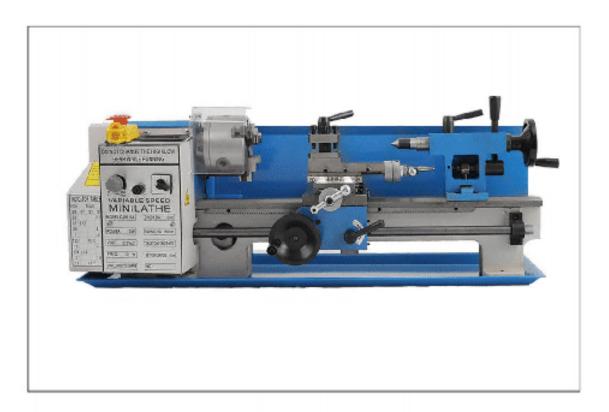
VARIABLE SPEED MINI LATHE



Before Using Be Sure To Read This Manual.

This Machine is Suitable To Use Only From 12°C ~ 35°C(53.6°F~95°F).

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Safety Rules For Lathe

- 1. Before you turn on the motor, be sure that you have put in suitable lubrication according to manual's instruction. Also check carefully to see all the tool workpieces etc. are in proper positions.
- 2. Always use your hand to dismount the chuck or the lathe's face plate. Do not use power tools.
- 3. After installation of the chuck, remove the wrenches and tools in order not to cause any accidents when the machine is turned
- 4. When the lathe is on, do not use a wrench to fix or adjust the workpiece or any other rotating parts of the machines.
- 5. When the machine is in motion, do not use

- any instruments to measure the machine, nor test the sharpness of the cutter with your hand.
- 6. Do not use too large a tool cutter to do your feeding with too large a workpiece. This will easily cause an accident because of a broken workpiece.
- 7. Always use the right tools and stand at the proper position when performing your work.
- 8. Do not change the gear when the machine is in operation.
- 9. Always keep a proper distance from the machine in order to avoid being struck by a broken workpiece.

Product Features

- 1) This precision mini lathe is designed to perform various types of processing jobs. Counterface turning, drilling, threading, and cutting jobs on materials made up of round bar and bar materials can be performed with this machine. This machine can be used in areas such as mini precision parts processing, sample processing and modeling works.
- 2) The lathe bed is made of high grade iron.
- The rigidity of lathe, the handness and accuracy of the v - slideways are obtained by raw materials, heat hardening and grinding.
- 3) This machine is DC motor driven.
- 4) The spindle speed is variable from zero to 2500RPM.
- 5) The feed speed can be adjusted according to the requirements of different workpieces.

The major parts of the lathe are shown is Fig. 2 and in Fig. 3.

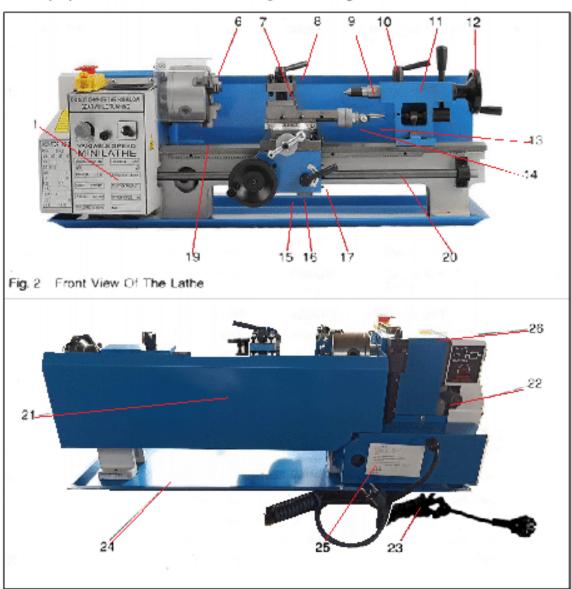


Fig. 3 Back View Of The Lathe

- 1. Control box (see page 4)
- Chuck
- Compound rest
- 8. Tool post
- Fixed center
- 10. Tallstock quill fix holder
- 11. Tailstock
- 12. Tailstock quill adjust

- handwheel
- 13. Tailstock set screw
- 14. Compound rest crank
- Feeding control wheel
- Cross feeding crank
- 17. Automatic feeding handle 26. End cover
- 19. Bed way
- 20. Lead screw

- 21. Rear splash guard
- 22. Feeding direction selector
- 23. Power cord
- 24. Chip tray
- 25. Motor cover

Grounding And Insulation

- In the event of a malfunction or breakdown, grounding provides a path of least resistance for electric current to reduce the risk of electric shock. This tool is equipped with an electric cord having an equipment-grounding conductor and a grounding plug. The plug must be plugged into a matching outlet that is properly installed and grounded in accordance with all local codes and ordinances
- Do not modify the plug provided even if it will not fit the outlet, have the proper outlet installed by a qualified electrician.
- Improper connection of the equipment grounding conductor can result in a risk of electric shock. The conductor with insulation having an outer surface which is green with or without yellow stripe is the equipment-grounding conductor. If repair or re-

- placement of the electric cord or plug is necessary, do not connect the equipment-grounding conductor to a live terminal
- Check with a qualified electrician or serviceman if the grounding instructions are not completely understood, or if in doubt as to whether the tool is properly grounded.
- Use only 3-wire extension cords that have 3-prong grounding plugs and 3-pole receptacles that accept the tool's plug.
- Repair or replace damaged or worn cord immediately.

Note:

The type of electrical plug and receptacle differs from country to country.

Adjustment And Preparation

- 1. Clean off grease on the machine.
- Check that the 3 set screws of the chuck are tight.
- Turn the chuck by hand and check if it rotates freely.
- Move the Feeding direction selector from the back of the body to the middle.
- First shut off the switch 1 . Adjust the switch 3 by turning to "0" postition and turn the switch 2 to STOP position. If the lathe needs to be started, turn the switch 1 according to direction marked on switch to the normal position and turn the switch 2 to FORWARD or REVERSE position.

The spindle will turn immediately by turning the switch ③. The speed can be adjusted by turning the switch ③. If the lathe needs to be stopped, turn the switch ③ to "0" position. If the direction of the lathe spindle needs to be changed, the switch ③ must be turned to "0" position at first. If the lathe must be stopped under emergency situation, press the Emergency Switch ① immediately. If the lathe needs to be started again, do so again according to the above mentioned process. (SEE Fig. 4)

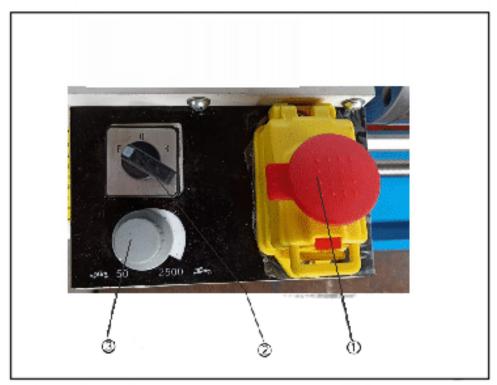


Fig. 4 Control Fanel:

- 1. Emergency stop switch
- Speed control knob
- 2. Forward reverse switch
- 4. Fuse

 Check the compound rest crank and the cross feeding crank and see if they work properly. If they are too tight or too loose, turn the adjusting screws located at both sides. (Fig. 5)

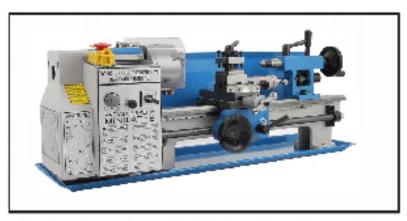


Fig. 5 Ajustment Of Saddle , Cross Slide And Compound Rest

Operation & Replacement

Replacement of chuck

When replacing the chuck, place a cloth or a piece of wood on the bed way at the bottom of the chuck. This is to avoid damage to the bed way caused by carelessly dropping the chuck. Loosen the 3 set screws as shown in Fig. 6. (A) to replace the chuck.

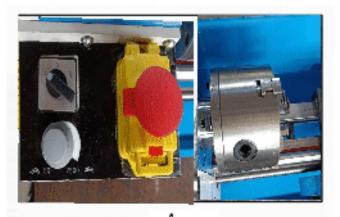


Fig. 6 Replacement Of Chuck



Fig. 7 Replacement Of Jaws

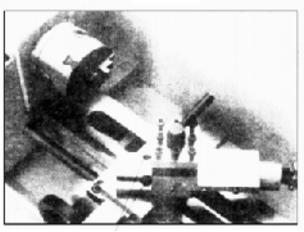


Fig. 8 Compound Rest Adjustment

Replacement of jaws

There are two types of jaws: Internal and external. Please note that the number of jaws fit with the number inside the chuck's groove. Do not mix them together. When you are going to mount them, please mount them in ascending order 1-2-3, when you are going to take them out, be sure to take them out in descending order (3-2-1) one by one. After you finish this procedure, rotate the jaws to the smallest diameter and check that the three jaws are well fitted. If not you need

to reassemble them again as they are not properly assembled (Fig. 7). When you are going to mount the work piece you need only to loosen one jaw. However, we recommend you loosen the three jaws at the same time, In this way you can protect them and will not damage the thread inside.

Compound rest adjustment

Loosen the two screws as shown in (A) of Fig. 8. After you have obtained the angle you desire, please do not forget to tighten them.

Tailstock rest adjustment

When you are going to change position or replace the tailstock you need to loosen the nut as shown in (A) of Fig. 9.

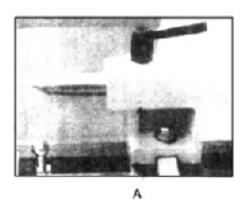


Fig. 9 Tailstock Rest Adjustment

Replacement of carbon brushes

Replace the carbon brushes by removing the brush covers both on Motor cover as shown in A of Fig. 10-A and the right bottom side of speed controller as shown in B of Fig. 10-B.

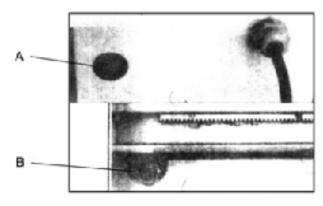


Fig. 10 Replacement Of Carbon Brushes

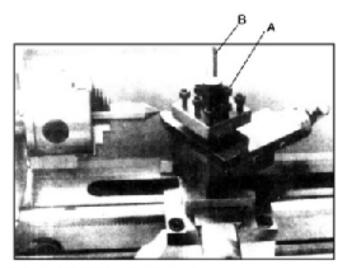


Fig. 11 Tool Post Adjustment

Tool post adjustment

When you are going to adjust the tool post position, you only need to loosen the lever shown in (B) of Fig. 11. After you have finished be sure to tighten. If you are going to replace the work cutter then you need to loosen the screws of (A) with the allen wrench provided.

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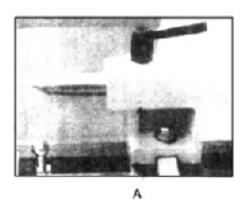


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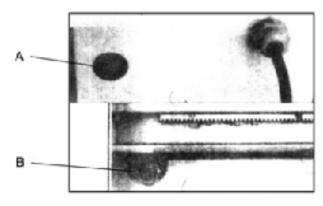


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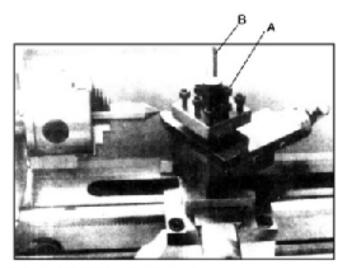


Fig. 11 Tool Post Adjustment

Tool post adjustment

When you are going to adjust the tool post position, you only need to loosen the lever shown in (B) of Fig. 11. After you have finished be sure to tighten. If you are going to replace the work cutter then you need to loosen the screws of (A) with the allen wrench provided.