. It is recommended to turn on the beep on unknown character.

Emulate ALT +Keypad

When "Emulate ALT +Keypad" Is enabled, the characters will be sent through the numeric keypad, ignoring the national keyboard layout setup. This mode also needs to set Output Unicode and Code Page. Output Unicode controls whether the encoding method of input to the host is Unicode or Code Page, and Code Page determines the target language.

This method of sending ensures that any character can be transmitted smoothly, but is slower because of the large number of keystrokes that need to be simulated for each character transmitted.

Assuming that the current Code Page selection of the barcode scanner is Code Page 1252 (Latin, Western Europe), the barcode scanner can read the barcode with the content "ADF" (the decimal value in Code Page 1252 is 65/208/70).



If the Emulate ALT +Keypad is set to "On" And the Output Unicode is set to "Off", the scanner emulates the keyboard operation as follows:

Input "A" - press the alt key, simultaneously press the numeric keypad keys 0, 6, 5 in sequence, and release the alt key;

Enter "D" - press the alt key, simultaneously press the numeric keypad keys 2, 0, 8 in sequence, and release the alt key;

Enter "F" - press the alt key, simultaneously press the numeric keypad keys 0, 7, 0 in sequence, and release the alt key.

Control Characters Output

If the "Emulate ALT +Keypad" function has been enabled, this function is invalid.

The ASCII characters between 0x00~0x1f can be escaped into a certain control function key. For the corresponding relationship between the specific ASCII value and the control function key, please refer to Appendix. Default is off.

Example

When other hid keyboard related setup of the barcode scanner are set to the default values, when this setup is set to control character output "Control + ASCII mode", the reading data is "A<HT>F (HT is an invisible character, which is not displayed on the software terminal)" (the hexadecimal value is 0x41/0x09/0x46), the virtual keyboard operation of the barcode scanner is as follows:

Input "A" - press button A;

Enter "Ctrl I" - since the data of 0x09 corresponds to the control function key "I", the virtual keyboard will hold down ctrl, then press the I key, and then release the ctrl key and the I key at the same time;

Enter "F" - press key F.

Since "Ctrl I" Corresponds to the function of converting characters to italics in some word processing software, you may see the normal character "A" And the italic "F" After completing the above operation.

Inter-Keystroke Delay

This parameter specifies the delay between simulated keypresses. Default is no delay.

Long delay: 40ms;

Short delay: 20ms.

Caps Lock

If the "Emulate ALT +Keypad" Or "Case conversion" function is enabled, this function is invalid.

When on, uppercase and lowercase characters contained in barcode data can be reversed. This inversion occurs regardless of the state of the caps lock key on the host keyboard. Default is off.

After this function is turned on, the barcode scanner reads the barcode with the data "AbC", and the host will get "aBc".

Convert Case

If the "Emulate ALT +Keypad" function has been enabled, this function is invalid.

Convert All to Upper Case: Convert all to uppercase letters regardless of whether the letters in the barcode data are uppercase or lowercase.

Convert All to Lower Case: No matter whether the letters in the barcode data are uppercase or lowercase, all the letters are converted to lowercase letters.

Numeric Character Use Numeric Keypad

If the "Emulate ALT +Keypad" function has been enabled, this function is invalid.

If this function is not enabled, all outputs will be output according to the corresponding key value of the main keyboard.

After this function is enabled, if the barcode data read by the barcode scanner contains numbers "0~9", the virtual keyboard will output the key value corresponding to the numeric keypad.

The Num Lock in the upper left corner of the numeric keypad controls whether its key value is a number or a function key. The virtual keyboard does not control the Num Lock state independently, but is consistent with the Num Lock state of the actual keyboard of the host computer. Therefore, if the actual keyboard of the host computer turns off Num Lock (the Num Lock light is off), after the virtual numeric keypad of the barcode scanner, the output is function keys instead of numbers. Therefore, be sure to confirm the Num Lock status of the host before using this function.

'+', '-', '*', '/' Use Numeric Keypad

If the "Emulate ALT +Keypad" function has been enabled, this function is invalid. That is, '+', '-', '*', '/' on the numeric keypad.

USB Polling Rate

The lower the value of the keyboard polling speed setup, the faster the scanner can send characters to the host. If the host discards characters, it is recommended to increase the polling speed setup.

Output Unicode

Different application software also has requirements for the received character encoding. For example, MS office's word uses Unicode encoding, and Unicode output needs to be set to "On"; while MS office's excel or notepad uses code page encoding, you need to set the Unicode output to "On". Set Unicode output to "Off".

The "Unicode output" Function only takes effect when the "Emulate ALT +Keypad" Function is turned on. Default is off.

Code Page

If the "Emulate ALT +Keypad" function has been enabled, this function is invalid. The barcode page defines the mapping of character codes to characters, default is code page1252 (Latin, Western European).

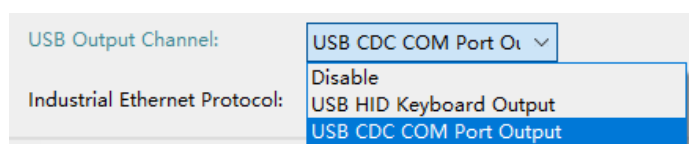
5.2.3 Output Channel Settings

A total of nine barcode output channels: RS-232, USB, TCP Client, TCP Server, UDP, Modbus TCP Client, Profinet, EtherNet/IP, MELSEC/SLMP.

Among them, the factory cables of NVF and Soldier series products include USB, serial port and Ethernet. Therefore, such devices can connect to multiple interface types at the same time to output scanning results, or select multiple output channels at the same time.

USB

There are two types of USB output channels: USB HID Keyboard Output and USB CDC COM Output. Choose a USB output method to output barcodes according to actual needs.

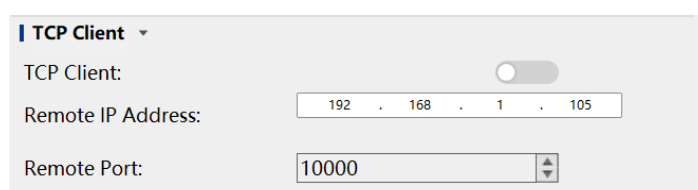


If a certain USB interface type has been selected in the interface type, only the corresponding interface type can be selected in the USB output channel to output barcode data, and other USB interface types will not be able to output barcode data (only for the interface type selected USB type case).

For example, if USB CDC COM port is selected as the Interface type, but USB HID Keyboard Output is selected in the USB output channel, the barcode data cannot be output.

TCP Client

The remote IP address is the IP address of the host computer TCP server used to receive barcode data, and the remote port number is the port number monitored by the host computer TCP server.



TCP Server

The TCP server is provided to the host computer to connect to the TCP client and receive barcode data. The IP address of the TCP server is the IP address of the device. If it needs to be changed, it needs to be modified on the "Home: Device" Page. The port number of the TCP server is the port number monitored by the TCP server.

TCP Server:

TCP Server Port:

30000

UDP

The UDP remote IP address is the IP address of the host computer UDP server used to receive barcode data, and the remote port number is the port number monitored by the host computer UDP server

UDP Output Channel:

UDP Remote IP Address:

255 . 255 . 255 . 255

UDP Remote Port:

22000

UDP Local Port:

12000

Industrial Ethernet Protocol

Three options are available: Disable, Enable Profinet, and Enable EtherNet/IP.

Industrial Ethernet Protocol:

Disable

TCP Server

TCP Server:

Disable

Enable Profinet

Enable EtherNet/IP

Modbus Output Channel

To enable the Modbus TCP client, you need to configure options such as the TCP Server IP Address, TCP Server Port, Client Remote Unit ID, the Maximum Number of Registers, the Beginning Register Address, and the Reconnection Interval Time.

Modbus Output Channel

TCP Client:

TCP Server IP Address:
127 . 0 . 0 . 1

TCP Server Port:
502

Client Remote Unit ID:
1

The Maximum Number Of Registers:
0

The Beginning Register Address:
0

Reconnection Interval Time:
3000

Modbus TCP Trigger Event:

Set Discrete Input address as trigger event in Modbus TCP:
0

Modbus TCP Decode Result Event:

Set Coil start address as decode result in Modbus TCP:
0

Tcp Server:

Tcp Server Listen Port:
502

Tcp Server Input Segister Conut:
100

MELSEC/SLMP

To enable the MELSEC/SLMP protocol, you need to configure the TCP server IP address, TCP server port, Net number, Node number, and other related parameters as required.

MELSEC/SLMP

TCP Client:

TCP Server IP Address:
127 . 0 . 0 . 1

TCP Server Port:
60000

Net Number:
0

Node Number:
255

Unit I/O Number:
1023

Number of MC/SLMP Result Registers :
100

MC/SLMP Result Registers Offset Address (Data Area):
2

Big / Little Endian of MC/SLMP Result Data Transmission:
Little-Endian

Control Register Offset Address (Data Area):
0

Control Register Polling Interval(ms):
100

Status Register Offset Address (Data Area):
1

5.3 Input and Output

The Input/output section is used to configure functions related to I/O signals, commands, and other relevant features.

5.3.1 Input

The screenshot displays a configuration window for the 'Input' section. It is organized into three collapsible panels. The first panel, 'Input', contains 'Trigger Input Source' set to 'IO Input Trigger' and 'Trigger Debounce(ms)' set to '1'. The second panel, 'Input Endpoint 1', shows 'Pin Function Selection' as 'BarCode Reading Trig' and 'Input Polarity' as 'Active High'. The third panel, 'Input Endpoint 2', shows 'Pin Function Selection' as 'Disable'. Each setting is represented by a dropdown menu or a text input field with a small adjustment icon.

Trigger Input Source: used to select the source of the trigger signal. Available options include IO input trigger, serial instruction trigger, and simulate input trigger.

Trigger Debounce (ms): defines the time interval to debounce the trigger signal. Set this value according to the waveform characteristics of the external input signal.

Input Endpoint 1 & Input Endpoint 2: two input terminals are available on the scanner, and set the configurations per actual needs.

Parameter	Function
Disable	Disable the function of this terminal
Barcode Reading Trigger	Starts or stops barcode reading based on the input signal.

5.3.2 Output

Two output terminals are available on the scanner, and set the configurations per actual needs.

Parameters	Functions
Disable	Disables the function of this terminal.
Good Read Indicator	Controls the output terminal after a successful read
Bad Read Indicator	Controls the output terminal after a failed read
Marking Verification Success Indicator	Verifies if the marking quality meets the preset threshold

The Marking Verification Success Indicator requires the Engraving Quality function to be enabled in the data editing interface.

Marking Quality Determination ▾

***Engraving Quality:** ☒

Verification Item	Evalu...	
<input type="checkbox"/> ISO/IEC 15416	Disa...	
<input type="checkbox"/> ISO/IEC 15415	Disa...	
<input type="checkbox"/> ISO/IEC TR 29158(AIM ...	Disa...	

5.3.3 IO Serial Trigger

The input/output terminals can also be triggered directly by external commands sent via serial communication. This feature is commonly used when the client system verifies the barcode and sends a trigger command to activate the scanner's output terminals, enabling subsequent processes.

IO Serial Trigger

IO Serial Trigger

Indicator Signal:

Edit Start Instruction:

314F4B54

...

1OKT

Edit Stop Instruction:

314F4B50

...

1OKP

Indicator Signal Polarity:

Active High

Output Duration (ms):

500

Not Good Read Indicator Signal (NG Signal)

Indicator Signal:

Edit Start Instruction:

324E4754

...

2NGT

Edit Stop Instruction:

324E4750

...

2NGP

Indicator Signal Polarity:

Active High

Output Duration (ms):

500

5.4 Data Editings

After the barcode scanner decodes successfully, it obtains a string of data, which can be numbers, English, symbols, etc., and can also be Chinese characters for QR code. This string of data is the data information contained in the barcode. In practical applications, we may not only need the data information of the barcode, or the data information contained in the barcode cannot meet your needs. For example, you may want to know which type of barcode the obtained string of data information comes from, or what day the barcode information was scanned, or you hope that after scanning a barcode, the text recording the barcode can automatically wrap and enter, which may not be included in the data information of the barcode.

5.4.1 Data Editings

Data Output Information

Two modes are available: Normal mode and Script mode. Supports JavaScript for custom data editing (add/delete/modify).

Prefix

Adding these contents during barcode production will inevitably increase the length of the barcode and lack flexibility, which is not an advocated practice. At this point, we thought of adding some content before or after the data information of the barcode, and these added content can be changed in real time according to the needs, and you can choose to add or shield it. This is the prefix and suffix of the barcode data information. This method meets the requirements without modifying the content of the barcode information.

Custom Prefix

A custom prefix adds a user-defined string before decoding the information.

For example, it is allowed to add a custom prefix and set the prefix to the string "Ab". After reading the barcode with the data "123", the scanner adds the "Ab" String before the "123" String, and the host receives the "Ab123" String.

First open "Custom Prefix", then read the hexadecimal value of each byte in the prefix string to be set in sequence, and finally read "Save setup" to complete the custom prefix setup.



The total length of the custom prefix string cannot exceed 10 characters, and the character value range is 0x00~0xff.

Suffix

Custom Suffix

The custom suffix is to add a user-defined string after decoding the information.

For example, it is allowed to add a custom suffix and set the suffix to the string "Ab". After reading the barcode with the data of "123", the scanner adds the "Ab" String after the "123" String, and the host receives the "123Ab" String.

First open "Custom suffix", then read the hexadecimal value of each byte in the suffix string to be set in sequence, and finally read "Save setup" to complete the custom suffix setup.



The total length of the custom suffix string cannot exceed 10 characters. The character value range is 0x00~0xff.

5.4.2 Barcode Additional Information Settings

Select the additional information to be included in the output barcode data, including: Barcode Data, Barcode Number, Barcode Coordinates, Decoded Time, etc.

The data separator can be customized between multiple content items, the default is ", ", as shown below:

5123827: Barcode Data;

2: Barcode Number;

(1068,659): Barcode Coordinates;

133ms: decoded Time.

Result	Scanning Performance	Test Result
5123827,2,(1068,659),133ms		
5123827,2,(1071,660),141ms		

5.4.3 Marking Quality Determination

The marking quality determination can add barcode grade information to the data and set an evaluation threshold. You can choose whether to output the evaluation result in the output terminal function settings.

Marking Quality Determination

*Engraving Quality:

Verification Item	Evaluati...	
<input type="checkbox"/> ISO/IEC 15416	Disable	
<input type="checkbox"/> ISO/IEC 15415	Disable	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ISO/IEC TR 29158(AIM DPM-1-2006)	Disable	
	Disable	
	A	
	B	
	C	
	D	

5.5 Image Save

5.5.1 Image Save

Save the image to the specify ftp server, you need to fill in the ftp address, port number, user name and password.

Image Save ▾

*Image Read Successfully:

Failed to read image:

Ftp Address:192 . 168 . 76 . 16

Port:21

User Name:admin

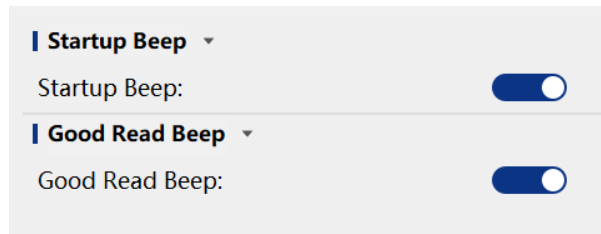
Password:admin

Ftp
Do Not Save
Ftp

5.6 System Settings

5.6.1 Beep

Enable or disable the Startup Beep or Good Read Beep.

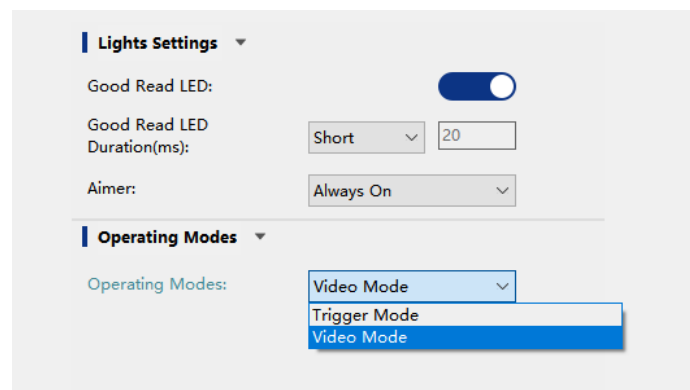


Startup Beep ▾
Startup Beep: ☒

Good Read Beep ▾
Good Read Beep: ☒

5.6.2 Hardware Settings

Parameters of the Good Read LED, Aimer, and Operating Modes can be configured based on actual requirements.



Lights Settings ▾
Good Read LED: ☒
Good Read LED Duration(ms): Short ▾ 20
Aimer: Always On ▾

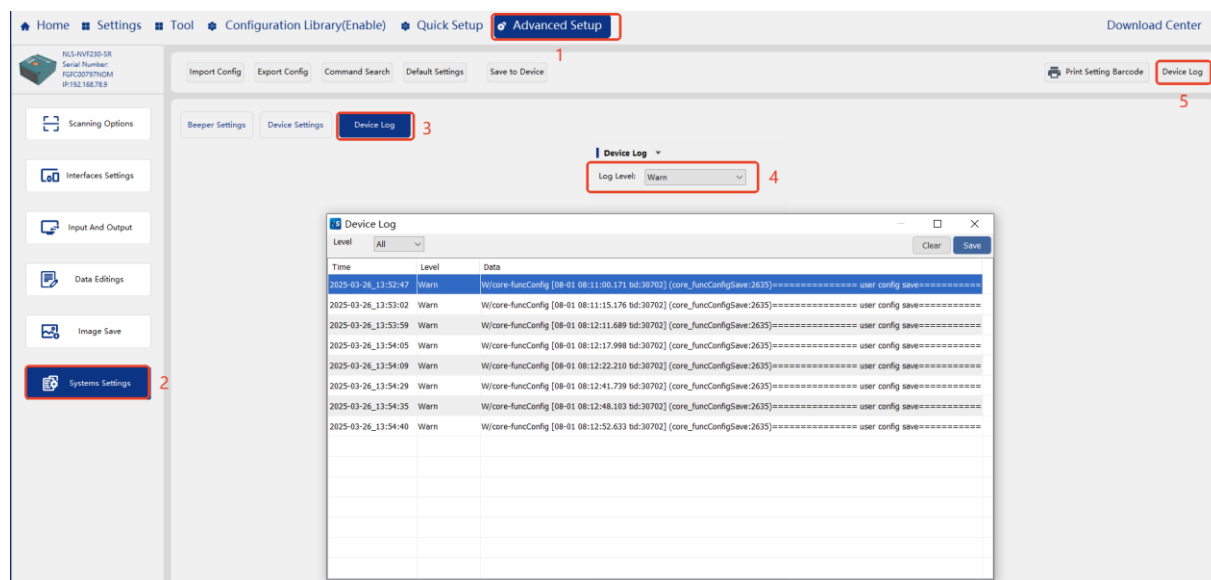
Operating Modes ▾
Operating Modes: Video Mode ▾
Video Mode
Trigger Mode
Video Mode

Parameter	Description	Setting Range	Default Value
Good Read LED	Enable or Disable the Good Read LED	0: Disable 1: Enable	1
Good Read LED Duration(ms)	Sets the amount of time the Good Read LED remains on	Short: 20ms Medium: 120ms Long: 220ms Custom	
Aimer	Sets the status of the aimer.	Disable/Enable/Always on	Enable
Operating Modes	Sets the operating modes	Trigger Mode/Video Mode	Trigger Mode

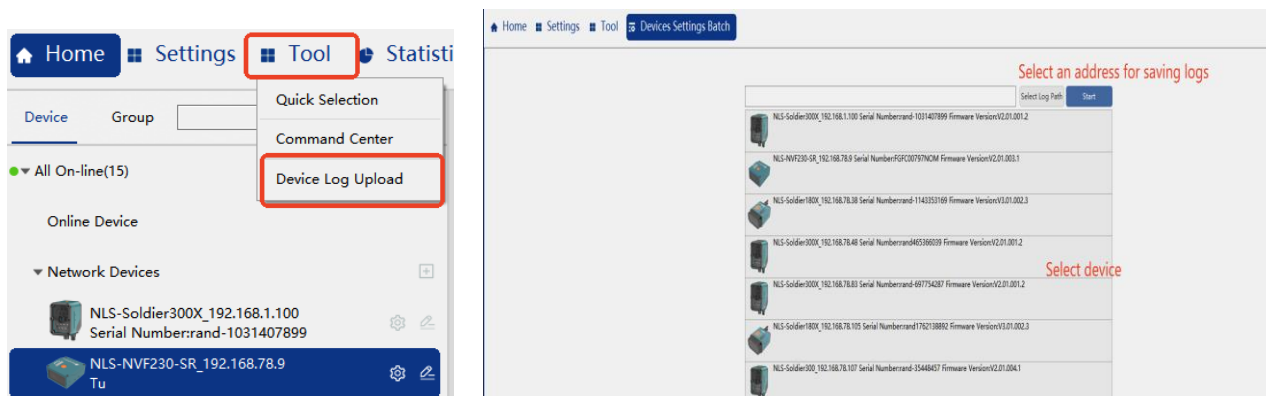
5.6.3 Device Log

The scanner supports two types of log: offline log and online log. All levels of online log can be viewed via Nset. Offline logs only store Assert, Error, and Warn level events in flash memory.

Nset can be used to view online logs (this function is only available when using network communication; it is not supported via other interfaces).



Logs are saved to the specified path.



Parameters	Function
Assert	Used to log program crashes
Error	Used to log failures and errors
Warn	Used to log temperature and peripheral monitoring data.
Info	Not visible to users, for internal development use only
Debug	Not visible to users, for internal development use only

6 Configuration Library

"Configuration Library" provides multiple sets of specific exposure, gain and focus parameters for different types of barcodes on the business line and complex scenarios that need to switch between different parameter combinations. The barcode scanner can poll the set parameter combinations until decoding is successful.

The screenshot shows the 'Configuration Library' web interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs: Home, Settings, Tool, Configuration Library(Enable), Quick Setup, and Advanced Setup. Below these are buttons for Import Config, Export Config, Command Search, Default Settings, and Save to Device. The main area displays three configuration profiles (1, 2, and 3) with a 'Copy' button. Each profile has a table of parameters.

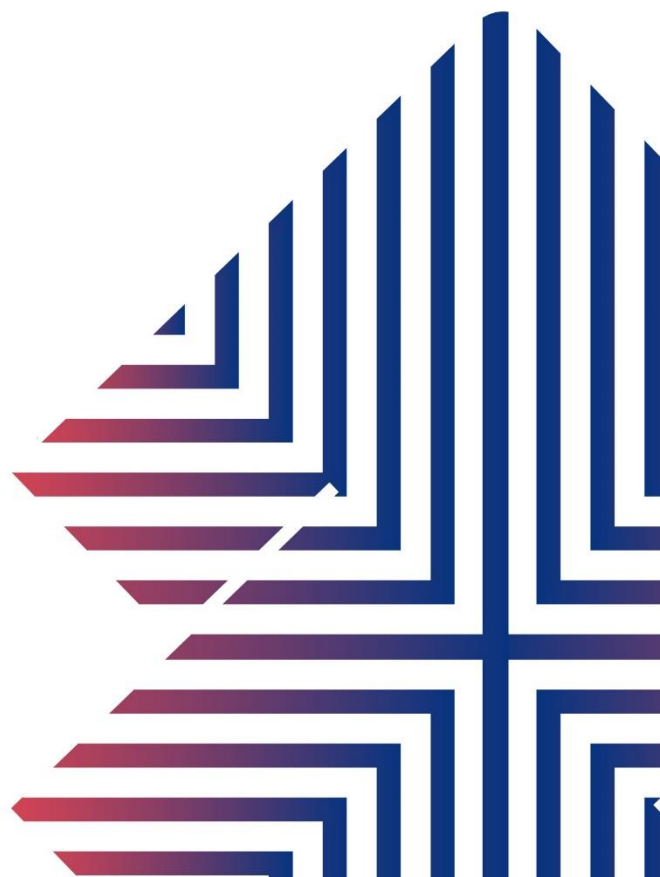
	1	2	3
Name	1	2	3
Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Read 1D Barcode	Code 128 Decoding, Code 9...	Code 128 Decoding, Code 9...	Code 128 Decoding, Code 9...
Read 2D Barcode	PDF417 Decoding, Data Mat...	PDF417 Decoding, Data Mat...	PDF417 Decoding, Data Mat...
Number of group retries	1	1	1
Exposure Time(μs)	300	300	300
Gain	1	1	1
AI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Illumination	On	On	On
Image Preprocessing	Original image	Original image	Original image

The configuration library parameters are shown in the image below:

Name	1
Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Read 1D Barcode	Code 128 Decoding, Code 9...
Read 2D Barcode	PDF417 Decoding, Data Mat...
Number of group retries	1
Exposure Time(μs)	300
Gain	1
AI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Illumination	On
Image Preprocessing	Original image

Parameters	Function
Name	The library can be assigned any name, and the assigned name will remain unchanged even after reconfiguration.
Enabled	Enable or disable this Configuration Library, when using the Configuration Library to read barcodes, all enabled libraries can be polled in turn. Note: If no libraries are enabled, the scanner will not function properly for image capture and decoding.
Read 1D Barcode	Set the symbology for 1D barcode to be read
Read 2D Barcode	Set the symbology for 2D barcode to be read
Number of group retries	The number of re-reads allowed when the current Configuration Library is used to read the barcode unsuccessfully. If the barcode is not recognized after the number of times, it will poll to the next Configuration Library to read the barcode.
Exposure Time(μ s)	Set the exposure time for image capture, in microseconds.
Gain	Set the gain value for image capture.
AI	Enable or disable the AI function.
Image Preprocessing	Set the type of image preprocessing

Chapter 3: Application Details



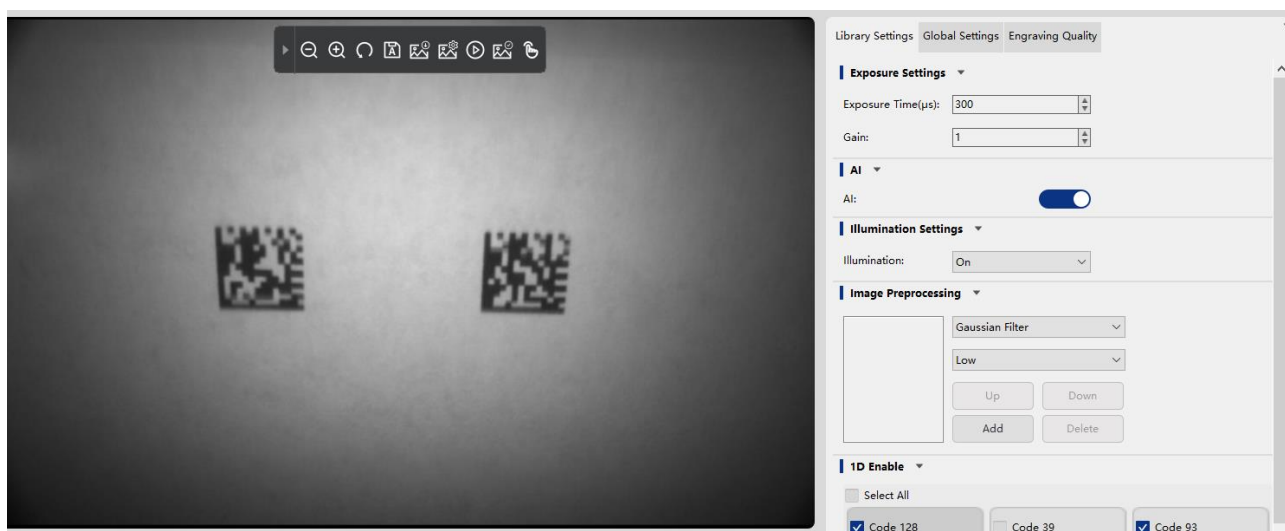
7 Application Examples

7.1 Device Debugging

This section introduces the recommended steps for debugging the device effectively.

Step 1: Manual Optimization

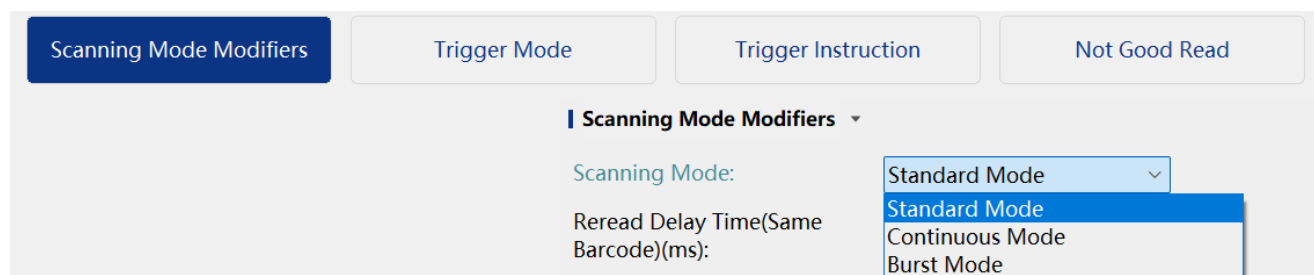
You can manually adjust parameters such as exposure time and illumination position in the Library Settings. Manual optimization is saved in real-time, with no need to click a save button. You can also click Start Debugging simultaneously to view the effect of manual optimizations.



Step 2: Scanning Settings

After completing Step 1, the scanner should be able to successfully read the barcode. Step 2 will explain how to activate the scanner and configure the scanning settings.

The scanner supports three scanning modes: Standard Mode, Continuous Mode, and Burst Mode. Select the appropriate mode in scanning mode modifiers based on your actual needs.



The scanner supports two trigger modes: Level Trigger and Pulse Trigger. Select the appropriate trigger mode to activate the scanner.

The screenshot shows a configuration window with four tabs: "Scanning Mode Modifiers", "Trigger Mode", "Trigger Instruction", and "Not Good Read". The "Trigger Mode" tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a section titled "Trigger Mode" with a dropdown menu. The dropdown menu is open, showing three options: "Level Trigger", "Level Trigger", and "Pulse Trigger". The "Level Trigger" option is selected. Below the dropdown, there is a label "Trigger Startup Delay Time(ms):" followed by a text input field.

To trigger the scanner to read barcodes via command, enable and configure the relevant parameters in the trigger instruction settings.

The screenshot shows a configuration window with four tabs: "Scanning Mode Modifiers", "Trigger Mode", "Trigger Instruction", and "Not Good Read". The "Trigger Instruction" tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a section titled "Trigger Instruction" with a dropdown menu. The dropdown menu is open, showing three options: "Serial Port Trigger", "Level Trigger", and "Pulse Trigger". The "Serial Port Trigger" option is selected. Below the dropdown, there is a toggle switch labeled "Serial Port Trigger Instructions:" which is turned on. Below the toggle, there are two text input fields. The first field is labeled "Edit Start Scanning Instruction:" and contains the text "5354415254". The second field is labeled "Edit Stop Scanning Instruction:" and contains the text "454E44".

Step 3: Communication Settings

The scanner supports RS-232, USB, and Ethernet communication. Configure Communication settings as follows:

1. RS-232 Communication Settings

Enable the RS-232 output channel in the Output Channel Settings. Then, configure the RS-232 settings to match those of the PC (data receiving end). Make sure to select the correct COM port and ensure that all parameters are consistent during communication.

The screenshot shows a configuration window with five tabs: "RS-232 Settings", "Keyboard Modifiers", "Output Channel Settings", "Modbus Output Channel", and "MELSEC/SLMP". The "Output Channel Settings" tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a section titled "Output Channel Settings" with a dropdown menu. The dropdown menu is open, showing three options: "Barcode Data Output Channels:", "*RS-232 Output Channel:", and "USB Output Channel:". The "*RS-232 Output Channel:" option is selected. Below the dropdown, there are two text input fields. The first field is labeled "USB Output Channel:" and contains the text "Disable". The second field is labeled "Industrial Ethernet Protocol:" and contains the text "Disable".

RS-232 Settings

Keyboard Modifiers

Output Channel Settings

Modbus Output Channel

MELSEC/SLMP

RS-232 Settings

*Baud Rate:

115200

RS-232 Check:

None

RS-232 Stop Bits:

1 Stop Bit

RS-232 Data Bits:

8 Data Bits

2. USB Communication Settings

To enable USB communication, activate the USB output channel in the Output Channel Settings. You can choose between USB HID Keyboard Output or USB CDC COM Port output.

When the USB port is available on the scanner's interface cable, USB settings will take effect automatically.

If the interface cable only provides an RS-232 or Ethernet port, you will need an RS-232-to-USB or Ethernet-to-USB adapter. In such cases, USB Keyboard output must be used in combination with the NLKbw tool for proper functionality.

RS-232 Settings

Keyboard Modifiers

Output Channel Settings

Modbus Output Channel

MELSEC/SLMP

Output Channel Settings

*Barcode Data Output Channels:

RS-232 Output Channel:

*USB Output Channel:

USB HID Keyboard Ou

Disable

USB HID Keyboard Output

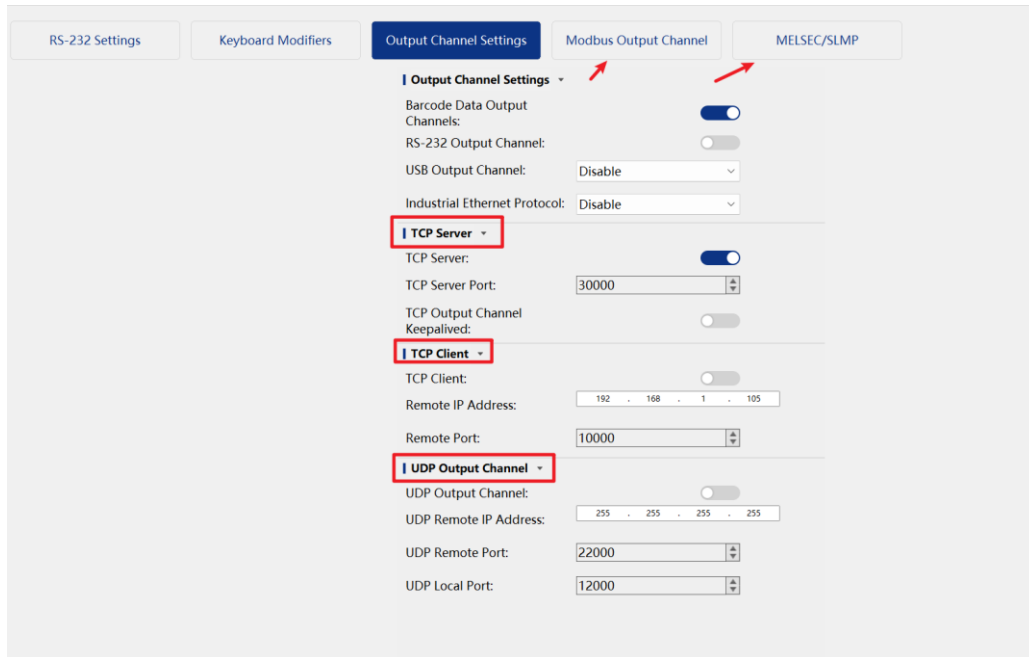
USB CDC COM Port Output

Industrial Ethernet Protocol:

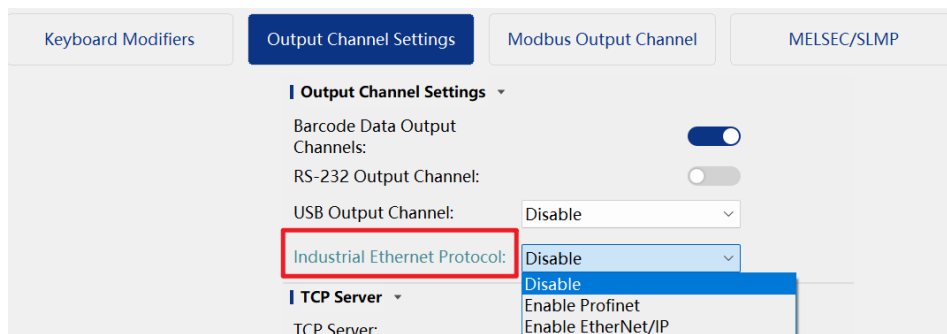
3. Ethernet Communication Settings

Ethernet communication supports TCP/IP, UDP, FTP, Modbus TCP, Ethernet/IP, Profinet, and MELSEC\SLMP. Note that the "client" and "server" mentioned in the Nset refer to the scanner itself.

You can set TCP/IP, UDP, Modbus, and MELSEC\SLMP as shown below:



Enable the Ethernet/IP and Profinet as shown below:



For communication between the PLC and the scanner, please refer to the *Industrial Barcode Scanner Communication Protocol Handbook*. This document can be obtained from local sales or technical support.

Step 4: Input & Output

After completing Step 1 to Step 3, the scanner is able to successfully read the data and transmit it to the data receiver. This chapter introduces how to define and use the scanner's I/O ports.

Tap "Advanced setup" - > "input and output", then setting the parameters for input and output based on actual application needs.

Scanning Options

Interfaces Settings

Input And Output

Data Editings

Image Save

Systems Settings

Input Output IO Serial Trigger

Input

Trigger Input Source: IO Input Trigger

Trigger Debounce(ms): 1

Input Endpoint 1

Pin Function Selection: Disable

Input Endpoint 2

Pin Function Selection: Disable

Scanning Options

Interfaces Settings

Input And Output

Data Editings

Image Save

Systems Settings

Input Output IO Serial Trigger

Output Endpoint 1

*Pin Function Selection: Good Read Indicator 5

Output Polarity: Active High

Output Duration(ms): 500

Output Endpoint 2

Pin Function Selection: Bad Read Indicator Sig

Output Polarity: Active High

Output Duration(ms): 500

Step 5: Data Editings

After decoding the barcode, the scanner can format the output data as needed. Prefixes, suffixes, terminators, and Barcode Additional Message can be configured directly in Nset, as shown below.

Scanning Options

Interfaces Settings

Input And Output

Data Editings

Image Save

Systems Settings

Data Editings Barcode Additional Message Settings Marking Duality Determination

Prefix

Prefix Sequence: CodeID+Custom+AIM

Custom Prefix Enable: ☐

Custom Prefix Settings: ...

AIM ID Prefix Enable: ☐

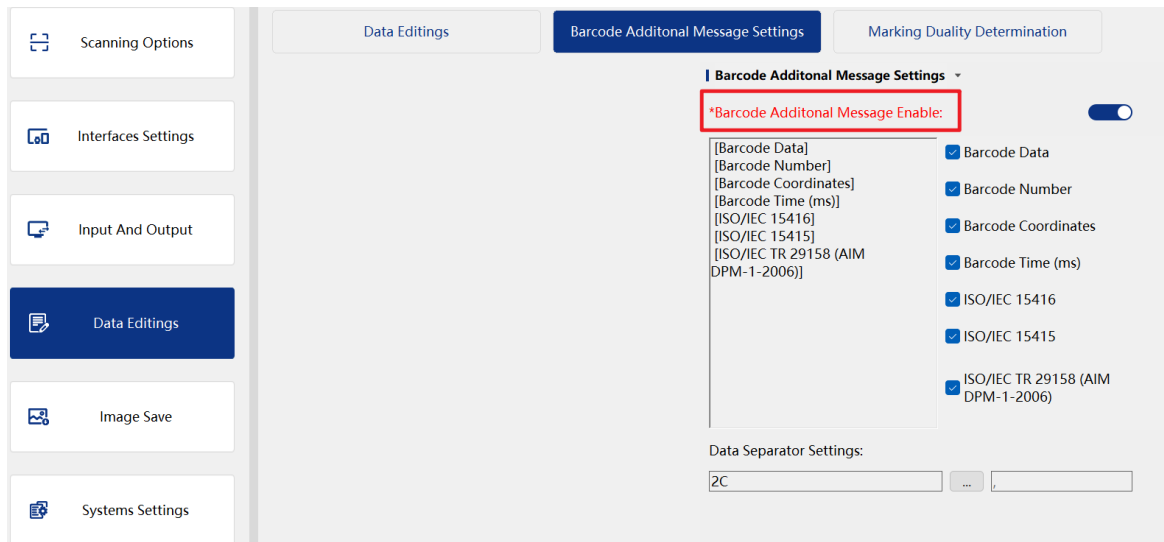
Suffix

Custom Suffix Enable: ☐

Custom Suffix Settings: ...

Terminating Suffix Enable: ☐

Terminating Suffix Settings: 00 ...

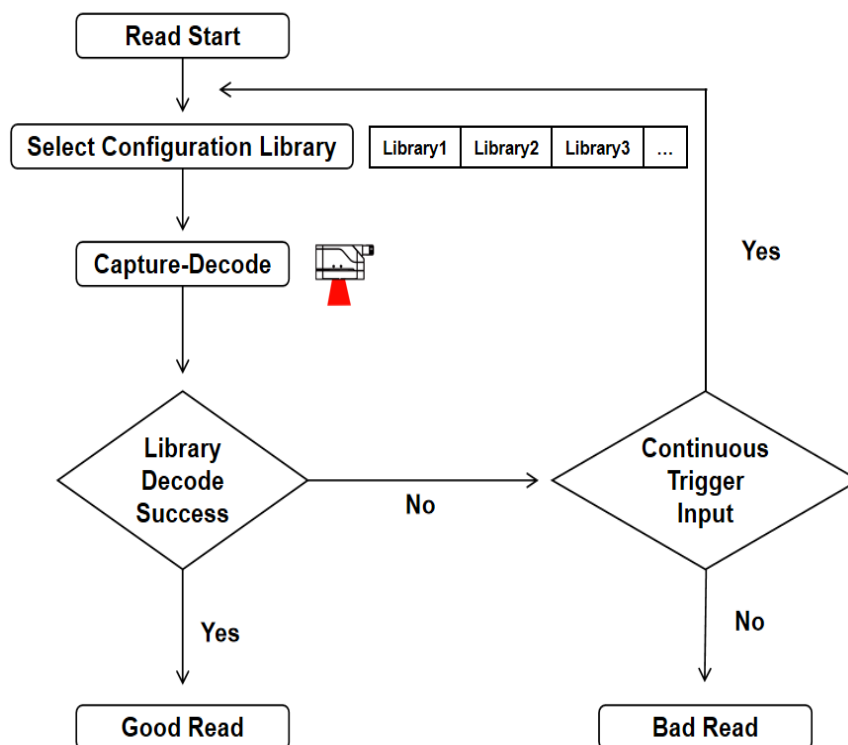


To perform more advanced data formatting, you will need to enable script mode.

7.2 Alternate Configuration Library

When a single set of parameters cannot meet customer requirements, the alternate configuration library feature can be used. This feature allows the scanner to switch between multiple configuration libraries during scanning. It is primarily used to adjust hardware parameters, such as illumination type, exposure time, and more. For details, refer to Chapter 6 – Configuration Library.

Function Introduction



Each time the scanner is triggered, it follows the decoding sequence as outlined below:

1. If the previous trigger did not successfully decode the barcode, the scanner will move on to the next configuration library in the sequence.
2. If the previous trigger successfully decoded the barcode, the scanner will prioritize the configuration library that was used last time.



- A single configuration library is considered successful only if it can complete all tasks. For example, for multi-barcode (1-N, $N \geq 2$) reading, the configuration library must decode all N barcodes successfully.
- After changing the configuration library settings or performing a reset or restart operation, the scanner will re-execute the configuration libraries in sequence, starting from the configuration library with the lowest number.

Enable the Alternate Configuration Library

1. Go to the configuration library interface
2. Enable the configuration libraries for alternation. The scanner will automatically cycle through all enabled configuration libraries in ascending numerical order (Library 1 → 2 → 3...) during each scanning attempt.

[Home](#) [Settings](#) [Tool](#) [Configuration Library\(Enable\)](#) [Quick Setup](#) [Advanced](#)

[Import Config](#) [Export Config](#) [Command Search](#) [Default Settings](#) [Save to Device](#)

Source Configuration:

Copy To Configuration: [Copy](#)

Name	1	2	3
Enabled	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Read 1D Barcode	Code 128 Decoding, Code 9...	Code 128 Decoding, Code 9...	Code 128 Decoding, Code 9...
Read 2D Barcode	PDF417 Decoding, Data Mat...	PDF417 Decoding, Data Mat...	PDF417 Decoding, Data Mat...
Number of group retries	1	1	1
Exposure Time(μ s)	300	300	300
Gain	1	1	1
AI	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Illumination	On	On	On
Image Preprocessing	Original image	Original image	Original image

Example

Scenario	Problem Analysis	Recommended Configuration
----------	------------------	---------------------------

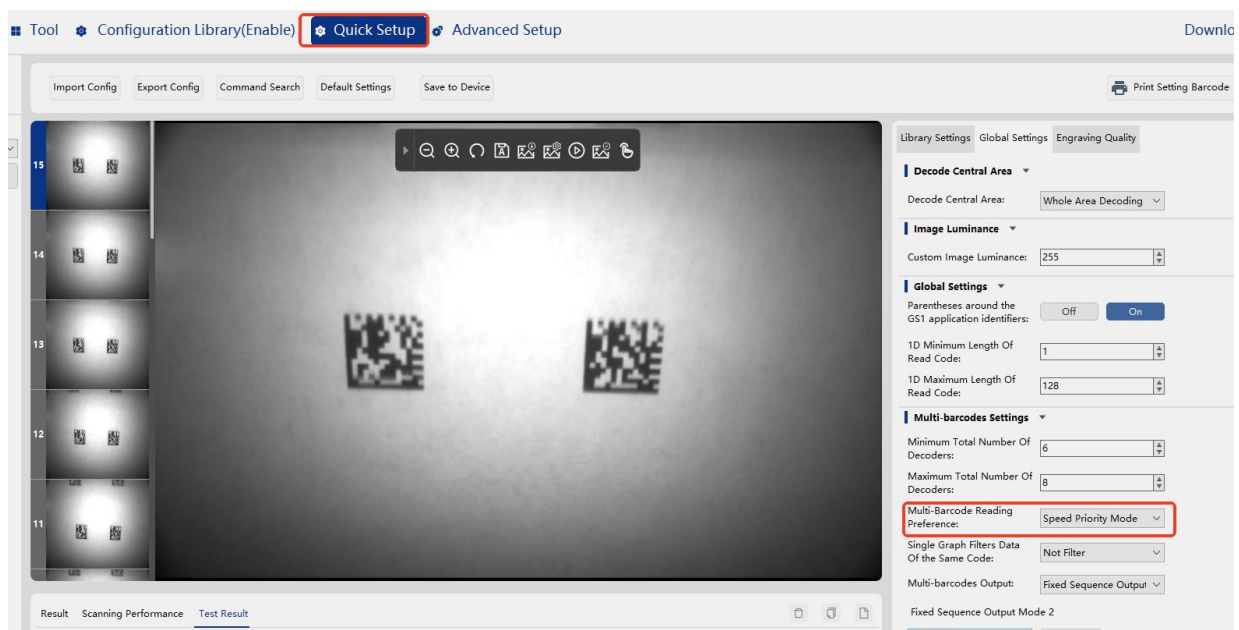
A customer sample includes a printed paper barcode and a low-contrast etched barcode that must be decoded in a single trigger.	A single exposure setting cannot reliably read both barcodes due to the large difference in contrast.	Learn each barcode into a separate configuration library and enable the Quantity Priority mode.
--	---	---

7.3 Multi-barcode Reading Preference

In scenarios where the scanning field of view is insufficient to cover all barcodes, or a single library configuration cannot decode all the barcodes. Suggest to use the speed priority mode in the multi-barcode reading preference setting. This feature enables the scanner to decoding multiple barcodes by combining the results from multiple images

Settings

In the multi-barcode settings, setting the multi-barcode reading preference to "Quantity Priority Mode" will combine decoding results from multiple images. This feature also applies when using the alternate configuration library function.



Feature Introduction

● Quantity Priority

1. During the trigger, if the number of decoders reaches the maximum output limit, the reading process stops in non-continuous modes (Standard, Burst).
2. If the trigger ends and the number of decoders meets the minimum output limit, the data is output; otherwise, "NG" is output.

● Speed Priority

1. During the trigger, if the number of decoders meets the minimum output limit, the reading process stops in non-continuous modes (Standard, Burst).

-
2. If the trigger ends and the number of decoders meets the minimum output limit, the data is output; otherwise, "NG" is output. In continuous mode, if the minimum output limit is never met throughout the entire trigger duration, "NG" is output.

Example

Scenario 1: A product has 5 barcodes, but only 1 of them is required by the customer. The goal is to read as many barcodes as possible while ensuring a smooth reading experience.

Configuration: Speed Priority, Minimum Total Number of Decoders = 1, Maximum Total Number of Decoders = 5

Scenario 2: The number of barcodes on the product varies; some have 2 barcodes, while others have 3. All barcodes present on the item need to be decoded.

Configuration: Quantity Priority, Minimum Total Number of Decoders = 2, Maximum Total Number of Decoders = 3

Scenario 3: A product has 5 barcodes, which require decoding across two configuration libraries or multiple images. All barcodes must be decoded.

Configuration: Quantity Priority, Minimum Total Number of Decoders = 5, Maximum Total Number of Decoders = 5

Scenario 4: A product has 5 barcodes and require all barcodes decoded successfully using a single configuration library.

Configuration: Speed Priority, Minimum Total Number of Decoders = 5, Maximum Total Number of Decoders = 5

7.4 Multiple Area Decoding(ROI)

The Multiple Area Decoding (ROI) function can be used in complex barcode environments. Such as when multiple barcodes are within the same field of view, but only one or some barcodes need to be decoded. Each frame selection area must completely cover the range that needs to be decoded. With the multi-code setup, the multi-code can be accurately read.

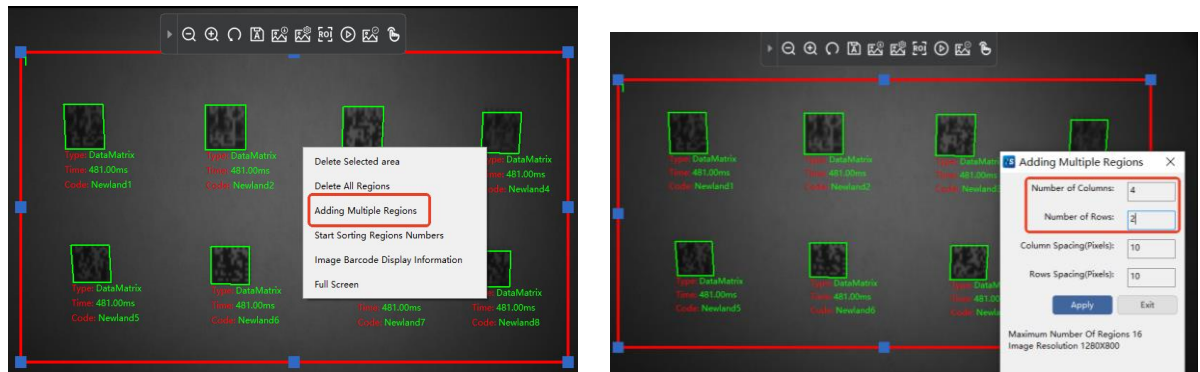
Select "Multiple Area Decoding", the mouse will turn into a cross cursor, then you can directly select the specified rang in the imaging area.

The screenshot displays the NLS-4V230-SR software interface. The top navigation bar includes Home, Settings, Tool, Configuration Library(Enable), Quick Setup, and Advanced Setup. The main window shows a grid of eight barcode images, each labeled with 'Type: DataMatrix', 'Time: 481.00ms', and 'Code: Newland1' through 'Newland8'. A red rectangular ROI is drawn around the entire grid. The right sidebar shows the 'Decode Central Area' dropdown set to 'Multiple ROI Decoding'. The bottom status bar shows a table of scanning results.

Length	PPM	IP	MAC	Serial Number	Engraving Quality	Decoding TL...	Configuration...	AI
16	5.56	192.168.78.9	A4E8A3BCE15A	FGFC00797NOM	F	625.00ms	1	1

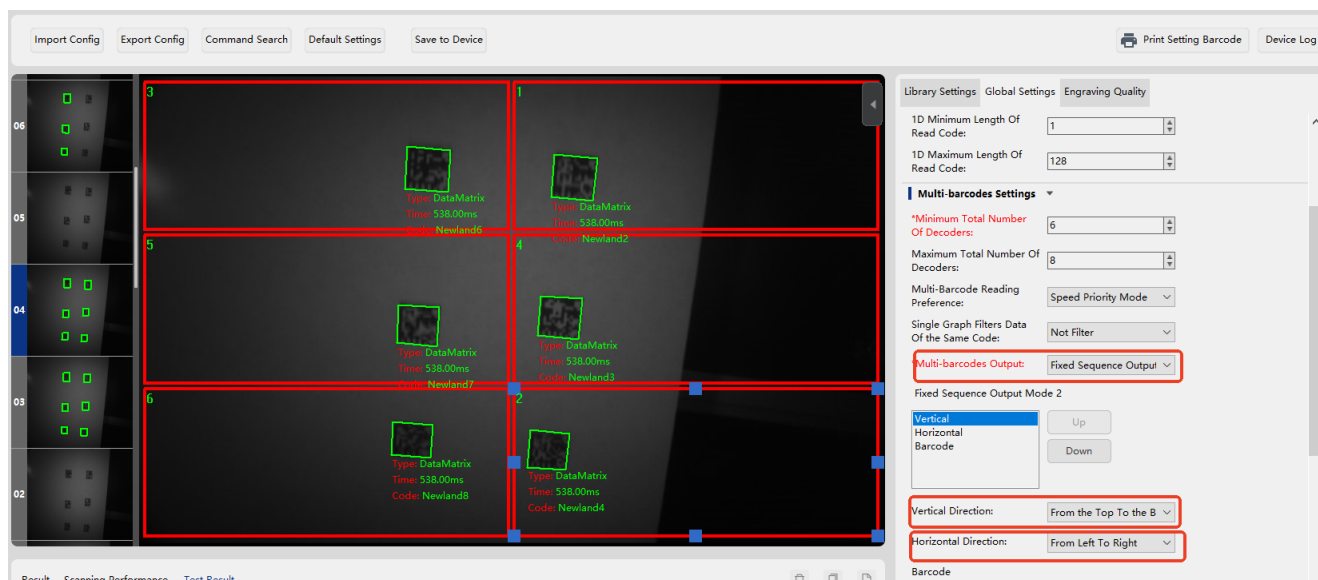
Add multiple regions

Enter the number of horizontal/vertical regions to quickly add multiple reading areas



Start Sorting Regions Numbers

After clicking "Start Sorting Regions Numbers", click the areas in the specified order, that is, the areas are sorted according to the click order. For example: Click each area in the order of the original number "1 → 5 → 6 → 1 → 4 → 3", that is, the sorting changes are as follows:



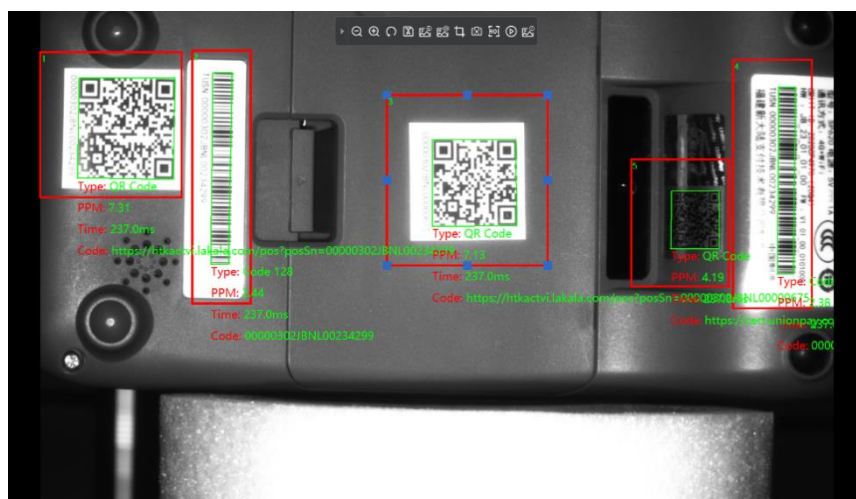
Right-click again, and click "Stop sorting Regions Numbers" to exit sorting.

7.5 Multi-barcodes Output

- 1 Double-click on the device to be configured, and go to "Quick Setup"
- 2 Click on the "Global Parameters" to access the settings page.
- 3 Scroll down to select Multi-Barcode Output mode, and configure parameters for vertical direction, horizontal direction, and barcode type based on actual needs.



The first mode is Random Sequence Output



The second mode is Regional Sequence Output

*Multi-barcodes Output:
Fixed Sequence Output 1

Fixed Sequence Output Mode 2

Vertical
Horizontal
Barcode

Up
Down

Vertical Direction:
From the Top To the Bott

Horizontal Direction:
From Left To Right

Barcode

Code 128
GS1-128(UCC/EAN-128)
EAN-8
EAN-13
UPC-E
UPC-A
Interleaved 2/5
ITF-14
ITF-6
Matrix 2/5
Code 39
Codabar
Code 93
AIM 128
ISBT 128
COOP 25
ISSN

=>
<=
Up
Down
Clear

The third mode is Fixed Sequence Output.

Higher-priority settings take precedence over lower-priority ones.

Fixed Sequence Output > Regional Sequence Output > Random Sequence Output

7.6 Transmit Not Good Read Message in Regional Sequence Output

Configuration Requirements:

Select "Multiple ROI Decoding" in Decode Central Area.

Select "the Regional Sequence Output" in Multi-Barcode Output Mode.

Enable the "Transmit Not Good Read Message" with default "NG" display.

When the number of ROIs is equal to the maximum number of decoders, and some ROIs fail to decode successfully, the output data will be sorted in ascending order by ROI index, with "NG" filled in the positions corresponding to failed ROIs.

Example:

Total Number of Decoders	Number of ROIs	Decoded Barcodes per ROI	Failed ROI Position	Output Format (Ascending Order)
Minimum Value =1 Maximum Value =4	4	1	ROI3	Barcode, Barcode, NG, Barcode

If the number of ROIs does not match the Total Number of Decoders limit, the data output format is as follows:

Total Number of Decoders	Number of ROIs	Decoded Barcodes per ROI	Output Format (Ascending Order)
Minimum Value =3 Maximum Value =4	5	ROI1 decodes 5, other ROIs decode 0	4 Barcodes + 4 NG
	5	ROI2 decodes 4, other ROIs decode 0	NG + 4 Barcodes + 3 NG
	5	ROI5 decodes 3, other ROIs decode 0	4 NG + 3 Barcodes
	5	ROI1 decodes 2, other ROIs decode 0	2 Barcodes + 4 NG
	2	ROI1 decodes 2, other ROIs decode 0	2 Barcodes + 1 NG

7.7 Engraving Quality Grade

Engraving Quality is used to verify the quality of barcodes scanned based on the engraving quality standards specified by international organizations. The supported standards are as follows:

Standard	Application Range
ISO/IEC 15416	For 1D barcodes
ISO/IEC 15415	For 2D barcodes printed on labels
ISO/IEC TR 29158(AIM DPM-1-12006)	For 2D DPM barcodes

Enable/disable the engraving quality:

Verification Item	Evalu...	
<input type="checkbox"/> ISO/IEC 15416	Disa...	
<input type="checkbox"/> ISO/IEC 15415	Disa...	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ISO/IEC TR 29158(AIM ...	Disa...	

Once engraving quality is enabled, the engraving quality grade can be viewed in the Results section after a successful decode.

Type	Data	Length	PPM	Engraving Quality
DataMatrix	FW6R231AA0JX	12	4.94	B
DataMatrix	FW6R231AA0JX	12	4.94	B
DataMatrix	FW6R231AA0JX	12	4.94	B
DataMatrix	FW6R231AA0JX	12	4.81	B
DataMatrix	FW6R231AA0JX	12	4.94	B
DataMatrix	FW6R231AA0JX	12	4.94	A

Go to "Quick Setup" -> "Engraving Quality" to view detailed engraving quality grade. This feature applies to single barcodes only.

Library Settings Global Settings Engraving Quality		
A ISO/IEC TR 29158(AIM DPM-1-2006)		
Decode	A	4
Cell Contrast	A	4
Cell Modulation	A	4
Reflectance Margin	A	4
Fixed Pattern Damage	A	4
Format Info Damage	-	-
Version Info Damage	-	-
Axial Nonuniformity	A	4
Grid Nonuniformity	A	4
Unused Err Correction	A	4
Print Growth Horizontal	-	-
Print Growth Vertical	-	-
Minimum Reflectance	-	-

With the Engraving Quality feature enabled, the following two functions can be implemented:

- 1 Barcode Additional Message
- 2 Marking Verification Success Indicator

Barcode Additional Message

Barcode Additional Message Settings

Barcode Additional Message Enable: ☒

[Barcode Data]
[Barcode Number]
[Barcode Coordinates]
[Barcode Time (ms)]
[ISO/IEC 15416]
[ISO/IEC 15415]
[ISO/IEC TR 29158 (AIM DPM-1-2006)]

☒ Barcode Data
☒ Barcode Number
☒ Barcode Coordinates
☒ Barcode Time (ms)
☒ ISO/IEC 15416
☒ ISO/IEC 15415
☒ ISO/IEC TR 29158 (AIM DPM-1-2006)

Marking Verification Success Indicator

Output Endpoint 1

Pin Function Selection: Good Read Indicator Sigr

Output Polarity: Active High

Output Duration(ms): 500

Verification Item		Evalu...	
<input type="checkbox"/>	ISO/IEC 15416	Disa...	
<input type="checkbox"/>	ISO/IEC 15415	Disa...	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ISO/IEC TR 29158(AIM ...	Disa...	

7.8 Enhancing Motion Tolerance

To improve a scanner's motion tolerance, consider optimizing the following parameters:

Trigger Timing

Ensure that the barcode is close to the center of FOV when triggered by the sensor.

Decoding Area

The scanner should be configured to decode barcodes throughout the entire field of view, rather than relying on a fixed position. Expanding the decoding area enhances the decoding success rate and can typically be achieved by adjusting the sensor position or adding configuration libraries.

Exposure Time Adjustment

Proper exposure time is critical for motion tolerance. If the exposure time is too short, the image will be dark and difficult to decode. If it is too long, the captured barcode image may appear smeared or blurred. The appropriate exposure time can be estimated using the following formula:

$$t = (25.4 \times \text{barcode width in mils}) / v$$

t: exposure time in microseconds (μs)

v: scanning speed in meters per second (m/s)

To validate the calculated exposure time, use the Auto Learning feature (see Section 7.1). Set the barcode type to Dynamic, input the target exposure time, and start the learning process. If learning succeeds, the exposure time is considered valid.

Multi-Region Decoding (ROI)

The Multi-Region Decoding function allows you to focus on target decoding areas while excluding irrelevant zones, thereby reducing overall decoding time.

Appropriate Trigger Mode

Use pulse mode if the sensor's level signal is shorter than 20 ms.

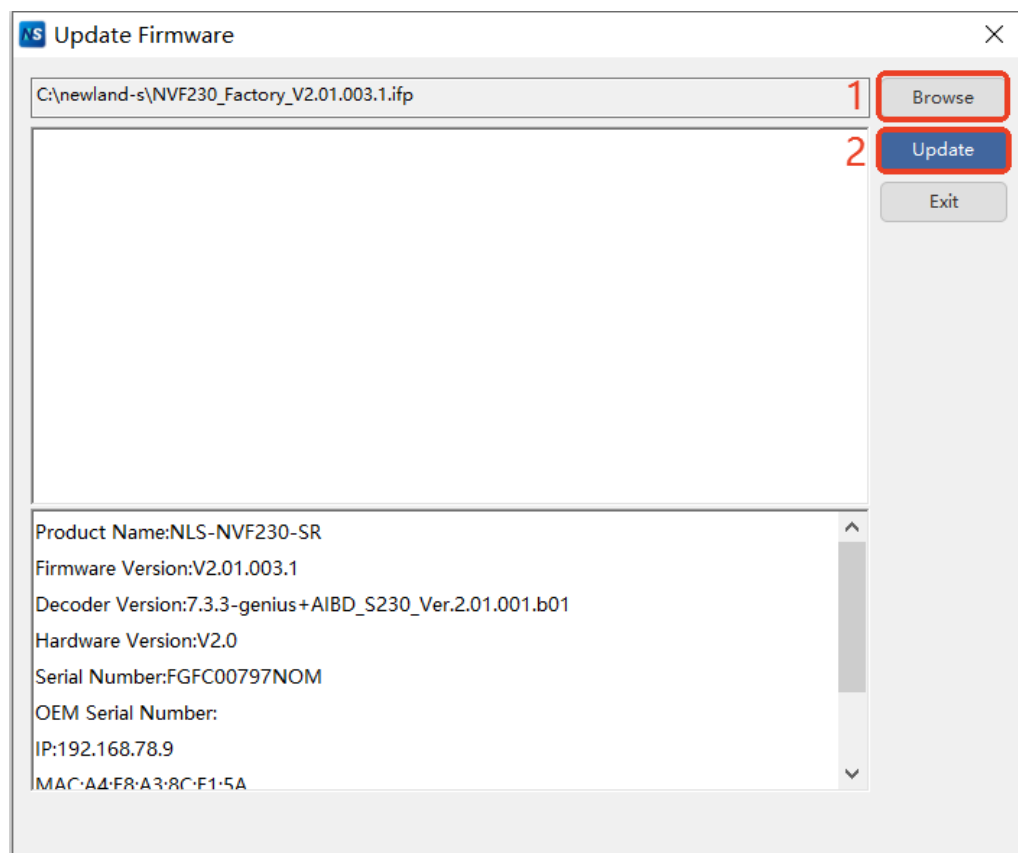
7.9 Update Firmware



Before upgrading the firmware version, please download the firmware to the local.

USB CDC recommended

- 1 Click "Upgrade Firmware" to enter the Upgrade Firmware configuration window;
- 2 Click "Browse" to select the firmware file to be upgraded;
- 3 Click "Update" to update according to the selected firmware file.
- 4 During the upgrade process, please ensure that the device is online in real time.



Note: During the firmware upgrade process, wait for about 1 minute to allow the device to restart. The restart is considered successful when the beeper sounds and the corresponding product model is refreshed in the Nset. Additionally, you can check the firmware version on the Nset homepage to ensure its correctness.

Update Firmware

C:\newland-s\nvf230_Factory_V2.01.003.1.jfp

Browse

Update

Exit

Update Appl Block

Send Update Command

Set Param

Send Data

Burning in Firmware

Update OK

Note: Do not remove the device until the device is successfully restarted.

Product Name:NLS-NVF230-SR

Firmware Version:V2.01.003.1

Decoder Version:7.3.3-genius+AIBD_S230_Ver.2.01.001.b01

Hardware Version:V2.0

Serial Number:FGFC00797NOM

OEM Serial Number:

IP:192.168.78.9

MAC:A4:E8:A3:8C:F1:5A

Product Name: NLS-NVF230-SR

Firmware Version: V2.01.003.1

Decoder Version: 7.3.3-genius+AIBD_S230_Ver.2.01.001.b01

Hardware Version: V2.0

Serial Number: FGFC00797NOM

OEM Serial Number:

IP: 192.168.78.9

MAC: A4:E8:A3:8C:E1:5A

Kernel Version: V2.00.004.1

LightBoard Version: V1.03.001

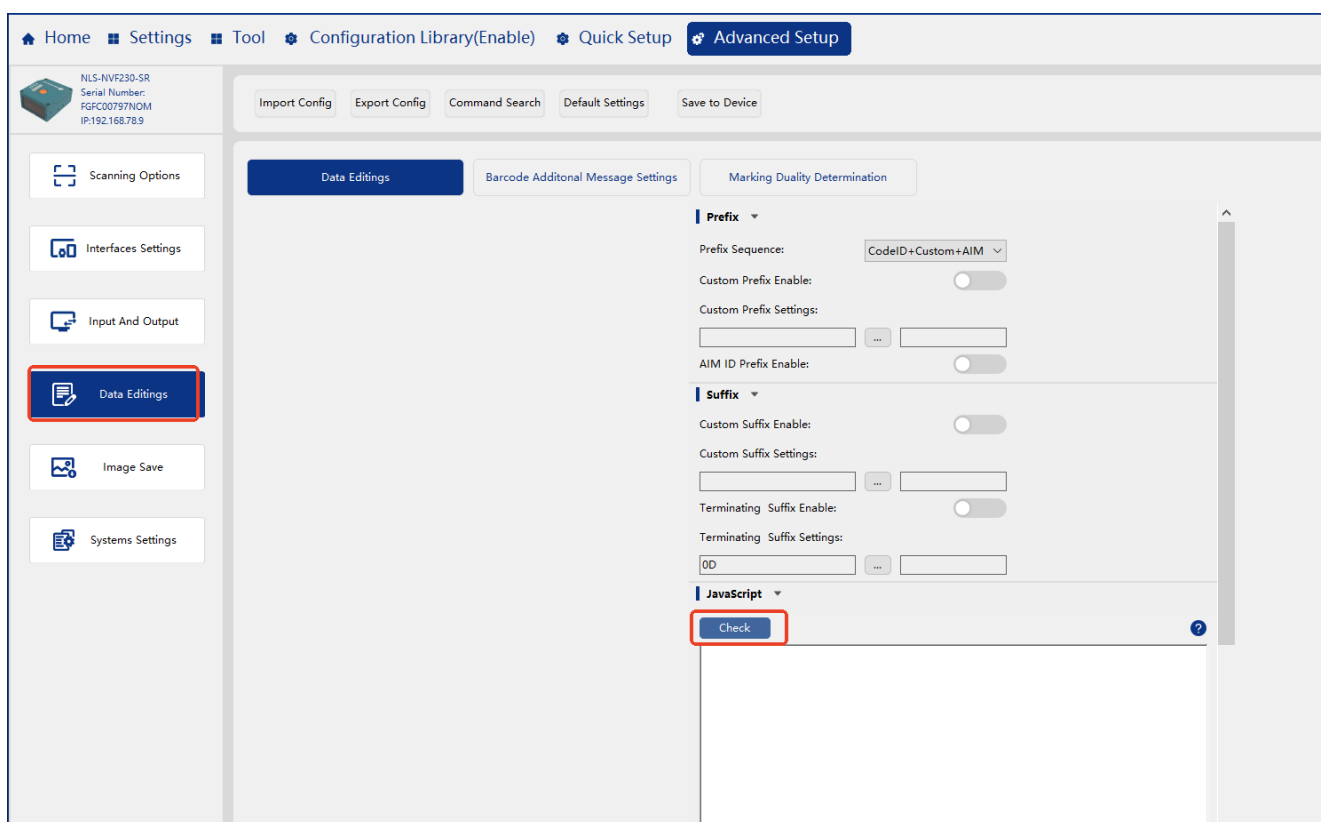
7.10 Script Editing

The script editing function allows you to customize and output the decoded data in any desired format.

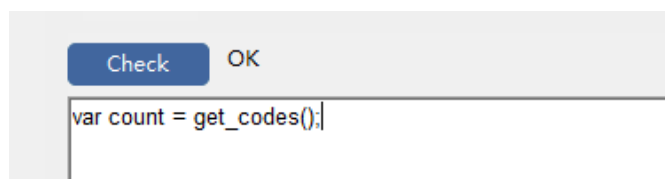
Double-click the NVF230 icon and navigate to "Advanced Setup" -> "Data Editing", then set "Data Output Information" to "Advanced Mode", then you can enter the JavaScript script

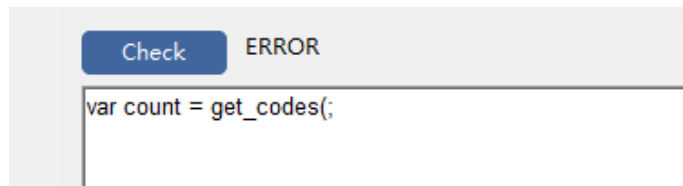
Click "?" to get the script help document.

After writing the script, click "Check" to perform a basic syntax check in Nset.



Check whether the syntax is correct, as shown below:





For information on how to write javascripts for industrial products, please refer to the "API Instruction" section below.

API Instruction:

Method	int get_codes()
Function Description	Retrieves the total number of current code words, suitable for single and multiple codes.
Paramaters	None
Return value	Integer, returns the number of code words

Method	string get_decMsg(int n)
Function Description	Retrieves the nth code word from all code words
Paramaters	n: Integer, range 0-N; the nth code word from all code words
Return value	String; the nth code word

Method	void get_codeType(int n)
Function Description	Retrieves the code type of the nth code word from all code words (such as DM QR, etc.)
Paramaters	n: Integer, range 0-N; the nth code word from all code words
Return value	String; the code type of the nth code word

Method	void get_exCodeType(int n)
Function Description	Retrieves the extended code type of the nth code word from all code words
Paramaters	n: Integer, range 0-N; the nth code word from all code words
Return value	String; the extended code type of the nth code word

Method	int get_msgLength(int n)
Function Description	Retrieves the length of the nth code word from all code words
Paramaters	n: Integer, range 0-N; the nth code word from all code words
Return value	Integer; the length of the nth code word

Method	void set_codes (int n)
Function Description	Sets or changes the total number of code words
Paramaters	n: Integer, total number of code words
Return value	none

Method	void set_decMsg (int n,string newMess,int length)
Function Description	Sets, edits, or modifies the nth code word

Paramaters	n: Integer, the nth code word from all code words newMess: String, new content of the code word length: Integer, length of the code word
Return value	None

Method	void set_codeType (int n,int type)
Function Description	Sets, edits, or modifies the code type of the nth code word
Paramaters	n: Integer, the nth code word from all code words type: Integer, code type of the code word
Return value	None

Method	void set_exCodeType (int n,int type)
Function Description	Sets, edits, or modifies the extended code type of the nth code word
Paramaters	n: Integer, the nth code word from all code words type: Integer, extended code type of the code word
Return value	None

Method	void set_ioEvent ()
Function Description	External IO control event
Paramaters	None
Return value	None

Method	int get_maxDecNum (void)
Function Description	Retrieves the maximum number of multi-code decodings
Paramaters	None
Return value	Number of multi-codes

Method	int get_minDecNum (void)
Function Description	Retrieves the minimum number of multi-code decodings
Paramaters	None
Return value	Number of multi-codes

Method	void set_result (int rv)
Function Description	Get the minimum decoding number of multi-codes
Paramaters	rv: 0: Indicates the entire script ran successfully 1: Indicates the entire script did not meet expectations
Return value	None

Method	string get_referenceCode (int index)
Function Description	Retrieves the reference barcode, supports setting predefined barcode content for comparison to check if the barcode content is correct.
Paramaters	Index:

	The index of the reference barcode
Return value	Content of the reference barcode

Javascript native common keywords

keywords	Description
var	Declares a variable. In JavaScript, var automatically matches the variable type. For example var mess = get_decMsg(i); // mess is of string type var count = get_coeds(); // count is of integer type
if	judge var count = get_msgLength(0); if(count <= 10){ // Executes if count is less than or equal to 10 }else{ // Executes if count is greater than 10 }
for	Loop for (i = 0; i < get_coeds(); i++){ // Executes the loop 10 times }

Introduction to Common String Processing Methods

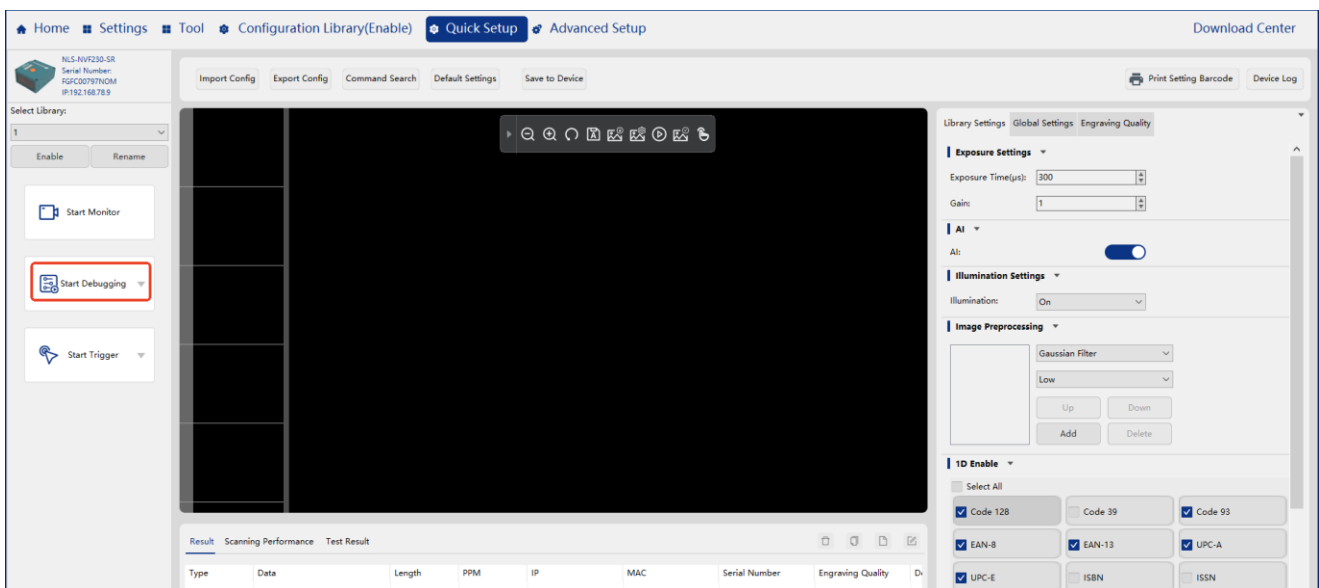
Retrieve code word		var mess = get_decMsg(i)
Retrieve total number of code words		var count = get_codes();
substring(int start, int end)	Extracts characters between two specified index numbers in a string	var mess = get_decMsg(i); //12345 var tmp1 = mess.substring(0, 2); // Extracts the 0th and 1st bytes from mess
substr(int start, int length)	Extracts a specified number of characters from the start index	See use case 7
replace(string old, string new)	Replaces substrings matching a regex	var mess = get_decMsg(i); var temp = mess.replace('123', '456'); // Replaces '123' with '456' in the code word
toLowerCase()	Converts a string to lowercase	var mess = get_decMsg(i); mess = mess.toLowerCase(); // Converts uppercase code word to lowercase; e.g., ABC -> abc
toLocaleLowerCase()	Converts a string to lowercase based on the host's locale, only a few languages (like Turkish) have locale-specific case mappings	
toLocaleUpperCase()	Converts a string to uppercase based on the	

	host's locale, only a few languages (like Turkish) have locale-specific case mappings	
Retrieve code word length		var tmp = value.length; // Retrieves the code word length
split("").reverse().join("")	Reverses the order of a string	var mess= get_decMsg(i); var tmp = mess.split("").reverse().join("");//123456 -> 654321
lastIndexOf(string str)	Returns the position of the last occurrence of a specified character in a string	
indexOf(string str)	Returns the position of the first occurrence of a specified character in a string	var mess= get_decMsg(i); var index = mess.indexOf('1'); // Locates the position of character '1' var tmp = mess.substr(index + 1); // Extracts the code word after the index
search(string str)	Searches for a value matching a regex	See use case 18
concat(string1, string2, string str3...)	Concatenates multiple strings into one	var count = get_codes(); var messNew; for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var mess= get_decMsg(i); mess = mess+' '; messNew.concat(mess); }
toString()	Typically used to convert a number to a string	var count = get_codes();// Retrieves the number of code words var mess = count.toString();// Converts the integer count to a string

7.11 Debugging

Start Debugging

The Start Debugging function is used to test the performance of configuration libraries. After learning a configuration library, you can perform debugging to validate and optimize it.



Start Trigger



The Start Trigger function is used to test the final performance of the decoding process. The trigger button simulates an external trigger input, enabling validation of the entire decoding process, including decoding modes, alternate configuration libraries, multi-barcode decoding, and other related features.

The statistical differences between debug mode and trigger decoding mode are as follows:

Parameter	Debug Mode	Trigger Decoding Mode
Test Content	Only tests the performance of the currently selected Library.	Tests the final application performance

Test Content	Number of decoded images	Number of trigger events
Success Count	Number of successfully decoded images	Number of successfully completed trigger events
Good Read Percent	Image decoding success rate (%)	Trigger event success rate (%)
Average Decode Time(ms)	Average image decoding time	Average decoding time for completed Trigger event (For multi-barcode reading across multiple images, this refers to the total decoding time for all barcodes across those images.)



The "Average Decode Time during Trigger Testing" has a special calculation method for multi-barcode reading across multiple images and continuous modes.

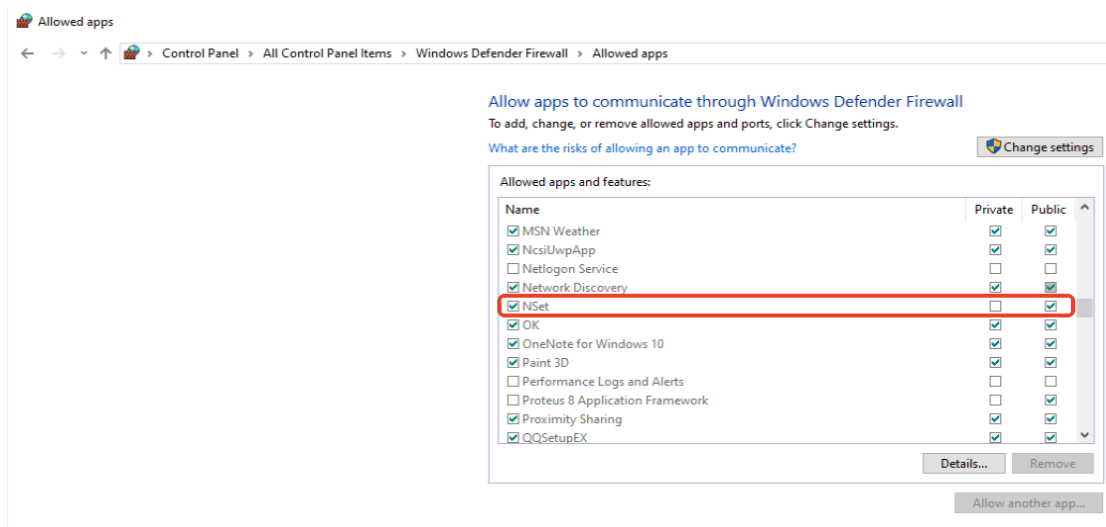
Scanning Mode	Good Read Percent	Average Decode Time
Standard Mode	Each decoding task completed within the trigger duration counts as one, even if multiple barcodes are read during a single trigger event in continuous mode.	Decoding time for the decoded image
Continuous Mode		Average decoding time within the trigger duration
Burst Mode		Decoding time for the decoded image

8 Troubleshootings

8.1 Device Not Found via Ethernet Connection

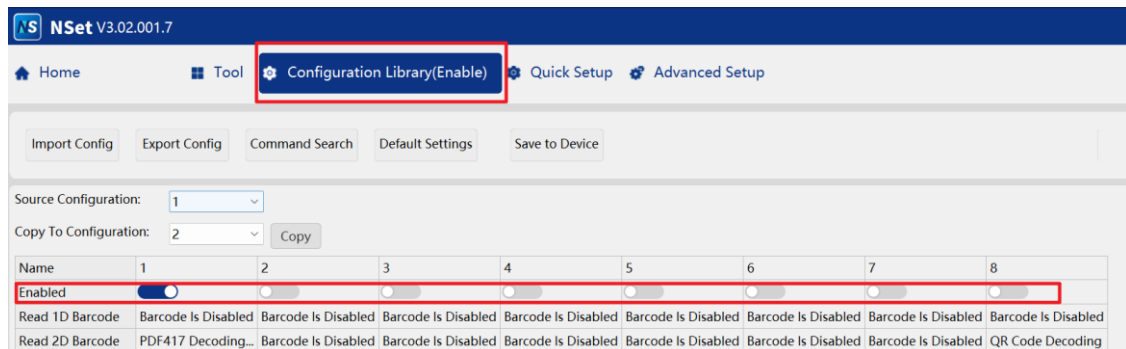
When using an Ethernet connection, if the device cannot be found on the homepage, please check the following:

- 1 Ensure the Ethernet cable is not damaged.
- 2 Ensure Windows Defender firewall allows communication with NSet.




8.2 No Image Displayed

Ensure that at least one configuration library is enabled, and the exposure time and gain settings are properly configured.



8.3 Fixed Barcode Position but Variable Location in Captured Images

The production line uses sensor triggering for the same objects at fixed positions, but the captured images show inconsistent left/right positioning.

Please disable the  image capture function or the Statistics monitoring feature.



The image capture function has limitations in scenarios with high timing requirements.



8.4 Device Rebooting After Power-On via USB



If the device frequently restarts after being powered on via USB, it may be due to insufficient power supplied by the PC's USB port. This issue can be resolved by using a power adapter instead. If USB power is required, the issue can be mitigated by disabling the AI function to reduce the device's power consumption.




9 Appendix



9.1 Test Routines



Description	Input	Output	BarCode	Code
Extract the first 2 characters and the last 2 characters	NEWLAND 123	NE23		<pre> /** * Extract the first 2 characters and the last 2 characters, concatenate them */ var len = 0; var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); len = code.length; var tmp1 = code.substring(0, 2); var tmp2 = code.substring(len - 2, l en); code = tmp1 + tmp2; set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Delete the third character from the data read	NEWLAND 123	NELAND123		<pre> /** * Remove the third character */ var len = 0; var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); len = code.length; </pre>


				<pre> var tmp1 = code.substring(0, 2); var tmp2 = code.substring(3, len); code = tmp1 + tmp2; set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Add character '65' to the end of the read data	NEWLAND123	NEWLAND12365		<pre> /** * Add '65' at the end */ var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = code + '65'; set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Remove leading zeros from the barcode	00000NEWLAND	NEWLAND		<pre> /** * Remove all leading zeros * Use a regular expression to find leading zeros */ var patrr = /^[0]*/; var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = code.replace(patrr, ""); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>



Convert all characters to lowercase	NEWLAND	newland		<pre> /** * Convert all uppercase letters to lowercase */ var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = code.toLowerCase(); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Read the length of the data	NEWLAND	7		<pre> /** * Get the length of the string */ var count = get_codes(); /** * Output all barcodes starting with 1 */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = value.length; return tmp.toString(); } for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>




Read characters from the 2nd to the 5th position	NEWLAND	EWLAN		<pre> /** * Read characters from position 2 to 5 */ var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = code.substr(1, 5); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Replace '123' in the string with '456'	NEWLAND 123	NEWLAND456		<pre> /** * Replace '123' in the string with '456' */ var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = code.replace('123', '456'); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Reverse the order of the string	NEWLAND 123	321DNALWEN		<pre> /** * Reverse the order of the string */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = value.split("").reverse().join(""); return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); </pre>



				<pre> for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); /* */ code = strfunc(code); /* */ set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Remove characters 'E' and 'A' from the data	NEWLAND 123	NWLND123		<pre> /** * Remove characters 'E' and 'A' from the data */ var pattr = /[A E]/g; function strfunc(value) { var tmp = value.replace(pattr, ""); return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Return the 5th character of the data	NEWLAND 123	A		<pre> /** * Return the 5th character of the data */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = value.charAt(4); return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); </pre>



				<pre> for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Replace all ' ' with '#'	123 240 2021 123456	123#240#2021#123456		<pre> /** * Replace all ' ' with '#' */ function strfunc(value) { var patrr = /[]/g; var tmp = value.replace(patrr, '#'); return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Pad the data with zeros up to 15 characters	NEWLAND	NEWLAND00000000		<pre> /** * Pad the data with zeros up to the 15th character */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = value; var remind = 15; for (var i = value.length; i < remind; i++) { </pre>


				<pre> tmp = tmp + '0'; } return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Remove the first and last character, keeping the middle part	NEWLAND 123	EWLAND12		<pre> /** * Remove the first and last * character, keeping the middle part */ function strfunc(value) { var len = value.length; tmp = value.substr(1, len - 2); return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>


Output all characters before '1'	NEWLAND 123	NEWLAND		<pre> /** * Output all characters before '1' */ function strfunc(value) { var len = value.length; var index = value.indexOf('1'); tmp = value.substr(0, index); return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Output all characters after '1'	NEWLAND 123	23		<pre> /** * Output all characters after '1' */ function strfunc(value) { var len = value.length; var index = value.indexOf('1'); tmp = value.substr(index + 1); return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); } </pre>







				<pre> print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
<p>If the data starts with '1', output 'A'; otherwise, output 'B'</p>	<p>1TT 2TT</p>	<p>A B</p>	 <p>1TT</p>  <p>2TT</p>	<pre> /** * If the data starts with '1', output * 'A'; otherwise, output 'B' */ function strfunc(value) { var len = value.length; var tmp = value.substr(0, 1); if (tmp == '1') { tmp = 'A'; } else if (tmp == '2') { tmp = 'B'; } return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
<p>Append "_OK" to the end of the data if it contains 456; otherwise, append "_NG"</p>	<p>1TT456 2TT</p>	<p>1TT456_OK 2TT_NG</p>	 <p>1TT456</p>	<pre> /** * Append "_OK" to the end of the * data if it contains 456; otherwise, * append "_NG" */ function strfunc(value) { var len = value.length; var patrr = /456/; var pos = value.search(patrr); </pre>









			 2TT	<pre> if (pos >= 0) { tmp = value + "_OK"; } else { tmp = value + "_NG"; } return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Output "OK" if the data contains control characters; otherwise, output "NG"	1TT456 234<HT>12 3	NG OK		<pre> /** * Output "OK" if the data contains * control characters; otherwise, output * "NG" */ function strfunc(value) { var len = value.length; var patrr = /\s+/g; var index = value.search(patrr); var tmp = value; if (index > 0) { tmp = 'OK'; } else { tmp = 'NG'; } return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); </pre>








				<pre> code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Remove control characters from the data	234<HT>123	234123		<pre> /** * Remove control characters from the data */ function strfunc(value) { var len = value.length; var pattr = /\s+/g; var tmp = value.replace(pattr, ""); return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); print('code = %s', code); } </pre>
Move 'a' three positions to the right	newland123	newlnd1a23		<pre> /** * Move 'a' three positions to the right */ function strfunc(value) { var len = value.length; var index = value.indexOf('a'); var tmp = value; var tmp1 = value; var tmp2 = value; </pre>






				<pre> if (index >= 0) { var tmp = value.substr(0, index); var tmp1 = value.substr(index + 1, 3); var tmp2 = value.substr(index + 4, len); tmp = tmp + tmp1 + 'a' + tmp2; } return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { var code = get_decMsg(i); code = strfunc(code); set_codeType(i, i); set_exCodeType(i, i); set_decMsg(i, code, code.length); } </pre>
Concatenate multiple barcodes with separators and output as a string	NEWLAND 123 456 abC	NEWLAND,123,45 6,abC		<pre> /** * Concatenate multiple barcodes with separators and output as a string */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = ""; for (var i = 0; i < value.length; i++) { if(value[i].length != 0){ tmp = tmp + value[i] + ','; } } tmp = tmp.substr(0, tmp.length - 1); return tmp; } var codes = new Array(); var count = get_codes(); for (var i = 0; i < count; i++) { codes[i] = get_decMsg(i); } </pre>


				<pre> set_decMsg(i, "", 0); if (i == count - 1) { var out = strfunc(codes); set_decMsg(0, out, out.length); set_codes(1); } } </pre>
Insert "LTT" between the second and third data read	NEWLAND 123 456 abC	NEWLAND123LT T456abC		<pre> /** * Insert "LTT" between the second * and third data read */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = ""; for (var i = 0; i < value.length; i++) { if (i == 2) { tmp = tmp + "LTT"; } if (value[i].length != 0) { tmp = tmp + value[i]; } } return tmp; } var codes = new Array(); var count = get_codes(); for (var i = 0; i < count; i++) { codes[i] = get_decMsg(i); set_decMsg(i, "", 0); if (i == count - 1) { var out = strfunc(codes); set_decMsg(0, out, out.length); set_codes(1); } } </pre>



Delete all barcodes starting with '1' and output	NEWLAND 123 456 abC	NEWLAND456ab C	   	<pre> /** * Delete all barcodes starting with '1' and output */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = ""; for (var i = 0; i < value.length; i++) { var index = value[i].search('1'); if (index >= 0) { delete value[i]; } else if (value[i].length > 0){ tmp = tmp + value[i]; } } return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); var newCodes = new Array(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { newCodes[i] = get_decMsg(i); if (i == count - 1) { var out = strfunc(newCodes); set_decMsg(0, out, out.length); set_codes(1); } } </pre>
Only output barcodes starting with 'F'	NEWLAND 123 F15 456 abC F12	F12F15	 	<pre> /** * Only output barcodes starting with 'F' */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = ""; for (var i = value.length - 1; i >= 0; i --){ var index = value[i].search('F'); if (index == 0) { tmp = tmp + value[i]; </pre>


			   	<pre> } else { delete value[i]; } } return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); var newCodes = new Array(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { newCodes[i] = get_decMsg(i); if (i == count - 1) { var out = strfunc(newCodes); set_decMsg(0, out, out.length); set_codes(1); } } </pre>
Sort by numerical size and letter order	A12 B12 C21 A22 B13	A12A22B12B13C 21	   	<pre> /** * Sort by numerical size and letter * order */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = ""; value.sort(); for (var i = 0; i < value.length; i++) { tmp = tmp + value[i]; } return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); var newCodes = new Array(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { newCodes[i] = get_decMsg(i); if (i == count - 1) { var out = strfunc(newCodes); set_decMsg(0, out, out.length); set_codes(1); } } </pre>

				}
Place the data 'A12' in the fifth position	A12 B12 C21 A22 B13	B12C21A22B13A 12	    	<pre> /** * Place the data 'A12' in the fifth position */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = ""; var tmp1 = ""; for (var i = 0; i < value.length; i++) { if (value[i] == 'A12') { tmp1 = value[i]; delete value[i]; } else { tmp = tmp + value[i]; } } tmp = tmp + tmp1; return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); var newCodes = new Array(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { newCodes[i] = get_decMsg(i); if (i == count - 1) { var out = strfunc(newCodes); set_decMsg(0, out, out.length); set_codes(1); } } </pre>
Set barcode expected content as tin*	Input: - tin1 - LTT - tin232	Output: - tin1 - tin232		<pre> /** * Replace tin* */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = ""; for (var i = 0; i < value.length; i++) </pre>

			 	<pre> { var index = value[i].search('tin'); if (index < 0) { delete value[i]; } else if(value[i].length > 0){ tmp = tmp + value[i]; } } return tmp; } /* var count = get_codes(); var newCodes = new Array(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { newCodes[i] = get_decMsg(i); if (i == count - 1) { var out = strfunc(newCodes); set_decMsg(0, out, out.length); set_codes(1); } } </pre>
Set barcode expected content as tin??	Input: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - tin11 - LTT - tin232 	Output: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - tin11 	  	

Exclude content 123	Input:** - 123 - 345 - 678	Output: - 345 - 678		<pre> /** * Exclude 123* */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = ""; for (var i = 0; i < value.length; i++) { var index = value[i].search('123'); if (index >= 0) { delete value[i]; } else if (value[i].length > 0) { tmp = tmp + value[i]; } } return tmp; } /** var count = get_codes(); var newCodes = new Array(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { newCodes[i] = get_decMsg(i); if (i == count - 1) { var out = strfunc(newCodes); set_decMsg(0, out, out.length); set_codes(1); } } </pre>

Attach date and time to read data	123456	2021/02/24 12:31 123456		<pre> /** * Attach date and time to read data * Read data: 123456 * Execution result: 2021/02/24 12:31 123456 */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = ""; var date = new Date(); tmp = date.getFullYear().toString() + '/'; tmp = tmp + date.getMonth().toStri ng() + '/'; tmp = tmp + date.getDate().toStrin g() + ' '; tmp = tmp + date.getHours().toStri ng() + ':'; tmp = tmp + date.getMinutes().toSt ring() + ' '; tmp = tmp + value; return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); var newCodes = new Array(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { newCodes[i] = get_decMsg(i); if (i == count - 1) { var out = strfunc(newCodes); set_decMsg(0, out, out.length); set_codes(1); } } </pre>
Determine if the date in the data exceeds June 1, 2021. If not exceeded, output OK, otherwise output NG	20210301	OK/NG	 20210301	<pre> /** * Determine if the date in the data exceeds June 1, 2021. If not exceeded, output OK, otherwise output NG */ function strfunc(value) { var tmp = ""; </pre>

			 20160301	<pre> var today = new Date(); today.setFullYear(2021, 6, 1); var year = parseInt(value.slice(0, 4)); var month = parseInt(value.slice(4, 6)); var day = parseInt(value.slice(7)); var messDay = new Date(); messDay.setFullYear(year, month, day); if (messDay > today) { tmp = 'OK'; } else { tmp = 'NG'; } return tmp; } var count = get_codes(); var newCodes = new Array(); for (i = 0; i < count; i++) { newCodes[i] = get_decMsg(i); if (i == count - 1) { var out = strfunc(newCodes[i]); set_decMsg(0, out, out.length); set_codes(1); } } </pre>
--	--	--	---	---

9.2 Quick Settings Barcodes

Scanner Information



Default Settings



Scan Mode



Trigger Mode



Trigger Input Source



Aimer Settings



Terminator Suffix



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