



Hydraulics

Danfoss® Electronic Proportional (EP) Control for Medium Duty 72400 Piston Pumps

Installation Guide

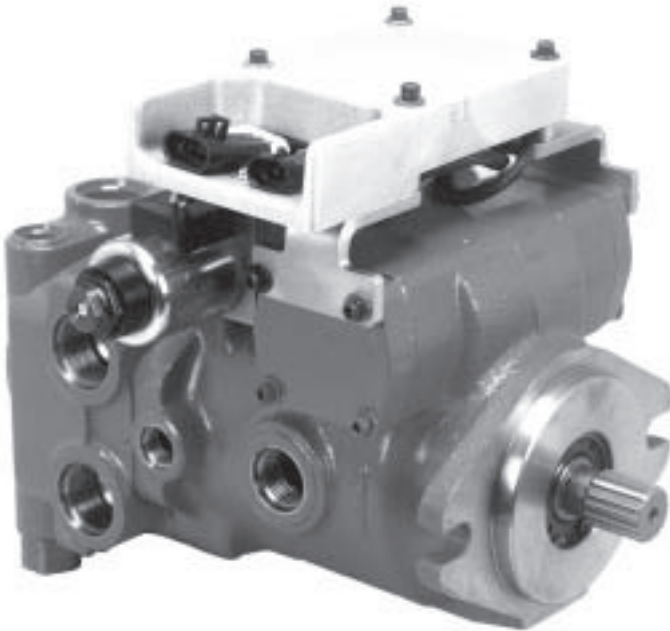


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Information contained in this installation booklet is accurate as of the publication date and is subject to change without notice. Performance values are typical values. Customers are responsible for selecting products for their applications using normal engineering methods.

Introduction

The following information describes the installation of the Electronic Proportional (EP) Control for Danfoss * Medium Duty 72400 piston pumps. Review this information to become familiar with the procedures required before beginning any installation.



In order to assure the most reliable installation and operation of any electronic control, proper component selection and installation procedures

must be followed with respect to interconnection wiring harnesses, input command signal devices, fusing, and input power switching.

Appropriate industry practices must be followed to prevent damage of and shorting of all electrical and electronic components caused by environmental hazards and application specific hazards. Typical hazards that damage the wiring harnesses or other components are abrasion, moving objects, and heat from the engine or exhaust system. Moisture can damage poorly sealed connectors and/or components, causing short circuits and other problems like corrosion.

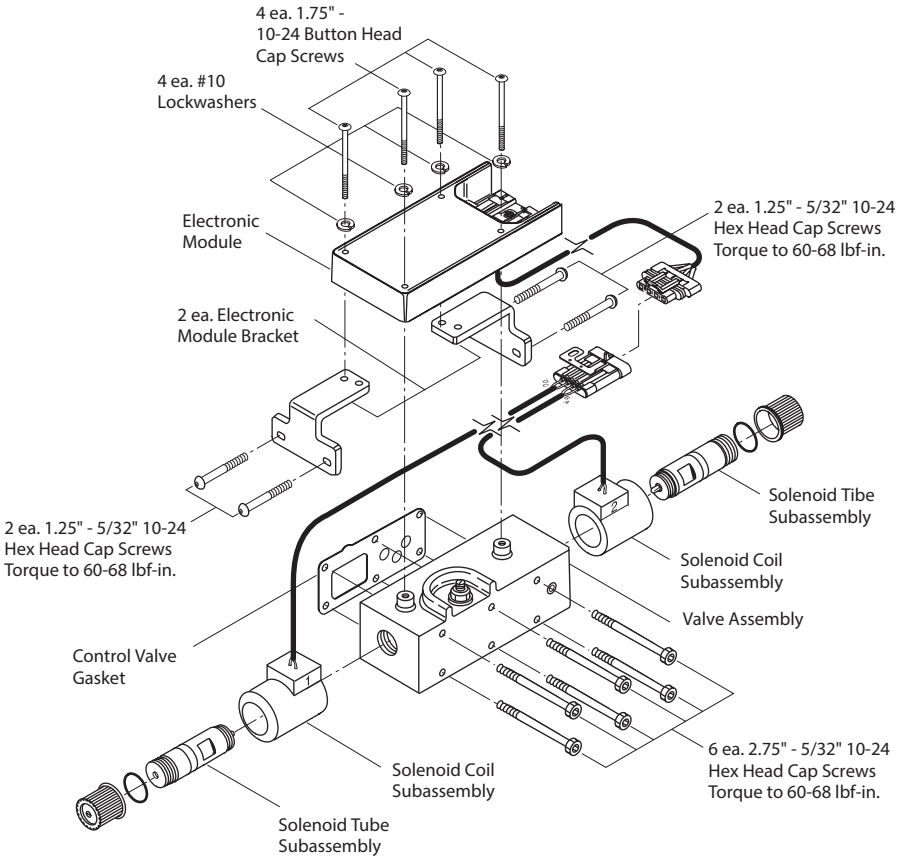
A switch must be installed in line with (+ battery) power to the electronic module, so that power may quickly be disconnected in case of emergency (component failure or inadvertent commands). A fuse rated at the maximum module operating current (3 Amp) must be installed in the + battery line to the electronic module.

All the electrical connections to the EP Control electronic module must be disconnected prior to performing any electrical welding on the vehicle or machine. The electronic module and/or the hydraulic pump are not to be used as a connection point for electrical welding equipment.

During initial start-up and/or checkout of the machine after service, the machine must be placed on jack stands to prevent inadvertent movement.

The reliable operation and suitability of this product is dependent upon how it is applied and the other components used in the system. The system integrator must review all aspects of the application and all of the components used to assure proper operation and reliability.

Identification of Components



Required tools for Installation:

- 1/8" Bit Socket or Hex Key
- 5/32" Bit Socket or Hex Key
- 9/16" Open End Wrench
- 3/4" Open End Wrench
- Flat Blade Screwdriver
- 1 2 VDC Power Supply or Battery
- Voltage Ohm Meter (VOM)
- Charge Pressure Gauge

EP Control Kits

KIT NO.	MODEL CODE REF	KIT DESCRIPTION	SIGNAL	INPUT ASSEMBLY	VALVE MODULE	ELECTRONIC VOLTAGE	
9900015-000	EE	EP Ctrl Kit MD 72400: 1-6 V input, w/o brackets		1-6 V	4993057-012	111520-016	12/24 V
9900016-000	EC	EP Ctrl Kit MD 72400: 12 V coils w/o electronics		—	4993057-012	—	12 V
9900017-000	ED	EP Ctrl Kit MD 72400: 24 V coils w/o electronics		—	4993057-024	—	24 V
9900018-000	EL	EP Ctrl Kit MD 72400: ± 100 mA input, w/o brackets		± 100 mA	4993057-012	111520-100	12/24 V
9900019-000	EG	EP Ctrl Kit MD 72400: ± 4 -20 mA input, w/o brackets		± 4 -20 mA	4993057-012	111520-020	12/24 V
9900020-000	EL	EP Ctrl Kit MD 72400: ± 100 mA input		± 100 mA	4993057-012	111520-100	12/24 V
9900021-000	EG	EP Ctrl Kit MD 72400: ± 4 -20 mA input		± 4 -20 mA	4993057-012	111520-020	12/24 V
9900022-000	EE	EP Ctrl Kit MD 72400: 1-6 V input		1-6 V	4993057-012	111520-016	12/24 V
990830-000		EP Ctrl Electronic Module 1-6 V		1-6 V	—	111520-016	—
990831-000		EP Ctrl Electronic Module ± 100 mA		± 100 mA	—	111520-100	—
990832-000		EP Ctrl Electronic Module ± 4 -20 mA		± 4 -20 mA	—	111520-020	—
72400-942		Brackets and Screws					

Note: All kits using Danfoss Electronic Modules use 12 V coils.

Installation

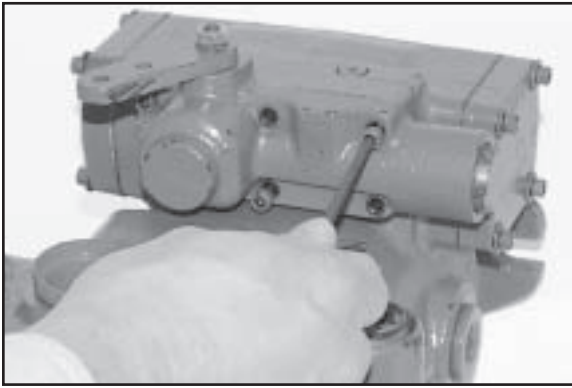
Disassembly

Step 1

Clean the pump thoroughly. If conversion will be performed without removing pump from machine, case fluid level will need to be lowered below EP Control mounting surface.

Step 2

Remove the manual displacement control. Using a 5/32" hex key or bit socket, remove the cap screws and discard.



Step 3

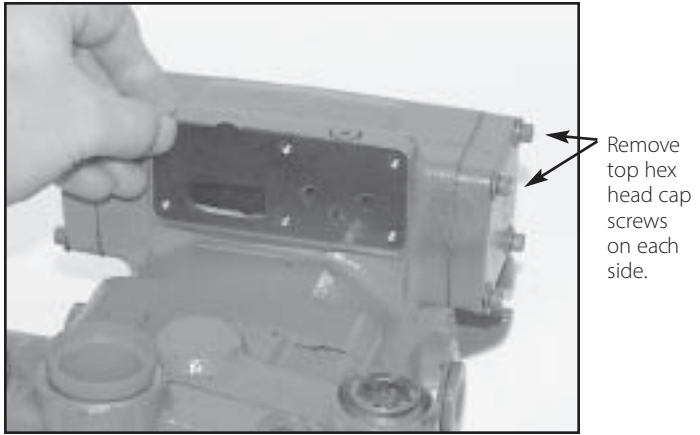
Carefully lift the manual displacement control away from the pump to disengage the feedback link from the servo piston land.



Step 4

Remove the control valve gasket from the pump housing and discard.

With a 5/32" hex key or bit socket, remove the two top hex head cap screws on each side of the servo piston cap so the "L" brackets for the electronic module can be mounted.



Reassembly

Step 6

Locate the EP Control valve assembly, electronic module, bolts, washers and control valve gasket. Clean the control mounting surface and install a new control valve gasket by aligning with bolt and porting holes.

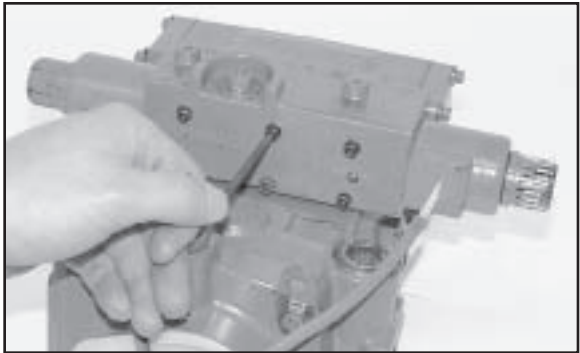


Step 7

Carefully install the EP Control valve assembly on the pump housing, making sure the feedback link is installed in the appropriate servo piston land. **Note:** There is a narrow land on the servo piston for the EP Control feedback link and a wide land for the swashplate link.

Step 8

Use a 5/32" hex key or bit socket to install the six 10-24 hex head cap screws. Torque to 60-68 lbf.in.

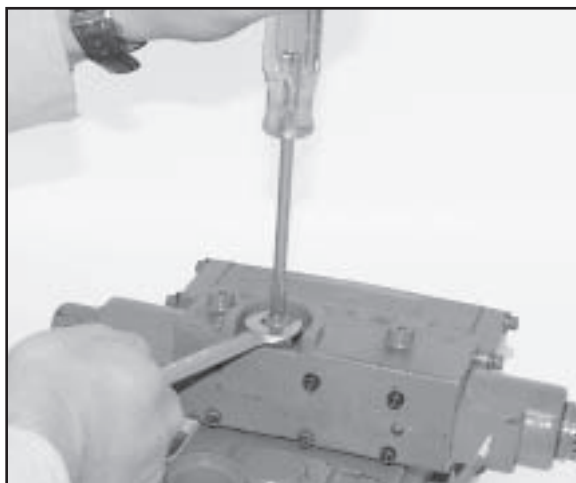


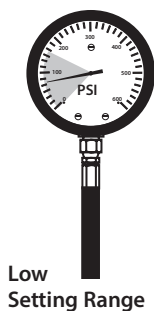
Step 9

Neutral Adjustment

Caution: All hoses and fittings must be connected, and the pump ready for operation before attempting to check neutral adjustment. Electrical wiring harnesses for the solenoid coils and command input should be left disconnected while adjusting neutral.

- A. Disengage the input drive to vehicle or elevate wheels.
- B. Install charge pressure gauge. A 0-1000 psi or 0-1500 psi pressure gauge is recommended.
- C. Start the prime mover.
- D. Loosen the locknut holding the neutral adjustment screw until it is just snug enough that the threaded screw can be rotated. Use a 9/16" end wrench to hold the locking nut while rotating the neutral adjustment screw.
- E. Note the number stamped on the cap of the low pressure relief valve. -.022 is 220 psig (15 bar), -.030 is 305 psig (21 bar), etc. This will be the high setting. Settings can vary from 155 psig (11 bar) to 325 psig (22.4 bar).





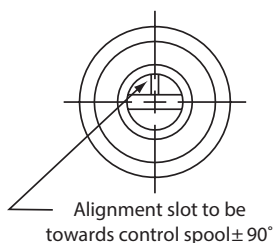
- F. Slowly rotate the neutral adjustment screw clockwise until charge pressure drops to its low setting. Mark the neutral adjustment screw location.

Note: The charge pressure low setting is usually 40-60 psig lower than the high setting.

- G. Rotate the neutral adjustment screw counterclockwise. The charge pressure will rise. Continue turning counterclockwise until the pressure drops again to its low setting. Mark the neutral adjustment screw location.

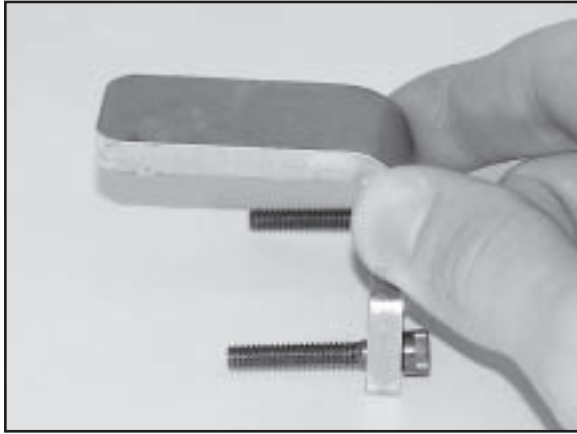
- H. Rotate the neutral adjustment screw to the position between the two marks.

- I. Carefully hold adjustment screw while torquing locknut. Torque locknut to 10 ± 1 lbf-ft. Neutral adjustment is completed.



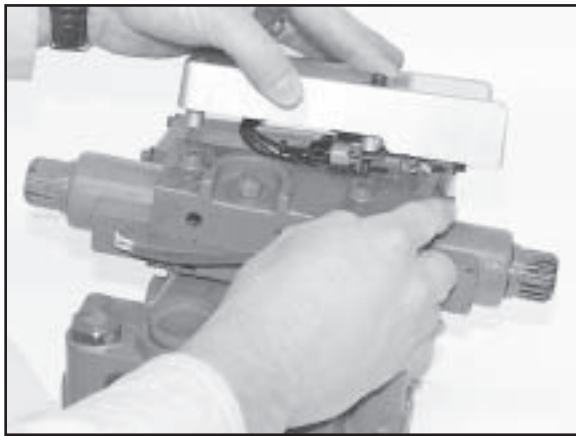
Step 10

Install the two "L" brackets on each end of the servo piston cap with the flat end facing up to hold the electronic module. Replace the 10-24 cap screws on the pump and torque with 5/32" hex key or bit socket to 60-68 lbf-in.



Step 11

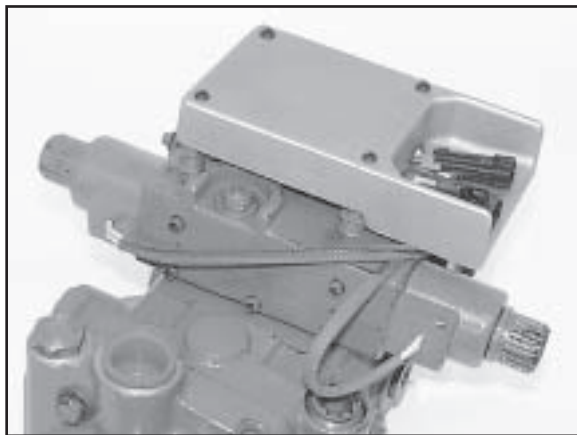
Connect the four-pin connector between the EP Control electronic module and the solenoid coils. The connectors must be latched securely.



Step 12

Carefully position the EP Control electronic module. Tuck all cables under the module. **Caution:** Avoid pinching cables at mounting points.

Install the four lockwashers and four 10-24 button head cap screws. Place two of the screws through the "L" brackets. Using a 1/8" hex key or bit socket, torque the four screws to 60-68 lbf-in.



Step 14

If applicable, disconnect power to the input device. Connect the command input device to the three-pin connector on the EP Control electronic module.

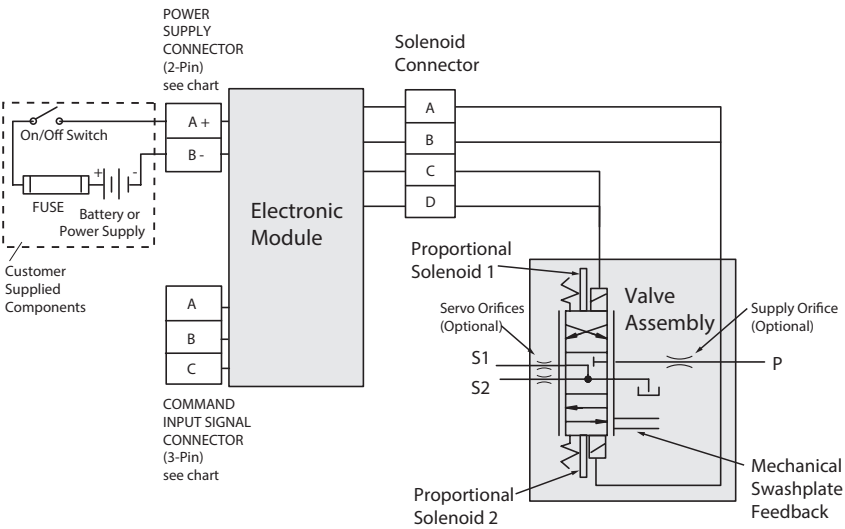
Step 15

Disconnect electrical power to the vehicle or system. Connect the electrical power source to the two-pin connector on the EP Control electronic module. Install a 3 Amp SLO-BLO® fuse per the Interface Diagram on page 15.

Step 16

The pump is now ready to return to operation.

Interconnect Schematic



Command Input Signal Connector

COMMAND INPUT SIGNAL	PINS	WIRE COLOR	SIGNAL
1 to 6 Vdc Potentiometric	A	Black	Ref Low - 1 Vdc
	B	Green	Command (wiper)
	C	Red	Ref Hi - 6 Vdc
4 to 20 mA Current Loop	A	Orange	Loop Return
	B	White	Loop In
	C	No Connection Required*	
±100 mA Differential	A	Blue	Loop Return
	B	White	Loop In
	C	No Connection Required	

*EP Control Electronic Module Mating Connector Kit 990762-000 contains plug used to seal mating end connector.

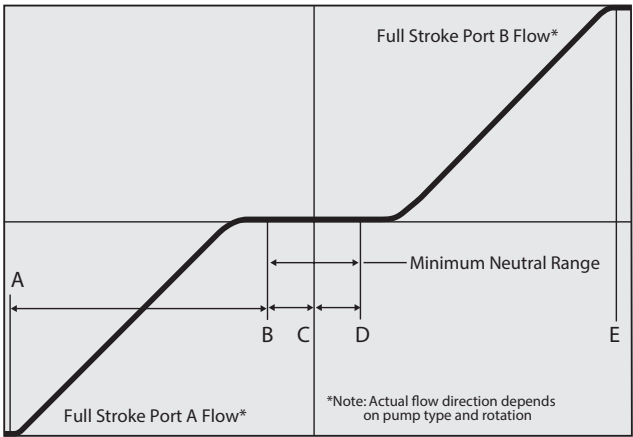
Power Supply Connector

PINS	WIRE COLOR	SIGNAL
A	Red	+ Supply Voltage
B	Black	Supply Return

Fuse Rating

3 Amp SLO-BLO® (Time Delay) fuse for 12-24 Vdc system - customer supplied

Pump Displacement vs. Input Signal



Typical Control Characteristics

	A (MAX)	B (MIN)	C	D (MIN)	E (MAX)
Command Input Signal					
1-6 Vdc	1.5 Vdc	3.3 Vdc	3.5 Vdc	3.7 Vdc	5.5 Vdc
±4-20 mA	-20 mA	-4.5 mA	0 mA	+4.5 mA	+20 mA
±100 mA	-100 mA	-7.5 mA	0 mA	+7.5 mA	+100 mA
Shaft Rotation					
CCW	Solenoid #2		Neither	Solenoid #1	
	Flow OUT port "B"		No flow	Flow OUT port "A"	
CW	Solenoid #2		Neither	Solenoid #1	
	Flow OUT port "A"		No Flow	Flow OUT port "B"	

Note: The +20 mA command input signal configuration operates the pump in one direction. The customer has to change the polarity on the -20 mA signal to operate the pump in the opposite direction.

Troubleshooting

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	ACTION
No Flow in Either Direction	Defective Power Connection, or Loose Wires	<u>Check Power Input.</u> Disconnect the two-pin power supply connector from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the two connectors for corrosion, loose wires or broken wires. Measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The reading should be between 9 to 30 Vdc.
	Command Signal Missing	<u>Check Command Input Signal.</u> Disconnect the three-pin command input device connector from EP Control electronic module. Inspect the two connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. If joystick or potentiometer is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. Move the joystick or potentiometer position. The voltage reading will be approximately 2.5 volts DC at joystick neutral or the half range position of the potentiometer. The DC voltage will be approximately 5 volts at one end of the joystick or potentiometer travel. At the opposite end of travel the DC voltage will be approximately zero. If $\pm 4\text{-}20$ mA current loop input is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The DC voltage reading should be approximately zero at zero input current which occurs at command input neutral. The DC voltage reading should be approximately ± 5 volts for input command currents of ± 20 mA respectively. If ± 100 mA differential input is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The DC voltage reading should be approximately zero at zero input current which occurs at command input neutral. The DC voltage reading should be approximately ± 2.8 volts for input command currents of ± 100 mA respectively.
	Defective Solenoid Coil	<u>Check Solenoid Coil.</u> Disconnect the two-pin power supply and the three-pin command input device connectors from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. Remove the EP Control electronic module. Reverse Steps 11 and 12 on pages 11 and 12. Disconnect the two mating four-pin connectors. Measure the coil resistance across the designated pins at the solenoid four-pin connector. Refer to the Solenoid 4-pin Connector chart on page 19 for typical readings.
	Defective Electronic Module	<u>Check Electronic Module</u> Disconnect the two-pin power supply and the three-pin command input device connectors from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. Remove the EP Control electronic module. Reverse Steps 11 and 12 on pages 11 and 12. Caution: The engine or motor driving the pump should not be running. Connect command input device and power to the module. Measure the current to the coil at the four-pin connector. Activate the input device end to end and at neutral. Monitor the current on one coil, and then on the other. Refer to Command Input Device chart on page 19 for typical readings.

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	ACTION
No Flow in Either Direction (con't)	Manual Override Does Not Function	<u>Check Manual Override.</u> Disconnect two-pin power supply and the three-pin command input device connectors from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the connectors for corrosion loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. Remove the valve assembly. Reverse instructions on page 8. Use a small Phillips screwdriver to push on the manual override of the solenoid tube's solenoid tube actuator pin.
Flow Only in One Direction	Command Signal Missing	<u>Check Command Input Signal.</u> Disconnect the three-pin command input device connector from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the two connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. If joystick or potentiometer is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. Move the joystick or potentiometer position. The voltage reading will be approximately 2.5 volts DC at joystick neutral or the half range position of the potentiometer. The DC voltage will be approximately 5 volts at one end of the joystick or potentiometer travel. At the opposite end of travel the DC voltage will be approximately zero. If ± 4 -20 mA current loop input is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The DC voltage reading should be approximately zero at zero input current which occurs at command input neutral. The DC voltage reading should be approximately ± 5 volts for input command currents of ± 20 mA respectively. If ± 100 mA differential input is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The DC voltage reading should be approximately zero at zero input current which occurs at command input neutral. The DC voltage reading should be approximately ± 2.8 volts for input command currents of ± 100 mA respectively.
	Defective Solenoid Coil	<u>Check Solenoid Coil</u> Disconnect the two-pin power supply and the three-pin command input device connectors from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. Remove the EP Control electronic module. Reverse Steps 11 and 12 on pages 11 and 12. Disconnect the two mating four-pin connectors. Measure the coil resistance across the designated pins at the solenoid four-pin connector. Refer to the Solenoid 4-pin Connector chart on page 19 for typical readings.
	Defective Solenoid Tube Subassembly	<u>Check Solenoid Tube Subassembly</u> Disconnect the two-pin power supply and the three-pin command input device connectors from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. Remove the two solenoid tube subassemblies. Visually inspect the actuator pin in the tube subassembly. The pin should be free to move.

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	ACTION
Flow Only in One Direction (con't)	Defective Electronic Module	<u>Check Electronic Module</u> Disconnect the two-pin power supply and the three-pin command input device connectors from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. Remove the EP Control electronic module. Reverse Steps 11 and 12 on pages 11 and 12. Caution: The engine or motor driving the pump should not be running. Connect command input device and power supply to the electronic module. Measure the current to the coil at the four-pin connector. Activate the input device end to end and at neutral. Monitor the current on one coil, and then on the other. Refer to Command Input Device chart on page 19 for typical readings.
Flow in Neutral	Command Signal Incorrect	<u>Check Command Input Signal.</u> Disconnect the three-pin command input device connector from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the two connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. If joystick or potentiometer is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. Move the joystick or potentiometer position. The voltage reading will be approximately 2.5 volts DC at joystick neutral or the half range position of the potentiometer. The DC voltage will be approximately 5 volts at one end of the joystick or potentiometer travel. At the opposite end of travel the DC voltage will be approximately zero. If $\pm 4\text{-}20$ mA current loop input is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The DC voltage reading should be approximately zero at zero input current which occurs at command input neutral. The DC voltage reading should be approximately ± 5 volts for input command currents of ± 20 mA respectively. If ± 100 mA differential input is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The DC voltage reading should be approximately zero at zero input current which occurs at command input neutral. The DC voltage reading should be approximately ± 2.8 volts for input command currents of ± 100 mA respectively.
	Neutral Out of Adjustment	<u>Check Neutral Adjustment.</u> Disconnect the two-pin power supply and the three-pin command input device connectors from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. Remove the EP Control electronic module. Reverse Steps 11 and 12 on pages 11 and 12. Disconnect the two four-pin solenoid connectors. Follow instructions for setting neutral on page 9 Step 9.
Flow Limited, Cannot Achieve Full Pump Stroke	Command Signal Incorrect	<u>Check Command Input Signal.</u> Disconnect the three-pin command input device connector from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the two connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires.

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	ACTION
Flow Limited, Cannot Achieve Full Pump Stroke (con't)	Command Signal Incorrect	<p>If joystick or potentiometer is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. Move the joystick or potentiometer position. The voltage reading will be approximately 2.5 volts DC at joystick neutral or the half range position of the potentiometer. The DC voltage will be approximately 5 volts at one end of the joystick or potentiometer travel. At the opposite end of travel the DC voltage will be approximately zero.</p> <p>If ± 4-20 mA current loop input is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The DC voltage reading should be approximately zero at zero input current which occurs at command input neutral. The DC voltage reading should be approximately ± 5 volts for input command currents of ± 20 mA respectively.</p> <p>If ± 100 mA differential input is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The DC voltage reading should be approximately zero at zero input current which occurs at command input neutral. The DC voltage reading should be approximately ± 2.8 volts for input command currents of ± 100 mA respectively.</p>
	Defective Electronic Module	<p><u>Check Electronic Module</u> Disconnect the two-pin power supply and the three-pin command input device connectors from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. Remove the EP Control electronic module. Reverse Steps 11 and 12 on pages 11 and 12. Caution: The engine or motor driving the pump should not be running. Connect command input device and power supply to the electronic module. Measure the current to the coil at the four-pin connector. Activate the input device end to end and at neutral. Monitor the current on one coil, and then on the other. Refer to Command Input Device chart on page 19 for typical readings.</p>
	Manual Override Does Not Function	<p><u>Check Manual Override</u> Disconnect the two-pin power supply and the three-pin command input device connectors from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the connectors for corrosion loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. Remove the valve assembly. Reverse instructions on page 8. Use a small Phillips screwdriver to push on the manual override of the solenoid tube's actuator pin should move the spool.</p>
Does Not Return to Neutral	Command Signal Incorrect	<p><u>Check Command Input Signal.</u> Disconnect the three-pin command input device connector from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the two connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires.</p> <p>If joystick or potentiometer is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. Move the joystick or potentiometer position. The voltage reading will be approximately 2.5 volts DC at joystick neutral or the half range position of the potentiometer. The DC voltage will be approximately 5 volts at one end of the joystick or potentiometer travel. At the opposite end of travel the DC voltage will be approximately zero.</p>

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	ACTION
Does Not Return to Neutral (con't)	Command Signal Incorrect	If ± 4 -20 mA current loop input is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The DC voltage reading should be approximately zero at zero input current which occurs at command input neutral. The DC voltage reading should be approximately ± 5 volts for input command currents of ± 20 mA respectively.
		If ± 100 mA differential input is used, measure the DC voltage across pins "A" and "B" at the connector. The DC voltage reading should be approximately zero at zero input current which occurs at command input neutral. The DC voltage reading should be approximately ± 2.8 volts for input command currents of ± 100 mA respectively.
	Neutral Out of Adjustment	<u>Check Neutral Adjustment.</u> Disconnect the two-pin power supply and the three-pin connectors from the EP Control electronic module. Inspect the connectors for corrosion, loose contacts, loose wires and broken wires. Remove the EP Control electronic module. Reverse Steps 11 and 12 on pages 11 and 12. Disconnect the two solenoid four-pin connectors. Follow instructions for setting neutral on page 9 Step 9.

Troubleshooting Reference Settings

Solenoid 4-Pin Connector

PINS	SOLENOID	12 VOLT COIL	24 VOLT COIL
A & B	Coil 1	5 ohms	21 ohms
C & D	Coil 2	5 ohms	21 ohms

Note: Only 12 volt coils are used with EP Control electronics module

Joystick Position

DC VOLTAGE MEASURED ACROSS DESIGNATED PINS AT THE CUSTOMER THREE-PIN CONNECTOR

	A to B
Full-Forward	5 Vdc
Neutral	2.5 Vdc
Full-Reverse	0 Vdc

Command Input Device – 12/24 Volt Systems (5 Ω coils)

	CURRENT TO COIL 1 PINS A & B YELLOW & WHITE WIRES	CURRENT TO COIL 2 PINS C & D ORANGE & BLACK WIRES
Max command in one direction	Minimum 1.5 A Maximum 2.0 A	0 A 0 A
Neutral	0 A	0 A
Max command in the same direction	0 A 0 A	Minimum 1.5 A Maximum 2.0 A

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