

CATALOG

# Measuring and monitoring relays



- Excellent vibration resistance with the Easy Connect Technology: push-in terminals – the right solution for harsh environments
- Suitable for railway applications: selected products comply to the latest standards
- Current actual operational states are indicated by LEDs on the front, simplifying commissioning and troubleshooting

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**No matter what measuring or monitoring function is needed – physical or electrical – ABB protects your equipment and ensures processes run smoothly.**

**Choose from a large range of products that provide reliable protection, cost savings and maximum availability for processes and equipment. No matter what the environment, ABB's high quality products are built and tested to give you uninterrupted monitoring.**

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# Measuring and monitoring relays

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# Measuring and monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



### Higher utility class

The plastic housing material used meets the requirements for the highest flammability class. (UL94 V-0 rated)



### Snap-on housing

Tool-free DIN rail installation and deinstallation of the relay.



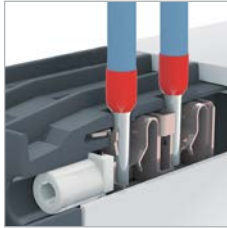
### Sealable transparent cover

Protection against unauthorized changes of time and threshold values.



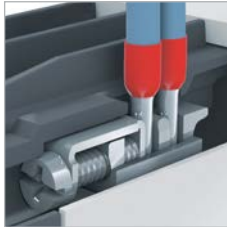
# Measuring and monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



### Easy Connect technology

- Tool-free wiring and excellent vibration resistance.
- Push-in terminals provide connection of wires up to  $2 \times 0.5 - 1.5 \text{ mm}^2$  ( $2 \times 20 - 16 \text{ AWG}$ ), rigid or fine-strand with or without wire end ferrules.
- Excellent vibration resistance – the right solution for harsh environments.



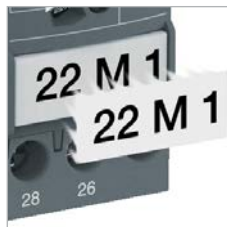
### Double-chamber cage connection terminals

Double-chamber cage connection terminals provide connection of wires up to  $2 \times 0.5 - 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$  ( $2 \times 20 - 14 \text{ AWG}$ ) rigid or fine-strand, with or without wire end ferrules.



### LEDs for status indication

All actual operational states are displayed by front-face LEDs, simplifying commissioning and troubleshooting.



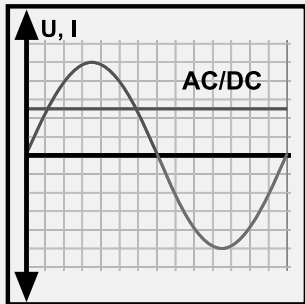
### Integrated marker label

Integrated marker labels allow the product to be marked quickly and simply. No additional marker labels are required.

# Measuring and monitoring relays

## Offer overview

Measuring and monitoring relays monitor and detect operating conditions with regard to phase, current, voltage, frequency, temperature, liquid level or insulation faults. The relays inform users about abnormal conditions and allow them to take necessary corrective actions before severe and costly failures can occur. Depending on the product model, measuring and monitoring relays are categorized into seven product families.

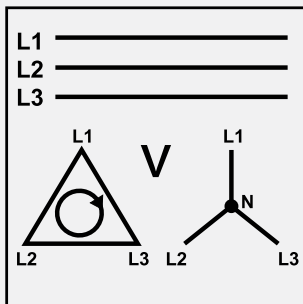


### Single-phase current monitoring relays

- Monitoring of motor current consumption
- Monitoring of lighting installations and heating circuits
- Monitoring of transportation equipment overload
- Monitoring of locking devices, electromechanical brake gear and locked rotors

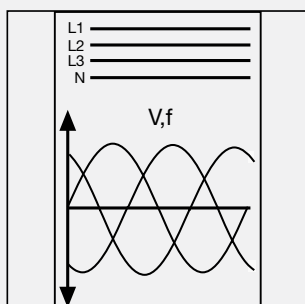
### Single-phase voltage monitoring relays

- Speed monitoring of DC motors
- Monitoring of battery voltages and other supply networks



### Three-phase monitoring relays

- Voltage monitoring of mobile three-phase equipment
- Protection of personnel and installations against phase reversal
- Monitoring of the supply voltage of machines and installations
- Protection of equipment against damage caused by unstable supply voltage
- Switching to emergency or auxiliary supply
- Protection of motors against damage caused by unbalanced phase voltages and phase loss
- Suitable for HVAC applications



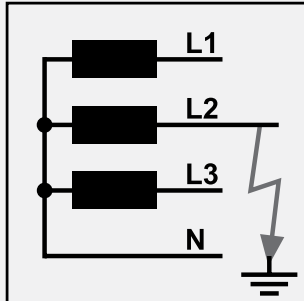
### Grid feeding monitoring relays

The CM-UFD.M\* range monitors all voltage and frequency parameters in a grid and ensures the safe feeding of decentrally produced electrical energy into the grid.

- Monitoring of the voltage with up to 2 thresholds for over- and undervoltage
- Monitoring of the frequency with up to 2 thresholds for over- and under-frequency
- ROCOF (rate of change of frequency) and vector shift detection
- In compliance with several local standards

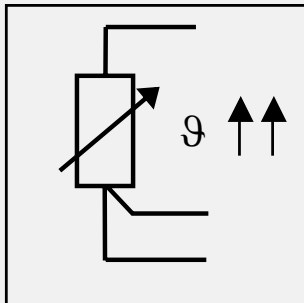
# Measuring and monitoring relays

## Offer overview



### Insulation monitoring relays

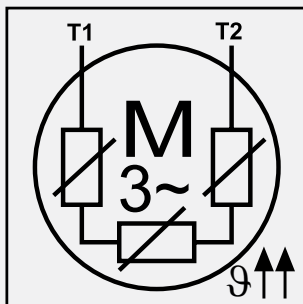
- Monitoring of electrically isolated supply mains for insulation resistance failure
- Detection of initial faults
- Protection against earth faults



### Temperature monitoring relays

Acquisition, messaging and regulation of temperatures of solid, liquid and gaseous media in processes and machines

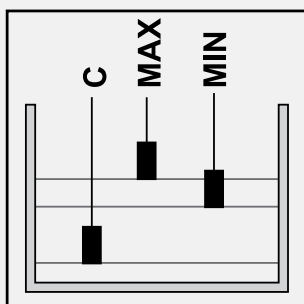
- Motor and system protection
- Control panel temperature monitoring
- Frost monitoring
- Temperature limits for process variables, e.g. in the packing or electroplating industry
- Control of systems and machines like heating, air-conditioning and ventilation systems, solar collectors, heat pumps or hot water supply systems
- Bearing, gear oil and coolant monitoring



### Thermistor motor protection

CM-MSE and CM-MSS provide full protection of motors with integrated PTC resistor sensors.

Protection of motors against thermal overload, e. g. caused by insufficient cooling, heavy load starting conditions, undersized motors, etc.



### Liquid level monitoring relays

- Protection of pumps against dry running
- Protection against container overflow
- Control of liquid levels
- Detection of leaks
- Control of mixing ratios

# Measuring and monitoring relays

## Offer overview



### CM-N range: Multifunctional range

- 45 mm wide housing
- Output contacts: 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts
- Continuous voltage range (24-240 V AC/DC) or single-supply
- Setting and operation via front-face operating controls
- Adjustment of threshold values and switching hysteresis via direct reading scale
- Adjustable time delays
- Integrated and snap-fitted front-face marker label
- Sealable transparent cover (accessory)



### CM-S range: Universal and multifunctional range

- Only 22.5 mm wide housing
- Output contacts: 1 or 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts
- One supply voltage range or supplied by measuring circuit
- Setting and operation via front-face operating controls
- Adjustment of threshold values and switching hysteresis via direct reading scale
- Integrated and snap-fitted front-face marker
- Snap-on housing: The relays can be placed on a DIN rail tool-free - just snap it on or remove it tool-free
- Sealable transparent cover (accessory)



### CM-E range: Economy range

- Only 22.5 mm wide housing
- Output contacts: 1 c/o contact or 1 n/o contact
- One supply voltage range
- One monitoring function
- Cost-efficient solution for OEM applications
- Preset monitoring ranges



### CM-TCN and CM-TCS: Smart temperature monitoring relays

- 45 mm or 22.5 mm wide housing
- Output contacts: 3 c/o contact
- Wide supply voltage range (24-240 V AC/DC)
- A wide range of settings, that can be adjusted flexibly
- NFC parametrization via smartphone app
- Back-lit LCD for easy reading and parametrization
- Embedded Modbus RTU communication interface with CM-TCN.012

# Measuring and monitoring relays

## Applications

ABB offers a wide selection of measuring and monitoring relays to suit a wide range of applications for businesses worldwide. Excellent vibration resistance with the Easy Connect terminal technology and railway certifications for selected products ensure the operability, even in harsh environments.



### Automation panels

- Textile industry - measuring and monitoring of motor voltage and current overload of, for example, looms.
- Packaging industry - measuring and monitoring of motor voltage and current overload of, for example, conveyor belts.



### Infrastructure

- Water and wastewater applications - monitoring the liquid level of water tanks and wastewater recycling plants.
- Lifts - status monitoring of the three phase mains of, for example, construction lifts, passenger lifts and escalators.
- Hoisting applications - construction cranes, harbor cranes.
- Railway.



### Renewable energy

- Solar - monitoring of the insulation resistance and the frequency and voltage of the public grid to keep electrical grids stable and meet local requirements.
- Wind - temperature, current and voltage supervision of automation panels and electrical motors.



### Buildings

- Lifts - status monitoring of the three phase mains of, for example, construction lifts, passenger lifts and escalators.
- HVAC - monitoring of grid parameters, control and protection of loads.





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# Single-phase monitoring relays

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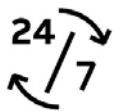
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# Single-phase monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



For the monitoring of currents and voltages in single-phase AC/DC systems, ABB's CM-range contains a wide selection of powerful and compact devices, all in an only 22.5 mm wide housing. This product range includes current and voltage monitoring relays for over- and undercurrent and voltage protection – from 3 mA to 15 A, and from 3 V to 600 V.



### Continuous operation

Read the status of the relay at a glance: clear visualization of the device status via LEDs. Easy to adjust with rotary wheels and variants with push-in terminals make a quick and easy installation and setting possible.



### Reliable in harsh conditions

All relays work reliably in environments with low temperatures down to -20 °C. Additionally, the housing fulfills the UL 94 V-0 flammability standard requirements. Together with the vibration resistant push-in terminals, the relay is not only reliable, no matter the environment temperature, but is also durable to shock and vibration. Save time as retightening is no longer needed, and enhance the reliability and safety of the equipment.



### Easy installation

Like all devices from the measuring and monitoring portfolio, the single-phase monitoring relays are easily configurable via front facing potentiometers. Easy threshold configuration without calculation is accomplished by direct reading scales. For further configuration options, additional settings can be made via dip-switches, offering the flexibility to configure, for example, the working principle of the relays and the output configuration. The device can be set up before installation in the application and easy adjustments during the process are possible.

# Single-phase monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



### Characteristics current and voltage monitoring relays<sup>1)</sup>

- Monitoring of DC and AC currents: 3 mA to 15 A
- Monitoring of DC and AC voltages from 3-600 V
- TRMS measuring principle
- One device includes 3 current measuring ranges
- One device includes 4 voltage measuring ranges: 3-30 V; 6-60 V; 30-300 V; 60-600 V
- Over- and undercurrent monitoring
- Over- and undervoltage monitoring
- ON or OFF-delay configurable
- Open- or closed-circuit principle configurable
- Threshold values for >U and/or <U adjustable
- Latching function configurable
- Thresholds for >I and/or <I adjustable
- Fixed hysteresis of 5 %
- Start-up delay  $T_v$  adjustable 0; 0.1-30 s
- Tripping delay  $T_v$  adjustable 0; 0.1-30 s
- 1 x 2 c/o contacts (common signal) or 2 x 1 c/o contact (separate signals for >I and <I) configurable
- 1 x 2 c/o contacts (common signal) or 2 x 1 c/o contact (separate signals for >U and <U) configurable
- 22.5 mm width
- 3 LEDs for the indication of operational states
- Various approvals and marks

<sup>1)</sup> depending on device



### Applications

- Protection of electronic or electromechanical devices against over- and under voltage or over- and under current
- DC motor speed control
- Battery monitoring
- Monitoring of AC or DC supplies
- Monitoring of heating or lighting circuits



### Current monitoring, single-phase

The ABB current monitoring relays CM-SRS.xx reliably monitor the occurrence of currents that exceed or fall below the selected threshold value. The functions overcurrent or undercurrent monitoring can be preselected. Single- and multifunction devices for the monitoring of direct or alternating currents from 3 mA to 15 A are available.

### Current window monitoring ( $I_{min}$ , $I_{max}$ )

The window monitoring relay CM-SFS.2x is available if the application requires the simultaneous monitoring of over- and undercurrents.

### Voltage monitoring, single-phase

The ABB voltage monitoring relays CM-SRS.xx are used to monitor direct and alternating voltages within a range of 3-600 V. Over- or undervoltage detection can be preselected.

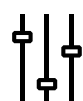
### Voltage window monitoring ( $U_{min}$ , $U_{max}$ )

For the simultaneous detection of over- and undervoltages, the window monitoring relay CM-EFS.2 can be used.

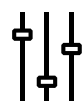
# Single-phase monitoring relays

## Operating controls

### Current monitoring relays



Adjustment of the threshold value  $>I$  for overcurrent



Adjustment of the tripping delay  $T_v$



#### DIP switches

☐ ON-delay

☒ OFF-delay

☐ Closed-circuit principle

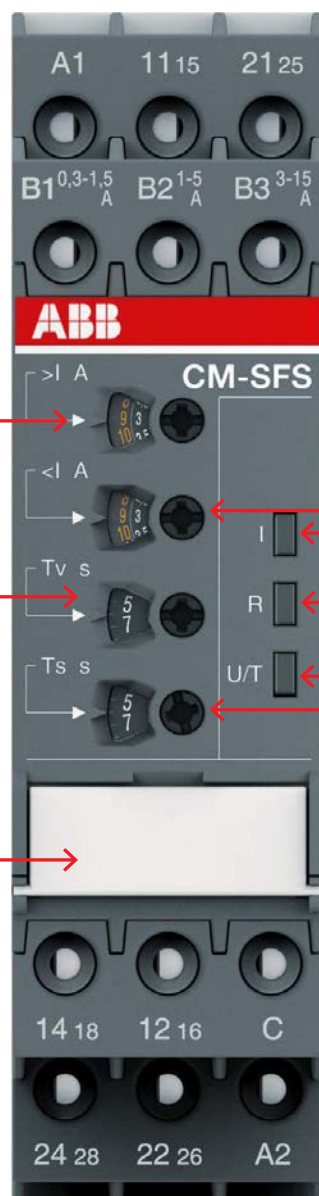
☒ Open-circuit principle

☐ Latching function activated

☒ Latching function not activated

☒ 2x1 c/o (SPDT) contact

☐ 1x2 c/o (SPDT) contacts



Adjustment of the threshold value  $<I$  for undercurrent



Indication of operational states  
I: red LED – over- / under-current  
R: yellow LED – relay status  
U/T: green LED – control supply voltage/timing

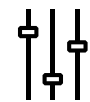


Adjustment of the start-up delay  $T_s$

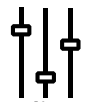
# Single-phase monitoring relays

## Operating controls

### Voltage monitoring relays



Adjustment of the threshold value  $>U$  for overvoltage



Adjustment of the tripping delay  $T_v$



#### DIP switches

☒ ON-delay

☐ OFF-delay

☒ Closed-circuit principle

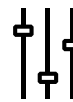
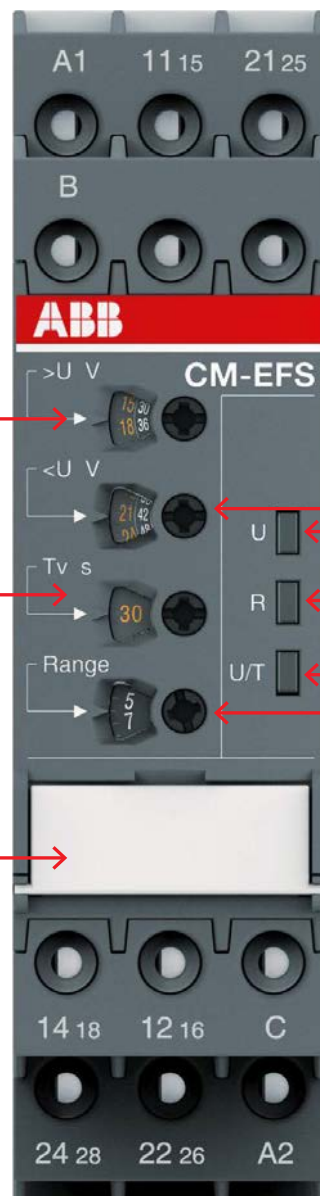
☐ Open-circuit principle

☒ Latching function activated

☐ Latching function not activated

☒ 2x1 c/o (SPDT) contact

☐ 1x2 c/o (SPDT) contacts



Adjustment of the threshold value  $<U$  for undervoltage

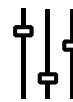


#### Indication of operational states

U: red LED – over- / under-voltage

R: yellow LED – relay status

U/T: green LED – control supply voltage/timing



Adjustment of the measuring range

### Selection table

		Type	Order number
		CM-SRS.11S	1SVR730840R0200
		CM-SRS.11P	1SVR740840R0200
		CM-SRS.11S	1SVR730841R0200
		CM-SRS.11P	1SVR740841R0200
		CM-SRS.11S	1SVR730841R1200
		CM-SRS.11P	1SVR740841R1200
		CM-SRS.12S	1SVR730840R0300
		CM-SRS.12S	1SVR730841R0300
		CM-SRS.12S	1SVR730841R1300
		CM-SRS.21S	1SVR730840R0400
		CM-SRS.21P	1SVR740840R0400
		CM-SRS.21S	1SVR730841R0400
		CM-SRS.21P	1SVR740841R0400
		CM-SRS.21S	1SVR730841R1400
		CM-SRS.21P	1SVR740841R1400
		CM-SRS.22S	1SVR730840R0500
		CM-SRS.22S	1SVR730841R0500
		CM-SRS.22S	1SVR730841R1500
		CM-SRS.M1S	1SVR730840R0600
		CM-SRS.M1P	1SVR740840R0600
		CM-SRS.M2S	1SVR730840R0700
		CM-SFS.21S	1SVR730760R0400
		CM-SFS.21P	1SVR740760R0400
		CM-SFS.22S	1SVR730760R0500
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>c</sub>			
24 - 240 V AC/DC		■	■
110 - 130 V AC			■
220 - 240 V AC			■
Measuring ranges AC/DC			
3 - 30 mA		■	■
10 - 100 mA		■	■
0.1 - 1 A		■	■
0.3 - 1.5 A			■
1 - 5 A			■
3 - 15 A			■
Monitoring function			
Over- or undercurrent		■	■
Window current monitoring			
Latching			
Open-circuit or closed-circuit principle			
Timing functions for tripping delay			
ON-delay, 0.1 - 30 s			
ON- or OFF-delay, 0.1 - 30 s			
Output			
c/o contact		1	1
Connection type			
Push-in terminals		■	■
Double-chamber cage connection terminals		■	■
adj: adjustable sel: selectable			

## Single-phase current monitoring relays

### Ordering details



CM-SRS.22S



CM-SFS.22P

#### Description

The CM range current monitoring relays protect single-phase mains (DC or AC) from over- and undercurrent from 3 mA to 15 A.

#### Ordering details

Description	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
See selection table	CM-SRS.11S	1SVR730840R0200	0.145 (0.320)
		1SVR730841R0200	0.161 (0.355)
		1SVR730841R1200	0.161 (0.355)
	CM-SRS.11P	1SVR740840R0200	0.137 (0.302)
		1SVR740841R0200	0.153 (0.337)
		1SVR740841R1200	0.153 (0.337)
	CM-SRS.12S	1SVR730840R0300	0.137 (0.302)
		1SVR730841R0300	0.168 (0.370)
		1SVR730841R1300	0.168 (0.370)
	CM-SRS.21S	1SVR730840R0400	0.152 (0.335)
		1SVR730841R0400	0.179 (0.395)
		1SVR730841R1400	0.179 (0.395)
	CM-SRS.21P	1SVR740840R0400	0.141 (0.311)
		1SVR740841R0400	0.168 (0.370)
		1SVR740841R1400	0.168 (0.370)
	CM-SRS.22S	1SVR730840R0500	0.144 (0.399)
		1SVR730841R0500	0.181 (0.399)
		1SVR730841R1500	0.181 (0.399)
	CM-SRS.M1S	1SVR730840R0600	0.153 (0.337)
	CM-SRS.M1P	1SVR740840R0600	0.142 (0.313)
	CM-SRS.M2S	1SVR730840R0700	0.155 (0.342)
	CM-SFS.21S	1SVR730760R0400	0.150 (0.331)
	CM-SFS.21P	1SVR740760R0400	0.139 (0.306)
	CM-SFS.22S	1SVR730760R0500	0.158 (0.348)

S: screw connection  
P: push-in connection

## Single-phase voltage monitoring relays

### Selection table

	Type	Order number															
	CM-ESS.1S	1SVR730830R0300															
	CM-ESS.1P	1SVR740830R0300															
	CM-ESS.1S	1SVR730831R0300															
	CM-ESS.1P	1SVR740831R0300															
	CM-ESS.1S	1SVR730831R1300															
	CM-ESS.1P	1SVR740831R1300															
	CM-ESS.2S	1SVR730830R0400															
	CM-ESS.2P	1SVR740830R0400															
	CM-ESS.2S	1SVR730831R0400															
	CM-ESS.2P	1SVR740831R0400															
	CM-ESS.2S	1SVR730831R1400															
	CM-ESS.2P	1SVR740831R1400															
	CM-ESS.MS	1SVR730830R0500															
	CM-ESS.MP	1SVR740830R0500															
	CM-EFS.2S	1SVR730750R0400															
	CM-EFS.2P	1SVR740750R0400															
<b>Rated control supply voltage U<sub>s</sub></b>																	
24 - 240 V AC/DC		■	■						■	■						■	■
110 - 130 V AC				■	■						■	■					
220 - 240 V AC						■	■						■	■			
<b>Measuring ranges AC/DC</b>																	
3 - 30 V		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
6 - 60 V		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
30 - 300 V		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
60 - 600 V		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
<b>Monitoring function</b>																	
Over- or undervoltage		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■		
Windows voltage monitoring																■	■
Latching															sel	sel	sel
Open-circuit or closed-circuit principle															sel	sel	sel
<b>Timing functions for tripping delay</b>																	
ON-delay, 0.1 - 30 s								adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	adj		
ON- or OFF-delay, 0.1 - 30 s																sel	sel
<b>Output</b>																	
c/o contact		1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
<b>Connection type</b>																	
Push-in terminals			■		■		■		■		■		■		■		■
Double-chamber cage connection terminals		■		■		■		■		■		■		■		■	

adj: adjustable

sel: selectable

## Single-phase voltage monitoring relays

### Ordering details



CM-ESS.MP



CM-EFS.2

#### Description

The CM range voltage monitoring relays provide reliable monitoring of voltages, as well as the detection of phase loss in single-phase mains.









#### Ordering details

Description	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
See selection table	CM-ESS.1S	1SVR730830R0300	0.135 (0.298)
		1SVR730831R0300	0.164 (0.362)
		1SVR730831R1300	0.164 (0.362)
	CM-ESS.1P	1SVR740830R0300	0.126 (0.278)
		1SVR740831R0300	0.155 (0.342)
		1SVR740831R1300	0.155 (0.342)
	CM-ESS.2S	1SVR730830R0400	0.153 (0.337)
		1SVR730831R0400	0.181 (0.399)
		1SVR730831R1400	0.181 (0.399)
	CM-ESS.2P	1SVR740830R0400	0.142 (0.313)
		1SVR740831R0400	0.170 (0.375)
		1SVR740831R1400	0.170 (0.375)
	CM-ESS.MS	1SVR730830R0500	0.154 (0.340)
	CM-ESS.MP	1SVR740830R0500	0.143 (0.320)
	CM-EFS.2S	1SVR730750R0400	0.157 (0.346)
	CM-EFS.2P	1SVR740750R0400	0.146 (0.322)

S: screw connection  
P: push-in connection

## Single-phase current monitoring relays

### Technical data





Type		CM-SRS.1	CM-SRS.2	CM-SRS.M	CM-SFS.2		
Input circuit - Supply circuit		A1-A2					
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub>	A1-A2	110-130 V AC					
	A1-A2	220-240 V AC					
	A1-A2	24-240 V AC/DC					
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance		-15...+10 %					
Rated frequency	AC versions	50/60 Hz					
	AC/DC versions	50/60 Hz or DC					
Current / power consumption		see data sheets					
Power failure buffering time		20 ms					
Transient overvoltage protection		Varistors					
Input circuit - Measuring circuit		B1/B2/B3-C					
Monitoring function		over- or undercurrent monitoring configurable			over- and under-current monitoring		
Measuring method		True RMS measuring principle					
Measuring inputs		CM-SxS.x1			CM-SxS.x2		
	Terminal connection	B1-C	B2-C	B3-C	B1-C	B2-C	B3-C
	Measuring ranges AC/DC	3-30 mA	10-100 mA	0.1-1 A	0.3-1.5 A	1-5 A	3-15 A <sup>1)</sup>
	Input resistance	3.3 Ω	1 Ω	0.1 Ω	0.05 Ω	0.01 Ω	0.0025 Ω
	Pulse overload capacity t< 1 s	500 mA	1 A	10 A	15 A	50 A	100 A
	Continuous capacity	50 mA	150 mA	1.5 A	2 A	7 A	17 A
Threshold value(s)		adjustable within the indicated measuring range					
Setting accuracy of threshold value		6 % of full-scale value					
Hysteresis related to the threshold value		3-30 % adjustable				5 % fixed	
Measuring signal frequency range		DC / 15 Hz - 2 kHz					
Rated measuring signal frequency range		DC / 50-60 Hz					
Maximum response time		AC: 80 ms / DC: 120 ms					
Accuracy within the control supply voltage tolerance		ΔU ≤ 0.5 %					
Accuracy within the temperature range		ΔU ≤ 0.06 % / °C					
Timing circuit							
Start-up delay T <sub>s</sub>		none			0 or 0.1-30 s adjustable		
Tripping delay T <sub>v</sub>		none		0 or 0.1-30 s adjustable			
Repeat accuracy (constant parameters)		±0.07 % of full scale					
Accuracy within the control supply voltage tolerance		-		Δt ≤ 0.5 %			
Accuracy within the temperature range		-		Δt ≤ 0.06 % / °C			
Indication of operational states							
Control supply voltage	U/T: green LED	 : control supply voltage applied,  : start-up delay T <sub>s</sub> active,  : tripping delay T <sub>v</sub> active					
Measured value	I: red LED	 : overcurrent,  : undercurrent					
Relay status	R: yellow LED	 : relay energized, no latching function  : relay energized, active latching function  : relay de-energized, active latching function					

## Single-phase current monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-SRS.1	CM-SRS.2	CM-SRS.M	CM-SFS.2
Output circuits		11(15)-12(16)/14(18), 21(25)-22(26)/24(28) - Relays			
Kind of output		1 c/o contact	2 c/o contacts		1x2 c/o contacts or 2x1 c/o contact configurable
Operating principle		open-circuit principle <sup>2)</sup>		open- or closed-circuit principle configurable <sup>2)</sup>	
Contact material		AgNi			
Minimum switching voltage / minimum switching current		24 V / 10 mA			
Maximum switching voltage / maximum switching current		250 V AC / 4 A AC			
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub>	AC-12 (resistive) at 230 V	4 A			
	AC-15 (inductive) at 230 V	3 A			
	DC-12 (resistive) at 24 V	4 A			
	DC-13 (inductive) at 24 V	2 A			
AC rating (UL 508)	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300			
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC			
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A			
	max. making/breaking apparent power (Make/Break) at B 300	3600/360 VA			
	Mechanical lifetime	30x10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles			
Electrical lifetime (AC-12, 230 V, 4 A)		0.1x10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles			
Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	6 A fast-acting	10 A fast-acting		6 A fast-acting
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting			

<sup>(1)</sup> In case of measured currents > 10 A, lateral spacing has to be min. 10 mm

<sup>(2)</sup> Open-circuit principle: output relay energizes if the measured value exceeds  / falls below  the adjusted threshold value  
Closed-circuit principle: output relay de-energizes if measured value exceeds  / falls below  the adjusted threshold value








## Single-phase current monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-SRS.1	CM-SRS.2	CM-SRS.M	CM-SFS.2
General data					
MTBF		on request			
Duty cycle		100 %			
Dimensions		see dimensional drawings			
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool			
Mounting position		any			
Minimum distance to other units		10 mm (0.39 in) at measured current > 10 A			
Material of housing		UL 94 V-0			
Degree of protection		housing / terminals	IP50 / IP20		
Electrical connection					
Connecting capacity			Screw connection technology	Easy Connect Technology (Push-in)	
	fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule		1 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 18-14 AWG)	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)	
		rigid	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)		
			1 x 0.5-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 20-12 AWG)	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-16 AWG)	
			2 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-14 AWG)		
Stripping length		8 mm (0.32 in)			
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm (7.08 lb.in)			-
Environmental data					
Ambient temperature range		operation / storage	-20...+60 °C / -40...+85 °C		
Damp heat (IEC 60068-2-30)		55 °C, 6 cycles			
Vibration (sinusoidal)		class 2			
Shock		class 2			
Isolation data					
Rated insulation voltage		supply / measuring circuit / output	600 V		
		supply / output 1/2	250 V		
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>		supply /measuring circuit / output	6 kV 1.2/50 μs		
		supply / output 1/2	4 kV 1.2/50 μs		
Pollution degree		3			
Overvoltage category		III			
Standards / Directives					
Standards		IEC/EN 60255-27, IEC/EN 60947-5-1			
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU			
EMC Directive		2014/30/EU			
RoHS Directive		2011/65/EU			
Electromagnetic compatibility					
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2			
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	level 3			
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	level 3			
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 3			
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	level 3			
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3			
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3			
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22; EN 55022	Class B			
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22; EN 55022	Class B			

## Single-phase voltage monitoring relays



### Technical data



Type		CM-ESS.1	CM-ESS.2	CM-ESS.M	CM-EFS.2
Input circuit - Supply circuit		A1-A2			
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub>	A1-A2	110-130 V AC			
	A1-A2	220-240 V AC			
	A1-A2	24-240 V AC/DC			
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance		-15...+10 %			
Rated frequency	AC versions	50/60 Hz			
	AC/DC versions	50/60 Hz or DC			
Current / power consumption		see data sheet			
Power failure buffering time		20 ms			
Transient overvoltage protection		varistors			
Input circuit - Measuring circuit		B-C			
Monitoring function		over- or undervoltage monitoring configurable			over- and under-voltage monitoring configurable
Measuring method		True RMS measuring principle			
Measuring inputs		CM-ExS			
	Terminal connection	B-C	B-C	B-C	B-C
	Measuring range AC/DC	3-30 V	6-60 V	30-300 V	60-600 V
	Input resistance	600 kΩ	600 kΩ	600 kΩ	600 kΩ
	Pulse overload capacity t < 1 s	800 V	800 V	800 V	800 V
	Continuous capacity	660 V	660 V	660 V	660 V
Threshold value(s)		adjustable within the indicated measuring range			
Tolerance of the adjusted threshold value		6 % of full-scale value			
Hysteresis related to the threshold value		3-30 % adjustable			5 % fixed
Measuring signal frequency range		DC / 15 Hz - 2 kHz			
Rated measuring signal frequency range		DC / 50-60 Hz			
Maximum response time		AC: 80 ms / DC: 120 ms			
Accuracy within the control supply voltage tolerance		ΔU ≤ 0.5 %			
Accuracy within the temperature range		ΔU ≤ 0.06 % / °C			
Transient overvoltage protection		Varistors			
Timing circuit					
Delay time T <sub>v</sub>		none	0 or 0.1-30 s adjustable		
Repeat accuracy (constant parameters)		±0.07 % of full scale value			
Accuracy within the control supply voltage tolerance		-	Δt ≤ 0.5 %		
Accuracy within the temperature range		-	Δt ≤ 0.06 % / °C		
Indication of operational states					
Control supply voltage	U/T: green LED	 : control supply voltage applied  : tripping delay T <sub>v</sub> active			
Measured value	U: red LED	 : overvoltage,  : undervoltage			
Relay status	R: yellow LED	 : relay energized, no latching function  : relay energized, active latching function  : relay de-energized, active latching function			

## Single-phase voltage monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-ESS.1	CM-ESS.2	CM-ESS.M	CM-EFS.2
Output circuits					
Kind of output		1 c/o contact	2 c/o contacts		1x2 c/o contacts or 2x1 c/o contact configurable
Operating principle		open-circuit principle <sup>1)</sup>		open- or closed-circuit principle configurable <sup>1)</sup>	
Contact material		AgNi			
Minimum switching voltage / minimum switching current		24 V / 10 mA			
Maximum switching voltage / maximum switching current		250 V AC / 4 A AC			
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub>	AC-12 (resistive) at 230 V	4 A			
	AC-15 (inductive) at 230 V	3 A			
	DC-12 (resistive) at 24 V	4 A			
	DC-13 (inductive) at 24 V	2 A			
AC rating (UL 508)	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300			
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC			
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A			
	max. making/breaking apparent power (Make/Break) at B 300	3600/360 VA			
Mechanical lifetime		30x10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles			
Electrical lifetime		AC-12, 230 V, 4 A	0.1x10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles		
Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	6 A fast-acting	10 A fast-acting		6 A fast-acting
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting			

1) Open-circuit principle: output relay energizes if the measured value exceeds  / falls below  the adjusted threshold value

Closed-circuit principle: output relay de-energizes if measured value exceeds  / falls below  the adjusted threshold value

## Single-phase voltage monitoring relays

### Technical data

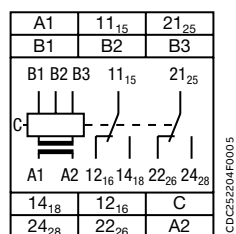
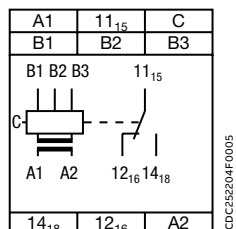
Type		CM-ESS.1	CM-ESS.2	CM-ESS.M	CM-EFS.2
General data					
MTBF		on request			
Duty cycle		100%			
Dimensions		see dimensional drawings			
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool			
Mounting position		any			
Minimum distance to other units	vertical / horizontal	not necessary / not necessary			
Material of housing		UL 94 V-0			
Degree of protection	housing / terminals	IP50 / IP20			
Environmental data					
Ambient temperature ranges		operation	-20...+60 °C		
		storage	-40...+85 °C		
Damp heat, cyclic (IEC/EN 60068-2-30)		55 °C, 6 cycle			
Vibration, sinusoidal		class 2			
Shock		class 2			
Electrical connection					
Wire size		Screw connection technology		Easy Connect Technology (Push-in)	
		fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule		2 x 0.5-1.5 mm² (2 x 18-16 AWG)	
		rigid		2 x 0.5-1.5 mm² (2 x 20-16 AWG)	
Stripping length		8 mm (0.32 in)			
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm (7.08 lb.in)		-	
Isolation data					
Rated insulation voltage	supply / measuring circuit / output	600 V			
	supply / output 1/2	250 V			
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>	supply / measuring circuit / output	6 kV 1.2/50 µs			
	supply / output 1/2	4 kV 1.2/50 µs			
Pollution degree		3			
Overvoltage category		III			
Standards / Directives					
Product standard		IEC/EN 60255-27, IEC/EN 60947-5-1			
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU			
EMC Directive		2014/30/EU			
RoHS Directive		2011/65/EU			
Electromagnetic compatibility					
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2			
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	level 3			
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	level 3			
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 3			
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	level 3			
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3			
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3			
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22; EN 55022	class B			
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22; EN 55022	class B			

# Single-phase current monitoring relays

## Technical diagrams

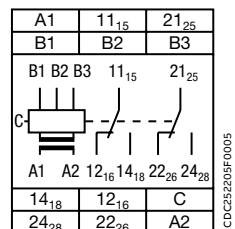
### Connection diagram

#### CM-SRS.1x, CM-SRS.2x



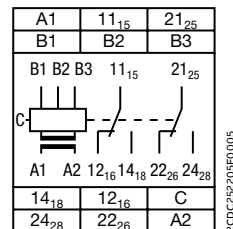
A1-A2	Control supply voltage
B1-C	Measuring range 1: 3-30 mA or 0.3-1.5 A
B2-C	Measuring range 2: 10-100 mA or 1-5 A
B3-C	Measuring range 3: 0.1-1 A or 3-15 A
11 <sub>15</sub> -12 <sub>16</sub> /14 <sub>18</sub> 21 <sub>25</sub> -22 <sub>26</sub> /24 <sub>28</sub>	Output contacts - open-circuit principle

#### CM-SRS.Mx



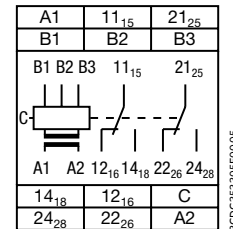
A1-A2	Control supply voltage
B1-C	Measuring range 1: 3-30 mA or 0.3-1.5 A
B2-C	Measuring range 2: 10-100 mA or 1-5 A
B3-C	Measuring range 3: 0.1-1 A or 3-15 A
11 <sub>15</sub> -12 <sub>16</sub> /14 <sub>18</sub> 21 <sub>25</sub> -22 <sub>26</sub> /24 <sub>28</sub>	Output contacts - open- or closed circuit principle

#### CM-SFS.2x



A1-A2	Control supply voltage
B1-C	Measuring range 1: 3-30 mA or 0.3-1.5 A
B2-C	Measuring range 2: 10-100 mA or 1-5 A
B3-C	Measuring range 3: 0.1-1 A or 3-15 A
11 <sub>15</sub> -12 <sub>16</sub> /14 <sub>18</sub> 21 <sub>25</sub> -22 <sub>26</sub> /24 <sub>28</sub>	Output contacts - open- or closed circuit principle

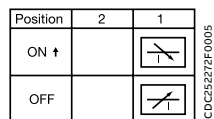
#### CM-SRS.2x



A1-A2	Control supply voltage
B1-C	Measuring range 1: 3-30 mA or 0.3-1.5 A
B2-C	Measuring range 2: 10-100 mA or 1-5 A
B3-C	Measuring range 3: 0.1-1 A or 3-15 A
11 <sub>15</sub> -12 <sub>16</sub> /14 <sub>18</sub> 21 <sub>25</sub> -22 <sub>26</sub> /24 <sub>28</sub>	Output contacts - open- or closed circuit principle

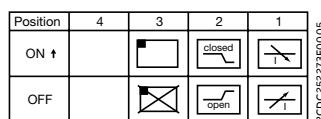
### DIP switch functions

#### CM-SRS.1x, CM-SRS.2x



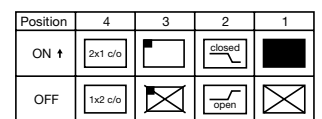
1	ON	Undercurrent monitoring
	OFF	Overcurrent monitoring
OFF = Default		

#### CM-SRS.Mx



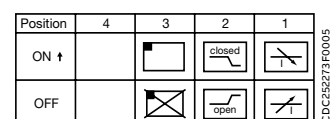
1	ON	Undercurrent monitoring
	OFF	Overcurrent monitoring
2	ON	Closed-circuit principle
	OFF	Open-circuit principle
3	ON	Latching function activated
	OFF	Latching function not activated
OFF = Default		

#### CM-SFS.2x



1	ON	OFF-delay
	OFF	ON-delay
2	ON	Closed-circuit principle
	OFF	Open-circuit principle
3	ON	Latching function activated
	OFF	Latching function not activated
4	ON	2x1 c/o contact
	OFF	1x2 c/o contacts
OFF = Default		

#### CM-SRS.2x



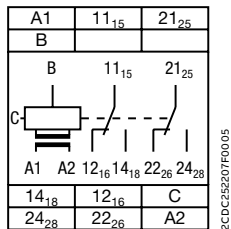
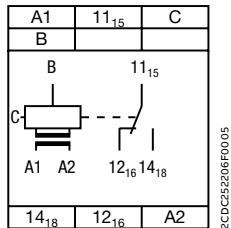
1	ON	Undercurrent monitoring
	OFF	Overcurrent monitoring
2	ON	Closed-circuit principle
	OFF	Open-circuit principle
3	ON	Latching function activated
	OFF	Latching function not activated
OFF = Default		

# Single-phase voltage monitoring relays

## Technical diagrams

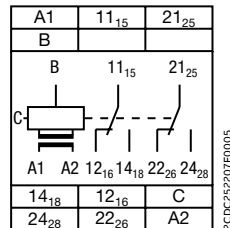
### Connection diagram

#### CM-ESS.1, CM-ESS.2



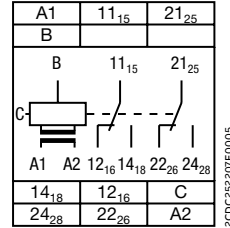
A1-A2	Control supply voltage
B-C	Measuring ranges AC/DC: 3-30 V; 6-60 V; 30-300 V; 60-600 V
11 <sub>15</sub> -12 <sub>16</sub> /14 <sub>18</sub> 21 <sub>25</sub> -22 <sub>26</sub> /24 <sub>28</sub>	Output contacts - open-circuit principle

#### CM-EFS.2



A1-A2	Control supply voltage
B-C	Measuring ranges AC/DC: 3-30 V; 6-60 V; 30-300 V; 60-600 V
11 <sub>15</sub> -12 <sub>16</sub> /14 <sub>18</sub> 21 <sub>25</sub> -22 <sub>26</sub> /24 <sub>28</sub>	Output contacts - open- or closed circuit principle

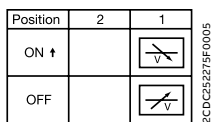
#### CM-ESS.M



A1-A2	Control supply voltage
B-C	Measuring ranges AC/DC: 3-30 V; 6-60 V; 30-300 V; 60-600 V
11 <sub>15</sub> -12 <sub>16</sub> /14 <sub>18</sub> 21 <sub>25</sub> -22 <sub>26</sub> /24 <sub>28</sub>	Output contacts - open- or closed circuit principle

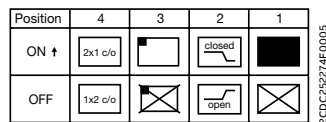
### DIP switch functions

#### CM-ESS.1, CM-ESS.2



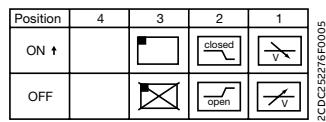
1	ON	Undervoltage monitoring
	OFF	Overvoltage monitoring
OFF = Default		

#### CM-EFS.2



1	ON	ON-delay
	OFF	OFF-delay
2	ON	Closed-circuit principle
	OFF	Open-circuit principle
3	ON	Latching function activated
	OFF	Latching function not activated
4	ON	2x1 c/o contact
	OFF	1x2 c/o contacts
OFF = Default		

#### CM-ESS.M



1	ON	Undervoltage monitoring
	OFF	Overvoltage monitoring
2	ON	Closed-circuit principle
	OFF	Open-circuit principle
3	ON	Latching function activated
	OFF	Latching function not activated
OFF = Default		

## Single-phase monitoring relays

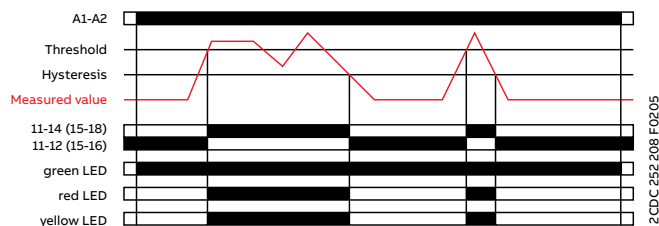
### Function diagrams

#### CM-SRS.1x and CM-SRS.2x

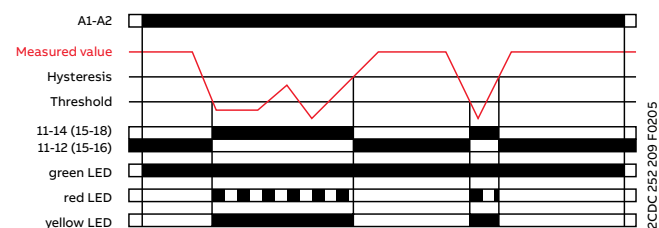
If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the adjusted threshold value, the output relay(s) energize(s): on the CM-SRS.1x - immediately, on the CM-SRS.2x - after the set tripping delay  $T_V$ . If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the threshold value plus resp. minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relay(s) de-energize(s). The hysteresis is adjustable within a range of 3-30 % of the threshold value.

#### CM-SRS.1x

##### Overcurrent monitoring

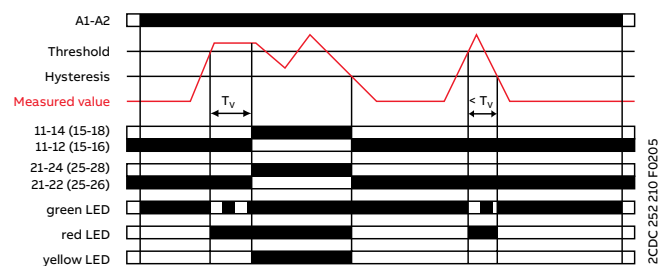


##### Undercurrent monitoring

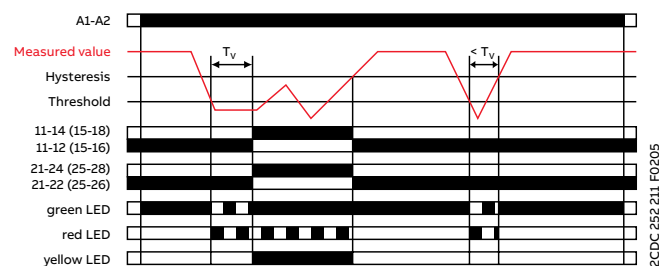


#### CM-SRS.2x

##### Overcurrent monitoring





##### Undercurrent monitoring









## Single-phase monitoring relays

### Function diagrams

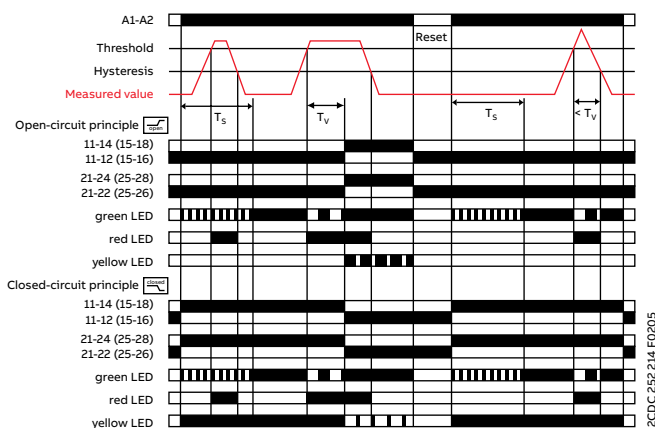
#### CM-SRS.Mx

If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the adjusted threshold value before the set start-up delay  $T_s$  is complete, the output relays do not change their actual state. If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the adjusted threshold value when  $T_s$  is complete, the tripping delay  $T_v$  starts. If  $T_v$  is complete and the measured value is still exceeding resp. below the threshold value plus resp. minus the set hysteresis, the output relays energize  / de-energize .

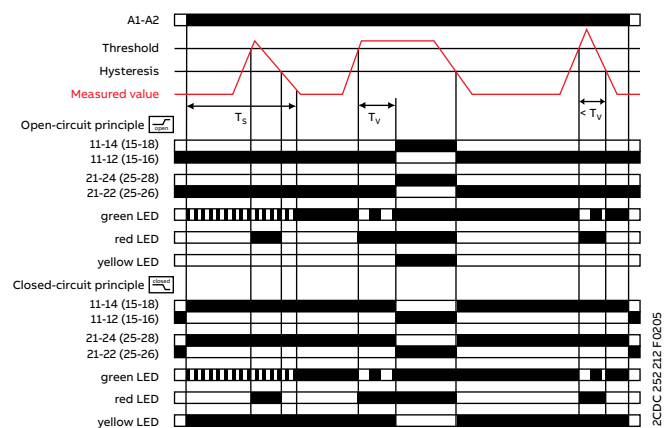
If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the threshold value minus resp. plus the set hysteresis and the latching function is not activated , the output relays de-energize  / energize . With activated latching function  the output relays remain energized  and de-energize only when the supply voltage is interrupted / the output relays remain de-energized  and energize only when the supply voltage is switched off and then again switched on = Reset.

The hysteresis is adjustable within a range of 3-30 % of the threshold value.

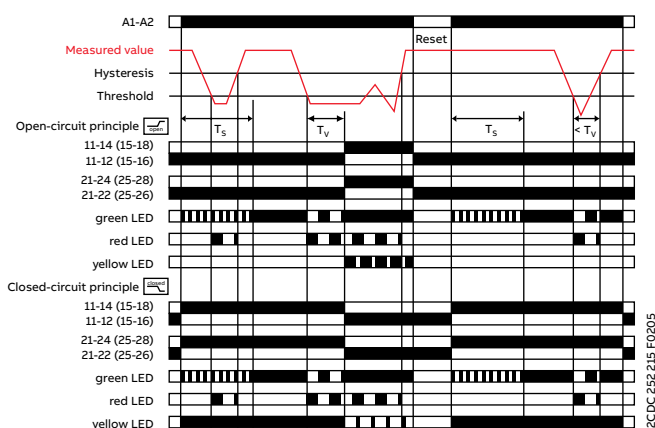
#### Overcurrent monitoring with latching



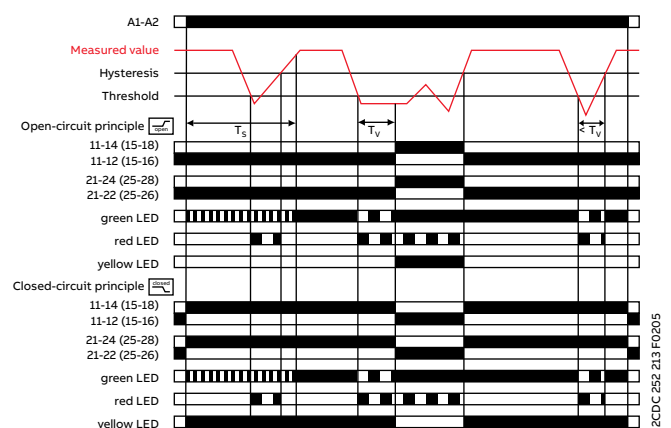
#### Overcurrent monitoring without latching



#### Undercurrent monitoring with latching




#### Undercurrent monitoring without latching





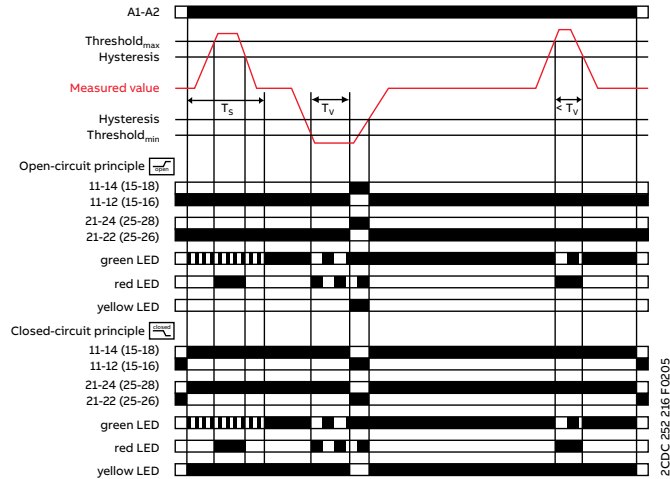
## Single-phase monitoring relays

### Function diagrams

#### CM-SFS.2x




Current window monitoring 1x2 c/o contact 







ON-delayed  without latching 




#### ON-delayed current window monitoring with parallel switching c/o contacts

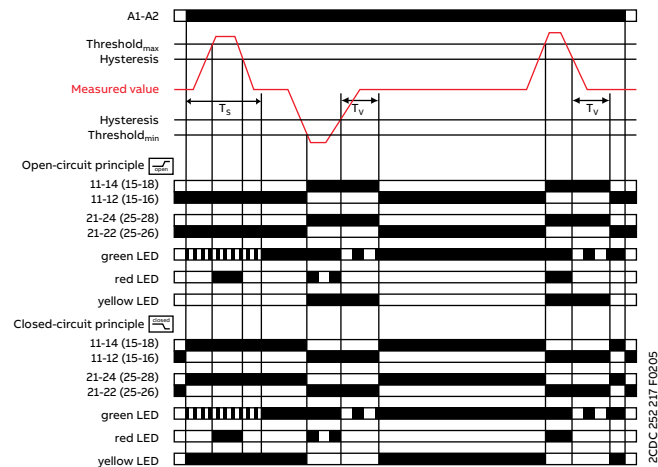
If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the adjusted threshold value before the set start-up delay  $T_s$  is complete, the output relays do not change their actual state.

If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the adjusted threshold value when  $T_s$  is complete, the tripping delay  $T_v$  starts when  is configured. If  $T_v$  is complete and the measured value is still exceeding resp. below the threshold value minus resp. plus the fixed hysteresis (5%), the output relays energize  /de-energize .












If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the threshold value plus resp. minus the hysteresis and the latching function is not activated , the output relays de-energize  / energize . With activated latching function  the output relays remain energized  and de-energize only when the supply voltage is interrupted / the output relays remain de-energized  and energize only when the supply voltage is switched off and then again switched on = Reset.

Current window monitoring 1x2 c/o contact 

OFF-delayed  without latching 



#### OFF-delayed current window monitoring with parallel switching c/o contacts



If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the adjusted threshold value when the set start-up delay  $T_s$  is complete, the output relays energize  / de-energize , when  is configured, and remain in this position during the set tripping delay  $T_v$ . If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the threshold value plus resp. minus the fixed hysteresis (5%) and the latching function is not activated , the tripping delay  $T_v$  starts. After completion of  $T_v$ , the output relays de-energize  / energize , provided that the latching function is not activated . With activated latching function  the output relays remain energized  and de-energize only when the supply voltage is interrupted / the output relays remain de-energized  and energize only when the supply voltage is switched off and then again switched on = Reset. When  is adjusted on the device, the functionality is equivalent to the one described above. In this case, instead of both output relays, only one output relay each will be switched.

">I" = 11<sub>15</sub>-12<sub>16</sub>/14<sub>18</sub> ; "<I" = 21<sub>25</sub>-22<sub>26</sub>/24<sub>28</sub>

## Single-phase monitoring relays

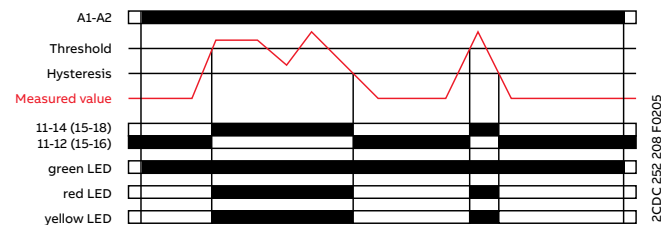
### Function diagrams

#### CM-ESS.1x and CM-ESS.2x

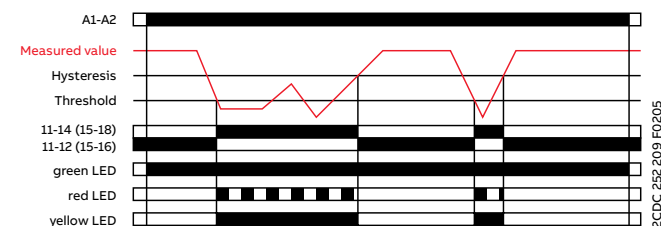
Depending on the configuration, the voltage monitoring relays CM-ESS.1 and CM-ESS.2 can be used for over- or under-voltage monitoring  in single-phase AC and/or DC systems. The voltage to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B-C. The devices work according to the open-circuit principle. If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the adjusted threshold value, the output relay(s) energize(s): on the CM-ESS.1 - immediately, on the CM-ESS.2 - after the set tripping delay  $T_v$ . If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the threshold value plus resp. minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relay(s) de-energize(s). The hysteresis is adjustable within a range of 3-30 % of the threshold value.

#### CM-ESS.1x

##### Overvoltage monitoring

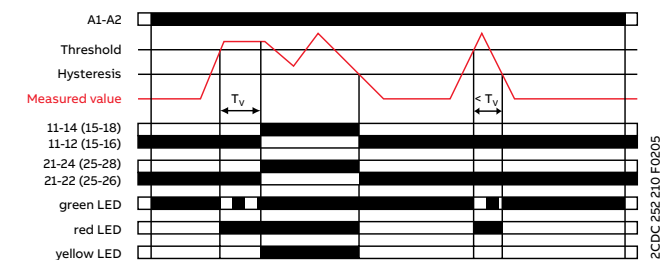


##### Undervoltage monitoring

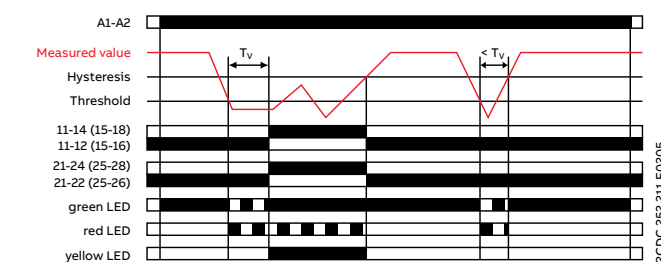


#### CM-ESS.2x

##### Overvoltage monitoring





##### Undervoltage monitoring









## Single-phase monitoring relays

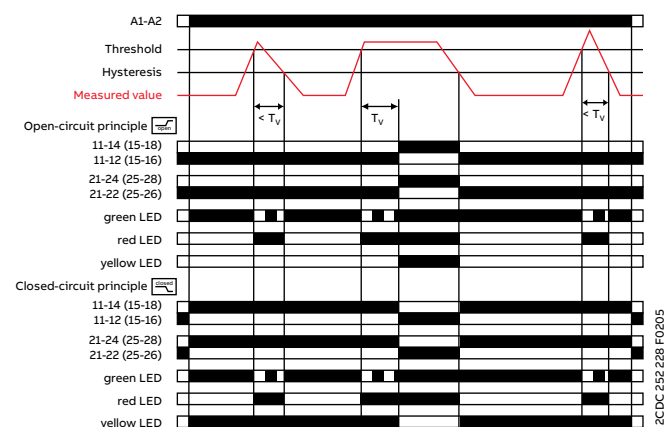
### Function diagrams

#### CM-ESS.Mx

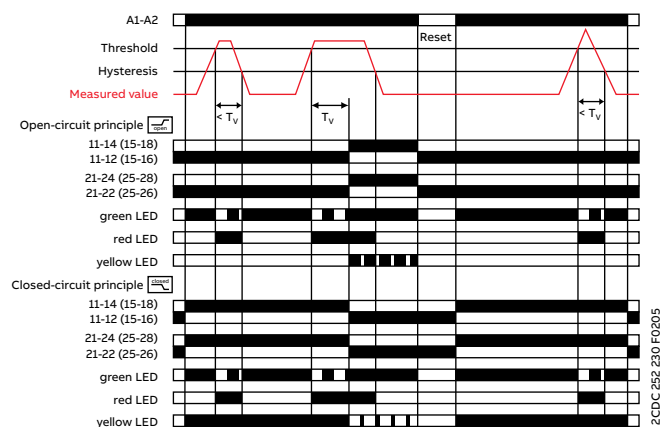
If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the adjusted threshold value, the tripping delay  $T_V$  starts. If  $T_V$  is complete and the measured value is still exceeding resp. below the threshold value plus resp. minus the set hysteresis, the output relays energize  / de-energize .

If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the threshold value plus resp. minus the set hysteresis and the latching function is not activated , the output relays de-energize  / energize . With activated latching function  the output relays remain energized  and de-energize only when the supply voltage is interrupted / the output relays remain de-energized  and energize only when the supply voltage is switched off and then again switched on = Reset. The hysteresis is adjustable within a range of 3-30 % of the threshold value.

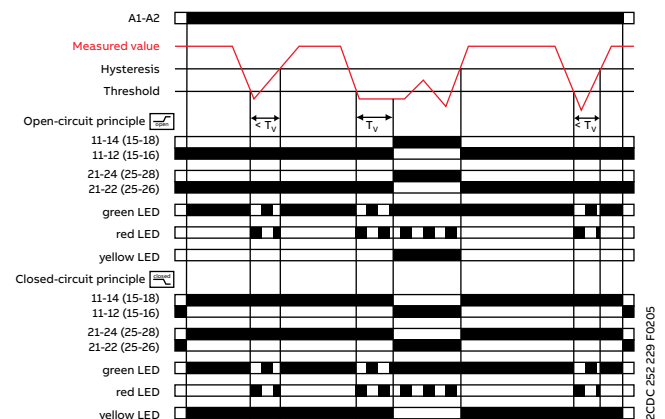
#### Overvoltage monitoring without latching



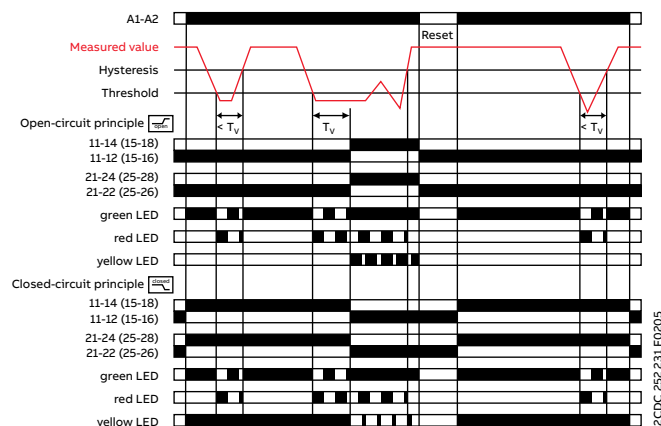
#### Overvoltage monitoring with latching



#### Undervoltage monitoring without latching



#### Undervoltage monitoring with latching



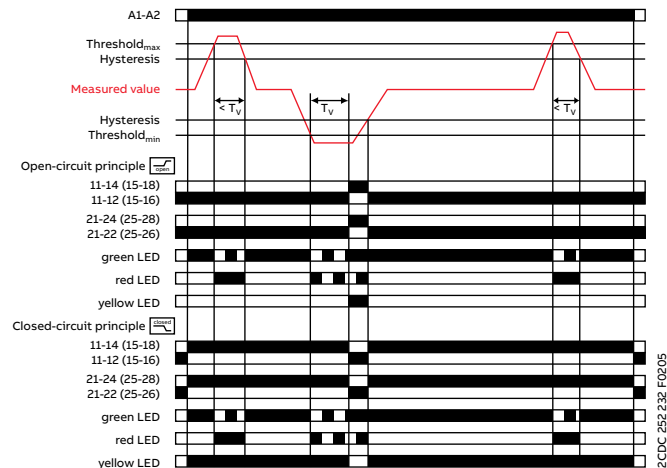
## Single-phase monitoring relays

### Function diagrams

#### CM-EFS.2x

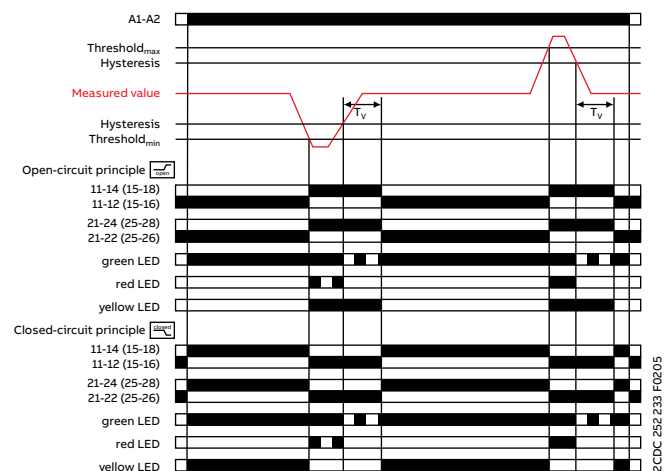
Voltage window monitoring 1x2 c/o contact [1x2 c/o]

ON-delayed [ON-delayed] without latching [ON-delayed]



Voltage window monitoring 1x2 c/o contact [1x2 c/o]

OFF-delayed [OFF-delayed] without latching [OFF-delayed]



**ON-delayed [ON-delayed] voltage window monitoring with parallel switching c/o contacts [1x2 c/o]:**

If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the adjusted threshold value, the tripping delay  $T_v$  starts, when [ON-delayed] is configured. If  $T_v$  is complete and the measured value is still exceeding resp. below the threshold value minus resp. plus the fixed hysteresis (5%), the output relays energize [ON-delayed] / de-energize [ON-delayed].

If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the threshold value plus resp. minus the hysteresis and the latching function is not activated [ON-delayed], the output relays de-energize [ON-delayed] / energize [ON-delayed]. With activated latching function [ON-delayed] the output relays remain energized [ON-delayed] and de-energize only when the supply voltage is interrupted / the output relays remain de-energized [ON-delayed] and energize only when the supply voltage is switched off and then again switched on = Reset.

**OFF-delayed [OFF-delayed] voltage window monitoring with parallel switching c/o contacts [1x2 c/o]:**

If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the adjusted threshold value, the output relays energize [OFF-delayed] / de-energize [OFF-delayed], when [OFF-delayed] is configured, and remain in this position during the set tripping delay  $T_v$ .

If the measured value exceeds resp. drops below the threshold value plus resp. minus the fixed hysteresis (5%) and the latching function is not activated [OFF-delayed], the tripping delay  $T_v$  starts.

After completion of  $T_v$ , the output relays de-energize [OFF-delayed] / energize [OFF-delayed], provided that the latching function is not activated [OFF-delayed]. With activated latching function [OFF-delayed] the output relays remain energized [OFF-delayed] and de-energize only when the supply voltage is interrupted / the output relays remain de-energized [OFF-delayed] and energize only when the supply voltage is switched off and then again switched on = Reset. When [ON-delayed] is adjusted on the device, the functionality is equivalent to the one described above. In this case, instead of both output relays, only one output relay each will be switched.

">U" = 11<sub>15</sub>-12<sub>16</sub>/14<sub>18</sub>; "<U" = 21<sub>25</sub>-22<sub>26</sub>/24<sub>28</sub>



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# Three-phase monitoring relays

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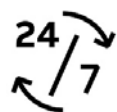
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# Three-phase monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



For the monitoring of voltages in a three-phase system or network, ABB's CM range contains a wide selection of powerful and compact devices. This product range includes voltage monitoring relays for phase sequence, phase loss, unbalance and monitoring of over- and under voltage from 160 V to 820 V.



### Continuous operation

Read the status of the relay at a glance: clear visualization of the device status via LEDs. Easy to adjust with rotary wheels and variants with push-in terminals make a quick and easy installation and setting possible.



### Reliable in harsh conditions

All relays work reliably in environments with low temperatures down to -25°C. Additionally, the housing fulfills the UL 94 V-0 flammability standard requirements. Together with the vibration resistant push-in terminals, the relay is not only reliable no matter the environment temperature but is also durable to shock and vibration. Save time as retightening is no longer needed and enhance the reliability and safety not only for the equipment.



### Easy installation

Like all devices from the measuring and monitoring portfolio, the three-phase monitoring relays are easily configurable via front facing potentiometers. Easy threshold configuration without calculation is accomplished by direct reading scales. For further configuration options, additional settings can be made via dip-switches, offering the flexibility to configure, for example, the working principle of the relays and the output configuration. The device can be set up before installation in the application and easy adjustments during the process are possible.

# Three-phase monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



### Characteristics

- True RMS (TRMS) measuring principle
- Device for the use in mains with a frequency of 45-440 Hz and where harmonics are to be expected<sup>(1)</sup>
- Adjustable phase unbalance threshold value
- Adjustable ON-delay/OFF-delay time
- Powered by the measuring circuit
- 1 n/o contact, 1 or 2 c/o contacts
- LEDs for the indication of operational states
- Multifunctional and singlefunctional devices
- Phase failure detection
- Phase sequence monitoring
- Over- and undervoltage monitoring (fixed or adjustable)
- Wide-range operating voltage guarantees world-wide operation
- Various approvals and marks

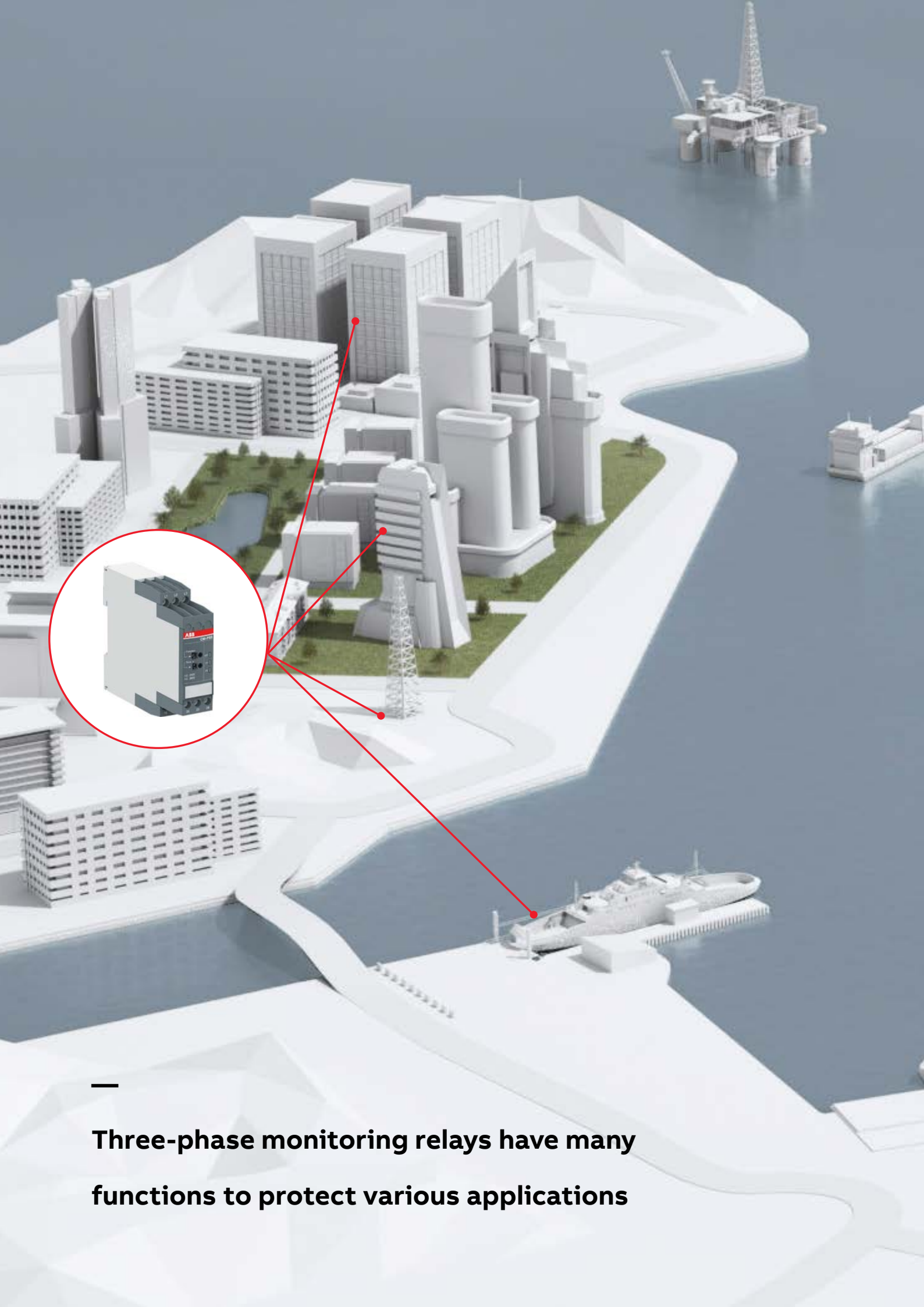
<sup>(1)</sup> devices CM-MPS.23 and CM-MPS.43



### Applications

- Control for connection of moving equipment (e.g. air conditioning compressors, refrigerated trucks and containers, and cranes)
- Control against reverse motor operation (lifting, handling, elevators, escalators, etc.)
- Control of sensitive three-phase supplies
- Overheating of the motor due to asymmetrical voltage
- Protection of a plant against destruction due to overvoltage
- Direction of rotation of the drive





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**Three-phase monitoring relays have many functions to protect various applications**

# Three-phase monitoring relays

## Function

### Phase unbalance monitoring

If the supply by the three-phase system is unbalanced due to an uneven distribution of the load, the motor will convert a part of the energy into reactive power. This energy gets lost unexploited; also the motor is exposed to higher thermal stress. Other thermal protection devices fail to detect continuing unbalances, which can lead to damage or destruction of the motor. The CM range three-phase monitors with phase unbalance monitoring can reliably detect this critical situation.

### Phase sequence

Changing the phase sequence during operation or a wrong phase sequence prior to startup causes a change of the rotational direction of the connected device. Generators, pumps or fans rotate in the wrong direction and the installation is no longer working properly. In particular, for moveable equipment, such as construction machinery, phase sequence detection prior to the startup process is highly reasonable.

### Phase loss

In case of phase loss, undefined states of the installation are likely to occur; e.g. the startup process of motors is disturbed. All three-phase monitors of the ABB CM range detect a phase loss as soon as the voltage of one phase drops below 60 % of its nominal value.

### Voltage monitoring

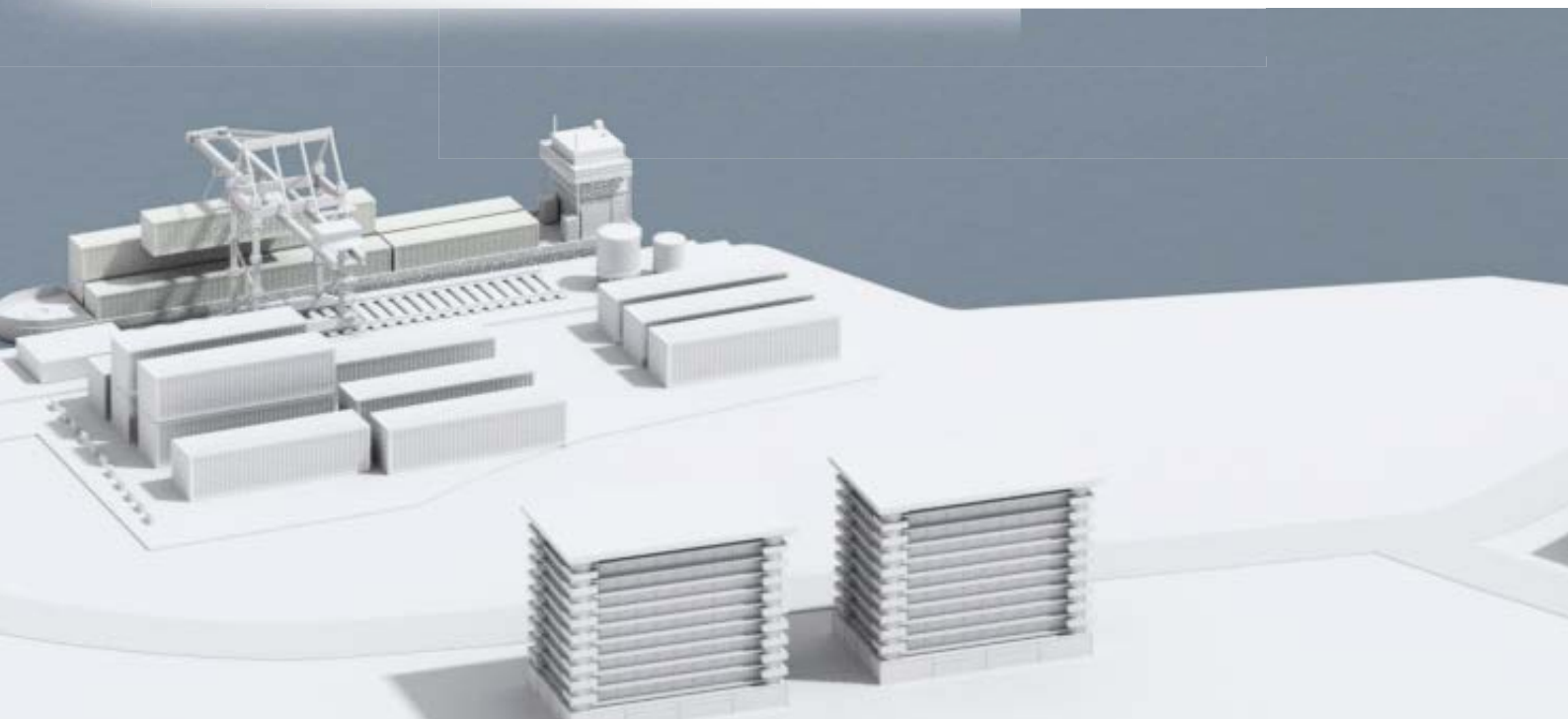
All electric devices can be damaged when operated continuously in a network with out-of-range voltages. For example, safe starting is not ensured in case of undervoltage. Also, the switching state of a contactor is not clearly defined when operated in a "forbidden" voltage range. This can lead to undefined states of the installation and cause damage or destruction of valuable parts.

### Selectable phase sequence monitoring

The phase sequence monitoring can be switched off by means of a rotary switch or a DIP switch. This enables monitoring of three-phase mains where phase sequence is not relevant for the application, for example in case of motors with forward and reverse rotation, heating applications, etc.

### Automatic phase sequence correction

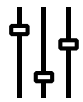
The automatic phase sequence correction is activated by means of a DIP switch. With activated phase sequence correction, it is ensured that for any non-fixed or portable equipment, e.g. construction machinery, the correct phase sequence is always applied to the input terminals of the load. For details regarding the wiring, please see function description / diagrams.



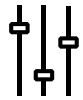
# Three-phase monitoring relays

## Operating controls

### S-range housing



Adjustment of the threshold value  $>U$  for overvoltage

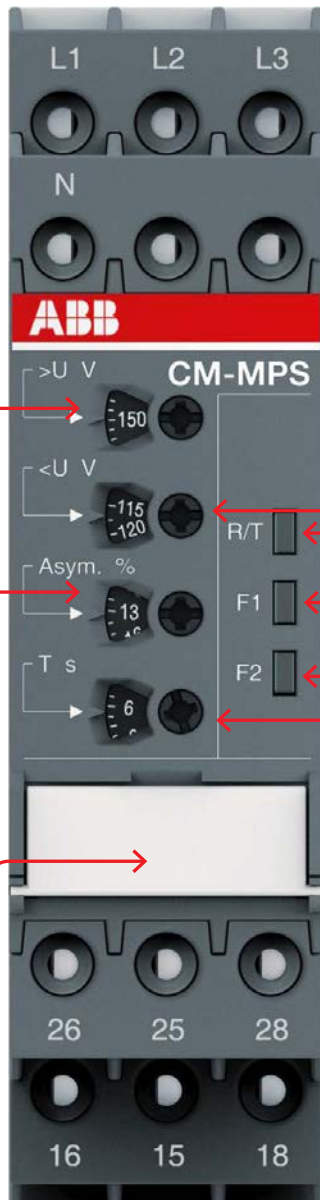


Adjustment of the threshold value Asymmetry for phase unbalance



#### DIP switches

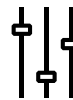
- ☒ ON-delay
- ☐ OFF-delay
- ☐ Phase sequence monitoring deactivated
- ☒ Phase sequence monitoring activated
- ☒ Phase sequence correction activated
- ☐ Phase sequence correction deactivated
- ☒ 2x1 c/o (SPDT) contact
- ☐ 1x2 c/o (SPDT) contacts



Adjustment of the threshold value  $<U$  for undervoltage



**Indication of operational states**  
 R/T: red LED – Relay status / timing  
 F1: yellow LED – Fault message  
 F2: yellow LED – Fault message

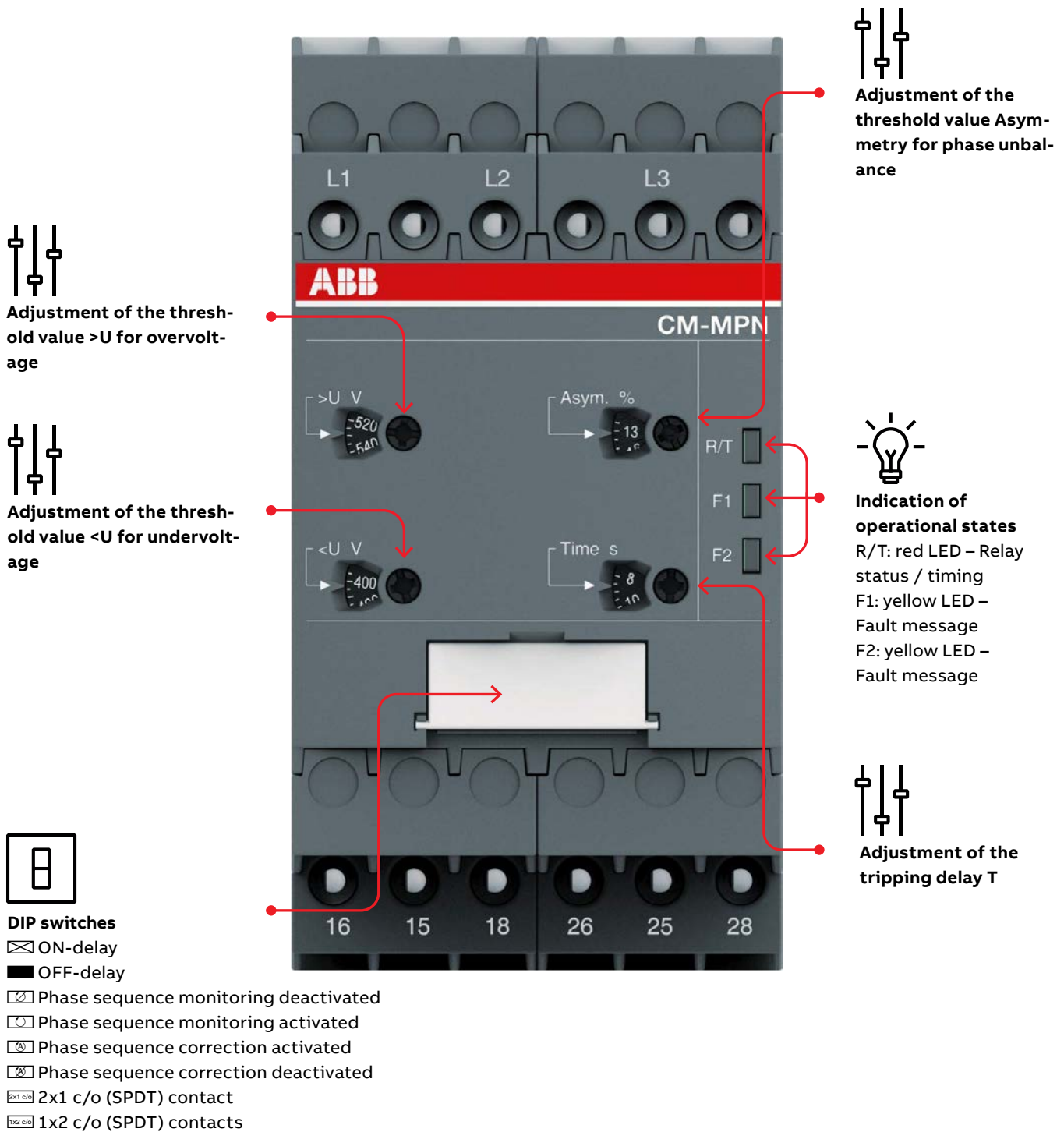


Adjustment of the tripping delay T

# Three-phase monitoring relays

## Operating controls

### N-range housing



## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Selection table - singlefunctional

	Type	Order number
	CM-PBE	1SVR550881R9400
	CM-PBE	1SVR550882R9500
	CM-PVE	1SVR550870R9400
	CM-PVE	1SVR550871R9500
	CM-PFE	1SVR550824R9100
	CM-PFE.2	1SVR550826R9100
	CM-PFS.S	1SVR730824R9300
	CM-PFS.P	1SVR740824R9300
	CM-PSS.31S	1SVR730784R2300
	CM-PSS.31P	1SVR740784R2300
	CM-PSS.41S	1SVR730784R3300
	CM-PSS.41P	1SVR740784R3300
	CM-PVS.31S	1SVR730794R1300
	CM-PVS.31P	1SVR740794R1300
	CM-PVS.41S	1SVR730794R3300
	CM-PVS.41P	1SVR740794R3300
	CM-PVS.81S	1SVR730794R2300
	CM-PVS.81P	1SVR740794R2300
	CM-PAS.31S	1SVR730774R1300
	CM-PAS.31P	1SVR740774R1300
	CM-PAS.41S	1SVR730774R3300
	CM-PAS.41P	1SVR740774R3300
<b>Rated control supply voltage <math>U_s</math></b>		
<b>Phase to phase</b>		
160-300 V AC		
200-400 V AC		
200-500 V AC		
208-440 V AC		
300-500 V AC		
320-460 V AC		
380 V AC		
380-440 V AC		
400 V AC		
<b>Phase to neutral</b>		
185-265 V AC		
220-240 V AC		
<b>Rated frequency</b>		
50/60 Hz		
<b>Suitable for monitoring</b>		
Single-phase mains		
Three-phase mains		
<b>Monitoring function</b>		
Phase failure		
Phase sequence		
Overvoltage		
Undervoltage		
Unbalance		
Neutral <sup>(1)</sup>		
<b>Thresholds</b>		
adjustable (adj) or fixed (fix)		
<b>Timing functions for tripping delay</b>		
ON-delay		
ON- or OFF-delay		
<b>Connection type</b>		
Push-in terminals		
Double-chamber cage connection terminals		

(1) The external conductor voltage towards the neutral conductor is measured.

adj: adjustable

sel: selectable

fix: fixed

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Ordering details - singlefunctional



CM-PBE

2CDC251064 V0011



CM-PSS.41P

2CDC251064 V0011



CM-PAS.31P

2CDC251063 V0011

#### Description

The three-phase monitoring relays are designed for use in three-phase mains for monitoring the phase parameters like phase sequence, phase failure, over- and undervoltage, as well as phase unbalance.

#### Ordering details

Characteristics	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
See selection table	CM-PBE	1SVR550881R9400	0.08 (0.17)
	CM-PBE	1SVR550882R9500	0.08 (0.17)
	CM-PVE	1SVR550870R9400	0.08 (0.17)
	CM-PVE	1SVR550871R9500	0.08 (0.17)
	CM-PFE	1SVR550824R9100	0.08 (0.17)
	CM-PFE.2	1SVR550826R9100	0.067 (0.147)

Characteristics	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
See selection table	CM-PFS.S	1SVR730824R9300	0.127 (0.280)
	CM-PFS.P	1SVR740824R9300	0.119 (0.262)
	CM-PSS.31S	1SVR730784R2300	0.132 (0.291)
	CM-PSS.31P	1SVR740784R2300	0.123 (0.271)
	CM-PSS.41S	1SVR730784R3300	0.132 (0.291)
	CM-PSS.41P	1SVR740784R3300	0.123 (0.271)
	CM-PVS.31S	1SVR730794R1300	0.141 (0.311)
	CM-PVS.31P	1SVR740794R1300	0.132 (0.291)
	CM-PVS.41S	1SVR730794R3300	0.139 (0.306)
	CM-PVS.41P	1SVR740794R3300	0.131 (0.289)
	CM-PVS.81S	1SVR730794R2300	0.136 (0.300)
	CM-PVS.81P	1SVR740794R2300	0.128 (0.282)
	CM-PAS.31S	1SVR730774R1300	0.133 (0.293)
	CM-PAS.31P	1SVR740774R1300	0.124 (0.273)
	CM-PAS.41S	1SVR730774R3300	0.132 (0.291)
	CM-PAS.41P	1SVR740774R3300	0.123 (0.271)

S: screw connection  
P: push-in connection

### Selection table - multifunctional

1) The relay detects by means of a phase unbalance the interruption of the neutral conductor. The external conductor voltage towards the neutral conductor is measured too.

adj: adjustable  
sel: selectable

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Ordering details - multifunctional



CM-MPS.23P

2CDC 251 065 V0011



CM-MPN.52P

2CDC 251 062 V0011

#### Description

The three-phase monitoring relays are designed for use in three-phase mains for monitoring the phase parameters, such as phase sequence, phase failure, over- and undervoltage, as well as phase unbalance.

#### Ordering details




Characteristics	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
See selection table	CM-MPS.11S	1SVR730885R1300	0.148 (0.326)
	CM-MPS.11P	1SVR740885R1300	0.137 (0.302)
	CM-MPS.21S	1SVR730885R3300	0.146 (0.322)
	CM-MPS.21P	1SVR740885R3300	0.135 (0.298)
	CM-MPS.31S	1SVR730884R1300	0.142 (0.313)
	CM-MPS.31P	1SVR740884R1300	0.133 (0.293)
	CM-MPS.41S	1SVR730884R3300	0.140 (0.309)
	CM-MPS.41P	1SVR740884R3300	0.132 (0.291)
	CM-MPS.23S	1SVR730885R4300	0.149 (0.328)
	CM-MPS.23P	1SVR740885R4300	0.138 (0.304)
	CM-MPS.43S	1SVR730884R4300	0.148 (0.327)
	CM-MPS.43P	1SVR740884R4300	0.137 (0.302)
	CM-MPN.52S	1SVR750487R8300	0.230 (0.507)
	CM-MPN.52P	1SVR760487R8300	0.226 (0.498)
	CM-MPN.62S	1SVR750488R8300	0.229 (0.505)
	CM-MPN.62P	1SVR760488R8300	0.225 (0.496)
	CM-MPN.72S	1SVR750489R8300	0.224 (0.494)
	CM-MPN.72P	1SVR760489R8300	0.220 (0.485)

**S:** screw connection

**P:** push-in connection

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type	CM-PBE <sup>1)</sup>	CM-PBE	CM-PVE <sup>1)</sup>	CM-PVE	CM-PFE	CM-PFE.2	CM-PFS
Input circuit - supply circuit	L1-L2-L3-N	L1-L2-L3	L1-L2-L3-N	L1-L2-L3			
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> = measuring voltage	3x380-440 V AC, 220-240 V AC	3x380-440 V AC	3x320-460 V AC, 185-265 V AC	3x320-460 V AC	3x208-440 V AC	3x200-500 V AC	
Power consumption						13 mA / 9 VA	approx. 15 VA
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance	-15...+15 %		-15...+10 %				
Rated frequency	50/60 Hz		50/60 Hz (-10...+10 %)		50/60 Hz		
Duty time	100 %						
Input circuit - measuring circuit	L1-L2-L3-N	L1-L2-L3	L1-L2-L3-N	L1-L2-L3			
Monitoring functions							
phase failure	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
phase sequence	-	-	-	-	■	■	■
over- / undervoltage	-	-	■	■	-	-	-
neutral	■	-	■	-	-	-	-
Measuring ranges	3x380-440 V AC, 220-240 V AC	3x380-440 V AC	3x320-460 V AC, 185-265 V AC	3x320-460 V AC	3x208-440 V AC	3x200-500 V AC	
Thresholds	U <sub>min</sub>	0.6 x U <sub>N</sub>		fixed 185 V / 320 V	fixed 320 V	0.6 x U <sub>N</sub>	
	U <sub>max</sub>	-		fixed 265 V / 460 V	fixed 460 V	-	
Hysteresis related to the threshold value	fixed 5 % (release value = 0.65 x U <sub>N</sub> )		fixed 5 %		-		
Measuring voltage frequency	50/60 Hz (-10 %...+10 %)				50/60 Hz		
Response time	40 ms		80 ms		500 ms		
Accuracy within the temperature range	-		ΔU ≤ 0.06 % / °C				
Timing circuit							
Start-up delay t <sub>s</sub>	fixed 500 ms (±20 %)				fixed 500 ms		
Tripping t <sub>v</sub>	fixed 150 ms (±20 %)		at over-/ undervoltage fixed 500 ms (±20 %)		fixed 500 ms		-
Indication of operational states							
Relay status	R: yellow LED	 output relay energized					
Fault message	F: red LED	Only CM-PFS:  phase failure /  phase sequence error					

1) Device with neutral monitoring: The external conductor voltage towards the neutral conductor is measured.

2) Closed-circuit principle: Output relay is de-energized if the measured value exceeds/drops below the adjusted threshold.

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-PBE <sup>1)</sup>	CM-PBE	CM-PVE <sup>1)</sup>	CM-PVE	CM-PFE	CM-PFE.2	CM-PFS
Output circuits		13-14				11-12/14		11 <sub>15</sub> -12 <sub>16</sub> / 14 <sub>18</sub> , 21 <sub>25</sub> -22 <sub>26</sub> / 24 <sub>28</sub>
Kind of output		1 n/o contact				1 c/o contact		2 c/o contacts
Operating principle		closed-circuit principle <sup>2)</sup>						
Minimum switching voltage / Minimum switching current		24 V / 10 mA						
Maximum switching voltage / maximum switching voltage		see data sheets						
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub>	AC-12 (resistive) 230 V	4 A						
	AC-15 (inductive) 230 V	3 A						
	DC-12 (resistive) 24 V	4 A						
	DC-13 (inductive) 24 V	2 A						
AC rating (UL 508)	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300 pilot duty, general purpose 250 V, 4 A, cos phi 0.75						
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC						
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A						
	max. making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA						
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles						
Electrical lifetime (AC-12, 230 V, 4 A)		0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles						
Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	10 A fast-acting				6 A fast-acting		
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting						
Conventional thermal current I <sub>th</sub>						4 A		

## Technical data

Type		CM-PBE <sup>1)</sup>	CM-PBE	CM-PVE <sup>1)</sup>	CM-PVE	CM-PFE	CM-PFE.2	CM-PFS
General data								
Duty cycle		100 %						
Dimensions		see dimensional drawings						
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715)						
Mounting position		any						
Minimum distance to other unites		horizontal	not necesarry				≥ 10 mm if ambient temperature > 50 °C and rated operational currents > 2 A	≥ 10 mm in case of continuous measuring voltage > 440 V
Degree of protection		housing / terminals	IP50 / IP20					
Electrical connection								
Connecting capacity	fine-strand with wire end ferrule		2 x 0.75-1.5 mm² (2 x 18-16 AWG)					Same as CM-PSS.31
	fine-strand without wire end ferrule		2 x 1-1.5 mm² (2 x 18-16 AWG)					
	rigid		2 x 0.75-1.5 mm² (2 x 18-16 AWG)					
Stripping length		10 mm (0.39 in)					Same as CM-PSS.31	
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm						
Environmental data								
Ambient temperature range		operation / storage	-20..+60 °C / -40...+85 °C					
Climatic class		-					3K3	
Damp heat		IEC/EN 60068-2-30	40 °C, 93 % RH, 4 days					-
Damp heat, cyclic		IEC/EN 60068-2-30						6 x 24 h cycle, 55 °C, 95 % RH
Vibration withstand		IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10-57 Hz: 0.075 mm; 57-150 Hz: 1 g					-
Vibration, sinusoidal		-					class 2	
Shock		-					class 2	
Isolation data								
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>	between input, measuring and output circuits		400 V			-		
	input circuit / output circuit		-			600 V		
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2		-					300 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>	between input, measuring and output circuits		4 kV / 1.2 -50 µs			-		
	input circuit / output circuit		-			6 kV		
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2		-					4 kV
Basic insulation		supply circuit / output circuit	-					600 V AC
Pollution degree		3						
Overvoltage category		III						
Standards / Directives								
Standards		IEC/EN 60947-5-1				IEC/EN 60255-27, IEC/EN 60947-5-1		
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU						
EMC Directive		2014/30/EU						
RoHS Directive		2011/65/EU						

# Three-phase monitoring relays

## Technical data

Type		CM-PBE <sup>(1)</sup>	CM-PBE	CM-PVE <sup>(1)</sup>	CM-PVE	CM-PFE	CM-PFE.2	CM-PFS
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility</b>								
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2						
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	level 3 - 6 kV/ 8 kV						
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	level 3 - 10 V/m						level 3 - 10 V/m (1 GHz) 3 V/m (2 GHz) 1 V/m (2.7 GHz)
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 3 - 2 kV / 5 kHz						
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	level 4 - 2 kV L-L						
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3 - 10 V						
voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	-						class 3
harmonics and interharmonics	IEC/EN 61000-4-13	-						class 3
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3						
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	Class B						
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	Class B						

(1) Device with neutral monitoring: The external conductor voltage towards the neutral conductor is measured.

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type	CM-PSS.31	CM-PSS.41	CM-PVS.31	CM-PVS.41	CM-PVS.81	CM-PAS.31	CM-PAS.41	
Input circuit = Measuring circuit	L1, L2, L3							
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> = measuring voltage	3x380 V AC	3x400 V AC	3x160-300 V AC	3x300-500 V AC	3x200-400 V AC	3x160-300 V AC	3x300-500 V AC	
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance	-15...+10 %							
Rated frequency	50/60 Hz							
Frequency range	45-65 Hz							
Typical current / power consumption	25 mA / 18 VA (380 V AC)	25 mA / 18 VA (400 V AC)	25 mA / 10 VA (230 V AC)	25 mA / 18 VA (400 V AC)	19 mA / 10 VA (300 V AC)	25 mA / 10 VA (230 V AC)	25 mA /18 VA (400 V AC)	
Measuring circuit	L1, L2, L3							
Monitoring functions	Phase failure	■	■	■	■	■	■	
	Phase sequence	can be switched off					■	■
	Automatic phase sequence correction	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Over- / undervoltage	■	■	■	■	■	-	-
	Phase unbalance	-	-	-	-	-	■	■
Measuring range	Neutral	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Overvoltage	3x418 V AC	3x440 V AC	3x220-300 V AC	3x420-500 V AC	3x300-400 V AC	-	-
	Undervoltage	3x342 V AC	3x360 V AC	3x160-230 V AC	3x300-380 V AC	3x210-300 V AC	-	-
	Phase unbalance	-	-	-	-	-	2-25 % of average of phase voltages	
Thresholds	Overvoltage	fixed		adjustable within measuring range		-	-	
	Undervoltage	fixed		adjustable within measuring range		-	-	
	Phase unbalance (switch-off value)	-	-	-	-	-	adjust. within measuring range	
Tolerance of the adjusted threshold value	6 % of full-scale value							
Hysteresis related to the threshold value	Over- / undervoltage	fixed 5 %					-	
	Phase unbalance	-	-	-	-	-	fixed 20 %	
Maximum measuring cycle time	100 ms							
Accuracy within the temperature range	ΔU ≤ 0.06 % / °C							
Measuring method	true RMS							
Timing circuit								
Start-up delay t <sub>s</sub>	fixed, 200 ms			fixed, ≤ 200 ms	fixed, 200 ms			
Tripping delay t <sub>v</sub>	ON- or OFF-delay 0; 0.1-30 s adjustable					ON- delay 0; 0.1-30 s adjustable		
Repeat accuracy (constant parameters)	-	-	-	-	< ± 0.2 %	-	-	
Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage tolerance	Δt ≤ 0.5 %							
Accuracy within the temperature range	Δt ≤ 0.06 % / °C							
Indication of operational states								
		1 yellow LED, 2 red LEDs						
	details see function description / -diagrams	details see operating mode and function description / -diagrams			details see function description / -diagrams			
Output circuits	15-16/18, 25-26/28							
Kind of output	relay, 2 x 1 c/o contact							
Operating principle	closed-circuit principle <sup>1)</sup>							
Contact material	AgNi alloy, Cd free							
Minimum switching power	24 V / 10 mA							
Maximum switching voltage	see "Load limit curves"							

1) Closed-circuit principle: Output relay(s) de-energize(s) if measured value exceeds or falls below the adjusted threshold value

## Technical data

Type		CM-PSS.31	CM-PSS.41	CM-PVS.31	CM-PVS.41	CM-PVS.81	CM-PAS.31	CM-PAS.41
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub>	AC-12 (resistive) 230 V	4 A						
	AC-15 (inductive) 230 V	3 A						
	DC-12 (resistive) 24 V	4 A						
	DC-13 (inductive) 24 V	2 A						
AC rating (UL 508)	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300						
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC						
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A						
	max. making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA						
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles						
Electrical lifetime (AC-12, 230 V, 4 A)		0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles						
Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	6 A fast-acting						
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting						
General data								
MTBF		on request						
Duty cycle		100%						
Dimensions		see dimensional drawings						
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool						
Mounting position		any						
Minimum distance to other units	horizontal	10 mm (0.39 in) in case of continuous measuring voltages						
		> 400 V	> 400 V	> 220 V	> 400 V	-	> 220 V	> 400 V
Material of housing		UL 94 V-0						
Degree of protection		housing / terminals	IP50 / IP20					
Electrical connection								
Wire size		Screw connection technology				Easy Connect Technology (Push-in)		
	fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule	1 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 18-14 AWG) 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)				2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)		
		rigid	1 x 0.5-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 20-12 AWG) 2 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-14 AWG)				2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-16 AWG)	
Stripping length		8 mm (0.32 in)						
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm (7.08 lb.in)				-		
Environmental data								
Ambient temperature ranges		operation / storage	-25...+60 °C / -40...+85 °C					
Damp heat, cyclic (IEC 60068-2-30)		6 x 24 h cycle, 55 °C, 95 % RH						
Climatic class		3K3						
Vibration (sinusoidal)		class 2						
Shock		class 2						
Isolation data								
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>	input circuit / output circuit	600 V						
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2	300 V						
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>	input circuit	6 kV; 1.2/50 μs						
	output circuit	4 kV; 1.2/50 μs						
Basic insulation		input circuit / output circuit	600 V					
Protective separation		input circuit / output circuit	-					
Pollution degree		3						
Overvoltage category		III						

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-PSS.31	CM-PSS.41	CM-PVS.31	CM-PVS.41	CM-PVS.81	CM-PAS.31	CM-PAS.41
Standards / Directives								
Standards		IEC/EN 60255-27, IEC/EN 60947-5-1						
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU						
EMC directive		2014/30/EU						
RoHS directive		2011/65/EU						
Electromagnetic compatibility								
Interference immunity to		EN 61000-6-1						
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Level 3 (6 kV / 8 kV)						
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	Level 3 (10 V/m)						
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	Level 3 (2 kV / 2 kHz)						
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	Level 4 (2 kV L-L)						
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	Level 3 (10 V)						
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3						
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B						
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B						

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-MPS.11	CM-MPS.21	CM-MPS.31	CM-MPS.41
Input circuit = Measuring circuit		L1, L2, L3, N		L1, L2, L3	
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> = measuring voltage		3x90-170 V AC	3x180-280 V AC	3x160-300 V AC	3x300-500 V AC
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance		-15...+10 %			
Rated frequency		50/60 Hz			
Frequency range		45-65 Hz			
Typical current / power consumption		25 mA / 10 VA (115 V AC)	25 mA / 18 VA (230 V AC)	25 mA / 10 VA (230 V AC)	25 mA / 18 VA (400 V AC)
Measuring circuit		L1, L2, L3, N		L1, L2, L3	
Monitoring functions	Phase failure	■	■	■	■
	Phase sequence	can be switched off			
	Automatic phase sequence correction	-	-	-	-
	Over- / undervoltage	■	■	■	■
	Phase unbalance	■	■	■	■
	Interrupted neutral	■	■	-	-
Measuring range	Overvoltage	3x120-170 V AC	3x240-280 V AC	3x220-300 V AC	3x420-500 V AC
	Undervoltage	3x90-130 V AC	3x180-220 V AC	3x160-230 V AC	3x300-380 V AC
	Phase unbalance	2-25 % of average of phase voltages			
Thresholds	Overvoltage	adjustable within measuring range			
	Undervoltage	adjustable within measuring range			
	Phase unbalance (switch-off value)	adjustable within measuring range			
Tolerance of the adjusted threshold value		6 % of full-scale value			
Hysteresis related to the threshold value	Over- / undervoltage	fixed 5 %			
	Phase unbalance	fixed 20 %			
Accuracy within the temperature range		ΔU ≤ 0.06 % / °C			
Measuring method		True RMS			
Timing circuit					
Start-up delay t <sub>s</sub>		fixed, 200 ms	fixed, ≤ 200 ms	fixed, 200 ms	fixed, ≤ 200 ms
Tripping delay t <sub>v</sub>		ON- or OFF-delay 0; 0.1-30 s adjustable			
Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage tolerance		Δt ≤ 0.5 %			
Accuracy within the temperature range		Δt ≤ 0.06 % / °C			
Indication of operational states		Details see function description / -diagrams			
Output circuits		15-16/18, 25-26/28			
Kind of output		relay, 1 x 2 c/o contacts			
Operating principle		closed-circuit principle <sup>1)</sup>			
Contact material		AgNi alloy, Cd free			
Minimum switching power		24 V / 10 mA			
Maximum switching voltage		see load limit curves			
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub>	AC-12 (resistive) 230 V	4 A			
	AC-15 (inductive) 230 V	3 A			
	DC-12 (resistive) 24 V	4 A			
	DC-13 (inductive) 24 V	2 A			
AC rating (UL 508)	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300			
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC			
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A			
	max. making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA			
	Mechanical lifetime	30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles			
Electrical lifetime (AC-12, 230 V, 4 A)		0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles			
Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	6 A fast-acting			
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting			

1) Closed-circuit principle: Output relay(s) de-energize(s) if measured value exceeds or falls below the adjusted threshold value

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type	CM-MPS.11	CM-MPS.21	CM-MPS.31	CM-MPS.41
General data				
MTBF	on request			
Duty time	100 %			
Dimensions	see dimension drawings			
Mounting	DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool			
Mounting position	any			
Minimum distance to other units	horizontal	10 mm (0.39 in) in case of continuous measuring voltages > 120 V > 240 V > 220 V > 400 V		
Material of housing	UL 94 V-0			
Degree of protection	housing / terminals	IP50 / IP20		
Electrical connection				
Wire size	Screw connection technology		Easy Connect Technology (Push-in)	
fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule rigid	1 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 18-14 AWG)		2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)	
	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)			
	1 x 0.5-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 20-12 AWG) 2 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-14 AWG)		2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-16 AWG)	
Stripping length	8 mm (0.32 in)			
Tightening torque	0.6-0.8 Nm (7.08 lb.in)		-	
Environmental data				
Ambient temperature ranges	operation / storage	-25...+60 °C / -40...+85 °C		
Damp heat, cyclic	6 x 24 h cycle, 55 °C, 65 % RH			
Climatic class	3K3			
Vibration	class 2			
Shock	class 2			
Isolation data				
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>	input circuit / output circuit	600 V		
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2	300 V		
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>	input circuit	6 kV; 1.2/50 μs		
	output circuit	4 kV; 1.2/50 μs		
Test voltage between all isolated circuits (routine test)		2.5 kV, 50 Hz, 1 s		
Basic insulation	input circuit / output circuit	600 V		
Protective separation (IEC/EN 61140)	input circuit / output circuit	yes	-	
Pollution degree		3		
Overvoltage category		III		
Standards / Directives				
Standards	IEC/EN 60255-2, IEC/EN 60947-5-1			
Low Voltage Directive	2014/35/EU			
EMC directive	2014/30/EU			
RoHS directive	2011/65/EU			
Electromagnetic compatibility				
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2		
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	level 3 (6 kV / 8 kV)		
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	level 3 (10 V/m)		
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 3 (2 kV / 2 kHz)		
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	level 4 (2 kV L-N)	Level 4 (2 kV L-L)	
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3 (10 V)		
harmonics and interharmonics	IEC/EN 61000-4-13	class 3		
Interference emission		EN 61000-6-3, EN 61000-6-4		
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B		
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B		

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-MPS.23	CM-MPS.43	CM-MPN.52	CM-MPN.62	CM-MPN.72
Input circuit = Measuring circuit		L1, L2, L3, N	L1, L2, L3			
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> = measuring voltage		3x180-280 V AC	3x300-500 V AC	3x350-580 V AC	3x450-720 V AC	3x530-820 V AC
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance		-15...+10 %				
Rated frequency		50/60/400 Hz		50/60 Hz		
Frequency range		45-440 Hz		45-65 Hz		
Typical current / power consumption		5 mA / 4 VA (230 V AC)	5 mA / 4 VA (400 V AC)	29 mA / 41 VA (480 V AC)	29 mA / 52 VA (600 V AC)	29 mA / 59 VA (690 V AC)
Measuring circuit		L1, L2, L3, N	L1, L2, L3			
Monitoring functions	Phase failure	■	■	■	■	■
	Phase sequence	can be switched off				
	Automatic phase sequence correction	configurable				
	Over- / undervoltage	■	■	■	■	■
	Phase unbalance	■	■	■	■	■
	Interrupted neutral	■	-	-	-	-
Measuring range	Overvoltage	3x240-280 V AC	3x420-500 V AC	3x480-580 V AC	3x600-720 V AC	3x690-820 V AC
	Undervoltage	3x180-220 V AC	3x300-380 V AC	3x350-460 V AC	3x450-570 V AC	3x530-660 V AC
	Phase unbalance	2-25 % of average of phase voltages				
Thresholds	Overvoltage	adjustable within measuring range				
	Undervoltage	adjustable within measuring range				
	Phase unbalance (switch-off value)	adjustable within measuring range				
Tolerance of the adjusted thrshold value		6 % of full-scale value				
Hysteresis related to the threshold value	Over- / undervoltage	fixed 5 %				
	Phase unbalance	fixed 20 %				
Maximum measuring cycle time		100 ms				
Accuracy within the temperature range		ΔU ≤ 0.06 % / °C				
Measuring method		True RMS				
Timing circuit						
Start-up delay t <sub>s</sub> and t <sub>s2</sub>		fixed 200 ms				
Start-up delay t <sub>s1</sub>		fixed 250 ms				
Tripping delay t <sub>v</sub>		ON- or OFF-delay 0; 0.1-30 s adjustable				
Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage tolerance		Δt ≤ 0.5 %				
Accuracy within the temperature range		Δt ≤ 0.06 % / °C				
Indication of operational states		Details see function description / -diagrams				
Output circuits		15-16/18, 25-26/28				
Kind of output		relay, 2 x 1 or 1 x 2 c/o contacts configurable				
Operating principle		closed-circuit principle <sup>1)</sup>				
Contact material		AgNi alloy, Cd free				
Minimum switching power		24 V / 10 mA				
Maximum switching voltage		see load limit curves				
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub>	AC-12 (resistive) 230 V	4 A				
	AC-15 (inductive) 230 V	3 A				
	DC-12 (resistive) 24 V	4 A				
	DC-13 (inductive) 24 V	2 A				
AC rating (UL 508)	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300				
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC				
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A				
	max. making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA				
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles				
Electrical lifetime (AC-12, 230 V, 4 A)		0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles				
Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	6 A fast-acting		10 A fast-acting		
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting				

1) Closed-circuit principle: Output relay(s) de-energize(s) if measured value exceeds or falls below the adjusted threshold value

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-MPS.23	CM-MPS.43	CM-MPN.52	CM-MPN.62	CM-MPN.72
General data						
MTBF		on request				
Duty time		100 %				
Dimensions		see dimensional drawings				
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool				
Mounting position		any				
Minimum distance to other units		horizontal	10 mm (0.39 in)		not necessary	
Material of housing		UL 94 V-0				
Degree of protection		housing / terminals	IP50 / IP20			
Electrical connection						
Wire size		Screw connection technology		Easy Connect Technology (Push-in)		
fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule		1 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 18-14 AWG) 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-16 AWG)		2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)		
rigid		1 x 0.5-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 20-12 AWG) 2 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-14 AWG)		2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-16 AWG)		
Stripping length		8 mm (0.32 in)				
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm (7.08 lb.in)			-	
Environmental data						
Ambient temperature ranges		operation / storage	-25...+60 °C / -40...+85 °C			
Damp heat, cyclic (IEC 60068-2-30)		6 x 24 h cycles, 55 °C, 95 % RH				
Climatic category		3K3				
Vibration (sinusoidal) (IEC/EN 60255-21-1)		class 2				
Shock (IEC/EN 60255-21-2)		class 2				
Isolation data						
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>		input circuit / output circuit	600 V		1000 V	
		output circuit 1 / 2	300 V			
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>		input circuit	6 kV; 1.2/50 μs		8 kV; 1.2/50 μs	
		output circuit	4 kV; 1.2/50 μs			
Basic insulation		input circuit / output circuit	600 V		1000 V	
Protective separation (IEC/EN 61140, EN 50148)		input circuit / output circuit	-			
Pollution degree		3				
Overvoltage category		III				
Standards / Directives						
Standards		IEC/EN 60255-27, IEC/EN 60947-5-1				
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU				
EMC Directive		2014/30/EU				
RoHS Directive		2011/65/EU				
Electromagnetic compatibility						
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2				
electrostatic discharge		IEC/EN 61000-4-2	level 3 (6 kV / 8 kV)			
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field		IEC/EN 61000-4-3	level 3 (10 V/m)			
electrical fast transient / burst		IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 3 (2 kV / 2 kHz)			
surge		IEC/EN 61000-4-5	level 4 (2 kV L-N)	Level 4 (2 kV L-L)		
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields		IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3 (10 V)			
harmonics and interharmonics		IEC/EN 61000-4-13	class 3			
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3				
high-frequency radiated		IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B			
high-frequency conducted		IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B			

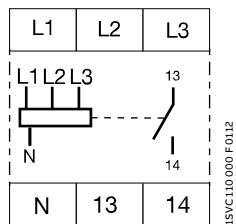
# Three-phase monitoring relays

## Technical diagrams

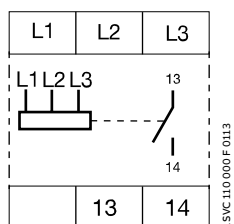
### Connection diagrams

#### CM-PBE, CM-PVE

with neutral

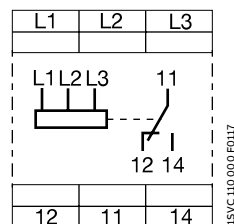


without neutral



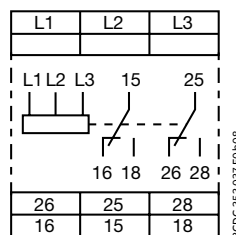
L1, L2, L3, (N) Control supply voltage = Measuring voltage  
13-14 Output contact - closed-circuit principle

#### CM-PFE



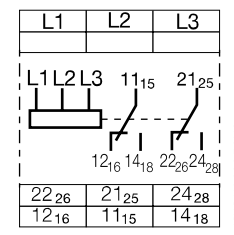
L1, L2, L3 Control supply voltage = Measuring voltage  
11-12/14 Output contact - closed-circuit principle

#### CM-PVS.x1, CM-PSS.x1, CM-PAS.x1



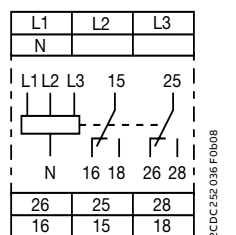
L1, L2, L3 Control supply voltage = Measuring voltage  
15-16/18 Output contact - closed-circuit principle  
25-26/28

#### CM-PFS



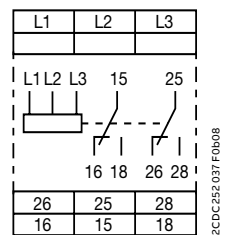
L1, L2, L3 Control supply voltage = Measuring voltage  
11<sub>15</sub>-12<sub>16</sub> / 14<sub>18</sub> Output contact - closed-circuit principle  
21<sub>25</sub>-22<sub>26</sub> / 24<sub>28</sub>

#### CM-MPS.11, CM-MPS.21, CM-MPS.23



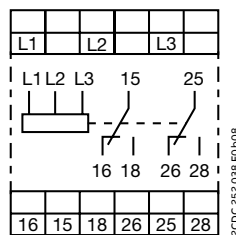
L1, L2, L3, (N) Control supply voltage = Measuring voltage  
15-16/18 Output contact - closed-circuit principle  
25-26/28

#### CM-MPS.31, CM-MPS.41, CM-MPS.43



L1, L2, L3 Control supply voltage = Measuring voltage  
15-16/18 Output contact - closed-circuit principle  
25-26/28

#### CM-MPN.x2



L1, L2, L3 Control supply voltage = Measuring voltage  
15-16/18 Output contact - closed-circuit principle  
25-26/28

Three-phase monitoring relays

Technical diagrams

Rotary switch "Function"

CM-PVS

	ON-delay with phase sequence monitoring
	OFF-delay with phase sequence monitoring
	ON-delay without phase sequence monitoring
	OFF-delay without phase sequence monitoring

CM-PSS

	ON-delay with phase sequence monitoring
	OFF-delay with phase sequence monitoring
	ON-delay without phase sequence monitoring
	OFF-delay without phase sequence monitoring

DIP switch functions

CM-MPS.x3 and CM-MPN.x2

Position	4	3	2	1
ON ↑				
OFF				

2CDC 252 041 P0b08

<b>1 Timing function</b>
ON ON-delayed
OFF OFF-delayed
<b>2 Phase sequence monitoring</b>
ON deactivated
OFF activated
<b>3 Operating principle of output</b>
ON 2x1 c/o contact
OFF 1x2 c/o contact
<b>4 Phase sequence correction</b>
ON activated
OFF deactivated

Output relay R1 is responsive to overvoltage, output relay R2 is responsive to undervoltage. In case of other faults, both output relays react synchronously.

CM-MPS.x1

Position	4	3	2	1
ON ↑				
OFF				

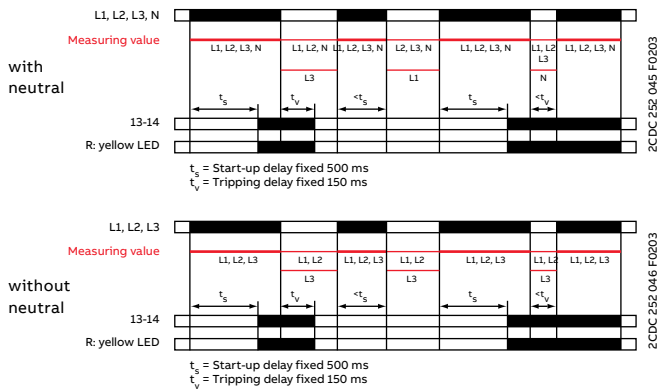
2CDC 252 040 P0b08

<b>1 Timing function</b>
ON ON-delayed
OFF OFF-delayed
<b>2 Phase sequence monitoring</b>
ON deactivated
OFF activated
<b>3 No function</b>
<b>4 No function</b>

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Function diagrams

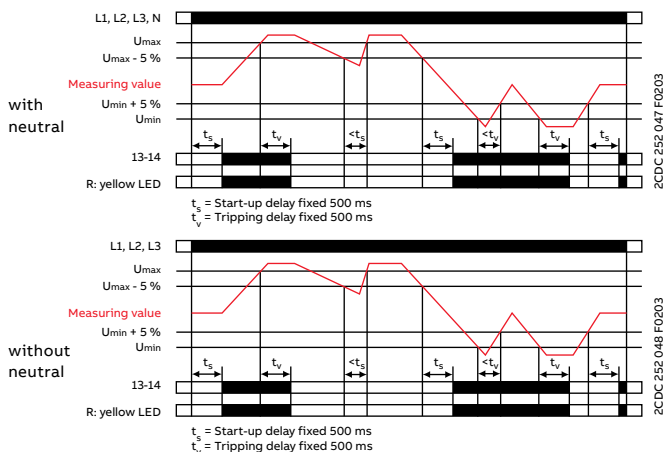
#### CM-PBE



#### Phase failure detection

If all phases (and the neutral) are present, the output relay energizes after the start-up delay  $t_s$  is complete. If a phase failure occurs, the tripping delay  $t_v$  starts. When timing is complete, the output relay de-energizes. As soon as the voltage returns to the tolerance range, timing of  $t_s$  starts. When timing is complete, the output relay re-energizes automatically. The yellow LED glows when the output relay is energized.

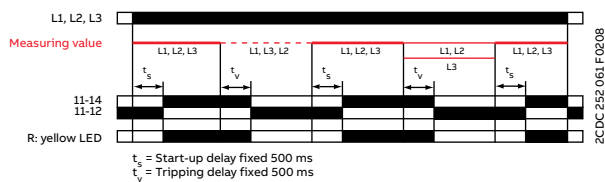
#### CM-PVE



#### Phase failure, under- / overvoltage detection

If all phases (and the neutral) are present with correct voltage, the output relay energizes after the start-up delay  $t_s$  is complete. If the voltage exceeds or falls below the fixed threshold value or if a phase failure occurs, the tripping delay  $t_v$  starts. When timing is complete, the output relay de-energizes. As soon as the voltage returns to the tolerance range, timing of  $t_s$  starts. When timing is complete, the output relay re-energizes automatically. The yellow LED glows when the output relay is energized.

#### CM-PFE, CM-PFE.2

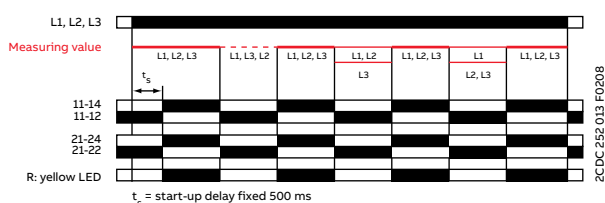


#### Phase failure detection, phase sequence monitoring

If all phases are present with the correct phase sequence, the output relay energizes after the start-up delay  $t_s$  is complete. If a phase failure or a phase sequence error occurs, the tripping delay  $t_v$  starts. When timing is complete, the output relay de-energizes. The yellow LED glows when the output relay is energized.

In case of motors which continue running with only two phases, the CM-PFE detects phase failure if the reverse fed voltage is less than 60 % of the originally applied voltage.

#### CM-PFS



#### Phase failure detection, phase sequence monitoring

If all phases are present with the correct phase sequence, the output relay energizes after the start-up delay  $t_s$  is complete. If a phase failure or a phase sequence error occurs, the output relay de-energizes instantaneous. The yellow LED glows when the output relay is energized.

In case of motors which continue running with only two phases, the CM-PFS detects phase failure if the reverse fed voltage is less than 60 % of the originally applied voltage.

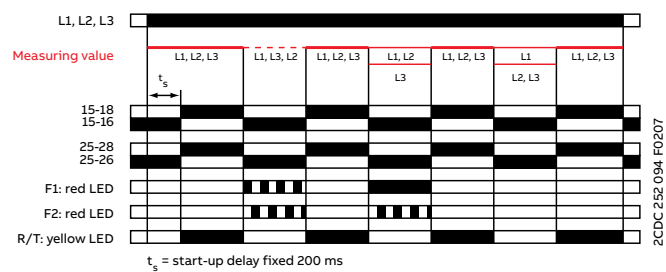
#### ATTENTION

If several CM-PFS units are placed side by side and the control supply voltage is higher than 415 V, spacing of at least 10 mm has to be kept between the individual units.

Three-phase monitoring relays

Function diagrams

CM-PSS.xx, CM-PVS.xx, CM.PAS.xx, CM-MPS.xx, CM-MPN.xx



Phase sequence monitoring and phase failure detection

Applying control supply voltage begins the fixed start-up delay  $t_s$ . When  $t_s$  is complete and all phases are present with correct voltage, the output relays energize and the yellow LED R/T glows.

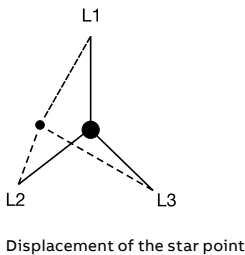
Phase sequence monitoring

If phase sequence monitoring is activated, the output relays de-energize as soon as a phase sequence error occurs. The fault is displayed by alternated flashing of the LEDs F1 and F2. The output relays re-energize automatically as soon as the phase sequence is correct again.

Phase failure detection

The output relays de-energize instantaneous if a phase failure occurs. The fault is indicated by lighting of LED F1 and flashing of LED F2. The output relays re-energize automatically as soon as the voltage returns to the tolerance range.

CM-MPS.11, CM-MPS.21, CM-MPS.23



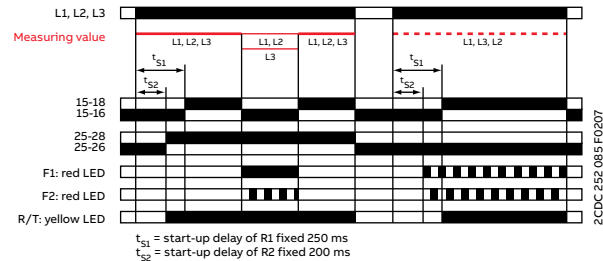
Interrupted neutral monitoring

The interruption of the neutral in the main to be monitored is detected by means of phase unbalance evaluation. Determined by the system, in case of unloaded neutral (i.e. symmetrical load between all three phases) it may happen that an interruption of the neutral will not be detected. If the star point is displaced an asymmetrical load in the three-phase main, an interrupted neutral will be detected.



## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Function diagrams

#### CM-MPS.x3, CM-MPN.x2



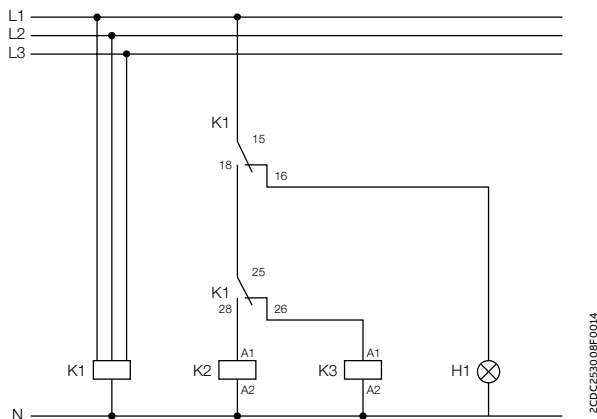
#### Automatic phase sequence correction

This function can be selected only if phase sequence monitoring is activated  and operating mode 2x1 c/o (SPDT) contact  is selected.

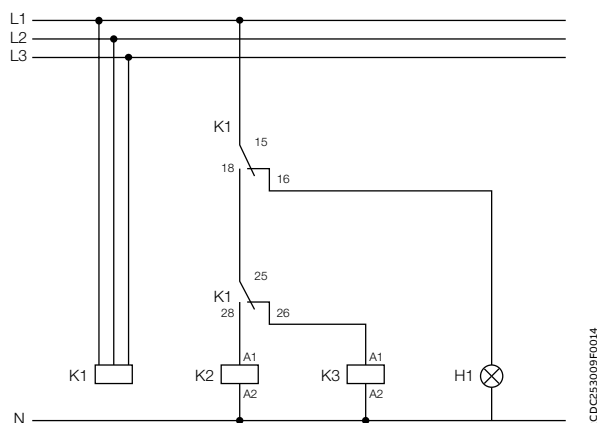
Applying control supply voltage begins the fixed start-up delay  $t_{s1}$ . When  $t_{s1}$  is complete and all phases are present with correct voltage, output relay R1 energizes. Output relay R2 energizes when the fixed start-up delay  $t_{s2}$  is complete and all phases are present with the correct phase sequence. Output relay R2 remains de-energized if the phase sequence is incorrect.

If the voltage to be monitored exceeds or falls below the set threshold values for phase unbalance, over- or undervoltage or if a phase failure occurs, output relay R1 de-energizes and the LEDs F1 and F2 indicate the fault.

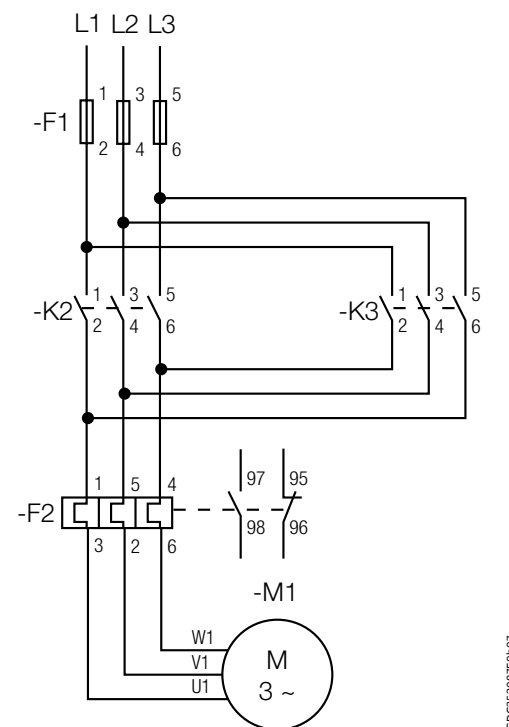
Output relay R2 is responsive only to a false phase sequence. In conjunction with a reversing contactor combination, this enables an automatic correction of the rotation direction. See circuit diagrams on this page.



Control circuit diagram  
(K1 = CM-MPS.23)



Control circuit diagram  
(K1 = CM-MPS.43 or CM-MPN.xx)





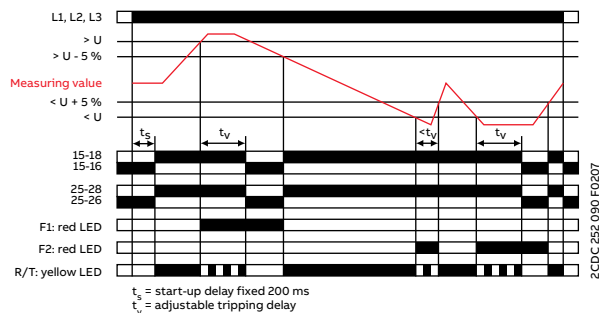
Power circuit diagram



## Three-phase monitoring relays

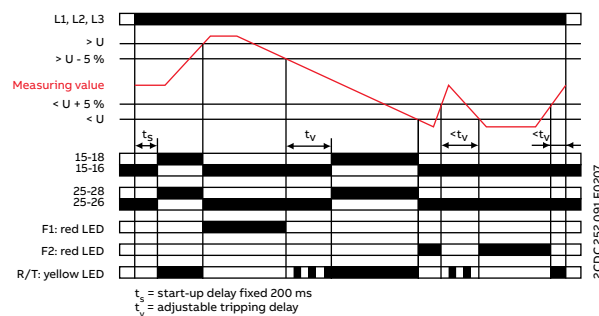
### Function diagrams

CM-PSS.xx (1), CM-PVS.xx (2), CM-MPS.xx (2), CM-MPN.xx (2)

**ON-delay** , 1x2 c/o contacts 



**OFF-delay** , 1x2 c/o contacts 



**Over- and undervoltage monitoring** 

Applying control supply voltage begins the fixed start-up delay  $t_s$ . When  $t_s$  is complete and all phases are present with correct voltage and with the correct phase sequence, the output relays energize and the yellow LED R/T glows.

**Type of tripping delay = ON-delay**

If the voltage to be monitored exceeds or falls below the fixed (1) or set (2) threshold value, the output relays de-energize after the set tripping delay  $t_v$  is complete. The LED R/T flashes during timing and turns off as soon as the output relays de-energize.

The output relays re-energize automatically as soon as the voltage returns to the tolerance range, taking into account a fixed hysteresis of 5 % and the LED R/T glows.

**Type of tripping delay = OFF-delay**

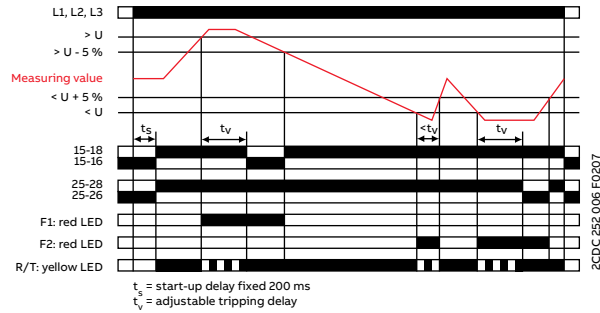
If the voltage to be monitored exceeds or falls below the fixed (1) or set (2) threshold value, the output relays de-energize instantaneously and the LED R/T turns off. As soon as the voltage returns to the tolerance range, taking into account a fixed hysteresis of 5 %, the output relays re-energize automatically after the set tripping delay  $t_v$  is complete. The LED R/T flashes during timing and turns steady when timing is complete.

## Three-phase monitoring relays

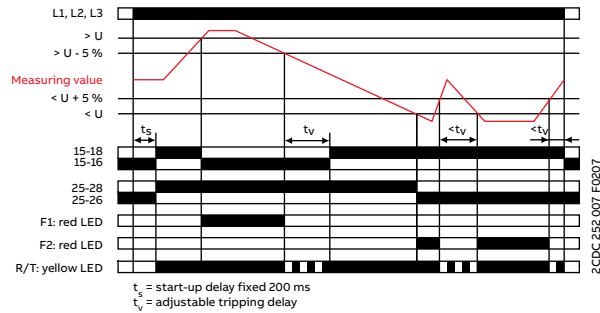
### Function diagrams

#### CM-MPS.x3, CM-MPN.x2

##### ON-delay , 2x1 c/o contact



##### OFF-delay , 2x1 c/o contact



##### Over- and undervoltage monitoring

Applying control supply voltage begins the fixed start-up delay  $t_s$ . When  $t_s$  is complete and all phases are present with correct voltage and with the correct phase sequence, the output relays energize. The yellow LED R/T glows as long as at least one output relay is energized.

##### Type of tripping delay = ON-delay

If the voltage to be monitored exceeds or falls below the set threshold value, output relay R1 (overvoltage) or output relay R2 (undervoltage) de-energizes after the set tripping delay  $t_v$  is complete. The LED R/T flashes during timing.

The corresponding output relay re-energizes automatically as soon as the voltage returns to the tolerance range, taking into account a fixed hysteresis of 5 %.

##### Type of tripping delay = OFF-delay

If the voltage to be monitored exceeds or falls below the set threshold value, output relay R1 (overvoltage) or output relay R2 (undervoltage) de-energizes instantaneously.

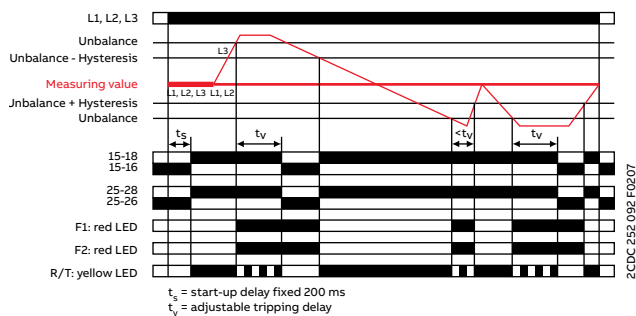
As soon as the voltage returns to the tolerance range, taking into account a fixed hysteresis of 5 %, the corresponding output relay re-energizes automatically after the set tripping delay  $t_v$  is complete. The LED R/T flashes during timing.

## Three-phase monitoring relays

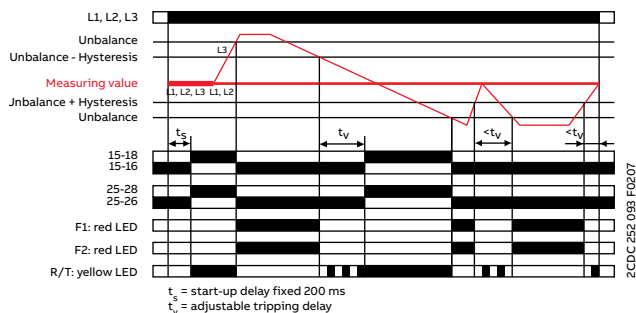
### Function diagrams

#### CM-PAS.xx, CM-MPS.xx, CM-MPN.xx

##### ON-delay ☒



##### OFF-delay ■



##### Phase unbalance monitoring

Applying control supply voltage begins the fixed start-up delay  $t_s$ . When  $t_s$  is complete and all phases are present with correct voltage and with the correct phase sequence, the output relays energize and the yellow LED R/T glows.

##### Type of tripping delay = ON-delay

If the voltage to be monitored exceeds or falls below the set phase unbalance threshold value, the output relays de-energize after the set tripping delay  $t_v$  is complete. The LED R/T flashes during timing and turns off as soon as the output relays de-energize.

The output relays re-energize automatically as soon as the voltage returns to the tolerance range, taking into account a fixed hysteresis of 20 % and the LED R/T glows.

##### Type of tripping delay = OFF-delay















If the voltage to be monitored exceeds or falls below the set phase unbalance threshold value, the output relays de-energize instantaneously and the LED R/T turns off. As soon as the voltage returns to the tolerance range, taking into account a fixed hysteresis of 20 %, the output relays re-energize automatically after the set tripping delay  $t_v$  is complete. The LED R/T flashes during timing and turns steady when timing is complete.

## Three-phase monitoring relays

### Function diagrams

CM-PSS.xx, CM-PSV.xx, CM-PAS.xx, CM-MPS.xx, CM-MPN.xx

#### LED functions

Function	R/T: yellow LED	F1: red LED	F2: red LED
Control supply voltage applied, output relay energized		-	-
Tripping delay $t_v$ active		-	-
Phase failure	-		
Phase sequence	-	 alternating	
Overvoltage	-		-
Undervoltage	-	-	
Phase unbalance	-		
Interruption of the neutral	-		
Adjustment error			

#### Possible wrong adjustments of the front-facing operating controls

Overlapping of the threshold values:

- An overlapping of the threshold values is given if the threshold value for overvoltage is set to a smaller value than the threshold value for undervoltage.
- DIP switch 3 = OFF
- DIP switch 4 = ON: Automatic phase sequence correction is activated and selected operating mode is 1x2 c/o contacts
- DIP switch 2 and 4 = ON: Phase sequence detection is deactivated and the automatic phase sequence correction is activated

#### Type of tripping delay

The type of tripping delay  /  can be adjusted via a rotary (CM-PxS.xx) or a DIP switch (CM-MPx.xx).

#### Switch position ON-delay :

In case of a fault, the de-energizing of the output relays and the respective fault message are suppressed for the adjusted tripping delay  $t_v$ .

#### Switch position OFF-delay :

In case of a fault, the output relays de-energize instantaneously and a fault message is displayed and stored for the length of the adjusted tripping delay  $t_v$ . Thereby, also momentary undervoltage conditions are recognized.



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# Grid feeding monitoring relays

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# Grid feeding monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



ABB's grid feeding monitoring relays detect unusual events in the public power grid and keeps it stable by automatically disconnecting and reconnecting the renewable power plant. The CM-UFD displays all relevant measuring data and events and can communicate them via a build-in communication interface. The cloud-based service Energy Manager available with CM-UFD.M\*M enables customers to monitor the conditions in real-time, send the values into the cloud and access the diagnostics remotely.



### Optimum interface

#### Reduce downtime by up to 70%

Operate the device via LCD or remotely with the Modbus RTU. Users are informed immediately in case of an event in the public grid. Redundant microcontrollers ensure reliable measuring values and tripping.



### Global availability

#### Cut installation time by up to 60%

There's no need to learn every possible adjustment and its effects on your system – ABB's trained staff supports your business and answers your technical questions promptly.



### Easy installation

#### Commission & configure up to 60% faster

Simple instructions, pre-set for local grid feeding standards, and ABB's intuitive menu structure make installation quicker. Commissioning and troubleshooting errors are prevented.

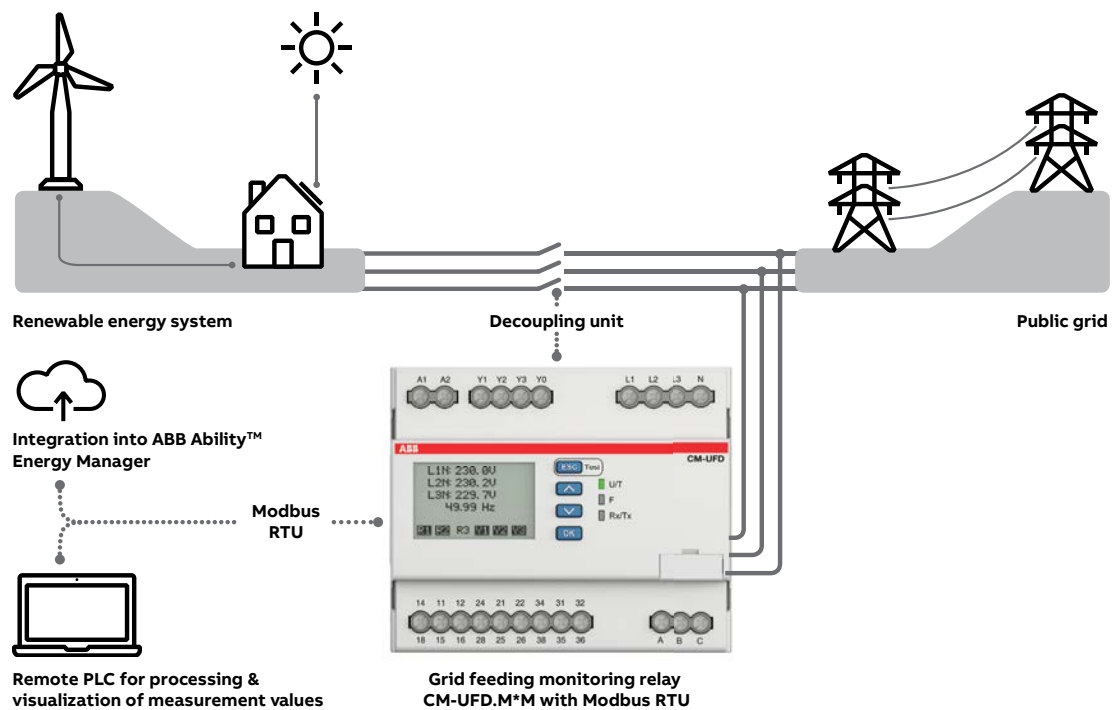
# Grid feeding monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



ABB's CM-UFD multi-functional grid feeding monitoring relays provide interface protection and are to be installed between a renewable energy system and the public grid. These innovative relays guarantee grid stability and seek to prevent black-outs. If the voltage or frequency magnitudes of the public grid are outside the permitted range, then the devices change status and act to disconnect the renewable energy system from the public grid by sending a signal to a decoupling unit (e.g. contactor, switch disconnect or circuit breaker). Furthermore, the CM-UFD.M\*M are equipped with a Modbus RTU communication interface, enabling the possibility for remote monitoring and the a connection to the state-of-the-art cloud solution, ABB Ability™ Energy Manager.

The CM-UFD range provides different monitoring functions in accordance with several local grid feeding standards to detect over-/undervoltage and over-/underfrequency.



### Advantages

- Highly accurate measurement and setting
- Modbus RTU communication interface and ABB Ability™ Energy Manager connectivity
- Functional safety - single fault tolerances
- Clear multiline, backlit LCD
- Intuitive and user-friendly menu
- Event storage
- Pre-settings meet several local standards
- Type-tested to a number of local grid feeding standards by 3rd party certification authority



### Functionality

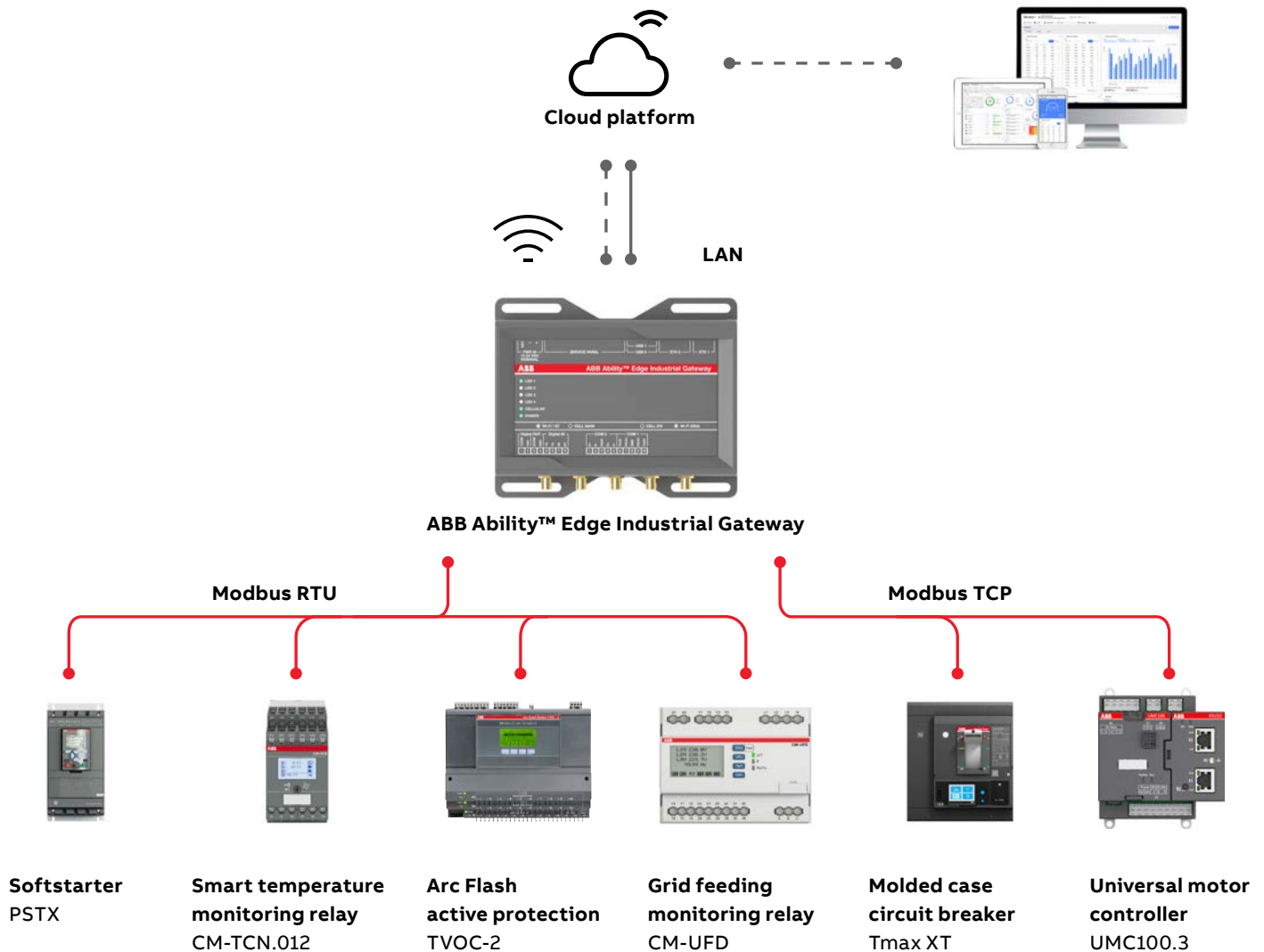
The device measures the ten-minute average value, voltage increases and decreases, as well as any changes in grid frequency. The rate of change of frequency (ROCOF) and vector shift monitoring to detect a loss of mains event can be easily configured.

# Grid feeding monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages

The cloud-based service Ability™ Energy Manager enables customers to monitor the condition of CM-UFD.M\*M in real-time and access the diagnostics remotely. This functionality is very important when operating in the field of critical power. Parametrize with ABB Ekip Connect and access data no matter where you are.

Example architecture



The grid feeding monitoring relays can be connected to the cloud directly by using Ekip Com Hub module. Another option is to connect via Modbus RTU when there is some other device equipped with the Ekip Com Hub like the Emax 2 air-circuit breaker.

In addition to the Ekip Connect 3 software, the following hardware is required:

- Ekip UP
- Ekip Com Hub
- Ekip Com Modbus RTU
- Ekip Supply
- Ekip T&P cable
- CM-UFD.M\*M



For further information regarding integration into ABB Ability™ Energy Manager, please use the application note "1SAC200328M0001 User Manual for integrating CM-UFD into ABB Ability™ Energy Manager".

# Grid feeding monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages

A reliable solution that takes country-specific requirements into account: the range is already pre-set to local requirements, making installation quick and simple. The devices can also be set manually with the display and used all over the world.



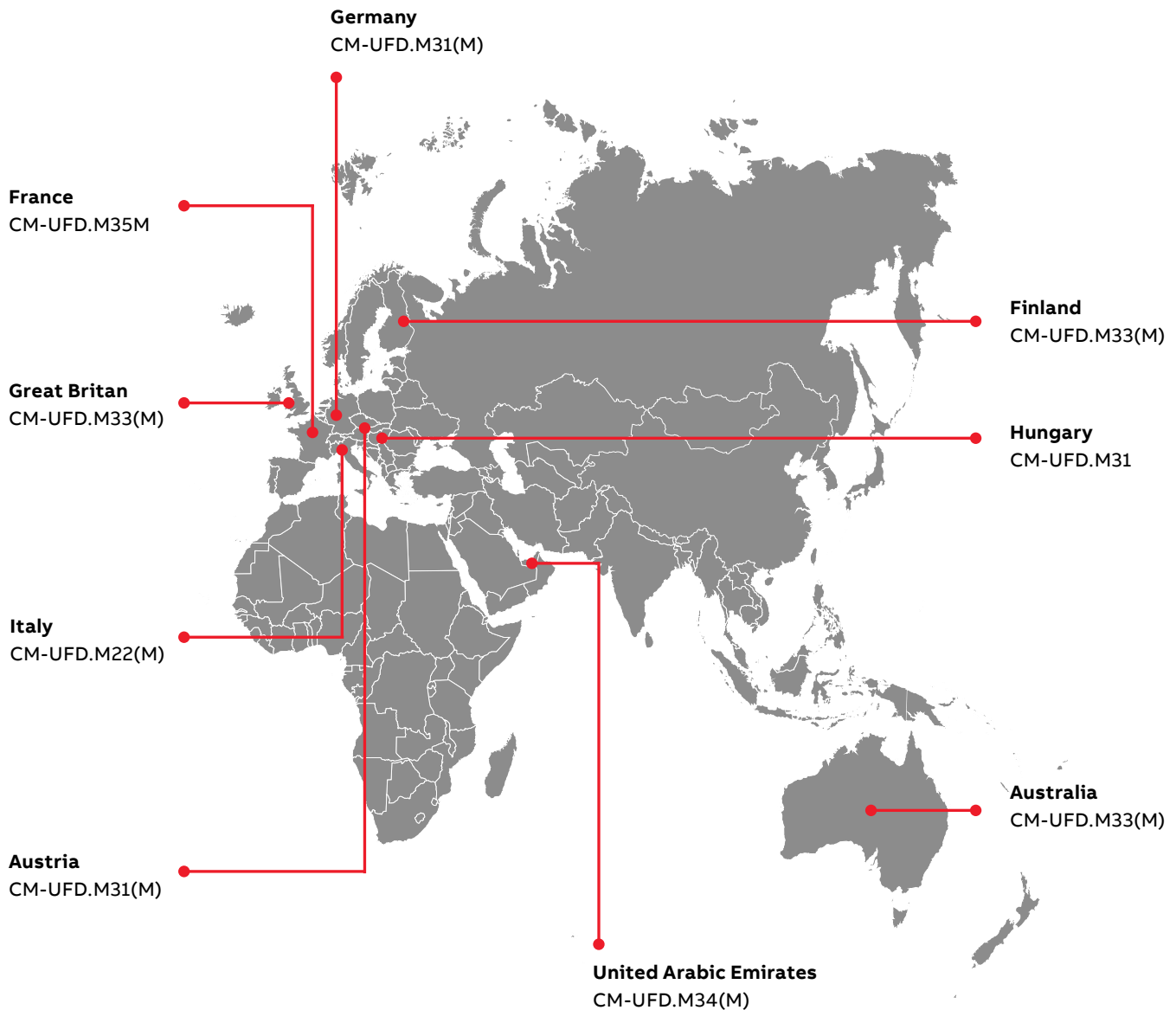
### Pre-set devices

In accordance with a number of local standards, the CM-UFD relays can be used in all low voltage plants and in medium voltage plants.



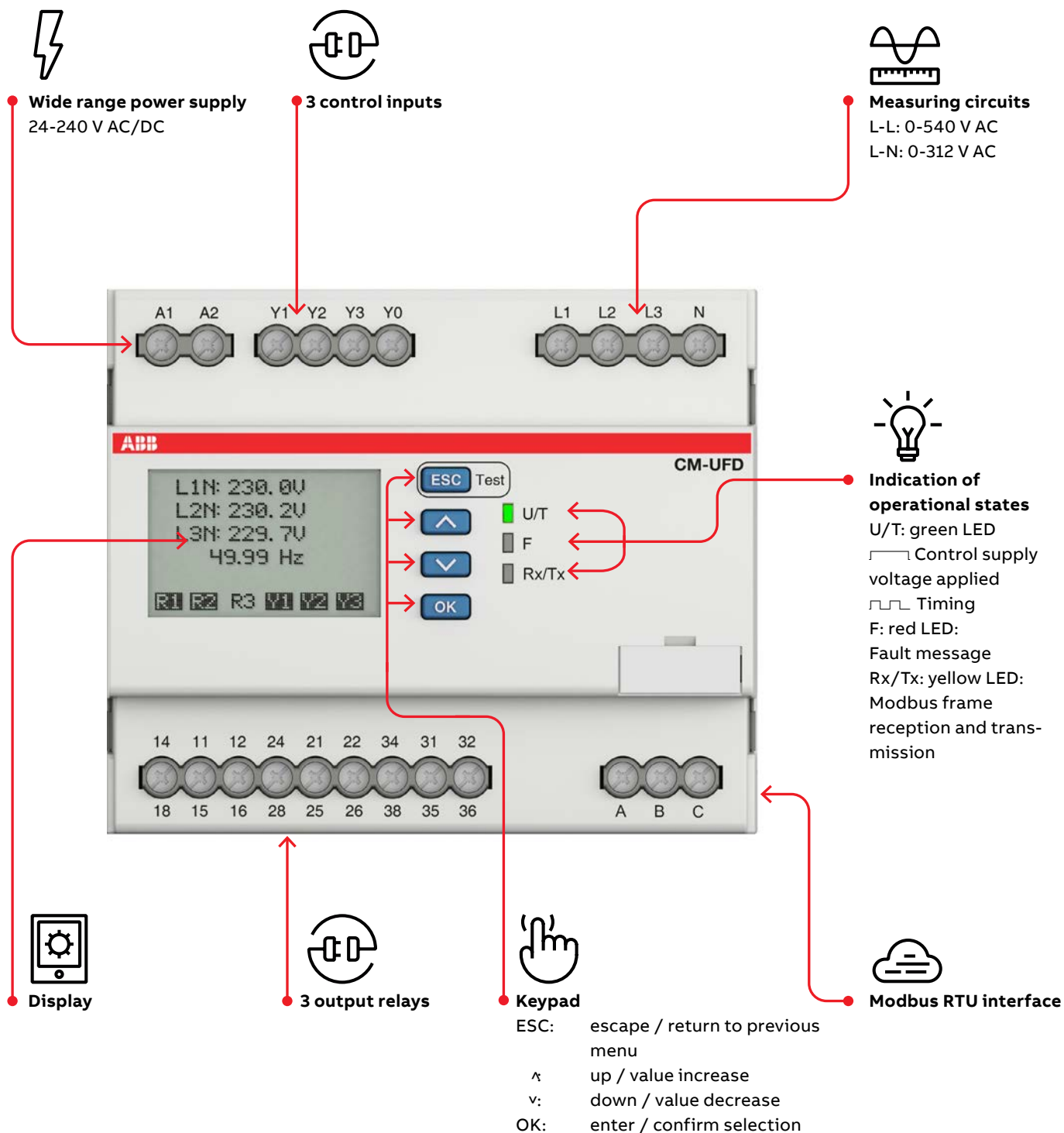
### Type-tested

To ensure reliability and compliance, the range is type-tested to local standards by 3rd party certification authority.



# Grid feeding monitoring relays

## Operating controls



# Grid feeding monitoring relays

## Selection table

	Type	Order number
	CM-UFD.M22	1SVR560730R3400
	CM-UFD.M22M	1SVR560731R3700
	CM-UFD.M31	1SVR560730R3401
	CM-UFD.M31M	1SVR560731R3701
	CM-UFD.M33	1SVR560730R3402
	CM-UFD.M33M	1SVR560731R3702
	CM-UFD.M34	1SVR560730R3403
	CM-UFD.M34M	1SVR560731R3703
	CM-UFD.M35M	1SVR560731R3704
<b>Rated control supply voltage Us</b>		
24-240 V AC/DC	■	■
<b>Standard</b>		
CEI 0-21	■	■
VDE AR-N 4105, VDE AR-N 4110, VDE AR-N 4120		■
ENA G99		■
DRRG standard of DEWA		■
VDE 0126-1-1 (2013-08)		■
EN50549-1		■
TOR Erzeuger Typ A, B, C, D	■	■
Clause 6.4.1 of the Hungarian Operation Code	■	
<b>Rated frequency</b>		
DC or 50/60 Hz	■	■
<b>Modbus RTU</b>		
	■	■
<b>Suitable for monitoring</b>		
Single-phase mains	■	■
Three-phase mains	■	■
<b>Monitoring function</b>		
Over-/undervoltage	■	■
Over-/underfrequency	■	■
ROCOF (rate of change of frequency)	■	■
10 minutes average value	■	■
Vector shift	■	■
<b>Thresholds</b>		
	adj	adj

Grid feeding monitoring relays

Ordering details



CM-UFD.M\*M

Description

The grid feeding monitoring relays CM-UFD.M\*M are designed to monitor the voltage and the frequency of the public low voltage or medium voltage grid. Whenever the measured values are not within the range of the adjusted threshold values, the CM-UFD.M\*M causes tripping of the section switch (consisting of 1 or 2 switching devices according to the applicable standard). This tripping disconnects the power generation, such as photovoltaic systems, wind turbines, block-type thermal power stations from the grid.

Ordering details

Description	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
See selection table	CM-UFD.M22	1SVR560730R3400	0.304 (0.670)
	CM-UFD.M22M	1SVR560731R3700	0.312 (0.688)
	CM-UFD.M31	1SVR560730R3401	0.304 (0.670)
	CM-UFD.M31M	1SVR560731R3701	0.312 (0.688)
	CM-UFD.M33	1SVR560730R3402	0.304 (0.670)
	CM-UFD.M33M	1SVR560731R3702	0.312 (0.688)
	CM-UFD.M34	1SVR560730R3403	0.304 (0.670)
	CM-UFD.M34M	1SVR560731R3703	0.312 (0.688)
	CM-UFD.M35M	1SVR560731R3704	0.312 (0.688)

# Grid feeding monitoring relays

## Technical data

**DATA SHEET**

**Grid feeding monitoring according to VDE 0126-1-1 (2013-08)**  
CM-UFD.M35M with Modbus RTU

**ABB**

Now with ABB Ability™

The CM-UFD.M35M with Modbus RTU is a multifunctional grid feeding monitoring relay. It provides different monitoring functions in accordance with VDE 0126-1-1 (2013-08) to detect over- and under voltage (30-minutes average value, voltage increase and decrease protection) as well as any changes in grid frequency (frequency increase and decrease protection).

The device is connected between the distributed generation and the public grid in order to disconnect the distributed generation in case of problems (e.g. unstable grid), faults or maintenance on the grid. Additionally, monitoring of ROCOP (rate of change of frequency) and vector shift can be configured.

**Characteristics**

- Monitoring of voltage and frequency in single- and three-phase mains (2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire AC systems)
- Type tested in accordance with VDE 0126-1-1 (2013-08)
- Pre-settings in accordance with VDE 0126-1-1 (2013-08) for external relay
- Modbus RTU communication interface
- Multiline, backlit LCD display
- True RMS measuring principle
- Over- and under voltage, 30-minutes average value as well as over- and under frequency monitoring
- Two-level threshold settings for over-/under voltage and over-/under frequency
- ROCOF (rate of change of frequency) monitoring and vector shift configurable
- Interrupted neutral detection
- All threshold values and tripping delays adjustable
- Error memory for up to 99 entries (incl. cause of error, measured value, relative timestamp)
- Test function
- Password setting protection
- 3 control inputs, e.g. for feedback signal, remote trip
- 3 c/v (SPDT) contacts
- Can be connected to ABB Ability™
- Various certifications and approvals (see overview, document no. 2CDC1122490201)

**Ordering details**

Type	Rated control supply voltage	Measuring range	Order code
------	------------------------------	-----------------	------------

### Data sheets

A technical data sheet is available for each variant within the CM-UFD.M\*M range.

- Operating control and mode
- Operating principles
- Modbus RTU functionality where available
- Electrical connection
- Configuration and settings
- Menu structure
- Display and failure messages
- Connection and wiring
- Technical data
- Technical diagrams
- CAS system files

### Ordering data and data sheet numbers

Description	Type	Order code	Data sheet number
	CM-UFD.M22	1SVR560730R3400	2CDC112258D0201
	CM-UFD.M22M	1SVR560731R3700	2CDC112258D0201
	CM-UFD.M31	1SVR560730R3401	2CDC112208D0201
	CM-UFD.M31M	1SVR560731R3701	2CDC112270D0201
	CM-UFD.M33	1SVR560730R3402	2CDC112210D0201
	CM-UFD.M33M	1SVR560731R3702	2CDC112271D0201
	CM-UFD.M34	1SVR560730R3403	2CDC112272D0201
	CM-UFD.M34M	1SVR560731R3703	2CDC112272D0201
	CM-UFD.M35M	1SVR560731R3704	1SAC200291H0001



For further information regarding integration into ABB Ability™ Energy Manager, please use the application note "1SAC200328M0001 User Manual for integrating CM-UFD into ABB Ability™ Energy Manager".

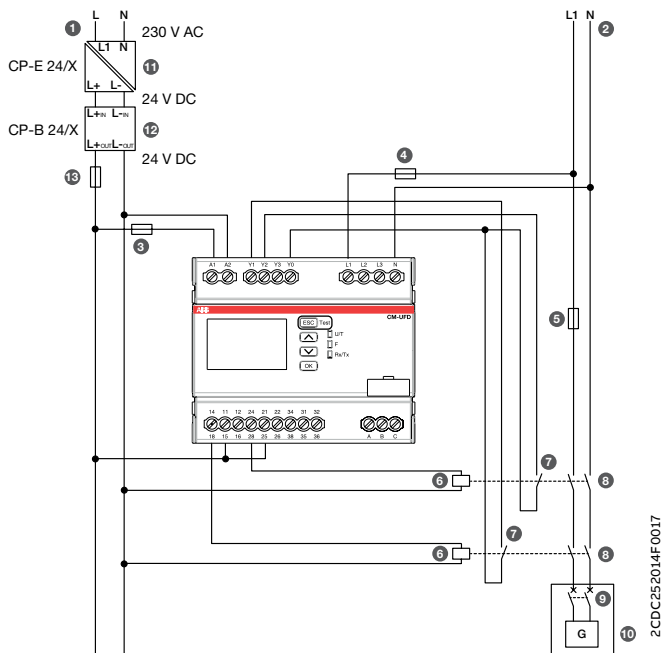


For further information regarding grid feeding systems and application, please use the application note "9AKK108469A5442 Grid Feeding System for Distributed Energy Sources".

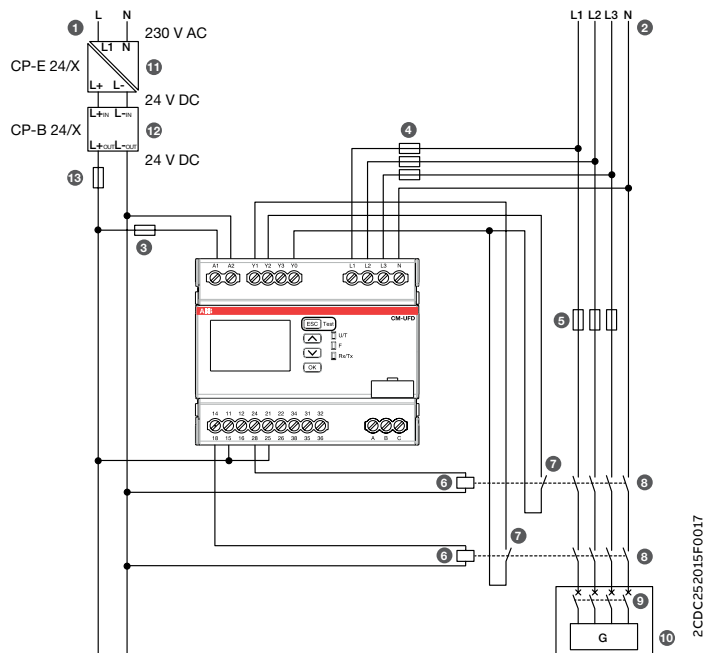
## Grid feeding monitoring relays

### Technical diagrams

#### Example of a single-phase application



#### Example of a three-phase application



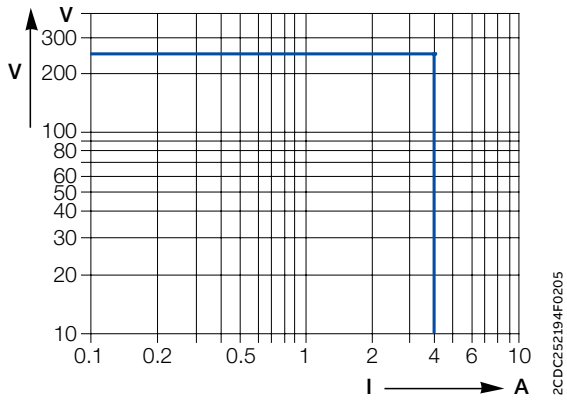
#### Legend

1. Control supply voltage for CM-UFD.M\*M
2. Public grid
3. Protection fuse for the CM-UFD.M\*M
4. Protection fuse for the measuring circuit of the CM-UFD.M\*M (optional)
5. Short-circuit protection
6. Undervoltage release
7. Control input for feedback function
8. Switching device of the section switch
9. Switching device of the generator and/or inverter
10. Generator and/or inverter
11. Primary switch mode power supply unit CP-E (230 V AC / 24 V DC) for the buffer module CP-B
12. Ultra-capacitor based buffer module CP-B (24 V DC in/out)
13. Wire protection fuse for the output of the buffer module CP-B

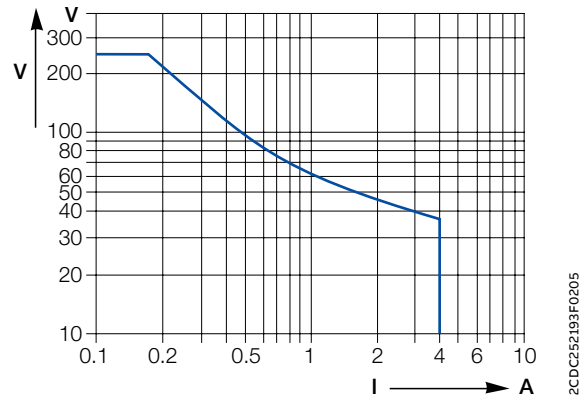
## Grid feeding monitoring relays

### Technical diagrams

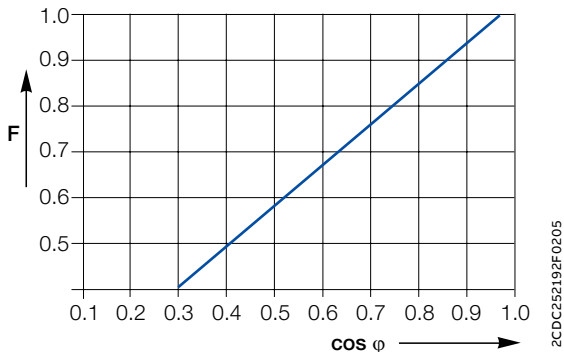
#### Load limits curves



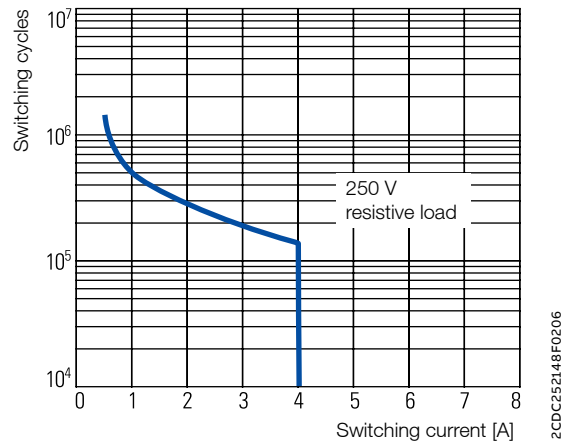
AC load (resistive)



DC load (resistive)



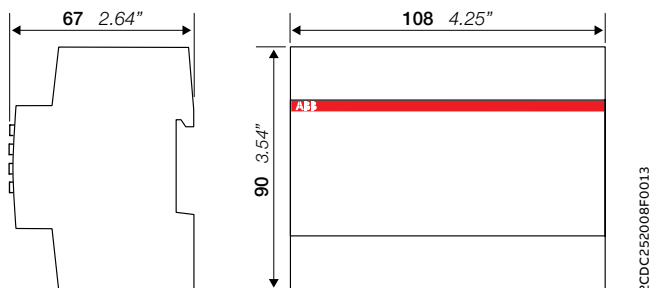
Derating factor  $F$  at inductive AC load



Contact lifetime

#### Dimensional drawings

in mm and inches





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# Insulation monitoring relays for unearthed supply systems

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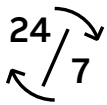
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# Insulation monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



The insulation monitoring relays of the CM-IWx range guarantee a continuous insulation monitoring of an IT system. The devices recognize insulation faults as they develop and warn immediately if the value has fallen below the minimum set threshold. This ensures a reliable operation of the system and prevents operational interruption caused by a second, more severe, insulation fault which may lead to a short circuit tripping the main circuit breaker.



**Continuous operation**

Keep the system online and reduce downtime with early pre-warnings which enable time for maintenance planning. Monitor voltage free networks for early fault detection. Due to variants with rail and ship approval, the devices have a wide range of applications.



**Safety and protection**

Safe and reliable detection of insulation faults according to the latest standards is what ABB's insulation monitoring relays deliver. The portfolio extends from standard to more challenging applications and can prevent fire due to fast and reliable earth fault detection. Built-in self-diagnosis and interrupted wire detection further ensure safety.



**Easy installation**

Read the status of the relay at a glance: clear visualization of the device status via LEDs. Easy to adjust with rotary wheels and variants with push-in terminals make a quick and easy installation and setting possible.

# Insulation monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



### Overview

The CM-IWx product family offers a convincing solution for monitoring ungrounded AC, AC/DC and DC networks according to EN/IEC 61557-8. An IT network is supplied either by an isolating transformer or a voltage source, such as a battery or generator. In these systems, no active conductor is directly connected to earth potential.

The high reliability of an IT system is guaranteed thanks to continuous insulation monitoring. The insulation monitoring device recognizes insulation faults (at least one conductor has a galvanic connection to earth potential) as they develop and immediately reports if the insulation resistance has fallen below a given threshold. Therefore, maintenance activities can be scheduled and executed while the plant keeps running.



### Main benefits

- Increase plant availability and avoid costly unplanned stops of a plant / machine by quickly detecting faults first
- Prevents fires due to detection of a creeping deterioration of the insulation resistance
- The adjustment of the setting values is simple and done in a user-friendly way with rotary switches on the front of the device
- Device status is displayed with LEDs that are easy to read and understand
- Devices for standard and more challenging applications are available
- Variants with rail and ship approvals are available



# Insulation monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages

### CM-IWS.1 – for unearthed AC, DC or mixed AC/DC systems



The CM-IWS.1 serves to monitor insulation resistance in accordance with IEC 61557-8 in unearthed IT AC systems, IT AC systems with galvanically connected DC circuits, or unearthed IT DC systems with a voltage up to 250 V AC and 300 V DC. It can be configured to the requirements of the applications and therefore has multi-functional uses. The device is available with two different terminal versions. You can choose between the proven screw connection technology (double-chamber cage connection terminals) and the completely tool-free Easy Connect Technology (push-in terminals).

- For monitoring the insulation resistance of unearthed IT systems up to  $U_n = 250$  V AC and 300 V DC
- Test function
- According to IEC/EN 61557-8
- Rated control supply voltage 24–240 V AC/DC
- Prognostic measuring principle with superimposed square wave signal
- One measuring range 1–100 k $\Omega$
- 1 c/o (SPDT) contact, closed-circuit principle
- Precise adjustment by front-face operating controls in 1 k $\Omega$  steps
- Interrupted wire detection
- Fault storage / latching configurable by control input
- Screw connection or Easy Connect Technology available
- Housing material for highest fire protection classification UL 94 V-0
- Tool-free mounting on DIN rail as well as demounting
- 22.5 mm width
- 3 LEDs for status indication

### CM-IWS.2 – for unearthed pure AC systems



The CM-IWS.2 serves to monitor insulation resistance in accordance with IEC 61557-8 in unearthed IT AC systems with a voltage up to 400 V AC. The CM-IWS.2 can be configured to the requirements of the applications and therefore has multi-functional uses. The device is available with two different terminal versions. You can choose between the proven screw connection technology (double-chamber cage connection terminals) and the completely tool-free Easy Connect Technology (push-in terminals).

- For monitoring the insulation resistance of unearthed IT systems up to  $U_n = 400$  V AC
- Test function
- According to IEC/EN 61557-8
- Rated control supply voltage 24–240 V AC/DC
- Measuring principle with superimposed DC voltage
- One measuring range 1–100 k $\Omega$
- Fault storage / latching configurable by control input
- Precise adjustment by front-face operating controls in 1 k $\Omega$  steps
- Screw connection or Easy Connect Technology available
- Housing material for highest fire protection classification UL 94 V-0
- Tool-free mounting on DIN rail as well as demounting
- 1 c/o (SPDT) contact, closed-circuit principle
- 22.5 mm width
- 3 LEDs for status indication

# Insulation monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages

### CM-IWN.1 – for unearthed AC, DC or mixed AC/DC systems



The CM-IWN.1 serves to monitor insulation resistance in accordance with IEC 61557-8 in unearthed IT AC systems, IT AC systems with galvanically connected DC circuits, or unearthed IT DC systems with a voltage up to 400 V AC and 600 V DC. The measuring range can be extended up to 690 V AC and 1000 V DC by using the coupling unit CM-IVN. It can be configured to the requirements of the applications and therefore has multi-functional uses. The CM-IWN.1 is available with two different terminal versions. You can choose between the proven screw connection technology (double chamber cage connection terminals) and the completely tool-free Easy Connect Technology (push-in terminals).

- For monitoring the insulation resistance of unearthed IT systems up to  $U_n = 400$  V AC and 600 V DC, expansion to 690 V AC and 1000 V DC with CM-IVN
- Test function
- According to IEC/EN 61557-8
- Rated control supply voltage 24-240 V AC/DC
- Prognostic measuring principle with superimposed square wave signal
- Two measuring ranges 1-100 k $\Omega$  and 2-200 k $\Omega$
- Precise adjustment of the measuring value in 1 or 2 k $\Omega$  steps
- One (1 x 2 c/o) or two (2 x 1 c/o) threshold values  $R_{an1}/R_1$  (warning) and  $R_{an2}/R_2$  (pre-warning) configurable
- Precise adjustment of the threshold values in 1 k $\Omega$  steps ( $R_1$ ) and 2 k $\Omega$  steps ( $R_2$ )
- Interrupted wire detection configurable
- Non-volatile fault storage configurable
- Open- or closed-circuit principle configurable
- Screw connection or Easy Connect Technology available
- Housing material for highest fire protection classification UL 94 V-0
- Tool-free mounting on DIN rail as well as demounting
- 45 mm width
- 3 LEDs for status indication

### CM-IWM.10 and CM-IWM.11 – for unearthed AC, DC or mixed AC/DC systems with up to 1500 V measurement voltage



The insulation monitors CM-IWM.10 and CM-IWM.11 provide the best and up-to-date insulation monitoring of modern IT systems in an optimum and state-of-the-art way fulfilling the relevant standards. The devices can be used in the most flexible way for AC, DC and AC/DC systems even with large leakage capacity to earth (PE). The adjustment of the setting values is simple and done in a user-friendly way on two rotary switches on the front of the device. Via LEDs the measured value, device parameters and device status are indicated easy to read.

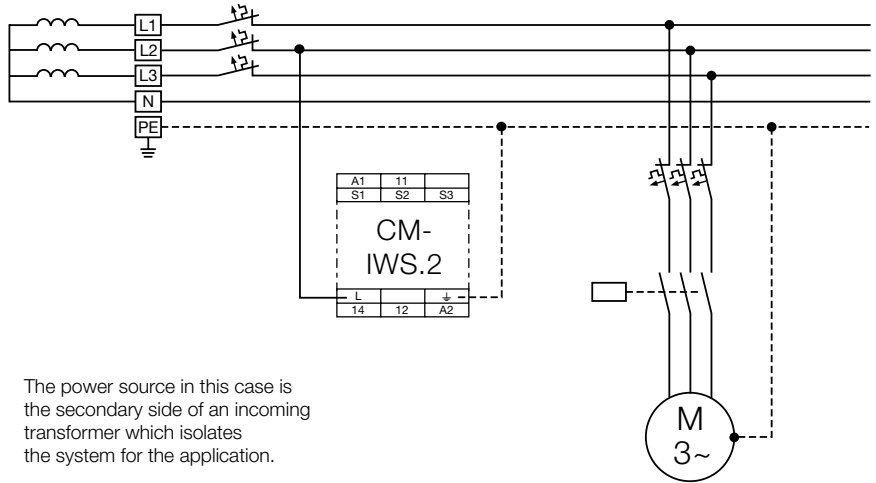
- Insulation monitoring according to IEC/EN 61557-8
- Detection of symmetric and asymmetric insulation faults
- 1 c/o contact each for pre-warning and warning
- Measuring circuits can be disconnected via control terminals, e.g. for mains couplings
- Pre-warning threshold setting range: 20 k $\Omega$  ... 2 M $\Omega$
- Warning threshold setting range: 1 k $\Omega$  ... 250 k $\Omega$
- Open- or closed-circuit principle configurable
- Setting the maximum earth leakage capacitance to shorten the response time
- Simple, clearly arranged adjustment of the device with screwdriver
- LED chain to indicate the current insulation resistance
- Display of active measuring circuits
- Automatic and manual device self-test
- Alarm storage selectable
- External test and reset push button can be connected
- 90 mm width

# Insulation monitoring relays

## Applications

The CM-IWS.x and CM-IWN.x series provide excellent insulation monitoring for general purpose supply networks, such as:

- Non-earthed AC, DC, AC/DC networks
- UPS systems
- Battery networks
- Hybrid and battery-powered vehicles
- Railway applications

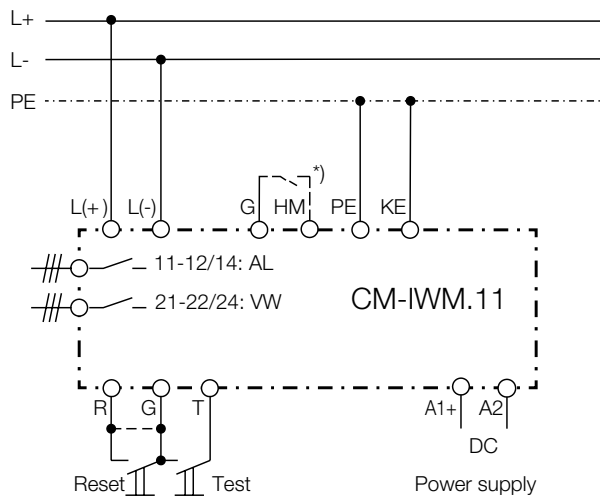


The power source in this case is the secondary side of an incoming transformer which isolates the system for the application.

Earth fault / insulation resistance monitoring of a 4-wire IT AC system with CM-IWS.2

CM-IWM.x can be additionally used in special applications, such as:

- Industrial networks with frequency inverters or direct current drives
- Photovoltaic systems with high system leakage capacitance
- Networks with system voltages up to 1500 V DC or 1100 V AC without requiring a coupling unit
- Installation on the AC or DC side of an inverter
- Networks which require measuring circuit deactivation in case two or more un-earthed networks are coupled



\*) G-HM connected: Measuring circuit is off

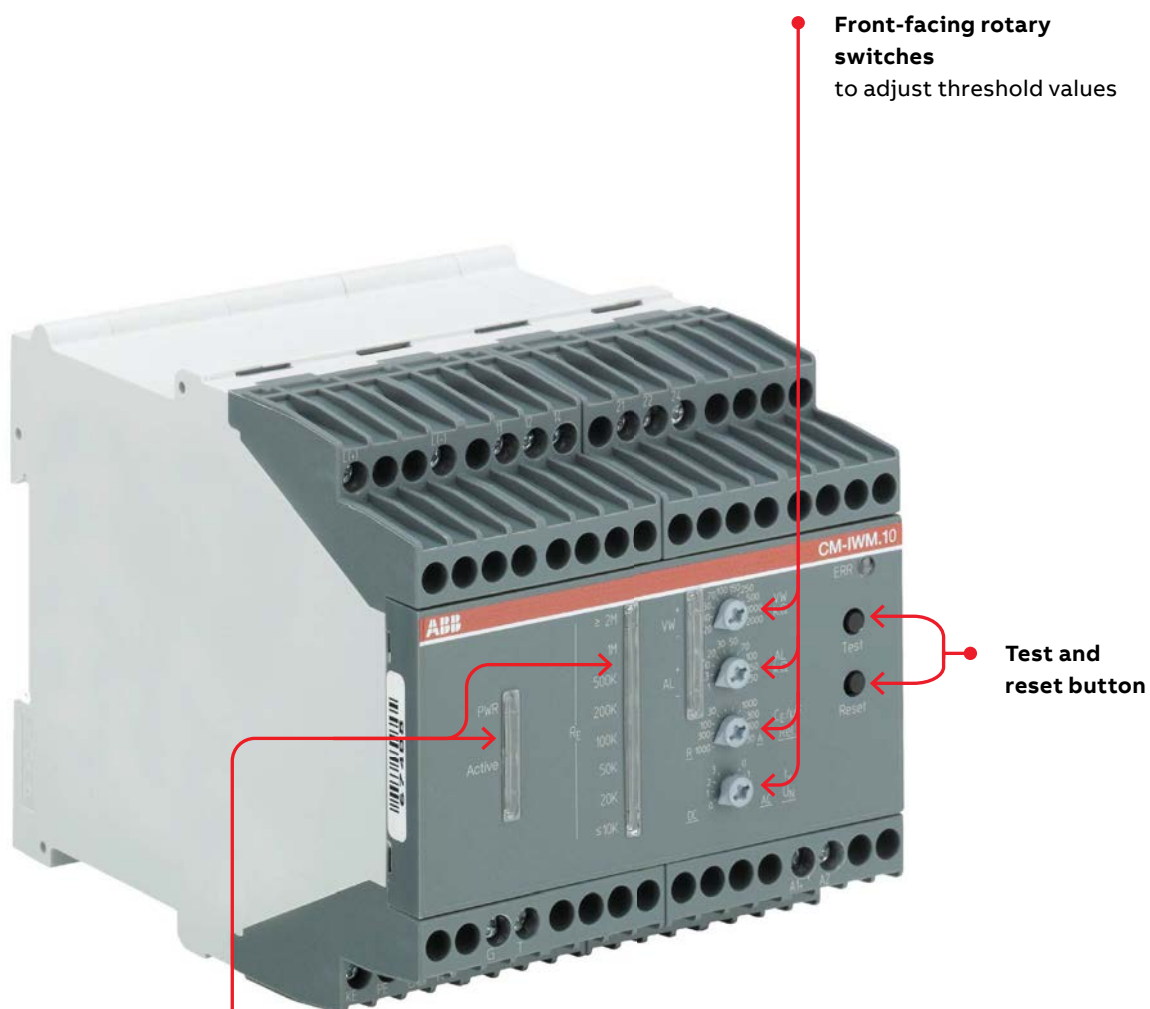
Example of a DC application with CM-IWM.11

**Note:**  
Only one insulation monitor must be connected and active in a network at the same time.

# Insulation monitoring relays

## Operating controls

### CM-IWM



Indication of  
operational state  
and measured  
ground fault  
resistance

Front-facing rotary  
switches  
to adjust threshold values

Test and  
reset button

# Insulation monitoring relays

## Operating controls

### CM-IWS



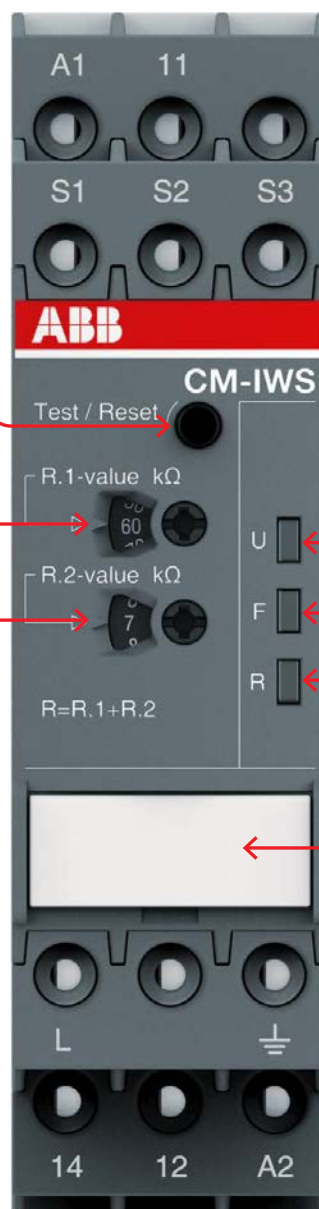
Test and reset button



#### Configuration and setting

Front-face rotary switches for threshold value adjustment:

- R.1 for R1 tens figures:  
0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 kΩ in ten kΩ steps
- R.2 for R1 units figures:  
1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 kΩ in one kΩ steps



#### Indication of operational states

U: green LED - control supply voltage  
F: red LED - fault message  
R: yellow LED - relay status

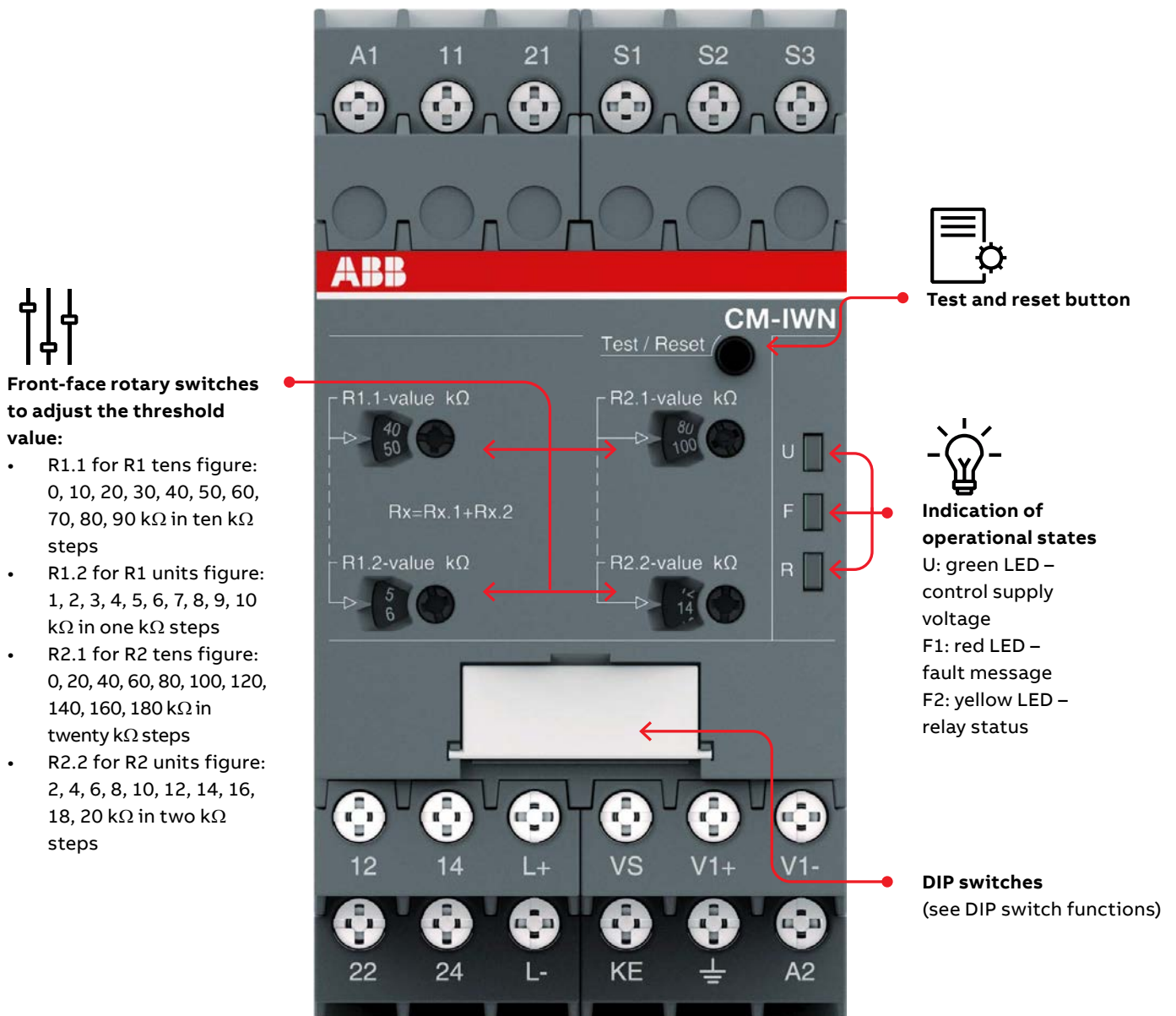


Marker label for devices without DIP switches

# Insulation monitoring relays

## Operating controls

### CM-IWN



## Insulation monitoring relays

### Selection table

	Type	Order number
	CM-IWS.2S	1SVR730670R0200
	CM-IWS.2P	1SVR740670R0200
	CM-IWS.1S	1SVR730660R0100
	CM-IWS.1P	1SVR740660R0100
	CM-IWN.1S	1SVR750660R0200
	CM-IWN.1P	1SVR760660R0200
	CM-IWM.10	1SVR470670R1000
	CM-IWM.11	1SVR470670R1100
<b>Rated control supply voltage <math>U_s</math></b>		
24 - 240 V AC/DC	■	■
24 V DC		■
<b>Measuring voltages</b>		
250 V AC (L-PE)		■
400 V AC (L-PE)	■	■
690 V AC (L-PE)		■ <sup>(1)</sup>
1000 V AC (L-PE)		■ <sup>(3)</sup>
300 V DC (L-PE)		■
600 V DC (L-PE)		■
690 V DC (L-PE)		■ <sup>(2)</sup>
1000 V DC (L-PE)		■ <sup>(3)</sup>
<b>Measuring range</b>		
1 - 100 kΩ	■	■
2 - 200 kΩ		■
2 - 250 kΩ		■
<b>System leakage capacitance, max.</b>		
10 μF	■	■
20 μF		■
1000 μF		■
3000 μF		■
<b>Output</b>		
1 c/o	■	■
1 x 2 c/o or 2 x 1 c/o		■
2 c/o		■
<b>Operating principle</b>		
Open-circuit principle	■	■
Open- or closed-circuit principle adjustable		■
<b>Test</b>		
Front-face button or control input	■	■
<b>Reset</b>		
Front-face button or control input	■	■
Fault storage / latching configurable	■	■
Non volatile storage configurable	■	■
Interrupted wire detection		■
Threshold values configurable	1	2
Control input (measuring input deactivation)		■
<b>Connection type</b>		
Push-in terminals	■	■
Double-chamber cage connection terminals	■	■
Screw terminals		■

1) With coupling unit CM-IVN    screw version    CM-IVN.S: 1SVR750669R9400  
    push-in version    CM-IVN.P: 1SVR760669R9400

2) Allowed voltage range of the supervised network: 0-760 V AC / 0-1000 V

3) Allowed voltage range of the supervised network: 0-1100 V AC / 0-1500 V DC

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Ordering details



CM-IWS.1

2CDC251.009 V0012



CM-IWS.2

2CDC251.017 V0012



CM-IWN.1

2CDC251.020 V0012



CM-IWM.10

LK5894



CM-IWM.11

LK5895



CM-IVN

2CDC252.027 V0012

#### Description

The CM-IWx serves to monitor insulation resistance in accordance with IEC 61557-8 in unearthed IT AC systems, IT AC systems with galvanically connected DC circuits, or IT DC systems. The devices are able to monitor control circuits (single-phase) and main circuits (3-phase).

The CM-IWM.x provides the best and up-to-date insulation monitoring of modern IT supply systems in an optimum and state-of-the-art way according to IEC 61558-8 including annex C. The device can be used in the most flexible way for AC, DC and AC/DC systems, even with a large leakage capacity to earth (PE) and under adverse conditions.

#### Ordering details

Type	Rated control supply voltage	Nominal voltage U <sub>n</sub> of the distribution system to be monitored	System leakage capacitance, max.	Adjustment range of the specified response value R <sub>in</sub> (threshold)	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc)  kg (lb)
CM-IWS.x	24-240 V AC/DC	0-250 V AC / 0-300 V DC	10 μF	1-100 kΩ	CM-IWS.1S	1SVR730660R0100	0.148 (0.326)
					CM-IWS.1P	1SVR740660R0100	0.137 (0.302)
		0-400 V AC			CM-IWS.2S	1SVR730670R0200	0.141 (0.311)
					CM-IWS.2P	1SVR740670R0200	0.130 (0.287)
CM-IWN.x		0-400 V AC / 0-600 V DC	20 μF	1-100 kΩ 2-200 kΩ	CM-IWN.1S	1SVR750660R0200	0.241 (0.531)
					CM-IWN.1P	1SVR760660R0200	0.217 (0.478)
CM-IWM.x	24 V DC	0-690 V AC/DC <sup>1)</sup>	1000 μF	1-250 kΩ 20 kΩ-2 MΩ	CM-IWM.10	1SVR470670R1000	0.500 (1.1)
		0-1000 V AC/DC <sup>2)</sup>	3000 μF		CM-IWM.11	1SVR470670R1100	

1) Allowed voltage range of the supervised network: 0-760 V AC / 0-1000 V DC

2) Allowed voltage range of the supervised network: 0-1100 V AC / 0-1500 V DC

#### Coupling unit

Rated control supply voltage = measuring voltage	Nominal voltage $U_n$ of the distribution system to be monitored	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
Passive device, no control supply voltage needed	0-690 V AC / 0-1000 V DC	CM-IVN.S	1SVR750669R9400	0.179 (0.395)
		CM-IVN.P	1SVR760669R9400	0.165 (0.364)

S: screw connection

P: push-in connection

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical data - CM-IWx

Data at  $T_a = 25\text{ °C}$  and rated values, unless otherwise indicated

		CM-IWS.2	CM-IWS.1	CM-IWN.1
<b>Input circuit - Supply circuit</b>		<b>A1 - A2</b>		
Rated control supply voltage $U_s$		24-240 V AC/DC		
Rated control supply voltage tolerance		-15...+10 %		
Typical current / power consumption	24 V DC	30 mA / 0.7 VA	35 mA / 0.9 VA	55 mA / 1.3 VA
	115 V AC	12 mA / 1.4 VA	17 mA / 2.0 VA	20 mA / 2.3 VA
	230 V AC	12 mA / 2.8 VA	14 mA / 3.2 VA	15 mA / 3.5 VA
Rated frequency $f_s$		DC or 15-400 Hz		
Frequency range AC		13.5-440 Hz		
Power failure buffering time	min.	20 ms		
Start-up time $t_{s1}$ , fixed		min. 10 s	max. 15 s	min. 15 s
<b>Input circuit - Measuring circuit</b>		<b>L, <math>\pm</math></b>	<b>L<math>\pm</math>, L-, <math>\pm</math>, KE</b>	<b>L<math>\pm</math>, L-, <math>\pm</math>, KE</b>
Monitoring function		insulation resistance monitoring of IT systems		
Measuring principle		superimposed DC voltage	prognostic measuring principle with superimposed square wave signal	
Nominal voltage $U_n$ of the distribution system to be monitored		0-400 V AC	0-250 V AC / 0-300 V DC	0-400 V AC / 0-600 V DC
Voltage range of the distribution system to be monitored		0-460 V AC (tolerance +15 %)	0-287.5 V AC / 0-345 V DC (tolerance +15 %)	0-460 V AC / 0-690 V DC (tolerance +15 %)
Rated frequency $f_N$ of the distribution system to be monitored		50-60 Hz	DC or 15-400 Hz	DC or 15-400 Hz
System leakage capacitance $C_e$	max.	10 $\mu$ F		20 $\mu$ F
Tolerance of the rated frequency $f_N$		45-65 Hz	13.5-440 Hz	13.5-440 Hz
Extraneous DC voltage $U_{i9}$ (when connected to an AC system)	max.	none	290 V DC	460 V DC
Number of possible response / threshold values		1		2
Adjustment range of the specified response value $R_{an}$ (threshold)	min.-max.	1-100 $\Omega$		–
	min.-max. R1	–		1-100 k $\Omega$
	min.-max. R2	–		2-200 k $\Omega$ (activated / de-activated by DIP-switch)
Adjustment resolution		1 k $\Omega$		
Tolerance of the adjusted threshold value / Relative percentage uncertainty A at -5...+45 °C $U_n = 0-115\%$ $U_s = 85-110\%$ $f_N, f_s, C_e = 1\mu$ F		R1	1 k $\Omega$	1 k $\Omega$
		R2	–	2 k $\Omega$
	at 1-10 k $\Omega$ $R_F$ (yellow marked scale)	$\geq 15\%$ , max. $\pm 0.5$ k $\Omega$		$\geq 15\%$ , max. $\pm 1$ k $\Omega$ , with CM-IVN $\pm 1.5$ k $\Omega$
	at 10-100 k $\Omega$ $R_F$	$\pm 6\%$		–
	at 1-15 k $\Omega$ $R_F$	–		$\pm 1$ k $\Omega$ , with CM-IVN $\pm 1.5$ k $\Omega$
	at 15-200 k $\Omega$ $R_F$	–		$\pm 8\%$
Hysteresis related to the threshold value		25 %; min. 2 k $\Omega$		
Internal impedance $Z_i$	at 50 Hz	135 k $\Omega$	100 k $\Omega$	155 k $\Omega$
Internal DC resistance $R_i$		185 k $\Omega$	115 k $\Omega$	185 k $\Omega$
Measuring voltage $U_m$		15 V	22 V	24 V
Tolerance of measuring voltage $U_m$		+10 %		
Measuring current $I_m$	max.	0.1 mA	0.3 mA	0.15 mA
Response time $t_{an}$				
	pure AC system 0.5 x $R_{an}$ and $C_e = 1\mu$ F	max. 10 s		
	DC system or AC system with connected rectifiers	–	max. 15 s	
Repeat accuracy (constant parameters)		< 0.1 % of full scale		
Accuracy of $R_a$ (measured value) within the rated control supply voltage tolerance		< 0.05 % of full scale		
Accuracy of $R_a$ (measured value) within the operation temperature range	at 1-10 k $\Omega$ $R_F$	5 $\Omega$ / K		–
	at 10-100 k $\Omega$ $R_F$	0.05 % / K		–
	at 10-200 k $\Omega$ $R_F$	–		0.05 % / K
Transient overvoltage protection (+ - terminal)		Z-diode	avalanche diode	

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical data - CM-IWx

		CM-IWS.2	CM-IWS.1	CM-IWN.1
<b>Input circuit - Control circuits</b>		<b>S1 - S2 - S3</b>		
Control inputs - volt free	S1-S3	remote test		
	S2-S3	remote reset		
Maximum switching current in the control circuit		1 mA		
Maximum cable length to the control inputs		50 m - 100 pF/m [164 ft - 30.5 pF/ft]		
Minimum control pulse length		150 ms		
No-load voltage at the control input		≤ 24 V ± 5 %		≤ 24 V DC
<b>Indication of operational states</b>				
Control supply voltage		LED U (green)		
Fault message		LED F (red)		
Relay status		LED R (yellow)		
<b>Output circuits</b>				
Kind of output		relay, 1 c/o (SPDT) contact		2 x 1 or 1 x 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts configurable
Operating principle		closed-circuit principle <sup>1)</sup>		open- or closed circuit principle configurable <sup>1)</sup>
Contact material		AgNi alloy, Cd free		
Min. switching voltage / Min. switching current		24 V / 10 mA		
Max. switching voltage / Max. switching current		see data sheet		
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub>	AC-12 (resistive) at 230 V	4 A		
	AC-15 (inductive) at 230 V	3 A		
	DC-12 (resistive) at 24 V	4 A		
	DC-13 (inductive) at 24 V	2 A		
AC rating (UL 508)	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300, pilot duty general purpose 250 V, 4 A, cos ϕ 0.75		
	max. rated operational voltage	250 V AC		
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	4 A		
	max. making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA		
	Mechanical lifetime	30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles		
Electrical lifetime (AC-12, 230 V, 4 A)		0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles		
Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	6 A fast-acting		
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting		
Conventional thermal current I <sub>th</sub>		4 A		
<b>General data</b>				
Duty cycle		100 %		
Dimensions		see dimensional drawings		
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool		
Mounting position		any		
Minimum distance to other units	vertical	not necessary		
	horizontal	10 mm (0.39 in) at U <sub>n</sub> > 240 V	not necessary	10 mm (0.39 in) at U <sub>n</sub> > 400 V
Material of housing		UL 94 V-0		
Degree of protection		housing / terminal	IP50 / IP20	
<b>Electrical connection</b>				
Wire size	fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule	Screw connection technology 1 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 18-14 AWG) 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)		Easy Connect Technology (Push-in) 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)
	rigid	1 x 0.5-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 20-12 AWG) 2 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-14 AWG)		2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-16 AWG)
Stripping length		8 mm (0.32 in)		
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm (5.31-7.08 lb.in)		

<sup>1)</sup> Closed-circuit principle: Output relay(s) de-energize(s) if a fault is occurring  
Open-circuit principle: Output relay(s) energize(s) if a fault is occurring

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical data - CM-IWx

		CM-IWS.2	CM-IWS.1	CM-IWN.1
Environmental data				
Ambient temperature ranges	operation / storage / transport	-25...+60 °C/-40...+85 °C/-40...+85 °C		
Climatic class	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K5 (no condensation, no ice formation)		
Damp heat, cyclic	IEC/EN 60068-2-30	6 x 24 h cycle, 55 °C, 95 % RH		
Vibration, sinusoidal		25 Hz: 2.5 g		
Isolation data				
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>	supply / measuring circuit	6 kV		
	supply / output circuit	6 kV		
	measuring / output circuit	6 kV		
	output 1 / output circuit 2			4 kV
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>	supply / measuring circuit	400 V	300 V	600 V
	supply / output circuit	300 V		
	supply / measuring circuit	400 V	300 V	600 V
	output 1 / output circuit 2	-	-	300 V
Basis insulation	supply / measuring circuit	400 V AC / 300 V DC	250 V AC / 300 V DC	400 V AC / 600 V DC
	supply / output circuit	250 V AC / 300 V DC		
	measuring / output circuit	400 V AC / 300 V DC	250 V AC / 300 V DC	400 V AC / 600 V DC
	output 1 / output 2	250 V AC / 300 V DC		
Protective separation (IEC/EN 61140)	supply / output circuit	250 V AC / 250 V DC		
	supply / measuring circuit	250 V AC / 250 V DC		
	measuring / output circuit	250 V AC / 250 V DC		
Pollution degree		3		
Overvoltage category		III		
Standards / Directives				
Standards		IEC/EN 60947-5-1, IEC/EN 61557-1, IEC/EN 61557-8		
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU		
EMC Directive		2014/30/EU		
RoHS Directive		2011/65/EU		
Electromagnetic compatibility				
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2, IEC/EN 61326-2-4		
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	level 3, 6 kV / 8 kV		
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	level 3, 10 V/m (1 GHz) / 3 V/m (2 GHz) / 1 V/m (2.7 GHz)		
electrical fast transient/burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 3, 2 kV / 5 kHz		
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	level 3, installation class 3, supply circuit and measuring circuit 1 kV L-L, 2 kV L-earth		
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3, 10 V		
voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	class 3		
harmonics and interharmonics	IEC/EN 61000-4-13	class 3		
Interference emissions		IEC/EN 61000-6-3		
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B		
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B		

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical data - CM-IVN

CM-IVN		
<b>Input circuit - Measuring circuit</b>		<b>VL+, VL-, V±</b>
Function	expansion of the nominal voltage range of the insulation monitoring relay CM-IWN to 690 V AC or 1000 V DC, max. length of connection cable 40 cm	
Measuring principle	see CM-IWN	
Nominal voltage $U_n$ of the distribution system to be monitored	0-690 V AC / 0-1000 V DC	
Voltage range of the distribution system to be monitored	0-793.5 V AC / 0-1150 V DC (tolerance +15 %)	
Rated frequency $f_N$ of the distribution system to be monitored	DC or 15-400 Hz	
Tolerance of the rated frequency $f_N$	13.5-440 Hz	
System leakage capacitance $C_e$	max.	identical to that of the insulation monitoring relay used
Extraneous DC voltage $U_{fg}$ (when connected to an AC system)	max.	793.5 V DC
Tolerance of the adjusted threshold value / Relative percentage uncertainty A at -5...+45 °C, $U_n = 0-115\%$ , $U_s = 85-110\%$ , $f_N, f_s, C_e = 1\ \mu F$	at 1-15 k $\Omega$ $R_F$	±1.5 k $\Omega$
	at 15-200 k $\Omega$ $R_F$	±8 %
Internal impedance $Z_i$	at 50 Hz	195 k $\Omega$
Internal DC resistance $R_i$		200 k $\Omega$
Measuring voltage $U_m$		24 V
Tolerance of measuring voltage $U_m$		+10 %
Measuring current $I_m$		0.15 mA
<b>General data</b>		
MTBF		on request
Duty cycle		100 %
Dimensions		see dimensional drawings
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool
Mounting position		any
Minimum distance to other units	vertical	not necessary
	horizontal	10 mm (0.39 in) at $U_n > 600\text{ V}$
Degree of protection		IP50 / IP20
<b>Electrical connection</b>		
Wire size	fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule	2 x 0.75-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-14 AWG)
		rigid 2 x 0.5-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-12 AWG)
Stripping length		7 mm (0.28 in)
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm (5.31-7.08 lb.in)
Max. length of connection cable to CM-IWN		40 cm
<b>Environmental data</b>		
Ambient temperature ranges	operation / storage / transport	-25...+60 °C / -40...+85 °C / -40...+85 °C
Climatic category	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K5 (no condensation, no ice formation)
Damp heat, cyclic	IEC/EN 60068-2-30	6 x 24 h cycle, 55 °C, 95 % RH
Vibration, sinusoidal	IEC/EN 60255-21-1	Class 2
Shock, half-sine	IEC/EN 60255-21-2	Class 2
<b>Isolation data</b>		
Rated impulse withstand voltage $U_{imp}$	input circuit / PE	8 kV
Rated insulation voltage $U_i$	input circuit / PE	1000 V
Pollution degree		3
Overvoltage category		III
<b>Standards / Directives</b>		
Standards		IEC/EN 60947-5-1, IEC/EN 61557-1, IEC/EN 61557-8
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU
EMC Directive		2014/30/EU
RoHS Directive		2011/65/EU

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical data - CM-IVN

		CM-IVN
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility</b>		
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2, IEC/EN 61326-2-4
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	level 3, 6 kV / 8 kV
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	level 3, 10 V/m (1 GHz) / 3 V/m (2 GHz) / 1 V/m (2.7 GHz)
electrical fast transient/burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 3, 2 kV / 5 kHz
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	level 3, installation class 3, supply circuit and measuring circuit 1 kV L-L, 2 kV L-earth
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3, 10 V
voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	level 3
harmonics and interharmonics	IEC/EN 61000-4-13	level 3
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 50022	class B
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 50022	class B

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical data - CM-IWM

		CM-IWM.10	CM-IWM.11
<b>Input circuit</b>			
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub>		24 V DC	
Voltage range		20-30 V DC	
Typical power consumption		max. 5 W	
<b>Measuring circuit</b>		L(+) / L(-) to PE / KE	
Nominal voltage U <sub>N</sub>		0-690 V AC/DC	0-1000 V AC/DC
Allowed voltage range of the supervised network		0-760 V AC / 0-1000 V DC	0-1100 V AC / 0-1500 V DC
Frequency range		DC or 16-1000 Hz	DC or 16-1000 Hz
Max. system leakage capacitance C <sub>e</sub>		1000 µF	3000 µF
Internal resistance (AC/DC)		> 280 kΩ	
Measuring voltage		approx. ± 95 V	
Max. measured current (R <sub>E</sub> = 0)		< 0.35 mA	
Response values R <sub>E</sub> each adjustable via rotary switches		pre-warning ("VW")    warning ("AL")	
		20 kΩ	1 kΩ
		30 kΩ	3 kΩ
		50 kΩ	10 kΩ
		70 kΩ	20 kΩ
		100 kΩ	30 kΩ
		150 kΩ	50 kΩ
		250 kΩ	70 kΩ
		500 kΩ	100 kΩ
		1000 kΩ	150 kΩ
		2000 kΩ	250 kΩ
Response inaccuracy		IEC/EN 61557-8	± 15 % + 1.5 kΩ
Response value hysteresis		at range 10 kΩ ... 700 kΩ	approx. 25 %
		out of range:	approx. 40 % + 0.5 kΩ
ON delay		at C <sub>E</sub> = 1 µF	< 10 s
		R <sub>E</sub> of ∞ to 0.5 * response value	
<b>Control input</b>		between T, R and G	between HM, T, R and G
Current flow		approx. 3 mA	
No-load voltage to ground		approx. 12 V	
Permissible wire length		< 50 m	
Min. activation time		0.5 s	
<b>Output</b>			
Contacts		2 x 1 c/o contacts for VW and AL	
Thermal current I <sub>th</sub>		4 A	
Switching capacity to AC-15		n/o contact	3 A / AC 230 V acc. to IEC/EN 60947-5-1
		n/c contact	1 A / AC 230 V acc. to IEC/EN 60947-5-1
Electrical life		at 8 A, AC 250 V	1 x 10 <sup>4</sup> switching cycles
Short circuit strength max. fuse rating		4 A gL acc. to IEC/EN 60947-5-1	
Mechanical life		10 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles	

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical data - CM-IWM






















			CM-IWM.10	CM-IWM.11	
General Data					
Operating mode			continuous operation		
Temperature range			operation	- 25 ... + 60 °C	- 25 ... + 60 °C (device mounted away from heat generation components) -25 ... +45 °C (device mounted without distance to other devices)
			storage	- 40 ... + 70 °C	
Relative air humidity			93 % at 40 °C		
Atmospheric pressure			860-1600 mbar (86-106 kPa)		
Altitude			IEC/EN 60664-1	< 4000 m	
Clearance and creepage distances					
Rated impulse voltage / pollution degree			IEC/EN 60664-1		
Measuring circuit L(+) / L(-) to			auxiliary voltage DC and relay contacts VW, AL	8 kV / 2	
			auxiliary voltage DC to relay contacts VW, AL	8 kV / 2	
			relay contacts VW to relay contact AL	4 kV / 2	
Insulation test voltage, routine test			AC 5 kV; 1 s		AC 2.5 kV; 1 s
Technical data					
EMC					
Electrostatic discharge (ESD)			IEC/EN 61000-4-2	8 kV (air)	
HF irradiation			IEC/EN 61000-4-3	80 MHz-2.7 GHz: 10 V/m	
Fast transients			IEC/EN 61000-4-4	4 kV	
Surge voltages			IEC/EN 61000-4-5	between A1 - A2: 1 kV L(+) - L(-): 2 kV A1, A2 - PE: 4 kV L(+), L(-) - PE: 4 kV control line: 0.5 kV control line and earth: 1 kV	
HF-wire guided			IEC/EN 61000-4-6	10 V	
Interference suppression			EN 55011	limit value class A when connected to a low voltage public system (Class B, EN 55011) radio interference can be generated. To avoid this, appropriate measures have to be taken	
Degree of protection					
Housing			IEC/EN 60529	IP 40	
Terminals			IEC/EN 60529	IP 20	
Housing					thermpolastic with V0 behaviour according to UL subject 94
Vibration resistance			IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10-55 Hz: 0.35 mm 2-13.2 Hz: ± 1 mm 13.2-100 Hz: ± 7 g	
Shock resistance			IEC/EN 60068-2-27	10 g / 11 ms, 3 pulses	
Climate resistance			IEC/EN 60068-1	25 / 060 / 04	
Terminal designation					EN 50005
Connecting capacity					1 x 4 mm² solid 1 x 2.5 mm² stranded ferruled (isolated) 2 x 1.5 mm² stranded ferruled (isolated) DIN 46228-1/-2/-3-4 2 x 2.5 mm² stranded ferruled (isolated) DIN 46228-1/-2/-3
Stripping length					8 mm
Tightening torque					0.8 Nm
Wire fixing					plus-minus terminal screws M3.5 terminal with wire protection
Mounting			IEC/EN 60715	DIN rail	
Dimensions			width x height x depth	90 x 90 x 121 mm	

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical diagrams

#### LEDs, status information and fault messages

##### CM-IWN.x

Operational state	LED U (green)	LED F (red)	LED R (yellow)
Start-up		OFF	OFF
No fault		OFF	(1)
Prewarning			
Insulation fault (below threshold value)			(1)
KE/± wire interruption			(1)
L+/L- wire interruption during system start-up / test function	 / 		(1)
System leakage capacitance too high / invalid measurement result			(1)
Internal system fault	(1)		(1)
Setting fault (2)			
Test function		OFF	(1)
No fault after fault storage (3)		(4)	


















(1) Depending on the configuration.

(2) Possible faulty setting: The threshold value for final switch-off is set at a higher value than the threshold value for prewarning














(3) The device has triggered after an insulation fault. The fault has been stored and the insulation resistance has returned to a higher value than the threshold value plus hysteresis.

(4) Depending on the fault

##### CM-IWS.x

Operational state	LED U (green)	LED F (red)	LED R (yellow)
Start-up		OFF	OFF
No fault		OFF	
Insulation fault (below threshold value)			OFF
Invalid measuring result			OFF
KE/± wire interruption (only CM-IWS. (1)			OFF
CM-IWS.1: System leakage capacitance too high / invalid measurement result			OFF
CM-IWS.2: Invalid measurement result			OFF
Internal system fault	OFF		OFF
Test function		OFF	OFF
No fault after fault storage (3)		(4)	

##### CM-IWM.x

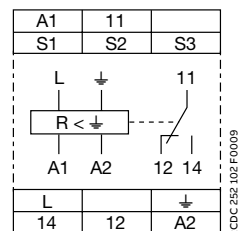
LED status	LED	Status
PWR: green LED		Control supply voltage applied
ERR: red LED		Internal device error
		Connection error L+/L-
		Connection error PE/KE
Active: green LED		Measuring phase with positive polarity
		Measuring phase with negative polarity
LED chain: yellow LED		8 LEDs indicate the current insulating resistance ( $\leq 10 \text{ k}\Omega \dots \geq 2 \text{ M}\Omega$ )
VW +: yellow LED		$R_e$ lower than prewarning value to + potential
VW -: yellow LED		$R_e$ lower than prewarning value to - potential
VW + and VW -: yellow LED		AC fault / symmetric fault
AL +: red LED		$R_e$ lower than warning value to + potential
AL -: red LED		$R_e$ lower than warning value to - potential
AL + and AL -: red LED		AC fault / symmetric fault

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical diagrams

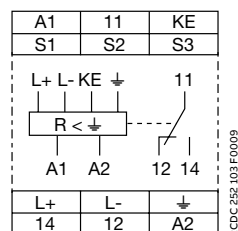
#### Connection diagrams

##### CM-IWS.2



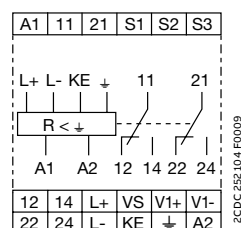
A1-A2	Control supply voltage
S1-S3	Remote test
S2-S3	Remote reset
L	Measuring circuit/input, system connection
↓	Measuring circuit/input, earth connections
11-12/14	Output relay, closed-circuit principle

##### CM-IWS.1



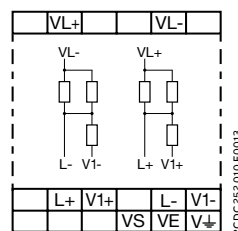
A1-A2	Control supply voltage
S1-S3	Remote test
S2-S3	Remote reset
L+, L-	Measuring circuit/input, system connection
↓, KE	Measuring circuit/input, earth connections
1-12/14	Output relay, closed-circuit principle

##### CM-IWN.1



A1-A2	Control supply voltage
S1-S3	Remote test
S2-S3	Remote reset
L+, L-	Measuring circuit/input, system connection
↓, KE	Measuring circuit/input, earth connections
VS, V1+, V1	Connections for the coupling unit (if used)
11-12/14	Output relay 1, open- or closed-circuit principle
21-22/24	Output relay 2, open- or closed-circuit principle

##### CM-IVN



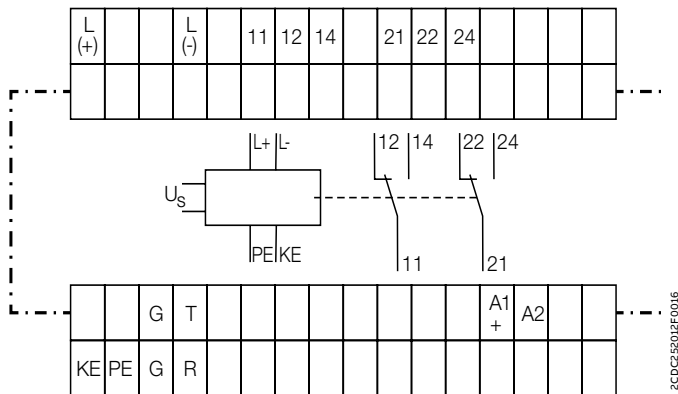
VE	Connection to CM-IWN.x - ↓
VS	Connection to CM-IWN.x - VS
L+	Connection to CM-IWN.x - L+
V1+	Connection to CM-IWN.x - V1+
L-	Connection to CM-IWN.x - L-
V1-	Connection to CM-IWN.x - V1-
VL+, VL-	Measuring circuit / Measuring input, Connection to the system
V↓	Measuring circuit / Measuring input, Connection to earth

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical diagrams

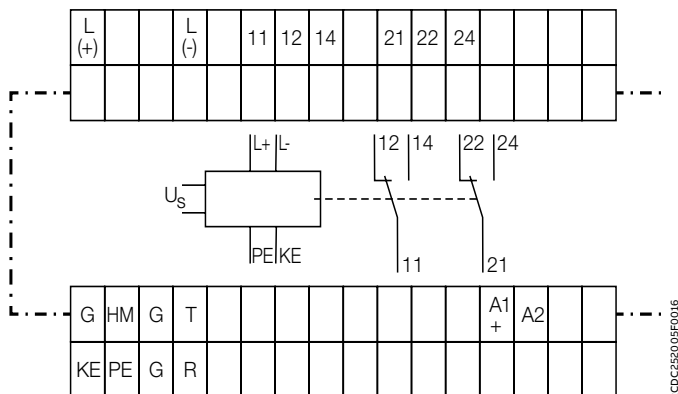
#### Connection diagrams

##### CM-IWM.10



Terminal designation	Signal designation
A1+, A2	Control supply voltage
L(+), L(-)	Connection for measuring circuit
KE, PE	Connection for protective conductor
G, R	Control input (manual/auto reset) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>G/R not jumpered: manual reset</li> <li>G/R jumpered: auto reset</li> </ul>
G, T	Control input (External test input) connection for an external device test pushbutton
11-12/14	Output relay 1 (warning)
21-22/24	Output relay 2 (prewarning)

##### CM-IWM.11



Terminal designation	Signal designation
A1+, A2	Control supply voltage
L(+), L(-)	Connection for measuring circuit
KE, PE	Connection for protective conductor
G, R	Control input (manual/auto reset) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>G/R not jumpered: manual reset</li> <li>G/R jumpered: auto reset</li> </ul>
G, T	Control input (External test input) connection for an external device test pushbutton
G, HM	Control input (measuring circuit deactivation) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>G/HM not jumpered: measuring circuit activated</li> <li>G/HM jumpered: measuring circuit deactivated</li> </ul>
11-12/14	Output relay 1 (warning)
21-22/24	Output relay 2 (prewarning)

Insulation monitoring relays

Technical diagrams

DIP switches

CM-IWN.1

Position	4	3	2	1
ON ↑				
OFF				

2CDC 252 050 F0b09

	ON	OFF (default)
<b>DIP switch 1</b> Operating principle of the output relays	Closed-circuit principle If closed-circuit principle is selected, the output relays de-energize in case a fault is occurring. In non-fault state the relays are energized.	Open-circuit principle If open-circuit principle is selected, the output relays energize in case a fault is occurring. In non-fault state the relays are de-energized.
<b>DIP switch 2</b> Non-volatile fault storage	Fault storage activated (latching) If the fault storage function is activated, the output relays remain in tripped position until a reset is done either by the front-face button or by the remote reset connection S2-S3. This function is non-volatile.	Fault storage de-activated (non latching) If the fault storage function is de-activated, the output relays switch back to their original position as soon as the insulation fault no longer exists.
<b>DIP switch 3</b> Interrupted wire detection	Interrupted wire detection activated With this configuration, the CM-IWN.1 monitoring relays the wires connected to $\pm$ and KE for interruptions.	Interrupted wire detection de-activated With this configuration the interrupted wire detection is de-activated.
<b>DIP switch 4</b> 2 x 1 c/o, 1 x 2 c/o	2 x 1 c/o (SPDT) contact If operating principle 2 x 1 c/o contact is selected, the output relay R1 (11-12/14) reacts to threshold value R1 (final switch-off) and the output relay R2 (21-22/24) reacts to threshold value R2 (prewarning)	1 x 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts If operating principle 1 x 2 c/o contacts is selected, both output relays R1 (11-12/14) and R2 (21-22/24) react synchronously to threshold value R1. Settings of the threshold value R2 have no effect on the operation.

# Insulation monitoring relays

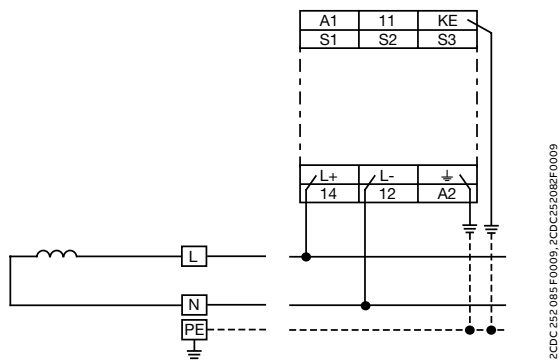
## Technical diagrams

### Wiring diagrams

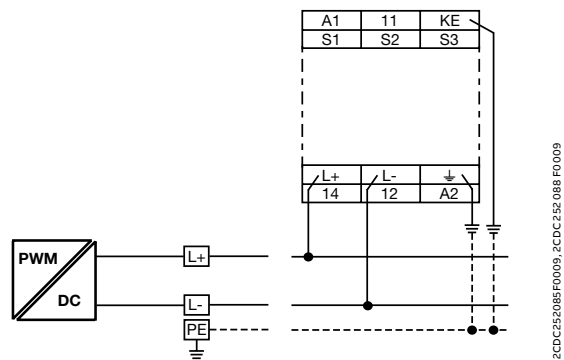
#### CM-IWS.1

Always connect L+ and L- to different conductors. L+ and L- can be connected to any of the conductors.

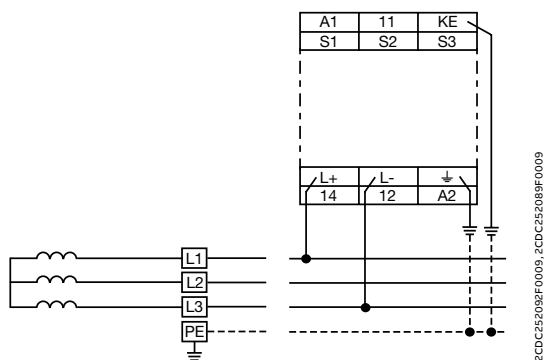
$U_n \leq 250 \text{ V AC}; 300 \text{ V DC}$



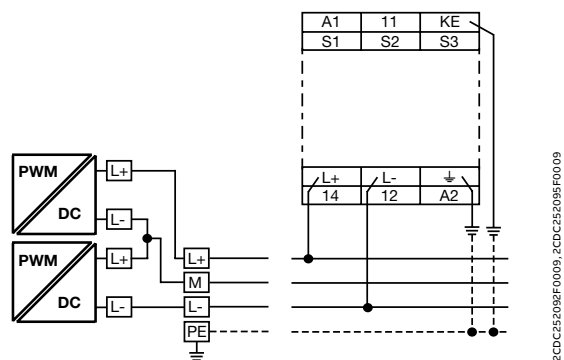
2-wire AC system



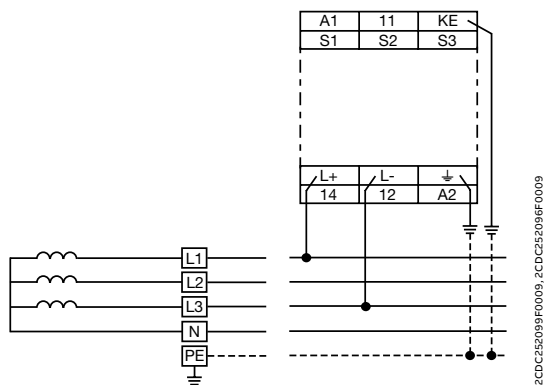
2-wire DC system



3-wire AC system



3-wire DC system



4-wire AC system

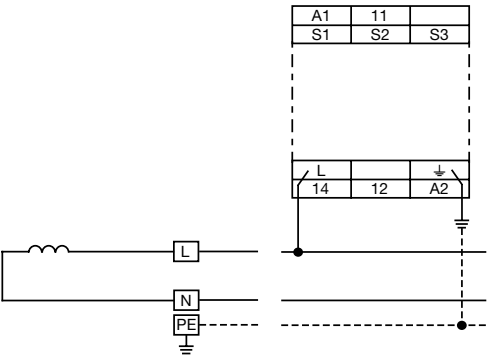
# Insulation monitoring relays

## Technical diagrams

### Wiring diagrams

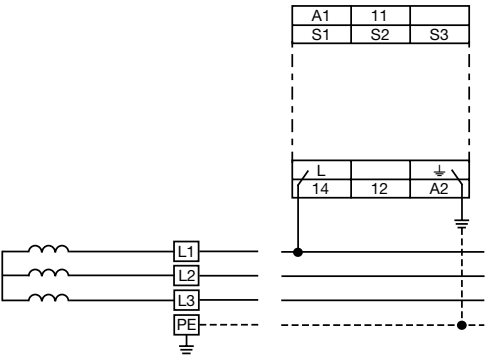
#### CM-IWS.2

L can be connected to any of the conductors.  
 $U_n \leq 400\text{ V AC}$



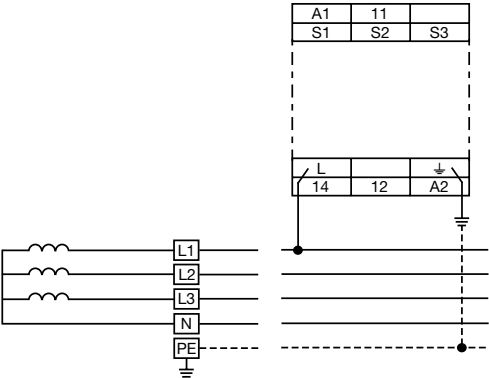
2CDC252083F0009, 2CDC252082F0009

2-wire AC system



2CDC252090F0009, 2CDC252089F0009

3-wire AC system



2CDC252097F0009, 2CDC252096F0009

4-wire AC system

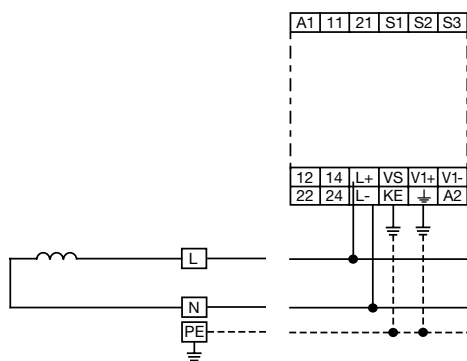
# Insulation monitoring relays

## Technical diagrams

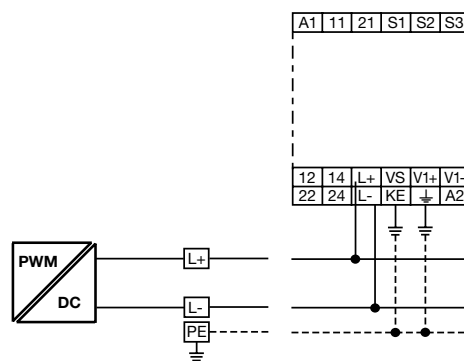
### Wiring diagrams

#### CM-IWN.1

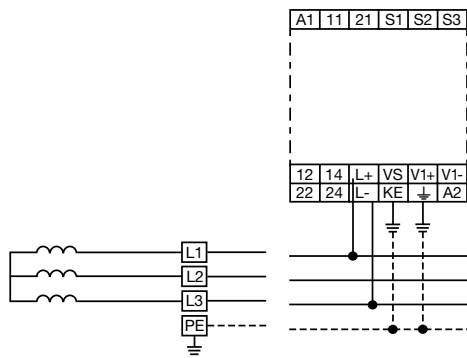
Always connect L+ and L- to different conductors. L+ and L- can be connected to any of the conductors.  
 $U_n \leq 400 \text{ V AC}$ ;  $600 \text{ V DC}$  (For monitoring of systems with higher voltages, use coupling unit CM-IVN.)



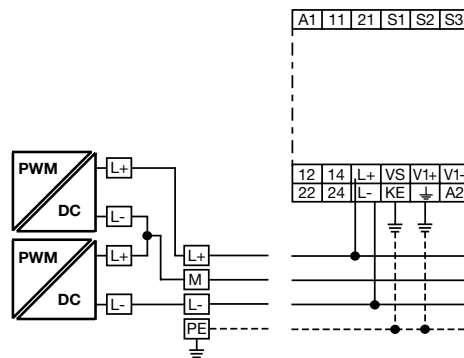
2-wire AC system



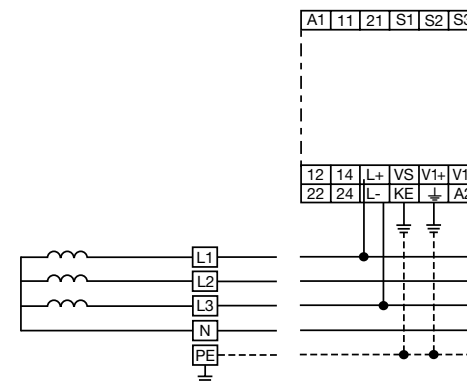
2-wire DC system



3-wire AC system



3-wire DC system



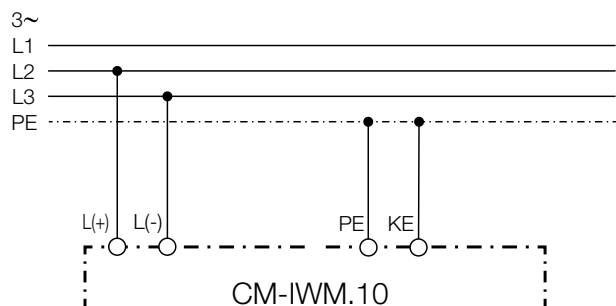
4-wire AC system

## Insulation monitoring relays

### Technical diagrams

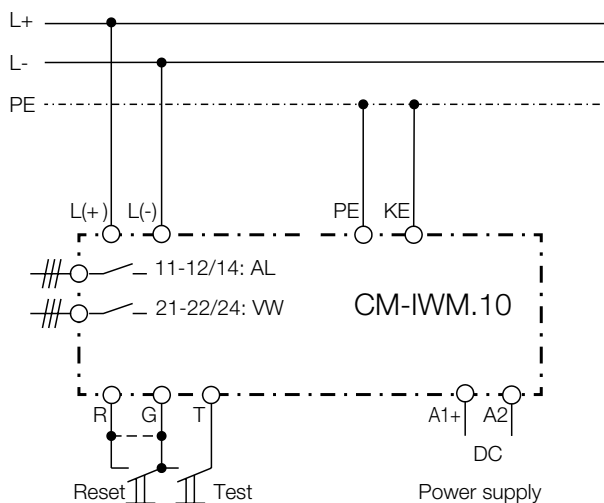
#### Wiring diagrams

##### CM-IWM.10



Example of a AC application

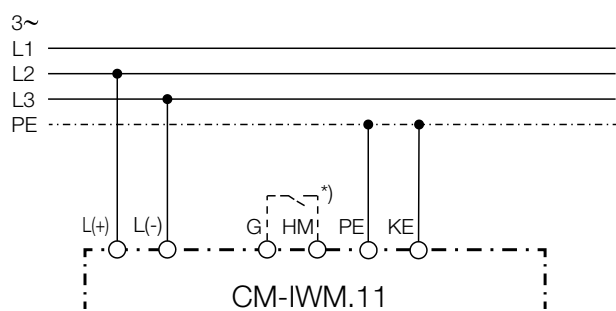
2DC25201F0016



Example of a DC application

2DC25200F0016

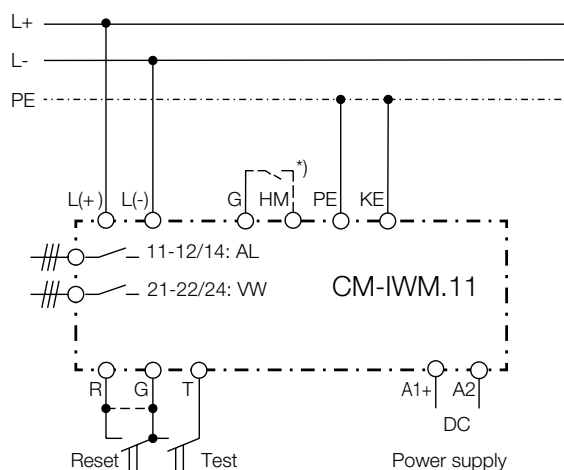
##### CM-IWM.11



\*) G-HM connected: Measuring circuit is off

Example of a AC application

2DC25200F0016



\*) G-HM connected: Measuring circuit is off

Example of a DC application

2DC25200F0016

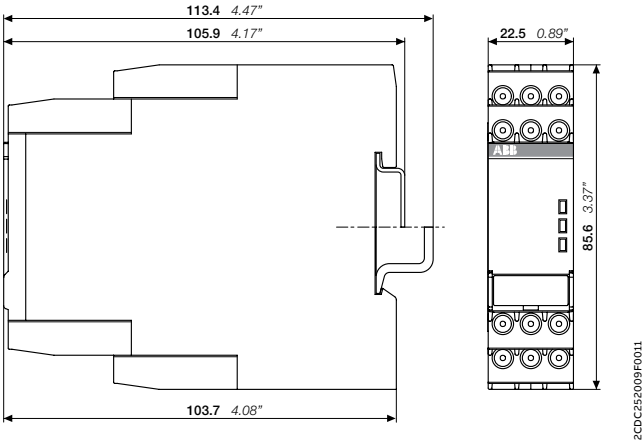
# Insulation monitoring relays

## Technical diagrams

### Dimensional drawings

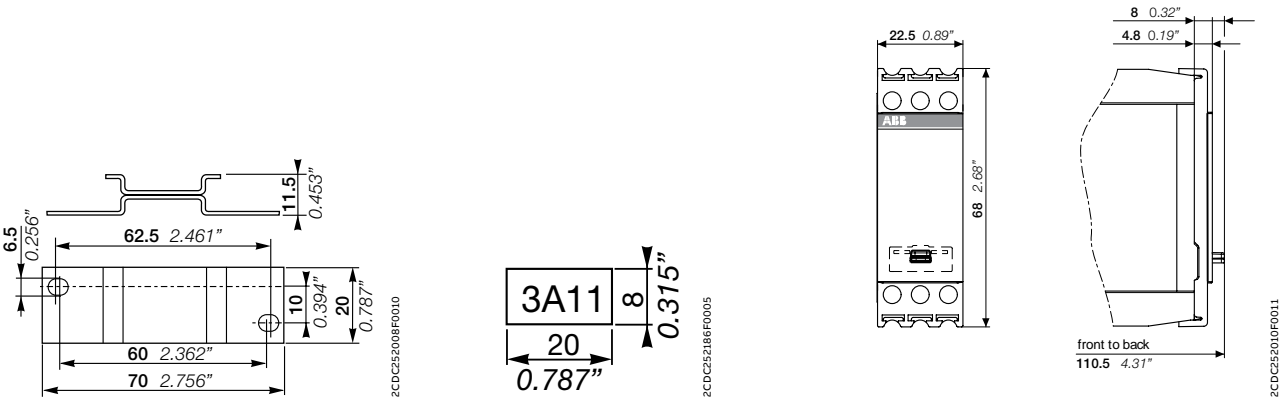
in mm and inches

CM-IWS.x



CM-IWS.x

### Accessories



ADP.01 - Adapter for screw mounting

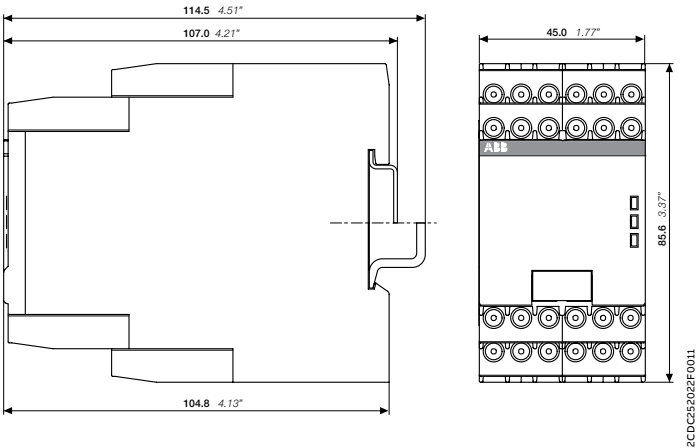
MAR.01 - Marker label for devices without DIP switches

COV.11 - Sealable transparent cover

# Insulation monitoring relays

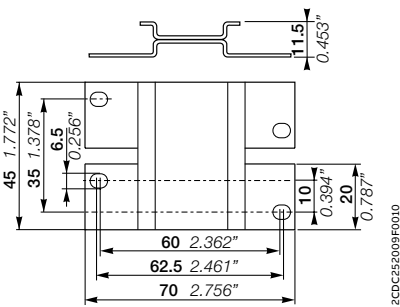
## Technical diagrams

Dimensional drawings  
in mm and inches  
CM-IWN.x

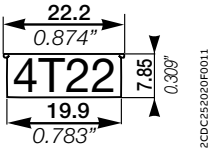


CM-IWN.x

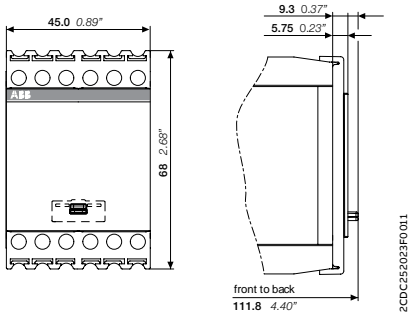
### Accessories



ADP.02 - Adapter for screw mounting



MAR.12 - Marker label for devices with DIP switches



COV.12 - Sealable transparent cover





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# Thermistor motor protection relays

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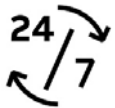
<b>112</b>	<b>Benefits and advantages</b>
<b>113</b>	<b>Applications</b>
<b>114</b>	<b>Features</b>
<b>116</b>	<b>Offer overview</b>
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<b>122</b>	<b>Technical data</b>
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# Thermistor motor protection relays

## Benefits and advantages



The thermistor motor protection relays of the CM-MSx range protect motors with PTC sensors against high temperature. These sensors are incorporated in the motor windings, thus measuring the motor heat directly.



**Continuous operation**

By using thermistor motor protection relays from ABB, the down and commissioning time can be reduced. The relay is continuously monitoring the sensor circuit to detect short-circuit or interrupted i.e. wire faults, thus contributing to maintenance and time saving in case of faults. In addition, the clear error messages of the front LEDs makes it possible to distinguish between the various fault causes.



**Reliable in harsh conditions**

Direct motor protection through temperature monitoring of the motor winding offers 100 % motor protection, even under the most difficult ambient conditions. The ABB thermistor motor protection relays give you access to worldwide markets and are approved by local and international standards for many applications such as industry, renewable energies, the marine sector and dangerous and explosive environments. To prove that, the CM-MSS thermistor motor protection relays are certified according to ATEX Ex II (2) G and D for environments with explosive gas or dust loads.



**Easy installation**

Due to the compliance with the latest standards, there is no need to make any adjustments on the device. All relays come with two different connection possibilities - screw or push-in - to make any adjustments on the installation a breeze. Thanks to direct measurement of the motor temperature, dimensioning of the thermistor motor protection relay, considering the size of the motor, is not necessary.

# Thermistor motor protection relays

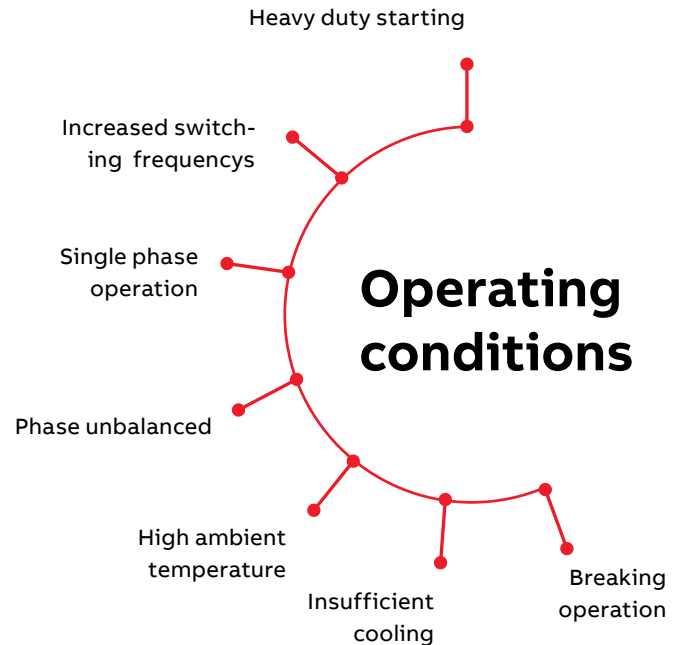
## Applications



### Direct temperature monitoring

Generally, motor damage caused by overload or overheating situations can be prevented in different ways. Compared to the indirect temperature measuring which monitors the motor current, the temperature inside the motor can be measured by direct temperature measuring. This enables direct control and evaluation of different operating conditions:

Therefore, the consequences from overheating, such as abrasion as well as electrical failures, can be prevented. The direct measuring principle is carried out by a combination of the thermistor motor protection relay and three PTC sensors which are installed directly in the motor by the manufacturer. Those 3 PTC sensors are placed directly at the thermal hotspots, the motor windings.



### Motor protection using current- and temperature-dependent protective devices

IEC 60204 stipulates that motors must be protected from overheating at a rating of 0.5 kW and higher. The protection can be provided or executed by overload protection, overtemperature protection or current limiting. For motors with frequent starting and braking, and in environments where cooling may be impaired (e.g. by dust), it is recommended to use the overtemperature protection option in the form of a protective device coordinated with this mode of operation.

On rotor-critical motors, overtemperature detection in the stator windings can lead to delayed and hence inadequate protection. In this case, the standards stipulate additional protection, e.g. by means of an overload relay. This combination of thermistor motor protection and an overload relay is recommended for full motor protection in case of frequent starting and braking of motors, irregular intermittent duty or excessive switching frequency.

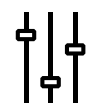


### Operating mode

The thermistor motor protection relays are used to monitor the temperature of motors or generators equipped with PTC sensors type A according to the latest product standard IEC/EN 60947-8. The sensors are built-in into the motor windings, measuring the motor heating. In case of an increase of the temperature in the motor, the resistance of the PTC sensors increases as well. If the motor heats-up excessively ( $>2.83 \text{ k}\Omega$ ), the output relay(s) de-energize(s) and the corresponding LED displays the overtemperature. A short circuit and an interrupted wire within the sensor circuit can also be detected. A reset is only possible after cooling down of the motor ( $<1.1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ) or after a wire interruption, or a short circuit within the sensor circuit has been removed. A reset after tripping can be done manually with the Test / Reset button, externally with a push button between S1 and 1T2/2T2, or automatically by jumpering S1-1T2/2T2.

# Thermistor motor protection relays

## Features



**Test function**

The test function is only possible when there is no fault. By pressing the front-face combined Test / Reset button, a system test routine is executed. If the function „Remote Test / Reset“ (DIP switch 4) is activated, the system test routine is also possible via control input S1-T2 (S1-1T2/2T2\*).

After starting the test routine, the output relays de-energize. They remain de-energized until the Test / Reset button is pressed again or control input S1-T2 (S1-1T2/2T2\*) is closed (remote reset).

**Short-circuit detection**

If a short circuit is detected between the two lines of a sensor circuit, the output relay(s) de-energize(s) and the LEDs will display the specific error code.

**Dynamic interrupted wire detection**

During the operation, the device is permanently monitoring the measuring circuit. If the resistance in the measuring circuit rises, the device distinguishes if there is an overtemperature or an interrupted wire.



**Fault storage** , **reset function**

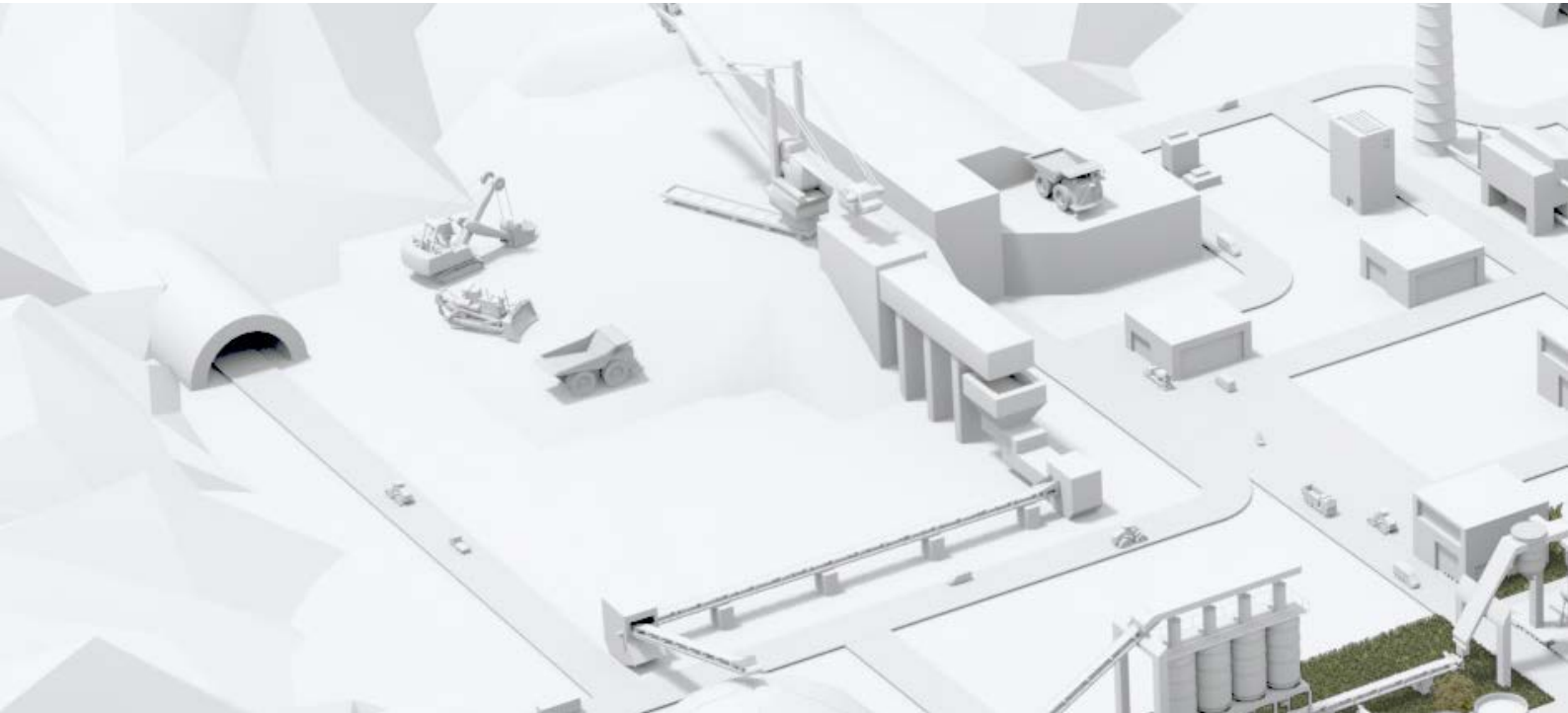
The fault storage is designed as non-volatile (remanent). This means that after switch-off and return of the control supply voltage the device returns to the state it was prior to the switch-off. If there was no fault prior to the interruption of the control supply voltage, the device restarts automatically after re-applying control supply voltage.

If there was a fault prior to the interruption, reset can be reset manually by the Test / Reset button or externally by remote reset between S1-T2 (S1-1T2/2T2\*).

With deactivated fault storage, reset can be made manually by the Test / Reset button, automatically by jumpering S1-T2 (S1-1T2/2T2\*) or externally by remote reset between S1-T2 (S1-1T2/2T2\*). Depending on the configuration of DIP switch 1, there are several possibilities to reset the device as shown in the picture.

DIP switch 1		
	1.) Front 2.) Remote 3.) A1-A2	1.) Front 2.) Remote
	1.) Front 2.) A1-A2	1.) Front
	1.) Auto-Reset	

\*CM-MSS.51



# Thermistor motor protection relays

## Features



### Single and accumulative evaluation

#### Single evaluation 2x1 c/o

If a fault occurs in the measuring circuit 1, output relay 1 (11-12/14) de-energizes. If a fault occurs in the measuring circuit 2, output relay 2 (21-22/24) de-energizes.

#### Accumulative evaluation 1x2 c/o

In case of a fault in one of the two measuring circuits, both output relays de-energize synchronously.

### Bimetallic switches

In some applications, bimetallic switches - such as Klixon - are used as sensors instead of PTC temperature sensors. Bimetallic switches are temperature and current dependent, normally closed contacts, and are available for different temperature ranges. Since bimetallic switches have almost no resistance below their opening temperature, short-circuit detection is not possible when bimetallic switches are used.



### ATEX certification

Suitably selected and adjusted devices are necessary for the safe operation of explosion-protected motors. Only the sensor line is conducted into the explosive atmosphere. The motor protection relay itself must be installed outside the potentially explosive atmospheres.

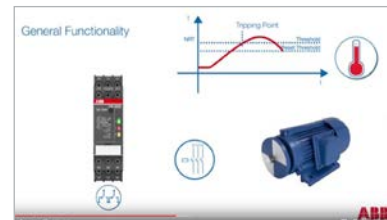
Marking:



II (2) G  
II (2) D



### CM-MSS functionality video



# Thermistor motor protection relays

## Offer overview



### CM-MSE

- Auto reset
- Connection of several sensors (max. 6 sensors connected in series)
- Monitoring of bimetals
- 1 n/o contact
- Excellent cost / performance ratio



### CM-MSS<sup>1)</sup>

- Different types of contacts available
  - 1 x 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts
  - 2 x 1 c/o (SPDT) contact
  - 1 n/o and 1 n/c contact
- 1 or 2 measuring circuits
- Different types of reset functions
  - Automatic
  - Manual
  - Remote
- Rated control supply voltages
  - 24 V AC/DC
  - 24-240 V AC/DC
  - 110-130 V AC, 220-240 V AC
- Various approvals and marks

<sup>(1)</sup> Depending on device the characteristics vary, for detailed overview see "Selection table" on page 189.



# Thermistor motor protection relays

## Operating controls



### Test / Reset button

Test - only possible if/when the relay doesn't show any fault.

Reset - only possible if measured value < switch-on resistance



### Marker label / DIP switches (depending on device) e.g.

Single evaluation 2 x 1 c/o (SPDT) contact

Accumulative evaluation 1 x 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts

Short-circuit detection de-activated

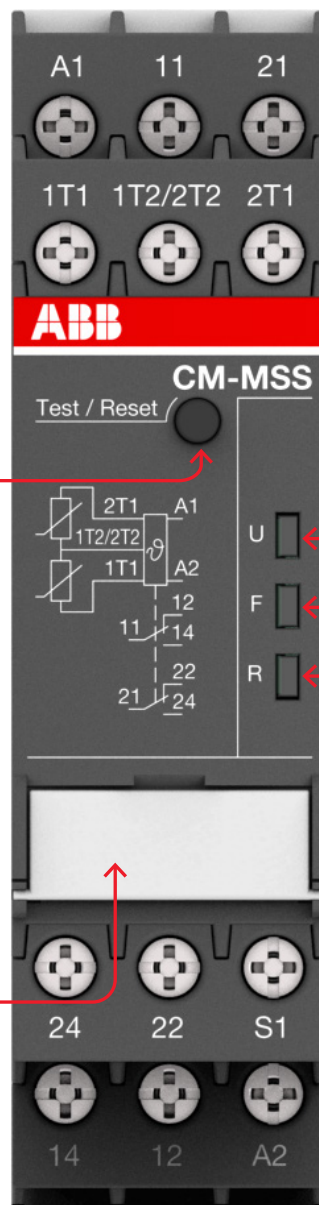
Short-circuit detection activated

Non-volatile fault storage activated

Non-volatile fault storage de-activated

Remote Reset

Remote Test/Reset



### Indication of operational states with LEDs

U: green LED - Status indication of control supply voltage

Control supply voltage applied

F: red LED - Fault message

R: yellow LED - Status indication of the output relay

For detailed status and failure analysis, please see "LEDs, status information and fault messages".

## Thermistor motor protection relays

### Selection table

	Type	Order code
	CM-MSE	1SVR550805R9300
	CM-MSE	1SVR550800R9300
	CM-MSE	1SVR550801R9300
	CM-MSS.11P	1SVR740720R1400
	CM-MSS.11S	1SVR730720R1400
	CM-MSS.12P	1SVR740700R0100
	CM-MSS.12S	1SVR730700R0100
	CM-MSS.13P	1SVR740700R2100
	CM-MSS.13S	1SVR730700R2100
	CM-MSS.21P	1SVR740722R1400
	CM-MSS.21S	1SVR730722R1400
	CM-MSS.22P	1SVR740700R0200
	CM-MSS.22S	1SVR730700R0200
	CM-MSS.23P	1SVR740700R2200
	CM-MSS.23S	1SVR730700R2200
	CM-MSS.31P	1SVR740712R1400
	CM-MSS.31S	1SVR730712R1400
	CM-MSS.32P	1SVR740712R0200
	CM-MSS.32S	1SVR730712R0200
	CM-MSS.33P	1SVR740712R2200
	CM-MSS.33S	1SVR730712R2200
	CM-MSS.41P	1SVR740712R1200
	CM-MSS.41S	1SVR730712R1200
	CM-MSS.51P	1SVR740712R1300
	CM-MSS.51S	1SVR730712R1300
Characteristics		
ATEX approval		
Number of sensor circuits	1	1
Single or accumulative evaluation		
Number of LEDs		
Contacts		
1 c/o (SPDT) contact		
2 c/o (SPDT) contacts		
1 n/o		
1 n/c and 1 n/o		
2 x 1 c/o or 1 x 2 c/o contacts, configurable		
Reset		
Manual		
Remote		
Auto		
Test button		
Functions		
Short-circuit detection		
Short-circuit detection, configurable		
Dynamic interrupted wire detection		
Non-volatile fault storage		
Non-volatile fault storage, configurable		
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub>		
24 V AC		
110-130 V AC		
220-240 V AC		
24-240 V AC/DC		
24 V AC/DC		
110-130 V AC, 220-240 V AC		
Connection type		
Push-in terminals		
Double-chamber cage connection terminals		
Screw		

- 1) For automatic reset, connect terminals S1 to T2.
- 2) For automatic reset, connect Terminals S1 to 1T2/2T2.

# Thermistor motor protection relays

## Ordering details



CM-MSS.12S



CM-MSS.41S



CM-MSS.51S

**Description**

The thermistor motor protection relay CM-MSS monitors the winding temperature and thus protects the motor from overheating, overload and insufficient cooling in accordance to the product standard IEC/EN 60947-8.

**Ordering details**

**CM-MSx**

Characteristics	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
See selection table	CM-MSE	1SVR550805R9300	0.11 (0.24)
	CM-MSE	1SVR550800R9300	0.11 (0.24)
	CM-MSE	1SVR550801R9300	0.11 (0.24)
	CM-MSS.11P	1SVR740720R1400	0.119 (0.263)
	CM-MSS.11S	1SVR730720R1400	0.127 (0.280)
	CM-MSS.12P	1SVR740700R0100	0.105 (0.231)
	CM-MSS.12S	1SVR730700R0100	0.113 (0.249)
	CM-MSS.13P	1SVR740700R2100	0.147 (0.324)
	CM-MSS.13S	1SVR730700R2100	0.155 (0.342)
	CM-MSS.21P	1SVR740722R1400	0.118 (0.260)
	CM-MSS.21S	1SVR730722R1400	0.126 (0.278)
	CM-MSS.22P	1SVR740700R0200	0.121 (0.267)
	CM-MSS.22S	1SVR730700R0200	0.132 (0.291)
	CM-MSS.23P	1SVR740700R2200	0.163 (0.359)
	CM-MSS.23S	1SVR730700R2200	0.174 (0.384)
	CM-MSS.31P	1SVR740712R1400	0.120 (0.265)
	CM-MSS.31S	1SVR730712R1400	0.128 (0.282)
	CM-MSS.32P	1SVR740712R0200	0.120 (0.265)
	CM-MSS.32S	1SVR730712R0200	0.130 (0.287)
	CM-MSS.33P	1SVR740712R2200	0.162 (0.357)
	CM-MSS.33S	1SVR730712R2200	0.172 (0.379)
	CM-MSS.41P	1SVR740712R1200	0.130 (0.287)
	CM-MSS.41S	1SVR730712R1200	0.141 (0.311)
	CM-MSS.51P	1SVR740712R1300	0.135 (0.298)
	CM-MSS.51S	1SVR730712R1300	0.145 (0.320)

S: screw connection  
P: push-in connection

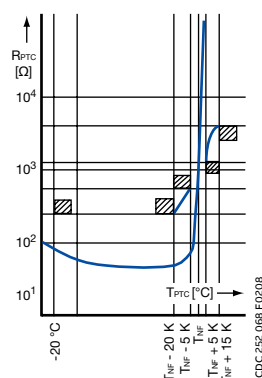
## Thermistor motor protection relays

### Ordering details - PTC temperature sensors C011



Temperature sensor example

15VC 110 000 F0531



Temperature sensor characteristics

2CDC 252 068 F0208

#### Description

The PTC temperature sensors (temperature-dependent with positive temperature coefficient) are selected by the manufacturer of the motor depending on:

- the motor insulation class according to IEC/EN 60034-11,
- the special characteristics of the motor, such as the conductor cross-section of the windings, the permissible overload factor, etc.
- special conditions prescribed by the user, such as the permissible ambient temperature, risks resulting from locked rotor, extent of permitted overload, etc.

One temperature sensor must be embedded in each phase winding. For instance, in case of three-phase squirrel cage motors, three sensors are embedded in the stator windings. For pole-changing motors with one winding (Dahlander connection), three sensors are also required. Pole-changing motors with two windings, however, require six sensors. If an additional warning is required before the motor is switched off, separate sensors for a correspondingly lower temperature must be embedded in the winding. They have to be connected to a second control unit.

The sensors are suitable for embedding in motor windings with rated operating voltages of up to 600 V AC. Conductor length: 500 mm per sensor. A 14 V varistor can be connected in parallel to protect the sensors from overvoltage. Due to their characteristics, the thermistor motor protection relays can also be used with PTC temperature sensors of other manufacturers which comply with IEC/EN 60947-8.

#### Ordering details

##### CM-MSS accessories

Rated response temperature $T_{NF}$	Color coding	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
70 °C	white-brown	C011-70 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0001	0.02 (0.044)
80 °C	white-white	C011-80 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0002	0.02 (0.044)
90 °C	green-green	C011-90 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0003	0.02 (0.044)
100 °C	red-red	C011-100 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0004	0.02 (0.044)
110 °C	brown-brown	C011-110 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0005	0.02 (0.044)
120 °C	gray-gray	C011-120 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0006	0.02 (0.044)
130 °C	blue-blue	C011-130 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0007	0.02 (0.044)
140 °C	white-blue	C011-140 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0011	0.02 (0.044)
150 °C	black-black	C011-150 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0008	0.02 (0.044)
160 °C	blue-red	C011-160 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0009	0.02 (0.044)
170 °C	white-green	C011-170 <sup>1)</sup>	GHC0110003R0010	0.02 (0.044)
150 °C	black-black	C011-3-150 <sup>2)</sup>	GHC0110033R0008	0.05 (0.11)

1) Temperature sensor C011, standard version acc. to IEC/EN 60947-8

2) Triple temperature sensor C011-3

## Thermistor motor protection relays

### Technical data - PTC temperature sensors C011

Characteristic data	Sensor type C011
Cold-state resistance	50 -100 $\Omega$ at 25 °C
Warm-state resistance $\pm 5$ up to 6 K of rated response temperature $T_{NF}$	10 000 $\Omega$
Thermal time constant, sensor open <sup>1)</sup>	< 5 s
Permitted ambient temperature	+180 °C

Rated response temperature $\pm$ tolerance $T_{NF} \pm \Delta T_{NF}$	PTC resistance R from -20 °C to $T_{NF} - 20$ K	PTC resistance R <sup>2)</sup> at PTC temperatures of:		
		$T_{NF} - i T_{NF}$ (UPTC $\leq 2.5$ V)	$T_{NF} + i T_{NF}$ (UPTC $\leq 2.5$ V)	$T_{NF} + 15$ K (UPTC $\leq 7.5$ V)
70 $\pm 5$ °C	$\leq 100 \Omega$	$\leq 570 \Omega$	$\geq 570 \Omega$	-
80 $\pm 5$ °C				
90 $\pm 5$ °C		$\leq 550 \Omega$	$\geq 1330 \Omega$	$\geq 4000 \Omega$
100 $\pm 5$ °C				
110 $\pm 5$ °C				
120 $\pm 5$ °C				
130 $\pm 5$ °C				
140 $\pm 5$ °C				
150 $\pm 5$ °C				
160 $\pm 5$ °C				
170 $\pm 7$ °C		$\leq 570 \Omega$	$\geq 570 \Omega$	-

1) Not embedded in windings.

2) For triple temperature sensor take values  $\times 3$ .

## Thermistor motor protection relays

### Technical data - CM-MSS

Data at  $T_a = 25\text{ °C}$  and rated values, unless otherwise indicated

Type		CM-MSS.x1	CM-MSS.x2	CM-MSS.x3
Supply circuit - Input circuit				
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub>	A1-A2	24-240 V AC/DC	24 V AC/DC	220-240 V AC
	A2-A3	-	-	110-130 V AC
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance		-15...+10 %		
Rated frequency		15-400 Hz	50-60 Hz	
Electrical insulation between supply circuit and measuring circuit		yes	no	yes
Power failure buffering time		20 ms		
Supply circuit - Measuring circuit / Sensor circuit				
Number of circuits		1 (CM-MSS.51: 2)		
Sensor type		PTC type A (IEC/EN 60947-8)		
Max. total resistance of sensors connected in series, cold state		< 750 Ω		
Overtemperature monitoring	switch-off resistance (relay de-energizes)	2.83 kΩ ± 1% (CM-MSS.12 /.13 /.22 /.23: 2.7 kΩ ± 5%)		
	switch-on resistance (relay energizes)	1.1 kΩ ± 1% (CM-MSS.12 /.13 /.22 /.23: 1.2 kΩ ± 5%)		
Maximum voltage in sensor circuit	1.33 kΩ	2.5 V		
	4 kΩ	3.7 V		
	∞ kΩ	5.5 V		
Maximum current in sensor circuit		3.7 mA		
Maximum sensor cable length		2 x 100 m at 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> , 2 x 400 m at 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>		
Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage tolerance		0.50 % (CM-MSS.12 /.13 /.22 /.23: 5 %)		
Accuracy within the temperature range		0.01 %/K (CM-MSS.12 /.13 /.22 /.23: 0.5 %/K)		
Repeat accuracy (constant parameters)		on request		
Reaction time of the safety function		< 100 ms		
Hardware fault tolerance (HFT)		0		
Control circuit				
Control function		see "Selection table" on page 189		
Maximum no-load voltage		5.5 V		
Max. current		0.6 mA (CM-MSS.12 /.13 /.22 /.23: 1.2 mA)		
Maximum cable length		2 x 100 m at 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> , 2 x 400 m at 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>		
Indication of operational states				
Control supply voltage	U	LED green		
Relay status	R	LED yellow		
Fault message	F	LED red		
Output circuit				
Kind of output		see "Selection table" on page 189		
Operating principle		closed-circuit principle		
Contact material		AgNi alloy, Cd free		
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> (IEC/EN 60947-1)		250 V AC		
Minimum switching voltage / Minimum switching current		24 V / 10 mA		
Maximum switching voltage / Maximum switching current		see data sheet		
Rated operating current I <sub>e</sub> (IEC/EN 60947-5-1)	AC-12 (resistive) at 230 V	4 A		
	AC-15 (inductive) at 230 V	3 A		
	DC-12 (resistive) at 24 V	4 A		
	DC-13 (inductive) at 24 V	2 A		
AC Rating (UL 508)	utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300		
	maximum rated operational voltage	300 V AC		
	maximum continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A		
	maximum making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA		
	general purpose rating	250 V AC - 4 A		
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles		
Electrical lifetime	at AC12, 230 V AC, 4 A	0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles		
Maximum fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	10 A fast-acting (CM-MSS.12, CM-MSS.13, CM-MSS.51: 6 A)		
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting		

## Thermistor motor protection relays

### Technical data - CM-MSS

Type	CM-MSS.x1	CM-MSS.x2	CM-MSS.x3
General data			
MTBF	on request		
Duty time	100 %		
Dimensions	see "Dimensional drawings"		
Mounting	DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool		
Mounting position	any		
Minimum distance to other units	vertical / horizontal	10 mm (0.394 in) if switching current > 2 A	
Material of housing	UL 94 V-0		
Degree of protection	housing	IP50	
	terminals	IP20	
Electrical connection		Screw connection technology	Easy Connect Technology (push-in)
Connection capacity	fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule	1 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 18-14 AWG) 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)
	rigid	1 x 0.5-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 20-12 AWG) 2 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-14 AWG)	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-16 AWG)
Stripping length	8 mm (0.32 in)		
Tightening torque	0.6-0.8 Nm (7.08 lb.in)		-
Environmental data			
Ambient temperature ranges	operation	-25...+60 °C (-13...+140 °F)	
	storage	-40...+85 °C (-40...+185 °F)	
Damp heat, cyclic (IEC/EN 60068-2-30)	6 x 24 h cycle, 55 °C, 95 % RH		
Climatic class (IEC/EN 60721-3-3)	3K5 (no condensation, no ice formation)		
Vibration, sinusoidal	5-13.2 Hz: ±1 mm; 13.2-100 Hz: 0.7 g		
Shock	Class 2		
Isolation data			
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>	Supply circuit / Measuring circuit <sup>(1)</sup>	300 V AC (CM-MSS.x2: n/a)	
	Supply circuit / Output circuits	300 V AC	
	Measuring circuit (1) / Output circuits	300 V AC	
	Output circuit 1 / Output circuit 2	300 V AC	
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>	Supply circuit / Measuring circuit <sup>(1)</sup>	4 kV (CM-MSS.x2: n/a)	
	Supply circuit / Output circuits	4 kV	
	Measuring circuit (1) / Output circuits	4 kV	
	Output circuit 1 / Output circuit 2	4 kV	
Basic insulation	Supply circuit / Measuring circuit <sup>(1)</sup>	600 V AC (CM-MSS.x2: n/a)	
	Supply circuit / Output circuits	600 V AC	
	Measuring circuit (1) / Output circuits	600 V AC	
	Output circuit 1 / Output circuit 2	300 V AC	
Protective separation (IEC/EN 61140)	Supply circuit / Measuring circuit <sup>(1)</sup>	yes, up to 300 V	
	Supply circuit / Output circuits	yes (CM-MSS.x2: n/a)	
	Measuring circuit (1) / Output circuits	yes	
	Output circuit 1 / Output circuit 2	no	
Pollution degree (IEC/EN 60664-1)	3		
Overvoltage category (IEC/EN 60664-1)	III		
<sup>(1)</sup> Potential of measuring circuit = Potential of control circuit			
Standards			
Product standard	EN 60947-5-1, EN 60947-8		
Low Voltage Directive	2014/35/EU		
EMC directive	2014/30/EU		
ATEX directive	2014/34/EU (only ATEX variants, see "Selection table" on page 189)		
RoHS directive	2011/65/EU		

## Thermistor motor protection relays

### Technical data - CM-MSS

Type	CM-MSS.x1	CM-MSS.x2	CM-MSS.x3
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility</b>			
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2, IEC/EN 60947-8	
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Level 3, 6 kV contact discharge, 8 kV air discharge	
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	Level 3, 10 V/m (1 GHz), 3 V/m (2 GHz), 1 V/m (2.7 GHz)	
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	Level 3, 2 kV / 5 kHz	
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	Level 3, Installation class 3, supply circuit and measuring circuit 1 kV L-L, 2 kV L-N	
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	Level 3, 0.15-80 MHz, 10 V, 80 % AM (1kHz)	
voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	Class 3	
harmonics and interharmonics	IEC/EN 61000-4-13	Class 3	
Additional interference immunity according to product standard IEC/EN 60255-1 (reference on IEC/EN 60255-26)			
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	10 V/m (80 MHz - 3 GHz)	
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	10 V at stated frequencies	
damped oscillatory waves	IEC/EN 61000-4-18	Signal lines, symmetric coupling: 1 kV peak voltage Power supply, asymmetric coupling: 2.5 kV peak voltage	
Interference emissions		IEC/EN 61000-6-3	
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	Class B	
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	Class B	
high-frequency radiated	Germanischer Lloyd	increased requirements in the emergency call frequency band	

## Thermistor motor protection relays

### Technical data - CM-MSE

Data at  $T_a = 25\text{ °C}$  and rated values, unless otherwise indicated

Type		CM-MSE
<b>Supply circuit - Input circuit</b>		
Rated control supply voltage $U_s$ power consumption	1SVR550805R9300	24 V AC approx. 1.5 A
	1SVR550800R9300	110-130 V AC approx. 1.5 A
	1SVR550801R9300	220-240 V AC approx. 1.5 A
Rated control supply voltage $U_s$ tolerance		-15...+10 %
Rated frequency		50-60 Hz
<b>Measuring circuit</b>		
Monitoring function	T1-T2	temperature monitoring by means of PTC sensors
Number of sensor circuits		1
<b>Sensor circuit</b>		
Sensor type		PTC type A (IEC/EN 60947-8)
Max. total resistance of sensors connected in series, cold state		$\leq 1.0\text{ k}\Omega$
Overtemperature monitoring	switch-off resistance (relay de-energizes)	2.0-3.0 $\text{k}\Omega$
	switch-on resistance (relay energizes)	1.2-1.65 $\text{k}\Omega$
Maximum voltage in sensor circuit	4 $\text{k}\Omega$	5 V
	$\infty\text{ k}\Omega$	15 V
Maximum current in sensor circuit		2 mA
Maximum sensor cable length		2 x 100 m at 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> , 2 x 400 m at 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>
Reaction time		<100 ms
<b>Output circuit</b>		
Kind of output	13-14	1 n/o contact
Operational principle		closed-circuit principle (output relay de-energizes if the measured value exceeds/drops below the adjusted threshold)
Maximum switching voltage		250 V
Rated operating voltage $U_e$ and rated operating current $I_e$	AC-12 (resistive) at 230 V	4 A
	AC-15 (inductive) at 230 V	3 A
	DC-12 (resistive) at 24 V	4 A
	DC-13 (inductive) at 24 V	2 A
AC Rating (UL 508)	utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300
	maximum rated operational voltage	300 V AC
	maximum continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A
	maximum making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA
	general purpose rating	250 V AC - 4 A
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles
Electrical lifetime	at AC12, 230 V AC, 4 A	0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles
Maximum fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	10 A fast-acting
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting
<b>General data</b>		
Dimensions		see "dimensional drawings"
Duty cycle		100 %
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715)
Mounting position		any
Degree of protection	housing / terminals	IP50 / IP20
<b>Electrical connection</b>		
Connecting capacity	fine strand with wire end ferrule	2 x 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 16 AWG)
	fine strand without wire end ferrule	2 x 0.75-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)
	rigid	2 x 1-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)
Stripping length		2 x 0.75-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm (5.31-7.08 lb.in)
<b>Environmental data</b>		
Ambient temperature ranges	Operation	-20...+60 °C
	Storage	-40...+85 °C
Damp heat	IEC/EN 60068-2-30	40 °C, 93 % RH, 4 days
Vibration withstand	IEC/EN 60062-2-6	10-57 Hz: 0.075 mm; 57-150 Hz: 1 g

## Thermistor motor protection relays

### Technical data - CM-MSE























Type		CM-MSE
<b>Isolation data</b>		
Rated insulation voltage $U_i$	supply, measuring / output circuit	250 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage $U_{imp}$	between all isolated circuits	4 kV / 1.2 - 50 $\mu$ s
Pollution degree		3
Overvoltage category		III
<b>Standards / Directives</b>		
Standards		IEC/EN 60947-5-1, IEC/EN 60947-8
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU
EMC Directive		2014/30/EU
RoHS Directive		2011/65/EU
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility</b>		
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2, IEC/EN 60947-8
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Level 3, 6 kV contact discharge, 8 kV air discharge
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	Level 3, 10 V/m (1 GHz), 3 V/m (2 GHz), 1 V/m (2.7 GHz)
electrical fast transient /burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	Level 3, 2 kV / 5 kHz
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	Level 3, installation class 3, supply circuit and measuring circuit 1 kV L-L, 2 kV L-N
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	Level 3, 0.15-80 MHz, 10 V, 80 % AM (1kHz)
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	Class B
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	Class B

# Thermistor motor protection relays

## Technical data

### LEDs, status information and fault messages

#### CM-MSS

Operational state	U: green LED	F: red LED	R: yellow LED
Absence of control supply voltage	OFF	OFF	OFF
Internal fault <sup>2)</sup>	OFF		
Internal fault <sup>2)</sup>			
Control supply voltage not within the tolerance range			OFF
Short circuit			OFF
Interrupted wire			OFF
Measuring circuit 2: Overtemperature			OFF
Measuring circuit 1: Overtemperature			OFF
Fault rectified but not confirmed		- <sup>1)</sup>	
Test function		OFF	OFF
Change of configuration not confirmed		OFF	
No fault		OFF	

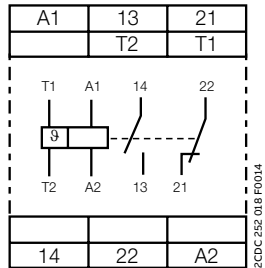
1) Depending on the fault with the highest priority  
2) Restart the device. If after restart the same fault is indicated, replace the device.

## Thermistor motor protection relays

### Technical diagrams

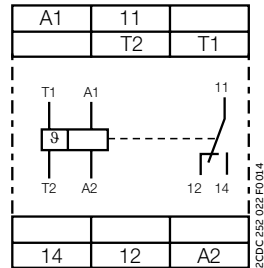
#### Connection diagrams

##### CM-MSS.11x, CM-MSS.21x



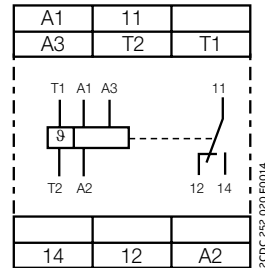
A1 – A2	Control supply voltage
13 – 14	n/o contact
21 – 22	n/c contact
T1 – T2	Measuring circuit

##### CM-MSS.12x



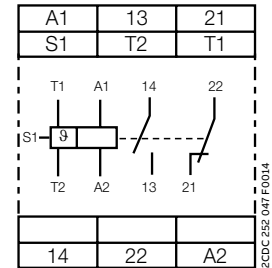
A1 – A2	Control supply voltage
11 – 12/14	c/o contact
T1 – T2	Measuring circuit

##### CM-MSS.13x



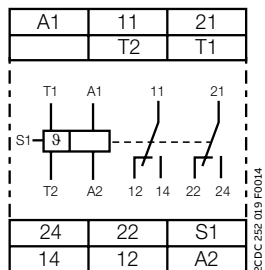
A1 – A2	Control supply voltage 220-240 V AC
A2 – A3	Control supply voltage 110-130 V AC
11 – 12/14	c/o contact
T1 – T2	Measuring circuit

##### CM-MSS.31x



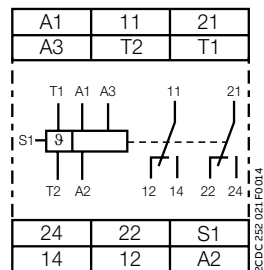
A1 – A2	Control supply voltage
13 – 14	n/o contact
21 – 22	n/c contact
S1 – T2	Automatic reset (jumped)
T1 – T2	Measuring circuit

##### CM-MSS.22x, CM-MSS.32x, CM-MSS.41x



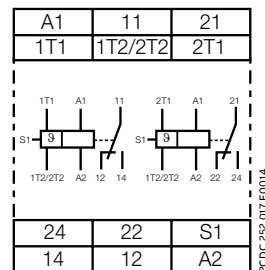
A1 – A2	Control supply voltage 24 V AC/DC
11 – 12/14	1st c/o (SPDT) contact
21 – 22/24	2nd c/o (SPDT) contact
S1 – T2	Automatic reset (jumped)
T1 – T2	Measuring circuit

##### CM-MSS.23x, CM-MSS.33x



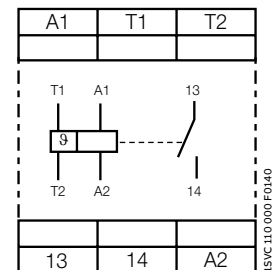
A1 – A2	Control supply voltage 220-240 V AC
A2 – A3	Control supply voltage 110-130 V AC
11 – 12/14	1st c/o (SPDT) contact
21 – 22/24	2nd c/o (SPDT) contact
S1 – T2	Automatic reset (jumped)
T1 – T2	Measuring circuit

##### CM-MSS.51x



A1 – A2	Control supply voltage 220-240 V AC
11 – 12/14	1st c/o (SPDT) contact
21 – 22/24	2nd c/o (SPDT) contact
S1 – 1T2/2T2	Automatic reset (jumped)
1T1 – 1T2/2T2	Measuring circuit 1
2T1 – 1T2/2T2	Measuring circuit 2

##### CM-MSE



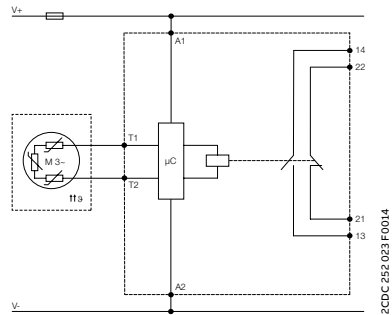
A1 – A2	Control supply voltage 24 V AC
T1-T2	Sensor circuit
13-14	Output contact - Closed circuit principle

# Thermistor motor protection relays

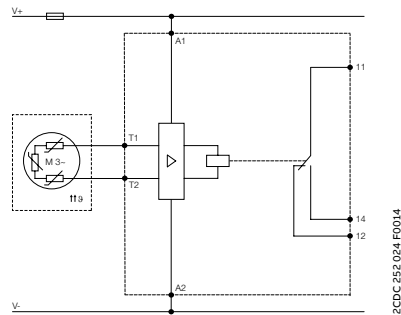
## Technical diagrams

### Circuit diagrams

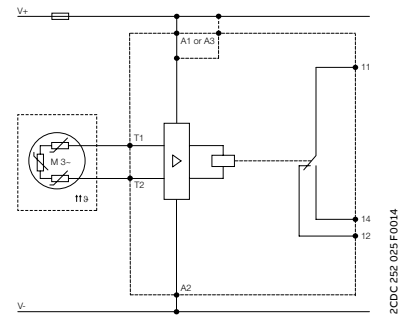
#### CM-MSS.11x, CM-MSS.21x



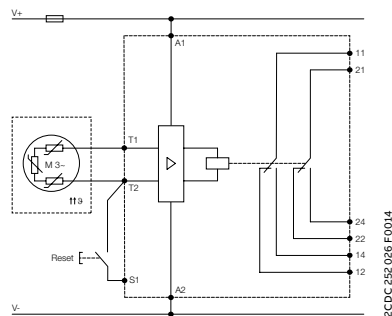
#### CM-MSS.12x



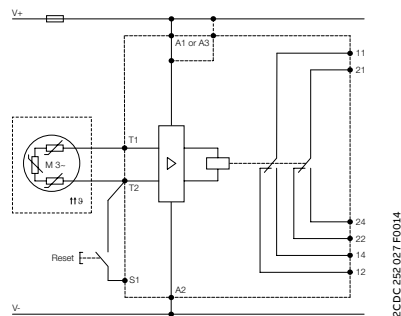
#### CM-MSS.13x



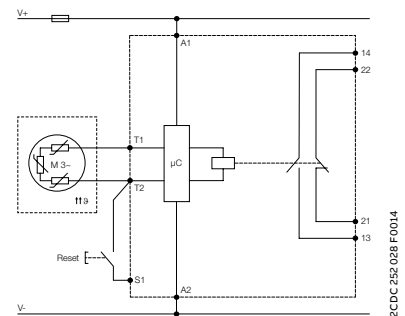
#### CM-MSS.22x



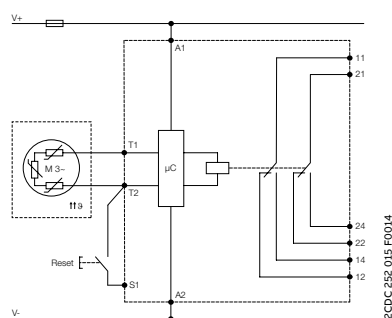
#### CM-MSS.23x



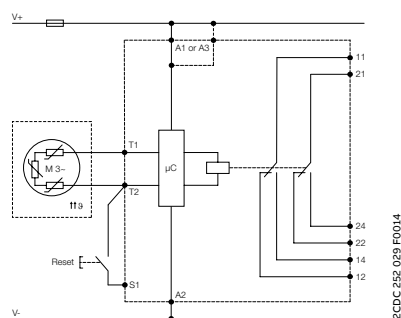
#### CM-MSS.31x



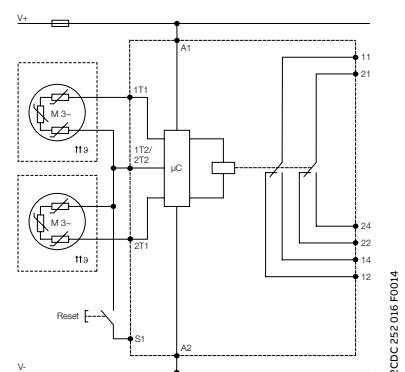
#### CM-MSS.32x, CM-MSS.41x



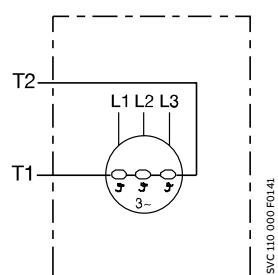
#### CM-MSS.33x



#### CM-MSS.51x



#### CM-MSE







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# Analog temperature monitoring relays

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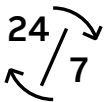
<b>134</b>	<b>Benefits and advantages</b>
<b>135</b>	<b>Applications</b>
<b>137</b>	<b>Operating controls</b>
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# Analog temperature monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



The temperature monitoring relays of the CM-TCS range are able to measure temperatures of solids, liquids and gaseous media using PT100 sensors. Over-temperature and undertemperature monitoring, as well as open- or closed-circuit principle is configurable for all devices. As soon as the temperature falls below or exceeds the set threshold value, the output relays change their positions and the front-face LED's display the current status.



### Continuous operation

By using temperature monitoring relays, both the downtime and the commissioning time can be reduced. The relay is continuously monitoring the sensor circuit to detect short-circuit or interrupted wire faults. The high accuracy of the measuring input leads to a fast detection of exceeding threshold values. In case of fault, maintenance effort is reduced and time saved.



### Reliable in harsh conditions

All relays work reliably in environments with low temperatures down to -40 °C. Additionally, the housing fulfills the UL 94 V-0 flammability standard requirements. Together with the vibration resistant push-in terminals, the relay is not only reliable no matter the environment temperature but is also durable to shock and vibration. Save time as retightening is no longer needed and enhance the reliability and safety not only for the equipment.



### Easy installation

Like all devices from the measuring and monitoring portfolio, the CM-TCS relays are easily configurable via front facing potentiometers. Easy threshold configuration without calculation is accomplished by direct reading scales. For further configuration options, additional settings can be made via dip-switches, offering the flexibility to configure, for example, the working principle of the relays and the output configuration. The device can be set up before installation in the application and easy adjustments during the process are possible.

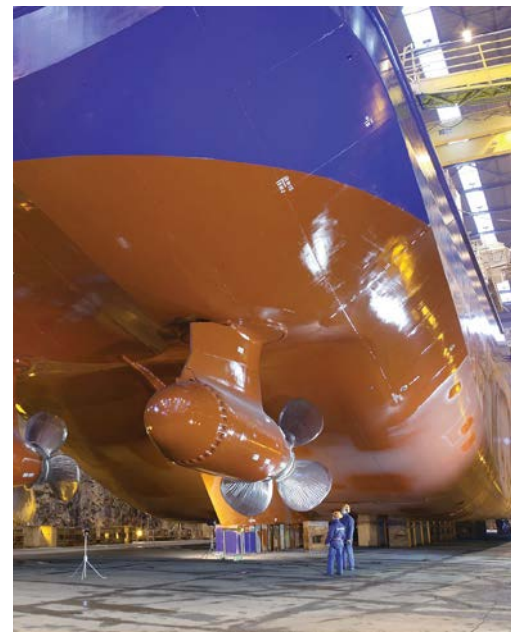
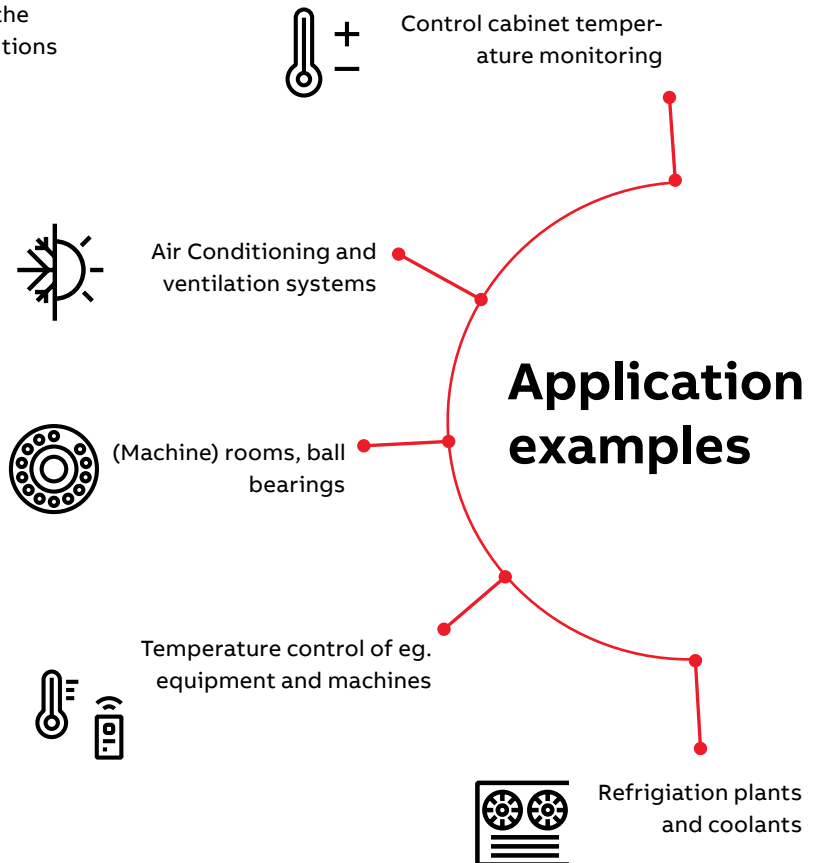
# Analog temperature monitoring relays

## Applications

The temperature monitoring relays CM-TCS monitor overtemperature, undertemperature, or temperatures between two threshold values (window monitoring) with a PT100 sensor.

As soon as the temperature falls below or exceeds the threshold value, the output relays change their positions according to the configured functionality.

The current status is displayed by front-faced LEDs. Regardless of the selected configuration, the device is monitoring its measuring circuit for interrupted wires or short-circuits.





# Analog temperature monitoring relays

## Operating controls



Push-in and  
screw terminals



Measuring input:  
PT100



Adjustment of the  
threshold value  
- 50 ... + 50 °C  
0 ... + 100 °C  
0 ... + 200 °C



Adjustment of the hysteresis  
for threshold value 2 - 20 %

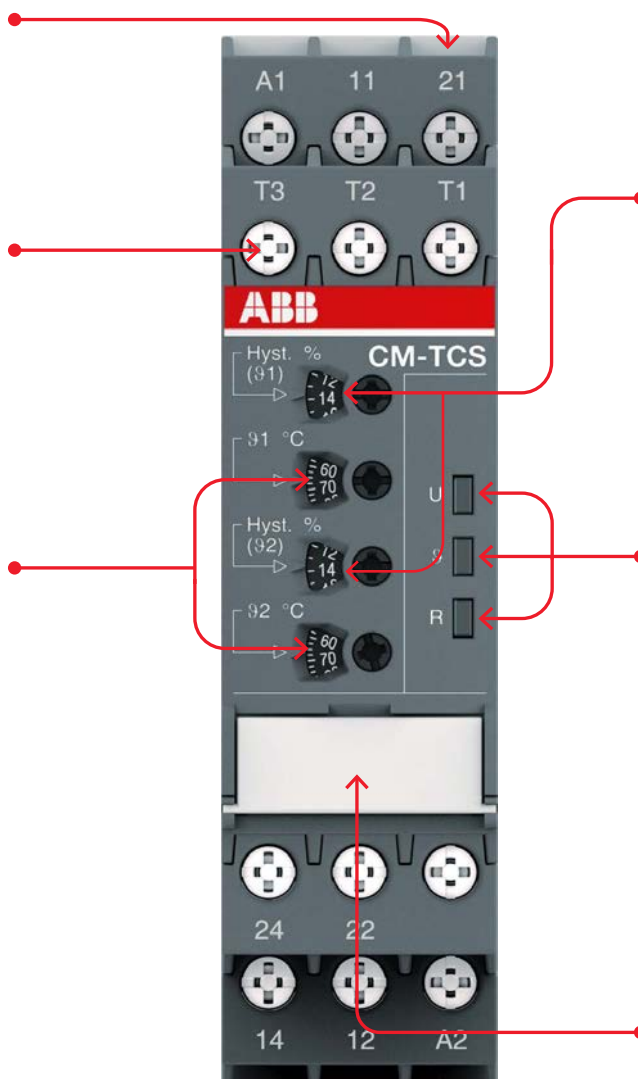


**Indication of operational states**  
U: green LED – status indication of  
control supply voltage  
9: red LED – fault message, state of  
measuring input  
R: yellow LED – status indication of  
the output relays



**DIP switch functions / marker label**

- ☐ Overtemperature monitoring
- ☐ Undertemperature monitoring
- ☐ Temperature window monitoring activated
- ☐ Temperature window monitoring de-activated
- ☐ Closed-circuit principle
- ☐ Open-circuit principle
- ☐ 2 x 1 c/o (SPDT) contact
- ☐ 1 x 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts



## Analog temperature monitoring relays

### Selection table

	Type	Order number											
		CM-TCS.21S	1SVR 730 740 R9100	CM-TCS.21P	1SVR 740 740 R9100	CM-TCS.11S	1SVR 730 740 R0100	CM-TCS.11P	1SVR 740 740 R0100	CM-TCS.22S	1SVR 730 740 R9200	CM-TCS.22P	1SVR 740 740 R9200
										CM-TCS.12S	1SVR 730 740 R0200	CM-TCS.12P	1SVR 740 740 R0200
										CM-TCS.23S	1SVR 730 740 R9300	CM-TCS.23P	1SVR 740 740 R9300
										CM-TCS.13S	1SVR 730 740 R0300	CM-TCS.13P	1SVR 740 740 R0300
<b>Rated control supply voltage <math>U_s</math></b>													
24 V AC/DC		■	■					■	■			■	■
24-240 V AC/DC				■	■					■	■		■
<b>Sensor circuits (2 or 3 wire)</b>													
Number of temperature sensors		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of thresholds		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
<b>Measuring temperature range</b>													
-50...+50 °C		■	■	■	■								
0...+100 °C						■	■	■	■				
0...+200 °C											■	■	■
<b>Monitoring function</b>													
Overtemperature		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Undertemperature		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Window temperature		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
<b>Operating principle</b>													
Open or closed-circuit principle		■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
<b>Output contacts</b>													
c/o		2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2



# Analog temperature monitoring relays

## Ordering details



CM-TCS

**Description CM-TCS**

The temperature monitoring relays CM-TCS are able to measure temperatures of solids, liquids and gaseous media using PT100 sensors. Overtemperature and undertemperature monitoring, as well as open- or closed-circuit principle, is configurable for all devices. As soon as the temperature falls below or exceeds the set threshold value, the output relays change their positions according to the configured functionality and the front-face LEDs display the current status.

**Ordering details**

**Temperature monitoring relays CM-TCS**

Rated control supply voltage	Measuring range	Temperature sensors	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
24-240 V AC/DC	-50...+50 °C	PT100	CM-TCS.11S	1SVR730740R0100	0.151 (0.333)
			CM-TCS.11P	1SVR740740R0100	0.140 (0.309)
	0...+100 °C		CM-TCS.12S	1SVR730740R0200	0.151 (0.333)
			CM-TCS.12P	1SVR740740R0200	0.140 (0.309)
	0...+200 °C		CM-TCS.13S	1SVR730740R0300	0.151 (0.333)
			CM-TCS.13P	1SVR740740R0300	0.140 (0.309)
24 V AC/DC	-50...+50 °C		CM-TCS.21S	1SVR730740R9100	0.138 (0.304)
			CM-TCS.21P	1SVR740740R9100	0.127 (0.280)
	0...+100 °C		CM-TCS.22S	1SVR730740R9200	0.138 (0.304)
			CM-TCS.22P	1SVR740740R9200	0.127 (0.280)
	0...+200 °C		CM-TCS.23S	1SVR730740R9300	0.138 (0.304)
			CM-TCS.23P	1SVR740740R9300	0.127 (0.280)

S: screw connection  
P: push-in connection



## Analog temperature monitoring relays

### Configuration and setup

#### DIP switches

Position	4	3	2	1
ON ↑				
OFF				

	ON	OFF (default)
<b>DIP switch 1</b> Monitoring principle	Overtemperature monitoring If overtemperature monitoring is selected, the CM-TCS recognizes temperatures above the selected threshold and trips the output relay according to the selected operating principle.	Undertemperature monitoring If undertemperature monitoring is selected, the CM-TCS recognizes temperatures below the selected threshold and trips the output relay according to the selected operating principle.
<b>DIP switch 2</b> Temperature window monitoring	Temperature window monitoring activated If temperature window monitoring is selected, the CM-TCS monitors over- and undertemperature. If temperature window monitoring is activated, DIP switch 1 is disabled.	Temperature window monitoring de-activated Temperature window monitoring is de-selected.
<b>DIP switch 3</b> Operating principle of the output relays	Closed-circuit principle If closed-circuit principle is selected, the output relays are energized. They de-energize if a fault is occurring.	Open-circuit principle If open-circuit principle is selected, the output relays are deenergized. They energize if a fault is occurring.
<b>DIP switch 4</b> 2 x 1 c/o contact, 1 x 2 c/o contacts	2 x 1 c/o (SPDT) contact If operating principle 2 x 1 c/o contact is selected, the output relay R1 (11-12/14) reacts to threshold value 91 and the output relay R2 (21-22/24) reacts to threshold value 92.	1 x 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts If operating principle 1 x 2 c/o contacts is selected, both output relays R1 (11-12/14) and R2 (21-22/24) react synchronously to one threshold value. Overtemperature monitoring: Settings of the threshold value 92 have no effect on the operation. Undertemperature monitoring: Settings of the threshold values 92 have no effect on the operation.

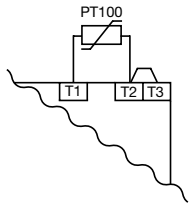
## Analog temperature monitoring relays

### Configuration and setup

#### Connection of resistance thermometer sensors

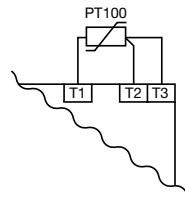
##### 2-wire measurement

When using 2-wire temperature sensors, the sensor resistance and the wire resistance are added together. The resulting systematic errors must be taken into account when adjusting the tripping device. A jumper must be connected between the terminals T2 and T3. The following table can be used for PT100 sensors to determine the temperature errors caused by the line length. When using resistance sensors with two-wire connection a bridge must be inserted between terminals T2 and T3.



##### 3-wire measurement

To minimize the influence of the wire resistance, a three-wire connection is usually used. By means of the additional wire, two measuring circuits are created. One of these two circuits is used for reference. This way, the tripping device can calculate and take into account the wire resistance automatically.



#### Temperature error

(depending on the line length and conductor cross section for PT100 sensors at an ambient temperature of 20 °C, in K)

Line length in m	Wire size mm <sup>2</sup>			
	0.50	0.75	1	1.5
0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
10	1.8	1.2	0.9	0.6
25	4.5	3.0	2.3	1.5
50	9.0	6.0	4.5	3.0
75	13.6	9.0	6.8	4.5
100	18.1	12.1	9.0	6.0
200	36.3	24.2	18.1	12.1
500	91.6	60.8	45.5	30.2

#### Error caused by the line

The error resulting from the line resistance amounts to approx. 2.5 Kelvin/Ohm. If the resistance of the line is not known and it is not possible to measure it, the error caused by the line can be estimated using the following table.

## Analog temperature monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-TCS.11/12/13	CM-TCS.21/22/23
Input circuit			
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub>	A1-A2	24-240 V AC/DC	24 V AC/DC
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance		-15...+10 %	
Typical current / power / consumption	24 V DC	33 mA / 0.8 VA	18 mA / 0.45 VA
	115 V AC	12.5 mA / 1.5 VA	n/a
	230 V AC	13 mA / 2.9 VA	n/a
Rated frequency	AC	15-400 Hz	50/60 Hz
Frequency range	AC	13.5-440 Hz	45-65 Hz
Power failure buffering time	min.	20 ms	
Measuring circuit		T1, T2, T3	
Sensor type		PT100	
Connection of the sensor	2-wire	yes, jumper between T2-T3	
	3-wire	yes, use terminal T1, T2, T3	
Monitoring function		overtemperature, undertemperature or window monitoring	
Threshold values adjustable within the measuring range	CM-TCS.x1	-50...+50 °C	
	CM-TCS.x2	0...+100 °C	
	CM-TCS.x3	0...+200 °C	
Number of possible thresholds		2	
Tolerance of the adjusted threshold value		typ. ±5 % of the range end value	
Hysteresis related to the threshold value		2-20 % of threshold value, min. 1 °C	
Measuring principle		continuous current	
Typical current in the sensor circuit		0.8 mA	
Maximum current in sensor circuit		0.9 mA	
Interrupted wire detection		yes, indicated via LED status	
Short-circuit detection		yes, indicated via LED status	
Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage tolerance		< 0.2 °C / or < 0.01 %/K	
Accuracy within the temperature range		< 0.2 °C / or < 0.01 %/K	
Repeat accuracy (constant parameters)		< 0.2 % of full scale	
Maximum measuring cycle		320 ms	
Output circuit			
Kind of output		2 x 1 or 1 x 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts configurable	
Operating principle		open- or closed-circuit principle configurable (1)	
Contact material		AgNi alloy, Cd free	
Minimum switching voltage / Minimum switching current		24 V / 10 mA	
Maximum switching voltage / Maximum switching current		see 'Load limit curves'	
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub>	AC-12 (resistive) 230 V	4 A	
	AC-15 (inductive 230 V	3 A	
	DC-12 (resistive) 24 V	4 A	
	DC-13 (inductive) 24 V	2 A	
AC Rating (UL508)	utilization category	B 300 pilot duty; general purpose 250 V, 4 A, cos φ 0.75	
	maximum rated operational voltage	250 V AC	
	maximum continuous thermal current at B 300	4 A	
	maximum making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA	
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles	
Electrical lifetime (AC-12, 230 V, 4 A)		0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles	
Maximum fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	6 A fast-acting	
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting	
Conventional thermal current I <sub>th</sub>		4 A	

<sup>(1)</sup> Closed-circuit principle: Output relay(s) de-energize(s) if measured value exceeds or falls below the adjusted threshold value

## Analog temperature monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type			CM-TCS.11/12/13	CM-TCS.21/22/23	
General data					
Dimensions			see "dimensional drawings"		
Mounting			DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool		
Mounting position			any		
Degree of protection		enclosure / terminals	IP50 / IP20		
Ambient temperature range		operation	-40...+60 °C		
		storage /transport	-40...+85 °C		
Electrical connection					
Wire size	fine-strand without wire end ferrule	A1, A2, 11, 12, 14, 21, 22, 24	<b>Screw connection technology</b> 1 x 0.5-2.5 mm² (1 x 20-14 AWG) 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm² (2 x 20-16 AWG)	<b>Easy Connect Technology (Push-in)</b> 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm² (2 x 20-16 AWG) connection with lever	
		T1, T2, T3	1 x 0.2-2.5 mm² (1 x 24-14 AWG) 2 x 0.2-1.5 mm² (2 x 24-16 AWG)	2 x 0.2-1.5 mm² (2 x 24-16 AWG) connection with lever	
		A1, A2, 11, 12, 14, 21, 22, 24	1 x 0.5-2.5 mm² (1 x 20-14 AWG) 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm² (2 x 20-16 AWG)	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm² (2 x 20-16 AWG) connection: push-in	
		T1, T2, T3	1 x 0.2-2.5 mm² (1 x 24-14 AWG) 2 x 0.2-1.5 mm² (2 x 24-16 AWG)	2 x 0.2-1.5 mm² (2 x 24-16 AWG) insulated ferrule (DIN 46228-4-E): connection: push-in ferrule (DIN 46228-1-A): < 0.5 mm², connection with lever ≥ 0.5 mm², connection: push-in	
	rigid	A1, A2, 11, 12, 14, 21, 22, 24	1 x 0.5-4 mm² (1 x 20-12 AWG) 2 x 0.5-2.5 mm² (2 x 20-14 AWG)	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm² (2 x 20-16 AWG) connection: push-in	
		T1, T2, T3	1 x 0.2-4 mm² (1 x 24-12 AWG) 2 x 0.2-2.5 mm² (2 x 24-14 AWG)	2 x 0.2-1.5 mm² (2 x 24-16 AWG) < 0.5 mm², connection with lever ≥ 0.5 mm², connection: push-in	
	Stripping length			8 mm (0.32 In)	
	Tightening torque			< 0.5 mm²	0.5 Nm (4.43 lb.In)
≥ 0.5 mm²				0.6 - 0.8 Nm (5.31 - 7.08 lb.In)	
Standards / Directives					
Standards			IEC/EN 60255-27, IEC/EN 60947-5-1		
Low Voltage Directive			2014/35/EU		
EMC Directive			2014/30/EU		
RoHS Directive			2011/65/EU		
Environmental data					
Ambient temperature ranges		operation/storage/ transport	-40...+60 °C/-40...+85 °C/-40...+85 °C		
Climatic class		IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K5 (no condensation, no ice formation)		
Damp heat, cyclic		IEC/EN 600068-2-30	6 x 24 h cycle, 55 °C, 95 % RH		
Vibration, sinusoidal			Class 2		
Shock			Class 2		
Isolation data					
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>			supply circuit / measuring circuit	4 kV	-
			supply circuit / output circuits	4 kV	
			measuring circuit / output circuits	4 kV	
			output circuit 1 / output circuit 2	4 kV	
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>			supply circuit / measuring circuit	300 V	-
			supply circuit / output circuits	300 V	
			measuring circuit / output circuits	300 V	
			output circuit 1 / output circuit 2	300 V	

## Analog temperature monitoring relays

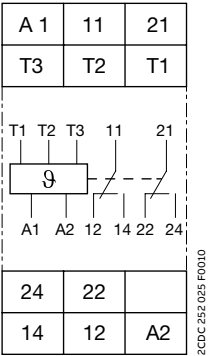
### Technical data

Type		CM-TCS.11/12/13	CM-TCS.21/22/23
Basis insulation	supply circuit / measuring circuit	250 V AC / 300 V DC	-
	supply circuit / output circuits	250 V AC / 300 V DC	
	measuring circuit / output circuits	250 V AC / 300 V DC	
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2	250 V AC / 300 V DC	
Protective separation (IEC/EN 61140)	supply circuit / measuring circuit	250 V AC / 250 V DC	-
	supply circuit / output circuits	250 V AC / 300 V DC	250 V AC / 250 V DC
	measuring circuit / output circuits	250 V AC / 300 V DC	250 V AC / 250 V DC
Pollution degree		3	
Overvoltage category		III	
Electromagnetic compatibility			
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2	
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Level 3, 6 kV / 8 kV	
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	Level 3, 10 V/m (1 GHz) / 3 V/m (2 GHz) / 1 V/m (2.7 GHz)	
electrical fast transient/burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	Level 3, 2 kV / 5 kHz	
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	Level 3, installation class 3, supply circuit and measuring circuit 1 kV L-L, 2 kV L-earth	
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	Level 3, 10 V	
voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	Class 3	
harmonics and interharmonics	IEC/EN 61000-4-13	Class 3	
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3	
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	Class B	
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	Class B	

Analog temperature monitoring relays

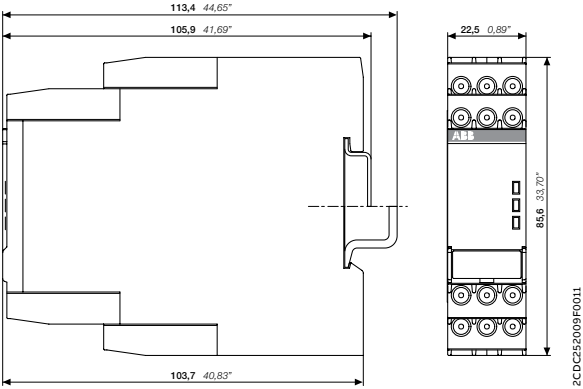
Technical diagrams

Connection diagram

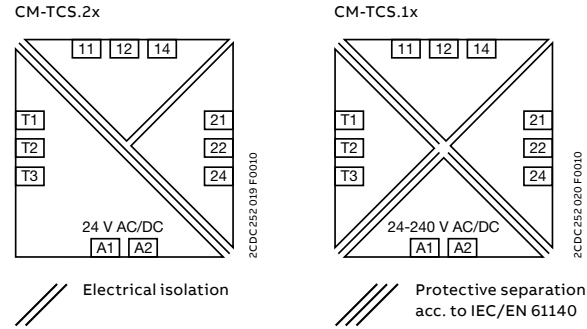


A1 – A2	Control supply voltage
11 – 12/14	Output relay R1
21 – 22/24	Output relay R2
T1, T2, T3	Measuring input, connection PT100

Dimensional drawing in mm and inches

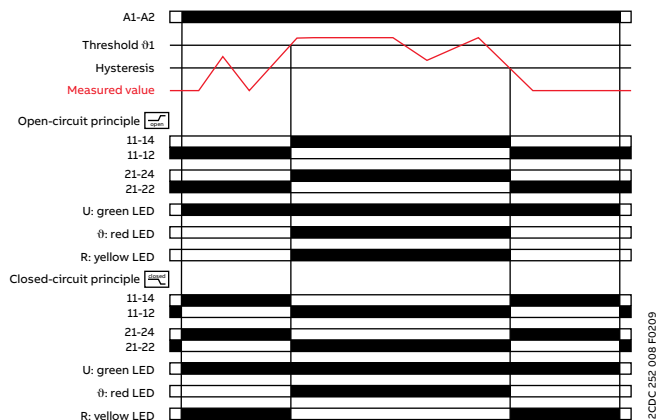


Electrical isolation



## Temperature monitoring relays with potentiometer

### Function diagrams



#### Overtemperature monitoring, 1 x 2 c/o contacts 1x2 c/o

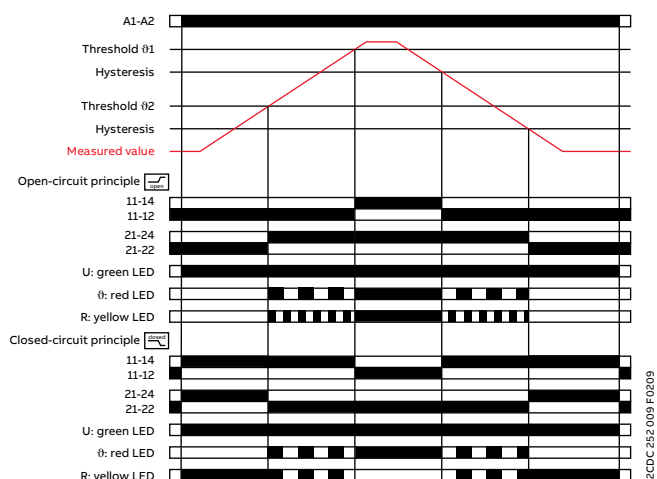
With this configuration, settings via 92 have no influence on the operating function (92 disabled).

##### Open-circuit principle:

If the measured value is correct, the output relays remain de-energized when control supply voltage is applied. If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value 91, the output relays energize. If the measured value drops again below the adjusted threshold value 91 minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays de-energize.

##### Closed-circuit principle:

The behavior is inverse to the one with open-circuit principle.



#### Overtemperature monitoring, 2 x 1 c/o contact 2x1 c/o

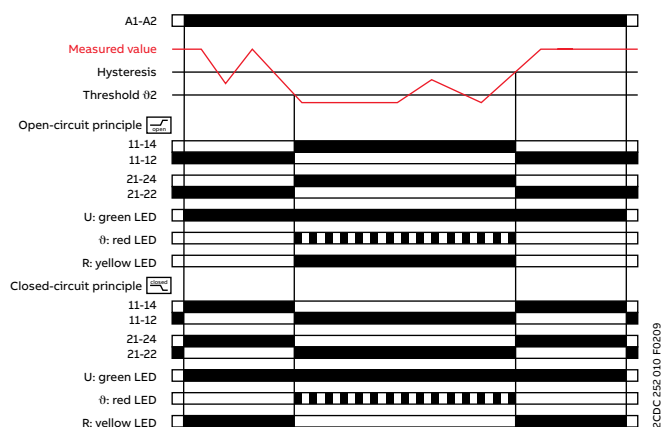
##### Open-circuit principle:

If the measured value is correct, the output relays remain de-energized when control supply voltage is applied. If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value 92, output relay R2 (prewarning) energizes. If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value 91, output relay R1 (final switch-off) energizes.

If the measured value drops again below the adjusted threshold value 91 minus the adjusted hysteresis, output relay R1 (final switch-off) de-energizes. If the measured value drops below the adjusted threshold value 92 minus the adjusted hysteresis, output relay R2 (prewarning) de-energizes.

##### Closed-circuit principle:

The behavior is inverse to the one with open-circuit principle.



#### Undertemperature monitoring, 1 x 2 c/o contacts 1x2 c/o

With this configuration, settings via 91 have no influence on the operating function (91 disabled).

##### Open-circuit principle:

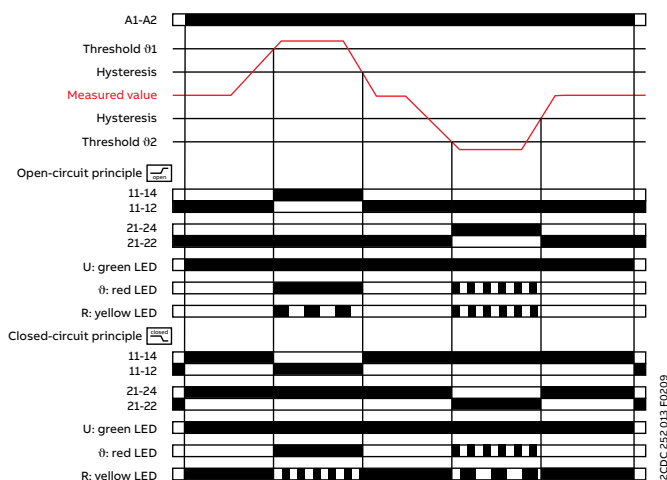
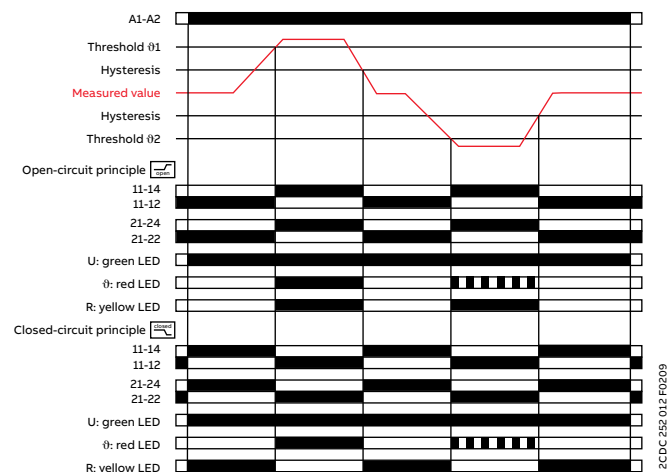
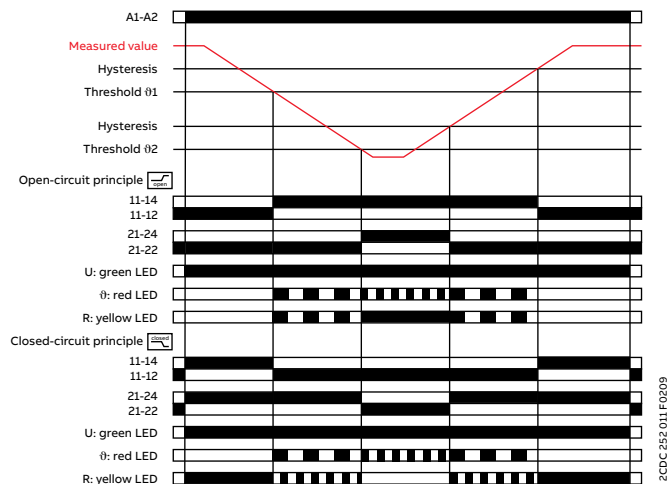
If the measured value is correct, the output relays remain de-energized when control supply voltage is applied. If the measured value drops below the adjusted threshold value 92, the output relays energize. If the measured value exceeds again the adjusted threshold value 92 plus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays de-energize.

##### Closed-circuit principle:

The behavior is inverse to the one with open-circuit principle.

## Temperature monitoring relays with potentiometer

### Function diagrams





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# Smart temperature monitoring relays

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# One look, one touch – one device

## Features and benefits



Set up these innovative temperature monitoring relays exactly as you need, either via a back-lit LCD or smartphone app. Parametrization and configuration are just one touch away with the ABB EPiC app – even in a non-powered state – reducing installation time by 80%. And with just one relay covering a wide range of application, stocks can be reduced significantly, making ABB's Smart monitoring relays a true game changer.



### Easy to install

#### One look - back-lit LCD for easy reading and parametrization

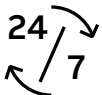
Everything you need at a glance: the LCD at the front of the relay shows the currently measured values and maintenance data. And with just one push, the symbol-based menu structure can be accessed via the push-rotate button. Simply set the thresholds and parameters with the help of an intuitive and future-ready interface.



### Optimum interface

#### One touch - NFC parametrization via smartphone app

One touch is all that is needed for fast, easy and intuitive configuration with the ABB EPiC smartphone app. Simply touch the relay with your mobile phone: parameter settings can be edited and stored in the app and then copied to different devices, even if they are not in the powered state. Available in a range of different languages, installation and configuration have never been so easy.



### Continuous operation

#### One device - for thermal protection and condition monitoring

By providing early detection of unacceptable temperature rises and alerting the operator to the need for maintenance, temperature monitoring ensures that applications remain operational and asset lifetime is improved. Thermal protection and condition monitoring can also be accomplished remotely via a Modbus RTU and ABB Ability™ Energy Manager\*. Remote management improves safety as personnel no longer need access to the switchboard to read measurements.

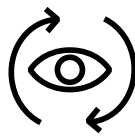
\*Available with CM-TCN.012.

# Smart temperature monitoring relays

Setup via display or smartphone app

The temperature monitoring relays can measure temperatures of solids, liquids and gaseous media in up to three sensor circuits using various types of sensors.

# One...



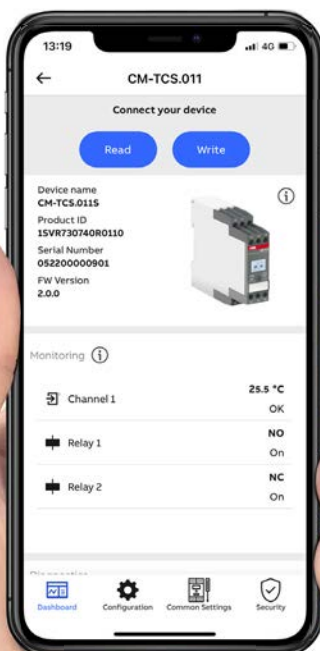
**look** to have the information needed

the display shows the measured values and relay status at a glance. The symbol-based menu structure and presets make parametrization simple.



**touch** for up to 80% faster setup

for easy parametrization and copying of settings between multiple devices via NFC with the ABB EPiC smartphone app – even if the relay is not powered.



**device** for thermal protection and condition monitoring

Just one relay to cover many different applications, monitor their condition, improve safety and ensure uptime.

## One look - back-lit LCD

### Easy reading and setup with one push

Just one look is all it takes to see the status and measured values of the relay, easily navigate through the symbol-based menu and even configure the device with the new, back-lit LCD at the front of the relay.



#### Start screen

Know the status at one glance.



#### Symbol-based menu structure

Due to the symbol-based menu structure, there is no need for any translation, which helps avoid misunderstandings and dramatically increases efficiency in after sales support.



#### Pre- and user-defined settings

For frequently used applications, the device offers predefined settings to save installation time. Parameters can be individually set and saved in one of four user settings.



#### Simulation mode

Simulation of temperature values to test the relay configuration or simulation of the relays trip for commissioning or testing.



#### Push-rotate adjustment

Adjust the relay with a simple screw driver by pushing and rotating the potentiometer to navigate through the menu.



#### Back-lit LCD

The back-lit LCD at the front of the relay shows the currently measured values and maintenance data and makes setup easy.



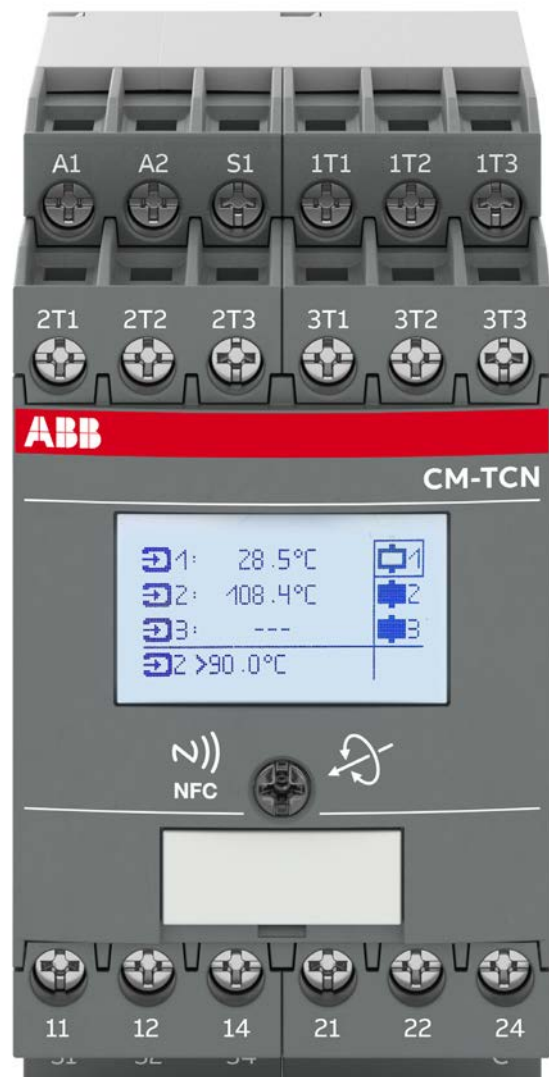
#### Diagnostic data

Event history, operating hours counter, statistics and others are easily accessible from the menu



#### Password & parameter lock

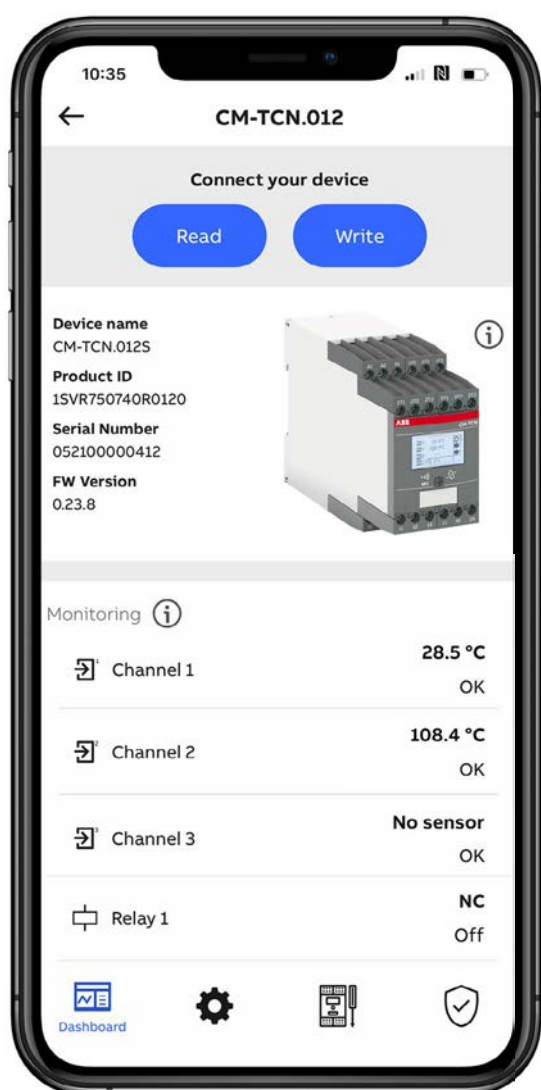
Improved security is achieved through the password protection and parameter lock.



# One touch - setup via smartphone app

## Powerless configuration with NFC

Configuration and parametrization of temperature monitoring relays has never been simpler. One touch is all that is needed for fast, easy and intuitive configuration with the ABB EPiC mobile phone app.



### Near Field Communication (NFC)

NFC is an international transmission standard based on radio-frequency identification technology for the contact-less exchange of data. This technology is already integrated into most electronic devices like tablets and smartphones and part of everyday life, e.g. for contactless payment.



### ABB EPiC smartphone app

Electrification Products intuitive Configurator (EPiC) is a mobile application that makes it possible to configure and check the status of ABB low voltage products. The app is available for free - just download it and connect to your smart monitoring relays, circuit breakers and other devices.



### Easy visualization

Monitor the status of the relay and read the measured values in the app.



### Store and send parameters

Store a set of parameters in the app and distribute them globally and copy them to other devices.



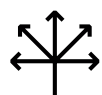
### Powerless adjustment

Parametrize and configure the relays even while not connected to a power supply, e.g. on office desks.



### One touch setup

Handle the relays with just one touch- just hold the smartphone against the front of the relay.



### Copy and paste functionality

Simply copy the settings from one device to another—with just one touch to the relay.



### Event history

Examine the history of the device and recent events.

# One device - thermal protection

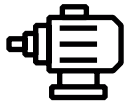
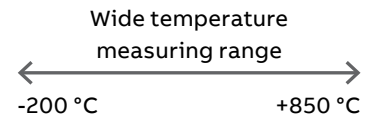
## Flexible adjustment and condition monitoring

Knowing the status of your devices at all times: thanks to the smart monitoring relays, you are always up to date and flexible in controlling your devices. Remote monitoring via Modbus RTU and ABB Ability™ Energy Manager also enables the early detection of potential errors and possible maintenance requirements.



### Flexible adjustment

The smart monitoring relays are configurable over a wide setting range and can be adjusted flexibly no matter the thresholds, time values or other settings. For example, first relay can be assign as pre-alarm and second as alarm. Nine signals in CM-TCN and six signals in CM-TCS are available for assignment to allow various combination of tripping thresholds



### Early detection of potential fault and need for maintenance

Thanks to support of the most commonly used sensors (PTC, PT100, PT1000, NTC), the smart temperature relay can be used for temperature monitoring of busbars and cables allowing detecting the issues related to tightening, which results in the need for maintenance. In addition, the relay can be used for temperature monitoring of electrical motor's bearings and windings allowing to sense unacceptable temperature rise that shorten the lifetime of equipment.



### Improve safety

The smart monitoring relays improves safety thanks to remote temperature monitoring using Modbus RTU or ABB Ability™ Energy. The personal no longer need to access to the switchboard to read the measurements\*.

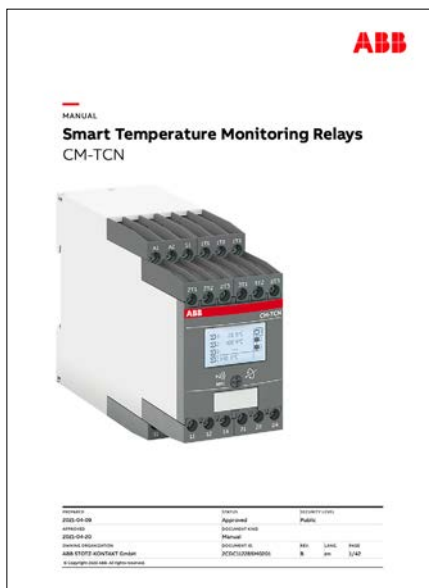
\*Available with CM-TCN.012.



## Built-in connectivity

### Communication via embedded Modbus RTU

The smart temperature monitoring relay CM-TCN.012 supports the data transfer using the Modbus RTU communication protocol. The communication interface RS-485 is embedded in the relay and does not require installation of any accessories.



#### CM-TCN manual

Modbus communication map and information about the device configuration can be found in the CM-TCN user manual



The communication interface makes it possible to:



Read the temperature measurements, relays state and temperature sensors status.



Access the diagnostic data such as event history, operating hours counter, maintenance counter, statistics.



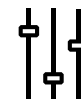
Configure the smart monitoring relay remotely.



Reset the history and settings (trip counter, event history, etc)



Read system information (serial number, firmware version)



Control output relays and trigger them in case of the communication bus error



Client



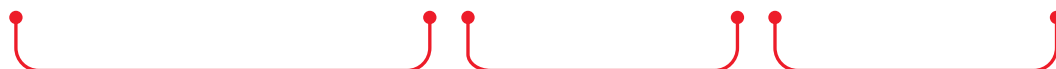
Server 1



Server 2



Server N



# Cloud integration with ABB Ability™

## Data monitoring and temperature trends

Providing full remote visibility of asset and electrical-system behavior, ABB Ability™ Energy Manager provides insights that help you minimize costs, risks and maximize performance as well as safety across your operations.

The CM-TCN.012 smart monitoring relay is enabled in ABB Ability™ Energy Manager. Thus, allowing access to the data monitoring and temperature trends from the cloud solution.

The data received from CM-TCN.012 is organized in user friendly widget for the remote condition monitoring of assets such as a machine, motor, transformer or switchboard. The temperature trends can be compared between different measuring sensors giving you valuable insights about temperature behavior of your assets at the place of the sensors' installation.

Additionally, the customer can set up SMS or E-mail alerts to notify key personnel in case of the temperature relay tripping or sensors error. The periodic report with temperature values can also be scheduled.

CM-TCN.012 can be connected to the cloud-computing platform via Modbus RS-485 communication interface. The interface is embedded in the device and does not require any accessories.

The smart relay can share the data with the platform using two options:

- Option A: Emax 2, Ekip Up, Tmax XT and TruONE equipped with the Ekip Com Hub
- Option B: External solution with ABB Ability™ Edge Industrial Gateway

ABB Ability™  
Energy Manager

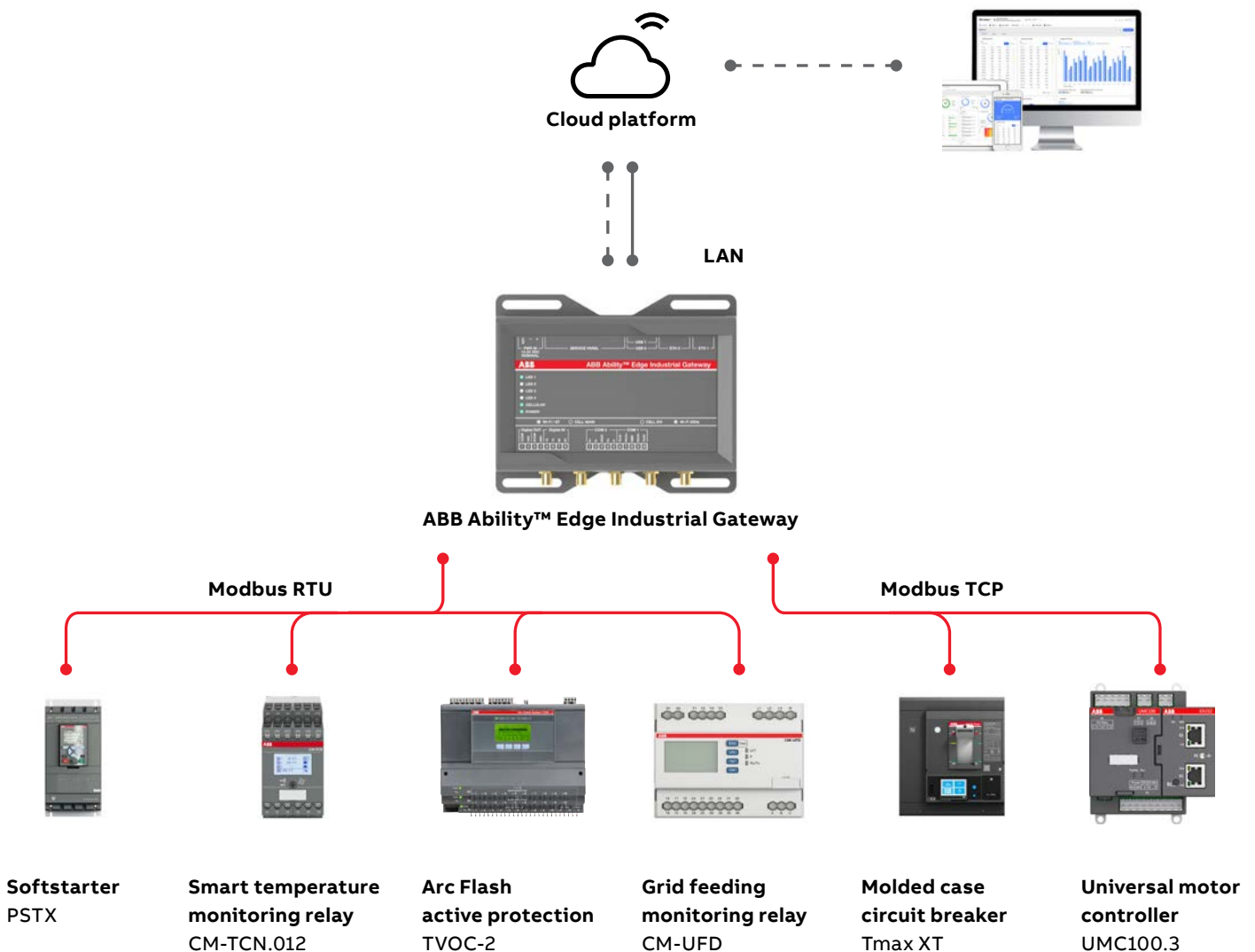


## Example communication architecture

### CM-TCN.012 ABB Ability™ Energy Manager enabled relay

ABB Ability™ Energy Manager is a state-of-the-art cloud solution that integrates energy and asset management in a single intuitive dashboard.

Option B: Architecture with ABB Ability™ Edge Industrial Gateway



Integrate a range of devices like circuit breakers, motor controllers and the new CM-TCN.012 monitoring relay into the ABB Ability™ Energy Manager. It is a state-of-the-art cloud solution that inte-

grates energy and asset management in a single intuitive dashboard. Providing full remote visibility of asset and electrical-system behavior, ABB Ability™ Energy Manager provides insights that

help you minimize cost and risk and maximize performance and safety across your operations.

# Applications



Temperature monitoring relays are used in a wide array of applications. In conjunction with temperature sensors, such as PT100 or PTC sensors, they monitor motor temperature, control cabinet temperature and protect transformers from overheating.



Temperature sensor,  
e.g. PT100



Smart temperature  
monitoring relay

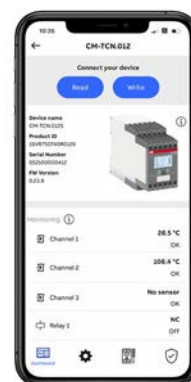
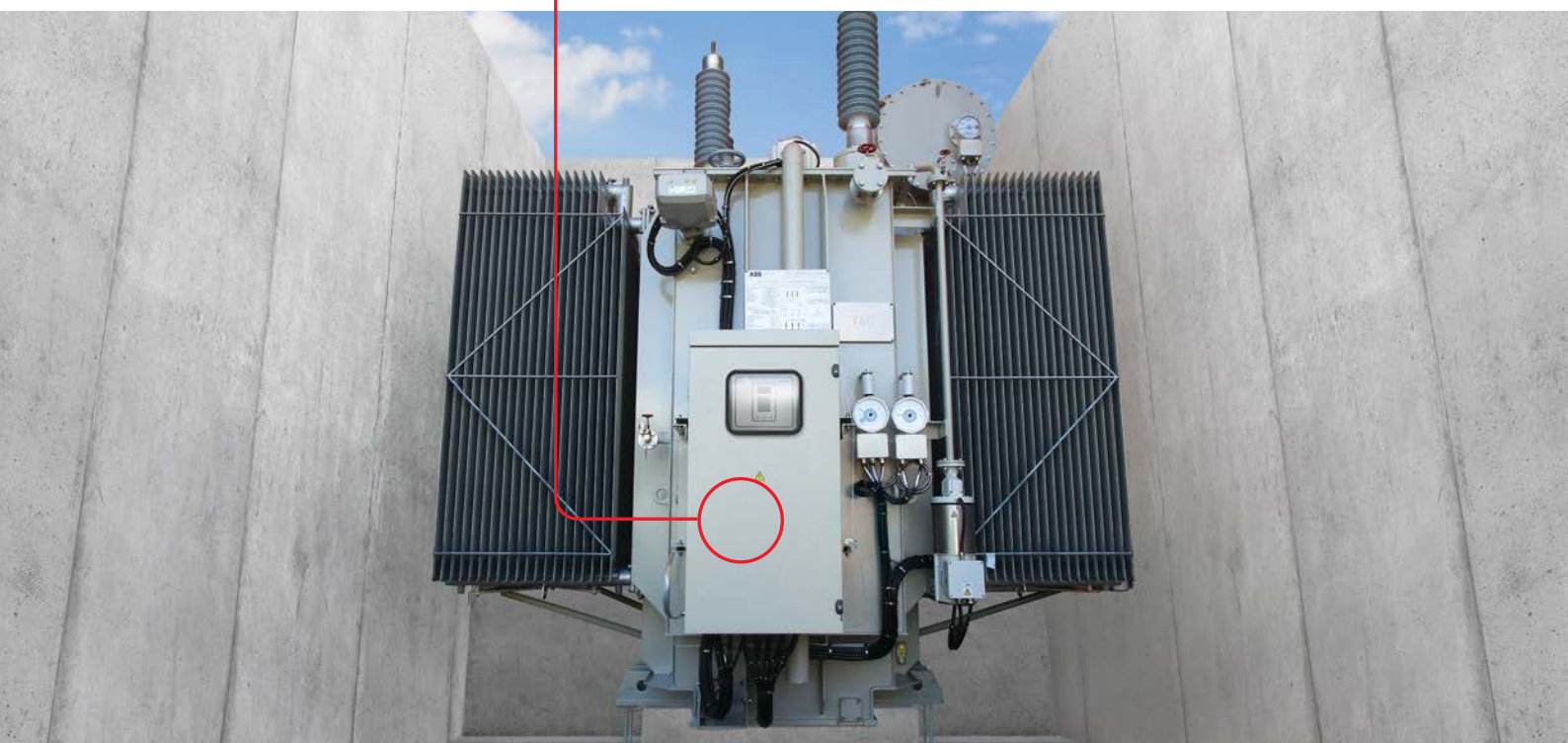


ABB EPiC smart-  
phone app



## Operating controls CM-TCN



**Push-in and screw terminals**



**3 measuring inputs**  
PT100, PT1000, PTC, NTC, bi-metal switch



**Back-lit LCD**  
Symbol-based menu structure



**Push-rotate button**  
Intuitive operation with just one button



**LED status indication**



**Output circuits**  
3 c/o (SPDT) contacts configurable



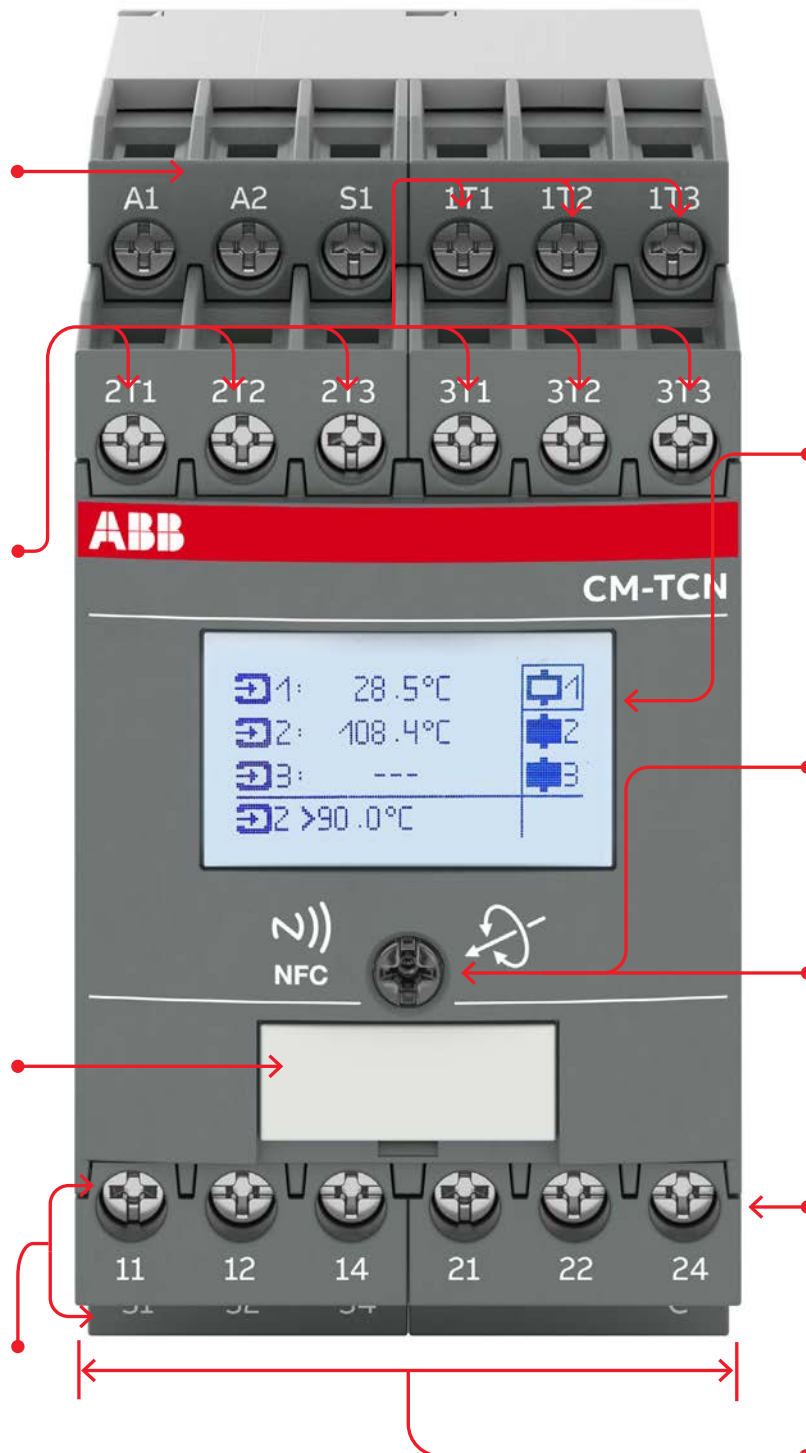
**Width 45 mm**



**Marker label**



**Connection terminals**  
Wide terminal spacing allows connection of wires:  
2 x 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (2 x 16 AWG) with wire end ferrules or  
2 x 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (2 x 14 AWG) without ferrules.



## Smart monitoring relays

### Selection table

	Type	Order number				
	CM-TCS.011S	1SVR730740R0110				
	CM-TCS.011P	1SVR740740R0110				
	CM-TCN.011S	1SVR750740R0110				
	CM-TCN.011P	1SVR760740R0110				
	CM-TCN.012S	1SVR750740R0120				
	CM-TCN.012P	1SVR760740R0120				
<b>Rated control supply voltage U<sub>s</sub></b>						
24-240 V AC/DC						
<b>Sensor circuits (2 or 3 wire)</b>						
Number of temperature sensors		1	1	3	3	3
Number of thresholds		6	6	9	9	9
<b>Sensor types</b>						
PT100						
PT1000						
NTC (type: B57227K)						
PTC						
Bi-metal switch						
<b>Measuring temperature range</b>						
-200...+850 °C						
<b>Interface</b>						
Display						
NFC						
Modbus RTU						
<b>Monitoring function</b>						
Overtemperature						
Undertemperature						
Window temperature						
Temperature difference						
<b>Operating principle</b>						
Open or closed-circuit principle						
<b>Output contacts</b>						
c/o		2	2	3	3	3

## Smart monitoring relays

### Ordering details



CM-TCS

9PAA00000125101



CM-TCN

2CDC251004V0020



OPR.01

9PAA00000094436

#### Description

The temperature monitoring relays CM-TCS and CM-TCN are able to measure temperatures of solids, liquids and gaseous media using different types of sensors, such as PT100, PT1000, PTC, NTC or bi-metal switch. CM-TCN allows to connect up to three sensor circuits, different types of sensors, e.g. PT100 and PTC sensors, can be monitored simultaneously. CM-TCS allows to connect one sensor circuit. The temperature is obtained by the sensors in the medium, evaluated by the device and monitored to determine whether it is within an operating range (range monitoring function) or has exceeded or fallen below a threshold. Depending on the parametrization, output relays signalize the changes in the measuring circuits.

#### Smart temperature monitoring relays

Rated control supply voltage	Terminal type	Number of measuring circuits	Modbus RTU	Temperature sensor	Width mm	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc)  kg (lb)
24-240 V AC/DC	Screw	1	no	PT100, PTC, PT1000, NTC	22.5	CM-TCS.011S	1SVR730740R0110	0.172 (0.379)
	Push-in					CM-TCS.011P	1SVR740740R0110	0.172 (0.379)
	Screw	3	45		CM-TCN.011S	1SVR750740R0110	0.293 (0.646)	
	Push-in				CM-TCN.011P	1SVR760740R0110	0.293 (0.646)	
	Screw	yes	45		CM-TCN.012S	1SVR750740R0120	0.299 (0.659)	
	Push-in				CM-TCN.012P	1SVR760740R0120	0.299 (0.659)	

#### Accessories

Description	for type	Width mm	Type	Order code	Pkg qty	Weight (1 pc) g (oz)
Operating element for push-rotate button	CM-TCS.011 CM-TCN.01x		OPR.01	1SVR730007R0100	10	15 (0.53)
Adapter for screw mounting	CM-N.S/P	45	ADP.02	1SVR440029R0100	1	36.7 (1.30)
	CM-S.S/P	22.5	ADP.01	1SVR430029R0100	1	18.4 (0.65)
Marker label	CM-S.S/P CM-N.S/P		MAR.01	1SVR366017R0100	10	0.19 (0.007)
Sealable transparent cover	CM-N.S/P	45	COV.12	1SVR750005R0100	1	7.0 (0.247)
	CM-S.S/P	22.5	COV.11	1SVR730005R0100	1	4.0 (0.129)

## Smart monitoring relays

### Technical data

Data at Ta = 25 °C and rated values, unless otherwise indicated






Type		CM-TCS.011	CM-TCN.011	CM-TCN.012
Input circuit		A1-A2		
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub>		24-240 V AC/DC*		
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance		-15 ... +10 %		
Rated frequency	AC	50 - 60 Hz		
Frequency range	AC	45 - 66 Hz		
Typical current consumption	24 V DC	typ. 25 mA / max. 36 mA	typ. 30 mA / max. 40 mA	
	115 V AC	typ. 25 mA / max. 20 mA	typ. 16 mA / max. 20 mA	
	230 V AC	typ. 25 mA / max. 15 mA	typ. 13 mA / max. 15 mA	
Power failure buffering time		min. 20 ms		
Measuring circuits		T1, T2, T3	xT1, xT2, xT3	
Number of meausiring circuits		1	3	
Sensor type		PT100, PT1000**, PTC, NTC (type: B57227K), bi-metal switch		
Connection of the sensor	2-wire	yes, jumper xT2 - xT3		
	3-wire	yes, use terminal xT1, xT2, xT3		
Interrupted wire detection		yes		
Short-circuit detection		yes		
Measuring ranges	PT100	-200 °C ... +850 °C / -328 °F ... +1562 °F		
	PT1000	-200 °C ... +850 °C / -328 °F ... +1562 °F**		
	NTC	+80 °C ... +155 °C / +176 °F ... +311 °F		
	PTC	max. total resistance of connected resistors in cold state <750 Ohm		
Monitoring functions		undertemperature, overtemperature, window monitoring		
Measuring input range		-200 ... +850 °C / -328 ... +1562 °F		
Hysteresis related to the threshold values		1 ... 99.9 °C / 1.8 ... 179.8 °F		
Measuring principle		continuous current		
Typical current in the sensor circuit	PT100	0.5 mA		
	PT1000	0.5 mA		
Maximum current in sensor circuit		0.5 mA		
Measuring accuracy		± 0.5 K (-50 ... +200 °C / -58 ... +392 °F) ± 1 K (< -50 °C / -58 °F and > 200 °C / 392 °F)		
Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage tolerance		< 0.05 % full scale/1 V		
Accuracy within the temperature range		< 0.05 % full scale/1 K		
Repeat accuracy (constant parameters)		± 0.07 % full scale		
Maximum measuring cycle		< 2 s		
Maximum cable length		500 m / 1 mm² (shielded cable)		
Control circuits				
Type of triggering		-	volt-free triggering	
Control function	S1	-	remote reset	
Maximum input current		-	< 1.5 mA	
Maximum no-load voltage at the control inputs		-	< 15 V	
Minimum control pulse length		-	150 ms	
Maximum cable length at the control inputs		-	100 m - 100 pF/m	

\* CM-TCN.011: supply voltage 24-240 V AC/DC for revision G or later and supply voltage 24 V AC/DC for revision F or earlier.

\*\* When CM-TCN is used with PT1000 sensors, a bridge must be installed between terminals xT2 and xT3 of unused measuring circuits. The bridge must also be installed between open terminals xT2 and xT3 when CM-TCN is used with one or two PT1000 in combination with PTC or NTC or bimetal switch.

## Smart monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type	CM-TCS.011	CM-TCN.011	CM-TCN.012
Timing functions			
Power-on delay	2-999.9 s		
ON-delay*	0-6553.5 s		
OFF-delay*	0-6553.5 s		
Cyclic switching function	On time	1 min - 1 day	
	cycle time	10 min - 1 year	
Indication of operational states			
Control supply voltage applied	LED green		
Cyclic switching function running	LED orange		
Internal fault	LED red on		
Short circuit	LED red: 		
Wire break	LED red: 		
Overtemperature / Measurement value exceeds high limit	LED red: 		
Undertemperature / Measurement value exceeds low limit	LED red: 		
Parameter error	Orange and red LEDs alternate		
NFC pairing	LED orange: 		
For details see the message on the display			
Display			
Technology	LCD		
Backlight	on	press button	
	off	switch-off delay adjustable, 10 s -1 h (default 10 s)	
Resolution	64 x 48 pixel	128 x 64 pixel	
Display size	12.14 x 12.78 mm	25.58 x 12.78 mm	
Operating controls			
Push-rotate button	Operable with screw driver: PZ1 DIN ISO 8764-1		
Near field communication (NFC)			
Standards	ISO/IEC 14443 Part 2+3 NFC Forum Type 2 tag compliant		
Communication interface			
Communication protocol	-	Modbus RTU	
Physical interface	-	two-wire RS-485	
Integrated termination resistors	-	no	
Possible bus addresses	-	1 ... 247	
Baud rates	-	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 B/s	
Typical response time	-	< 30 ms	
Bus master supervision time / Timeout	-	adjustable 1 ... 255 s in steps of 1 s	
Frame	-	8 data, Even, 1 stop 8 data, Odd, 1 stop 8 data, None, 2 stop 8 data, None, 1 stop	

\* If the selected ON-delay or OFF-delay is less than 2 s, the maximum measuring cycle should be taken into account.

## Smart monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type			CM-TCS.011	CM-TCN.011	CM-TCN.012
Output circuits					
Kind of outputs	11-12/14		relay R1, c/o (SPDT) contact		
	21-22/24		relay R2, c/o (SPDT) contact		
	31-32/34		-	relay R3, c/o (SPDT) contact	
Operating principle	open- or closed circuit principle*		configurable		
Contact material			AgNi alloy, Cd-free		
Maximum switching voltage / maximum switching current			see "Load limit curves"		
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub>	AC-12 (resistive) at 230 V		4 A		
	AC-15 (inductive) at 230 V		3 A		
	DC-12 (resistive) at 24 V		4 A		
	DC-13 (inductive) at 24 V		2 A		
Mechanical lifetime			30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles		
Electrical lifetime	at AC-12, 230 V AC, 4 A		0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles		
Maximum fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact		6 A fast-acting		
	n/o contact		10 A fast-acting		
Conventional thermal current I <sub>th</sub>			4 A		
General data					
MTBF			on request		
Duty cycle			100 %		
Dimensions			see "Dimensional drawing"		
Mounting			DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715) TH 35-7.5 and TH 35-15, snap-on mounting without any tool		
Mounting position			any		
Minimum distance to other units	horizontal		not necessary		
Material of housing			UL 94 V-0		
Degree of protection	terminals		IP20		
Electrical connection			CM-TCS.011S, CM-TCN.011S, CM-TCN.012S		CM-TCS.011P, CM-TCN.011P, CM-TCN.012P
Connecting capacity	fine-strand with/without wire end ferrule	A1, A2, R1, R2, R3, S1, C	1x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (1x18-14 AWG) 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2x18-16 AWG)		2x0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2x18-16 AWG)
		xT1, xT2, xT3, A, B, C	1x 0.2-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (1x24-14 AWG) 2 x 0.2-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2x24-16 AWG)		2x0.2-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2x24-16 AWG)
	rigid	A1, A2, R1, R2, R3, S1, C	1x 0.5-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (1x20-12 AWG) 2 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2x20-14 AWG)		2x0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2x20-16 AWG)
		xT1, xT2, xT3, A, B, C	1x 0.2-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (1x24-12 AWG) 2 x 0.2-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2x24-14 AWG)		2x0.2-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2x24-16 AWG)
Stripping length			8 mm (0.32 in)		-
Tightening torque	< 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>		0.5 Nm (4.43 lb.in)		-
	≥ 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup>		0.6 - 0.8 Nm (7.08 lb.in)		-

\* Closed-circuit principle: Output relay de-energizes if a fault is occurring  
 Open-circuit principle: Output relay energizes if a fault is occurring

## Smart monitoring relays

### Technical data

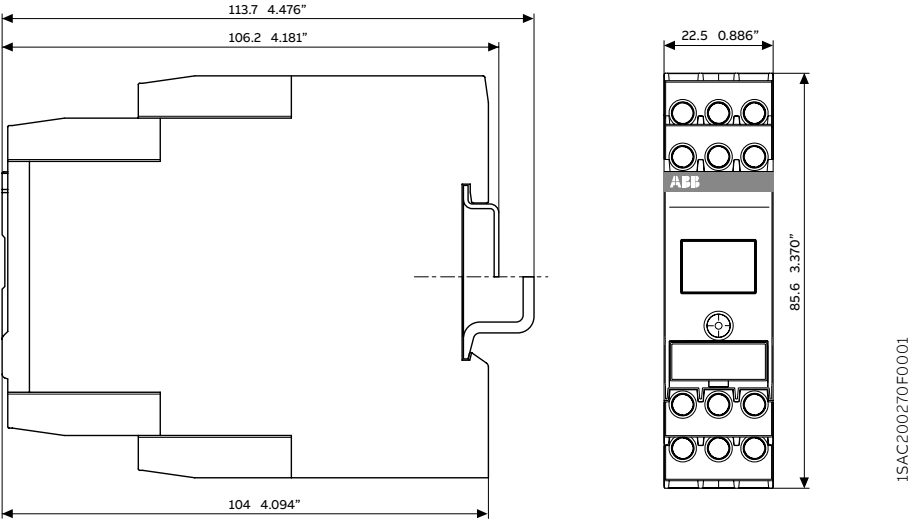
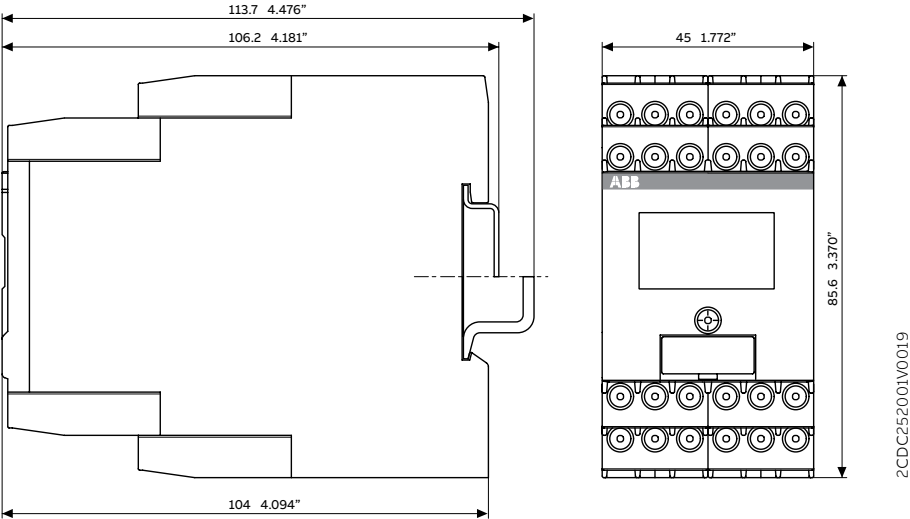
Type		CM-TCS.011	CM-TCN.011	CM-TCN.012
Environmental data				
Ambient temperature ranges	operation	-25 °C...+60 °C (-13...+140 °F)		
	storage	-40 °C...+85 °C (-40...+185 °F)		
Damp heat, cyclic	IEC/EN 60068-2-30	6 x 24 h cycle, 55 °C, 95 % RH		
Climatic class	IEC/EN 60721-3-3	3K5 (no condensation, no ice formation)		
Vibration, sinusoidal		class 1		
Shock		class 1		
Isolation data				
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U <sub>imp</sub> ) EN/IEC60664-1	supply circuit / measuring circuit and modbus / output circuits (relay)	6 kV		
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2 / output circuit 3	4 kV		
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub> Basic insulation	supply circuit / measuring circuit and modbus / output circuits (relay)	600 V		
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2 / output circuit 3	300 V		
Protective separation IEC/EN 61140	supply circuit / measuring circuit and modbus / output circuits (relay)	300 V		
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2 / output circuit 3	150 V		
Pollution degree		3		
Overvoltage category		III		
Standards/Directives				
Standards		IEC/EN 60947-5-1		
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU		
EMC Directive		2014/30/EU		
RoHS Directive		2011/65/EU incl. 2015/863/EU		
WEEE Directive		2012/19/EU		
RED Directive		2014/53/EU		
Electromagnetic compatibility				
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 60947-5-1		
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	level 2, 4 kV contact discharge, 8 kV air discharge		
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	level 3, 10 V/m		
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 3 / 2 kV, 5 kHz		
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	supply circuit: level 3; L-L 1 kV, L-PE 2 kV relay circuit: level 3; L-PE 2 kV measuring circuit, remote S1: level 2; L-PE 1 kV		
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3, 10 V		
voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	class 3		
Interference emission		IEC/EN 60947-5-1		
high-frequency radiated		fulfilled (environment A and B)		
high-frequency conducted		fulfilled (environment A and B)		

Smart monitoring relays

Technical diagrams

Dimensional drawings

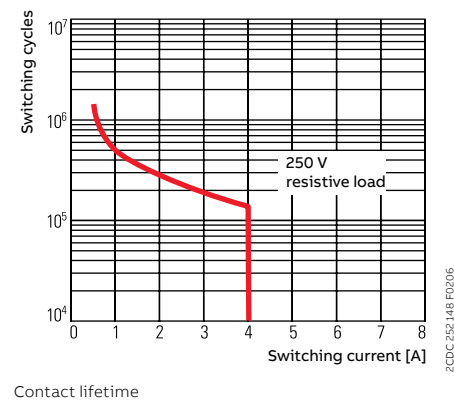
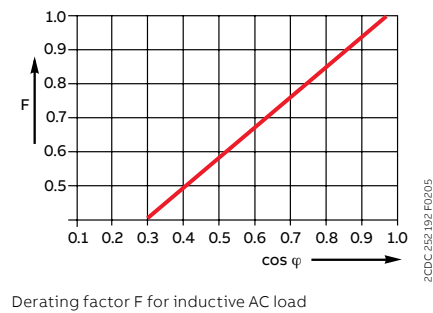
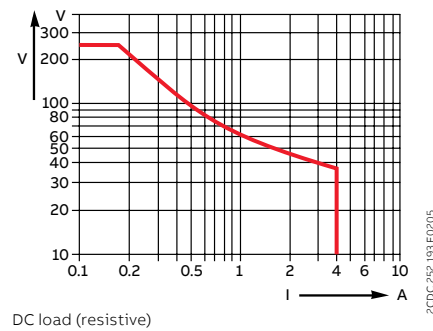
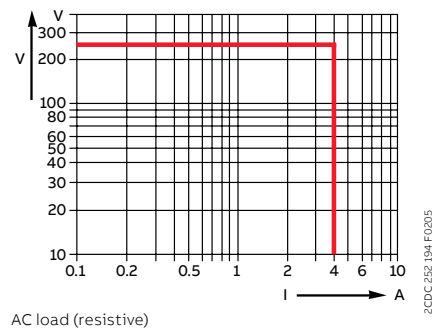
in mm and inches



## Smart monitoring relays

### Technical diagrams

#### Load limit curves





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# Liquid level monitoring relays

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# Liquid level monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



ABB's liquid level monitoring relays are the ideal solution to regulate and control liquid levels and ratios of mixtures of conductive fluids. The assortment includes single- or multifunctional devices which can be used for overflow protection, dry-running protection of pumps, filling and draining applications as well as max. and min. level alarming.



### Global availability

The liquid level monitoring relays are designed to provide a wide supply voltage range, making global differences irrelevant. Additionally, the CM-ENS range meets a broad range of standards and requirements. Together with ABB's global support and sales network, using CM-ENS gives customers the confidence of worldwide sourcing – no matter where they build, install or operate their equipment.



### Reliable in harsh conditions

High immunity against electromagnetic disturbances is ensured due to advanced measuring technology. Additionally, the housing fulfills the UL 94 V-0 flammability standard requirements. Together with the vibration resistant push-in terminals, the relay is not only reliable no matter the environment temperature but is also durable to shock and vibration. Save time as re-tightening is no longer needed and enhance the reliability and safety not only for the equipment.



### Improve installation efficiency

Like all devices from the measuring and monitoring portfolio, the CM-ENS relays are easily configurable via front facing potentiometers. Easy threshold configuration without calculation is accomplished by direct reading scales. The device can be set up before installation in the application and easy adjustments during the process are possible.

# Liquid level monitoring relays

## Benefits and advantages



### Operating principle

Liquid level control relays CM-ENS are designed to monitor levels of conductive liquids and media and is used, for example, for liquid level control in pump systems. The measuring principle is based on the resistance change sensed by single-pole electrodes. To avoid electrolytic phenomena, an AC current runs across the probes.

A selector switch on the front panel allows selection of the required function and the sensitivity range.



### Suitability

Suitable for		Not suitable for	
spring water	acids, bases	chemically pure water	ethylene glycol
drinking water	liquid fertilizers	fuel	concentrated alcohol
sea water	milk, beer, coffee	oils	paraffin
sewage	non-concentrated alcohol	explosive areas (liquid gas)	lacquers



### Characteristics

#### CM-ENS.1x

- Control of one or two liquid levels (min/max)
- Fill or drain function
- Adjustable response sensitivity 5-100 k $\Omega$

#### CM-ENS.2x

- Control of one or two liquid levels (min/max)
- Fill (UP) or Drain (DOWN), adjustable via front-face potentiometer
- Adjustable response sensitivity 0.1-1000 k $\Omega$

#### CM-ENS.31

- Control of one or two liquid levels (min/max)
- Fill (UP) or Drain (DOWN), adjustable via front-face potentiometer
- Adjustable response sensitivity 0.1-1000 k $\Omega$
- Selectable ON- or OFF-delay
- 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts

#### All CM-ENS devices

- Devices with wide rated control supply voltage 24-240 V AC/DC
- Cascadable
- High EMC immunity
- 3 LEDs for the indication of operational states
- Screw connection technology or Easy Connect Technology
- Housing material for highest fire protection classification UL 94 V-0
- Tool-free mounting and demounting on DIN rail
- 22.5 mm (0.89 in) width

## Liquid level monitoring relays

### Applications

Liquid level monitoring relays work in conjunction with, for example, suspension electrodes, and can be used either for direct liquid level control or also for cascading devices, as well as operation modes with several electrodes, or control of two liquid levels are possible.



Suspension  
electrode

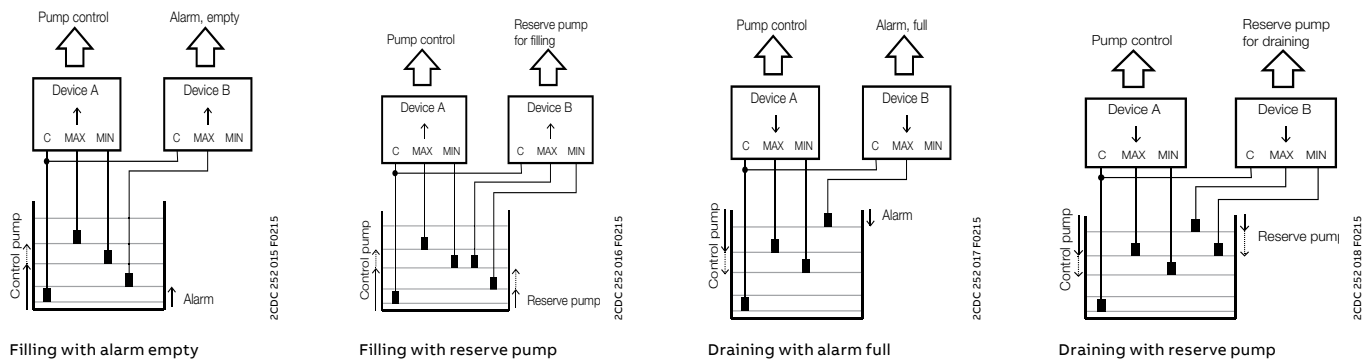


# Liquid level monitoring relays

## Applications

### Cascading of several devices

With the CM-ENS it is possible to use two devices in one tank. This enables the possibility to realize a pre-warning with additional electrodes. In this way, two additional alarm outputs for exceeding or dropping below the normal level can be implemented in addition to the filling levels MAX and MIN. In addition, a reserve pump can be connected to the additional device.

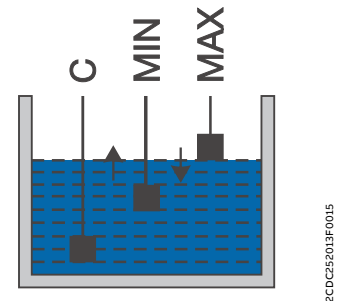


### Operating mode with three electrodes

The CM-ENS measures the electrical resistance of the liquid between two immersion electrodes and a reference electrode.

For CM-ENS.1x only: If the relay is connected to the rated control supply voltage, the output relay changes its switching state as soon as the liquid level reaches the MAX-electrode, while the minimum sensor is submerged. The relay returns to the original state as soon as the minimum sensor is no longer in contact with the monitored medium.

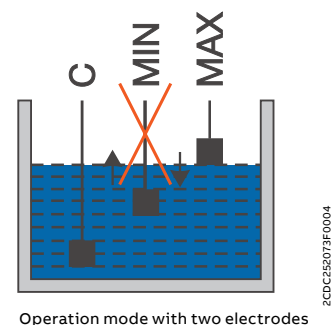
For CM-ENS.2x and CM-ENS.31 only: The function fill (Λ) or drain (V) can be selected via a front-face potentiometer. If the fill function is selected, the output relay is energized until the MAX-electrode becomes wet. Then it is de-energized and not re-energized until the MIN-electrode becomes dry. If the drain function is selected, the output relay energizes as soon as the MAX-electrode becomes wet. It remains energized until the liquid level has dropped below the MIN-electrode.



Operation mode with three electrodes

### Operation mode with two electrodes

If only one level should be controlled, only the MAX-electrode shall be connected at the CM-ENS.



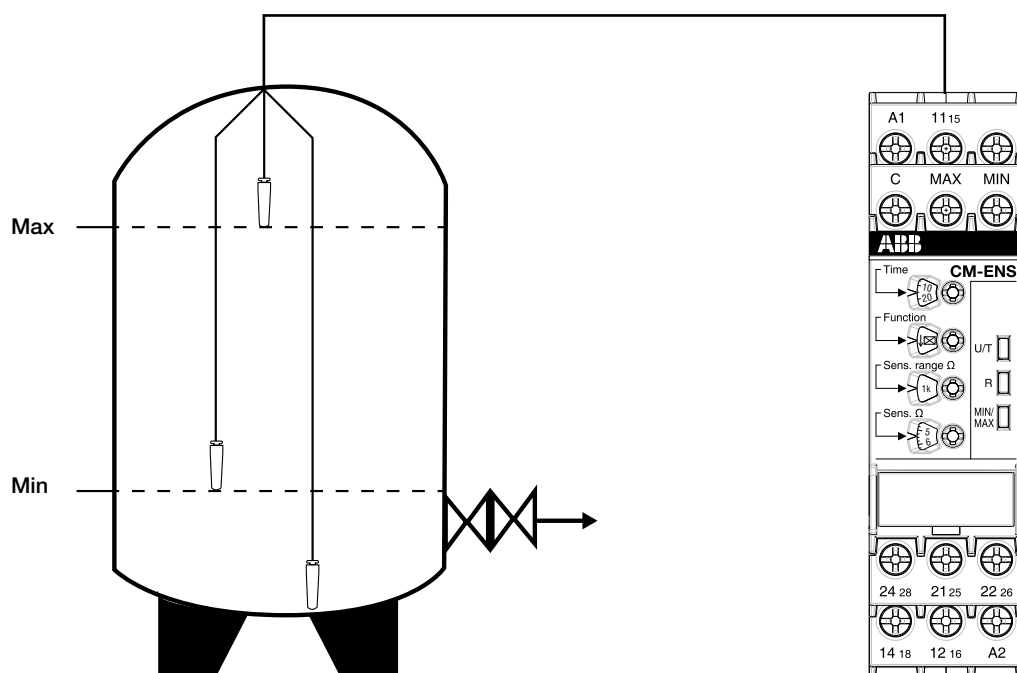
Operation mode with two electrodes

# Liquid level monitoring relays

## Applications

### Control of two liquid levels via liquid level monitoring relay CM-ENS

In combination with suspension electrodes CM-HC or CM-HCT (suitable for drinking water).

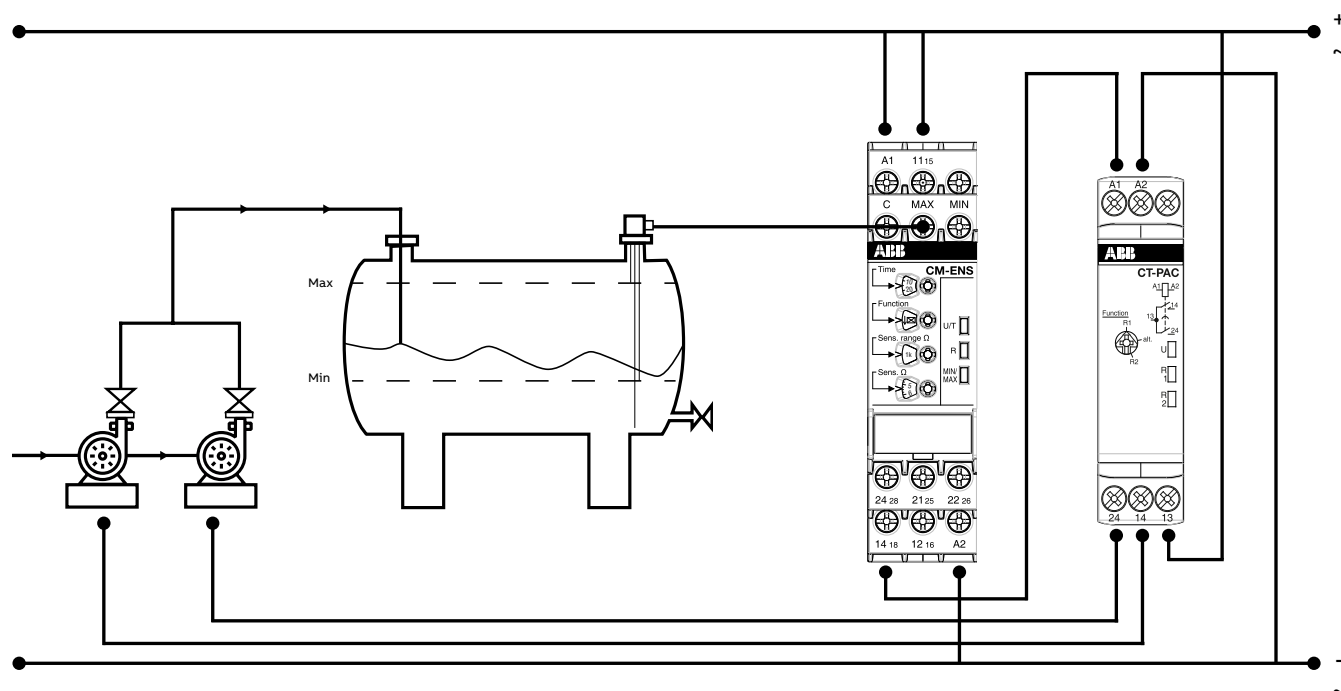


# Liquid level monitoring relays

## Applications

**Liquid overflow monitoring in the twin pump system using liquid level monitoring relay CM-ENS and alternating time relay CT-PAC.22.**

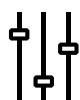
In combination with the compact support CM-KH-3 and 3 bar electrodes CM-SE.



# Liquid level monitoring relays

## Operating controls

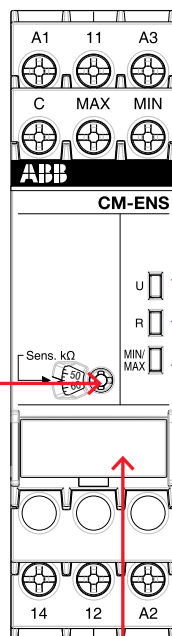
### CM-ENS.1x



Adjustment of the response sensitivity



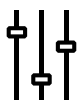
Marker label



#### Indication of operational states with LEDs

U: green LED - Status indication of control supply voltage  
 ┌───┐ control supply voltage applied  
 R: yellow LED - Status indication of the output relays  
 ┌───┐ energized  
 MIN/MAX: yellow LED - Status indication of the electrodes  
 ┌───┐ MIN and MAX wet  
 └───┘ MIN wet

### CM-ENS.2x



Adjustment of the function

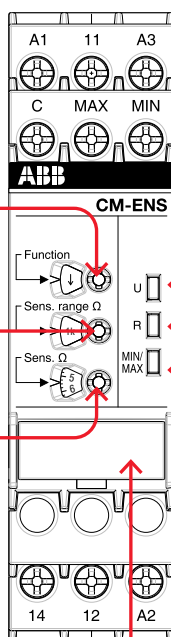
↑ Fill  
 ↓ Drain

Adjustment of the response sensitivity range

Adjustment of the response sensitivity



Marker label



#### Indication of operational states with LEDs

U: green LED - Status indication of control supply voltage  
 ┌───┐ control supply voltage applied  
 R: yellow LED - Status indication of the output relays  
 ┌───┐ energized  
 MIN/MAX: yellow LED - Status indication of the electrodes  
 ┌───┐ MIN and MAX wet  
 └───┘ MIN wet

# Liquid level monitoring relays

## Operating controls

### CM-ENS.31

Adjustment of the time delay



Adjustment of the function

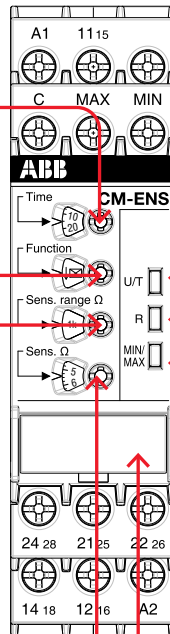
- ↑ ON-delayed Fill
- ↓ ON-delayed Drain
- ↑ OFF-delayed Fill
- ↓ OFF-delayed Drain

Adjustment of the response sensitivity range

Adjustment of the response sensitivity



Marker label



Indication of operational states with LEDs

- U: green LED - Status indication of control supply voltage
  - ▬ control supply voltage applied
  - ▬ time delay is running
- R: yellow LED - Status indication of the output relays
  - ▬ energized
- MIN/MAX: yellow LED - Status indication of the electrodes
  - ▬ MIN and MAX wet
  - ▬ MIN wet

# Liquid level monitoring relays

## Selection table

	Type	Order code																															
	CM-ENE MIN	1SVR 550 855 R9500	CM-ENE MIN	1SVR 550 850 R9500	CM-ENE MIN	1SVR 550 851 R9500	CM-ENE MAX	1SVR 550 855 R9400	CM-ENE MAX	1SVR 550 850 R9400	CM-ENE MAX	1SVR 550 851 R9400	CM-ENS.11S	1SVR 730 850 R0100	CM-ENS.11P	1SVR 740 850 R0100	CM-ENS.13S	1SVR 730 850 R2100	CM-ENS.13P	1SVR 740 850 R2100	CM-ENS.21S	1SVR 730 850 R0200	CM-ENS.21P	1SVR 740 850 R0200	CM-ENS.23S	1SVR 730 850 R2200	CM-ENS.23P	1SVR 740 850 R2200	CM-ENS.31S	1SVR 730 850 R0300	CM-ENS.31P	1SVR 740 850 R0300	
Rated control supply voltage Us																																	
24-240 V AC/DC													■	■								■	■							■	■		
24 V AC	■						■															■	■										
110-130 V AC			■					■		■							■	■								■	■						
220-240 V AC				■						■							■	■							■	■							
Sensor circuit																																	
Number of electrodes (including ground reference)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Response sensitivity range																																	
0-100 kOhm	■	■	■	■	■	■	■																										
5-100 kOhm													adj	adj	adj	adj																	
0.1-1000 kOhm																					adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	adj	
Monitoring function																																	
Dry running protection	■	■	■										■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	
Overflow protection					■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Liquid level control					■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■	■
Operating principle																																	
Open-circuit principle	■	■	■										■	■	■	■																	
Closed-circuit principle					■	■	■																										
Open- or closed-circuit principle																					sel	sel	sel	sel	sel	sel	sel	sel	sel	sel	sel	sel	
Adjustable ON-/OFF-delay																																	
0.1-10 s																															■	■	
Output contacts																																	
n/o	1	1	1	1	1	1							1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2			
c/o (SPDT)													1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2			
Connection type																																	
Push-in terminals														■		■				■			■			■						■	
Double-chamber cage connection terminals													■			■				■					■					■			
Screw	■	■	■	■	■	■	■																										

adj: adjustable

sel: selectable

## Liquid level monitoring relays

### Ordering details



CM-ENE MIN

1SVR550851R9500



CM-ENS.3x

2CDC251004V0015



CT-PAC.22

1SVR508180R0100

#### Description

The liquid level monitoring relays CM-ENS and CM-ENE monitors and controls the liquid level and ratios of mixtures of conductive fluids. It is used for filling and draining applications, to protect pumps against dry-running, to protect tanks against overflow, and for signalization of the status of the monitored liquid level.

#### Ordering details

Characteristics	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
See selection table	CM-ENE MIN	1SVR550855R9500	0.15 (0.33)
		1SVR550850R9500	0.15 (0.33)
		1SVR550851R9500	0.15 (0.33)
	CM-ENE MAX	1SVR550855R9400	0.15 (0.33)
		1SVR550850R9400	0.15 (0.33)
		1SVR550851R9400	0.15 (0.33)
	CM-ENS.11S	1SVR730850R0100	0.124 (0.273)
	CM-ENS.11P	1SVR730850R2100	0.117 (0.258)
	CM-ENS.13S	1SVR740850R0100	0.153 (0.337)
	CM-ENS.13P	1SVR740850R2100	0.145 (0.320)
	CM-ENS.21S	1SVR730850R0200	0.125 (0.276)
	CM-ENS.21P	1SVR740850R0200	0.117 (0.258)
	CM-ENS.23S	1SVR730850R2200	0.154 (0.340)
	CM-ENS.23P	1SVR740850R2200	0.147 (0.324)
	CM-ENS.31S	1SVR730850R0300	0.143 (0.315)
	CM-ENS.31P	1SVR740850R0300	0.134 (0.295)

#### Description

The alternating relay CT-PAC is designed to evenly use the electromechanical resources of twin pumps, compressors and generators. The alternating relay has two normally open contacts, which are closed alternately each time the control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2.

A front-face rotary switch allows to select among three functions:

- R1 – each power cyclic contacts 13-14 close
- R2 – each power cycle contacts 13-24 close
- alt. – output contacts close alternately each power cycle

#### Ordering details

Rated control supply voltage	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
24-240 V AC/ 24-48 V DC	CT-PAC.22	1SVR508180R0100	0.059 (0.130)

The technical data can be found in the time relay chapter.

## Liquid level monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-ENE MIN	CM-ENE MAX
Supply circuit			
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> - power consumption	A1-A2	24 V AC, approx. 1.5 VA	
	A1-A2	110-130 V AC, approx. 1.2 VA	
	A1-A2	220-240 V AC, approx. 1.4 VA	
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance		-15...+15 %	
Rated frequency		50-60 Hz	
Measuring circuit		MIN-C, MAX-C	
Monitoring function		dry-running protection	overflow protection
Response sensitivity		0-100 kΩ, not adjustable	
Maximum electrode voltage		30 V AC	
Maximum electrode current		1.5 mA	
Electrode supply line	max. cable capacity	3 nF	
	max. cable length	30 m	
Timing circuit			
Tripping delay		fixed approx. 200 ms	
Indication of operational states			
Output relay energized		R: yellow LED	
Output circuits		13-14	
Kind of output		1 n/o contact	
Operational principle <sup>1)</sup>		open-circuit principle <sup>1)</sup>	closed-circuit principle <sup>1)</sup>
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> (IEC/EN 60947-1)		250 V	
Minimum switching voltage / minimum switching current		- / -	
Maximum switching voltage		250 V	
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub>	AC-12 (resistive) 230 V	4 A	
	AC-15 (inductive) 230 V	3 A	
	DC-12 (resistive) 24 V	4 A	
	DC-13 (inductive) 24 V	2 A	
AC rating (UL 508)	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300	
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC	
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A	
	max. making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA	
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles	
Electrical lifetime (AC-12, 230 V, 4 A)		0.3 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles	
Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	-	
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting	
General data			
Duty cycle		100 %	
Dimensions		see dimensional drawings	
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715)	
Mounting position		any	
Degree of protection		enclosure / terminals	IP50 / IP20
Ambient temperature range		operation / storage	-20...+60 °C / -40...+85 °C
Electrical connection			
Wire size	fine-strand with wire-end ferrule	2 x 0.75-1.5 mm² (2 x 18-16 AWG)	
	fine-strand without wire-end ferrule	2 x 1-1.5 mm² (2 x 18-16 AWG)	
	rigid	2 x 0.75-1.5 mm² (2 x 18-16 AWG)	
Stripping length		10 mm (0.39 inch)	
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm	

## Liquid level monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type	CM-ENE MIN		CM-ENE MAX
Standards / Directives			
Standard	IEC/EN 60947-5-1, EN 50178		
Low Voltage Directive	2014/35/EU		
EMC Directive	2014/35/EU		
RoHS Directive	2011/65/EU		
Electromagnetic compatibility			
Interference immunity to	EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-4		
Electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	level 3 (6 kV / 8 kV)	
Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	level 3 (10 V/m)	
Electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 3 (2 kV / 5 kHz)	
Surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	level 4 (2 kV L-L)	
Conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3 (10 V)	
Interference emission			
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B	
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B	
Environmental data			
Ambient temperature ranges	operation/storage	-20...+60 °C / -40...+85 °C	
Damp heat	IEC/EN 60068-2-30	40 °C, 93 % RH, 4 days	
Vibration withstand	IEC/EN 60068-2-6	10-57 Hz: 0.075 mm; 57-150 Hz: 1 g	
Isolation data			
Rat. insulation volt. betw. supply, measuring & output circuit	250 V		
Rated impulse withstand voltage $U_{imp}$ between all isolated circuits	4 kV / 1.2-50 $\mu$ s		
Pollution category	3		
Overvoltage category	III		

1) Open-circuit principle: Output relay energizes if the measured value exceeds/drops below the adjusted threshold.

Closed-circuit principle: Output relay de-energizes if the measured value exceeds/drops below the adjusted threshold.

## Liquid level monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-ENS.1x		CM-ENS.2x		CM-ENS.31	
Supply circuit							
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub>	CM-ENS.11, CM-ENS.21, CM-ENS.31: A1-A2	24-240 V AC/DC					
	CM-ENS.13, CM-ENS.23: A1-A2	220-240 V AC					
	CM-ENS.13, CM-ENS.23: A3-A2	110-130 V AC					
Rated control supply voltage U <sub>s</sub> tolerance		-15...+10 %					
Rated frequency		50-60 Hz					
Frequency range		47-63 Hz					
Typical current / power consumption	24 V AC	25 mA / 0.6 W	25 mA / 0.6 W		25 mA / 0.6 W		
	110-130 V AC	20 mA / 2.6 VA	20 mA / 2.6 VA		8 mA / 1.1 VA		
	220-240 V AC	8.5 mA / 2.1 VA	8.5 mA / 2.1 VA		10 mA / 2.4 VA		
	24-240 V AC/DC	11 mA / 2.6 VA	11 mA / 2.6 VA		11 mA / 2.6 VA		
Power failure buffering time		min.	20 ms				
Start-up time t <sub>s</sub>	Range 5-100 kΩ	max. 1.3 s	-		-		
	Range 0.1-1 kΩ	-	max. 900 ms				
	Range 1-10 kΩ	-	max. 900 ms				
	Range 10-100 kΩ	-	max. 1.3 s				
	Range 100-1000 kΩ	-	max. 6.3 s				
Measuring circuit		MAX-MIN-C					
Sensor type		electrode					
Monitoring function		fill or drain		fill or drain, selectable			
Measuring principle		conductivity measurement					
Number of electrodes		3					
Response sensitivity		adjustable: 5-100 kΩ		adjustable: 0.1-1000 kΩ			
Maximum electrode voltage		6 V AC					
Maximum electrode current		1 mA		2 mA			
Electrode supply line	Range 5-100 kΩ	max cable capacity	max cable length	max cable capacity	max cable length	max cable capacity	max cable length
	Range 0.1-1 kΩ	10 nF	100 m	-	-	-	-
	Range 1-10 kΩ	-	-	200 nF	1000 m	200 nF	1000 m
	Range 10-100 kΩ	-	-	200 nF	1000 m	200 nF	1000 m
	Range 10-100 kΩ	-	-	20 nF	100 m	20 nF	100 m
	Range 100-1000 kΩ	-	-	4 nF	20 m	4 nF	20 m
Max. measuring cycle	Range 5-100 kΩ	1000 ms		-		-	
	Range 0.1-1 kΩ	-		700 ms			
	Range 1-10 kΩ	-		700 ms			
	Range 10-100 kΩ	-		1.1 s			
	Range 100-1000 kΩ	-		5 s			
Timing circuit							
Time delay		-				0.1-30 s, adjustable, ON- or OFF-delay	
Indication of operational states							
Control supply voltage		U: green LED					
Output relay energized		R: Yellow LED					
Electrode / alarm status		MAX/MIN: Yellow LED					

## Liquid level monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-ENS.1x	CM-ENS.2x	CM-ENS.31
Output circuits				
Kind of output	11 <sub>15</sub> -12 <sub>16</sub> /14 <sub>18</sub>	relay, 1 c/o (SPDT) contact		relay, 1st c/o (SPDT) contact
	21 <sub>15</sub> -22 <sub>16</sub> /24 <sub>18</sub>	-		relay, 2nd c/o (SPDT) contact
Operational principle		open-circuit principle	open- or closed-circuit principle (selectable)	
Contact material		AgNi alloy, Cd free		
Minimum switching voltage / minimum switching current		12 V / 10 mA		
Maximum switching voltage / Maximum switching current		see data sheets		
Rated operational voltage U <sub>e</sub> and rated operational current I <sub>e</sub> (IEC/EN 60947-5-1)	AC-12 (resistive) 230 V	4 A		
	AC-15 (inductive) 230 V	3 A		
	DC-12 (resistive) 24 V	4 A		
	DC-13 (inductive) 24 V	2 A		
AC rating (UL 508)	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300, pilot duty general purpose 250 V, 4 A, cos ϕ 0.75		
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC		
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A		
	max. making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA		
Mechanical lifetime		10 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles		
Electrical lifetime (AC-12, 230 V, 4 A)		0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles		
Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c / n/o contact	6 A / 10 A fast-acting		10 A / 10 A fast-acting
Conventional thermal current I <sub>th</sub>		4 A		

## Liquid level monitoring relays

### Technical data

Type		CM-ENS.1x	CM-ENS.2x	CM-ENS.31
General data				
MTBF		on request		
Duty cycle		100 %		
Dimensions		see dimensional drawings		
Weight		see ordering details		
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool		
Mounting position		any		
Minimum distance to other units		CM-ENS.x1: not necessary CM-ENS.x3: 10 mm if contact current > 2 A		
Degree of protection	housing / terminals	IP50 / IP20		
Material of housing		UL 94 V-0		
Electrical connection				
		Screw connection technology	Easy Connect Technology (push-in)	
Wire size	fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule	1 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 18-14 AWG) 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-16 AWG)	
	rigid	1 x 0.5-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (1 x 20-12 AWG) 2 x 0.5-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-14 AWG)	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-16 AWG)	
Stripping length		8 mm (0.32 in)		
Tightening torque		0.6 - 0.8 Nm (7.08 lb.in)	-	
Standards / Directives				
Standard		IEC/EN 60255-27, IEC/EN 60947-5-1		
Low Voltage Directive		2014/35/EU		
RoHS Directive		2014/30/EU		
EMC Directive		2011/65/EU		
Environmental data				
Ambient temperature ranges	operation	-25...+60 °C		
	storage	-40...+85 °C		
Damp heat, cyclic (IEC/EN 60068-2-30)		6 x 24 h cycle, 55 °C, 95 % RH		
Climatic category (IEC/EN 60721-3-3)		3K5 (no condensation, no ice formation)		
Vibration, sinusoidal (IEC/EN 60255-21-1)		class 2		
Shock (IEC/EN 60255-21-2)		class 2		
Isolation data				
Rated impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>	supply circuit / measuring circuit	4 kV		
	supply circuit / output circuits	4 kV		
	measuring circuit / output circuits	4 kV		
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2	4 kV		
Pollution degree (IEC/EN 60664-1)		3		
Overvoltage category (IEC/EN 60664-1)		III		
Rated insulation voltage U <sub>i</sub>	supply circuit / measuring circuit	300 V		
	supply circuit / output circuits	300 V		
	measuring circuit / output circuits	300 V		
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2	300 V		
Basisc insulation	supply circuit / measuring circuit	250 V AC / 300 V DC		
	supply circuit / output circuits	250 V AC / 300 V DC		
	measuring circuit / output circuits	250 V AC / 300 V DC		
	output circuit 1 / output circuit 2	250 V AC / 300 V DC		

# Liquid level monitoring relays

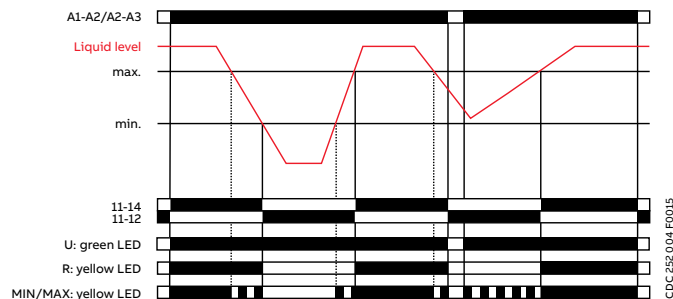
## Technical data

Type		CM-ENS.1x	CM-ENS.2x	CM-ENS.31
Protective separation (IEC/EN 61140, EN 50178)	supply circuit / measuring circuit	250 V AC / 300 V DC		
	supply circuit / output circuits	250 V AC / 300 V DC		
	measuring circuit / output circuits	250 V AC / 300 V DC		
Pollution degree		3		
Overvoltage category		III		
Electromagnetic compatibility				
Interference immunity to		EN 61000-6-1, EN60255-26		
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	level 3 (6 kV / 8 kV)		
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	level 3 (10 V/m)		
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	level 3, 2 kV / 5 kHz		
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	level 3, installation class 3, supply circuit and measuring circuit 1 kV L-L, 2 kV L-earth		
conducted disturbances, induced by radio- frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	level 3, 10 V		
voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	class 3		
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3, IEC/EN 61000-6-4		
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B		
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	class B		

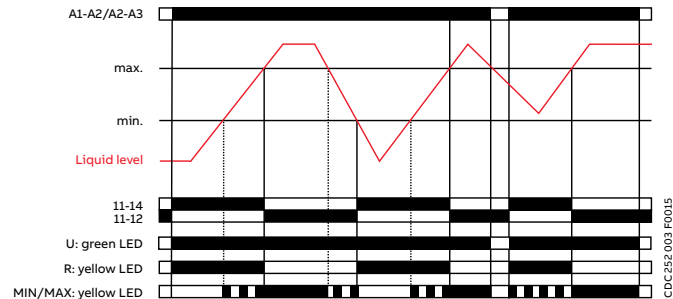
## Liquid level monitoring relays

### Function diagrams

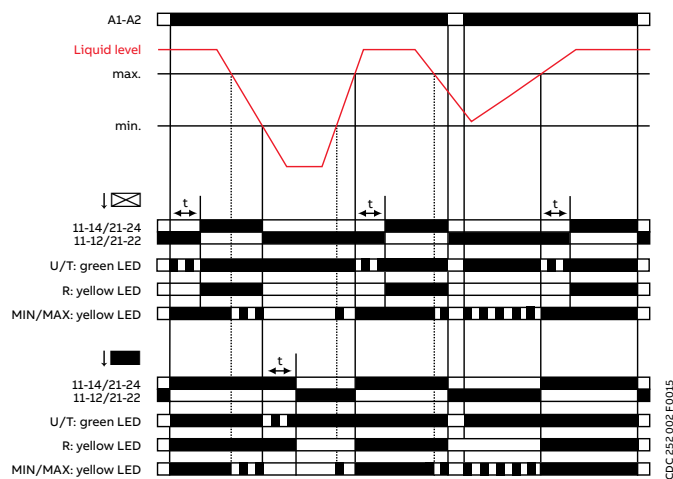
#### CM-ENS



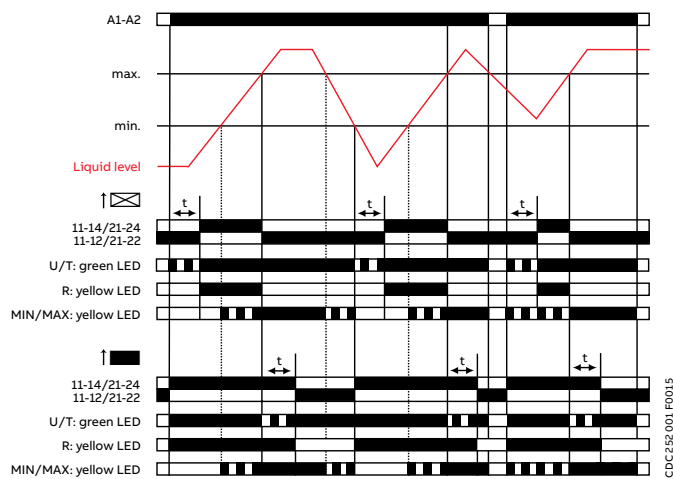
Drain: CM-ENS.1x, CM-ENS.2x



Fill: CM-ENS.2x

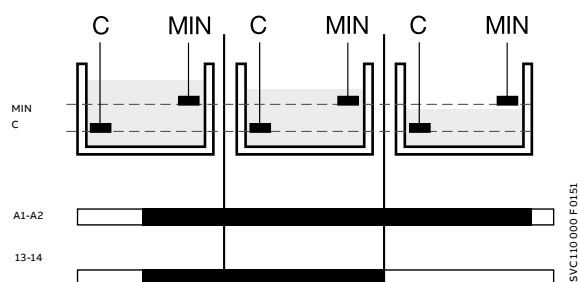


Drain: CM-ENS.31

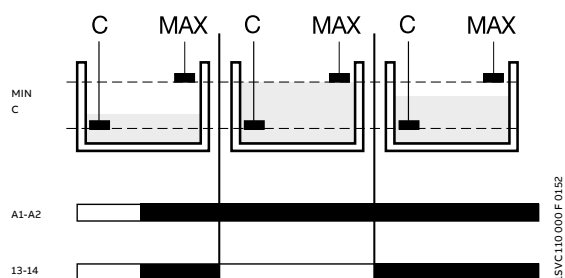


Fill: CM-ENS.31

#### CM-ENE MIN



#### CM-ENE MAX



The liquid level relays CM-ENE MIN and CM-ENE MAX are used to monitor levels of conductive liquids, for example, in pump control systems for dry-running or overflow monitoring.

The measuring principle is based on the occurring resistance change when moistening single-pole electrodes. The single-pole electrodes (see also section Accessories) are connected to the terminals C and MIN or MAX.

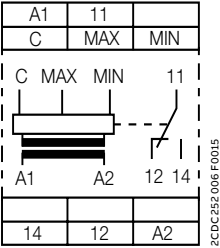
If the supply voltage is applied to A1-A2 and the electrodes are wet, the output relay of the CM-ENE MIN is energized and the output relay of the CM-ENE MAX is de-energized. The output relay of the CM-ENE MIN de-energizes if the electrodes are no longer wet. The output relay of the CM-ENE MAX energizes if the electrodes are no longer wet.

# Liquid level monitoring relays

## Technical diagrams

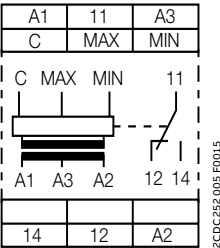
### Connection diagrams

#### CM-ENS.11x, CM-ENS.21x



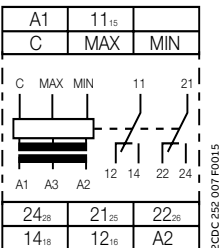
A1-A2	Control supply voltage
11-12/14	1 c/o (SPDT) contact
C	Reference electrode
MAX	Maximum level electrode
MIN	Minimum level electrode

#### CM-ENS.13x, CM-ENS.23x



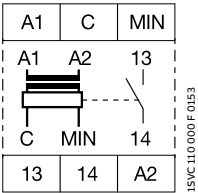
A1-A2	Control supply voltage 220-240 V AC
A3-A2	Control supply voltage 110-130 V AC
11-12/14	1 c/o (SPDT) contact
C	Reference electrode
MAX	Maximum level electrode
MIN	Minimum level electrode

#### CM-ENS.31x



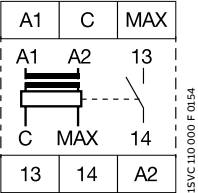
A1-A2	Control supply voltage
11-12/14	1 c/o (SPDT) contact
21-22/24	2nd c/o (SPDT) contact
C	Reference electrode
MAX	Maximum level electrode
MIN	Minimum level electrode

#### CM-ENE MIN



A1-A2	Rated control supply voltage
C	Reference electrode
MIN	Minimum level
13-14	Output contact -open-circuit principle

#### CM-ENE MAX



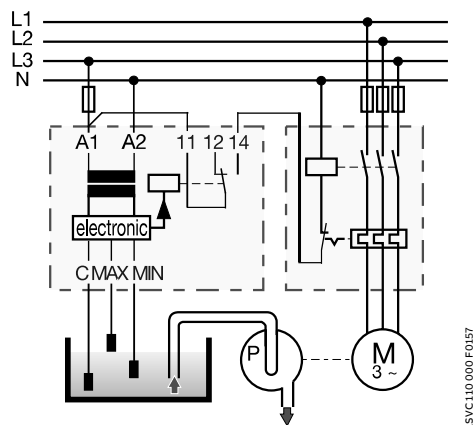
A1-A2	Rated control supply voltage
C	Reference electrode
MIN	Maximum level
13-14	Output contact -open-circuit principle

## Liquid level monitoring relays

### Technical diagrams

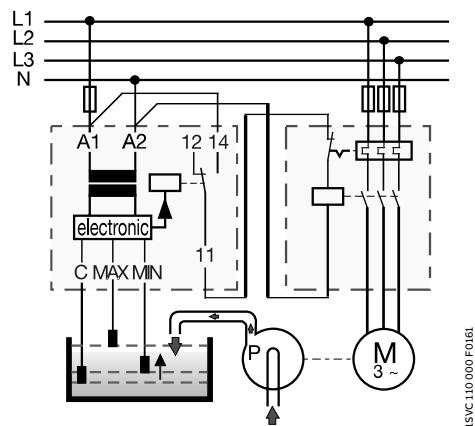
#### Connection diagrams

##### CM-ENS.1x



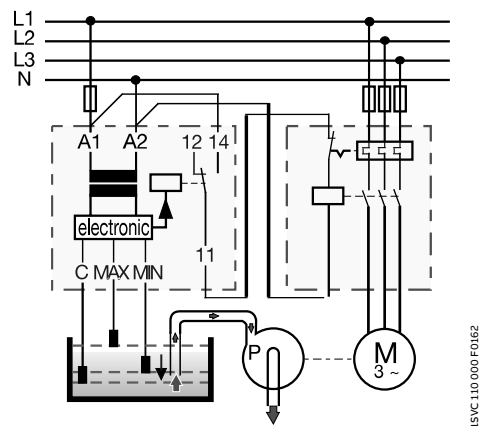
Liquid level control - drain

##### CM-ENS.2x, CM-ENS.31x



Liquid level control - fill - selected function "↑" (UP)

##### CM-ENS.2x, CM-ENS.31x



Liquid level control - drain - selected function "↓" (Down)

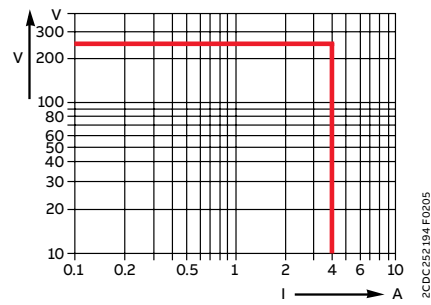
# Liquid level monitoring relays

## Technical diagrams

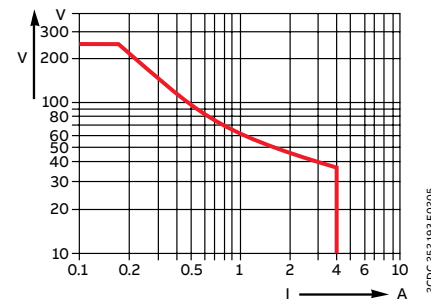
### Load limit curves

#### CM-S (22.5 mm), CM-E (22.5 mm)

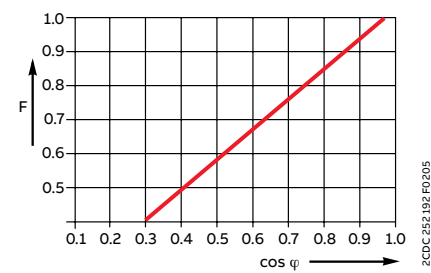
AC load (resistive)



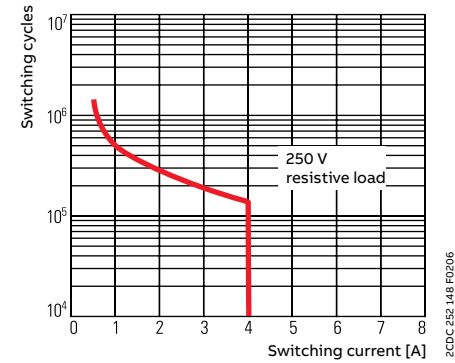
DC load (resistive)



Derating factor F for inductive AC load

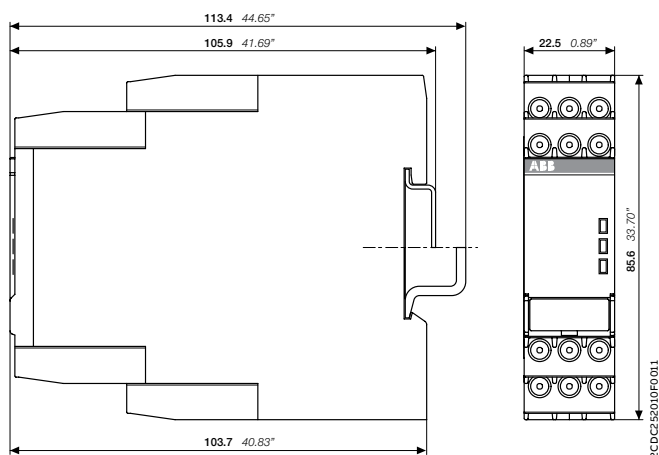


Contact lifetime



### Dimensional drawing

Dimensions in mm and inches



CM-xxS  
1SVR730xxxxxx, 1SVR740xxxxxx



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## Accessories

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## Accessories

### Ordering details



Bar electrode



Suspension electrode

#### Ordering details

##### Accessories

Description	For type	Width in mm	for devices	Type	Order code	Pkg qty	Weight (1 pc) g (oz)
Adapter for screw mounting	CM-S.S/P	22.5		ADP.01	1SVR430029R0100	1	18.4 (0.65)
	CM-N.S/P	45		ADP.02	1SVR440029R0100	1	36.7 (1.30)
Marker label	CM-S.S/P		without DIP switches	MAR.01	1SVR366017R0100	10	0.19 (0.007)
	CM-N.S/P		with DIP switches	MAR.12	1SVR730006R0000	10	0.152 (0.335)
Sealable transparent cover	CM-S.S/P	22.5		COV.11	1SVR730005R0100	1	4.0 (0.129)
	CM-N.S/P	45		COV.12	1SVR750005R0100	1	7 (0.247)

##### Bar electrodes

Description	Material no.	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
Compact support for 3 bar electrodes	-	CM-KH-3	1SVR450056R6000	0.06 (0.132)
Distance plate for 3 bar electrodes		CM-AH-3	1SVR450056R7000	0.06 (0.132)
Counter nut for 1" thread		CM-GM-1	1SVR450056R8000	0.06 (0.132)
Length: 300 mm	1.4301	CM-SE-300	1SVR450056R0000	0.08 (0.176)
Length: 600 mm	1.4301	CM-SE-600	1SVR450056R0100	0.08 (0.176)
Length: 1000 mm	1.4301	CM-SE-1000	1SVR450056R0200	0.08 (0.176)

##### Suspension electrodes

Description	Connec- tion	Material no.	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) kg (lb)
CM-HE suspension electrode high-alloy steel, material no. 1.4104 (according to EN 10088-1)	Screw	1.4104	CM-HE	1SVR402902R0000	0.074 (0.163)
CM-HC suspension electrode high-alloy steel, material no. 1.4104 (according to EN 10088-1)	Crimp	1.4104	CM-HC	1SVR402902R1000	0.09 (0.198)
CM-HCT suspension electrode suitable for drink water high-alloy steel, material no. 1.4301 (according to EN 10088-1)	Crimp	1.4301	CM-HCT	1SVR402902R2000	0.09 (0.198)



For further details, please see the instruction sheet.

## Accessories

### Ordering details



CM-CT

2CDC 251 002 F0005

CM-CT  
with mounted accessories

2CDC 251 003 F0005

CM-CT-A  
mounted on DIN rail

2CDC 251 159 F0006

#### Plug-in current transformers CM-CT

- Without primary conductor though with foot angle, insulating protective cap and bar fastening screws
- Primary / rated current from 50 A to 600 A
- Secondary current of 1 A or 5 A
- Class 1

#### Ordering details

Rated primary current	Secondary current	Burden class	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) g (oz)
50 A	1 A	1 VA / 1	CM-CT 50/1	1SVR450116R1000	0.31 (0.683)
75 A		1.5 VA / 1	CM-CT 75/1	1SVR450116R1100	0.31 (0.683)
100 A		2.5 VA / 1	CM-CT 100/1	1SVR450116R1200	0.276 (0.608)
150 A		2.5 VA / 1	CM-CT 150/1	1SVR450116R1300	0.32 (0.705)
200 A		2.5 VA / 1	CM-CT 200/1	1SVR450116R1400	0.222 (0.489)
300 A		5 VA / 1	CM-CT 300/1	1SVR450117R1100	0.29 (0.639)
400 A		5 VA / 1	CM-CT 400/1	1SVR450117R1200	0.27 (0.595)
500 A	5 A	5 VA / 1	CM-CT 500/1	1SVR450117R1300	0.29 (0.639)
600 A		5 VA / 1	CM-CT 600/1	1SVR450117R1400	0.24 (0.529)
50 A		1 VA / 1	CM-CT 50/5	1SVR450116R5000	0.3 (0.661)
75 A		1.5 VA / 1	CM-CT 75/5	1SVR450116R5100	0.31 (0.683)
100 A		2.5 VA / 1	CM-CT 100/5	1SVR450116R5200	0.31 (0.683)
150 A		2.5 VA / 1	CM-CT 150/5	1SVR450116R5300	0.28 (0.617)
200 A		5 VA / 1	CM-CT 200/5	1SVR450116R5400	0.29 (0.639)
300 A		5 VA / 1	CM-CT 300/5	1SVR450117R5100	0.252 (0.556)
400 A		5 VA / 1	CM-CT 400/5	1SVR450117R5200	0.26 (0.573)
500 A		5 VA / 1	CM-CT 500/5	1SVR450117R5300	0.208 (0.459)
600 A		5 VA / 1	CM-CT 600/5	1SVR450117R5400	0.21 (0.463)

#### Accessories

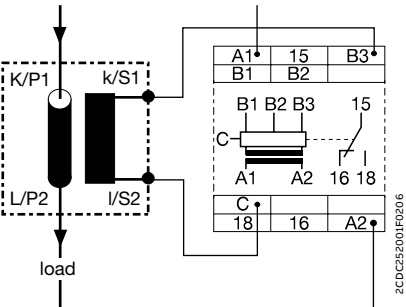
Description	Type	Order code	Weight (1 pc) g (oz)
Snap-on fastener for DIN rail mounting of CM-CT	CM-CT A	1SVR450118R1000	0.009 (0.02)

Accessories

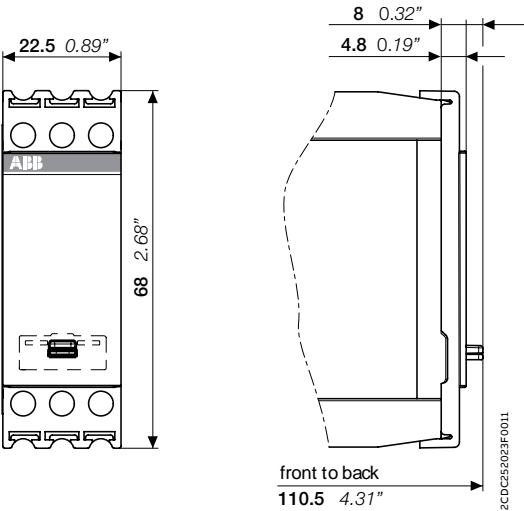
Technical diagrams

Operating principle / circuit diagram

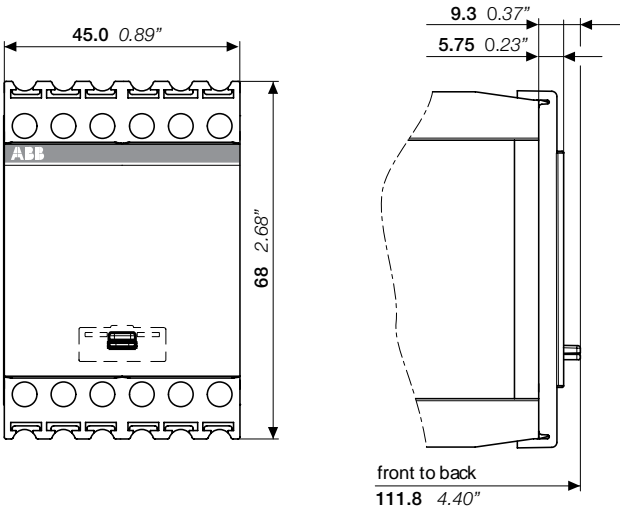
CM-CT



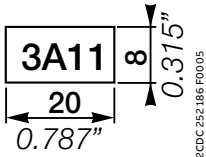
Dimensional drawings  
in mm and inches



Sealeable cover  
COV:11



Sealeable cover  
COV:12



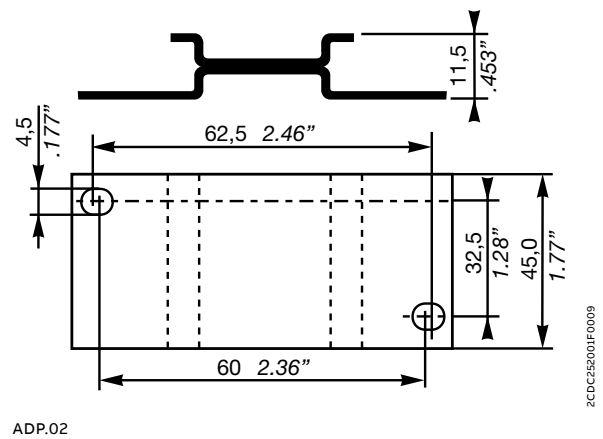
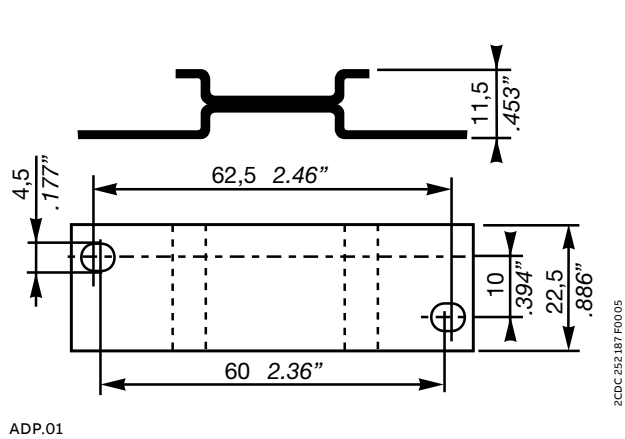
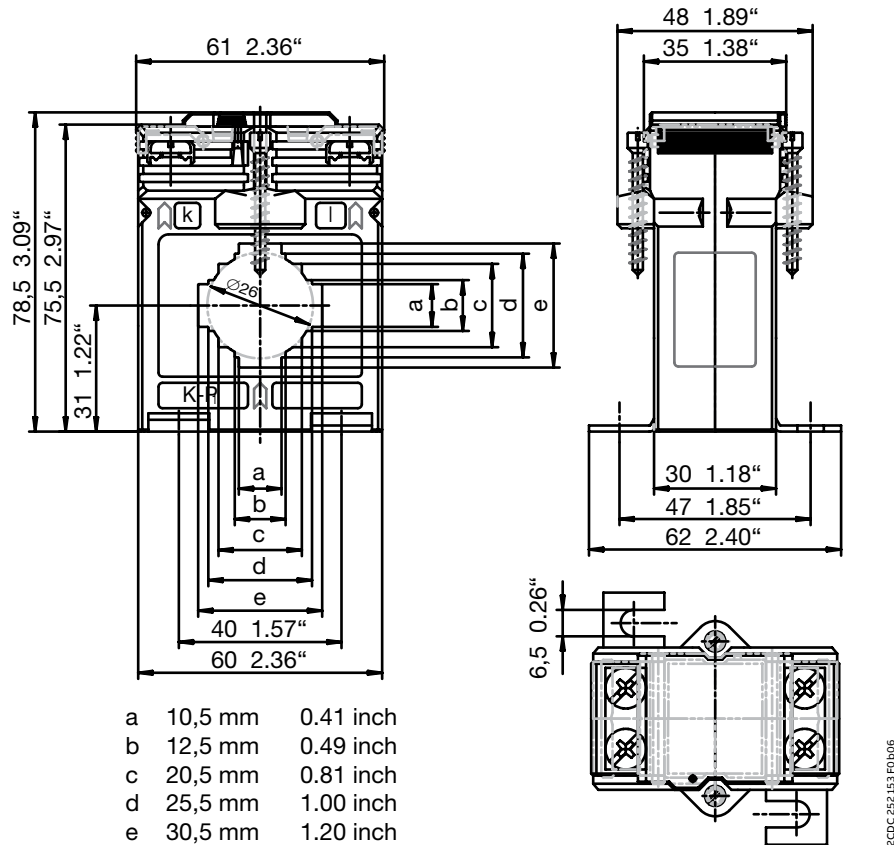
MAR.01

## Accessories

### Technical diagrams

#### Dimensional drawings

in mm and inches



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