

Tree, bamboo and rattan species approved for using in IKEA products

Genus	Common name	Latin name	Protected in countries	Protection status. Sourcing conditions
Acacia	Earpod Wattle	<i>Acacia auriculiformis</i>	-	
	Formosa Acacia	<i>Acacia confusa</i>	-	
	Silver wattle	<i>Acacia dealbata</i>	-	
	Acacia hybrid	<i>Acacia mangium</i> x <i>A. auriculiformis</i>	-	
	Black Wattle	<i>Acacia mangium</i>	-	
	Australian Blackwood	<i>Acacia melanoxylon</i>	-	
	Black Wattle/ Green Wattle	<i>Acacia mearnsii</i>	-	
	Nile Acacia	<i>Acacia nilotica</i>	-	
Agathis	New Zealand Kauri	<i>Agathis australis</i>	-	
	Ambonia pine	<i>Agathis dammara</i>	Indonesia	Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents
			Phillipinnes	
Aglaia	Pacific maple	<i>Aglaia cucullata</i>	China	Protected in China and Thailand. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
			Thailand	
Ailanthus	Haven tree	<i>Ailanthus altissima</i>	-	
Alangium	Alangium	<i>Alangium chinense</i>	-	
Albizia	Chinese Albizia	<i>Albizia chinensis</i>	-	
	Moluccan Albizia	<i>Albizia falcataria</i>	-	
	Silktree	<i>Albizia julibrissin</i>	-	
	Long Peduncle Alder	<i>Alnus cremastogyne</i>	-	
	Common (Black) Alder	<i>Alnus glutinosa</i>	-	
	Grey Alder	<i>Alnus incana</i>	-	
	White Alder	<i>Alnus rhombifolia</i>	-	

Alder	Red alder	<i>Alnus rubra</i>	The USA	Protected in Montana USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Green Alder	<i>Alnus viridis</i>	-	
Allospondias	Lingnan sour dates	<i>Allospondias lakonensis</i>	-	
Alniphyllum	Chinese Alder	<i>Alniphyllum fortunei</i>	-	
Amelanchier	Common serviceberry	<i>Amelanchier arborea</i>	-	
Anogeissus	Dhawa	<i>Anogeissus latifolia</i>	-	
Apple	Apple tree	<i>Malus domestica</i>	-	
Aquilaria	Chinese agarwood	<i>Aquilaria sinensis</i>	China	In its natural habitats has the 1st-grade protected status in China. The species is considered vulnerable by the IUCN. The only aquilaria wood from the official plantations with harvesting licenses and/or proving docs from related authorities in place are allowed to use for IKEA. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Ash	American Ash	<i>Fraxinus americana</i>	-	
	Narrow-leafed Ash	<i>Fraxinus angustifolia</i>	-	
	Chinese ash	<i>Fraxinus chinensis</i>	-	
	European Ash	<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>	-	
	Manchurian Ash	<i>Fraxinus mandshurica</i>	Russia	Protected in Russia. Sourcing from Russia is not allowed. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Black Ash	<i>Fraxinus nigra</i>	-	
	Green Ash	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	-	
	Pumpkin Ash	<i>Fraxinus profunda</i>	The USA	Protected in Michigan, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.

	Blue Ash	<i>Fraxinus quadrangulata</i>	The USA	Protected in Wisconsin and Iowa, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Arbutus	Pacific madrone	<i>Arbutus menziesii</i>	-	
Asimina	Pawpaw	<i>Asimina triloba</i>	The USA	Protected in New Jersey and New York, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Aspen	Swamp Cottonwood	<i>Populus heterophylla</i>	The USA	Protected in Connecticut, Massachusetts, Michigan, New York, Pennsylvania and Rhode Island, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	European Aspen	<i>Populus tremula</i>	-	
	Canadian Aspen	<i>Populus tremuloides</i>	-	
Azadirachta	Neem	<i>Azadirachta indica</i>	-	
Banyan	Chinese Banyan	<i>Ficus microcarpa</i>	-	
Bauhinia	Orchid tree	<i>Bauhinia purpurea</i>	-	
Beech	Siebold's beech	<i>Fagus crenata</i>	Japan	Protected in Kagawa, Miyazaki, and Kagoshima. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	American Beech	<i>Fagus grandifolia</i>	-	
	Balkan Beech	<i>Fagus moesiaca (taurica)</i>	-	
	Turkish Beech	<i>Fagus orientalis</i>	-	
	European Beech	<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	-	
Bischofia	Bishop wood	<i>Bischofia javanica</i>	-	
	Yellow Birch	<i>Betula alleghaniensis</i>	-	
	Alder-leaf Birch	<i>Betula alnoides</i>	-	
	Manchurian Birch	<i>Betula costata</i>	-	
	Asian black birch	<i>Betula dahurica</i>	-	

Birch	Japanese cherry birch	<i>Betula grossa</i>	Japan	Protected in Akita, Kyoto, and Kagoshima. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Sweet Birch	<i>Betula lenta</i>	-	
	Monarch birch	<i>Betula maximowicziana</i>	Japan	Protected in Ibaraki, and Aichi. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory
	River Birch	<i>Betula nigra</i>	The USA	Protected in New Hampshire, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Western Paper Birch	<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	-	
	Silver Birch	<i>Betula pendula</i>	-	
	Japanese White Birch	<i>Betula platyphylla</i>	-	
	Gray Birch	<i>Betula populifolia</i>	The USA	Protected in Illinois and Indiana, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Downy Birch	<i>Betula pubescens</i>	-	
Camphora	Camphor tree	<i>Cinnamomum camphora</i>	-	
Camptotheca	Camptotheca	<i>Camptotheca acuminata</i>	-	
Canarium	Malaysian Canarium	<i>Canarium copaliferum</i>	-	
Candlewood	Tung tree	<i>Vernicia fordii</i>	-	
	Candle Tree	<i>Vernicia montana</i>	-	
Carallia	Carallia	<i>Carallia brachiata</i>	-	
Cashew	Cashew	<i>Anacardium occidentale</i>	-	
Castanopsis	Giant chinquapin	<i>Castanopsis chrysophylla</i>	-	
	Japanese chinquapin	<i>Castanopsis cuspidata</i>	Japan	Protected in Kagoshima. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Chinese castanopsis	<i>Castanopsis eyrei</i>	-	
	Taiwan Castanopsis	<i>Castanopsis fargesii</i>	-	

	Castanopsis fissa	<i>Castanopsis fissa</i>	-	
	Castanopsis	<i>Castanopsis hystrix</i>	-	
	Sudajii	<i>Castanopsis sieboldii</i>	Japan	Protected in Niigata,Yamanashi, and Kagoshima. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Casuarina	Horsetail She-oak	<i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i>	-	
Catalpa	Catalpa	<i>Catalpa bungei</i>	-	
Cedrus	Atlas cedar	<i>Cedrus atlantica</i>	Morocco	The species is considered endangered by the IUCN. Only wood from the official plantations with harvesting licenses and/or pruning docs from related authorities in place are allowed to be used for IKEA. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Himalayan cedar	<i>Cedrus deodara</i>	-	
	Lebanon cedar	<i>Cedrus libani</i>	Lebanon Syria	Protected in Lebanon and Syria. Allowed only from FSC-COC certified plantations. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Celastrus	Oriental bittersweet	<i>Celastrus orbiculatus</i>	-	
Cherry	-	-	-	-
Cercis	Eastern redbud	<i>Cercis canadensis</i>	The USA	Protected in Connecticut and New Jersey, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Chestnut	Japanese chestnut	<i>Castanea crenata</i>	Japan	Protected in Kagoshima. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory
	Chinese Chestnut	<i>Castanea mollissima</i>	-	
	Chinkapin	<i>Castanea pumila</i>	The USA	Protected in Kentucky and New Jersey, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required.

	Sweet Chestnut	<i>Castanea sativa</i>	Russia	Protected in Russia. Sourcing from Russia is not allowed. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Citrus	Pomelo	<i>Citrus maxima</i>	-	
Choerospondias	Nepali hog plum	<i>Choerospondias axillaris</i>	-	
Chloroxylon	East Indian satinwood	<i>Chloroxylon swietenia</i>	India	The species is considered vulnerable by the IUCN. Only wood from the official plantations with harvesting licenses and/or pruning docs from related authorities in place are allowed to be used for IKEA. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
			Sri Lanka	
Coco palm	Coconut Palm	<i>Cocos nucifera</i>	-	
Peltophorum	Copperpod	<i>Peltophorum pterocarpum</i>	-	
Cornus	Flowering dogwood	<i>Cornus florida</i>	The USA	Protected in Maine, New York and Vermont, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Corymbia	Spotted gum	<i>Corymbia maculata</i>		
	Cadaghi	<i>Corymbia torelliana</i>		
Crabapple	Southern crab apple	<i>Malus angustifolia</i>	The USA	Protected in Florida, Illinois and Kentucky, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Cryptomeria	Japanese Cedar	<i>Cryptomeria japonica</i>	Japan	Protected in natural habitats in Japan. Documents confirming wood origin are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Pond cypress	<i>Taxodium ascendens</i>	-	
	Bald cypress	<i>Taxodium distichum</i>	-	
	Chinese weeping cypress	<i>Cupressus funebris</i>	-	
	Lawson cypres	<i>Chamaecyparis lawsoniana</i>	-	

Cypress	Hinoki cypress	<i>Chamaecyparis obtusa</i>	Japan	Allowed only from FSC-COC certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Cunninghamia	Chinese Fir	<i>Cunninghamia lanceolata</i>	-	
Delonix	Delonix	<i>Delonix regia</i>	-	
Dimocarpus	Longan	<i>Dimocarpus longan</i>	-	
Diospyros	Oriental persimmon	<i>Diospyros kaki</i>	Madagascar	Official ban for sourcing from Madagascar. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents
	Common persimmon	<i>Diospyros virginiana</i>	The USA	Protected in Connecticut and in New York, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Douglas Fir	Douglas Fir	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	-	
Durian	Durian	<i>Durio zibethinus</i>	-	
Elm	Winged Elm	<i>Ulmus alata</i>	-	
	White Elm	<i>Ulmus americana</i>	-	
	Wych Elm	<i>Ulmus glabra</i>	Finland	Protected in Finland. Sourcing from Finland is not allowed
	Manchurian elm	<i>Ulmus laciniata</i>	Japan	Protected in Japan, South Korea, China and Russia. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
			South Korea	
			China	
			Russia	
	European White Elm	<i>Ulmus laevis</i>	Finland	Protected in Finland, Belgium. Sourcing from Finland and Belgium is not allowed. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
			Belgium	
	Smooth-leaved Elm	<i>Ulmus minor</i>	-	
	Siberian Elm	<i>Ulmus pumila</i>	-	

	Red elm	<i>Ulmus rubra</i>	The USA	Protected in Maine and Rhode Island, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Eucalyptus	New England Blackbutt	<i>Eucalyptus andrewsii</i>	-	
	Cape york gum	<i>Eucalyptus brassiana</i>	-	
	Camden White Gum	<i>Eucalyptus benthamii</i>	Australia	Protected in Australia. Sourcing from natural habitats is not allowed. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FCC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents
	Victorian blue gum	<i>Eucalyptus bicostata</i>	-	
	Red River Gum	<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>	-	
	Hybrid clone H46	<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis x E. brassiana</i>	-	
	Hybrid clone K7	<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis x E. degulpta</i>	-	
	Sugar gum	<i>Eucalyptus cladocalyx</i>	Australia	Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FCC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Lemon Eucalyptus	<i>Eucalyptus citriodora</i>	-	
	Gympie messmate	<i>Eucalyptus cloeziana</i>	-	
	Tumbledown Gum	<i>Eucalyptus dealbata</i>	-	
	Rainbow Gum (kamarere)	<i>Eucalyptus deglupta</i>	-	
	Alpine ash	<i>Eucalyptus delegatensis</i>	-	
	Eucalyptus karri	<i>Eucalyptus diversicolor</i>	-	
	Dunns White Gum	<i>Eucalyptus dunnii</i>	-	
	Queensland Peppermint Gum	<i>Eucalyptus exserta</i>	-	
	Brown barell	<i>Eucalyptus fastigata</i>	-	
	White mountain ash	<i>Eucalyptus fraxinoides</i>	-	
	Southern Blue Gum	<i>Eucalyptus globulus</i>	-	
	Rose Gum	<i>Eucalyptus grandis</i>	-	
	Eucalyptus hybrid clone GC304	<i>Eucalyptus grandis x E. camaldulensis</i>	-	
	Eucalyptus hybrid clone GN	<i>Eucalyptus grandis x E. nitens</i>	-	

Granpellita	<i>Eucalyptus grandis</i> x <i>E. pellita</i>	-	
Eucalyptus urograndis	<i>Eucalyptus grandis</i> x <i>E. urophylla</i>	-	
Eucalyptus gundal	<i>Eucalyptus gunii</i> x <i>E. dalrympleana</i>	-	
Camden woollybutt	<i>Eucalyptus macarthurii</i>	Australia	Protected in Australia. Sourcing from natural habitats is not allowed. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FCC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Maiden's Gum	<i>Eucalyptus maidenii</i>	-	
Tallowwood	<i>Eucalyptus microcorys</i>	Australia	Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FCC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Shining Gum	<i>Eucalyptus nitens</i>	-	
Large-fruited red mahogany	<i>Eucalyptus pellita</i>	-	
Poplar Gum	<i>Eucalyptus platyphylla</i>	-	
Swamp gum	<i>Eucalyptus regnans</i>	-	
Red Mahogany	<i>Eucalyptus resinifera</i>	-	
Swamp Eucalyptus	<i>Eucalyptus robusta</i>	-	
Saligna Gum	<i>Eucalyptus saligna</i>	-	
Gully Gum	<i>Eucalyptus smithii</i>	-	
Forest Red Gum	<i>Eucalyptus tereticornis</i>	-	
Eucalyptus hybrid clone FRI-6	<i>Eucalyptus tereticornis</i> x <i>E. grandis</i>	-	
Eucalyptus uroglobulus	<i>Eucalyptus urograndis</i> x <i>E. globulus</i>	-	
Timor White Gum	<i>Eucalyptus urophylla</i>	-	
Manna Gum	<i>Eucalyptus viminalis</i>	-	
Euonymus	Winterberry euonymus	-	
	Silver Fir	-	
	Pacific Silver Fir	The USA	Protected in California, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Balsam Fir	-	

Fir	White Fir	<i>Abies concolor</i>	-	
	Grand Fir	<i>Abies grandis</i>	-	
	Needle Fir	<i>Abies holophylla</i>	Russia	Protected in Russia. Sourcing from Russia is not allowed. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Alpine Fir	<i>Abies lasiocarpa</i>	-	
	California Red Fir	<i>Abies magnifica</i>	-	
	Manchurian Fir	<i>Abies nephrolepis</i>	-	
	Nordmann Fir	<i>Abies nordmanniana</i>	-	
	Noble Fir	<i>Abies procera</i>	-	
	Siberian Fir	<i>Abies sibirica</i>	-	
Firmiana	Phoenix Tree	<i>Firmiana simplex</i>	-	
Ginkgo	Ginkgo	<i>Ginkgo biloba</i>	China	Ginkgo growing in its natural habitats is 1st grade protected species in China. The specie is considered endangered by the IUCN. Only ginkgo wood from the official plantations with harvesting licenses and/or pruning docs from related authorities in place are allowed to use for IKEA. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FCC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Gleditsia	Waterlocust	<i>Gleditsia aquatica</i>	The USA	Protected in Indiana and Kentucky, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Japanese locust	<i>Gleditsia japonica</i>	China	First level protected in China. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Black locust	<i>Gleditsia sinensis</i>	-	
	Honeylocust	<i>Gleditsia triacanthos</i>	-	
Gmelina	Gmelina	<i>Gmelina arborea</i>	-	
Gordonia	Loblolly-bay	<i>Gordonia lasianthus</i>	-	

Gymnocladus	Kentucky coffeetree	<i>Gymnocladus dioicus</i>	The USA	Protected in Ontario, Canada, South Dakota, New York, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Haldu/Kadam	Haldu	<i>Haldina cordifolia</i>	-	
Halesia	Carolina Silverbell	<i>Halesia carolina</i>	The USA	Protected in Illinois and Ohio, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Two-wing silverbell	<i>Halesia diptera</i>	The USA	Protected in Arkansas, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Jujube	Sour Jujube	<i>Ziziphus jujuba</i>	-	
Hackberry	Common hackberry	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>	The USA	Protected in New Hampshire, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Sugarberry	<i>Celtis laevigata</i>	-	
	Chinese hackberry	<i>Celtis sinensis</i>	-	
Hawthorn	Cockspur hawthorn	<i>Crataegus crus-galli</i>	-	
	Fanleaf hawthorn	<i>Crataegus flabellata</i>	-	
	Parsley hawthorn	<i>Crataegus marshallii</i>	-	
	Downy hawthorn	<i>Crataegus mollis</i>	The USA	Protected in New York, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Mountain hawthorn	<i>Crataegus pinnatifida</i>	-	
Hazel	Common hazel	<i>Corylus avellana</i>	-	

Hickory	Water hickory	<i>Carya aquatica</i>	The USA	Protected in Kentucky, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Southern shagbark hickory	<i>Carya carolinae-septentrionalis</i>	-	
	Bitternut hickory	<i>Carya cordiformis</i>	-	
	White Hickory	<i>Carya tomentosa</i>	-	
	Pignut hickory	<i>Carya glabra</i>	-	
	Pecan	<i>Carya illinoensis</i>	-	
	Shellbark hickory	<i>Carya laciniosa</i>	The USA	Protected in Maryland, Wyoming, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Shack bark hickory	<i>Carya ovata</i>	-	
	Sand hickory	<i>Carya pallida</i>	The USA	Protected in Arkansas, Illinois and Indiana, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Hophornbeam	American Hophornbeam	<i>Ostrya virginiana</i>	-	
Hornbeam	Hornbeam	<i>Carpinus betulus</i>	-	
	American hornbeam	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	-	
	Oriental hornbeam	<i>Carpinus orientalis</i>	-	
	Korean Hornbeam	<i>Carpinus turczaninowii</i>	-	
Horse Chestnut	Ohio buckeye	<i>Aesculus glabra</i>	-	
	Yellow buckeye	<i>Aesculus octandra</i>	-	
	European Horse-Chestnut	<i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	-	
Hovenia	Oriental raisin tree	<i>Hovenia dulcis</i>	-	
Illex	American holly	<i>Illex opaca</i>	The USA	Protected in New York and Pennsylvania, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Kurogane holly	<i>Illex rotunda</i>	-	

Illicium	Star anise	<i>Illicium verum</i>	-	
Jackwood	Jackfruit Tree	<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i>	-	
Leucaena	Jumbay	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	-	
Juniper	Common Juniper	<i>Juniperus communis</i>	-	
	Eastern Redcedar	<i>Juniperus virginiana</i>	-	
Koelreuteria	Goldenrain tree	<i>Koelreuteria paniculata</i>	-	
Larch	Dunkeld larch	<i>Larix decidua</i> × <i>L. kaempferi</i>	-	
	European larch	<i>Larix decidua</i>	-	
	Hybrid larch	<i>Larix eurolepis</i>	-	
	Dahurian larch	<i>Larix gmelinii</i>	-	
	American larch (Tamarack)	<i>Larix laricina</i>	-	
	Japanese larch	<i>Larix kaempferi</i>	-	
	Dunkeld larch	<i>Larix x marschlinsii</i>	-	
	Western larch	<i>Larix occidentalis</i>	-	
	Siberian larch	<i>Larix sibirica</i>	Russia	Protected in Nizhny Novgorod Kurgan, and Vologda regions, Russia. Allowed for sourcing from other regions of Russia. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Leucaena	White leadtree	<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	-	
Ligustrum	Compact privet	<i>Ligustrum compactum</i>	-	
	Broadleaf privet	<i>Ligustrum lucidum</i>	-	
Lime/Linden	American Basswood	<i>Tilia americana</i>	-	
	Amur Linden	<i>Tilia amurensis</i>	-	
	European (Small-leaf) Lime	<i>Tilia cordata</i>	-	
	Common linden	<i>Tilia cordata</i> x <i>T. platyphyllos</i>	-	
	White Basswood	<i>Tilia heterophylla</i>	The USA	Protected in Illinois, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Manchurian Linden	<i>Tilia mandshurica</i>	-	
	European (Big-leaf) Lime	<i>Tilia platyphyllos</i>	-	
	White European linden	<i>Tilia tomentosa</i>	-	
Lithocarpus	Tanoak	<i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i>	-	
	Stone 'Oak'	<i>Lithocarpus glaber</i>	-	
Loquat	Loquat	<i>Eriobotrya japonica</i>	-	

Loropetalum	Chinese fringer flower	<i>Loropetalum chinense</i>	-	
Maclura	Osage orange	<i>Maclura pomifera</i>	-	
Magnolia	Cucumber tree	<i>Magnolia acuminata</i>	The USA	Protected in Florida, Indiana, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Yulan magnolia	<i>Magnolia denudata</i>	-	
	Mountain magnolia	<i>Magnolia fraseri</i>	-	
	Southern magnolia	<i>Magnolia grandiflora</i>	-	
	Magnolia macclurei	<i>Magnolia macclurei</i>	-	
	Japanese bigleaf magnolia	<i>Magnolia obovata</i>	Japan	Protected in Nagasaki and Kagoshima. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Sweetbay	<i>Magnolia virginiana</i>	The USA	Protected in Pennsylvania, New York, Massachusetts, Tennessee, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Manglietia	Manglietia	<i>Manglietia conifera</i>	-	
Mallotus	Mallotus	<i>Mallotus dunnii</i>	-	
Malus	Apple tree	<i>Malus pumila</i>	-	
Mango	Indian Mango	<i>Mangifera indica</i>	-	
	Field Maple	<i>Acer campestre</i>	-	
	Florida maple	<i>Acer barbatum</i>	-	
	Amur Maple	<i>Acer ginnala</i>	-	
	Box elder	<i>Acer negundo</i>	-	
	Black Maple	<i>Acer nigrum</i>	The USA	Protected in Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.

Maple	Striped Maple	<i>Acer pensylvanicum</i>	-	
	Yellow-paint Maple	<i>Acer pictum</i>	-	
	Norway Maple	<i>Acer platanoides</i>	-	
	Sycamore Maple	<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	Russia	Protected in Russia. Sourcing from Russia is not allowed. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Red Maple	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	-	
	Silver Maple	<i>Acer saccharinum</i>	-	
	Rock Maple	<i>Acer saccharum</i>	-	
	Mountain Maple	<i>Acer spicatum</i>	Canada The USA	Protected in Labrador, Canada and Iowa, Rhode Island, Kentucky, Georgia, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the province or state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Machilus	Tabunoki	<i>Machilus thunbergii</i>	-	
Melia	Chinaberry	<i>Melia azedarach</i>	-	
	Malabar neem	<i>Melia dubia</i>	-	
Melicope	Melicope	<i>Melicope pteleifolia</i>	-	
Morella	Chinese bayberry	<i>Morella rubra</i>	-	
Mulberry	Red mulberry	<i>Morus rubra</i>	The USA	Protected in Connecticut, Massachusetts, Michigan, Vermont, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Paper Mulberry	<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i>	-	
	White Mulberry	<i>Morus alba</i>	-	
Mytilaria	Mytilaria	<i>Mytilaria laosensis</i>	-	
Myrtle	Water Myrtle	<i>Melaleuca cajuputi</i>	-	
Nageia	Asian bayberry	<i>Nageia nagi</i>	China	Near threatened according to IUCN. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FCC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
			Japan	

	Japanese evergreen oak	<i>Quercus acuta</i>	Japan	Protected in Gunma, Saitama, Niigata, Yamanashi, Nagano, and Kagoshima. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Sawtooth oak	<i>Quercus acutissima</i>	The USA	Protected in Arkansas, Illinois and Indiana (USA). Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	American White Oak	<i>Quercus alba</i>	-	
	oriental white oak	<i>Quercus aliena</i>	-	
	Swamp White Oak	<i>Quercus bicolor</i>	The USA	Protected in Maine, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Encino aguacatillo	<i>Quercus candicans</i>	-	
	Turkey Oak	<i>Quercus cerris</i>	-	
	Scarlet Oak	<i>Quercus coccinea</i>	The USA	Protected in Maine, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Leather leaf Mexican oak	<i>Quercus crassifolia</i>	-	
	Encono Colorado	<i>Quercus durifolia</i>	Mexico	Not allowed for sourcing from Mexico. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Hill's Oak	<i>Quercus ellipsoidalis</i>	The USA	Protected in Missouri, USA and Ontario, Canada. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state or province are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Encino cucharita	<i>Quercus elliptica</i>	-	

Southern red oak	<i>Quercus falcata</i>	The USA	Protected in Ohio, Pennsylvania, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Hungarian Oak	<i>Quercus frainetto</i>	-	
Ring-cup oak	<i>Quercus glauca</i>	Japan	Protected in Fukushima and Miyagi. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Ichigashi	<i>Quercus gilva</i>	Japan	Protected in Fukushima, Chiba, Hyogo, Okayama, Hiroshima, Kagawa, and Kagoshima. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Paisang Oak	<i>Quercus griffithii</i>	The USA	
Shingle Oak	<i>Quercus imbricaria</i>	-	Protected in New Jersey, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Kansas, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Holm Oak	<i>Quercus ilex</i>	-	
Bluejack Oak	<i>Quercus incana</i>	-	
Valley Oak	<i>Quercus lobata</i>	-	
Overcup Oak	<i>Quercus lyrata</i>	-	
Burr Oak	<i>Quercus macrocarpa</i>	-	
Encino amarillo	<i>Quercus magnoliifolia</i>	-	
Blackjack Oak	<i>Quercus marilandica</i>	-	
Swamp chestnut oak	<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	-	
Shirakashi	<i>Quercus myrsinifolia</i>	Japan	Protected in Kagoshima. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.

Oak

Japanese Oak	<i>Quercus mongolica</i>	Russia	Protected in Russia. Sourcing from Russia is not allowed. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Chestnut Oak	<i>Quercus montana</i>	The USA	Protected in Illinois, Maine, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Chinkapin Oak	<i>Quercus muehlenbergii</i>	The USA	Protected in Indiana, Massachusetts, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Water oak	<i>Quercus nigra</i>	The USA	Protected in New Jersey, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Nuttall oak	<i>Quercus nuttallii</i>	The USA	Protected in Illinois, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Cherrybark oak	<i>Quercus pagoda</i>	-	
Pin Oak	<i>Quercus palustris</i>	-	
Sessile Oak	<i>Quercus petraea</i>	-	
Willow oak	<i>Quercus phellos</i>	The USA	Protected in Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.

Ubame-gashi	<i>Quercus phillyraeoides</i>	Japan	Protected in Chiba, Kanagawa, Kyoto, Miyazaki, Kagoshima, and Okinawa. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Dwarf Chinquapin Oak	<i>Quercus prinoides</i>	Canada	Protected in Ontario, Canada and Vermont, Delaware, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Arkansas, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the province or state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
		The USA	
Pyrenean Oak	<i>Quercus pyrenaica</i>	-	
Downy Oak	<i>Quercus pubescens</i>	-	
European Oak	<i>Quercus robur</i>	-	
American Red Oak	<i>Quercus rubra</i>	-	
Netleaf oak	<i>Quercus rugosa</i>	-	
Urajiro gashi	<i>Quercus salicina</i>	Japan	Protected in Okinawa and Niigata. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Tsukubane gashi	<i>Quercus sessilifolia</i>	Japan	Protected in Fukushima, Ibaraki, Gunma, Chiba, Toyama, Ishikawa, Fukui, and Kagoshima . Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Jolcham oak	<i>Quercus serrata</i>	-	
Shumard Oak	<i>Quercus shumardii</i>	The USA	Protected in Maryland, Pennsylvania, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Cork oak	<i>Quercus suber</i>	Spain	Allowed for use only for cork. Not allowed for use in solid wood components, board materials and papers. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with
		Portugal	
		Italy	
		Marocco	

			Algeria	documents.
	Chaparro	<i>Quercus sideroxyla</i>	-	
	Slavonic Oak	<i>Quercus slavonica</i>	-	
	Post Oak	<i>Quercus stellata</i>	The USA	Protected in Rhode Island, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Cucharillo oak	<i>Quercus urbani</i>	-	
	Chinese cork oak	<i>Quercus variabilis</i>	China	Allowed for use only for cork. Not allowed for use in solid wood components, board materials and papers. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
			Japan	
			South Korea	
	Black Oak	<i>Quercus velutina</i>	-	
	Live Oak	<i>Quercus virginiana</i>	-	
Obeche/Ayous	Obeche	<i>Triplochiton scleroxylon</i>	Nigeria	Not allowed for sourcing from natural habitats. Sourcing is allowed only from FSC-COC certified plantations. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
			Cameroon	
			Ghana	
			Ivory Coast	
Osmanthus	Sweet Osmanthus	<i>Osmanthus fragrans</i>	-	
Orange	Chinese Orange	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	-	
Ormosia	Hainan red beans	<i>Ormosia pinnata</i>	-	
Ougeinia	Ougenia	<i>Ougeinia oojeinense</i>	-	
Oxydendrum	Sourwood	<i>Oxydendrum arboreum</i>	The USA	Protected in Indiana and Maryland, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Paulownia	Catalpa paulownia	<i>Paulownia catalpifolia</i>	-	
	Emerald tree	<i>Paulownia elongata</i>	-	
	Forge tree	<i>Paulownia fargesii</i>	-	
	Dragon tree	<i>Paulownia fortunei</i>	-	
	Princess tree	<i>Paulownia tomentosa</i>	-	
	Arizona pine	<i>Pinus arizonica</i>	-	

Pine

Mexican white pine	<i>Pinus ayachuite</i>	-	
Jack pine	<i>Pinus banksiana</i>	-	
Turkish pine	<i>Pinus brutia</i>	-	
Caribbean Pine	<i>Pinus caribaea</i>	-	
Swiss pine	<i>Pinus cembra</i>	-	
Lodgepole pine	<i>Pinus contorta</i>	-	
Cooper pine	<i>Pinus cooperi</i>	-	
Vietnamese White pine	<i>Pinus dalatensis</i>	-	
Douglas pine	<i>Pinus douglasiana</i>	-	
Durango pine	<i>Pinus durangensis</i>	-	
Shortleaf pine	<i>Pinus echinata</i>	-	
Slash pine	<i>Pinus elliottii</i>	-	
Apache pine	<i>Pinus engelmannii</i>	-	
Spruce pine	<i>Pinus glabra</i>	-	
Aleppo pine	<i>Pinus halepensis</i>	-	
Herrera's pine	<i>Pinus herrerae</i>	-	
Khasi pine	<i>Pinus kesiya</i>	-	
Sugar pine	<i>Pinus lambertiana</i>	-	
Lawson's pine	<i>Pinus lawsonii</i>	-	
Smooth-leaved pine	<i>Pinus leiophylla</i>	-	
Lumholtz's pine	<i>Pinus lumholtzii</i>	Mexico	Protected in Mexico. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Chinese Red pine	<i>Pinus massoniana</i>	-	
Thin-leaf pine	<i>Pinus maximinoi</i>	-	
Sumatran pine	<i>Pinus merkusii</i>	Burma	Not allowed for sourcing from natural habitats. Sourcing is allowed only from FSC-COC certified plantations. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
		Laos	
		Vietnam	
		Thailand	
		Cambodia	
		Indonesia	
Montezuma pine	<i>Pinus montezumae</i>	-	
Western white pine	<i>Pinus monticola</i>	-	
Corsican (Black) pine	<i>Pinus nigra</i>	-	
Egg-cone pine	<i>Pinus oocarpa</i>	-	
Longleaf pine	<i>Pinus palustris</i>	-	
Spreading-leaved pine	<i>Pinus patula</i>	-	
Maritime pine	<i>Pinus pinaster</i>	-	

	Stone pine	<i>Pinus pinea</i>	-	
	Ponderosa pine	<i>Pinus ponderosa</i>	-	
	Pringle's pine	<i>Pinus pringlei</i>	-	
	Smooth-bark Mexican pine	<i>Pinus pseudostrobus</i>	-	
	Radiata pine	<i>Pinus radiata</i>	Mexico	Protected in California (USA) and Baja California (Mexico). Sourcing is allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
			The USA	
	Canadian Red pine	<i>Pinus resinosa</i>	-	
	Pitch pine	<i>Pinus rigida</i>	-	
	Pond pine	<i>Pinus serotina</i>	-	
	Siberian pine	<i>Pinus sibirica</i>	Russia	Not allowed for sourcing from natural habitats. Sourcing is allowed only from FSC-COC certified plantations. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
			Mongolia	
	Eastern white pine	<i>Pinus strobus</i>	-	
	Scots pine	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	-	
	Manchurian red pine	<i>Pinus tabuliformis</i>	-	
	Loblolly pine	<i>Pinus taeda</i>	-	
	Aztec pine	<i>Pinus teocote</i>	-	
	Black pine	<i>Pinus thunbergii</i>	-	
	Virginia pine	<i>Pinus virginiana</i>	-	
Persea	Redbay	<i>Persea borbonia</i>	The USA	Protected in Maryland, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Photinia	Japanese photinia	<i>Photinia glabra</i>	-	
Planera	Planertree	<i>Planera aquatica</i>	The USA	Protected in Illinois, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Oriental plane-tree	<i>Platanus orientalis</i>	-	

Platanus	London Plane	<i>Platanus orientalis x P. occidentalis</i>	-	
	American Sycamore	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	The USA	Protected in Maine, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Platyclusus	Chinese arborvitae	<i>Platyclusus orientalis</i>	-	
Podocarpus	Buddhist pine	<i>Podocarpus macrophyllus</i>	China	National second protection level in China. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FCC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Poplar	White Poplar	<i>Populus alba</i>	-	
	Balsam Poplar	<i>Populus balsamifera</i>	The USA	Protected in Illinois, Indiana; Ohio, Pennsylvania, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Canadian Poplar	<i>Populus canadensis</i>	-	
	Grey Poplar	<i>Populus canescens</i>	-	
	Korean Aspen	<i>Populus davidiana</i>	-	
	Eastern Cottonwood	<i>Populus deltoides</i>	-	
	Canadian poplar	<i>Populus deltoides x P. nigra</i>	-	Sourcing is not allowed from GMO plantations
	Hybrid Poplar	<i>Populus deltoides x P. nigra</i>	-	Not from GMO plantations
	Big-tooth Poplar	<i>Populus grandidentata</i>	-	
	Black Poplar	<i>Populus nigra</i>	Germany	Threatened in Germany. Can be sourced from this country only from FSC-FM and FSC-COC certified sources. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Xiaozuan poplar	<i>Populus nigra x P. xiaozhuanica</i>	-	
	Simon Poplar	<i>Populus simonii</i>	-	
	Chinese White Poplar	<i>Populus tomentosa</i>	-	
	Black cottonwood	<i>Populus trichocarpa</i>	-	
Prosopis	Kabul acacia	<i>Prosopis juliflora</i>	-	

Prunus	American plum	<i>Prunus americana</i>	The USA	Protected in New Hampshire and Vermont, USA. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Apricot	<i>Prunus armeniaca</i>		
	European cherry	<i>Prunus avium</i>	Russia	Protected in Russia. Sourcing from Russia is not allowed. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Yama zakura	<i>Prunus jamasakura</i>	Japan	Protected in Ehime, Kochi, and Kagoshima. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Korean cherry	<i>Prunus maximowiczii</i>	Japan	Protected in Miyagi, Akita, Ibaraki, Niigata, Ishikawa, Aichi, Mie, Shiga, Ehime, Nagasahi, Kumamoto, and Kagoshima provinces of Japan. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Hackberry	<i>Prunus padus</i>	Russia	Protected in Russia. Sourcing from Russia is not allowed.
	Peach	<i>Prunus persica</i>	-	
	Chinese plum	<i>Prunus salicina</i>	-	
	American cherry	<i>Prunus serotina</i>	-	
	Oshima cherry	<i>Prunus speciosa</i>	-	
	Chokecherry	<i>Prunus virginiana</i>	The USA	Protected in North Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required.
	Fire cherry	<i>Prunus pensylvanica</i>	-	
Punica	Pomegranate	<i>Punica granatum</i>	-	
Pyrus	Common Pear	<i>Pyrus communis</i>	-	
	Asian pear	<i>Pyrus pyrifolia</i>	-	

Pterocarya	Japanese wingnut	<i>Pterocarya rhoifolia</i>	The USA	Protected in Arkansas, Illinois and Indiana (USA). Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Chinese wingnut	<i>Pterocarya stenoptera</i>	-	
Robinia/Locust	Robinia	<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	-	
Rowan	Winterbeam	<i>Aria edulis</i>	-	
	Rowan	<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	-	
	Sorb tree	<i>Sorbus domestica</i>	-	
	Checker Tree	<i>Sorbus torminalis</i>	-	
Rubberwood	Rubberwood	<i>Hevea brasiliensis</i>	-	
Samanea	Rain tree	<i>Samanea saman</i>	-	
Sassafras	American sassafras	<i>Sassafras albidum</i>	The USA	Protected in Maine, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Sassafras	<i>Sassafras tzumu</i>	-	
Scaphium	Malva nut tree	<i>Scaphium wallichii</i>	-	
Schefflera	Ivy Tree	<i>Schefflera heptaphylla</i>	-	
Shima	Chinese guger tree	<i>Schima superba</i>	-	
	Shima wallachia	<i>Schima wallichii</i>	-	
Sophora	Japanese pagoda tree	<i>Styphnolobium japonicum</i>	-	
Spruce	Norway Spruce	<i>Picea abies (excelsa)</i>	-	
	Engelmann Spruce	<i>Picea engelmannii</i>	-	
	White Spruce	<i>Picea glauca</i>	-	
	Jezo Spruce	<i>Picea jezoensis</i>	-	
	Korean Spruce	<i>Picea koraiensis</i>	-	
	Black Spruce	<i>Picea mariana</i>	-	
	Siberian Spruce	<i>Picea obovata</i>	-	
	Blue spruce	<i>Picea pungens</i>	-	
	Red Spruce	<i>Picea rubens</i>	-	
	Sitka Spruce	<i>Picea sitchensis</i>	-	

Sterculia	Panama tree	<i>Sterculia apetala</i>	Brazil	Protected in Pantanal wetlands of Central Brazil. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Styrax	Benzoin Tree	<i>Styrax tonkinensis</i>	-	
Sweetgum	Chinese Sweetgum	<i>Liquidambar formosana</i>	-	
	American Sweetgum	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	-	
Swietenia	American mahogany	<i>Swietenia mahagoni</i>	The USA	Not allowed for sourcing from the USA, in Cuba, multiple island countries of the Caribbean basin and in Peru and Venezuela (except in cases when included in paper products) Allowed for use only if harvested in other countries than the USA, Cuba, multiple island countries of the Caribbean basin and in Peru and Venezuela and either coming from FSC-certified plantations or as trees from park and city plants with copies of documents confirming wood origin.
			Cuba	
			Peru	
			Venezuela	
Taiwania	Taiwania	<i>Taiwania cryptomerioides</i>	The USA	Allowed for use only if harvested in other countries than the USA, Cuba, multiple island countries of the Caribbean basin and in Peru and Venezuela and either coming from FSC-certified plantations or as trees from park and city plants with copies of documents confirming wood origin.
			Cuba	
			Peru	
			Venezuela	
Terminalia	Indian almond	<i>Terminalia catappa</i>	-	
	Indian laurel	<i>Terminalia tomentosa</i>		
Thuja/Cedar	White Cedar	<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	-	
	Western red cedar	<i>Thuja plicata</i>	-	
Toona	Chinese Toon	<i>Toona sinensis</i>	-	
Triadica	Chinese tallow	<i>Triadica sebifera</i>	-	
Tsuga	Eastern Hemlock	<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>	-	
	Western Hemlock	<i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>	-	
Tulipwood/ Yellow Poplar	American whitewood	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>	-	
Tupelo	Water Tupelo	<i>Nyssa aquatica</i>	-	
	Swamp Tupelo	<i>Nyssa biflora</i>	-	
	Chinese tupelo	<i>Nyssa sinensis</i>	-	

	Black gum	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	-	
Walnut	Butternut	<i>Juglans cinerea</i>	The USA	Protected in California, Kentucky, New York, Tennessee, USA. Documents confirming wood origin to the resolution of the state are required. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	Manchurian Walnut	<i>Juglans mandshurica</i>	Russia	Protected in Russia. Sourcing from Russia is not allowed. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
	American Walnut	<i>Juglans nigra</i>	-	
	European Walnut	<i>Juglans regia</i>	Russia	Protected in Russia. Sourcing from Russia is not allowed. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Willow	White Willow	<i>Salix alba</i>	-	
	Weeping willow	<i>Salix babylonica</i>	-	
	Goat Willow	<i>Salix caprea</i>	-	
	Grey Willow	<i>Salix cinerea</i>	-	
	European violet willow	<i>Salix daphnoides</i>	Czech Republic	Protected in the natural habitats in Germany and the Czech Republic. Form these 2 countries allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FCC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
			Germany	
	Crack Willow	<i>Salix fragilis</i>	-	
	Qi Willow	<i>Salix integra</i>	-	
	Black willow	<i>Salix nigra</i>	-	
	Purple willow	<i>Salix purpurea</i>	-	
	Basket willow	<i>Salix viminalis</i>	-	
Xanthostemon	Golden penda	<i>Xanthostemon chrysanthus</i>	-	
Xylosma	Shiny xylosma	<i>Xylosma congesta</i>	-	

Yew	Yew	<i>Taxus baccata</i>	Russia	Protected in Russia. Sourcing from Russia is not allowed. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Zanthoxylum	Sichuan Pepper	<i>Zanthoxylum bungeanum</i>	-	
Zelkova	Japanese zelkova	<i>Zelkova serrata</i>	Japan	Protected in Kagoshima. Allowed only from FSC-COC-certified plantations established outside of natural habitats. Documents confirming wood origin are mandatory. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Bamboo	May Loi	<i>Ampelocalamus sonlaensis</i>	-	
Bamboo	Highland bamboo	<i>Arundinaria alpina</i>	-	
Bamboo	Highland bamboo	<i>Arundinaria fischeri</i>	-	
Bamboo	Highland bamboo	<i>Arundinaria tolange</i>	-	
Bamboo	Reed bamboo	<i>Bambusa arundinacea</i>	-	
Bamboo	Beema bamboo	<i>Bambusa balcooa</i>	-	
Bamboo	Indian thorny bamboo	<i>Bambusa bambos</i>	-	
Bamboo	Glaucos bamboo	<i>Bambusa glaucescens</i>	-	
Bamboo	Nodding bamboo	<i>Bambusa nutans</i>	-	
Bamboo	Bengal bamboo	<i>Bambusa tulda</i>	-	
Bamboo	Punting pole bamboo	<i>Bambusa tuldoidea</i>	-	
Bamboo	Square bamboo	<i>Chimonobambusa quadrangularis</i>	Vietnam	Protected in Vietnam. Not allowed for sourcing in Vietnam. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Bamboo	Giant bamboo	<i>Dendrocalamus asper</i>	-	
Bamboo	Velvet leaf bamboo	<i>Dendrocalamus brandisii</i>	-	
Bamboo	Waya bamboo	<i>Dendrocalamus membranaceus</i>	-	
Bamboo	Marihal bamboo	<i>Dendrocalamus stocksii</i>	-	
Bamboo	Calcutta bamboo	<i>Dendrocalamus strictus</i>	-	
Bamboo	Tail bamboo	<i>Gigantochloa apus</i>	-	
Bamboo	Java black bamboo	<i>Gigantochloa atrovioleacea</i>	-	
Bamboo	Narrowed bamboo	<i>Indosasa angustata</i>	-	
Bamboo	Dolu bamboo	<i>Schizostachyum dullooa</i>	-	

Bamboo	Adjacent bamboo	<i>Neosinocalamus affinis</i>	Vietnam	Protected in Vietnam. Not allowed for sourcing in Vietnam. The exception is given to plants coming from non-FSC-certified gardens and city parks, but the origin must be confirmed with documents.
Bamboo	Highland bamboo	<i>Oxytenanthera ruwensorensis</i>	-	
Bamboo	Madake bamboo	<i>Phyllostachys bambusoides</i>	-	
Bamboo	Moso bamboo	<i>Phyllostachys edulis</i>	-	
Bamboo	Iridescent bamboo	<i>Phyllostachys iridescens</i>	-	
Bamboo	Pubescent bamboo	<i>Phyllostachys pubescens</i>	-	
Bamboo	Tonkin bamboo	<i>Pseudosasa amabilis</i>	-	
Bamboo	Fungi bmboo	<i>Schizostachyum funghomii</i>	-	
Bamboo	Highland bamboo	<i>Sinarundinaria alpina</i>	-	
Bamboo	Thai bamboo	<i>Thyrsostachys siamensis</i>	-	
Bamboo	Olive tree bamboo	<i>Thyrsostachys oliveri</i>	-	
Bamboo	Highland bamboo	<i>Yushania alpina</i>	-	
			-	
Rattan	Common name	Latin name		Protection status. Sourcing conditions
Rattan	May cam	<i>Calamus fissilis</i>	-	
Rattan	May cam	<i>Calamus spiralis</i>	-	
Rattan	May cat	<i>Calamus viminalis</i>	-	
Rattan	May cat/Dang	<i>Calamus walkeri</i>	-	
Rattan	May chi	<i>Calamus dioicus</i>	-	
Rattan	May chi	<i>Calamus parvulus</i>	-	
Rattan	May dang	<i>Calamus walkeri</i>	-	
Rattan	May dang	<i>Calamus rhabdocladus</i>	-	
Rattan	May den	<i>Calamus yentuensis</i>	-	
Rattan	May nuoc/May Ga/May Mat	<i>Calamus centralis</i>	-	
Rattan	May gia	<i>Calamus ocreatus</i>	-	
Rattan	May nuoc/May cat/May heo	<i>Calamus mollispinus</i>	-	
Rattan	May heo	<i>Calamus dianbaiensis</i>	-	
Rattan	May la lieu	<i>Calamus salicifolius</i>	-	
Rattan	May mat cat	<i>Calamus acaulis</i>	-	
Rattan	May nep	<i>Calamus tetradactylus</i>	-	
Rattan	May nep	<i>Calamus henryanus</i>	-	
Rattan	May nuoc	<i>Calamus tenuis</i>	-	
Rattan	May nuoc/Cam	<i>Calamus fissilis</i>	-	
Rattan	May nuoc/Mat cat/	<i>Calamus acaulis</i>	-	

Rattan	May nuoc	<i>Calamus gracilis</i>	-	
Rattan	May nuoc	<i>Calamus flagellum</i>	-	
Rattan	May cat/May nuoc	<i>Calamus eugenei</i>	-	
Rattan	May nuoc	<i>Calamus melanochaetes</i>	-	
Rattan	May nuoc	<i>Calamus applanatus</i>	-	
Rattan	May phun	<i>Calamus bousigonii</i>	-	
Rattan	May ra	<i>Korthalsia minor</i>	-	
Rattan	May ra	<i>Korthalsia laciniosa</i>	-	
Rattan	May rac	<i>Calamus quangngaiensis</i>	-	
Rattan	May rac	<i>Calamus kontumensis</i>	-	
Rattan	May rut	<i>Plectocomiopsis geminiflora</i>	-	
Rattan	May song	<i>Plectocomia pierreana</i>	-	
Rattan	May song	<i>Plectocomia elongata</i>	-	
Rattan	May song	<i>Myrialepis paradoxa</i>	-	
Rattan	May cat/May song	<i>Calamus rudentum</i>	-	
Rattan	May sui	<i>Calamus nuichuaensis</i>	-	
Rattan	May tau	<i>Calamus latifolius</i>	-	
Rattan	May treo doi	<i>Calamus acanthospathus</i>	-	
Rattan	May tua	<i>Calamus thysanolepis</i>	-	
Rattan	May xanh	<i>Calamus lateralis</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan batang	<i>Calamus zollingeri</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan batang	<i>Calamus leptostachys</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan batang	<i>Calamus koordersianus</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan batang	<i>Calamus vinaceus</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan batang	<i>Calamus macropterus</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan batang	<i>Calamus lamprolepis</i>	-	
			-	
Rattan	Rotan batang susu	<i>Calamus validus</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan calapparia	<i>Calamus calapparius</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan ioheriana	<i>Calamus loherianus</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan Kubu	<i>Calamus trachycoleus</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan taman, sega, kubu, irit, taut, tut	<i>Calamus trachycoleus</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan Lambang	<i>Calamus calapparius</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan Lambang	<i>Calamus ornatus</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan lamprolepis	<i>Calamus lamprolepis</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan macropterus	<i>Calamus macropterus</i>	-	

Rattan	Rotan semambu, Uwei tantowu	<i>Calamus scipionum</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan taman, uwei sega	<i>Calamus caesius</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan taman, sega, kubu, irit, taut, tut	<i>Calamus caesius</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan taman, sega, kubu, irit, taut, tut	<i>Calamus pogonacanthus</i>	-	
Rattan	Rotan tohiti	<i>Calamus inops</i>	-	
Rattan	Toek khmum	<i>Calamus mellitus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwai Taut, Wi Tut	<i>Calamus pogonacanthus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Ahas	<i>Korthalsia cheb</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Batik	<i>Calamus subangulatus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Bujungan	<i>Calamus fissus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Bulu	<i>Calamus crinitus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Dahanen, Rotan Mea	<i>Korthalsia flagellaris</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Denpat	<i>Calamus oxycoccus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Duhi Rapat, Uwei Tunggal	<i>Calamus plicatus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Gelang	<i>Calamus collarifer</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei getah	<i>Calamus cristatus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Hanjaliwan	<i>Plectocomia elongata</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Jerenang	<i>Calamus micracanthus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Kambe	<i>Plectocomia mulleri</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Kijang	<i>Calamus blumei</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Lam	<i>Calamus sparsiflorus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Lapak Telu	<i>Plectocomiopsis triquetra</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Lilin	<i>Calamus javensis</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Mamuring	<i>Calamus flabellatus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Patung Bawi	<i>Calamus kiahii</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Putik	<i>Korthalsia rostrata</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Rongkong	<i>Korthalsia echinometra</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Tahatung	<i>Calamus kunstleri</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Taik Manuk	<i>Korthalsia paucijuga</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Taman	<i>Calamus optimus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei tap ah	<i>Calamus erioacanthus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Tap Ah	<i>Calamus pseudoulur</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei tikus	<i>Calamus concolor</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Tingkas	<i>Calamus geniculatus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwei Tunggal	<i>Calamus sabensis</i>	-	

Rattan	Uwei Tunggal	<i>Calamus spectatissimus</i>	-	
Rattan	Uwey Kelasi	<i>Calamus ater</i>	-	