



Operation and Configuration Guide 2.16.2

AirLink® Mobility Manager



SIERRA
WIRELESS®

41112556
Rev 4

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3	June 21, 2019	Fixed URL on page 14 in section 1.5.3.4.
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>> 1: Introduction

1

This document provides instructions for using the AirLink® Manager Platform user interface, reports, and optional applications. The AirLink Manager Platform can be hosted by Sierra Wireless or purchased as a standalone server appliance. Note that the hosted version offers fewer administrative functions.

1.1 Who Should Read This Guide

AMM users typically include fleet dispatch operators, fleet managers, IT support staff and vehicle maintenance staff.

1.2 What is the AMM

The AirLink Manager Platform is a powerful browser-based software application that enables users to configure, monitor, and analyze Sierra Wireless gateways and associated applications/accessories (such as Asset Manager WiFi tags).

1.3 AirLink Manager and AirLink Mobility Manager Feature Support

The AirLink Manager Platform is available as two separate versions of the product. AirLink Manager (AM) and AirLink Mobility Manager (AMM). AM and AMM enables simplified, remote and real-time mass configuration, control and troubleshooting of AirLink routers and gateways, connected infrastructure, connected mobile assets and mission critical applications.

AM is an on-premises network management solution focused on fixed asset deployments and is ideal for applications where cloud-based management is not an option. AMM delivers on-premises or cloud-based network management targeted at customers with mobile assets. AMM displays a virtual dashboard with an up-to-date view of the entire fleet, and delivers a continuous stream of rich, real-time network data, allowing users to observe, track and examine the behavior of hundreds of devices, networks, and connected vehicle parameters as it occurs.

AM and AMM are configuration options on the same robust platform. For ease of documentation, “AMM” is used throughout to describe the features and capabilities of the product. As AM provides a subset of the capabilities in AMM, features that are specific to the AMM are identified. Most screenshots in this document that show a logo, show that of the AMM. Feature availability is dependent on the license purchased.

See [AM vs AMM Feature Comparison](#) for more information about the features available in each.

Note: the AMM was formerly known as the oMM in versions prior to 2.15.2; this document references those older versions as "oMM" where applicable

1.4 ALEOS and MG Support

Note: throughout this guide the term MG refers to both oMG and MG90 devices

As of Version 2.15, the AMM supports ALEOS devices in addition to MG devices. The main difference between MG and ALEOS devices with regards to how they work with the AMM is that MG devices have constant two-way communication with an AMM when an Internet connection is available, whereas ALEOS devices only check in with the AMM at schedule intervals (e.g. Heartbeat).

This means that MG devices can transmit data to the AMM in near real-time and commands can be sent from the AMM to the MG device immediately. Each MG device collects operational data in a log (e.g. connection status, data transmitted/received, temperature of the unit, voltage of the vehicle, GPS location data, etc.). The data logs from the gateways are transmitted over a wireless data network to an AMM server. The AMM uses these data logs to present current and historical activity.

By default, ALEOS devices collect data when a device checks in with the AMM, and any commands issued to the ALEOS device (e.g. a schedule software upgrade) will not be initiated until the check in occurs. With the release of AMM 2.16, we have introduced an ALEOS Application Framework (AAF) application called AMMER that provides increased data collection independent of the device check in. This AAF application requires ALEOS 4.8.0 or later, and must be installed on your ALEOS-based AirLink gateways to enable this increased data collection. A number of the reports that have been enabled for ALEOS devices in AMM 2.16 require AMMER to function. For information see: [AMMER Support and Configuration](#).

Note: An ALEOS gateway must be rebooted upon the initial installation of AMMER before it will be operational.

Note: The AMM does not support AAF application functions, including application installation, for ALEOS devices running 4.4.x.

The AMM is highly configurable to enable great flexibility between customer situations. Business intelligence-style data presentation and reporting enable users to leverage the large amount of data available from the gateways.

The AMM is available both as a "Hosted" version which is operated by Sierra Wireless, and as a standalone appliance which can be purchased and administered by a customer as an on-premise solution.

In this document an MG Device and/or ALEOS gateway is often just referred to as a gateway. The gateway hardware is often installed in a vehicle but it can also be installed in a wide variety of locations to take further advantage of the system's capabilities. Note that since a gateway is often installed in a vehicle, the term is often also used in place of the word "vehicle".

1.5 AMM Hardware Requirements

The AMM can be purchased or installed as an appliance or a virtual machine. The following subsections describe the technical requirements for both options.

1.5.1 Appliance Requirements

The AMM hardware appliance is to be installed in a shelf rack within a secure, climate-controlled space such as a data center that can provide 120V AC power and access to the Internet (or your external network of gateways) as well as the enterprise network. Factory-supplied rails are included for this installation.

For fleets of 200 gateways or less and 10 concurrent interactive users, the appliance specification is:

- Dell PowerEdge R230 or equivalent chassis
- Quad Core Processor 2.4 GHz or higher
- Minimum 8GB RAM Memory
- Disk storage¹: 750GB minimum for AMM / 100G minimum for AM based on the following recommendations:
 - Mobile Environment: ALEOS / MG Devices with Telemetry: 3GB/gateway/year recommended
 - Fixed Asset Environment: ALEOS devices: 10M/gateway/year recommended
- Gbit Ethernet²

For fleets larger than 200 gateways, the appliance specification is:

- Dell PowerEdge R630 or equivalent chassis
- 2xQuad Core Processor (8 cores) 2.4 GHz or higher
- Minimum 16GB RAM Memory. For larger fleets of around 5000 gateways 64GB is required.
- Disk storage¹:
 - up to 1000 gateways: 3TB minimum for AMM / 100G minimum for AM
 - up to 2000 gateways: 6TB minimum for AMM / 100G minimum for AM
 - up to 5000 gateways: 15TB minimum for AMM / 100G minimum for AM (250G recommended for AM)

based on the following recommendations:

- Mobile Environment: ALEOS/MG Devices with Telemetry: 3GB/gateway/year recommended

1. Physical devices may only be available for purchase in capacities larger than the minimum recommendations published in this document.
2. The AMM only supports one network interface card.

- Fixed Asset Environment: ALEOS devices: 10M/gateway/year recommended
- Gbit Ethernet

Since, the AMM is designed to operate 24x7, an uninterrupted power supply (UPS) should be used.

For installation purposes, you will need to supply:

1. VGA cable and local monitor.
2. USB keyboard.
3. Ethernet network interface cable.
4. Ethernet network interface cable to internal network.
5. AC power (connected via included power cord).

1.5.2 Virtual Machine Requirements

The AMM VM virtual machine has the following requirements:

- VMware ESXi 5.0 or higher.
- For fleets consisting of less than 200 gateways and 10 concurrent interactive users, Sierra Wireless recommends a VM instance with at least 8GB of memory and four virtual processors.
- For larger fleets, Sierra Wireless recommends a VM instance with at least 16 GB memory and eight virtual processors. The following table provides some example configurations for various fleet sizes:

Table 1-1: Common VM Configurations

Reserved CPU	Reserved RAM Size (G)	Connected Devices
4	8	1000
12	12	3500
20	24	5000

- Disk storage: see disk storage recommendations in [Appliance Requirements](#) above.

1.5.3 External Network Access

The AMM must be network-accessible to the gateways it manages.

For web-based features such as maps, the AMM must be able to access the Internet.

1.5.3.1 Simple AMM Networking Method

For gateways that employ standard data plans that communicate over the Internet, the AMM must have a publicly accessible fully qualified domain name (FQDN) and corresponding unique public IPv4 address.

For example, an AMM hosted by Sierra Wireless uses:

omm01.inmotionsolutions.net

1.5.3.2 Advanced AMM Networking Method

For gateways that employ a private networking cellular service from a carrier and optionally employ a second WAN interface such as Wi-Fi, network access to the AMM must still be provided. The network design and implementation for this method is outside the scope of this document. However the end result is that the AMM is typically assigned a private address and host name within the enterprise.

1.5.3.3 Firewall Considerations

The AMM has an integrated firewall that defends against unauthorized access and therefore it may be installed with direct access to the Internet. However the AMM may also be installed behind a firewall provided that certain ports are made accessible through the firewall.

Refer to [Firewall Considerations](#) for IP ports required by AMM.

1.5.3.4 MG Re-Homing

MGs can be configured to home in onto a particular AMM explicitly. However, Sierra Wireless recommends that the default MG behavior be relied upon to perform an automatic location look-up of a unit's designated AMM via DNS.

Note: this requires that access to an external DNS service is available and therefore may not work for private-only networks.

The DNS-based location method uses a high-availability DNS service managed by Sierra Wireless. This DNS service is the authority for the *omgservice.com* domain. Gateways that use automatic lookup discover their AMM by resolving their serial number within the *omgservice.com* domain. For example:

H1301111G0001.omm.omgservice.com

would refer to *omm01.inmotionsolutions.net*

The target AMM should be determined prior to deploying gateways by contacting Support and requesting DNS redirects for the units in question.

If the recommended DNS-based method is anticipated, it may affect where you physically locate the AMM (so it connects to the appropriate network segment within your enterprise) and influence your naming and addressing choices. For example, your AMM may need to be explicitly included in your APN configuration by your service provider.

1.5.3.5 Internal Network Access

In order for operations staff to use the management functions of the AMM, their workstations must be able to access the AMM server.

If operators reside outside the facility where the AMM is installed, this section may not apply.

If your operators reside within the same facility (i.e. on the same enterprise network) as the AMM, the AMM server will be directly connected to the enterprise network. In this case the AMM must be assigned a unique internal name and IP address to the AMM. This may require an internal DNS server to be changed so that user workstations can locate the AMM.

1.5.3.6 Operator Station Requirements

The AMM provides a graphical user interface for operators to access management functions via a web browser.

The AMM is certified to operate with PC workstations running various browsers listed below in [Supported Browsers](#).

The AMM user interface is not designed to operate on tablets or smart phones.

The web browsers must have cookies and Javascript enabled.

Some features of the AMM such as maps, integrate local data produced from the server with remote web-based data. Maps are used primarily for location-based coverage reports and require that user desktops be able to access the following map services:

- For oMM versions below 2.12: Microsoft Maps (dev.virtualearth.net)
- For oMM 2.12 and above: Google Maps (maps.googleapis.com)

1.6 Supported Gateways

AMM works with the following gateway versions. Note that some specific features may require newer/specific versions which are noted in this document.

- oMG 3.14.1 and above¹.
- MG90 4.0.2 and above.
- AirLink devices² with ALEOS software versions 4.4.x and higher. Many of the reports enabled for ALEOS devices in AMM 2.16 require ALEOS 4.8.0 and the AMMER AAF application.
- GenX (GNX-3 and GNX-6) devices are supported in AMM 2.16.1 and above.

Note: the AMM generally handles oMG 500/2000 and MG90 devices in a similar manner, with the exception of the Software Repository and Software Distribution features where the MG90 is managed differently. Where appropriate, all references to "MG" in this document refer collectively to oMG 500, 2000, and MG90 devices.

1. All oMGs must be upgraded to 3.14.1 or later prior to upgrading to AMM 2.15+.
2. Newly released AirLink devices may require later versions of ALEOS, AMMER, and/or AMM software.

1.7 Supported Browsers

oMM 2.15 and above has been tested on Internet Explorer 11.0. Other supported browsers include Chrome and Firefox. The AMM application requires the use of browser "cookies". Ensure that this option is enabled on your browser before logging into the AMM.

Other types of workstations (e.g. Linux Desktop, Mac) may also work but have not been certified to operate with the AMM.

1.8 Supported Features for ALEOS Devices.

Support for ALEOS devices was added to the AMM starting with oMM 2.15. See [Features Supported for ALEOS Devices](#) for a full list of AMM features that are supported/available for ALEOS devices.

Note: when a fleet of mixed ALEOS and MG devices is selected, additional menus applicable only to MG devices may also be shown. For customer fleets consisting of only ALEOS devices, these additional menus will be disabled. If MG devices are added and selected, these menus will become enabled.

1.9 Determining the Version Number

The version number is displayed on the login page, under the user name and password fields. The version number can also be obtained when logged in by selecting the *Help->About* menu.

Table 1-2: AMM Version Numbers

Version	Details
AMM 2.16.2	Sept, 2018
AMM 2.16.1	May 14, 2018
oMM 2.15.2	October 28, 2016
oMM 2.15	May 5, 2016
oMM 2.14	August 21, 2015
oMM 2.13	October 8, 2014

1.10 Related Publications

Table 1-3: Related Publications

Telemetry Configuration Guide	Provides information for the Telemetry application.
Asset Manager Configuration and User Guide	Provides information for asset tags and the Asset Manager.
Nav Operation and Configuration Guide	Provides information for the Nav application.
Passenger WiFi App Config Guide	Provides information for the passenger WiFi (aka "web portal") application.
oMG Operation and Configuration Guide	Provides information about operating the oMG.
MG90 Hardware User Guide	Provides information about setting up MG90 series gateways.
MG90 Series Software Configuration Guide	Provides information about configuring the software on MG90 series gateways.
AMM Report Guide	Provides information about the reports that can be run from the AMM.

All related documentation is available from <http://source.sierrawireless.com>.

>> 2: Overview

2

The AMM enforces security by requiring each user to login with a name and password. When purchased as a standalone appliance, an administrator user account is provided which can be used to grant permissions to other users. Once logged in, users are presented with a sophisticated web user interface consisting of a hierarchy of gateways, graphical icons and links. The following sub-sections describe these features in more detail.

2.1 Logging In

Sierra Wireless provides new customers with a user name and password for their first log in. For hosted AMM's, Sierra wireless also provides customers with the URL of the login screen.

In AMM 2.16.1 and below the format of the URL is

- <http://amm.examplecompany.com:8080/inmotion/> or
- <https://amm.examplecompany.com:8443/inmotion/>

In AMM 2.16.2 and above, the format of the URL is:

- <http://amm.examplecompany.com/sierrawireless/> or
- <https://amm.examplecompany.com/sierrawireless/>

Note: Customers upgrading to 2.16.2 will need to update any references (e.g. bookmarks) to the old URL with the new URL.

To safeguard your login credentials, ensure that your browser does not store your user name and password unless you are confident that no one can access your computer.

Note that the version of the AMM is shown below the login fields.



Figure 2-1: AMM Login Screen

Note: the system will log out the current user after 30 minutes of browser inactivity.

2.2 General Layout

The main user interface used throughout the AMM consists of the following key features:

Gateway Tree: displays a hierarchical view of the gateways and groups of gateways currently managed by the AMM.

Filter Field and Nav Icons: provides tools for filtering the list of gateways and refreshing the list.

Main Tabs: displays the available views for both built-in applications/features and any optional applications which are installed.

Option Tabs: provides tools for filtering items and information.

User Name: displays the name of the user currently logged into the AMM.

These features are described in more detail in the following sub-sections.

The Dashboard view, shown below, is the default view.

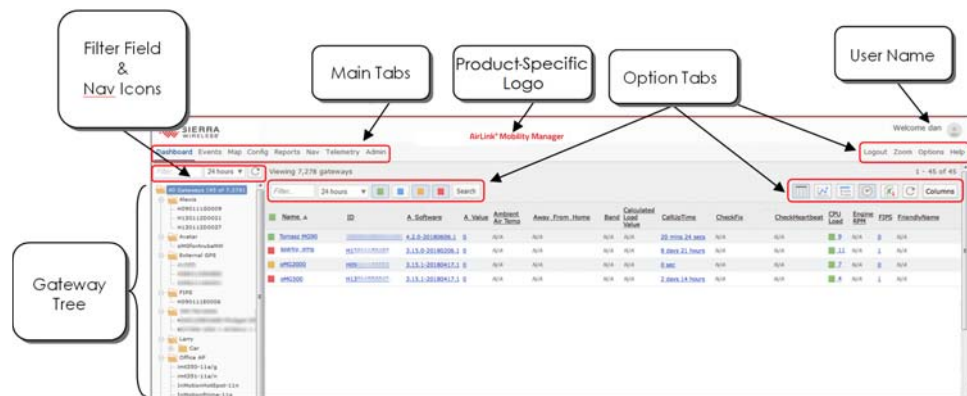


Figure 2-2: General Layout of the AMM

Note: The logo at the top of the AMM's screen is changed by Support to match the installed product (AMM or AM).

2.3 Tabs

The main tabs located at the top left of the screen are used to select different presentations of available information.

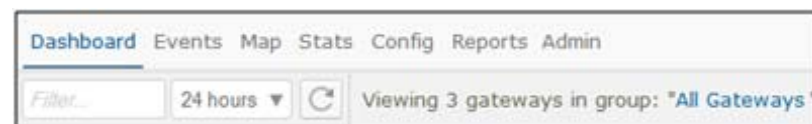


Figure 2-3: AMM Tabs

For more details for the individual tabs, see [Chapter 3 - Main Tabs](#).

2.3.1 Option Tabs

The option tabs located at the top right of the screen, are used to select one of the following actions:



Figure 2-4: Option Tab

Logout: logs the current user out of the AMM and displays the login screen.

Zoom: hides/shows the navigation tree and heading information (AMM title, Sierra Wireless logo and currently logged in user) to provide additional screen real estate for use by the current view.

Options: display menus for configuring maps, showing/hiding advanced report options by default (same as clicking *Show Advanced Config* on a report's configuration screen), and setting preferences.

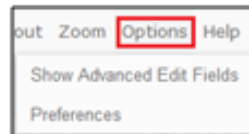


Figure 2-5: Menu items under Options Tab

Show advanced edit fields: Provides the ability to display advanced edit fields primarily in report set up.

Preferences: Select to modify the current user's preferences, including Dashboard items. Some or all of the following settings are available for modification depending on your user security level:

- *Identification parameters:*
 - **Name*:** enter the user name. Note that the name cannot contain spaces.
 - **Email:** enter the email address to associate with the user.
 - **Customer group:** use the drop-down menu to select the group for which the ID is being entered.
 - **Password & Confirm:** enter the password in both fields. Used when the AMM performs authentication.
 - **Remote Authentication:** will be available for selection when a Customer Group is selected which has been configured with LDAP authentication (see [LDAP](#) for more information). Enabling this field will hide the *Password* and *Confirm* fields and will authenticate using the LDAP authentication configuration which has been configured for the Customer Group.
 - **Expiry:** if an expiry date is required for the ID, click in the expiry field and a calendar will open. Select the expiry date for the ID.
- *Privileges:*
 - **AMM:** select the privilege - None, Read or Read/Write.
 - **Tabs:** select the tabs for which the user will have access. Note that the tabs available depend upon the installed product (AM vs AMM) and any optional packages purchased.
 - **Reports:** select which reports will be available to the user.
 - **Stats:** check All to enable Stats (default).

- *Preferences:*
 - **Measurement units***: select Imperial (default) or Metric.
 - **Position Format**: select the GPS coordinate format to use for reports: decimal degrees (default) (e.g. 49.206052, -122.91309), or degrees minutes-decimal minutes (e.g. 49:012.363 N, 122:054.785 W).
 - **Format CSV output values same as HTML**: forces the exported CSV output to be in the same format as specified by the Position Format option. When this option is not selected, the format outputted to CSV will default to decimal degrees.
 - **Dashboard Timespan**: specifies the default timespan for which to display items in the dashboard.
 - **Tracker refresh***: enter the refresh rate, in seconds, for the tracker refresh.
 - **Dashboard refresh***: enter the refresh rate, in seconds, for the dashboard refresh.
 - **Oldest report***: enter the number, in days, for the oldest report available.
 - **Max concurrent logins**: enter the number of maximum concurrent login connections. By default, there are no restrictions (blank implies no restrictions).
 - **Restricted IP**: limits logins from a range of IP addresses.
 - **Maximum threshold emails per day**: enter the maximum number of threshold emails the user will receive per day (blank implies unlimited).
 - **Nav Stop List**: determines the order that the Nav stops are displayed (only available when the Nav package has been purchased).
 - **Time zone**: use the drop-down to change the time zone for the user. The default is the server's time zone. For a list of time zones supported by the AMM see: [Supported Time Zones](#).
 - **Dashboard items**: specifies the dashboard items available to the user. Deselect to create a custom list of items to be made available. For default items see [Parameters](#).
 - **Telemetry Dashboard**: limits the telemetry stats available to the user. Deselect to create a custom list of items to be made available.
- Click **Save** to update the currently logged-in user.

* denotes a required field

For information on adding and deleting users, see: [Users](#).

Help: displays menus for help and information related to the AMM.

- **Help**: opens the online help feature for the AMM.
- **About**: displays information about the version number of the currently running AMM.

2.4 Gateway Tree

The gateway tree located on the left side of the screen, allows users to select vehicle groups, sub-groups and individual gateways. The look and feel is similar to traditional file management systems with folders and files.

Click on the group/sub-group/individual gateway to select it. This selection will remain active when toggling between the main tabs (e.g. Dashboard to Map). Additionally, when running reports, the gateway field is automatically populated and can be changed by clicking on another group/sub-group/gateway. Multiple items can be selected by holding down the Control (Ctrl) key while clicking.

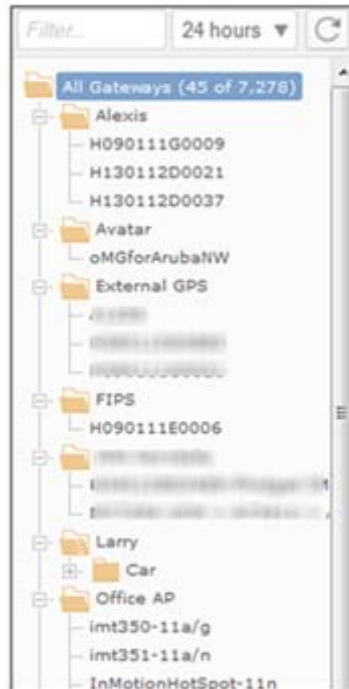


Figure 2-6: Gateway Tree

2.4.1 Filter Box and Searching

The Filter field for the gateway tree, as well as many other search boxes throughout the AMM, allows users to enter the full or partial name of a gateway to search for.

The search is not case sensitive and performs wildcard searches by recognizing the following patterns from the keyword entered in the search box:

- **!**<keyword>****: if the keyword starts with '!' (e.g. "!abc"), gateways with no fields containing the sub-string will be returned.
- **0-10**: if the keyword contains two numbers separated by "-", gateways with numerical fields which fall in the range enclosed by these two numbers inclusively, will be returned.
- **Regular Expression**: the keyword will be used as regular expression, if the two patterns above don't match on any fields.

In [Figure 2-7](#) the image on the left shows the list of gateways displayed when nothing is entered in the *Filter* field (i.e. show all gateways). The image on the right shows only gateway names containing "H0". After entering or changing a

value in the filter field, the refresh button to the right of the time dropdown can be clicked to refresh the list. Alternatively the list will refresh on its own after a few seconds.

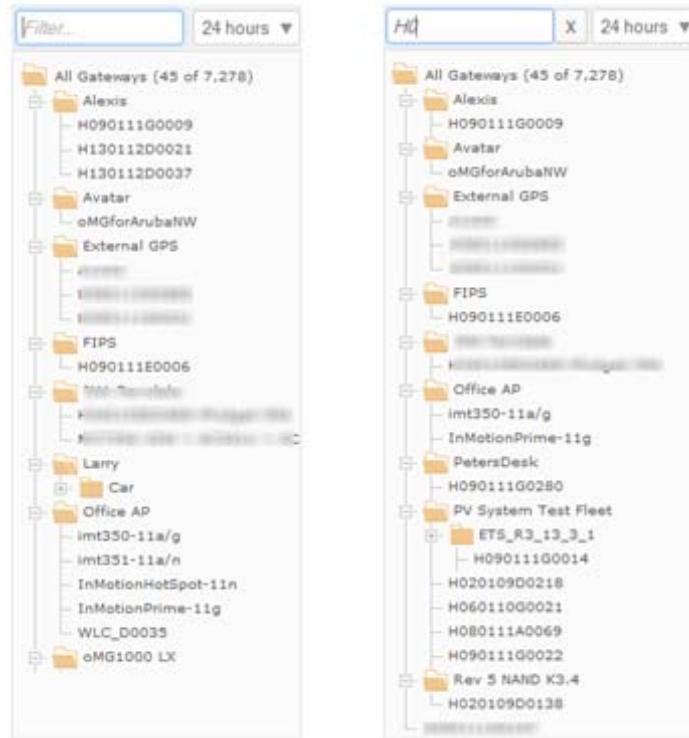


Figure 2-7: Filter Box in Gateway Tree

Text in the *Filter* field can be deleted by clicking on the **X** icon which appears to the right of the field when text has been entered.

2.4.1.1 Gateway Tree Filter Options

The following fields are also used for filtering:

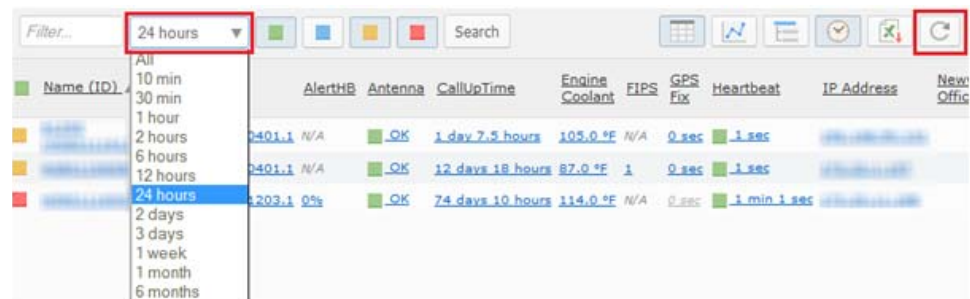


Figure 2-8: Filter Options

Time Dropdown: click on the drop-down menu to limit the gateways displayed to those which have actively reported data during time period selected. The default value is *24 hours*.

Refresh: click to show the latest available list of gateways/groups. This button must be clicked when entering or changing the filter text or when a new gateway has been deployed.

2.4.2 Groups and Sub-Groups

Groups allow gateways to be categorized and grouped together for organizational purposes. For example, different groups could be created to organize fleets for different departments. Sub-groups can be created under other groups for additional subcategorization.

To manage groups and sub-groups in the gateway tree, right-click on a group name and select one of the options listed below:

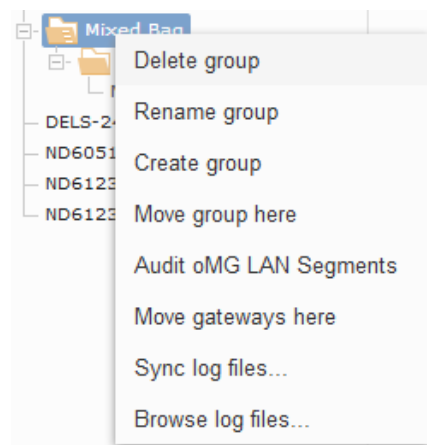


Figure 2-9: Group Context Menu

Delete group: select to delete a particular group.

Rename group: select to rename a group.

Create group: select to create a group of gateways.

Move group here: select to move a group to a particular group.

Audit oMG LAN Segments (available for MG devices only): select to trigger the AMM to cross reference the LAN segments configured for all the gateways within the selected group to ensure that there is no conflict/overlap between them. This is useful for managing a fleet that is peering to the same oCM (or VPN server), where overlapping subnets will cause confusion for the VPN server and will be flagged as a configuration error when running the audit.

Move gateways here: click on a gateway to select it. Right-click on a group and select this option to move the gateway to the group.

Sync log files (available for MG devices only): displays a popup allowing for log files to be imported from the gateways in the selected group to the AMM.

Browse log files: displays a list of log files that have been imported/synchronized to the AMM. For ALEOS devices, you must first install the *uploadlog* tool as described in the [Uploadlog Tool](#) appendix.

Note: the menus available will vary depending on whether the node selected represents an MG device, ALEOS device, GenX device, fleet of devices, or a mixed fleet of devices.

2.4.3 Changing Gateway Details

When setting up a fleet of gateways, several fields exist to help identify and group each gateway. To change these details, right-click on a gateway and select one of the options listed below:

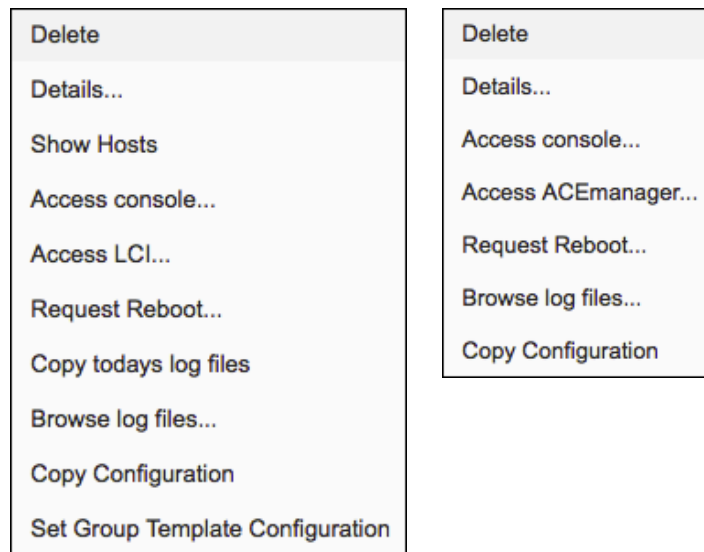


Figure 2-10: Gateway Context Menus for MG and ALEOS Devices.

Delete: select to delete a particular gateway.

Details: opens the *Add or Edit Gateway* panel in a new browser. Users can update gateway details. For more information about the options available in this panel, see [Gateways](#).

Show Hosts (MG devices only): displays a list below the gateway's node, listing the host devices connected to that gateway.

Access Console: provides SSH (shell) access to the selected gateway. The IP address and port are provided which can be copied and pasted for use when connecting using a 3rd party SSH application.

Access ACEmanager (ALEOS devices only): remotely connects to the gateway's ACEmanager web user interface. This feature has the following requirements and functionality:

- There must be a management tunnel between the ALEOS device and the AMM. This requires that the device's software is version 4.11 or higher.

Note: When installing AMMER the management tunnel will automatically be enabled. This behavior may be subsequently changed via AMM, and the setting will be retained upon an AMMER upgrade. Un-installing AMMER and then re-installing it causes this behavior to default back to enabled.

- You must obtain a server certificate signed by Comodo or GoDaddy. Alternatively, if AM/AMM is using an airlink.com domain, the Sierra Wireless Support team can sign the server certificate. See [Enable TLS Verify Peer Certificate in ACEmanager to allow an ALEOS device to communicate over HTTPS](#) for more information.
-

Note: if you do not want to use a management tunnel when using ALEOS devices running 4.11 or higher, you should disable it to avoid unnecessary bandwidth consumption. This can be done by setting MSCIID 10033. See [Configuring Device-Specific Parameters for ALEOS Configurations from the AMM](#) for more information.

- The device can have a public IP address that is network address translated on the way to the AMM.
- By default an ALEOS device communicates with the AMM on Port 1190. Each port on the AMM has a capacity for 2047 management tunnels. If you have more than 2047 gateways then you will need to distribute the tunnels over the other ports that the AMM listens to (1191, 1192, and 1193) by modifying MSCIID 10034. See [Configuring Device-Specific Parameters for ALEOS Configurations from the AMM](#) for more information.
- This feature can be used to access and save a local copy of the configuration template of a device as a master ALEOS template, after which it can be deployed to a fleet of devices.

Access LCI (MG devices only): remotely connect to the gateway's Local Configuration Interface (LCI) screens.

Request Reboot: forces a gateway to reboot, or instructs an ALEOS device to reboot next time it checks in with the AMM. Note that a login and password are required for the gateway.

Browse log files: shows log files that were previously uploaded to the AMM.

Copy today's log files (MG devices only): forces the gateway to upload all log files generated today. Under normal operation, critical logs are uploaded hourly, while the remaining log files are only uploaded once a day.

Copy Configuration: copies the configuration files from one gateway to another.

Set Group Template Configuration: uses the gateway's configuration as the template configuration for the parent group containing the gateway. This template configuration will be used as the starting point for the group's provision configuration which can then be modified and even overridden in sub groups and/or the gateways contained within the group. Note that the selected gateway must be in the In Sync state. For more information see: [Provisioning](#).

Note: the menus available will vary depending on whether the node selected represents an MG device, ALEOS device, GenX device, fleet of devices, or a mixed fleet of devices. For GenX devices, only the Delete, Details, and Browse log files menus are available.

2.5 Main Display: Filtering and Options

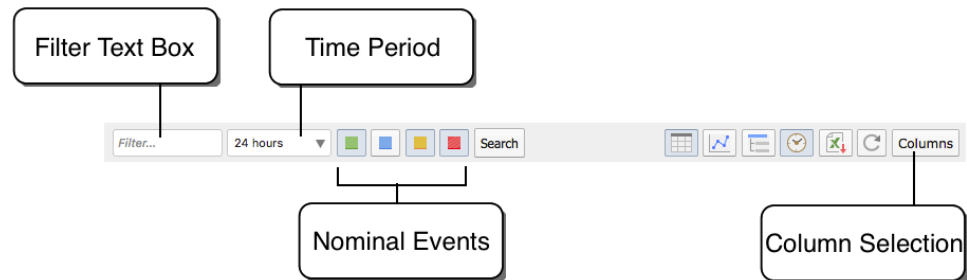


Figure 2-11: Location of Filter and Option Fields

2.5.1 Filter Text Field

Filters gateways by name or group name. In addition to selecting a group of gateways from the gateway tree, the Filter Text field allows users to further filter selections by entering part or all of the gateway or gateway group name.

Once the filter text has been entered or changed, click on **Search** to initiate the search request.

2.5.2 Time Period

Select a time period from the drop down list. Only gateways which have reported data to the AMM (over a WAN) within the selected time period will be displayed on the map. This allows users to quickly find and manage only those gateways which are active.

2.5.3 Nominal Events

Nominal events include any event where a threshold is exceeded. See [Thresholds](#) for further details.

Use the nominal events icons to display the gateways for the defined thresholds.

The colored square are defined as follows:

- **Green:** operating normally within the thresholds
- **Blue:** no data available
- **Yellow:** warning level threshold exceeded
- **Red:** error level threshold exceeded

The *Default* setting has the *Green*, *Yellow*, and *Red* events on for all gateways.

2.5.4 Column Selection

The *Columns* field on the far right of the Dashboard can be used to filter what information is displayed in the Dashboard. See [Dashboard](#) for more information about the Columns button.

>> 3: Main Tabs

3

Located at the top left of the screen, the main tabs are used to navigate through the various presentations of the information available in the AMM. Click on a tab to select the view.

The tabs available depend upon the purchased options and the overall configuration of the system. The main tabs cannot be altered by individual users. However, administrators can add and remove tabs (go to **Admin > Users**) if they own their own appliances. Clients using hosted services from Sierra Wireless do not have the *Admin > Users* option.

Note: the order of tabs is specified by AMM administrators for each user.

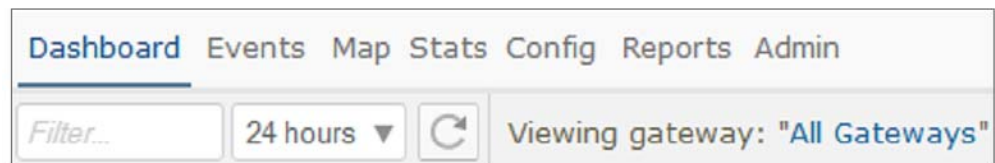


Figure 3-1: View of Main Tabs

3.1 Dashboard

The *Dashboard* provides the main management view of the fleet. There are three views available: *List*, *Graph*, and *Threshold*.

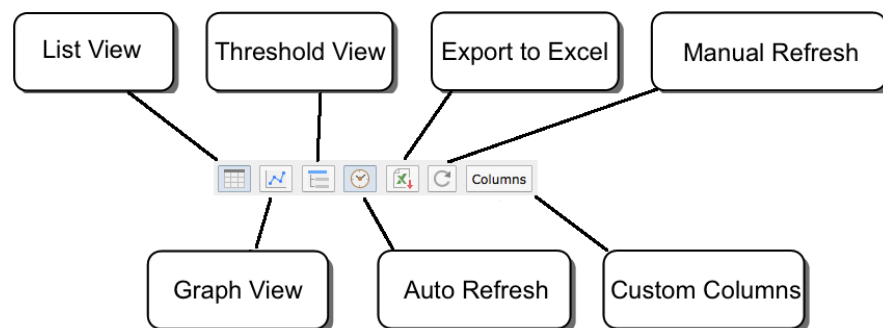


Figure 3-2: Dashboard Buttons

List View: the *List* view is the default view for the dashboard. Each parameter is presented in columns, with each gateway appearing as a single row.

Viewing 8,260 gateways 1 - 54 of 54

Filter... 24 hours [Green] [Blue] [Yellow] [Red] Search [Grid] [Line] [Table] [Clock] [Download] [Refresh] Columns

Name	ID	A. Software	A. Value	Ambient Air Temp	Away From Home	Band	Calculated Load Value	CallUpTime
WLC-D0035	H13	3.14.3-20160308.1	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1 day 5 ho
TRK-Frank-04	G01	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tomasz MG90	ND6	4.2.0-20180608.1	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4 days 17

Figure 3-3: List View

Graph View: The *Graph* view displays the same parameters as the List view but represented in graphical form. Gateways are represented on the Y axis, with the parameter value on the X axis.

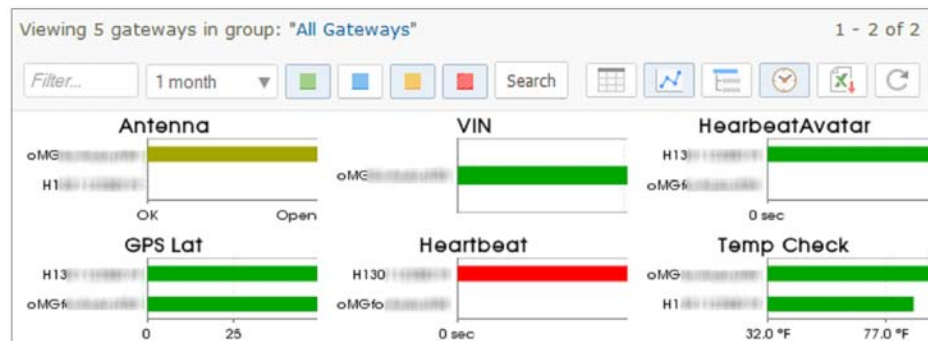


Figure 3-4: Graph View

Threshold View: the *Threshold* view provides a summary for each parameter, including:

- totals of each threshold status for the group of gateways selected.
- a minimum value for each parameter for the group of gateways selected.
- a maximum value for each parameter for the group of gateways selected.

Viewing 5 gateways in group: "All Gateways" 1 - 2 of 2

Filter... 1 month [Green] [Blue] [Yellow] [Red] Search [Grid] [Line] [Table] [Clock] [Download] [Refresh]

Threshold	[Red]	[Yellow]	[Blue]	[Green]	Minimum	Maximum
Heartbeat (All Gateways) xxx	1		1		1 min 21 secs	22 days 11 hours
GPS Satellites (All Gateways) xxx		1	1		0	10
ConfigState (All Gateways) xxx		1	1		In sync	Configuration reset initiated
Antenna (All Gateways) xxx		1	1		OK	Open circuit
Temp Check (All Gateways) xxx			2		87.8 °F	96.8 °F
VIN (All Gateways) xxx			1		OZEN MUL-PRO v1.1	OZEN MUL-PRO v1.1

Figure 3-5: Threshold View

This view is beneficial because it provides a quick view of the parameters that are out of the threshold range. The list of statistics displayed on the dashboard is also configured through **Admin > Thresholds**.

Export to Excel: exports the dashboard information to an Excel file.

Auto-refresh (clock icon): when enabled, the browser page is automatically updated (default is 30 seconds).

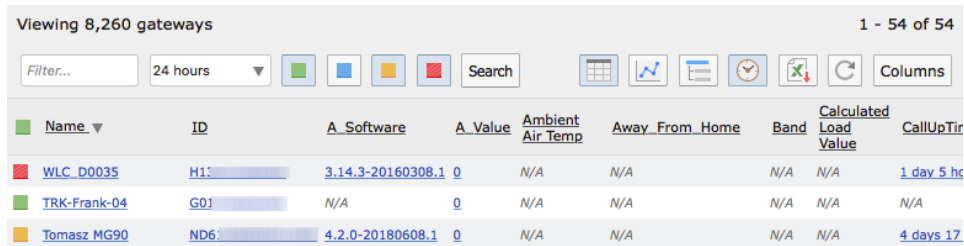
Manual Refresh: manually refreshes the AMM with the latest gateway information.

Columns: customizes the columns displayed on the dashboard. Clicking this button provides the following options:

- **No additional gateway columns:** When enabled, none of the additional gateway columns are displayed except Name and ID; when disabled, a selector is shown allowing you to select the additional columns to display. Select the columns of interest from the left side, click the -> arrow to add them to the **Selected Items** list and click **Save**.
- **Use applicable thresholds in default order:** when enabled, all applicable thresholds to the gateways in the Dashboard are added into the display. When disabled, a selector is shown allowing you to select columns for thresholds to display along with any additional columns selected for display. Select the thresholds of interest from the left side, click the -> arrow to add them to the **Selected Items** list and click **Save**.

3.1.1 Dashboard: List View

The *List* view is the default view for the dashboard. Each parameter is presented in columns, with each gateway appearing as a single row.



The screenshot shows a dashboard interface with a table of gateway data. At the top, it says 'Viewing 8,260 gateways' and '1 - 54 of 54'. There are filters for 'Filter...' and '24 hours', and a 'Search' button. The table has columns: Name, ID, A. Software, A. Value, Ambient Air Temp, Away From Home, Band, Calculated Load Value, and CallUpTir. Three rows are visible, each with a colored square icon on the left.

Name	ID	A. Software	A. Value	Ambient Air Temp	Away From Home	Band	Calculated Load Value	CallUpTir
WLC_D0035	H11	3.14.3-20160308.1	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1 day 5 hc
TRK-Frank-04	G01	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tomasz MG90	ND6	4.2.0-20180608.1	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4 days 17

Figure 3-6: List View Showing Various Parameters

3.1.1.1 Parameters

The *Dashboard* items are made available by creating thresholds (see [Thresholds](#) for more information). These are listed as parameters in the column headings, and descriptions for each row's fields can be displayed by hovering the mouse over them.

The default parameters are:

Name: displays the gateway's friendly name that was assigned to the device on the **Admin->Gateways** screen.

Note: in AMM 2.16.2+, the Name field for an ALEOS device will be automatically populated with the value of MSCIID 5023 if no name has been assigned to the device during gateway creation or import into the AMM. For more information see [Commonly Used MSCIDs](#).

ID: displays the gateway's serial number.

CallUpTime: the amount of time the call is up for the WAN connection.

Heartbeat: the time since the gateway last sent data to the server. The format is HH:MM:SS.

IP Address: the IP (Internet Protocol) address assigned to the most recent Internet connection made by the gateway.

Battery: the voltage level of the vehicle's battery supplying power to the gateway. The gateway has a built-in voltage meter which monitors voltage and shuts down the unit if voltage levels are too low or too high. Note that voltage readings are subject to cable length and will always be slightly lower than the voltage measured at the source.

GPS Fix (not shown by default): the time since the gateway last reported its latitude/longitude coordinates.

Satellites (not shown by default): the gateway is equipped with a multi-channel GPS receiver. The number shown is the number of GPS satellites from which the gateway is currently receiving signals.

Temp Check: the temperature of the gateway, measured in Celsius ($^{\circ}\text{C}$). The gateway has a built-in temperature sensor.

Note: the available parameters may vary depending on the type of device(s) selected in the Gateway Tree.

Note: CallUP Link is not supported for ALEOS devices. Battery, temp check, and calluptime are not shown for ALEOS devices.

Note: The values for columns: Name, Vehicle Type, Group, Update DNS Servers, Customer, Location, and Contact are truncated to a configurable length of characters (the default is 40 characters).

3.1.2 List View: Color Coding

Color coded icons indicate the status of parameter values in relation to their defined thresholds:

- **Green:** operating normally, within thresholds
- **Yellow:** warning level threshold exceeded
- **Red:** error level threshold exceeded
- **Blue:** no data available

Note that the colored icon next to the name/serial number in the gateway list panel indicates the overall health of the gateway. The color will be based on the worst case threshold value from amongst the gateways thresholds displayed on the Dashboard.

	HC	3.13.2-20150410.1	N/A	N/A	 OK
	InMotionPrime-11g	3.11.4-20141023.1	N/A	N/A	 Open circuit

Figure 3-7: Color Coded Icons

For example, the threshold for the 12V battery in a vehicle is typically set up to generate a warning threshold (yellow) for voltages less than 10.8V or greater than 14.7V. The error threshold (red) is set for voltages less than 10.5V or greater than 15.0V. If all other parameters are within the thresholds set (i.e. green) but the battery falls at 10.7V, then the colored icon next to Battery will be yellow. A yellow icon will also be present next to the gateway name/serial number. Note that voltage readings are subject to cable length and will always be slightly lower than the voltage measured at the source.

3.1.3 List View: Sorting

Data displayed in the list view columns can be sorted by clicking on the column header. The triangle indicates which column is being sorted. When the triangle is pointing up, data is in ascending order and when pointing down, it is in descending order. By default, rows are sorted by the Name (ID)

	Name ▼	ID	Software	Value	Ambient Air Temp
---	------------------------	--------------------	--------------------------	-----------------------	----------------------------------

Figure 3-8: Column Headings with Arrow Indicating Sort Order

3.1.4 Dashboard: Graph View

The *Graph* view displays the same parameters as the List view but in graphical form. Gateways are represented on the Y axis, with the parameter value on the X axis.

Values within defined thresholds appear green. Any values that are outside of defined thresholds appear as yellow (warning state) or red (error state).

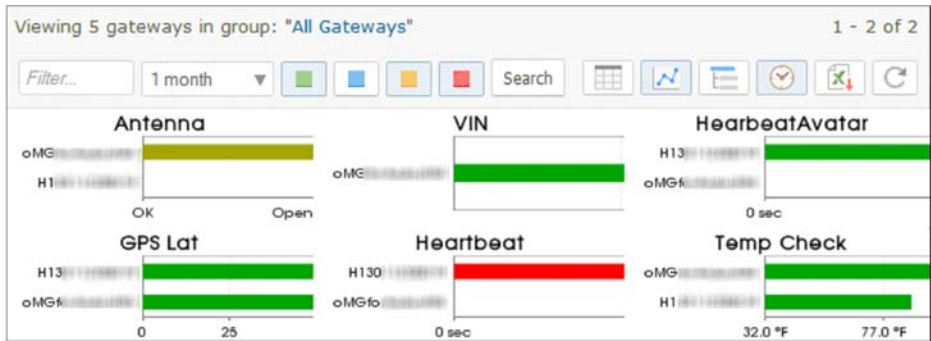


Figure 3-9: Graph View

3.1.5 Dashboard: Threshold View

The *Threshold* view provides a summary for each parameter, including:

- totals of each threshold status for the group of gateways selected.
- a minimum value for each parameter for the group of gateways selected.
- a maximum value for each parameter for the group of gateways selected.

This view is beneficial because it provides a quick view of the parameters that are out of a threshold.

Threshold	Red	Yellow	Blue	Green	Minimum	Maximum
ConfigState (All Gateways) ...	6	13	24		In sync	Configuration reset initiated
Heartbeat (All Gateways) ...	5	6	34		1 sec	19 hours 29 mins
TSES (All Gateways) ...	1	2	9		22 secs	54 days 17 hours

Figure 3-10: Values Exceeding Thresholds

To display additional information about the status of the gateways, click on a numeric value in a column.

Threshold	Red	Yellow	Blue	Green	Minimum	Maximum
ConfigState (All Gateways) ...	6	13	24		In sync	Configuration reset initiated
H11: Conflict						
H12: Conflict						
H13: Conflict						
H05: Conflict						
H02: Conflict						
H00: Out of sync - remote						
MC7354 VZW + AC341U + AC340UCFW						
H14: Configuration reset initiated						
H13: Configuration reset initiated						
H13: Configuration reset initiated						
H13: Configuration reset initiated						

Figure 3-11: Additional Threshold Details

To see how a particular parameter is configured, click on the ellipsis (...) beside the parameter name to open the *Edit Threshold* panel. This will open the panel in a new browser window and allow parameter changes to be saved (for more information see [Thresholds](#)).

3.2 Events Tab

Gateways record a wide variety of information and diagnostics about their usage, and report this information as “events”.

The *Events* tab provides a quick way to view events received by the AMM for a specific time period. For advanced users, this feature is useful for testing or troubleshooting gateways.

Date	Gateway	Text
Jul 21 1:32:15 PM	Spartan 2 - 4.9.0	<CellLink-Up>=<1>

Figure 3-12: Events Tab

To view events:

- select a group, sub-group or individual gateways from the gateway tree.
- enter text in the *Filter* field to help narrow the scope of the search. For more information about searches see: [Filter Box and Searching](#).
- use the time range drop-down box to select the time period for which to display the data. The options are *All*, *Previous Hours*, *Previous Days*, *Previous Months and Range*. Enter the numerical information in the corresponding box. The above image shows data from the previous 1 hour. Click on **Search** to call up the data.

The data can be sorted by clicking on the column header.

To generate a report:

Click on the *Report* button to generate the *Event Viewer* report. From here, the *Change* button can be used to generate a different report.

To export to CSV:

Click on the CSV icon to export the list of events to CSV format.

3.3 Map Tab

The *Map* tab provides a geographical view of a fleet using Google Maps. Use the gateway tree to select the group, sub-group or individual gateway to view on the map. Each gateway is shown either at a location on the map according to the most recent location where data was transmitted, or the location that was manually set via the AMM (see [Gateways](#) for information about setting a manual location when adding a gateway).

A manually set location will be used to display a gateway on the Map when all of the following conditions are met:

1. The gateway has no reported GPS location within the selected time range.
2. Map service¹ access is enabled for AMM.
3. The manually set location string can be resolved to an address via the Map service¹.
4. The Map is viewed with a default time range of “Today” or “All” selected.

1. AMM uses Google Maps Geocoding Services to resolve a gateway’s manually set location to an address for displaying on the Map tab. It also assists a user by validating input when editing a gateway’s location manually. AMM Map service access can be disabled when: a) AMM is deployed in an environment where internet access is restricted or b) the manually set location is not used for displaying gateways on the Map.

Groups of gateways are shown using a cluster icon which includes the number of gateways in the group and is within a circle consisting of the colors representing the various states of the gateways within that cluster. The individual gateways are listed on the right hand side:

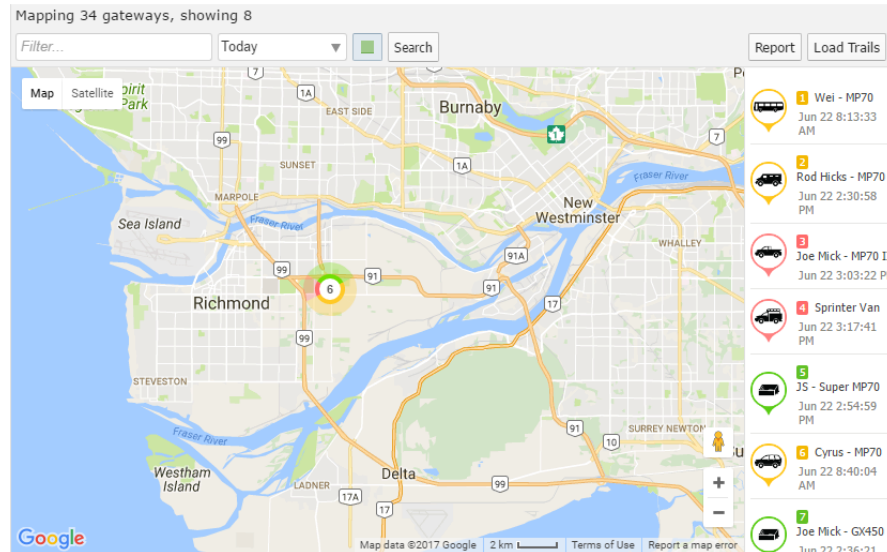


Figure 3-13: Map Tab View Showing a Cluster of Gateways

Zooming in to the map or clicking on the cluster will break the cluster apart to show individual gateways or sub-groups of gateways. Individual gateways are identified using icons assigned to them, with a list of details by gateway shown to the right of the map. The color of the circle around the icon corresponds to the threshold color next to the gateway's name/serial number shown in the Dashboard. If a gateway has no issues it will be shown with a green circle, otherwise it will be shown in yellow if it has warnings or red if it has errors.

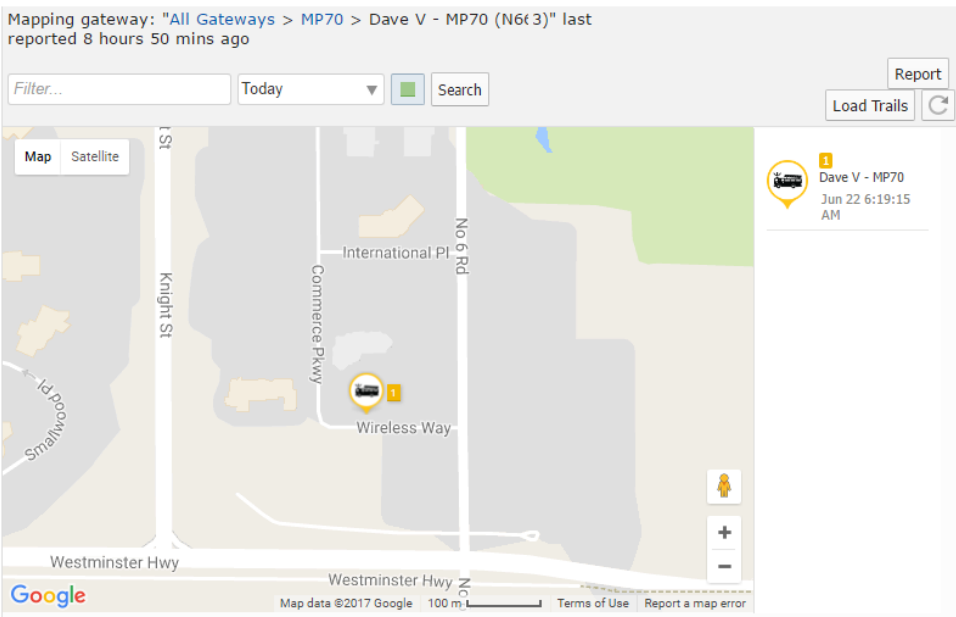


Figure 3-14: Map Tab View Showing an Individual Gateway

To obtain detailed event information, click on a gateway marker on the map to show the information pop-up:

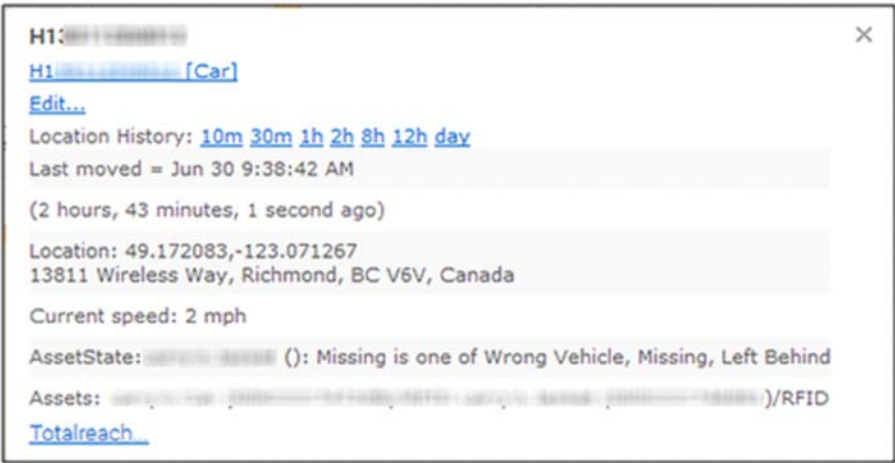


Figure 3-15: Gateway Marker Popup

The popup displays the following primary information:

Gateway ESN: the serial number assigned to the gateway.

Gateway ESN Hyperlink: when clicked, the map will zoom into the marker and also filter out any other markers. Doing so allows the user to focus solely on the current marker. Note that for informational purposes, the hyperlink text also

contains the name of the tree folder (surrounded by “[” and “]” characters) in which the unit is contained (e.g. in the screenshot above, the unit is contained within a folder called “Car”).

Location History: clicking on one of the time periods draws a path on the map showing where the unit travelled during that time frame in the past (e.g. clicking on *10m* will show where the unit has been travelling for the last 10 minutes). Note that the unit must have been travelling within selected time period. If the unit has been idle (e.g. for the last two days) then clicking on some or all of the time periods will not display a path.

Last Moved: the date and time that movement of the vehicle was last detected.

Location: the current location of the unit including both the GPS coordinates and address. If the location was manually set, the statement *Manually set location is displayed* is shown under the location information:

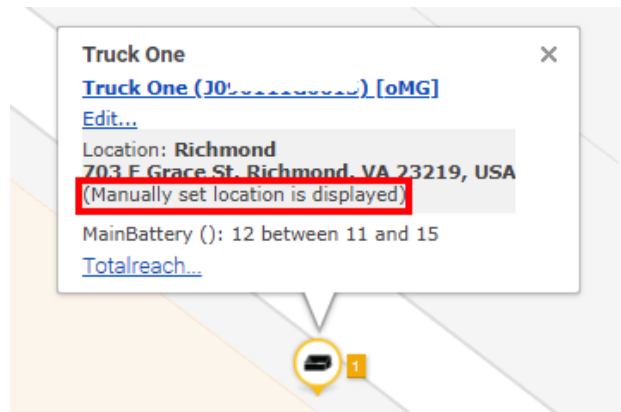


Figure 3-16: Statement indicating that the location was manually set.

Note: A manually set location is displayed when the map is viewed with the default time range of "Today" or "All". A manually-set location will be overridden by a GPS location if available within the user-selected time range. Manually set locations are supported in AMM 2.16.2+.

Threshold information: displays threshold names and values which have been configured for the selected device. Thresholds which have exceeded their defined ranges define the color of the marker (e.g. a red marker will be shown for a threshold that exceeds its range).

3.3.1 Key Features of the Map's User Interface

Figure 3-17 shows the key features of the map's user interface:

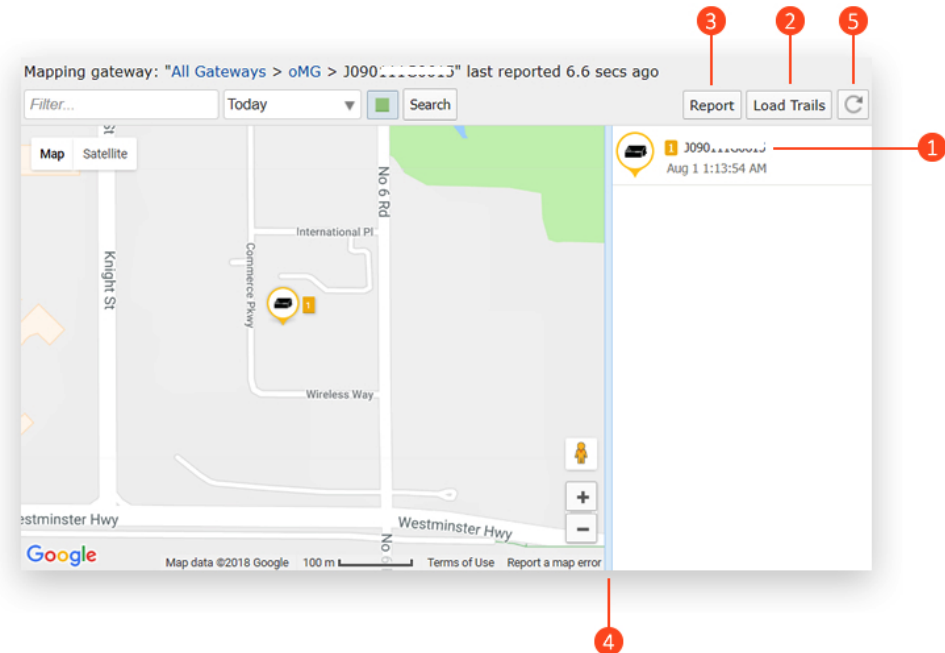


Figure 3-17: Key Features of the Map User Interface

1. Click on the gateway name in the list to the right of the map, to center the map for a single gateway.
2. Click on **Load Trails** to show the path traveled by the vehicle during the specified period.
3. Click on **Report** to generate a Gateway Trips report for the selected gateways over the specified time period. For more information see the AMM Reports guide.

Note: the Report button is available for ALEOS devices in AMM 2.15.2 and above. The Report button is disabled in AM instances.

4. Hover the mouse over the divider between the map and the device listing, and then click and drag the divider to resize the map and device listing.
5. Click on the **Refresh** button to refresh the map.

3.3.2 Navigating Within the Map

The AMM uses Google Maps for all map related screens which can be navigated as follows:

- Zoom in or out using the scroll button of your mouse. Hold the mouse pointer over the map location you wish to remain centered.

- Pan in any direction by clicking and holding the left button of your mouse, and dragging the map.
- To zoom using the map controls, use the (+) and (-) icons (shown in [Figure 3-18](#)) to zoom in and out.
- To pan using the map controls, press one of the four arrows in the white circle:

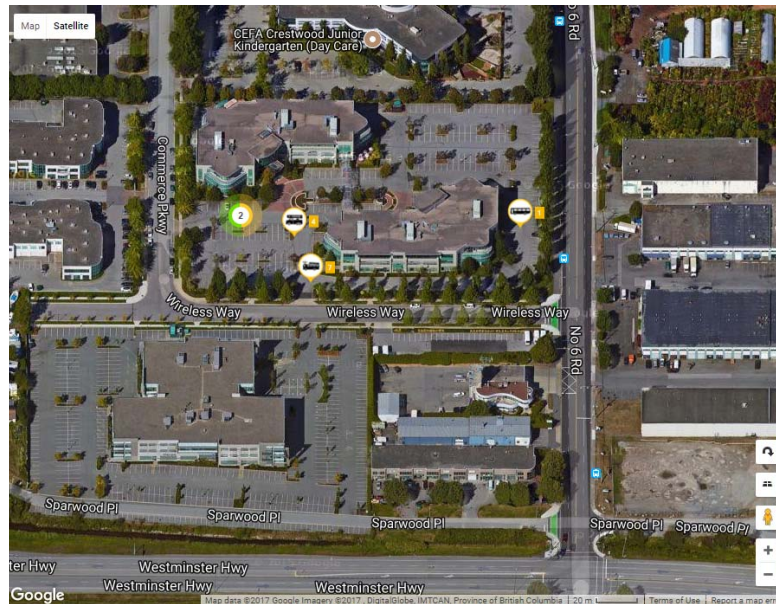


Figure 3-18: Google Map Controls

Additional Controls:

Click on **Map** or **Satellite** to display the respective map detail.

When displaying map level detail, hovering the mouse over *Map* will display a *Terrain* dropdown which when enabled, overlays the map with terrain features:

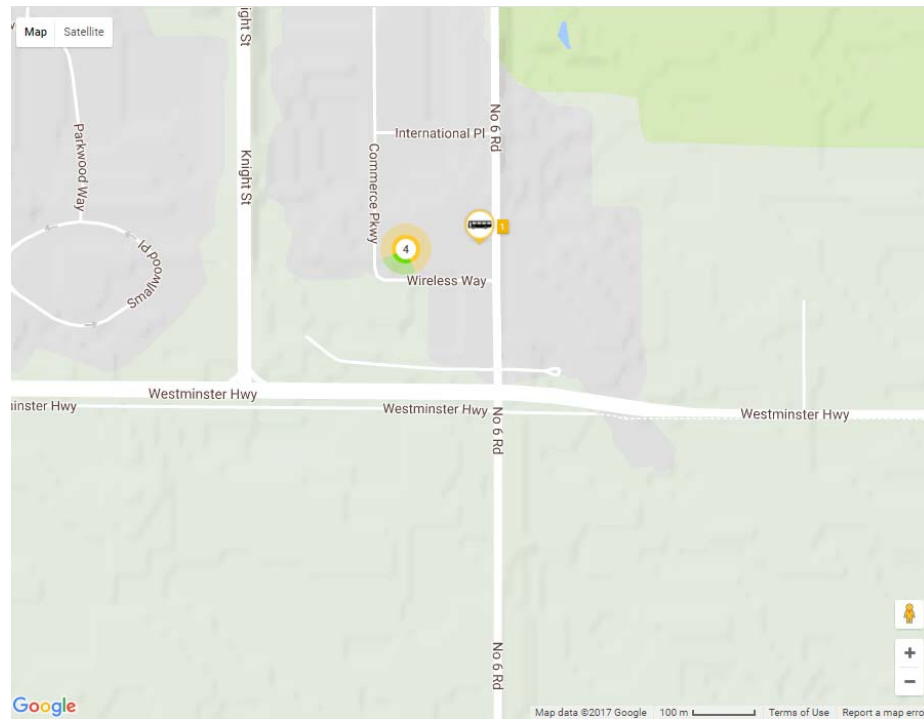


Figure 3-19: Map Level Detail with Terrain Enabled

Note that the Terrain dropdown will only be available when the map isn't zoomed in too far. Also, when the *Terrain* option is enabled, the level to which the map can be zoomed in to, will be limited.

When displaying satellite level detail, hovering the mouse over *Satellite* will display the following option:

- **Labels:** when enabled, displays map labels such as street names.



Figure 3-20: Satellite Level Detail with Sub Options Enabled

3.3.3 Filtering Gateways

The map view provides a number of options for filtering which gateways are displayed on the map:



Figure 3-21: Map Filter Fields

Filter field: similar to the filter in the gateway tree. Enter part of the name (or other gateway labeling data) in the box to limit the gateways displayed.

Time dropdown: a time period can be specified when viewing the map to show where the selected gateways were located within that time period. The location(s) shown are based on when the gateways last reported data over the WAN to the AMM within the specified time period. To specify a time period, select the desired time period from the dropdown, enter the time range (if applicable) and click **Search**.

The following options are available from the dropdown:

- **All:** displays the last known location(s) of the selected gateways.
- **Today:** displays the last known location(s) of the selected gateways for the current day.
- **Last Hours:** displays the last known location(s) of the selected gateways within the last number of specified hours. Selecting this option displays an edit field where the value can be entered.
- **Previous Days:** displays the last known location(s) of the selected gateways within the last number of specified days. Selecting this option displays an edit field where the value can be entered.
- **Previous Months:** displays the last known location(s) of the selected gateways within the last number of specified months. Selecting this option displays an edit field where the value can be entered.
- **Range:** displays the last known location(s) of the selected gateways within the specified date range. Selecting this option displays two edit fields in which the start and end of the range can be specified. Clicking in these fields displays a date chooser widget. Alternatively the date can be manually typed in.

Nominal Events: represented by the green box icon. When selected, shows all gateways, including those operating within threshold limits (green). When de-selected, only gateways in warning (yellow) or error (red) state are visible.

Search: when clicked, searches for the selected gateways over the specified time period. For more information about searches see: [Filter Box and Searching](#).

Manual Refresh: refreshes the page to show the latest information.

3.4 Tracker Tab

Tracker utilizes the GPS and data transfer capability of the gateway to record location and other related information on the AMM. These locations, along with data such as speed, direction (North, South, etc.) and time are used to show current or historical gateway activity. As a gateway moves, its icon will also move on the map and will be shown at the head of its trail.

Vehicle icons, and clusters of vehicles are displayed on the map for gateways. For more information see: [Map Tab](#) and [Vehicles](#).

Tip: *Tracker's map provides updates in near real-time, while the Map tab provides less frequent updates.*

Tracker provides map and list views of the data, detailed reports, and the ability to export data for further analysis.

Tracker is currently targeted at the following markets:

- EMS
- Fire
- Law Enforcement
- Utilities / Large Commercial Fleets

Tracker is not designed as a full replacement for a Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) system. It is a location tracking system designed for flexibility across verticals.

Note: as of AMM 2.15.2, Tracker is included as a core app. In oMM 2.15.1.1 and below, Tracker was provided as an optional add-on.

Note: Tracker is available on the AMM but not the AM.

Note: a manually set location is displayed on Tracker only when reporting within "All" is selected. Manually set locations are supported in AMM 2.16.2+.

For more information see: <http://source.sierrawireless.com/devices/amm/tracker/>

Tracker plots the geographical locations of all units/vehicles in a fleet or selected vehicles within a fleet as shown in [Figure 3-22](#):

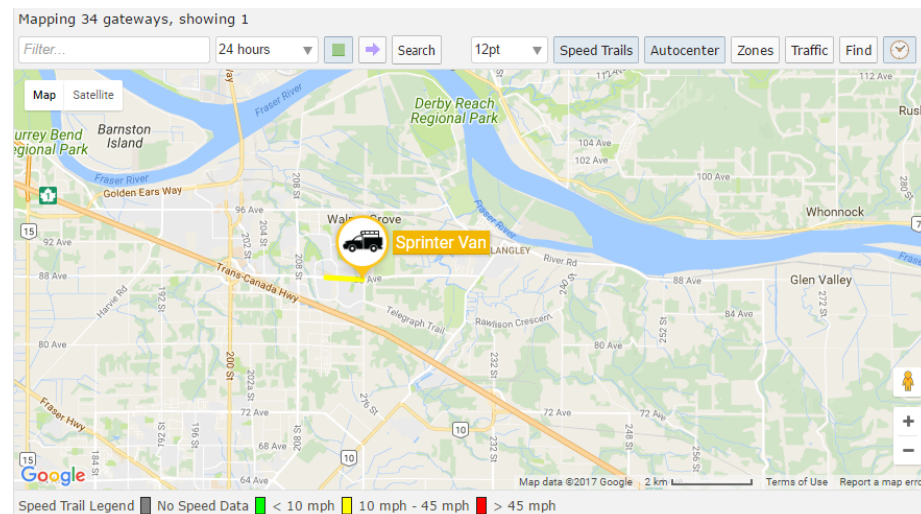


Figure 3-22: Tracker Tab Plotting Locations

The following options are available/relevant to Tracker:



Figure 3-23: Tracker Tab Options

Filter: use to filter vehicles by name or group name

Font Size: use this dropdown to select the size at which to display the gateway/cluster icon(s) on the map. This can be used to facilitate identifying the gateways. The default is 6pt.

Speed Trails: toggles whether or not the gateway's trail, which indicates the device's path of travel, is displayed on the map. Speed trails are colored according to the *Speed Trail Legend* at the bottom of the map, to indicate their speed.

Autocenter: by default, the map will automatically center the gateways on the map.

Zone: toggles whether or not any predefined zones should be displayed on the map. See [Zones](#) for more information about authoring zones.

Traffic: displays traffic flow information on the map.

Find: locates an area on the map based on an address or a more general area (e.g. a city). The map will center on the address, but will not mark or indicate a specific location.

Autorefresh: toggles whether or not to update the gateways on the map periodically.

Refresh: forces a manual refresh of the gateways on the map.

Use the drop-down menu to filter vehicles by time since the previous report. Nominal events (those operating within the threshold limits) are displayed by default (green square icon). De-selecting the green icon displays only those gateways in warning and error states.

Clicking in the purple arrow displays only the gateways that have moved in the last 5 minutes.

3.4.1 Tracker Reports

Reports provide the true power of the AMM. Tracker-related reports are designed to be broad, with data export capability to allow for further analysis.

To generate Tracker reports, navigate to **Reports > Tracker**.

Reports that are related to Tracker include:

- **Gateway Trip Trend** - shows the distance traveled per gateway per time unit including time spent moving and (related) average speed. This report is useful in identifying trends in vehicle usage across a fleet of vehicles.
- **Gateway Trips** - plots the gateway location as a trail (continuous line) on the map (i.e. the route the vehicle traveled). This report is most useful for a single gateway over a relatively short period of time (e.g. one gateway trip) where the same location is not visited repeatedly.
- **Gateway Trip Coverage** - plots a coverage map of locations visited by vehicles and uses color to represent the time spent in the area.
- **Trip Replay** - animates a gateway trip over the time period selected. As the gateway (represented by a marker) moves over the map, it is followed by a colored trail which indicates speed and distance covered. The report is a spatial representation of gateway location history that is not available on the Gateway Trip report. It is useful for analyzing how often gateways cross paths with each other.
- **Zone Summary** - provides a summary of time spent, as a percentage, in different zones across one or more units.
- **Zone Times** - provides a time-based, visual representation of the zones visited by a gateway. The report is best used for a single gateway over a short period of time (one day is optimum) or as an in depth view to the Zone Summary report. It is useful for fleet managers who assign gateways to zones to monitor utilization.
- **Zone Map** - reports the locations of a single gateway over a specific time period.

For detailed information on using and configuring reports, see the AMM Report Guide.

3.4.2 Configuring a Tracker User Account

Tracker user accounts are modified AMM user accounts, assigned by AMM administrators. Tracker users are typically only interested in a fraction of the AMM's functionality and the AMM administrator should customize the Tracker account for this purpose. A recommended set of features are:

- **Dashboard tab:** Customize the visible thresholds to display only the Zone indications so that other threshold conditions do not conflict with the zone threshold.
- **Event tab:** Useful to display historical locations.
- **Tracker tab:** Required to use the Tracker feature.

3.4.3 Basic Viewing and Operation

Tracker must be activated for each AMM account to be a visible tab in the AMM. Additionally, each gateway to be tracked must be set up to report GPS and related data at the correct frequency. Contact Sierra Wireless Technical Support for further details or to confirm that this has been completed for a particular gateway.

To view the Tracker dashboard, click on Tracker in the AMM menu:

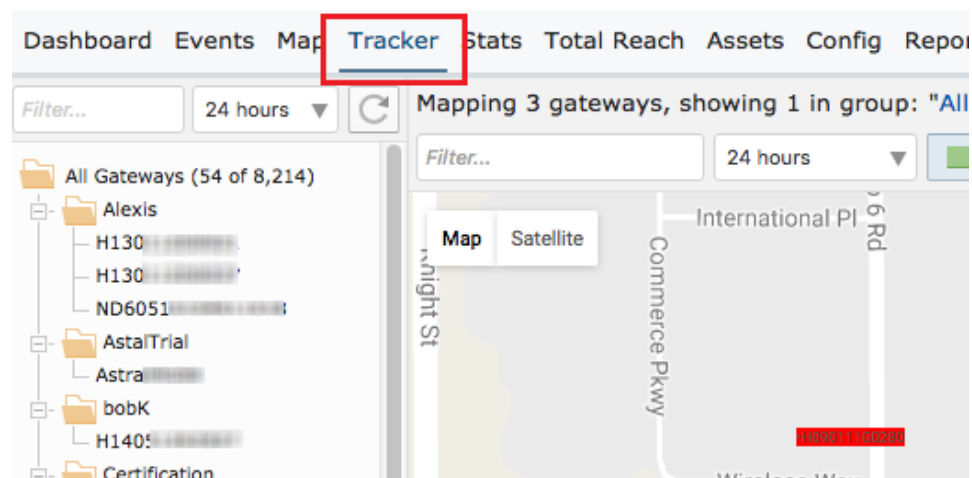


Figure 3-24: Location of Tracker Tab

3.4.4 Navigating within Tracker

The following navigational element's of the AMM are used for Tracker:

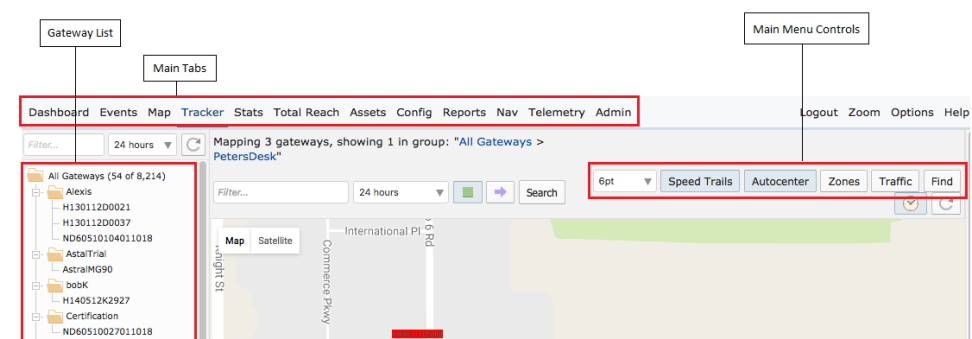


Figure 3-25: Main elements of AMM interface used for Tracker

- **Main Tabs:** used for selecting Tracker.

- **Gateway List:** used for selecting and filtering gateways to view with Tracker. For more information see [Chapter 2.4 - Gateway Tree](#).
- **Main Menu Controls:** the following main menu controls are available:
 - **Font size dropdown:** Controls the size of the font for the gateway indicators on the map.
 - **Speed trails:** Toggles whether color-coded lines are shown indicating the speed of each gateway over its journey. When enabled, a legend is also shown at the bottom describing the speeds corresponding to each color.
 - **Autocenter:** Centers the gateway(s) on the map. If the map is set to refresh automatically, or is refreshed manually, the map re-center itself if a gateway reaches the edge of it.
 - **Zones:** Toggles predefined zones on and off. Zones are virtual geofences which track when gateways leave or enter a defined area. See [Chapter 3.8.8 - Zones](#) for more information.
 - **Traffic:** Some mapping providers supply local traffic information. Check with your preferred mapping provider for more details about traffic information availability in your area.
 - **Find:** Used to locate a street address or a general area on the map.
 - **Autorefresh** (clock icon): When enabled, the browser page is automatically updated (default is 30 seconds).
 - **Refresh:** Manually refreshes the map with the latest gateway location.

3.5 Stats Tab

The *Stats* tab provides a high level of detail about all aspects of a gateway's operations and is recommended for advanced users only.

Label	Gateway	Date	Value
ActiveLink	H1	Jul 13 4:29:46 PM	Rogers
ApplicationVersion	H1	Sep 26 2:47:22 PM	No Application
ApplicationVersion	H1	Sep 23 9:50:30 AM	oMG-Application-9.46804.v3.sdk4-20160106.1

Figure 3-26: Stats Tab

Parameter (statistic) names are listed in the list view on the left of the screen. Results are displayed for the gateway(s) selected - group, sub-group or single gateway. Double-click on items in the list view to filter the corresponding stats (or alternatively, single click an item and then click **Search**). For example, filtering by *All GPS* will display all stats belonging to that type. Filtering by *All* will display each parameter reported.

Note that as of AMM 2.15.2, the following stats are not available for ALEOS devices:

- GPS AntennaStatus
- GPS FixDimension
- LinkX-up
- LinkX-Active
- LinkX-State

For more information about searches see: [Filter Box and Searching](#).

3.5.1 Views

The user may choose from several different views of the data found in the Stats tab:



Figure 3-27: Stats Tab View Buttons

Graph: display the Statistics Graph report configuration page where a report can be generated. For more information see the AMM Reports Guide.

Export: export the data to CSV format.

Refresh: manually refresh the information.

The example below shows a sample of data exported to Excel:

Table 3-1: Sample Excel Data

Date	Stat	Gateway	Value
3/21/2009 5:05	Link1-TotalrxBytes	H078	740,069
3/19/2009 17:01	Link1-TotalrxBytes	H078	2,050,218
3/19/2009 16:37	Link1-TotalrxBytes	H078	1,996,618
3/19/2009 16:11	Link1-TotalrxBytes	H078	1,937,808
3/19/2009 15:47	Link1-TotalrxBytes	H078	1,878,855
3/19/2009 15:03	Link1-TotalrxBytes	H078	1,803,895
3/19/2009 14:41	Link1-TotalrxBytes	H078	1,752,574
3/19/2009 14:13	Link1-TotalrxBytes	H078	1,700,738

3.6 Total Reach Tab

Allows users of the AMM to remotely access a device (e.g. laptop, handheld, etc.) in a gateway's LAN or Vehicle Area Network (VAN) via the AMM.

Note: Total Reach is available for all MG devices - oMG and MG90.

Note: Total Reach is available on the AMM but not the AM.

To use *Total Reach*:

6. Click on the **Total Reach** tab.
7. Select a gateway in the tree.
8. Click on the radio button to the left of the desired device in the list to connect to (see [Chapter 3-28](#) below).
9. Click the button corresponding to the type of connection to use (e.g. VNC):

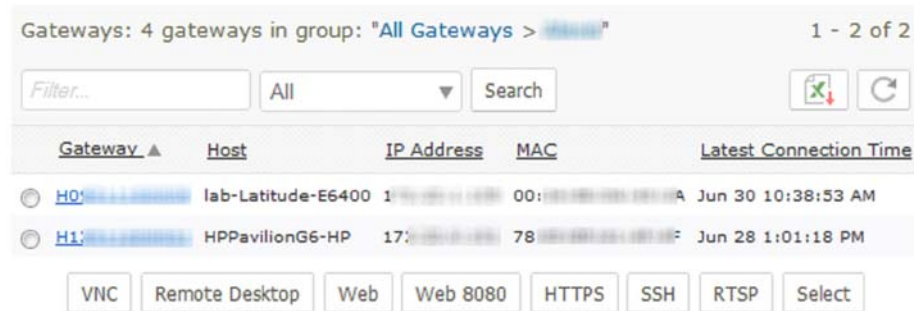


Figure 3-28: Total Reach Tab

Note: to connect to multiple devices, you must select each individually and click the desired connection button for each.

Total Reach provides the following methods of remote access:

VNC: runs a VNC (Virtual Network Computing) session to connect to a VNC server on a host (e.g. laptop) connecting to a gateway.

Remote Desktop: provides access using the RDP protocol. Devices need to have remote desktop enabled.

Web: provides access via the browser to web services/interfaces made available by the device on port 80 (e.g. a device configuration screen).

Web 8080: provides access via the browser to web services/interfaces made available by the device on (alternate) port 8080.

HTTPS: provides secure access via the browser to web services/interfaces made available by the device on port 443.

SSH: provides a **Java based SSH window for running SSH commands on the device.**

RTSP: uses *Real Time Streaming Protocol* to view streaming media. (e.g. if there is a camera hooked up, the video content can be viewed).

Select: provides access via the browser to web services/interfaces made available by the device on a particular port. Clicking Select will allow you to first select the port on which to access and then display the available web service/interface.

Note that AMM users must be granted Total Reach privileges by the AMM administrator in order to use Total Reach. Also, additional software (e.g. VNC software) may need to be installed on each device connected to the gateway for which remote access is to be enabled.

3.7 Config Tab

The *Config* tab provides access to the *Tracker*, *Copy*, *Upload*, *Deploy*, *WLAN WiFi Settings Import/Export*, and *WAN WiFi Security Import/Export* panels which are used for managing gateway configurations remotely. Access to these panels is organized under the *Provisioning*, *Deploy*, and *CSV Import / Export* sub menus under the *Config* tab.

3.7.1 Provisioning

The *Provisioning* menu allows for the configuration of VPNs and management tunnels on either a single gateway or groups of gateways. This mechanism is also used by fleet operators to implement PSK rotation for VPNs. On oMM 2.14.x, this feature is supported for oMG versions 3.8 through 3.14. On oMM 2.15 and above, this feature is supported for oMG versions 3.14.1 and above.

*Note: if an oMM running version 2.14 detects an oMG with a version greater than 3.14, assistance from Support will be required for provisioning. In this case the system will display a message indicating this condition when provisioning is attempted.*¹

This provisioning system utilizes a hierarchy of configuration settings where by settings can be defined per group and either inherited or overridden by subgroups and/or individual gateways within those groups.

Note: top level groups don't inherit any settings since there are no parent groups to inherit from.

Provisioning provides fleet operators with the flexibility to provision a fleet of gateways while retaining the ability to provide unique configuration settings for specific gateways or groups of gateways.

3.7.1.1 Setting the Template Configuration

In order to provision a group, at least one gateway must have reported to that group and the configuration from a gateway within the group must be selected as the *template* configuration. Before provisioning a group for the first time, identify a gateway in the group whose configuration should be used as the template. Once identified, right click on that gateway in the Gateway Tree, and select **Set Group Template Configuration**. The settings from the gateway will be used to create a configuration for the parent group and the provision feature can then be used as described in the sub sections below.

-
1. All customers should upgrade to the latest version of the AMM as soon as possible.

3.7.1.2 Provisioning VPNs

VPN configurations are provisioned using the *Config->Provisioning->VPNs* menu.

Note: this functionality is for oMGs only.

In addition, fleet managers who use PSK rotation for VPNs (i.e. regularly change the PSK for VPN access to increase security) can use this provisioning feature to update gateways or groups of gateways with the new PSK credentials.

The VPN provisioning screen lists all VPN configurations for the currently selected item(s) in the Gateway Tree:

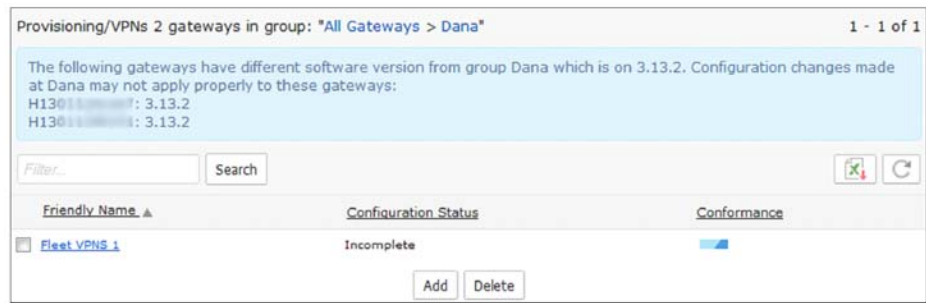


Figure 3-29: VPN Provisioning Listing Screen - Listing for a Selected Group

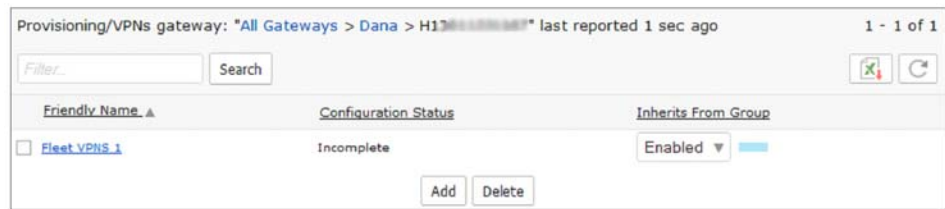


Figure 3-30: VPN Provisioning Listing Screen - Listing for a Selected Gateway

*Note: A software version check is performed at the group level and any differences are highlighted as shown in [Figure 3-29](#). A group inherits the software version from the source gateway in the 'set template config' operation (see [Setting the Template Configuration](#)), and can be looked up from the *Admin->Group* menu.*

The list contains the following columns:

- **Friendly Name:** the name assigned to the VPN configuration.
- **Conformance** (shown when a group is selected in the Gateway Tree): visually indicates if the configuration assigned to sub groups and gateways under the selected group conforms to the configuration assigned to the selected group:

Table 3-2:

	All gateway(s) in the group inherit the configuration.
	Some gateway(s) in the group inherit the configuration.
	No gateway(s) in the group inherit the configuration.

Note: at the group level, hovering the mouse over the conformance bar provides details as to which gateways within the group that are not inheriting the VPN.

- **Inherits From Group** (shown when a gateway is selected in the Gateway Tree): provides the two subfields listed below for inheritance:
 - **Enabled/Disabled Dropdown:** when set to Enabled, the gateway will inherit the configuration from the parent group. When set to *Disabled*, the gateway will have its own configuration that does not inherit from that of the parent group (note though that the parent configuration will be used to create the initial configuration for the gateway). Note that this field is blank (i.e. doesn't say enabled or disabled) when the VPN does not exist at group level and only exists at the gateway.
 - **Conformance Bar:** visually indicates if the configuration assigned to the selected gateway conforms to the group from which it inherits.

Table 3-3:

	Fully inherited from the parent group.
	Partially inherited from the parent group.
	Not inherited from the parent group.

Adding and Editing VPN Configurations

Adding a VPN

To add a VPN configuration to a group or gateway:

1. Ensure the template configuration has been assigned to the group as described above in [Setting the Template Configuration](#).
2. Select the group or gateway in the Gateway Tree.

3. Select the **Config->Provisioning->VPNs** menu.
4. Click **Add**.
5. Enter the required configuration fields:
 - a. **Label**: the name of the VPN configuration. The default label is automatically generated by the system. Note that this field cannot be changed once the VPN is created.
 - b. **Server**: the IP address of the VPN server.
 - c. **Enterprise Network Subnets**: a common-delimited list of enterprise subnets in CIDR notation to include.
6. Optionally click **Show Advanced Config** to display and edit additional VPN configuration fields. Defaults are provided for each advanced field.
7. Optionally override any settings specific to the selected item as described below in *Overriding VPN Settings*. Note that required settings vary between the group level and individual gateway level (e.g. interfaces and PSK). Certain fields may be optional at the group level but may be required at the gateway level for deployment.

Note: at the group level, only links and monitors that are common in all gateways within the group will be displayed as options.

8. (Optional) Click **Attach a CSV file for importing**. This allows for PSK credential information stored in a .csv file to be used for configuring one or more gateways in a group that require different PSKs. Using a .csv file allows these different PSKs to be defined in one file. Note that this option is not available when setting a configuration for a single gateway, nor does it apply settings at the group level.

If provided, the values defined in the file will override the value in the *Pre-shared Key* field for each gateway listed in the .csv file. The *Attach CSV* dialog provides the following fields:

- a. **Template** (top right corner): generates a blank CSV file which can be populated with VPN PSK information (see [VPN CSV](#)).
- b. **Select a CSV file**: allows for a populated CSV file to be selected and attached to the configuration. The values in this .csv file will override those on the configuration screen. Once selected, a list of gateways will be displayed indicating which gateways will be affected and excluded by the settings being imported. Click on **oMG(s) will be updated** and **oMG(s) excluded** to display the respective list:

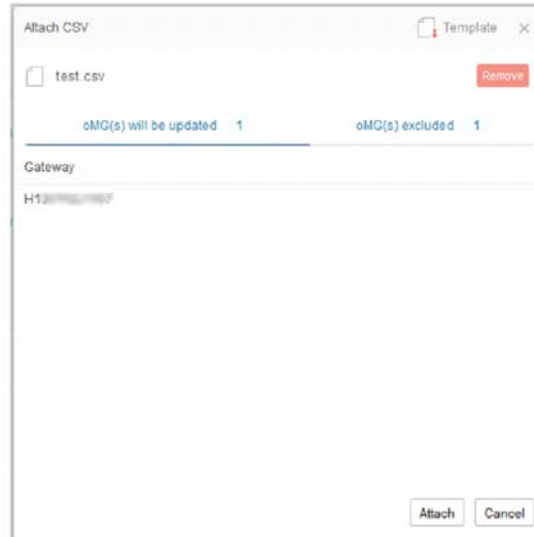


Figure 3-31: An Attached CSV for Import.

These lists provide a summary of which gateways the CSV file contains a configuration for.

c. Attach: attaches the selected .csv file to the configuration.

9. (Optional) Click **Deploy configuration to gateways**. If checked, the configuration will be deployed when the Save button is clicked. Be sure to verify the deploy state by hovering the mouse over the box in the top left corner of the title. This will display a popup indicating if deployment can take place:

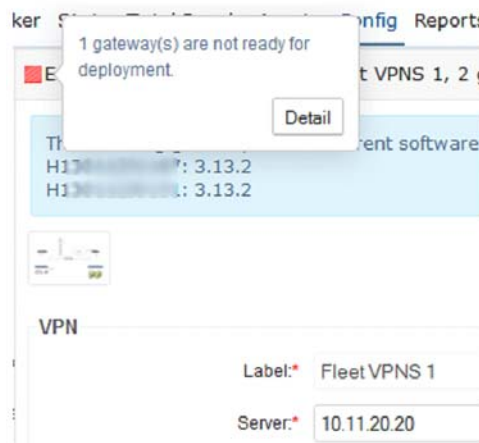


Figure 3-32: Popup Indicating if Deployment can Take Place.

Clicking *Detail* displays additional information about issues impacting deployment.

Note that the *Deploy Configuration to gateways* checkbox will not be available if a CSV was attached and a PSK has not been assigned to the group.

10. Click **Save** to save the configuration to the group or gateway. The new VPN will be listed on the VPN provisioning listing screen. If *Deploy configuration to gateways* is checked, the configuration will also be deployed to the selected gateways. If a configuration conflict exists (e.g. due to a configuration version mismatch), the *Deploy* screen will be displayed which can be used to rectify the problem (e.g. to update gateways with the latest configuration files). If a CSV file was attached, any child gateways specified in the CSV file will transition from the *Complete* state to the *Modified* state on save, in which case the *Apply* button on the *Deploy* screen must be used to push the changes to those gateways. For more information see [Deploy](#)).

Note: when 'Save' is clicked at the group level, all changes on the group are applied to gateways within the group as long as the fields modified are not overridden at the gateway.

Note that info bubbles are provided beside each field which can be clicked on to display popup help about the respective field:

The screenshot shows a form titled 'VPN' with two input fields. The first field is labeled 'Label:*' and contains the text 'Fleet VPNS 1'. To its right is a small blue square icon with a white 'i' inside, representing an info bubble. The second field is labeled 'Server:*' and contains the text '10.11.20.20'. To its right is another small blue square icon with a white 'i' inside. A red rectangular box highlights the info bubble for the 'Label' field. A tooltip is visible next to this bubble, containing the text: 'Free form text to uniquely identify this VPN profile.'

Figure 3-33: VPN Info Bubbles

Editing an existing VPN

To edit an existing VPN configuration, select the group or gateway whose configuration is to be edited, select **Config->Provisioning->VPNs**, click on the name of the VPN under the *Friendly Name* column and edit the fields as described above for adding a VPN.

Overriding VPN settings

When editing a specific gateway, the left hand column of the configuration editing screen indicates if each value inherits from or overrides the setting from the parent group's configuration:

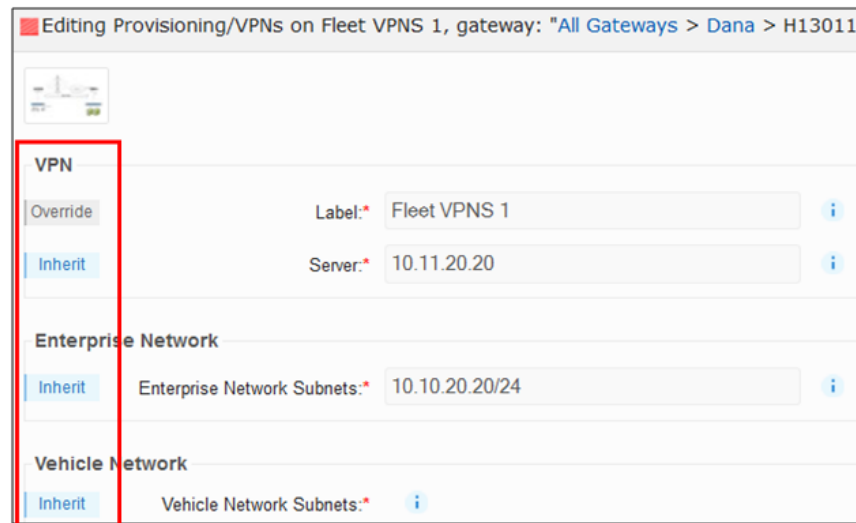


Figure 3-34: Example of Inheritance Indicators on Configuration fields

To change whether a setting inherits or overrides from the parent group, click on the indicator and select the respective option:



Figure 3-35: Specifying Whether or not to Inherit or Override Settings from a Parent Group.

- **Inherit value from parent group:** specifies that the setting from the parent group's configuration should be used.
- **Assign a custom value and override parent group:** specifies that the parent group's configuration setting should be overridden. Selecting this option allows the input field to be modified for some settings, while other settings will be taken from the configuration stored on the selected gateway.

Note: syntax checking is performed by the AMM on most fields before a configuration can be saved.

To obtain contextual information about the meaning of the various field labels, click the diagram icon on the top left corner to display a network diagram:



Figure 3-36: Button to Obtain Contextual Information.

Once all settings have been made, click **Deploy configuration to gateways** if the changes should be deployed, and then click **Save** to save and deploy the changes.

Multi-VPN Provisioning Restrictions and Behaviours

oMG 3.14 and up allows for the configuration of multiple VPNs per WAN link. The AMM will only allow provisioning of multiple VPNs on oMGs running 3.14 and higher and will enforce the following rules when provisioning VPNs:

1. If a VPN is added/edited at the gateway level on a gateway older than 3.14, and if the WAN link already has an IPsec VPN, then the VPN configuration cannot be saved.
2. If a VPN is added/edited at the group level, some gateways in the group are older than 3.14, and if the WAN link on those gateways already has an IPsec VPN, then the VPN configuration will not be saved on those gateways.
3. Copying a configuration from one gateway to another is not restricted or monitored. This means for example, if a 3.14 VPN configuration (which may or may not have multi-VPN) is copied to a 3.13 gateway, then the VPN behavior on the 3.13 gateway will be undefined/unknown.

3.7.1.3 Provisioning Management Tunnels

Management Tunnel configurations are provisioned using the *Config->Provisioning->Management Tunnel* menu. This allows fleet operators to assign Management Tunnel settings to either a single gateway or group of gateways.

Note: this functionality is for oMGs only.

To edit a VPN configuration to a group or gateway:

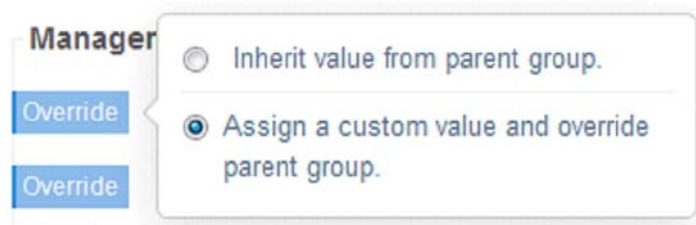
1. Ensure the template configuration has been assigned to the group as described above in [Setting the Template Configuration](#).
2. Select the group or gateway in the Gateway Tree.
3. Select the **Config->Provisioning->Management Tunnel** menu.
4. Edit the *Server* field to specify the fully qualified domain name of Management Tunnel server address.

5. Optionally click **Show Advanced Config** to display and edit the *AMM Tunnel IP* field.
6. Optionally override any settings specific to the selected item as described below in *Overriding Management Tunnel Settings*.
7. (Optional) Click **Deploy configuration to gateways**. If checked, the configuration will be deployed when the *Save* button is clicked.
8. Click **Save** to save the configuration to the group. If *Deploy configuration to gateways* is checked, the configuration will also be deployed to the selected gateway(s). If a configuration conflict exists (e.g. due to a configuration version mismatch), the *Deploy* screen will be displayed which can be used to rectify the problem (e.g. to update gateways with the latest configuration files). For more information see [Deploy](#).

Note: syntax checking is performed by the AMM on most fields before a configuration can be saved.

Overriding Management Tunnel Settings

When editing a specific gateway, the left hand column of the configuration editing screen indicates if each value inherits from or overrides the setting from the parent group's configuration:



- **Inherit value from parent group:** specifies that the setting from the parent group's configuration should be used.
- **Assign a custom value and override parent group:** specifies that the parent group's configuration setting should be overridden. Selecting this option allows the input field to be modified for some settings, while other settings will be taken from the configuration stored on the selected gateway.

Once all settings have been made, click **Deploy configuration to gateways** if the changes should be deployed, and then click **Save** to save and deploy the changes.

Note that info bubbles are provided beside each field which can be clicked on to display popup help about the respective field:

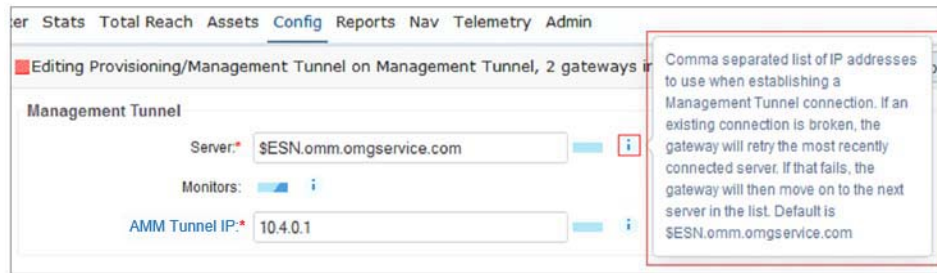


Figure 3-37: Management Tunnel Info Bubble

3.7.1.4 Controlling Configurations when Moving Gateways between Groups

When moving a Gateway to a group, the following options are provided to control how the configuration of the group is applied to the new gateway:

- **Inherit:** the configuration is copied from the group to the gateway.
- **Retain:** no change is made to the gateway's configuration.

3.7.2 Deploy

The *Deploy* menu provides access to tools for copying and deploying configuration files to gateways. These are described in the following subsections.

Note: this functionality does not apply to GenX gateways.

3.7.2.1 Tracker

The *Tracker* panel allows you to inspect and configure the GPS TAIP forwarding groups for the Tracker feature (for more information about Tracker see [Tracker Tab](#)). Using GPS TAIP, MGs can send GPS information at a much higher frequency than via the normal event stream.

Tracker Config

Existing Group: /0 (2) (will reload once selected)

IP Address: (number format only)

Listener Port: 0 (firewall needs to be opened)

Gateway	TAIP Vehicle ID	Message Format	Send Interval
H0:00000000:	666 sync	out of LN PV out of sync	120 out of sync
01:00000000:	SS sync	out of LN PV sync	0 out of sync
Add: oMGforAru Filter (gateway: "oMGforAru")		out of LN PV sync	

Apply Delete

Figure 3-38: Tracker Panel

Tracker configuration fields:

- **Existing Group:** displays the names of the gateway groups to configure TAIP for. The name consists of the IP address and listener port followed by the number of gateways (in brackets) within that group.
- **IP Address & Listener Port:** the IP address and port where you want to send the TAIP data (i.e. the address of the AMM and port that has been opened in the firewall).

Below the main configuration options, the following fields are presented for the list of gateways which are part of the group:

- **Gateway:** the name of the gateway.
- **TAIP Vehicle ID:** a 4-digit number used to identify the gateway within the group. Numbers must be manually entered and failure to do so will show "Duplicate" beside blank TAIP Vehicle ID fields.
- **Message Format:** the type of TAIP response message format to use – LN or PV.
- **Send Interval:** the frequency (in seconds) at which to send messages. Note: "Out of sync" will be displayed if the gateway is using a different configuration than that defined on the AMM.

Adding a group:

Select **** New **** from the Existing Group dropdown, enter an IP address and port. Click **Apply** to create the group.

To add a gateway to the group, select a gateway from the *Gateway Tree* and click **Apply**. Note: individual gateways cannot currently be removed from the group.

To find a specific gateway to add, click **Filter** and enter a search string to filter by. A drop down will appear with gateways matching that filter:

Figure 3-39: Filtering by Gateway

To further refine the search, enter values for one or more of the following fields which correspond to the information stored for gateways (Note: the search will be invoked after clicking on another field):

- **Version pattern:** filters on version numbering information (e.g. r3).
- **Name pattern:** filters on the gateway names and ESNs.
- **Customer, Contact, Location:** filters on customer name, contact information, or location.
- **Notes:** filters on the notes entered for the gateways.
- **Reporting Within:** filters on those gateways which have reported within the specified number of days.
- **Matching vehicles:** shows the gateways found as a result of the filter. From this list a gateway can then be selected.

To delete a group, click **Delete** and then click **OK** on the confirmation popup.

3.7.2.2 Upload

The *Upload* tab is used to apply saved configuration file(s) to the gateways.

Figure 3-40: Upload Tab

Uploading the configuration file:

- **Apply to*:** the gateways to which the file(s) will be copied to. Enter the gateway's ESN or alias, or locate it in the *Gateway Tree*.

- **Configuration file***: click on **Browse** to locate the appropriate file(s) to copy. Up to four files can be uploaded at a time, by locating a file for each of the four *Configuration File* fields provided.
- Click on **Upload** to upload the file.

3.7.2.3 Copy

The *Copy* panel is used to copy the configuration file from a gateway to be used as a *template* for other gateways. This panel is used in conjunction with the [Deploy](#) panel when copying configurations. For more information on this procedure see: [Copying Configurations Between Gateways](#).

Figure 3-41: Copy Panel

Copying the gateway's configuration file:

- **Source***: the gateway from which the configuration files are being copied.
- **Copy config to***: the gateway to which the files are to be copied to. Enter the gateway's ESN, alias or locate it in the *Gateway Tree*.

Note: users can enter more than one gateway in this field for mass configuration.

- **Configuration Files** options:
 - **All files**: enabled by default, this will display all files with a checkmark beside each. Clicking *Copy* will therefore copy all files to the gateway.

To copy specific files from the source gateway, uncheck **All Files** to deselect all files and place a checkmark beside each file to copy:

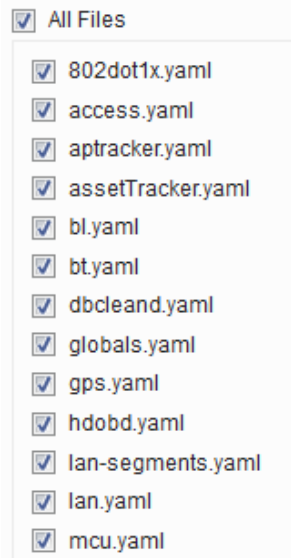


Figure 3-42: Selecting configuration files to copy

Note: the files available for selection may vary depending on the selected device type

- **Skip version check:** by default, configuration files can only be copied to gateways running the same software version. Version check therefore verifies that both the source and destination gateways have the same software version and ensures compatible configuration files. To override this restriction, enable this option.
- **Skip platform check** (applicable to ALEOS devices only): by default, configuration files can only be copied to gateways of the same type. The platform check verifies that both the source and destination gateways are of the same type and ensures compatible configuration files. Enabling this option, overrides this restriction.
- **Reboot automatically after changes are applied** (applicable to ALEOS devices only): when selected, the device will be rebooted after the copy operation has completed.
- **Copy:** click to copy the file(s); this opens the *Deploy* panel.

*Note: this panel is also available by locating the source gateway in the Gateway Tree, right-clicking on it and selecting **Copy Configuration**.*

* denotes a required field

3.7.2.4 Deploy

The *Deploy* panel aids administrators during mass configuration deployment of their gateways. The deploy feature maintains current gateway configurations and stores them on the AMM. This allows administrators to easily copy configurations from one gateway to another, to a group of gateways, or to an entire fleet.

this field does not apply and will display the same value as the *Modify Time* column.

- **State:** using green, yellow and red square icons, this information allows administrators to see the state of each gateway's configuration in relation to the configuration stored on the AMM. The possible states are listed below, and various functions can be initiated depending on the state (see [Functions](#) below).
- **In sync (MG only):** the configuration of the gateway is synchronized with the AMM, which means that the repositories of the gateway and AMM are an exact copy of each other. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:
 - **Revert:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Awaiting rollback.
 - **Copy:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
 - **Upload:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- **Config Confirmed with warnings** (applies to ALEOS devices only): indicates the device has been synchronized but rejected a subset of the configuration elements. Clicking on the warnings will display a summary of items rejected. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:
 - **Revert:** pulls all of the configuration settings from the gateway and overwrites any invalid values that were introduced from the AMM's configuration. The gateway's configuration state will transition to Config Confirmed. Using Revert is the recommended action because it corrects all invalid values where as other actions may cause future invalid values to end up back on the gateway putting the device back into the Config Confirmed with warnings state. Alternatively, the Config hyperlink can be clicked to identify invalid values after which they can be manually corrected.
 - **Copy:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
 - **Upload:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- **Awaiting rollback:** the configuration is waiting to be rolled back from that on the AMM. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:
 - **Revert:** the gateway's configuration state will remain as Awaiting rollback.
 - **Copy:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
 - **Upload:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- **Awaiting rollforward:** the configuration is waiting to be rolled forward to that on the AMM. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:
 - **Revert:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Awaiting rollback. This feature should be used in cases where a change of decision has taken place (e.g. after the Force button was used to overwrite the gateway's configuration with the AMM's version) such that the AMM's configuration should now be overwritten with the gateway's configuration.
 - **Copy:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
 - **Upload:** the gateway's state will transition to Modified.
- **Conflict:** the config on the AMM and on the gateway have both been modified. To manually resolve this, choose the desired configuration to use, and overwrite the other configuration with it. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:

- Force: selects a configuration from the AMM. The gateway's configuration state will transition to Awaiting rollforward.
- Revert: selects the gateway's configuration. The gateway's configuration state will transition to Awaiting rollback.
- Copy: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- Upload: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- **Incomplete** (applies to MG devices only): a gateway configuration has been detected that is missing mandatory fields. The issue must be rectified in the configuration before trying to deploy again. Issues are typically due to mandatory configuration fields which have not been filled in. Note that mandatory fields are visually indicated on the configuration screen via red asterisks. Navigate to *Config->Provisioning->VPNs* to identify which VPN is incomplete. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:
 - Force: tells the AMM to ignore the issues causing the incompleteness. The gateway's configuration state will transition to In Sync.
 - Revert: the gateway's configuration state will remain as Incomplete.
 - Copy: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
 - Upload: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
 - Hold: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Out-of-sync-local or Out-of-sync-remote.
- **Modified**: changes have been made on the AMM but are waiting for a user to review and apply them before they will be pushed out to the gateway. Therefore the gateway and AMM are not in sync. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:
 - Apply: commits the changes. The gateway's state will transition to In sync.
 - Revert: the gateway's state will transition to Awaiting rollback.
 - Copy: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
 - Upload: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- **Configuration Reset Completed**: the device has successfully reset its software back to the factory default configuration. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:
 - Force: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Awaiting rollforward. This should be used to restore the gateway to its previous configuration if the gateway reset on its own.
 - Revert: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Awaiting rollback. This should be used to accept (reset to) the factory settings.
 - Copy: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
 - Upload: the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- **Out of sync - local**: changes were detected in the AMM's configuration repository. The changes will be automatically pushed to the gateway. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:
 - Sync Now (available only for MG devices): manually pushes the changes to the gateway. The gateway's state will transition to In Sync.
 - Revert: the gateway's state will transition to Awaiting rollback. This feature should be used to "cancel" the request to push AMM changes to the gateway.

- **Copy:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- **Upload:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- **Out of sync - remote:** changes were detected on the gateway. The changes will be automatically pulled from the gateway by the AMM. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:
 - **Sync Now** (available only for MG devices): manually pulls the changes from the gateway to the AMM. The gateway's state will transition to In Sync.
 - **Revert:** the gateway's state will transition to Awaiting rollback.
 - **Copy:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
 - **Upload:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- **Remote Config failure:** a previously attempted sync action has failed. In this state, one of the functions below must be invoked. The following functions/state transitions can be initiated:
 - **Force:** sends the AMM's configuration to the gateway.
 - **Revert:** attempts to recover the configuration from the gateway. The gateway's state will transition to Awaiting rollback.
 - **Copy:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
 - **Upload:** the gateway's configuration state will transition to Modified.
- **Software Version:** the current software version of the gateway listed.

Functions

There are seven functions for deployment:



Figure 48 - The Seven Deployment Function Buttons

- **Sync Now** (available for MG devices only): use this function to initiate synchronization between the gateway and the AMM. Always ensure that the configuration is in sync before making any changes to configuration files or pushing a new configuration to the gateway. Note: this button is only available when a single gateway is selected and is only available for MG gateways. To select a single gateway, click on a gateway's link in the *Deploy* list, or select the gateway in the *Gateway Tree*.
- **Revert:** pulls the gateway's copy of the configuration into the AMM regardless of the *Sync State*.
- **Force:** pushes the AMM copy of the configuration out to the gateway regardless of the *Sync State*. This button is only applicable for certain states (see States listed above).
- **Apply:** applies changes made on the AMM to the MG. Note that when the state is *Incomplete*, the *Apply* button cannot be used. However, advanced users such as Sierra Wireless personnel, can use the *Force* button to ignore the incomplete state and apply the configuration.
- **Hold:** cancels all changes pending synchronization.
- **Copy:** copies configuration files from one gateway to another or to a group of gateways.

- **Upload** (available for MG devices only): applies configuration files that have been previously backed up to a PC.

Errors from ALEOS devices:

If a configuration change failed due to an unknown MSCI error returned from the gateway, the deployment summary screen may display one of the following errors:

1. "invalid id specified": An invalid ID was specified.
2. "element is read-only": A write request included a MSCI ID for an element which is read-only.
3. "invalid value provided": A write request attempted to write an invalid value.
4. "invalid data element provided": An invalid data element was encountered.
5. "insufficient permissions": The client attempted to read/write a value for which it does not have the proper access level.
6. "invalid encryption" - The modem was unable to decrypt an encrypted data value.

Otherwise: "unknown reason".

3.7.3 CSV Import | Export

In order to minimize intrusion opportunities when using pre-shared keys, it's common for fleet operators to change or "rotate" login credentials on a regular basis. The **CSV Import | Export** menu allows fleet operators to perform this rotation by exporting credentials and other information such as a custom host name, static IP address, gateway, and network mask, to user-friendly CSV files, which can then be updated with new information using spreadsheet software, and then re-imported back into the gateway(s).

Note: this functionality is for MG devices only.

3.7.3.1 WLAN WiFi Settings

oMM 2.11 and above in combination with oMG 3.8 and above, allows fleet operators to provision LAN access point configurations and perform PSK rotation for WLAN's. Note that as of oMM 2.14, PSK rotation for VPNs is done through provisioning (see [Provisioning VPNs](#) - for more information). The **WLAN WiFi Settings** menus under the **Config->CSV Import | Export** tab allow fleet operators to easily deploy PSK rotation changes to a fleet of configured gateways. *WEP encryption is not supported for credential rotation.*

MG PSK Rotation Requirements and Assumptions

Unlike WAN WiFi PSK rotation, WLAN WiFi PSK rotation doesn't have a similar, dual-access point requirement, in part because there is only a single access point per LAN device on the gateway and because WLAN access should be interrupted when credentials change (i.e. to increase security by preventing devices which previously had access from being able to connect to the WLAN). This means that

all devices currently connected to the gateway will be immediately disconnected, and users will need to be provided with new login credentials either prior to the rotation, or very soon thereafter.

Deploying PSK Rotation through the AMM

Rotation deployment is accomplished by exporting the configuration of one or more gateways to a CSV file, modifying the settings in that CSV file using third party spreadsheet software (e.g. Microsoft Excel), re-importing the CSV file back into the AMM and deploying the settings to the fleet of gateways. Information about the CSV file is available in [CSV File Information](#).

The detailed steps to accomplish this PSK rotation deployment are as follows:

1. Select the gateways in the Gateway Tree whose credentials are to be updated.
2. Navigate to **Config->CSV Import | Export->WLAN WiFi Settings->Export** to access the export screen for the respective PSK credentials.
3. Click **Export** and then save the CSV file when prompted.
4. Modify the credentials in the CSV file using spreadsheet software and then save the CSV (see [CSV File Information](#) for information about the CSV file format).
5. Navigate to **Config->CSV Import | Export->WLAN WiFi Settings->Import** to access the import screen for the respective PSK credentials.
6. Click **Browse**, locate the modified CSV file and click **Import**. The credentials will be imported to the AMM and checked for any errors which will be displayed. If no errors were found, proceed to the next step.

Note: configuration settings will be deployed to all gateways which are both selected in the Gateway Tree and are listed in the CSV file. Be sure to verify which gateways will be updated before moving onto the next step, by checking that each gateway listed in the CSV is also selected in the Gateway Tree.

7. Enter a descriptive comment in the *Deploy Comment* field if desired. Attaching a comment to a deployment allows for gateways participating in deployments to be easily identified on the *Config->Deploy* page via the *Search revision comments* field (as described in [Deploy](#)).
8. Click **Show Gateways** (optional) to show the gateways that will be affected by the import operation.
9. Click **Deploy Configuration**. The configuration deployment screen will be shown and all units targeted for deployment will transition to a *File generating* state and then a *File pending* state.
10. Click **Apply** to perform the deployment. Once the sync cycle completes the state will change to *In Sync* for each affected gateway, assuming that the gateway is online during the sync cycle.

When exporting a long PSK containing all numerics (e.g. 776677667766776677667766776677) using Excel 2010, Excel will automatically convert the value to the "General" format (e.g., "7.76678E+25"). When saving back to csv, the value will be saved as "7.76678E+25" instead of the original number.

To properly edit a file with these kinds of values you must use a text editor. This ensures that the PSK values remain in their proper numeric format.

3.7.3.2 WAN WiFi Security

oMM 2.9 and above in combination with oMG 3.8 and above, support the "rotation" of PSK credentials for WAN WiFi access points. WAN WiFi PSK rotation works by switching between access point profiles, each of which contains different PSK credentials. The WAN WiFi Security menus under the **Config->CSV Import | Export** tab allow fleet operators to easily deploy PSK rotation changes to a fleet of configured gateways.

Note: all gateways must have same number of WiFi networks defined in the CSV file.

AMM 2.16.2+ allows fleet operators to export the host name, or the static IP of WAN Wi-Fi network configurations, which can then be updated with new settings using spreadsheet software, and then re-imported back into the gateway(s).

Note: This feature cannot be used to switch WAN Wi-Fi network settings between DHCP and Static IP.

Note: In AMM 2.16.2+, the WAN WiFi Security function requires oMG software 3.14.5+.

MG PSK Rotation Requirements and Assumptions

For WAN WiFi PSK rotation, at least two WiFi access point profiles need to exist on the gateways for which rotation is to be used, and those profiles must be assigned to at least one WAN link. The use of two access points ensures that WAN access remains uninterrupted during latency or other delays that may occur when transitioning gateways to the new PSK credentials.

This is accomplished by allowing gateways to gradually transition to using the new access point while still allowing access through the old access point. Once all gateways have transitioned to the new access point, the credentials of the old access point can then be changed thereby leaving WAN service uninterrupted. Access points are configured through the gateway's LCI screen as described in the oMG Operation and Configuration Guide.

Deploying PSK Rotation through the AMM

Rotation deployment is accomplished by exporting the configuration of one or more gateways to a CSV file, modifying the settings in that CSV file using third party spreadsheet software (e.g. Microsoft Excel), re-importing the CSV file back into the AMM and deploying the settings to the fleet of gateways. Information about the CSV file is available in [CSV File Information](#).

The detailed steps to accomplish this PSK rotation deployment are as follows:

1. Select the gateways in the Gateway Tree whose credentials are to be updated.
2. Navigate to **Config->CSV Import| Export->WAN WiFi Security->Export** to access the export screen for the respective PSK credentials.

3. Click **Export** and then save the CSV file when prompted.
4. Modify the credentials in the CSV file using spreadsheet software and then save the CSV (see [CSV File Information](#) for information about the CSV file format). In the case of WAN rotation, be sure to also update WiFi Network Name to rotate the gateways to use the new access point.
5. Navigate to **Config->CSV Import|Export->WAN WiFi Security->Import** to access the import screen for the respective PSK credentials.
6. Click **Browse**, locate the modified CSV file and click **Import**. The credentials will be imported to the AMM and checked for any errors which will be displayed. If no errors were found, proceed to the next step.

Note: configuration settings will be deployed to all gateways which are both selected in the Gateway Tree and are listed in the CSV file. Be sure to verify which gateways will be updated before moving onto the next step, by checking that each gateway listed in the CSV is also selected in the Gateway Tree.

7. Enter a descriptive comment in the **Deploy Comment** field if desired. Attaching a comment to a deployment allows for gateways participating in deployments to be easily identified on the **Config->Deploy** page via the **Search revision comments** field (as described in [Deploy](#)).
8. Click **Show Gateways** (optional) to show the gateways that will be affected by the import operation.
9. Click **Deploy Configuration**. The configuration deployment screen will be shown and all units targeted for deployment will transition to a *File generating* state and then a *File pending* state.
10. Click **Apply** to perform the deployment. Once the sync cycle completes the state will change to *In Sync* for each affected gateway, assuming that the gateway is online during the sync cycle.
11. For WAN WiFi PSK rotation: after all gateways have transitioned to the new access point, repeat the above steps to change the credentials of the old access point. This will prevent WAN access via the old access point which will eventually become the new access point on the next PSK rotation.

When exporting a long PSK containing all numerics (e.g. 77667766776677667766776677) using Excel 2010, Excel will automatically convert the value to the "General" format (e.g., "7.76678E+25"). When saving back to csv, the value will be saved as "7.76678E+25" instead of the original number.

To properly edit a file with these kinds of values you must use a text editor. This ensures that the PSK values remain in their proper numeric format.

3.8 Admin Tab

The *Admin* tab provides users with admin privileges to access a number of administrative panels.

3.8.1 Software

The AMM can store gateway software packages (e.g. gateway firmware or applications) and provides facilities for updating gateways with these packages.

Obtaining packages and updating gateways is a two-step process. This involves using the *Admin->Software->Repository* menu which provides access to the *Repository* screen where gateway software packages can be downloaded to the AMM and administered, and the *Admin->Software->Distribution* screen, which allows administrators to update gateways with these downloaded software packages.

Both of these screens are described in the following sub sections.

Note: this functionality is not supported for GenX Gateways.

3.8.1.1 Repository

The *Software Package Repository* (aka “Repository”) screen, shown in [Figure 3-44](#) below, allows administrators to check for and download available software packages, upload packages from other sources, set up automatic checks, and purge packages.

Acquiring packages using this screen is the first step in the two-step process for obtaining packages and updating gateways.

MG and ALEOS packages are hosted by Sierra Wireless and can be downloaded to the AMM using the Repository screen’s download facilities. MG and ALEOS packages are also hosted on Sierra Wireless’ “Source” website at <http://source.sierrawireless.com/> and may be manually acquired from that website and then uploaded to the AMM using the Repository screen’s *Upload* button. These controls are discussed in further detail below.

In order for a customer’s AMM appliance to access Sierra Wireless’ repository, the corporate firewall must be configured to allow the AMM to access repo.inmotiontechnology.com over HTTP.

Stats

Total Reach

Assets

Config

Reports

Nav

Telemetry

Admin

Logout

Zoom

Options

Help

Software Package Repository

Shows software packages available for download from the Sierra Wireless software repository to the AMM and allows for automatic checks and downloads to be administered. Software packages can also be manually uploaded to the AMM from your PC and purged using this page. Adding software packages to the AMM is the first step of the two-step process for performing a gateway software update. Once added to the AMM, the Software->Distribution page must then be used to upgrade specific gateways with the downloaded software.

Software Available for Download

Check Now

Automatic Checks and Downloads

Edit

Last check on 2016/02/22 00:00:00

Status: Completed successfully! No new software found.

Check for new software

Once a day

Next automated check will occur on

2016/02/23 00:00:00

Automatically download

No

1 - 16 of 16

All Platforms

Filter...

All

Search

Show Purged

↑

↓

↺

↻

Name	Version	Platform	Release date	Status	Available since
☐ oMG-Core-Software	3.14.1.1-20160201.1	oMG-2000	Feb 1	New	N/A
☐ ALEOS-Core-Software	4.4.2.006	ES440	Dec 14	Available	2015/12/15 09:53:50
☐ ALEOS-Core-Software	4.4.3.002	ES440	Dec 14	Available	2015/12/15 09:54:15
☐ ALEOS-Core-Software	4.4.3.002	GX400	Dec 14	Available	2015/12/16 11:21:16
☐ ALEOS-Core-Software	4.4.2.006	GX400	Dec 14	Available	Jan 8 3:19:57 PM
☐ Core-Software	4.5.1.004	Unknown	Dec 7	Available	2015/12/14 16:37:57
☐ ALEOS-Core-Software	4.4.2.005	LS300	Dec 1	Available	2015/12/14 08:34:44
☐ ALEOS-Core-Software	4.4.2.006	GX450	Dec 1	Available	2015/12/14 16:42:18
☐ ALEOS-Core-Software	4.5.1.009	GX450	Dec 1	Available	Jan 8 3:29:22 PM
☐ ALEOS-Core-Software	4.4.1.014	GX440	Dec 1	Available	Jan 11 8:14:29 AM
☐ ALEOS-Core-Software	4.4.3.003	LS300	Nov 24	Available	2015/12/16 08:40:40
☐ oMG-Core-Software	3.14.0.1-20150930.3	oMG-12		Available	2015/12/14 15:53:39

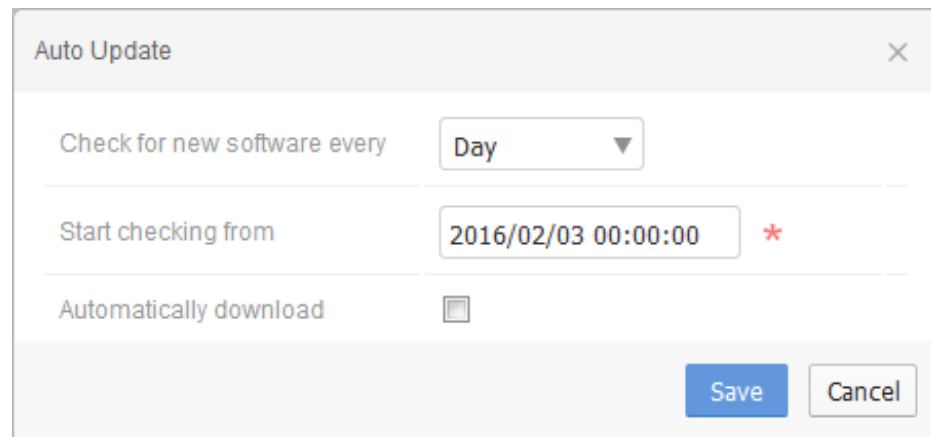
Download

Purge

Figure 3-44: Software Package Repository Screen

Figure 3-44 shows the following key features:

- **Check Now:** checks the Sierra Wireless servers to see if any new software packages are available for download to the AMM. The status on when the last check was performed is shown below the button. A list of selectable software packages, if available, is shown in the grid.
- **Edit:** displays the *Auto Update* popup in which automatic checks for software can be configured:



The 'Auto Update' dialog box has a title bar with a close button (X). It contains three main sections:

- Check for new software every:** A dropdown menu currently set to 'Day'.
- Start checking from:** A date and time input field showing '2016/02/03 00:00:00' with a red asterisk icon to its right.
- Automatically download:** An unchecked checkbox.

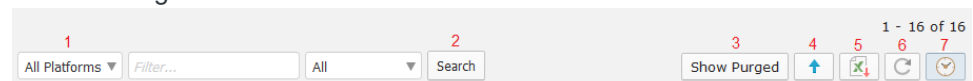
 At the bottom right are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 3-45: Auto Update Popup

- **Check for new software every:** can be set to *Day*, *Week*, or *Month*. To disable this feature, select *Do not check*.
- **Start checking from:** specifies the date and time from which to start performing automatic checks.
- **Automatically download:** select this option to automatically download new software packages to the AMM. Leave this option deselected to perform the check without automatically downloading the package. Note that customers using their own AMM appliance must first ensure that their firewall has been configured to allow the AMM to access the Sierra Wireless package repository (see [Repository](#) for more information).
- **Download:** downloads the selected software packages to the AMM. Note that only those packages with a status of *New* or *Available* can be downloaded.
- **Purge:** removes the selected software packages from the AMM. In AMM 2.16.1 and below, this button will only purge those packages with a status of *Downloaded*. In AMM 2.16.2 and above, this button will remove all selected package(s) from the list regardless of their status (except *Downloading*) which is useful for manually maintaining a list of relevant packages. The purged packages can be viewed using the **Show Purged** button described below.

Working with the Software Package List

The following controls are available:



The interface shows a list of software packages with the following controls:

- 1:** A dropdown menu currently set to 'All Platforms'.
- 2:** A 'Filter...' input field.
- 3:** A dropdown menu currently set to 'All'.
- 4:** A 'Search' button.
- 5:** A 'Show Purged' button.
- 6:** An 'Upload' button (blue arrow pointing up).
- 7:** A 'Purge' button (red X icon).

 On the far right, it indicates '1 - 16 of 16' items.

Figure 3-46: Controls for the Software Package List

- Filter Fields:** filters the list by device type, name, and date (selectable options are *Release Date* and *Available Since*).
- Search:** executes the filter. For more information about searches see: [Filter Box and Searching](#).
- Show Purged:** enable this option to include purged software packages in the list.
- Upload:** allows a software package stored on the local PC to be uploaded to the AMM. This button must be used for ALEOS firmware packages which

have been manually acquired from Sierra Wireless' "Source" website at <http://source.sierrawireless.com/>. This button can also optionally be used to upload software packages.

Note: for customers running their own AMM appliance who have not configured their firewall to allow the AMM to access Sierra Wireless' package repository, the Upload button will be the only method for transferring software packages to the AMM. In this case, software packages (e.g. firmware) must also be downloaded from Sierra Wireless' "Source" website.

5. **Export to CSV:** exports the list of software packages to a .CSV file.
6. **Refresh:** refreshes the list of software packages. Used mainly to update software package statuses.
7. **Last Update:** toggles whether the date/time of the last update is to be automatically updated and displayed.

The software package grid displays the following fields:

Name	Version	Platform	Release date	Status	Available since
☐ oMG-Core-Software	3.14.1.1-20160201.1	oMG-2000	Feb 1	New	N/A
☐ ALEOS-Core-Software	4.4.2.006	ES440	Dec 14	Available	2015/12/15 09:53:50

Figure 3-47: Software Package Grid Field

1. **Name:** the filename of the software package.
2. **Version:** the version number of the software package.
3. **Platform:** the Sierra Wireless gateway for which the software package applies.
4. **Release Date:** the date when the software package was released.
5. **Status:** the current status of the software package. Can be set to one of the following statuses:
 - a. **New:** the software package was added to the repository since the last check and is available for download.
 - b. **Available:** the software package is available for download.
 - c. **Failed:** the last attempt to download the software package failed. An error message will be included to describe the error.
 - d. **Downloading:** the software is being downloaded to the AMM.
 - e. **Downloaded:** the software was successfully downloaded to the AMM.
 - f. **Pending:** a request was made to download the software, but the download hasn't started yet (e.g. due to a batch download).
6. **Available Since:** indicates that the software has been available since the specified date/time.

3.8.1.2 Distribution

The *Software Distribution* screen allows administrators to push downloaded software packages to selected gateways. This is the second step of the two-step process for obtaining software packages and distributing those packages to gateways.

Note: the Software Distribution screen does not automatically update to reflect deletions of software made to a gateway using ACEmanager until that gateway is rebooted. To manually force the status to update on the Distribution screen, navigate to the Deploy screen, select the gateway, and click Revert. This will cause the AMM to pull the list of installed applications from the ALEOS gateway(s) so that it knows which applications to pull configs from, causing the device(s) to enter into the Awaiting rollback state. You can then return to the Distribution screen to see the updated software state for the gateway(s).

Software Distribution

Allows the selected gateways to be upgraded with software packages that have been downloaded to the AMM. This is the second step of the two-step process for upgrading software on gateways. Updates can be scheduled for both ALEOS and oMG devices. Before upgrades can be performed using this screen, software packages must first be downloaded to the AMM using the Software->Repository screen.

2 gateways in group: "All Gateways > North Pole"

1 - 2 of 2

All Platforms ▾ All Last Update Status ▾ Filter... All ▾ Search

☐ Gateway ▲	Platform	Software	Current version	Target version	Last update status	Last update	Next update
☐ ES440 Spare test (HF...)	ES440	ALEOS-Core-Software	4.4.2	4.4.3.002	Failed Gateway did not check in during the upgrade schedule.	Jan 30 9:48:39 PM	10
☐ LA4...	GX450	ALEOS-Core-Software	4.5.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	9

6 Upgrade Gateway Software 7 Upgrade Application(s) 8 Uninstall Application(s) 9 Clear Scheduled Upgrades

Figure 3-48: Software Distribution Screen

Figure 3-48 shows the main features of the Software Distribution screen:

- Filter Fields:** filters the list by device type, last status, name, and date/time range. For more information about searches see: [Filter Box and Searching](#).
- Search:** executes the filter.
- Export to CSV:** exports the list of software packages to a .CSV file.
- Refresh:** refreshes the list of software packages. Used mainly to update software package statuses.
- Last Update:** toggles whether the date/time of the last update is to be automatically updated and displayed.
- Upgrade Gateway Software:** displays the *Upgrade Gateway Software* wizard to perform firmware upgrades to a selected gateway. If multiple gateways are selected, the wizard will require that a single gateway platform be selected (see [Upgrading Gateway Software](#) below).
- Upgrade Applications:** displays the *Upgrade Application(s)* wizard to perform application upgrades to a selected gateway. If multiple gateways are selected with differing platforms, the wizard will require that a single gateway platform be selected (see [Upgrading Applications](#) below).
- Uninstall Application(s)** (supported for ALEOS applications only): uninstalls the selected application(s).

- 9. Clear Scheduled Upgrades:** removes any upgrades which are scheduled to automatically run. Upgrades can be scheduled using the *Upgrade Gateways Software* and *Upgrade Application(s)* wizards. Note that this functionality is supported for ALEOS devices in AMM 2.16 and above.
- 10. Schedule Information:** if there is a schedule icon in the *Next update* column and it is clicked, the column can show schedule information.

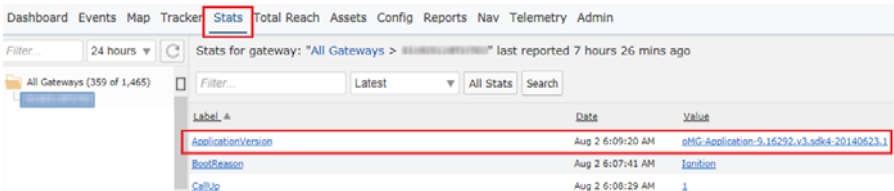
Note that an application package's date indicates whether it contains the latest build, as opposed to package version numbers which may change for various reasons unrelated to versioning.

As of oMM 2.15.1.1, the Software Distribution screen compares the build dates of downloaded application packages to determine if they are newer than that installed on the selected gateway. Packages which have a newer date are then made available by the Software Distribution screen for a potential upgrade.

For example, if an application package listed on the Software Distribution screen contains a software package with version 9.48804.v3.sdk4-20160106.1, the AMM will compare its date ("20160106") to that of the package installed on the selected gateway, and make it available as an upgrade if that date is newer than the gateway's installed version.

oMM Version 2.15 and below compares packages based on version numbers instead of dates, and may therefore show older versions of packages. Care must therefore be taken when viewing packages on the Software Distribution screen of oMM version 2.15 and below to ensure that the date of a given package is greater than that of the selected gateway.

The software version of a selected gateway can be viewed in the AMM, by clicking on the **Stats** menu and looking for the value of the **ApplicationVersion** stat:



The screenshot shows the AMM interface with the 'Stats' menu highlighted. Below the menu, there's a section for 'Stats for gateway: "All Gateways > [selected gateway]" last reported 7 hours 26 mins ago'. A table displays various statistics. The 'ApplicationVersion' stat is highlighted with a red box, showing a date of 'Aug 2 6:09:20 AM' and a value of 'oMM-Application:9.16292.v3.sdk4-20160623.1'.

Label	Date	Value
ApplicationVersion	Aug 2 6:09:20 AM	oMM-Application:9.16292.v3.sdk4-20160623.1
BootReason	Aug 2 6:07:41 AM	Initiation
CellUp	Aug 2 6:08:29 AM	1

Figure 3-49: Application Version Stat

Note: for customer AMM appliances with ALEOS devices, it's mandatory that those devices be able to resolve the URL of the AMM. If the devices cannot resolve the URL (e.g. because it's a private URL), the devices will not be able to download the software package(s) from the AMM. In this situation, contact Customer Support for assistance.

Upgrading Gateway Software

The *Upgrade Gateway Software* wizard is activated using the *Upgrade Gateway Software* button and allows administrators to apply firmware to a selected gateway via the following screens.

Note: if multiple devices are selected from different platforms, the wizard will require that a specific platform be selected. Only those devices which run on the specified platform will be upgraded, as shown here:

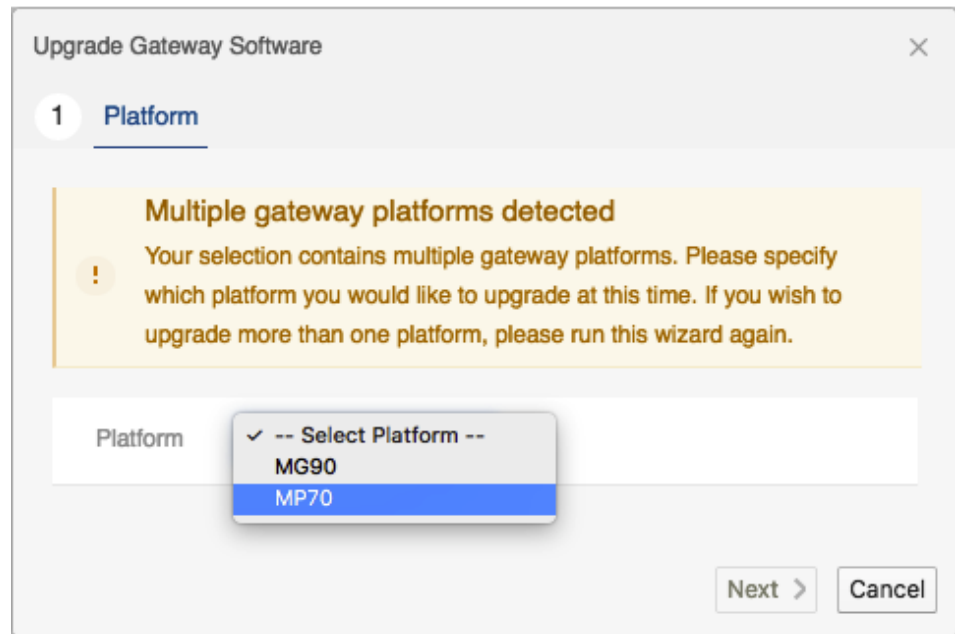


Figure 3-50: Upgrade Gateway Software Platform Selection

Select a platform from the *Platform* dropdown and click **Next**.

The *Upgrade to version* dropdown lists the software which is available on the AMM:

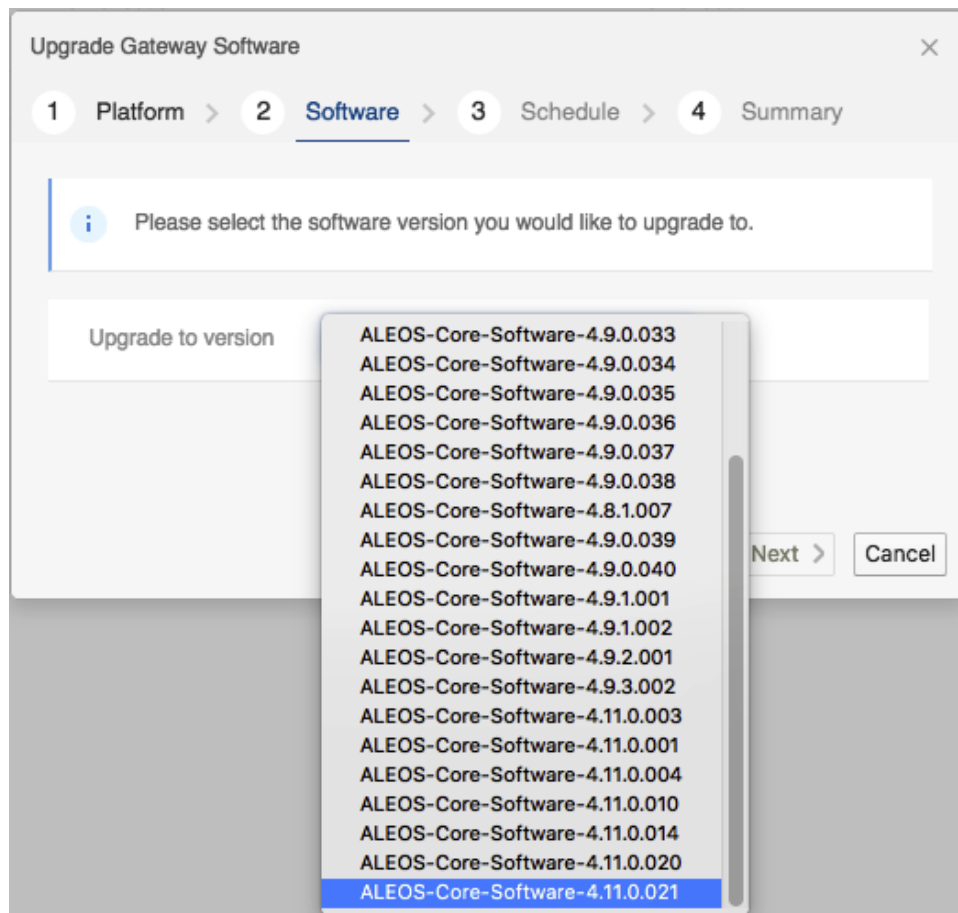


Figure 3-51: Upgrade Gateway Software Version Selection

Select the version of the software to upgrade to and click **Next**.

Note: as of AMM 2.16, the wizard allows the software of MG90 devices to be updated from non-FIPS to FIPS, and vice versa.

An upgrade can be scheduled for a future time by clicking Yes to display the scheduling options:

Upgrade Gateway Software

1 Platform > 2 Software > 3 **Schedule** > 4 Summary

Would you like to schedule this upgrade? ☒ Yes ☐ No *

Attempt upgrade Only once ▼

Starts from 2018/09/28 *

During time 0:00 ▼ to 0:00 ▼ ⓘ

< Back Next > Cancel

Figure 3-52: Upgrade Gateway Software Scheduling

Note: for oMG and MG90 devices, the scheduling feature requires those devices to be configured with oMG 3.14.5+ and MGOS 4.1+ respectively. For oMG devices, the oMG must be in one of the following configuration states: In sync, Awaiting roll forward, File pending, Modified, or Out of sync local.

Select the *Attempt upgrade* frequency (day, week, month, or Only Once), the *Starts from* date, and the *During time* (the time during the day to perform the upgrade) and click **Next**, or select **No** and click **Next** to advance to the next screen without scheduling.

Upgrade Gateway Software

1 Platform > 2 Software > 3 Schedule > 4 Summary

Summary

The following software will be applied to the selected gateway(s).

PlatformMP70

SoftwareALEOS-Core-Software-4.11.0.021

Schedule

This upgrade is set to run with following schedule.

Attempt upgradeOnly once

Starts from2018/09/28

During time0:00 to 0:00

Affected Gateway(s)1

Unaffected Gateway(s)1

Gateway

MP70 (N66))

Back

Apply

Cancel

Figure 3-53: Upgrade Gateway Software Summary

Verify the upgrade information and click **Apply** to schedule or start the upgrade process.

Note that ALEOS device upgrades occur when the devices are scheduled to check in next, and therefore upgrades may not initiate immediately after completing the upgrade wizard. The upgrade will start when the device's next scheduled Heartbeat occurs (the default is once per day). Upon exiting the upgrade wizard, the "Last update status" for the ALEOS devices will be set to *Pending* until the next scheduled Heartbeat occurs and an upgrade is initiated.

As of AMM 2.16.2, online MG90 devices running MGOS 4.2+ will self-initiate the download of the software package from the AMM when **Upgrade Gateway Software** is clicked, depending on the *Download on High Cost Link* setting on the gateway. Prior to AMM 2.16.2 and MGOS 4.2, MG90 devices would require a reboot or change in link state. This enhancement is not supported for oMG devices.

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Upgrading Applications

The *Upgrade Applications* wizard is activated using the *Upgrade Application(s)* button and allows administrators to apply software to a selected gateway via the following screens.

Note: this feature will not work with GX400, GX440, ES440, and LS300.

Note: if multiple devices are selected from different platforms, the wizard will require that a specific platform be selected. Only those devices which run on the specified platform will be upgraded as shown here:

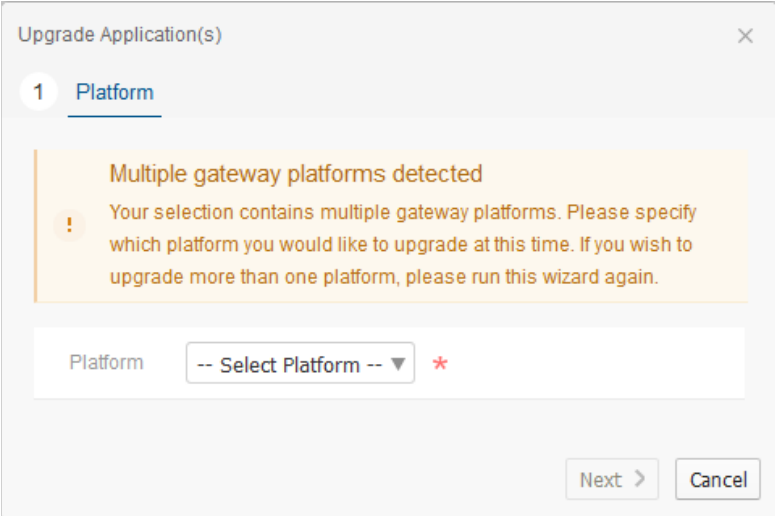


Figure 3-54: Upgrade Applications Platform Selection

Click on the checkbox beside the application that is to be applied to the gateways and select the version from the *Version* dropdown and click **Next** to continue:

Upgrade Application(s)

1 Platform > 2 Applications > 3 Schedule > 4 Summary

Please select an application you would like to upgrade.

	Name	Version
☒	uploadlog-ALEOS-Generic	1.0.0.001 *
☐	dummy-ALEOS-Generic	-- Select Version --
☐	ammer-ALEOS-Generic	-- Select Version --
☐	AVTA-ALEOS-Generic	-- Select Version --

< Back

Next >

Cancel

Figure 3-55: Upgrade Applications - Selecting an Application for Upgrade

An upgrade can be scheduled for a future time by clicking **Yes** to display the scheduling options:

Upgrade Application(s)

1 Platform > 2 Applications > 3 Schedule > 4 Summary

Would you like to schedule this upgrade?

☒ Yes

☐ No

Attempt upgrade

Only once

Starts from

During time

0:00 to 0:00

< Back

Next >

Cancel

Figure 3-56: Upgrade Applications Scheduling

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Note: schedule application updates is only available for ALEOS devices in AMM 2.16 and above. For MG devices, applications and firmware are bundled together.

Review the upgrade information and click **Apply** to perform the application upgrade:

Upgrade Application(s)

1 Platform > 2 Applications > 3 Schedule > 4 **Summary**

Summary
The following software will be applied to the selected gateway(s).

Platform LX60

Applications

Name	Version
uploadlog-ALEOS-Generic	1.0.0.001

Schedule
This upgrade is set to run with following schedule.

Attempt upgrade	Only once
Starts from	2018/09/27
During time	0:00 to 0:00

Affected Gateway(s) 1 Unaffected Gateway(s) 4

Gateway
Amitlx60(WM)

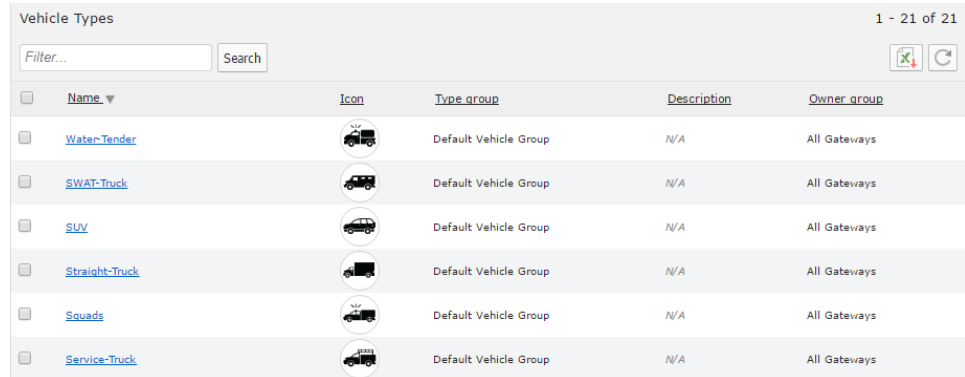
< Back Apply Cancel

Figure 3-57: Upgrade Applications Scheduling

Note: the Affected Gateways and Unaffected Gateways titles can be clicked on to display lists of devices that will be upgraded or not upgraded by the process.

3.8.2 Vehicles

The *Vehicles* panel is used to add, modify and delete vehicle type definitions. The default vehicle type is “Gateway” which is a generic type not specific to any particular vehicle type. The AMM includes the following vehicle types: *Gateway*, *Ambulance*, *Bus*, *Car*, *Fire-Engine*, *Flatbed*, *Heavy-Duty-Bucket-Truck*, *Heavy Rescue Vehicle*, *Light-Duty-Bucket-Truck*, *Pickup*, *Police-Car*, *Police-Motorcycle*, *Police-SUV*, *Service-Truck*, *Squads*, *Straight-Truck*, *SUV*, *SWAT-Truck*, and *Water-Tender*.



Name	Icon	Type group	Description	Owner group
Water-Tender		Default Vehicle Group	N/A	All Gateways
SWAT-Truck		Default Vehicle Group	N/A	All Gateways
SUV		Default Vehicle Group	N/A	All Gateways
Straight-Truck		Default Vehicle Group	N/A	All Gateways
Squads		Default Vehicle Group	N/A	All Gateways
Service-Truck		Default Vehicle Group	N/A	All Gateways

Figure 3-58: Gateways Tab

Note: for customers upgrading from an older version to AMM 2.16, all gateways will default to the “Gateway” vehicle type.

A vehicle type defines the type of vehicle in which a gateway is installed and specifies the corresponding icon. A vehicle’s icon allows users to quickly identify a vehicle type when viewing gateways in the AMM’s Gateways list and maps. Note that only users who belong to the user group “All Gateways” can edit or delete the vehicles in the Default Vehicle Group.

To add a new vehicle icon:

1. Click on **Add** at the bottom of the list to open the *Add or Edit Vehicle Type* panel.
2. Enter the following fields:
 - **Name:** the name of the vehicle type.
 - **Icon File:** click **Browse** to select the image that will be used to represent the vehicle type. The following specifications must be adhered to for the icon:
 - **Format:** .png
 - **Maximum file size:** 1MB
 - **Minimum size:** 24x24 pixels
 - **Maximum (recommended) size:** 48x48 pixels
 - **Description:** an optional brief description of the vehicle type.
3. Click **Save** to create the new vehicle type.

To assign a vehicle icon to a device:

Follow the procedure in [Adding a new Gateway](#) and set the *Vehicle Type* field to the desired vehicle icon type.

To add or update vehicle icon assignments for multiple devices:

Follow the procedure in [Adding Multiple Gateways to an AMM](#) to use the CSV import feature. Configure the *Vehicle Type* column of the CSV using the following syntax: `<vehicle group name> > <vehicle icon name>`. For example:

ID, Name, Groups, Vehicle Type, Customer, Location, Contact, Notes

H222, , Group1, Group1 > icon1, Customer1, Office, Joe, Main gateway

H223, , Group1, Default Vehicle Group > Gateway, Customer2, Office, Mark, Secondary gateway

Note: blank fields are ignored.

3.8.3 Gateways

The *Gateways* panel is used to add, modify and delete gateways.

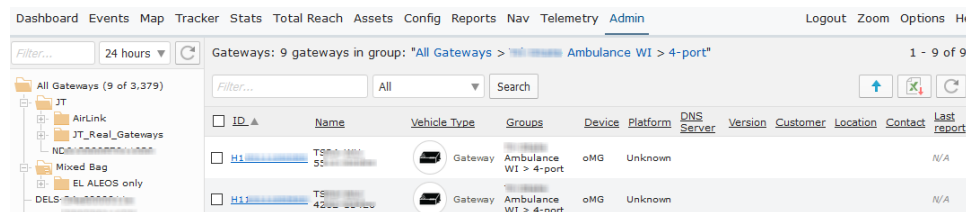


Figure 3-59: Gateways Tab

Adding a new gateway

Click on **Add** to open the *Add or Edit Gateway* panel.

Enter the following fields:

- **ID***: electronic serial number (used to uniquely identify the gateway).

Note: For issues setting serial numbers for GX440 devices, see [Adding GX440 Devices with Long Serial Numbers to an AMM](#) on <https://source.sierrawireless.com>.

- **Name**: enter the name or alias for the gateway.

Note: in AMM 2.16.2+, the Name field for an ALEOS device will be automatically populated with the value of MSCIID 5023 if no name has been assigned to the device during gateway creation or import into the AMM. For more information see [Commonly Used MSCIIDs](#).

- **Vehicle Type**: specifies the type of vehicle in which the gateway is installed. For more information see [Vehicles](#). Note that a vehicle type defined by a

different user group than that associated with the current gateway, cannot be assigned to the gateway.

- **Group:** use the drop-down menu to select the group to which the gateway will belong.
- **Update DNS Servers** (applicable only for MG devices): use the drop-down menu to select the DNS server to which updates will be sent. Note: before a DNS server can be assigned to a gateway, it must first be created. See [DNS Servers](#). Click on + to add additional DNS servers and - to remove them.
- **Customer:** enter the customer information for the gateway.
- **Location:** allows you to set the location of ALEOS and MG devices manually, so that they appear on the map even if the device does not have GPS, or does not have the ability to receive a GPS signal. If the Internet is available, a popup will appear when clicking on this field, allowing you to enter an address or geo coordinates, see the location on a map, and set that as the device's location. For more information about this feature see [Setting Device Locations](#).

Note: A manually set location is displayed when the map is viewed with the default time range of "Today" or "All". A manually-set location will be overridden by a GPS location if available within the user-selected time range. Manually set locations are supported in AMM 2.16.2+.

- **Contact:** enter the contact information for the gateway.
- **Notes:** enter additional information regarding the gateway. This can be used to segment a fleet. For example, when using search filters, entering "Laptop equipped" or "Winter Tires" will only display vehicles equipped with laptops or winter tires.
- **Icon URLs:** leave empty - reserved for future use.

Click **Save** to create the new gateway.

For additional methods of adding gateways see:

- [Adding Multiple Gateways to an AMM](#)
- [Transitioning AirLink Gateways from ALMS to the AMM](#)

Deleting a Gateway

Gateways can be deleted by clicking in the checkbox next to the gateway label and then on **Delete**. Deleting a gateway removes it from the AMM's Gateway Tree. After deletion, the gateway will no longer report to the AMM and existing information about the gateway will no longer be available.

Editing a Gateway

To edit an existing gateway, click on its gateway link in the Label column to open the Editing panel (or click on **Edit**). Gateways can be moved from one group to another from this panel.

* denotes a required field

Note: administrators can add gateways before they go online. When a gateway boots up, the AMM matches it based on the ESN. This enables administrators to pre-assign gateways to a fleet and to configure additional properties.

3.8.4 Users

The *Users* panel is used to add, modify and delete user IDs for the AMM.

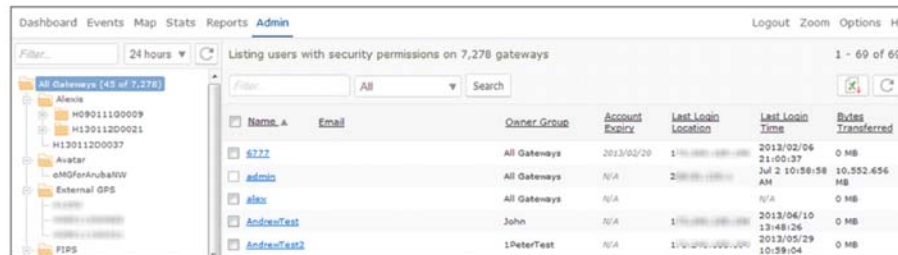


Figure 3-60: Users Panel

For AMM 2.16.1 and below this functionality is only available to customers who own an AMM appliance. For AMM 2.16.2 and above, this functionality is available to any user who has been granted read/write permissions to the AMM, and has access to the **Admin->Users** tab for both hosted and on-premise instances of the AMM.

Note: Users who have been assigned these permissions in AMM 2.16.2+ can only create new users in the Customer group(s) that they have access to in the Gateway tree. Similarly, they can only assign the new users to tabs, reports, and stats that they have access to.

Adding new user [Show Advanced Config](#)

Identification

Name:

Email: (default email used for notifications)

Customer group: **** All ****

Password: Confirm:

Expiry:

Privileges

OMM: ☐ None ☐ Read ☒ Read/Write

Tabs: ☒ All

Reports: ☐ All

Available Items (60) Selected Items (0)

Network

- Network/Availability Trend
- Network/Availability Details
- Network/Coverage Map
- Network/Coverage Trails

Stats: ☒ All

Preferences

Measurement units: ☒ Imperial ☐ Metric (for number and unit formatting)

Position Format: ☒ Decimal Degrees ☐ Degrees:Minutes.DecimalMinutes

☐ Format CSV output values same as HTML

Dashboard timespan: 24 hours

Tracker refresh: 30 (s)

Dashboard refresh: 30 (s)

Oldest report: 90 (days)

Max concurrent logins: (blank for no restriction)

Restricted IP: (a.b.c.d)

Max threshold emails/day:

Nav Stop List: Creation Time Ascending

Time Zone: Server TimeZone

Dashboard items: ☒ Use applicable thresholds in default order

Telemetry Dashboard: ☒ Use applicable telemetry stats in default order

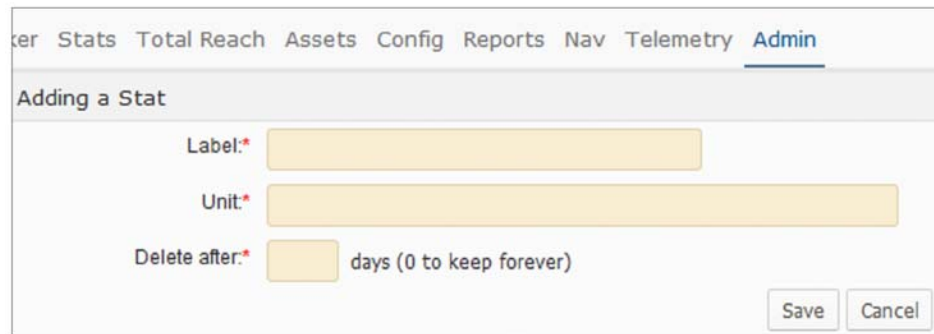
Figure 3-61: New User Screen

Adding a new user:

- Click on **Add** to open the *Adding new user* panel.
- Enter the user options. For a description of each field see Preferences under [Option Tabs](#).
- Click **Save** to save the new user.

3.8.5 Stats

A *stat* defines a parameter value collected by the AMM. The *Stats* panel is used to add, delete, and modify the many parameters that are monitored and tracked by the AMM.



The screenshot shows the 'Admin' tab in a software interface. Below the navigation bar, there is a section titled 'Adding a Stat'. It contains three input fields: 'Label:*' with a yellow text box, 'Unit:*' with a yellow text box, and 'Delete after:*' with a yellow text box followed by the text 'days (0 to keep forever)'. At the bottom right of the form are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 3-62: Adding a Stat

Important: do not modify these parameters unless under direct consultation with Sierra Wireless personnel.

3.8.6 Groups

A *group* is a named collection of gateways which allows for groups of gateways to be managed throughout the AMM. Groups of gateways are shown in the AMM's *Gateway Tree*:

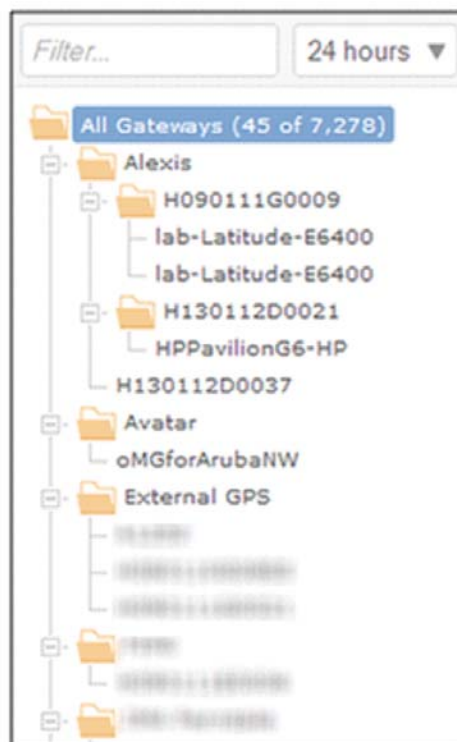
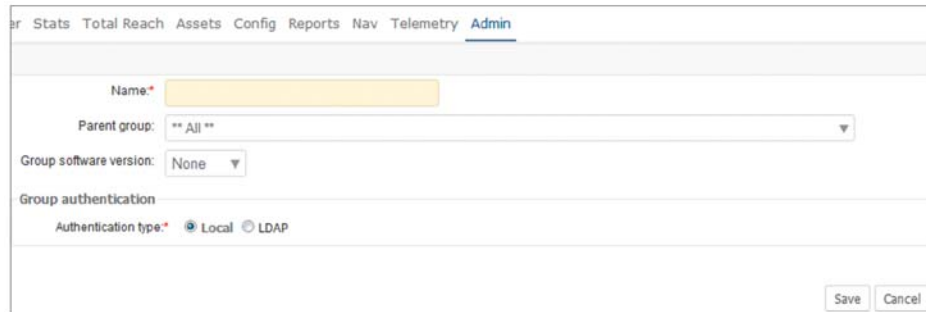


Figure 3-63: Groups in the Gateway Tree

Groups can also be organized under other groups to form a hierarchical organization of gateways.

Adding a new Group:



The screenshot shows the 'Admin' tab in a web interface. The 'Add a Group' panel contains the following fields:

- Name:** A text input field with a yellow background.
- Parent group:** A dropdown menu showing '** All **'.
- Group software version:** A dropdown menu showing 'None'.
- Group authentication:** A section with two radio buttons: 'Local' (selected) and 'LDAP'.

At the bottom right of the panel are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

Figure 3-64: Group Administration Screen

Click on Add to open the *Add a Group* panel and set the following fields:

- **Name:** enter a descriptive name for the Group in the Name field.
- **Parent Group** (optional): select a Group from the Parent group dropdown to make the new group a child of that parent.
- **Group Software Version:** defaults to the master gateway software version that is copied to the group when *Set group template configuration* is selected. This field can be used to change the default value.
- **Authentication Type:** select the authentication type for user login:
 - **Local authentication:** uses passwords defined on the AMM.
 - **LDAP:** uses an authentication server for LDAP authentication (see [Implementing LDAP](#) for additional set up information). When selected, the following fields are available:
 - **Server Address:** specifies the URL of the LDAP server (e.g. ldap://yourcompany.com) which will be used for authentication.
 - **Search Base:** the distinguished name of the search base object which defines the directory location to begin the LDAP search.
 - **Domain:** identifies the domain to which the user belongs.
- When selected, any users which are assigned to the group will have the option to select remote authentication to use this LDAP authentication configuration (see [Remote Authentication](#)).

3.8.7 Thresholds

The *Thresholds* panel allows users to specify threshold settings that can be applied to one or multiple gateways. It can also be useful to configure thresholds for groups of devices as described in [Setting Thresholds for Sub-Groups or Specific Gateways](#). A threshold is configured for a Stat (e.g. a battery voltage

level) and triggers an event when the threshold criteria is met. Thresholds can be created without warning or error conditions. Once created, a threshold is available for display on the *Dashboard*.

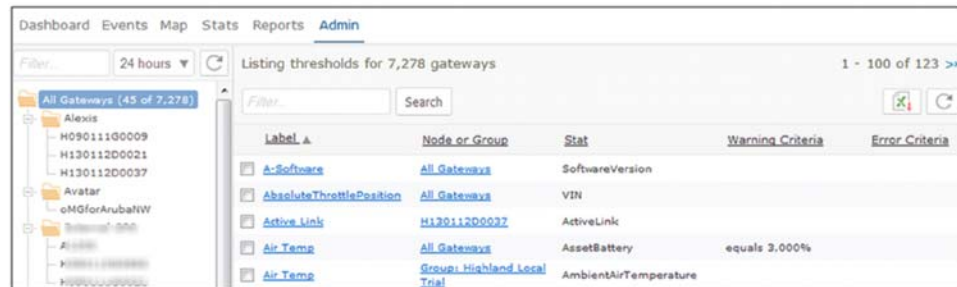


Figure 3-65: Thresholds Panel

Adding a new threshold:

Click on **Add** to open the *Add a Threshold* panel.

Configure the *Properties*:

- **Label***: the name of the threshold.
- **Group or Gateway***: the group or gateway listed will be the one selected in the gateway tree.
- **Stats for gateway type**: filters the Stat dropdown (see below) to show available stats for ALEOS, oMG, GenX, or a mix of device types. This dropdown is only available when selecting a node in the Gateway Tree for which different types of stats may be applicable.
- **Stat**: use the drop-down to select the stat. The available items will vary depending on the type of device (MG, ALEOS, or GenX) selected in the Gateway tree, or on the *Stat for gateway type* selection when a mixed fleet is selected.
- **Default value**: specifies a value for which reporting is not expected.
- **Display Filter**: controls what is displayed for the threshold's value on the dashboard using regular expressions.
- **Matching Labels**: some stats use sub-keys (e.g. AssetTemperature) and the sub-key is the asset tag ID. This provides a way to limit the threshold to a specific asset (e.g. AssetTemperature: 1234567890 > 50C = error).
- **Dashboard group***: select the group on the dashboard where the threshold is to appear. Groups are displayed from left to right depending on their number. To avoid showing the group select **Do not show on dashboard**.
- **Threshold owner**: allows a threshold to output using the settings of the specified user.
- **Show value as obsolete when**: determines when to grey out a value to indicate that it is "stale" (obsolete). This can be set to go obsolete when the unit is powered off or a heartbeat is over an hour old.
- **Email warning and error actions to owner**: sends an email containing error and warning information related to the threshold to the user specified by the Threshold owner field. The information included is dependent on the definition of a threshold but can include the ESN, timestamp, description, location and other information.

- **Only show warning and alert values on dashboard:** when enabled, overrides the dashboard settings and only shows the threshold's value when it meets the criteria for a warnings or error.
- **Do not trigger actions on clear:** when enabled, actions are not sent for "clear" events (i.e. events indicating that a previously crossed threshold is no longer occurring).
- **Notes or instructions:** enter the instructions that will be included in alerts and email messages.

Set the *Warning Conditions*

- **Warning Criteria*:** sets the criteria required for the stat's value to trigger a warning (e.g. selecting greater than and then entering a value of 10 will generate a warning when the stat's value exceeds 10). The meaning of the value is specific to each stat and its units of measurement.
- **Extra Criteria:** enter up to four additional criteria (i.e. stats) that must be satisfied in order for a warning to be sent. Upon selecting a stat for each criteria, the condition and value fields will become visible for configuration.
- **Actions*:** select the actions to be taken to report a warning:
 - **Log Event:** default action. It is recommended that this remain enabled so that all warnings are written to a log file.
 - **Send Email:** select to enter the email address(es) to which an email will be sent, advising of the warning condition. Up to two email addresses can be entered, separated by a comma.
 - **SNMP Trap:** when enabled, an SNMP Trap is sent by the AMM when a threshold is crossed. Enter the IP address to which the SNMP Trap is sent.
 - **Trigger on all events:** enable to set the threshold to trigger every time a value is reported to the AMM.

Important: *this option triggers the threshold to report each and every value to the stats selected. Therefore, it is recommended that it only be used for PNDError with the optional Nav application.*

- **Hold time*:** enter a value between 0 and 32767. This state will be held even if the value clears for the specified number of minutes.
- **Delay Time:** enter a value between 0 and 32767. This specifies an amount of time (in minutes) during which an error threshold whose criteria has been met, should be ignored (e.g. if driving at a certain speed should trigger a speeding threshold error, but the user wants to allow a vehicle to be able to travel at that speed to pass other vehicles (e.g. for up to 1 minute), then setting a delay time allows that threshold to be ignored for the specified amount of time, without triggering the threshold error).

Set the *Error Conditions*

- **Error Criteria*:** sets the criteria required for the stat's value to trigger an error (e.g. selecting greater than and then entering a value of 10 will generate an error when the stat's value exceeds 10). The meaning of the value is specific to each Stat and its units of measurement.
- **Extra Criteria:** enter up to four additional criteria (i.e. stats) that must be satisfied in order for an error to be sent. Upon selecting a stat for each criteria, the condition and value fields will become visible for configuration.

- **Actions***: select the actions to be taken to report a warning:
 - **Log Event**: default action. It is recommended that this remain enabled so that all warnings are written to a log file.
 - **Send Email**: select to enter the email address(es) to which an email will be sent, advising of the warning condition. Up to two email addresses can be entered, separated by a comma.
 - **SNMP Trap**: when enabled, an SNMP Trap is sent by the AMM when a threshold is crossed. Enter the IP address to which the SNMP Trap is sent.
- **Trigger on all events**: enable to set the threshold to trigger every time a value is reported to the AMM.

Important: *this option triggers the threshold to report each and every value for the stats selected. Therefore, it is recommended that it only be used for PNDError with the optional Nav application.*

- **Hold Time***: enter a value between 0 and 32767. The state will be held even if the value clears for the specified number of minutes.
- **Delay Time**: enter a value between 0 and 32767. This specifies an amount of time in minutes during which a warning threshold whose criteria has been met, should be ignored (e.g. if driving at a certain speed should trigger a speeding threshold error, but the user wants to allow a vehicle to be able to travel at that speed to pass other vehicles (e.g. for up to 1 minute), then setting a delay time allows that threshold to be ignored for the specified amount of time, without triggering the threshold warning).

Click on **Save** to create the new threshold.

Thresholds can be deleted from the gateway by clicking in the checkbox next to the threshold label and then on **Delete**.

* denotes a required field

3.8.8 Zones

The *Zones* panel can be used to identify, add, and delete zones (e.g. virtual boundaries or geofences). Zones allow administrators to monitor vehicles in different ways. For example, if a vehicle is expected to only travel within a certain area, a threshold can be set up that triggers an alert when the vehicle leaves a zone.

Note: for ALEOS devices, the communication frequency with the AMM determines the accuracy of threshold triggers with respect to zone boundaries.

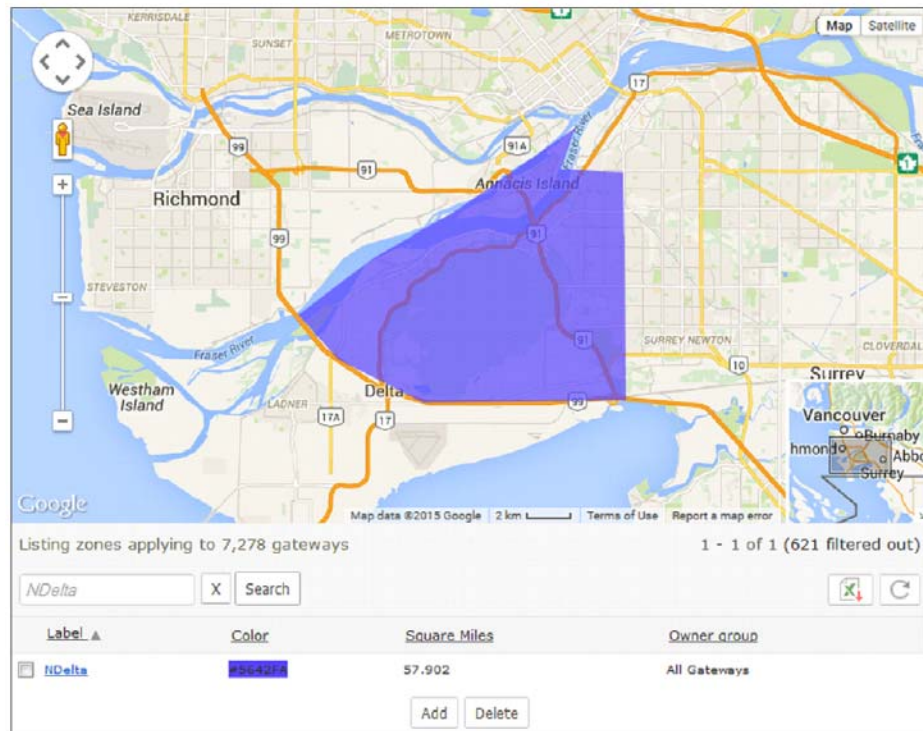
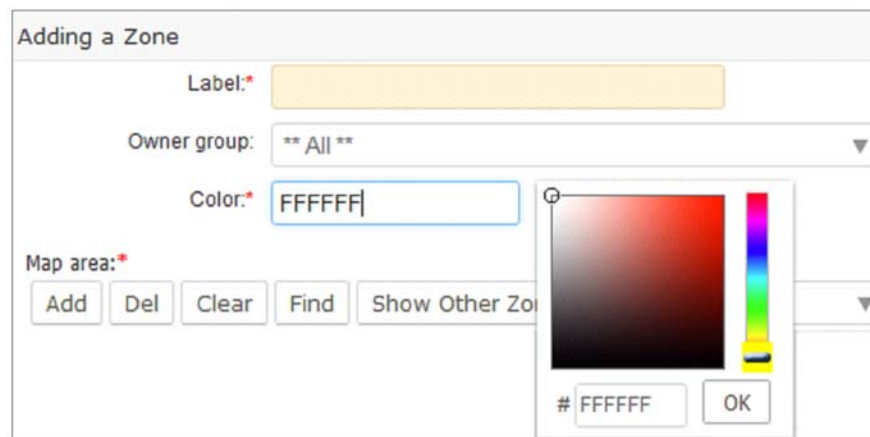


Figure 3-66: Zones Panel

Adding a new zone

1. Click on the **Add** button (located at the bottom of the zone list) to open the *Adding a Zone* panel and edit the following:
 - **Label***: enter the name for the new label.
 - **Owner group**: use the drop-down menu to select the preferred group.
 - **Color***: click on the field to open the color picker or enter the 5-digit code (if known). Select a color and then click the *OK* button.



The 'Adding a Zone' dialog box contains the following fields and controls:

- Label:** A text input field with a yellow background.
- Owner group:** A dropdown menu currently showing '** All **'.
- Color:** A text input field containing 'FFFFFF'.
- Map area:** A section containing buttons: 'Add', 'Del', 'Clear', 'Find', and 'Show Other Zones'.
- Color Picker:** A color selection tool showing a gradient from black to red, with a vertical rainbow bar on the right. Below it, the hex code '# FFFFFFFF' and an 'OK' button are displayed.

Figure 3-67: Zone Configuration Screen

2. The default map is a view of the world. Zoom in on the map to the area in which to create the new zone.
 - Under *Map area**, click on **Add** to add a four-point rectangle on the map (the color will be the one chosen above)



The 'Map area:' control bar includes the following buttons from left to right: 'Add', 'Del', 'Clear', 'Find', 'Show Other Zones', 'Import zone' (with a dropdown arrow), and 'Advanced'.

Figure 3-68: Map Area Controls



Figure 3-69: Map Bounding Box

Each point is labeled; the top-left point is *point1*. Click and drag it to the first boundary for the zone.

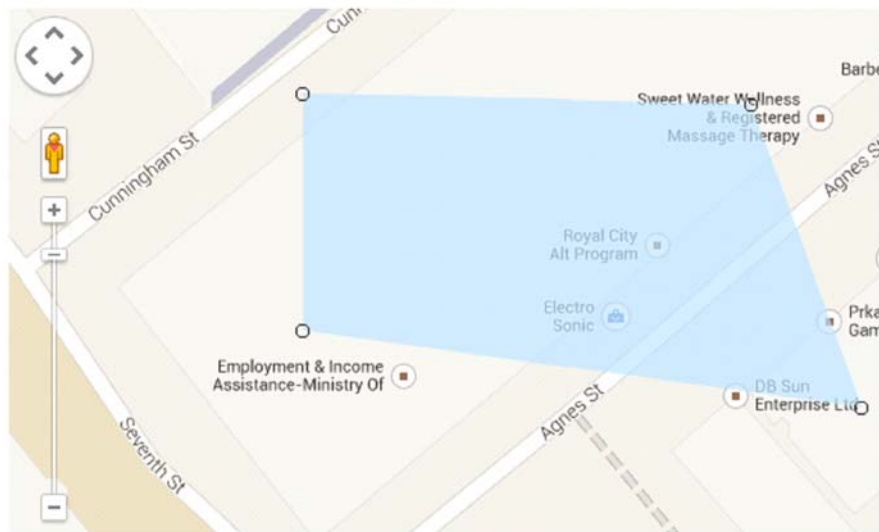


Figure 3-70: Dragging a point on the bounding box

- Click and drag the remaining points to define the boundary.
- To refine the boundary, click on **Add** (in the Map area toolbar) to add additional points. The new points will be labeled in numeric order.
 - Adding more points results in a better-defined boundary, especially if there is a curve in the boundary.
 - Use the zoom in/out controls and drag the map to achieve the best views of the boundary areas.

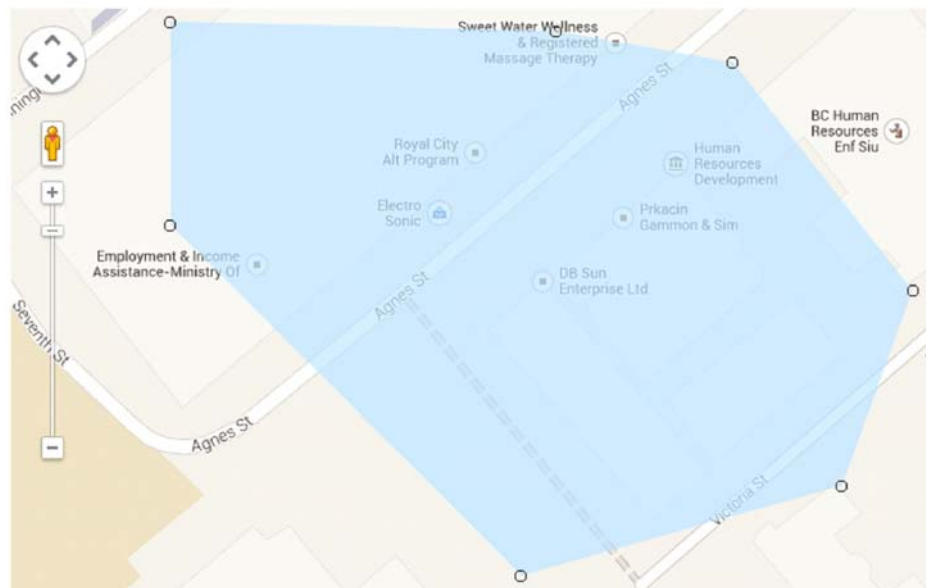
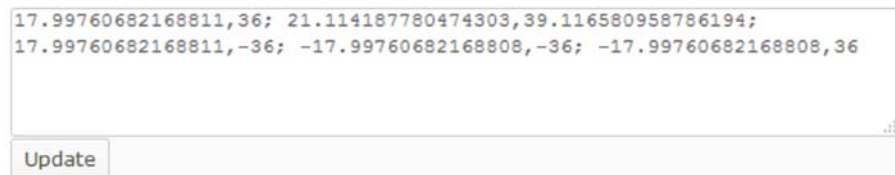


Figure 3-71: Adding more points to the bounding box

- To remove the most recently added or edited point, select the point, and click on **Del**.

- To clear the zone from the map, click on **Clear** (note that once cleared, there is no way to retrieve the zone).
- Click on **Find** to locate a location on the map.
- To display other zones on the map, click on **Show Other Zones**.
- To import an existing zone into the new zone, use the drop-down menu to select it. Using an existing zone provides a starting point and can facilitate quicker zone creation.
- Click on **Advanced** to define the zone using raw point text in latitude/longitude position pairs. Click on **Update** when complete.



17.99760682168811,36; 21.114187780474303,39.116580958786194;
17.99760682168811,-36; -17.99760682168808,-36; -17.99760682168808,36

Update

Figure 3-72: Raw Latitude/Longitude Pairs Used to Define a Zone

3. Click on **Save** to save the new zone.

Editing an existing zone

1. From the main *Zones* panel, click on an existing zone name in the list of zones, to open the editing panel.
2. From this panel, the zone's properties can be changed including the name, color, and owner group. Points can also be moved, added, and deleted to redefine the boundary.
3. Click on **Save** to save the changes.

Deleting a Zone

To delete a zone, select it from the main *Zones* panel and click on **Delete**. Alternatively, click on **Delete** from the editing panel.

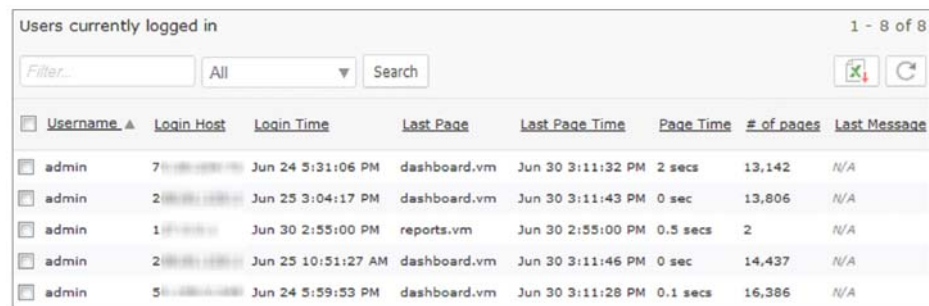
Adding a Zone Alert

A zone alert can be used to detect when one or more gateways leave a zone. To create a zone alert, define a threshold as described in [Chapter 3.8.7 - Thresholds](#), set the Group or gateway to the devices which are to be monitored for the zone, and set the **Stat** field to **GPS Location Zone**.

3.8.9 Sessions

The *Sessions* panel provides the list of the users logged into the AMM. Information provided includes the IP address of the login host, the time the user logged in, the last page visited, the time at which the last page was visited, the time spent on the last page and the number of pages visited.

Information can be filtered by text and time and date. Use the drop-down menu to select a time period: *All (default)*, *Last Hours*, *Previous Days*, *Previous Months* and *Range*.



Users currently logged in 1 - 8 of 8

Filter... All Search

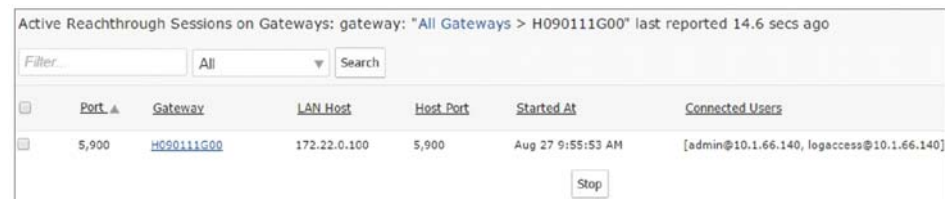
☐	Username ▲	Login Host	Login Time	Last Page	Last Page Time	Page Time	# of pages	Last Message
☐	admin	71.10.100.100	Jun 24 5:31:06 PM	dashboard.vm	Jun 30 3:11:32 PM	2 secs	13,142	N/A
☐	admin	210.10.100.100	Jun 25 3:04:17 PM	dashboard.vm	Jun 30 3:11:43 PM	0 sec	13,806	N/A
☐	admin	11.10.100.100	Jun 30 2:55:00 PM	reports.vm	Jun 30 2:55:00 PM	0.5 secs	2	N/A
☐	admin	210.10.100.100	Jun 25 10:51:27 AM	dashboard.vm	Jun 30 3:11:46 PM	0 sec	14,437	N/A
☐	admin	51.10.100.100	Jun 24 5:59:53 PM	dashboard.vm	Jun 30 3:11:28 PM	0.1 secs	16,386	N/A

Figure 3-73: Sessions Panel

3.8.10 Remote Sessions

For appliance AMMs only (i.e. AMMs hosted by customers), the *Remote Sessions* panel provides a mechanism for administrative users to monitor and terminate remote LCI sessions that were initiated via the *Total Reach* tab (see [Total Reach Tab](#) for more information).

The information provided includes the port number, the gateway, the LAN host address, the host port, the date and time the session started and the user ID of the users connected.



Active Reachthrough Sessions on Gateways: gateway: "All Gateways > H090111G00" last reported 14.6 secs ago

Filter... All Search

☐	Port ▲	Gateway	LAN Host	Host Port	Started At	Connected Users
☐	5,900	H090111G00	172.22.0.100	5,900	Aug 27 9:55:53 AM	[admin@10.1.66.140, logaccess@10.1.66.140]

Stop

Figure 3-74: Remote Sessions Panel

Sessions can be filtered by text and time and date. Use the drop-down menu to select a time period: *All (default)*, *Last Hours*, *Previous Days*, *Previous Months* and *Range*.

The Remote Sessions panel will only be populated with sessions that have been initiated via the Total Reach tab (see [Total Reach Tab](#) for more information).

To terminate a session, select the session by clicking its checkmark box and then click on **Stop**.

3.9 User Activity

On appliance AMMs only (i.e. not hosted AMMs), the *User Activity* panel provides information about user activities. Information includes the date and time of the activity, the user who performed the activity (user ID), the host address, the node/group ID and the action performed.

Activity can be filtered by text and time and date. Use the drop-down menu to select a time period: *All*, *Last Hours (default)*, *Previous Days*, *Previous Months* and *Range*.

Time, A	User	Host	Node or Group	Action
Jun 29 5:19:29 PM	admin	2018-06-29 05:19:29 PM	H10-10.10.10.10	Execute report connectivity_graph (run) for Jun 28 5:19:28 PM to Jun 29 5:19:28 PM (1 day)
Jun 29 5:19:52 PM	admin	2018-06-29 05:19:52 PM	H13-10.10.10.13	Execute report connectivity_graph (run) for Jun 28 5:19:51 PM to Jun 29 5:19:51 PM (1 day)
Jun 29 5:20:00 PM	admin	2018-06-29 05:20:00 PM	H14-10.10.10.14	Execute report connectivity_graph (run) for Jun 28 5:19:59 PM to Jun 29 5:19:59 PM (1 day)
Jun 29 5:20:07 PM	admin	2018-06-29 05:20:07 PM	H14-10.10.10.14	Execute report connectivity_graph (run) for Jun 28 5:20:06 PM to Jun 29 5:20:06 PM (1 day)
Jun 29 5:20:17 PM	admin	2018-06-29 05:20:17 PM	H14-10.10.10.14	Execute report connectivity_graph (run) for Jun 28 5:20:16 PM to Jun 29 5:20:16 PM (1 day)
Jun 29 5:20:24 PM	admin	2018-06-29 05:20:24 PM	H14-10.10.10.14	Execute report connectivity_graph (run) for Jun 28 5:20:24 PM to Jun 29 5:20:24 PM (1 day)

Figure 3-75: User Activity Panel

3.9.1 DNS Servers

The AMM can update a configured name server with the address of the currently active WAN link for a gateway. When a change of active link is reported to the AMM, the name server is updated with the address of the new active link. Before assigning a DNS server to the gateways, it must first be created.

Note: this feature is only available for MG devices.

Server name ▲	IP Address	Domain
VehicleDNS	dns1.AmbulancesRUs.com	AmbulancesRUs.com

Figure 3-76: Panel Listing DNS Servers

Adding a new DNS server:

Add or Edit DNS Server

Server name:

Lifetime: (seconds)

IP Address: (eg: dyndns.org or ipaddress)

Domain:

Figure 3-77: Add or Edit DNS Server Panel

- Click on **Add** to open the *Add or Edit DNS Server* panel
 - **Server name***: enter the name of the DNS server.
 - **Lifetime***: represents the amount of time that a DNS record for a certain host remains in the cache memory of a DNS server after the DNS server has located the host's matching IP address. The default is 300 seconds.
By specifying this setting for a particular domain's DNS records, webmasters define the frequency of website content updates. A higher value allows for faster domain resolution times. The value can be set to several hours if no changes to the domain's DNS records are planned for the specified amount of time. When changes are required, decrease the outdated website data.
 - **IP address***: enter the IP Address or qualified name of the DNS Server to which DNS updates are sent when a Gateway's IP Address changes.
 - **Domain***: enter the domain of the name service of the DNS Server to update.
- Click on **Save** to save the new DNS server.

It is possible to define multiple server names with the same IP Address/hostname but with different domain names.

To delete a DNS server, select it from the main DNS Server panel and click on **Delete**. Alternatively, click on **Delete** from the editing panel.

Note: a DNS server cannot be deleted if there are gateways associated with it.

* denotes a required field

3.9.2 Debug

Debug is an administrative panel showing all of the actions which were performed on a gateway. The output can be used when contacting support to diagnose issues.

>> 4: Optional Packages

4

The following subsections list some of the optional AMM add-on packages and the resulting tabs that will be available in the AMM. More information about the optional packages can be found in their respective user guides.

Note: the order of tabs is specified by AMM administrators for each user.

4.1 Nav

The *Nav Application* is an optional package requiring installation on an MG device. It works in conjunction with a Garmin PND connected to the gateway to provide vehicle dispatch functionality on the AMM and two way messaging capabilities between a fleet of vehicles and a control center. When the package is installed, a Nav tab will be available in the AMM.

Note: Nav is not currently supported for ALEOS devices and is no longer available for sale.

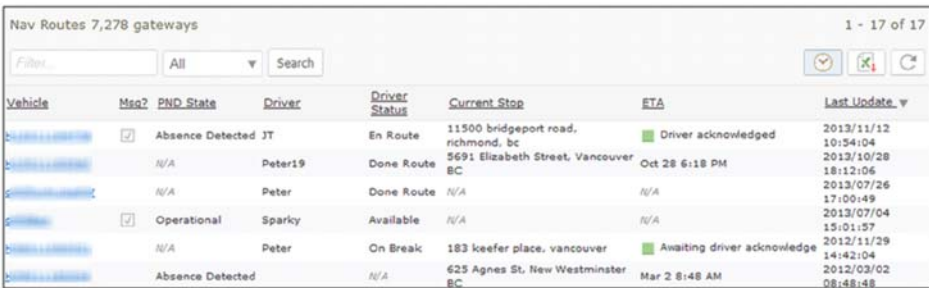
The Garmin PND and the gateway are physically connected via a serial cable and are installed in a vehicle. The PND automatically reports its location via the gateway to the AMM using the gateway's onboard application and wireless WAN connection.

At the control center, administrators can view real-time vehicle locations on a map displayed on the AMM and can dispatch vehicles to their next and future destinations using a simple user interface. Dispatching includes the ability for administrators to add and delete stops on the PND directly from the AMM.

Administrators are able to send and receive messages to one or more vehicles in the fleet at any time, and drivers are able to respond to incoming messages as well as send messages to dispatchers. Messages are received in the vehicle directly on the Garmin PND. Vehicle operators send or response to messages using the PND's message option which features an on screen keyboard. Administrators have the option to send "open ended" questions requiring the vehicle operators to type a response, or multiple choice questions in which vehicle operators can choose from a series of answers.

4.1.1 Nav Panel Overview

The *Nav* panel displays the status for the gateways:



Nav Routes 7,278 gateways 1 - 17 of 17

Filter: All Search

Vehicle	Msg?	PND State	Driver	Driver Status	Current Stop	ETA	Last Update_v
H-2000-000000	☒	Absence Detected	JT	En Route	11500 bridgeport road, richmond, bc	Driver acknowledged	2013/11/12 10:54:04
H-2000-000001		N/A	Peter19	Done Route	5691 Elizabeth Street, Vancouver BC	Oct 28 6:18 PM	2013/10/28 18:12:06
H-2000-000002		N/A	Peter	Done Route	N/A	N/A	2013/07/26 17:00:49
H-2000-000003	☒	Operational	Sparky	Available	N/A	N/A	2013/07/04 15:01:57
H-2000-000004		N/A	Peter	On Break	183 keefer place, vancouver	Awaiting driver acknowledge	2012/11/29 14:42:04
H-2000-000005		Absence Detected	N/A		625 Agnes St, New Westminister BC	Mar 2 8:48 AM	2012/03/02 08:48:48

Figure 4-1: Navigator Panel

The following information is available:

Vehicle ID: the ESN of the gateway in the vehicle.

Msg?: notification of messages from drivers.

- **PND state of the vehicle:** can be one of the following values: *Offline*, *Presence Detected*, *Absence Detected*, *Operational*, *Not Operational*.
- **Driver:** a value identifying the driver that has been programmed into the Garmin PND.
- **Driver Status:** can be one of the following values: *Available*, *On Break*, *En Route*, *Done Route*, *Unavailable*.
- **Current Stop:** the location currently being provided by the Garmin PND.
- **ETA:** the estimated time of arrival.
- **Last Update:** the last time the AMM received information about Nav.

4.1.2 Dispatching

To add a stop on a Garmin PND connected to a Gateway:

Locate the gateway from the list of gateways on the *Nav* panel and click on the unit's link:



Figure 4-2: Gateway Selection List

Enter a new address into the *New Destination* field, click **Add** to add it to the list of destinations and then click **Send** when the list is ready to be sent to the vehicle:

H120111G4706 [stop list last sent: 2013/11/12 13:19:19]

Unit ID: 3859051456
Driver ID: JT
Driver Status: En Route

Current Stop List

☐ Created	Location	State	ETA or Latest Update	Distance
☐ 2013/11/08 13:52:43 1:	11500 bridgeport road, richmond, bc	BC	Driver acknowledged 2013/11/12 10:54:04	11.35 mi

☐ Show completed stops?

New Destination
(Click on 'Add' button and adjust green marker to ensure address is correct before sending):*

Figure 4-3: Adding a New Destination

To delete a stop, locate the destination in the list of stops and click **Delete**:

H120111G4706 [stop list last sent: 2013/11/12 13:19:19]

Unit ID: 3859051456
Driver ID: JT
Driver Status: En Route

Current Stop List

☐ Created	Location
☐ 2013/11/08 13:52:43 1:	11500 bridgeport road, rich

☐ Show completed stops?

New Destination
(Click on 'Add' button and

Figure 4-4: Deleting a Destination

4.1.3 Send Message

The *Send Message* panel allows administrators to send messages to the gateways.

Figure 4-5: Send Message Panel

To access the *Send Message* panel select **Nav->Send Message**:

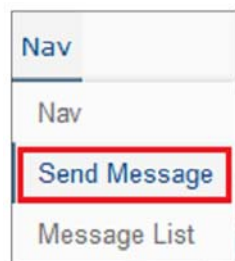


Figure 4-6: Displaying the Send Message Panel

The following input fields are available:

Vehicle(s)*: under *Available Items*, click on the vehicle(s) and on the right-arrow to move it to *Selected Items*. The message is sent to the vehicle(s) in this field.

Email a copy to: an optional set of comma delimited email addresses to send the message to.

Message text: type the message to be sent to the gateway.

Response choices: type the response choices for the gateway. This field is optional and can be used to facilitate a response. Enter one response per line.

Click on **Send** to send the message.

* denotes required information

4.1.4 Message List

The *Message List* panel displays the messages sent by both administrators and gateways for the specified time period. Multi-cast messages (i.e. messages sent to more than one gateway) include hyperlinks for additional details.

Query Responses 7,278 gateways 1 - 27 of 27 (1,411 filtered out)

Filter... Previous Months: 24 Search

Time	From	To	Message	Responses	Latest Status	Last update
2014/06/20 11:26:05	H100000000000	Operator	Hi Server	N/A	Received	
2014/06/20 10:58:44	Operator	H100000000000	Good Morning	N/A	Viewed	2014/06/20 10:59:06
2014/01/13 15:31:28	Operator	roy-desk	xx	N/A	Gateway not reachable	2014/01/13 15:32:25
2013/11/15 15:36:47	Operator	H120000000000	test 2	1 of 1	User Responded	2013/11/15 15:37:33
2013/11/15 15:26:23	H100000000000	Operator	Hiya	N/A	Received	
2013/11/15 13:19:36	H100000000000	Operator	It Is Raining	N/A	Received	

Figure 4-7: Message List

To access the Message List panel select **Nav->Message List**:

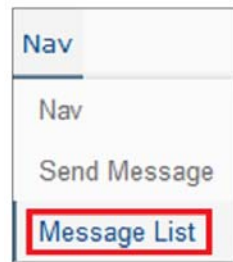


Figure 4-8: Displaying the Message List Panel

Clicking on a message link opens the original message, along with the response(s) from the gateway(s):

Send Text Message

Vehicle(s)* Available Items (1) Filter... Selected Items (0)

H130112D0045

Email a copy to: (addresses)

Message text*

Response choices: response 1
response 2
response 3

Current Question: response 1:
response 2:
response 3: H120111G4706@2013/11/12 10:59:12,

One response choice per line. Optional.

Send Cancel

Figure 4-9: Text Message Screen

To send a message:

1. Select the gateways from the Vehicle(s) list to which the message should be sent to.
2. Enter a text message in the Message field.

3. (Optional) Enter multiple responses that the recipient can select from.
4. Click **Send** to send the message. The recipient will receive it on their Garmen GPS device.

4.2 Telemetry

The *Telemetry* package displays data for vehicle performance and maintenance.

Note: as of AMM 2.15.2, the Vehicle Telemetry and Asset Manager applications for MG devices are bundled together under a single license in the AirLink® Mobility Manager Operations Pack.

Note: Telemetry is available for ALEOS devices as of AMM 2.16, and GenX devices as of AMM 2.16.1, as a standalone optional application that is licensed separately from the AMM Operations Pack. A reduced set of reports are supported for ALEOS devices. Telemetry-related AMM/AM menu options are enabled for all ALEOS gateways. However, only the MP70 natively supports CAN bus even though the existing ALEOS firmware (4.9.0) that supports this feature has it disabled by default. For the GX440 and GX450, this is only supported when B&B streamer is available. All other platforms do not support vehicle telemetry.

Using compatible scanner hardware connected to the vehicle's data bus¹ (OBDII and HDODB), vehicle diagnostic information, such as odometer, fuel level and warning lights, is interpreted and presented. When the package is installed, a *Telemetry* tab will be available in the AMM.

Not all Dashboard items are applicable to the Telemetry panel. To select the items to be displayed, go to **Options > Preferences** and uncheck the *Telemetry Dashboard Items* checkbox. This will display the Dashboard items which can be selected and shown on the *Telemetry Panel*.

Viewing 8,260 gateways

☒ Name ▾	ID	A_Value	Ambient Air Temp	Calculated Load Value	Engine RPM	Fuel Level	Mil On	Speeding1
☒ oMGforArubaNW	H020	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒ oMG500	J14	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒ MP70_Selva_EM7511	N67	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒ MP70	N66	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Figure 4-10: Telemetry Tab

1. MP70 running ALEOS 4.9.0+ can directly connect to the vehicle data bus without the scanner hardware.

For more information see the *Telemetry Configuration and User Guide* available at <https://source.sierrawireless.com/>.

4.3 Asset Manager

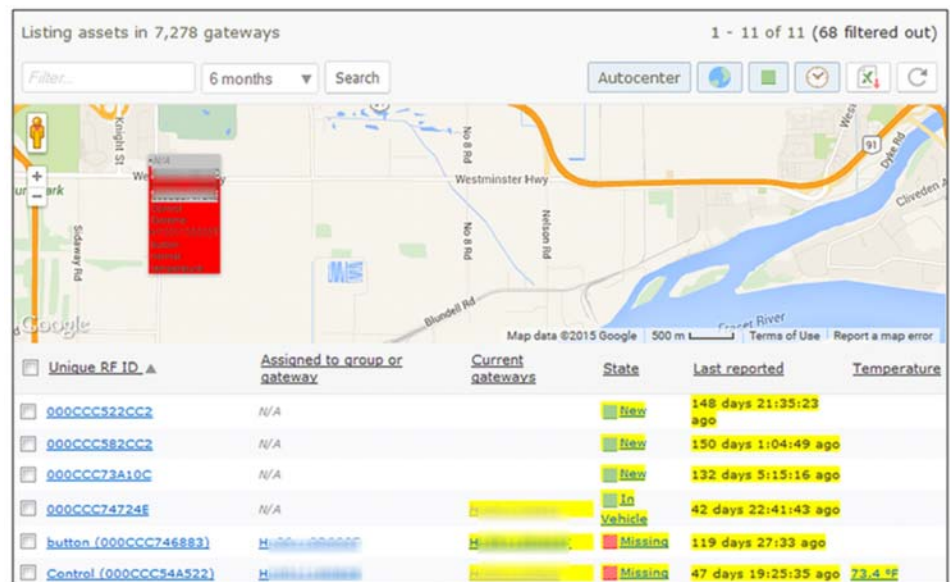
The *Assets Manager* package displays data about the fleet's optional equipment and to which gateway the equipment is assigned and detected.

Note: Asset Manager is not currently supported for ALEOS devices.

Note: as of AMM 2.15.2, the Vehicle Telemetry and Asset Manager applications for MG devices are bundled together under a single license in the AirLink® Mobility Manager Operations Pack.

The information displayed allows users to track the equipment in transit but also warns when it is no longer in the vehicle (*State* column). Additionally, the last known location is available which makes for easy retrieval if the equipment is left out of the vehicle. This package requires that small electronic devices called *asset tags* be attached to the devices to be tracked. These devices are then in turn, tracked by one or more gateways.

When this package is installed, an *Assets* tab will be available in the AMM.



The screenshot shows the 'Assets Tab' interface. At the top, it says 'Listing assets in 7,278 gateways' and '1 - 11 of 11 (68 filtered out)'. There are search filters for 'Filter...', '6 months', and a 'Search' button. A map shows the location of assets with a red pin. Below the map is a table with columns: Unique RF ID, Assigned to group or gateway, Current gateways, State, Last reported, and Temperature.

Unique RF ID	Assigned to group or gateway	Current gateways	State	Last reported	Temperature
000CCC522CC2	N/A		New	148 days 21:35:23 ago	
000CCC582CC2	N/A		New	150 days 1:04:49 ago	
000CCC73A10C	N/A		New	132 days 5:15:16 ago	
000CCC74724E	N/A		In Vehicle	42 days 22:41:43 ago	
button (000CCC746883)	H-000-000000	H-000-000000	Missing	119 days 27:33 ago	
Control (000CCC34A522)	H-000-000000	H-000-000000	Missing	47 days 19:25:35 ago	73.4 °F

Figure 4-11: Assets Tab

The default name for the assets is their unique ID. To add a new asset, click on **Add**. Enter the information and click on **Save**.

Figure 4-12: Screen for Adding/Editing an Asset

To edit an asset, click on the individual asset, in the *Unique RF ID* column, to open the *Editing* panel. Update the information and click on **Save**.

Note: entering a single ESN or gateway name into the *Assigned to group or gateway* field will cause that unit to track the asset. Entering a predefined group name will allow all gateways in the group to track and report on the asset.

The *Editing* panel can also be used to delete assets from the AMM. Select the asset from the main panel and click on **Delete**. The asset will return the next time the unit reports it.

>> 5: Reports

5

Reports provide the true power of the platform. Report availability is dependent on the product you have purchased (AM or AMM) and your device platform. Many of the reports that support ALEOS devices require the gateway to be running ALEOS 4.8.0 or later and have the AMMER AAF application installed.

In addition to reports for the core AMM functionality, reports are also available for optional applications which must be purchased separately. Details for all reports can be found in the AMM Reports Guide available at <http://source.sierrawireless.com/>.

Note: not all reports are available for ALEOS and GenX devices.

To generate a report, select **Reports** -> <Category> -> <Specific Report>

Each report contains basic and advanced configuration options which are used for configuring the reports.

To show advanced configuration options, click on **Show Advanced Config** to display the advanced edit fields. The button will change color when enabled. Click on the button again to disable the advanced edit fields.

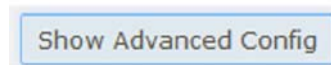


Figure 5-1: Show Advanced Config Button

The option to show or hide the **Show Advanced Config** button is found in *Options > Show Advanced Edit Fields*:

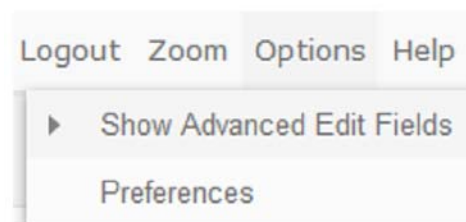


Figure 5-2: Menu to Show or Hide the Show Advanced Config Button

Click on **Run Now** to generate the report immediately. Note that as of AMM 2.16, reports which require considerable time to generate may only be generated for a limited number of gateways (by default, 10 or less), and a message will be displayed by the AMM in such cases.

Click on **Run in Background** to run the report in the background and to save the report on the server (go to **Results** for the report). Click on **Save** to save the report for future use without immediately generating it.

Reports also provide the following functions:



Figure 5-3: Additional Report Functions

Save Results: Allows the report to be saved on the AMM. To view the report, navigate to **Reports >Generated Reports** (also be sure to specify the day that the report was run on the selection criteria of the Generated Reports listing screen).

CSV: Open and/or save the report in Excel.

Change: Change the report but retain the same gateway(s) and information in the input fields.

Edit: Edit the existing report input fields to generate different results.

For information on the various reports available, see the AMM Reports Guide.

5.1 Saved Templates

Saved Templates are scheduled reports to be run in the future. Users can configure the report to run on a scheduled day at a specific time.

The example below shows that the *Coverage Trail Report* was scheduled for one gateway and the *Statistics Graph* was scheduled for two gateways.

Saved reports for 7,278 gateways			
Filter...		All ▼	Search
		Readonly	
Report Name ▲	Type of report	Gateway(s)	Next Run Time
☐ 4832 test report	Coverage Trails	Gateway: Larry	N/A
☐ a1-excl	Statistics Graph	Group: Larry	N/A
☐ a1-html	Statistics Graph	Group: Larry	N/A

Figure 5-4: List of Saved Templates

To edit a report, click on its name. To delete a report (or several), checkmark it and click on **Delete**.

5.2 Generated Reports

The *Generated Reports* panel contains the list of all saved reports. When generating reports, users can save the report to the server.

Reports are listed with the most recent at the top. Click on a report name to view it. Click on a column header to sort the list. To delete a report, select it and click on **Delete**.

To filter the list, select a time period from the dropdown, enter a value into the filter box and click **Search**. This will list only those reports which were generated within the specified time period.



Figure 5-5: List of Generated Reports

Upon clicking on a generated report in the list, the report will be displayed and the following options will be available:

Availability Trend for Group: Carl (8 Gateways) from Mar 21 to Mar 28 (7 days), availability as uptime over gateway run time, 2 reporting, 1 below average, 5,426 events

Save Results Change Edit

Results by vehicle (active WAN link only)

Vehicle	Run Time	Average	Mar 21	Mar 22	Mar 23	Mar 24	Mar 25	Mar 26
ND8027	2 days 11.7 hours	90%	99%	99%	87%			100%
ND6051	1 day 17 hours	100%	100%	100%				
Average	2 days 2.8 hours	95%	99%	99%	87%			100%

Results by vehicle and network (up or active interfaces, VPN state discounted)

Vehicle	Network	Run Time	Average	Mar 21	Mar 22	Mar 23	Mar 24	Mar 25	Mar 26
ND60510	Panel Ethernet 2	1 day 17 hours	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Sierra Wireless MC74XX @ MiniCard USB3 CA (Cellular A)	1 day 17 hours	100%	100%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	WLE900VX 802.11AC @ MiniCard PCIe WiFi A			0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
ND80270	Panel Ethernet 5			0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
	Sierra Wireless EM75XX @ MiniCard USB3 CA (Cellular A)	2 days 11.7 hours	90%	99%	99%	87%	0%	0%	100%
	WLE900VX 802.11AC @ MiniCard PCIe WiFi A			0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Legend: ● Very low percent ● Low percent ● Good percent ● Best percent

Figure 5-6: Available Options on a Generated Report

Delete: deletes the current generated report

Email: provides a popup through which the report can be emailed to one or more recipients. The popup provides fields to specify recipient email addresses, the sender's email address, a subject, and a custom message. The custom message is prepended to the report content in the email.

Note: the AMM will automatically append a link to the report at the bottom of the email. The base URL of this link is configured by the AMM administrator and if it is changed, the backend processes of the AMM must be restarted in order for the new base URL to be used in the report emails. For hosted AMM's, contact Support to restart these processes.

Note: the sender's name will appear as "Sierra Wireless Availability Analysis Engine"

Link: displays a popup containing the URL to the report which can be copied and pasted for later use (e.g. to send in an email).

CSV: exports the report to CSV.

Change: provides a list of all report types, allowing the report to be changed to a different report type.

Edit: displays the report edit screen where report parameters can be changed.

>> 6: Common Procedures

6

This chapter describes common procedures that can be performed on the AMM.

Note: if the menus listed in the following sub sections are not available on your AMM, please contact Support for assistance in adding them.

6.1 Copying Configurations Between Gateways

The [Copy](#) and [Deploy](#) panels are used to copy a configuration from a source device to one or more target devices.

The *Copy* panel is used to specify a configuration as a *template* from one source gateway, and to allow selection of one or more target gateways. The AMM then prepares the configuration file(s) to be copied.

The *Deploy* panel is used to apply the configuration files to the selected gateways. The panel also provides information about each target device's configuration state, and provides additional functions for dealing with out-of-sync configurations.

The following steps describe this process:

Note: this procedure applies to both MG and ALEOS devices. However, the target and destination devices must be of the same type.

1. Navigate to the Gateway tree in the AMM.
2. Select the device from which the configuration files are to be copied.
3. Navigate to **Config->Deploy->Copy** as shown in [Figure 6-1](#) or right click on the device and select **Copy Configuration**.

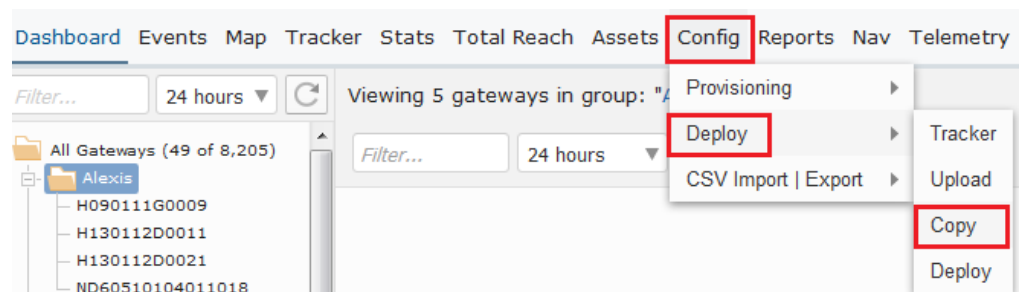


Figure 6-1: Config->Deploy->Copy Menu

One of the following popups will be displayed:

• **Configuration Confirmed:**

Please be advised that the source gateway's configuration was last confirmed on Thu Apr 14 15:33:57 P 2016. To get a more up-to-date confirmed configuration, please use the Revert action for this gateway on Config/Deploy/Deploy page.

This message is displayed for ALEOS gateways because the AMM does not have a reliable way to confirm that it has the latest configuration from the gateway, and so the onus is on the user to confirm this. This may not be displayed for gateways because they usually notify the AMM regarding out-of-band configuration changes. However, if a gateway is not *remote enabled*, then the message will be displayed. Reverting will instruct the AMM to throw away its copy of the configuration and retrieve the version from the gateway, under the assumption that the user has used a master gateway to build up the config to be pushed out to the rest of the fleet.

• **Configuration not Confirmed:**

The system has detected that the gateway selected as 'Source' for the Copy Config operation is not in Sync, which indicates that AMM does not have the latest configuration from the gateway. It is advised to wait for the synchronization to take place prior to attempting the copy operation again.

This message may be displayed for ALEOS and MG devices, and indicates that the configuration on the source gateway is not in sync with the AMM. Either wait for a synchronization to occur, or use the **Sync Now** button on the [Deploy](#) screen to force a sync.

Note: the following functions are available on the Deploy screen for these states: Revert, Force, Apply, Hold, and Copy.

Note: this panel is also available by locating the source gateway in the Gateway Tree, right-clicking on it, and selecting Copy Configuration.

Note: by default, the selected gateway will also be selected as a destination device to copy to, and a respective warning will be displayed indicating this.

4. Verify that the device in the *Source* field matches that which was selected in Step 2.
5. Click on a device from the Gateway tree to select it as a target, or hold down Ctrl and then click on multiple gateways to add multiple targets. This will add the gateway(s) to the **Copy Config to** field. Alternatively, enter the ESNs or names of one or more devices, separating each device ESN/name with a comma. Be sure that the ESN/number of the source device, which was added by default as a destination device, has been removed from this field.
6. Select **All Files** to copy all configuration files, or uncheck this field and select the individual files to copy. Note that some devices only have a single configuration file. [Figure 6-2](#) shows the selection of specific files for a gateway.

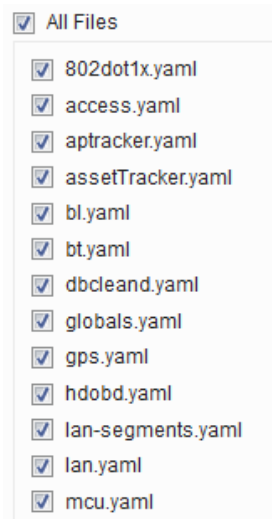


Figure 6-2: Selecting configuration files to copy on a gateway.

7. (Optional) Click **Skip Version Check** to ignore inconsistencies between the source and target device versions. Only enable this option if you are certain that the source and target gateways are compatible, despite any version discrepancies.
8. (Optional) Click **Skip Platform Check** (available for ALEOS only) to ignore inconsistencies between the source and target device types. Only enable this option if you are certain that the source and target gateways are compatible, despite any platform discrepancies.
9. (Optional) Click **Reboot automatically after changes are applied** (available for ALEOS only). The destination devices will reboot once the selected files have been successfully copied to them. It's recommended that this option be left as enabled, to match the behavior of ACEmanager.
10. Click **Copy**. The selected files will be scheduled for copy to the specified destination devices and the AMM will redirect to the *Deploy* screen. If there is a synchronization issue between the configurations, an error message will be displayed and the AMM will remain on the *Copy* panel in which case the issues will need to be resolved manually. For more information about configuration states and available functions see: [Deploy](#)).
11. Review the *State* column on the *Deploy* panel for each target gateway and manually correct or deselect any that are not in the *Modified* state.
12. Click the **Apply** button. The changes will be pushed to the devices when they check in and their state will change to *Out of sync-local* until the configuration update is complete. Once complete, the state will change to *In-Sync* for MG devices and *Config Confirmed* for ALEOS devices. Note that for an ALEOS device, this process will start when the device checks in and the download will begin when either a) the next check-in for unscheduled upgrades, or b) the first check-in during the scheduled time period. After the software is downloaded onto the gateway, it will automatically reboot, upon which the new software will be applied. For an MG device, this process will start immediately if the device is online and communicating.

6.2 Adding Multiple Gateways to an AMM

Version 2.15.1.1 and above includes a feature to import multiple gateways using device ID information stored in a CSV file.

An additional benefit of this feature is that it can also be used to reorganize the folder structure for existing gateways and move those gateways into new groupings.

Use the following steps to import multiple gateways from a CSV file:

1. Select **Admin -> Gateways** from the menu to display the *Gateways* screen.
2. Click on the **Upload** button:

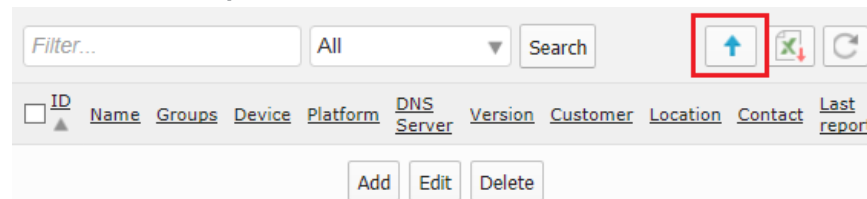


Figure 6-3: The upload button which provides the ability to add multiple gateways

3. Click **Template** to generate and open a new CSV file.

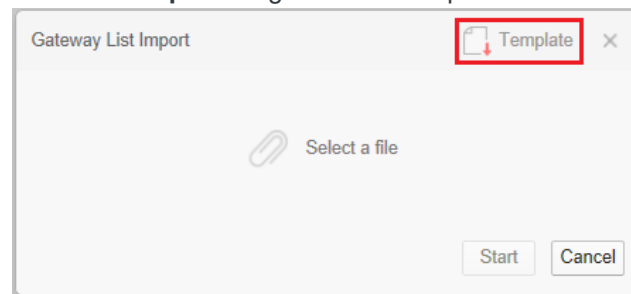
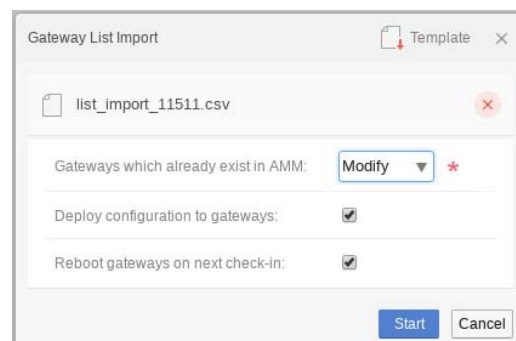


Figure 6-4: Creating a new CSV from the template.

4. Open the file in a spreadsheet application.
5. Edit the CSV file to include information about each gateway to add to the AMM. See [Device CSV](#) for more information about how to populate this CSV file.
6. Save the CSV file.
7. Click **Select a file** and select the CSV that was saved to disc. Upon selecting a file, The *Gateway List Import* popup will display:



8. Specify an option for the *Gateways which already exist in AMM* field:
 - **Ignore**: any gateways listed in the spreadsheet that already exist on the platform will not be added or modified.
 - **Modify**: updates the configuration of any gateways that already exist on the platform.
 - **Deploy configuration to gateways** (only displayed when *Modify* is selected): when selected, the gateway goes into the *Out of sync - local state*, followed by the *Config confirmed* state once the changes are accepted by the gateway. This is equivalent to selecting *Apply* on the *Config->Deploy* screen. If not selected, the gateway will go into *Modified* state, and you will need to go to the *Config->Deploy* screen and click **Apply** it in order for the configuration change to take effect.
 - **Reboot gateways on next check-in** (only displayed when *Modify* is selected): reboots the device(s) to apply the changes.
9. Click **Start** to import the devices.

After the import is complete, a summary page is presented to provide information about the result of the import process.

Note: AMM 2.16 and above supports the ability to apply unique MSCIID values on ALEOS devices. For more information see: [Configuring Device-Specific Parameters for ALEOS Configurations from the AMM](#).

6.3 Configuring Device-Specific Parameters for ALEOS Configurations from the AMM

The steps below describe how to use the AMM's [Gateways](#) and [Deploy](#) screens in conjunction with ACEmanager, to update configuration parameters on a fleet of ALEOS devices. This procedure allows for parameters to be configured uniquely for each device, so that a mass configuration update can be performed where each device will have unique parameter values for individual MSCIIDs.

Note: This feature is available AMM 2.16 and above.

Note: This feature requires knowledge about creating and updating AMM CSV import files. For additional information about CSV import files see the AMM Operation and Configuration Guide: Appendix A.4 - Multiple Device Import CSV.

Note: Not all valid MSCIID values can be set using this feature. Only Configuration values can be set. Any non-configuration values will be ignored by this process.

Note: Using the CSV upload procedure to manipulate ALEOS settings as described in the steps below, is intended to be used for configuring device-specific variables and is not intended to do complete configurations.

1. Determine the MSCIID for the parameter you want to update. Commonly used MSCIID's are listed below in [Commonly Used MSCIIDs](#). Alternatively, the following steps can be used to determine an MSCIID in ACEmanager:
 - a. Open ACEmanager for an ALEOS device in a browser.
 - b. Right click on the input field of the parameter that you want to update and select the browser's menu item which allows you to inspect the element (e.g. "Inspect").

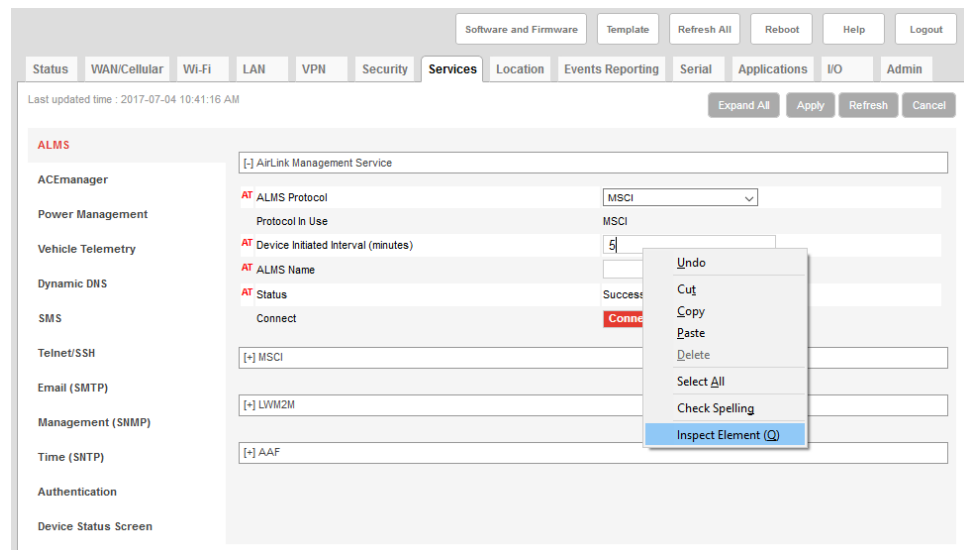


Figure 6-5: Selecting the inspection menu item for an ALEOS parameter.

- c. Locate the *Name* attribute in the raw HTML that is displayed. The value for this attribute is the MSCIID:

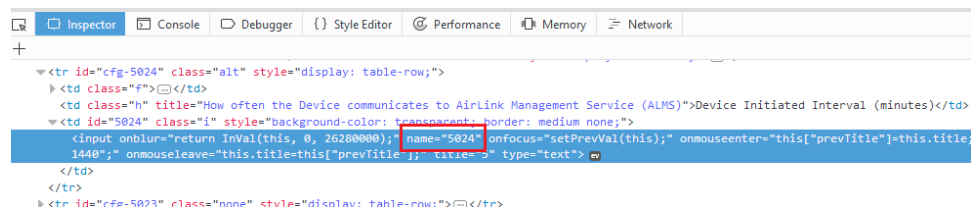


Figure 6-6: Locating the Name attribute. The value is the MSCIID.

Figure 6-7 shows another example of locating an MSCIID for an element, this time, from the Device Status Screen in ACEmanager:

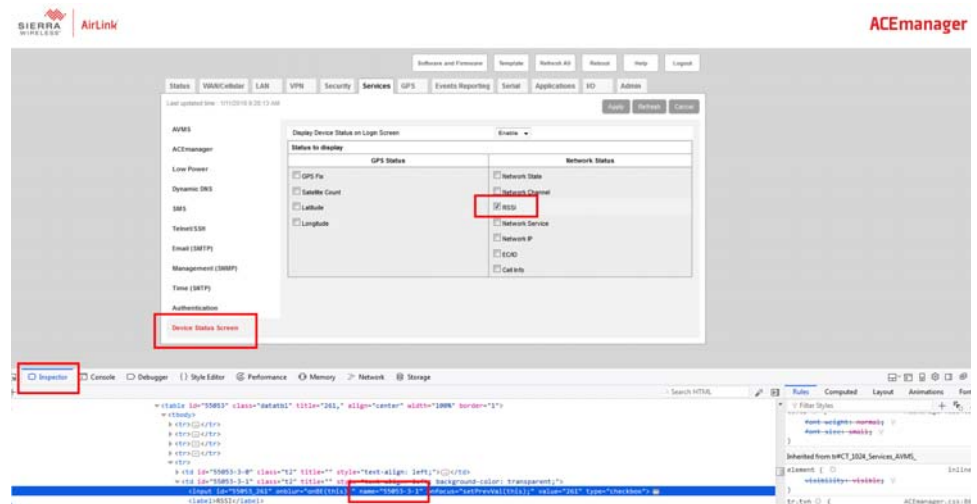


Figure 6-7: Example of Locating an MSCIID for an element from the Device Status Screen.

2. Create or Update an AMM CSV import file for configuring multiple devices as per the options below, using the MSCIID(s) obtained in Step 1. For additional information see [Multiple Device Import CSV](#).
 - Add up to 10 columns where each column title is the form of *MSCIID=ID*, then enter the value in each row for which the value is to be updated. The following example CSV snippet shows how to set the heartbeat (MSCIID 5024) and password (MSCIID 5003) values for a single ALEOS device:

Table 6-1: Example CSV with MSCIID Configurations

ID	Name	Groups	Vehicle Type	Customer	Location	Contact	Notes	MSCIID=5024	MSCIID=5003
N12341	"Joe - MP70 II"	Mixed Bag	Default Vehicle Group>SUV	Customer1	Office	Joe	Main device	8	test1234

Note: leaving a cell blank for a given row means that the value won't be updated for device specified on that row.

3. Navigate to the **Admin->Gateways** menu in the AMM. Note that if you're planning to update MSCIID parameters related to security (e.g. passwords), first ensure that you are logged in to the AMM using HTTPS, otherwise updates for such parameters will fail.
4. Click the **Upload** button:

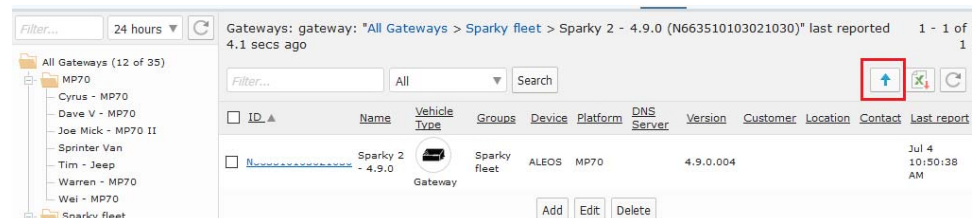


Figure 6-8: Upload button on the Gateways screen.

5. Select the CSV file that was prepared in Step 2, select **Modify** for Gateways which already exist in AMM, and select **Deploy configuration to gateways**:

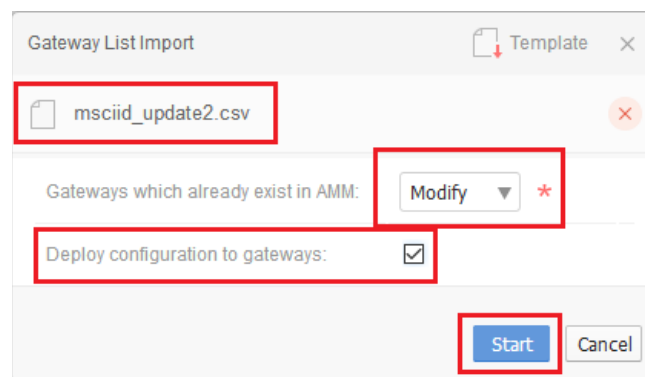


Figure 6-9: Preparing the Gateway List Import dialog.

6. Select the **Config->Deploy->Deploy** menu in the AMM to display the *Deploy* screen.
7. Click the refresh button and verify that the *State* column for the device is set indicates *Out of sync-local*:

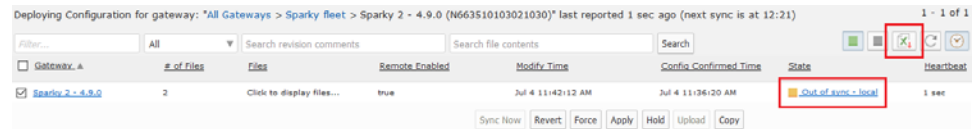


Figure 6-10: The Refresh button and the device's State

The device will update the next time it checks in, after which the *State* will change to *Config Confirmed*:



Figure 6-11: The State changes to Config Confirmed after the ALEOS device checks in and the configuration change is completed.

Note: the ALEOS heartbeat field show in the AMM is not an indicator of when the device will check in next. ALEOS devices have an independent check-in frequency.

Note: the device(s) may need to be rebooted in order for the change(s) to apply (e.g. when changing the M3DA Protocol Password).

8. Wait until the State changes to *Config Confirmed*.
9. Open ACEmanager for the device and verify that the MSCIID parameter(s) have been changed on the ALEOS device:

The screenshot shows the ACEmanager web interface. At the top, there are tabs for Status, WAN/Cellular, Wi-Fi, LAN, VPN, Security, Services, Location, Events Reporting, Serial, Applications, I/O, and Admin. The 'Services' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there's a 'Last updated time : 2017-07-04 11:04:26 AM' and buttons for 'Expand All', 'Apply', 'Refresh', and 'Cancel'. The main content area is titled 'ALMS' and contains a sidebar with links to ACEmanager, Power Management, Vehicle Telemetry, Dynamic DNS, SMS, Telnet/SSH, Email (SMTP), Management (SNMP), Time (SNTP), Authentication, and Device Status Screen. The main panel shows the 'AirLink Management Service' configuration. It includes fields for 'ALMS Protocol' (set to MSCI), 'Protocol in Use' (set to MSCI), 'Device Initiated Interval (minutes)' (set to 8, highlighted with a red box), 'ALMS Name', and 'Status' (set to Success - 07/04/2017 18:04:14). There is a 'Connect' button.

Figure 6-12: Using ACEmanager to verify that the MSCIID value was successfully updated on the ALEOS device.

6.3.1 Commonly Used MSCIDs

The following table provides the ID values and descriptions for common MSCIID's that you may want to configure. Note that these exact values must be entered as input.

Table 6-2: Common MSCIDs

Field	MSCIID	Notes and Comments
ACEmanager Password	5003	
Name	5023	Requires AMM 2.16.2+. This will populate the device's name in the AM/AMM if it hasn't been manually set in the AM/AMM or if the <i>Name</i> field wasn't specified when the device was imported using the Multiple Device Import CSV .
Device Initiated Interval (minutes)	5024	AM/AMM Heartbeat (check-in frequency)
Server URL	5027	URL of the management server (AM or AMM) in your environment
M3DA Protocol Password	10255	
ACEmanager Remote Access	1173	Set ACEmanager remote access to <i>Disabled</i> , <i>HTTPS Only</i> , or <i>Both HTTP and HTTPS</i>
ACEmanager HTTP Port	1150	Default value is 9191
ACEmanager HTTPS Port	1172	Default Value is 9443

Table 6-2: Common MSCIDs

Field	MSCIID	Notes and Comments
Location TAIP ID	1300	Set a unique TAIP ID for the device, if using TAIP for GPS data
LAN Ethernet Device IP	1084	
LAN Ethernet Starting IP	1137	
LAN Ethernet Ending IP	1138	
RX Diversity	2152	Enable/Disable
Setting for Band (WAN/Cellular->Cellular->Band Settings)	2057	Requires code to be set: 00=All bands; 01=Europe 3G; 02=North America 3G; 03=Europe; 04=North America; 05=WCDMA All; 06=LTE All
User Entered APN (WAN/Cellular -> Cellular -> SIM Slot 1 Configuration)	10710	
Pre-shared Key 1 (VPN -> VPN1)	3155	Assumes IPSec Tunnel is configured.
Local Address (VPN -> VPN1)	3167	Assumes IPSec Tunnel is configured.
Local Address – Netmask (VPN -> VPN1)	3168	Assumes IPSec Tunnel is configured.
Device Name (Services - > Dynamic DNS)	1154	Assumes IP Manager is configured.
Management Tunnel	10033	Disables the management tunnel.
Distribute Management Tunnels	10034	Distributes management tunnels over multiple openvpn instances for a large fleet.

6.4 Transitioning AirLink Gateways from ALMS to the AMM

This section describes how to transition AirLink gateways which are currently managed through the AirLink Management System (ALMS), to report to an AMM instead.

Figure 6-13 shows an example AirLink device in ALMS called *Warren's GX450*, that is to be transitioned to an AMM:

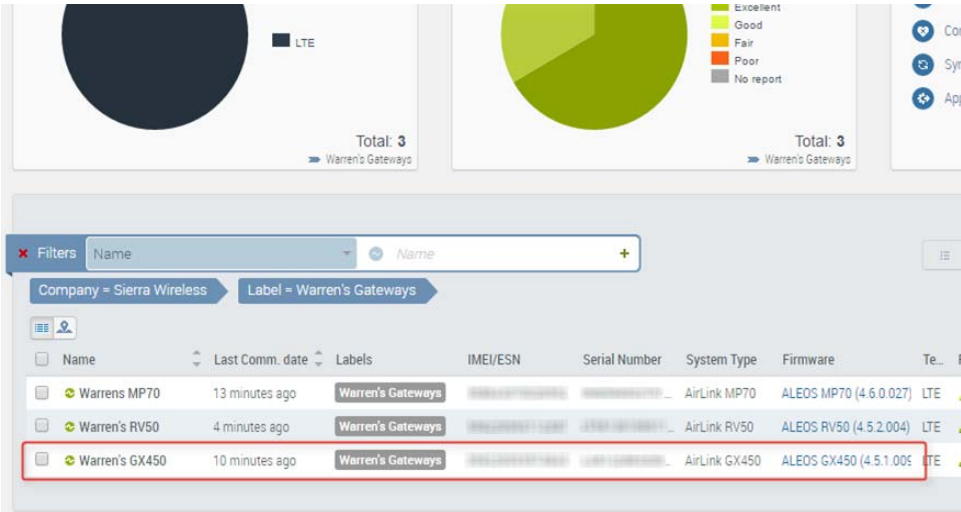


Figure 6-13: An AirLink Device Managed on ALMS that is to be transitioned to an AMM.

To perform a transition, first log in to ALMS.

Once logged in, access the *Monitor -> Systems* page and select a device that you want to redirect to an AMM from the main grid. Access the device Configuration screen by clicking **Configuration** at the top of the Device screen as shown in Figure 6-14:

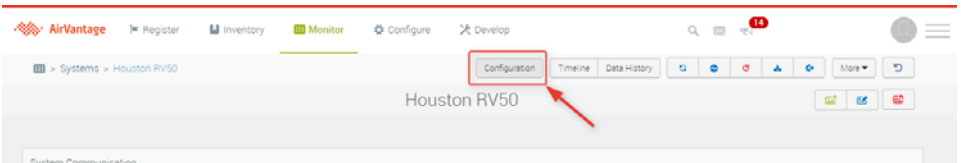


Figure 6-14: Accessing the Configuration Screen

Next, click on the *Edit* button to display the settings screen where configuration settings can be changed, as shown in Figure 6-15:

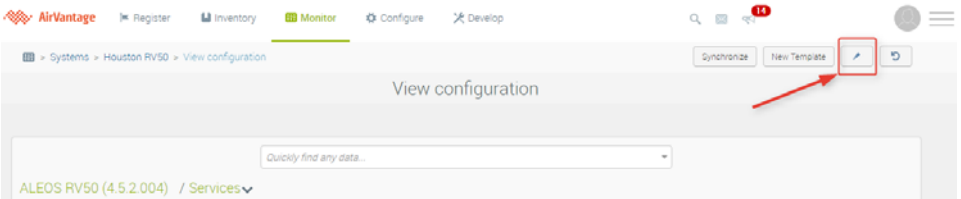


Figure 6-15: Accessing the Configuration Settings Screen

The gateway is currently configured to report to ALMS as shown in Figure 6-16:

Quickly find any data...

ALEOS GX450 (4.5.1.009) / Services / ALMS / General

AirLink Management Service: Enable

Server URL: https://na.m2mop.net/device/msci/com

Device Initiated Interval: 15

ALMS Name: NOTSET

ALMS: Success

Figure 6-16: Current Server URL of the Device to Transition from ALMS.

To transition the AirLink device for devices with Firmware 4.5.x and earlier, update the **Server URL** field as shown above in Figure 6-16 to point to the IP address or URL of the AMM.

To transition the AirLink device for devices with Firmware 4.6.x and later, update the **Server URL** field as shown in Figure 6-17 to point to the IP address or URL of the AMM.

Quickly find any data...

ALEOS MP70 LWM2M (4.6.1.017) / ALEOS / Services / ALMS / MSCI

Server URL: https://na.m2mop.net/device/msci/com

Auto Synchronize Configuration: Enable

TLS Verify Peer Certificate: Enable

HTTP Server And ACEView Services: Disable

Figure 6-17: Setting the Server URL for a Device with Firmware 4.6.x and later.

In addition to setting the Server URL for devices with Firmware 4.6.x and later, the protocol must also be set. To set the protocol, navigate to the AirLink Management Service settings and select **MSCI** for the **ALMS Protocol** field as shown in Figure 6-18:

Quickly find any data...

ALEOS MP70 LWM2M (4.6.1.017) / ALEOS / Services / ALMS / AirLink Management Service

ALMS Protocol: LWM2M (dropdown menu open, MSCI selected)

Protocol In Use: MSCI

Device Initiated Interval: Try LWM2M, Fallback MSCI

ALMS Name: NOTSET

ALMS Status: Registration: Success

Figure 6-18: Setting the ALMS Protocol for Devices with Firmware 4.6.x and later.

6.4.1 Using a Template to Configure a Fleet of Gateways

To perform the process described above for a fleet of gateways, use the following steps to create a template:

1. Log in to ALMS.
2. Navigate to **Configure->Templates**.
3. Click the green "+" dropdown and select **Brand-new**:

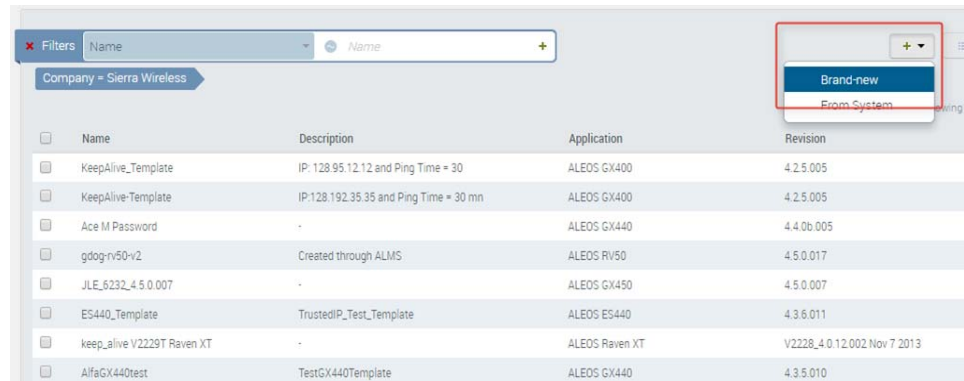


Figure 6-19: Creating a new Template

4. Select the appropriate firmware for the type of gateway being transitioned. In the example above, a GX450 (ALEOS GX450 (4.5.1.009)) is being transitioned. For multiple gateways of different types, a separate template will need to be created for each gateway type.

Tip: the amount of work required to transition gateways can be significantly reduced by first updating all of gateways to a consistent (and ideally latest) version of the firmware for each gateway type. Use the Update status widget on the main dashboard to see the current state of the fleet, and upgrade those gateways that are not current.

5. For devices with Firmware 4.5.x and lower: ensure the following fields have been configured in the **Services/ALMS/General** section:

- **AirLink Management Service:** set to enabled.
- **Server URL:** set to either of the following:
 http://ip_address:8082/msci
 https://ip_address:8083/msci

Note: the IP address can be replaced with a fully qualified domain name.

- **Device Initiated Interval:** set to the preferred communication frequency. For an on-premise AMM, the frequency can be set to a low as one minute.

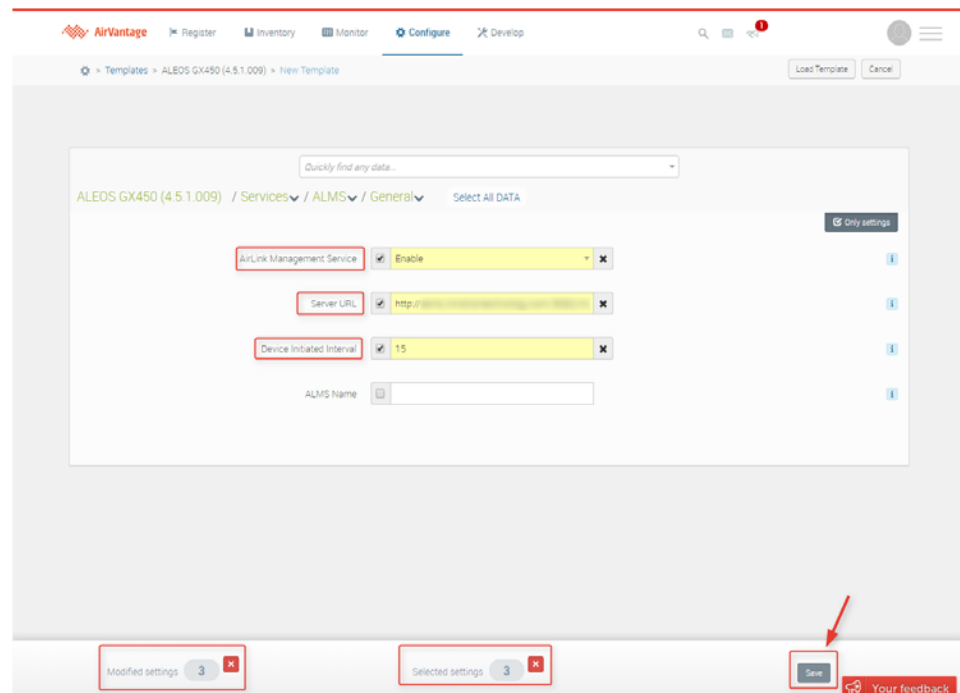


Figure 6-20: Setting the Configuration Fields for Devices with Firmware 4.5.x and lower.

6. For devices with Firmware 4.6.x and above: ensure the following field has been configured in the **Services/ALMS/AirLink Management Service** section:
 - **ALMS Protocol:** set to MSCl.

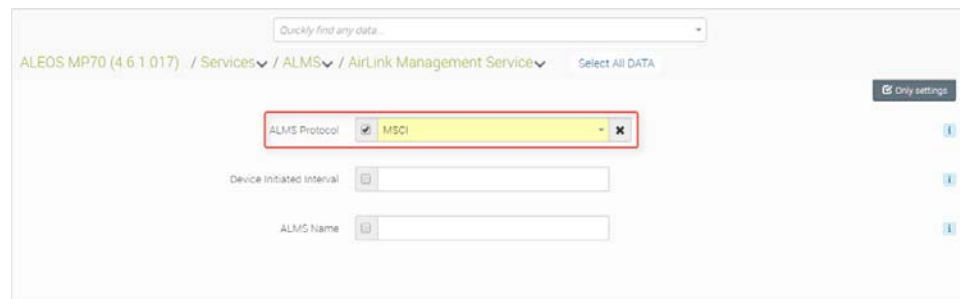
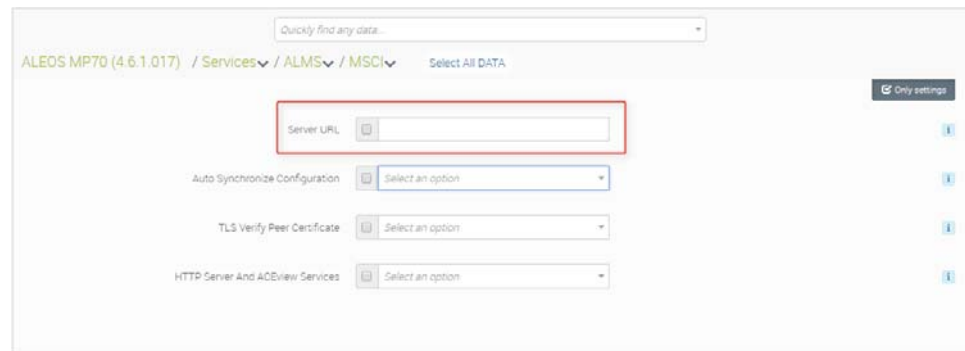


Figure 6-21: Setting the ALMS Protocol for Devices with Firmware 4.6.x and above.

Also ensure the following field has been configured in the **Services/ALMS/AirLink Management Service** section:

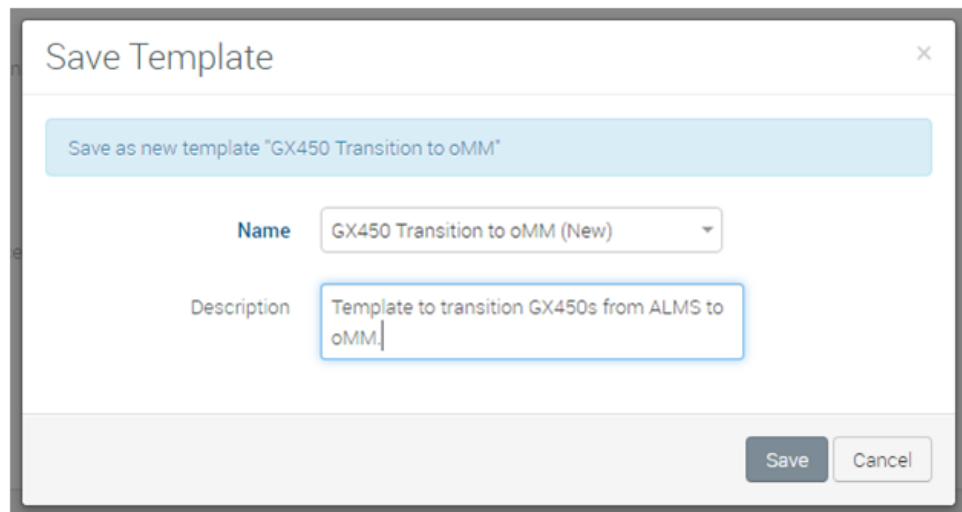
- **Server URL:** set to either of the following:
 - http://ip_address:8082/msci
 - https://ip_address:8083/msci



The screenshot shows the configuration page for ALEOS MP70 (4.6.1.017). The breadcrumb navigation is: ALEOS MP70 (4.6.1.017) / Services / ALMS / MSCI. A search bar at the top says "Quickly find any data...". Below the breadcrumb, there's a "Select All DATA" button. The main configuration area has several settings: "Server URL" (highlighted with a red box), "Auto Synchronize Configuration", "TLS Verify Peer Certificate", and "HTTP Server And ACEView Services". Each setting has a dropdown menu. On the right side, there's a "Only settings" button and a list of settings with checkboxes.

Figure 6-22: Setting the Server URL for Devices with Firmware 4.6.x and above.

7. Click **Save** at the bottom of the screen.
8. Name the template, provide a description, and click **Save** on the *Save Template* dialog:



The screenshot shows the "Save Template" dialog box. It has a title bar with a close button. Below the title bar, there's a blue bar with the text "Save as new template 'GX450 Transition to oMM'". Below that, there are two fields: "Name" with a dropdown menu showing "GX450 Transition to oMM (New)" and "Description" with a text box containing "Template to transition GX450s from ALMS to oMM". At the bottom right, there are "Save" and "Cancel" buttons.

Figure 6-23: Naming the Template.

9. Navigate to the **Monitor -> System** page in ALMS.

10. Select the appropriate device in ALMS and click **Apply template**:

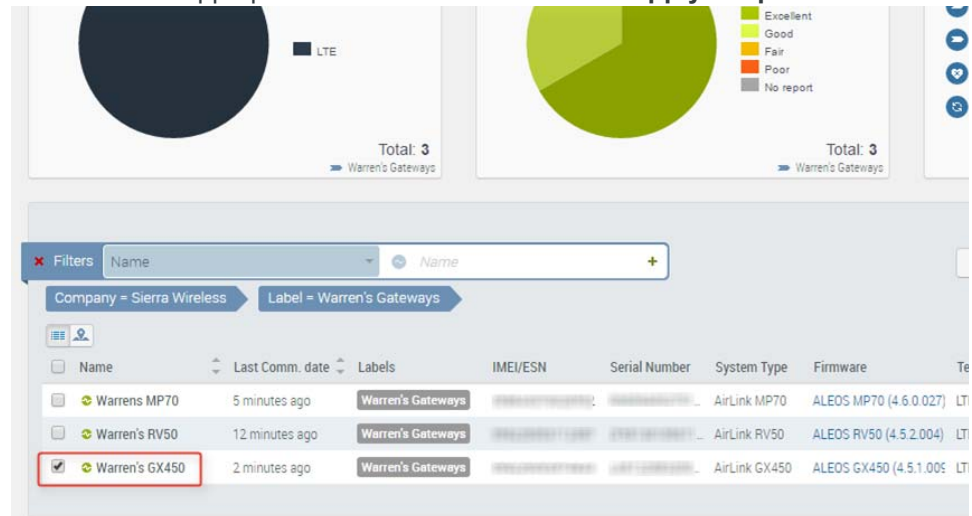


Figure 6-24: Selecting a Device.

11. Select the newly created template and click **Apply template**. Choose to reboot the device and optionally schedule the reboot in *Advanced Settings*. An *Apply Settings* operation is launched. The next time the gateway checks in, it will apply the template, reboot the gateway, and have it redirected to the AMM.
12. Log out of ALMS,
13. Log in to the AMM.
14. Navigate to **Admin->Gateways**.
15. Click **Add** at the bottom of the screen.
16. Pre-populate the details of the gateway, as they should appear in the AMM:
 - **ID**: use the serial number of the gateway.

Note: For issues setting serial numbers for GX440 devices, see [Adding GX440 Devices with Long Serial Numbers to an AMM](https://source.sierrawireless.com) on <https://source.sierrawireless.com>.

- **Name**: enter a friendly name.
- **Group**: preselect the group to place the gateway into. Use the **Admin -> Groups** feature to create groups, if they do not exist.

Note: the other fields are optional.

Note: as an alternative to adding individual gateways to the AMM one by one as described in steps 13 to 15 above, oMM 2.15.1.1 and above supports adding multiple gateways using a template. This can also be used to organize gateways into desired groups. See [Adding Multiple Gateways to an AMM](#) for more information.

DashboardEventsMapTrackerStatsTotal ReachAssetsConfigReportsNavTelemetryAdmin

Filter...24 hours

Add or Edit Gateway 1,083 gatewaysShow Advanced Config

All Gateways (283 of 1,082)

Presales Demo Group

Bogdan

Brian

George

Jordan

Kent M

Langdale

Marc B

Martin

Nathan

Scott

Sierra PreSales

Training Demo

ID: LA61220832001003

Name: Warren's GX450

Group: Presales Demo Group > Training Demo

Update DNS Servers: ** None ** +

Customer: Sierra Wireless

Location: Richmond BC

Contact: Warren Cartwright

Notes: Warren's GX450.

SaveCancel

Node LA61220832001003 successfully created.

Figure 6-25: Pre-Populating Gateway Details

Once the gateway receives its updated device management reporting location and checks in to the AMM, the device will show up either in the main directory listing, or in the folder that was pre-populated when the gateway was registered.

6.5 Implementing LDAP

AMM supports the use of an LDAP server for authenticating a group of Gateways. The following subsections provide information and setting up and using LDAP with the AMM.

6.5.1 Implementation

Use the following steps to implement LDAP authentication.

Create a Group of gateways and set the following:

1. Set the *Authentication type* as LDAP.
2. Enter the *Server Address*, including the LDAP protocol descriptor (e.g. ldap://dc1.example.com:389).
3. Enter the root level location in the *Search Base*, using comma-separated *dc=xxx,dc=xxx* notation.
4. Enter the hierarchical location in the *Domain* of the users needing to be authenticated (e.g. uid=USER,dc=example,dc=com).

Configure an AMM for LDAP user authentication:

1. Create a user account on the AMM corresponding to the user in the LDAP directory (this will be a UID, or unique identity).
2. Select the Group created above for the *Customer Group*. This associates the user with the group of gateways created above (which cannot be "All gateways").
3. Select **Remote Authentication** for the user. Note that the group must have the authentication type set to LDAP in order for the *Remote Authentication* field to be displayed.
4. Test the configuration.

6.5.2 LDAP Hierarchy notes

Check if "ou groups" (organizational units) have been set up. The groups can be set up as part of the hierarchy or can be set up as completely separate entities.

If set up as part of the hierarchy, then the Domain would need to include that data (e.g. uid=USER,ou=mathematicians,dc=example,dc=com).

If not set up as part of the hierarchy, the UID is prep-ended directly to the *Search Base* (e.g. uid=USER,dc=example,dc=com).

6.5.3 Independent LDAP test tool

It's also useful to have a tool that can test your LDAP connection and hierarchy and provide feedback, so you can determine the LDAP structure independent of the AMM itself. One such tool can be found here: <http://ldaptool.sourceforge.net/>. Having this tool lets you confirm what SHOULD work, after which you can then determine how to represent the settings in the oMM's LDAP authentication fields.

6.6 Handling Configuration Changes Made Outside of the AMM

An ALEOS gateway does not automatically notify the AMM of out-of-band changes made locally on the gateway. For example, if an M3DA password change is made locally on the gateway, M3DA communication between the gateway and the AMM will stop working.

To synchronize the local ALEOS configuration with the AMM, a manual configuration revert must be performed through the AMM to sync the configuration change made on gateway:

1. Navigate to the **Config->Deploy->Deploy** menu in the AMM.
2. Select the gateway(s) for which the configuration has changed by clicking the checkbox(es) in the *Gateway* column.
3. Click **Revert** and ensure that the state indicates *Awaiting Rollback*.
4. Wait for an MSCI checkin by the selected gateway(s). Any communications that are dependent upon the configuration (e.g. M3DA communication between the AMM and gateway(s)) should now be restored.

6.7 Using the AMM as an NTP Source

The AMM can act as a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server for use in highly restrictive private network situations where NTP is not available internally nor from the Internet. For example, a gateway must rely on GPS to obtain the time when powering up. However, GPS is not always available (e.g. because the gateway is under cover, on a test bench, etc.) and if the unit has been off for some time it, will not report events properly to the AMM until the time is corrected. In such cases it is typically easiest to get NTP directly from the AMM. AMM NTP services are enabled by default but only reachable via the management tunnel.

6.8 Setting Thresholds for Sub-Groups or Specific Gateways

By default, a threshold like *Heartbeat* usually applies to all gateways. However, it's often useful to define a modified version of that threshold that applies to a subset of gateways or even an individual gateway.

For example, consider a case where you have a specific fleet or gateway that should generate a heartbeat event every 30 minutes, but the default *Heartbeat* threshold is configured to send a warning after two minutes and an error after five minutes. For this specific fleet or gateway, you may want to generate a warning after 30 minutes and an error after 60 minutes.

To accommodate this, create a new threshold as described in [Thresholds](#) with the *Stat* set to *ReportIdleTime*, give the threshold the same name (e.g. *Heartbeat*), and configure the errors and warnings to *greater than 660* and *greater than 1260* respectively. Then, assign the specific fleet or gateway to that threshold via the *Group or gateway* field and save the threshold.

This new threshold will effectively override the default, broader *Heartbeat* threshold for that specific fleet or gateway. And if you select a parent group in the *Dashboard* that includes that fleet or gateway, the *Heartbeat* colors for that fleet or gateway will be based on this new *Heartbeat* threshold while the colors for all other devices will be based on the original *Heartbeat* threshold.

6.9 Deleting Information from a Hosted AMM

Any user who is an authorized Customer Support Contact in the Sierra Wireless Support Portal can request to delete their users' personal data from a hosted AMM. While a hosted AMM stores very limited personal information, the ability to delete a person's personal information allows companies to meet the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).

To initiate this process, an AMM user who is an authorized Customer Support Contact in the Sierra Wireless Support Portal must ask their Customer Support Contact to delete their profile information. The Customer Support Contact will then open a ticket on the Customer Support Portal on the user's behalf.

Sierra Wireless will then remove the following:

- Display name
- Email address
- Last login location (IP address)

To preserve the history of the AMM and to prevent confusion for other users, the history of user activity in the *User Activity* report won't be deleted and their generated reports will remain on the AMM.

6.10 Setting Device Locations

AMM 2.16.2+ allows you to manually set the locations of ALEOS and MG devices so that they appear on the map even if the device does not have GPS, or does not have the ability to receive a GPS signal (i.e. devices with a location that has been manually set will always be displayed on the map).

Once a location is manually set, it's displayed for the device(s) on the map, Dashboard (as GPS coordinates), and the **Admin->Gateways** page. For example, [Figure 6-26](#) shows the address for a device where GPS coordinates were entered to set its location:

Gateways: 3 gateways in group: "All Gateways > Johnson"

ID	Name	Vehicle Type	Groups	Device	Platform	DNS Server	Version	Customer	Location
☐ N663	MP70	 Gateway	Johnson	ALEOS	MP70		4.8.0.021		
☐ ND62	MG90 (1)	 Gateway	Johnson	oMG	MG90		4.2.0-20180504.1		13811 Wireless Way Unit 300, Richmond, BC V6V 3A4, Canada 49.1725, -123.0710
☐ ND63	MG90 (2)	 Gateway	Johnson	oMG	MG90		4.2.0-20180504.1		

[Add](#) [Edit](#) [Delete](#)

Figure 6-26: Address of a gateway shown after GPS coordinates have been manually set for the device.

Note: the location is not displayed in Tracker.

When displayed on the map, the information popup displays the time when the location was manually set:

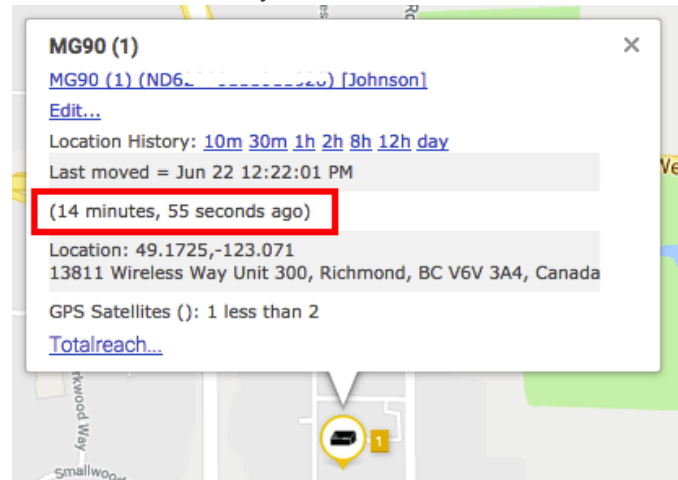


Figure 6-27: Information popup showing the time when the location was manually set

When a device receives new GPS coordinate events, the new GPS coordinates will be displayed on the map and Dashboard from the new GPS data. However, the location that was manually saved will still appear for the device(s) on the Gateway Admin page.

Since the map has time range filtering (which defaults to "today"), only gateways which have corresponding stats within the map's time threshold are displayed. A manually-set location will override the latest GPS stat with the timestamp from when it was saved, but the latest GPS stat will be restored by later GPS events if a device is equipped to report them.

If the map's time range is adjusted such that no stats are returned for a device (i.e. the device doesn't have a location the satisfies that time range), the device's manually set location will be displayed on the map. In this case, the popup window for the device will display **Manually set location is displayed** under the location. This indicates that the AMM did not find any corresponding stats for the device to show on the map, however, a manually-set location was found and used as the location to display on the map.

6.10.1 Requirements and Configuration

This feature requires access to Google Maps Geocoding services for resolving a location to a geographical address. If an AMM deployment restricts such access, you can disable it as follows:

1. Edit the `web.xml` configuration using a text editor.
2. Set `inmotion.allowMapServiceAccess=false`. This will prevent the location input field from querying the Google Maps Geocoding services. Note that this access is enabled by default.

6.10.2 Backwards Compatibility

The **Location** input field existed as a standard text edit box prior to AMM 2.16.2, allowing for location entry that was not resolved by a mapping system. If you already have saved locations in this field when upgrading to AMM 2.16.2, AMM will try to geocode the existing location string for display on the Gateway Admin page and map. If the location is incorrectly resolved, you can correct it by manually reassigning a location using the new location input widget as described below, otherwise the existing location data saved in the field remains untouched.

6.10.3 Setting a Location

To manually set a location for one or more devices:

1. Navigate to **Admin -> Gateways** in the AMM.
2. Select the gateway(s) to set the location for and click **Edit**.
3. Hover the mouse over the **Location** field and click on it:

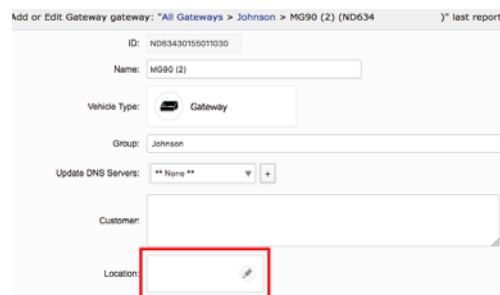


Figure 6-28: Clicking on the location field.

A popup will appear allowing entry of a location.

4. Enter an address or the latitude/longitude (49.1725, -123.0710) of a location. When entering GPS coordinates, the map will attempt to find an address at that location. The location corresponding to the address or GPS coordinates will be shown on the map:

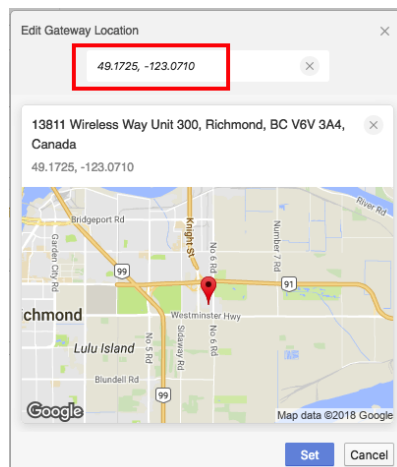


Figure 6-29: Specifying a location using GPS coordinates.

5. Click **Set** to set the location and close the popup.
6. Click **Save** to save the location to the device(s).

6.10.4 Clearing a Location

To clear a location that has been manually set for one or more devices:

1. Navigate to **Admin -> Gateways** in the AMM.
2. Select the gateway(s) to clear the location for and click **Edit**.
3. Hover the mouse over the **Location** field and click on it. A popup will appear allowing entry of a location.
4. Click the “X” button next to the right of the location:

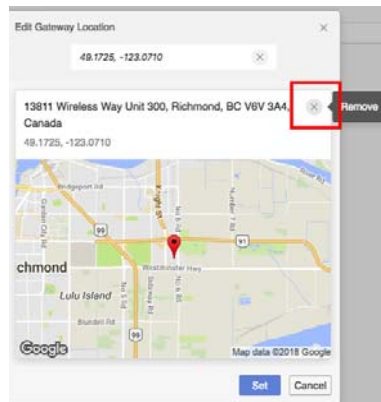


Figure 6-30: Clearing a location

5. Click **Set** to close the popup.
6. Click **Save** to update the device(s).

6.10.5 Importing Locations with Devices

The **Location** field in a [Multiple Device Import CSV](#) can be used to specify a latitude and longitude when importing a device. For information on the import process see: [Adding Multiple Gateways to an AMM](#).

6.11 Handling AMM Login Issues

Prior to AMM 2.16.2, the **Name** field on the AMM's **Admin->Users** screen would allow for the entry of user names containing space characters. However, attempting to log in with a name containing a space character would cause the AMM to display an error stating “An invalid character [32] was present in the Cookie value” before completing the login process.

To resolve this issue, navigate to the **Admin->Users** screen, remove the space from the user name, and save the user.

6.12 Secure Communication with ALEOS Gateways over HTTPS

AMM 2.16.2+ allows for secure communication between the AMM and ALEOS devices using HTTPS. To improve security, enable the **TLS Verify Peer Certificate** option on the **Services** tab in ACEmanager as shown in [Figure 6-31](#) and load a validate certificate onto the AMM. For assistance in creating and deploying a certificate on AMM, please contact SWI Customer Support.

The screenshot shows the ACEmanager interface with the **Services** tab selected. The left sidebar lists various services: ALMS, ACEmanager, Power Management, Vehicle Telemetry, Dynamic DNS, SMS, AT (Telnet/SSH), Email (SMTP), Management (SNMP), Time (SNTP), Authentication, and Device Status Screen. The main panel displays the configuration for the **ALMS** (AirLink Management Service). The status is 'Success - 08/03/2018 16:14:22'. The **TLS Verify Peer Certificate** option is highlighted with a red box and is set to 'Enable'. Other visible settings include ALMS Protocol (MSCI), Protocol In Use (MSCI), Device Initiated Interval (15 minutes), ALMS Name, Server URL (https://208.81.123.151:8083/), Auto Synchronize Configuration (Enable), HTTP Server And ACEview Services (Both WAN And LAN), LWM2M, and AAF.

Figure 6-31: Enable TLS Verify Peer Certificate in ACEmanager to allow an ALEOS device to communicate over HTTPS.

6.13 Identifying the Strength of Passwords on ALEOS Devices

The Dashboard in AMM 2.16.2 and above includes a column entitled **Weak ACEmanager Password** that indicates whether or not the login password for an ALEOS device is weak. Note that the column won't show up for MGOS-only fleets:

Name ▲	ID	A. Value	Ambient Air Temp	GPS Fix	Heartbeat	IP Address	MgmtTunnelIP	ConfigState	Trouble Code	GPS Satellites	Mv Engine RPM	VIN	Location Latitude	Location Longitude	Weak ACEmanager Password
Amit RV50X-1 desk	QR6 0	N/A	0 sec	2 secs	10.14.149.1	10.4.32.10	Config confirmed	N/A	11	N/A	N/A	49.1721	-123.070135	Yes	
Amit's MP70	N65 0	-40.0 °F	0 sec	1 sec	174.5.1.1	10.4.32.30	Out of sync - remote		16	15,547	1G1	49.1721	-123.070135	Yes	
amitMP70em7 dev	N67 0	86.0 °F	0 sec	13 hours	10.171.149.1	N/A	Out of sync - remote		0	1,356	1PMC	49.237817	-122.868185	Yes	

Figure 6-32: The "Weak ACEmanager Password" Column in the Dashboard.

The value for the column will be set as follows:

- **Yes:** when an ALEOS password is set to one of 1,000,000 known weak passwords.
- **No:** the password is not set to one of the weak passwords, and is therefore considered strong.
- **N/A:** If multiple device types are selected, the column will be set to **N/A** for all non-ALEOS devices.
- **HTTP:** if the device is configured to communicate to the AMM over HTTP, rather than HTTPS, the column will be set to **HTTP** to indicate that the password state cannot be determined.

Note: Sierra Wireless does not recommend that devices communicate with our management systems over insecure channels. HTTPS should be used.

Note: The value of the column is updated when an ALEOS device checks in. However, if the weak password was fixed on ACEmanager, the value won't be updated automatically; in this case the "Revert" button on Configuration -> Deploy page must be clicked.

6.14 Installing an AAF Application from the AMM

AAF applications can be installed by the AMM onto ALEOS devices running 4.4.5 and above if AAF functionality has been enabled on those devices. If AAF has not been enabled, the device will appear in the **Unaffected Gateways** list with the reason set to *ALEOS Application Framework is not enabled, or its state cannot be detected*.

Use the following steps to enable AAF and install AAF applications to ALEOS devices:

1. Select the device(s) in the Gateway tree.

2. Enable AAF by setting MSCIID 10250 to 1 for those device(s). This can be done using the procedure described in [Configuring Device-Specific Parameters for ALEOS Configurations from the AMM](#) or by manually setting it in the device's *msciconfig* file.
3. Once the configuration is applied to the gateway, wait for the gateway to reboot, navigate to the **Config->Deploy->Deploy**, and ensure the device is in *Config confirmed* state.
4. Install the AMMER application on the device using the procedure described in [Distribution](#). The device should be listed in the "Affected Gateways" list in the distribution wizard indicating a successful installation.

>> A: CSV File Information

A

The content of the CSV files includes a number of comments at the start of the file each of which is preceded by a "#" character to denote that it's a comment. The comments provide hints and information about how the files should be modified/edited. This is followed by one "header row" containing the column names, and then one or more rows of data as specified below.

Note: these files are not supported for ALEOS devices. For more information on supported features see: [Features Supported for ALEOS Devices](#).

A.1 WAN CSV

The WAN WiFi CSV file contains the following information:

ESN: the ESN of the gateway for which the settings apply to/should be applied to.

WiFiNetworkName: the name of the WiFi access point profile that the settings are for.

SSID: the SSID of the access point.

PSKKey: the PSK passphrase for the access point.

PSK: the pre-shared key for the access point.

CustomHostName: a custom host name to be sent with a DHCP request. Available in AMM 2.16.2+.

StaticIpAddress: a static IP address for the access point. Available in AMM 2.16.2+.

Network Mask: a network mask for the access point. Available in AMM 2.16.2+.

Gateway: the gateway IP address for the access point. Available in AMM 2.16.2+.

The following is a sample of a .CSV file for WIFI configuration:

Table 1-1: Sample WIFI Configuration

# This CSV file contains a header line followed by the data lines representing the selected ESNs and their WiFi configuration.				
# The header line identifies the fields that are needed to configure the WiFi networks for an ESN.				
# For Import to work: the header must be complete and match the data lines that follow.				
# Each line must have the ESN followed by one or more WiFi networks.				

Table 1-1: Sample WIFI Configuration

# Each WiFi network is defined by a set of fields: WiFiNetworkName SSID PSKKey PSK CustomHostName StaticIpAddress NetworkMask Gateway								
# You should only update the PSK, CustomHostName, StaticIpAddress, NetworkMask, or Gateway field. If any other field is modified, Import will not work.								
# The fields in a WiFi network must be positioned in the exact order without any additional field in the set.								
#								
ESN	WiFi Network Name	SSID	PSK Key	PSK	Custom Host Name	StaticIp Address	NetworkMask	Gateway
H11111 1G0021	Test-WPA2-PSK-AES(N)	Test-WPA2-PSK-AES(N)	mypassphrase	zbbbfdddeef f112233445 566ff	ABC	10.20.30. 4	255.255.0. 0	123.54.76.8 9
H11111 1G0765	Test-WPA2-PSK-AES(N)	Test-WPA2-PSK-AES(N)	mypassphrase	aabbffdddeef f112233445 566ff				

The following rules must be adhered to when modifying and deploying WAN WiFi CSV files:

- There must be one "header row" containing a contiguous set of columns with the following names: ESN, WiFiNetworkName, SSID, PSKKey, PSK.
- A valid value for each column must be specified for each data row.
- Each ESN specified must be for a valid gateway connected to the AMM.
- Each selected gateway must have a corresponding row in the CSV.
- The configuration of each selected gateway must be in sync with the configuration on the AMM.
- Each WiFiNetworkName value in the CSV must be unique (i.e. different configurations for the same WiFiNetworkName are forbidden).
- Duplicate rows (i.e. rows with same values for each column) are forbidden. However, if duplicate rows are found, the last instance will be used.
- The PSKKey value must contain a hex or passphrase and must match that configured on the specified gateway. Note that this value is automatically derived based on the PSK entered on the gateway.
- The PSK must be either a hexadecimal value 64 bytes in length, or between 8 and 63 ASCII characters in length depending on the value of PSKKey.
- The PSKKey, and SSID must match those configured for the specified WiFi access point profiles on the specified gateway(s).
- Each gateway must be remotely configurable.
- Each WiFiNetworkName listed in the CSV must be configured as an access point profile for the specified gateway. Likewise, each access point profile configured on each gateway must be listed in the CSV.

A.2 WLAN CSV

The WLAN WiFi CSV contains the following information. Note that the information (excluding the ESN) is stored both for the physical WLAN and the three virtual BSSID's.

ESN: the ESN of the gateway for which the settings apply to/should be applied to. Note: this field cannot be changed via the .csv file.

WLANDeviceName: the friendly name of the WLAN profile. Note: this field cannot be changed via the .csv file.

Channel: the WiFi channel (i.e. centre frequency) within the spectrum to be used.

NetworkType: the version of the 802.11 protocol to be used by this access point (either 802.11b/g or 802.11n).

Mimo: if set to "y", multiple WAN antennas are enabled for Multiple Input Multiple Output (MIMO) operation. If set to "n", MIMO is disabled.

SecondaryChannel: the channel which is combined with the primary channel to provide a 40 MHz channel instead of a 20 MHz channel.

LanSegment_x: the name of the LAN segment assigned to the access point.

IsAutoSSID_x: if set to "y", the SSID (Service Set Identifier) field for the WLAN has been auto generated by the gateway. If set to "n", the SSID was manually entered.

SSID_x: the SSID. Can be auto generated or manually entered as indicated by *IsAutoSSID* above. Note: this field cannot be changed via the .csv file.

IsBroadcastSSID_x: if set to "y", the WiFi device broadcasts its SSID. If set to "n", the SSID is not broadcasted.

EnableWMM_x: if set to "y", support for WMM (Wireless MultiMedia extensions) has been enabled for the device. If set to "n", WMM has not be enabled.

Encryption_x: specifies the type of encryption used by the access point.

Note: depending on the encryption selected, additional fields will be included specific to that encryption type.

For more information on WLAN settings see the *oMG Operation and Configuration Guide*.

The following are example fields of a .CSV file for WLAN configuration. Note that the large number of encryption specific parameters which normally follow the *Encryption* column have been left out due to space constraints:

- **ESN:** H111614G1832
- **WLANDeviceName:** Atheros WLM54AG @ mini-PCI Slot
- **Channel:** 11
- **NetworkType:** 802.11b/g
- **Mimo:** n
- **SecondaryChannel:** none
- **LanSegment_1:** y

- **IsAutoSSID_1:** y
- **SSID_1:** \$ESN
- **IsBroadcastSSID_1:** y
- **EnableWMM_1:** n
- **Encryption_1:** WPA/CCMP

The following rules must be adhered to when modifying and deploying VPN CSV files:

- There must be one "header row" containing a contiguous set of column names.
- Each gateway must be remotely configurable.
- Each selected gateway must have a corresponding row in the CSV.
- Each configuration field must be configured on the selected gateways.
- Values in the CSV must be present and must match those on the selected gateways.
- Each selected gateway must be in sync with the AMM.

Duplicate rows (i.e. rows with same values for each column) are forbidden. However, if duplicate rows are found, the last instance will be used.

A.3 VPN CSV

The VPN CSV contains the following information:

ESN: the ESN of the gateway for which the settings apply to/should be applied to.

Pre-shared_key: the PSK to use for accessing the VPN.

VPN Name (optional): specifies the VPN for which the pre-shared key applies. If specified, the AMM will only import those rows whose VPN Name matches that of the selected VPN currently open on the provisioning screen. If left blank, the AMM will assume the settings for a row are relevant to the selected VPN currently open on the provisioning screen.

The following is a sample of a .CSV file for VPN configuration:

Table 1-2: CSV for VPN

# This CSV file contains a header line followed by the data lines representing the selected ESNs and their configurations.			
# VPN Name column is for users who have multiple VPNs and want to consolidate upload data of all VPNs in one master CSV. Leave column empty if you do not use this feature.			
ESN	Preshared_key	VPN Name	
H111111G3111	ABC1234	testvpn	

The following rules must be adhered to when modifying and deploying VPN CSV files:

- There must be one "header row" containing a contiguous set of columns with the following names: *ESN*, *Preshared_key*, and *VPN Name*.
- Each gateway must be remotely configurable.

- Each selected gateway must have a corresponding row in the CSV.
- Each tunnel name must be configured on each selected gateway.
- Each configuration field must be configured on the selected gateways.
- Values in the CSV must be present and must match those on the selected gateways.
- Tunnel names must be unique.
- Each selected gateway must be in sync with the AMM.
- Each VPN profile must exist on the selected gateways, and each VPN profile from each selected gateway must be in the CSV.
- Duplicate rows (i.e. rows with same values for each column) are forbidden. However, if duplicate rows are found, the last instance will be used.

A.4 Multiple Device Import CSV

The device CSV is used for importing multiple devices into the AMM and contains the following information:

ID: the serial number of the device to import into the AMM.

Note: For issues setting serial numbers for GX440 devices, see [Adding GX440 Devices with Long Serial Numbers to an AMM](https://source.sierrawireless.com) on <https://source.sierrawireless.com>.

Name (optional): the friendly name of the device as it is to appear in the AMM.

Note: in AMM 2.16.2+, the Name field for an ALEOS device will be automatically populated with the value of MSCIID 5023 if no name has been assigned to the device during gateway creation or import into the AMM. For more information see [Commonly Used MSCIIIDs](#).

Groups: the names of one or more groups within the AMM to add the device(s) to.

Vehicle Type: specifies the vehicle type definition (see [Vehicles](#) for a complete list).

Customer: The name of the customer to which the device belongs.

Location: The GPS (latitude/longitude) coordinates of the device's location. Will be resolved to a geolocation/address as described in [Setting Device Locations](#).

Contact: Information for contacting personnel associated with the device.

Notes: Generate notes for the device.

MSCIID: add one or more MSCIID columns to configure for the gateway where the column title is in the form of MSCIID=<msciid> (e.g. MSCIID=5024). Then enter the device specific value(s) into the rows in that column for the device(s) being imported. For a list of values see [Commonly Used MSCIIIDs](#)).

Note: multiple device import is supported in oMM 2.15.1.1 and above, and is only available to users who have administrative access to the Admin->Gateways screen.

Warning: Some devices such as the GNX3 and GNX6 have serial numbers starting with leading zeros (e.g. 000036067998). However, some spreadsheet applications may be configured to treat cell values as numbers causing the leading zeros to be trimmed. Serial numbers that have been trimmed in this manner will not be accepted by the AMM, so it's important to ensure that cell values are not being trimmed by your spreadsheet application.

The following is a sample of a CSV file for VPN configuration. The first row of data shows a gateway being added to two folders, the second row of data shows a gateway being added to a single folder, and the third row shows a gateway being added to a subfolder.

Table 1-3: CSV for Device Import

# This CSV file contains a header line followed by the data lines representing the gateways to be imported to the AMM. # # -A comma (,) is required as a field delimiter. # -Double quotation marks (") are required for any fields containing commas. # -A greater-than sign (>) is required as a delimiter for groups. # Example: CA10882023210,Unit 102,JT > AirLink,Default Vehicle Group > Gateway # # -Groups that do not exist in the AMM will be created as defined by the structure in the CSV file. # -Duplicate IDs in the CSV file will be ignored except for the first instance. # -Options will be provided for user to decide how to deal with a gateway entry in the CSV file if its ID already exists in the AMM system. # -Users can choose to ignore the entry or instruct the AMM to modify the gateway name and group in the system according to the CSV file if these fields are not empty. # -Entries without group information which do not already exist in the AMM system will be populated with the group the user was assigned to in Admin->Users. # -All gateways being added/modified via CSV import will be logged in User Activity. # -ALEOS MSCI Configurations can be modified using this template by adding column headers in the form of MSCIID= and supplying values for each gateway row at the corresponding column's position. Note that only configurations available in the initial import will be modifiable until the gateway reports in # -Location accepts latitude and longitude pair separated by comma (,). Example: 49.17172, -123.07035							
ID	Name	Groups	Vehicle Type	Customer	Location	Contact	MSCIID=5024
H111111G3111	Bob's Gateway	"Fleet1,Fleet2"	Default Vehicle Group > Gateway	Test Co.	49.1725, -123.071	joes@test.com	8

Table 1-3: CSV for Device Import

H241511 G2191	Jon's Gatewa y	"Fleet 1"	Default Vehicle Group > Heavy-Duty- Bucket-Truck				8
H351511 H3122	Mary's Gatewa y	"Fleet 1>Users>S uper Users"	Default Vehicle Group > Gateway				8

The following rules must be adhered to when modifying and deploying CSV files which importing devices:

- There must be one "header row" containing a contiguous set of columns with the following names: *ID*, *Name*, and *Groups*.
- The value for the Groups column must be surrounded by double quotes when more than one group name is provided.
- Device ID's must be unique.

Note: if a gateway listed in the CSV already exists on the AMM, it will be moved to the group(s) specified in the CSV, if they differ from those to which the gateways are assigned to on the AMM.



B: Features Supported for ALEOS Devices

B

This section lists the features of the AMM that are available for ALEOS devices.

B.1 Tabs

Main tabs:

- Dashboard
- Events
- Map
- Stats
- Tracker
- Config - only the following two sub menus are supported:
 - Deploy->Copy
 - Deploy->DeploySee [Config Tab](#) for more information.
- Reports (see AMM Reports Guide)
- Admin - all sub menus are supported except for *DNS Servers*. See [Admin Tab](#) for more information. Note that some features may be platform specific.

For more information see [Main Tabs](#).

Additional tabs:

- Logout
- Zoom
- Options - all options are supported
- Help

For more information about tabs see [Option Tabs](#)

B.2 Gateway Tree Menu Context Menus

When right-clicking on ALEOS devices, the following menus/functionality are supported:

- Delete
- Details
- Access console
- Access ACEmanager
- Request Reboot
- Browse log files
- Copy Configuration

For more information about these features see: [Changing Gateway Details](#).

When right-clicking on a fleet of ALEOS devices, the following menus/functionality are supported.

- Delete group
- Rename group
- Create group
- Move group here
- Audit oMG LAN Segments
- Generate oCM Configuration
- Move gateways here
- Sync log files
- Browser log files

Note: when a fleet of mixed ALEOS and MG devices is selected, additional menus applicable only to MG devices may also be shown. For customer fleets consisting of only ALEOS devices, these additional menus will be disabled. If MG devices are added and selected, these menus will become enabled.

For more information on these features see: [Groups and Sub-Groups](#).

B.3 Stats Reported by ALEOS Devices

This section lists the stats that can be reported by ALEOS devices. Note that ALEOS devices may not report stats with every communication, and stats related to hardware not supported by a device will not be reported (e.g. if a device does not support GPS, then it will not report GPS stats).

Note: MG devices report more stats than ALEOS devices, some of which are not reported by ALEOS devices.

B.3.1 Implicitly Generated as Misc Events

- **Gateway Type:** the type of gateway (MG or ALEOS).
- **Cell Technology:** the radio technology being used.
- **Current Operator:** the network operator.
- **MDN:** the phone number.
- **Platform:** the type of platform (e.g. oMG, GX400, RV50, etc.).
- **SoftwareVersion:** the version of the device's software.
- **RSSI:** the received signal strength indication. LTE signal strength stats include *RSRP*, *RSRQ*, and *SINR*.
- **RadioFirmwareVersion:** the version of the device's radio firmware.
- **BuildString:** the build number of the ALEOS software.
- **IMEI:** the device's IMEI ID value.
- **OperationalState:** the current operational state of the device.
- **RAP ID:** the device's RAP ID. Requires AMM 2.16.2+ and AMMER 1.0.3+.

B.3.2 Generated through specific DELS events

- **ConfigurationState**: the configuration sync status of the gateway.
- **GPS Location-latitude / GPS Location-longitude**: the device's GPS coordinates.
- **GPS Location-miles**: the miles traveled on a given day.
- **GPS Location-speedmph**: the speed, in miles per hour.
- **GPS Location-zone**: the zone in which the gateway traveled. See [Zones](#) for more information.
- **GPS Satellites**: the number of satellites that are in view.
- **GPSFix**: the time since the last GPS fix.
- The following stats provide WAN information for the active link:
 - **LinkX-ActiveLink**
 - **LinkX-IPAddress**
- The following stats provide WAN information for AirLink.
 - **Reserved0-CallUpTime**
 - **Reserved0-IPAddress**
- **CallUp**: the amount of time that the device has been connected.
- **UpTime**: the amount of time that the device has been booted up.

Note: the AMM converts the metric GPS data obtained from ALEOS devices into miles. The AMM will then display the data in the units set by the user in the AMM's preferences.

B.3.3 Other

- **ReportIdleTime**: represents the device's heartbeat.
- **RemoteSocketAddress**: the remote socket address reported by Airlink.

B.3.4 Stat FAQs

- **What is the difference between the various stats labeled “LinkX” and the “reserved0” stats with the same names?**

LinkX is always tracking the active WAN link. In 2.15.2, the ALEOS cell link was mapped to 'reserved0'. In 2.16, in conjunction with the optimized information from ALEOS 4.8.0, this info is more properly represented.
- **What does “LinkX-ActiveLink” mean?**

“LinkX-ActiveLink” is the active WAN link that AMM is tracking.
- **What is the purpose of LinkX?**

LinkX was introduced to allow MG customers to set a threshold on the WAN active link, irrespective of whether it is on WiFi or potentially on different cell links. Prior to this, customers would have to keep changing the threshold parameters to adjust to the link that an gateway was dynamically switched to.

- **IP address” seems to be shown as two different parameters, “IP Address” and “Link IP Address”, but with the same identical reported value. Why are there two such stats?**

At some point there were two thresholds created: “IP Address” and “Link IP Address”, and they are both based on the same stat ‘LinkX-IPAddress’.

- **What is “New Mgmt Cert” and is it relevant for an ALEOS device?**

This tracks the migration of a management certificate activity for the MGs.

>> C: Firewall Considerations

C

The AMM requires the following TCP/IP and UDP/IP access.

Note: MG-to-AMM communications can all be embedded into the SSL VPN.

Note: in the following table, To in the Direction column refers to traffic going to the AMM, and From refers to outbound traffic from the AMM.

Table 3-1: TCP/UDP Port Summary

Purpose	Service	Protocol	Port	Direction	Description
MG	Ping	ICMP	N/A	To/From	Used to verify communication between a gateway and AMM.
	Messages	TCP/UDP	1501	To/From	TCP: optimized bulk MG-to-AMM messages. UDP: optimized individual MG-to-AMM messages. Note: optional - only open if the Management Tunnel (Port 1194) is not in use.
	VNC	TCP	5900-6000	To	Remote User interface from AMM to operator workstation.
	SSL VPN	UDP	1194	To/From	MG/tech support Management tunnel, and AMM upgrades. Destinations: • cproxy1.inmotiontechnology.com • cproxy2.inmotiontechnology.com
	FTP	TCP	20/21	To/From	Passive FTP
	FTP	TCP	49152-49252	To/From	Passive FTP

Table 3-1: TCP/UDP Port Summary

Purpose	Service	Protocol	Port	Direction	Description
ALEOS	All	TCP	8082/ 8083	To	Allows ALEOS devices to connect to a non-hosted AMM.
	M3DA	TCP	44900	To	Allows for M3DA communication.
	FTP	TCP	20/21	To/From	Used for the ALEOS uploadlog app.
	FTP	TCP	49152- 49252	To/From	Used for the ALEOS uploadlog app.
	Management Tunnel	UDP	1190/ 1191/ 1192/ 1193	To/From	Management Tunnel
GenX	ALL	UDP	9494/ 9595	To/From	GenX Support

Table 3-1: TCP/UDP Port Summary

Purpose	Service	Protocol	Port	Direction	Description
System	Email	TCP	25	From	AMM to user email. Note: only open if the AMM is not using an internal relay server to send emails.
	DNS	UDP	53	From	Name resolution for email. Note: only open if the AMM is using an external DNS server.
	NTP	UDP	123	From	System time synchronization. Note: only open if the AMM is using an external time server.
	Software Upgrades	TCP	80	To/From	Used for AMM software upgrades being done on a private APN or full IPSec tunnel. Destinations: repo.inmotionsolutions.net
	Mapping Services (Maps and Tracker)	TCP	443	To	Google Maps service ports. Destinations: - maps.googleapis.com - maps.google.com - www.google.com
	SSH	TCP	2222	To/From	Used for deployment services.

Table 3-1: TCP/UDP Port Summary

Purpose	Service	Protocol	Port	Direction	Description
User^a	HTTP	TCP	80	To	User Interface.
	HTTPS	TCP	443	To	User Interface.

- a. Only open if the AMM is to be accessed directly from an external source - not recommended due to security issues

>> D: Supported Time Zones

D

oMM versions 2.15 and below support North American time zones.

oMM 2.15.1.1 and above support the following time zones:

- Abu Dhabi
- Adelaide Darwin
- Alaska
- Atlantic Time (Canada)
- Amsterdam Copenhagen Madrid Paris Vilnius
- Arizona
- Astana Dhaka
- Auckland Wellington
- Azores
- Bangkok Hanoi Jakarta
- Beijing Chongqing Hong Kong Urumqi
- Brussels Berlin Bern Rome Stockholm Vienna
- Buenos Aires Georgetown
- Brasilia
- International Date Line West
- Canberra Melbourne Sydney
- Central America
- Central Time (US & Canada)
- Chennai Kolkata Mumbai New Delhi
- Chokurdakh
- Coordinated Universal Time-02
- Coordinated Universal Time-11
- Eastern Time (US & Canada)
- E.Europe
- Greenland
- Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin Edinburgh Lisbon London
- Hawaii
- Indiana (East)
- Islamabad Karachi
- Istanbul
- Jerusalem
- Kabul
- Kuala Lumpur Singapore Taipei
- Kathmandu
- Kiritimati Island
- Kuwait Riyadh

- Moscow St.Petersberg Volgograd
- Mountain Time (US & Canada)
- Mexico City
- Newfoundland
- Pacific (US & Canada)
- Saskatchewan
- Samoa
- Santiago
- Seoul
- Tehran
- Yangon

>> E: AM vs AMM Feature Comparison

E

This section provides a feature comparison between AirLink Manager and AirLink Mobility Manager.

Table 5-1: AM vs AMM Features

Feature	AM	AMM
Supported Devices	ALEOS-Based ^a	MGOS, ALEOS ^b
Dashboard	✓	✓
Events	✓	✓
Map	✓	✓
Tracker	✗	✓
Stats	✓	✓
Total Reach	✗	✓
Assets ^c	✗	✓
Config		
Provisioning ->VPNs	✗	✓
Provisioning ->Management Tunnel	✗	✓
Deploy->Upload	✗	✓
Deploy->Copy	✓	✓
Deploy->Deploy	✓	✓
CSV Import Export->WLAN WiFi Settings	✗	✓
CSV Import Export->WLAN WiFi Security	✗	✓
Nav ^d	✗	✓
Telemetry ^e	✗	✓
Admin (all features)	✓	✓
Reports		
Network->Availability Trend*	✓	✓

Table 5-1: AM vs AMM Features

Feature	AM	AMM
Network-> Availability Details*	✓	✓
Network->Coverage Map*	✓	✓
Network->Coverage Trails*	✓	✓
Network->Link Utilization*	✓	✓
Network-> Cellular Network Inventory	✗	✓
Network-> Cellular Technology Map	✗	✓
Network-> Cellular Technology Trail	✗	✓
Network-> VPN Utilization	✗	✓
Bandwidth-> Bandwidth Consumption*	✓	✓
Bandwidth-> Bandwidth Coverage Map	✗	✓
Bandwidth->Top Client Activity	✗	✓
Bandwidth-> Client Usage Map	✗	✓
Bandwidth->Client History	✗	✓
Bandwidth-> Client Services	✗	✓
Telemetry-> Driving Behavior*	✗	✓
Telemetry->Vehicle Hours*	✗	✓
Telemetry-> Fuel Fillup	✗	✓
Telemetry-> Fuel Consumption	✗	✓
Telemetry-> Fuel Consumption Trend	✗	✓
Telemetry-> Vehicle Diagnostics	✗	✓
Telemetry-> Odometer*	✗	✓
Telemetry-> Odometer Check	✗	✓
Telemetry-> Unauthorized Usage	✗	✓

Table 5-1: AM vs AMM Features

Feature	AM	AMM
Tracker-> Gateway Trip Trend*	✗	✓
Tracker-> Gateway Trips*	✗	✓
Tracker-> Gateway Trip Coverage	✗	✓
Tracker-> Trip Replay*	✗	✓
Tracker-> Zone Summary	✗	✓
Tracker-> Zone Times	✗	✓
Tracker-> Zone Map	✗	✓
Tracker-> Zone Crossing Summary	✗	✓
Assets-> Asset Usage Summary ^c	✗	✓
Assets-> Asset Usage Graph ^c	✗	✓
Assets->Asset History ^c	✗	✓
Assets-> Vehicle Assets ^c	✗	✓
Nav-> Nav ^d	✗	✓
Nav-> Send Message ^d	✗	✓
Nav-> Message List ^d	✗	✓
Diagnostics->Shutdown Reason	✗	✓
Diagnostics->Configuration Audit	✗	✓
Advanced->Event Viewer*	✓	✓
Advanced->Statistics Graph*	✓	✓

a. AirLink GX400/440/450, ES440/450, LS300, RV50/RV50X, MP70 running ALEOS 4.4.3 or later; Reporting on AM 2.16+ requires ALEOS 4.8.0 or later.

b. AirLink GX400/440/450, ES440/450, LS300, RV50/RV50X, MP70 running ALEOS 4.4.3 or later; MG90, oMG2000 running MGOS 3.14; Reporting on AMM 2.16+ requires ALEOS 4.8.0 or later.

c. Asset Manager is only supported on MG devices.

d. Nav is no longer offered for sale. It remains supported for existing customers on oMG devices, but is not available for new deployments, or supported on the MG90.

- e. Telemetry is only supported on oMG, MG90, GX450 and MP70 devices.
- * Report supported on both MG and ALEOS devices.



F: AMMER Support and Configuration

F

The *AirLink Mobility Manager Event Reporting* application (from here on referred to as *AMMER*) is an AAF application that allows ALEOS gateways to provide management, status, and telemetry data to the AMM in order to provide reporting capabilities on a par with MG gateways.

AMMER acts as a conduit for data collected from a gateway's internal state and status information, as well as telemetry information from a vehicle connected via the internal OBDII interface on the MP70 or an external OBDII interface on other gateway models. AMMER then forwards that information to the AMM. Note that AMMER can work without an OBDII interface, but will not provide vehicle telemetry information.

This section lists the aspects of the AMM that AMMER supports.

AMMER supports the following:

- MP70 internal telemetry (OBDII) interface, available in 4.9.0+

Note: For the MP70 the internal CAN interface must be enabled to access OBDII telemetry, or the serial port needs to be reserved for AAF applications for other gateways using B&B Streamer. Both of these gateway settings can be configured using ACEManager

- LDVDSV2CAN-S OBDII scanner from B&B Electronics (for use on North American 2008 and newer vehicles). The B&B Streamer will be connected to the serial port of the gateway.
- accelerometer driver behavior capabilities present in the MP70.
- telemetry parameters from the B&B Streamer which have equivalent parameters on the oMG are available for reporting
- AMMER will notify the management system when the scanner has been connected and disconnected from the gateway or from the vehicle. Upon connection no specific connect message will be generated, but all supported telemetry data points will be sent once, and then normal reporting rate will commence.
- each gateway will be identified by the serial # of the gateway.
- multi-WAN available in the MP70 and 4.8.0 and later firmware, in addition to cellular-only capabilities of earlier ALEOS releases.

Note: AMMER requires TCP 44900 to be open between ALEOS gateways and the AMM.

Note: AMMER will write events to Flash if the device is out of coverage, allowing data to persist across a device reboot. By default, the app will store 10,000 events, but is user configurable to store other amounts. Using the default settings, you can expect approximately three to five hours of data collection before the app runs out of space.

F.1 Enabling Ethernet WAN Events

In order for an AMMER device to send WAN events to the AMM for an Ethernet connection, the device's Ethernet connection must be explicitly set to *WAN*. WAN events will **NOT** be sent if the connection is set to *Auto*. To set an Ethernet Connection to WAN, open ACEmanager, navigate to **LAN -> Ethernet**, and adjust the setting.

F.2 Configuring AMMER

A set of configuration settings allow altering several system related functions. These are accessed through the telemetry configuration settings.

Table 6-1: Configuration Settings

Parameter	Default Value	Description
sys_log_level	INFO	Sets the current ALEOS log verbosity level for the AMMER application. Valid values are defined by AAF, and are, in order of increasing verbosity: "NONE", "ERROR", "WARNING", "INFO", "DETAIL", "DEBUG", "ALL". Note: AMMER is also subjected to the log level set for the Application (in AceManger Admin/Log/Configure Logging), so the configured log level there may also need to be increased. Level <i>INFO</i> is recommended.
sys_tx_persist_rate	30 (Seconds)	Sets the period at which the M3DA transmission queue is persisted to non-volatile storage.
sys_tx_persist_threshold	5 (events)	Sets the minimum number of queued events needed for M3DA transmission queue to be persisted to non-volatile storage.
sys_tx_latency	5 (seconds)	Sets the maximum M3DA transmission latency period.
sys_tx_maxsend	256 (events)	Sets the maximum number of events sent in one M3DA transmission envelope.
sys_tx_maxqueue	10000 (events)	Sets the maximum number of un-sent events which may be queued. 0 means no limit. When the limit has been reached, an informational message will be en-queued indicating this.
sys_tx_queuetrail	500 (events)	Sets the maximum number of (most recent) stale (sent) events to retain for debugging purposes
tun_enabled	1	Enables (1) or disables (0) the management tunnel.

F.3 Telemetry Data

Telemetry data received is filtered based on the configuration setting for each parameter, consisting of the following settings: enable, threshold, Min report rate, Max report rate. The configuration is saved in the AAF device tree configuration section (non-volatile storage). Telemetry data that meets the filter criteria generates an event to publish its new value.

For each of the telemetry parameters, the following configuration parameters are specified, in order of appearance, in the configuration:

Table 6-2: Configuration Parameters for the Telemetry Parameters

Parameter	Values	Units	Meaning
Enable	0 or 1	Boolean	1: Enable report 0: Disable report
Threshold	Number	Units of parameter	> 0: Report if value changes by at least this amount since last report 0: Disable threshold reporting
Min Rate	Integer	Seconds	> 0: Report at least this frequently (Seconds) 0: Min report rate disabled
Max Rate	Integer	Seconds	> 0: Report no more frequently than this rate (Seconds) 0: Max report rate disabled

A configuration setting is available for each supported PID. The configuration data for each of these is in a string, consisting of a collection of comma separated parameter=value pairs to reduce the number of required configuration setting values. Values that are missing are assumed to be default (typically 0 or false). For example, the Engine Speed setting could be represented as "enable=1,threshold=100.0,min=900,max=0". The string "enable=1,threshold=50" would imply full setting of "enable=1,threshold=50,min=900,max=0" (the missing values filled in from defaults).

A set of default configuration values is provided for each telemetry parameter to provide a basic, defined default operation.

F.4 AMMER Configurable-Parameters Interface

Table 6-3 contains the configuration settings for AMMER event reporting. Each configuration setting can be enabled and set to specify a threshold for reporting the event, a minimum event frequency, and a maximum event frequency. Setting the enabled flag to 0 results in a disabled state and set it to 1 results in enabled. Both min and max frequencies are given as their equivalent periods in seconds.

Table 6-3: AMMER Configurable Parameters

Configuration Name	Value/ Threshold Units	Default Values	Description
acceleration_incident_end	Milli g-force	enable=1, max=0	Configure acceleration threshold required to end an accelerometer event report.
acceleration_incident_start	Milli g-force	enable=1, max=0	Configure acceleration required to start an accelerometer event report.
ambient_air_temperature	Degrees Celsius	enable=1, threshold=2, min=600, max=5	Configure changes in ambient air temperature which trigger an ambient air temperature event.

Table 6-3: AMMER Configurable Parameters

Configuration Name	Value/ Threshold Units	Default Values	Description
battery_voltage	Volts	enable=0, threshold=0, min=0, max=0	Configure changes in battery voltage which trigger a battery voltage event.
board_temperature	Degrees Celsius	Enable=1, threshold=0.5, min=0, max=5	Configure reporting of gateway board temperature.
brake_switch_status	Number	enable=0, min=0, max=0	Configure change required to trigger a brake switch status event. Defined such that 0 means brake switch is off, non-zero for on.
cornering_incident_end	Milli g-force	enable=1, max=0	Configure acceleration threshold required to end a cornering event report.

Table 6-3: AMMER Configurable Parameters

Configuration Name	Value/ Threshold Units	Default Values	Description
cornering_incident_start	Milli g-force	enable=1, max=0	Configure acceleration threshold required to start a cornering event report.
cpu_load	Percent	Enable=1, threshold=0, min=0, max=5	Configure reporting of CPU load.
deceleration_incident_end	Milli g-force	enable=1, max=0	Configure deceleration threshold required to end a deceleration event report.
deceleration_incident_start	Milli g-force	enable=1, max=0	Configure deceleration threshold required to end a deceleration event report.
distance_since_dtc_cleared	Miles	enable=1, threshold=1, min=0, max=5	Configure distance since trouble code changed required to trigger event.

Table 6-3: AMMER Configurable Parameters

Configuration Name	Value/ Threshold Units	Default Values	Description
dreckon_sensor_calibration	Number	enable=1, max=0	Configure dead reckoning calibration event reporting.
dtcs	Text	enable=1	Configure change in trouble code text required to trigger a dtcs event report.
engine_coolant_temp	Degrees Fahrenheit	enable=1, threshold=10, min=900, max=5	Configure change in temperature required to trigger an engine coolant temperature event report.
engine_run_time	Seconds	enable=1, threshold=60, min=0, max=0	Configure change in time required to trigger an engine run time event report.
engine_speed	Number	enable=1, threshold=100, min=60, max=5	Configure change in RPM required to trigger an engine speed event report.

Table 6-3: AMMER Configurable Parameters

Configuration Name	Value/ Threshold Units	Default Values	Description
fuel_level	Percent	enable=1, threshold=2, min=120, max=5	Configure change in fuel level percentage required to trigger a fuel level event report.
gpslocation	Meters	enable=1, threshold=20, min=300, max=5	Configure change in latitude/longitude required to trigger an GPS location event report.
gpsspeed	Meters per Hour	enable=1, threshold=3200, min=60, max=5	Configure change in GPS reported speed required to trigger a GPS speed event report.
heartbeat	Seconds	enable=1, min=60	Configure change in time required to trigger a heartbeat event report. Uptime of the gateway given in seconds.

Table 6-3: AMMER Configurable Parameters

Configuration Name	Value/ Threshold Units	Default Values	Description
ignition_status	Number	enable=0, min=0, max=0	Configure change in status required to trigger an event. Defined such that 0 means ignition is off, non-zero for on.
main_supply	Millivolts	Enable=1, threshold=150, min=0, max=5	Configure reporting of gateway supply voltage
mil_status	Number	enable=0, min=0, max=0	Configure change in status required to trigger an event. Defined such that 0 means MIL is off, non-zero for on.

Table 6-3: AMMER Configurable Parameters

Configuration Name	Value/ Threshold Units	Default Values	Description
odometer	Miles	enable=1, threshold=0, min=0, max=5	Configure changes in the vehicle's odometer value required to trigger an odometer event report.
pto_status	Number	enable=0, min=0, max=0	Configure change in status required to trigger an event. Defined such that 0 means power take off has ended, non-zero for start.
seatbelt_fastened	Number	enable=0, min=0, max=0	Configure change in status required to trigger an event. Defined such that 0 means seatbelt is not fastened, non-zero for fastened.

Table 6-3: AMMER Configurable Parameters

Configuration Name	Value/ Threshold Units	Default Values	Description
throttle_position	Percentage as Integer	enable=0, threshold=0, min=0, max=0	Configure change in throttle position required to trigger a throttle position event report.
transmission_fluid_temperature	Degree Fahrenheit	enable=0, threshold=0, min=0, max=0	Configure change in temperature required to trigger a transmission fluid temperature event report.
trip_fuel_consumption	Gallons	enable=0, threshold=0, min=0, max=0	Configure change in fuel required to trigger a trip fuel consumption event report.
vehicle_speed	Miles per Hour	enable=1, threshold=5, min=60, max=5	Configure change in speed required to trigger a vehicle speed event report.

Table 6-3: AMMER Configurable Parameters

Configuration Name	Value/ Threshold Units	Default Values	Description
vin	Text	enable=1	Enable change in Vehicle Identification Number text to trigger an event report.
wanlinkrxbytes	Number of Bytes	enable=1, threshold=500, min=0, max=30	Configure increase in received bytes required to trigger a wanlinkrxbytes event report.
wanlinktxbytes	Number of Bytes	enable=1, threshold=500, min=0, max=30	Configure increase in transmitted bytes required to trigger a wanlinktxbytes event report.

F.5 Supported DELS Events

- Telemetry Data (0)
- Information (1)
- Gateway Start Up (256)
- Gateway Heartbeat (270)
- Gateway Unclean Shutdown (269)
- Gateway Shut Down (257)
- DELS_WANSTATUS (262)

- DELS_WANADDRESS (516)
- DELS_WANUP (512)
- DELS_WANDOWN (513)
- DELS_WANACTIVE (514)
- DELS_WANNOTACTIVE (515)
- WAN Link Tx Bytes (520)¹
- WAN Link Rx Bytes (521)¹
- Gateway Location Via Internal GPS (772)
- Gateway Speed Via Internal GPS (773)
- Gateway Internal GPS Fix Status (774)
- Ignition State (775)
- acceleration_incident_start (70144) decelerationbrake_incident_start (70146) sidecornering_incident_start (70148) crash_incident_start (70150)
- acceleration_incident_end (70145) brakedeceleration_incident_end (70147) sidecornering_incident_end (70149) crash_incident_end (70151)
- Informational Message (376)
- Warning Message (375)
- Error Message (374)
- CPU Load (273)
- Main Supply (768)
- Board Temperature (770)

F.6 Supported Telemetry Events

- vehicle_speed (13)
- engine_speed (12)
- throttle_position (17)
- odometer (97)
- fuel_level (47)
- engine_coolant_temp (5)
- ignition_status (203)
- mil_status (317)
- battery_voltage (83)
- pto_status (30)
- seatbelt_fastened (193)
- brake_switch_status (341)
- ambient_air_temperature (70)
- trip_fuel_consumption (201)
- distance_since_dtc_cleared (49)
- transmission_fluid_temperature (145)

1. ALEOS devices only emit this DELS event for cellular links.

- engine_run_time (31)
- vin (2)
- dtcs (1)

>> G: Data Communication and Usage

G.1 Data Communicated on a Device's 'Heartbeat'

This section lists the data that is communicated on the “heartbeat” between an AMM and both non-AMMER and AMMER-based ALEOS devices. For more information about AMMER see: [ALEOS and MG Support](#).

AMMER Devices and Non-AMMER Devices

ALEOS devices with or without AMMER perform regular check-ins for which the AMM asks for three types of values: stats, configuration settings, and device states, as listed in the following three tables:

Table 7-1: Stats Sent During Regular Checkins

Stat Name	Comments
SoftwareVersion	
Platform	e.g. MP70
CellLink-RadioFirmwareVersion	
CellLink-MobileDirectoryNumber	
CellLink-CurrentNetworkOperator	
CellLink-ICCID	
CellLink-ECIO	for non-LTE service type
CellLink-RSSI	for LTE
CellLink-RSRQ	for LTE
CellLink-RSRP	for LTE
CellLink-SINR	for LTE
GPS Location-latitude	
GPS Location-longitude	
GPS Location-speedmph	
CellLink-NetworkServiceType	
CellLink-txBytes	
CellLink-rxBytes	
CellLink-IPAddress	

Table 7-1: Stats Sent During Regular Checkins

Stat Name	Comments
WiFiLink-IPAddress	
Ethernet4-IPAddress	
ResetCount	
IMEI	

Table 7-2: Configuration Settings Sent During Regular Checkins

Configuration Settings
Ethernet_Port1_mode
Ethernet_Port4_mode
WiFi_Link_mode
GPS_enabled

Table 7-3: Device State and Other Information Sent During Regular Checkins

States and Other Items
GPS quality
GPS satellite count
Current WAN Interface
CellLink WAN state
EthernetLink WAN state
WiFiLink WAN state
VPN1 State
VPN2 State
VPN3 State
VPN4 State
VPN5 State
SerialNumber

AMMER Devices

AMMER devices send events to the AMM as those events occur. Events can include telemetry data, GPS coordinates, WAN interface bounces, etc. For a complete list of events see: [AMMER Configurable-Parameters Interface](#).

Note however, that even if a gateway is not moving and all network links are solid, an AMMER-based device will still send some events at regular intervals, unless those events have been disabled. For example, an AMMER-based device will send:

- GPS location, default every five minutes, even if a GPS antenna is not connected.
- GPS speed, default every one minute.
- Heartbeat, default every one minute.

G.2 Typical Data Usage

This section provides common data usage consumption values. [Table 7-4](#) lists data usage for an RV50X running ALEOS 4.8.1.006 for 24 hours. This can be used as a guidance as to the typical data consumption that occurs when communicating with an AM/AMM server.

Note: the gateway used to collect the cellular data usage was using default settings (apart from those values altered as in [Table 7-4](#)).

Table 7-4: Typical Data Usage Values for an RV50X running ALEOS 4.11.1.007 for 24 hours.

MSCII Checkin Interval	GPS Enabled	AMMER Enabled	Management Tunnel Enabled	Data Usage - Mgmt Tunnel Disabled	Data Usage - Mgmt Tunnel Enabled
24 Hours (default value)	Yes	Yes	Yes	3920KB	4920KB
15 Minutes	Yes	Yes	Yes	4458KB	5458KB
24 Hours (default value)	Yes	No	Yes	39KB	N/A
15 Minutes	Yes	No	Yes	640KB	N/A



H: GenX Support

AMM 2.16.1 and above includes support for GenX (GNX) devices.

H.1 Stats Reported by GenX Devices

The following subsections lists the stats reported to the AMM by GenX devices.

GPS

- GPS Altitude
- GPS AntennaStatus
- GPX FixDimension
- GPS Location-heading
- GPS Location-latitude
- GPS Location-longitude
- GPS Location-miles
- GPS Location-speedmph
- GPS Location-zone
- GPS Satellites
- GPS Satellites In Use
- GPXFix

Telemetry

- Battery
- DiagnosticTroubleCode
- EngineCoolantTemperature
- EngineRPM
- FuelLevelInput
- OBDIdleTime
- OBDSscannerConnected
- Odometer
- TimeAtIdle
- VehicleSpeed
- VIN

Gateway

- Accelerometer-Acceleration-incident
- Accelerometer-Acceleration-start

- Accelerometer-Acceleration-peak
- Accelerometer-Acceleration-counter
- Accelerometer-Acceleration-average
- Accelerometer-Deceleration-average
- Accelerometer-Deceleration-counter
- Accelerometer-Deceleration-incident
- Accelerometer-Deceleration-peak
- Accelerometer-Deceleration-start
- Accelerometer-Cornering-average
- Accelerometer-Cornering-counter
- Accelerometer-Cornering-incident
- Accelerometer-Cornering-peak
- Accelerometer-Cornering-start
- CellLink-ICCID
- CellLink-RSSI
- DriverID
- GnxInternalTemp
- Ignition
- INPUT-ttyS1
- OUTPUT-ttyS1
- MainBattery
- MotionState
- OfflineTime
- OperationalState
- Platform
- RemoteSocketAddress
- ReportIdleTime
- ScriptVersion
- SoftwareVersion
- TimeDifference

H.2 Reports Available for GenX Devices

The following reports are supported for GenX devices by the AMM. For additional information about reports, see the *AMM Reports Guide*.

Telemetry

- Driving Behavior
- Vehicle Hours

Tracker

- Gateway Trips
- Trip Replay

Advanced

- Event Viewer
- Statistics Graph

>> I: Uploadlog Tool

I.1 Introduction

The purpose of the *uploadlog* tool is to upload log files from ALEOS devices to the AMM so these log files are visible from the *Browse log files* menu. This tool is useful because logs from ALEOS devices are not uploaded in real time.

Note: in AMM 2.16.1 and below, ALEOS logs are uploaded to the AMM in plain text. In AMM 2.16.2+, ALEOS logs will be uploaded to the AMM securely if a management tunnel is established using AMMER between ALEOS and AMM. If a management tunnel is not active, the logs will be uploaded in plain text. In order to enable secure encrypted uploads. after upgrading to AMM 2.16.2+, you must upgrade the 'uploadlog' app on the devices to the version of the app that is packaged with AMM 2.16.2 (requires 1.0.1+).

I.2 Obtaining and Installing the Tool

To obtain the tool:

1. Navigate to **Admin -> Software -> Repository**.
2. Select the version of *uploadlog* from the list.
3. Click **Download**.
4. Navigate to **Admin -> Software -> Distribution**.
5. Select an ALEOS device in the gateway tree to apply the tool to.
6. Click **Upgrade Application(s)**.
7. Select **uploadlog-ALEOS-Generic** in the *Upgrade Applications* wizard and complete the subsequent wizard screens.

Note: you can only install one ALEOS app at a time.

8. Navigate to **Config -> Deploy -> Deploy** and click **uploadlog config** to complete the configuration.

I.3 Additional Configuration Recommendations

There are two settings related to this tool in the *uploadlogconfig* file. To access this file:

1. Select the gateway in the gateway tree.
2. Navigate to **Config -> Deploy -> Deploy**.
3. Click on **Click to display files** under the *Files* column to expand the list of files.

4. Click on *uploadlogconfig*.

The following settings in this file should be set as described here:

- **avoidCellLinkTransmission**: it's recommended that this be set to *true* to prevent the log files from being uploaded over expensive cellular links.
- **maxArchiveSize**: specifies the cache size to use for temporary log files before purging to make room for new log data. It's recommended that this be left at the default size of 4MB.