

GIGABYTE™

G4L3-SD1-LAX3

G4L3-SD1-LAX5

HPC/AI Server - 5th/4th Gen Intel® Xeon® Scalable

4U DP HGX™ H200 8-GPU DLC (LAX3)

4U DP HGX™ B200 8-GPU DLC (LAX5)

User Manual

Rev. 1.0

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Documentation Classifications

In order to assist in the use of this product, Giga Computing provides the following types of documentation:

- User Manual: detailed information & steps about the installation, configuration and use of this product (e.g. motherboard, server barebones), covering hardware and BIOS.
- User Guide: detailed information about the installation & use of an add-on hardware or software component (e.g. BMC firmware, rail-kit) compatible with this product.
- Quick Installation Guide: a short guide with visual diagrams that you can reference easily for installation purposes of this product (e.g. motherboard, server barebones).

Please see the support section of the online product page to check the current availability of these documents.

For More Information

For related product specifications, the latest firmware and software, and other information please visit our website at <http://www.gigabyte.com/Enterprise>

For GIGABYTE distributors and resellers, additional sales & marketing materials are available from our reseller portal: <http://reseller.b2b.gigabyte.com>

For further technical assistance, please contact your GIGABYTE representative or visit <https://esupport.gigabyte.com/> to create a new support ticket

For any general sales or marketing enquiries, you may also message GIGABYTE server directly by email: server.grp@gigabyte.com

Conventions

The following conventions are used in this user's guide:

	NOTE! Pieces of additional information related to the current topic.
	CAUTION! Precautionary measures to avoid possible hardware or software problems.
	WARNING! Alerts to any damage that might result from doing or not doing specific actions.

Server Warnings and Cautions

Before installing a server, be sure that you understand the following warnings and cautions.



WARNING!

To reduce the risk of electric shock or damage to the equipment:

- Do not disable the power cord grounding plug. The grounding plug is an important safety feature.
- Plug the power cord into a grounded (earthed) electrical outlet that is easily accessible at all times.
- Unplug the power cord from the power supply to disconnect power to the equipment.



- Shock Hazard! Disconnect all power supply cords before servicing.
- Do not route the power cord where it can be walked on or pinched by items placed against it. Pay particular attention to the plug, electrical outlet, and the point where the cord extends from the server.
- Do not route the power cord where it can be walked on or pinched by items placed against it. Pay particular attention to the plug, electrical outlet, and the point where the cord extends from the server.



WARNING!

To reduce the risk of personal injury from hot surfaces, allow the drives and the internal system components to cool before touching them.



This server is equipped with high speed fans. Keep away from hazardous moving fan blades during servicing.



This equipment is intended to be used in Restrict Access Location. The access can only be gained by Skilled person. Only authorized by well trained professional person can access the restrict access location.

•



This equipment is not intended for use by children.

**CAUTION!**

- Do not operate the server for long periods with the access panel open or removed. Operating the server in this manner results in improper airflow and improper cooling that can lead to thermal damage.
- Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced.
- Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer.
- Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

**CAUTION!**

Risk of explosion if battery is replaced incorrectly or with an incorrect type. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Warning Stability hazard

The slide-rail may tip over causing serious personal injury

- Before extending the rack to its installation position, read the installation instructions.
- Do not put any load on the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position.
- Do not leave the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position.



Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

CAUTION!

ESD CAN DAMAGE DRIVES, BOARDS, AND OTHER PARTS. WE RECOMMEND THAT YOU PERFORM ALL PROCEDURES AT AN ESD WORKSTATION. IF ONE IS NOT AVAILABLE, PROVIDE SOME ESD PROTECTION BY WEARING AN ANTI-STATIC WRIST STRAP ATTACHED TO CHASSIS GROUND -- ANY UNPAINTED METAL SURFACE -- ON YOUR SERVER WHEN HANDLING PARTS.

Always handle boards carefully, they can be extremely sensitive to ESD. Hold boards only by their edges without touching any components or connectors. After removing a board from its protective ESD bag or from the system, place the board component side up on a grounded, static free surface. Use a conductive foam pad if available but not the ESD bag. Do not slide the board over any surface.

System power on/off: To service components within the server, please ensure the power has been disconnected.

e.g. Remove the node from the server chassis (to disconnect power) or disconnect the power from the server chassis.

Make sure the system is removed from the rack before opening the chassis, adding, or removing any non hot-plug components.

Hazardous conditions, devices and cables: Hazardous electrical conditions may be present on power, telephone, and communication cables. Turn off the system chassis and disconnect the cables attached to the system before servicing the chassis. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage can result.

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) and ESD protection: ESD can damage drives, boards, and other parts. We recommend that you perform all procedures in this chapter only at an ESD workstation. If one is not available, provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap attached to chassis ground (any unpainted metal surface on the server) when handling parts.

ESD and handling boards: Always handle boards carefully. They can be extremely sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Hold boards only by their edges. After removing a board from its protective wrapper or from the system, place the board component side up on a grounded, static free surface. Use a conductive foam pad if available but not the board wrapper. Do not slide board over any surface.

Installing or removing jumpers: A jumper is a small plastic encased conductor that slips over two jumper pins. Some jumpers have a small tab on top that can be gripped with fingertips or with a pair of fine needle nosed pliers. If the jumpers do not have such a tab, take care when using needle nosed pliers to remove or install a jumper; grip the narrow sides of the jumper with the pliers, never the wide sides. Gripping the wide sides can damage the contacts inside the jumper, causing intermittent problems with the function controlled by that jumper. Take care to grip with, but not squeeze, the pliers or other tool used to remove a jumper, or the pins on the board may bend or break.

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Chapter 1 Hardware Installation

1-1 Installation Precautions

The motherboard/system contain numerous delicate electronic circuits and components which can become damaged as a result of electrostatic discharge (ESD). Prior to installation, carefully read the service guide and follow these procedures:

- Prior to installation, do not remove or break motherboard S/N (Serial Number) sticker or warranty sticker provided by your dealer. These stickers are required for warranty validation.
- Always remove the AC power by unplugging the power cord from the power outlet before installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware components.
- When connecting hardware components to the internal connectors on the motherboard, make sure they are connected tightly and securely.
- When handling the motherboard, avoid touching any metal leads or connectors.
- It is best to wear an electrostatic discharge (ESD) wrist strap when handling electronic components such as a motherboard, CPU or memory. If you do not have an ESD wrist strap, keep your hands dry and first touch a metal object to eliminate static electricity.
- Prior to installing the motherboard, please have it on top of an antistatic pad or within an electrostatic shielding container.
- Before unplugging the power supply cable from the motherboard, make sure the power supply has been turned off.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the power supply voltage has been set according to the local voltage standard.
- Before using the product, please verify that all cables and power connectors of your hardware components are connected.
- To prevent damage to the motherboard, do not allow screws to come in contact with the motherboard circuit or its components.
- Make sure there are no leftover screws or metal components placed on the motherboard or within the computer casing.
- Do not place the computer system on an uneven surface.
- Do not place the computer system in a high-temperature environment.
- Turning on the computer power during the installation process can lead to damage to system components as well as physical harm to the user.
- If you are uncertain about any installation steps or have a problem related to the use of the product, please consult a certified computer technician.

1-2 Product Specifications



NOTE:

We reserve the right to make any changes to the product specifications and product-related information without prior notice.

 System Dimension	◆ 4U ◆ 447 (W) x 173.5 (H) x 900(D) mm
 CPU	◆ 5th Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors ◆ 4th Generation Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors ◆ Intel® Xeon® CPU Max Series ◆ Dual processor, TDP up to 385W NOTE: If only 1 CPU is installed, some PCIe or memory functions might be unavailable.
 Socket	◆ 2 x LGA 4677 ◆ Socket E
 Chipset	◆ Intel® C741
 Memory	◆ 32 x DIMM slots ◆ DDR5 memory supported ◆ 8-Channel memory per processor 5th Gen Intel® Xeon®: ◆ RDIMM: Up to 5600 MT/s (1DPC), 4400 MT/s (2DPC) 4th Gen Intel® Xeon®: ◆ RDIMM: Up to 4800 MT/s (1DPC), 4400 MT/s (2DPC) Intel® Xeon® Max Series: ◆ RDIMM: Up to 4800 MT/s (1DPC), 4400 MT/s (2DPC)
 LAN	Front (I/O board - CFP6540): 2 x 10Gb/s LAN (1 x Intel® X710-AT2) ◆ Support NCSI function ◆ 1 x 10/100/1000 Mbps Management LAN Rear (MLAN board - CDB66): 1 x 10/100/1000 Mbps Management LAN [Note] When both MLAN ports are connected with cables, the front MLAN port will be set as the default.
 Video	◆ Integrated in Aspeed® AST2600 ◆ 1 x VGA port

	Storage	Front hot-swap: ◆ 8 x 2.5" Gen5 NVMe/SATA ◆ (NVMe from PEX89104) Internal M.2: ◆ 1 x M.2 (2280/22110), PCIe Gen3 x2, from PCH ◆ 1 x M.2 (2280/22110), PCIe Gen3 x1, from PCH
	RAID	◆ Intel® SATA RAID 0/1/10/5 ◆ Support optional RAID add-in cards
	Modular GPU	◆ Liquid-cooled NVIDIA HGX™ H200 with 8 x SXM GPU
	Expansion Slot	PCIe Bridge Board - CBG76: ◆ 8 x FHHL x16 (Gen5 x16), from PEX89104 PCIe Bridge Board - CPBG045 x 2: ◆ 4 x FHHL x16 (Gen5 x16), from PEX89048
	Front I/O	I/O board - CFPG540: ◆ 2 x USB 3.2 Gen1 ports (Type-A) ◆ 1 x VGA port ◆ 2 x RJ45 ports ◆ 1 x MLAN port (default) ◆ 1 x Power button with LED ◆ 1 x ID button with LED ◆ 1 x NMI button ◆ 1 x Reset button ◆ 1 x Storage activity LED ◆ 1 x System status LED
	Rear I/O	MLAN board - CDB66: ◆ 1 x MLAN port
	Backplane Board	Speed and bandwidth: ◆ PCIe Gen5 x4 or SATA 6Gb/s
	Security Modules	◆ 1 x TPM header with SPI interface ◆ Optional TPM2.0 kit: CTM010
	Power Supply	◆ 4+4 3000W 80 PLUS Titanium redundant power supplies ^[1] AC Input: ◆ 100-240V~ [1] The system power supply requires C19 power cord.



System Management

- ◆ Aspeed® AST2600 Baseboard Management Controller
- ◆ GIGABYTE Management Console web interface
- ◆ Dashboard
- ◆ HTML5 KVM
- ◆ Sensor Monitor (Voltage, RPM, Temperature, CPU Status ...etc.)
- ◆ Sensor Reading History Data
- ◆ FRU Information
- ◆ SEL Log in Linear Storage / Circular Storage Policy
- ◆ Hardware Inventory
- ◆ Fan Profile
- ◆ System Firewall
- ◆ Power Consumption
- ◆ Power Control
- ◆ Advanced power capping
- ◆ LDAP / AD / RADIUS Support
- ◆ Backup & Restore Configuration
- ◆ Remote BIOS/BMC/CPLD Update
- ◆ Event Log Filter
- ◆ User Management
- ◆ Media Redirection Settings
- ◆ PAM Order Settings
- ◆ SSL Settings
- ◆ SMTP Settings



Operating Properties

- ◆ Operating temperature: 10°C to 35°C
- ◆ Operating humidity: 8%-80% (non-condensing)
- ◆ Non-operating temperature: -40°C to 60°C
- ◆ Non-operating humidity: 20%-95% (non-condensing)

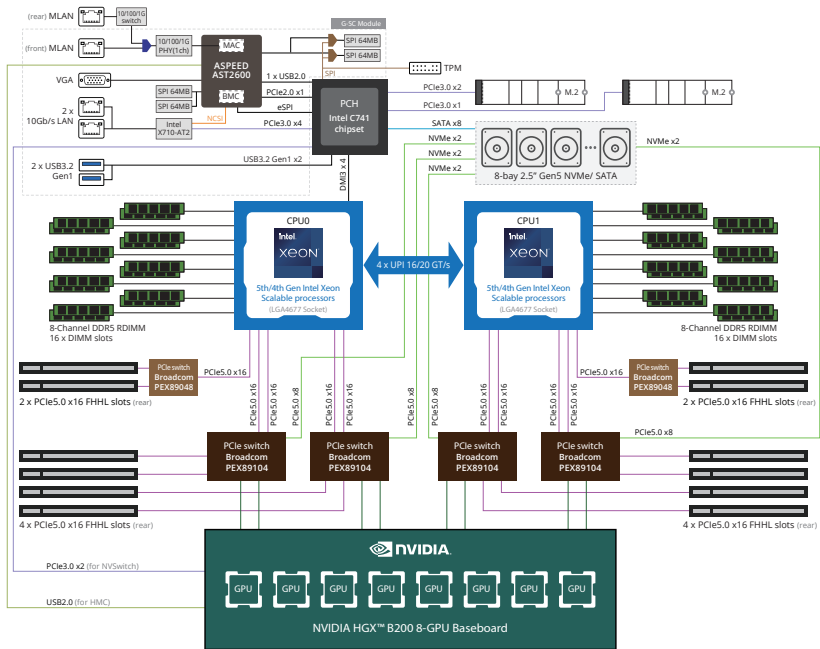
NOTE!

- ◆ **To ensure system stability and prevent condensation, when the room's relative humidity exceeds 50%, the coolant inlet temperature must be higher than the ambient temperature and it should not exceed 40°C.**

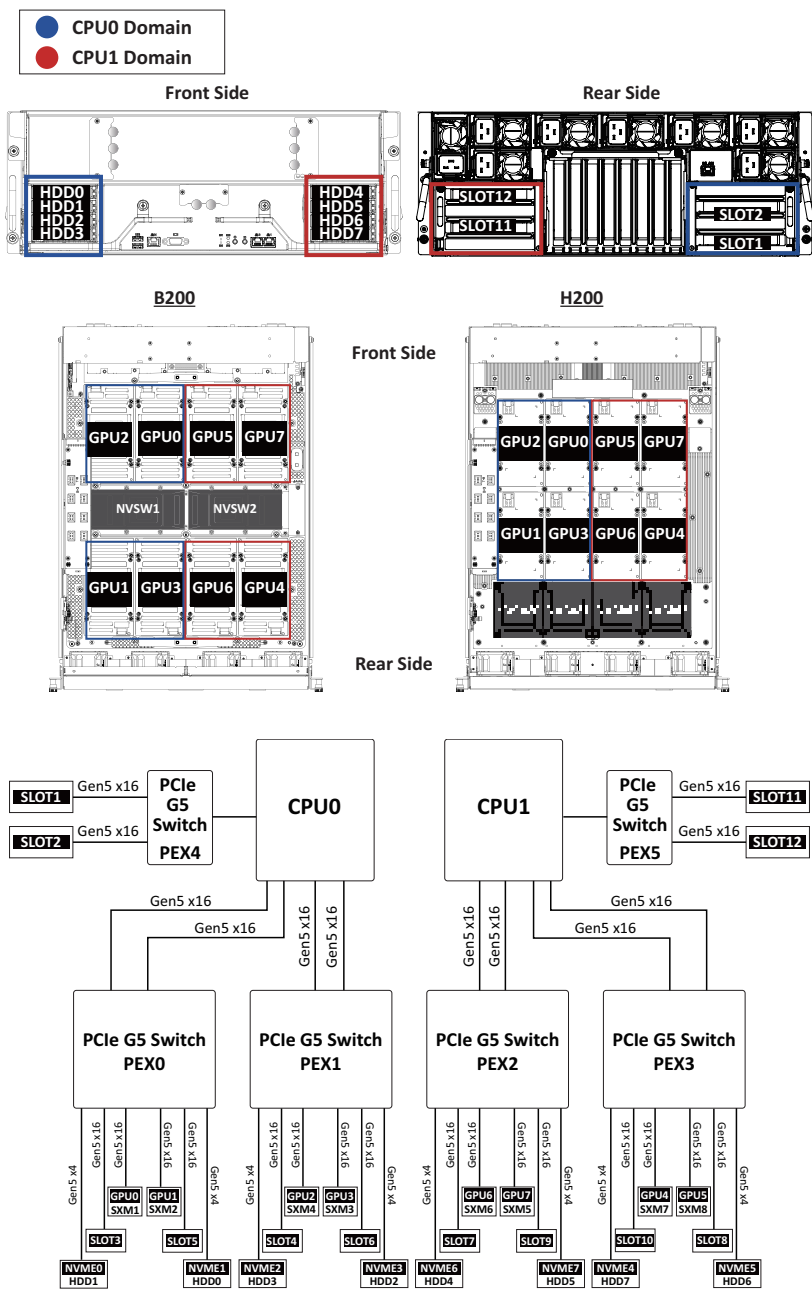
1-3-1 G4L3-SD1-LAX3



1-3-2 G4L3-SD1-LAX5



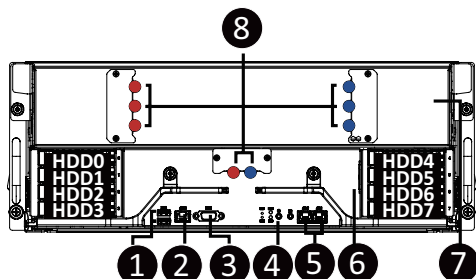
1-4 PCIe Block Diagram



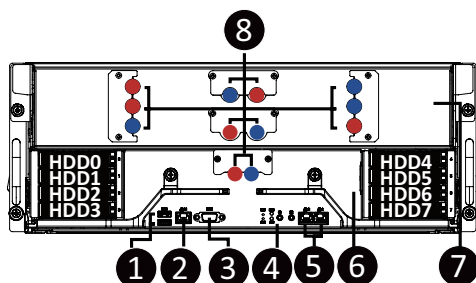
Chapter 2 System Appearance

2-1 Front View

G4L3-SD1-LAX3



G4L3-SD1-LAX5

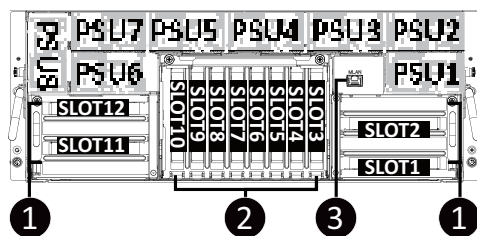


No.	Description
1.	USB 3.2 Gen1 Port x 2
2.	Management LAN Port
3.	VGA Port
4.	Front Panel LEDs and Buttons
5.	Data LAN Port x 2
6.	Motherboard Tray
7.	GPU Tray
8.	Coolant Pipe slot
 Coolant Supply  Coolant Return	



- Refer to section **2-4 Front Panel LEDs and Buttons** for a detailed description of the function of the LEDs.
- Only one Management LAN (front side or rear) can be used at a time.
- The actual product may vary based on the cooling module configurations.

2-2 Rear View

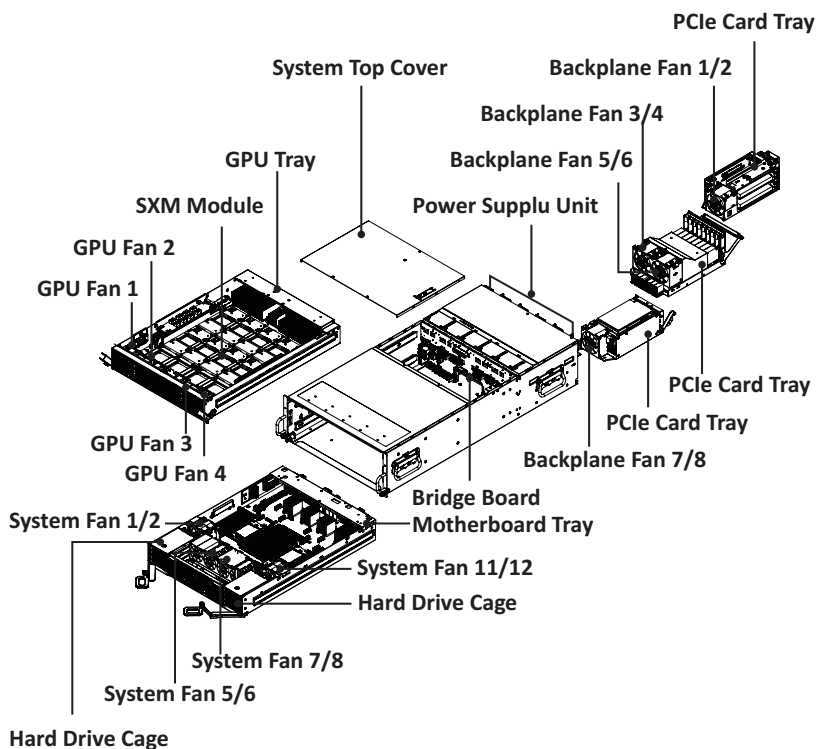


No.	Description
1.	PCIe Card Cage x 2
2.	PCIe Slot x 8
3.	Management LAN Port

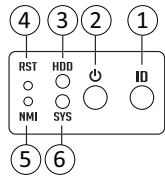


- Refer to section **2-6 Front System LAN LEDs** for a detailed description of the function of the LEDs.
- Only one Management LAN (front side or rear) can be used at a time.

2-3 System Components



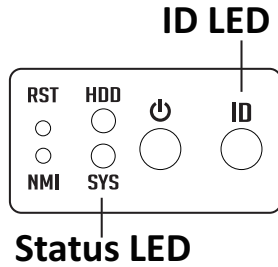
2-4 Front Panel LEDs and Buttons



No.	Name	Color	Status	Description
1.	ID Button with LED ^(Note)	Blue	On	System identification is active.
		N/A	Off	System identification is disabled.
2.	Power button with LED	Green	On	Indicates the system is powered on.
		N/A	Off	System is not powered on or in ACPI S5 state (power off)
3.	NMI button	--	--	Press this button for the server to generate a NMI to the processor. If multiple-bit ECC errors occur, the server will effectively be halted.
4.	Reset Button	--	--	Press this button to reset the system.
5.	System Status LED ^(Note)	Green	Solid On	System is operating normally.
		Amber	Solid On	Critical condition, may indicate: System fan failure System temperature
			Blink	Non-critical condition, may indicate: Redundant power module failure Temperature and voltage issue Chassis intrusion
		N/A	Off	System is not ready, may indicate: POST error NMI error Processor or terminator missing
6.	HDD Status LED	Green	On	Indicates locating the HDD.
			Blink	Indicates accessing the HDD.
		Amber	On	Indicates HDD error.
		Green/ Amber	Blink	Indicates HDD rebuilding.
		N/A	Off	Indicates no HDD access or no HDD error.

(Note) If your server features RoT function, please see the following section for detail LED behavior.

2-5 RoT LEDs



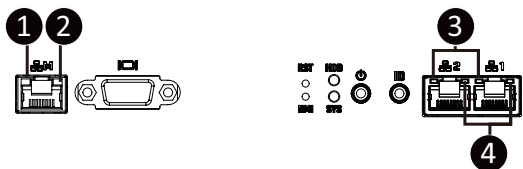
LED on Front panel ^(Note5)		
	ID LED	Status LED
EC Firmware (FW) Authentication fail or not exit		
EC FW is broken or not exit ^(Note1)	OFF	OFF
Authenticating/Recovering BMC/BIOS Images		
Authenticating Images	OFF	OFF
Recovering BMC Active Flash	Blinks Blue 4 times per second	Blinks Green 4 times per second
Recovering BIOS Active Flash	Blinks Blue 4 times per second	Blinks Green 4 times per second
Authentication (AUTH) Pass		
Recovering BIOS Active Flash	OFF	OFF
BMC : AUTH pass after doing recovery	OFF	OFF
BIOS : AUTH pass after doing recovery	OFF	OFF
BMC : AUTH pass after doing recovery	OFF	OFF
BIOS : AUTH pass	OFF	OFF
BMC : AUTH pass	OFF	OFF
BIOS : AUTH pass after doing recovery	OFF	OFF

Active Flash Authentication (AUTH) Fail		
BMC : AUTH Fail ^(Note2)	Blinks Blue	Blinks Green
	1 time per second	1 time per second
BIOS : AUTH fail ^(Note2)	Blinks Blue	Blinks Amber
	1 time per second	1 time per second
BMC : AUTH fail after doing recovery ^(Note3)	Blinks Blue	Blinks Green
	2 times per second [ON OFF OFF]	2 times per second [ON OFF OFF]
BIOS : AUTH fail after doing recovery ^(Note3)	Blinks Blue	Blinks Amber
	2 times per second [ON OFF OFF]	2 times per second [ON OFF OFF]
Backup Flash Authentication Fail ^(Note4)		
BMC : AUTH fail	Blinks Blue	Blinks Green
	2 times per second [ON OFF ON OFF]	2 times per second [ON OFF ON OFF]
BIOS : AUTH fail	Blinks Blue	Blinks Amber
	2 times per second [ON OFF ON OFF]	2 times per second [ON OFF ON OFF]

NOTE!

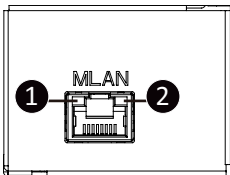
1. EC FW is broken or not exited result in Microchip CEC1702 cannot load EC FW for authentication.
2. CEC1702's bootloader load EC FW from BMC Flash1 when AC on. It must authenticate this FW firstly before run the FW. If the authenticate fail or not get the FW successfully, CEC1702 is not allowed to execute this FW and ECSTS_LED1 on the MB is OFF state.
3. if active flash is still authentication failed after recovery sequence, Microchip CEC1702 stop the process and showing LED behavior.
4. If backup flash authentication is failed cause by configuration table, public key or protected area is broken. Microchip CEC1702 stop the process and showing LED behavior.
5. Front panel LED is controlled by BMC or Microchip CEC1702. Once Microchip CEC1702 is working(Auth or recovery), the front panel LED is controlled by Microchip CEC1702 and vice versa.

2-6 Front System LAN LEDs



No.	Name	Color	Status	Description
1.	1GbE Speed LED	Yellow	On	1 Gbps data rate
		Green	On	100 Mbps data rate
		N/A	Off	10 Mbps data rate
2.	1GbE Link / Activity LED	Green	On	Link between system and network or no access
			Blink	Data transmission or reception is occurring.
		N/A	Off	No data transmission or reception is occurring.
3	10GbE Speed LED	Yellow	On	10 Gbps data rate
		Green	On	1 Gbps data rate
		N/A	Off	100 Mbps data rate
4.	10GbE Link / Activity LED	Green	On	Link between system and network or no access
			Blink	Data transmission or reception is occurring.
		N/A	Off	No data transmission or reception is occurring.

2-7 Rear System LAN LED



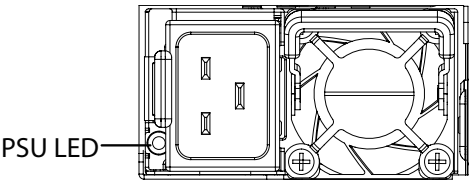
No.	Name	Color	Status	Description
1.	1GbE Speed LED	Yellow	On	1 Gbps data rate
		Green	On	100 Mbps data rate
		N/A	Off	10 Mbps data rate
2.	1GbE Link / Activity LED	Green	On	Link between system and network or no access
			Blink	Data transmission or reception is occurring.
		N/A	Off	No data transmission or reception is occurring.

2-8 Power Supply Unit LED



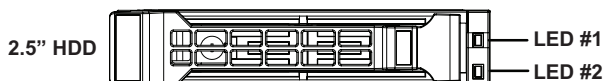
NOTE!

The power supply may be vary based on the system configuration.



State	Description
OFF	No AC power to all power supplies
1Hz Green Blinking	AC present / only standby on / Cold redundant mode
2Hz Green Blinking	Power supply firmware updating mode
Amber	AC cord unplugged or AC power lost; with a second power supply in parallel still with AC input power
	Power supply critical event causing shut down: failure, OCP, OVP, fan failure and UVP
1Hz Amber Blinking	Power supply warning events where the power supply continues to operate: high temp, high power, high current and slow fan

2-9 Hard Disk Drive LEDs



RAID SKU		LED #1	Locate	HDD Fault	Rebuilding	HDD Access	HDD Present (No Access)
No RAID configuration (via HBA)	Disk LED (LED on Back Panel)	Green	ON(*1)	OFF		BLINK (*2)	OFF
		Amber	OFF	OFF		OFF	OFF
	Removed HDD Slot (LED on Back Panel)	Green	ON(*1)	OFF		--	--
		Amber	OFF	OFF		--	--
RAID configuration (via HW RAID Card or SW RAID Card)	Disk LED	Green	ON	OFF		BLINK (*2)	OFF
		Amber	OFF	ON	(Low Speed: 2 Hz)	OFF	OFF
	Removed HDD Slot	Green	ON(*1)	OFF	(*3)	--	--
		Amber	OFF	ON	(*3)	--	--

LED #2	HDD Present	No HDD
Green	ON	OFF

NOTE:

*1: Depends on HBA/Utility Spec.

*2: Blink cycle depends on HDD's activity signal.

*3: If HDD is pulled out during rebuilding, the disk status of this HDD is regarded as faulty.

Chapter 3 System Hardware Installation



Pre-installation Instructions

Computer components and electronic circuit boards can be damaged by discharges of static electricity. Working on computers that are still connected to a power supply can be extremely dangerous. Follow the simple guidelines below to avoid damage to your computer or injury to yourself.

- Always disconnect the computer from the power outlet whenever you are working inside the computer case.
- If possible, wear a grounded wrist strap when you are working inside the computer case. Alternatively, discharge any static electricity by touching the bare metal system of the computer case, or the bare metal body of any other grounded appliance.
- Hold electronic circuit boards by the edges only. Do not touch the components on the board unless it is necessary to do so. Do not flex or stress the circuit board.
- Leave all components inside the static-proof packaging until you are ready to use the component for the installation.

3-1 Removing and Installing the Hard Disk Drive

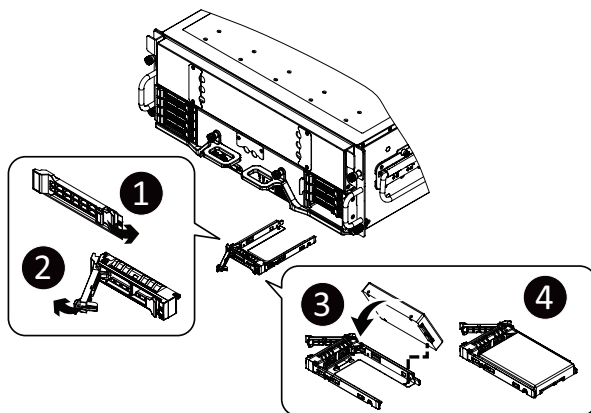


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the hard disk drive:

- Take note of the HDD tray orientation before sliding it out.
- The tray will not fit back into the bay if it is inserted incorrectly.
- Make sure that the hard disk drive is connected to the connector on the backplane.

Follow these instructions to install a 2.5" hard disk drive:

1. Press the release button.
2. Extend the locking lever.
3. Pull the locking lever in the direction indicated to remove the HDD tray.
4. Align the hard disk drive with the positioning stud on the HDD tray.
5. Slide the hard disk drive into the HDD tray.
6. Reinsert the HDD tray into the slot and close the locking lever.



3-2 Removing and Installing the GPU Tray



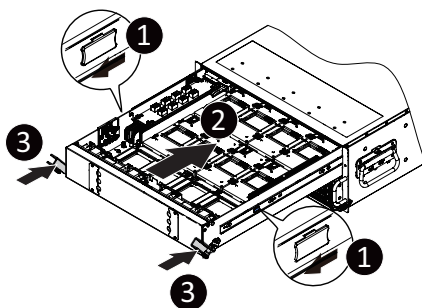
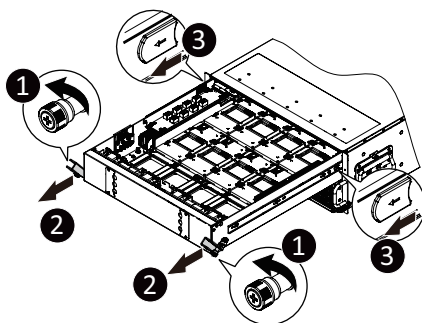
Before you remove or install the GPU Tray:

- Make sure the system is not turned on or connected to AC power

Follow these instructions to remove/install the GPU tray

1. Loosen the top thumbnail screw securing the handles on both sides of the system.
2. Pull the grip handles on both sides of the system slide the tray to the front of the system at the same time to pull out the tray.
3. Slide the white latch on both sides of the tray rail and carefully remove the GPU tray.
4. To reinstall the GPU tray, align it with the rails on both sides and push the blue latches on each side of the tray rail backward to slide it into the system. Then, reverse steps 1-2 to secure the GPU tray in position.

NOTE! Push the handle back only after the GPU tray is fully inserted into the system.



3-3 Removing and Installing the Motherboard Tray



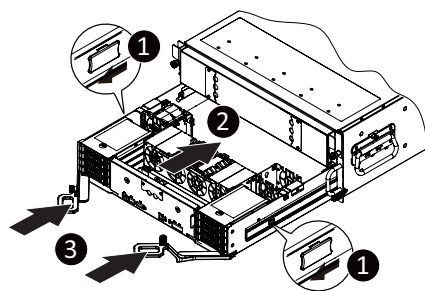
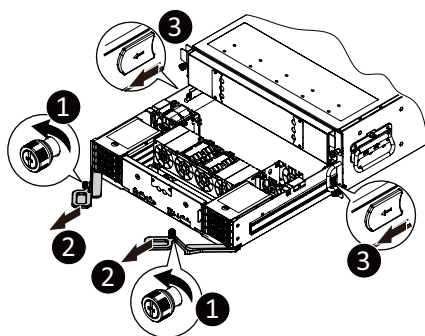
Before you remove or install the Motherboard Tray:

- Make sure the system is not turned on or connected to AC power

Follow these instructions to remove/install the motherboard tray

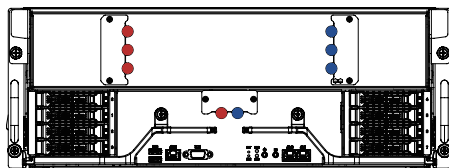
1. Loosen the top thumbnail screw securing the handles on both sides of the system.
2. Pull the grip handles on both sides of the system slide the tray to the front of the system at the same time to pull out the tray.
3. Slide the white latch on both sides of the tray rail and carefully remove the motherboard tray.
4. To reinstall the motherboard tray, align it with the rails on both sides and push the blue latches on each side of the tray rail backward to slide it into the system. Then, reverse steps 1-2 to secure the motherboard tray in position.

NOTE! Push the handle back only after the motherboard tray is fully inserted into the system.

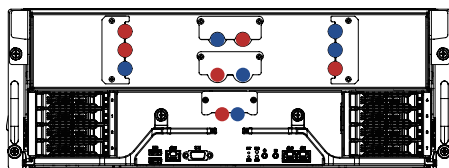


3-4 Liquid Cooling Assembly Information

The liquid cooling assembly is designed to capture heat from the processors and GPUs in the node and cool the components. The coolant flow for the assembly is produced by the eight quick disconnects at the rear of the server chassis.

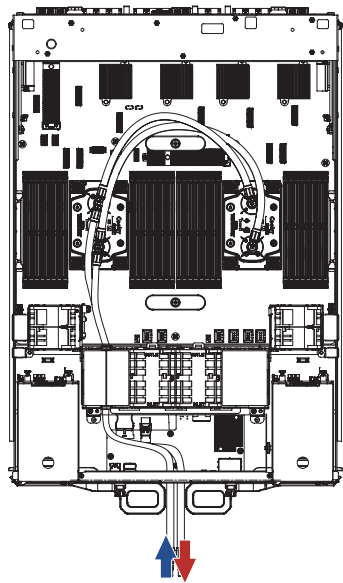


- Coolant Supply
- Coolant Return



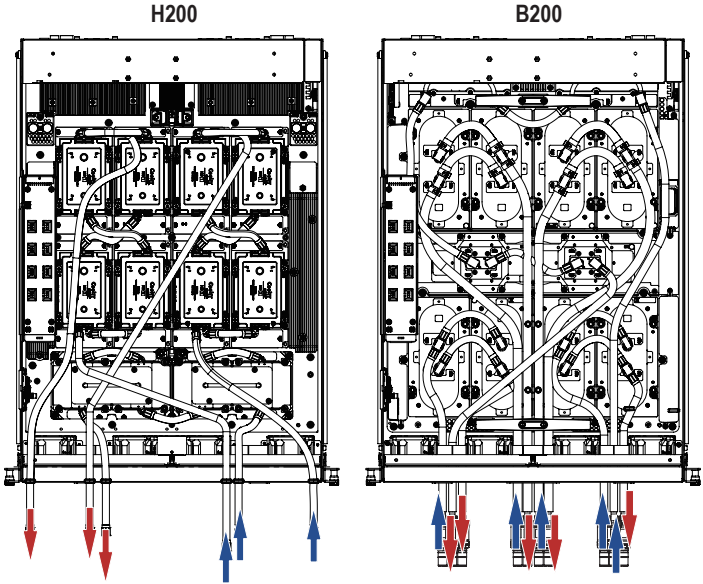
- Coolant Supply
- Coolant Return

The flow of the CPU coolant is shown below:



Flow Order	Component
First	Coolant into CPU
Second	CPU coolant return

The flow of the GPU baseboard coolant is shown below:



Flow Order	Component
First	Coolant into GPU and NVSwitch
Second	GPU and NVSwitch coolant return

3-4-1 Liquid Cooling Specifications

The cold plate assembly in the liquid cooling assembly mounts directly on top of the processors.

The retention mechanism for installation on top of the processors is integrated into the cold plate. The liquid coolant contained within the tubes, is a mixture of demineralized water and propylene glycol with the following beneficial features: Anti-Freeze, Anti-Corrosion and Anti Bacterial. The following table lists the features and specifications of the liquid cooling assembly.

Specification	Value
Cold plate material	Copper
Thermal Interface Material	SHIN ETSU X23-7921 (CPU) Honeywell (PCM) (GPU) Honeywell (PCM) (NVSWITCH)
Operating liquid temperature	Minimum: 5°C Maximum: 70°C
Operating Air temperature	40°C
Coolant Flow Rate	1.45 LPM (CPU) 4.0 LPM Typical (GPU) 0.95 LPM Typical (NVSWITCH)
Operating Humidity	5 - 90%
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 70°C
Storage Humidity	5 - 90%
Dimensions	
CPU	1140 mm * 308 mm * 30 mm
GPU	996 mm * 164 mm * 60 mm
NVSwitch	666 mm * 338 mm * 60 mm
Weight	
CPU	~ 1.6 KG
GPU	~ 6.4 KG
NVSwitch	~ 2.8 KG

NOTE:

To ensure system stability and prevent condensation, when the relative humidity exceeds 50%, the coolant inlet temperature must be higher than the dry-bulb temperature and it should not exceed 40°C.

3-5 Installing the CPU and the Coolant Pipe Module



Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the CPU:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the CPU.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the CPU to prevent hardware damage.
- Unplug all cables from the power outlets.
- Disconnect all telecommunication cables from their ports.
- Place the system unit on a flat and stable surface.
- Open the system according to the instructions.



WARNING!

Failure to properly turn off the server before you start installing components may cause serious damage. Do not attempt the procedures described in the following sections unless you are a qualified service technician.

Follow these instructions to install the CPU:

1. Align the processor to the carrier so that the gold triangle on the processor aligns with the triangle on the carrier, and then install the processor into the carrier.
NOTE: Apply thermal compound evenly on the top of the CPU.
2. Remove the CPU socket cover.

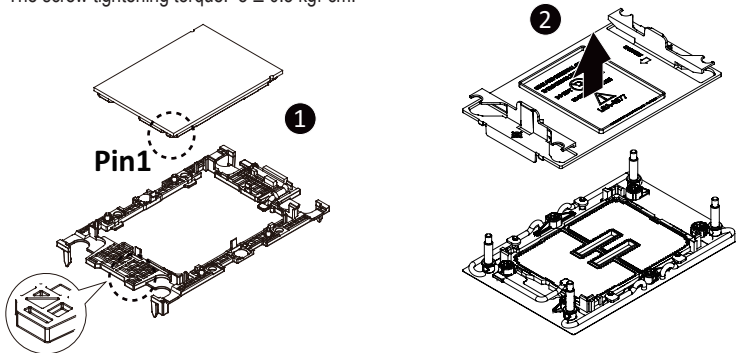
NOTE: Save and replace the CPU socket cover if the processor is removed from its socket.

Carrier Types used for Package Types

Package Type	Xeon® SP XCC	Xeon® SP MCC	Xeon® SP+HBM
Carrier Code	E1A	E1B	E1C

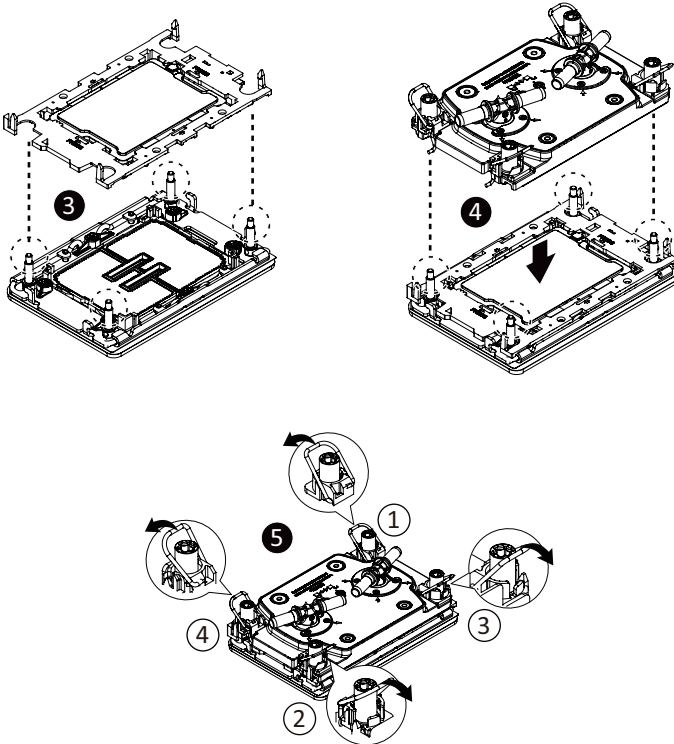
NOTE!

- The carrier code is marked on each carrier and matches a code laser marked on to the IHS(Integrated Heat Spreader) to ensure the right parts are used together.
- When installing the coolant pipe module to CPU,use T30-Lobe driver to tighten 4 captive nuts in sequence as 1-4.
- The screw tightening torque: 8 ± 0.5 kgf-cm.



3. Place the carrier assembly onto the top of the CPU socket.
4. Align the Coldplate with the CPU socket by the guide pins and ensure the gold arrow is in the correct direction. Then, place the Coldplate onto the top of the CPU.
5. Position the rotating wires into the latch position. Tighten the screws in sequential order (1→2→3→4).

NOTE: When disassembling the Coldplate, loosen the screws in reverse order (4→3→2→1) and then move the rotating wires into the unlatch position.



3-6 Removing and Installing Memory

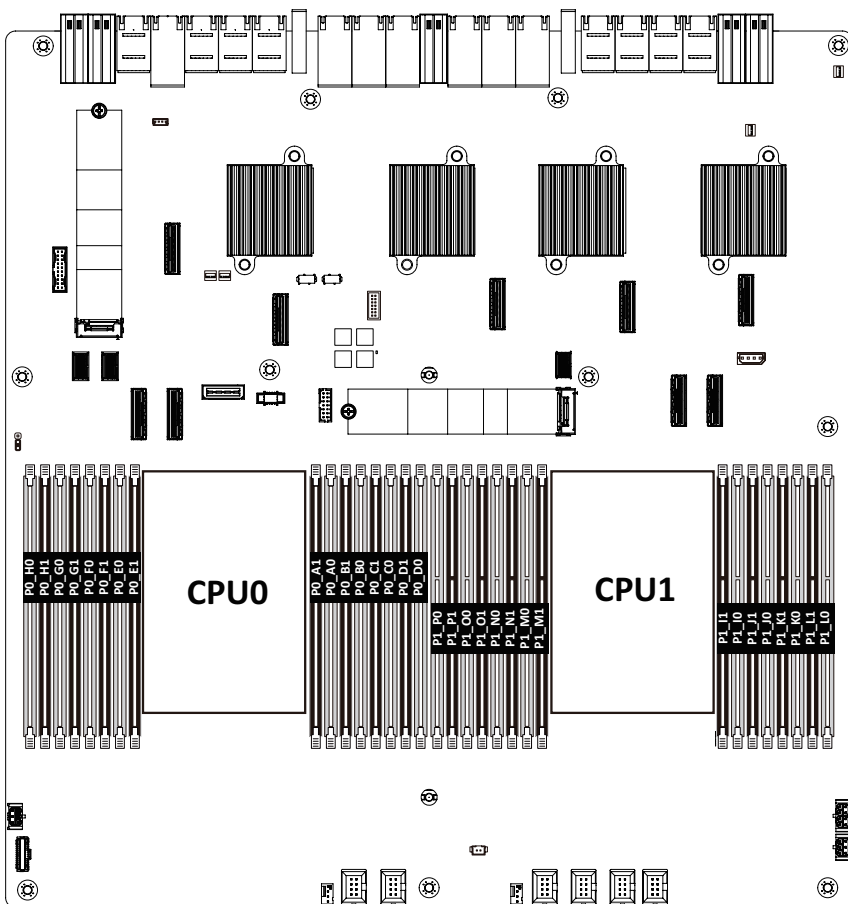


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the memory:

- Make sure that the motherboard supports the memory. It is recommended that memory of the same capacity, brand, speed, and chips be used.
- Always turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet before installing the memory to prevent hardware damage.
- Memory modules have a foolproof design. A memory module can be installed in only one direction. If you are unable to insert the memory, switch the direction.

3-6-1 Eight Channel Memory Configuration

This motherboard provides 32 DDR5 memory sockets and supports Eight Channel Technology. After the memory is installed, the BIOS will automatically detect the specifications and capacity of the memory.



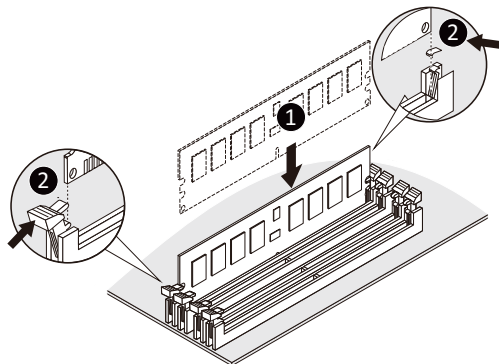
3-6-2 Removing and Installing a Memory Module



Before installing a memory module, make sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the power outlet to prevent damage to the memory module. Be sure to install DDR5 DIMMs on to this motherboard.

Follow these instructions to install a DIMM module:

1. Insert the DIMM memory module vertically into the DIMM slot and push it down.
2. Close the plastic clip at both edges of the DIMM slots to lock the DIMM module.
3. Reverse the installation steps when you want to remove the DIMM module.



3-6-3 DIMM Population Table

4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processors-SP Memory Support

Type	Ranks Per DIMM and Data Width	DIMM Capacity (GB)			Speed (MT/s); Voltage (V); DIMM per Channel (DPC)	
					1DPC ¹	2DPC
		16Gb	24Gb ²	36Gb	1.1V	
RDIMM	SRx8 (RC D)	16GB	24GB	NA	4800	4400
	SRx4 (RC C)	32GB	48GB	NA		
	SRx4 (RC F) 9x4	32GB	NA	NA		
	DRx8 (RC E)	32GB	48GB	NA		
	DRx4 (RC A)	64GB	96GB	128GB		
	DRx4 (RC B) 9x4	64GB	NA	NA		
RDIMM 3DS	(4R/8R)x4 (RC A)	2H-128GB 4H-256GB	NA	NA		

NOTE:

- 1DPC applies to 1SPC or 2SPC implementations (SPC - Sockets Per Channel)
- 24Gb XCC only w/ limited configs: 1DPC all DIMM types, 2DPC 96GB only. Only 8 and 16 DIMM configs, no fallbacks.

5th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processors-SP Memory Support

Type	Ranks Per DIMM and Data Width	DIMM Capacity (GB)			Speed (MT/s); Voltage (V); DIMM per Channel (DPC)	
					1DPC ¹	2DPC
		16Gb	24Gb ²	36Gb	1.1V	
RDIMM	SRx8 (RC D)	16GB	24GB	NA	5600 ³	4400 ³
	SRx4 (RC C)	32GB	48GB	NA		
	SRx4 (RC F) 9x4	NA	NA	NA		
	DRx8 (RC E)	32GB	48GB	NA		
	DRx4 (RC A)	64GB	96GB	128GB		
	DRx4 (RC B) 9x4	NA	NA	NA		
RDIMM 3DS	(4R/8R)x4 (RC A)	2H-128GB 4H-256GB	NA	NA	5600 ⁴	

NOTE:

- 1DPC applies to 1SPC or 2SPC implementations (SPC - Sockets Per Channel)
- 24Gb 2DPC not POR w/ 24GB and 48GB DIMMs.
- DDR5-5600 RDIMMs will be limited to 5600 MT/s 1DPC and 4400 MT/s 2DPC. DDR5-4800 DIMMs will be limited to 4800 MT/s 1DPC and 4400 MT/s 2DPC.
- DDR5-5600 DIMMs are required for 5600 and 5200 1DPC speeds.

3-6-4 Processor and Memory Module Matrix Table

Memory Q'ty for each CPU	CPU0																CPU1															
	H0	H1	G0	G1	F0	F1	E0	E1	A1	A0	B1	B0	C1	C0	D1	D0	P0	P1	O0	O1	N0	N1	M0	M1	I1	I0	J1	J0	K1	K0	L1	L0
1 DIMM										v																	v					
2 DIMM				v						v										v								v				
4 DIMM				v			v			v				v						v				v			v			v		
6 DIMM				v		v	v			v				v		v				v		v	v				v			v		v
8 DIMM	v		v		v		v			v		v	v	v		v	v	v	v	v		v	v	v		v	v	v	v	v	v	v
12 DIMM	v		v		v	v	v		v	v	v		v	v	v		v	v		v	v	v	v	v	v	v		v	v	v		v
16 DIMM	v	v	v		v	v	v	v	v	v	v		v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v

3-7 Removing and Installing the PCIe Card



- Voltages can be present within the server whenever an AC power source is connected. This voltage is present even when the main power switch is in the off position. Ensure that the system is powered off and all power sources have been disconnected from the server prior to installing a PCIe card.
- Failure to observe these warnings could result in personal injury or damage to equipment.



- The PCIe riser assembly does not include a riser card or any cabling as standard. To install a PCIe card, a riser card must be installed.

Follow these instructions to install a PCIe card:

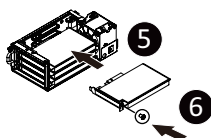
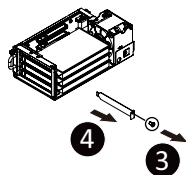
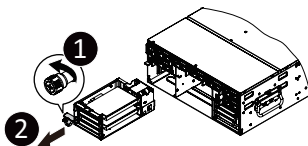
Left PCIe Card Cage

1. Press the release latch.
2. Simultaneously pulling up the tray handle for the PCIe card cage.
3. Pull the cage out of the system.
4. Orient the PCIe card with the riser guide slot and push in the direction of the arrow until the PCIe card sits in the PCIe card connector.

NOTE: Some riser brackets allow for single or multiple PCIe cards.

Repeat steps 3-4 as necessary.

5. Secure the PCIe card with the screw.
6. Repeat steps 1-2 to install the PCIe card cage into the system.



Follow these instructions to install a PCIe card:

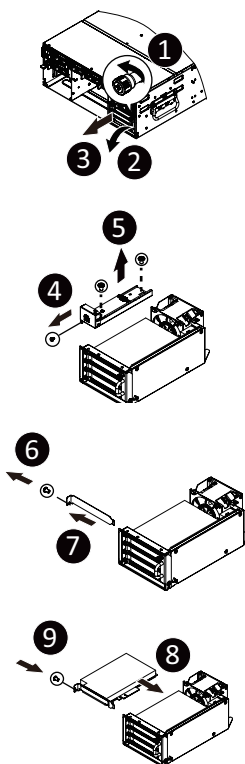
Right PCIe Card Cage

1. Press the release latch.
2. Simultaneously pulling up the tray handle for the PCIe card cage.
3. Pull the cage out of the system.
4. Remove the screw securing the Management module tray.
5. Remove the Management module tray from the PCIe cage.
6. Orient the PCIe card with the riser guide slot and push in the direction of the arrow until the PCIe card sits in the PCIe card connector.

NOTE: Some riser brackets allow for single or multiple PCIe cards.

Repeat steps 4-5 as necessary.

7. Secure the PCIe card with the screw.
8. Repeat steps 1-3 to install the PCIe card cage into the system.



Follow these instructions to install a PCIe card:

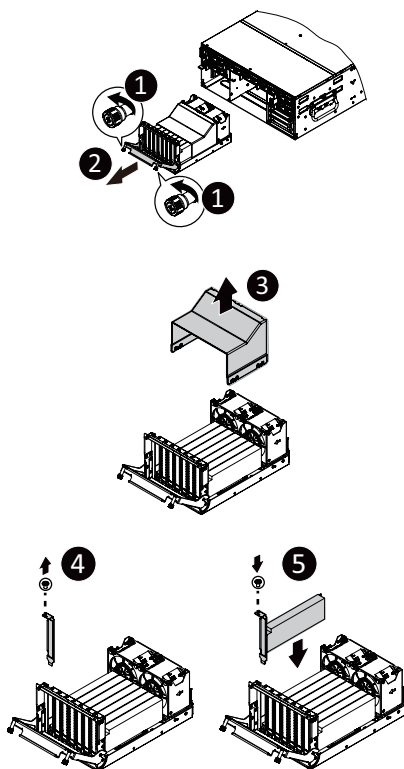
Middle PCIe Card Cage

1. Press the release latches.
2. Simultaneously pulling up the tray handle for the PCIe card cage and pull the cage out of the system.
3. Remove the fan duct.
4. Remove the screw securing the Management module tray.
5. Remove the Management module tray from the PCIe cage.
6. Orient the PCIe card with the riser guide slot and push in the direction of the arrow until the PCIe card sits in the PCIe card connector.

NOTE: Some riser brackets allow for single or multiple PCIe cards.

Repeat steps 4-5 as necessary.

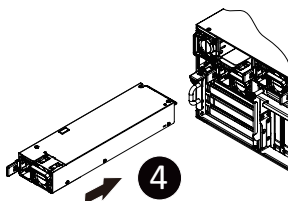
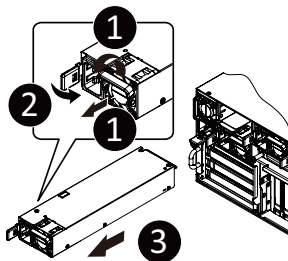
7. Secure the PCIe card with the screw.
8. Repeat steps 1-3 to install the PCIe card cage into the system.



3-8 Removing and Installing the Power Supply

Follow these instructions to replace the power supply:

1. Flip up and then grasp the power supply handle.
2. Press the retaining clip on the right side of the power supply unit in the direction indicated.
3. Pull out the power supply unit using the handle.
4. Insert the replacement power supply unit firmly into the chassis. Connect the AC power cord to the replacement power supply.
5. Repeat steps 1-4 for replacement of the second power supply.



3-9 Installing the M.2 Device and Heat Sink

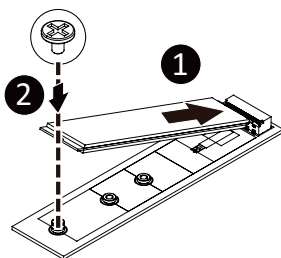


CAUTION

The position of the stand-off screw will depend on the size of the M.2 device. The stand-off screw is pre-installed for 22110 cards as standard. Refer to the size of the M.2 device and change the position of the stand-off screw accordingly.

Follow these instructions to install the M.2 device:

1. Insert the M.2 SSD module into the slot.
2. Secure it with the screw, tightening as necessary to fasten the M.2 SSD module in place.



3-9-1 M.2 device with Heatsink



WARNING:

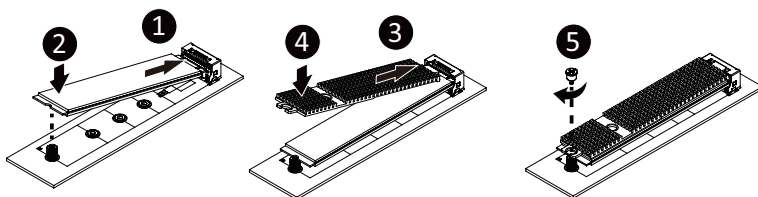
Please ensure a heatsink is attached to any M.2 device installed into the system. Installing an M.2 device without any heatsink may result in the system overheating or system performance being throttled.



- Please Go to for specific M.2 Slot location.
- To install/remove the M.2 module and Heatsink use a No. 1 Phillips-head screwdriver with a screw torque of $1.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ kgf}\cdot\text{cm}$

Follow these instructions to install the M.2 device and heat sink:

1. Insert the M.2 device into the M.2 connector.
2. Press down on the M.2 device.
3. Install the thermal pad of the M.2 device to the M.2 device.
4. Press down on the thermal pad.
5. Secure the M.2 device and its thermal pad to the motherboard with a single screw.
6. Reverse steps 1-2 to remove the M.2 device.



3-10 Removing and Installing the Top Cover

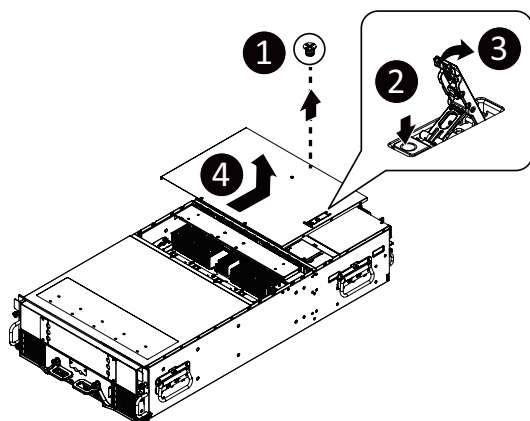


Before you remove the top cover:

Make sure the system is not turned on or connected to AC power.

Follow these instructions to remove the top cover:

1. Remove the screw securing the top cover.
2. Unlock the plastic handle.
3. Pull the grip handle.
4. Slide the cover to the rear of the system and then remove the cover in the direction indicated by the arrow.
5. To reinstall the chassis cover reverse steps 1-3.



3-11 Installing the System into the Cabinet

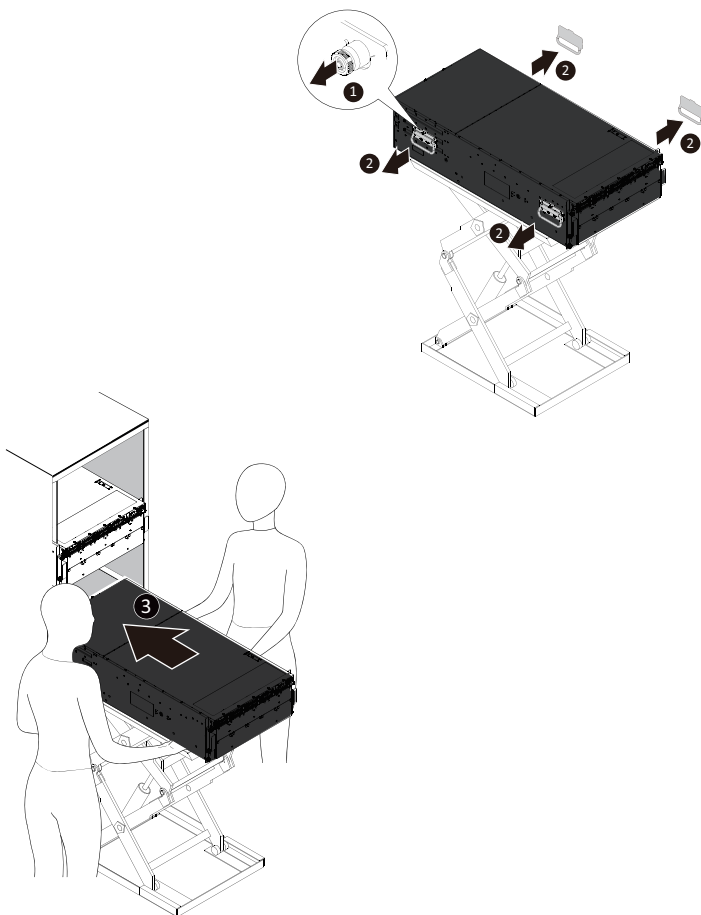


Read the following guidelines before you begin to install the system into the cabinet:

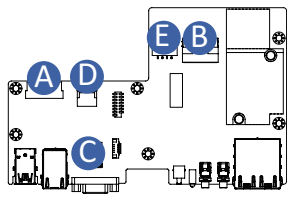
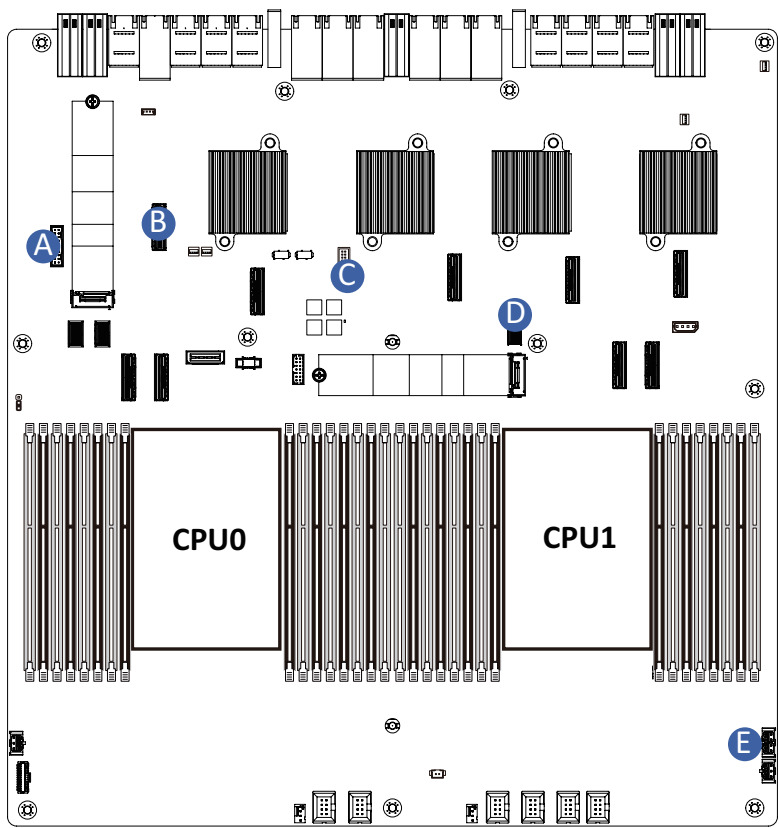
- Make sure the system is not turned on or connected to AC power.
- A Lift Table is required. Place the system unit on Lift Table.
- Four Person lift required. Firmly hold the bottom of the system when required to lift and carry the system.
- Failure to observe these warnings could result in personal injury or damage to the equipment.

Follow these instructions to install the system into the cabinet:

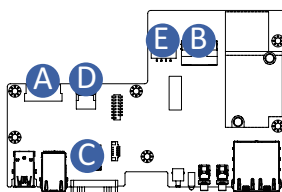
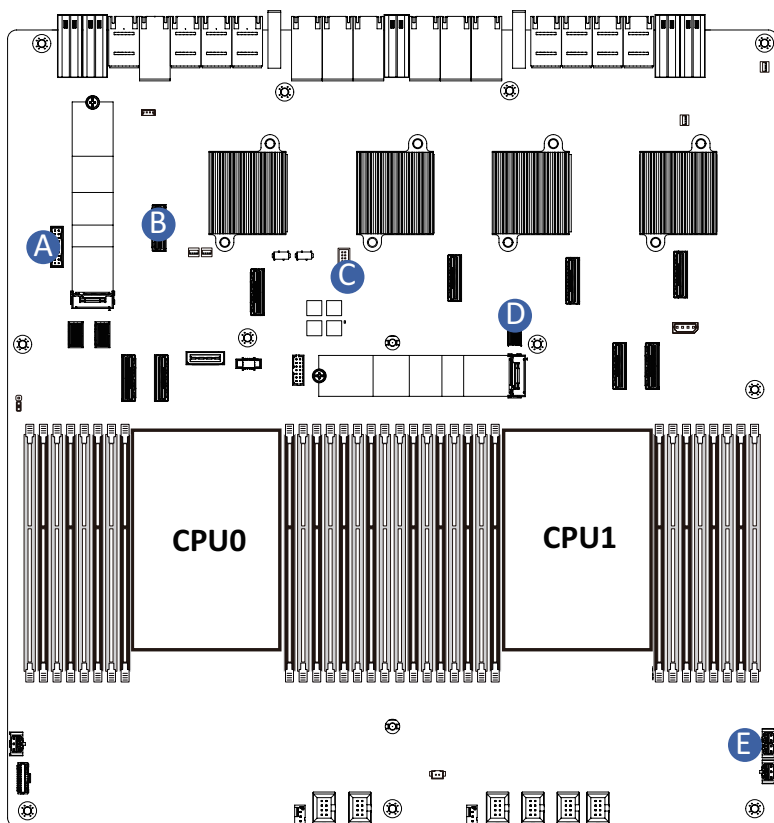
1. Pull out and release the thumbnail screw securing the chassis handle in place.
2. Remove the four handles on each side of the system.
3. Carefully slide the system into the cabinet.



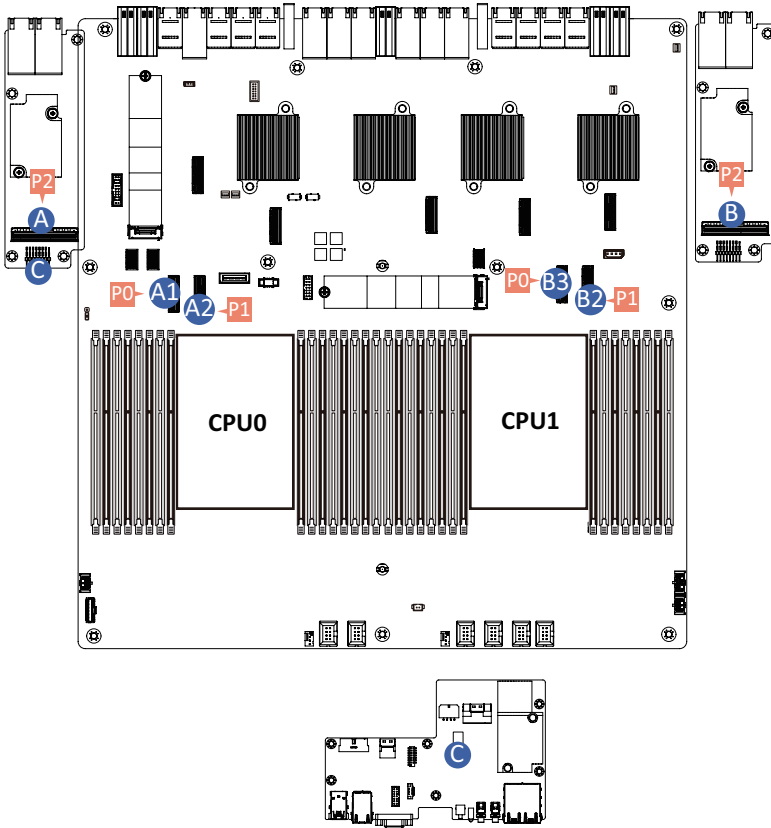
3-12 Cable Connection



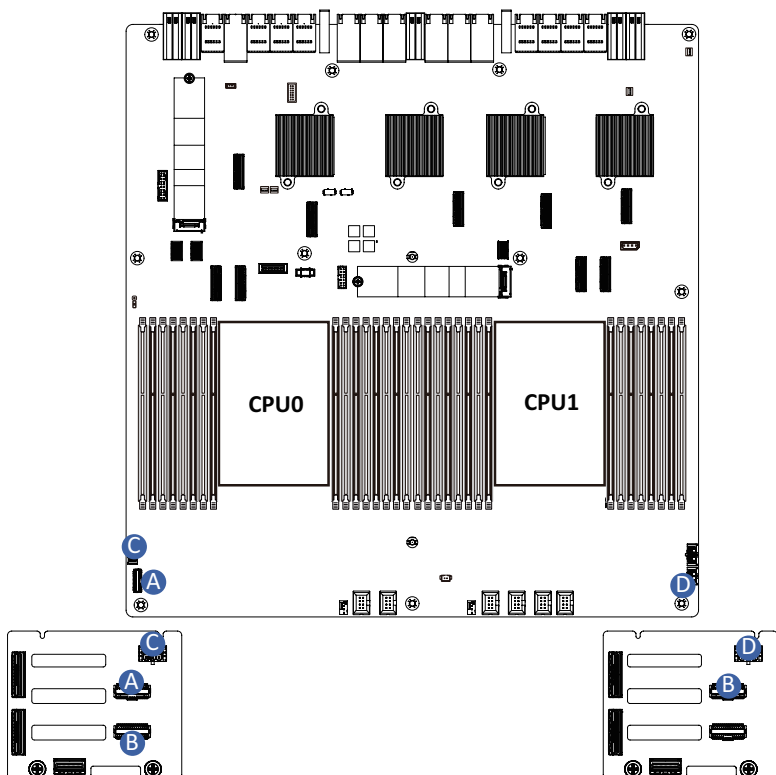
A	Front USB 3.0 Cable	Motherboard: F_USB3
		Front IO Board: F_USB3_CON
B	Front IO Board Signal Cable	Motherboard: FP_IO
		Front IO Board: FP_IO



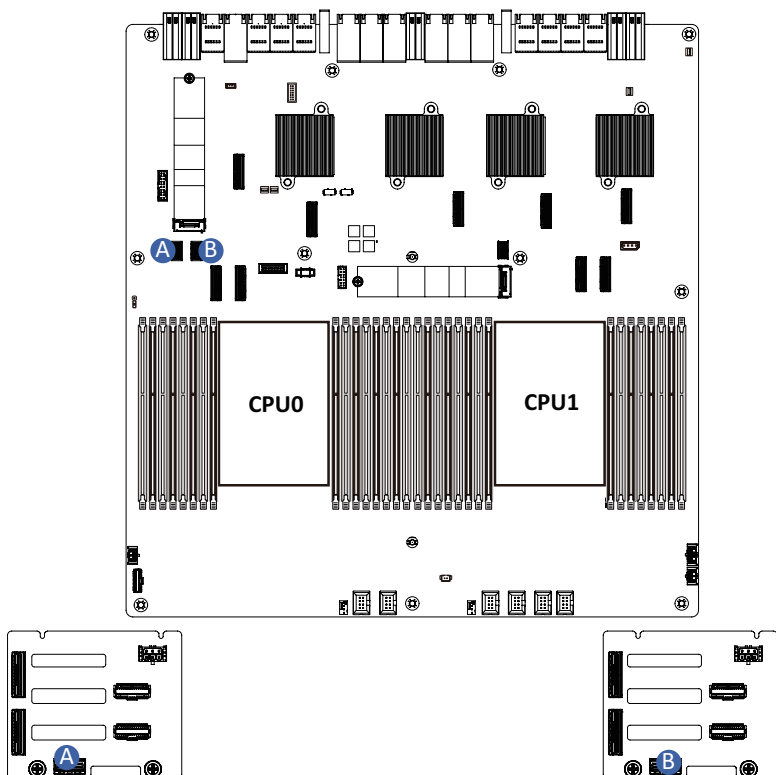
C	Front IO VGA Cable	Motherboard: VGA_CON
		Front IO Board: F_VGA1_CON
D	Front IO Board LAN Cable	Motherboard: FP_PWR
		Front IO Board: FP_LAN
E	Front IO Board Power Cable	Motherboard: FP_PWR
		Front IO Board: P12V_2



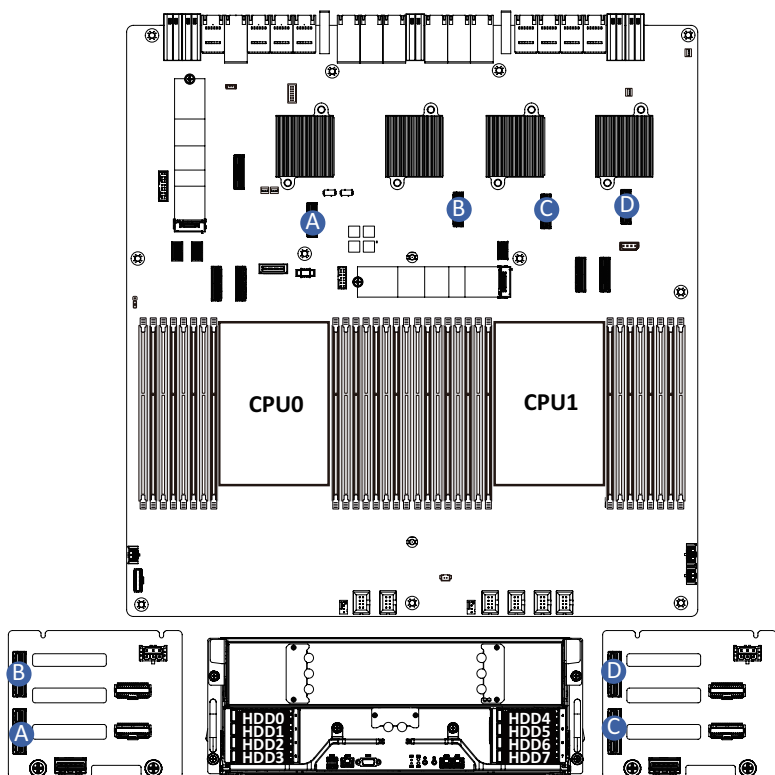
A	Rear LAN to Motherboard Signal Cable	Rear LAN Board: U2_PE1
		Motherboard: A1: U2_P0_PEA A2: U2_P0_PEB
B	Rear LAN to Motherboard Signal Cable	Rear LAN Board: U2_PE1
		Motherboard: B1: U2_P1_PEA B2: U2_P1_PEB
C	Rear LAN to Front IO LAN Signal Cable	Rear LAN Board: REAR_MLAN
		Front IO Board: CN_LAN_F



A	HDD Backplane Board Signal Cable	Motherboard: BP_1
		Front HDD Board: BP_1
B	HDD Backplane Board Signal Cable	Left Front HDD Board: BP_SERIES
		Right Front HDD Board: BP_1
C	HDD Backplane Board Power Cable	Motherboard: BP_PWR1
		Left Front HDD Board: BP_PWR
D	HDD Backplane Board Power Cable	Motherboard: BP_PWR2
		Right Front HDD Board: BP_PWR



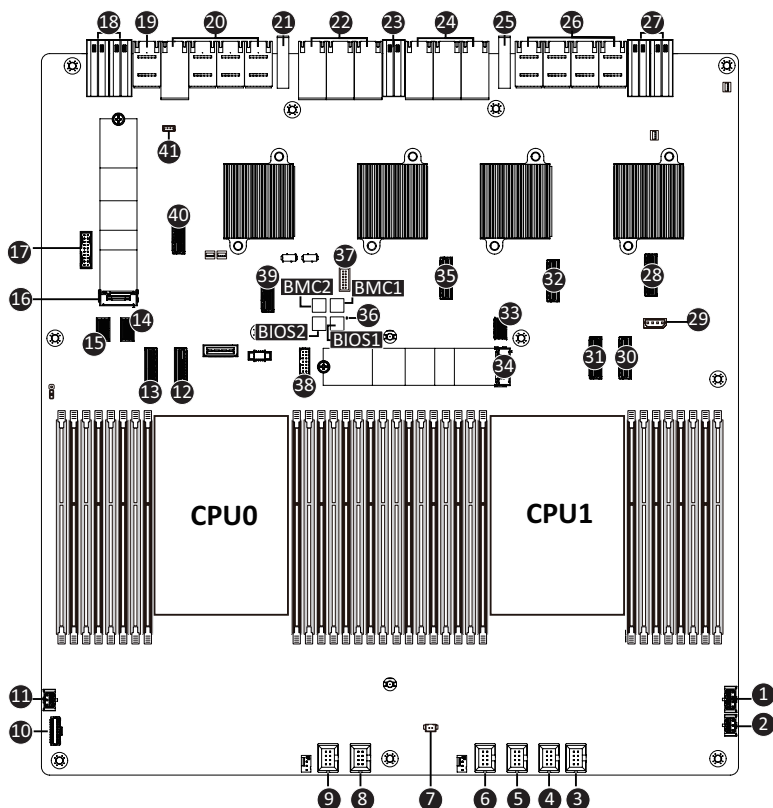
A	SATA Cable	Motherboard: SL_CN1
		Left Front HDD Board: SL_CN1
B	SATA Cable	Motherboard: SL_CN2
		Right Front HDD Board: SL_CN1



A	NVMe 0-1 Cable	Motherboard: U2_PEX0	C	NVMe 4-5 Cable	Motherboard: U2_PEX2
		Front HDD Board: U2_0			Front HDD Board: U2_0
B	NVMe 2-3 Cable	Motherboard: U2_PEX1	D	NVMe 6-7 Cable	Motherboard: U2_PEX3
		Front HDD Board: U2_1			Front HDD Board: U2_1

Chapter 4 Motherboard Components

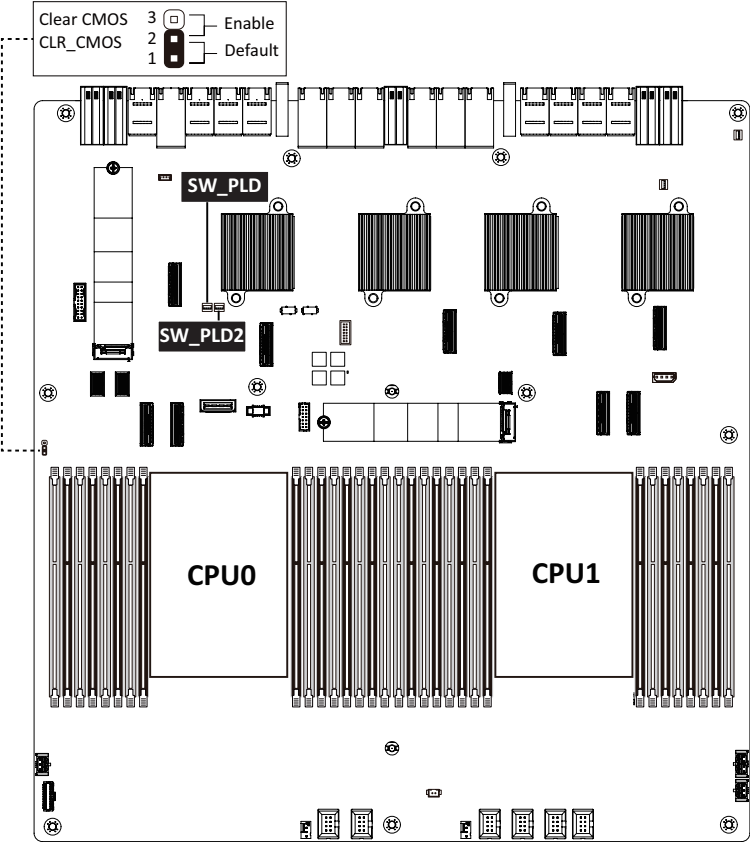
4-1 Motherboard Components



Item	Description
1	2 x 4 Pin Front Panel Power Connector (FP_PWR)
2	2 x 3 Backplane Power Connector (BPB_PWR2)
3	FAN_11/FAN_12 Connector
4	FAN_9/FAN_10 Connector
5	FAN_7/FAN_8 Connector
6	FAN_5/FAN_6 Connector
7	Battery Cable Connector
8	FAN_3/FAN_4 Connector
9	FAN_1/FAN_2 Connector
10	HDD Backplane Board Connector
11	2 x 3 Backplane Power Connector (BPB_PWR1)
12	MCIO Connector (U2_P0_PE1B/PCIe Gen5)

Item	Description
13	MCIO Connector (U2_P0_PE1A/PCIe Gen5)
14	SlimLine Connector (HDD Backplane Board SATA Signal/SL_CN2)
15	SlimLine Connector (HDD Backplane Board SATA Signal/SL_CN1)
16	M.2 Slot (PCIe Gen3 x2, Support NGFF-22110)
17	Front USB 3.2 Gen1 Connector
18	Motherboard Power Connector (MB_PWR1/MB_PWR2)
19	Power Distribution Board Connector (PDB_IO)
20	PCIe Signal Connector (EX_SXMJ3-6)
21	Guide Pin Connector (GP1)
22	PCIe Signal Connector (EX_SLT1_3/EX_SLT2_3_EX_SLT4)
23	PCIe Bridge Board Power Connector (PCIE_PWR1)
24	PCIe Signal Connector (EX_SLT5_6/EX_SLT6_7/EX_SLT8)
25	Guide Pin Connector (GP2)
26	PCIe Signal Connector (EX_SXMJ7-10)
27	Motherboard Power Connector (MB_PWR3/MB_PWR4)
28	MCIO Connector (U2_PEX3/PCIe Gen5)
29	IPMB Connector
30	MCIO Connector (U2_P1_PE1B/PCIe Gen5)
31	MCIO Connector (U2_P1_PE1A/PCIe Gen5)
32	MCIO Connector (U2_PEX2/PCIe Gen5)
33	SlimLine Connector (for MLAN/FP_LAN)
34	M.2 Slot (PCIe Gen3 x1, Support NGFF-22110)
35	MCIO Connector (U2_PEX1/PCIe Gen5)
36	BMC Firmware Readiness LED
37	VGA/Serial Port Header
38	TPM Module Connector
39	MCIO Connector (U2_PEX0x/PCIe Gen5)
40	MCIO Connector (for System I/O/FP_IO)
41	VROC Module Connector

4-2 Jumper Settings

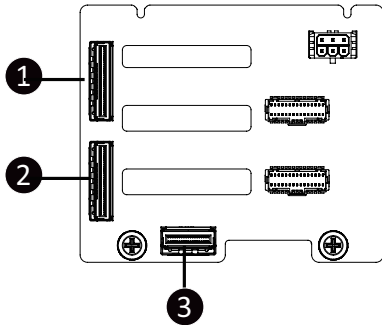


SW_PLD		ON	OFF
1	HSMB_SEL	BMC Control	PCH [Default]
2	SPD_SW	BMC Control	PCH [Default]
3	S3_MASK	Stop initial power on when BMC is not ready	Normal [Default]
4	FORCE_PWRON	Force power on mode	Normal [Default]

SW_PLD2		ON	OFF
1	ME_UPDATE	ME force update mode	Normal [Default]
2	BIOS_PWD	Clear supervisor password	Normal [Default]
3	BIOS_RCVR	BIOS recovery mode	Normal [Default]
4	ME_RCVR	ME recovery mode	Normal [Default]

4-3 Backplane Board Storage Connector

4-2-1 CBPG641 (Front System Storage Board)



Item	Description
1	MCIO 8i (SFF-TA1016/U2_1)
2	MCIO 8i (SFF-TA1016/U2_0)
3	MCIO 4i (SFF-TA1016/SL_CN1)

Chapter 5 BIOS Setup

BIOS (Basic Input and Output System) records hardware parameters of the system in the EFI on the motherboard. Its major functions include conducting the Power-On Self-Test (POST) during system startup, saving system parameters, loading the operating system etc. The BIOS includes a BIOS Setup program that allows the user to modify basic system configuration settings or to activate certain system features. When the power is turned off, the battery on the motherboard supplies the necessary power to the CMOS to keep the configuration values in the CMOS.

To access the BIOS Setup program, press the key during the POST when the power is turned on.



- BIOS flashing is potentially risky, if you do not encounter any problems when using the current BIOS version, it is recommended that you don't flash the BIOS. To flash the BIOS, do it with caution. Inadequate BIOS flashing may result in system malfunction.
- It is recommended that you not alter the default settings (unless you need to) to prevent system instability or other unexpected results. Inadequately altering the settings may result in system's failure to boot. If this occurs, try to clear the CMOS values and reset the board to default values. (Refer to the **Exit** section in this chapter or introductions of the battery/clearing CMOS jumper in Chapter 4 for how to clear the CMOS values.)

BIOS Setup Program Function Keys

<<-><->>	Move the selection bar to select the screen
<↑><↓>	Move the selection bar to select an item
<+>	Increase the numeric value or make changes
<->	Decrease the numeric value or make changes
<Enter>	Execute command or enter the submenu
<Esc>	Main Menu: Exit the BIOS Setup program Submenus: Exit current submenu
<F1>	Show descriptions of general help
<F3>	Restore the previous BIOS settings for the current submenus
<F9>	Load the Optimized BIOS default settings for the current submenus
<F10>	Save all the changes and exit the BIOS Setup program

■ **Main**

This setup page includes all the items of the standard compatible BIOS.

■ **Advanced**

This setup page includes all the items of AMI BIOS special enhanced features.

(ex: Auto detect fan and temperature status, automatically configure hard disk parameters.)

■ **Chipset**

This setup page includes all the submenu options for configuring the functions of the Platform Controller Hub.

■ **Server Management**

Server additional features enabled/disabled setup menus.

■ **Security**

Change, set, or disable supervisor and user password. Configuration supervisor password allows you to restrict access to the system and BIOS Setup.

A supervisor password allows you to make changes in BIOS Setup.

A user password only allows you to view the BIOS settings but not to make changes.

■ **Boot**

This setup page provides items for configuration of the boot sequence.

■ **Save & Exit**

Save all the changes made in the BIOS Setup program to the CMOS and exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <F10> can also carry out this task.)

Abandon all changes and the previous settings remain in effect. Pressing <Y> to the confirmation message will exit BIOS Setup. (Pressing <Esc> can also carry out this task.)

5-1 The Main Menu

Once you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main Menu (as shown below) appears on the screen. Use arrow keys to move among the items and press <Enter> to accept or enter other sub-menu.

Main Menu Help

The on-screen description of a highlighted setup option is displayed on the bottom line of the Main Menu.

Submenu Help

While in a submenu, press <F1> to display a help screen (General Help) of function keys available for the menu. Press <Esc> to exit the help screen. Help for each item is in the Item Help block on the right side of the submenu.



- When the system is not stable as usual, select the **Restore Defaults** item to set your system to its defaults.
- The BIOS Setup menus described in this chapter are for reference only and may differ by BIOS version.

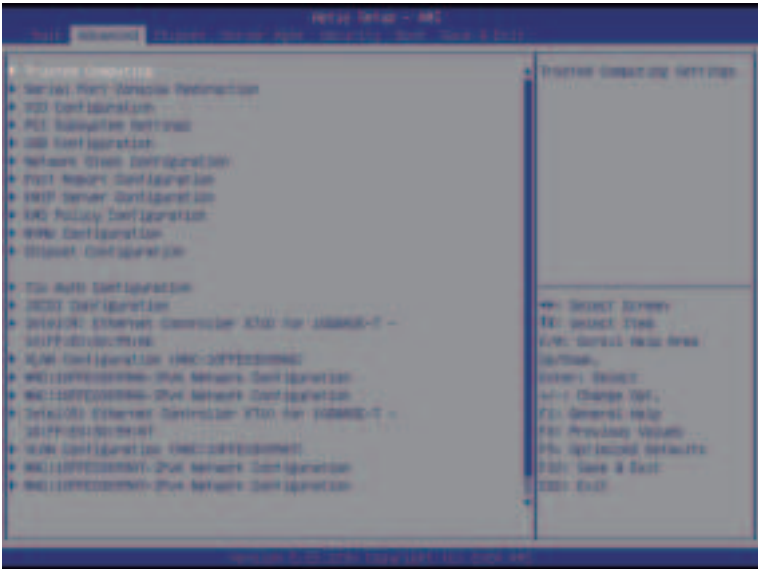


Parameter	Description
Memory Frequency	Displays the frequency information of the installed memory.
Onboard LAN Information ^(Note3)	
LAN# MAC Address	Displays LAN MAC address information.
System Date	Sets the date following the weekday-month-day-year format.
System Time	Sets the system time following the hour-minute-second format.

(Note3) The number of LAN ports listed will depend on the motherboard / system model.

5-2 Advanced Menu

The Advanced Menu displays submenu options for configuring the function of various hardware components. Select a submenu item, then press <Enter> to access the related submenu screen.

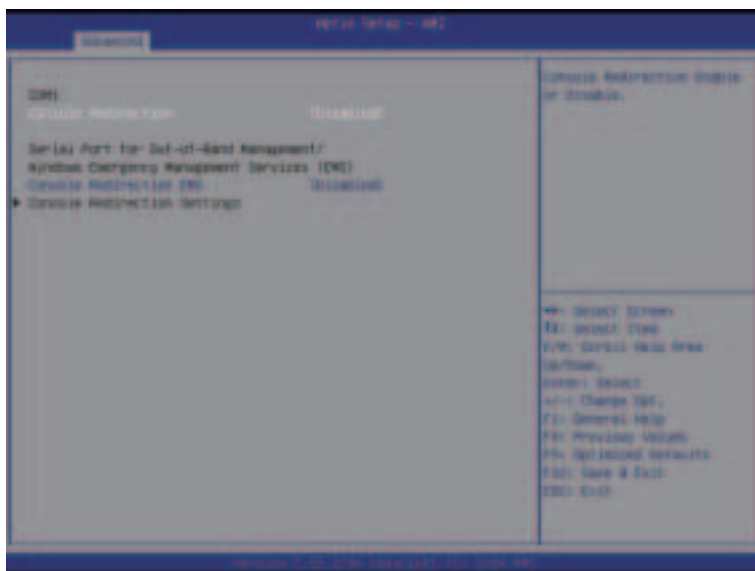


5-2-1 Trusted Computing



Parameter	Description
Configuration	
TPM v1.2 Support	Enable/Disable BIOS support for security device. OS will not show security device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available. Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Enable .

5-2-2 Serial Port Console Redirection



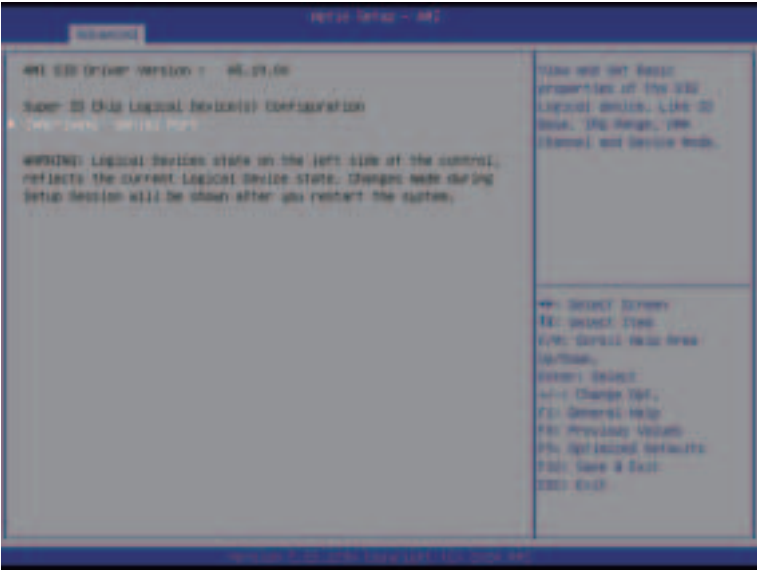
Parameter	Description
COM1 Console Redirection ^(Note)	Console redirection enables the users to manage the system from a remote location. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.
COM1 Console Redirection Settings	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. Please note that this item is configurable when COM1 Console Redirection is set to Enabled. ◆ Terminal Type – Selects a terminal type to be used for console redirection. – Options available: VT100, VT100PLUS, VT-UTF8, ANSI. Default setting is VT100PLUS. ◆ Bits per second – Selects the transfer rate for console redirection. – Options available: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200. Default setting is 115200. ◆ Data Bits – Selects the number of data bits used for console redirection. – Options available: 7, 8. Default setting is 8.

(Note) Advanced items prompt when this item is defined.

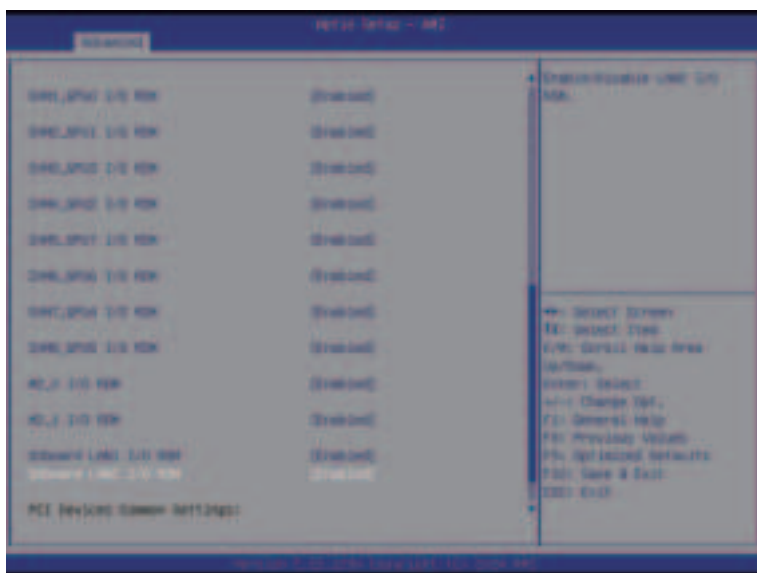
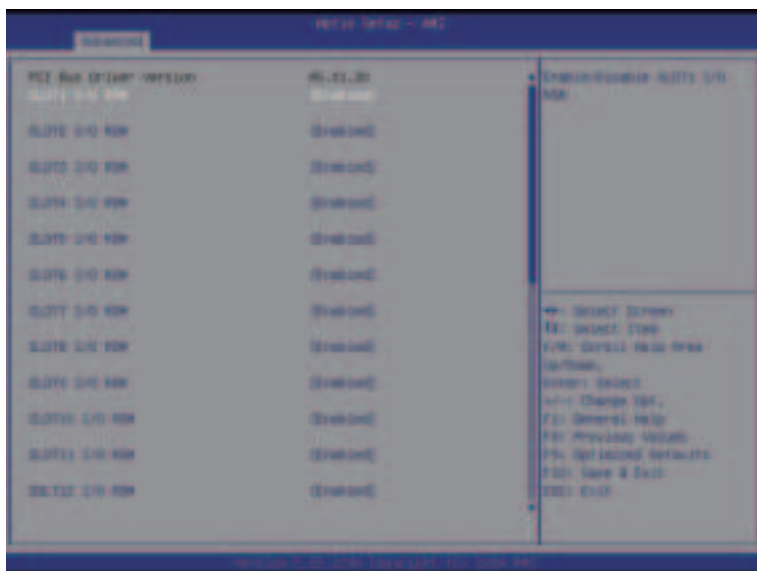
Parameter	Description
COM1 Console Redirection Settings (continued)	◆ Parity – A parity bit can be sent with the data bits to detect some transmission errors. – Even: parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is even. – Odd: parity bit is 0 if num of 1's in the data bits is odd. – Mark: parity bit is always 1. Space: Parity bit is always 0. – Mark and Space Parity do not allow for error detection. – Options available: None, Even, Odd, Mark, Space. Default setting is None. ◆ Stop Bits – Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet. (A start bit indicates the beginning). The standard setting is 1 stop bit. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit. – Options available: 1, 2. Default setting is 1. ◆ Flow Control – Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a 'start' signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals. – Options available: None, Hardware RTS/CTS. Default setting is None. ◆ VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support – Enable/Disable the VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled. ◆ Recorder Mode – When this mode enabled, only texts will be send. This is to capture Terminal data. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled. ◆ Resolution 100x31 – Enable/Disable extended terminal resolution. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled. ◆ Putty KeyPad – Selects Function Key and KeyPad on Putty. – Options available: VT100, LINUX, XTERMR6, SC0, ESCN, VT400. Default setting is VT100.

Parameter	Description
Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management / Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) Console Redirection ^(Note)	EMS console redirection allows the user to configure Console Redirection Settings to support Out-of-Band Serial Port management. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.
Serial Port for Out-of-Band EMS Console Redirection Settings	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. Please note that this item is configurable when Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management EMS Console Redirection is set to Enabled. ◆ Out-of-Band Mgmt Port – Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Service (EMS) allows for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port. – Default setting is COM1. ◆ Terminal Type EMS – Selects a terminal type to be used for console redirection. – Options available: VT100, VT100PLUS, VT-UTF8, ANSI. Default setting is VT100PLUS. ◆ Bits per second EMS – Selects the transfer rate for console redirection. – Options available: 9600, 19200, 57600, 115200. Default setting is 115200. ◆ Flow Control EMS – Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a 'start' signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals. – Options available: None, Hardware RTS/CTS, Software Xon/Xoff. Default setting is None.

5-2-3 SIO Configuration



Parameter	Description
AMI SIO Driver Version	Displays the AMI SIO driver version information.
Super IO Chip Logical Device(s) Configuration	
	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
	◆ Use This Device – When set to Enabled allows you to configure the serial port settings. When set to Disabled, displays no configuration for the serial port. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled. ◆ Logical Device Settings/Current: – Displays the serial port base I/O address and IRQ. ◆ Possible: – Configures the serial port base I/O address and IRQ.
[*Active*] Serial Port	Use Automatic Settings IO=3F8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=3F8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=2F8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=3E8h; IRQ=4; DMA; IO=2E8h; IRQ=4; DMA; Default setting is Use Automatic Settings .



Parameter	Description
PCI Bus Driver Version	Displays the PCI Bus Driver version information.
SLOT_# I/O ROM ^(Note1)	When enabled, this setting will initialize the device expansion ROM for the related PCIe slot. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
SMX_# I/O ROM ^(Note2)	When enabled, this setting will initialize the device expansion ROM for the related GPU slot. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
M2_# I/O ROM ^(Note3)	
Onboard LAN1/ LAN2 Controller ^(Note4)	Enable/Disable the onboard LAN controller. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
Onboard LAN1/ LAN2 I/O ROM ^(Note4)	Enable/Disable the onboard LAN devices, and initializes device expansion ROM. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
PCI Devices Common Settings	
Above 4G Decoding	Enable/Disable memory mapped I/O to 4GB or greater address space (Above 4G Decoding). Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
Re-Size BAR Support	If system has Resizable BAR capable PCIe Devices, this option Enables or Disables Resizable BAR Support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
SR-IOV Support	If the system has SR-IOV capable PCIe devices, this item Enable/Disable Single Root IO Virtualization Support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .

(Note1) This section is dependent on the available PCIe Slot.

(Note2) This section is dependent on the available GPU Slot.

(Note3) This section is dependent on the available M2 Slot.

(Note4) This section is dependent on the available LAN controller.

5-2-5 USB Configuration



Parameter	Description
USB Configuration	
USB Devices:	Displays the USB devices connected to the system.
XHCI Hand-off	Enable/Disable the XHCI (USB 3.0) Hand-off support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
USB Mass Storage Driver Support ^(Note)	Enable/Disable the USB Mass Storage Driver Support. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
Port 60/64 Emulation	Enables the I/O port 60h/64h emulation support. This should be enabled for the complete USB Keyboard Legacy support for non-USB aware OSes. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .

(Note) This item is present only if you attach USB devices.

5-2-6 Network Stack Configuration



Parameter	Description
Network Stack	Enable/Disable the UEFI network stack. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
Ipv4 PXE Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv4 PXE feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
Ipv4 HTTP Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv4 HTTP feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
Ipv6 PXE Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv6 PXE feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
Ipv6 HTTP Support	Enable/Disable the Ipv6 HTTP feature. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
PXE boot wait time	Wait time in seconds to press ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.
Media detect count	Number of times the presence of media will be checked. Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.

5-2-7 Post Report Configuration



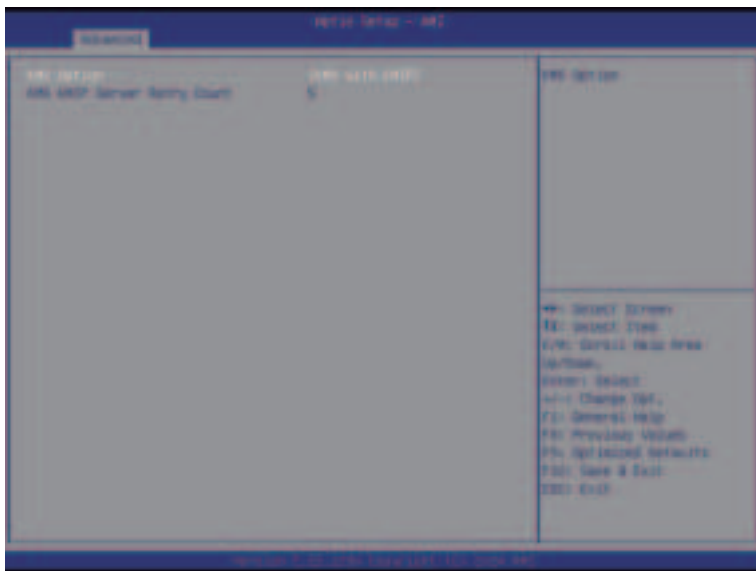
Parameter	Description
Post Report Configuration	
Error Message Report	
Post Error Message	Enable/Disable the POST Error Message support. Options available: Enabled; Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
Halt On	Options available: No Error, All Error. Default setting is No Error .

5-2-8 KMIP Server Configuration



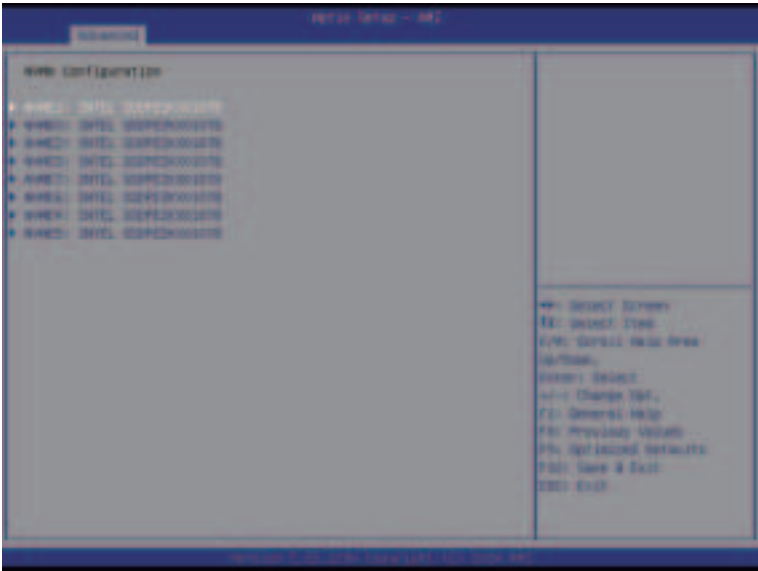
Parameter	Description
KMIP Server Configuration	
KMIP Server IP address	
KMIP TCP Port Number	
Time Zone	Enter the correct timern zone for this server. Default setting is GMT+8 .
Client Credentials	Use User and password credentials to authenticate the Client. Options available: Enabled, Disabled, Clear. Default setting is Enabled .
Client Username	Enter Client identify: UserName. Name Length: 0-63 characters.
Client Password	Enter Client identify: Password. Password Length: 0-31 characters.
KMS TLS Certificate / Size	
CA Certificate	Enroll factory defaults or load the KMS TLS certificates from the file.
Client Certificate	Enroll factory defaults or load the KMS TLS certificates from the file.
Client Private Key	Enroll factory defaults or load the KMS TLS certificates from the file.

5-2-9 KMS Policy Configuration



Parameter	Description
KMS Option	Options available: KMS with KMIP, Disabled. Default setting is KMS with KMIP .
KMS KMIP Server Retry Count	Define KMS KMIP Server Retry Count.

5-2-10 NVMe Configuration



Parameter	Description
NVMe Configuration	Displays the NVMe devices connected to the system.

5-2-11 Chipset Configuration



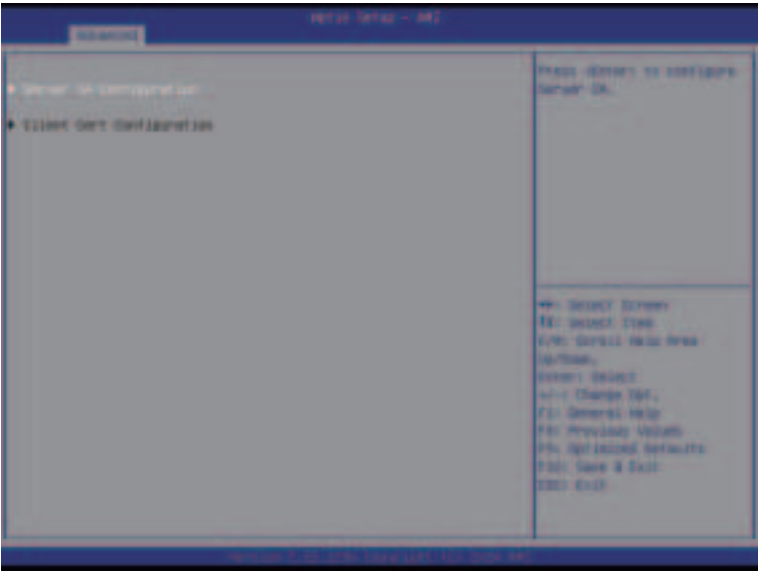
Parameter	Description
Restore on AC Power Loss ^(Note1)	Defines the power state to resume to after a system shutdown that is due to an interruption in AC power. When set to Last State, the system will return to the active power state prior to shutdown. When set to Power Off, the system remains off after power shutdown. Options available: Last State, Power Off, Power On, Unspecified. The default setting depends on the BMC setting.
P2P Bridge IO Size	Specifies P2P Bridge IO aligned to the size. Options available: 0x100, 0x150, 0x1000. Default setting is 0x1000 .
SATA HDD Security Frozen	Enable/Disable this item to send freeze lock command to SATA HDD. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
NVMe SSD Security Frozen	Attempt to send freeze lock command to NVMe SSDs during boot. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
NVMe OPRM Select	Options available: BIOS Build-In, NVMe Device, Disabled. Default setting is BIOS Build-In .
NVMe LED Control	Enable/Disable allow user control NVMe LED. It only available the NVMe device direct connect to CPU. Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Disable .

(Note1) When the power policy is controlled by BMC, please wait for 15-20 seconds for BMC to save the last power state.

Parameter	Description
Chassis Opened Warning ^(Note2)	Enable/Disable the chassis intrusion alert function. Options available: Enabled, Disabled, Clear. Default setting is Disabled .
Power Button 1s Shutdown	Enable/Disable the chassis intrusion alert function. Options available: Enabled, Disabled, Clear. Default setting is Disabled .

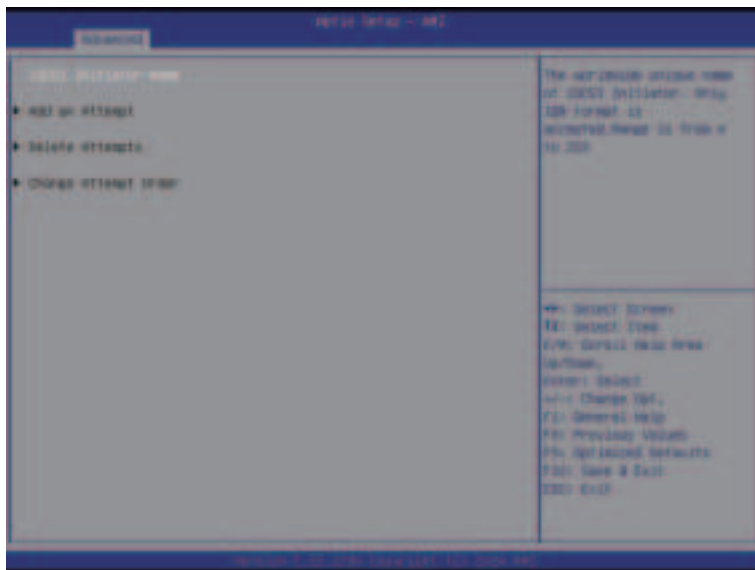
(Note2) Functions available on selected models.

5-2-12 Tls Auth Configuration



Parameter	Description
Server CA Configuration	Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items. ◆ Enroll Cert – Press [Enter] to enroll a certificate • Enroll Cert Using File • Cert GUID - Input digit character in 1111111-2222-3333-4444-1234567890ab format. – Commit Changes and Exit – Discard Changes and Exit ◆ Delete Cert
Client Cert Configuration	Press [Enter] for configuration of advanced items.

5-2-13 iSCSI Configuration



Parameter	Description
Attempt Priority	Press [Enter] configure advanced items. ◆ Attempt Priority – Use arrow keys to select the attempt, then press +/- keys to move the attempt up/down in the attempt order list. ◆ Commit Changes and Exit
Host iSCSI Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ iSCSI Initiator Name – Only IQN format is accepted. Range: from 4 to 223 ◆ Add an Attempt ◆ Delete Attempts ◆ Change Attempt Order

5-2-14 Intel(R) Ethernet Controller X710 for 10GBASE-T

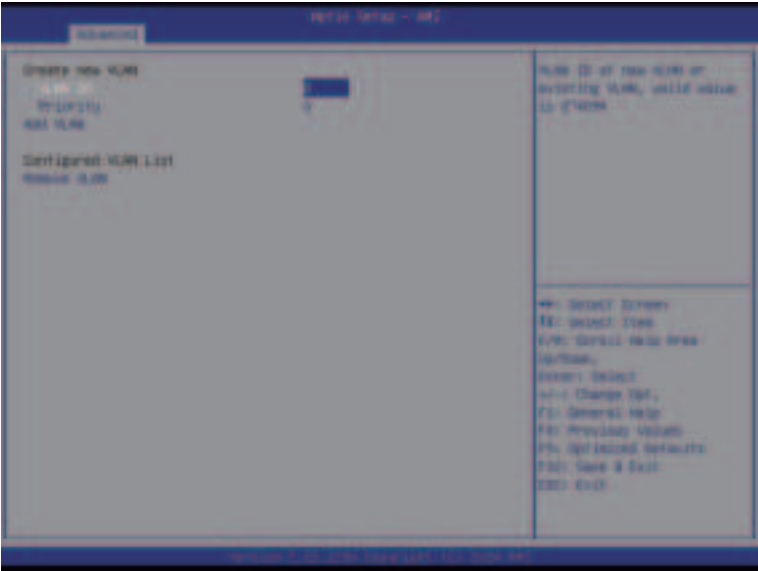




Parameter	Description
Firmware Image Properties	Press [Enter] to view device firmware version information
NIC Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Link Speed – Allows for automatic link speed adjustment. – Options available: Auto Negotiated, 100 Mbps Half, 100 Mbps Full, 1000 Mbps Half, 1000 Mbps Full. Default setting is Auto Negotiated. ◆ Wake On LAN – Enables power on of the system via LAN. Note that configuring Wake on LAN in the operating system does not change the value of this setting, but does override the behavior of Wake on LAN in OS controlled power states. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled. ◆ LLDP Agent – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.
Blink LEDs	Identifies the physical network port by blinking the associated LED. Press the numeric keys to adjust desired values (up to 15 seconds).
UEFI Driver	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Adapter PBA	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

Parameter	Description
Device Name	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Chip Type	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
PCI Device ID	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
PCI Address	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Link Status	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
MAC Address	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.
Virtual MAC Address	Displays the technical specifications for the Network Interface Controller.

5-2-15 VLAN Configuration



Parameter	Description
Enter Configuration Menu	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ♦ Create new VLAN ♦ VLAN ID – Sets VLAN ID for a new VLAN or an existing VLAN. – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. – The valid range is from 0 to 4094. ♦ Priority – Sets 802.1Q Priority for a new VLAN or an existing VLAN. – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. – The valid range is from 0 to 7. ♦ Add VLAN – Press [Enter] to create a new VLAN or update an existing VLAN. ♦ Configured VLAN List ♦ Remove VLAN – Press [Enter] to remove an existing VLAN.

5-2-16 MAC IPv6 Network Configuration



Parameter	Description
Enter Configuration Menu	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. - Displays the MAC Address information. - Interface ID - The 64 bit alternative interface ID for the device. The string is colon separated. e.g. ff:dd:88:66:cc:1:2:3. - DAD Transmit Count - The number of consecutive Neighbor solicitation messages sent while performing Duplicate Address Detection on a tentative address. A value of zero indicates that Duplicate Address Detection is not performed. - Policy - Options available: automatic, manual. Default setting is automatic. - Save Changes and Exit - Press [Enter] to save all configurations.

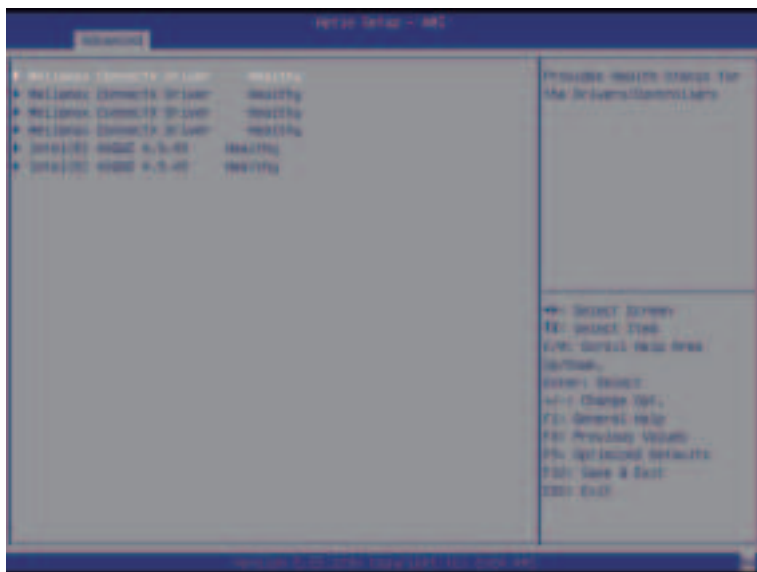
(Note) This item appears when **Configured** is set to **Enabled**.

5-2-17 MAC IPv4 Network Configuration



Parameter	Description
Configured	Indicates whether network address is configured successfully or not. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
Enable DHCP	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
Local IP Address	Press [Enter] to configure local IP address.
Local NetMask	Press [Enter] to configure local NetMask.
Local Gateway	Press [Enter] to configure local Gateway
Local DNS Servers	Press [Enter] to configure local DNS servers
Save Changes and Exit	Press [Enter] to save all configurations.

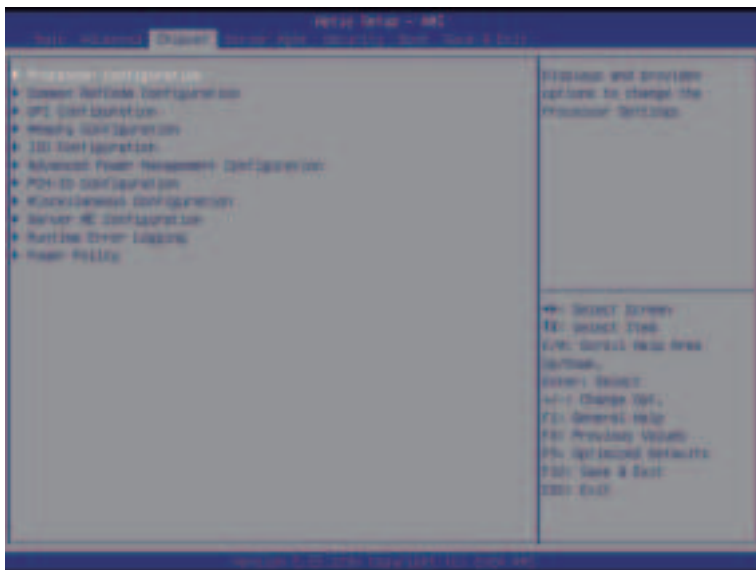
5-2-18 Driver Health



Parameter	Description
Driver Health	Displays driver health status of the devices/controllers if installed

5-3 Chipset Menu

Chipset Setup menu displays submenu options for configuring the function of Platform Controller Hub(PCH).
Select a submenu item, then press <Enter> to access the related submenu screen.



5-3-1 Processor Configuration



Parameter	Description
Processor Configuration	
Pre-Socket Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ♦ CPU Socket 0/1 Configuration – Core Disable Bitmap(Hex) • Number of Cores to enable. 0 means all cores. FFFFFFFF means to disable all cores. The maximum value depends on the number of CPUs available. Press the numeric keys to adjust desired values.
Processor Socket / Processor ID / Processor Die Type / Processor Frequency / Processor Max Ratio / Processor Min Ratio / Microcode Revision / L1 Cache RAM(Per Core) / L2 Cache RAM(Per Core) / L3 Cache RAM(Per Package) / Processor # Version	Displays the technical specifications for the installed processor(s).
Enable LP [Global]	Enables Logical processor (Software Method to Enable/Disable Logical Processor threads). Options available: ALL LPs, Single LP. Default setting is ALL LPs.
Hardware Prefetcher	Select whether to enable the speculative prefetch unit of the processor. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
L2 RF0 Prefetch Disable	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable .
Adjacent Cache Prefetch	When enabled, cache lines are fetched in pairs. When disabled, only the required cache line is fetched. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
DCU Streamer Prefetcher	Enable/Disable DCU streamer prefetcher. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
DCU IP Prefetcher	Enable/Disable DCU IP Prefetcher. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
Extended APIC	Enable/Disable extended APIC support. Note: The VT-d will be enabled automatically when x2APIC is enabled. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
Enable Intel(R) TXT	Enable/Disable the Intel Trusted Execution Technology support function. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.
VMX	Enable/Disable the Vanderpool Technology. This will take effect after rebooting the system. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
AES-NI	Enable/Disable the AES-NI support. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
Debug Consent	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable .

Parameter	Description
Memory Encryption (TME) ^(Note)	Enable/Disable memory encryption (TME). Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
Total Memory Encryption Multi-Tenant (TME-MT)	Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
Processor CFR Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Provision S3M CFR – Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Enable. ◆ Manual Commit S3M FW CFR – Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Enable. ◆ Provision PUcode CFR – Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Enable. ◆ Manual Commit PUcode CFR – Options available: Enable, Disabled. Default setting is Enable. ◆ Socket0 CFR Revision Info – Displays CFR Revision information of the socket. ◆ Socket1 CFR Revision Info – Displays CFR Revision information of the socket.

(Note) Advanced items prompt when this item is defined.

5-3-2 Common RefCode Configuration



Parameter	Description
Common RefCode Configuration	
Numa	Enable or disable Non uniform Memory Address (NUMA). Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable .
Virtual Numa	Divide physical NUMA nodes into evenly sized virtual NUMA nodes in ACPI table. This may improve Windows performance on CPUs with more than 64 logical processors. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable .

5-3-3 UPI Configuration



Parameter	Description
UPI General Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
	◆ UPI Status – Press [Enter] to view the Uncore status.
	◆ Link Frequency Select – Selects the UPI link frequency. – Options available: 12.8GT/s, 14.4GT/s, 16.0GT/s, Auto, Use Per Link Setting. Default setting is Auto.
	◆ SNC – Enable/Disable Sub NUMA Cluster function. – Options available: Auto, Disable, Enable SNC2 (2-clusters), Enable SNC4 (4-clusters). Default setting is Auto.
	◆ Stale AtoS – Enable/Disable Stale A to S directory optimization. – Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Auto.
	◆ LLC dead line alloc – Enable/Disable fill dead lines in LLC. – Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Enable.
	◆ MMCFG Size – Options available: 128M, 256M, 512M, 1G, 2G, Auto. Default setting is Auto.

Parameter	Description
UPI General Configuration (continued)	♦ MMIO High Base – Options available: 56T, 40T, 32T, 24T, 16T, 4T, 2T, 1T, 512G, 3584T. Default setting is 32T.
	♦ MMIO High Granularity Size – Selects the allocation size used to assign mmioh resources. – Options available: 1G, 4G, 16G, 64G, 256G, 1024G. Default setting is 64G.
	♦ Limit CPU PA to 46 bit – Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Disable.

5-3-4 Memory Configuration



Parameter	Description
Integrated Memory Controller (iMC)	
Enforce DDR Memory Frequency POR for DDR frequency programming.	When set to Enable, the system enforces Plan Of Record restrictions Options available: POR, Disable. Default setting is POR .
Memory Frequency	Configures the maximum memory frequency. If Enforce POR is disabled, user will be able to run at higher frequencies than the memory support (limited by processor support). Default setting is Auto .
Enable ADR	Enables the detecting and enabling of ADR (Asynchronous DRAM Refresh) function. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable .
Legacy ADR Mode	Enable/Disable the Legacy ADR Mode. Options available: Enable, Disable, Auto. Default setting is Auto .
Minimum System Memory Size	Configures the minimum memory size. Options available: 2GB, 4GB, 6GB, 8GB. Default setting is 2GB .
ADR Data Save Mode	Specifies the Data Save Mode for ADR. Batterybacked or Type 01 NVDIMM. Options available: Disable, Batterybacked DIMMs, NVDIMMs, Copy to Flash. Default setting is NVDIMMs .
Assert ADR on Reset	Enable/Disable Assert ADR on Reset. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .

Parameter	Description
Assert ADR on S5	Enable/Disable Assert ADR on S5. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
Get Memory Timing	Auto is the detected SPD value and use it, otherwise use BIOS Build-in. Options available: Auto, BIOS Build-in. Default setting is BIOS Build-in .
CXL Type 3 Legacy	Enable or disable CXL type 3 device using CXL type 2 flow. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable .
Memory Topology	Press [Enter] to view memory topology with DIMM population information.
Memory Map ^(Note)	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Volatile Memory Mode – Selects 1LM or 2LM mode for volatile memory. – Options available: 1LM, 2LM. Default setting is 2LM.

(Note) Advanced items prompt when HBM CPU is installed.

Memory RAS Configuration

Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.

- ◆ Mirror Mode^(Note)
 - Mirror Mode will set entire 1LM memory in system to be mirrored, consequently reducing the memory capacity by half. Enables the Mirror Mode will disable the XPT Prefetch.
 - Options available: Disabled, Full Mirror Mode, Partial Mirror Mode. Default setting is **Disabled**.
- ◆ Partial Mirror 1 Size (GB)
 - Selects multiplier of 1GB for the size of the SAD to be created.
- ◆ Correctable Error Threshold
 - Correctable Error Threshold (0x01-0x7fff) used for sparing, and leaky bucket.
 - Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.
- ◆ Trigger SW Error Threshold^(Note)
 - Enable/Disable Sparing trigger SW Error Match Threshold.
 - Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.
- ◆ SW Per Bank Threshold
 - SW Per Bank Threshold (1-0x7FFF) used for DDR bank level error.
 - Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.
- ◆ SW Correctable Error Time Window
 - SW Correctable Error time window based interface in hour (0-24).
 - Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values.
- ◆ Leaky bucket time window based interface
 - Enable/Disable leaky bucket time window based interface.
 - Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is **Disabled**.

Parameter	Description
Memory RAS Configuration (continued)	♦ Leaky bucket time window based interface Hour – Leaky bucket time window based interface hour used for DDR (0-24). – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ♦ Leaky bucket time window based interface Minute – Leaky bucket time window based interface minute used for DDR (0-60). – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ♦ Leaky bucket low bit – Configures leaky bucket low bit (0x1 - 0x29). – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ♦ Leaky bucket high bit – Configures leaky bucket high bit (0x1 - 0x29). – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ♦ ADDDC Sparing^(Note) – Enable/Disable ADDDC Sparing. – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is Disabled. ♦ Enable ADDDC Error Injection – Options available: Disabled, Enabled. Default setting is Enabled. ♦ Patrol Scrub – Options available: Disabled, Enable at End of POST. Default setting is Enable at End of POST. ♦ Patrol Scrub Interval – Selects the number of hours (1-24) required to complete full scrub. A value of zero means auto. ♦ DDR5 ECS – Options available: Disabled, Enabled, Enable ECS with Result Collection. Default setting is Enabled.

(Note) Advanced items prompt when this item is defined.

5-3-5 IIO Configuration



Parameter	Description
I/O Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
Intel® VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)	◆ Intel® VT for Directed I/O – Enable/Disable the Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d) support function by reporting the I/O device assignment to VMM through DMAR ACPI Tables. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable. ◆ ACS Control – Enable: Programs ACS only to Chipset PCIe Root Ports Bridges. – Disable: Programs ACS to all PCIe bridges. – Default setting is Enable. ◆ Cache Allocation – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable. ◆ Opt-Out Illegal MSI Mitigation – Enable/Disable Opt-Out Illegal 0xFEE Platform Mitigation. – Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Disable. ◆ DMA Control Opt-In Flag – Enable/Disable DMA_CTRL_PLATFORM_OPT_IN_FLAG in DMAR table in ACPI. Not compatible with Direct Device Assignment (DDA). – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.

Parameter	Description
	◆ Interrupt Remapping – Enable/Disable the interrupt remapping support function. – Options available: Auto, Enable, Disable. Default setting is Auto ◆ x2APIC Opt Out – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable. ◆ Pre-boot DMA Protection – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.
Intel® VMD technology	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Intel® VMD Configuration – Enable/Disable Intel® VMD technology. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable. ◆ Intel® VMD for Non-Hotplug NVMe^(Note1) – Enable/Disable Intel® VMD for Non-Hotplug NVMe. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.
IIO-PCIe Express Global Options	
PCIe Max Read Request Size	Options available: Auto, 128B, 256B, 512B, 1024B, 2048B, 4096B. Default setting is 4096B .
Pcie Relaxed Ordering	Options available: No, Yes. Default setting is Yes .

(Note) This item is available when **PCIe ACSCTL** is set to **Enable**.

(Note1) This item appears when **Intel® VMD Configuration** is set to **Enable**.

5-3-6 Advanced Power Management Configuration



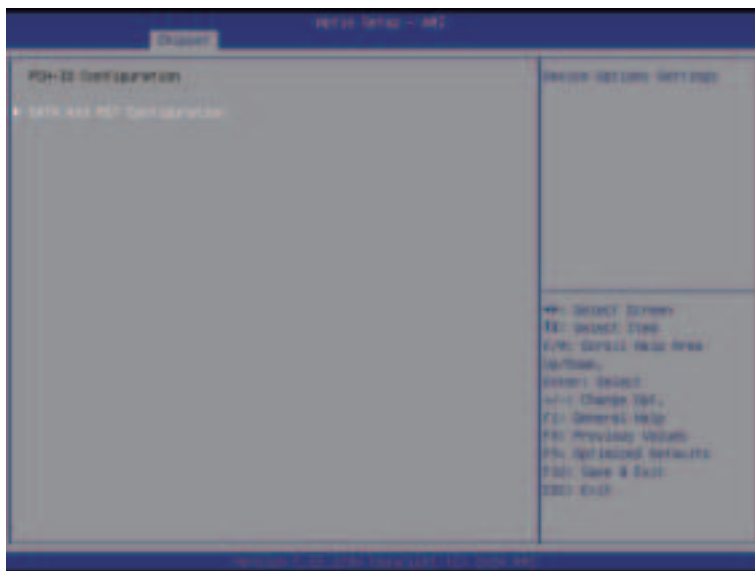
Parameter	Description
CPU P State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Activate SST-BF – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable. ◆ Configure SST-BF – This option allows BIOS to configure SST-BF High Priority Cores so that SW does not have to configure – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable. ◆ SpeedStep (Pstates) – Conventional Intel SpeedStep Technology switches both voltage and frequency in tandem between high and low levels in response to processor load. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable. ◆ Turbo Mode – When this item is enabled, the processor will automatically ramp up the clock speed of 1-2 of its processing cores to improve its performance. When this item is disabled, the processor will not overclock any of its core. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.

Parameter	Description
Hardware PM State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Hardware P-States – When this item is disabled, the processor hardware chooses a P-state based on OS Request (Legacy P-States). – In Native mode, the processor hardware chooses a P-state based on OS guidance. – In Out of Band mode, the processor hardware autonomously chooses a P-state (with no OS guidance). – Options available: Disable, Native Mode, Out of Band Mode, Native Mode with No Legacy Support. Default setting is Native Mode.
Frequency Prioritization	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ SST-CP – This knob controls whether SST-CP is enabled. When enabled it activates per core power budgeting. NOTE: HWP Native Mode is a pre-requisite for enabling SST-CP. – Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Disable.
CPU C State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Enable Monitor MWAIT – Allows Monitor and MWAIT instructions. – Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Auto. ◆ CPU C6 Report – Enable/Disable CPU C6(ACPI C3) report to OS. – Options available: Disable, Enable, Auto. Default setting is Auto. ◆ Enhanced Halt State (C1E) – Core C1E auto promotion control. Takes effect after reboot. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
Package C State Control	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Package C State – Configures the state for the C-State package limit. – Options available: C0/C1 state, C2 state, C6(non Retention) state, C6(Retention) state, No Limit, Auto. Default setting is Auto.
CPU - Advanced PM Tuning	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Energy Perf BIAS – Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. » Power Performance Tuning • Options available: OS Controls EPB, BIOS Controls EPB, PECI Controls EPB. Default setting is OS Controls EPB. » Energy_PERF_BIAS_CFG mode^(Note) • Options available: Performance, Balanced Performance, Balanced Power, Power. Default setting is Balanced Performance.

(Note) This item is configurable when **Power Performance Tuning** is set to **BIOS Controls EPB**.

Parameter	Description
SOCKET RAPL Config	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ PL1 Power Limit – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ◆ PL1 Timer Window – Configure PL1 Timer Window. ◆ PL2 Power Limit – Press the <+> / <-> keys to increase or decrease the desired values. ◆ PL2 Timer Window – Configure PL1 Timer Window.

5-3-7 PCH Configuration



Parameter	Description
PCH-IO Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ♦ SATA Configuration – Enable/Disable SATA controller. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled. ♦ SATA Mode Selection – Configures on chip SATA type. – AHCI Mode: When set to AHCI, the SATA controller enables its AHCI functionality. Then the RAID function is disabled and cannot be access the RAID setup utility at boot time.
SATA And RST Configuration	– RAID Mode: When set to RAID, the SATA controller enables both its RAID and AHCI functions. You will be allowed to access the RAID setup utility at boot time. – Options available: AHCI, RAID. Default setting is AHCI. ♦ RAID Device ID^(Note) – Choose RAID Device ID. – Options available: Client, Alternate, Server. Default setting is Server. ♦ SATA Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7 – The category identifies SATA hard drives that are installed in the computer. System will automatically detect HDD type.

(Note) Only appears when HDD sets to **RAID Mode**.

Parameter	Description
SATA And RST Configuration (continued)	◆ Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7 – Enable/Disable Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7 device. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled. ◆ Hot Plug (for Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7) – Enable/Disable HDD Hot-Plug function. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled. ◆ Spin Up Device (for Port 0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7) – On an edge detect from 0 to 1, the PCH starts a COM reset initialization to the device. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled.

(Note) Only appears when HDD sets to **RAID** Mode.

5-3-8 Miscellaneous Configuration



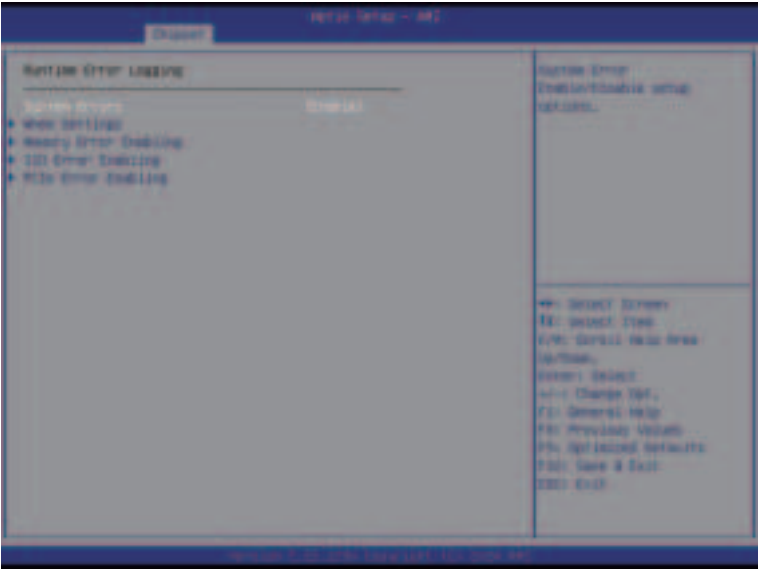
Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous Configuration	
Active Video	Selects the active video type. Options available: Auto, Onboard Device, PCIE Device, Specific PCIE Device. Default setting is Auto .
External SSC - CK440	Enables Spread spectrum - only affects external clock generator. Options available: SSC Off, SSC = -0.3%, SSC = -0.5%, Hardware. Default setting is SSC Off .

5-3-9 Server ME Configuration



Parameter	Description
General ME Configuration	
Oper. Firmware Version	Displays the operational firmware version.
ME Firmware Status #1/#2	Displays ME Firmware status information.
Current State	Displays ME Firmware current status information.
Error Code	Displays ME Firmware status error code.
Recovery Cause	Displays ME Firmware recovery cause.

5-3-10 Runtime Error Logging Settings



Parameter	Description
Runtime Error Logging	
System Errors	Enable/Disable system error logging function. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable .
S/W Error Injection Support	Enable/Disable software injection error logging function. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable .
Whea Settings	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ WHEA (Windows Hardware Error Architecture) Support – Enable/Disable WHEA Support. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable.
Memory Error Enabling	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Memory Corrected Error – Enable/Disable Memory Corrected Error. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable. ◆ Uncorrected Error disable Memory – Enable/Disable the Memory that triggers Uncorrected Error. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.
I/O Error Enabling	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ Os Native AER Support – Select FFM or OS native for AER error handling. If select OS native, BIOS also initialize FFM first until handshake, which depends on OS capability. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable.

Parameter	Description
PCIe Error Enabling	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. ◆ PCIe Error – Enable/Disable PCIe error. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Disable. ◆ Uncorrected Error – Enables and escalates Uncorrectable/Recoverable Errors to error pins. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable. ◆ Fatal Error Enable – Enables and escalates Fatal Errors to error pins. – Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable. ◆ Assert NMI on SERR – Enable/Disable BIOS generates a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) and logs an error when a system error (SERR) occurs. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled. ◆ Assert NMI on PERR – Enable/Disable BIOS generates a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) and logs an error when a processor bus parity error (PERR) occurs. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled.

Parameter	Description
Enable LP [Global]	Enables Logical processor (Software Method to Enable/Disable Logical Processor threads). Options available: ALL LPs, Single LP. Default setting is ALL LPs .
Hardware Prefetcher	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable .
Adjacent Cache Prefetch	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable .
DCU Streamer Prefetcher	Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable .
Intel® VT for Directed I/O	Enable/Disable the Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d) support function by reporting the I/O device assignment to VMM through DMAR ACPI Tables. Options available: Enable, Disable. Default setting is Enable .

5-4 Server Management Menu



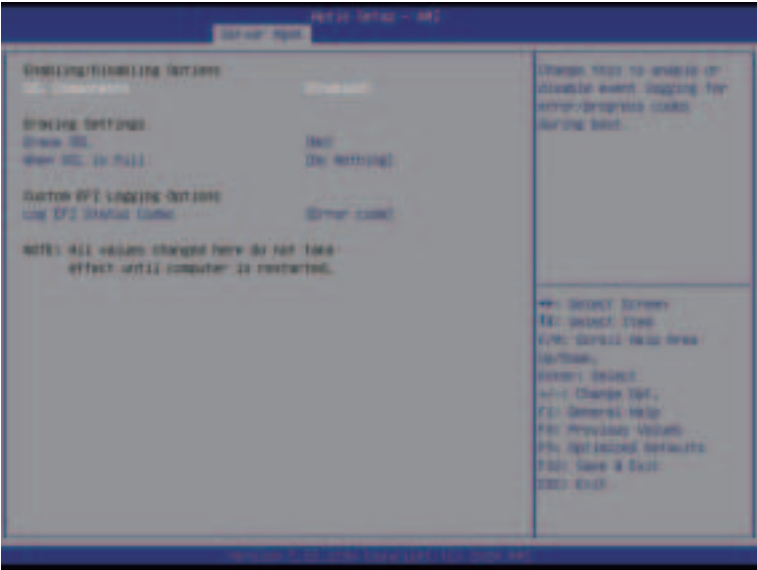
Parameter	Description
FRB-2 Timer	Enable/Disable FRB-2 timer (POST timer). Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
FRB-2 Timer ^(Note1) timeout	Configures the FRB2 Timer timeout. The value is between 1 to 30 minutes. Default setting is 6 minutes .
FRB-2 Timer Policy ^(Note1)	Configures the FRB2 Timer policy. Options available: Do Nothing, Reset, Power Down, Power Cycle. Default setting is Do Nothing .
OS Watchdog Timer	Enable/Disable OS Watchdog Timer function. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
OS Wtd Timer Timeout ^(Note2)	Configures OS Watchdog Timer. The value is between 1 to 30 minutes. Default setting is 10 minutes .
OS Wtd Timer Policy ^(Note2)	Configure OS Watchdog Timer Policy. Options available: Reset, Do Nothing, Power Down, Power Cycle. Default setting is Reset .
Wait BMC Ready	POST wait BMC ready and reboot system. Options available: Disabled, 2 minutes, 4 minutes, 6 minutes. Default setting is 2 minutes .

(Note1) This item is configurable when **FRB-2 Timer** is set to **Enabled**.

(Note2) This item is configurable when **OS Watchdog Timer** is set to **Enabled**.

Parameter	Description
System Event Log	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
View FRU Information	Press [Enter] to view the FRU information.
BMC VLAN Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
BMC network Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
IPv6 BMC Network Configuration	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.

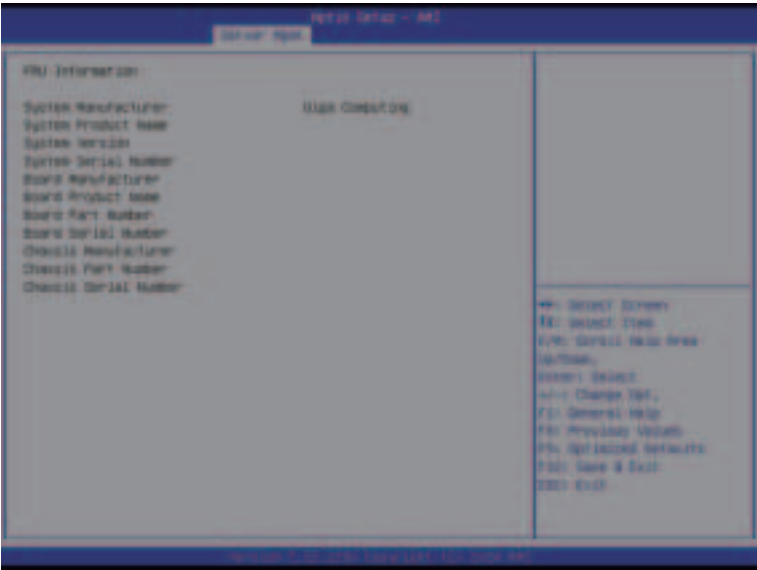
5-4-1 System Event Log



Parameter	Description
Enabling / Disabling Options	
SEL Components	Change this item to enable or disable all features of System Event Logging during boot. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
Erasing Settings	
Erase SEL	Choose options for erasing SEL. Options available: No, Yes, On next reset, Yes, On every reset. Default setting is No .
When SEL is Full	Choose options for reactions to a full SEL. Options available: Do Nothing, Erase Immediately, Delete Oldest Record. Default setting is Do Nothing .
Custom EFI Logging Options	
Log EFI Status Codes	Enable/Disable the logging of EFI Status Codes (if not already converted to legacy). Options available: Disabled, Both, Error code, Progress code. Default setting is Error code .

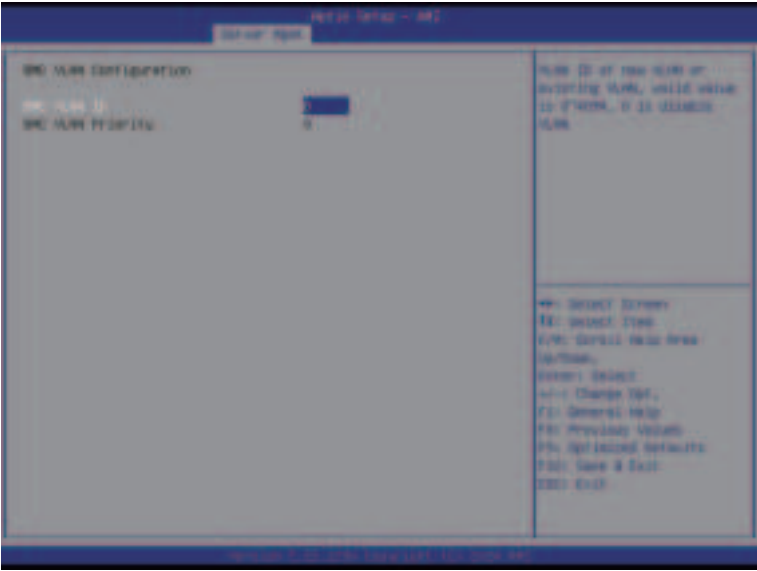
5-4-2 View FRU Information

The FRU page is a simple display page for basic system ID information, as well as System product information. Items on this window are non-configurable.



(Note) The model name will vary depends on the product you purchased

5-4-3 BMC VLAN Configuration



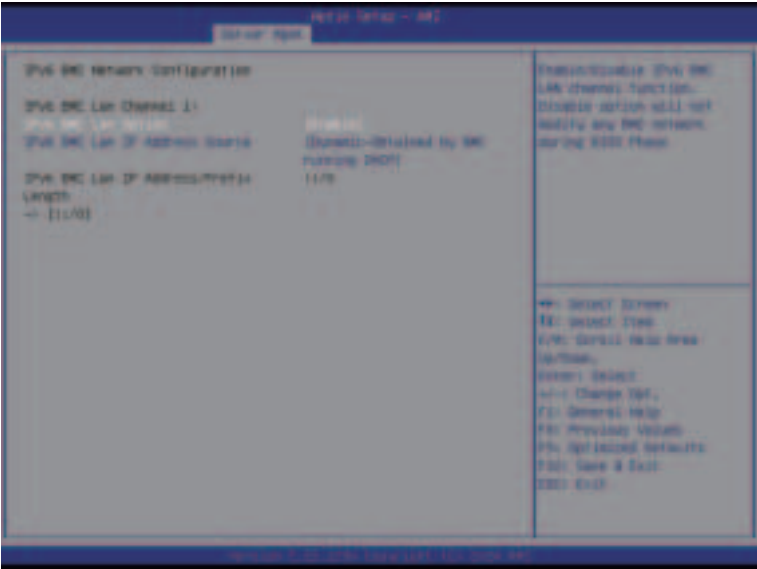
Parameter	Description
BMC VLAN Configuration	
BMC VLAN ID	Select to configure BMC VLAN ID. The valid range is from 0 to 4094. When set to 0, BMC VLAN ID will be disabled.
BMC VLAN Priority	Select to configure BMC VLAN Priority. The valid range is from 0 to 7. When BMC VLAN ID is set to 0, BMC VLAN Priority will not be selected.

5-4-4 BMC Network Configuration



Parameter	Description
BMC network configuration	
Select NCSI and Dedicated LAN	Options available: Do Nothing, Model1(Dedicated), Model2(NCSI), Mode3(Failover). Default setting is Do Nothing .
Lan Channel 1	
Configuration Address source	Selects to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (DHCP). Options available: Unspecified, Static, DynamicBmcDhcp. Default setting is DynamicBmcDhcp .
Station IP address	Displays IP Address information.
Subnet mask	Displays Subnet Mask information. Please note that the IP address must be in three digitals, for example, 192.168.000.001.
Router IP address	Displays the Router IP Address information.
Station MAC address	Displays the MAC Address information.
Real-time get BMC network address	Press [Enter] will set LAN mode and Address source and then get IP, Subnet, Gateway and MAC address.

5-4-5 IPv6 BMC Network Configuration



Parameter	Description
IPv6 BMC network configuration	
IPv6 BMC Lan Channel 1	
IPv6 BMC Lan Option	Enable/Disable IPv6 BMC LAN channel function. When this item is disabled, the system will not modify any BMC network during BIOS phase. Options available: Unspecified, Disable, Enable. Default setting is Enable .
IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source	Selects to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC). Options available: Unspecified, Static, Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP. Default setting is Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP .
IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address/Prefix Length	Check if the IPv6 BMC LAN IP address matches those displayed on the screen.

5-5 Security Menu

The Security menu allows you to safeguard and protect the system from unauthorized use by setting up access passwords.



There are two types of passwords that you can set:

- **Administrator Password**
Entering this password will allow the user to access and change all settings in the Setup Utility.
- **User Password**
Entering this password will restrict a user's access to the Setup menus. To enable or disable this field, a Administrator Password must first be set. A user can only access and modify the System Time, System Date, and Set User Password fields.

Parameter	Description
Administrator Password	Press [Enter] to configure the administrator password.
User Password	Press [Enter] to configure the user password.
Media Sanitization	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.
Secure Boot	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items.

5-5-1 Secure Boot

The Secure Boot feature is applicable if supported by your Operating System.
If your Operating System is not supporting Secure Boot, the system will hang when starting the Operating System.



Parameter	Description
System Mode	Displays if the system is in User mode or Setup mode.
Secure Boot	Enable/ Disable the Secure Boot function. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled .
Secure Boot Mode ^(Note)	Secure Boot requires all the applications that are running during the booting process to be pre-signed with valid digital certificates. This way, the system knows all files being loaded before the Operating System loads to the login screen have not been tampered with. When set to Standard, it will automatically load the Secure Boot keys from the BIOS databases. When set to Custom, you can customize the Secure Boot settings and manually load its keys from the BIOS database. Options available: Standard, Custom. Default setting is Standard .
Restore Factory Keys	Forces the system to user mode and installs factory default Secure Boot key database.
Reset To Setup Mode	Reset the system to Setup Mode.

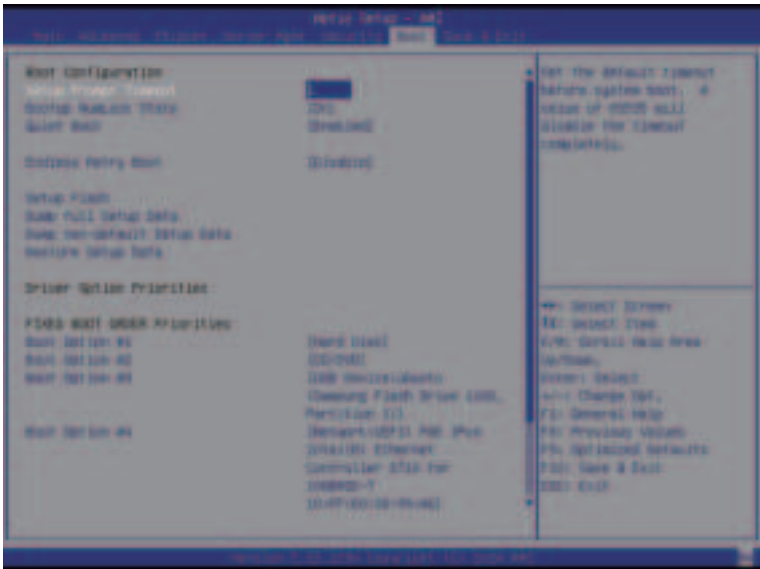
(Note) Advanced items prompt when this item is set to **Custom**.

Parameter	Description
Expert Key Management	Press [Enter] to configure advanced items. Please note that this item is configurable when Secure Boot Mode is set to Custom. ◆ Factory Key Provision – Allows to provision factory default Secure Boot keys when system is in Setup Mode. – Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Disabled. ◆ Restore Factory Keys – Installs all factory default keys. It will force the system in User Mode. – Options available: Yes, No. ◆ Reset To Setup Mode – Reset the system to Setup Mode. – Options available: Yes, No. ◆ Enroll Efi Image – Press [Enter] to enroll SHA256 hash of the binary into Authorized Signature Database (db). ◆ Export Secure Boot variables – Copy NVRAM content of Secure Boot variables to files in a root folder on a file system device. ◆ Secure Boot variable – Displays the current status of the variables used for secure boot. ◆ Platform Key (PK) – Displays the current status of the Platform Key (PK). – Press [Enter] to configure a new PK. – Options available: Update. ◆ Key Exchange Keys (KEK) – Displays the current status of the Key Exchange Key Database (KEK). – Press [Enter] to configure a new KEK or load additional KEK from storage devices. – Options available: Update, Append. ◆ Authorized Signatures (DB) – Displays the current status of the Authorized Signature Database. – Press [Enter] to configure a new DB or load additional DB from storage devices. – Options available: Update, Append. ◆ Forbidden Signatures (DBX) – Displays the current status of the Forbidden Signature Database. – Press [Enter] to configure a new dbx or load additional dbx from storage devices. – Options available: Update, Append.

Parameter	Description
Key Management (continued)	♦ Authorized TimeStamps (DBT) – Displays the current status of the Authorized TimeStamps Database. – Press [Enter] to configure a new DBT or load additional DBT from storage devices. – Options available: Update, Append. ♦ OsRecovery Signatures – Displays the current status of the OsRecovery Signature Database. – Press [Enter] to configure a new OsRecovery Signature or load additional OsRecovery Signature from storage devices. – Options available: Update, Append.

5-6 Boot Menu

The Boot menu allows you to set the drive priority during system boot-up. BIOS setup will display an error message if the legacy drive(s) specified is not bootable.



Parameter	Description
Boot Configuration	
Setup Prompt Timeout	Number of seconds to wait for setup activation key. 65535 (0xFFFF) means indefinite waiting. Press the numeric keys to input the desired values.
Bootup NumLock State	Enable/Disable the Bootup NumLock function. Options available: On, Off. Default setting is On .
Quiet Boot	Enable/Disable showing the logo during POST. Options available: Enabled, Disabled. Default setting is Enabled .
Endless Retry Boot	Options available: Disable, Enable. Default setting is Disable .
Setup Flash	Press [Enter] to run setup flash.
Dump full Setup Data	Press [Enter] to dump full setup data to file.
Dump non-default Setup Data	Press [Enter] to dump non-default setup data to file.
Restore Setup Data	Press [Enter] to restore setup data from file.
FIXED BOOT ORDER Priorities	
Boot Option #1 / #2 / #3 / #4 / #5	Press [Enter] to configure the boot order priority. By default, the server searches for boot devices in the following sequence: 1. Hard drive. 2. CD-COM/DVD drive. 3. USB device. 4. Network. 5. UEFI.
UEFI Network Drive BBS Priorities	Press [Enter] to configure the boot priority.
UEFI Application Boot Priorities	Press [Enter] to configure the boot priority.

Parameter	Description
Restore Defaults	Loads the default settings for all BIOS setup parameters. Setup Defaults are quite demanding in terms of resources consumption. If you are using low-speed memory chips or other kinds of low-performance components and you choose to load these settings, the system might not function properly. Options available: Yes, No.
Save the User Default Values	Saves the changes made as the user default settings. Options available: Yes, No.
Restore the User Default Values	Loads the user default settings for all BIOS setup parameters. Options available: Yes, No.
Boot Device Priority	Press [Enter] to configure the device as the boot-up drive.
Launch EFI Shell	Attempts to Launch EFI Shell application (Shell.efi) from one of the available file system devices.

5-8 BIOS Recovery

The system has an embedded recovery technique. In the event that the BIOS becomes corrupt the boot block can be used to restore the BIOS to a working state. To restore your BIOS, please follow the instructions listed below:

Recovery Instruction:

1. Copy the XXX.rom to USB diskette.
2. Setting BIOS Recovery jump to enabled status.
3. Boot into BIOS recovery.
4. Run Proceed with flash update.
5. BIOS updated.

