# **AVENTICS<sup>M</sup>**

# **G3 Series EtherNet/IP™ DLR Technical Manual**







### Conditions for use of this product

- (1) Aventics G3 Manifold ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions.
- i) Where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident.
- ii) Where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.
- (2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for use in general industries.

Aventics shall have no responsibility or liability including but not limited to any and all responsibility or liability based on contract, warranty, tort, product liability for any injury or death to persons, loss or damage to property caused by the product that are operated or used in application not intended or excluded by instructions, precautions or warnings contained in Aventics. Technical, User, Instruction, Safety manuals or bulletins.

### Safety precautions

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and pay attention to safety and product application. The following symbols are used in the manual to identify important safety, installation and application information.



Caution symbol indicates a possible hazard which may cause injury or equipment damage.



Note symbol indicates important information regarding equipment installation and setup





# Electrical installation and operational guidelines

- To be connected to Class 2 power source only
- All Aventics. communication nodes should be grounded during the installation process. These grounding guidelines can be found in National Electrical code IEC 60204-1 or EN 60204-1.
- All Numatics G3 Electronics Products to be installed or wired in accordance with ASCO Aventics published instructions and applicable electrical codes.
- MULTIPLE CLASS 2 POWER SOURCES: When interconnects, class 2 sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection
- Sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection
- CLASS 2 WIRING: All field wiring shall be suitable for Class 1, Electric Light and Power, or Class 2, 3 wirings are routed separately and secured to maintain separation between 1) Class 2 wiring and all other class wiring, and 2) Limited energy circuit conductors from unlimited energy circuit conductors
- Class 2 Device Wiring Only Do Not Reclassify and Install as Class 1, 3 or Power and Lighting Wiring
- When using molded connector power cables, <u>Do Not</u> rely on wire colors for Pin-Out. <u>Always use pin number references.</u>
- Wire connections shall be rated suitable for the wire size (lead and building wiring) employed
- MULTIPLE CLASS 2 POWER SOURCES: When interconnects, class 2 sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection
- Sources shall be Listed and rated suitable for parallel interconnection



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### 1. About EtherNet/IP™

### 1.1 Overview

EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> is a communication protocol that uses the same network technology that can be found in commercial and domestic operations worldwide but has added benefits/features toward manufacturing applications. It is a CIP (common industrial protocol) Network that follows the Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) model.

The ODVA (Open Device Net Vendor Association) is an independent organization that governs the EtherNet/IP™ specification and oversees conformance testing for products.

EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> uses industrial M12 IP67-rated connectors. The protocol can transfer data at two interface speeds of 10 Mbps and 100 Mbps. Maximum network cabling distance is limited to 100m segments at 20° C.

More information about EtherNet/IP™ and ODVA can be obtained from the ODVA web site www.odva.org

Device level ring or DLR network technology for industrial applications takes advantage of embedded switch functionality within the associated EtherNet/IP™ communication modules. DLR technology adds device-level network resilience to optimize machine operation. When a DLR network detects a break in the ring, it provides alternate routing of the data to help recover the network at extremely fast rates. Enhanced diagnostics built into DLR-enabled products identify the point of failure, helping to speed maintenance and reduce mean time to repair. The DLR module is works equally well in both Linear and Ring configurations.

### 1.2 G3 EtherNet/IP™ Features

Features	Description
EtherNet/IP <sup>™</sup> Spec. Supported	Designed to EtherNet/IP™ and DLR Specification
Bus Topology	Star and Multi-Star and Ring
Baud Rates Supported	10/100 Mbps and Autobaud
CE	CE Compliant
Duplicate Address Detection	If a duplicate address is detected on power up, duplicates will not progress to run mode
Address Setting	Via DHCP/BOOTP, Webserver Configuration or Graphical Display Interface
Duplex	Half and Full supported
Conformance Tested	Tested by ODVA for conformance
Protocols supported	ACD, ARP, DHCP, HTTP, TCP/IP, UDP
IIOT	REST API

### 1.3 G3 EtherNet/IP™ Performance Data

Features	Description
CIP connections consumed	1
CIP connections available	16
Packets per second (PPS)	10,000
RPI	≥ 5ms
Connection Type	Multicast, Unicast



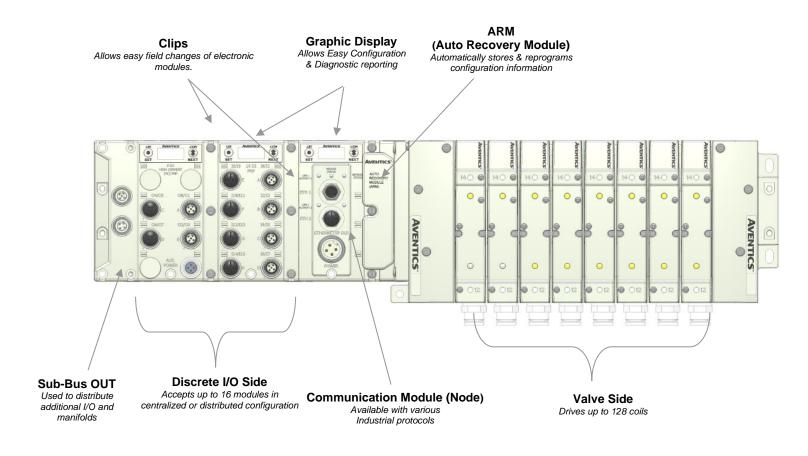
### 2. G3 Introduction

The G3 Series is an electronic product platform that features an integrated graphic display for simple commissioning and displaying of diagnostic information. The G3 offers innovative distribution capability which allows the same I/O components that make up a centralized manifold configuration to be used as the distribution components as well, decreasing the need for duplicate components on centralized and distributed applications. The G3 platform interfaces to a variety of valve series and fieldbus interface protocols and can address a total of 1200 I/O points (150 bytes). With proper assembly and termination, the G3 modules will have an IP65 / IP67 rating.

The manifold can be viewed as having two sections to it, the *Valve Side* and the *Discrete I/O Side*. The *Valve Side* supports a maximum of 128 solenoid coils and the *Discrete I/O Side* supports a maximum of 16 modules capable of addressing up to 1200 outputs, 1200 inputs or various combinations.

Various discrete modules with integrated graphic display are available. They include digital I/O, analog I/O, and specialty modules which cover various application needs. Pinouts for all connectors are labeled on the side of the respective modules and are also detailed in the module section of this document.

This manual describes specific information for configuring and commissioning the Aventics G3 Series product line. For more information relating to pneumatic valves and valve manifold assemblies, please refer to the Aventics "In Control "catalog at <a href="https://www.asco.com">www.asco.com</a>.



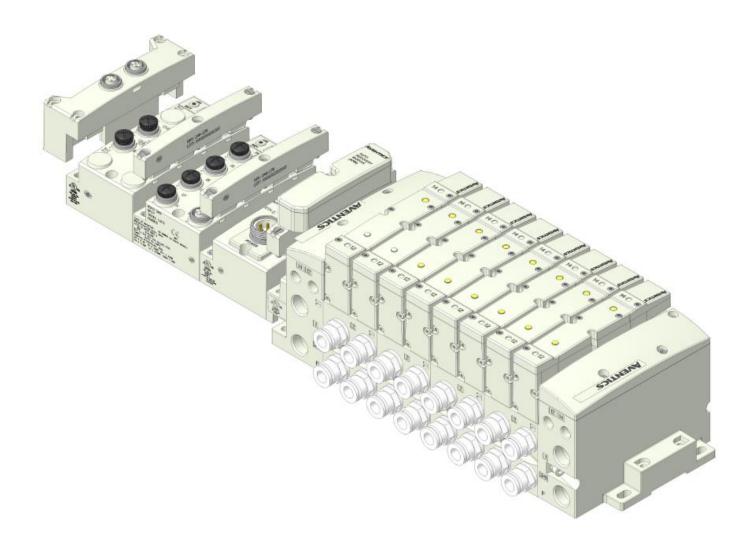
### 2.1 G3 Electronics Modularity

Discrete I/O



# **AVENTICS**<sup>™</sup> G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> DLR Technical Manual

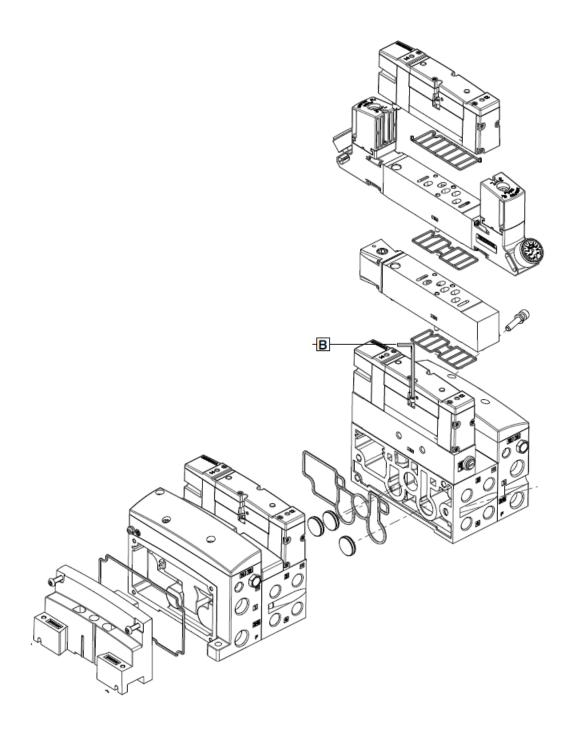
The G3 Series product line is a completely modular and scalable system. As shown below, the G3 electronic modules plug together, via mechanical clips, allowing for easy assembly and field changes.





### 2.2 500 Series Pneumatic Valve Manifold

The pneumatic valve manifold with internal circuit board technology is also modular. The valve solenoid coil connections are automatically made using Z-Board $^{\text{m}}$  technology (plug together PC boards), which allow internal connection from solenoid coils to output drivers without the use of wires). This allows easy assembly and field changes.

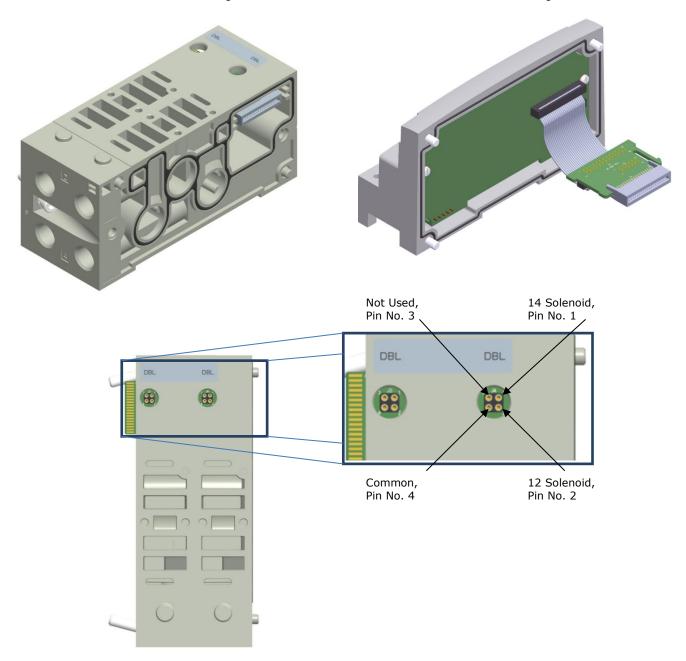




### 2.3 500 Series Manifold Stations

Solenoid Coil Connections using Z-Board™ Technology for 50x valve series

Z-Board<sup>™</sup> plug together technology connects all valve solenoids to the valve coil output driver board, located in the valve adapter. There is a maximum of 128 coil outputs available on the complete manifold assemblies. The 128 available outputs are accessed on the 501 series valves utilizing 4 station manifolds and on the 502 and 503 series utilizing 2 station manifolds.



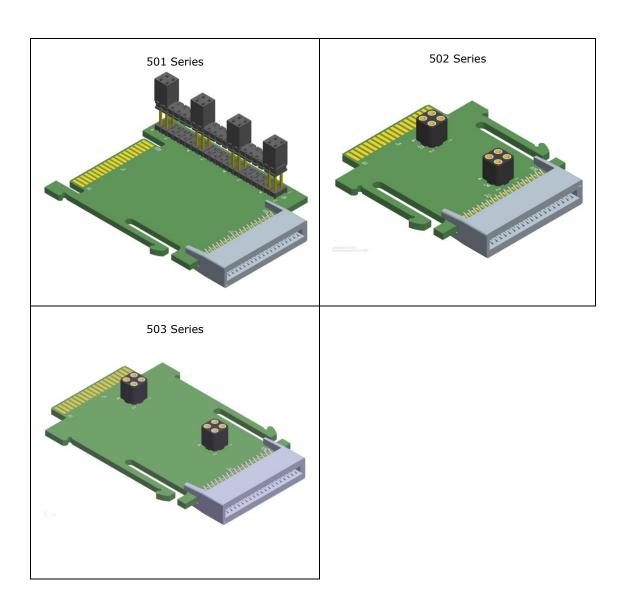


A single solenoid valve's coil is always on the "14" end.



### 2.4 500 Series Standard Z-Board™ Connectors

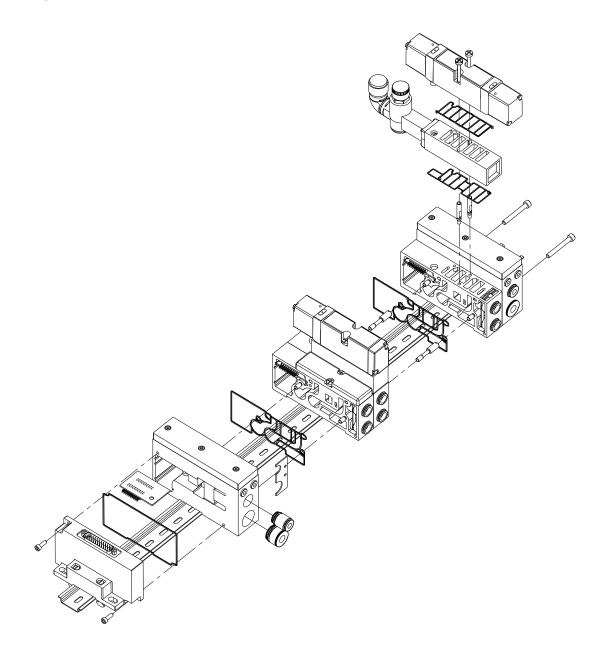
The 501, 502 and 503 valve series utilize 2 different Z-Board<sup>™</sup> designs to achieve the single and double solenoid output functions.





### 2.5 2000 Series Pneumatic Valve Manifold

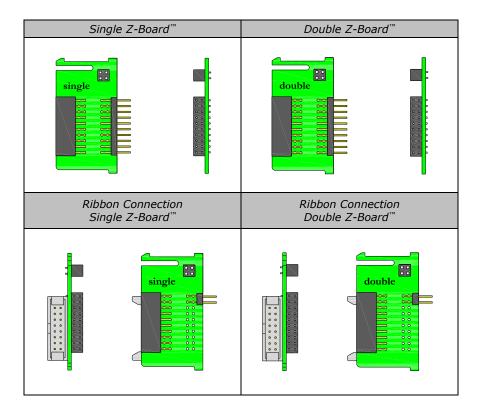
The pneumatic valve manifold with internal circuit board technology is also modular. The valve solenoid coil connections are automatically made using Z-Board<sup>™</sup> technology (plug together PC boards), which allow internal connection from solenoid coils to output drivers without the use of wires). This allows easy assembly and field changes.





### 2.6 2000 Series Z-Board™ Connectors

The 2005/2012/2035 valve series utilize 2 different Z-Board™ designs to achieve the single and double solenoid output functions. This yields the possible 32 single, 16 double, or various combinations of valve coil output capabilities.





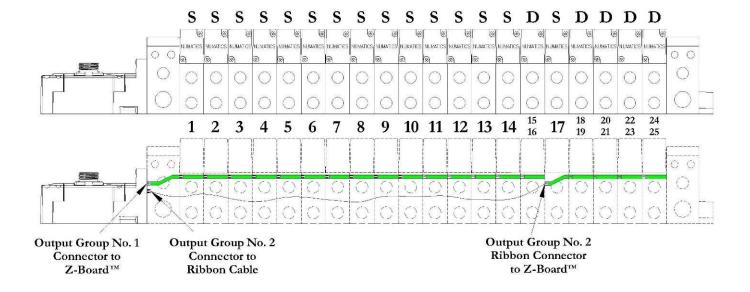
The 17<sup>th</sup> solenoid (output group No. 2's first bit) must be accessed via either the valve side Sub-D output module or a ribbon connector type Z-board.



### 2.7 2000 Series Z-Board™ and Ribbon Cable Example

If fourteen (14) single solenoid and one (1) double solenoid valves are connected directly to the communication node through the associated Z-Boards<sup> $\infty$ </sup>. one (1) single solenoid and four (4) double solenoid valves are connected to the communication node via the ribbon cable, the following would be the valve side bit map:

S = Single Solenoid with Single Z-Board <sup>TM</sup><math>D = Double Solenoid With Double Z-Board <sup>TM</sup>



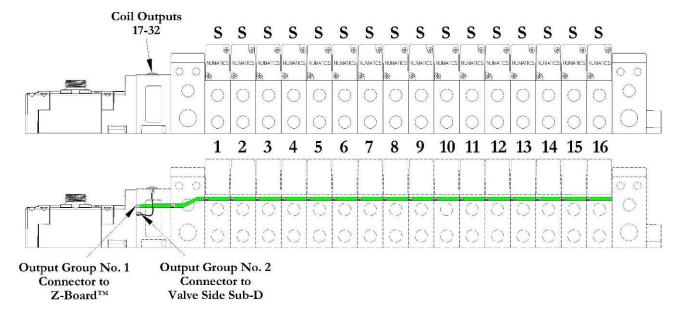
Output Word	0	1
Output Byte	0 1	2 3
Output Bit No.	00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 1	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
Solenoid Coil Output No.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 1	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 n/a



### 2.8 2000 Series Z-Board™ with Valve Side Sub-D Example

If sixteen (16) single solenoid valves are connected directly to the communication node via Z-Boards™ and a valve side Sub-D connector is connected to the communication node via the output Group No. 2 connector then the following would be the valve side bit map:

### S = Single Solenoid with Single Z-Board



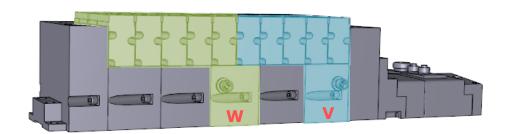
Output Word	Output Word 0		1	
Output Byte	0	1	2	3
Output Bit No.	00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08	8 09 10 11 12 13 14 15	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
Solenoid Coil Output No.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32

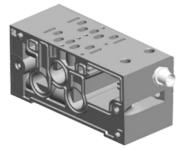


# 3. Zoned Power

### 3.1 503 Series Zoned Power application

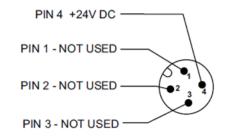
The Zoned Power Manifold blocks can be incorporated into a 503 manifold assembly to isolate Power to a number of valve stations, independent from the main power of the manifold. This is achieved by the integral 4 Pin M12 connector along with the modified manifold board. The total number of Zoned Power Manifold blocks is determined by the maximum solenoid outputs as defined by the type of interface (e.g. G3 Electronics, Terminal Strip, D-Sub). For user flexibility, the Zoned Power Manifold blocks are available in both "proprietary" and "ISO" versions and can be ordered with the M12 connector starting at the first or second station.

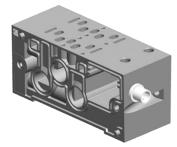




**V** Wiring Option

### **W & V Connector Pin Out**





**W** Wiring Option

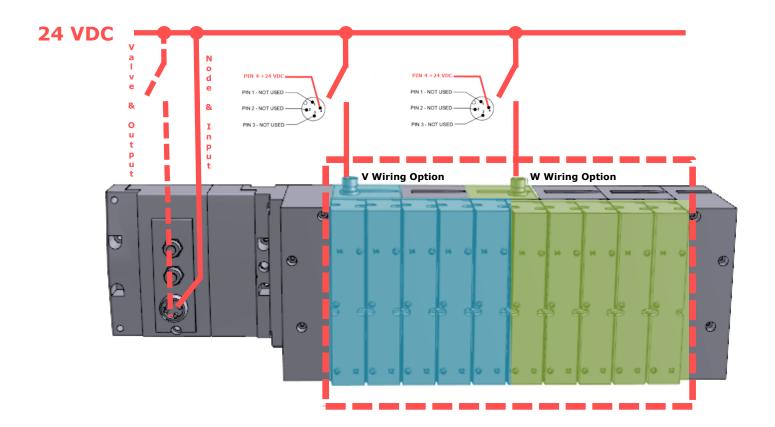
#### Technical Data

Electrical Data:	
Voltage:	24 VDC (0 VDC must be common with main power)
Connection:	4 Pin M12 Single Key Male
Environmental:	IP65 (with proper connection)



### 3.2 503 Series Zoned Power example

In the example shown below there are two Zoned Power Manifold blocks used. One is a "W" wiring option and the other is a "V" wiring option. The first (5) stations of the manifold assembly get their power from the M12 4 Pin connector at station one. The next (5) stations get their power from the M12 4 Pin connector at station six. Each of these "Zones" can be individually switched of if the machine or process requires. This example is considered a manifold with (2) Power Zones. The Main Power (7/8" MINI) cannot be considered or used as a Power Zone; Switched Power (Solenoid/Output Power) **MUST** be present for control to the solenoids.





The 0 VDC reference for the +24 VDC applied to Pin 4 of the M12 connector <u>MUST</u> be the same as the one used on G3/580/Terminal Strip/25 or 37 Pin Sub-D/19 or 26 Pin Round Connector. If multiple 24 VDC power supplies are used the 0 VDC references of each supply <u>MUST</u> be common.

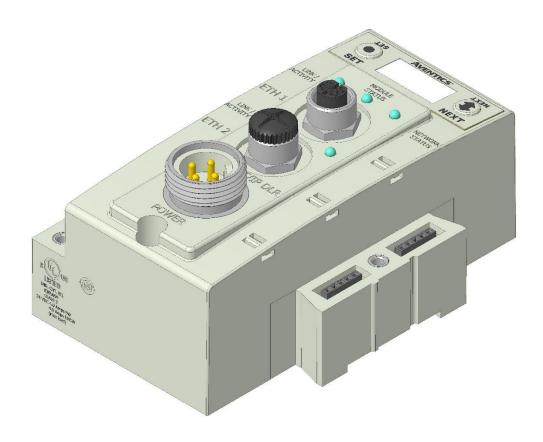


# 4. Communication Module

### 4.1 EtherNet/IP DLR Communication Module (Node)

This module is the communication interface to the manifold. It contains communication electronics and internal short circuit protection for power. It can be configured using the module's internal webserver or graphic display interface.

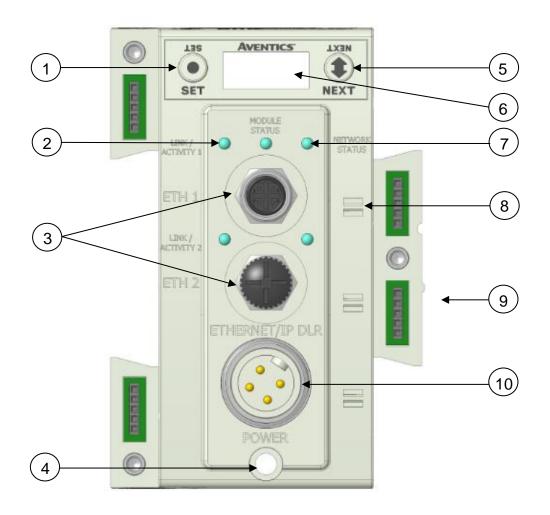
Communication Module Kit Part Number	
EtherNet/IP DLR Communication module	240- 325





### 4.2 Communication Module Description

Detail No.	Description
1	"Set" Button – used to navigate through user menus and to set parameters
2	Activity/Link Status LED
3	Two - 4 Pin M12 D-Coded Female Communication Connectors
4	Mounting Hole
5	"Next" Button – used to navigate through user menus and to set parameters
6	Graphic Display – used to display parameter information
7	Network Status LED
8	Slot for text ID tags
9	Keying for preventing I/O module insertion
10	4 Pin MINI Male Power Connector





### 4.3 Connector Pin-Outs

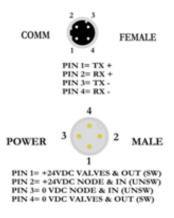
Industry standard connectors are used for communication and auxiliary power. The EtherNet/IP communication connector is a D-coded keyway 4 pin female M12 connector. The Power connector is a single keyway 4 pin male 7/8" MINI connector.

### EtherNet/IP Communication Connector Pin-Out

Pin No.	Function	Description
1	TX+	Positive Transmit Line
2	RX+	Positive Receive Line
3	TX-	Negative Transmit Line
4	RX-	Negative Receive Line

### Power Connector with Cenelec Pin-Out

Cenelec Pin No.	Function	Description
1	+24 VDC (Valves and Outputs)	Voltage used to power outputs (valve coils and discrete outputs) SW
2	+24 VDC (Node and Inputs)	Voltage used to power discrete inputs and module electronics UNSW
3	0 VDC (Node and Inputs)	0 VDC Voltage used to power discrete inputs and module electronics UNSW
4	0 VDC (Valves and Outputs)	0 VDC Voltage used to power outputs (valve coils and discrete outputs) SW





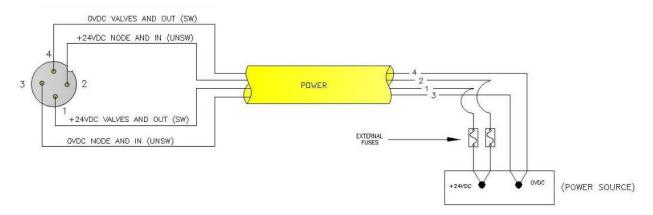
- Power common (0 VDC) pins 3 and 4 are isolated from each other to allow separate (isolated) power supply connection if required. However, they can be tied together if a single common, non-isolated, application is preferred.
- The combined draw of the +24VDC Valves and Outputs and +24VDC Node and Inputs pins cannot exceed 8 Amps, at any given moment in time.
- The Node and Input power pin (2) supplies power to the node electronics. This pin must be powered for the communication module to function.



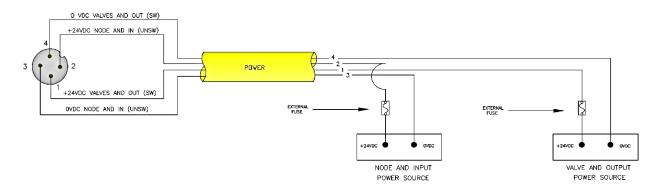
### 4.4 Electrical Connections

Power Connector Wiring Diagram

Power Supply Example (Non-isolated commons)



### Power Supply Example (Isolated commons)





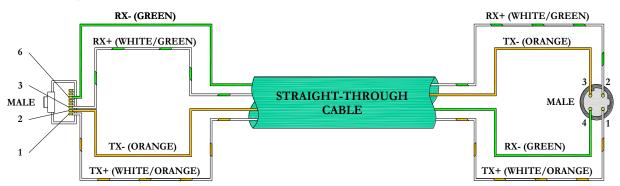
- Please see page 25 for external fuse sizing guide.
- When using molded connector power cables, Do Not rely on wire colors for Pin-Out. Always use pin number references.
- The combined draw of the +24VDC Valves and Outputs and +24VDC Node and Inputs pins cannot exceed 8 Amps, at any given moment in time.



EtherNet/IP™ Cabling Diagram

Here are some basic wiring examples of Straight-Through cabling. Crossover cabling is not required for the G3 Ethernet IP DLR module.

### RJ45 to M12 D Coded Cable



### M12 D Coded to M12 D Coded Cable



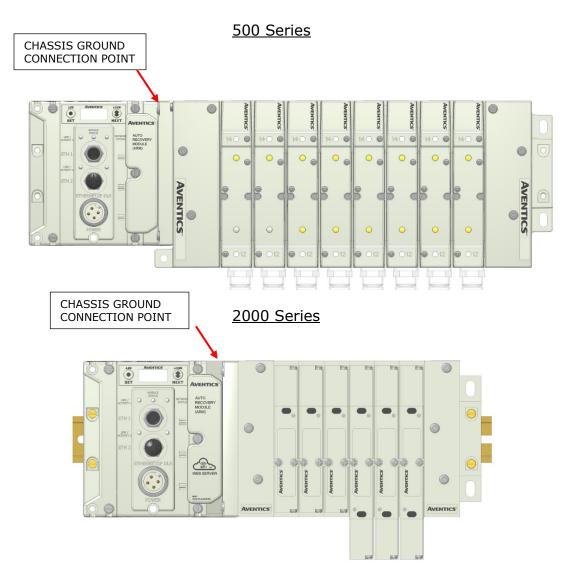


- These are examples only. For appropriate network cabling information, please see the ODVA document titled, "Ethernet/IP™: Media Planning and Installation Manual".
- RJ45 shown as T-568B standard.



### 4.5 Ground Wiring

All Aventics communication nodes should be grounded during the installation process. These grounding guidelines can be found in National Electrical code IEC 60204-1 or EN 60204-1.





- Proper grounding will prevent many intermittent problems with network communication.
- When grounding to a machine frame, please ensure that the machine frame itself is already properly grounded.
- Better grounding can be achieved when larger diameter (lower gauge) wire is used.



### 4.6 Power Consumption

### Power Connection

CENELEC Pin No.	Function	Description
1	+24 VDC (Valves and Outputs)	Voltage used to power outputs (valve coils and discrete outputs) SW
2	+24 VDC (Node and Inputs)	Voltage used to power discrete inputs and module electronics UNSW
3	0 VDC Common (Node and Inputs)	0 VDC (-V) Voltage used to power discrete inputs and node electronics UNSW
4	0 VDC Common (Valves and Outputs)	0 VDC (-V) Voltage used to power outputs (valve coils and discrete outputs) SW

### **Power Rating**

- For maximum supply current capability please refer to page 75.
- Loads should not draw more than 0.5 Amps of current from any one individual discrete output point (Contact factory for higher current capability requirements).

### CHART 1

Component	Voltage	Tolerance	+24VDC (Valves and Outputs) Pins 1 and 4		+24VDC (Node and Inputs) Pins 2 and 3	
·			Current	Power	Current	Power
Solenoid Valve Coil 501 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.03 A	0.80 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 502 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%		1.30 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 503 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.07 A	1.70 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 2002 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.02 A	0.48 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 2005 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.06 A	1.44 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 2012 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.11 A	2.64 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil 2035 (Each)	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.11 A	2.64 W	0 A	0 W
Solenoid Valve Coil ISO 5599/2- SPA	24 VDC	+10%/-15%	0.17 A	4.08 W	0 A	0 W
Valve Adapter (Driver) 2000 series	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.03A	0.72 W	0.02 A	0.48 W
Valve Adapter (Driver) 500 series	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.03A	0.72 W	0.02 A	0.48 W
501 Series 32+ valve driver board	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.03A	0.72 W	0.05 A	1.20 W
502 Series 32+ valve driver board	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.03A	0.72 W	0.05 A	1.20 W
503 Series 32+ valve driver board	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.03A	0.72 W	0.05 A	1.20 W
Digital Module (M12 style)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.04 A	0.96 W	0.05 A*	1.20 W*
Digital Module (M8 Style)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	Α 0	OW	0.19A	4.56 W
Analog Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.08 A*	1.92 W*
Sub-Bus Hub	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0 A	0 W	0.06 A	1.44 W*
RTD Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.06 A	1.44 W*
Communication Module (Node)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.04 A	0.9 W	0.10 A*	2.50 W*
Sub-Bus Valve Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0.01 A	0.24 W	0.03 A*	0.72 W*
580 Sub-Bus Valve Module	24 VDC	+/- 10%	.034 A	0.8 W	0.04 A*	0.9 W*
Auto Recovery Module (ARM)	24 VDC	+/- 10%	0 A	0 W	0.03 A	0.72 W

<sup>\*</sup> Current depends on graphic display brightness setting. Max. value shown with high brightness. Values decrease by approx. 5% for Medium and 11% for Low brightness settings.



 Total power consumption for each Discrete I/O point is dependent on the specific current draw of input sensor devices and output loads.



### Recommended External Fuses

External fuses should be chosen based upon the physical manifold configuration. Please refer to the following table for the fuse sizing chart.

External Fuse Sizing Chart

Power Consumption - Power Connector Pin for Valves and	Outputs	S
<u>Description</u>		<u>Current</u>
Number of Solenoid Valve Coils Energized Simultaneously		
Number of coils X A	=	Amps
(Reference Chart 1 above for specific current draw based on valve series)		
		+
Total load current drawn by simultaneously energized Discrete Outputs	=	Amps
		Amps
Number of I/O modules installed X 0.04 A	=	+
Main Valve Driver	=	0.03 Amps
		+
Number of +32 Valve Drivers	=	0.05 Amps
		+
Communication Node Power Consumption	=	0.01 Amps
Total:		Amps
Surge Compensation:	X	1.25
Suggested External +24 VDC (Valves and Outputs) Fuse Value:		Amps
Power Consumption – Power Connector Pin for Node and	Inputs	
<u>Description</u>		<u>Current</u>
Communication Node Power Consumption	=	0.10 Amps
		+
Total load current drawn by Sensor Devices from Discrete Inputs source	=	Amps
Total load current drawn by Sensor Devices from Discrete Inputs source	_	+
Number of I/O modules installed X 0.08 A	=	Amps
7 Tallion of 1/0 modules meaned // 0.000 m		•
		+
Total:		Amps
Surge Compensation:	Χ	1.25
Suggested External Pin +24 VDC (Node and Inputs) Fuse Value:		Amps

\*Factory Default Settings



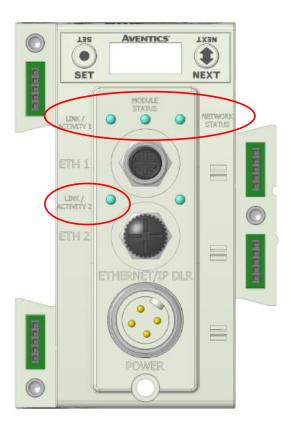
- The Node and Inputs Aux Power pins supply power to the node electronics. These pins must be powered to supply communication node and input power.
- The internal electronic fuses exist to protect against damage due to catastrophic failure of internal components. External fuses are always recommended for protection against power supply failure, over-current conditions, etc.



### 4.7 Diagnostics

Communication Module LED Functions

Upon power up, the LEDs indicate the status of the unit. There are five LEDs on the G3 EtherNet/ $IP^{TM}$  node. The LEDs are described below.



LED Name	Color	Status	Description		
MODULE STATUS	Off	OFF	No power applied to $+24V_{NODE/IN}$ .		
	Green	ON	Device operational. The module is operating correctly.		
		FLASHING			
	Red	ON	Major fault. A major internal error has been detected.		
		FLASHING	Module initialization and configuration.		
	Green Red	FLASHING	Self -Test Mode.		
NETWORK STATUS	Off	OFF	No EtherNet connection is detected		
	Green	ON	EtherNet/IP <sup>™</sup> connection established		
		FLASHING	EtherNet connection detected		
	Red	ON	Duplicate IP address. The module has detected that its IP address is		
			already being used elsewhere on the network		
		FLASHING	The EtherNet/IP™ connection was lost		
ACTIVITY/LINK 1	Off	OFF	No EtherNet connection is detected		
	Green	ON	The module is connected to an EtherNet network		
		FLASHING	Ethernet/IP <sup>™</sup> connected and exchanging data		
ACTIVITY/LINK 2	Off	OFF	No EtherNet connection is detected		
	Green	ON	The module is connected to an EtherNet network		
		FLASHING	Ethernet/IP <sup>™</sup> connected and exchanging data		



### Output Short Circuit Protection

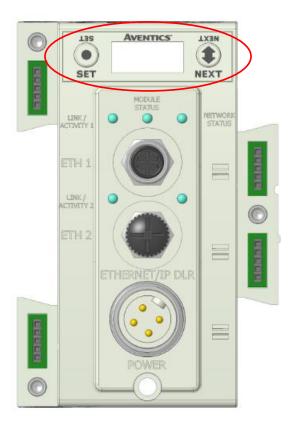
G3 Output modules incorporate short circuit protection and diagnostics to identify short circuit, open coils and over temperature conditions. The diagnostics can be accessed within the user PLC program or the G3 Ethernet/IP $^{\text{TM}}$  node's integrated webpage. Detailed information regarding these features can be found on page 172.

Output Type	Output State	Fault Condition	Status Bit
Valve Solenoid Coil Driver	ON	No Fault	0
		Fault - Short Circuit, Over Temp/Over Current	1
Valve Solenoid Coil Driver	OFF	No Fault	0
		Fault - Open Load	1
Discrete Outputs	ON	No Fault	0
		Fault - Short Circuit, Over Temp/Over Current	1



# 5. G3 Graphic Display

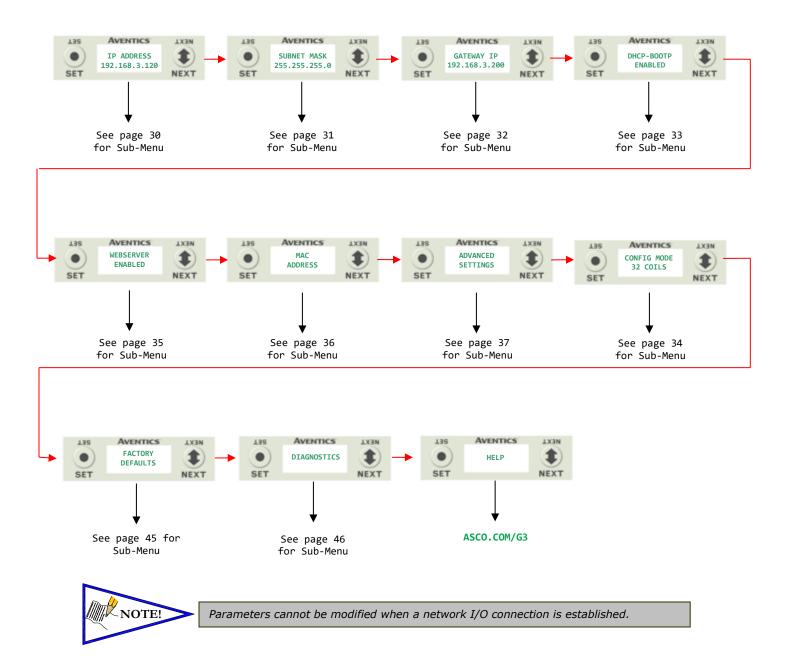
The G3 Communication and I/O modules feature an integrated graphic display used to configure parameters and display diagnostic information. The graphic displays on the following page represent the main menu selections of the EtherNet/IP $^{TM}$  communication module (node).





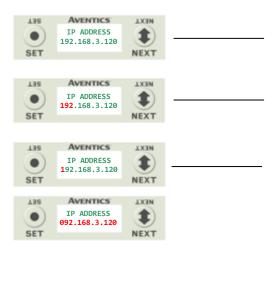
### 5.1 Main Menu Structure

Use the NEXT button to scroll through the Main menu headings shown below. At this level pressing the SET button allows access the Sub-Menus. Please see the appropriate page referenced below for further details and descriptions of the Sub-Menus. Note that many of these settings can also be adjusted via software with GSD file parameters.





### 5.2 IP Address







### Steps to Set IP Address

- 1. Press the SET button to enter the IP ADDRESS sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to select the octet that you would like to change.

Press the SET button to change the value.

- Press the SET button to scroll through the hundred, tens and ones digits of the octet.
   Press the NEXT button to scroll through the valid digits (0-9).
   Press the SET button to advance through the octet.
   Press the NEXT button to advance to the next octet, scroll pass the fourth octet to accept the entire IP Address
- 4. Press the SET button to input the address shown on the display,
- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the IP Address shown on the display.
  - Selecting No will bring you back to the main Address menu.
  - Selecting Yes will take you to the following SAVE SETTINGS menu
- 6. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - b. Selecting LATER will cause the new Address to be saved in temporary memory to allow you to make additional parameter changes before the node is reset. However, you must ACCEPT the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

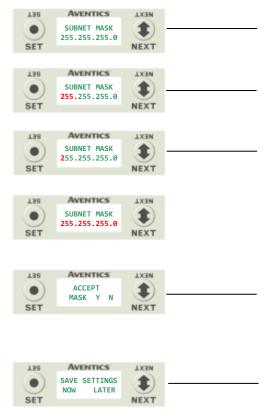
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



- Factory default address is 192.168.3.120
- 0 and 255 are not valid for the fourth octet



### 5.3 Subnet Mask



### **Steps to Set Subnet Mask**

- 1. Press the SET button to enter the Subnet Mask sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to select the octet that you would like to change.

Press the SET button to change the value.

3. Press the SET button to scroll through the hundred, tens and ones digits of the octet.

Press the NEXT button to scroll through the valid digits (0-9). Press the SET button to advance through the octet. Press the NEXT button to advance to the next octet, scroll pass the fourth octet to accept the entire Subnet Mask

- 4. Press the SET button to input the value shown on the display,
- 5. Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the Subnet Mask shown on the display.
  - Selecting No will bring you back to the main Subnet Mask menu.
  - Selecting Yes will take you to the following SAVE SETTINGS menu
- Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - d. Selecting LATER will cause the new Address to be saved in temporary memory to allow you to make additional parameter changes before the node is reset. However, you must ACCEPT the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

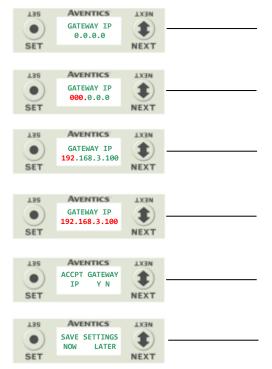
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



• Factory default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0



#### 5.4 Gateway IP



Steps to Set Gateway IP

- Press the SET button to enter the Gateway IP sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to select the octet that you would like to change.
  - Press the SET button to change the value.
- Press the SET button to scroll through the octet. Press the NEXT button to scroll through the valid digits (0-9). Press the SET button to advance through the octet. Press the NEXT button to advance to the next octet, scroll pass the fourth octet to accept the entire Subnet Mask
- Press the SET button to input the value shown on the display,
- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the Subnet Mask shown on the display.
  - Selecting No will bring you back to the main Subnet Mask menu.
  - Selecting Yes will take you to the following SAVE f. SETTINGS menu
- Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - Selecting LATER will cause the new Address to be saved in temporary memory to allow you to make additional parameter changes before the node is reset. However, you must ACCEPT the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

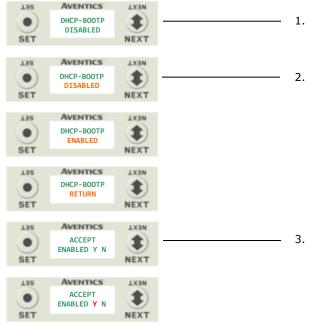


Factory default Gateway IP is 0.0.0.0



This will allow the enabling / disabling of the DHCP (Dynamic Host Control Protocol) and / BOOTP parameters. Enabling this parameter will allow the IP Address to be set via a BOOTP/DHCP server.

#### **DHCP-BOOTP Steps**



- . Press the SET button to enter the DHCP-BOOTP sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
  - a. ENABLED (Factory Default)
  - b. DISABLED
  - c. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection.
  - Selecting No will bring you back to the main menu.
  - Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



### Apply Changes Steps

- 4. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

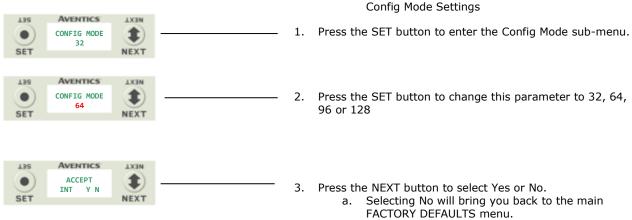
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



• Factory default setting for DHCP-BOOTP is enabled.



#### 5.6 Config. Mode



- Selecting Yes will cause the node to reset and return all parameters to the factory default conditions.
- Selecting RETURN will bring you back to the main FACTORY DEFAULS menu

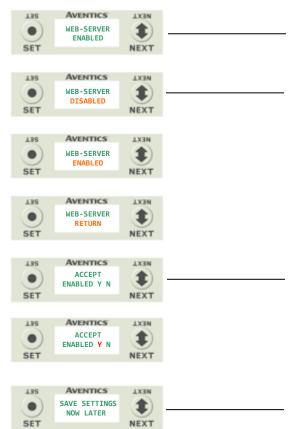
Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



### 5.7 Web-Server

This will allow the enabling/disabling of the G3 Web Server.

#### Web-Server Steps



- 1. Press the SET button to enter the Web-Server sub-menu.
- 2. Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
  - d. ENABLED (Factory Default)
  - e. DISABLED
  - f. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection.
  - Selecting No will bring you back to the main menu.
  - Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

### **Apply Changes Steps**

- 4. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - d. Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



• Factory default setting for WEB-SERVER is enabled.



### 5.8 MAC Address

MAC (Machine Access Control) Address



 The MAC Address is a fixed unique value that cannot be edited.

The actual MAC ADDR has an extra leading zero. The actual number in the example shown is 00-15-24-00-06-69



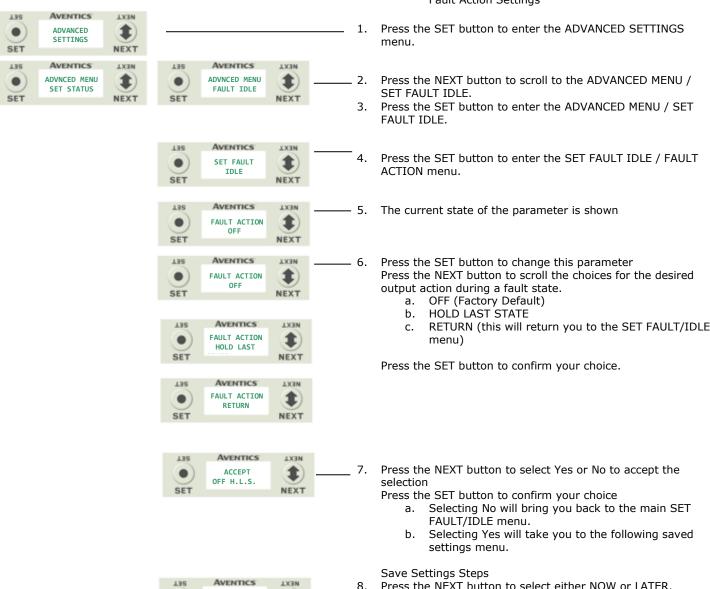
The MAC address is for reference and cannot be modified.



### 5.9 Advanced Settings – Comm. Fault

This will allow the enabling / disabling of the Fault Action parameter. The Fault Action parameter determines the behavior of the outputs during a communication fault. Please see page 153 for more details.

#### Fault Action Settings



Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER. Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

- Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting
- b. Selecting LATER will cause the new FAULT ACTION selection to be saved in memory, you must Accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



Factory Default is ALL OFF, See page 153 for more details.



1

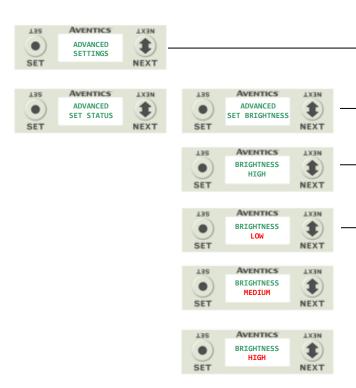
NEXT

SAVE SETTINGS

SET

LATER

### 5.10 Advanced Settings - Brightness



#### **Brightness Settings**

- Press the SET button to enter the ADVANCED SETTINGS menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll to the CONFIG MENU / SET BRIGHTNESS.

Press the SET button to enter the CONFIG MENU / SET BRIGHTNESS.

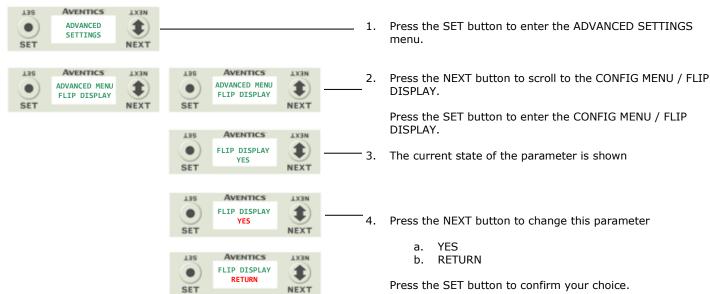
- 3. The current state of the parameter is shown
- Press the SET button to change this parameter Press the NEXT button to scroll the choices for the desired brightness of the graphic display for all modules on the G3 system.
  - a. LOW
  - b. MEDIUM
  - c. HIGH (Factory Default)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice. The changes will take effect immediately.



### 5.11 Advanced Settings – Flip Display

#### Flip Display Settings



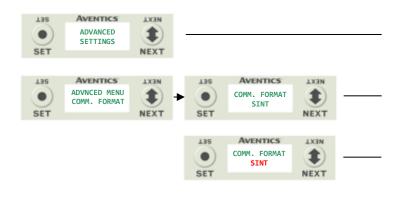


- This a global setting that affects all modules
- Each module, however, has its own setting if different settings are required.



### 5.12 Advanced Settings - Comm. Format

This allows setting a specific data format for I/O data.



Comm. Format Settings

- Press the SET button to enter the ADVANCED SETTINGS menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll to the ADVANCED MENU / COMM. FORMAT
- Press the SET button to enter the COMM. FORMAT MENU
- 4. Press the SET button, the current state of the parameter is highlighted.
- Press the SET button to change this parameter Press the NEXT button to scroll the choices for the desired COMM. FORMAT
  - a. SINT (8 Bit)
  - b. INT (16 Bit)
  - c. DINT (32 Bit)
  - d. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)



6. Press the SET button to confirm your choice Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection

Press the SET button to confirm your choice

- a. Selecting No will bring you back to the main COMM. FORMAT menu.
- b. Selecting Yes will take you to the following save settings menu.

Save Settings Steps

Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

- a. Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting
- Selecting LATER will cause the new COMM. FORMAT selection to be saved in memory, you must Accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.





### 5.13 Advanced Settings - Parameters Lock

#### PARAMETER Steps



- 1. Press the SET button to enter the Parameters sub-menu.
- 2. Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
  - g. UNLOCKED (Factory Default)
  - h. LOCKED
  - i. RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

By choosing LOCKED, all settable parameters will be read only via the graphic display. UNLOCKED, the factory default, will allow all parameters to be settable through the graphic display.

Please note that all parameters are read only, regardless of this setting, when an IO connection between the communication module and the controller (PLC) is present

- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection.
  - e. Selecting No will bring you back to the main
  - Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

Apply Changes Steps

- 4. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - e. Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - f. Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



## **AVENTICS**<sup>™</sup> G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> DLR Technical Manual

#### 5.14 Advanced Settings – Configuration Lock

**T38** 

#### AVENTICS MEXT ADVANCED **SETTINGS** SET NEXT AVENTICS MEXT T38 ADVNCED MENU 1 CONFIG LOCK NEXT SET AVENTICS 138 MEXT CONFIG LOCK UNLOCKED SET NEXT AVENTICS 138 MEXT CONFIG LOCK UNLOCKED SET NEXT AVENTICS MEXT ACCEPT LOCKED SET NEXT

T38

SET

T38

SET

Configuration Lock Settings

- Press the SET button to enter the ADVANCED SETTINGS 1. menu.
- 2. Press the NEXT button to scroll to the CONFIG MENU / CONFIG. LOCK.

Press the SET button to enter the CONFIG MENU / CONFIG. LOCK.

- The current state of the parameter is shown
- Press the SET button to change this parameter
- Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
  - UNLOCKED (Factory Default) a.
  - b. LOCKED
  - RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection.
  - Selecting No will bring you back to the main
  - Selecting Yes will take you to the following apply changes menu.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

### Apply Changes Steps

- 7. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting.
  - Selecting LATER will cause the new setting to be saved in memory, you must accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.



NEXT

MEXT

NEXT

SAVE SETTINGS

MODULE 1

LATER

NOW

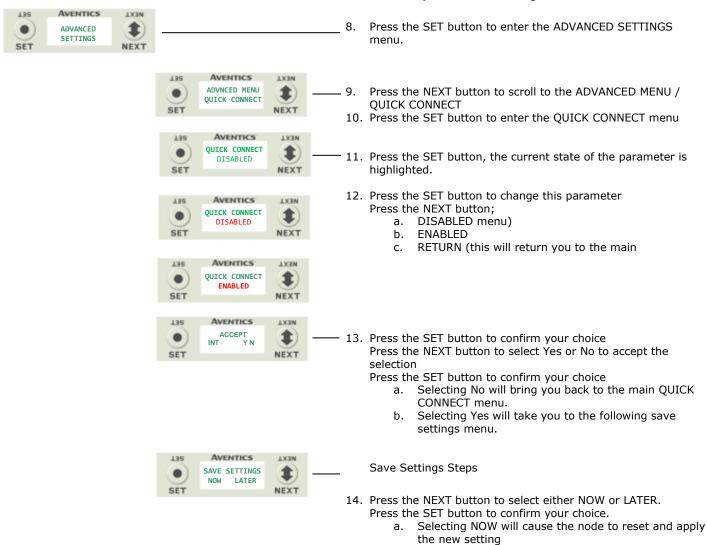
By choosing LOCKED, the manifold configurations will be stored in memory and the PHYSICAL manifold configuration cannot be changed. UNLOCKED, the manifold configurations can be changed without errors.



### 5.15 Advanced Settings – Quick Connect

This will allow the enabling / disabling of the "Quick Connect" feature. "Quick Connect" streamlines the startup time of the G3 subbus and is typically utilized in automatic tool change applications.

#### **Quick Connect Settings**





Selecting LATER will cause the new QUICK CONNECT selection to be saved in memory, you must Accept the saved changes before your next power cycle

otherwise they will be lost.

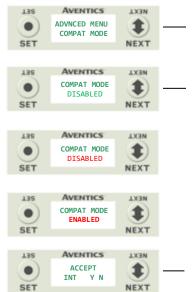
### 5.16 Advanced Settings – Compatibility Mode

This allows the enabling / disabling of the "Compatibility Mode". Compatibility mode sets the Ethernet IP/DLR module configuration to operate as a standard Ethernet IP (non DLR) node.

#### Compatibility Mode Settings



15. Press the SET button to enter the ADVANCED SETTINGS menu.



- Press the NEXT button to scroll to the ADVANCED MENU / COMPAT MODE
- 17. Press the SET button to enter the COMPAT MODE menu
- 18. Press the SET button, the current state of the parameter is highlighted.
- 19. Press the SET button to change this parameter
  - d. DISABLED menu)
  - e. ENABLED
  - f. RETURN (this will return to the main menu )
- 20. Press the SET button to confirm your choice Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No to accept the selection

Press the SET button to confirm your choice

- Selecting No will bring you back to the main COMPAT MODE menu.
- Selecting Yes will take you to the following save settings menu.

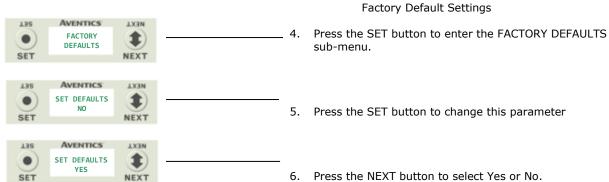




- 21. Press the NEXT button to select either NOW or LATER. Press the SET button to confirm your choice.
  - Selecting NOW will cause the node to reset and apply the new setting
  - d. Selecting LATER will cause the new COMPAT MODE selection to be saved in memory, you must Accept the saved changes before your next power cycle otherwise they will be lost.



#### 5.17 **Factory Defaults**



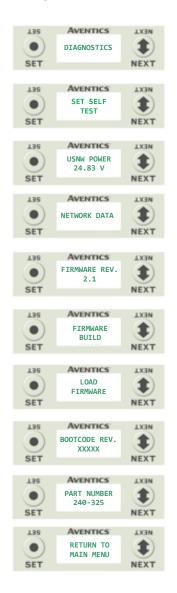
- Press the NEXT button to select Yes or No.
  - Selecting No will bring you back to the main FACTORY DEFAULTS menu.
  - Selecting Yes will cause the node to reset and return all parameters to the factory default conditions.
  - Selecting RETUTN will bring you back to the main FACTORY DEFAULS menu

Press the SET button to confirm your choice.

FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS		
Description	Default	
IP Address	192.168.3.120	
Sub Net Mask	255.255.255.0	
DHCP Boot-P	Enabled	
Web Server	Enabled	
Diagnostic Word	Enabled	
I/O Diagnostic Status	Enabled	
Comm Fault – Fault Action	Off	
Brightness	High	
Comm. Format	SINT	
Params Lock	Unlocked	
Config Lock	Unlocked	
Quick Connect	Disabled	
Compatibility Mode	Disabled	
Config Mode	32	



### 5.18 Diagnostics



- Press the SET button to enter Diagnostic submenu.
- 2. Press the NEXT button to scroll through the
  - a. SET SELF TEST
    - i. Please see following page for description
  - b. USNW POWER
    - i. Displays voltage level of un-switched power (Node & Inputs)
  - c. NETWORK DATA
    - i. Displays the network diagnostics
  - d. FIRMWARE REVISION
    - i. For service personnel
  - e. FIRMWARE BUILD
    - i. For service personnel
  - f. LOAD FIRMWARE
    - i. For service personnel
  - g. BOOTCODE REVISION
    - i. For service personnel
  - h. BOOTCODE BUILD
    - i. For service personnel
  - i. PART NUMBER
    - i. Displays replacement part number of module
  - j. RETURN TO MAIN MENU



• The UNSW POWER screen indicates the voltage level present on the UNSW (Node & Input) power pins (Pin No. 2 and 3) of the main power connector.



#### 5.19 Diagnostics - Self Test Mode

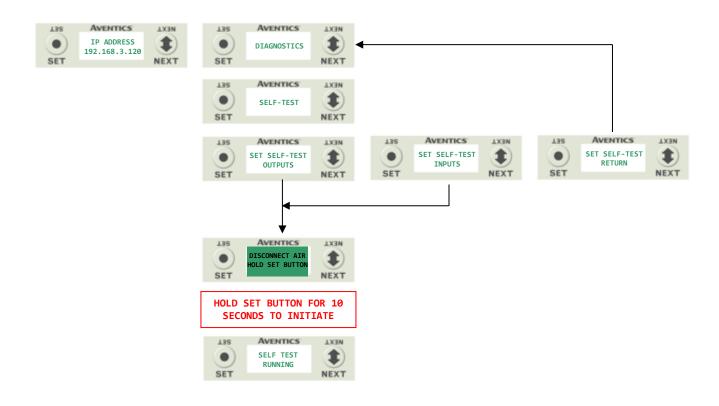
An internal diagnostic tool can be enabled on the communication module (node) using the graphic display. This tool allows the user to confirm that all of the inputs and outputs on the manifold and any of the distributed modules are fully functional without needing a network connection or controller. There are two test modes that the user can choose. The "OUTPUTS" test mode tests all the outputs by sequentially turning them ON and OFF for approximately .5 seconds. The "INPUTS" test mode tests the inputs by causing all of the outputs to toggle between even and odd values when any input is made. The Self-Test mode on the communication module (node) is a global setting and will test all devices connected on the main manifold as well as any distributed modules and/or manifolds.

Similar "local" Self-Test mode is available on all output modules types. This "local" Self-Test mode allows any output module to be tested without affecting any other output module.

NOTE: The number of Valve outputs that are tested are affected by the I/O size settings.

To use the Self-Test Mode, the user must first set some initial conditions. Follow these steps to initiate the self-test mode.

- 1) Disconnect Air and Communication from the manifold!
- 2) Select the desired test mode using the graphic display. (See example below)
- Starting at the Home Screen, navigate the menus by selecting the NEXT button until the DIAGNOSTICS menu is shown.
- Select the SET button to access the DIAGNOSTICS menu and then again to access the SELF-TEST menu
- 5) Push NEXT to navigate to the desired test mode: OUTPUTS or INPUTS or RETURN
- 6) Push SET to select the desired test mode.
- 7) A message will appear: DISCONNECT AIR HOLD SET BUTTON
- 8) Hold the SET button down for approximately 10 seconds to enable the test. The Display will flash the above message while the button is pushed.
- 9) When the display stops flashing, the self-test mode will run and the Module Status LED will flash Red/Green while the display shows SELF TEST RUNNING.
- 10) The global self-test mode can only be disabled by disconnecting the power to the manifold.





### 5.20 Error Messages

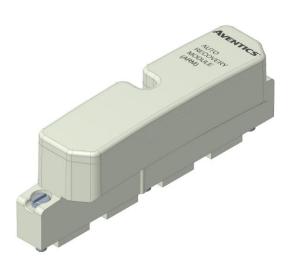
The following are automatic error messages that are displayed when specific faults occur during operation:

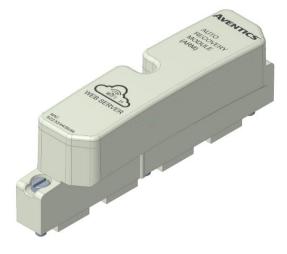
SET SET	AVENTICS SUBBUS SHORT CIRCUIT	NEXT	 Displayed when a short circuit condition is detected on the Sub-Bus power lines
13S SET	AVENTICS SHORTED COIL NO. X	NEXT	 Displayed when a short circuit condition is detected on a valve coil
SET SET	AVENTICS  OPEN COIL  NO. X	NEXT	 Displayed when a open circuit condition is detected on a valve coil
±3S • SET	AVENTICS MISSING MODULE NUMBER X	AX3N NEXT	Displayed when a Sub-Bus module that had bee previously installed becomes absent from the configuration
139 SET	AVENTICS VALVE/ OUTPUT POWER OFF	AX3N NEXT	 Displayed when +24 VDC on Pin No. 1 and No. 4 (Valves and Outputs) is not present or below 22 VDC
138 SET	AVENTICS UNSWITCHED POWER LOW	NEXT	 Displayed when +24 VDC on Pin No. 2 and No. 3 (Node and Inputs) is below 19 VDC



# 6. Auto Recovery Module (ARM)

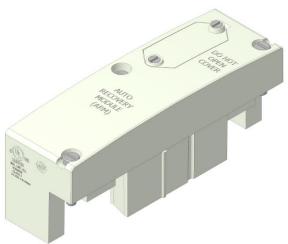
The Auto Recovery Module (ARM) is an optional memory module that is installed between the node and the valve adapter module and is used to backup the manifold system parameters even during catastrophic failure. During the power-up process the communication module reads the configuration of the manifold, including any user settable parameters of I/O modules, and stores the information in its non volatile memory. Once the information is stored, it is disconnected from the power circuits while still mechanically attached to the manifold.





ARM-Clip Module

Wireless ARM-Clip Module

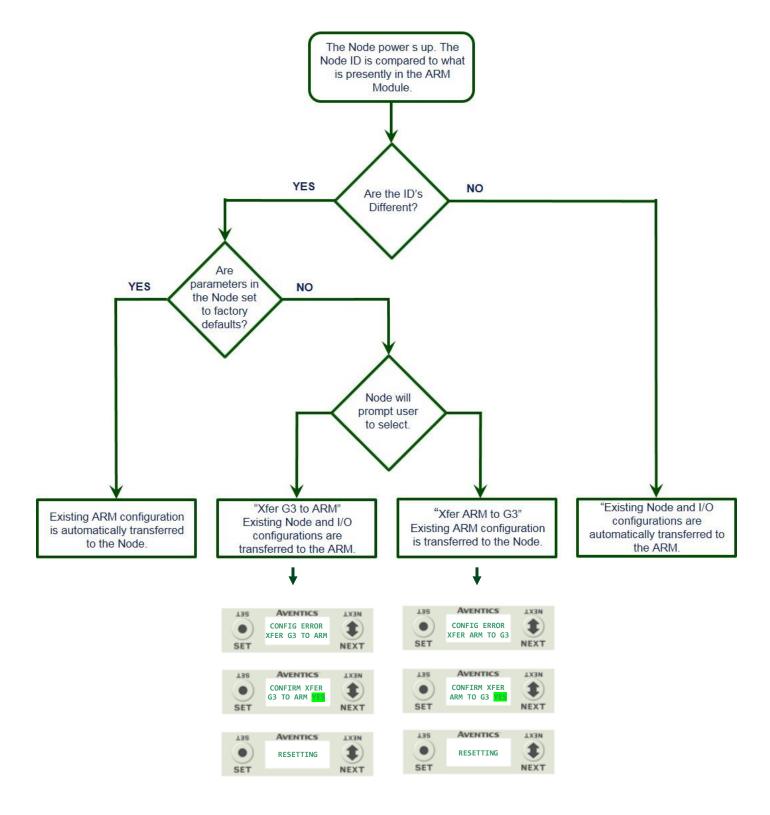


ARM Module (Legacy)

Description	Replacement Part Number
ARM Clip Module	240-383
Wireless ARM Clip Module	240-382
ARM Module (Legacy)	240-182



# 6.1 ARM process flowchart ARM function is described in the following flowchart

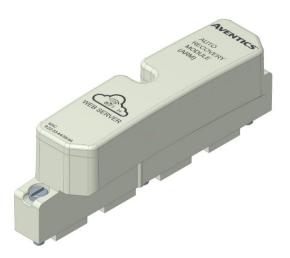




### 6.2 Wireless ARM

The Wireless ARM supports standard ARM functionality with the addition of a WIFI accessible diagnostic web server. The web server allows the user to connect to the Wireless ARM to access manifold parameters and diagnostics using any WIFI enabled device including computers, tablets and phones.

Description	Replacement Part Number
Wireless ARM Clip Module	240-383





Wireless ARM Minimum Build Firmware Requirements		
<u>Module</u>	Part Number	<u>Firmware</u>
Communication Module	240-325	Rev 1.01 Build 43980



### 6.3 Connecting to the Wireless ARM (Computer or Mobil Device)

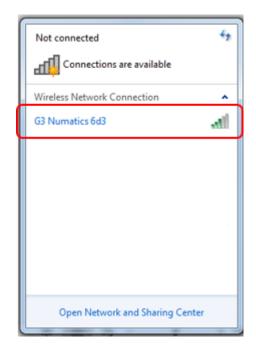
Once a G3 Ethernet DLR manifold equipped with a Wireless ARM is powered on; the Wireless ARM will broadcast it's SSID.

Locate the Wireless ARM broadcast ID

On the computer or mobile device; open available WIFI connections. In this example the SSID is Broadcast as "G3 Numatics 6d3". Each Wireless Arm Module's SSID is unique and comprised of the last 4 digits of the Wireless Arm Module's MAC ID.

Select the connection and enter the network security key. The default network security key is 12345678

Verify the computer/Mobile device is connected to the Wireless Arm Module









Open an internet browser and connect to the G3 Wireless ARM webserver by typing the IP address. (default IP address HTTP://192.168.4.1).







http://192.168.4.1

#### CONNECTION TYPE SELECTION



WELCOME TO THE G3 WIRELESS ARM LANDING PAGE.



Status data and configuration can only be viewed.

Configuration & Parameter changes

Status data and configuration can be viewed and manipulated.



"View Only" and "Configuration & Parameter changes" buttons are displayed.

- -View Only connects to the G3 Webserver with read only access
- -Configuration & Parameter changes) connects to the G3 Webserver with write access

Select "Configuration & Parameter changes" to open the password protected Configuration & Parameter Webpages with Read and Write Access

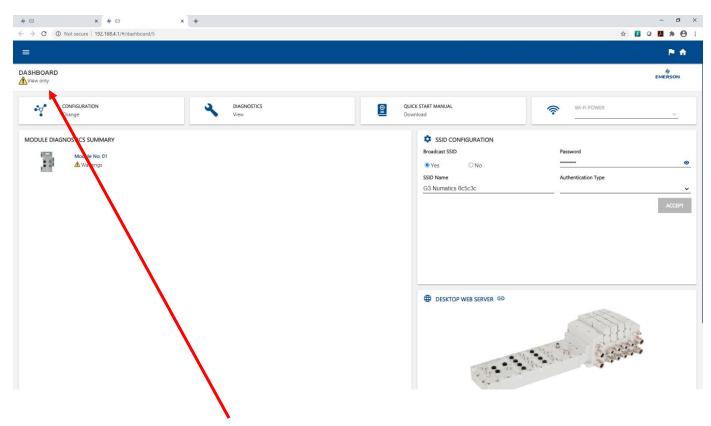


Configuration & Parameter changes are password protected



### 6.4 Wireless ARM Webserver in "View Only" mode

"View Only" mode allows the user read only access. Configuration and parameters are locked and unable to be modified. In this mode you can monitor the condition of all of the modules in the G3 sub-bus network.

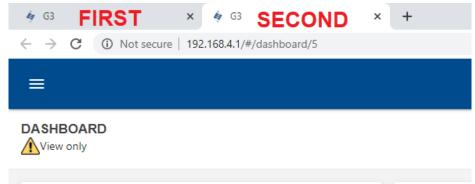


"View Only" mode is identified by the "View only" tag at the top left of the Dashboard page.



To exit "View Only" mode and change to "Configuration & Parameter Changes" mode, close the **second** open webpage tab from the top of the screen. The first tab is the landing page where you can select which mode you would like to view the webserver in

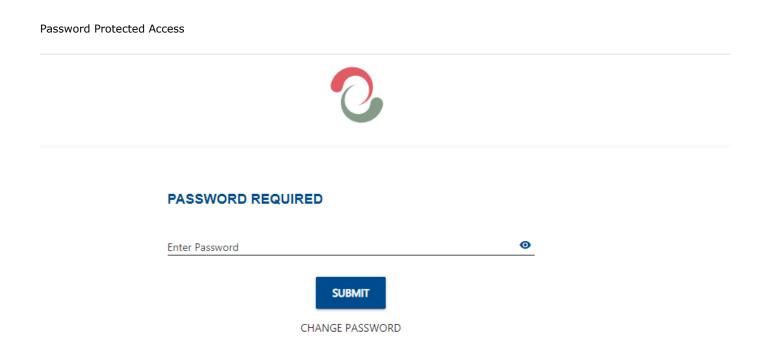
NOTE: If using a smartphone or tablet, you will need to open a Tabs view to close the "View Only" page and go back to the landing page.



### 6.5 Wireless ARM Webserver in "Configuration & Parameter Changes" mode

Once a G3 manifold equipped with a Wireless ARM is powered on the Wireless ARM will broadcast it's SSID.





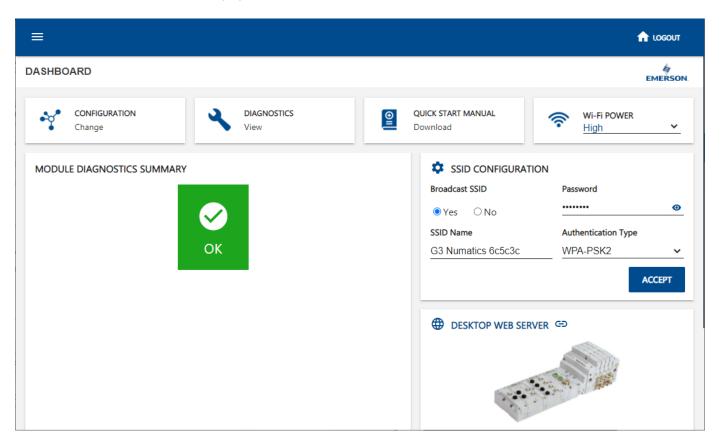
Enter password to Access the Configuration & Parameter web pages.





Dashboard

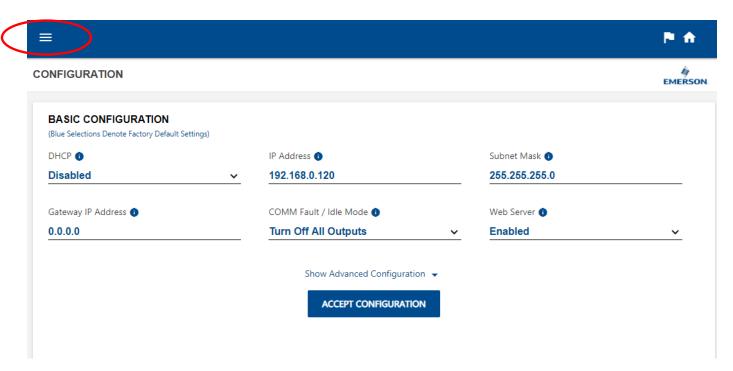
The G3 Wireless ARM Dashboard is displayed.



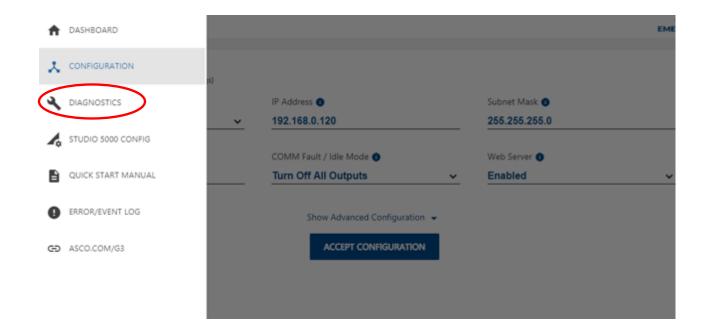
Select the "CONFIGURATION" tab for access to G3 Communication module parameters.



Configuration
G3 Communication Module Parameters



Select the menu options button to access the "DIAGNOSTICS" tab

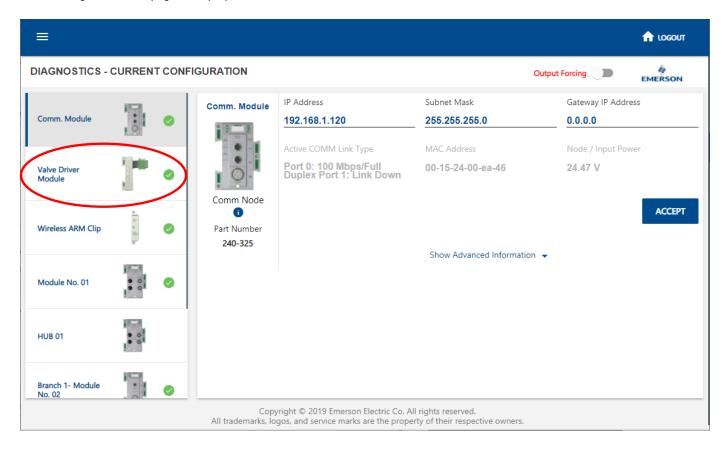


Select the "DIAGNOSTICS" tab for access to G3 manifold diagnostics



Diagnostics

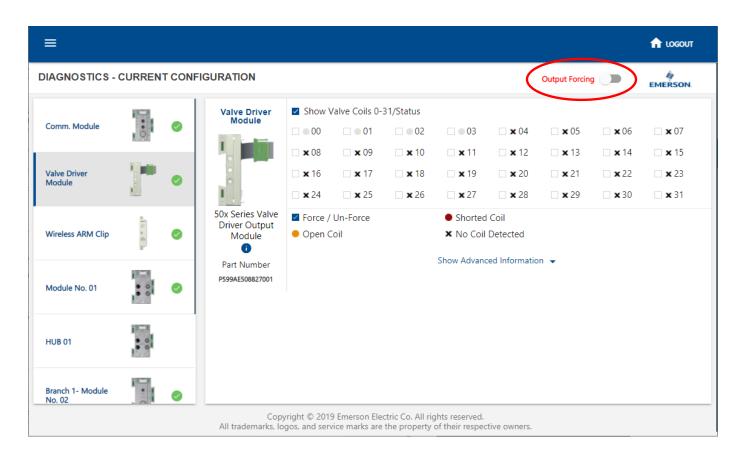
The G3 Diagnostics Webpage is displayed.



Select the Valve Driver Module to display the coil diagnostic information



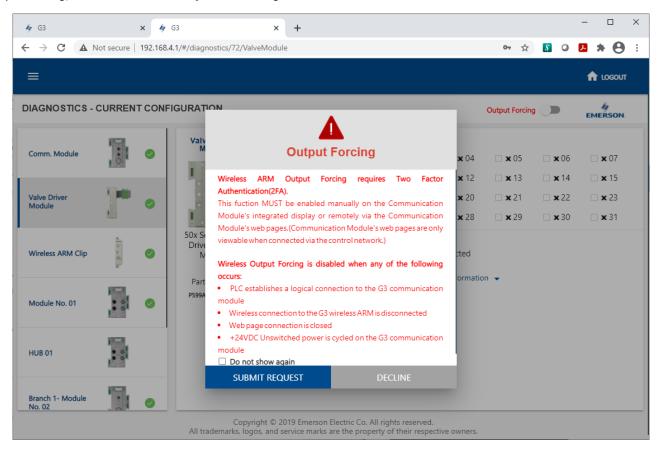
The Valve Driver Module coil diagnostic information is displayed. Here you can turn on Output Forcing to test-fire valve coils and outputs.



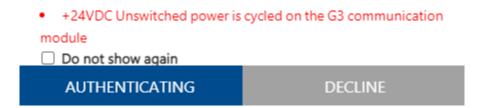


• To force fire valves and/or other outputs you will need to turn on "Output Forcing" from the top of the page. Two Factor Authentication (2FA) will be required for safety.

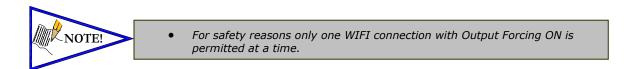
After selecting "Output Forcing" you will be prompted to authorize this feature via Two-Factor Authentication (2FA). To initiate Output Forcing, first click "SUBMIT REQUEST" to being 2FA.



2FA can be completed directly from the Graphic Display on the G3 Communication Module, or through the embedded G3 Webserver. Note that to use the G3 Webserver option you will have to remain connected via WIFI to the ARM module AND be directly connected via Ethernet cable to the G3 Communication Module.



Once you click "Submit Request", the text will change to "AUTHENTICATING" until the second step of the 2FA has been complete either through the G3 Graphic Display or through the embedded G3 Webpage.





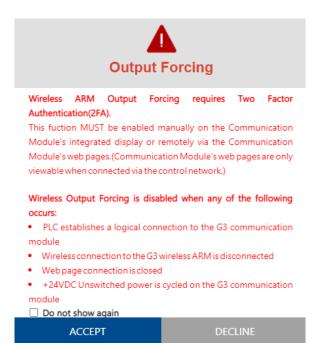
#### Option 1 - Authentication via the G3 Graphic Display:

Once 2FA has been initiated through the Wireless ARM webpage, the Graphic Display on the G3 Communication Module will read "ENABLE WIFI OUTPUTS". To complete the 2FA process and enable output forcing, click the SET button on the module. The display will then flash the message "WIFI OUTPUTS ARE ENABLED" for several seconds.



Once "WIFI OUTPUTS ARE ENABLED" stops flashing the graphic display will show the option to "DISABLE WIFI OUTPUTS". To exit Output Forcing mode you may either press the SET button on the G3 Communication Module, or turn Output Forcing off using the Wireless ARM webpage.





On the Wireless ARM webpage, the blue button text will now read "ACCEPT". Click this button to continue with Output Forcing turned on. Output Forcing will remain on until it is turned off via the Wireless ARM webpage or the G3 Graphic Display, or until the WIFI connection with the ARM is terminated.

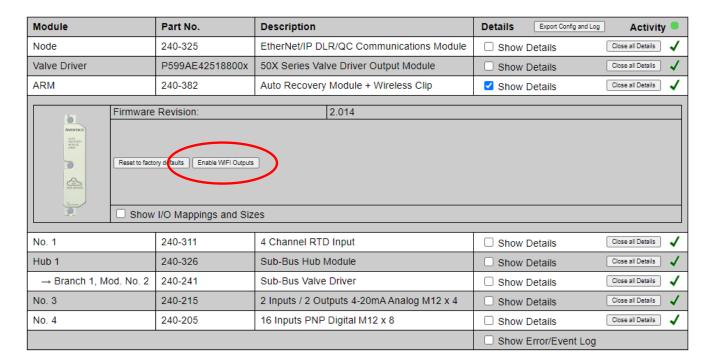


#### Option 2 - Authentication via the G3 Comm Module Webpage:

Once 2FA has been initiated through the Wireless ARM webpage, you can authorize the second phase of the authentication process via the G3 Node's embedded webpage. To do so, first connect to the Comm Module via an Ethernet cable, and by entering the module's IP Address into a web browser.

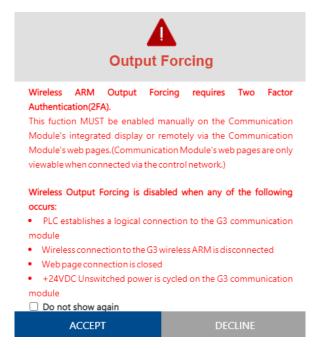
Once on the webpage, click the "Diagnostics" tab and locate the Wireless ARM in the module list. Click the box that is marked "Show Details" to see the full list of options.





To approve the authentication, click the button labeled "Enable WIFI Outputs".





On the Wireless ARM webpage the blue button text will now read "ACCEPT". Click this button to continue with Output Forcing turned on. Output Forcing will remain on until it is turned off via the Wireless ARM webpage or the G3 Graphic Display, or until the WIFI connection with the ARM is terminated.

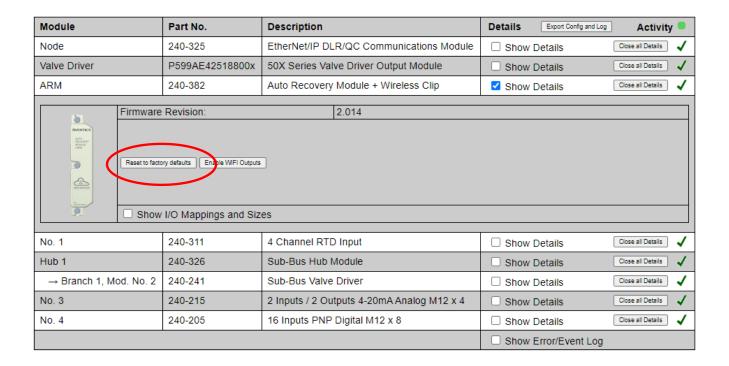


### 6.6 Returning Wireless ARM to Factory Defaults

To return the Wireless ARM to Factory Default settings, log into the G3 Communication Node embedded webserver (240-325 Ethernet/IP DLR or 240-240 Profinet node). To do this, disconnect the PLC communication from the node and connect a laptop computer via the node directly or through a switch. Set your laptop's IP Address to match the same first 3 octets of the node (i.e. 192.168.003.XXX), and the last octet to an address that is not the same as the node.

To access the webserver, type the IP Address of the node into any internet browser. From the Home page, select the "Diagnostics" tab from the top of the page. Locate the Wireless ARM in the module list and click "Show Details". The window will expand to show you more detail about the ARM. Click the "Reset to factory defaults" button.

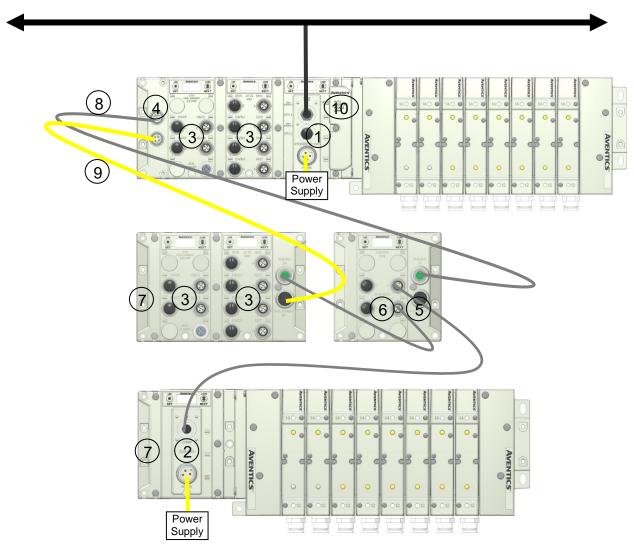






### 7. Distribution

Distribution of I/O capability can be easily achieved with the G3 platform by means of Sub-Bus modules. I/O modules, valve manifolds and/or a combination of both can be simply separated from the main manifold and distributed via a sub-bus communication cable. The G3 platform uses the same I/O modules on the main manifold as on the distribution chain. The main communication module can control up to 16 I/O modules either on the main manifold or as part of the sub-bus connections. To utilize the sub-bus distribution capabilities the Sub-Bus OUT module must be located on the end of the main communication manifold and a Terminator Module must be located at the last sub-bus component.



Detail No.	Description
1	Main Communication module (Node)
2	Distributed Sub-Bus Valve module
3	I/O Modules
4	Sub-Bus OUT module
5	Sub-Bus IN module
6	Sub-Bus HUB module
7	Terminator Module (Used to terminate sub-bus)
8	Sub-bus-Cable
9	Power Cable
10	Auto Recovery Module (ARM)

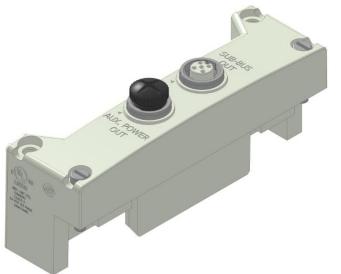


### 7.1 Sub-Bus Distribution Modules

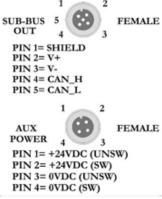
SUB-BUS OUT Module

- Used only when distributing the Sub-Bus to another assembly is required.
- SUB-BUS OUT 5 pin M12 female communication connector.
  - Used to distribute the Sub-Bus to the next Sub-Bus assembly.
  - Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of the next module.
- AUX. POWER OUT 4 pin M12 female aux. power connector.
  - Optional connection.
  - Used as a convenience way to distribute the power connection to the next Sub-Bus assembly.

Description	Replacement Part Number
Sub-Bus OUT module with Din Rail Mounting	240-244
Sub-Bus OUT module without Din Rail Mounting	240-183





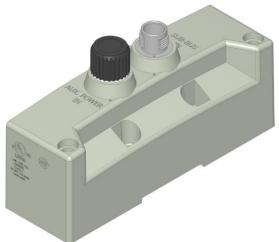




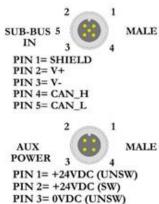
#### SUB-BUS IN Modules

- Used to distribute I/O assemblies that do not have valves
- Must be installed to the right of the I/O modules.
- SUB-BUS IN 5 pin M12 male communication connector.
  - Must be connected to the Sub-Bus Out connector of the previous assembly
  - Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of module
- AUX. POWER IN 4 pin M12 male connector.
  - Aux power is required for Output modules. This connection also allows Output power to be interrupted to all Output modules connected to this module.
  - Aux. Power is optional for Inputs. Power from the SUN-BUS IN connection is used to power sensors but can be augmented, if necessary, by adding additional power to this connector.

Description	Part Number
Sub-Bus IN module with Din Rail Mounting	240-246
Sub-Bus IN module without Din Rail Mounting	240-185







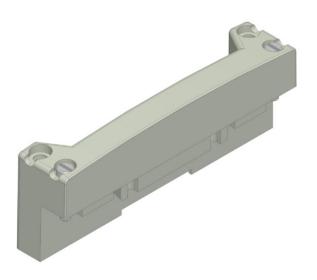


PIN 4= 0VDC (SW)

### **Terminator Module**

- Used to terminate SUB-BUS connections.
  - Must be installed on the left side of the last Sub-Bus module.

Description	Part Number
Terminator Module with Din Rail Mounting	240-245
Terminator Module without Din Rail Mounting	240-184







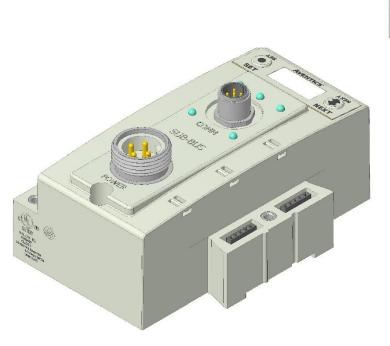
The terminator must be installed in the G3 system for proper operation.



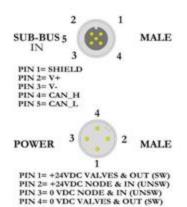
### Sub-Bus Valve Module

- COMM 5 pin M12 male Sub-Bus input communication connector.
  - Must be connected to the SUB-BUS OUT connector of the previous assembly
  - Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of module
- POWER 4 pin MINI male power connector.
  - Power is required for Outputs
- Used to distribute Valves on the Sub-Bus.
  - Can accept discrete I/O modules to allow a Sub-Bus Valve manifold with I/O

Description	Part Number
Sub-Bus Valve Module	240-241









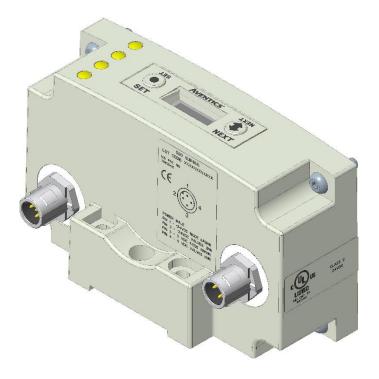
The Sub-bus Valve Module drops 0.8 VDC across the module

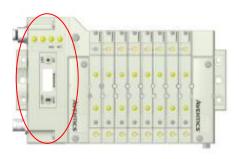


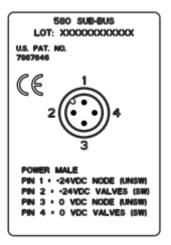
Sub-Bus Valve Module (without distribution and I/O)

- COMM 5 pin M12 male Sub-Bus communication connector.
  - Must be connected to the SUB-BUS OUT connector of the previous assembly
  - Carries 24 VDC power for electronics of module
- POWER 4 pin M12 male power connector.
  - Power is required for Outputs
- Used to distribute Valves on the Sub-Bus.
  - Does not allow connection to G3 I/O modules.

Description	Part Number
Sub-Bus Valve Module without I/O	P580AEDS4010A00







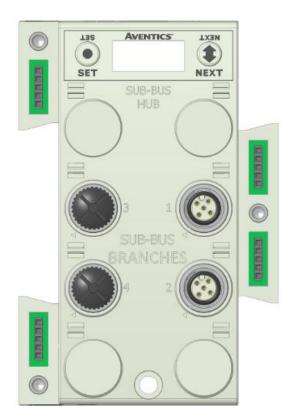


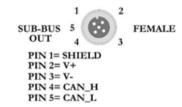
### Sub-Bus Hub Module

The G3 HUB module allows for branch distribution from the I/O side of the G3 System and can be integrated into the existing G3 Series Sub-Bus configuration. Auto Addressing allows for trouble free set up and configuration. Input, Output, as well as Valve manifolds can be attached to the available four Branches on a HUB module. Each G3 System can support up to two HUB modules, allowing for maximum flexibility. The HUB module is transparent to the I/O side of the G3 and does not reserve one of the potential sixteen positions.

- Used when distributing the Sub-Bus to another assembly.
- SUB-BUS OUT 5 pin M12 female communication connector.
  - Used to distribute the Sub-Bus to the next Sub-Bus assembly.
  - Carries 24 VDC power (up to 3A) for electronics of the next module.
- Cannot connect a Hub to a branch of another Hub
- Each branch of the Hub can accommodate a sub-bus cable length of 30 meters.

Description	Part Number
Sub-Bus Hub Module	240-326







#### 7.2 Sub-Bus Cables



#### M12 STRAIGHT 5 PIN MALE TO FEMALE SUB-BUS CABLE - SHIELDED

TA0501MGDTC0571P – 1 Meter TA0505MGDTC0571P – 5 Meter TA0510MGDTC0571P – 10 Meter



#### M12 STRAIGHT 5 PIN FEMALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TC05F2000000071V - PG9



#### M12 STRAIGHT 5 PIN MALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TA05F2000000071V - PG9



#### M12 90° 5 PIN FEMALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TD05F2000000071V - PG9



#### M12 90° 5 PIN MALE FIELD WIREABLE CONNECTOR, SPRING CAGE

TB05F2000000071V - PG9



#### BULK SUB-BUS CABLE

000550MGD0005000 – 50 Meter Length 0005A0MGD0005000 – 100 Meter Length

### \* Note:

Length of field wired cables should not exceed the maximum length of 30 meters for total sub-bus communications link. See appropriate technical manual for sub-bus length requirements. The cable assemblies and Bulk cable are the only approved cables for the G3 Sub-Bus link. See technical document TDG3SBWD1-0EN for proper installation and wiring of field wireable connectors.

#### **Technical Data**

TECHNICAL DATA	CABLE	CONNECTORS	BULK CABLE
Molded Body / Insert	TPU	Zinc - Nickel Plated	N/A
Coupling Nut	Zinc - Nickel Plated	Brass - Nickel Plated	N/A
Cable Jacket Material	PUR	N/A	Gray RAL 7001
Cable O.D.	6.70 mm	N/A	6.70 mm
Voltage Rating (Nominal)	60 Volts	60 Volts	60 Volts
Current Rating	4.0 Amps	4.0 Amps	4.0 Amps
Degree of Protection	IP65 (mated)	IP65 (mated)	IP65 (terminated)
Operating Temperature	-40° C - 80° C	-40° C - 80° C	-20° C - 75° C
Conductor Gauge	24 AWG Signal 22 AWG Power	26-20 AWG	24 AWG Signal 22 AWG Power
Bend Radius	67 mm	N/A	67 mm
No. of Bending Cycles	5 Million	N/A	5 Million



\*NOTE

### G3 Sub-Bus Field Wiring Directions

The purpose of this document is to instruct the end user of the proper wiring techniques required to make a G3 Sub-Bus cable from the available bulk cable and field wireable ends. The effectiveness of the resultant assembly remains on the end user and may have bearing on the proper functionality of the G3 Sub-Bus operation; please follow the manufacturer's Cable Assembly Procedure properly.









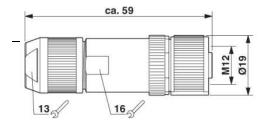
### Cable Assembly Procedure

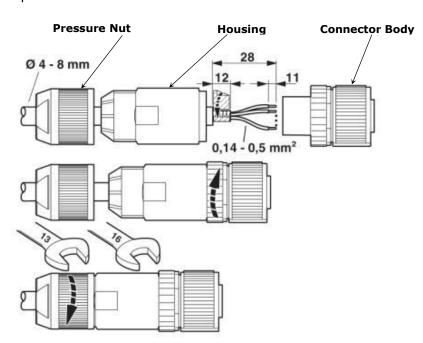
Step #1	Cut cable to	desired	lenath.

- Step #2 Run cable through Pressure Nut and Housing.
- Step #3 Strip cable jacket back 28mm (1.10") for straight connectors and 35mm (1.38") for 90° connectors.
- Step #4 Remove shielding from end of wires back approximately 16mm (.630").
- Step #5 Apply shielding foil provided, around the shortened end of the shielding.
- Step #6 Strip individual conductors back approximately 11mm (.433").
- Step #7 Push stranded wires into appropriate colored terminal.
- Step #8 Attach the connector body onto the housing and tighten.
- Step #9 Attach the pressure nut on the back side and tighten
- Step #10 Confirm Continuity between all pins.



- 1 = Shield Wire (must be connected)
- 2 = Red
- 3 = Black
- 4 = White
- 5 = Blue







## 8. Digital I/O Module

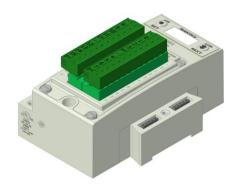
### 8.1 Digital I/O Module Usage

The maximum number of modules that can be used on the Discrete I/O side of the manifold is 16. These modules can be centralized on the main fieldbus manifold, distributed or a combination of both. Modules can be connected in any combination of inputs, outputs and specialty up to the physical limitation of 16 modules.

### **Input Module Types**







**Output Module Types** 



Input/Output Module Types



Valve Side Output Module Types



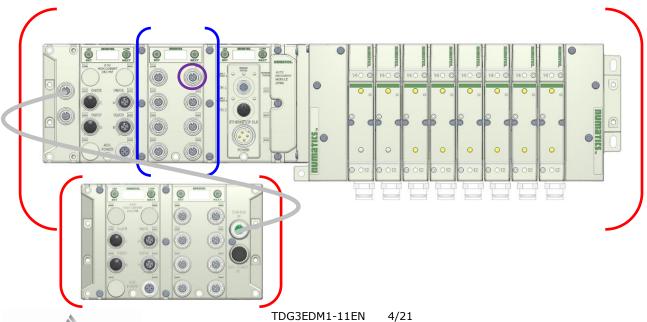




### 8.2 I/O Module Technical Data

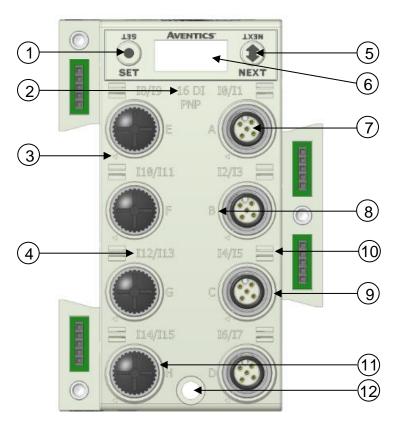
**EMERSON**.

Module No.	Description	Connector Type	Current Limitation for Module	Current Limitation for connector	Current Limitation for manifold assy.
240-203	16 PNP Inputs	Terminal Strip		.30A for each	,
240-204	16 NPN Inputs	reminal Strip		+24VDC terminal	
240-379	8 PNP Inputs	M8			
240-205	16 PNP Inputs			.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	
240-206	8 PNP Inputs				
240-207	16 PNP Outputs			.50A (Pin 3 to Pin 2/4)	4A for +24
240-208	8 PNP Outputs			.50A (FIII 5 to FIII 2/4)	Valves and
240-209	16 NPN Inputs			.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	Outputs
240-210	8 NPN Inputs		1.2A	.13A (PIII 1 to PIII 3)	Outputs
240-211	8 PNP Input and 8 PNP Outputs			.50A / output connector (Pin 3 to Pin 2/4) .15A / input connector (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	4A for +24 Node and Inputs
240-212 240-213 240-214 240-215	Analog IO modules	M12		.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	
240-300	8 High Current Outputs		8A (From Aux. Power Conn.)	2.0A / output connector (1.0A Pin 3 to Pin 2) (1.0A Pin 3 to Pin 4)	N/A
240-307	2 Analog Inputs and 2 High Current Analog Voltage Outputs		4A (From Aux. Power Conn.)	2.0A (Pin 3 to Pin 4)	N/A
240-311	RTD			N/A	4A for +24
240-316	8 PNP Inputs		1.2A	.30A for each +24VDC terminal	Valves and Outputs
240-323	16 PNP Inputs	Terminal Strip	1.2A	.30A for each +24VDC terminal	4A for +24 Node
240-330	16 PNP Outputs			.50A / output connector	and Inputs
240-363	4 Analog Inputs and 4 High Current Analog Outputs	M12	8A (From Aux. Power Conn.)	2.0A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	N/A
240-379	8 PNP Inputs	M8	1.2A	.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	4A for +24 Node and Inputs



### 8.3 I/O Module Descriptions and Menus

Detail No.	Description
1	"Set" Button – used to navigate through user menus and set parameters
2	Module Function (I/O Type)
3	Alignment arrow for SPEEDCON connector
4	Bit Designation for I/O
5	"Next" Button – used to navigate through user menus and set parameters
6	Graphic Display
7	5 Pin M12 female I/O connector
8	Connector designation
9	Metal threads for SPEEDCON connector
10	Slot for text ID tags
11	Dust Cover
12	Mounting hole



**NOTE** All dust covers must be tightened to a torque of 4-6 in. lbs. to maintain the IP65 integrity.



### 8.4 Digital Input Modules

One Digital Input per Connector - M8 Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-379	PNP (Sourcing)	YES – Visual	YES – Optional	8

Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
			D	Diagnostics				
X (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status





**FEMALE** 

PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW)

PIN 4= INPUT



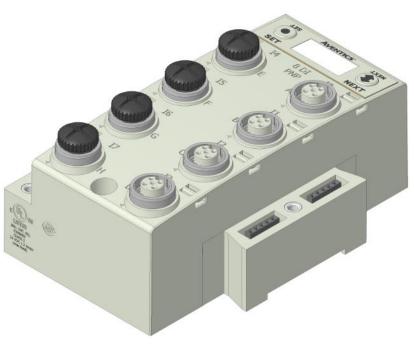
An external terminating resistor, p/n: TA05TR00000000, is required when the 240-379 is the last I/O module on the sub-bus.

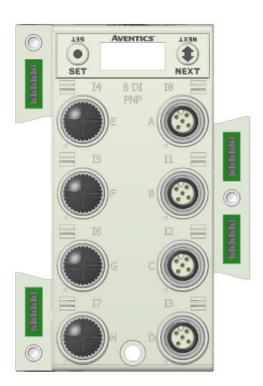


#### One Digital Input per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-210	NPN (Sinking)	YES – Visual	YES – Optional	0
240-206	PNP (Sourcing)	TLS - VISUAI	TLS - Optional	0

	Input Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0		
			L	Diagnostics						
X (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status		







FEMALE

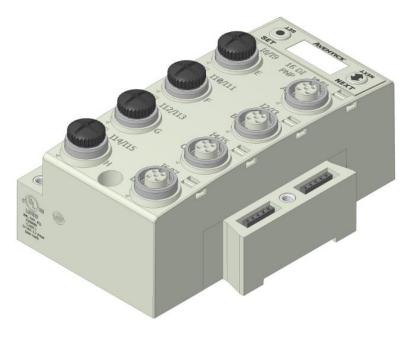
PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT 1



Two Digital Inputs per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-209	NPN (Sinking)	YES – Visual	VEC Ontional	16
240-205	PNP (Sourcing)	fES - Visual	YES – Optional	16

	Input Mapping										
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0			
X+1 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8			
				Diagnostics							
X (Selectabl e)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status			





AVENTICS

16 DI 10/11

.

SET

NEXT

NEXT



FEMALE

PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= INPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT 1



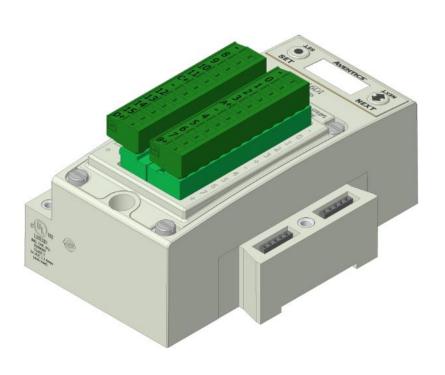
Sixteen Digital Inputs - Terminal Strip Modules

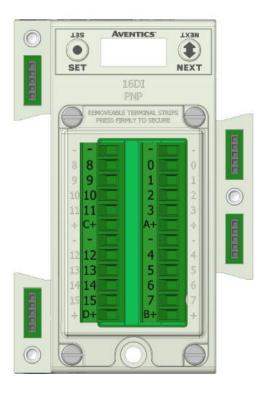
#### Specifications

Wire Range: 12 to 24 AWGStrip Length: 7mmTightening Torque: 0.5 Nm

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-203	PNP (Sourcing)	YES	4 user enabled bits monitor Short Circuits on	
240-204	NPN (Sinking)	Visual and Logical Status Bits	the four different + voltage connections of terminal strip	16

	Input Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0		
X+1 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8		
				Diagnostics						
X	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	SCP Status 1 = Fault					
^	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	+D	+C	+B	+A		







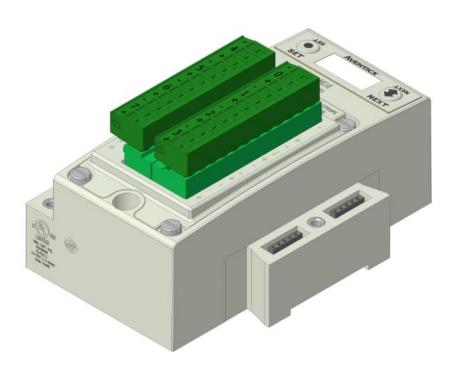
Eight Digital Inputs – Terminal Strip Modules

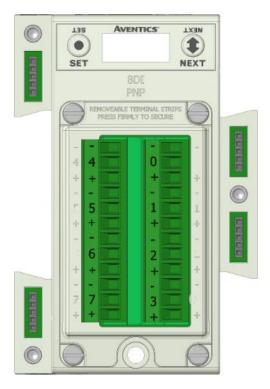
#### Specifications

Wire Range: 12 to 24 AWGStrip Length: 7mmTightening Torque: 0.5 Nm

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-316	PNP (Sourcing)	YES	YES	8

	Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0	
			Diag	nostic Telegra	im				
ВҮТЕ	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
X (Selectable)	Input 7 SCP Status	Input 6 SCP Status	Input 5 SCP Status	Input 4 SCP Status	Input 3 SCP Status	Input 2 SCP Status	Input 1 SCP Status	Input 0 SCP Status	







Intrinsically safe [Ex ia] NAMUR Compatible Input Module

### One Digital Input per Connector - M12 Female

Input module is for use with NAMUR certified intrinsically safe (IS) sensors. The module can be placed in any G3 I/O position available, but must be used in conjunction with appropriate clips with partition plates (see picture on page 84). This module is for use with (IS) sensors (certified to EN 60947-5-6) where the sensor is placed within the hazardous area, (e.g. ATEX 0-20, 1-21, and 2-22). This [Ex ia] module is part of the G3 electronics platform, which is designed to reside outside of the hazardous environment or in Zone 2-22, inside of a cabinet with appropriate ingress protection. The partition plate clips, used between standard G3 modules and [Ex ia] modules, are required to maintain ATEX approval. The 8.2 V sensor supply for each input connector is short circuit protected.

### Part Numbers and Mapping

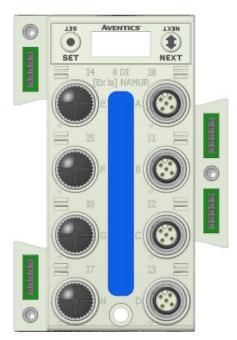
Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Protection	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Present Status Bits	Input Points
240-320	NAMUR	YES - Visual	YES - Optional	8

	Input Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0		
Х	Conn. H SC Status	Conn. G SC Status	Conn. F SC Status	Conn. E SC Status	Conn. D SC Status	Conn. C SC Status	Conn. B SC Status	Conn. A SC Status		
X + 1	Conn. H Open Status	Conn. G Open Status	Conn. F Open Status	Conn. E Open Status	Conn. D Open Status	Conn. C Open Status	Conn. B Open Status	Conn. A Open Status		



FEMALE
PIN 1 = SENSOR +
PIN 2 = SENSOR PIN 3 = Not Connected
PIN 4 = Not Connected

PIN 5 = Not Connected

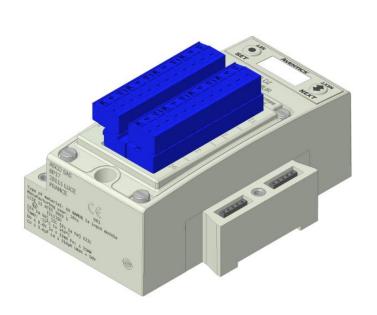


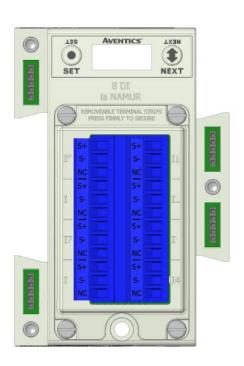


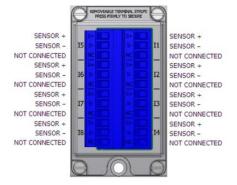
Intrinsically safe [Ex ia] NAMUR Compatible Input terminal strip module

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Protection	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Present Status Bits	Input Points
240-322	NAMUR	YES - Visual	YES - Optional	8

	Input Mapping										
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0			
X	Conn. H SC Status	Conn. G SC Status	Conn. F SC Status	Conn. E SC Status	Conn. D SC Status	Conn. C SC Status	Conn. B SC Status	Conn. A SC Status			
X + 1	Conn. H Open Status	Conn. G Open Status	Conn. F Open Status	Conn. E Open Status	Conn. D Open Status	Conn. C Open Status	Conn. B Open Status	Conn. A Open Status			



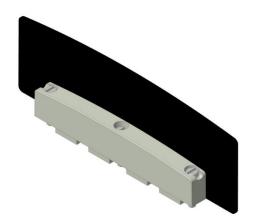




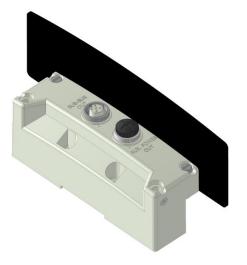


Intrinsically safe [Ex ia] Support Modules

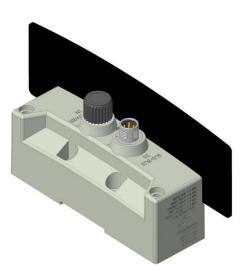
Mechanical isolation between standard and [Ex ia] modules is mandatory to fulfill ATEX certification. Clips with Partition Plates are available to achieve the required isolation.



G3 [Ex ia] Clip 240-317



G3 [Ex ia] Sub-Bus Out 240-318



G3 [Ex ia] Sub-Bus In 240-319



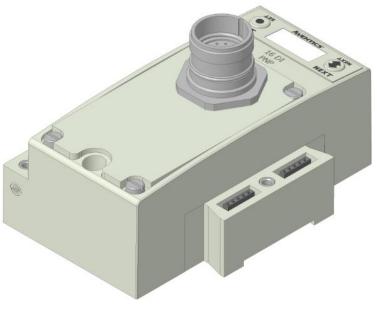
### 19 Pin M23 Input Module

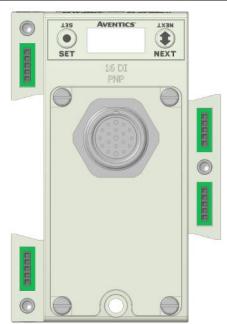
The 19 Pin M23 Input module is for use with any Input block available from Phoenix Contact, Turck, Brad Harrison, etc. It can also be used with a single ended 19 Pin Cable.

### Part Numbers and Mapping

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Protection	Short Circuit /Open Circuit Present Status Bits	Input Points
240-323	Digital	YES - Visual	YES - Optional	16

	Input Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input		
(Required)	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
Х	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input	Input		
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8		
X + 1	Short	Short	Short	Short	Short	Short	Short	Short		
	Circuit	Circuit	Circuit	Circuit	Circuit	Circuit	Circuit	Circuit		

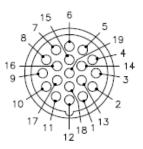




#### Pin Out Information

Pin 1 = Input 14	Pin 11 = Input 12
Pin 2 = Input 10	Pin $12 = P.E$ .
Pin 3 = Input6	Pin 13 = Input 11
Pin 4 = Input 3	Pin 14 = Input 7
Pin 5 = Input 2	Pin 15 = Input 0
Pin $6 = 0 \text{ VDC}$	Pin 16 = Input 4
Pin 7 = Input 1	Pin 17 = Input 8
Pin 8 = Input 5	Pin 18 = Input 15
Pin 9 = Input 9	Pin 19 = + 24
VDC	

Pin 10 = Input 13



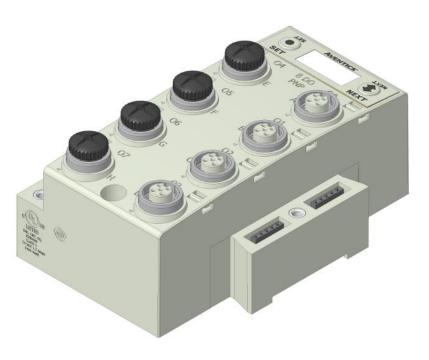


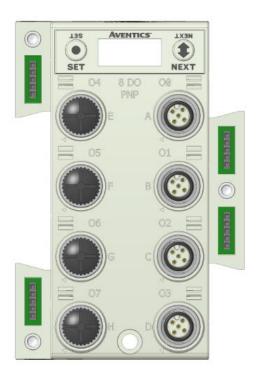
### 8.5 Digital Output Modules

One Digital Output per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points
240-208	PNP (Sourcing)	YES - Visual	YES (8) - Optional	8

	Output Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0		
			Inp	out Mapping						
ВУТЕ	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X	Output 7 Status	Output 6 Status	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status		







PIN 1= +24VDC (SW)

FEMALE

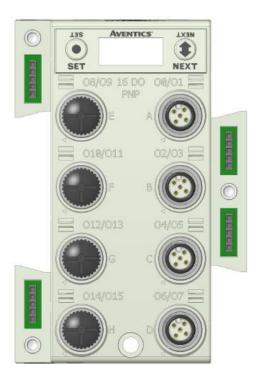
PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (SW) PIN 4= OUTPUT 1

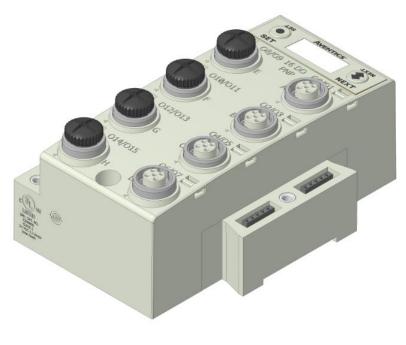


Two Digital Outputs per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points
240-207	PNP (Sourcing)	YES – Visual	YES (8) – Optional	16

	Output Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0		
X+1 (Required)	Output 15	Output 14	Output 13	Output 12	Output 11	Output 10	Output 9	Output 8		
			Di	agnostics						
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
Х	Output 7 Status	Output 6 Status	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status		
X+1	Output 15 Status	Output 14 Status	Output 13 Status	Output 12 Status	Output 11 Status	Output 10 Status	Output 9 Status	Output 8 Status		







FEMALE

PIN 1= +24VDC (SW) PIN 2= OUTPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (SW) PIN 4= OUTPUT 1



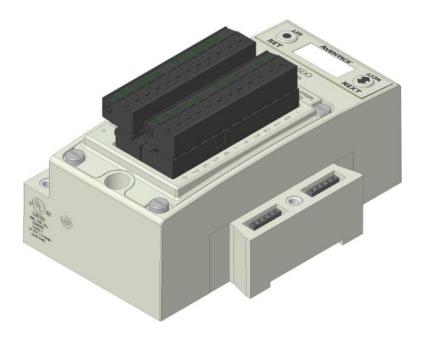
Sixteen Digital Outputs – Terminal Strip Modules

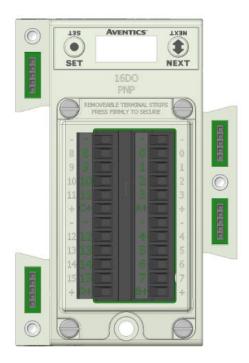
#### Specifications

Wire Range: 12 to 24 AWGStrip Length: 7mmTightening Torque: 0.5 Nm

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points
240-330	PNP (Sourcing)	YES	YES	16

	Output Mapping												
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0					
Х	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0					
X+1	Output 15	Output 14	Output 13	Output 12	Output 11	Output 10	Output 9	Output 8					
			Dia	gnostic Telegr	am								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0					
X (Selectable )	Output 7 Status	Output 6 Status	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status					
X (Selectable )	Output 15 Status	Output 14 Status	Output 13 Status	Output 12 Status	Output 11 Status	Output 10 Status	Output 9 Status	Output 8 Status					





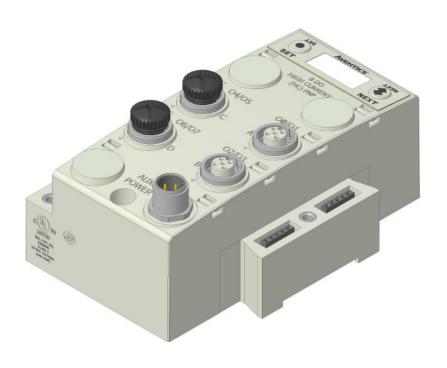


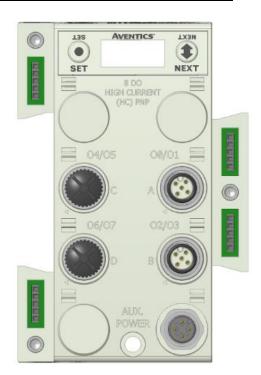
Two Digital High Current Outputs per Connector - M12 Female Modules

The high current output module is to be used with output devices requiring between 0.5 and 1.0 Amps. Each connector incorporates two outputs that are capable of sourcing 1.0 Amp per output.

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points
240-300	PNP (Sourcing)	YES – Visual	YES (8) - Optional	8

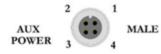
	Output Mapping											
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 7 Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2			Bit 1	Bit 0						
X (Required)	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5	Output 4	Output 3	Output 2	Output 1	Output 0				
			D	iagnostics								
ВУТЕ	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
X	Output 7 Status	Output 6 Status	Output 5 Status	Output 4 Status	Output 3 Status	Output 2 Status	Output 1 Status	Output 0 Status				







PIN 1= +24VDC (SW) PIN 2= OUTPUT 2 PIN 3= 0VDC (SW) PIN 4= OUTPUT 1



Pin 1 = +24 VDC (For Conn A, B) Pin 2 = +24 VDC (For Conn C, D) Pin 3 = 0 VDC (For Conn A, B, C, D) Pin 4 = 0 VDC (For Conn A, B, C, D)



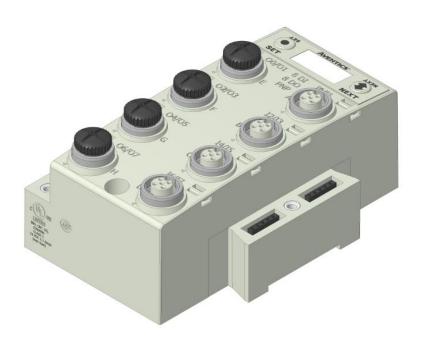
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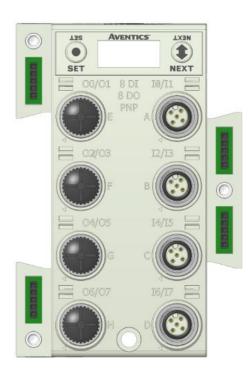
### 8.6 Digital Input/Output Modules

Two Digital I/O per Connector - 12mm Female Modules

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points	Input Points
240-211	PNP (Sourcing)	YES - Visual	YES (8) - Optional	8	8

			Outpu	t Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Output 7	Output 6	Output 5 Output 4 Output 3 C		Output 2 Output 1		Output 0	
			Input	Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
	Diagnostics							
Х	Allocate d and Reserve d	Allocate d and Reserve d	Allocate d and Reserve d	Allocate d and Reserve d	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status
X+1	Output 7 Status Bit	Output 6 Status Bit	Output 5 Status Bit	Output 4 Status Bit	Output 3 Status Bit	Output 2 Status Bit	Output 1 Status Bit	Output 0 Status Bit







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# 9. Valve Interface Modules

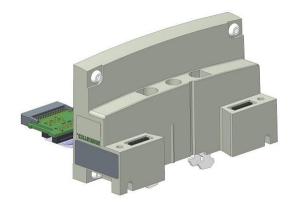
### 9.1 2000 Series & 500 Series Valve Driver

Output Data Mapping

Interface to control valves from a G3 communication module.

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points
219-828	NPN (Sinking) 2000 Series	YES – Visual	YES (32) - Optional	32
P599AE425188 01	NPN (Sinking) 500 Series	YES – Visual	YES (128) - Optional	128

			Outp	ut Mapping	7							
BYTE												
X	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil				
(Required)	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0				
X+1	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil				
(Selectable)	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8				
X+2	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil				
(Selectable)	No. 23	No. 22	No. 21	No. 20	No. 19	No. 18	No. 17	No. 16				
X+3	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil				
(Selectable)	No. 31	No. 30	No. 29	No. 28	No. 27	No. 26	No. 25	No. 24				
3	32 additional coils available per each additional 32+ manifold driver board											
X+4	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil				
(Selectable)	No. 39	No. 38	No. 37	No. 36	No. 35	No. 34	No. 33	No. 32				
X+5	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil				
(Selectable)	No. 47	No. 46	No. 45	No. 44	No. 43	No. 42	No. 41	No. 40				
X+6	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil				
(Selectable)	No. 55	No. 54	No. 53	No. 52	No. 51	No. 50	No. 49	No. 48				
X+7	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil				
(Selectable)	No. 63	No. 62	No. 61	No. 60	No. 59	No. 58	No. 57	No. 56				
3	32 additional coils available per each additional 32+ manifold driver board											
X+15	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil				
(Selectable)	No. 127	No. 126	No. 125	No. 124	No. 123	No. 122	No. 121	No. 120				





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### Diagnostic Data Mapping

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points
219-828	NPN (Sinking) 2000 Series	YES – Visual	YES (32) - Optional	32
P599AE42518801	NPN (Sinking) 500 Series	YES – Visual	YES (128) - Optional	128

BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
X	X Coil 7		Coil 5	Coil 4	Coil 3	Coil 2	Coil 1	Coil 0				
(Selectable)	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status				
VII	Coil 15	Coil 14	Coil 13	Coil 12	Coil 11	Coil 10	Coil 9	Coil 8				
X+1	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status				
X+2	Coil 23	Coil 22	Coil 21	Coil 20	Coil 19	Coil 18	Coil 17	Coil 16				
X+2	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status				
X+3	Coil 31	Coil 30	Coil 29	Coil 28	Coil 27	Coil 26	Coil 25	Coil 24				
X+3	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status				
32 additional coil status bits per each additional 32+ manifold driver board												
	Coil 20	Coil 20	Coil 27	Coil 26	Coil 2E	Coil 24	Coil 22	Coil 22				
X+4	Coil 39	Coil 38	Coil 37	Coil 36	Coil 35	Coil 34	Coil 33	Coil 32				
X+4	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status				
X+4 X+5	Status Coil 47	Status Coil 46	Status Coil 45	Status Coil 44	Status Coil 43	Status Coil 42	Status Coil 41	Status Coil 40				
X+5	Status Coil 47 Status	Status Coil 46 Status	Status Coil 45 Status	Status Coil 44 Status	Status Coil 43 Status	Status Coil 42 Status	Status Coil 41 Status	Status Coil 40 Status				
	Status Coil 47 Status Coil 55	Status Coil 46 Status Coil 54	Status Coil 45 Status Coil 53	Status Coil 44 Status Coil 52	Status Coil 43 Status Coil 51	Status Coil 42 Status Coil 50	Status Coil 41 Status Coil 49	Status Coil 40 Status Coil 48				
X+5 X+6	Status Coil 47 Status Coil 55 Status	Status Coil 46 Status Coil 54 Status	Status Coil 45 Status Coil 53 Status	Status Coil 44 Status Coil 52 Status	Status Coil 43 Status Coil 51 Status	Status Coil 42 Status Coil 50 Status	Status Coil 41 Status Coil 49 Status	Status Coil 40 Status Coil 48 Status				
X+5	Status Coil 47 Status Coil 55 Status Coil 63	Status Coil 46 Status Coil 54 Status Coil 62	Status Coil 45 Status Coil 53 Status Coil 61	Status Coil 44 Status Coil 52 Status Coil 60	Status Coil 43 Status Coil 51 Status Coil 59	Status Coil 42 Status Coil 50 Status Coil 58	Status Coil 41 Status Coil 49 Status Coil 57	Status Coil 40 Status Coil 48 Status Coil 56				
X+5 X+6	Status Coil 47 Status Coil 55 Status	Status Coil 46 Status Coil 54 Status	Status Coil 45 Status Coil 53 Status	Status Coil 44 Status Coil 52 Status	Status Coil 43 Status Coil 51 Status	Status Coil 42 Status Coil 50 Status	Status Coil 41 Status Coil 49 Status	Status Coil 40 Status Coil 48 Status				
X+5 X+6	Status Coil 47 Status Coil 55 Status Coil 63	Status Coil 46 Status Coil 54 Status Coil 62 Status	Status Coil 45 Status Coil 53 Status Coil 61 Status	Status Coil 44 Status Coil 52 Status Coil 60 Status	Status Coil 43 Status Coil 51 Status Coil 59 Status	Status Coil 42 Status Coil 50 Status Coil 58	Status Coil 41 Status Coil 49 Status Coil 57	Status Coil 40 Status Coil 48 Status Coil 56				
X+5 X+6	Status Coil 47 Status Coil 55 Status Coil 63	Status Coil 46 Status Coil 54 Status Coil 62 Status	Status Coil 45 Status Coil 53 Status Coil 61 Status	Status Coil 44 Status Coil 52 Status Coil 60	Status Coil 43 Status Coil 51 Status Coil 59 Status	Status Coil 42 Status Coil 50 Status Coil 58	Status Coil 41 Status Coil 49 Status Coil 57	Status Coil 40 Status Coil 48 Status Coil 56				
X+5 X+6	Status Coil 47 Status Coil 55 Status Coil 63	Status Coil 46 Status Coil 54 Status Coil 62 Status	Status Coil 45 Status Coil 53 Status Coil 61 Status	Status Coil 44 Status Coil 52 Status Coil 60 Status	Status Coil 43 Status Coil 51 Status Coil 59 Status	Status Coil 42 Status Coil 50 Status Coil 58	Status Coil 41 Status Coil 49 Status Coil 57	Status Coil 40 Status Coil 48 Status Coil 56				



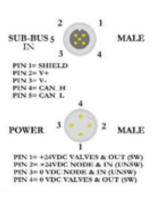
#### 9.2 Sub-bus Valve Module

Output Data Mapping

Used to control a distributed valve manifold through the Sub-Bus. See page 69 for more information.

Module Part No.	I/C	Туре	Short	Circuit Prot	ection	S	Status Bit Da	ata	Out	put Points
240-241	NPN (	(Sinking)	\	YES – Visua	\	YES	(128) - Op	tional		128
			Outp	ut Mapping	1					
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 7 Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit					1	Bit 0		
X (Required)	Valve Coil No. 7	Valve Coil No. 6	Valve Coil No. 5	Valve Coil No. 4	Valve Co No. 3	-	Valve Coil No. 2	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 0
X+1 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 15	Valve Coil No. 14	Valve Coil No. 13	Valve Coil No. 12	Valve Co No. 11	-	Valve Coil No. 10	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 8
X+2 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 23	Valve Coil No. 22	Valve Coil No. 21	Valve Coil No. 20	Valve Co No. 19	-	Valve Coil No. 18	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 16
X+3 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 31	Valve Coil No. 30	Valve Coil No. 29	Valve Coil No. 28	Valve Co No. 27	-	Valve Coil No. 26	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 24
	32 additio	nal coils ava	ailable per e	ach addition	nal 32+ r	man	ifold driver	board		
X+4 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 39	Valve Coil No. 38	Valve Coil No. 37	Valve Coil No. 36	Valve Co No. 35	-	Valve Coil No. 34	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 32
X+5 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 47	Valve Coil No. 46	Valve Coil No. 45	Valve Coil No. 44	Valve Co No. 43	-	Valve Coil No. 42	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 40
X+6 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 55	Valve Coil No. 54	Valve Coil No. 53	Valve Coil No. 52	Valve Co No. 51	-	Valve Coil No. 50	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 48
X+7 (Selectable)	Valve Coil No. 63						Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 56	
128 coils total possible										
X+15 (Selectable)	Valve Coil   Valve							Valve Coil No. 120		



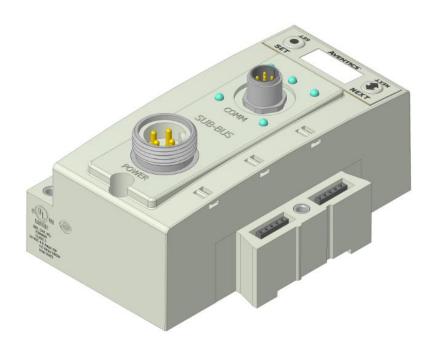




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Diagnostic Data Mapping

Module Part No.	I/C	Туре	Short (	Circuit Pro	tection	S	tatus Bit D	ata	Output Points		
240-241	NPN (	Sinking)	Y	YES – Visual			YES (128) – Optional			128	
	Diagnostics										
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	3	Bit 2	Bit	1	Bit 0	
X (Selectable)	Coil 7 Status	Coil 6 Status	Coil 5 Status	Coil 4 Status	Coil Statu		Coil 2 Status	Coi Sta		Coil 0 Status	
X+1	Coil 15 Status	Coil 14 Status	Coil 13 Status	Coil 12 Status	Coil 1 Statu	IS	Coil 10 Status	Coi Sta	tus	Coil 8 Status	
X+2	Coil 23 Status	Coil 22 Status	Coil 21 Status	Coil 20 Status	Coil 1 Statu	IS	Coil 18 Status	Coil Sta	tus	Coil 16 Status	
X+3	Coil 31 Status	Coil 30 Status	Coil 29 Status	Coil 28 Status	Coil 2 Statu		Coil 26 Status	Coil Sta		Coil 24 Status	
32	additional	coil status	bits per ea	ch additior	nal 32+	ma	nifold drive	r boai	ď		
X+4	Coil 39 Status	Coil 38 Status	Coil 37 Status	Coil 36 Status	Coil 3 Statu		Coil 34 Status	Coil Sta		Coil 32 Status	
X+5	Coil 47 Status	Coil 46 Status	Coil 45 Status	Coil 44 Status	Coil 4 Statu		Coil 42 Status	Coil Sta		Coil 40 Status	
X+6	Coil 55 Status	Coil 54 Status	Coil 53 Status	Coil 52 Status	Coil 5 Statu		Coil 50 Status	Coil Sta		Coil 48 Status	
X+7	Coil 63 Status	Coil 62 Status	Coil 61 Status	Coil 60 Status	Coil 5 Statu		Coil 58 Status	Coil Sta		Coil 56 Status	
	128 coil status bits possible										
X+15	Coil 127 Coil 126 Coil 125 Coil 124 Coil 123 Status Status Status Status Status						Coil 122 Status	Coil Sta		Coil 120 Status	





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### 9.3 Sub-bus Valve Module without Distribution and I/O

Used to control a distributed valve manifold through the Sub-Bus. See page 70 for more information.

Module Part No.		I/O Type	Short	Circuit Prot	tection	St	tatus Bit D	ata	Out	put Points
P580AEDS401	.0A00	NPN (Sinking	1)	'ES – Visua	ıl	YES (128) – Optional		-		128
			Outp	ut Mapping	7					
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	3	Bit 2	Bit	1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Valve Co No. 7	valve Coil No. 6	Valve Coil No. 5	Valve Coil No. 4	Valve ( No.		Valve Coil No. 2	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 0
X+1 (Selectable)	Valve Co	No. 14	Valve Coil No. 13	Valve Coil No. 12	Valve (	L <b>1</b>	Valve Coil No. 10	Valve No.	9	Valve Coil No. 8
X+2 (Selectable)	Valve Co No. 23		Valve Coil No. 21	Valve Coil No. 20	Valve ( No. 1		Valve Coil No. 18	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 16
X+3 (Selectable)	Valve Co No. 31		Valve Coil No. 29	Valve Coil No. 28	Valve (		Valve Coil No. 26	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 24
32	32 additional coils available per each additional 32+ manifold driver board									
X+4 (Selectable)	Valve C No. 3		Valve Coi No. 37	Valve Coil No. 36	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 34	-	e Coil 33	Valve Coil No. 32
X+5 (Selectable)	Valve C No. 4		Valve Coi No. 45	Valve Coil No. 44	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 42	_	e Coil 41	Valve Coil No. 40
X+6 (Selectable)	Valve C No. 5		Valve Coi No. 53	Valve Coil No. 52	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 50		e Coil 49	Valve Coil No. 48
X+7 (Selectable)	Valve C No. 6		Valve Coi No. 61	Valve Coil No. 60	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 58	_	e Coil 57	Valve Coil No. 56
	128 coils total possible									
X+15 (Selectable)	Valve Co No. 12		Valve Coil No. 125	Valve Coil No. 124	Valve ( No. 1		Valve Coil No. 122	Valve No.		Valve Coil No. 120





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Used to control a distributed valve manifold through the Sub-Bus. See page 70 for more information.

Module Part No.		I/	O Type		Short	t Circuit P	rotection		Status Bit Data		Out	tput Points
P580AEDS401	00A0	NPN	(Sinkin	g)		YES - Vis	ual		YES (128) – Optional		128	
Diagnostics												
BYTE	Bit 7	7	Bit 6	Ві	it 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	,	Bit 2	Bit :	1	Bit 0
X (Selectable)	Coil 7 Statu	S	Coil 6 Status		oil 5 atus	Coil 4 Status	Coil 3 Status		Coil 2 Status	Coil Statu	IS	Coil 0 Status
X+1	Coil 1 Statu	-	Coil 14 Status		il 13 atus	Coil 12 Status	Coil 1 Status		Coil 10 Status	Coil Statu	_	Coil 8 Status
X+2	Coil 2 Statu	_	Coil 22 Status		il 21 atus	Coil 20 Status	Coil 1		Coil 18 Status	Coil 1 Statu		Coil 16 Status
X+3	Coil 3 Statu		Coil 30 Status		il 29 atus	Coil 28 Status	Coil 2		Coil 26 Status	Coil 2 Statu	_	Coil 24 Status
32	additior	nal coi	l status	bits p	er ea	ch additio	nal 32+ r	nar	nifold drive	r board		
X+4	Coil Stat		Coil 38 Status		oil 37 tatus	Coil 36 Status	Coil 3 Stati		Coil 34 Status	Coil Stat		Coil 32 Status
X+5	Coil Stat		Coil 46 Status	_	oil 45 tatus	Coil 44 Status	Coil 4 State		Coil 42 Status	Coil Stat		Coil 40 Status
X+6	Coil Stat		Coil 54 Status		oil 53 tatus	Coil 52 Status	Coil ! Stati		Coil 50 Status	Coil Stat		Coil 48 Status
X+7	Coil Stat		Coil 62 Status	_	oil 61 tatus	Coil 60 Status	Coil ! Stati		Coil 58 Status	Coil Stat		Coil 56 Status
128 coil status bits possible												
X+14	Coil 127 Status		oil 126 Status	Coil Stat		Coil 124 Status	Coil 123 Status	3	Coil 122 Status	Coil 12 Status		Coil 120 Status



### 9.4 Valve Side Digital Output Modules

The valve side output module is used to distribute available valve side output points (i.e. when valves are located away from the rest of the electronics). These modules go to the right of the G3 valve adapter. The 16 bit output module utilizes the last 16 output bits on the valve side of the manifold (bits 16-31).

This module is not available with the 501, 502 or 503 series valves.

Sixteen Outputs per Connector - Sub-D 25 Pin Female Module

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Short Circuit Protection	Internal Status Bits	Output Points	Module Size
239-1713	NPN (Sinking)	Yes	16 - Selectable	16	Narrow





### 9.5 500 Series Extended Coil Capability

The Extended Coil manifolds must be connected to a G3 Electronics Node to operate. Not all G3 supported protocols will support the Extended Coil Manifolds. Below is a list of the hardware and minimum firmware levels that support the Extended Coil Manifolds.

Extended Solenoid Coil Capability requirements:								
Module Part Number Minimum Firmware								
Communication Module 240-325 Rev 1.01 Build 42509								
Valve Driver Module P599AE508827001 Rev 4.019								

Module firmware revision levels can be confirmed in the integrated graphic display and the built-in web browser. See pg. 46 for more information.

### 9.6 Extended Coil Configuration

The Extended Coil Manifold can be configured to control three additional extended coil valve driver assemblies; unless already configured from the factory. Modify the configuration with either the graphic display interface as shown on page 34 or using the integrated web server configuation page shown on page 98.

Valve Series	Number of Extended Coil Valve Drivers	Total number of coils	Configuration Selection	Allocated number of I/O Bytes designated for valves
	0	3-32	32 coils	4
F01	1	33-64	64 coils	8
501	2	65-96	96 coils	12
	3	97-128	128 coils	16
	0	1-32	32 coils	4
F02/F02	1	33-48	64 coils	8
502/503	2	49-64	64 coils	8
	3	65-80	96 coils	12



The following example of the G3 diagnostic webpage "Node Configuration" identifies the details of a manifold configured for 64 possible coils.



Number of Maximum Coils should only be adjusted if 1 or more additional extended coil valve driver(s) has been physically added.

Node Configuration (Green selections denote Factory Default settings)								
DHCP:	Disabled ▼							
IP Address:	192.168.10.120							
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0							
Gateway IP Address:								
Web Server:	Enabled ▼							
Max Coils on Manifold (32 = Standard):	64 ▼							
Safety Zones (Only configurable when Max Coils = 32):	None ▼							
COMM Fault / Idle Mode:	Turn OFF All Outputs ▼							
Numatics Part No. 240-181 Compatibility Mode:	Disabled ▼							
Node Configuration Parameters:	Unlocked ▼							
I/O Configuration:	Unlocked ▼							
Display Orientation (Global):	Normal ▼							
Display Brightness (Global):	Medium ▼							
Comm. Format (I/O Data Padding):	SINT ▼							

Update Configuration



The following is an example of the G3 diagnostic webpage "Diagnostics" which identifies the details of the valve driver's control of 64 possible coils



Module	Part No.	Description				Details	Export Co	nfig and Log	Ac	Activity =		
Node	240-325	EtherNet/IP DLR/QC Commun	ications Mo	dule		Show D	Details		Close all De	rtails 🗸		
Valve Driver	P599AE42518800x	50X Series Valve Driver Outpu	t Module			☑ Show D	Details		Close all De	Close all Details 🗸		
	Firmware Revision	1:	4.16									
N 000			0 🗷	1 🗎	2 8	3 🗆	4 🗹	5 🗏	6 €	7 🗏		
	Check/Uncheck bo	ox to force/un-force valve coil	8 🗷	9 🗆	10		12 🗹	13 🗆	14 🗹	15 🗆		
			16 🗹	17 🗏	18	<b>2</b> 19 □	20 🗷	21 🗆	22 ☑	23 🗆		
•			24 🗹	25 🗆	26	27 □	28 🗷	29 🗆	30 ☑	31 🗏		
- 1	Valve Status:		0	10	2	3 0	4 🔍	5 🗎	6 🗎	7 =		
		= Shorted Coil = Open Coil			10	11 0	12 🔍	13	14 🔍	15		
		x = No Coil Detected		17	18	19	20 🗆	21	22	23		
			24	25	26	27	28	29	30 🔍	31		
	Show Valve Coils 32-63:		32 ☑	33 🗏	34	₹ 35 🗎	36 €	37 🗹	38 🗹	39 ☑		
	Check/Uncheck bo	ox to force/un-force valve coil	40 €	41 🗹	42	<b>43 €</b>	44 🗹	45 🗹	46 🗹	47 🗹		
			48 🗹	49 🗹	50	<b>Ø</b> 51 <b>Ø</b>	52 ☑	53 €	54 🗆	55 🗆		
			56 🗏	57 🗏	58	59	60 🗆	61 🗏	62 🗏	63 🗆		
	Valve Status:		32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39		
	= Shorted Coil = Open Coil		40	41 🔍	42	43	44 🔍	45	46	47		
	X = No Coil Detec	ted	48	49	50	51	52	53	54 X	55 X		
			56 X	57 X	58	X 59 X	60 X	61 X	62 X	63 X		
	Show I/O Map	pings and Sizes										
ARM	240-182	Auto Recovery Module				☐ Show D	Details		Close all De	etals 🗸		
No. 1	No. 1 240-211 8 Inputs / 8 Outputs PNP Digit					Show D	Close all Details 🗸					
No. 2	240-213	2 Inputs / 2 Outputs 0-10V Ana	alog M12 x	4		☐ Show Details				rtails 🗸		
						☐ Show E	rror/Even	t Log				



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### 9.7 Extended Coil Valve driver IO Mapping

IO Mapping for each additional 501 series 32 coil valve driver added to the manifold assembly

	Input Mapping										
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
X	Coil 7	Coil 6	Coil 5	Coil 4	Coil 3	Coil 2	Coil 1	Coil 0			
	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status			
X+1	Coil 15	Coil 14	Coil 13	Coil 12	Coil 11	Coil 10	Coil 9	Coil 8			
	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status			
X+2	Coil 23	Coil 22	Coil 21	Coil 20	Coil 19	Coil 18	Coil 17	Coil 16			
	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status			
X+3	Coil 31	Coil 30	Coil 29	Coil 28	Coil 27	Coil 26	Coil 25	Coil 24			
	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status			

	Output Mapping										
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
X	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil			
	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0			
X+1	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil			
	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8			
X+2	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil			
	No. 23	No. 22	No. 21	No. 20	No. 19	No. 18	No. 17	No. 16			
X+3	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil			
	No. 31	No. 30	No. 29	No. 28	No. 27	No. 26	No. 25	No. 24			

IO Mapping for each additional 502/503 series 16 coil valve driver added to the manifold assembly

	Input Mapping										
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
X	Coil 7	Coil 6	Coil 5	Coil 4	Coil 3	Coil 2	Coil 1	Coil 0			
	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status			
X+1	Coil 15	Coil 14	Coil 13	Coil 12	Coil 11	Coil 10	Coil 9	Coil 8			
	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status			

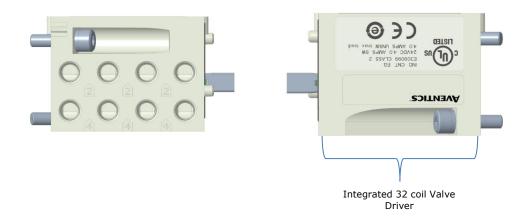
Output Mapping										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
Valve Coil No. 7	Valve Coil No. 6	Valve Coil No. 5	Valve Coil No. 4	Valve Coil No. 3	Valve Coil No. 2	Valve Coil No. 1	Valve Coil No. 0			
Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil No. 8			
	Valve Coil No. 7	Valve Coil No. 7 Valve Coil Valve Coil Valve Coil	Bit 7 Bit 6 Bit 5  Valve Coil Valve Coil Valve Coil No. 7 No. 6 No. 5  Valve Coil Valve Coil Valve Coil	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4           Valve Coil         Valve Coil         Valve Coil         Valve Coil           No. 7         No. 6         No. 5         No. 4           Valve Coil         Valve Coil         Valve Coil         Valve Coil	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3           Valve Coil No. 7         Valve Coil No. 6         Valve Coil No. 5         Valve Coil No. 4         Valve Coil No. 3           Valve Coil         Valve Coil         Valve Coil         Valve Coil	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2           Valve Coil         Valve Coil	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1           Valve Coil No. 7         Valve Coil No. 6         Valve Coil No. 5         Valve Coil No. 4         Valve Coil No. 3         Valve Coil No. 2         Valve Coil No. 1           Valve Coil         Valve Coil         Valve Coil         Valve Coil         Valve Coil         Valve Coil			

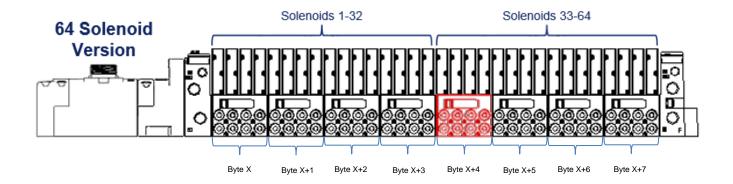


### 9.8 501 Series, up to 64 solenoid coils

501 series, 4 station manifold block with an integrated 32 coil valve driver

- To be used with 501 series valves on valve manifold assemblies with 33-64 coils.
- Only to be used on assemblies where additional power, supply and/or exhaust capacity is not required



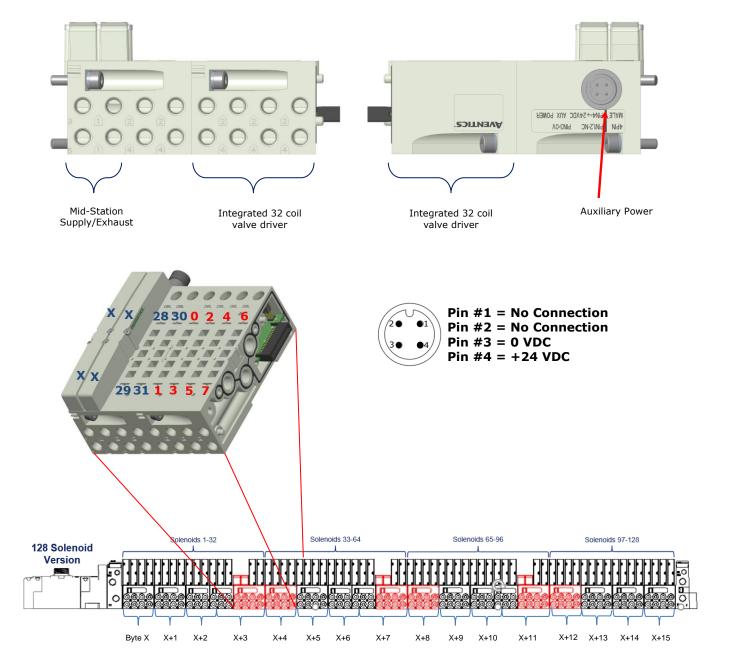




#### 9.9 501 Series, up to 128 solenoid coils

501 series, 8 station manifold with integrated 32 coil valve driver, auxiliary power connector and mid-station supply and exhaust ports

- To be used with 501 series valves on valve manifold assemblies with 33-128 coils.
- Up to 3 of these valve drivers can be used on each assembly
- Required to use on manifold assemblies larger than 64 coils, this manifold block has a M12 power connector
  to supplement the main power connection on the G3 node and two additional port 1 supply and port 3/5
  exhaust ports.
- Aux power is required to be connected to the aux power connector provided on the extended coil valve driver.

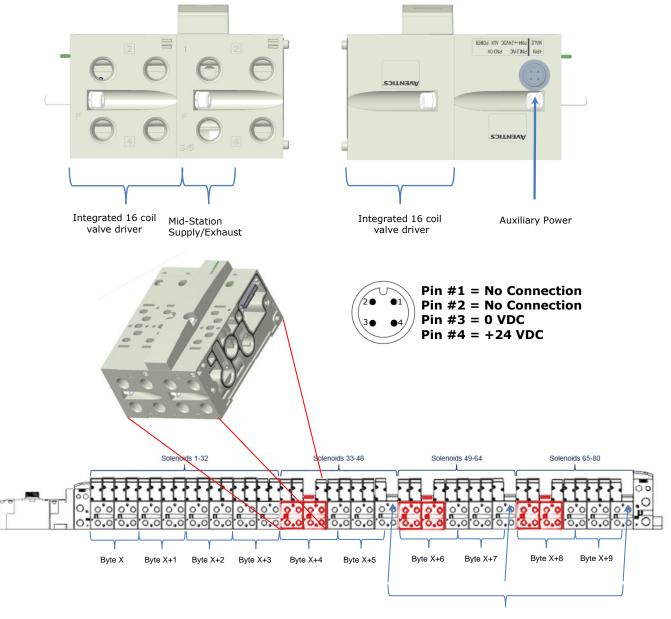




### 9.10 502 and 503 Series, up to 80 coils

502 and 503 series, 4 station manifold with integrated 16 coil valve driver, power connector and mid-station supply and exhaust ports

- To be used with 502 and 503 series valves on valve manifold assemblies with 33-80 coils.
- Up to 3 of these valve drivers can be used on each assembly
- Required to use on manifold assemblies larger than 32 coils, this manifold block has an M12 power connector and two additional port 1 supply and port 3/5 exhaust ports.
- Aux power is required and will provide power to the 16 coils available via the extended coil valve driver.



Recommended blank station plates to achieve maximum number of coils with least number of stations



### 10. Analog I/O Modules

#### 10.1 Analog I/O Module Rules

The analog I/O modules follow the same rules as the digital I/O modules. The maximum total number of modules on the Sub-Bus is 16. The analog boards allow the user to control devices using an analog signal. The analog modules also allow the user to relay analog information from input devices. These modules are available in two analog signal types: 0-10 V and 4-20 mA. These two signal types are offered in two different I/O configurations: 2 analog input channels/ 2 analog outputs channels and 4 analog input channels.

Four I/O - 12mm Female Modules

#### Specifications

Input Resolution: 16 bit (65,536 Counts),
Output Resolution: 16 bit (65,536 Counts)

- Settling Time: 3 ms Max

- Absolute Precision: ≤ 1.0% of Scale

Voltage Input Impedance: 0-10VDC - 40K Ohms

Current Input Impedance: 250 OhmsInput Cutoff Frequency: 100 Hz

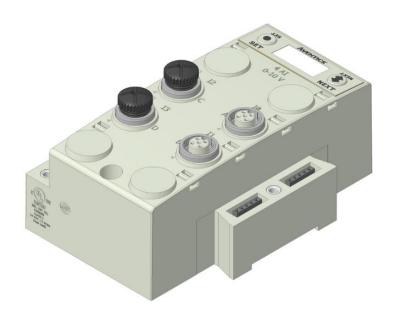
Module Part No.	Signal Type	Input Points	Output Points	Short Circuit Protection
240-212	0 - 10V	4	0	
240-213	0 - 10V	2	2	
240-214	4 - 20mA	4	0	Yes
240-215	4 - 20mA	2	2	
240-307	0 - 10V	2	2	
240-363	4 - 20mA	4	4	



One Analog Input per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Input Points
240-212	0-10 VDC	VEC Vieual	YES (4) – Selectable	4
240-214	4-20 mA	TES - VISUAI	TES (4) - Selectable	4

Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 (LSB)
X+1	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	1 (MSB)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
X+2	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2 (LSB)
X+3	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	2 (MSB)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
X+4	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3 (LSB)
X+5	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	3 (MSB)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
X+6	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4 (LSB)
X+7	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.	Input No.				
(Required)	4 (MSB)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
<u>Diagnostics</u>								
X	Allocated	Allocated	Allocated	Allocated	Power	Power	Power	Power
	and	and	and	and	Status for	Status for	Status for	Status for
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Conn. D	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. A
X+1	High	Low Alarm	High	Low Alarm	High	Low Alarm	High	Low
	Alarm for	for Conn.	Alarm for	for Conn.	Alarm for	for Conn.	Alarm for	Alarm for
	Conn. D	D	Conn. C	C	Conn. B	B	Conn. A	Conn. A





FEMALE

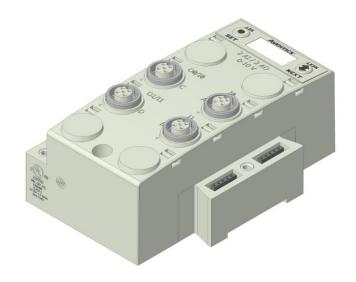
PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW) PIN 4= INPUT 1



One Analog I/O per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points	Input Points
240-213	0-10 VDC	VEC Visual	VEC (4) Coloctable	2	2
240-215	4-20 mA	YES – Visual	YES (4) Selectable	2	2

Output Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Х	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1 (LSB)	
X+1	Output No. 1 (MSB)	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	
X+2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2 (LSB)	
X+3	Output No. 2 (MSB)	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	
				Input Mappin	g				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Х	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)	
X+1	Input No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	
X+2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)	
X+3	Input No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	
Diagnostics									
	Allocated	Allocated	Allocated	Allocated	Power	Power	Power	Power	
X	and Reserved	and Reserved	and Reserved	and Reserved	Status for Conn. D	Status for Conn. C	Status for Conn. B	Status for Conn. A	
	High	Low Alarm	High	Low Alarm	High	Low Alarm	High	Low Alarm	
X+1	Alarm for Conn. D	for Conn. D	Alarm for Conn. C	for Conn. C	Alarm for Conn. B	for Conn. B	Alarm for Conn. A	for Conn. A	





CONNECTORS C & D

PIN 2= OUTPUT PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW)

PIN 4= INPUT

CONNECTORS A & B

PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 1= +24VDC (UNSW) PIN 2= NOT USED PIN 3= 0VDC (UNSW)

PIN 4= INPUT



# **AVENTICS** G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> DLR Technical Manual

One Analog Input per Connector A/B and One Analog Output + Duplicate of Input per Connector C/D - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit Protection Status Bits	Output Points	Input Points
240-307	0-10 VDC	YES	YES	2	2

Output Mapping									
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Х	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1 (LSB)					
X+1	Output No. 1 (MSB)	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	
X+2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2 (LSB)					
X+3	Output No. 2 (MSB)	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	
				Input Mapping	1				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Х	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)					
X+1	Input No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	
X+2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)					
X+3	Input No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	
	Diagnostics								
х	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Power / Short Status for Conn. D	Power / Short Status for Conn. C	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	
X+1	High Alarm for Conn. D	Low Alarm for Conn. D	High Alarm for Conn. C	Low Alarm for Conn. C	High Alarm for Conn. B	Low Alarm for Conn. B	High Alarm for Conn. A	Low Alarm for Conn. A	



#### I/O Connectors C & D (Female)

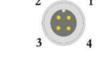
Pin 1 = +24 VDC

Pin 2 = OUTPUT

Pin 3 = 0 VDC

Pin 4 = INPUT

Pin 5 = NOT USED



#### AUXILIARY POWER (Male)

Pin 1 = +24 VDC (For Conn. C) Pin 2 = +24 VDC (For Conn. D)

Pin 3 = 0 VDC (For Conn. C) Pin 4 = 0 VDC (For Conn. D)

### Input Connectors A & B (Female)

Pin 1 = +10 VDC

Pin 2 = NOT USED

Pin 3 = 0 VDC

Pin 4 = INPUTPin 5 = NOT USED





One Analog Input + One Analog Output per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit / Power Present Status Bits	Input Channels	Output Channels
240-363	4-20 mA	YES	YES (4) – Selectable	4	4

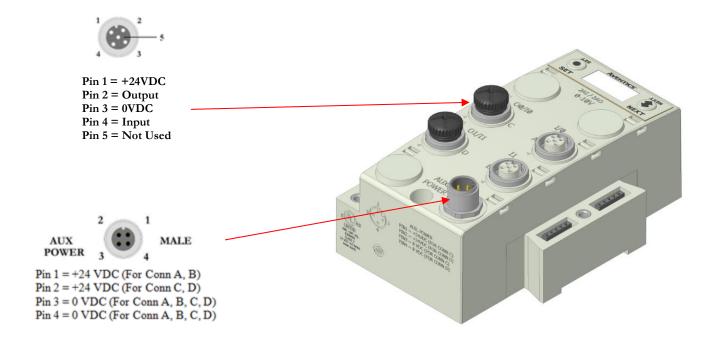
	_		Ou	tput Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1 (LSB)
X + 1 (Required)	Output No. 1 (MSB)	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1	Output No. 1
X + 2 (Required)	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2 (LSB)
X + 3 (Required)	Output No. 2 (MSB)	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2	Output No. 2
X + 4 (Required)	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3 (LSB)
X + 5 (Required)	Output No. 3 (MSB)	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3	Output No. 3
X + 6 (Required)	Output No. 4	Output 4	Output No. 4	Output No. 4	Output No. 4	Output No. 4	Output No. 4	Output No. 4 (LSB)
X + 7 (Required)	Output No. 4 (MSB)	Output 4	Output No. 4	Output No. 4	Output No. 4	Output No. 4	Output No. 4	Output No. 4
			In	put Mapping				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)
X + 1 (Required)	Input No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1
X + 2 (Required)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)
X + 3 (Required)	Input No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2
X + 4 (Required)	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1 (LSB)
X + 5 (Required)	Input No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1
X + 6 (Required)	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2 (LSB)
X + 7 (Required)	Input No. 4 (MSB)	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2



One 4-20ma Analog Input + One 4-20 Analog Output per Connector - M12 Female Modules

Module Part No.	Signal Type	Short Circuit Protection	Short Circuit / Power Present Status Bits	Input Channels	Output Channels
240-363	4-20 mA	YES	YES (4) – Selectable	4	4

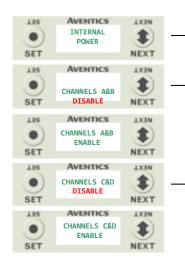
	Diagnostic Mapping							
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Selectable)	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Power/ Short Status for Conn. D	Power/ Short Status for Conn. C	Power/ Short Status for Conn. B	Power/ Short Status for Conn. A
X + 1 (Selectable)	High Alarm for Conn. D Input	Low Alarm for Conn. D Input	High Alarm for Conn. C Input	Low Alarm for Conn. C Input	High Alarm for Conn. B Input	Low Alarm for Conn. B Input	High Alarm for Conn. A Input	Low Alarm for Conn. A Input
X + 2 (Selectable)	High Alarm for Conn. D Output	Low Alarm for Conn. D Output	High Alarm for Conn. C Output	Low Alarm for Conn. C Output	High Alarm for Conn. B Output	Low Alarm for Conn. B Output	High Alarm for Conn. A Output	Low Alarm for Conn. A Output



Internal or Aux. Power Select (240-363 Only)



Analog devices connected to the 240-363 can be powered from the Aux. Power supply port (Internal Power Disabled) or from the module backplane (Internal Power Enabled). This is selected through the "Internal Power Menu" as shown. Channels A/B and C/D are controlled independently.



#### Internal Power Settings

- Press the SET button to enter the INTERNAL POWER menu
- 2. CHANNEL A & B DISABLE
- 3. Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
  - j. ENABLED (Factory Default)
  - k. DISABLED
  - RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

m.

Press the SET button to confirm your choice

- 4. CHANNEL C & D DISABLE
- 5. Press the NEXT button to scroll through the choices to enable or disable the feature.
  - n. ENABLED (Factory Default)
  - o. DISABLED
  - RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice



Power Source	Current Limitation for Module	Current Limitation for connector	
Aux Power	8A (From Aux. Power Conn.)	2.0A / output connector (2.0A Pin 1 to Pin 3)	
Internal Power 1.2A (from Backplane)		.15A (Pin 1 to Pin 3)	



#### 10.2 Analog Graphic Display

The G3 Analog I/O modules have an integrated graphic display that may be used to configure the parameters of the modules as well as show diagnostic information. Please see the following pages for detailed information regarding these displays.





Analog Module / I/O Mapping

Displays the starting Input and Output byte address for the module



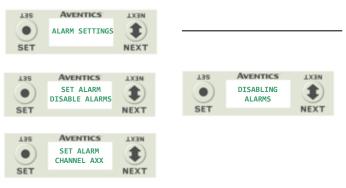
Analog Module / Module Number

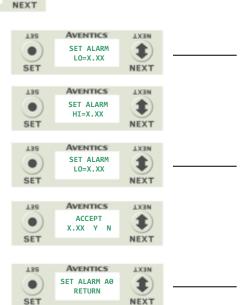
Displays the module number; identifying its position in the G3 I/O system.



Analog Module / Alarm Settings

Allows the setting of low and high alarms for analog inputs and outputs





#### Alarm Settings Steps

- Press the SET button to enter the Alarm Settings submenu.
- Press the SET button to Disable all alarms (default setting)
  - \*Note- Setting the Minimum value for Low alarm and the Maximum value for High alarm (for a channel) disables the alarm for that channel.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll to the appropriate analog channel.
- 4. Press the SET button to set the LO alarm setting
  - a. Push the SET button to access the menu and enter the alarm value
- 5. Press the NEXT button to SET the HI alarm setting.
  - a. Push the SET button to access the menu and enter the alarm value
  - b. Accept the changes by selecting Y and pushing SET
- 6. Press the SET button while in the RETURN screen to return to the main menu



Analog Module / Description

Displays the quantity and type of I/O on the module Ex. 2 analog Inputs and 2 analog outputs



Analog Module / Part number

Displays the replacement part number of the module

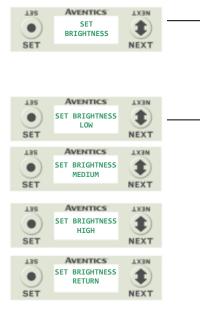


Analog Module / Firmware

Displays the firmware revision level for the module



Analog Module / Brightness



#### **Brightness Settings**

- Press the SET button to enter the SET BRIGHTNESS menu.
- Press the NEXT button to scroll the choices for the desired brightness of the LCD display for the analog module.
  - a. LOW
  - b. MEDIUM (Factory Default)
  - c. HIGH
  - RETURN (this will return you to the main menu)

Press the SET button to confirm your choice. The changes will take effect immediately.

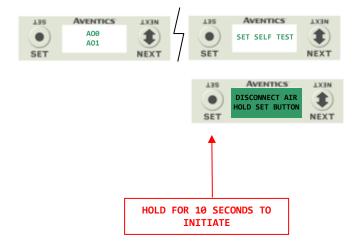


#### 10.3 Analog Module / Self Test Mode

Self-test mode is an internal diagnostic tool that can be enabled on the analog module using the graphic display. This tool allows the user to confirm that all of the outputs on the module are fully functional without needing a network connection or controller. The test will cycle the analog outputs. Starting with Output 0 it will increment the analog signal at 10% intervals; once it has reached 100% it will test the next available output. The self-test will continue to run until it is turned off by pressing the SET button.

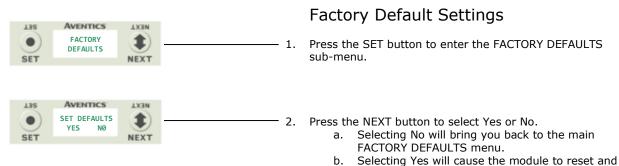
To use the Self-Test Mode, the user must first set some initial conditions. Follow these steps to initiate the self-test mode.

- 1) Disconnect Air and Communication from the manifold!
- 2) Starting at the Home Screen, navigate the menus by selecting the NEXT button until the SELF-TEST menu is shown.
- 3) Select the SET button to access the SELF-TEST menu
- 4) A message will appear: DISCONNECT AIR HOLD SET BUTTON
- 5) Hold the SET button down for approximately 10 seconds to enable the test. The Display will flash the above message while the button is pushed.
- 6) When the display stops flashing, the self-test mode will be running
- 7) Push or hold the NEXT button to cycle through the outputs. <u>Holding</u> the NEXT button will allow the analog outputs to cycle through the 10% intervals automatically. <u>Pushing</u> the NEXT button will allow the outputs to manually step through each 10% interval.
- 8) Releasing the NEXT button will keep the output in its current state.
- 9) The self-test mode can only be disabled by pushing the SET button





#### 10.4 Analog Module / Factory Defaults



return all parameters to the factory default

FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS					
Description	Default				
Low Alarm Values	0 V / 4 mA				
High Alarm Values	10 V / 20 mA				
Brightness	Medium				

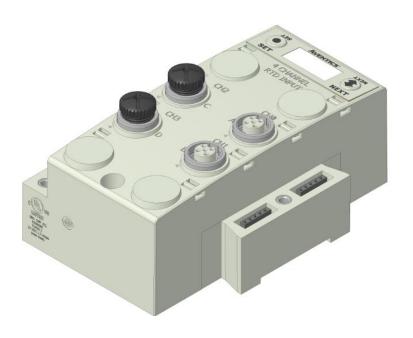


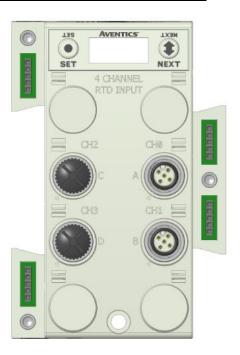
# 11. Specialty Modules

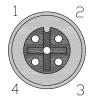
#### 11.1 RTD Module

The G3 RTD Temperature module is used with Resistive Temperature Detectors (RTDs) and can support up to 4 RTD devices simultaneously. This module supports various RTD types including: Pt100, Pt200, Pt500, Pt1000, Ni100 and Ni1000. Standard M12 single key connector types are used; each connector/port supports one RTD device, but four different device types can be used simultaneously. User configuration of parameters include: RTD type, temperature scale (Celsius or Fahrenheit), Hi/Low temperature alarms, and filter times, and can be selected individually for each connector port using the integrated display. The G3 RTD module can be incorporated into any G3 electronic system regardless of the protocol or I/O module position.

Module Part No.	I/O Type	Alarms	Diagnostics	Input Points
240-311	RTD	Hi/Low Temp for each Channel	Open/Short, Out of Range	4







#### FEMALE

PIN 1 = Sensor Current Source (I+)

PIN 2 = Sense Voltage (VIN+)

PIN 3 = Sensor Current Source (I-)

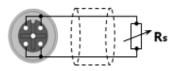
PIN 4 = Sense Voltage (VIN-)

PIN 5 = Not Used

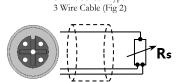


#### Sensor Wiring Diagrams

2 Wire Sensor Type 2 Wire Cable (Fig 1)

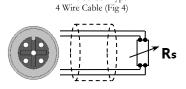


2 Wire Sensor Type Low Accuracy



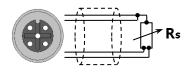
3 Wire Sensor Type

3 Wire Sensor Type Medium Accuracy



4 Wire Sensor Type

4 Wire Sensor Type High Accuracy



3 Wire Sensor Type 4 Wire Cable (Fig 3)



- For maximum accuracy on a 3 wire sensor type make identified jumper connections at the sensor end (see Figure 3). Cable resistance, resulting from cable length, affects measuring error; therefore use cables that are as short as possible.
- For long cable runs and high accuracy use 4 wire sensor types.

Electrical Data	
Voltage	24 VDC Module Supply (Via G3 System Aux. Power Connection)
Input Type	RTD (Resistive Temperature Detector),
	4 per Module
Supported Sensor Types	Pt100, Pt200, Pt500, Pt1000, Ni100, Ni1000
Supported Temperature Coefficients	.00385; .00392;Ω/Ω/°C
Resolution	15 bits, plus sign.
Data Format	Signed Integer; Two's complement.
Calibration	Factory Calibrated.
	Field Calibration w/ high tolerance ( $\pm 0.005\%$ ) 100 ohm and 350
	ohm resistor.
Input Update (filter) Rate	Adjustable (5-20mS), factory default: 5mS
Accuracy	0.1% of full scale @ 25° C
Mechanical Data	
I/O Connector	M12 4 Pin Female (Accepts 5 Pin)
Mass	247g / 8.7 oz
Operating Data	
Temperature Range	-10º to 115º F (-23º to 46º C)
Humidity	95% relative humidity: non-condensing
Ingress Protection	IP65 (with appropriate assembly and terminations)

Part Numbers and Mapping



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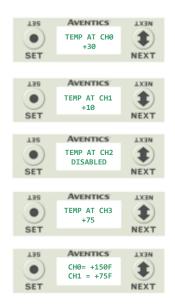
Module Part No.	I/O Type	Alarms	Diagnostics	Input Points
240-311	RTD	Hi/Low Temp for each Channel	Open/Short, Out of Range	4

	Input Mapping								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Х	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
X + 1	Sign Bit	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
X + 2	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
X + 3	Sign Bit	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
X + 4	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
X + 5	Sign Bit	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
X + 6	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
X + 7	Sign Bit	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	RTD	
	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	Channel	
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
			Diag	nostic Telegra	am				
X + 8	Channel 3	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 0	Channel 3	Channel 2	Channel 1	Channel 0	
	Out of	Out of	Out of	Out of	Open/	Open/	Open/	Open/	
	Range	Range	Range	Range	Short	Short	Short	Short	
X + 9	Channel 3 High Alarm	Channel 3 Low Alarm	Channel 2 High Alarm	Channel 2 Low Alarm	Channel 1 High Alarm	Channel 1 Low Alarm	Channel 0 High Alarm	Channel 0 Low Alarm	



RTD Module Graphic display

RTD Module / Temperature Monitoring



1) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the Temperature Monitoring display options.

Pressing the SET button while in one of the Temperature Monitoring displays, will return the display back to the home screen.

If "DISABLED" is the temperature identified at any channel, advance the display to Sensor Type Select, to choose a sensor/Enable the channel, or press the "SET" button to jump directly to the selection display.

<u>Unused channels should be left</u> "DISABLED".



Data is represented by Two's Complement, in tenths of a degree.



RTD Module / Sensor Type Select (Channel Enable)

Allows the sensor type for each channel to be selected, and, enable the channel selected



- A) Press the SET button to enter the Sensor Type Select sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the channels.
- C) Press the SET button to select the desired channel. If "DISABLED" is the first selection, the channel is <u>not</u> enabled. Select a sensor type to enable the channel.
- D) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the available sensor types.
- Press the SET button to select the desired sensor type.
- F) Press the SET button to load the selected sensor type.

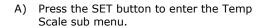


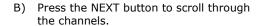
RTD Module / Temperature Scale

Allows the temperature scale for each channel to be set to Celsius or Fahrenheit.

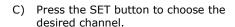














- D) Press the NEXT button to choose the desired scale.
- E) Press the SET button to load the selection.



RTD Module / Alarm Settings

Allows the Low and High alarms of each RTD Input channel to be set. This parameter generates a visual and logical (bit) when set value is achieved.











- A) Press the SET button to enter the Alarm Settings sub-menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the RTD Input channels.
- C) Press the SET button to enter the alarm setting for the selected Input channel.
- Press the NEXT button to select the Lo or High setting for the selected channel.
- E) Press the SET button to select the change process for the chosen alarm. The first digit/sign will be highlighted.
- F) Press the NEXT button to choose the value, or the SET button to select and move to the next digit.
- G) Press the NEXT button to choose "Y" or "N" Select. Then press the SET Button to Accept.



- When alarm values are set to maximum/minimum values, the alarm function is disabled.
- Factory default settings for all alarms are disabled.



RTD Module / Advanced Setting

Allows the Update Filters for each channel to be set.





- A) Press the SET button to enter the Advance Settings sub-menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to choose the option; Update Filters or Calibrate RTD.

#### **Update Filters**

- C) Press the SET button to choose the Update Filter setting.
- D) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the filter times.
- Press the SET button to select the desired Update Filter time.





#### RTD Module / I/O Mapping Input Byte



#### RTD Module / Module Number (Position)



#### RTD Module / Module Description



#### RTD Module / Part Number



#### RTD Module / Firmware Revision





#### RTD Module / Set Display Brightness

Allows the Brightness of the display to be changed







- A) press the SET button to enter the Set Brightness sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to scroll through the brightness options
- C) Press the SET button to load the selection.

RTD Module / Flip Display

Allows the Display to be flipped 180 degrees.









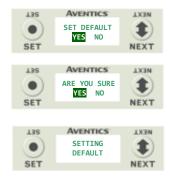
- A) press the SET button to enter the Flip Display sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to choose the orientation.
- Press the SET button to load the selection.



#### RTD Module / Factory Defaults

Set all parameter settings to default values.





- A) Press the SET button to enter the Factory Defaults sub menu.
- B) Presss the NEXT button to choose Yes or No.
- C) Press the SET button to confirm.
- D) Press the SET button again.



Factory Default Settings				
Alarm – High & Low	Disabled (Set to Min/Max for each chosen sensor)			
Input Update Filter	5 mS			
Sensor Type	Pt 100 385			
Temp Scale	Celsius			
Display Brightness	Medium			
Flip Display	Normal			

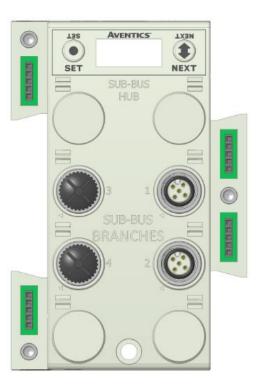


# **AVENTICS**<sup>™</sup> G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> DLR Technical Manual

#### 11.2 Sub-Bus Hub Module

The G3 HUB module allows for branch distribution from the I/O side of the G3 System and can be integrated into the existing G3 Series Sub-Bus configuration. Auto Addressing allows for trouble free set up and configuration. Input, Output, as well as Valve manifolds can be attached to the available four Branches on a HUB module. Each G3 System can support up to two HUB modules, allowing for maximum flexibility. The HUB module is transparent to the I/O side of the G3 and does not reserve one of the potential sixteen positions.

Module Part No.	Module Type	Diagnostics	Input Size / Output Size	Branches
240-326	HUB	Sub-Bus Short Circuit	0 / 0 - See Note	4







240-205 240-205







The Sub-bus hub module does not produce mapped diagnostics. The data table in this example represents what is physically attached to the HUB module. This will change as modules are added or removed.

Example I/O Mapping of Attached Modules								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
X (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
X + 1 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8
X + 2 (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status
X + 3 (Required)	Input 7	Input 6	Input 5	Input 4	Input 3	Input 2	Input 1	Input 0
X + 4 (Required)	Input 15	Input 14	Input 13	Input 12	Input 11	Input 10	Input 9	Input 8
X + 5 (Selectable)	Conn. H SCP Status	Conn. G SCP Status	Conn. F SCP Status	Conn. E SCP Status	Conn. D SCP Status	Conn. C SCP Status	Conn. B SCP Status	Conn. A SCP Status

Where X =starting byte



#### Hub Module / Identification



Hub Module / Description



1) Identifies HUB module in G3 System.

2) Identifies Module type.

#### Hub Module / Advanced Settings



**Brightness** 



3) Allows the user to set/configure module parameters.

Press the SET button to advance to the first parameter/setting.

- A) Press the SET button to enter the Set Brightness sub-menu and highlight the selection.
- B) Press the NEXT button to select the desired Brightness selection, (Low, Medium, High).
- C) Press the SET button to slect the desired Brightness level.

Screen Jumps to Next Parameter/Selection

Flip Display

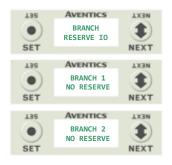




- D) Press the SET button to enter the Flip Display sub-menu and highlight the selection.
- Press the NEXT button to select the desired Flip Display selection, (Normal, Flipped).
- F) Press the SET button to select the desired display orientation.
- G) Press NEXT to advance to the next parameter selection (Branch Reserve

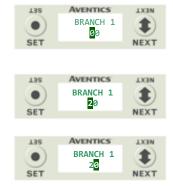


#### Branch Reserve I/O



- H) Press the SET button to enter the Branch Reserve IO sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to select the desired Branch to reserve I/O bytes.

I/O data bytes can be reserved on each branch for future expansion within the G3 system. Space is reserved in Byte levels, and populates Input, Output, and Status depending on the protocol and configuration chosen (e.g.  $EtherNet/IP^{TM}$ ). A maximum of 64 bytes per channel can be reserved.



- J) Press the SET button to enter the chosen Branch/Byte Selection screen.
- K) Press the NEXT button to select the desired Tens value of reserved bytes.
- Press the SET button to set the desired Tens value.
- M) The screen will advance to the Ones selection
- Press the NEXT button to select the desired Ones value for reserved bytes.
- Press the SET button to set the desired Ones value.

Once the desired byte size is chosen for the selected branch, the screen will jump to the next branch. The same process is performed for the remaining branches, if desired. Press the NEXT button to skip over branches that do not require reserving I/O.



#### **Factory Defaults**



 Allows all parameter settings to be set back to default values.



- A) Press the SET button to enter the Factory Defaults sub menu.
- B) Press the NEXT button to choose Yes or No.
- C) Press the SET button to confirm.



D) Press the SET button again.



	Factory Default Settings				
_	Brightness	Medium			
	Flip Display	Normal			
Reserve I/O		No Reserve (all Branches)			



Diagnostics

AVENTICS

DIAGNOSTICS

NEXT

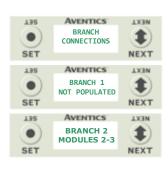
5) Allows the user to refernce Part No., Firmware Rev., and Branch Connections.

Part Number PART NUMBER 240-326 NEXT

Firmware Rev.

FIRMWARE V. 2.060

Branch Connections



 Press the NEXT button to enter the Diagnostics sub-menu.

The Part Number screen is displayed (reference only).

- Press the NEXT button to advance to the Firmware revision screen (reference only).
- C) Press the NEXT button to advance to the Branch Connections screen.
- D) Press the SET button to enter the Branch Connections sub-menu.
- Press the NEXT button to advance through the Branches.

Each Branch screen indicates identifys the module numbers that are currently connected to that Branch.

Help

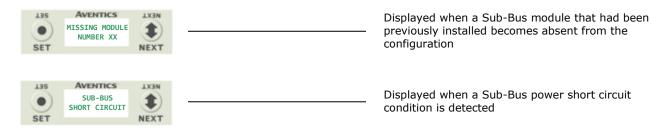


- 6) Directs the user to the Aventics website.
  - A) Press the SET button for website address.



#### Error/Event Messages

The following are error messages that are displayed when specific faults/events occur during operation:



#### Connector Pin Out



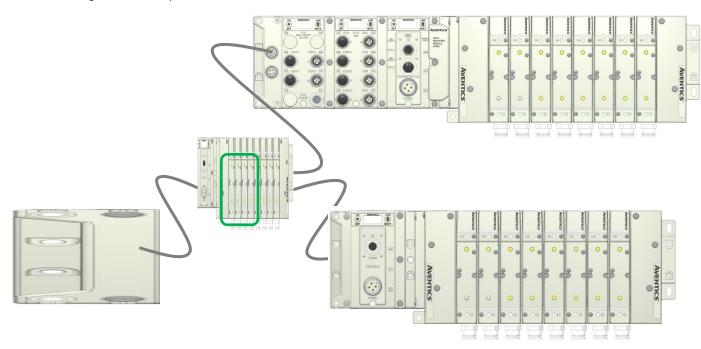


- Length of molded or field wired Sub-Bus Branch cables should not exceed the maximum length of 30 meters per Sub-Bus Branch communication link.
- The molded cable assemblies and bulk cable are the only approved cables for the G3 Sub-Bus and Branch Link. Please refer to the G3 Electronics catalog (LT-G3Catalog), for Sub-Bus cable and connectors options. See Technical Document TDG3SBWD1-0EN for proper installation and wiring of field wire-able connectors.



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HUB Integration - Example





Module Part No.		Description	Details	Export Config and Log	Activit	y 🛮		
Node 240-325		EtherNet/IP DLR/QC Com	☐ Show	Details	Close all Details	<b>√</b>		
ARM 240-182		Auto Recovery Module	☐ Show	Details	Close all Details	4		
No. 1 240-205		16 Inputs PNP Digital M12	☐ Show	Details	Close all Details	<b>√</b>		
Hub 1 240-326			Sub-Bus Hub Module	✓ Show	Details	Close all Details	4	
	Firmware	Revision:		2.070				
				Branch 1	Branch 2	Branch 3	Branch 4	
		rved (bytes):						
Unused F		Reserved Input	1-7				-	
		Reserved Diagr	ostic (Status) Inputs (bytes):	-	-	-	-	
		Reserved Outpo	it (bytes):	-	-	-	-	
		io's. on branch		-	2, 3, 4	-	5, 6	
→ Branch 2, M	lod. No. 2	240-241	Sub-Bus Valve Driver		☐ Show	Details	Close all Details	4
→ Branch 2, Mod. No. 3 240-205			16 Inputs PNP Digital M12	☐ Show	Details	Close all Details	~	
→ Branch 2, Mod. No. 4 240-205		16 Inputs PNP Digital M12	☐ Show	Details	Close all Details	4		
→ Branch 4, Mod. No. 5 240-205		16 Inputs PNP Digital M12	☐ Show	Details	Close all Details	~		
→ Branch 4, Mod. No. 6 240-205			16 Inputs PNP Digital M12	☐ Show	Show Details Close all Details			
					☐ Show	Error/Event Log		
→ Branch 2, Mod. No. 4 240-205 16 Inputs PNP Digital M12  → Branch 4, Mod. No. 5 240-205 16 Inputs PNP Digital M12			2 x 8	Show Show	Details Details Details	Ciose al Detais		



# 12. I/O Module Wiring Diagrams

#### 12.1 NPN/PNP Definitions



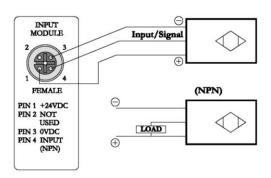
- Sourcing
- Switching Positive
- Negative Common



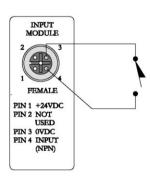
+24VDC •

NPN (Sinking) Input Connection

#### Electric Sensor Type

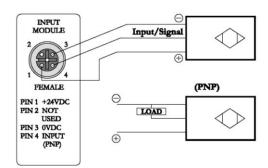


#### Mechanical Sensor Type

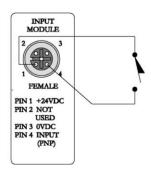


PNP (Sourcing) Input Connection

#### **Electric Sensor Type**



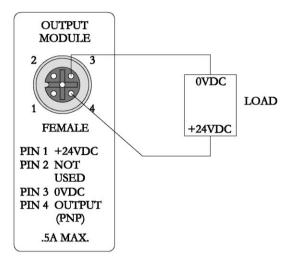
#### Mechanical Sensor Type





I/O Module Wiring Diagrams Continued

PNP (Sourcing) Output Connection





#### 13. EtherNet/IP™ G3 Web Server

#### 13.1 Integrated Web Page Configuration

The Aventics G3-EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> node utilizes an integrated web server for user access to configuration parameters and diagnostic features. The "G3 Webpage" can be accessed via any standard web browser program. The following steps describe how to connect to a G3 series Ethernet/IP<sup>TM</sup> to access the integrated webpage using Windows XP (see page 172 for Windows 7 instructions).

#### 13.2 Connecting to a G3 Series EtherNet/IP™ Node

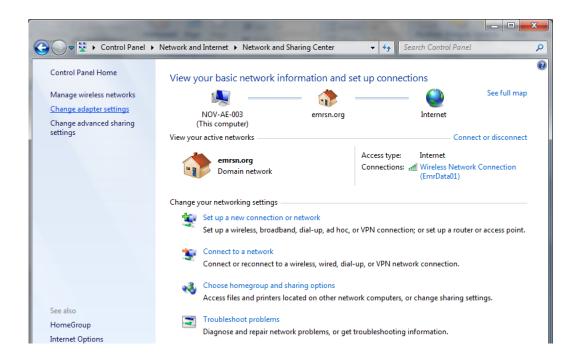
This section will discuss how to connect a computer to a G3 Series EtherNet/ $IP^{TM}$  node. There are multiple ways to complete this task, so only two will be discussed. All computer commands are shown in Windows 7.

- Connect a 24VDC power supply to the valve manifold. The connector pin-out can be found on the side of the EtherNet/IP™ node or on page 20 of this document. (Note: 24VDC only needs to be applied to the "+24VDC (NODE & INPUTS)" pin to power the node.)
- 2. Connect an Ethernet cable directly from the manifold to the computer -OR- Connect an Ethernet cable from the manifold to a router, hub, or switch. Connect a second Ethernet cable from the computer to the router, hub, or switch. (Network lights should appear on the router, hub, or switch if the correct cables are used).
- 3. Turn on the computer. Also, make sure the manifold and the switch have power.
- 4. To communicate with an EtherNet/IP™ manifold the IP address of your computer must be known. To start this process, left click on the "Start" button.
- 5. Left click on control panel, then left click view network status and tasks

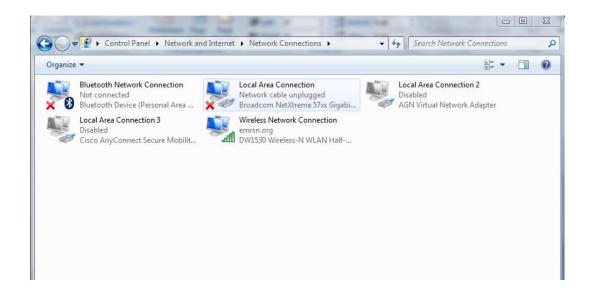




6. The "Network and Sharing Center" window will open. Double click on "Change adapter settings".

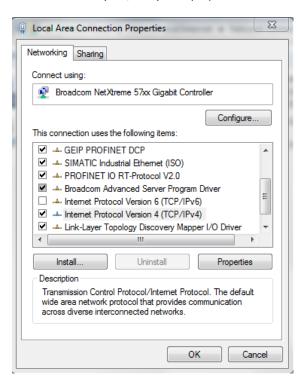


7. The "Network Connections" window opens. Double click the "Local Area Connection Icon"

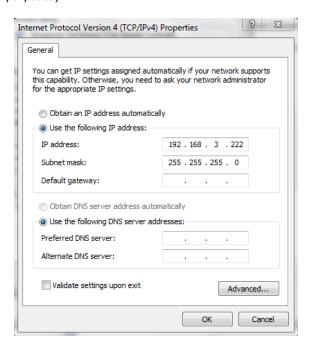




8. Click on "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)" the properties window will open



9. Choose the option marked "Use the following IP address" and type in an IP address that has the same first three octets as the address that you will set the manifold to. For the last octet you may choose any number from 0-255, just make sure that it is not the same number as the IP address that the manifold will have. Make sure your subnet mask is set to "255.255.255.0" (this value can be changed, but this value will be used for demonstration purposes).





- 10. Left click "OK" in the "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties" and "Local Area Connection" windows for the changes to take effect on the computer. Close out of any open windows.
- 11. Open a web browser on the computer and type the IP address of the manifold. Ex. <a href="http://192.168.3.120">http://192.168.3.120</a>. The Aventics G3 webpage should load after several seconds.









#### 13.3 EtherNet/IP™ Web Server functionality

This section will discuss the functionality of the built in Ethernet server. Every Aventics EtherNet/ $IP^{TM}$  has this feature. Through this server you can configure the node, force I/O, check diagnostics, etc. Each Aventics' webpage will be explained.

Home

To get to the Aventics "Home" page, open a web browser. In the URL line, type in the IP address of the manifold and press "Enter". The Aventics "Home" page will appear. This page shows a picture of the Aventics EtherNet/IP $^{\text{TM}}$  manifold. From this page, the user can navigate the entire built-in web server.









#### **Node Configuration**

The "Node Configuration" window can be used to control different parameters within the manifold. These parameters include, "IP Address", "Subnet Mask", "Gateway Address", "SMTP Server", "DHCP/BOOTP enabled", "MAC Address", and "COMM Fault/Idle Mode". "DHCP/BOOTP enabled" is controlled by a single check mark box. "COMM Fault/Idle Mode" has two options that can be chosen: "Hold last Output State" and "Turn OFF All Outputs". *IP address, Subnet Mask, and DHCP/BOOTP enabled* selections can all be configured from this page.



Node Configuration (Green selections denote Factory Default settings)					
DHCP:	Disabled v				
IP Address:	192.168.0.120				
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0				
Gateway IP Address:					
Web Server:	Enabled 🗸				
Max Coils on Manifold (32 = Standard):	32 🔻				
Safety Zones (Only configurable when Max Coils = 32):	None				
COMM Fault / Idle Mode:	Turn OFF All Outputs 🕶				
Aventics Part No. 240-181 Compatibility Mode:	Disabled •				
Node Configuration Parameters:	Unlocked				
I/O Configuration:	Unlocked <b>∨</b>				
Display Orientation (Global):	Normal				
Display Brightness (Global):	Medium 🗸				
Comm. Format (I/O Data Padding):	SINT				

Update Configuration



Node Password Tab

The "Password" window allows the user to set a password that will prevent access to test outputs in the G3 diagnostic webpage. The password comes disabled from the factory. To set the initial password, leave the "Enter Current Password" field blank and type in the new password in the "Enter New Password" field.



Change Password				
Enter Current Password: (up to 20 characters)				
Enter New Password: (up to 20 characters)				
Repeat New Password:				

Change Password

This page allows password protection of the <u>Node Configuration</u> page and the I/O Force & Test features of the <u>Diagnostics</u> page. To disable password protection, leave the "Enter New password" box empty. If you have forgotten a previously set password please contact Aventics Technical support.



If the password has been lost. Enter the last 6 digits of the MAC Address in the current password field and then enter the desired password in the new password field.



#### **Diagnostics Tab**

The "Diagnostics" window allows the user to monitor different values. These values include, "MAC Address", "Serial Number", "Firmware Revision", and "Valve Diagnostic Table". The "Valve Diagnostic Table" enables the user to check the status of the valve side outputs.

Actual
Configuration of
modules with part
numbers and
descriptions
including
distributed
modules



Reports module status:

✓ = OK! = Attention

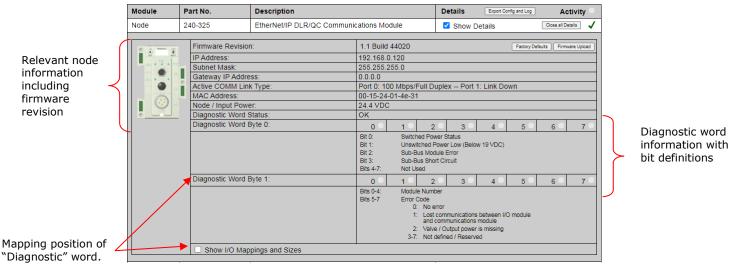
! = Attention **X** = Lost comm.

Selects which module details will be shown, more than 1 can be selected simultaneously.



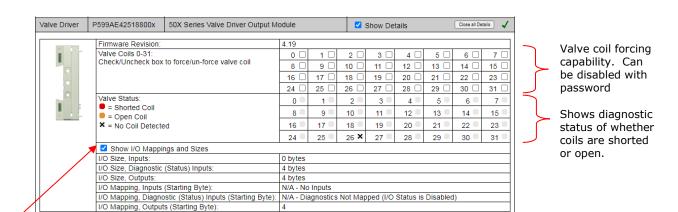
Show Details: Communication Module





Diagnostic word information mapping with bit definitions

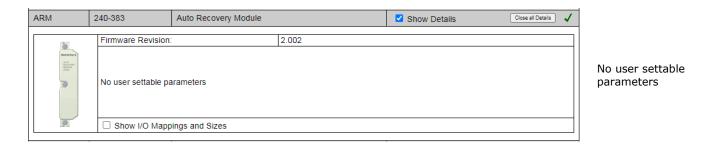
Show Details: 50x Series Valve Driver Output Module



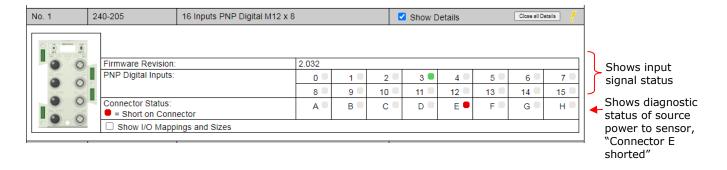
Show I/O Mapping and sizes



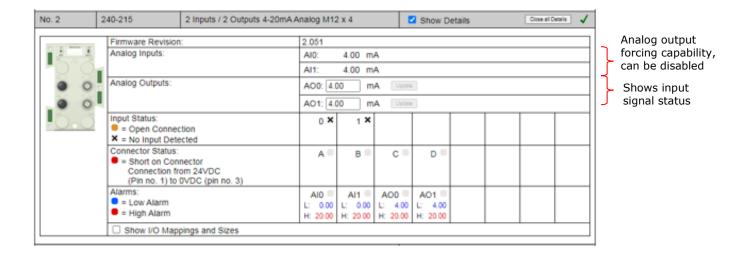
Show Details: 240-383



Show Details: 240-205



Show Details: 240-215





Error / Event Log:





Studio 5000 Configuration



#### Configuration with Studio 5000

When commissioning your EtherNet/IP network, specific values must be entered into the "Module Properties" window for the nodes. The "Connection Parameters" section requires user supplied data for "Input Size", "Output Size", and "Configuration". The table below details all pertinent information and is also dynamic, thus the "Size" data is based on the current/actual configuration of the manifold. It contains the appropriate values for the module's Connection Parameters selections.

The sample screenshot is taken from Rockwell Automation's Studio 5000 programming software. It shows where the appropriate values for the IP Address, Assembly Instance, Size, and Configuration must be entered.

#### Module Properties Based on Actual Configuration

	Connection Parameters								
Description	Assembly Instance Value	Comm Format	Size	Notes					
		Data-SINT With Status (8 bit)	2						
Input	101 (Decimal)	Data-INT With Status (16 bit)	1						
		Data-DINT With Status (32 bit)	1	The Size values are determined from the number and type of I/O modules					
		Data-SINT With Status (8 bit)	4	that are installed on the manifold (actual physical configuration).					
Output	150 (Decimal)	Data-INT With Status (16 bit)	2	, and and another the manner (20122)					
		Data-DINT With Status (32 bit)	1	These values are shown in the Size column on the left and are for the					
Configuration	1 (Decimal)	ALL	0	specific Comm Format selected. This is a minimum value. Larger values					
		Data-SINT With Status (8 bit)	7	may be specified but may affect overall network throughput.					
Status Input	110 (Decimal)	Data-INT With Status (16 bit)	4						
		Data-DINT With Status (32 bit)	2						
Status Output	193 (Decimal)	ALL	N/A						



Download EDS

The "Download EDS" tab provides a link to download either the embedded EDS file in the node or the EDS file available on the Aventics' website <a href="http://www.asco.com/g3">http://www.asco.com/g3</a>

Aventics.com

The "Aventics.com" tab is a quick link to Aventics' website. The computer must have internet access for this tab to be functional.



Download embedded EDS & ICON files Download web based EDS & ICON files



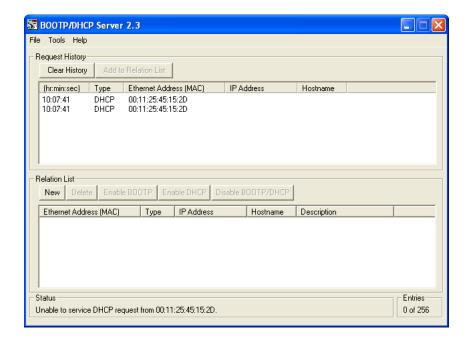
#### 13.4 IP Address Configuration

The IP address of the Aventics G3 EtherNet/IP™ node may be configured via several different methods:

- DHCP/BOOTP
- Integrated Web Page Configuration
- · Graphical display

#### DHCP / BOOTP

The node is shipped from the factory with the DHCP/BOOTP feature enabled. This allows a DHCP server to automatically set the IP address to the node when connected to the network, or a BOOTP server to establish communication to the node and set the IP address. These addressing methods require that the unique MAC ADDRESS of the node is known. The MAC ADDRESS is displayed on the graphical display of the node. It will be different for every node. When DHCP/BOOTP is enabled and a DHCP server is found, the IP address, Subnet mask, and gateway are automatically configured by the DHCP server.



The DHCP/BOOTP setting can be enabled or disabled via the nodes integrated web server or graphical display.



### 13.5 User Configurable Device Parameters

The Aventics' G3 Ethernet/ $IP^{TM}$  node allows the user to set many user options which define how the manifold behaves in certain instances. The following is a description of these device parameters.

Name	Description	Display	Web Server
IP Address	Node address	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
DHCP Boot-P	Enables / Disables DHCP/Boot- P functionality	√	<b>√</b>
Web Server	Web Server Enabled	$\checkmark$	√
Comm. Format	Sets Comm. format of I/O data	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>
Quick Connect	Enables fast connection of the Ethernet IP network	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>
Output Idle Action	Determines whether to use idle value attribute or hold last state	√	<b>√</b>
Output Fault Action	Determines whether to use idle value attribute or hold last state	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>



#### 13.6 Communication Fault/Idle Mode Parameter

This parameter is used to describe characteristics or behaviors of output points (bits). The parameter shown below is used to determine what state the outputs will have, during an "Idle" event and a "Fault" event. The Communication Fault/Idle Mode parameter will allow control of all output points on the manifold.

The user, through web page or graphic display settings, can determine how the outputs behave when a communication fault or idle actions occurs. These settings are non-volatile and thus will not change upon loss of power.

The two behavior options are:

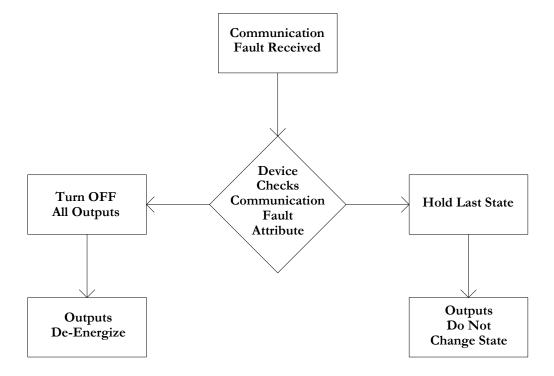
- 1. Hold Last State
- 2. Turn Off All Outputs

#### Communication Fault / Idle Mode Sequence

The Communication Fault/Idle Mode parameter determines the output state if the device encounters a communication fault and/or idle action. A Communication Fault is defined as an inability for the master node to communicate with a slave node on a network. Idle Mode is a condition when the processor is in program mode.

The process for determining the output state during a Communication Fault/Idle Mode is as follows:

- 1. The device receives a Communication Fault/Idle Mode event.
- 2. The device determines what action to take based on the Communication Fault/Idle Mode attribute setting.
- 3. If the attribute is set to turn off all outputs, all of the outputs will turn off (Factory Default Setting).4. If the attribute is set to hold last state, all of the outputs will hold their last state.

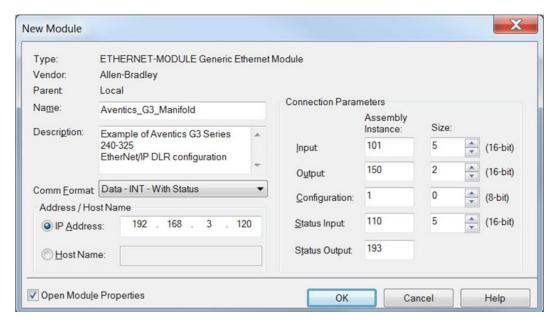




### 14. EtherNet/IP™ Commissioning

### 14.1 G3 configuration for RSLogix 5000 (Rockwell Generic Ethernet Module)

When commissioning your EtherNet/IP™ network, specific parameters must be entered into the RS Logix 5000 Generic Ethernet Module configuration. These parameters include: "Comm Format", "Assembly Instance", "Input Size", "Output Size", and "Configuration". The "Size" values are determined from the actual physical configuration of the manifold (i.e. how many and which I/O modules are installed on the manifold. The manifold required data size can easily be determined through the RS Logix 5000 Config. tab of the Ethernet IP webpage (see page 138). The size values are a minimum value; higher values can be used if future manifold I/O expansion is required. An example of the Generic Ethernet module configuration box is shown below.



#### Generic Ethernet Module Parameters

#### Comm. Format

The "Comm Format" determines the format of the data exchanged with the G3 EtherNet/ $IP^{TM}$  node. The "Comm Format" parameter "with status"; writes the G3 diagnostic and I/O status and diagnostic data to a separate PLC status table.

Description	Data	Description
	Data – DINT	Double Integer – 32 Bit
	Data – DINT (with status)	Double Integer – 32 Bit with separate status table
Come ma Formant	Data – INT	Integer – 16 Bit
Comm Format	Data – INT (with status)	Integer – 16 Bit with separate status table
	Data – SINT	Single Integer – 8 Bit
	Data – SINT (with status)	Single Integer – 8 Bit with separate status table



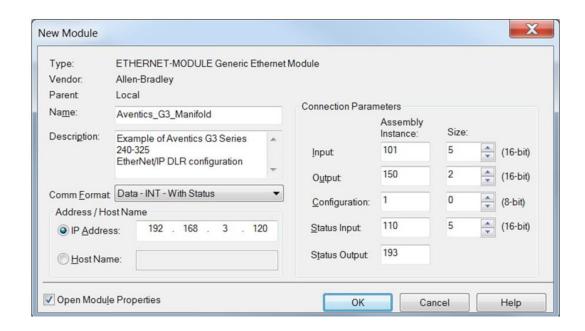
#### Assembly Instance Values

The following Assembly Instance parameters must be used with the G3 EtherNet/IP™ DLR module.

Description	Assembly Instance Values	Size (depends on data format)
Input	101 (Decimal)	Total input value from the physical manifold configuration. This is a minimum value. Larger values may be specified for future expansion purposes.
Output	150 (Decimal)	Total output value from the physical manifold configuration. This is a minimum value. Larger values may be specified for future expansion purposes.
Configuration	1 (Decimal)	0
Status Input	110 (Decimal)	Total input value of diagnostic input data. This is a minimum value. Larger values may be specified for future expansion purposes.
Status Output	193 (Decimal)	NA

Generic Ethernet Module (example)

The following example configured as INT-With Status (if diagnostics are enabled in the G3 EtherNet/ $IP^{TM}$  node, they are Refer to I/O mapping examples page 162.





### 14.2 G3 configuration for RSLogix 5000 (Aventics G3 EDS File)

Download the EDS file for the 240-325 G3 Ethernet DLR module (part no. 240-325) at the link below.

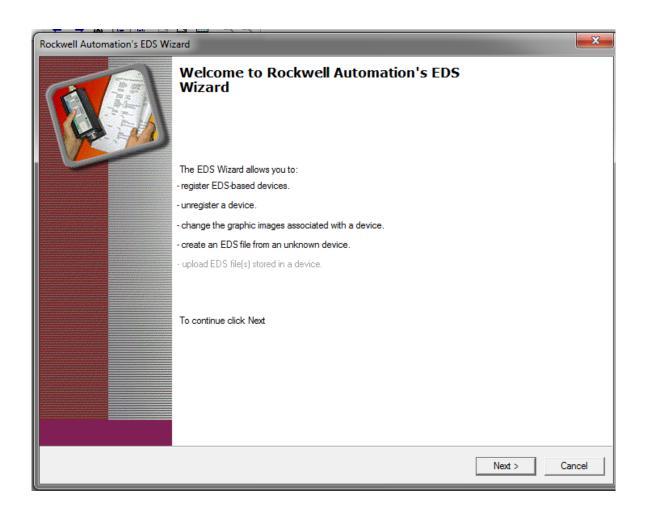
https://www.asco.com/en-us/Pages/fieldbus-technical-document-search.aspx

Extract the files from the folder (EDSG3EDSV18\_1.zip).

### Files

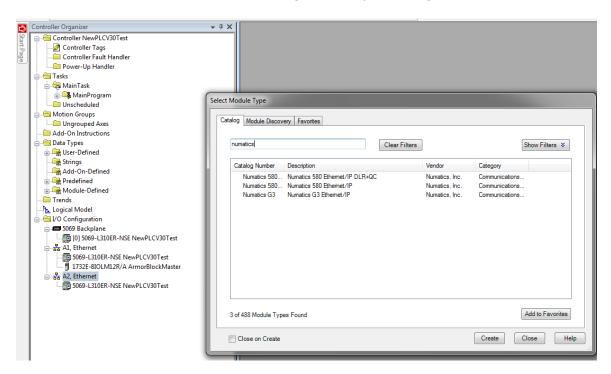


From RS Logix or Studio 5000 run the "EDS Wizard" and install **both version 1.04 and 1.08 EDS files**.

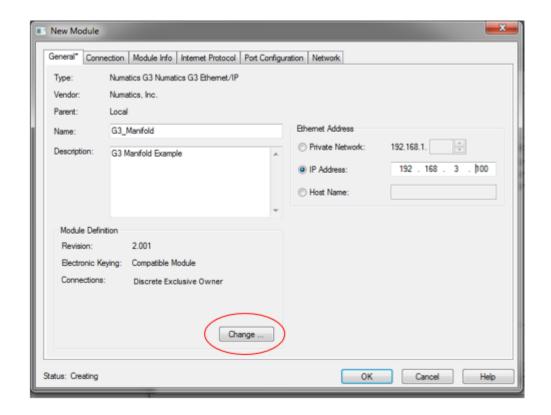




Add the Aventics module to the PLC configuration by selecting; Aventics G3 Ethernet/IP

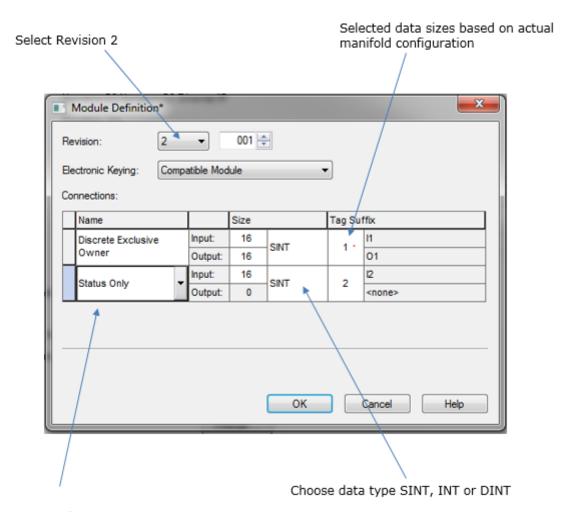


Configure the Aventics G3 Ethernet IP Module parameters including; Name, IP Address and optional description, select "Change"





Parameters
Select Revision "2"
Choose data type SINT, INT or DINT
Selected data sizes based on actual manifold configuration
Select Status Only to create a status table for G3 diagnostic data
Save and download the configuration



Select Status Only to create a status table for G3 diagnostic data



# 15. EtherNet/IP™ Mapping

#### 15.1 I/O Sizes

#### Manifold

#### **Outputs**

Outputs are defined as any valve solenoid coil and/or any discrete output point from any output module. The output size depends upon the physical configuration of the manifold (i.e. module type and how many are used). Please reference the following pages for a detailed explanation for calculating the output size.

#### **Inputs**

Inputs are defined as physical input bits from input modules and status bits (i.e. diagnostic word generated by the node, status input bits produced by output drivers and SCP status bits). Thus, the input size will include physical input points, as well as status input bits. Please reference the following pages for a detailed explanation for calculating the input size.

#### Valve Side

The size for the "valve side" of the manifold consists of an output bit for each valve solenoid coil driver and an input bit for the corresponding diagnostic status input bit. This value for the valve side size is 4 bytes of inputs and 4 bytes of outputs.

#### Discrete Side

The discrete side of the manifold is defined as all I/O modules connected to the left of the communication node. This includes physically attached modules as well as any distributed sub-bus modules. I/O sizes for the discrete side are automatically configured based on the I/O module type installed. However, the user can affect these sizes manually via settable parameters on the node. The output value consists of physical outputs (i.e. output bit for each output point). The input value consists of physical inputs (i.e. input bit for each input point) and user settable status input bits for corresponding physical outputs and SCP status bits.

### Total I/O Size

The overall size of the I/O data for the manifold will consist of the valve size plus the discrete I/O size and all enabled Diagnostic bits. The I/O size can vary greatly, due to the many physical configuration and user settable parameters combinations. The worksheet on page 160 will allow accurate sizing of the I/O data.



# 15.2 Manifold and I/O Data Sizing Worksheet Step

1

: Choose appropriate value and place the corresponding Input and Output values in the boxes labeled, "Valve Byte Requirements" at the bottom of the page

2

: Choose up to sixteen modules to be included on the discrete I/O side of the manifold and place sum of the corresponding input bytes and output bytes in the boxes labeled, "Sub-Bus Byte Requirements" at the bottom of the page.

3

: Total the input bytes and output bytes values from the boxes labeled "Sub-Bus Byte Requirements" and "Valve Byte Requirements" in the boxes labeled "Total Input and Output Bytes for Manifold. This is the total input and output byte values required for the configured manifold.

Valve Side						
			Input Bytes			
Step	Valve Side		Status	Status	Output Bytes	
			Enabled	Disabled		
1	Up to 32 Solenoid Coils		4	0	4	

Digital Modules							
			Input	: Bytes			
Step	Module No.	Description	Status	Status	Output Bytes		
			Enabled	Disabled			
	240-203/204	16 Inputs	3	2	0		
24	240-205/209	16 Inputs	3	2	0		
	240-206/210/379	8 Inputs	2	1	0		
2	240-207	16 Outputs	2	0	2		
	240-208	8 Outputs	1	0	1		
	240-211	8 Inputs / 8 Outputs	3	1	1		
	240-241	Sub - Bus Valve Output	4	0	4		
	240-300	High Current 8 Outputs	1	0	1		

Analog	Analog Modules								
			Input	Bytes	Output Bytes				
Step	Module No.	Description	Status	Status					
			Enabled	Disabled					
2	240-212/214	4 Inputs	10	8	0				
2	240-213/215/307	2 Inputs/ 2 Outputs	6	4	4				

Total I	al Input/Output Size Calculation							
Step	Module Position	Model Number	Input Bytes	Output Bytes				
	1 <sup>st</sup>							
	2 <sup>nd</sup>							
	3 <sup>rd</sup>							
	4 <sup>th</sup>							
	5 <sup>th</sup>							
	6 <sup>th</sup>							
	7 <sup>th</sup>							
	8 <sup>th</sup>							
2	9 <sup>th</sup>							
_	10 <sup>th</sup>							
	11 <sup>th</sup>							
	12 <sup>th</sup>							
	13 <sup>th</sup>							
	14 <sup>th</sup>							
	15 <sup>th</sup>							
	16 <sup>th</sup>							
		Sub-Bus Byte Requirements:						
		Optional Diagnostic Word:	2	0				
1		Valve Byte Requirements:						
3		Total Input and Output Bytes for Manifold						



### 15.3 Bit Mapping Rules

The bit mapping for a G3 manifold varies with the physical configuration of the manifold. The following is a breakdown of the bit mapping rules associated with the Aventics valve manifold.

#### Valve Side

- 1) Solenoid coil outputs are connected to the valve coils using the Z-Boards™.
- 2) The valve solenoid coil output portion of the total output size is fixed at 4 bytes.
- 3) Each solenoid coil output has an associated status input bit (refer to the section labeled, "Output Short Circuit Protection", on page 26 for functional details). The solenoid coil status input size is fixed at 4 bytes.
- 4) Solenoid coil output addressing begins at the 1<sup>st</sup> manifold station nearest the node using "14" coil 1<sup>st</sup> and then, if applicable, the "12" coil, and continues in ascending order away from the communication node.
- 5) Each manifold station allocates 1 or 2 output bits. This is dependent on the Z-Board™ type installed. A single Z-Board™ allocates 1 output bit. A double Z-Board™ allocates 2 output bits.
- 6) Z-Boards<sup>™</sup> can be used in any arrangement (all singles, all doubles, or any combination) as long as output group No.1 and output group No. 2 bits do not overlap (i.e. combinations of Z-Boards<sup>™</sup> could exist where the physical configuration of the manifold could exceed the output capacity.



Single solenoid valves can be used with double Z-Boards<sup>™</sup>. However, one
of the two available outputs will remain unused.

### Discrete I/O Side

#### Outputs

- 1) The Sub-Bus output byte size portion is self-configuring in byte increments, after an output module is installed on the Sub-Bus and power is applied.
- 2) Outputs are mapped consecutively by module. The output bits from the 1<sup>st</sup> module will be mapped directly after the bits from the valve coils. The output bits from the second module will be mapped directly after the output bits from the 1<sup>st</sup> module and so on.

#### **Inputs**

- 1) The Sub-Bus input byte size portion is self-configuring in byte increments, after an input module is plugged into back plane and power is applied.
- 2) Inputs are mapped consecutively by module. The input bits from the 1<sup>st</sup> module will be mapped directly after the status bits from the valve side. The input bits from the second module will be mapped directly after the input bits from the 1<sup>st</sup> module and so on.
- 3) All of the modules have associated internal status bits, which will affect the total value of input bytes...
- 4) When a module has discrete and status inputs, the status bits are mapped after the discrete input bits.



# **AVENTICS**<sup>™</sup> G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> DLR Technical Manual

### I/O Mapping Examples

### **Assumed Settings**

15.4 Example No. 1 (501 Valves with 60 coils)

- Double Z-Boards<sup>TM</sup> used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.

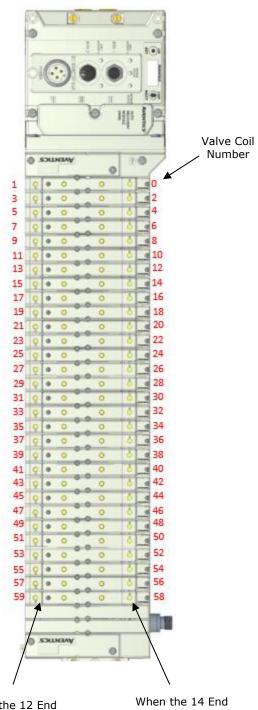
### Manifold I/O Configuration

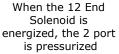
Pos.	S. Module Type Par		In	Out	Diag
No.	Module Type	Part No. Byt	Byte	S	
	Diagr	0	0	2	
Local Valve Size:				8	8
			_	_	4.0

Total: 0 8 10

#### How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	8501AV37100VA00
6	R501A2B40MA00F1
1	K501AMM42MA0010
	G3ED100R0E44
	ASSEMBLED





When the 14 End Solenoid is energized, the 4 port is pressurized



I/O Table mapping example

This example uses the RS Logix 5000 generic driver selection Data - "SINT - with status". The diagnostic and status data are written to a separate "status" table.

Example No. 1 Table Data "SINT - with status"

Output Table								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil
	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
1	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil
	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
2	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil
	No. 23	No. 22	No. 21	No. 20	No. 19	No. 18	No. 17	No. 16
3	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil
	No. 31	No. 30	No. 29	No. 28	No. 27	No. 26	No. 25	No. 24
4	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil
	No. 39	No. 38	No. 37	No. 36	No. 35	No. 34	No. 33	No. 32
5	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil
	No. 47	No. 46	No. 45	No. 44	No. 43	No. 42	No. 41	No. 40
6	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil
	No. 55	No. 54	No. 53	No. 52	No. 51	No. 50	No. 49	No. 48
7	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Valve Coil No. 59	Valve Coil No. 58	Valve Coil No. 57	Valve Coil No. 56

Status Table								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Comm.							
	Module							
	Diagnostic Bit							
1	Sub-bus							
	Diagnostic Bit							
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
	Status							
3	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
	Status							
4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
	Status							
5	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
	Status							
6	Coil No. 39	Coil No. 38	Coil No. 37	Coil No. 36	Coil No. 35	Coil No. 34	Coil No. 33	Coil No. 32
	Status							
7	Coil No. 47	Coil No. 46	Coil No. 45	Coil No. 44	Coil No. 43	Coil No. 42	Coil No. 41	Coil No. 40
	Status							
8	Coil No. 55	Coil No. 54	Coil No. 53	Coil No. 52	Coil No. 51	Coil No. 50	Coil No. 49	Coil No. 48
	Status							
9	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Coil No. 59	Coil No. 58	Coil No. 57	Coil No. 56
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Status	Status	Status	Status



### **Assumed Settings**

### 15.5 Example No. 2

- Double Z-Boards<sup>™</sup> used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

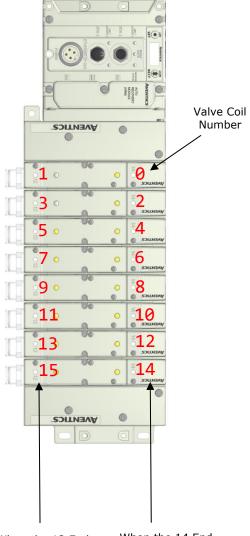
Manifold I/O Configuration

Pos.	Module Type	Iodule Type Part No.		Out	Diag
No.	тошие туре	Pail NO.	Bytes		
	Diagr	0	0	2	
Local Valve Size:				4	4
		_			

Total: 0 4 6

How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	8503AV3H300VA00
8	R503A1B40MA00F1
4	8503AMM22MA0010
1	G3ED100R0E43
	ASSEMBLED



When the 12 End Solenoid is energized, the 2 port is pressurized When the 14 End Solenoid is nergized, the 4 port is pressurized



Example No. 2 Table Data "SINT - with status"

				Output Tabl	е			
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Valve Coil No. 7	Valve Coil No. 6	Valve Coil No. 5	Valve Coil No. 4	Valve Coil No. 3	Valve Coil No. 2	Valve Coil No. 1	Valve Coil No. 0
1	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Valve Coil No. 11	Valve Coil No. 10	Valve Coil No. 9	Valve Coil No. 8
2	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved						
3	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved						

				Status Table	е			
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Comm.							
	Module							
	Diagnostic Bit							
1	Sub-bus							
	Diagnostic Bit							
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
	Status							
3	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
	Status							
4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
	Status							
5	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
	Status							



### **Assumed Settings**

#### 15.6 Example No. 3

- Double Z-Boards™ used with all valves
   I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

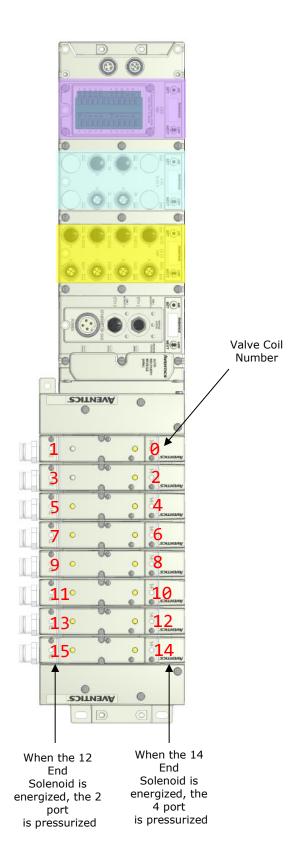
Manifold I/O Configuration

Pos	Module Type	Part No.	In	Out	Diag	
No.	мошие туре	Pail NO.	Bytes			
1	16I PNP	240-205	2	0	1	
2	4AI Analog	240-212	8	0	2	
3	16I PNP	16I PNP 240-203				
Diagnostic Word				0	2	
Local Valves:				4	4	

Total: 12 10

How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	8503AV3H300VA00
8	R503A1B40MA00F1
4	8503AMM22MA0010
1	G3ED103R0E44
1	240-205
1	240-212
1	240-203
	ASSEMBLED





Example No. 3 Table Data -"SINT with Status"

				Output Table				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Valve Coil No. 7	Valve Coil No. 6	Valve Coil No. 5	Valve Coil No. 4	Valve Coil No. 3	Valve Coil No. 2	Valve Coil No. 1	Valve Coil No. 0
1	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Valve Coil No. 11	Valve Coil No. 10	Valve Coil No. 9	Valve Coil No. 8
2	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved
3	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved
				Input Table				

				Input Table				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Discrete Input	Discrete	Discrete Input	Discrete				
U	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	Input No. 2	No. 1	Input No. 0
1	Discrete Input	Discrete	Discrete Input	Discrete				
1	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	Input No. 10	No. 9	Input No. 8
2	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
2	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	No. 1 (LSB)				
3	Analog Input	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog
3	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1
4	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
4	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	No. 2 (LSB)				
5	Analog Input	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog
J	No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2
6	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
U	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	No. 3 (LSB)				
7	Analog Input	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog
,	No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3
8	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
0	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	No. 4 (LSB)				
9	Analog Input	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog
9	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4
10	Discrete Input	Discrete	Discrete Input	Discrete				
10	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	Input No. 2	No. 1	Input No. 0
11	Discrete Input	Discrete	Discrete Input	Discrete				
11	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	Input No. 10	No. 9	Input No. 8

	Status Table							
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0 (Optional)	Comm. Module Diagnostic Bit							
1	Sub-bus							
(Optional)	Diagnostic Bit							
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status							
3	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Status							
4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional)	Status							
5	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
(Optional)	Status							
6 (Optional)	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Power Status for Conn. D	Power Status for Conn. C	Power Status for Conn. B	Power Status for Conn. A
7	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm for	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for
(Optional)	for Conn. D	Conn. D	for Conn. C	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. B	for Conn. A	Conn. A
8 (Optional)	Power Status for Conn. H	Power Status for Conn. G	Power Status for Conn. F	Power Status for Conn. E	Power Status for Conn. D	Power Status for Conn. C	Power Status for Conn. B	Power Status for Conn. A
9 (Optional)	Power Status for Conn. H	Power Status for Conn. G	Power Status for Conn. F	Power Status for Conn. E	Power Status for Conn. D	Power Status for Conn. C	Power Status for Conn. B	Power Status for Conn. A



### **Assumed Settings**

### 15.7 Example No. 4

- Double Z-Boards™ used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color

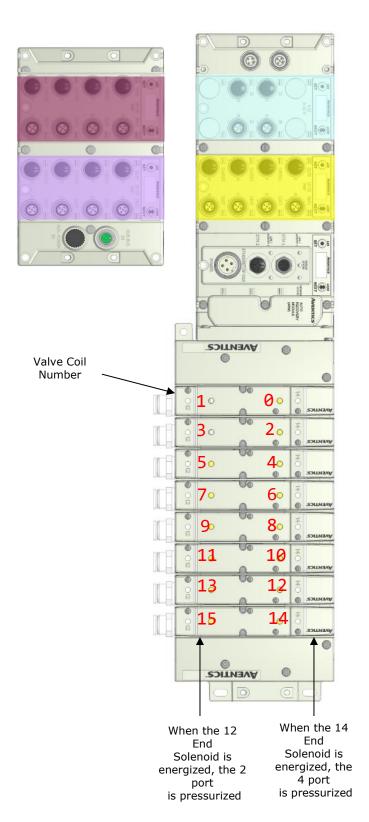
### Manifold I/O Configuration

Pos	Module Type	Part No.	In	Out	Diag
No.	мошие туре	Pail NO.		Byte	S
1	16I PNP	240-205	2	0	1
2	4I Analog	240-212	8	0	2
3	16I PNP	240-205	2	0	1
4	16I PNP	240-205	2	0	1
Diagnostic Word				0	2
Local Valves:			0	4	4
Total:				4	11

How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	K503AV3H300VA00
8	R503A1B40MA00F1
4	8503AMM22MA0010
1	G3ED102D0E44
1	240-205
1	240-212
	ASSEMBLED

1	G3DS302R0STD
1	240-205
1	240-205
	ASSEMBLED





Example No. 4 Table Data "SINT with Status"

	tor i rabic baca	i SINI WILII SLA	itas					
				Output Table				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Valve Coil No. 7	Valve Coil No. 6	Valve Coil No. 5	Valve Coil No. 4	Valve Coil No. 3	Valve Coil No. 2	Valve Coil No. 1	Valve Coil No. 0
1	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Allocated and Reserved	Valve Coil No. 11	Valve Coil No. 10	Valve Coil No. 9	Valve Coil No. 8
	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and
2	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
3	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Input Table Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input
	No. 7 Discrete Input	No. 6 Discrete Input	No. 5 Discrete Input	No. 4 Discrete Input	No. 3 Discrete Input	No. 2 Discrete Input	No. 1 Discrete Input	No. 0 Discrete Input
1	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
2	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
	Input No. 1 Analog Input	Input No. 1 Analog	Input No. 1 Analog	Input No. 1 Analog	Input No. 1 Analog	Input No. 1 Analog	Input No. 1 Analog	No. 1 (LSB) Analog
3	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1	Input No. 1
4	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
	Input No. 2 Analog Input	Input No. 2 Analog	Input No. 2 Analog	Input No. 2 Analog	Input No. 2 Analog	Input No. 2 Analog	Input No. 2 Analog	No. 2 (LSB) Analog
5	No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2	Input No. 2
6	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
	Input No. 3 Analog Input	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	Input No. 3 Analog	No. 3 (LSB) Analog
7	No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3	Input No. 3
8	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog	Analog Input
	Input No. 4 Analog Input	Input No. 4 Analog	Input No. 4 Analog	Input No. 4 Analog	Input No. 4 Analog	Input No. 4 Analog	Input No. 4 Analog	No. 4 (LSB) Analog
9	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4	Input No. 4
10	Discrete Input No. 7	Discrete Input No. 6	Discrete Input No. 5	Discrete Input No. 4	Discrete Input No. 3	Discrete Input No. 2	Discrete Input No. 1	Discrete Input No. 0
11	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input
	No. 15 Discrete Input	No. 14 Discrete Input	No. 13 Discrete Input	No. 12 Discrete Input	No. 11 Discrete Input	No. 10 Discrete Input	No. 9 Discrete Input	No. 8 Discrete Input
12	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
13	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input No. 12	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input	Discrete Input No. 8
	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13		No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	NO. 8
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Status Table Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.	Comm.
0 (Optional)	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module	Module
	Diagnostic Bit Sub-bus	Diagnostic Bit Sub-bus	Diagnostic Bit Sub-bus	Diagnostic Bit Sub-bus	Diagnostic Bit Sub-bus	Diagnostic Bit Sub-bus	Diagnostic Bit Sub-bus	Diagnostic Bit Sub-bus
1 (Optional)	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit	Diagnostic Bit
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
(Optional)	Status Coil No. 15	Status Coil No. 14	Status Coil No. 13	Status Coil No. 12	Status Coil No. 11	Status Coil No. 10	Status Coil No. 9	Status Coil No. 8
(Optional)	Coil No. 15 Status	Status	Status	Coil No. 12 Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional) 5	Status Coil No. 31	Status Coil No. 30	Status Coil No. 29	Status Coil No. 28	Status Coil No. 27	Status Coil No. 26	Status Coil No. 25	Status Coil No. 24
(Optional)	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status	Status
8 (Optional)	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status for Conn. F	Power Status for Conn. E	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
7	for Conn. H Allocated and	for Conn. G Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	for Conn. D Power Status	for Conn. C Power Status	for Conn. B Power Status	for Conn. A Power Status
(Optional)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
8 (Optional)	High Alarm for Conn. D	Low Alarm for Conn. D	High Alarm for Conn. C	Low Alarm for Conn. C	High Alarm for Conn. B	Low Alarm for Conn. B	High Alarm for Conn. A	Low Alarm for Conn. A
9	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
(Optional)	for Conn. H	for Conn. G	for Conn. F	for Conn. E	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A



Power Status

10 (Optional) Power Status

### **Assumed Settings**

### 15.8 Example No. 5

- Double Z-Boards<sup>™</sup> used with all valves
- I/O Modules and mapping schemes are identified by their corresponding color.
- I/O Status bits are enabled
- Diagnostic Word is enabled

Manifold I/O Configuration

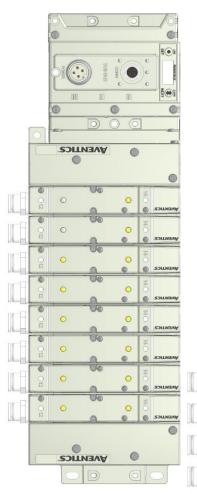
Pos	Module Type	Part No.	In	Out	Diag		
No.	мошие туре	e Part No.		Bytes			
1	16I PNP	240-205	2	0	1		
2	4I Analog	240-212	8	0	2		
	Diag	nostic Word	0	0	2		
		0	4	4			
	Sub	0	4	4			

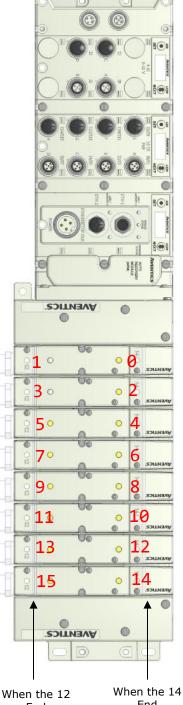
Total: 10 8 13

#### How to Order

Qty	Part Number
1	8503AV3H300VA00
8	R503A1B40MA00F1
4	8503AMM22MA0010
1	G3ED102D0E44
1	240-205
1	240-212
	ASSEMBLED

1	8503AV3H300VA00
8	R503A1B40MA00F1
4	8503AMM22MA0010
1	G3DS201R0STD
	ASSEMBLED





End
Solenoid is
energized, the 2
port
is pressurized

When the 14
End
Solenoid is
energized, the
4 port
is pressurized



Example No. 5 Table Data "SINT with status"

				Output Table				
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0	Valve Coil							
0	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil
1	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
2	Allocated and							
2	Reserved							
2	Allocated and							
3	Reserved							
4	Valve Coil							
4	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
5	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil	Valve Coil
5	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
6	Allocated and							
(Optional)	Reserved							
7	Allocated and							
(Optional)	Reserved							

	Input Table							
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
6	Discrete Input							
	No. 7	No. 6	No. 5	No. 4	No. 3	No. 2	No. 1	No. 0
7	Discrete Input							
	No. 15	No. 14	No. 13	No. 12	No. 11	No. 10	No. 9	No. 8
9	Analog	Analog Input						
	Input No. 1	No. 1 (LSB)						
10	Analog Input	Analog						
	No. 1 (MSB)	Input No. 1						
11	Analog	Analog Input						
	Input No. 2	No. 2 (LSB)						
12	Analog Input	Analog						
	No. 2 (MSB)	Input No. 2						
13	Analog	Analog Input						
	Input No. 3	No. 3 (LSB)						
14	Analog Input	Analog						
	No. 3 (MSB)	Input No. 3						
15	Analog	Analog Input						
	Input No. 4	No. 4 (LSB)						
16	Analog Input	Analog						
	No.4 (MSB)	Input No. 4						

				Diagnostic Tab	ole			
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	Comm.							
0	Module							
	Diagnostic Bit							
1	Sub-bus							
1	Diagnostic Bit							
2	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
	Status							
3	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
3	Status							
4	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
4	Status							
5	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
5	Status							
6	Power Status							
· ·	for Conn. H	for Conn. G	for Conn. F	for Conn. E	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
7	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Allocated and	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status	Power Status
,	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	for Conn. D	for Conn. C	for Conn. B	for Conn. A
8	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for	High Alarm for	Low Alarm for	High Alarm	Low Alarm for
O	for Conn. D	Conn. D	for Conn. C	Conn. C	Conn. B	Conn. B	for Conn. A	Conn. A
9	Coil No. 7	Coil No. 6	Coil No. 5	Coil No. 4	Coil No. 3	Coil No. 2	Coil No. 1	Coil No. 0
9	Status							
10	Coil No. 15	Coil No. 14	Coil No. 13	Coil No. 12	Coil No. 11	Coil No. 10	Coil No. 9	Coil No. 8
10	Status							
11	Coil No. 23	Coil No. 22	Coil No. 21	Coil No. 20	Coil No. 19	Coil No. 18	Coil No. 17	Coil No. 16
(Optional)	Status							
12	Coil No. 31	Coil No. 30	Coil No. 29	Coil No. 28	Coil No. 27	Coil No. 26	Coil No. 25	Coil No. 24
(Optional)	Status							



### 15.9 Diagnostic Word

	Diagnostic Word Format								
BYTE	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
0 (Comm. Status)	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Sub-Bus Short Circuit (1 = Error)	Sub-Bus Error (1=Error)	Un-Switched Power Status (1=Error)	Switched Power Status (1=Error)	
1 (Sub-Bus Status)	Error Code	Error Code	Error Code	Module Address	Module Address	Module Address	Module Address	Module Address	

### Byte 0 (Communication Status)

Byte 0, Bit 0 Switched Power Status = Bit is high when valve / output power is not present on the comm. module.

Byte 0, Bit 1 Un-switched Power Status = Bit is high when node / input power is below 19VDC

Byte 0, Bit 2 Sub-Bus Error = Bit is high when there is an error on the sub-bus; see "Byte 1" of diagnostic word for description.

Byte 0, Bit 3 Sub-Bus Short Circuit = A short circuit has been detected across the Sub-Bus



### Diagnostic Word Continued

Byte 1 (Sub-Bus Status)

### Module Address

Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Description
0	0	0	0	0	No error
0	0	0	0	1	Communication Module
0	0	0	1	0	I/O module No. 1
0	0	0	1	1	I/O module No. 2
0	0	1	0	0	I/O module No. 3
0	0	1	0	1	I/O module No. 4
0	0	1	1	0	I/O module No. 5
0	0	1	1	1	I/O module No. 6
0	1	0	0	0	I/O module No. 7
0	1	0	0	1	I/O module No. 8
0	1	0	1	0	I/O module No. 9
0	1	0	1	1	I/O module No. 10
0	1	1	0	0	I/O module No. 11
0	1	1	0	1	I/O module No. 12
0	1	1	1	0	I/O module No. 13
0	1	1	1	1	I/O module No. 14
1	0	0	0	0	I/O module No. 15
1	0	0	0	1	I/O module No. 16
1	0	0	1	1	Communication Valve driver
1	0	1	0	0	ARM
1	0	1	0	1	MCM (Legacy)
Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	N/A

### Sub-Bus Errors

Error Code	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1
2	0	1	0
3	0	1	1
4	1	0	0
5	1	0	1
6	1	1	0
7	1	1	1

Error Code 2 = Valve / Output power is below 19VDC

Error Code 3...7 = not defined / reserved



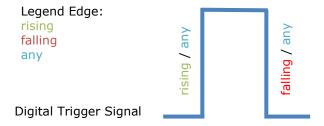
# 16. IIOT

#### 16.1 Rest API introduction

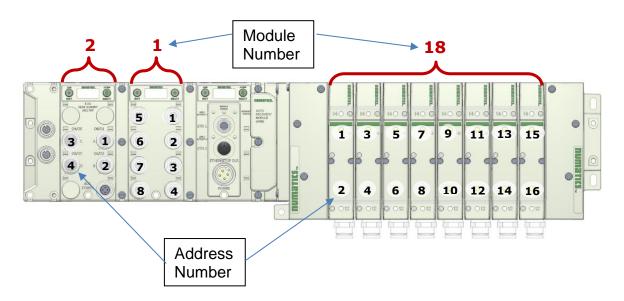
REST is a scalable architecture which allows for devices to communicate over Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) and is easily adopted for IIoT applications to provide communication

REST API Minimum Build Firmware Requirements					
<u>Module</u>	Part Number	<u>Firmware</u>			
Communication Module	240-325	Rev 1.01 Build 44223			

### 16.1.1 Rest Trigger Signal Description



#### 16.1.2 Rest - G3 Module and Addresses





# **AVENTICS**<sup>™</sup> G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> DLR Technical Manual

#### 16.1.3 Rest API Terms

<u>Term</u> <u>Description</u>

function	represents the name				
mode	String value that represents the mode which is user by the function. Possible values are: INTERVAL   TRIGGERS   START_TO_PERIOD				
from	Key which holds a further object which describes a digital signal like digital output,				
to	digital input or valve switch signal				
value	Key which holds a further object which describes an analog signal				
period	Number that represents the time period in ms. E.g. an end trigger on a function				
module	Number of IO module starting with 0 next to the G3 fieldbus node or				
module	Number of Valve module starting with 1000 next to the G3 fieldbus node				
address	Number of Input or Output on the chosen IO module or Number of trigger of the valve				
direction	String value that represents if it's an input or output. E.g. necessary for combined modules. Possible values are: IN   OUT				
trigger	String value that represents a edge of a digital state change. Possible values are: FALLING   RISING   ANY				
samplerate	Number that represents the sampling rate in ms of an analog signal. E.g. summing up an airflow with a sampling rate of 100ms.				
offset	Number that represents the decimal offset of an analog signal. The offset needs to be subtracted from the measured value for all sampled values.				
id	Identificator which is created by the G3 starting at zero				
v	Value of a function or value array				
sr	Number that represents the configured sampling rate				
ns	Number that represents the amount of samples				
С	Counter is increment every time where the function computes a result				
ts	Timestamp in ms since the last power up of the G3				



### 16.2 Rest API Examples

<u>Function</u>	<u>Description</u>	Example / Use case
Get value	Read a value from input or output module.	Read out air flow sensor
Get count of state changes	Returns the count of state changes of an valve, an digital input or digital output since the last power up of the System.	Count the number of valve cycles
Get time of state change	Returns a timestamp of the event relative to the start time of the System in milliseconds.	Detect when the valve has switched
Get time between two state changes	Returns the time difference between two events in milliseconds.	Measurement of shock absorber's damping time or cycle cylinder time
Get summed values (in interval)	Sum up an analog input value in the given interval.	Detect Leakages by sum up the air flow sensor value in a interval
Get summed values (between two state changes)	Sum up an analog input value in between two trigger events for the given interval.	Measure how much air where used for a process step
Get summed values (start with state change for a period of time)	Sum up an analog input value starting with a state change for a period of time.	Compare sensor values to detect anomalies
Get value difference (in interval)	Returns the difference of an analog input value in the given interval.	Get the pressure in a defined interval
Get value difference (between two state changes)	Returns the difference of an analog input between two digital trigger events.	Distance measurement of a cylinder within two events
Get value difference (between state change for a period of time)	Returns the difference of an analog input between a digital trigger start event and a time interval in milliseconds.	Distance measurement of a cylinder triggered by a valve switch within a given time interval, as an indicator for wear out.
Get min/max/average (in interval)	Returns the minimal/maximal/average value of an analog input in the given interval.	Get the maximum pressure every second
Get min/max/average (between two state changes)	Returns the minimal/maximal/average value of an analog input between two digital trigger events.	Get minimum air flow between two events
Get min/max/average (between state change for a period of time)	Returns the minimal/maximal/average value of an analog input between a digital trigger start event and a time interval in milliseconds.	Get average pressure starting on the cylinder movement and stopping after 500ms



#### 16.3 Rest API - Functions

16.3.1 Get Manifold Description

```
Get manifold type
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/
      { }
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
     name: "EMERSON-G3-ETHERNET-IP"
     version: "1.0"
     name: String that represents the name of the manifold
     version: String that represents the version of the manifold
Get list of all modules
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/modules/
      { }
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
      {
     ids: [
     "240-325",
     "425186-001",
     "240-205",
          ...]
     ids: Array of all connected modules (IOs and Valves).
```



#### 16.3.2 Get Value

**vin/vout** are arrays of values, for valves and digital modules each value in the array is 8 inputs or outputs. For analog modules, each value is analog value for the IO point. **vin** represents the input signals.

vout represents the output signals or valves.

**vdiag** is an array of the diagnostic bytes for all the modules.



16.3.3 Get Count of State Changes

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
      POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_COUNT_OF_STATE_CHANGES",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT"
      }
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
      }
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
      { }
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        v: 456,
        ts: 843
      v: Number of high states since the last power up
```



16.3.4 Get Time of State Changes

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
      POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_TIME_OF_STATE_CHANGE",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT",
          trigger: "FALLING"
        }
      }
G3 → SPM
      (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        v: 456,
        ts: 843
      v: Timestamp of trigger event since the last power up
```



16.3.5 Get time between two state changes

```
Configure after startup SPM → G3

POST http://<G3_i
```

```
POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET TIME BETWEEN TWO STATE CHANGES",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT",
          trigger: "FALLING"
        },
        to: {
          module: 2,
          address: 2,
          direction: "IN",
          trigger: "RISING"
      }
G3 → SPM
      Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
      }
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
      { }
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        v: 258,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
      v: Measured time in ms, between the from and to trigger signals
```



16.3.6 Get summed values (in interval)

```
SPM → G3
Configure after startup
      POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
      function: "GET_SUMMED_VALUES",
      mode: "INTERVAL",
       interval: 500,
      value: {
      module: 5,
       address: 1,
       direction: "IN",
       samplerate: 100,
       offset: 0
       }
      }
G3 → SPM
      Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
      }
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
      { }
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
```

```
id: 3,
ns: 5,
v: 258887,
sr: 100,
c: 12,
ts: 541
```

v: Summed up analog value in the given sample rate and offset, between the beginning and the end of the interval

sr: Sample rate in ms that was configured

ns: Number of samples



16.3.7 Get summed values (between two state changes)

```
Configure after startup SPM → G3
```

```
POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_SUMMED_VALUES",
        mode: "TRIGGERS",
        from: {
           module: 2,
           address: 1,
           direction: "OUT",
        trigger: "FALLING"
       },
        to: {
          module: 2,
        address: 2,
        direction: "IN",
        trigger: "RISING"
       },
       value: {
         module: 5,
         address: 1,
        direction: "IN"
       samplerate: 100,
        offset: 0
G3 → SPM
       Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
       id: 3
       }
Read value
SPM → G3
       GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
       { }
       G3 \rightarrow SPM
       Response
       (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: 258887,
        sr: 100,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
```

v: Summed up analog value in the given sample rate and offset, between the from and to trigger signals

sr: Sample rate in ms that was configured

ns: Number of samples



16.3.8 Get summed values (start with state change for a period of time)

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
```

```
POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
         function: "GET_SUMMED_VALUES",
         mode: "START_TO_PERIOD",
         from: {
           module: 2,
           address: 1,
           direction: "OUT",
           trigger: "FALLING"
         period: 100,
         value: {
           module: 5,
           address: 1,
           direction: "IN",
           samplerate: 100,
           offset: 0
G3 → SPM
       Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
       {
         id: 3
       }
Read value
SPM → G3
GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
G3 → SPM
Response
(HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
 id: 3,
 ns: 5,
 v: 258887,
 sr: 100,
 c: 12,
 ts: 541
```

v: Summed up analog value in the given sample rate and offset, between a start trigger for a period of time sr: Sample rate in ms that was configured

ns: Number of samples

{ }

}



16.3.9 Get value difference (in interval)

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
      POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_VALUE_DIFFERENCE",
        mode: "INTERVAL",
        interval: 500,
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN"
      }
G3 → SPM
      Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
      {
        id: 3
      }
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
      { }
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: -649,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
```

 $\mathbf{v}$ : Analog value difference, between the beginning and the end of the interval



16.3.10 Get value difference (between two state changes)

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
      POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_VALUE_DIFFERENCE",
        mode: "TRIGGERS",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT",
          trigger: "FALLING"
        },
       to: {
         module: 2,
         address: 2,
         direction: "IN",
         trigger: "RISING"
       },
       value: {
         module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN"
        }
       }
G3 → SPM
      Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
       {
      id: 3
       }
Read value
SPM → G3
       GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
G3 → SPM
       (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
       {
      id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: -649,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
```

v: Analog value difference, between the from and to trigger signals. The calculation is To - From.



16.3.11 Get value difference (between state change for a period of time)

```
Configure after startup SPM → G3
```

```
POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_VALUE_DIFFERENCE",
        mode: "START_TO_PERIOD",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT",
          trigger: "FALLING"
        },
        period: 100,
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN"
      }
G3 → SPM
      Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
      }
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
      {}
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: -649,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
```

v: Analog value difference, between a start trigger for a period of time



16.3.12 Get minimal value (in interval)

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
      POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_MIN_VALUE",
        mode: "INTERVAL",
        interval: 500,
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN",
      }
G3 → SPM
      Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
      {
        id: 3
      }
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
      { }
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: 649,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
      v: Minimum analog value, between the beginning and the end of the interval
```



16.3.13 Get minimal value (between two state changes)

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
      POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_MIN_VALUE",
        mode: "TRIGGERS",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT",
          trigger: "FALLING"
        },
        to: {
          module: 2,
          address: 2,
          direction: "IN",
          trigger: "RISING"
        },
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN"
       }
G3 → SPM
      Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
       {
        id: 3
       }
Read value
SPM → G3
       GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
G3 → SPM
       (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: 649,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
      v: Minimum analog value, between the from and to trigger signals
```



16.3.14 Get minimal value (between state change for a period of time)

```
Configure after startup SPM → G3
```

```
POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_MIN_VALUE",
        mode: "START_TO_PERIOD",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT",
          trigger: "FALLING"
        },
        period: 100,
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN"
      }
G3 → SPM
       Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
       }
Read value
SPM → G3
       GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
       { }
G3 → SPM
       Response
       (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: 649,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
      v: Minimum analog value, between a start trigger for a period of time
```



16.3.15 Get maximal value (in interval)

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
      POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_MAX_VALUE",
        mode: "INTERVAL",
        interval: 500,
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN",
G3 → SPM
      Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
      }
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
      { }
G3 → SPM
      Response
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: 649,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
      v: Maximum analog value, between the beginning and the end of the interval
```



16.3.16 Get maximal value (between two state changes)

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
       POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_MAX_VALUE",
        mode: "TRIGGERS",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT",
          trigger: "FALLING"
        },
        to: {
          module: 2,
          address: 2,
          direction: "IN",
          trigger: "RISING"
        },
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN"
        }
       }
G3 → SPM
       Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
       }
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
       {}
G3 → SPM
       Response
       (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: 649,
```

v: Maximum analog value, between the from and to trigger signals



c: 12, ts: 541

16.3.17 Get maximal value (between state change for a period of time)

```
Configure after startup SPM → G3
```

```
POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_MAX_VALUE",
        mode: "START_TO_PERIOD",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT",
          trigger: "FALLING"
        period: 100,
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN"
      }
G3 → SPM
       Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
       }
Read value
SPM → G3
       GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
       { }
G3 → SPM
       Response
       (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: 649,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
      v: Maximum analog value, between a start trigger for a period of time
```



16.3.18 Get average value (in interval)

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
      POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_AVG_VALUE",
        mode: "INTERVAL",
        interval: 500,
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN",
        }
      }
G3 → SPM
      Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
      {
        id: 3
      }
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
G3 → SPM
      (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: 649,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
      v: Average analog value, between the beginning and the end of the interval
```



16.3.19 Get average value (between two state changes)

```
Configure after startup
SPM → G3
       POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_AVG_VALUE",
        mode: "TRIGGERS",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT",
          trigger: "FALLING"
        },
        to: {
          module: 2,
          address: 2,
          direction: "IN",
          trigger: "RISING"
        },
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN"
        }
       }
G3 → SPM
       Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
       }
Read value
SPM → G3
      GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
       {}
G3 → SPM
       Response
       (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: 649,
        c: 12,
```



ts: 541

v: Average analog value, between the from and to trigger signals

16.3.20 Get average value (between state change for a period of time)

```
Configure after startup SPM → G3
```

```
POST http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/
        function: "GET_AVG_VALUE",
        mode: "START_TO_PERIOD",
        from: {
          module: 2,
          address: 1,
          direction: "OUT",
          trigger: "FALLING"
        },
        period: 100,
        value: {
          module: 5,
          address: 1,
          direction: "IN"
      }
G3 → SPM
       Response (HTTP-Status 201, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3
       }
Read value
SPM → G3
       GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/3
       { }
G3 → SPM
       Response
       (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json)
        id: 3,
        ns: 5,
        v: 649,
        c: 12,
        ts: 541
       v: Average analog value, between a start trigger for a period of time
```



16.3.21 Get All Functions

```
Read values

SPM → G3

GET http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/

{ }
```

#### G3 → SPM

v is Byte Array which contains every configured function result value ordered by id. Every function result value consists of 4 Bytes result value (INT32) + 1 Byte counter (UINT8). Counter is increment every time where the function computes a result.

Example:

```
[251, 154, -110, 65, ...]

Value Counter Value Counter

Value 1 = 251 Counter 1 = 154

Value 2 = -110 Counter 2 = 65
```



16.3.22 Delete function config

```
Delete one function config SPM → G3
```

```
DELETE http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/<ID> { }
```

#### G3 → SPM

```
Response (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json) { } When getting all function results filling the missing IDs up with zeros. Reusing empty IDs will be possible.
```

# Delete all function configs SPM → G3

```
DELETE http://<G3_IP>/api/v1/functions/ { }
```

### G3 → SPM

```
Response (HTTP-Status 200, Content-Type: application/json) { }
```



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## 17. Appendix

## 17.1 System Specifications

Electrical	
Supply Voltage	Valves (2005, 2012, 2035): 24 VDC + 10%, -15% Node and Discrete I/O: 24 VDC ± 10%
Current	Total current on the Auxiliary Power Connector ("Valves and Outputs" and "Node and Inputs" Pins) must not exceed 8 Amps.
Internal Electronic Resettable Fuses	The Auxiliary Power Connector pins are each internally fused with an electronically resettable fuse. These fuses are set to the maximum current allowable through the G3 electronics.
Recommended External Fuse	External fuses should be chosen depending upon manifold configuration. Please refer to power consumption chart on page 25 for additional fuse sizing information.
Spike Suppression	Output spike suppression is internally provided for both discrete and valve outputs.
Discrete Outputs	Maximum 0.5 Amps per output. All outputs are short circuit protected and have internal spike suppression. Contact factory for higher current requirements.
Valve Solenoid Coil Output Drivers	Maximum 0.5 Amps per output. All output points are short circuit protected and have internal spike suppression.
Operating Temperature for Electronic Components	23 to 114°F (-5 to 50°C)



## 17.2 Factory Default Settings

FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS		
Description	Default	
IP Address	192.168.3.120	
Sub Net Mask	255.255.255.0	
DHCP Boot-P	Enabled	
Web Server	Enabled	
Diagnostic Word	Enabled	
I/O Diagnostic Status	Enabled	
Comm Fault – Fault Action	Off	
Brightness	High	
Comm. Format	SINT	
Params Lock	Unlocked	
Config Lock	Unlocked	
Quick Connect	Disabled	
Compat. Mode	Disabled	
Config Mode	32	



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## 17.3 Troubleshooting

### Communication Node

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution
The wrong valve solenoid coils are being energized.	Z-Board <sup>™</sup> type mismatch. Single Z-Board <sup>™</sup> present where double Z-Board <sup>™</sup> expected or vice versa.	Check that correct Z-Board <sup>™</sup> types are installed. Check that ribbon cable (Output group No. 2) is connected to appropriate valve station.  See page 162 for bit mapping rules
Valve outputs do not energize.	Output power not present or connected improperly on Auxiliary Power connector.	Check for 24VDC on the +24 VDC (Valves and Outputs) pin of the MINI Auxiliary Power connector of the Comm. module.
Unable to go to the manifold's web page.	Bad cabling, incorrect computer settings, etc.	Please see page 138
No Activity/Link LED	No network connection	Verify the type of cable (straight-thru or crossover) that is being used. Also, verify the wiring of the cable.

## I/O Modules

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution
Outputs remain on when communication is lost and/or PLC is in "Program" mode.	Communication Fault parameters are set incorrectly. See page 153.	Check the communication fault/idle mode parameter setting to ensure that it is not set to "Hold Last Output State".



## 17.4 Glossary of Terms

The following is a list and description of common terms and symbols used throughout this document:

Term	Description
Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)	A protocol used to set an IP address using a MAC Address hardware address. This can be done in the command prompt window.
Bit	Smallest unit of digital information either a "0" or "1"
Bit Mapping	Chart showing which bit is connected to which physical input or output point.
Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP)	A protocol used to set an IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway using a server.
Broadcast	A transmission method that sends packets to multiple unspecified devices.
Byte	8 bits (1/2 word)
Comm. Fault	One or more of the I/O connections have timed out.
DLR	Device Level Ring
Discrete I / O	The inputs / outputs that are available via the "Discrete I/O" side of manifold.
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)	A protocol used by a node to obtain an IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway Address from a server.
EDS File	Electronic <u>Data Sheet</u> . A text file, which contains specific product information, definitions of product capabilities and configurable parameters necessary for operation on an EtherNet/IP <sup>TM</sup> network.
Explicit Messaging	Messaging that sends data to perform request/response functions.
Ground	This term is used to indicate an earth or chassis ground.
I/O	Any combination of inputs and outputs
Idle	A zero (0) length poll message (i.e.: scanner in program mode)
IGMP Snooping	See Implicit Messaging
Implicit Messaging	A function that that can control I/O messaging to another I/O device.
Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP)	A protocol used to keep local switches informed in a multicast group. Nodes that leave the group will no longer be sent packets of information from switches and routers.
Layer 2 (data link layer or level)	The data layer that physically refers to the frame format and addressing. A layer 2 address is an Ethernet address.
Layer 3 (network layer or level)	The data layer that refers to IP and the IP packet format. A layer 3 address is an IP address.
Link	A group of nodes with different MAC addresses. Segments connected by repeaters make a link. Links that are connected by routers make up a network.
MAC Address	Media Access Connection Address
Multicast	A transmission where a packet is sent to all possible nodes of a certain subset.



# **AVENTICS**<sup>™</sup> G3 Series EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> DLR Technical Manual

## Glossary of Terms Continued

Term	Description
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
Network	A group of nodes connected by a communication medium through repeaters, router, and gateways.
Node	A device on the network that contains a single MAC Address, which can communicate over a subnet.
Octet	8 bits of information. An IP address is made up of four octets.
ODVA	Open DeviceNet Vendor Association (www.odva.org)
Ping	A group of messages sent between a master and a slave that coordinates time.
Ping Request	A request to see if a device has received a message.
Ping Response	Response to a ping request.
Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	The frequency measure of the required transmission of data from the originating device to the target device.
RSNetWorx	Rockwell Automation's configuration software
Segment	Nodes connected to a continuous section of communication media.
Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)	A protocol used to monitor EtherNet devices, switches, routers, and networks connected by communication media.
Sinking (NPN)	Method of connecting electrical circuits in which the zero (0) volt DC side is switched and the common is positive
Sourcing (PNP)	Method of connecting electrical circuits in which the positive side is switched and the common is zero (0) volts DC.
Status Input bit	A bit in the input table that reports the health of a corresponding output. Indicates short circuit or open coil (load) diagnostics
Subnet	Nodes using the same protocol and shared media access arbitration.
System	Contains one or more domains.
Time to Live (TTL)	A method used in best-effort delivery systems to negate endlessly looping packets.
Unicast	A transmission where a packet is sent to a single node.
Word	2 Bytes (16 bits)
Z-Board <sup>™</sup>	Circuit board installed in the valve manifold which electrically connects the valve solenoid to the electrical /electronic interface. Available in single or double solenoid versions.



#### 17.5 Technical Support

For technical support, contact your local Aventics distributor. If further information is required, please call Aventics. Technical Support Department at (248) 596-3337.

Issues relating to network setup, PLC programming, sequencing, software related functions, etc. should be handled with the appropriate product vendor.

Information on device files, technical manuals, local distributors, and other Aventics products and support issues can be found on the Aventics web site at <a href="https://www.asco.com">www.asco.com</a>



