

# Fire Alarm Control Panel FireWarden-100-2 FireWarden-100-2E Instruction Manual

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### Fire Alarm System Limitations

While a fire alarm system may lower insurance rates, it is not a substitute for fire insurance!

An automatic fire alarm system—typically made up of smoke detectors, heat detectors, manual pull stations, audible warning devices, and a fire alarm control panel with remote notification capability—can provide early warning of a developing fire. Such a system, however, does not assure protection against property damage or loss of life resulting from a fire.

The Manufacturer recommends that smoke and/or heat detectors be located throughout a protected premise following the recommendations of the current edition of the National Fire Protection Association Standard 72 (NFPA 72), manufacturer's recommendations, State and local codes, and the recommendations contained in the Guide for Proper Use of System Smoke Detectors, which is made available at no charge to all installing dealers. A study by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (an agency of the United States government) indicated that smoke detectors may not go off in as many as 35% of all fires. While fire alarm systems are designed to provide early warning against fire, they do not guarantee warning or protection against fire. A fire alarm system may not provide timely or adequate warning, or simply may not function, for a variety of reasons:

Smoke detectors may not sense fire where smoke cannot reach the detectors such as in chimneys, in or behind walls, on roofs, or on the other side of closed doors. Smoke detectors also may not sense a fire on another level or floor of a building. A second-floor detector, for example, may not sense a first-floor or basement fire.

**Particles of combustion or "smoke"** from a developing fire may not reach the sensing chambers of smoke detectors because:

- Barriers such as closed or partially closed doors, walls, or chimneys may inhibit particle or smoke flow.
- Smoke particles may become "cold," stratify, and not reach the ceiling or upper walls where detectors are located.
- Smoke particles may be blown away from detectors by air outlets.
- Smoke particles may be drawn into air returns before reaching the detector.

The amount of "smoke" present may be insufficient to alarm smoke detectors. Smoke detectors are designed to alarm at various levels of smoke density. If such density levels are not created by a developing fire at the location of detectors, the detectors will not go into alarm.

Smoke detectors, even when working properly, have sensing limitations. Detectors that have photoelectronic sensing chambers tend to detect smoldering fires better than flaming fires, which have little visible smoke. Detectors that have ionizing-type sensing chambers tend to detect fast-flaming fires better than smoldering fires. Because fires develop in different ways and are often unpredictable in their growth, neither type of detector is necessarily best and a given type of detector may not provide adequate warning of a fire.

Smoke detectors cannot be expected to provide adequate warning of fires caused by arson, children playing with matches (especially in bedrooms), smoking in bed, and violent explosions (caused by escaping gas, improper storage of flammable materials, etc.).

Heat detectors do not sense particles of combustion and alarm only when heat on their sensors increases at a predetermined rate or reaches a predetermined level. Rate-of-rise heat detectors may be subject to reduced sensitivity over time. For this reason, the rate-of-rise feature of each detector should be tested at least once per year by a qualified fire protection specialist. Heat detectors are designed to protect property, not life.

**IMPORTANT!** Smoke detectors must be installed in the same room as the control panel and in rooms used by the system for the connection of alarm transmission wiring, communications, signaling, and/or power. If detectors are not so located, a developing fire may damage the alarm system, crippling its ability to report a fire.

**Audible warning devices** such as bells may not alert people if these devices are located on the other side of closed or partly open doors or are located on another floor of a building. Any warning device may fail to alert people with a disability or those who have recently consumed drugs, alcohol or medication. Please note that:

- Strobes can, under certain circumstances, cause seizures in people with conditions such as epilepsy.
- Studies have shown that certain people, even when they
  hear a fire alarm signal, do not respond or comprehend the
  meaning of the signal. It is the property owner's responsibility to conduct fire drills and other training exercise to
  make people aware of fire alarm signals and instruct them
  on the proper reaction to alarm signals.
- In rare instances, the sounding of a warning device can cause temporary or permanent hearing loss.

A fire alarm system will not operate without any electrical power. If AC power fails, the system will operate from standby batteries only for a specified time and only if the batteries have been properly maintained and replaced regularly.

**Equipment used in the system** may not be technically compatible with the control panel. It is essential to use only equipment listed for service with your control panel.

**Telephone lines** needed to transmit alarm signals from a premise to a central monitoring station may be out of service or temporarily disabled. For added protection against telephone line failure, backup radio transmission systems are recommended.

The most common cause of fire alarm malfunction is inadequate maintenance. To keep the entire fire alarm system in excellent working order, ongoing maintenance is required per the manufacturer's recommendations, and UL and NFPA standards. At a minimum, the requirements of NFPA 72 shall be followed. Environments with large amounts of dust, dirt or high air velocity require more frequent maintenance. A maintenance agreement should be arranged through the local manufacturer's representative. Maintenance should be scheduled monthly or as required by National and/or local fire codes and should be performed by authorized professional fire alarm installers only. Adequate written records of all inspections should be kept.

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### **Installation Precautions**

Adherence to the following will aid in problem-free installation with long-term reliability:

WARNING - Several different sources of power can be connected to the fire alarm control panel. Disconnect all sources of power before servicing. Control unit and associated equipment may be damaged by removing and/or inserting cards, modules, or interconnecting cables while the unit is energized. Do not attempt to install, service, or operate this unit until manuals are read and understood.

CAUTION - System Re-acceptance Test after Software Changes: To ensure proper system operation, this product must be tested in accordance with NFPA 72 after any programming operation or change in site-specific software. Reacceptance testing is required after any change, addition or deletion of system components, or after any modification, repair or adjustment to system hardware or wiring. All components, circuits, system operations, or software functions known to be affected by a change must be 100% tested. In addition, to ensure that other operations are not inadvertently affected, at least 10% of initiating devices that are not directly affected by the change, up to a maximum of 50 devices, must also be tested and proper system operation verified.

**This system** meets NFPA requirements for operation at 0-49° C/32-120° F and at a relative humidity  $93\% \pm 2\%$  RH (noncondensing) at  $32^{\circ}$ C  $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C ( $90^{\circ}$ F  $\pm 3^{\circ}$ F). However, the useful life of the system's standby batteries and the electronic components may be adversely affected by extreme temperature ranges and humidity. Therefore, it is recommended that this system and its peripherals be installed in an environment with a normal room temperature of 15-27° C/60-80° F.

Verify that wire sizes are adequate for all initiating and indicating device loops. Most devices cannot tolerate more than a 10% I.R. drop from the specified device voltage.

Like all solid state electronic devices, this system may operate erratically or can be damaged when subjected to lightning induced transients. Although no system is completely immune from lightning transients and interference, proper grounding will reduce susceptibility. Overhead or outside aerial wiring is not recommended, due to an increased susceptibility to nearby lightning strikes. Consult with the Technical Services Department if any problems are anticipated or encountered

**Disconnect AC power and batteries** prior to removing or inserting circuit boards. Failure to do so can damage circuits.

Remove all electronic assemblies prior to any drilling, filing, reaming, or punching of the enclosure. When possible, make all cable entries from the sides or rear. Before making modifications, verify that they will not interfere with battery, transformer, or printed circuit board location.

**Do not tighten screw terminals** more than 9 in-lbs. Overtightening may damage threads, resulting in reduced terminal contact pressure and difficulty with screw terminal removal.

This system contains static-sensitive components. Always ground yourself with a proper wrist strap before handling any circuits so that static charges are removed from the body. Use static suppressive packaging to protect electronic assemblies removed from the unit.

**Follow the instructions** in the installation, operating, and programming manuals. These instructions must be followed to avoid damage to the control panel and associated equipment. FACP operation and reliability depend upon proper installation.

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### **FCC Warning**

**WARNING:** This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for class A computing devices pursuant to Subpart B of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which is designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when devices are operated in a commercial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his or her own expense.

#### **Canadian Requirements**

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class A limits for radiation noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le present appareil numerique n'emet pas de bruits radioelectriques depassant les limites applicables aux appareils numeriques de la classe A prescrites dans le Reglement sur le brouillage radioelectrique edicte par le ministere des Communications du Canada.

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It is imperative that the installer understand the requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) and be familiar with the standards set forth by the following regulatory agencies.

- · Underwriters Laboratories Standards
- NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm Code

### Before proceeding, the installer should be familiar with the following documents.



#### NFPA Standards

NFPA 72 National Fire Alarm Code NFPA 70 National Electrical Code



#### **Underwriters Laboratories Documents:**

UL 38 Manually Actuated Signaling Boxes

UL 217 Smoke Detectors, Single and Multiple Station

UL 228 Door Closers-Holders for Fire Protective Signaling Systems

UL 268 Smoke Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems

UL 268A Smoke Detectors for Duct Applications

UL 346 Waterflow Indicators for Fire Protective Signaling Systems

UL 464 Audible Signaling Appliances

UL 521 Heat Detectors for Fire Protective Signaling Systems

UL 864 Standard for Control Units for Fire Protective Signaling Systems

UL 1481 Power Supplies for Fire Protective Signaling Systems

UL 1610 Central Station Burglar Alarm Units

UL 1638 Visual Signaling Appliances

UL 1971 Signaling Devices for Hearing Impaired

#### Other:

EIA-232E Serial Interface Standard

EIA-485 Serial Interface Standard

**NEC Article 250 Grounding** 

NEC Article 300 Wiring Methods

NEC Article 760 Fire Protective Signaling Systems

Applicable Local and State Building Codes

Requirements of the Local Authority Having Jurisdiction (LAHJ)

#### **Notifier Documents:**

NotifierDevice Compatibility Document #15378

FireWarden SLC Wiring ManualDocument #52304

AFM-16AT & AFM-32ADocument #15048

AFM-16A AnnunciatorDocument #15207

ACS Series AnnunciatorsDocument #15842

CHG-120 Battery ChargerDocument #50641

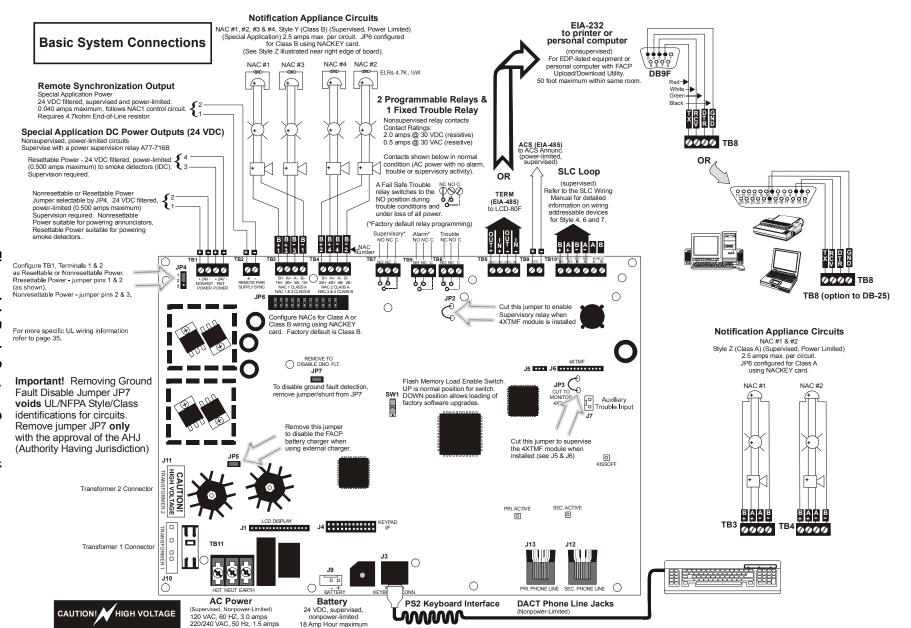
CHG-75 Battery ChargerDocument #51315

LDM Series Lamp Driver ModulesDocument #15885

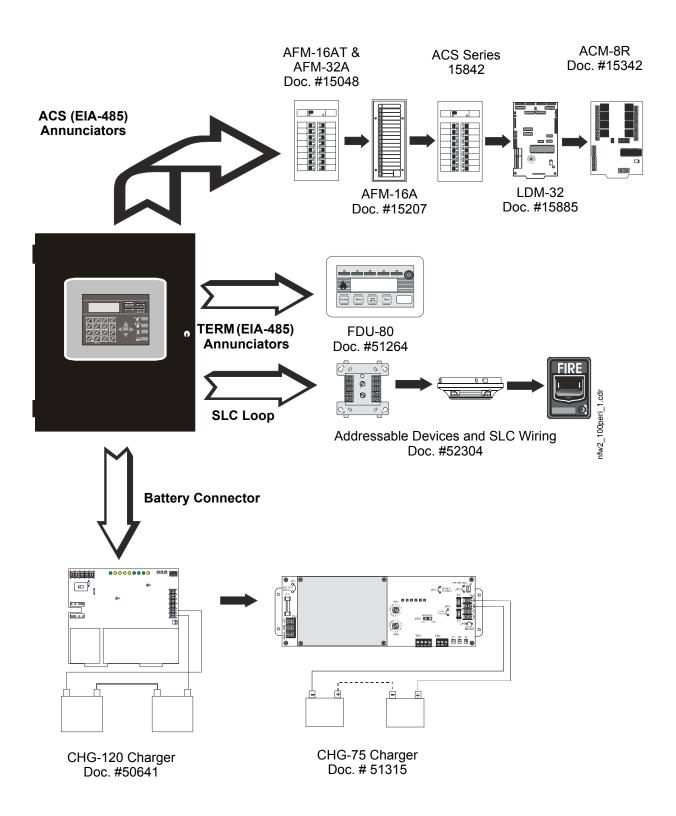
FDU-80 Remote Fire AnnunciatorDocument #51264

ACM-8R Relay Control ModuleDocument #15342

This product has been certified to comply with the requirements in the Standard for Control Units and Accessories for Fire Alarm Systems, UL 864, 9th Edition. Operation of this product with products not tested for UL 864, 9th Edition has not been evaluated. Such operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ)



#### **Peripheral Devices and Their Documents:**



### **Section 1: Product Description**

The NotifierFireWarden-100-2 is a combination FACP (Fire Alarm Control Panel) and DACT (Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter) all on one circuit board. This compact, cost effective, intelligent addressable control panel has an extensive list of powerful features which offer the latest in fire protection technology. The power supply and all electronics are contained on a single circuit board housed in a metal cabinet, providing a complete fire control system for most applications. Optional modules, which plug into the main circuit board, are available for special functions. Available accessories include LED, graphic and LCD annunciators, reverse polarity/city box transmitter, local and remote upload/download software and remote power expansion.

The integral DACT transmits system status (alarms, troubles, AC loss, etc.) to a Central Station via the public switched telephone network. It also allows remote and local programming of the control panel using the Programming Upload/Download utility. In addition, the control panel may be programmed or interrogated off-site via the public switched telephone network. Any personal computer with Windows<sup>TM</sup> 95 or greater, and compatible modem with a speed of 14.4 kbps or faster and Upload/Download software kit, may serve as a Service Terminal. This allows download of the entire program or upload of the entire program, history file, walktest data, current status and system voltages.



**NOTE:** The Notifier FireWarden-100-2 FACP (Fire Alarm Control Panel) will be referred to as the NFW2-100. Unless otherwise specified, the term NFW2-100 is used in this manual to refer to both the NFW2-100 (120 VAC version) and the NFW2-100E (240 VAC version) FACPs.

#### **Inventory**

When the NFW2-100 shipment is received, check to make certain that all parts have been included in the shipment. The NFW2-100 shipment should consist of one of each of the following:

- ✓ main circuit board with display, transformer and chassis
- ✓ backbox with door
- ✓ plastic bag containing screws, cables, key, etc.
- ✓ manual

### 1.1 Features and Options

- New LiteSpeed<sup>TM</sup> polling protocol for faster SLC response time
- SLC operates up to 10,000 ft. (3,000 m) with twisted, unshielded wire (refer to "Wire Requirements" on page 173)
- Built-in DACT (Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter)
- Single addressable SLC loop which meets NFPA Style 4, 6 and 7 requirements
- 198 addressable device capacity (99 detectors and 99 control/relay/monitor modules)
- 99 software zones
- Onboard NACs (Notification Appliance Circuits) which can be configured as four Style Y (Class B) or two Style Z (Class A) circuits - special application
- 3.0 amps total power for NACs and 24 VDC special application auxiliary power outputs expandable to 6.0 amps
- 3.6 amps total system power (includes battery charger) expandable to 6.6 amps
- Two programmable relay outputs and one fixed trouble relay
- Synchronization output for remote power supply applications (special application)
- Built-in Programmer
- Telephone Line Active LEDs

Product Description Specifications

- Communication Confirmation (Kissoff) LED
- · Touchtone/Rotary dialing
- · Programmable Make/Break Ratio
- EIA-232 Printer/PC interface (variable baud rate)
- 80-character LCD display (backlit)
- · Real-time clock/calendar with daylight savings time control
- History file with 1,000 event capacity
- Advanced fire technology features:
  - ✓ Automatic drift compensation
  - ✓ Maintenance alert
  - ✓ Detector sensitivity test capability (NFPA 72 compliant)
  - ✓ Automatic device type-code verification
  - ✓ Point trouble identification
- · Waterflow selection per module point
- · Alarm verification selection per detector point
- Walktest, silent or audible
- PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) and Pre-signal per point (NFPA 72 compliant)
- Silence inhibit timer option per NAC
- Autosilence timer option per NAC
- Continuous, March Time, Temporal or California code for main circuit board NACs with two-stage capability
- Selectable strobe synchronization per NAC
- Remote Acknowledge, Alarm Silence, Reset and Drill via addressable modules, AFM annunciators or FDU-80 Remote annunciator
- Auto-program (learn mode) reduces installation time. Reports two devices set to the same address
- · Password and key-protected nonvolatile memory
- User programmable password
- Fully programmable from local keypad or optional keyboard
- Upload/Download (local or remote) of program and data via integral DACT
- Compatible with FireWarden's addressable devices (refer to the FireWarden SLC Wiring Manual for a list of compatible addressable devices)
- Optional 4XTM module (conventional reverse polarity/city box transmitter)
- · Annunciators:
  - ✓ ACS Series-LED Zone Annunciators
  - ✓ LDM Graphic Annunciator Series
  - ✓ FDU-80 Liquid Crystal Display point annunciator
  - ✓ ACM-8R Relay Module

### 1.2 Specifications

Refer to Figure 1.1 on page 9 for terminal locations and connections.

AC Power - TB11

NFW2-100: 120 VAC, 60 Hz, 3.0 amps NFW2-100E: 240 VAC, 50 Hz, 1.5 amps

Wire size: minimum 14 AWG (2.00 mm<sup>2</sup>) with 600 V insulation

Specifications Product Description

#### Battery (Lead Acid Only) - J9

Maximum Charging Circuit: Normal Flat Charge - 27.6 VDC @ 0.80 amp

Maximum Battery Charger Capacity: 18 Amp Hour (NFW2-100 cabinet holds maximum of two 18 Amp Hour batteries. For greater than 25 Amp Hour up to 120 Amp Hour batteries, use the CHG-75 or CHG-120 Battery Charger and NFS-LBB Battery Box.

Note: Jumper JP5, on the FACP main circuit board, must be removed to disable the FACP battery charger when using an external battery charger.

### **Communication Loop - TB10**

24 VDC nominal, 27.6 VDC maximum

Maximum length is 10,000 ft. (3,000 m) total twisted, unshielded pair length

Maximum loop current is 400 mA (short circuit) or 100 mA (normal)

Maximum loop resistance is 40 ohms

Supervised and power-limited circuit requires ferrite bead per FCC requirement

Refer to FireWarden SLC Loop manual for wiring information

#### **Notification Appliance Circuits - TB3 & TB4**

Each Terminal Block provides connections for two Style Y (Class B) or one Style Z (Class A) for a total of Four Style Y (Class B) or two Style Z (Class A) NACs

Style is configured using NACKEY card plugged into JP6 on main board

Special Application full-wave rectified power

Power-limited circuitry

Maximum voltage drop in wiring: 2.0 VDC

Nominal operating voltage: 24 VDC

Current-limit: fuseless, electronic, power-limited circuitry

Maximum signaling current per circuit: 2.5 amps (see Figure 1.2 on page 14)

End-of-Line Resistor: 4.7 k ohm, ½ watt (P/N 71252 UL listed) for Style Y (Class B) NAC

Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for listed compatible devices

#### Two Programmable Relays and One Fixed Trouble Relay - TB5, TB6 & TB7

Contact rating: 2.0 amps @ 30 VDC (resistive), 0.5 amps @ 30 VAC (resistive)

Form-C relays

Refer to Figure 2.6 on page 28 for information on power-limited relay circuit wiring

# Nonresettable Special Application Power (24 VDC Nominal) - TB1, Terminals 1 (+) & 2 (-)

Jumper selectable (JP4) for conversion to resettable power output

Maximum ripple voltage: 10mV<sub>RMS</sub>

Total DC current available from each output is up to 0.5 amps (see Figure 1.2)

Power-limited circuit requires ferrite bead per FCC requirements

# Four-Wire Resettable Special Application Smoke Detector Power (24 VDC nominal) - TB3, Terminals 3 (+) & 4 (-)

Maximum ripple voltage: 10 mV<sub>RMS</sub>

Up to 0.5 amps is available for powering 4-wire smoke detectors (see Figure 1.2)

Power-limited circuit requires ferrite bead per FCC requirements

Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for listed compatible devices

#### Remote Sync Output - TB2

Remote power supply synchronization output

24 VDC nominal special application power

Maximum current is 40 mA

End-of-Line Resistor: 4.7k ohm

Output linked to NAC 1 control

Supervised and power-limited circuit requires ferrite bead per FCC requirements

Product Description Specifications

#### **EIA-485 (TERM) or EIA-232 (ACS) - TB8**

EIA-485 Terminal Mode annunciator connections: Terminal 1 (Out +), 2 (In +), 3 (Out -), 4 (In -)

EIA-232 PC/Printer applications connections: Terminal 1 (Transmit), 2 (Receive), 3 (Ground)

#### EIA-485 (ACS) - TB9

ACS annunciator connector, Terminal 1 (+) and Terminal 2 (-), requires ferrite bead

### 1.2.1 Current Availability

The following figure illustrates the maximum current that is possible for each panel circuit and the total current available from the FACP with optional second transformer.

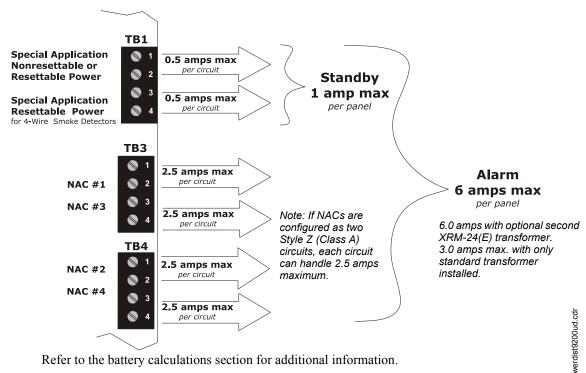


Figure 1.2 Current Availability

Controls and Indicators Product Description

### 1.3 Controls and Indicators

#### **LCD Display**

The FACP uses an 80-character (4 lines X 20 characters) high viewing angle LCD display. The display includes a long life LED backlight that remains illuminated. If AC power is lost and the system is not in alarm, the LED backlight will turn off to conserve batteries.

HONEYWELL LIFE SAFETY SYSTEM ALL NORMAL JO:OOA OJZJOL

#### **LED Indicators**

LED indicators are provided to annunciate the following conditions:

- AC Power (green)
- Fire Alarm (red)
- Supervisory (yellow)
- Trouble (yellow)
- Maintenance/presignal (yellow)
- Alarm Silenced signals (yellow)
- Disabled (yellow)
- Battery fault (yellow)
- Ground fault (yellow)

#### **Key Panel**

Mounted on the main circuit board, the key panel includes a window for the LCD display and LED indicators as listed above. The key panel, which is visible with the cabinet door closed, has 25 keys, including a 16 key alpha-numeric pad similar to a telephone keypad.

Function keys:

- · Acknowledge/Step
- · Alarm Silence
- Drill
- Reset (lamp test)

Service/program keys:

- Keys labeled 1 to 9
- \* key
- # key
- 0 (recall) key
- 1st Event key
- · Clear key
- Escape key
- · Mode key
- Four cursor keys (up, down, left and right)
- Enter key

#### **Local Piezo Sounder**

A piezo sounder provides separate and distinct pulse rates for alarm, trouble and supervisory conditions.

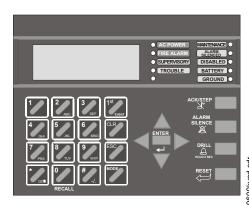


Figure 1.3 Membrane/Display Panel

Product Description Circuits

### 1.4 Circuits

#### **SLC Communication Loop**

One SLC loop is provided standard on the FACP main circuit board. The SLC loop, configurable for NFPA Style 4, 6 or 7, provides communication to addressable detectors, monitor (initiating device) and control (output device) modules. Refer to the FireWarden SLC Wiring manual for information on wiring devices.

#### **Output Circuits**

The following output circuits are available on the FACP:

- Special Application Power
  - ✓ 24 VDC Resettable (smoke detector power) output 0.5 amps maximum
  - ✓ 24 VDC Nonresettable or Resettable power output 0.5 amps maximum
- 24 VDC Battery Charger (up to 18 AH batteries)

#### **NAC (Notification Appliance Circuits)**

NACs configurable for four Style Y (Class B) or two Style Z (Class A) using NACKEY card in JP6, are provided with various programmable features.

#### Relays

One fixed and two fully programmable Form-C dry contact relays are provided. The fixed fail-safe relay monitors system trouble and the two programmable relays are factory default programmed for system alarm and system supervisory. Contacts are rated 2.0 amps @ 30 VDC (resistive) and 0.5 amps @ 30 VAC (resistive). The programmable relays can be programmed for the following operations:

- · fire alarm
- trouble
- · supervisory
- · supervisory auto-resettable
- · DACT communication failure
- · process monitor
- process monitor auto-resettable
- hazard alert
- · medical alert
- AC loss

### 1.5 Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter

Two modular phone jacks allow easy connection to telephone lines. Modular jacks are labeled PH1 for Primary Phone Line and PH2 for Secondary Phone Line. Two telephone line active red LEDs are provided as well as a green Kissoff LED. The integral digital communicator provides the following functions:

- Line Seizure: takes control of the phone lines disconnecting any premises phones
- Off/On Hook: performs on and off-hook status to the phone lines
- Listen for dial tone: 440 Hz tone typical in most networks
- Dialing the Central Station(s) number: default is Touch-Tone®, programmable to rotary
- For tone burst or touchtone type formats: discern proper *Ack* and *Kissoff* tone(s). The frequency and time duration of the tone(s) varies with the transmission format. The control panel will adjust accordingly.
- Communicate in the following formats:

Components Product Description

- ✓ 12 Tone Burst types: 20 pps (3+1, 4+1, 4+2, 3+1 Exp., 4+1 Exp., 4+2 Exp.)
- ✓ 3 Touchtone Types 4+1 Ademco Express 4+2 Ademco Express Ademco Contact ID

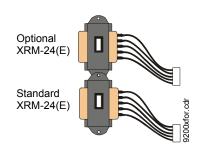
### 1.6 Components

#### Main Circuit Board

The main circuit board contains the system's CPU, power supply, other primary components and wiring interface connectors. The 4XTM option module plugs in and is mounted to the main circuit board.

#### Cabinet

The NFW2-100 backbox provides space for two batteries (up to 18 Amp Hour). Ample knockouts are provided for system wiring. Also available is an optional dress panel (DP-9692B), which mounts to the inside of the cabinet. The dress panel must be installed to meet FM requirements.

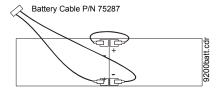


#### **Transformer Assembly**

One 100VA transformer is provided standard with the panel (3.6 amps maximum). An optional 100 VA transformer XRM-24 (XRM-24E for the NFW2-100E) is available to provide maximum system and accessory power (6.6 amp total).

#### **Batteries**

The NFW2-100 cabinet provides space for two batteries (up to 18 Amp Hour). Batteries larger than 18 Amp Hour require an external charger such as the CHG-75 or CHG-120 and a UL listed battery box such as the NFS-LBB. Batteries must be ordered separately.



### 1.6.1 Intelligent Addressable Detectors

Intelligent, addressable detectors provide information to the control panel on an SLC Signaling Line Circuit (refer to the FireWarden SLC Wiring Manual for detailed information on device installation, wiring and operation). This allows the control panel to continually process the information to determine the status (alarm, trouble, maintenance or normal) of each detector. Each detector responds to an SLC address that is set in the detector head using built-in rotary decimal switches. The maximum address cannot exceed address 99. Note that a blinking LED on an intelligent detector indicates communication between the detector and the control panel.

These devices can operate in CLIP mode (Classic Loop Interface Protocol) or LiteSpeed mode to provide a quicker response. Refer to the FireWarden SLC Wiring Manual for a list of compatible addressable detectors.

### 1.6.2 Intelligent Addressable Modules

Control Modules and Monitor Modules provide an interface between the control panel and conventional notification and initiating devices. Each module can be set to respond to an address with built-in rotary switches. The maximum address cannot exceed address 99. Note that a blinking LED on an addressable module indicates communication between the module and the control panel.

Product Description Optional Modules

These devices can operate in CLIP mode (Classic Loop Interface Protocol) or LiteSpeed mode to provide a quicker response. Refer to the FireWarden SLC Wiring Manual for a list of compatible addressable modules. Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for a list of approved conventional notification and initiating devices.

### 1.6.3 Addressable Device Accessories

#### **End-of-Line Resistor Assembly**

The End-of-Line resistors are included with each module. Refer to the specific module documentation for specific information.

#### **Power Supervision Relay**

The UL listed End-of-Line power supervision relay is used to supervise the power to 4-wire smoke detectors and notification appliances.

#### **N-ELR Mounting Plate**

The N-ELR is a single End-of-Line resistor plate. An ELR, which is supplied with each module and fire alarm control panel, is mounted to the ELR plate. Resistors mounted to the N-ELR plate can be used for the supervision of a monitor and control module circuit.

### 1.7 Optional Modules

The NFW2-100 main circuit board includes option module connectors for the following module:

#### **4XTM Transmitter Module**

The 4XTM provides a supervised output for local energy municipal box transmitter, alarm and trouble reverse polarity. It includes a disable switch and disable trouble LED. A jumper on the module is used to select an option which allows the reverse polarity circuit to open with a system trouble condition if no alarm condition exists. The module plugs into connectors J5 and J6 which are located near the right edge the main circuit board. When the 4XTM module is installed, Jumper JP3, on the main circuit board, must be cut to allow supervision of the module.

### 1.8 Accessories

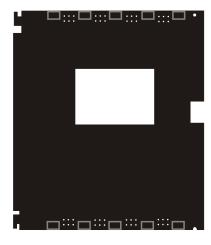
### 1.8.1 VeriFire Warden Programming Utility

The VeriFire Warden Programming Utility (P/N VFWARDEN-CD) can be used to program an NFW2-100 directly from most IBM compatible computers, including laptops and portables, equipped with a serial port. NFW2-100 program files can also be created and stored on the PC and then downloaded to the control panel. The VeriFire Warden Kit includes the NFW2-100 Windowsbased Programming Utility software on CD-ROM with on-line help file. A serial cable (P/N: PRT/PK-CABLE), which must be purchased separately, is required for connection of the PC to the RS-232 (PC/Printer) terminals at TB8 of the NFW2-100 main circuit board. Refer to the illustration on page 10 and the section titled "Printer/PC" on page 36, for the location and connections to this terminal.

### 1.8.2 Dress Panel

An optional dress panel DP-9692B is available for the NFW2-100. The dress panel restricts access to the system wiring while allowing access to the key panel. A ground strap must be connected between the stud on the inside of the dress panel and the ground stud in the backbox. The dress panel must be installed to meet FM requirements.

Accessories Product Description



ofw2.cdr

### 1.8.3 Battery Box

#### **NFS-LBB**

The NFS-LBB battery box may be used to house two 25 AH batteries, two 60 AH batteries or one 100 AH battery. When the CHG-120 is mounted in the NFS-LBB, two 25 AH or one 60 AH battery may also be housed in the battery box.

### 1.8.4 Battery Charger

### **CHG-75 Battery Charger**

The CHG-75 is capable of charging up to 75 AH lead-acid batteries with the NFW2-100 FACP. The FACP battery charger must be disabled, by removing jumper JP5, when using the CHG-75. The charger and up to 26 AH batteries can be housed in the BB-26 battery box. Larger batteries and the charger can be housed in the NFS-LBB battery box which can be mounted up to 20 feet away from the control panel. Refer to the CHG-75 Manual for additional information.

### CHG-120 Battery Charger

The CHG-120 is capable of charging up to 120 AH lead-acid batteries with the NFW2-100 FACP. The FACP battery charger must be disabled, by removing jumper JP5, when using the CHG-120. The batteries and charger can be housed in the NFS-LBB battery box which can be mounted up to 20 feet away from the control panel. Note that when using the NFS-LBB for housing the charger and batteries greater than 25AH, multiple NFS-LBBs are required. Refer to the CHG-120 Manual for additional information.

### 1.8.5 Annunciators

### **ACS Series LED Zone Type Annunciators**

The ACS Series Annunciators remotely display alarm and trouble status as well as system status. In addition, they can provide remote Acknowledge, Silence, Reset and Drill functions. For more detailed information, refer to the appropriate annunciator manual. Following is a list of annunciators which can be used with the NFW2-100.

- ACM-16AT Annunciator Control Module annunciates 16 zones with 16 red alarm LEDs and 16 yellow trouble LEDs. In addition, it has a System Trouble LED, an On Line/Power LED and a local piezo sounder. It also has switches for FACP Acknowledge, Silence, Reset and Drill. It has rotary address switches and will accept up to three AEM-16AT Expanders.
- AEM-16AT Annunciator Expander Module annunciates 16 zones with 16 red alarm LEDs and 16 yellow trouble LEDs

Product Description Getting Started

• AFM-16AT Annunciator Fixed Module annunciates 16 zones with 16 red alarm LEDs and 16 yellow trouble LEDs. In addition, it has a System Trouble LED, an On Line/Power LED and a local piezo sounder. It also has switches for FACP Acknowledge, Silence, Reset and Drill. It is fixed at address '1.'

- ACM-32A Annunciator Control Module annunciates 32 alarm zones with 32 red LEDs. In addition, it has a System Trouble LED, an On Line/Power LED and a local piezo sounder. It also has a switch for local piezo silence. It has rotary address switches and will accept one AEM-32A Expander.
- AEM-32A Annunciator Expander Module annunciates 32 alarm zones with 32 red LEDs
- **AFM-16A** Annunciator Fixed Module annunciates 16 alarm zones with 16 red alarm LEDs. In addition, it has a System Trouble LED, an On Line/Power LED and a local piezo sounder. It also has a switch for local piezo silence. It is fixed at address '1.'
- AFM-32A Annunciator Fixed Module annunciates 32 alarm zones with 32 red LEDs.

#### **FDU-80 Remote Fire Annunciator**

The FDU-80 annunciator is a compact 80-character backlit LCD remote fire annunciator that is capable of displaying English language text. It mimics the display on the control panel and will annunciate device type, point alarm, trouble or supervisory condition, zone assignment plus any custom alpha labels programmed into the FACP. The annunciator also provides system status LEDs to display AC Power, Alarm, Trouble, Supervisory and Alarm Silenced conditions. Additionally, the FDU-80 is capable of remotely performing critical system functions such as Acknowledge, Silence, Reset and Drill.

Communications between the control panel and the annunciator is accomplished over a serial interface employing the EIA-485 communication standard. Up to 32 FDU-80 annunciators may be connected to the EIA-485 circuit. The annunciators may be powered from the host FACP or a remote UL listed filtered power supply such as the FCPS Series. For more detailed information, refer to the FDU-80 manual.

#### LDM Series Lamp Driver Modules (Graphic Annunciator)

The LDM Series Lamp Driver Modules, which consist of the LDM-32 master and LDM-E32 expander modules, are used to provide an interface to a custom graphic LED annunciator. The master module provides power and control for a maximum of three expander modules. The LDM-32 and LDM-E32 have output connectors which are used to drive lamps or LEDs and input connectors which are used for remote switch functions. Refer to the LDM Series Lamp Driver Modules manual for a complete description.

### 1.9 Getting Started

The following is a brief summary of the minimal steps involved in bringing an NFW2-100 on-line:

- Install Backbox and Main Circuit Board (refer to "Mounting the Backbox" on page 23)
- Address and Install Intelligent Devices (refer to the FireWarden SLC Wiring Manual)
- Enter Autoprogramming (refer to "Autoprogram" on page 44)
- Resolve Programming Conflicts
- Go to Point Program to Enter Specific Data (refer to "Point Program" on page 44). Use the right and left arrow keys to navigate between devices.

### 1.10 Telephone Requirements and Warnings

### 1.10.1 Telephone Circuitry

Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) = 0.0B AC Impedance: 10.0 Mega Ohm Complies with FCC Part 68
Mates with RJ31X Male Connector

Supervision Threshold: less than 4.0 volts for 2 minutes

The REN is used to determine the quantity of devices which may be connected to the telephone line. Excessive RENs on the telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most, but not all areas, the sum of the RENs should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to the line as determined by the total RENs, contact the telephone company to determine the maximum REN for the calling area.

### 1.10.2 Digital Communicator

Before connecting the control panel to the public switched telephone network, the installation of two RJ31X jacks is necessary. If trouble is experienced with this equipment, for repair or warranty information, please contact:

Manufacturer: Notifier

12 Clintonville Road Northford, CT 06472 (203) 484-7161

Product Model Number: FireWarden-100-2

FCC Registration Number: US:1W6AL00B9200UD

Ringer Equivalence: 0.0B



**NOTE:** This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules and the requirements adopted by the ACTA. On the inside of the FACP door is a label that contains, among other information, a product identifier in the format **US:AAAEQ##TXXXX**. If requested, this number must be provided to the telephone company.

Alarm dialing equipment must be able to seize the telephone line and place a call in an emergency situation. It must be able to do this even if other equipment (telephone, answering system, computer modem, etc.) already has the telephone line in use. To do so, alarm dialing equipment must be connected to a properly installed RJ31X jack that is electrically in series with and ahead of all other equipment attached to the same telephone line. If there are any questions concerning these instructions, consult the telephone company or a qualified installer about installing the RJ31X jack and alarm dialing equipment. Refer to "Digital Communicator" on page 33 for an illustration of the proper installation of this equipment.

*Important!* The DACT must <u>not</u> be used to dial a phone number that is call-forwarded per requirements of UL 864 9th Edition.

### 1.10.3 Telephone Company Rights and Warnings

The telephone company, under certain circumstances, may temporarily discontinue services and/or make changes in its facilities, services, equipment or procedures which may affect the operation of this control panel. However, the telephone company is required to give advance notice of such changes or interruptions.

If the control panel causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company reserves the right to temporarily discontinue service. Advance notification will be provided except in cases when advance notice is not practical. In such cases, notification will be provided as soon as possible. The opportunity will be given to correct any problems and to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

DO NOT CONNECT THIS PRODUCT TO COIN TELEPHONE, GROUND START, OR PARTY LINE SERVICES.

When the control panel activates, premise phones will be disconnected.

Two separate phone lines are required. Do not connect both telephone interfaces to the same telephone line.

The control panel must be connected to the public switched telephone network upstream (as first device) of any private telephone system at the protected premises.

A plug and jack used to connect this equipment to the premises wiring and telephone network must comply with the applicable FCC Part 68 rules and requirements adopted by ACTA. This equipment is designed to be connected to the telephone network or premises wiring using a compliant RJ31X male modular plug and compatible modular jack that is also compliant.

### **Section 2: Installation**

The cabinet may be either semi-flush or surface mounted. The cabinet mounts using two key slots and two 0.250" (6.35 mm) diameter holes located in the backbox. The key slots are located at the top of the backbox and the two securing holes at the bottom.

Carefully unpack the system and check for shipping damage. Mount the cabinet in a clean, dry, vibration-free area where extreme temperatures are not encountered. The area should be readily accessible with sufficient room to easily install and maintain the panel. Locate the top of the cabinet approximately 5 feet (1.5 m) above the floor with the hinge mounting on the left. Determine the number of conductors required for the devices to be installed. Sufficient knockouts are provided for wiring convenience. Select the appropriate knockout(s) and pull the conductors into the box. All wiring should be in accordance with the National and/or Local codes for fire alarm systems.

### 2.1 Mounting the Backbox



#### **CAUTION:**

The circuit board contains static-sensitive components. Always ground yourself with a proper wrist strap before handling any boards so that static charges are removed from the body. Use static suppressive packaging to protect electronic assemblies.

To prevent damage to the circuit board and to facilitate backbox mounting, the chassis with main circuit board and transformer can be easily removed. Loosen the two 3/8" nuts securing the top flanges of the chassis, then slide the chassis up to free it from the lower tabs. Place the chassis assembly in a safe location until it can be reinstalled in the backbox.

- Mark and predrill hole in the wall for the center top keyhole mounting bolt using the dimensions illustrated in Figure 2.3 on page 25
- Install center top fastener in the wall with the screw head protruding
- Place backbox over the top screw, level and secure
- Mark and drill the left and right upper and lower mounting holes
   Note: outer holes (closest to sidewall) are used for 16" O.C. stud mounting
- Install remaining fasteners and tighten

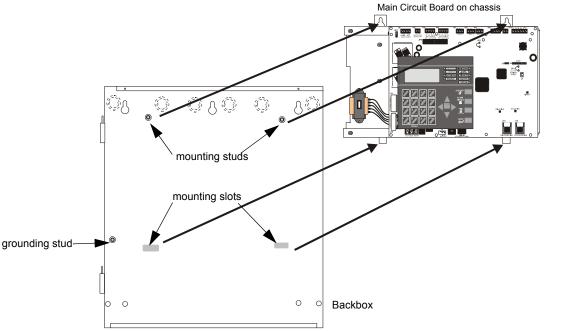


Figure 2.1 NFW2-100 Chassis Removal

Installation Mounting the Assembly

### 2.2 Mounting the Assembly

One XRM-24(E) transformer is supplied standard with the control panel. An optional second XRM-24(E) transformer can be ordered and installed to provide maximum system power. Install the transformers in the locations indicated in the following illustration.

- 1. When the location is dry and free of construction dust, install the chassis/transformer/circuit board assembly.
- 2. Mount the chassis to the backbox by aligning the two mounting tabs with the slots in the backbox, then position the two mounting hole tabs over the studs with nuts located in the upper portion of the backbox.
- 3. Slide the tabs located on the bottom of the chassis into the mounting slots in the backbox by pressing the chassis down.
- 4. Secure the chassis to the backbox by tightening the two mounting nuts (#10-32) at the top, and to ensure proper grounding, use a 3/8" nut driver or socket.
- 5. If the main circuit board is not already attached to the chassis, install it by positioning the ten mounting holes over the studs on the chassis and secure with the supplied screws.
- 6. Connect the Standard XRM-24(E) Transformer plug to Transformer 1 Connector J10 on the FACP main circuit board
- 7. Connect the Optional XRM-24(E) Transformer plug to Transformer 2 Connector J11 on the FACP main circuit board.
- 8. Complete the installation as detailed in the following sections.

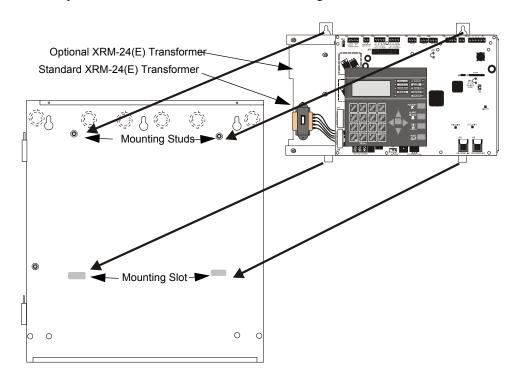


Figure 2.2 NFW2-100 Main Board/Chassis Installation

Mounting the Assembly Installation

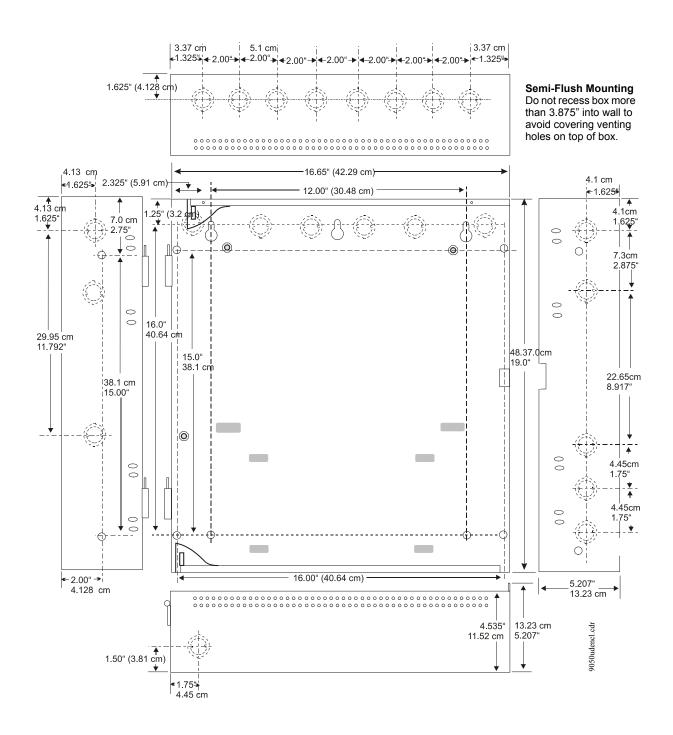


Figure 2.3 NFW2-100 Cabinet Mounting

Installation Mounting the Assembly

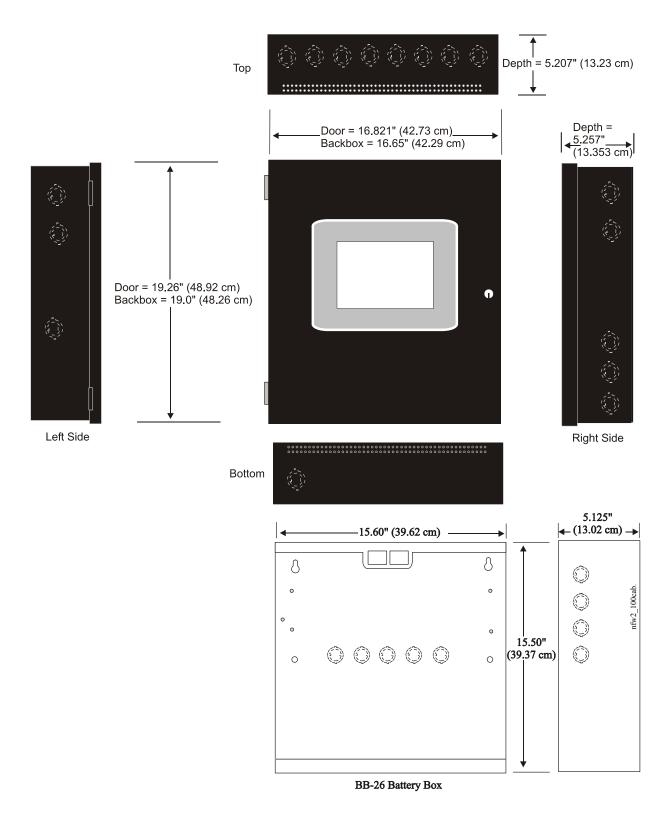


Figure 2.4 NFW2-100 Cabinet Dimensions

Power Installation

### 2.3 Power



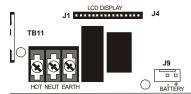


#### **WARNING:**

Several different sources of power can be connected to this panel. Disconnect all sources of power before servicing. The panel and associated equipment may be damaged by removing and/or inserting cards, modules or interconnecting cables while this unit is energized.

### 2.3.1 AC Power and Earth Ground Connection

Primary power required for the FACP is 120 VAC, 60 Hz, 3.0 amps for the NFW2-100 or 240 VAC, 50 Hz, 1.5 amps for the NFW2-100E. Overcurrent protection for this circuit must comply with Article 760 of the National Electrical Code (NEC) and/or local codes. Use 14 AWG (2.00 mm²) or larger wire with 600 volt insulation rating. Make certain that the AC mains circuit breaker is off before wiring any connections

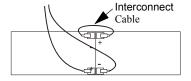


between the mains and the control panel. Connect wiring from the AC mains to TB11 on the FACP, being careful to observe proper connections.

Connect a wire from the grounding stud in the cabinet to a known solid earth ground in the building. Refer to Figure 2.1 on page 23 for location of the stud. This connection is vital for maintaining the control panel's immunity to unwanted transients generated by lightning and electrostatic discharge. Apply AC power to the panel only after the system is completely installed and visually checked. *Note that AC power must be applied to the panel before installing the battery interconnect cable (refer to the following section).* 

### 2.3.2 Battery Power

Before connecting the batteries to the FACP, make certain that the interconnect cable between the batteries is <u>not</u> connected. Do not connect the interconnect cable until the system is completely installed. Observe polarity when connecting the



batteries. Connect the battery cable to J9 on the main circuit board. Refer "Power Supply Calculations" on page 158, for calculation of the correct battery rating.



#### **WARNING:**

Battery contains sulfuric acid which can cause severe burns to the skin and eyes and can destroy fabrics. If contact is made with sulfuric acid, immediately flush the skin or eyes with water for 15 minutes and seek immediate medical attention.

Installation Relays

### 2.3.3 Special Application DC Power Output Connection

All Special Application DC power outputs are power-limited and require a ferrite bead per FCC requirements (refer to "UL Power-limited Wiring Requirements" on page 32).

Figure 2.5 Special Application Power Outputs - 24 VDC

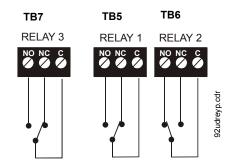
### 2.4 Relays

The FACP provides two programmable Form-C relays and one fixed fail-safe Form-C trouble relay, all with contacts rated for 2.0 amps @ 30 VDC (resistive) or 0.5 amps @ 30 VAC (resistive).



**NOTE:** Note that relay connections may be power-limited or nonpower-limited, provided that 0.25" spacing is maintained between conductors of power-limited and nonpower-limited circuits. Refer to UL Power-limited wiring requirements.

Note that the programmable relay labeled as Relay 1 is factory default programmed as Alarm and programmable Relay 3 is factory default programmable as Supervisory. The relay labeled Relay 2 is fixed as a Trouble relay and cannot be changed. It is a fail-safe relay which will transfer on any trouble or total power failure.



Relay contacts shown <u>with</u> power applied to panel and no active troubles, alarms or supervisories

Figure 2.6 Relay Terminals

### 2.5 Notification Appliance Circuits

The control panel provides four Style Y (Class B) or two Style Z (Class A) NACs (Notification Appliance Circuits). Each circuit is capable of 2.5 amps of current. Total current in alarm for all external devices cannot exceed 6.0 amps (refer to "Calculating the System Current Draw" on page 158). Use UL listed 24 VDC notification appliances only. Circuits are supervised and power-limited. Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for a listing of compatible notification appliances. The NACs, which are located on the main circuit board, may be expanded via the FCPS Series field charger/power supplies.

The following sections describe the configuration and wiring of Style Y and Style Z Notification Appliance Circuits on the NFW2-100 main circuit board. The NACs are configured for Style Y (Class B) from the factory. Refer to "Configuring NACs" on page 29 for information on changing the NAC configuration to Style Z (Class A).

### 2.5.1 Configuring NACs

The Notification Appliance Circuits on the main circuit board are configured for Style Y (Class B) or Style Z (Class A) by properly orienting the NACKEY card in JP6 which is located at the top of the main circuit board near the NAC terminal blocks TB3 and TB4. The default configuration is for Style Y (Class B). Refer to Figure 2.7 for information on installing the NACKEY card.

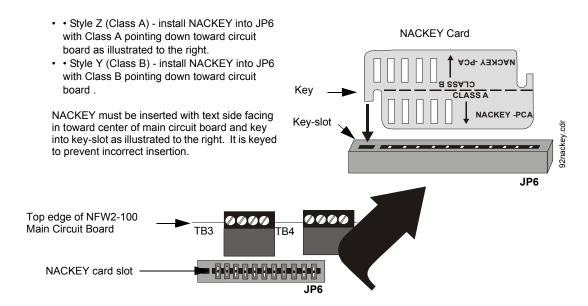


Figure 2.7 NAC Configuration Using NACKEY

## 2.5.2 Style Y (Class B) NAC Wiring

4 Style Y (Class B) Notification Appliance Circuits, supervised and power-limited - 4.7 k ohm, ½ watt P/N:71252 UL listed

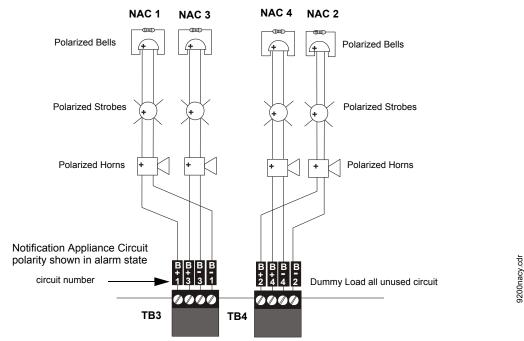


Figure 2.8 NAC Style Y (Class B) Wiring

### 2.5.3 Style Z (Class A) NAC Wiring

2 Style Z (Class A) Notification Appliance Circuits, supervised and power-limited

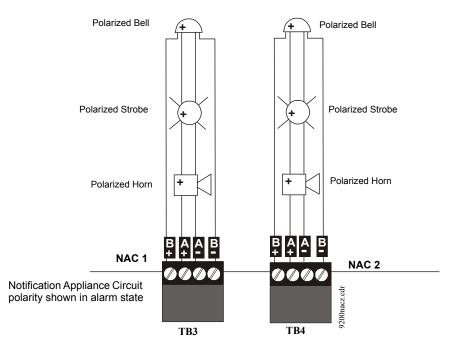


Figure 2.9 NAC Style Z (Class A) Wiring

### 2.6 Remote Synchronization Output

Synchronization is a feature that controls the activation of notification appliances in such a way that all devices will turn on and off at exactly the same time. This is particularly critical when activating strobes which must be synchronized to avoid random activation and a potential hazard to individuals. Devices connected directly to the control panel's NACs can be synchronized as described in "Type" on page 85.

Notification appliances connected to remote power sources may require synchronization with the FACP's devices. This can be accomplished by connecting the Remote Synchronization Output from TB2 of the NFW2-100 to a compatible sync input of a power supply such as the FCPS-24S6/8. The 24 VDC, 40 mA signal from TB2 follows, that is mimics, the signal on NAC1. This allows the devices connected to the power supply to be synchronized with the devices connected to NAC1 on the FACP.

The Remote Synchronization Output is power-limited and supervised and requires a ferrite bead (refer to "UL Power-limited Wiring Requirements" on page 32). A 4.7 kW ELR resistor must be connected to the end of the wiring at the remote power supply.

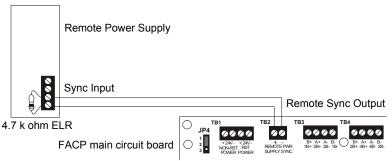
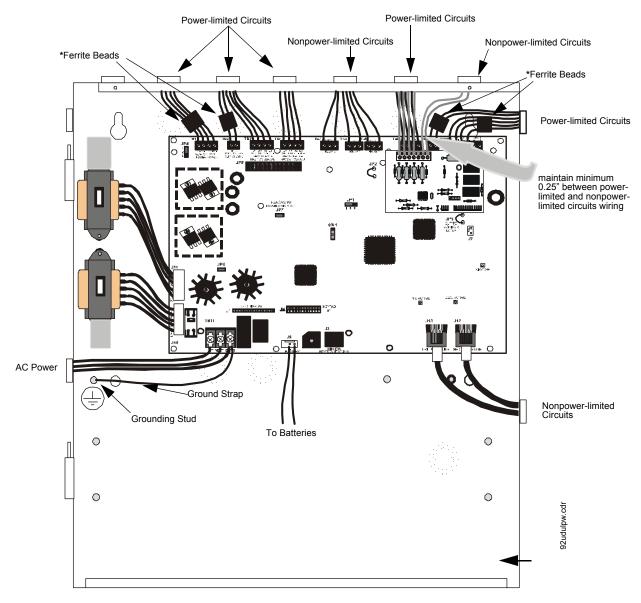


Figure 2.10 Remote Sync Output

### 2.7 UL Power-limited Wiring Requirements

Power-limited and nonpower-limited circuit wiring must remain separated in the cabinet. All power-limited circuit wiring must remain at least 0.25" (6.35 mm) away from any nonpower-limited circuit wiring and nonpower-limited circuit wiring must enter and exit the cabinet through different knockouts and/or conduits. A typical wiring diagram for the NFW2-100 is shown below.



### \*Ferrite Bead Installation

Per FCC requirements, ferrite beads are required for the DC Power Outputs, Remote Power Supply Sync, ACS Output and SLC Circuit.

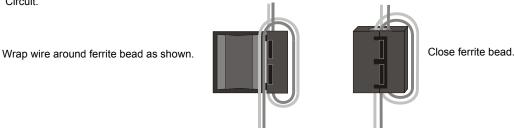


Figure 2.11 Typical UL Power-limited Wiring Requirements

Digital Communicator Installation

### 2.8 Digital Communicator

Two independent telephone lines can be connected to the control panel. Telephone line control/command is made possible via double line seizure as well as usage of an RJ31X style interconnection. *Note that it is critical that the panel's digital communicator be located as the first device on the incoming telephone circuit to properly function.* 

*Important!* The DACT must not be used to dial a phone number that is call-forwarded per requirements of UL 864 9th Edition.

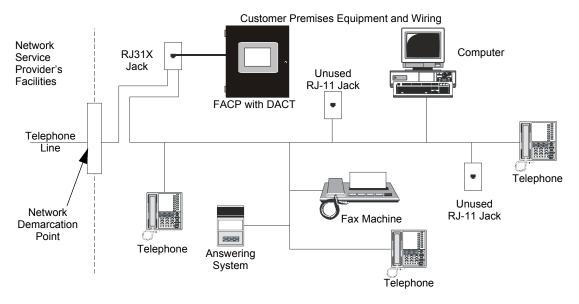


Figure 2.12 DACT Installation

The control panel's digital communicator is built into the main circuit board. Connection and wiring of two phone lines is required as shown below.

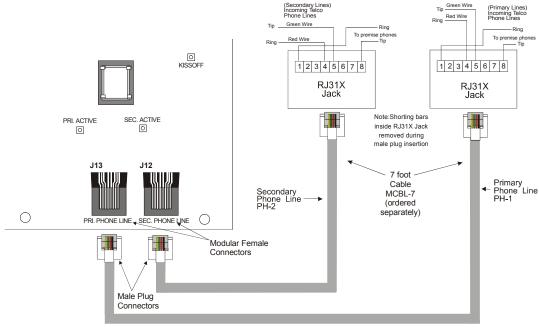


Figure 2.13 Wiring Phone Jacks

### 2.9 Optional Module Installation



**WARNING:** Disconnect all sources of power (AC and DC) before installing or removing any modules or wiring.

#### NFW2-100 Keypad/Display Removal

Removal of the keypad/display is normally not necessary. If, however, it becomes necessary to replace the keypad/display or access jumpers JP5 and JP7 or switch SW1, the Keypad/Display can be removed by inserting a Phillips screwdriver into each of the three holes located in the flexible covering of the Keypad/Display and loosening the three mounting screws. Note that it is not necessary to disconnect the cables between the Keypad/Display and the main circuit board unless the unit itself is being replaced. Carefully lift the Keypad/Display and rest the unit at the bottom of the main circuit board.

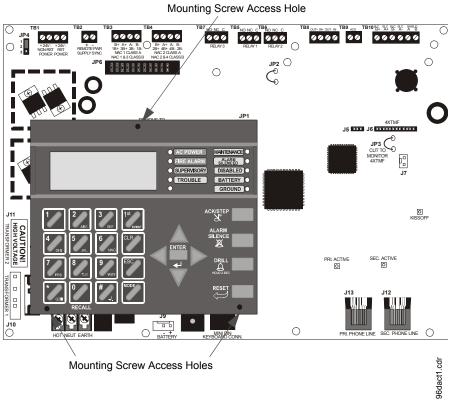


Figure 2.14 Keypad/Display Removal

### 2.9.1 4XTM Transmitter Module Installation

The 4XTM provides a supervised output for a local energy municipal box transmitter in addition to alarm and trouble reverse polarity. A jumper option allows the reverse polarity circuit to open with a system trouble condition if no alarm condition exists. A disable switch allows disabling of the transmitter output during testing to prevent accidental calling of the monitoring service.

#### **Local Energy Municipal Box Service (NFPA 72 Auxiliary Fire Alarm Systems):**

Supervisory Current: 5.0 mA

Trip Current: 350 mA (subtracted from notification appliance power)

Coil Voltage: 3.65 VDC

Maximum Coil Resistance: 14.6 ohms

Maximum allowable wire resistance between panel and trip coil: 3 ohms

Municipal Box wiring can leave the building

# Remote Station Service (NFPA 72 Remote Station Fire Alarm Systems) - Intended for connection to a polarity reversal circuit or a Remote Station receiving unit having compatible ratings:

Maximum load for each circuit: 10 mA Reverse polarity output voltage: 24 VDC

Remote Alarm and Remote Trouble wiring can leave the building

Before installing the module, place the disconnect switch to the right (disconnect) position to prevent accidental activation of the municipal box. Note that a Disconnect LED will illuminate after the module is installed in the NFW2-100. In addition, the System Trouble LED will turn on to indicate the Disconnect condition.

### **Note: 4XTM Module is not suitable for** transmitting reverse polarity supervisory signal. Remote Alarm (power-limited)\* \* Wiring from these terminals can exit the Remote Trouble (power-limited)\* protected premises. Dummy load No connection terminals 6 and 7 (4.7k ohm, 1/4 watt Municipal Box (nonpower-limited)\* resistor) if Municipal Box is not connected. Polarities are shown for module activation Disconnect LED 0000000 Disconnect Switch shown in disconnect position TBL Jumper Connect to FACP J10 & J11

Figure 2.15 4XTM Transmitter Module

The following steps must be followed when installing the 4XTM module:



### **WARNING:**

Remove all power (Primary and Secondary) from the FACP before installing 4XTM

- Cut jumper JP3 on the main circuit board to allow the control panel to supervise the 4XTM module
- 2. Carefully plug the connectors on the 4XTM module into connectors J5 and J6 on the NFW2-100 main circuit board, being careful not to bend any pins
- 3. Secure 4XTM module to standoffs with supplied screws.
- 4. Reapply power to the FACP
- 5. For proper 4XTM operation, the output relays must be programmed for the factory default settings: Alarm Relay 1, Trouble Relay 2 and Supervisory Relay 3

- 6. When the installation has been complete, enable the 4XTM module by sliding the disconnect switch to the left
- 7. Test system for proper operation

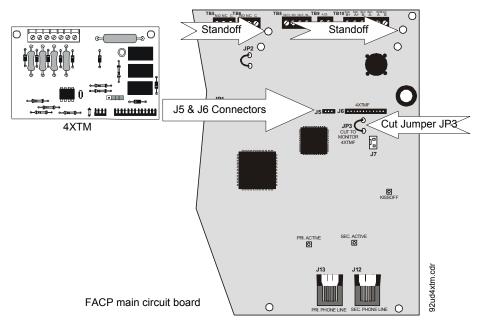


Figure 2.16 4XTM Connectors to NFW2-100 Connectors



**NOTE:** Jumper JP2 on the FACP main circuit board can be used to configure the FACP supervisory relay for operation with the 4XTM module. Relay 3 at TB5 must be programmed as a supervisory relay.

Cutting JP2 will allow the 4XTM to generate a trouble if the supervisory contact opens. Leaving JP2 in will prevent generation of a trouble if the supervisory contact opens.

### 2.9.2 Printer/PC

A serial printer or a PC (personal computer) may be connected to TB8 Terminals 1 - 4 on the FACP. The printer can be used to provide a hard-copy printout of real-time events, history file and walktest data. An IBM compatible PC can be connected to provide local FACP programming capabilities using the VeriFire Warden programming utility. Installation of either device requires panel programming to allow the FACP to communicate with the device.



#### **CAUTION:**

Do not connect a printer or PC to the NFW2-100 FACP if a ground fault (zero impedance to ground) exists on the control panel. Circuit damage may result. Remove all power (Primary and Secondary) before installing or removing any wiring.

### Installation

Remote printers and PCs require separate primary power. Also required is the PRT/PK-CABLE which is an interface cable prewired to a DB9F connector. Wire the PRT/PK-CABLE to TB8 Terminals 1 - 4 as illustrated in the following figure. Connect the DB9F connector to the printer or PC serial EIA-232 port. If a nine-pin serial connector is not available on the printer or PC, use a DB25 adapter. *Make certain that the DB25 adapter does not swap the Transmit and Receive lines*. Apply power to the FACP and printer or PC. *Note that a ground fault (zero impedance to ground) may occur on the FACP, dependent on the printer or PC being used, due to this connection*. For this reason, it is important that there be no preexisting ground fault on the panel.

Note that the printer may or may not be supervised as determined by user programming. Refer to "Printer/PC" on page 112.

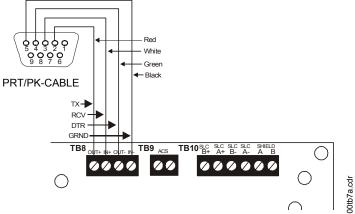


Figure 2.17 Serial Printer and Computer Connections

### **Printer Configuration**

Refer to the documentation supplied with the printer for pertinent information about printer setup. Set the printer's options as listed in the following table:

COMMUNICATION SETUP	
BUFFER:	LARGE
DATA BITS:	7
PARITY:	EVEN
STOP BIT:	1 STOP
BAUD RATE:	2400/4800/9600
AUTOMATIC LINE FEED	NO
AUTOMATIC CARRIAGE RETURN	NO

**Table 2.1 Printer Options** 

### **PC Configuration**

The Windows-based VeriFire Warden Programming Utility Kit contains CD-ROM with on-line help file.

## 2.9.3 Digital Communicator and Annunciators

### **ACM-8R Relay Control Module**

The ACM-8R module provides eight Form-C relays with contacts rated for 5 amps. When installed with an NFW2-100 FACP, the ACM-8R modules provide relay activation for each of the 99 possible FACP zones plus special functions. Options exist to allow for alarm only or alarm and trouble activation per zone. Output activation for general alarm, general trouble, general supervisory, NAC fault, AC fail, walktest start and battery trouble are also available. The ACM-8R can be mounted remotely in an ABS-8R annunciator surface-mount backbox. Refer to the ACM-8R manual for information on setting module switches for addressing and relay functions.

#### **ACS and AFM Series Annunciators**

ACS and AFM Series Annunciators provide visual indications of FACP status in remote locations. Refer to the appropriate annunciator manual for information on installation, wiring and operation.

Annunciator addressing is specific to the NFW2-100 control panel. The following table describes the annunciator addresses and the corresponding addressable devices that will be annunciated at each annunciator address.

ACM Annunciator Address	Annunciator Displays the Following Points
1	8 General System Status Points & Zones 1 - 56
2	Zones 57 - 99 & 4 NACs
3	SLC Loop, Module Addresses 1 - 64
4	not used
5	SLC Loop, Module Addresses 65 - 99
6	not used
7	not used
8	SLC Loop, Detector Addresses 1 - 64
9	not used
10	SLC Loop, Detector Addresses 65 - 99
11	not used
12	not used
13	not used
14	not used
15	not used
16	not used
17	not used
18	not used
19	not used
20	8 General System Status Points & Zones 1 - 56
21	Zones 57 - 99 & 4 NACs
22	SLC Loop, Module Addresses 1 - 64
23	not used
24	SLC Loop, Module Addresses 65 - 99
25	not used
26	not used
27	SLC Loop, Detector Addresses 1 - 64
28	not used
29	SLC Loop, Detector Addresses 65 - 99
30	not used
31	not used
32	not used

**Table 2.1 ANnunciator Address Displays** 

The NFW2-100 must be programmed for the annunciators installed on the system. Refer to "Annunciators/UDACT" on page 93 for information on annunciator programming. Make certain to program the annunciator addresses that have been physically installed on the system.

Note: The 8 General System Status Points include the following:

- General Alarm
- · · Alarm Silenced
- · · Battery Fault

- • General Trouble
- System Off Normal
- • NAC Fault

- · · General Supervisory
- • AC Loss

## **Section 3: Programming**

# NOTICE TO USERS, INSTALLERS, AUTHORITIES HAVING JURISDICTION AND OTHER INVOLVED PARTIES

This product incorporates field-programmable software. In order for the product to comply with the requirements in the Standard for Control Units and Accessories for Fire Alarm Systems, UL 864, certain programming features or options must be limited to specific values or not used at all as indicated below:

Program feature or option	Permitted in UL 864? (Y/N)	Possible settings	Settings permitted in UL 864
		Refer to "Trouble Call Limit (Dialer Runaway Preven-	
		tion)" on page 99.	Trouble Call Limit
Trouble Call Limit N	N	Trouble Call Limit = $0$ (factory default): unlimited	= 0 for unlimited
	-,	calling to Central Station for any trouble condition	Central Station
		Trouble Call Limit = 1 - 99: limits call for each unique	trouble calls
		trouble to from 1 to 99 within a 24 hour period	

## 3.1 Programming Data Entry

Programming can be accomplished using the NFW2-100 keypad or by connecting an optional standard computer keyboard. The keyboard can be connected to the PS-2 connector J3 on the control panel main circuit board.

The information presented in this section refers to programming the NFW2-100 via the onboard keypad. If an optional computer keyboard is connected to the NFW2-100 main circuit board, the following table describes the keyboard keys which correspond to the onboard keypad keys.

Keypad Keys	Computer Keyboard Keys
1st Event	Home
CLR	Delete
ESC	Esc
RECALL	Insert
*	*
#	#
A - Z	A - Z
0 - 9	0 - 9
■ (on <i>QZ</i> key)	Space bar
	<del>-</del>
/	/
•	•
<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>
<del>&gt;</del>	$\rightarrow$
<b>^</b>	<b>^</b>
$\downarrow$	<b>V</b>
ENTER	Enter
ACK/STEP	F1
SILENCE	F2
DRILL	F3
RESET	F4

Programming User Programming User Programming

## 3.2 User Programming



#### **CAUTION:**

The NFW2-100 is completely field programmable and requires no special software skills. While programming the NFW2-100, the fire protection capabilities of the control panel <u>are</u> enabled.

Site-specific programming may be accomplished in three ways:

- Autoprogramming Feature This is a convenient method for quickly bringing the FACP addressable SLC devices on-line without the necessity of programming each device individually. Refer to "Autoprogram" on page 44 for a detailed description of Autoprogramming
- Manual programming or editing, using the FACP keypad or a PC keyboard
- Off-line Programming and Editing Feature allows creation and editing of site-specific custom programs using a Windows-based computer. For programs requiring a large amount of data entry, this method may be preferred. A VeriFire Warden programming kit can be ordered for this purpose

The *System All Normal* screen will be displayed in a programmed system with no active alarms, troubles or supervisories, as illustrated below:

HONEYWELL LIFE SAFETY
SYSTEM ALL NORMAL
10:000 012102

Programming, Read Status and Manual Dial mode can be entered while the panel is in any mode of operation. If the panel is in alarm, the alarm condition must be acknowledged before entering any other mode. To access any of the programming or read status features, the *Enter* or *Mode* key must be pressed, which will cause the LCD to display the following:

1=READ STATUS MODE 2=PROGRAMMING MODE 3=MANUAL DIAL MODE

Pressing *I*, while this screen is being displayed, will cause the control panel to enter the Read Status Mode which allows the user to view the programmed features and status of the control panel The Read Status feature is not password protected. Refer to "Read Status" on page 135 for a detailed description of this feature.

Pressing 2 will select user Programming Mode which may only be accomplished by an authorized person. After pressing 2, a screen will prompt for a password. After entering the correct password, the user may select from a list of programming options.

Pressing 3 will select the Manual Dial Mode which allows the user to enter a troubleshoot mode of operation.

#### Exit Programming, Read Status and Manual Dial Mode

The programmer can exit any mode by repeatedly pressing the keypad ESC (Escape) key until the display reads System All Normal. Note that the data which is entered during Programming mode is not saved until the programmer exits this mode by repeatedly pressing the 'ESC' key. If the Reset key is pressed or power is lost before exiting Programming mode, all data just entered will be lost.

Initial Power-up Programming

#### **User Programming Levels**

There are two user programming levels:

• User Master Program Level 1 is used for programming panel specific data relating to device types, zoning, messages, control panel functions, etc.

• User Maintenance Program Level 2 is used by a qualified operator to access features such as Disable/Enable, View and Clear History, Walktest and System Time Change.

## 3.3 Initial Power-up

The following sections describe the initial programming procedures for a new system. The same procedures are used to modify programming in an existing system.

After completing the wiring of addressable devices to the SLC, apply power to the control panel. If the addressable devices have not yet been programmed into the FACP, their LEDs will not flash and the following trouble message will be displayed.

TROUBL IN SYSTEM NO DEVICES INSTALLED

09:03A 012102

## 3.4 Programming Screens Description

Three options are available when the *Enter* key is pressed: Read Status, Programming and Manual Dial Mode. The Read Status and Programming options have multiple functions or features which may be chosen. To view all of the choices, it is necessary that the programmer scroll through a number of additional subscreens. These selections are displayed on multiple screens to make them more readable for the programmer. Refer to "Master Programming Level" on page 43, for additional information on the various screens.

The title of the main option screen will always be displayed at the top of the subscreens for the programmer's convenience. If additional subscreens exist, an Up or Down arrow will be displayed in the upper right corner of the screen being viewed. The programmer can then press the keypad Up or Down arrow key to view the new subscreen. To select one of the choices in a screen, the programmer presses the keypad numerical key corresponding to the desired choice.

Note that subscreens may also have multiple options which require viewing more than one screen. The same process, as detailed in the previous paragraphs, is followed to view all option choices.

## 3.5 Programming and Passwords

There are two factory set programming passwords which will access the Programming screens as indicated in the following examples. From either of the screens, access to specific system and device features or programming may be obtained. All user programming entries are stored in nonvolatile memory. The factory set passwords can be changed by the user as described in "Password Change" on page 113. If an invalid password is entered, the blinking cursor will return to the first password character position. To exit Programming, Read Status or Manual Dial mode at any time, press the *ESC* (Escape) key repeatedly. Note that Programming mode must be exited using the *ESC* key in order to store the program data entered during this mode. If the Reset key is pressed or power is lost before exiting Programming mode, the data just entered will not be saved.

To access user Programming mode, press the Enter or Mode key. The LCD will display the following:

1=READ STATUS MODE 2=PROGRAMMING MODE 3=MANUAL DIAL MODE

To enter the user Programming mode, press 2. The display will read as follows:

PROGRAMMING ENTER PASSWORD \*\*\*\*

Entering the **Master** level password (default 00000) will cause the following screen to appear:

PROGRAMMING 1=AUTOPROGRAM 2=POINT PROGRAM 3=ZONE SETUP

If the **Maintenance** level password (default 11111) is entered, the following screen will appear:

PROGRAMMING 1=POINT PROGRAM 2=HISTORY 3=PROGRAM CHECK

Note that in the two preceding screens, an arrow appears to inform the programmer that additional options can be viewed by pressing the keypad *down* arrow key.

## 3.6 Master Programming Level

When the Master Program Level password is entered, the control panel will enter user Programming mode. In this mode, the piezo sounder remains off, the trouble relay is activated and the system Trouble LED flashes until Programming mode is exited. The following display will appear:



**Programming Screen #1** 

The down arrow which appears in the display indicates that additional programming choices can be viewed by pressing the down arrow key on the keypad. If a down and up arrow appear in the display, pressing the *down* arrow key will display the subsequent Programming Screens as illustrated below while pressing the *up* arrow key will display the previous screen.

PROGRAMMING 1=LOOP SETUP 2=SYSTEM SETUP 3=VERIFY LOOP

**Programming Screen #2** 

PROGRAMMING
1=HISTORY
2=WALKTEST
3=OPTION MODULES

**Programming Screen #3** 

PROGRAMMING 1=PASSWORD CHANGE 2=CLEAR PROGRAM 3=PROGRAM CHECK

**Programming Screen #4** 

## 3.6.1 Autoprogram

PROGRAMMING 1=AUTOPROGRAM 2=POINT PROGRAM 3=ZONE SETUP

Programming Screen #1

Pressing *I* while viewing Programming Screen #1, will select the Autoprogram option, which prompts the control panel to poll all devices installed on the SLC loop. The primary purpose of autoprogramming is to allow the installer a fast and easy way to bring the system on-line as quickly as possible. The first time the system is powered-up, it should be autoprogrammed.

If the system is already programmed and Autoprogram is initiated, the system will only add default values for newly installed devices.

When Autoprogram is selected, the control panel will begin autoprogramming the system by communicating with each addressable device installed on the SLC loop. While autoprogramming, the panel will display the following:

AUTOPROGRAM
AUTOPROGRAMMING!
PLEASE WAIT

**Autoprogram Progress Screen** 

When Autoprogramming is completed, the control panel will display the type and quantity of each device installed on the SLC loop similar to the following display:

# OF DET LOOP1 055 # OF MON LOOP1 035 # OF CON LOOP1 030

**Autoprogram Result Screen #1** 

In the preceding example, the display indicates that the SLC Loop has 55 addressable detectors, 35 monitor modules and 30 control modules installed.

Pressing the ESC key will return the display to Programming Screen #1.

## 3.6.2 Point Program

PROGRAMMING 1=AUTOPROGRAM 2=POINT PROGRAM 3=ZONE SETUP

Programming Screen #1

The Point Program option allows the programmer to add a new addressable device to an SLC loop, delete an existing device from a loop or change the programming for an existing device. Pressing 2, while viewing Programming Screen #1, will select the Point Program option and display the following screen:

POINT PROGRAM SELECT TYPE 1=DETECTOR 2=MODULE

**Point Program Screen** 

### **Detector Programming**

Pressing *I*, while viewing the Point Program Screen, will allow the programmer to add, delete or change the programming of an addressable detector. The following screen will be displayed by the control panel:



**Detector Screen** 

#### **Add Detector**

Pressing *I* while viewing the Detector Screen will display the following screen which allows the programmer to add a new detector address to programming:



**Add Detector Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear in the position of the first asterisk to the left. The programmer keys in the three digit detector address, such as 005.

When the last digit is keyed-in, the following screen will be displayed:



Press the *down* arrow key to view additional choices. Press the number corresponding to the desired selection to program that type to the newly added detector.

When the type has been selected, the following screen will be displayed:



The programmer can continue adding detectors by pressing the *ESC* key which will return the display to the Add Detector Screen.

#### **Delete Detector**

DETECTOR 1=ADD 2=DELETE 3=EDIT

Detector Screen

Pressing 2 in the Detector Screen will display the Delete Detector Screen which allows the programmer to delete a specific detector:



**Delete Detector Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear in the position of the first asterisk to the left. The programmer keys in the three digit detector address, such as 005. When the last digit is keyed-in, the following screen will be displayed:

DELETE DETECTOR DETECTOR# 005 IS DELETED

The programmer can continue deleting detectors by pressing the ESC key which will return the display to the Delete Detector Screen.

#### **Edit Detector**

The programmer can change a detectors existing or factory default programming by pressing 3 in the Detector Screen. The following screen will be displayed:



**Edit Detector Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear in the position of the first asterisk to the left. The programmer keys in the three digit detector address, such as 017.

When the last digit is keyed-in, if the selected address has not been added to programming, a screen showing information about a device with the <u>highest</u> address that is installed will be displayed.

If <u>no</u> detectors have been installed on the loop, the following will be displayed:

NO DETECTOR INSTALLED

**Edit Detector Screen #1** 

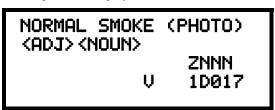
If the selected address has been added to programming, device summary screens will be displayed. These screens allow the programmer to view all device settings at a single glance. Pressing the left or right arrow keys will allow the programmer to rapidly view the devices at the previous or next address (if installed).

If a detector (such as a photoelectric detector) with the selected address is not physically installed on the SLC or has a communication fault but the address is programmed in the system, the following screen will be displayed:



**Edit Detector Screen #1** 

If the selected address has been added to programming and a detector (such as a photoelectric detector) with the selected address is physically installed on the SLC and is communicating with the control panel, the following will be displayed:



**Edit Detector Screen #1** 

To change the programming for the displayed detector, press the keyboard 'down' arrow key to view the Edit Detector screens.

In the preceding example:

- Normal indicates that the detector with the selected address is physically installed on the SLC and communicating with the control panel (enabled)
- <ADJ><NOUN> represents the adjective and noun, which have been programmed, describing the location of the displayed device
- ZNNN represents the first of five possible software zones that the detector is assigned to (NNN = the three digit zone number from 000 099)
- V or \* indicates whether or not alarm verification is enabled (V = alarm verification enabled and \* = alarm verification disabled)
- 1D017 represents the Loop, Device type and Device address (1 = SLC Loop, D=Detector and 017 = Detector Address 017)

The following examples show the editing of a photoelectric smoke detector with address 017, located on the SLC loop:

EDIT DETECTOR 1D017 ()
1=ENABLED YES
2=TYPE SMOKE(PHOTO)
3=VERIFICATION OFF

**Edit Detector Screen #2** 

EDIT DETECTOR 1D017 (1)
1=WALKTEST NO
2=PAS NO
3=PRE-SIGNAL NO

**Edit Detector Screen #3** 

EDIT DETECTOR 1D017 ()
1=ZONE ASSIGNMENT
00 \*\* \*\* \*\* \*\*

**Edit Detector Screen #4** 

**Edit Detector Screen #5** 

#### **Enable/Disable Detector**

EDIT DETECTOR
1=ENABLED
2=TYPE
3=VERIFICATION

Edit Detector Screen #2

To Enable or Disable the detector, press the *l* key while viewing the Edit Detector Screen #2. Each press of the key will toggle the screen between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*. If *Enabled No* is selected, the detector will not be polled by the control panel, preventing the detector from reporting alarms and troubles to the panel. The control panel will display the device type and address which has been disabled and will turn on the Trouble LED and Disable LED.

#### Type

EDIT DETECTOR
1=ENABLED
2=TYPE
3=VERIFICATION

Edit Detector Screen #2

To select the type of detector being programmed, press the 2 key while viewing the Edit Detector Screen #2. This will cause the control panel to display the following Detector Type Screens:



**Detector Type Screen #1** 

Pressing the down arrow key will display additional detector types as indicated in the following table.

<b>Detector Type</b>	Action When Activated
Smoke Photo	Fire Alarm
User-Defined-1	same as previous (Smoke Photo)
Smoke Ion	Fire Alarm
User-Defined-2	same as previous (Smoke Ion)
Heat Detect	Fire Alarm
User-Defined-3	same as previous (Heat Detect)
Smoke DuctP	Fire Alarm
User-Defined-4	same as previous (Smoke DuctP)
Superv-DuctP	Supervisory, latching
User-Defined-5	same as previous (Superv DuctP)
Future	not used
Future	not used

While viewing either Detector Type screen, select the type of detector being programmed by pressing the corresponding keyboard number key. The display will return to Edit Detector Screen #2 and indicate the selection next to the Type option.



**NOTE:** If a detector is selected to be a SUPERV DUCTP type, it will function like a supervisory point not a fire alarm point. The supervisory LED and supervisory relay will activate, not the fire alarm LED or alarm relay, if the detector senses smoke.

#### Verification

Alarm verification is used to confirm that a smoke detector activation is a true alarm condition and not a false alarm. This feature is selected by pressing 3 while viewing the Edit Detector Screen #2 so that the display reads Verification On. Each time the 3 key is pressed, the display will toggle between Verification On and Verification Off. For a detailed description, refer to "Alarm Verification (None or One Minute)" on page 134.

#### Walktest

EDIT DETECTOR 1=WALKTEST 2=PAS 3=PRE-SIGNAL

Edit Detector Screen #3

The Walktest feature allows one person to test the system devices without the necessity of manually resetting the control panel after each device activation. To enable a device for the Walktest feature, press *I* while viewing the Edit Detector Screen #3 until the display reads Walktest Yes. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *Walktest Yes* and *Walktest No*. Refer to "Walktest" on page 134.

#### **PAS**

The PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) option will program the detector to delay panel activation (including alarm relay and communicator) for a period of 15 seconds plus a programmable time of up to 3 minutes. Zone 97, however, will activate immediately and may be used to connect a

Programming Master Programming Level

signaling device to indicate PAS activation (*do not use a Notification Appliance Circuit for this purpose*). To enable the PAS feature, press 2 while viewing the Edit Detector Screen #3 until the display reads *PAS Yes*. Each press of the 2 key will cause the display to toggle between *PAS Yes* and *PAS No*. Refer to "Positive Alarm Sequence" on page 132.

For example, if a detector with address 005 is to be configured for PAS operation:

- Select PAS Yes when editing the detector set to address 005
- Program the desired zone or zones to be activated by this detector, in this example Z001
- Program an output, such as a control module that is to be activated by detector 005 by assigning the same zone to it; in this example Z001
- Program an output, such as a control module, for PAS activation by assigning zone Z97 to it.
   This control module may be connected to a signaling device used to indicate a PAS condition (do not use a Notification Appliance Circuit for this purpose)
- Enable zones Z001 and Special Purpose Zone PAS 97 and set the PAS delay timer to some value

With the preceding program settings, when the detector with address 005 is activated, zone Z97 will cause its associated control module to activate immediately, sounding the connected PAS signaling device. Following the PAS delay time, zone Z001 will cause its associated control module to activate and the control panel will initiate an alarm condition.

#### Pre-signal

EDIT DETECTOR 1=WALKTEST 2=PAS 3=PRE-SIGNAL

Edit Detector Screen #3

The Pre-signal option programs the detector to delay panel activation for a preprogrammed time delay of up to three minutes while allowing for visual verification by a person. Note that the alarm relay and communicator will respond to the initial alarm immediately. In addition, Zone 98 will activate. This zone can be programmed to a control module which may be used to activate a sounder or indicator which the installer designates as a Presignal indication (*do not use a Notification Appliance Circuit for this purpose*). To enable the Pre-signal feature, press 3 while viewing Edit Detector Screen #3 until the display reads *Pre-signal Yes*. Each press of the 3 key will cause the display to toggle between Pre-signal Yes and Pre-signal No. Refer to "Presignal" on page 132.

For example, if a detector with address 005 is to be configured for Pre-Signal operation:

- Select Pre-signal Yes when editing the detector set to address 005
- Program the desired zone or zones to be activated by this detector, in this example Z001
- Program an output, such as a control module that is to be activated by detector 005 by assigning the same zone to it; in this example Z001
- Program an output, such as a control module, for Pre-signal activation by assigning zone Z98 to it. This control module may be connected to a signaling device used to indicate a Pre-signal condition (*do not use a Notification Appliance Circuit for this purpose*)
- Enable zones Z001 and Special Purpose Zone Pre-signal 98 and set the Pre-signal delay timer to some value

With the preceding program settings, when the detector with address 005 is activated, zone Z98 will cause its associated control module to activate immediately, sounding the connected signaling device to indicate the Pre-signal condition. Following the Pre-signal delay time, zone Z001 will cause its associated control module to activate and the control panel will initiate an alarm condition.

#### **Zone Assignment**

EDIT DETECTOR 1=ZONE ASSIGNMENT 00 \*\* \*\* \*\* \*\*

Edit Detector Screen #4

A maximum of five zones can be programmed to each addressable detector. Pressing 1 while viewing Edit Detector Screen #4 displays the following screen:

ZONE ASSIGNMENT
Z 2 2\*\* Z\*\* Z\*\* Z\*\*

**Zone Assignment Screen** 

Note that Z\*\* represents the Zone Number(s) corresponding to this device. The factory default for an unprogrammed device is Z00 for general alarm zone. A flashing cursor will appear on the first 0 to the left. Enter the two digit number corresponding to the zone that is to be assigned to this device. The cursor moves to the next Z\*\* designation. Continue entering zone assignments or the remaining zones can be left blank or programmed as general alarm zone Z00. When all desired changes have been made, press the *Enter* key to store the zone assignments. The display will return to the Edit Detector Screen #4. Note that the left and right arrow keys can be used to navigate through the zones and the CLEAR key can be used to quickly clear a zone.

## Noun/Adjective

Edit Detector Screen #5

The Noun/Adjective selection allows the programmer to enter specific descriptors about the detector currently being programmed. Pressing *I* while viewing Edit Detector Screen #5 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=CUSTOM ADJECTIVE 4=CUSTOM NOUN

Noun/Adjective Screen

1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=CUSTOM ADJECTIVE 4=CUSTOM NOUN

Noun/Adjective Screen

Pressing *I* while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will cause the following screen(s) to be displayed. Note that the keyboard down arrow key must be pressed to see all the Adjective screens. Press the number corresponding to the adjective that is to be used as a descriptor for the location of the detector currently being programmed. When an adjective has been selected, it will appear at the top of the display as indicated by the asterisks.



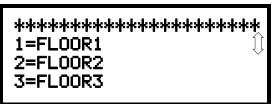
Adjective Screen #1



Adjective Screen #5



Adjective Screen #2



Adjective Screen #6

Adjective Screen #3



Adjective Screen #7

```
**********
1=MAIN
2=FIRST
3=2ND
```

**Adjective Screen #4** 

1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=CUSTOM ADJECTIVE 4=CUSTOM NOUN

Noun/Adjective Screen

Pressing 2 while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will cause the following screen(s) to be displayed. Note that the keyboard down arrow key must be pressed to see all the Noun screens. Press the number corresponding to the noun that is to be used as a descriptor for the location of the detector currently being programmed. When a noun has been selected, it will appear at the top of the display as indicated by the asterisks.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1=BASEMENT

2=BOILER RM

3=CLASSROOM

Noun Screen #1

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1=KITCHEN

2=LOBBY

3=OFFICE

Noun Screen #5

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1=CLOSET

2=CORRIDOR

3=ELECTRIC RM

Noun Screen #2

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1=PATIENT

2=RESTROOM

3=ROOM

Noun Screen #6

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1=ELEVATOR

2=ENTRANCE

3=FLOOR

Noun Screen #3

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1=STAIRWAY

2=STOREROOM

3=WING

Noun Screen #7

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

1=GARAGE

2=HALLWAY

3=HVAC RM

Noun Screen #4

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 1=ZONE

Noun Screen #8

Programming Master Programming Level

1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=CUSTOM ADJECTIVE 4=CUSTOM NOUN

Noun/Adjective Screen

EDIT DETECTOR 1=NOUN/ADJECTIVE 2=DESCRIPTION

Edit Detector Screen #5

Pressing 3 or 4 while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will display screens similar to the previous Adjective and Noun Screens. The new screens will list custom Adjectives and Nouns which have been programmed into the control panel using the VeriFire Warden programming kit. These descriptors are selected as described in the previous sections.

#### **Description**

The Description selection allows the programmer to enter additional information about the detector currently being programmed. This information will be displayed as part of the device label on the display. Pressing 2 while viewing Edit Detector Screen #5 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



Adjective/Noun Screen

A flashing cursor will appear at the first asterisk to the left. The programmer can enter additional descriptive information about the device being programmed. This information will appear on the display along with the standard device label information.

A maximum of 20 characters (including spaces) can be entered. To enter alphanumeric characters from the keypad, repeatedly press the appropriate key until the desired character is displayed in the first position. For example, to enter the letter B, press the 2 (ABC) key three times to toggle through the characters 2, A and B. Press the right arrow key to move the cursor one position to the right and repeat the process to enter the next character. To enter a space, press the \* (QZ) key four times until a blank appears in the desired position. When all characters have been entered, press the Enter key to store the information. The display will return to the Edit Detector Screen #5, displaying the new information at the bottom of the screen.

#### **Recall/Increment Function**

In addition, the user may use the Recall/Increment function at any time when the cursor is on the first letter of the Description, Adjective or Noun field as follows:

- If the zero key is pressed, a 0 is placed in the first letter position
- If the zero key is then pressed a second time with no intervening key actions, the entire field
  is replaced with the field entered <u>for the previous device programmed</u>, and the cursor moves
  to the last character of the field (Recall function). The Recalled Adjective or Noun field
  may now be changed letter-by-letter
- If the zero key is pressed again with no other intervening key actions and the last character in the field is a number 0-9, the number is incremented by one. If the last character is a letter, it changes to a 0. If the last character goes from 9 to 0 and the characters to the left of the last character are also numbers, they are also incremented (overflow)
- The above increment function may be repeated with each press of the zero key

As an example, the user could quickly enter 'FLR 3 ROOM 305' as follows:

1. The cursor is on the first letter of the Adjective field. Press the zero key twice to display *FLR 3* 

- 2. With the cursor on the first letter of the Noun field, press the zero key twice to recall the display *ROOM\_304*. The cursor automatically jumps from the first to the last letter of the Noun field
- 3. With the cursor on the last letter of the Noun field, press the zero key again to increment the room number to 305
- 4. Press the right arrow key to advance the zone field
- 5. Select a zone number from 00 to 99. Z00 (default zone) is the general alarm zone. Z01 through Z99 may be selected to link software zones

### **Module Programming**

POINT PROGRAM SELECT TYPE 1=DETECTOR 2=MODULE

Point Program Screen #2

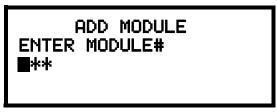
Pressing 2, while viewing Point Program Screen #2, will allow the programmer to add, delete or change the programming of an addressable module. The following screen will be displayed by the control panel:

MODULES 1=ADD 2=DELETE 3=EDIT

**Modules Screen** 

#### ■ Add Module

Pressing *I* while viewing the Modules Screen will display the following screen which allows the programmer to add a new module address to programming:



Add Module Screen #1

A flashing cursor will appear in the position of the first asterisk to the left. The programmer keys in the three digit module address, such as 005.

When the last digit is keyed-in, the following screen will be displayed:

ADD MODULE 1=CONTROL 2=MONITOR

**Add Module Screen #2** 

Programming Master Programming Level

Pressing *I* for Control Module or *2* for Monitor Module will cause the following screen to be displayed:



Add Module Screen #3

The programmer can continue adding modules by pressing the *ESC* or left arrow key which will return the display to the Add Module Screen #1.

#### **■** Delete Module

MODULES 1=ADD 2=DELETE 3=EDIT

Modules Screen

Pressing 2 in the Modules Screen will display the Delete Module Screen which allows the programmer to delete a specific module:

DELETE MODULE ENTER MODULE# \*\*

**Delete Module Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear in the position of the first asterisk to the left. Using the panel keypad, key in the module address such as 005. When the last digit is keyed in, the following confirmation that the module has been deleted will be displayed:

DELETE MODULE MODULE# 005 IS DELETED

## **■** Edit Module Screen for Monitor Module

The programmer can change a modules existing or factory default programming by pressing 3 in the Modules Screen. The following screen will be displayed:

EDIT MODULE ENTER MODULE ADDRESS \*\*

**Edit Module Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear in the position of the first asterisk to the left. The programmer keys in the three digit module address, such as 012. When the last digit is keyed-in, if the selected address has <u>not</u> been added to programming, a screen showing information about the highest address that is installed will be displayed. If no modules are installed on the loop, the following screen will be displayed:



**Edit Module Screen** 

If the selected address has been added to programming but a module (such as a monitor module) with the selected address is not physically installed on the SLC or has a communication fault, the following screen will be displayed:

TROUBL MONITOR

<ADJ><NOUN>

ZNNN

\* 1M012

If the selected address has been added to programming and a module (such as a monitor module) with the selected address is physically installed on the SLC and is communicating with the control panel, the following screen will be displayed:

NORMAL MONITOR <ADJ> <NOUN> ZNNN W 1M012

To change the programming for the displayed module, press the keyboard down arrow key to view the following Edit Monitor screens. In the preceding example:

- Normal indicates that the module with the selected address is physically installed on the SLC and communicating with the control panel (enabled)
- <ADJ><NOUN> represents the adjective and noun, which have been programmed, describing the location of the displayed device
- ZNNN represents the first of five possible software zones that the module is assigned to (NNN = the two digit zone number from 000 099)
- 1M012 represents the Loop, Device type and Device address (1 = SLC Loop 1, M=Module and 012 = Module Address 012)
- W or \* indicates whether or not the device is programmed for Walktest (W = programmed for walktest, \* = not programmed for walktest).

If the selected address corresponds to a <u>control</u> module, a screen displaying information about the control module with the selected address will be displayed as shown in "Edit Module Screen for Control Modules" on page 65.

Programming Master Programming Level

If the selected address corresponds to a <u>monitor</u> module, a screen displaying information about the module with the selected address will be displayed as illustrated in the following:

NORMAL MONITOR <ADJ><NOUN>
ZNNN
1M012

EDIT MONITOR 1M012 ( 1=ENABLED YES 2=TYPE MONITOR

**Edit Monitor Screen #2** 

EDIT MONITOR 1M012 ( 1=PRE-SIGNAL NO

**Edit Monitor Screen #3** 

EDIT MONITOR 1M012 ()
1=WALKTEST YES
2=ZONE ASSIGNMENT
00 \*\* \*\* \*\* \*\*

**Edit Monitor Screen #4** 

**Edit Monitor Screen #5** 

#### **Enable/Disable Module**

To Enable or Disable the monitor module, press the 1 key while viewing the Edit Module Screen #2. Each press of the key will toggle the screen between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*. If *Enabled No* is selected, the module will not be polled by the control panel, preventing the module from reporting alarms and troubles to the panel. The control panel will indicate a system trouble condition and the Disable LED with turn on if any devices are disabled.

#### **Type Monitor**

EDIT MONITOR 1=ENABLED 2=TYPE MONITOR

Edit Monitor Screen #2

Using the VeriFire Warden Upload/Download utility program, unique user-defined monitor types can be created and loaded into the FACP for later use. The FACP response to the activation of a user-defined type is the same as most previous standard types in the list, thus allowing a variety of user-defined types and responses. To select the type of monitor module being programmed, press the 2 key while viewing the Edit Monitor Screen #2. This will cause the control panel to display the following Monitor Type Screens:

MONITOR TYPE 1=PULL-STATION 2=USER-DEFINED-1 3=WATERFLOW

**Monitor Type Screen #1** 

Pressing the down arrow key will display additional Monitor Type screens. While viewing one of the Monitor Type screens, select the type of monitor module being programmed by pressing the corresponding keypad number key. The display will return to the Edit Monitor Screen #2 which will show the new type selection.

Table 3.1 on page 60 lists the Monitor Types and their respective functions.

Monitor module type selection will affect the function of the point as follows:

**Table 3.1 Monitor Types** 

Monitor Type	Action When Activated
Pull-Station	Fire Alarm
User-Defined-1	same as previous (Pull-Station)
Waterflow	Fire Alarm Delayed
User-Defined-2	same as previous (Waterflow)
Monitor	Fire Alarm
User-Defined-3	same as previous (Monitor)
Future	not used
Future	not used
Smoke-Conventional	Fire Alarm
User-Defined-5	same as previous (Smoke-Conventional)
Heat-Conventional	Fire Alarm
User-Defined-6	same as previous (Heat-Detector)
Medic-Alert	Supervisory, latching
User-Defined-7	same as previous (Medic-Alert)
Hazard-Alert	Supervisory, latching
User-Defined-8	same as previous (Hazard-Alert)
Tornado-Alert	Supervisory, latching
User-Defined-9	same as previous (Tornado-Alert)
Future	not used
Future	not used
Tamper	Supervisory, nonlatching (tracking)
User-Defined 11	same as previous (Tamper)
Supervisory	Supervisory, latching
User-Defined 12	same as previous (Supervisory)
Supervisory-AR	Supervisory, nonlatching (tracking)
User-Defined 13	same as previous (Supervisory-AR)
Power-Monitor	Power Fault
User-Defined 14	same as previous (Power Monitor)
Trouble-Monitor	Trouble
User-Defined-15	same as previous (Trouble Monitor)
Process-Monitor	Piezo
User-Defined 16	same as previous (Process-Monitor)
Process-Monitor-AR	Piezo, nonlatching (tracking)
User-Defined-17	same as previous (Process-Monitor-AR)
Future	not used
Future	not used
Ack-Switch	Acts like panel Acknowledge Key
Sil-Switch	Acts like panel Silence Key
Reset-Switch	Acts like panel Reset Key
Drill-Switch	Acts like panel Drill Key
PAS-Bypass	PAS Disable
HVAC RESTART	Switch
HVAC OVRRIDE	Switch
Drill-Switch-AR	Acts like panel Drill Key, nonlatching (tracking)



#### NOTE:

1. For the PROCESS-MONITOR-AR and Drill-Switch-AR selections, AR refers to AutoResettable 2. For HVAC RESTART and HVAC OVRRIDE descriptions, refer to "Monitor Module Operation" on page 174

EDIT MONITOR 1=PRE-SIGNAL

Edit Monitor Screen #3

EDIT MONITOR 1=WALKTEST 2=ZONE ASSIGNMENT

Edit Monitor Screen #4

00 \*\* \*\* \*\*

#### Pre-signal

To enable the Pre-signal feature, press *I* while viewing Edit Monitor Screen #3 until the display reads *Pre-signal Yes*. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *Pre-signal Yes* and *Pre-signal No*. Refer to "Presignal" on page 132 for additional information.

#### Walktest

The Walktest feature allows one person to test the system devices without the necessity of manually resetting the control panel after each device activation. To enable devices, which are connected to a monitor module, for the Walktest feature, press *I* while viewing the Edit Monitor Screen #4 until the display reads *Walktest Yes*. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *Walktest Yes* and *Walktest No*. Refer to "Walktest" on page 134 for additional information.

### **Zone Assignment**

A maximum of five zones can be programmed to each addressable monitor module. Pressing 2 while viewing Edit Monitor Screen #4 displays the following screen:



**Zone Assignment Screen** 

Note that  $Z^{**}$  represents the Zone Number(s) corresponding to this device. The factory default for an unprogrammed device is Z00 for general alarm zone. A flashing cursor will appear on the first  $\theta$  to the left. Enter the two digit number corresponding to the zone that is to be assigned to this device. The cursor moves to the next  $Z^{**}$  designation. Continue entering zone assignments or the remaining zones can be left blank or programmed as general alarm zones Z00. When all desired changes have been made, press the *Enter* key to store the zone assignments. The display will return to the Edit Monitor Screen #4.

EDIT MONITOR
1=NOUN/ADJECTIVE
2=DESCRIPTION
\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Edit Monitor Screen #5

### Noun/Adjective

The Noun/Adjective selection allows the programmer to enter specific descriptors about the monitor module currently being programmed. Pressing *I* while viewing Edit Monitor Screen #5 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

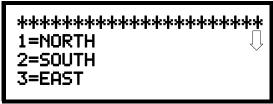
1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=CUSTOM ADJECTIVE 4=CUSTOM NOUN

Noun/Adjective Screen

1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=CUSTOM ADJECTIVE 4=CUSTOM NOUN

Noun/Adjective Screen

Pressing *I* while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will cause the following screen(s) to be displayed. Note that the keyboard down arrow key must be pressed to see all the Adjective screens. Press the number corresponding to the adjective that is to be used as a descriptor for the location of the monitor module currently being programmed.



Adjective Screen #1



**Adjective Screen #5** 



Adjective Screen #2



Adjective Screen #6

```
**********
1=REAR
1=UPPER
3=LOWER
```

Adjective Screen #3



Adjective Screen #7

```
**********

1=MAIN

2=FIRST

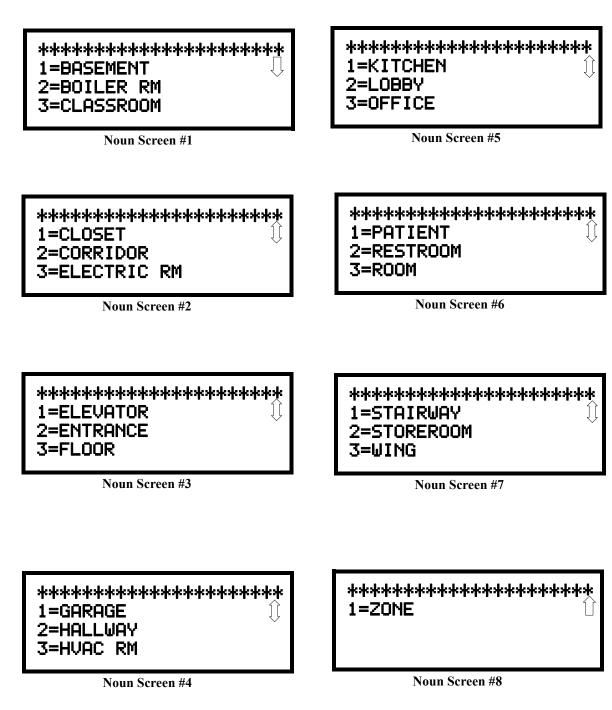
3=2ND
```

Adjective Screen #4

1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=CUSTOM ADJECTIVE 4=CUSTOM NOUN

Noun/Adjective Screen

Pressing 2 while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will cause the following screen(s) to be displayed. Note that the keyboard down arrow key must be pressed to see all the Noun screens. Press the number corresponding to the noun that is to be used as a descriptor for the location of the monitor module currently being programmed.



Pressing 3 or 4 while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will display screens similar to the previous Adjective and Noun Screens. The new screens will list Custom Adjectives and Nouns which have been programmed into the control panel using the VeriFire Warden programming kit.

**Description** 

Programming Master Programming Level

Edit Monitor Screen #5

The Description selection allows the programmer to enter additional information about the monitor module currently being programmed. This information will be displayed as part of the device label on the LCD display. Pressing 2 while viewing Edit Monitor Screen #5 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



Noun/Adjective Screen

A flashing cursor will appear at the first asterisk to the left. The programmer can enter additional descriptive information about the device being programmed. This information will appear on the LCD display along with the standard device label information.

A maximum of 20 characters (including spaces) can be entered. To enter alphanumeric characters from the keypad, repeatedly press the appropriate key until the desired character is displayed in the first position. For example, to enter the letter B, press the 2 (ABC) key three times to toggle through the characters 2, A and B. Press the right arrow key to move the cursor one position to the right and repeat the process to enter the next character. To enter a space, press the \* (QZ) key four times until a blank appears in the desired position. When all characters have been entered, press the *Enter* key to store the information. The display will return to the Edit Monitor Screen #4, displaying the new information at the bottom of the screen.

#### **Recall/Increment Function**

In addition, the user may use the Recall/Increment function at any time when the cursor is on the first letter of the Adjective or Noun field as follows:

- If the zero key is pressed, a  $\theta$  is placed in the first letter position
- If the zero key is then pressed a second time with no intervening key actions, the entire Adjective field is replaced with the field entered <u>for the previous device programmed</u>, and the cursor moves to the last character of the field (Recall function). The Recalled Adjective or Noun field may now be changed letter-by-letter
- If the zero key is pressed again with no other intervening key actions and the last character in the field is a number 0-9, the number is incremented by one. If the last character is a letter, it changes to a 0. If the last character goes from 9 to 0 and the characters to the left of the last character are also numbers, they are also incremented (overflow)
- The above increment function may be repeated with each press of the zero key

As an example, the user could quickly enter 'FLR 3 ROOM 305' as follows:

- 1. The cursor is on the first letter of the Adjective field. Press the zero key twice to display FIR 3
- 2. With the cursor on the first letter of the Noun field, press the zero key twice to recall the display *ROOM\_304*. The cursor automatically jumps from the first to the last letter of the Noun field
- 3. With the cursor on the last letter of the Noun field, press the zero key again to increment the room number to 305
- 4. Press the right arrow key to advance the zone field
- 5. Select a zone number from 00 to 99. Z00 (default zone) is the general alarm zone. Z01 through Z99 may be selected to link software zones

#### **■** Edit Module Screen for Control Modules

MODULES 1=ADD 2=DELETE 3=EDIT

Modules Screen

The programmer can change a module's existing or factory default programming by pressing 3 in the Modules Screen. The following screen will be displayed:



**Edit Module Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear in the position of the first asterisk to the left.

The programmer keys in the three digit module address, such as 002. When the last digit is keyedin, if the selected address corresponds to a control module, a screen displaying information about the control module with the selected address will be displayed as illustrated in the following:



**Edit Control Screen #1** 

In the preceding example:

- Normal indicates that the module with the selected address is physically installed on the SLC and communicating with the control panel (enabled)
- <ADJ><NOUN> represents the adjective and noun, which have been programmed, describing the location of the displayed device
- · Control indicates that the selected module is a control module
- S or \* represents Silenceable (S) or Nonsilenceable (\*)
- W or \* represents Waterflow Timer Delay (W = Waterflow Timer Delay enabled, \* = Waterflow Timer Delay disabled)
- ZNNN represents the first of five possible software zones that the module is assigned to (NNN = the three digit zone number from 000 099)
- 1M002 represents the Loop, Device type and Device address (1 = SLC Loop, M=Module and 002 = Module Address 02)

Programming Master Programming Level

To change the programming for the displayed module, press the keyboard down arrow key to view the following Edit Control screens:



**Edit Control Screen #2** 



**Edit Control Screen #3** 

EDIT CONTROL 
1=NOUN/ADJECTIVE
2=DESCRIPTION
\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

**Edit Control Screen #4** 

EDIT CONTROL 1=ENABLED 2=TYPE 3=SILENCEABLE

Edit Control Screen #2

EDIT CONTROL 1=ENABLED 2=TYPE 3=SILENCEABLE

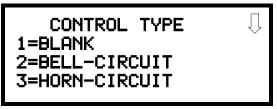
Edit Control Screen #2

## Enable/Disable Module

To Enable or Disable the control module, press the *I* key while viewing the Edit Control Screen #2. Each press of the key will toggle the screen between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*. If *Enabled No* is selected, the module will not be polled by the control panel, preventing the module from activating its output devices. The control panel will indicate a system trouble condition and the Disable LED will turn on if any devices are disabled.

#### Type

To select the type of control module being programmed, press the 2 key while viewing the Edit Control Screen #2. This will cause the control panel to display the following Control Type Screens. Press the down arrow key to view additional screens and selections.



**Control Type Screen #1** 

While viewing one of the Control Type screens, select the type of control module being programmed by pressing the corresponding keypad number key. The display will return to the Edit Control Screen #2 and indicate the new type selection.



**NOTE:** A control module set to the Resettable Power type will follow the main circuit board 24 VDC resettable power unless the control module is disabled.

The following table contains control module type codes and their functions which are displayed in the Control Type screens:

Control Type	Special Function
Blank	None
Bell Circuit	None
Horn Circuit	None
Sounders	None
Relay	Ignore Open Circuit
Strobe Circuit	None
Control	None
Resettable Power	Relay Type - Ignore Open Circuit
HVAC SHUTDN	Relay Type - Ignore Open Circuit

For HVAC SHUTDN description, refer to "Control Module Operation" on page 174

#### Silenceable

EDIT CONTROL 1=ENABLED 2=TYPE 3=SILENCEABLE

Edit Control Screen #2

The Silenceable selection allows the programmer to select whether output devices connected to the control module can be silenced, either by pressing the Alarm Silence key or by enabling Autosilence. Pressing the 3 key while viewing Edit Control Screen #2 will enable the Silenceable feature causing the display to read *Silenceable Yes*. Repeated presses of the 3 key will cause the display to toggle between *Silenceable Yes* and *Silenceable No*.

#### Walktest

EDIT CONTROL 1=WALKTEST 2=ZONE ASSIGNMENT 00 \*\* \*\* \*\* \*\*

Edit Control Screen #3

The Walktest feature allows one person to test the system devices without the necessity of manually resetting the control panel after each device activation. To enable devices, which are connected to a control module, for the Walktest feature, press 1 while viewing the Edit Control Screen #3 until the display reads Walktest Yes. Each press of the 1 key will cause the display to toggle between Walktest Yes and Walktest No. Refer to "Walktest" on page 134 for additional information.

#### **Zone Assignment**

A maximum of five zones can be programmed to each addressable control module. Pressing 2 while viewing Edit Control Screen #3 displays the following screen:

ZONE ASSIGNMENT
ZE0 Z\*\* Z\*\* Z\*\*

**Zone Assignment Screen** 

Programming Master Programming Level

Note that  $Z^{**}$  represents the Zone Number(s) corresponding to this device. The factory default for an unprogrammed device is Z00 for general alarm zone. A flashing cursor will appear on the first  $\theta$  to the left. Enter the two digit number corresponding to the zone that is to be assigned to this device. The cursor moves to the next  $Z^{**}$  designation. Continue entering zone assignments or the remaining zones can be left blank or programmed as general alarm zones Z00. When all desired changes have been made, press the Enter key to store the zone assignments. The display will return to the Edit Control Screen #3.

#### Noun/Adjective

EDIT CONTROL 1=NOUN/ADJECTIVE 2=DESCRIPTION

Edit Control Screen #4

The Noun/Adjective selection allows the programmer to enter specific descriptors about the control module currently being programmed. Pressing 1 while viewing Edit Control Screen #4 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

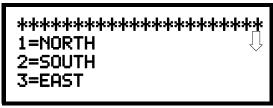
1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=CUSTOM ADJECTIVE 4=CUSTOM NOUN

Noun/Adjective Screen

1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=CUSTOM ADJECTIVE 4=CUSTOM NOUN

Noun/Adjective Screen

Pressing *I* while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will cause the following screen(s) to be displayed. Note that the keyboard down arrow key must be pressed to see all the Adjective screens. Press the number corresponding to the adjective that is to be used as a descriptor for the location of the control module currently being programmed.



Adjective Screen #1



Adjective Screen #5



Adjective Screen #2



Adjective Screen #6

```
**********

1=REAR

2=UPPER

3=LOWER
```

Adjective Screen #3



Adjective Screen #7

```
***************

1=MAIN

2=FIRST

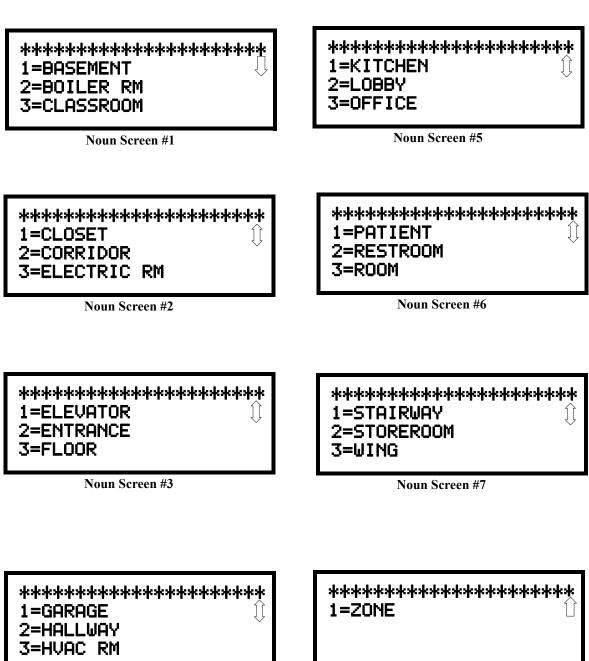
3=2ND
```

Adjective Screen #4

1=STANDARD ADJECTIVE 2=STANDARD NOUN 3=CUSTOM ADJECTIVE 4=CUSTOM NOUN

Noun/Adjective Screen

Pressing 2 while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will cause the following screen(s) to be displayed. Note that the keyboard down arrow key must be pressed to see all the Noun screens. Press the number corresponding to the noun that is to be used as a descriptor for the location of the control module currently being programmed.



Pressing 3 or 4 while viewing the Noun/Adjective Screen will display screens similar to the previous Adjective and Noun Screens. The new screens will list Custom Adjectives and Nouns which have been programmed into the control panel using the VeriFire Warden programming kit.

Noun Screen #4

Noun Screen #8

EDIT CONTROL

1=ADJECTIVE/NOUN

2=DESCRIPTION

Edit Control Screen #4

#### Description

The Description selection allows the programmer to enter additional information about the control module currently being programmed. This information will be displayed as part of the device label on the display. Pressing 2 while viewing Edit Control Screen #4 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



Adjective/Noun Screen

A flashing cursor will appear at the first asterisk to the left. The programmer can enter additional descriptive information about the device being programmed. This information will appear on the display along with the standard device label information.

A maximum of 20 characters (including spaces) can be entered. To enter alphanumeric characters from the keypad, repeatedly press the appropriate key until the desired character is displayed in the first position. For example, to enter the letter B, press the 2 (ABC) key three times to toggle through the characters I, A and B. Press the right arrow key to move the cursor one position to the right and repeat the process to enter the next character. To enter a space, press the \* (QZ) key four times until a blank appears in the desired position. When all characters have been entered, press the Enter key to store the information. The display will return to the Edit Control Screen #4, displaying the new information at the bottom of the screen.

#### **Recall/Increment Function**

In addition, the user may use the Recall/Increment function at any time when the cursor is on the first letter of the Adjective or Noun field as follows:

- If the zero key is pressed, a 0 is placed in the first letter position
- If the zero key is then pressed a second time with no intervening key actions, the entire Adjective field is replaced with the field entered *for the previous device programmed*, and the cursor moves to the last character of the field (Recall function). The Recalled Adjective or Noun field may now be changed letter-by-letter
- If the zero key is pressed again with no other intervening key actions and the last character in the field is a number 0-9, the number is incremented by one. If the last character is a letter, it changes to a 0. If the last character goes from 9 to 0 and the characters to the left of the last character are also numbers, they are also incremented (overflow)
- The above increment function may be repeated with each press of the zero key

As an example, the user could quickly enter 'FLR 3 ROOM 305' as follows:

- 1. The cursor is on the first letter of the Adjective field. Press the zero key twice to display *FLR 3*
- 2. With the cursor on the first letter of the Noun field, press the zero key twice to recall the display *ROOM\_304*. The cursor automatically jumps from the first to the last letter of the Noun field
- 3. With the cursor on the last letter of the Noun field, press the zero key again to increment the room number to 305
- 4. Press the right arrow key to advance the zone field
- 5. Select a zone number from 00 to 99. Z00 (default zone) is the general alarm zone. Z01 through Z99 may be selected to link software zones

**Programming** 

## 3.6.3 Zone Setup

PROGRAMMING 1=AUTOPROGRAM 2=POINT PROGRAM 3=ZONE SETUP

Programming Screen #2

Pressing 3 while viewing Programming Screen #2 will access the Zone Setup screens as illustrated below:



Zone Setup Screen #1

ZONE SETUP
1=ZONES INSTALLED
2=ZONES ENABLED
3=ZONES DISABLED

**Zone Setup Screen #2** 

ZONE SETUP Î

1=ZONE TYPES
2=ZONES AVAILABLE

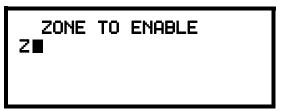
Zone Setup Screen #3

ZONE SETUP 1=ENABLE 2=DISABLE 3=ZONE 97 98 99

Zone Setup Screen #1

#### **Enable**

Pressing *I* for Enable, while viewing Zone Setup Screen #1, will display the following screen:



**Enable Screen** 

This screens allows the programmer to enable zones, one at a time. A flashing cursor appears next to the Z, prompting the programmer to enter a two digit zone number (01 - 99). When the second digit is entered, the zone will be enabled and the cursor returns to the original position next to the Z. Another zone can then be enabled.

#### **Disable**

ZONE SETUP 1=ENABLE 2=DISABLE 3=ZONE 97 98 99

Zone Setup Screen #1

Pressing 2 for Disable, while viewing Zone Setup Screen #1, displays the following:



Disable Screen

This screen allows the programmer to disable zones, one at a time. A flashing cursor appears next to the Z, prompting the programmer to enter a two digit zone number (01 - 99). When the second digit is entered, the zone will be disabled and the cursor will return to the original position next to the Z. Another zone can then be disabled.

# Zone 97, 98 and 99

Pressing 3 for Zone 97, 98 and 99, while viewing Zone Setup Screen #1, will display the following screen:

SPEC PURPOSE ZONE 1=PAS 97 OFF 2=PRESIGNAL 98 OFF 3=TWO STAGE 99 OFF

Zone 97, 98 and 99 Screen

Zones 97, 98 and 99 can be programmed for normal zone operation or for special purpose applications. In the above illustration, the three zones are shown Off, which means they can be programmed to function in the same manner as all other zones, by assigning them to input and output devices in the Programming Zone Assignment Screen.

Pressing *I* will cause the display to change to *PAS 97 On*. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *PAS 97 On* and *PAS 97 Off*. When Zone 97 is programmed On, a PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) activation of any smoke detector will cause Zone 97 to activate. By assigning Zone 97 to a control module in the Programming Zone Assignment Screen, an output device connected to the control module can be used to indicate a PAS condition in the control panel. *Do not assign Zone 97 to a Notification Appliance Circuit when using this zone to indicate a PAS condition. Attempting to do so will generate an error message and will be prevented by software checks.* 

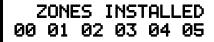
Pressing 2 will cause the display to change to *Pre-signal 98 On*. Each press of the 2 key will cause the display to toggle between *Pre-signal 98 On* and *Pre-signal 98 Off*. When Zone 98 is programmed On, a Pre-signal activation of any device will cause Zone 98 to activate. By assigning Zone 98 to a control module in the Programming Zone Assignment Screen, an output device connected to the control module can be used to indicate a Pre-signal condition in the control panel. *Do not assign Zone 98 to a Notification Appliance Circuit when using this zone to indicate a Pre-signal condition. Attempting to do so will generate an error message and will be prevented by software checks.* 

Pressing 3 will cause the display to change to Two Stage 99 On. Each press of the 3 key will cause the display to toggle between *Two Stage 99 On* and *Two Stage 99 Off*. Refer to "Two Stage Operation" on page 87 for a description of this feature.

## **Zones Installed**

ZONE SETUP 1=ZONES INSTALLED 2=ZONES ENABLED 3=ZONES DISABLED Pressing *I* for Zones Installed, while viewing Zone Setup Screen #2, will display a screen similar to the following:

Zone Setup Screen #2

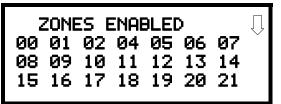


**Zones Installed Screen** 

This display will show all of the zones that have been programmed into the control panel. Note that an up and/or down arrow may appear in the upper right corner of the display, indicating that additional screens of zone information exists. Press the up or down arrow keys to view the additional zones.

# **Zones Enabled**

Pressing 2 for Zones Enabled, while viewing Zone Setup Screen #2, will display a screen similar to the following:



**Zones Enabled Screen** 

This display will show all of the zones that are enabled in the control panel. Note that an up and/or down arrow may appear in the upper right corner of the display, indicating that additional screens of zone information exists. Press the up or down arrow keys to view the additional zones.

## **Zones Disabled**

Pressing 3 for Zones Disabled, while viewing Zone Setup Screen #2, will display a screen similar to the following:



**Zones Disabled Screen** 

This display will show all of the zones that are disabled in the control panel. Note that an up and/or down arrow may appear in the upper right corner of the display, indicating that additional screens of zone information exists. Press the up or down arrow keys to view the additional zones.

# **Zone Type**

ZONE SETUP
1=ZONE TYPES
2=ZONES AVAILABLE
3=ZONE MESSAGE

Zone Setup Screen #3

Zone Types must be programmed only if a DACT, programmed for zone reporting, is installed on the control panel. Pressing 1 for Zone Types, while viewing Zone Setup Screen #3, will display a screen similar to the following:



**Zones Installed Screen** 

This display will show the system zones (default and user programmed) and their associated types. Note that an up and/or down arrow will appear in the upper right corner of the display, indicating that additional screens of zone information exists. Press the up or down arrow keys to view zones Z00 through Z99.

Zone types can be changed by pressing the keypad number key corresponding to the zone in each Zones Installed Screen. Available zone types will be displayed in the resultant screens. For example, to change the zone type for zone Z02 in the screen illustrated above, press 3. The following screens will be displayed:

ZONE TYPE PROG 1=MONITOR 2=SMOKE PHOTO 3=WATERFLOW

**Zone Type Program Screen #1** 

ZONE TYPE PROG 1=MEDICAL 2=HAZARD 3=TAMPER

**Zone Type Program Screen #3** 

ZONE TYPE PROG ()
1=HEAT
2=PULL STATION
3=DUCT

**Zone Type Program Screen #2** 

ZONE TYPE PROG 1=SUPERVISORY 2=PROC. MON 3=SMOKE ION

Zone Type Program Screen #4

To change the zone type for Z02 to Pull Station, scroll the display until Zone Type Program Screen #2 is displayed. Press 2 to program zone Z02 as a Pull Station zone. The display will return to the Zones Installed Screen showing zone Z02 and the Pull Station program type. Repeat the procedure for each zone to be changed.



**NOTE:** *IMPORTANT!* In Zone Type Program Screen #1, selecting WATERFLOW will assign a Waterflow silenceable zone type to the selected zone. Any signaling devices programmed to the same zone can be silenced by pressing the Alarm Silence key or by using the auto-silence feature.

To program a waterflow circuit as nonsilenceable, refer to "System Setup" on page 77.



**NOTE:** Zone Tyes are only relevant for Central Station reporting. Changing a zone type will <u>only</u> change how it is reported to the Central Station.

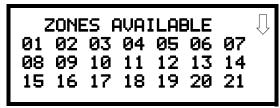
Programming Master Programming Level

### **Zones Available**

ZONE SETUP
1=ZONE TYPES
2=ZONES AVAILABLE
3=ZONE MESSAGE

Zone Setup Screen #3

Pressing 2 while viewing Zone Setup Screen #3 will display a screen similar to the following:



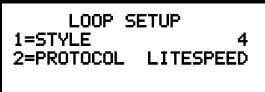
The display will show all of the zones that are still available for programming. Note that an up and/or down arrow may appear in the upper right corner of the display, indicating that additional screens of zone information exists. Press the up or down arrow key to view additional screens.

# 3.6.4 Loop Setup

PROGRAMMING 1=LOOP SETUP 2=SYSTEM SETUP 3=VERIFY LOOP

Programming Screen #2

Loop Setup allows the programmer to configure the SLC Loop for NFPA Style 4, 6 or 7 wiring and to select the loop protocol. Pressing 1 while viewing Programming Screen #2 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



**Loop Setup Screen** 

# Style

To program the SLC Style for the selected loop, press *I* for Style, while viewing Loop Setup Screen. In the preceding example, the control panel is programmed for Style 4 SLC wiring as indicated by the *4* to the right of *Style* in the display. To change the wiring style, press *I* to toggle the display to read *Style 6*. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *Style 4* and *Style 6*. Note that, when programming the Loop Style, the programmer can only select between Style 4 and Style 6. To program a system for Style 7 wiring, the programmer must select the Loop Setup for Style 6. Style 7 wiring is the same as Style 6 with the added requirement that each addressable device on the loop must have a pair of isolator modules, one on each side.



**NOTE: SLC Troubles:** If the FACP reports an open fault on an SLC Loop programmed for Style 6, the trouble condition will latch at the FACP. When the SLC Loop has been repaired, the *Reset* button must be pressed at the FACP (at least 2 minutes after the trouble has been repaired) to clear the SLC trouble.

# **Loop Protocol**

Loop Protocol refers to the SLC loop mode of operation. There are two Loop Protocols available, each of which will work with the addressable devices in the FireWarden SLC manual.

- LiteSpeed This is the factory default setting. It results in quicker response times and is the recommended protocol for use with this panel.
- CLIP (Classic Loop Interface Protocol) Not recommended due to slower response times.

Pressing 2 while viewing the Loop Setup Screen will toggle between CLIP and LiteSpeed Protocols.

## **Device Addressing**

It is important to note that the NFW2-100 addressable device capacity is 99 detectors and 99 control/monitor modules. Newer devices can be set to addresses higher than 99 but these addresses will not function with the NFW2-100.

# 3.6.5 System Setup

System Setup allows the programmer to configure the following control panel features:

- *Trouble Reminder*: This feature, when enabled, provides an audible reminder that an alarm or trouble still exists on the FACP after the control panel has been silenced. The control panel piezo sounder will pulse once every 15 seconds during an alarm and every two minutes during a trouble condition, after the Alarm Silence or Acknowledge key is pressed. The piezo will continue to sound at these rates until the alarm or trouble condition is cleared. If the trouble condition is not cleared within 24 hours, the panel will reactivate the trouble sounder and retransmit the trouble condition to the central station if connected.
- Banner: This option allows the user to change the top two lines of the LCD display from the factory default readout of HONEYWELL LIFE SAFETY to a user defined readout when the control panel is in Normal condition.
- *Time-Date*: This feature allows the programmer to set the time, display format (24 hr or 12 hr), date and daylight savings time feature into the FACP memory
- *Timers*: This option allows the programmer to set the PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) time delay, Pre-Signal time delay and Waterflow time delay.
- *NACs*: This feature allows the programmer to configure the control panel Notification Appliance Circuits for a variety of options, such as circuit type, silenceable/nonsilenceable, autosilence, coding, silence inhibit, zone assignment and enable/disable.
- Relays: This option allows programming of two onboard relays for activation by various control panel events, such as alarm, trouble, supervisory, etc.
- Canadian Option: This option allows the automatic programming of ionization smoke detector sensitivity thresholds to Canadian specifications.
- *Waterflow Silenceable*: This option provides the ability to silence any output circuit activated by a monitor module programmed as a waterflow type.

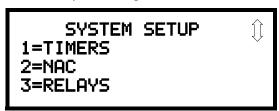
Pressing 2 for System Setup, while viewing Programming Screen #2, will cause the following screens to be displayed:

PROGRAMMING 1=LOOP SETUP 2=SYSTEM SETUP 3=VERIFY LOOP

Programming Screen #2



System Setup Screen #1



System Setup Screen #2



System Setup Screen #3

## **Trouble Reminder**

The Trouble Reminder features causes the control panel piezo to sound a reminder 'beep' for alarms and troubles, after the panel has been silenced. Refer to "System Setup" on page 77, for a detailed description of this feature. Pressing 1 while viewing System Setup Screen #1 will cause the display to toggle to *Trouble Rem On*, which enables this feature. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *Trouble Rem On* and *Trouble Rem Off*.

## **Banner**

The top line of the display, which appears when the control panel is in normal mode, can be changed by using the Banner option. Pressing 2 while viewing System Setup Screen #1 will cause the following to be displayed:



**Banner Screen** 

BANNER 1=FACTORY 2=USER DEFINED

Banner Screen

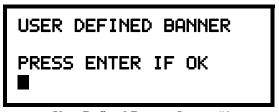
Pressing *I* while viewing the Banner Screen will select the factory default banner setting and display the following screen:



**Factory Banner Screen** 

Pressing the Enter key will store this selection in nonvolatile memory and return the display to the Banner Screen.

Pressing 2 while viewing the Banner Screen will cause the following screens to be displayed:



**User Defined Banner Screen #1** 



**User Defined Banner Screen #2** 

These screens allow the programmer to enter a two line custom banner. A flashing cursor will appear in the bottom left corner of each display. A maximum of 20 characters (including spaces) can be entered into each screen for a total of two lines with 40 characters. After entering up to 20

characters in the first screen, press *Enter* to view the second screen. Enter up to 20 characters in the second screen in the same manner or just press *Enter* if a second banner line is not being entered. To quickly clear the current banner, press the CLR key.

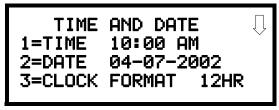
To enter alphanumeric characters from the keypad, repeatedly press the appropriate key until the desired character is displayed in the first position. For example, to enter the letter B, press the 2 (ABC) key three times to toggle through the characters I, A and B. Press the right arrow key to move the cursor one position to the right and repeat the process to enter the next character. To enter a space, press the \* (QZ) key four times to place a blank in the desired position. When all characters have been entered, press the Enter key to store the information. The display will return to the Banner Screen.

#### Time-Date

SYSTEM SETUP 1=TROUBLE REM 2=BANNER 3=TIME-DATE

System Setup Screen #1

The control panel time and date can be changed by pressing 3 while viewing the System Setup Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:



**Time-Date Screen #1** 



Time-Date Screen #2

## ■ Time

To change the time, press *I* while viewing the Time-Date Screen. The following screen will be displayed:



**Time Screen** 

A flashing cursor is located toward the top left of the display. Below the cursor is the current time. To change the time, enter the two-digit hours followed by the two-digit minutes. The cursor will move one position to the right each time a digit is entered. After the last minutes digit is entered, the cursor will again move one position to the right. At this point enter *I* for AM or *2* for PM. The display will then return to the Time-Date Screen which will show the new time entry. If an error is made while entering a digit, press the *CLR* key to delete the entire entry and beginning again.

#### ■ Date

To change the date, press 2 while viewing the Time-Date Screen. The following screen will be displayed:



**Date Screen** 

A flashing cursor is located toward the top left of the display. Below the cursor is the current date. To change the date, enter the two-digit month followed by the two-digit day and then the two-digit year (01 for 2001, 02 for 2002, etc.). The cursor will move one position to the right each time a digit is entered. After the last year digit is entered, the display will return to the Time-Date Screen which will show the new date entry. If an error is made while entering a digit, press the *CLR* key to delete the entire entry and beginning again.

## **■ Clock Format**

The clock can be configured to display 12 hour (AM & PM) or 24 hour (military) time. Pressing 3 while viewing the Time-Date screen will cause the display to toggle between 12HR and 24HR. Select 12HR for 12 hour display or 24HR for 24 hour display.



**NOTE:** If the clock is changed to 24 hour (military) format, the date will change to the European standard of Day-Month-Year (for display purposes only).

# ■ Daylight Savings Time

TIME AND DATE 1=DAYLIGHT SAVINGS

Time & Date Screen #2

Pressing *I* while viewing Time-Date Screen #2 will cause the following screens to be displayed:



**Daylight Savings Screen #1** 



**Daylight Savings Screen #2** 

Pressing *I* while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #1 will cause the display to toggle between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*. The control panel will automatically update the time for daylight savings time when Enabled Yes is selected.

Pressing 2 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #1 will display another screen which allows the programmer to select the month that daylight savings time will begin. In this sub-screen, pressing *I* will select March, *2* will select April and 3 will select May.

Pressing 3 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #1 will display two sub-screens which allow the programmer to select the week of the month that daylight savings time will begin. In the first subscreen, pressing I will select the first week, 2 will select the second week and 3 will select the third week, while in the second sub-screen, pressing I will select the fourth week and 2 will select the last week of the selected month.

Pressing *I* while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #2 will display another screen which allows the programmer to select the month that daylight savings time will end. In this sub-screen, pressing *I* will select September, 2 will select October and 3 will select November.

Pressing 2 while viewing Daylight Savings Screen #2 will display two sub-screens which allow the programmer to select the week of the month that daylight savings time will end. In the first sub-screen, pressing 1 will select the first week, 2 will select the second week and 3 will select the third week, while in the second sub-screen, pressing 4 will select the fourth week and 5 will select the last week of the selected month.

## **Timers**

SYSTEM SETUP 1=TIMERS 2=NAC 3=RELAYS

System Setup Screen #2

Timer delays for PAS, Pre-signal and waterflow activation can be programmed by pressing *I* while viewing System Setup Screen #2. The following screen will be displayed:



TIMERS Î

Timer Screen #2

# ■ PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) Delay

TIMERS 1=PAS DELAY 000 2=PRE SIGNAL 000 3=WATERFLOW 000

Timer Screen #1

The factory default setting for PAS is 000 for no delay. To select a PAS delay of 001 to 180 seconds for all devices programmed for PAS, press *I* while viewing Timer Screen #1. The following display will appear:



**PAS Delay Screen** 

A flashing cursor is positioned in the lower left corner of the display. Enter a delay time consisting of three digits, such as 005 for five seconds. Upon entering the third digit, the time delay will be stored in the control panel memory and the display will return to the Delay Screen which will indicate the new delay time.

Programming Master Programming Level

## ■ Pre-signal Delay

The factory default setting for Pre-signal delay is 000 for no delay. To select a Pre-signal delay of 001 to 180 seconds for all devices programmed for Pre-signal, press 2 while viewing Timer Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:



Pre-signal Delay Screen

A flashing cursor is positioned in the lower left corner of the display. Enter a delay time consisting of three digits, such as 009 for nine seconds. Upon entering the third digit, the time delay will be stored in the control panel memory and the display will return to the Delay Screen which will indicate the new delay time.

Note that the FACP can be programmed for either PAS or Pre-signal operation, not both. For this reason, if the PAS Delay timer is set with a value greater than 000 and then the Pre-Signal Delay timer is set with a value greater than 000, the PAS Delay timer will be automatically reset to 000. Only one of the two timers can have a delay time set for it.

## ■ Waterflow Delay

TIMER 1=PAS DELAY 000 2=PRE SIGNAL 000 3=WATERFLOW 000

Timer Screen #1

A delay can be added prior to declaring a waterflow type of alarm. Be careful to include any built-in delays of the waterflow device. The factory default setting for Waterflow delay is 000 for no delay. To select a Waterflow delay of 01 to 90 seconds for all devices programmed for Waterflow delay, press 3 while viewing Timer Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:



Waterflow Delay Screen

A flashing cursor is positioned in the lower left corner of the display. Enter a delay time consisting of two digits, such as 25 for twenty-five seconds. Upon entering the second digit, the time delay will be stored in the control panel memory and the display will return to the Delay Screen which will indicate the new delay time.

# TIMER 1=AC LOSS DELAY

Timer Screen #2

## ■ AC Loss Delay

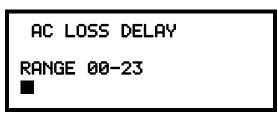
The reporting of a loss of AC power to a central station can be delayed by programming the length of the desired delay. Press *I* while viewing Timer Screen #2 to display the following:

AC LOSS DELAY 1=NO DELAY 2=ENTER DELAY

**AC Loss Delay Screen #1** 

Pressing *I* while viewing AC Loss Delay Screen #1 will program the FACP to transmit an AC Loss report immediately to the central station.

Pressing 2 while viewing AC Loss Delay Screen #1 will display the following:



AC Loss Delay Screen #2

A flashing cursor will appear in the lower left corner of the display. Type the two digit AC loss reporting delay in hours (00 to 23 hour delay). When the second digit is entered, the display will return to AC Loss Delay Screen #1.

Important: For Central Station applications, AC Loss Reporting Delay must be set to a delay value ranging from 06 to 12 hours. For Remote Station applications, AC Loss Reporting Delay must be set to a delay value ranging from 15 to 23 hours.



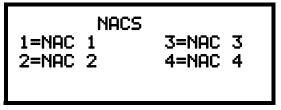
**NOTE:** AC Loss Delay also applies to any programmable output relay programmed for "AC Loss".

# **NAC (Notification Appliance Circuit)**

SYSTEM SETUP 1=TIMERS 2=NAC 3=RELAYS

System Setup Screen #2

The options for the NACs on the control panel main circuit board can be configure by pressing 2 while viewing System Setup Screen #2. The following screens will be displayed:



**NAC Selection Screen** 

The Notification Appliance Circuits can be configured independently by pressing *I* for NAC 1, 2 for NAC 2, 3 for NAC 3 or 4 for NAC 4.

Note that 3=NAC 3 and 4=NAC 4 will be displayed, and can be programmed, regardless of how the NACKEY card is installed. Their programming, however, will have no effect if the NACKEY card is installed for Class A operation.

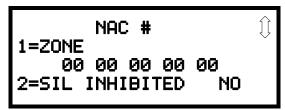
The following screens will be displayed for each selection:



NAC Screen #1



NAC Screen #2



NAC Screen #3



NAC Screen #4

# **■** Enabled

Pressing *I* while viewing NAC Screen #1 will cause the display to change to Enabled No. This will prevent the selected main circuit board NAC from activating its devices. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*.



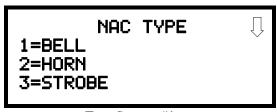
**NOTE:** The programming for NAC 1 will determine the operation of the remote power supply sync.

## ■ Type

NAC # 1=ENABLED 2=TYPE 3=SILENCEABLE

NAC Screen #1

The main circuit board NAC type can be programmed by pressing 2 while viewing NAC Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed. Press the down arrow key to view additional screens:



Type Screen #1

Select the NAC device type by pressing the number corresponding to the type in the appropriate screen as shown above. When the selection is made, the display will return to NAC Screen #1.

The following table contains NAC type codes and their functions:

NAC Type Code	Special Function
Bell	None
Horn	None
Strobe	None
Synced Strobe	Synchronized to manufacturer
Strobe Sil Sync	Same as Synced Strobe but Silence turns off audible & visual devices
Siren Circuit	None

## ■ Silenceable

Pressing 3 while viewing NAC Screen #1 will cause the display to change to *Silenceable No*. This will prevent the selected main circuit board NAC from being silenced by pressing the Alarm Silence key or by the Auto Silence feature. Each press of the 3 key will cause the display to toggle between *Silenceable Yes* and *Silenceable No*.

Important: When a Notification Appliance Circuit with a mix of audible and visual devices is programmed for silenceable and the **Synced Strobe** feature is selected, only the audible devices will be turned off if the Silence key is pressed or if the Autosilence feature is enabled. The visual devices (strobes, etc.) will continue to operate. If the **Strobe Sil Sync** feature is selected, Silence or Autosilence will turn off both audible and visual devices.

## ■ Auto Silence

NAC # 1=AUTO SILENCE 2=CODING **TEMPORAL** 

NAC Screen #2

The Auto Silence feature, when enabled, automatically silences all main circuit board silenceable notification appliances after a programmed length of time. To enable this feature and program the time delay before Auto Silence activation, press 1 while viewing NAC Screen #2. The following screens will be displayed:



**Auto Silence Screen #1** 

AUTO SILENCE 1=15 MINUTES 2=20 MINUTES 3=25 MINUTES

**Auto Silence Screen #2** 



**Auto Silence Screen #3** 

To disable the Auto Silence feature, press 1 for No while viewing Auto Silence Screen #1. To enable the Auto Silence feature, press the number corresponding to the time delay which will elapse before Auto Silence activates. This information will be stored in memory and the display will return to NAC Screen #2.



NOTE: All silenceable control modules as well as the remote power supply sync will be controlled by the Autosilence timer for NAC 1.

## ■ Coding (only for NACs not programmed as Sync Strobe Type)

The Coding feature allows the programmer to select the type of output that the main circuit board notification appliances will generate when activated. Pressing 2 while viewing NAC Screen #2 will cause the following displays to appear:



Coding Screen #1



Coding Screen #2

The programmer can select the notification appliance output by pressing the number corresponding to the desired output. The coding selections are:

- · Steady a continuous output with no coding
- March Time 120 ppm (pulse-per-minute) output
- · California 10 seconds on and 5 seconds off
- Temporal ½ second on, ½ second off, ½ second on, ½ second off, ½ second on, 1½ second off
- Two Stage refer to "Two Stage Operation" on page 87 for a description

Selection of one of the above options will cause the control panel to store the information in memory and return the display to NAC Screen #2, which will display the new coding choice.

#### **Two Stage Operation**

Two Stage operation consists of the following:

- 1st stage output 20 ppm (pulse-per-minute) coding
- 2nd stage output Temporal coding as described above

If Two Stage operation is programmed as the Coding option, the following sequence of events will occur during an alarm.

- 1. The on-board NACs which are programmed to General Alarm Zone 0 will activate with a 1st stage output upon activation of any alarm point
- If the activated alarm point is directly mapped to a zone which is programmed to an on-board NAC, that NAC will go directly to 2nd stage coding output. All other NACs not directly mapped to the activated alarm point's zone but assigned to Zone 0 will activate with a 1st stage output
- 3. If, after the programmed time of 3 or 5 minutes, the Acknowledge switch has <u>not</u> been pressed, all NACs presently in 1st stage activation will go to 2nd stage activation
- 4. If an Acknowledge switch has been pressed, any NACs currently in 1st stage activation will remain in 1st stage. Pressing the Acknowledge switch does not affect NACs already in 2nd stage activation
- 5. If another alarm point is activated and the countdown timer is counting, the alarm point will have no effect on the NACs unless the alarm point's zones are directly mapped to one of the NACs, in which case it will follow the procedure outlined in step 2

6. If another alarm point is activated and the countdown timer has stopped counting due to the Acknowledge switch being pressed, the countdown timer will restart and the NACs will respond as outlined in step 2. NACs already in 2nd stage activation will not be affected

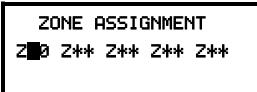
- 7. Any control modules assigned to special Zone 99 will be activated either by direct mapping of an input device programmed to Zone 99 or if the timer counts down to zero
- 8. Control modules that are programmed to the same zone as the activated input device will not be delayed for activation

#### ■ Zone

NAC # 1=ZONE 00 00 00 00 00 2=SIL INHIBITED NO

NAC Screen #3

A maximum of five zones can be programmed to each main circuit board NAC. Pressing *I* while viewing NAC Screen #3 displays the following screen:



Zone Screen

Note that Z\*\* represents the Zone Number(s) corresponding to the selected NAC. The factory default for an unprogrammed device is Z00 for general alarm zone. A flashing cursor will appear on the first 0 to the left. Enter the two digit number corresponding to the zone that is to be assigned to this NAC. The cursor moves to the next Z\*\* designation. Continue entering zone assignments or the remaining zones can be left blank or programmed as general alarm zone Z00. When all desired changes have been made, press the Enter key to store the zone assignments. The display will return to the NAC Screen #3 which will show the zone assignments just entered.

#### ■ Silence Inhibited

The Silence Inhibit feature, when enabled, prevents the silencing of the selected main circuit board NAC for a period of one minute. Resetting the FACP will also be prevented for one minute while the NAC programmed for silence inhibit is activated. Pressing 2 while viewing NAC Screen #3 will cause the display to change from the factory default of *Silence Inhibit No* to *Silence Inhibit Yes*. Each press of the 2 key will cause the display to toggle between the two options.

#### ■ Sync Type

NAC # 1=SYNC TYPE

NAC Screen #4

If synchronized strobes were selected as the Type of device installed, the type of synchronization must be selected in this option. Pressing *I* while viewing NAC Screen #4 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

NAC SYNC TYPE 1=SYSTEM SENSOR 2=WHEELOCK 3=GENTEX

Pressing 1 while viewing this screen will select System Sensor synchronization, 2 will select Wheelock and 3 will select Gentex.

## **Maximum Number of Strobes for Synchronization**

The total current draw for each Notification Appliance Circuit cannot exceed 2.5 amps. Refer to the manufacturer's documentation supplied with the Strobes to determine the maximum current draw for each strobe and ensure that the circuit maximum is not exceeded.

To ensure proper strobe and circuit operation, there is also a limit to the number of strobes that can be attached to each circuit. Following is a list of the strobes that have been tested with this FACP and the maximum number that can be connected to each NAC. Make sure that the NAC maximum current is not exceeded:

System Sensor: 40 StrobesWheelock: 25 StrobesGentex: 23 Strobes

# Relays

SYSTEM SETUP 1=TIMERS 2=NAC 3=RELAYS

System Setup Screen #2

Pressing 3 while viewing System Setup Screen #2 will allow the programmer to configure two of the three main circuit board Form-C relays. The following screen will be displayed:



**Relays Selection Screen** 

To program Relay 1 or Relay 3, press the number corresponding to the selected relay. Note that Relay 2 is fixed as a Trouble relay. Selecting Relay 2 will have no effect on its programming. The following screen will appear for each relay to be programmed:



Relay Type Screen

Pressing *I* for Type while viewing the Relay Screen will cause the following screens to be displayed:



Relay Screen #1



Relay Screen #3



Relay Screen #2



Relay Screen #4

Programming Master Programming Level

While viewing the selected screen, press the number corresponding to the desired relay type to program the main circuit board relay. The choice will be stored in memory and the display will return to the Relay Type Screen which will show the programmed type choice. Press the Escape key to return to the Relays Selection Screen and repeat the preceding procedure for the remaining relays.

Note: AR in SUPERVISORY AR and PROCMON AR indicates AutoResettable which means that the relay will not latch when either of these conditions occur. If the corresponding condition is cleared, the relay will return to its normal state without the necessity of resetting the control panel.

# **Canadian Option**

SYSTEM SETUP 1=CANADIAN OPT. OFF 2=WATERFLOW SIL. NO

System Setup Screen #3

Pressing *I* while viewing System Setup Screen #3 will allow the programmer to configure the system to automatically monitor addressable ionization smoke detector sensitivity using Canadian specifications. The display will change to *Canadian Opt. On*. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *Canadian Opt. On* and *Canadian Opt. Off.*:

SYSTEM SETUP 1=CANADIAN OPT. OFF 2=WATERFLOW SIL. NO

**Relays Selection Screen** 

# **Waterflow Silenceable**

Pressing 2 while viewing System Setup Screen #3 will allow the programmer to configure the system for silenceable on nonsilenceable waterflow circuits. Each press of the 2 key will toggle the display between *Waterflow Sil. No* and *Waterflow Sil. Yes*. When *Waterflow Sil. No* is selected, all output devices associated with a waterflow type input device, will be nonsilenceable. When *Waterflow Sil. Yes* is selected, all output devices associated with a waterflow type input device, will be silenceable.

# 3.6.6 Verify Loop

PROGRAMMING 1=LOOP SETUP 2=SYSTEM SETUP 3=VERIFY LOOP

Programming Screen #2

Pressing 3 while viewing Programming Screen #2, will select the Verify Loop option. During loop verification, the FACP polls each device on the SLC to determine if the device is communicating and whether or not it responds with the proper type identification. The following screen will be displayed while verification is in progress:

VERIFYING LOOPS PLEASE WAIT

**Verification Progress Screen** 

When Loop verification has been completed, the display will indicate that the system is OK or, if problems have been detected, any device type programming errors. Use the up and down arrow keys to view all detected errors.

# 3.6.7 History

PROGRAMMING 1=HISTORY 2=WALKTEST 3=OPTION MODULES

Programming Screen #3

The History option allows an authorized user to view or erase events which have occurred in the control panel. Pressing 1 while viewing Programming Screen #3 will display the History options as shown in the following display:

HISTORY 1=VIEW EVENTS 2=ERASE HISTORY

**History Screen** 

## **View Events**

HISTORY 1=VIEW EVENTS 2=ERASE HISTORY

History Screen

Pressing *I* while viewing the History Screen will allow the user to select the events to be viewed as illustrated in the following:

HISTORY 1=VIEW ALL 2=VIEW ALARMS 3=VIEW OTHER EVENTS

**View Events Screen** 

While displaying the View Events screen, press *1* to view all events, *2* to view only alarms or *3* to view other events. Use the up and down arrow keys to scroll through all of the displayed events.

## **Erase History**

The Erase History option allows a user to erase all events from the history file. This will provide a clean slate in order to use the history file to track future events. Pressing 2 while viewing the History Screen will display the following screen:

ERASE HISTORY
PROCEED ?
1=YES 2=NO

**Erase History Screen** 

Pressing *I* while viewing the Erase History Screen will erase all events from the History file. During this process, the display will read as follows:

ERASING HISTORY PLEASE WAIT

**Erase History Wait Screen** 

After the History file has been erased, the display will return to the History Screen.

# 3.6.8 Walktest

PROGRAMMING 1=HISTORY 2=WALKTEST 3=OPTION MODULES

Programming Screen #3

Walktest allows an individual to test the fire alarm system without the necessity to reset the control panel after each device activation. Pressing 2 while viewing the Programming Screen #3 will cause the following Walktest options to be displayed:

WALKTEST 1=SILENT 2=AUDIBLE 3=VIEW RESULT

Walktest Screen

To perform a silent walktest which will not sound the NACs, press *1* while viewing the Walktest Screen. To perform an audible walktest, which will sound the NACs, press *2* while viewing the Walktest Screen. When either option is chosen, the panel will enter Walktest Mode and the following screen will be displayed:

UNIT IN WALKTEST

Walktest Active Screen

The user can now perform a one-person walktest by activating devices throughout the system. As each device is activated, the screen will display the information about the activated device as shown below. Note that the colon (:) in the time is replaced with an asterisk (\*) to distinguish the walktest screen from an actual alarm screen.

ALARM PULL STATION <ADJ> <NOUN> Z000 10\*00A 010801 1M001

After completion of the Walktest, press the Esc (Escape) key to exit Walktest Mode and return to the Walktest Screen. The results of the Walktest can now be viewed by pressing 3 while viewing the Walktest Screen. The following screen will be displayed:

WALKTEST RESULTS

View Result Screen

Use the up and down arrow keys to view all of the walktest results which will be displayed as illustrated in the preceding screen. Note that the Walktest log is stored in RAM. If all power (AC and DC) is removed from the FACP, the Walktest log information will be lost. This information is also overwritten when subsequent walktests are performed.

Master Programming Level Programming

# 3.6.9 Option Modules

PROGRAMMING 1=HISTORY 2=WALKTEST 3=OPTION MODULES

Programming Screen #3

Options available for the NFW2-100 include ACS Series, Graphic and LCD annunciators, printer connection for acquiring hardcopy printouts of panel data and PC (Personal Computer) connection for uploading and downloading panel data.

Pressing 3 while viewing Programming Screen #3 will display the following screen:

OPTION MODULES
1=ANNUNCIATORS/UDACT
2=ONBOARD DACT
3=PRINTER/PC PR4800

**Options Screen** 

Note that PR4800 in the display indicates that a supervised printer, configured for 4800 baud, has been previously programmed into the system.

## **Annunciators/UDACT**

Pressing *I* while viewing the Options Screen will cause the control panel to display the following screens:



**Annunciator Screen #1** 



**Annunciator Screen #2** 

A Terminal Mode annunciator\* and ACS Mode annunciator can be installed in the NFW2-100 system. To enable any of these devices, press the number corresponding to the selected device shown in Annunciator Screen #1 so that *Yes* appears in the display to the right of the device. Each press of the corresponding number key will cause the display to toggle between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No*.

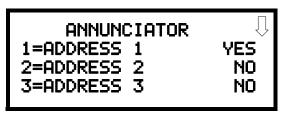


#### NOTE:

- 1. \*The FDU-80 is a Terminal Mode annunciator. To enable the NFW2-100 for FDU-80 operation, program Term Enabled to Yes.
- 2. The Terminal Mode annunciator (FDU-80) and the Printer/PC use the same TB8 terminal block on the NFW2-100 main circuit board. Only one device can be connected at one time, therefore, programming Term Enabled to Yes will disable any Printer/PC communications.

Programming Master Programming Level

If an ACS annunciator is installed, press *I* while viewing Annunciator Screen #2 to select addresses for the ACS annunciators. The following screen will be displayed:



**ACS Installed Screen** 

Pressing the down arrow key will allow the programmer to view additional screens displaying Addresses 1 -31. To select one or more addresses for the installed ACS annunciator(s), press the number key corresponding to the address in each screen. The display for the selected address will change from *No* to *Yes*. Each press of the number key will cause the display to toggle between *No* and *Yes*.

## **Onboard DACT**

OPTION MODULES 1=ANNUNCIATORS/UDACT 2=ON BOARD DACT 3=PRINTER/PC

Option Module Screen

The Onboard DACT (Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter) provides communication to a central station. Pressing 2 while viewing the Option Module Screen will cause the following screens to be displayed:



On Board DACT Screen #1

ON BOARD DACT

1=SERVICE TERMINAL

2=CENTRAL STATION

3=MANUAL DIAL MODE

On Board DACT Screen #2

## ■ Onboard DACT Enable

To enable the onboard DACT, press *I* while viewing Onboard DACT Screen #1 until the display reads *Enabled Yes*. The display will toggle between *Enabled Yes* and *Enabled No* with each press of the key.

# **■ Primary Phone**

Press 2 while viewing On Board DACT Screen #1 to program the type of primary phone line being connected to the DACT. The following screen will be displayed:

ON BOARD DACT
PRIMARY PHONE LINE
1=TYPE TOUCHTONE

**Primary Phone Line Screen** 

To select the type, press *I* while viewing the Primary Phone Line screen. The following screen will be displayed:

PHONE LINE 1=TOUCHTONE 2=ROTARY 67/33 3=ROTARY 62/38

**Primary Phone Type Screen** 

Press *I* to select Touchtone dialing, *2* to select Rotary dialing with a make/break ratio of 67/33 or *3* to select Rotary dialing with a make/break ratio of 62/38.

# ■ Secondary Phone

ON BOARD DACT 1=ENABLED 2=PRIMARY PHONE 3=SECONDARY PHONE

On Board DACT Screen #1

Press 3 while viewing On Board DACT Screen #1 to program the type of secondary phone line being connected to the DACT. The following screen will be displayed:

ON BOARD DACT
SECONDARY PHONE LINE
1=TYPE TOUCHTONE

**Secondary Phone Line Screen** 

To select the type, press *I* while viewing the Secondary Phone Line screen. The following screen will be displayed:

PHONE LINE 1=TOUCHTONE 2=ROTARY 67/33 3=ROTARY 62/38

**Secondary Phone Type Screen** 

Press *I* to select Touchtone dialing, *2* to select Rotary dialing with a make/break ratio of 67/33 or *3* to select Rotary dialing with a make/break ratio of 62/38.

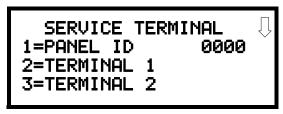
#### ■ Service Terminal

ON BOARD DACT 1=SERVICE TERMINAL 2=CENTRAL STATION 3=MANUAL DIAL MODE

On Board DACT Screen #2

The NFW2-100 can be programmed remotely from a PC using a modem and telephone line. Information can also be retrieved from the FACP using the same method. The Upload/Download option allows an operator to set the necessary parameters to allow the uploading and downloading of data between the FACP and PC. The Service Terminal selection provides the means for entering these parameters.

Pressing I while viewing On Board DACT Screen #2 will cause the following screens to appear:



Service Terminal Screen #1



Service Terminal Screen #2

## Panel ID

The Panel Identification Number is a 4-digit code (valid digits being 0 - 9 and A - F) that is used to identify the installed FACP. It is important to program this code into the FACP the first time that downloading is performed so that the called Service Terminal can identify the control panel. The factory default is 0000.

To program the Panel ID, press *1* while viewing Service Terminal Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed:



Panel ID Screen

A flashing cursor will appear in the lower left corner of the display. Enter a 4-digit code using the digits 0 - 9 and/or the letters A - F by entering the first character. Press the right arrow key to move the cursor to the second position and enter the second character. Follow the same procedure to enter the remaining characters. After entering the fourth character, press the right arrow key and then press the Enter key to store the Panel ID number.

#### Terminal 1 and Terminal 2

SERVICE TERMINAL 1=PANEL ID 2=TERMINAL 1 3=TERMINAL 2

Service Terminal Screen #1

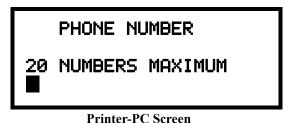
Service Terminal #1 is generally designated as the FACP primary phone line used for receiving phone calls from the service terminal (PC) being used for remote programming. Service Terminal 2 is referred to as the secondary phone line. Pressing 2 for Terminal 1 or 3 for Terminal 2 while viewing Service Terminal Screen #1 will display the following screen:

SERVICE TERMINAL #
1=PHONE NUMBER

Service Terminal # Screen

### **Phone Number (Service Terminal)**

The Service Terminal Phone Number will be used by the control panel to contact the service terminal. Pressing *I* while viewing the Service Terminal # Screen will cause the following screen to be displayed:



A flashing cursor will appear in the lower left corner. Enter the phone number for the service terminal by keying in the first digit, pressing the left arrow key and entering the second digit. Continue this process until all desired numbers have been entered (maximum of 20 characters). Press the *Enter* key to store the phone number in memory and return the display to the Service Terminal # Screen.

Valid entries are 0 - 9 and A - F with the numeric digits as dialed numbers and letters representing the following functions:

- A = \* on a Touchtone phone keypad
- B = # on a Touchtone phone keypad
- C = look for secondary dial tone for up to two seconds (then dial anyway)
- D = three second pause
- E = five second pause
- F = end of phone number (F is automatically entered for unused entry positions)

### SERVICE TERMINAL 1=RING COUNT

Service Terminal Screen #2

## **Ring Count**

The ring count designates the number of rings allowed on the phone line prior to answering an incoming call from a service terminal. The factory default is 3 which means the control panel will not answer an incoming call until 3 rings are detected. This entry may be programmed for 1 to 25 rings. A setting of 00 prevents the panel from answering incoming calls.

To change the Ring Count, press *I* while viewing the Service Terminal Screen #2. The following screen will be displayed:



**Ring Count Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear in the lower left corner of the display. Enter the two-digit ring count which can be a value between 00 and 25. After the second digit is entered, the display will return to the Service Terminal screen.

## **■** Central Station

ON BOARD DACT 1=SERVICE TERMINAL 2=CENTRAL STATION 3=MANUAL DIAL MODE

On Board DACT Screen #2

Central Station programming configures the control panel DACT for contacting the central station. Pressing 2 while viewing On Board DACT Screen #2 will cause the following screens to be displayed:



**Central Station Screen #1** 

CENTRAL STATION 1 1=PRIMARY 2=SECONDARY 3=REPORT STYLE

**Central Station Screen #2** 

## Reporting Enable

To enable the DACT for reporting FACP activity to the central station, press *I* while viewing Central Station Screen #1 so the display reads *Reporting Enabled*. Each press of the *I* key will toggle the display between *Reporting Disabled* and *Reporting Enabled*.

### **Backup Reporting**

The DACT can be programmed to transmit reports to primary and/or secondary central station phone numbers as a backup. Press 2 while viewing Central Station Screen #1 to display the following screen:

BACKUP REPORTING 1=BACKUP ONLY 2=BOTH 3=FIRST AVAILABLE

**Backup Reporting Screen** 

Press *I* to have all reports transmitted to the central station secondary phone number as a backup only if the primary phone line fails, *2* to transmit all reports to both the primary and secondary phone numbers all of the time or *3* to send reports to the first available phone number.

# ■ Trouble Call Limit (Dialer Runaway Prevention)

The Call Limit option limits the number of DACT trouble calls to the Central Station, to a programmed amount between 0 and 99, for each unique trouble within a 24 hour period. Separate limit counters keep track of each unique type of trouble. Note that the number of phone line (communication) faults called to the Central Station are not limited by this feature. No subsequent restoral message is sent to the Central Station(s) for a particular trouble whose call limit has been reached. Local DACT annunciation will still track the particular trouble and restoral.

To set the Trouble Call Limit, press 3 while viewing Central Station Screen #1. The following screen will be displayed.

TROUBLE CALL LIMIT 00-99 RANGE \*

**Backup Reporting Screen** 

Enter a value between 00 and 99, then press Enter to set the Call Limit to this value. Note: Entering a value of 00 will disable the Trouble Call Limit allowing the DACT to call the Central Station an unlimited number of times.

## **Central Station Primary and Secondary Phone Numbers**

CENTRAL STATION 1=PRIMARY 2=SECONDARY 3=REPORT STYLE

Central Station Screen #2

Pressing 1 for Primary or 2 for Secondary will display the following screens.

Note that the following information must be entered for both the Primary and Secondary Central Station Phone Numbers.

CENTRAL STATION # 1=TEST TIME INT 24
2=ACCOUNT CODE 0000
3=24HR TST TIME 0021

Primary/Secondary Screen #1

CENTRAL STATION 1=PHONE NUMBER

Primary/Secondary Screen #2

CENTRAL STATION 1=COMM FORMAT ADEMCO-CONTACT-ID

Primary/Secondary Screen #3

CENTRAL STATION 1=EVENT CODES

Primary/Secondary Screen #4

CENTRAL STATION 1=TEST TIME INT 2=ACCOUNT CODE 3=24HR TST TIME

Primary/Secondary Screen #1

#### **Test Time Interval**

Pressing *I* while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #1 will cause the following screens to be displayed:

TEST TIME INTERVAL 1=24 HOURS 2=12 HOURS 3=8 HOURS

**Test Time Interval Screen #1** 



**Test Time Interval Screen #2** 

The test report sent to the Central Station phone number may be sent once every 6, 8, 12 or 24 hours. Select the desired Test Time Interval by pressing the corresponding digit in the screens shown above.

## **Account Code**

Pressing 2 while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #1 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



**Account Codes Screen** 

The Account Code, which is assigned by a Central Station, depends on the communication format being used. The Account Code screen will have a flashing cursor in the lower left corner. Enter the supplied account code using 0 - 9 and A- F keys.

Programming Master Programming Level

CENTRAL STATION 1=TEST TIME INT 2=ACCOUNT CODE 3=24HR TST TIME

Primary/Secondary Screen #1

#### 24 Hour Test Time

Pressing 3 while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #1 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

24 HOUR TEST TIME RANGE 0000-2359

24 Hour Test Time Screen

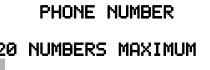
Use the 24 Hour Test Time screen to program the time that the DACT will transmit the 24 Hour Test to the Central Station. A flashing cursor will appear in the lower left corner of the screen. Enter a four digit number representing the test time using military time (0000 = midnight and 2359 = 11:59PM).

#### **Phone Number**

CENTRAL STATION 1=PHONE NUMBER

Primary/Secondary Screen #2

Pressing *I* while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #2 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



**Phone Number Screen** 

The Phone Number screen is used to enter the Central Station phone number that the DACT will be contacting. A maximum of 20 characters can be entered with valid entries being 0 - 9 and A - F where A = \*, B = #, C = look for secondary dial tone for up to 2 seconds (then dial anyway), D = 3 second pause, E = 5 second pause and F = end of phone number (must be entered at end of phone number).

A flashing cursor will appear in the lower left corner of the screen. Enter the first digit then press the right arrow key to move the cursor to the right one position. Enter the second digit and repeat the process until all digits are entered. Press the *Enter* key to store the phone number in memory.

Enter the digits as you would like the number to be dialed. For example, if it's necessary to dial 9 before dialing a number outside the building, you may wish to pause after dialing 9. Enter 9 followed by D for a three second pause or E for a five second pause then the phone number followed by an E to indicate the end of the number.

#### **Communication Format**

CENTRAL STATION 1=COMM FORMAT

Primary/Secondary Screen #3

Pressing *I* while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #3 will cause the following screens to be displayed:

COMM FORMAT 1=ADEMCO EXPRESS 4P1 2=ADEMCO EXPRESS 4P2 3=3P1S C18 A23

**Comm Format Screen #1** 

COMM FORMAT 1=3P1E C18 A23 2=3P1S C19 A14 3=3P1E C19 A14

**Comm Format Screen #2** 

COMM FORMAT 1=4P1S C18 A23 2=4P1E C18 A23 3=4P1S C19 A14

**Comm Format Screen #3** 

COMM FORMAT 1=4P1E C19 A14 2=4P2S C18 A23 3=4P2E C18 A23

**Comm Format Screen #4** 

COMM FORMAT 1=4P2S C19 A14 2=4P2E C19 A14 3=ADEMCO CONTACT ID

**Comm Format Screen #5** 

The Communication Format is determined by the type of receiver that the DACT is transmitting to. Consult your Central Station for proper selection or consult our factory representatives. For any format chosen, the control panel automatically programs all of the event codes.

Select the Communication Format by pressing the corresponding number key while viewing the appropriate Comm Format screen. The following table describes each format:

**Table 3.1 Communication Formats** 

Screen Selection	Communication Format Description
ADEMCO EXPRESS 4P1	4+1 Ademco Express Standard, DTMF, 1400/2300 ACK
ADEMCO EXPRESS 4P2	4+2 Ademco Express Standard, DTMF, 1400/2300 ACK
3P1S C18 A23	3+1 Standard 1800 Hz Carrier, 2300 Hz ACK
3P1E C18 A23	3+1 Expanded 1800 Hz Carrier, 2300 Hz ACK
3P1S C19 A14	3+1 Standard 1900 Hz Carrier, 1400 Hz ACK
3P1E C19 A14	3+1 Expanded 1900 Hz Carrier, 1400 Hz ACK
4P1S C18 A23	4+1 Standard 1800 Hz Carrier, 2300 Hz ACK
4P1E C18 A23	4+1 Expanded 1800 Hz Carrier, 2300 Hz ACK
4P1S C19 A14	4+1 Standard 1900 Hz Carrier, 1400 Hz ACK
4P1E C19 A14	4+1 Expanded 1900 Hz Carrier, 1400 Hz ACK
4P2S C18 A23	4+2 Standard 1800 Hz Carrier, 2300 Hz ACK
4P2E C18 A23	4+2 Expanded 1800 Hz Carrier, 2300 Hz ACK
4P2S C19 A14	4+2 Standard 1900 Hz Carrier, 1400 Hz ACK
4P2E C19 A14	4+2 Expanded 1900 Hz Carrier, 1400 Hz ACK
ADEMCO CONTACT ID	Contact ID, DTMF, 1400/2300 ACK

### **Event Codes**

CENTRAL STATION 1=EVENT CODES

Primary/Secondary Screen #4

Pressing *I* while viewing Primary/Secondary Screen #4 will cause the following screen to be displayed:



**Event Code Screen** 

Pressing the down arrow key allows viewing of all Events associated with the selected Communication Format. Pressing the number corresponding to the event displayed in each screen will display its default event code which can be customized by the programmer. For example, pressing *I* for Pull Station will display the following screen which allows the Event Code to be changed from the default value.



**Event Code Screen** 

The tables on the following pages list all of the Events and their default Event Codes for the various Communication Formats.

# 3+1, 4+1 Express and 4+1 Standard

The information shown in Table 3.2 is automatically programmed for the Central Station phone number Event Codes when any of these Formats are selected. Enter  $\theta$  for an Event Code Setting to disable the report.

**Table 3.2 Event Codes** 

Event Description	Event Code Settings		
<b>F</b>	Active	Restoral	
PULL STATION	1	Е	
MON-USER-DEF-1	1	Е	
WATERFLOW	1	Е	
MON-USER-DEF-2	1	Е	
SMOKE (PHOTO)	1	Е	
DET-USER-DEF-1	1	Е	
SMOKE (ION)	1	E	
DET-USER-DEF-2	1	Е	
HEAT DETECT	1	Е	
DET-USER-DEF-3	1	Е	
SMOKE DUCT-P	1	Е	
DET-USER-DEF-4	1	E E	
PHOTO W/HEAT	1	E	
DET-USER-DEF-5	1	E	
DUCT SUPERVISORY	8	E	
DET-USER-DEF-6	8	E	
PHOTO SUPERV	8	E	
DET-USER-DEF-7	8	E	
not used	0	0	
not used	0	0	
not used	0	0	
not used	0	0	
MONITOR	1		
MON-USER-DEF-3	1	E	
not used	0	0	
not used	0	0	
SMOKE CONVEN	1		
MON-USER-DEF-5	1	E E	
HEAT CONVEN	1	E E	
MON-USER-DEF-6	1	E E	
MEDIC ALERT	0	0	
MON-USER-DEF-7	0	0	
HAZARD ALERT		<u> </u>	
MON-USER-DEF-8	0	0	
TORNADO ALRT	0	0	
MON-USER-DEF-9	0	0	
		0	
not used	0	0	
not used TAMPER		<u> </u>	
	8	E	
MON-USER-DEF-11	8	E	
MON SUPERVISORY	8	E	
MON-USER-DEF-12	8	E	
MON SUPERV AUTO	8	E	
MON-USER-DEF-13	8	E	
POWER MON	6	A	
MON-USER-DEF-14	6	A	
TROUBLE MON		ill always be transmitted	
MON-USER-DEF-15		ill always be transmitted	
PROCESS MON	0	0	
MON-USER-DEF-16	0	0	

**Table 3.2 Event Codes (Continued)** 

PROCMON AR	0	0
MON-USER-DEF-17	0	0
not used	0	0
not used	0	0
POINT_FAULT	F	D
POINT_DISABLE	4	5
AC_FAIL	9	3
DRILL	В	С
SLC 1 OPEN FAULT	6	A
SLC 1 SHORT FAULT	6	A
not used	0	0
not used	0	0
GROUND FAULT	6	A
LOW BATTERY	6	A
NO_BATTERY	6	A
TELCO LINE 1	6	A
TELCO LINE 2	6	A
COMM FAULT 1	6	A
COMM FAULT 2	6	A
TOTAL COMM FLT	0	0
PRINTER FAULT	6	A
NAC 1 FAULT	6	A
NAC 2 FAULT	6	A
NAC 3 FAULT	6	A
NAC 4 FAULT	6	A
not used	0	0
VOICE EVACUATION	6	A
ACS FAULT	6	A
LCD_80F FAULT	6	A
NAC 1 DISABLE	4	5
NAC 2 DISABLE	4	5
NAC 3 DISABLE	4	5
NAC 4 DISABLE	4	5
MEMORY FAULT	6	A
CHARGER FAULT	6	A
OPTION CARD 1 FAULT	6	A
REMOTE SYNC FAULT	6	A
not used	0	0
ZONE DISABLE	4	5
NAC_KEY_FLT	6	A
NO_DEVICES_INSTLLD	6	A
OFF_NORMAL_MESSAGE	6	A
24_HOUR_TEST	9	0
24 HOUR ABNORMAL TES	F	0
UPDOWN REQUEST	7	0
UPLOAD SUCCESS	7	0
DOWNLOAD SUCCESS	7	0
UPDOWN FAILURE	7	0
GENERAL_ALARM	1	Е
GENERAL_SUPERVISORY	8	Е

# **4+2 Standard, 4+2 Express, 3 + 1, 4 + 1 and 4+2 Expanded Formats**

The information shown in Table 3.3 is automatically programmed for the Central Station phone number Event Codes when any of these Formats are selected. Enter 00 for an Event Code Setting to disable the report.

**Table 3.3 Event Codes** 

<b>Event Description</b>	Event Code Settings		
	Active	Restoral	
PULL STATION	11	E1	
MON-USER-DEF-1	11	E1	
WATERFLOW	11	E1	
MON-USER-DEF-2	11	E1	
SMOKE (PHOTO)	11	E1	
DET-USER-DEF-1	11	E1	
SMOKE (ION)	11	E1	
DET-USER-DEF-2	11	E1	
HEAT DETECT	11	E1	
DET-USER-DEF-3	11	E1	
SMOKE DUCT-P	11	E1	
DET-USER-DEF-4	11	E1	
PHOTO W/HEAT	11	E1	
DET-USER-DEF-5	11	E1	
DUCT SUPERVISORY	81	E1	
DET-USER-DEF-6	81	E1	
PHOTO SUPERV	81	E1	
DET-USER-DEF-7	81	E1	
not used	00	00	
not used	00	00	
not used	00	00	
not used	00	00	
MONITOR	11	E1	
MON-USER-DEF-3	11	E1	
not used	00	00	
not used	00	00	
SMOKE CONVEN	11	E1	
MON-USER-DEF-5	11	E1	
HEAT CONVEN	11	E1	
MON-USER-DEF-6	11	E1	
MEDIC ALERT	00	00	
MON-USER-DEF-7	00	00	
HAZARD ALERT	00	00	
MON-USER-DEF-8	00	00	
TORNADO ALRT	00	00	
MON-USER-DEF-9	00	00	
not used	00	00	
not used	00	00	
TAMPER	81	E1	
MON-USER-DEF-11	81	E1	
MON SUPERVISORY	81	E1	
MON-USER-DEF-12	81	E1	
MON SUPERV AUTO	81	E1	
MON-USER-DEF-13	81	E1	
POWER MON	81	E1	
MON-USER-DEF-14	81	E1	
TROUBLE MON		rill always be transmitted	
MON-USER-DEF-15		rill always be transmitted	
PROCESS MON	00	00	
MON-USER-DEF-16	00	00	

**Table 3.3 Event Codes (Continued)** 

PROCMON AR	00	00
MON-USER-DEF-17	00	00
not used	00	00
not used	00	00
POINT FAULT	F1	D1
POINT DISABLE	41	51
AC FAIL	92	93
DRILL	97	98
SLC 1 OPEN FAULT	43	53
SLC 1 SHORT FAULT	44	54
not used	00	00
not used	00	00
GROUND FAULT	61	A1
LOW BATTERY	62	A2
NO BATTERY	63	A3
TELCO LINE 1	64	A4
TELCO LINE 2	65	A5
COMM FAULT 1	6A	AA
COMM FAULT 2	6B	AB
TOTAL COMM FLT	00	00
PRINTER FAULT	6C	AC
NAC 1 FAULT	66	A6
NAC 2 FAULT	67	A7
NAC 3 FAULT	68	A8
NAC 4 FAULT	69	A9
not used	00	00
VOICE EVACUATION	00	00
ACS FAULT	6D	AD
LCD 80F FAULT	6E	AE
NAC 1 DISABLE	4B	5B
NAC 2 DISABLE	4C	5C
NAC 3 DISABLE	4D	5D
NAC 4 DISABLE	4E	5E
MEMORY FAULT	46	56
CHARGER FAULT	47	57
OPTION CARD 1 FAULT	48	58
REMOTE SYNC FAULT	49	59
not used	00	00
ZONE DISABLE	42	52
NAC KEY FLT	4B	5B
NO DEVICES INSTLLD	4A	5A
OFF NORMAL MESSAGE	6F	AF
24 HOUR TEST	99	00
24 HOUR ABNORMAL TES	FB	00
UPDOWN REQUEST	71	00
UPLOAD SUCCESS	72	00
DOWNLOAD SUCCESS	73	00
UPDOWN FAILURE	74	00
GENERAL ALARM	11	E1
GENERAL SUPERVISORY	81	E2
OZ. IZIGIZ BOT ZIKI IDOKI	U1	1.2

### **Ademco Contact ID Format**

The information shown in Table 3.4 is automatically programmed for the Central Station phone number Event Codes when Ademco Contact ID Format is selected. Enter *000* for an Event Code Setting to disable the report.

**Table 3.4 Event Codes** 

Event Description	Event Code Settings	
	Active	
PULL STATION	115	
MON-USER-DEF-1	115	
WATERFLOW	113	
MON-USER-DEF-2	113	
SMOKE (PHOTO)	111	
DET-USER-DEF-1	111	
SMOKE (ION)	111	
DET-USER-DEF-2	111	
HEAT DETECT	114	
DET-USER-DEF-3	114	
SMOKE DUCT-P	116	
DET-USER-DEF-4	116	
PHOTO W/HEAT	111	
DET-USER-DEF-5	111	
DUCT SUPERVISORY	200	
DET-USER-DEF-6	200	
PHOTO SUPERV	200	
DET-USER-DEF-7	200	
not used	000	
MONITOR	110	
MON-USER-DEF-3	110	
not used	000	
not used SMOKE CONVEN	000	
MON-USER-DEF-5	111	
HEAT CONVEN	111 114	
MON-USER-DEF-6		
	114	
MEDIC ALERT	100	
MON-USER-DEF-7	100	
HAZARD ALERT	150	
MON-USER-DEF-8	150	
TORNADO ALRT	150	
MON-USER-DEF-9	150	
not used	000	
not used	000	
TAMPER	144	
MON-USER-DEF-11	144	
MON SUPERVISORY	200	
MON-USER-DEF-12	200	
MON SUPERV AUTO	200	
MON-USER-DEF-13	200	
POWER MON	330	
MON-USER-DEF-14	330	
TROUBLE MON	POINT_FAULT code will <b>always</b> be transmitted	
MON-USER-DEF-15	POINT_FAULT code will always be transmitted	
PROCESS MON	000	
MON-USER-DEF-16	000	

**Table 3.4 Event Codes (Continued)** 

PROCMON AR	000
MON-USER-DEF-17	000
not used	000
not used	000
POINT FAULT	380
POINT DISABLE	570
AC FAIL	301
DRILL	604
SLC 1 OPEN FAULT	371
SLC 1 SHORT FAULT	372
not used	000
not used	000
GROUND FAULT	310
LOW BATTERY	302
NO BATTERY	311
TELCO LINE 1	351
TELCO LINE 2	352
COMM FAULT 1	354
COMM FAULT 2	355
TOTAL COMM FLT	000
PRINTER FAULT	336
NAC 1 FAULT	321
NAC 2 FAULT	322
NAC 3 FAULT	326
NAC 4 FAULT	327
not used	000
VOICE EVACUATION	337
ACS FAULT	333
LCD 80F FAULT	334
NAC 1 DISABLE	521
NAC 2 DISABLE	522
NAC 3 DISABLE	526
NAC 4 DISABLE	527
MEMORY FAULT	304
CHARGER FAULT	300
OPTION CARD 1 FAULT	331
REMOTE SYNC FAULT	332
not used	000
ZONE DISABLE	570
NAC_KEY_FLT	300
NO_DEVICES_INSTLLD	380
OFF_NORMAL_MESSAGE	308
24_HOUR_TEST	602
24 HOUR ABNORMAL TES	608
UPDOWN REQUEST	411
UPLOAD SUCCESS	416
DOWNLOAD SUCCESS	412
UPDOWN FAILURE	413
GENERAL_ALARM	110
GENERAL SUPERVISORY	200
<u> </u>	

### Report Style

CENTRAL STATION 1=PRIMARY 2=SECONDARY 3=REPORT STYLE POINT

Central Station Screen #2

Pressing 3 while viewing Central Station Screen #2 will cause the Report Style display to toggle between *Point* and *Zone*. Setting the Report Style to Point will program the DACT to report individual point status to the Central Station. The control panel is capable of monitoring a total of 198 addressable devices. Setting the Report Style to Zone will program the DACT to report zone status to the Central Station. The control panel is capable of monitoring a total of 99 individual zones.



### NOTE:

- 1. Detector Address 01 will be reported to the Central Station as Point 01, Detector Address 02 as Point 02, with reports continuing in a similar fashion all the way up to Detector Address 99 which will be reported as Point 99.
- 2. Module address 01 will be reported to the Central Station as Point 160, Module Address 02 will be reported to the Central Station as Point 161, with reports continuing in a similar fashion all the way up to Module Address 99 which will be reported as Point 258.

### ■ Manual Dial Mode

ON BOARD DACT 1=SERVICE TERMINAL 2=CENTRAL STATION 3=MANUAL DIAL MODE

On Board DACT Screen #2

Pressing 3 while viewing On Board DACT Screen #2 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

MANUAL DIAL MODE 1=PRIMARY PHONE 2=SECONDARY PHONE

Pressing I for Primary Phone or 2 for Secondary Phone will display the following screen:

MANUAL DIAL MODE 1=GO OFF HOOK 2=DIAL DIGIT(S) 3=GO ON HOOK

Pressing *I* for Go Off Hook will cause the DACT to access the selected phone line (similar to taking the phone handset off the cradle). The selected phone line's red Active LED will turn on.

Pressing 2 for Dial Digit(s) will display a screen which allows the user to key in the phone number to be dialed. The first digit is keyed in and then the right arrow key is pressed to move the cursor to the next position. The next digit is keyed in and the process is repeated until all digits have been entered. Pressing the *Enter* key will cause the number just entered to be dialed.

Pressing 3 for Go On Hook will cause the DACT to hang-up, deselecting the previously selected phone line. The phone line's red Active LED will turn off.

## Printer/PC

OPTION MODULES
1=ANNUNCIATORS/UDACT
2=ON BOARD DACT
3=PRINTER/PC NO

Option Module Screen

A Printer or a PC can be connected to the control panel. Pressing 3 while viewing the Option Module Screen will cause the following screen to appear:



Printer-PC Screen

Pressing *I* while viewing the Printer-PC Screen will program the control panel for an unsupervised (NO SU) printer. The display will change to the Printer Baud Rate Screen as shown below.

Pressing 2 while viewing the Printer-PC Screen will program the control panel for a supervised (SU) printer. Printer supervision, when enabled, will typically detect the removal of the printer cable and will detect when the printer power has been turned off. Depending upon the brand of printer, other errors such as paper empty or printer off-line may be detected.

The following screen will appear, which allows the programmer to select the baud rate for the printer communication:

PRINTER BAUD RATE 1=2400 BAUD 2=4800 BAUD 3=9600 BAUD

**Printer Baud Rate Screen** 

Pressing the number key corresponding to the desired baud rate (2 for 4800 Baud for example) will program the control panel for the selected baud rate and return the display to the Option Module Screen which will indicate *Printer/PC PR4800* for a supervised printer installed at 4800 baud rate.

Pressing 3 while viewing the Printer-PC Screen will program the control panel for a PC connection. The display will return to the Option Module Screen which will indicate *Printer/PC PC* for personal computer installed.



**NOTE:** The FDU-80 and the Printer/PC use the same TB8 terminal block. Only one device can be used at any one time. Setting any option in the Printer/PC screen to Yes will disable communications with the FDU-80. The printer must be installed in the same room and within 50 feet of the FACP.

# 3.6.10 Password Change

PROGRAMMING 1=PASSWORD CHANGE 2=CLEAR PROGRAM 3=PROGRAM CHECK

Programming Screen #4

The factory set passwords, which have been programmed into the control panel, can be changed by selecting the Password Change option. Pressing *I* while viewing Programming Screen #4 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

PASSWORD CHANGE 1=MASTER 2=MAINTENANCE

**Password Change Screen** 

Press 1 to change the Master Programming Level password or 2 to change the Maintenance Level password. Note that the passwords will not be displayed on FDU-80 annunciators.

The following screen will appear when either change option is selected:

ENTER NEW FIVE DIGIT
PASSWORD

**Enter Password Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear in the center of the display. Enter a new five digit password (such as 10101 for the Master Level). After the fifth digit is entered, the following screen will be displayed:

NEW MASTER PASSWORD IS 10101 PRESS ENTER IF OK

**Password Change Screen** 

Pressing the *Enter* key will program the new password into the control panel and return the display to the Password Change Screen.

# 3.6.11 Clear Program

PROGRAMMING 1=PASSWORD CHANGE 2=CLEAR PROGRAM 3=PROGRAM CHECK

Programming Screen #4

Pressing 2 while viewing Programming Screen #4, will select the Clear Program option. This will cause the LCD to display the following screen:

CLEAR PROGRAM 1=WHOLE SYSTEM 2=ALL POINTS

Clear Program Screen #1

Pressing *I*, for Whole System while viewing the Clear Program Screen #1, will clear all general system programming options and all programmed addressable devices from the nonvolatile memory of the FACP. *This function is useful when the control panel is first installed, prior to autoprogramming. Note that it is necessary to autoprogram after using the Clear Whole System function.* 

Pressing 2, for ALL POINTS while viewing the Clear Program Screen #1, will clear all programming related to the SLC loop and connected addressable devices.

Before executing any of the Clear commands listed above, the control panel will provide a warning to the user by prompting with the following display:

WARNING!
SYSTEM CHANGE
PROCEED?
1=YES 2=N0

Pressing *I* will cause the control panel to carry out the selected clear option. Pressing *2* will prevent programming from being cleared.

## 3.6.12 Program Check

PROGRAMMING 1=PASSWORD CHANGE 2=CLEAR PROGRAM 3=PROGRAM CHECK The Program Check feature allows the programmer to view the zones which have been programmed to the Notification Appliance Circuits on the control panel but have not been programmed to Initiating Devices as well as other circuits with no input or output correlations. Pressing 3 while viewing Programming Screen #4 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

Programming Screen #4

PROGRAMCHECK 1=NACS NO INPUT 2=ZONES NO INPUT 3=ZONES NO OUTPUT

PROGRAMCHECK 1=NACS NO INPUT 2=ZONES NO INPUT 3=ZONES NO OUTPUT Pressing *I* while viewing the Program Check screen will display an NAC screen similar to the following.

Program Check Screen

NACS NO INPUT NAC 1 25 31 44 55 67

The example above indicates that NAC 1 has been programmed to Zones 25, 31, 44, 55 and 67 but no input devices have been programmed to any of these zones. Use the up and down arrow keys to

view all the NAC zones without input assignments for NAC 1, NAC2, NAC 3 and NAC 4.



**NOTE:** If the NACs have been configured for Class A in the Setup option, only NAC1 and NAC 2 will display test information. NAC 3 and NAC 4 will display asterisks (\*) and will not be included in the test.

Pressing 2 while viewing the Program Check screen will display a screen similar to the following:

ZONES NO INPUT 05 07 09 10 11 1M001

The Zone No Input screen allows the programmer to view the zones which have not been programmed to at least one input device (not including general alarm Zone 00). The example in the preceding screen indicates that Zones 05, 07, 09, 10 and 11 have been programmed to an addressable module (control module in this example) with an address of 001 on loop 1 but have not been programmed to any input devices. Use the up and down arrow keys to view all the zones without input assignments.

Pressing 3 while viewing Program Check screen will cause a screen similar to the following to be displayed:

ZONES NO OUTPUT 05 07 09 10 11 1D001

The Zone No Output feature allows the programmer to view the zones which have not been programmed to at least one output device (not including general alarm Zone 00). The example in the preceding screen indicates that Zones 05, 07, 09, 10 and 11 have been programmed to an addressable detector with an address of 001 on loop 1 but have not been programmed to any output devices. Use the up and down arrow keys to view all the zones without output assignments.

# 3.7 Maintenance Programming Level

To access Maintenance Programming mode, press the *Enter* key. The LCD will display the following:



To enter the Maintenance Programming mode, press 2. The display will read as follows:



When the Maintenance level password (default 11111) is entered, the following screen will appear:



Note that in the preceding screens, an arrow appears to inform the programmer that additional options can be viewed by pressing the keypad down arrow key, as shown in the following screen.



## 3.7.1 Disable Point

PROGRAMMING 1=POINT PROGRAM 2=HISTORY 3=PROGRAM CHECK

Maintenance Screen #1

Pressing *I* for Point Program, while viewing Maintenance Screen #1 will cause the following screens to be displayed:

POINT PROGRAM 1=DETECTOR 2=MODULE

**Device Select Screen** 

Select the device type by pressing I for an addressable detector or 2 for an addressable module. The operator will be prompted to enter the three digit device address as shown in the following example for a detector:

EDIT DETECTOR ENTER POINT ADDRESS \*\*

**Address Select Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear in the bottom left corner of the display, prompting for the three digit device address. When the third digit is enter, 001 for example, a screen will appear which will allow enabling or disabling of the selected point, as illustrated in the following example:

EDIT DETECTOR 1D001 1=ENABLED YES

**Enable/Disable Select Screen** 

Pressing 1 repeatedly will cause the display to toggle between Enabled Yes and Enabled No.

# 3.7.2 History

PROGRAMMING 1=POINT PROGRAM 2=HISTORY 3=PROGRAM CHECK

Maintenance Screen #1

Pressing 2 while viewing Maintenance Screen #1 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

HISTORY
1=VIEW EVENTS
2=ERASE HISTORY

**History Screen** 

The History feature allows the operator to view control panel events which have been stored in a history file in memory and erase the contents of the history file

Pressing *I* while viewing the History screen will cause the following screen to be displayed:

HISTORY 1=VIEW ALL 2=VIEW ALARMS 3=VIEW OTHER EVENTS

**Events Screen** 

To view all the events which have occurred in the control panel since the history file was last erased, press *I* while viewing the Events screen. To view only alarms which have occurred, press *2* while viewing the Events screen. To view events other than alarms, press *3*. The most recent event will be displayed on the screen. To view all of the selected events, press the up or down arrow keys to scroll through the list of events. If no events have occurred, the display will read *NO EVENTS IN HISTORY*.

Pressing 2 while viewing the History Screen will cause the following screen to be displayed:

ERASE HISTORY
PROCEED ?
1=YES 2=NO

**Erase History Screen** 

Pressing *I* while viewing the Erase History Screen will cause the message *ERASING HISTORY*, *PLEASE WAIT* to be displayed. The display will then return to the History Screen. Pressing *2* will cause the display to return to the History Screen without erasing the History file.

# 3.7.3 Program Check

PROGRAMMING 1=POINT PROGRAM 2=HISTORY 3=PROGRAM CHECK

Maintenance Screen #1

Pressing 3 while viewing Maintenance Screen #1 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

PROGRAMCHECK 1=NACS NO INPUT 2=ZONES NO INPUT 3=ZONE NO OUTPUT

**Program Check Screen** 

The Program Check feature allows the programmer to view the zones which have been programmed to the Notification Appliance Circuits on the control panel but have not been programmed to Initiating Devices as well as other circuits with no input or output correlations. Pressing *I* while viewing Program Check screen will cause a screen similar to the following to be displayed.

NACS NO INPUT NAC 1 25 31 44 55 67

The example above indicates that NAC 1 has been programmed to Zones 25, 31, 44, 55 and 67 but no input devices have been programmed to any of these zones. Use the up and down arrow keys to view all the NAC zones without input assignments for both NAC 1, NAC 2, NAC 3 and NAC 4.



**NOTE:** If the NACs have been configured for Class A in the Setup option, only NAC 1 and NAC2 will display test information. NAC 3 and NAC 4 will display asterisks (\*) and will not be included in the test

Pressing 2 while viewing the Program Check screen will display a screen similar to the following:

ZONES NO INPUT 05 07 09 10 11 1M001

The Zone No Input screen allows the programmer to view the zones which have not been programmed to at least one input device (not including general alarm Zone 00). The example in the preceding screen indicates that Zones 05, 07, 09, 10 and 11 have been programmed to an addressable module (control module in this example) with an address of 001 on the loop but have not been programmed to any input devices. Use the up and down arrow keys to view all the zones without input assignments.

Pressing 3 while viewing Program Check screen will cause a screen similar to the following to be displayed:

ZONES NO OUTPUT 05 07 09 10 11 1D001 The Zone No Output feature allows the programmer to view the zones which have not been programmed to at least one output device (not including general alarm Zone 00). The example in the preceding screen indicates that Zones 05, 07, 09, 10 and 11 have been programmed to an addressable detector with an address of 001 on the loop but have not been programmed to any output devices. Use the up and down arrow keys to view all the zones without output assignments.

### 3.7.4 Walktest

PROGRAMMING 1=WALKTEST 2=SYSTEM 3=ZONE SETUP

Maintenance Screen #2

To perform a walktest, press *I* while viewing Maintenance Screen #2. The following screen will be displayed:

WALKTEST 1=SILENT 2=AUDIBLE 3=VIEW RESULT

Walktest Screen

The operator can press *1* to perform a silent walktest or 2 to perform an audible walktest. The display will read *UNIT IN WALKTEST*. To end the Walktest, press the *Esc* (Escape) key.

Pressing 3 after the walktest has been completed, will allow the operator to view the results of the walktest.

# **3.7.5 System**

To program the time and date into the control panel, press 2 while viewing Maintenance Screen #2. The following display will appear:

SYSTEMS 1=TIME/DATE

System Screen

Pressing I while viewing the System Screen will cause the following screen to be displayed:

TIME AND DATE 1=TIME 01:00 AM 2=DATE 01-01-2001 12HR

**Time and Date Screen** 

To change the time, press *1* to display the following screen:



Time Screen

A flashing cursor will appear on the left side of the display. Enter the four digit number corresponding to the time (0000 - 1259). When the fourth digit is entered, the cursor will move one position to the right. Press I for AM or 2 for PM to complete entering the time. The display will return to the Time and Date Screen displaying the new time.

To change the date, press 2 while viewing the Time and Date Screen. The following screen will be displayed:



**Date Screen** 

A flashing cursor will appear on the left side of the display. Enter the two digit month, two digit day and four digit year. The cursor will move one position to the right after each entry. When the fourth digit of the year has been entered, the display will return to the Time and Date Screen which will show the new date.

# 3.7.6 Zone Setup

PROGRAMMING 1=WALKTEST 2=SYSTEM 3=ZONE SETUP

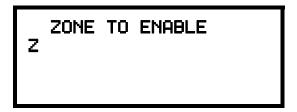
Maintenance Screen #2

Pressing 3 while viewing Maintenance Screen #2 will display the following screen:

ZONE SETUP 1=ENABLE 2=DISABLE 3=ZONE 97 98 99

**Zone Setup Screen** 

Pressing *I* while viewing Zone Setup screen will display the following screen:



**Enable Screen** 

A flashing cursor appears to the right of the Z. To enable a zone, enter the two digit zone number (00 - 99). After the second digit is entered, the zone will be enabled and the cursor will return to the original position. The next zone to be enabled can then be entered. Press *Esc* (Escape) to return to the previous screen.

Pressing 2 while viewing Zone Setup screen will display the following screen:



**Disable Screen** 

A flashing cursor appears to the right of the Z. To disable a zone, enter the two digit zone number (00 - 99). After the second digit is entered, the zone will be disabled and the cursor will return to the original position. The next zone to be disabled can then be entered. Press *Esc* (Escape) to return to the previous screen.

Pressing 3 while viewing Zone Setup screen will display the following screen:

SPEC PURPOSE ZONE 1=PAS 97 OFF 2=PRE-SIGNAL 98 OFF 3=TWO STAGE 99 OFF

Disable Screen

Zones 97, 98 and 99 can be programmed for normal zone operation or for special purpose applications. In the above illustration, the three zones are shown Off, which means they can be programmed to function in the same manner as all other zones, by assigning them to input and output devices in the Programming Zone Assignment Screen.

Pressing *I* will cause the display to change to *PAS 97 On*. Each press of the *I* key will cause the display to toggle between *PAS 97 On* and *PAS 97 Off*. When Zone 97 is programmed On, a PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) activation of any smoke detector will cause Zone 97 to activate. By assigning Zone 97 to a control module in the Programming Zone Assignment Screen, an output

device connected to the control module can be used to indicate a PAS condition in the control panel. *Do not assign Zone 97 to a Notification Appliance Circuit when using this zone to indicate a PAS condition.* 

Pressing 2 will cause the display to change to *Pre-signal 98 On*. Each press of the 2 key will cause the display to toggle between *Pre-signal 98 On* and *Pre-signal 98 Off*. When Zone 98 is programmed On, a Pre-signal activation of any device will cause Zone 98 to activate. By assigning Zone 98 to a control module in the Programming Zone Assignment Screen, an output device connected to the control module can be used to indicate a Pre-signal condition in the control panel. *Do not assign Zone 98 to a Notification Appliance Circuit when using this zone to indicate a Pre-signal condition.* 

Pressing 3 will cause the display to change to *Two Stage 99 On*. Each press of the 3 key will cause the display to toggle between *Two Stage 99 On* and *Two Stage 99 Off*. Refer to "Two Stage Operation" on page 87 for a description of this feature.

# **Section 4: Operating Instructions**

## 4.1 Panel Control Buttons

## 4.1.1 Acknowledge/Step

The first press of the *Acknowledge/Step* key silences the piezo sounder, changes flashing LEDs to steady and also changes the status field on the LCD display from capital letters to small letters. When the piezo is silenced, an *acknowledge* message is sent to the printer and the history file. Multiple active events are scrolled on the display at a three second rate. *Acknowledge* also sends a *silence piezo* command to the optional annunciators connected to the FACP.

When more than one event exists, the first press of the Acknowledge/Step key functions as described in the preceding paragraph. The second press of the key stops the scrolling and holds the event on the display for one minute. Subsequent pressing of the key steps through each active event.

### 4.1.2 Alarm Silence

The *Alarm Silence* key performs the same functions as Acknowledge/Step. In addition, if an alarm exists, it turns off all silenceable NACs (Notification Appliance Circuits) and causes the Alarm Silenced LED to turn on. It also sends an 'alarm silenced' message to the printer, history file and optional annunciators. A subsequent new alarm will resound the system NACs. *Note that the Alarm Silenced LED is turned off by pressing the Reset key, the Drill key or subsequent activation of the NACs.* 

### 4.1.3 Drill/Hold 2 Sec

When the *Drill* key is held for a minimum of two seconds (time required to prevent accidental activations), the FACP turns on both main panel NAC outputs and all silenceable circuits such as control modules that are programmed as silenceable, and turns off the Alarm Silenced LED if it was previously on. The *EVAC IN SYSTEM* message is shown on the LCD display. The same message is sent to the printer and history file. The *Alarm Silence* key can be used to turn off all silenceable NAC outputs following activation by the *Drill* key.

### 4.1.4 Reset

Pressing and releasing the *Reset* key turns off all control modules and NACs, temporarily turns off resettable power to 4-wire detectors, causes a *RESET IN SYSTEM* message to be displayed on the LCD and sends the same message to the printer and history file. It also performs a lamp test by turning on all LEDs (except the Ground LED), piezo sounder and LCD display segments after the *Reset* key is released. Any alarm or trouble that exists after a reset will resound the system.

## 4.2 LED Indicators

The nine LED indicators, which are located on the front panel, operate as follows:

### **AC Power**

This is a green LED which illuminates if AC power is applied to the FACP. A loss of AC power will turn off this LED

### Fire Alarm

This red LED flashes when one or more alarms occur. It illuminates steady when the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed. The Fire Alarm LED turns off when the *Reset* key is pressed. The LED will remain off if all alarms have been cleared.

LED Indicators Operating Instructions

### Supervisory

This is a yellow LED that flashes when one or more supervisory conditions occur, such as a sprinkler valve tamper condition. It illuminates steady when the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed. It turns off when the *Reset* key is pressed and remains off if all supervisory alarms have been cleared.

### **Trouble**

This is a yellow LED that flashes when one or more trouble conditions occur. It stays on steady when the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed. The LED turns off when all trouble conditions are cleared. This LED will also illuminate if the microprocessor watchdog circuit is activated.

### Maintenance

This is a yellow LED that flashes to indicate that a smoke detector requires cleaning or replacement due to an invalid chamber reading or excessive drift.

### **Alarm Silenced**

This is a yellow LED that turns on after the *Alarm Silence* key is pressed while an alarm condition exists. It turns off when the *Drill* or *Reset* key is pressed.

### **Disabled**

This is a yellow LED that flashes to indicate that a zone, NAC, detector or module has been temporarily disabled in programming by the user.

### **Battery**

This is a yellow LED that flashes to indicate a low battery voltage condition.

#### Ground

This is a yellow LED that flashes to indicate a ground fault condition (zero impedance from the FACP to ground).

### **Primary Line Active**

This is a red LED that indicates the primary phone line is active.

### **Secondary Line Active**

This is a red LED that indicates the secondary phone line is active

### Kiss-off

This is a green LED that blinks when a Central Station has acknowledged receipt of each transmitted message or when a portion of upload or download data has been accepted from a Service Terminal

Operating Instructions Normal Operation

# 4.3 Normal Operation

With no alarms or troubles in the system, the display message is *System All Normal* along with the current time and date as shown below. To set the time and date, refer to the appropriate section in this manual.

HONEYWELL LIFE SAFETY SYSTEM ALL NORMAL 10:00A 012106

The NFW2-100 performs the following functions at regular intervals while in Normal mode:

- Monitors AC input voltage and battery voltage
- Monitors and reports status of SLC loop, option cards and control panel
- Polls all devices on the SLC loop and flashes each device LED while checking for valid replies, alarms, troubles, etc.
- · Refreshes LCD display and updates time
- Scans control panel keypad for key presses
- · Performs autotest for all SLC devices
- · Tests memory
- Updates and reads all communications busses (EIA-485, EIA-232, etc.)

# 4.4 Trouble Operation

With no alarms in the system, the detection of a trouble will cause the following:

- The piezo to pulse 1 second On and 1 second Off
- The system Trouble LED to flash one second On and one second Off
- The trouble relay to activate
- TROUBL with device type, noun/adjective, address and trouble description will appear on the LCD display
- The same message, along with the time and date, is sent to the optional printer and the history buffer.
- Communicate the trouble conditions to the Central Station
- Terminate upload or download communications

Note that specific troubles will initiate additional actions; for example, loss of AC power will turn off the AC Power LED, a ground fault will turn on the Ground LED, etc.

### Addressable Smoke Detectors, Monitor Modules and Control Modules

For addressable devices connected to the SLC loop, the following is a typical message that could appear on the LCD display for a device trouble:

Trouble Operation Operation Operation

The information displayed in the above example provides the following information:

- First line in display:
  - The type of event; in this example TROUBL indicating a device trouble
  - Device type identifier; in this example, SMOKE (PHOTO) indicates a Photoelectric smoke detector. Other device type identifiers which can be displayed include SMOKE (ION) for Ionization Detector, HEAT for Heat Detector, CONTROL for Control Module and MONITOR for Monitor Module, PULL STATION for a manual pull box, etc. Refer to "Edit Detector" on page 46, "Edit Module Screen for Monitor Module" on page 56 and "Edit Module Screen for Control Modules" on page 65 for information on additional device types.
- Second line in display:
  - <ADJ>; refers to the user programmed adjective descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
  - <NOUN>; refers to the user programmed noun descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
- Third line in display: *INVREP* indicates an invalid reply from the addressable device. Other possible troubles include:
  - SHORT indicating a shorted circuit on an addressable device
  - OPEN indicating an open circuit on an addressable device
  - *DIRTY1* maintenance alert indicating that a detector is near but below the allowed alarm limit and is in need of maintenance before the performance is compromised
  - *DIRTY2* maintenance alert indicating that a detector needs immediate maintenance since it has been within 80% of its alarm threshold for 24 hours
  - INVREP maintenance alert indicating a hardware problem in the detector
  - TEST F indicating a detector has failed the automatic test operation which functionally checks its sensing chamber and electronics
  - *INV ID* indicating that an incorrect device code (Type ID) has been programmed for an installed device (for example, Photo has been programmed but an Ion detector has been installed)
  - SW TBL indicating a module has failed the testing of its Class A switching relay
- Fourth line in display:
  - Time; the current time in this example is 10:00A which represents 10:00 AM
  - Date; the current month, day and year in this example is 01 for January, 08 for the 8th day of the month and 06 for the year 2006
  - Device Address; *1D001* in this example *1* represents SLC Loop, *D* represents a detector and *001* represents device address 001

Pressing the Acknowledge/Step or Alarm Silence key will cause the pulsing piezo to silence and the system Trouble LED to change from flashing to on steady. This block acknowledgment occurs regardless of the number of troubles, alarms and supervisory events active in the system. When the Acknowledge/Step key is pressed and at least one new alarm or trouble exists in the system, the 'acknowledge' message is sent to the printer and history file. If the trouble clears, either before or after the Acknowledge/Step key is pressed, the 'clear trouble' message is sent to the printer and history file.

If all troubles clear and there are no supervisory or fire conditions active in the system, the system returns to normal mode operation and the *System All Normal* message is shown on the LCD display and sent to the history and printer files. The auto-restore feature will restore cleared troubles even if the troubles were never acknowledged. Note that pressing the *Alarm Silence* key when only troubles exist in the system will have the same effect as pressing the *Acknowledge/Step* key except the Alarm Silenced LED will light.

Operating Instructions Alarm Operation

If multiple trouble conditions exist in the system, they will be automatically scrolled on the LCD display at a three second rate. *If a combination of alarms, troubles and/or supervisory conditions simultaneously occur in the system, only the alarms are scrolled on the display.* 

# 4.5 Alarm Operation

Alarm operation is similar to trouble operation with the following differences:

- The piezo sounder produces a steady output as opposed to a pulsed output
- The Fire Alarm LED flashes 1 second On and 1 second Off
- The LCD displays Alarm along with the device name, type, address, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- Communicate the alarm to the Central Station
- Alarms latch and are not allowed to clear automatically
- · Alarms activate software zones if so programmed
- Timers for Silence Inhibit, Autosilence and Trouble Reminder are started
- Alarms activate the general alarm relay and general alarm zone Z00
- The trouble relay is not activated
- · Store event in history buffer
- Terminate upload or download communications

A typical alarm display would be as illustrated below:

ALARM PULL STATION <ADJ> <NOUN> Z000 10:00A 010806 1M001

Note that the device type, which in this example is *PULL STATION*, can be any other programmable alarm type.

The information displayed in the above example provides the following information:

- First line in display:
  - The type of event; in this example ALARM indicating an alarm condition
  - Device type identifier; in this example, PULL STATION indicates a manual pull box. Other device type identifiers which can be displayed include SMOKE (ION) for Ionization Detector, HEAT for Heat Detector, CONTROL for Control Module and MONITOR for Monitor Module, PULL STATION for a manual pull box, etc. Refer to "Edit Detector" on page 46, "Edit Module Screen for Monitor Module" on page 56 and "Edit Module Screen for Control Modules" on page 65 for information on additional device types.
- Second line in display:
  - <ADJ>; refers to the user programmed adjective descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
  - <NOUN>; refers to the user programmed noun descriptor from library list resident in the control panel or custom entry via PC.
- Third line in display: *Z000* indicates the zone programmed to this device which, in this example, is general alarm Zone 000. Note that a single device can be programmed to five different zones but only the first zone will be displayed.
- Fourth line in display:
  - Time; the current time in this example is 10:00A which represents 10:00 AM
  - Date; the current month, day and year in this example is 01 for January, 08 for the 8th day of the month and 06 for the year 2006

Supervisory Operation Operation

• Device Address; 1M001 in this example 1 represents SLC Loop, M represents a module and 001 represents device address 001

# 4.6 Supervisory Operation

Supervisory operation is similar to alarm operation but with the following differences:

- The piezo sounder pulses ½ second On and ½ second Off
- The Supervisory LED flashes ½ second On and ½ second Off
- The LCD displays the status label *Active Supervisory* along with the device name, type, address, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- Communicate the supervisory condition to the Central Station
- The supervisory relay is activated
- The alarm relay is <u>not</u> activated
- · Silenced alarms are resounded
- · Timers are not started
- Store event in history buffer
- Terminate upload or download communications

A typical Supervisory event would be displayed as illustrated in the following:

ACTIVE SUPERVISORY <ADJ> <NOUN> Z000 10:00A 010806 1M001

Note that, like alarms, supervisory signals latch (except when programmed for supervisory autoresettable) and can be assigned to software zones. Supervisory alarms do not cause resound as do other alarm conditions. Open circuits in supervisory wiring are processed by the control panel the same way as other trouble conditions. Refer to "Alarm Operation" on page 128, for a description of the information displayed on the control panel LCD.

# 4.7 Process Monitor Operation

Process Monitor operation will initiate the following events:

- The piezo sounder pulses 1/4 second On and 1/4 second Off
- The LCD displays a process monitor message along with the device name, type, address, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- Communicate the process monitor condition to the Central Station
- Relays programmed for process monitoring will be activated
- The alarm relay is not activated
- · Silenced alarms are not resounded
- · Timers are not started
- · Store event in history buffer

Note that, like supervisories, process monitor signals latch (except when programmed for process monitor autoresettable) and can be assigned to software zones.

# 4.8 Hazard/Tornado Condition Operation

Hazard/Tornado Condition operation will initiate the following events:

- The piezo sounder pulses ½ second On, ½ second Off
- The LCD displays a hazard message along with the device name, type, address, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- Communicate the hazard condition to the Central Station
- · Relays programmed for hazard will be activated
- · The alarm relay is not activated
- · Silenced alarms are resounded
- Timers are not started
- Store event in history buffer
- Supervisory LED flashes ½ second On, ½ second Off

Hazard conditions latch. They can be assigned to software zones.

# 4.9 Medical Alert Condition Operation

Medical Alert Condition operation will initiate the following events:

- The piezo sounder ½ second On, ½ second Off
- The LCD displays a medical alert message along with the device name, type, address, adjective/noun, associated zones and time/date
- Communicate the medical alert condition to the Central Station
- · Relays programmed for medical alert will be activated
- The alarm relay is <u>not</u> activated
- · Silenced alarms are resounded
- · Timers are not started
- Store event in history buffer
- Supervisory LED flashes ½ second On, ½ second Off

Medical alert conditions latch. They can be assigned to software zones.

# 4.10 NAC Operation

There are four Style Y (Class B) or two Style Z (Class A) programmable NACs (Notification Appliance Circuits) resident on the NFW2-100 main circuit board. All NACs may be programmed as silenceable or nonsilenceable and may also be programmed for steady or coded operation. Coded operation provides a choice between March Time, Temporal or California coding.

# 4.11 Programmed Zone Operation

Each addressable detector and monitor module can be assigned to a maximum of five software alarm zones. A general alarm zone Z00 may be listed for output (control) points, but it is not necessary to list Z00 for input points, since this is the default zone for all alarm input devices. Zone Z00 is not activated by supervisory points.

When an input device alarms and is not disabled, it activates all software zones assigned to it. An output device that is not disabled is turned on when any of the software zones to which it is programmed become active. Only alarms, hazards/tornado alerts can turn on any of the four main NACs.

Disable/Enable Operation Operation

# 4.12 Disable/Enable Operation

Input points which are disabled do not cause an alarm or any zone activation. Disabled output points are held in the off state. All disabled points are treated as if they were in trouble, with the exception being the status label that will be displayed is *DISABL*.

# 4.13 Waterflow Circuits Operation

If an alarm exists from a monitor module point that has a waterflow type code and its mapped NAC control module outputs are programmed for nonsilenceable operation, the Alarm Silence key will not function. Also, any output zone activated by a waterflow device will not be silenceable if the Waterflow Silenceable option is set to NO in system programming.

## 4.14 Detector Functions

#### Maintenance Alert

Each addressable detector is monitored by the control panel for its maintenance status. If a detector is near but below the allowed alarm limit, a 'maintenance alert' message will automatically be displayed, signaling that the detector is in need of servicing.

### **Automatic Test Operation**

An automatic test of an addressable detector is performed each minute, resulting in a complete SLC loop test in approximately 5 hours (if the loop has the maximum number of devices installed). The detector's sensing chamber and electronics are functionally tested for normal, safe operation. A trouble message is displayed upon failure of this test. A System Reset will clear this trouble.

### **Type Code Supervision**

The FACP monitors addressable hardware device codes at slow intervals. Mismatch of any type code, compared to the system program, will cause a device trouble.

### **System Alarm Verification**

The control panel may be programmed to perform alarm verification to help eliminate the nuisance of false alarms. Alarm verification applies to smoke detectors only.

### **Smoke Detector Data**

Smoke detector data is monitored by the FACP, eliminating the need to test the sensitivity of each detector at its location. A printout of each detector's data can be retrieved from the FACP using an optional printer or Windows© HyperTerminal. Detector sensing ability can decrease with age and should be monitored as part of a system's routine maintenance.

# 4.15 Time Functions: Real-Time Clock

The NFW2-100 includes a crystal-based clock that provides time of day, date and day of week. Time is displayed as 12 or 24 hour time with month/day/year and is stored in RAM. Daylight savings time change-over is programmable and automatic. If both AC and battery are lost, the time must be reset.

# 4.16 Synchronized NAC Operation

Synchronization is a panel feature that controls the activation of notification appliances in such a way that all devices will turn on and off at exactly the same time. This is particularly critical when activating strobes which must be synchronized to avoid random activation and a potential hazard or confusion. The FACP can be programmed to operate with a variety of manufacturer's devices. NAC synchronization can only be supported properly by the Remote Power Supply Sync Terminal, which follows NAC 1 programming.

Operating Instructions Coded Operation

**Important:** When a Notification Appliance Circuit with a mix of audible and visual devices is programmed for silenceable and the synchronization feature is selected, only the audible devices will be turned off if the Silence key is pressed. The visual devices (strobes, etc.) will continue to operate.

# 4.17 Coded Operation

The NAC circuits resident on the control panel main circuit board can be programmed for coded operation. The available pulse rates which can be programmed for coded operation are as follows:

• Continuous: Steady output with no pulsing

• March Time: Pulses at 120 ppm (pulses per minute)

• Temporal Code: Pulses at ½ second On, ½ second Off, ½ second On, ½

second Off, ½ second On, 1½ second Off

California Code: 10 seconds On, 5 seconds Off

• Two-Stage Pulses at 20 ppm (pulses per minute) for 3 or 5 minutes depending on

programming and then changes to on steady (Refer to Two-Stage, p. 87)

# 4.18 Presignal

Presignal option programs an initiating device to delay the activation of NACs and/or control modules while allowing visual verification by a person. Once a detector or monitor module triggers an alarm, the onboard piezo sounds immediately, but the NACs are not activated for a user programmed time duration of up to three minutes. Note that the alarm relay and communicator will respond to the initial alarm immediately. In addition, Zone 98 will activate. This zone can be programmed to a control module which may be used to activate a sounder or indicator which the installer designates as a Presignal indication. *Do not assign Zone 98 to a Notification Appliance Circuit when using this zone to indicate a Pre-signal condition.* 

After the programmed delay, the NACs will activate if the source of the alarm is not cleared. Note that if a second alarm occurs during the programmed time delay, the alarm will be processed immediately, causing activation of the appropriate output zones. The events which occur upon Presignal activation are as follows:

- · onboard piezo sounds immediately
- control panel LCD display will indicate a presignal event and the active point
- control points programmed to Zone 98 will activate
- · annunciators (if enabled) will sound the local piezo, and pulse the alarm LED and zone LED
- outputs (NACs and control modules) of associated zones will be inhibited from activating for a user programmed time delay of up to three minutes
- second alarm occurring anytime during the time delay will cause immediate activation of all associated outputs

Presignal does not affect monitor modules programmed as waterflow, supervisory, process monitoring or remote switches. *Presignal operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction*.

# 4.19 Positive Alarm Sequence

PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) option will program a smoke detector to delay panel activation (including alarm relay and communicator) for a period of 15 seconds. Zone 97, however, will activate immediately and may be used to connect a signaling device to indicate PAS activation. Do not assign Zone 97 to a Notification Appliance Circuit when using this zone to indicate a PAS condition.

Special System Timers Operating Instructions

When a detector triggers an alarm, the onboard piezo sounds immediately, but the NACs are prevented from activating for 15 seconds. This inhibit time is factory set and cannot be changed. Pressing the Alarm Silence or Acknowledge/Step key during the 15 second inhibit time will silence the piezo sounder and start a timer which prevents activation of NACs for an additional time duration which can be user programmed for up to three minutes. After the programmed delay, the NACs will activate if the source of the alarm is not cleared. Note that if a second alarm occurs during either time delay, the alarm will be processed immediately, causing activation of the appropriate output zones. The events which occur upon PAS activation are as follows:

- · onboard piezo sounds immediately
- control panel LCD display will indicate a presignal event and the active point
- control points programmed to Zone 97 will activate
- annunciators (if enabled) will sound the local piezo, and pulse the alarm LED and zone LED
- outputs (NACs and control modules) of associated zones will be inhibited from activating for a factory set duration of 15 seconds
- pressing the Alarm Silence or Acknowledge/Step key will start a timer which inhibits output activation for additional time delay of up to three minutes which is user programmable
- second alarm occurring anytime during either time delay will cause immediate activation of all associated outputs

PAS operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction.

Note that the *PAS BYPASS* monitor type code, when activated, will inhibit the PAS capability until the *PAS BYPASS* monitor is deactivated. While PAS is inhibited, signaling devices will immediately place the control panel into alarm. This feature may be employed by wiring a normally open device, such as a switch, to a monitor module which has been programmed for *PAS BYPASS*.

# 4.20 Special System Timers

### 4.20.1 Silence Inhibit Timer

This option, if selected, prevents the *Alarm Silence* key from functioning for 60 seconds following an alarm. A new alarm during the initial 60 second period will <u>not</u> cause the timer to restart with a new 60 seconds. *Silence Inhibit operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction.* 

## 4.20.2 Autosilence Timer

If Autosilence is selected, the notification appliances, programmed as silenceable, will automatically be silenced after a programmable duration of from 5 to 30 minutes. Pressing the *Drill* key will restart the timer. *Autosilence operation requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction.* 

### 4.20.3 Trouble Reminder

If selected, this feature causes a reminding 'beep' every 15 seconds during an alarm (after the *Alarm Silence* key is pressed) and every two minutes during a trouble condition (after the *Acknowledge/Step* or *Alarm Silence* key is pressed). The 'beeps' from the onboard piezo sounder will occur until the alarm or fault is cleared.

Note that if the trouble is not cleared within 24 hours, the piezo will resound, indicating that the trouble condition still exists.

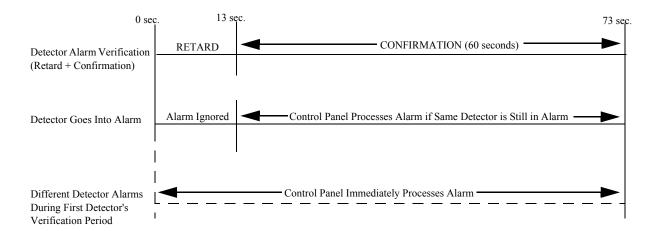
Operating Instructions Walktest

## 4.20.4 Waterflow Retard Timer

If selected, this option will delay the activation of a waterflow type alarm for a programmable time duration from 1 to 90 seconds. This delay is in addition to any time delay inherent in the waterflow device. *This feature requires the approval of the local Authority Having Jurisdiction*.

## 4.20.5 Alarm Verification (None or One Minute)

If alarm verification is selected, an addressable smoke detector's alarm is ignored for a retard time of 13 seconds and the detector's alarm condition is automatically reset. There will be no alarm indication at the FACP during the Retard period. A confirmation period of 60 seconds follows, during which a subsequent alarm from the same detector will cause the panel to immediately activate the appropriate outputs and indicate the alarm condition at the FACP. If a different detector alarms any time during the first detector's verification period, the panel will immediately activate all appropriate outputs and indicate the alarm condition at the FACP. If no additional detector alarms occur within 73 seconds of the first alarm (13 second retard plus 60 second confirmation), the timer resets and the panel is ready to verify any new detector alarms which may occur.





**NOTE:** Alarm Verification is available only for addressable smoke detectors, not conventional smoke detectors.

## 4.21 Walktest

Walktest is a feature which allows one person to test the fire alarm system. An audible walktest will momentarily sound the Notification Appliance Circuits in the building and store the walktest information in a file at the panel. A silent walktest will not sound the NACs but will store the walktest information in a file which can be viewed at the panel. Disabled NAC devices will not activate during walktest.

### **Alarm/Shorted Condition**

When in audible Walktest, the panel responds to each new alarm and activates its programmed control outputs for four seconds, if those outputs have been programmed for silenceable activation. It also stores each alarm in the walktest history file which can be sent to an optional printer. The stored display will be the same as if the device actually activated except the colon (:) in the time stamp is replaced with an asterisk (\*).

### **Open Condition**

Read Status Operating Instructions

Addressable devices as well as all main circuit board NACs are monitored for fault conditions during Walktest mode. When a new trouble condition occurs, the FACP will activate all NACs and control modules programmed for Walktest, then shut them off after eight seconds.

While in Walktest, the trouble relay is activated and the system Trouble LED flashes (as in all of the Program and status change operations). The alarm relay is not activated.

## 4.22 Read Status

Read Status functions do not require a password. The control panel will continue to provide fire protection while in Read Status mode. This mode can be entered while the control panel is in alarm or trouble. If a new alarm or trouble occurs during these functions, the Read Status is exited to prevent confusion.

### **Read Status Entry**

When the operator presses the control panel *Enter* key, the LCD will display the following:

1=READ STATUS MODE 2=PROGRAMMING MODE 3=MANUAL DIAL MODE

Pressing *I*, while this screen is being displayed, will cause the control panel to enter the Read Status mode which allows the user to view and print the programmed features and status of the control panel.

Operating Instructions Read Status

The following screens will be displayed:

READ STATUS
1=SYSTEM POINT
2=ZONES
3=POWER

Read Status Screen #1

READ STATUS
1=ANNUNCIATORS
2=PHONE LINE
3=CENTRAL STATION

Read Status Screen #4

READ STATUS 1=TROUBLE REMINDER 2=TIMERS 3=NACS

**Read Status Screen #2** 

READ STATUS 1=SERVICE TERMINAL 2=PRINTER/PC 3=PRINT

Read Status Screen #5

READ STATUS 1=RELAYS 2=PROGRAM CHECK 3=HISTORY

Read Status Screen #3

READ STATUS 1=TIME-DATE

Read Status Screen #6

# 4.22.1 System Point

READ STATUS 1=SYSTEM POINT 2=ZONES 3=POWER

Read Status Screen #1

Pressing I while viewing Read Status Screen #1 will cause the following screen to be displayed:

READ SYSTEM POINT SELECT TYPE 1=DETECTOR 2=MODULE

The operator selects the type of device which is to be viewed by pressing I for Detector or 2 for Module. If I is pressed, the display will change to the following screen:

READ SYSTEM POINT ENTER DETECTOR#

Read Status Operating Instructions

Entering the three digit detector address will cause the control panel to display the current status of the selected device. For example, if a detector with address 001 on the SLC loop is entered, a display similar to the following will appear:

NORMAL SMOKE(PHOTO) NORTH CLASSROOM 2005 V 1D001

The information in the preceding display includes:

- NORMAL the present status (could also be ALARM, TROUBL, DISABL, etc.)
- *SMOKE (PHOTO)* the device type which is a photoelectric smoke detector (could also be ION for ionization smoke detector)
- NORTH CLASSROOM the Adjective/Noun label for this device
- Z005 the first of five possible assigned software zones
- 1D001 1 = SLC Loop, D = Detector, 001 = Address 001
- V Alarm Verification Enabled (V = Yes, \* = No)
- S Silenceable for control modules (S = Yes, \* = No)
- W Walktestable for control and monitor modules (W = Yes, \* = No)

<u>Pressing the down arrow key, while viewing the screen shown above, will allow the operator to view additional programming information about the selected device, such as:</u>

- Enable/Disable Status
- Device Type
- Alarm Verification On/Off (for detectors)
- · Walktest Yes/No
- PAS (Positive Alarm Sequence) Yes/No (for detectors only)
- Pre-Signal Yes/No (for detectors and monitor modules)
- Zone Assignments (five maximum)
- · Chamber Reading
- Adjective/Noun descriptor
- Silenceable Yes/No (for control modules)

Operating Instructions Read Status

### 4.22.2 Zones

READ STATUS 1=SYSTEM POINT 2=ZONES 3=POWER

Read Status Screen #1

Pressing 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #1 will cause the following screens to be displayed:



**Zones Screen #1** 

ZONES 1=SPECIAL PURPOSE 2=ZONE TYPE 3=ZONE MESSAGE

**Zones Screen #2** 

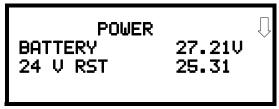
From the preceding screens, the control panel operator can view:

- Zones Installed all software zones programmed into the system (99 maximum)
- Zones Enabled all software zones that are enabled
- Zones Disabled all software zones that have been disabled
- Special Purpose on or off programming for Special Purpose Zones 97 reserved for PAS, 98 reserved for Pre-signal and 99 reserved for Two Stage operation
- Zone Type the Type assigned to each installed zone (default is Alarm)
- Zone Message the Message assigned to each installed zone

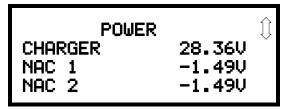
Read Status Operating Instructions

## 4.22.3 Power

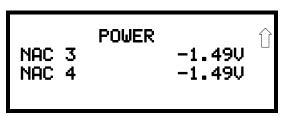
Pressing 3 while viewing Read Status Screen #1 will cause the following screens to be displayed:



Power Screen #1



Power Screen #2



Power Screen #3

A real-time display of the control panel voltages can be used to determine if a problem exists in the system. Note that **Power Screen #3** will only be displayed if the NACKEY NAC option card is installed, in JP8 of the main circuit board, for Class B operation.

The following table lists the circuit being measured, possible conditions and their respective voltage ranges:

Circuit	Condition	Voltage Range
	Normal Battery (nominal)	27.05 to 28.15 VDC
Battery	Low Battery	20.0 to 20.8 VDC
	No Battery	0 to 18.36 VDC
24V Resettable	Normal	21.25 to 27.50 VDC
24V Nonresettable	Normal	21.25 to 27.50 VDC
Charger	Normal	21.87 to 29.84 VDC
NAC 1 or NAC 2	Normal	-1.3 to -1.6 VDC
	Open Circuit	-2.3 to -2.5 VDC
	Short Circuit	0 to 1.0 VDC

Operating Instructions Read Status

## 4.22.4 Trouble Reminder

READ STATUS 1=TROUBLE REMINDER 2=TIMERS 3=NAC

Read Status Screen #2

Pressing *I* while viewing Read Status Screen #2 will display the following screen:

TROUBLE REMINDER TROUBLE REM ON

The screen indicates whether the Trouble Reminder feature is On or Off.

## 4.22.5 Timers

Pressing 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #2 will cause the following Timer screens to be displayed:

TIMERS
PAS DELAY 000
PRE SIGNAL 000
WATERFLOW 000

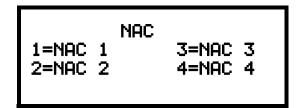
TIMERS AC LOSS DELAY 4

These screens will indicate the delay time, in seconds, for each of the first three possible delay options. The AC Loss Delay time is displayed in hours.

Read Status Operating Instructions

## 4.22.6 NAC

Pressing 3 while viewing Read Status Screen #2 will display the following screen:



Note that **3=NAC 3** and **4=NAC 4** will always be displayed regardless of how the NACKEY NAC option card is installed.

The operator can press 1 to view the programmed options for NAC 1, 2 to view the programmed options for NAC 2, 3 to view the programmed options for NAC 3 or 4 to view the programmed options for NAC 4. The resulting screens will display the following information:

- Enable/Disable Status
- Circuit Type (Bell, Strobe, etc.)
- Silenceable/Nonsilenceable
- Auto Silence Enable/Disable and time delay (in minutes)
- Coding Selection (Temporal, Steady, etc.)
- Zone Assignments
- Silence Inhibit Enabled/Disabled
- Synchronization Type (System Sensor, Wheelock or Gentex)

## 4.22.7 Relays

READ STATUS 1=RELAYS 2=PROGRAM CHECK 3=HISTORY

Read Status Screen #3

Pressing *I* while viewing Read Status Screen #3 will display the following screen:



The operator can view the programmed option for each relay by pressing the corresponding number key.

Operating Instructions Read Status

## 4.22.8 Program Check

Pressing 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #3 will cause a screen similar to the following to be displayed:

PROGRAM CHECK 1=NACS NO INPUT 2=ZONES NO INPUT 3=ZONES NO OUTPUT

Pressing *I* while viewing the Program Check screen will display a screen which will indicate if any input zones have not been programmed to one of the Notification Appliance Circuits. Use the up and down arrow keys to view all NACs.

Pressing 2 while viewing the Program Check screen will display a screen which will indicate if any output zones have not been programmed to at least one input zone. Use the up and down arrow keys to view all zones.

Pressing 3 while viewing the Program Check screen will display a screen which will indicate if any input zones have not been programmed to at least one output zone. Use the up and down arrow keys to view all zones.

## **4.22.9 History**

Pressing 3 while viewing Read Status Screen #3 will display the following screen:

HISTORY
1=VIEW ALL
2=VIEW ALARMS
3=VIEW OTHER EVENTS

The operator can view all events which have been stored in the history file, only alarms or other events, such as troubles or supervisories, by pressing the corresponding number key.

Read Status Operating Instructions

## 4.22.10 Annunciators

READ STATUS 1=ANNUNCIATORS 2=PHONE LINE 3=CENTRAL STATION

Read Status Screen #4

Pressing *I* while viewing Read Status Screen #4 will display the following screens:



**Annunciator Screen #1** 



**Annunciator Screen #2** 

Annunciator Screen #1 indicates if Terminal Mode, ACS Mode and UDACT options are enabled or disabled. Pressing '1' while viewing Annunciator Screen #2 allows the operator to view the ACS Mode Annunciator addresses which have been programmed into the control panel.

## **4.22.11 Phone Line**

Pressing 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #4 will display the following screen:

PHONE LINE PRIMARY TOUCHTONE SECONDARY TOUCHTONE

This screen indicates the both the Primary and Secondary phone lines have been configured for touchtone dialing operation.

Operating Instructions Read Status

## 4.22.12 Central Station

READ STATUS 1=ANNUNCIATORS 2=PHONE LINE 3=CENTRAL STATION

Read Status Screen #4

Pressing 3 while viewing Read Status Screen #4 will display the following screens:



**Central Station Screen #1** 

CENTRAL STATION
1=PRIMARY
2=SECONDARY
3=REPORT STYLE

**Central Station Screen #2** 

Central Station Screen #1 indicates whether the Central Station Reporting is enabled or disabled, if the Reports will be sent to one or both the Primary and Secondary Central Station phone numbers and the Call Limit for DACT trouble calls within a 24 hour period. Central Station Screen #2 provides information on the Primary and Secondary Central Station programming which includes:

- Test Time Interval
- · Account Code
- 24 Hour Test Time
- · Phone Number
- · Communication Format
- · Event Codes

Read Status Operating Instructions

# 4.22.13 Service Terminal

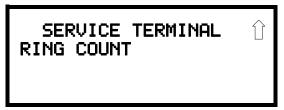
READ STATUS 1=SERVICE TERMINAL 2=PRINTER/PC 3=PRINT

Read Status Screen #5

Pressing *1* while viewing Read Status Screen #5 will display the following screens:



Service Terminal Screen #1



Service Terminal Screen #2

The Panel ID number is displayed as the first item in Service Terminal Screen #1.

To view the phone number for each Service Terminal, press 2 for Terminal 1 or 3 for Terminal 2 while viewing Service Terminal Screen #1.

The Ring Count is displayed in Service Terminal Screen #2.

### 4.22.14 Printer/PC

Pressing 2 while viewing Read Status Screen #5 will display the following screens:



Printer/PC Screen #1



Printer/PC Screen #2

The display will inform the operator as to whether the control panel is configured for a printer or a PC. In the example above, PR4800 indicates that the panel is configured for a printer with a baud rate of 4,800.

Operating Instructions Read Status

# 4.22.15 Print

READ STATUS 1=SERVICE TERMINAL 2=PRINTER/PC 3=PRINT

Read Status Screen #5

To print program data or control panel status, press 3 while viewing Read Status Screen #5. The following screens will be displayed:



Print Screen #1



Print Screen #2

Pressing *I* while viewing Print Screen #1 allows the user to print the History file which will detail all of the system activities since the file was last cleared from memory.

Pressing 2 while viewing Print Screen #1 allows the user to print the Walktest log which will detail all of the system activations during walktest since the log was last cleared. Refer to "Walktest" on page 134 for additional information on the display.

Pressing 3 while viewing Print Screen #1 allows the user to print the detector data for each addressable smoke detector connected to the system. A printout, similar to the following example, will be generated if an optional printer is connected to the FACP.

DEVICE TYPE	%DRIFT COMP	CHAMBER	TIME/DATE
SMOKE (PHOTO)	20	1281	12:01AM 01-08-2001
SMOKE (PHOTO)	20	1281	12:01AM 01-08-2001
SMOKE (PHOTO)	21	1259	12:01AM 01-08-2001
SMOKE (PHOTO)	20	1309	12:02AM 01-08-2001
SMOKE (PHOTO)	21	1281	12:02AM 01-08-2001
SMOKE (PHOTO)	20	1322	12:02AM 01-08-2001
SMOKE (PHOTO)	20	1280	12:02AM 01-08-2001
SMOKE (PHOTO)	20	1215	12:02AM 01-08-2001
SMOKE (PHOTO)	20	1310	12:02AM 01-08-2001
	SMOKE (PHOTO)	SMOKE (PHOTO)       20         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20         SMOKE (PHOTO)       21         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20         SMOKE (PHOTO)       21         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20	SMOKE (PHOTO)       20       1281         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20       1281         SMOKE (PHOTO)       21       1259         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20       1309         SMOKE (PHOTO)       21       1281         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20       1322         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20       1280         SMOKE (PHOTO)       20       1215

### **Chamber Value**

The Chamber value should be within the indicated range for the following smoke detectors:

- NP-100(T) and ND-100(R) Addressable Photoelectric Smoke Detectors: **405 2100** (obscuration of 1.00%/ft to 3.66%/ft.)
- NI-100 Addressable Ionization Smoke Detectors: **750 2100** (obscuration of 0.50%/ft. to 1.44%/ft.)

If the addressable smoke detector's Chamber reading is not within the acceptable range, clean the detector and check the Chamber value again. If the reading is still not within the acceptable range, immediately replace the detector.

Read Status Operating Instructions

#### **Drift Compensation**

Drift compensation uses software algorithms that identify and compensate for long-term changes in the data readings from each addressable smoke detector. These long-term changes in detector data readings are typically caused by dirt and dust accumulation inside the smoke chamber. Drift compensation performs the following functions:

- Allows a smoke detector to retain its original ability to detect actual smoke and resist false alarms, even as dirt and dust accumulate
- Reduces maintenance requirements by allowing the control panel to automatically perform the periodic sensitivity measurements required by NFPA Standard 72

The FACP software also provides filters to remove transient noise signals, usually caused by electrical interference.

#### **Maintenance Alert**

The software determines when the drift compensation for a detector reaches an unacceptable level that can compromise detector performance. When a detector reaches an unacceptable level, the control panel indicates a maintenance alert. Table 4.1 summarizes the three levels of maintenance alert:

Maintenance Level	FACP Status Displays	Indicates
Low Chamber Value	INVREP	A hardware problem in the detector
Maintenance Alert	DIRTY1	Dust accumulation that is near but below the allowed limit. <i>DIRTY 1</i> indicates the need for maintenance before the performance of the detector is compromised
Maintenance Urgent	DIRTY2	Dust accumulation above the allowed limit.

**Table 4.1 Maintenance Alert Levels** 

Figure 4.1 illustrates a graphic representation of the maintenance levels:

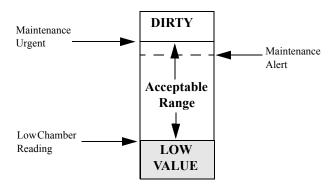


Figure 4.1 Diagram of Maintenance Levels

Operating Instructions Read Status

# 4.22.16 Time-Date

READ STATUS 1=TIME-DATE The operator can view the daylight savings time and the month and week when daylight savings time will begin and end. Pressing *I* while viewing Read Status Screen #6 will display the following screens:

Read Status Screen #6

DAYLIGHT SAVINGS USENABLED YES START MONTH APR START WEEK WEEK-1

DAYLIGHT SAVINGS ()
END MONTH OCT
END WEEK LAST-W

# **Section 5: Central Station Communications**

The control panel transmits zone and system status reports to Central Stations via the public switched telephone network. Two supervised telephone line connections are made to interface the control panel to the telephone lines. Two optional 7 foot telephone cords are available for this purpose and can be purchased separately.

The control panel supervises both telephone lines for proper voltage. A delay of two minutes will occur before a fault in either phone line connection is reported as a trouble. When a fault is detected, an audible trouble signal will sound, the yellow trouble LED will blink, the LCD display will indicate the phone line trouble and the trouble condition will be reported to the Central Station over the remaining operational phone line.

The control panel comes with line seizure capability provided for both the primary and secondary telephone line interfaces. Any time that the control panel needs to make a call to a Central Station, line seizure will disconnect any local premises phones sharing the same telephone line.

All transmissions to the Central Stations will be sent over the primary phone line. In the event of noisy phone lines, transmissions will be sent over the backup secondary phone line.

Two phone numbers must be programmed, the primary Central Station phone number and the secondary Central Station phone number. All system reports will be transmitted to the primary Central Station phone number. Reports will automatically be sent to the secondary Central Station phone number if attempts to transmits to the primary Central Station phone number are unsuccessful. If 10 total attempts to communicate are unsuccessful, a Communicator Failure report will be displayed. Note that as an option, all reports may also be sent to the secondary Central Station phone number.

The NFW2-100 meets NFPA 72 National Fire Code reporting requirements for: (a) the type of signal, (b) condition and (c) location of the reporting premises. The general priority reporting structure is:

- 1. Zone Alarms and Restores
- 2. Zone Troubles and Restores
- 3. System Troubles and Restores
- 4. 24-hour Test

The control panel is capable of reporting detailed messages depending upon the format in use. Table 5.1 shows the reporting structure for all formats.

**Table 5.1 Format Selection** 

	Format	Format	Format	Format
Report	3+1/4+1/Standard 4+1 Express	3+1/4+1/Expanded	4+2/Standard 4+2 Express	4+2/Expanded
Alarm	SSS(S) A	SSS(S) A AAA(A) Z	SSSS AA2	SSSS AZ
Alarm Restore	SSS(S) RA	SSS(S) RA RARARA(RA) Z	SSSS RARA2	SSSS RAZ
Zone Trouble (Zone Open)	SSS(S) TZ	SSS(S) TZ TZTZTZ(TZ) Z	SSSS TZTZ2	SSSS TZZ
Zone Trouble Restore	SSS(S) RTZ	SSS(S) RTZ RTZRTZRTZ(RTZ) Z	SSSS RTZRTZ2	SSSS RTZZ
System Trouble	SSS(S) TS	SSS(S) TS TSTSTS(TS) Y	SSSS TSTS2	SSSS TSY
System Trouble Restore	SSS(S) RTS	SSS(S) RTS RTSRTSRTS(RTS) Y	SSSS RTSRTS2	SSSS RTSY
Zone Disable	SSS(S) DZ	SSS(S) DZ DZDZDZ(DZ) Z	SSSS DZDZ2	SSSS DZZ
Zone Disable Restore	SSS(S) RDZ	SSS(S) RDZ RDZRDZRDZ(RDZ) Z	SSSS RDZRDZ2	SSSS RDZZ
Low Battery	SSS(S) L	SSS(S) L LLL(L) L2	SSSS LL2	SSSS LL2
Low Battery Restore	SSS(S) RL	SSS(S) RL RLRLRL(RL) RL2	SSSS RLRL2	SSSS RLRL2
AC Loss	SSS(S) P	SSS(S) P PPP(P) P2	SSSS PP2	SSSS PP2
AC Loss Restore	SSS(S) RP	SSS(S) RP RPRPRP(RP) RP2	SSSS RPRP2	SSSS RPRP2
Fire Drill	SSS(S) FD	SSS(S) FD FDFDFD(FD) FD2	SSSS FDFD2	SSSS FDFD2
Fire Drill Restore	SSS(S) RFD	SSS(S) RFD SSSS(S) RFD SSSS I RFDRFDRFD(RFD) RFD2		SSSS RFDRFD2
Supervisory Condition	SSS(S) V	SSS(S) V VVV(V) Z	SSSS VV2	SSSS VZ
Supervisory Condition Restore	SSS(S) RV	SSS(S) RV RVRVRV(RV) Z	SSSS RVRV2	SSSS RVZ
Test Report	SSS(S) X	SSS(S) X	SSSS XX2	SSSS XX2
Upload or Download	SSS(S) UD	SSS(S) UD	SSS UDUD2	SSS UDUD2

Refer to Table  $5.2\,$  for an explanation of each letter code in Table  $5.1\,$ . Refer to Table  $5.3\,$  for a list of compatible receivers.

**Table 5.2 Format Selection Address Explanation** 

Where		
SSS or SSSS	=	Subscriber ID
A	=	Alarm (1st digit)
A2	=	Alarm (2nd digit)
Z	=	Zone Number
RA	=	Alarm Restore (1st digit)
RA2	=	Alarm Restore (2nd digit)
TZ	=	Zone Trouble (1st digit)
TZ2	=	Zone Trouble (2nd digit)
RTZ	=	Zone Trouble Restore (1st digit)
RTZ2	=	Zone Trouble Restore (2nd digit)
TS	=	System Trouble (1st digit)
TS2	=	System Trouble (2nd digit)
RTS	=	System Trouble Restore (1st digit)
RTS2	=	System Trouble Restore (2nd digit)
DZ	=	Zone Disable (1st digit)
DZ2	=	Zone Disable (2nd digit)
RDZ	=	Zone Disable Restore (1st digit)
RDZ2	=	Zone Disable Restore (2nd digit)
L	=	Low Battery (1st digit)
L2	=	Low Battery (2nd digit)
RL	=	Low Battery Restore (1st digit)
RL2	=	Low Battery Restore (2nd digit)
P	=	AC Loss (1st digit)
P2	=	AC Loss (2nd digit)
RP	=	AC Loss Restore (1st digit)
RP2	=	AC Loss Restore (2nd digit)
FD	=	Fire Drill (1st digit)
FD2	=	Fire Drill (2nd digit)
RFD	=	Fire Drill Restore (1st digit)
RFD2	=	Fire Drill Restore (2nd digit)
V	=	Supervisory Condition (1st digit)
V2	=	Supervisory Condition (2nd digit)
RV	=	Supervisory Condition Restore (1st digit)
RV2	=	Supervisory Condition Restore (2nd digit)
X	=	Test Report (1st digit)
X2	=	Test Report (2nd digit)
Y	=	A trouble corresponding to the following:
	7 =	Ground Fault
	8 =	Low Battery
	9 =	not used
	A =	Telco Primary Line Fault
	B =	Telco Secondary Line Fault
	C =	Main Bell Fault, Annunciator Bell
	D =	Communication Fault to Primary Number
	E =	Communication Fault to Secondary Number
	F =	System Off Normal Fault/System Fault (Slave Operation, see Chapter 6)
UD	=	Upload/download (1st digit)
UD2	=	Upload/download (2nd digit)

Note: For Expanded Reporting, the control panel automatically adds the digit corresponding to the zone number and the second digit corresponding to any system trouble condition. Only the first digit is programmable.

# **5.1 Transmittal Priorities**

The integral communicator transmits highest priority events first. Events, in terms of priority, are listed below in descending order:

- 1. Alarms (highest priority level)
  - · Pull stations
  - Waterflow
  - · Smoke detector
  - · Other alarm types
- 2. Supervisory Zone
- 3. System Troubles
  - Zone disabled
  - · Fire drill
  - AC fail (after delay)
  - · Zonal faults
  - · Earth fault
  - · Low battery
  - Telephone line fault
  - Notification Appliance Circuits fault
  - · Communication trouble
  - · Annunciator trouble
  - System off normal
- 4. Restoral Reports
  - Zone alarm
  - Supervisory
  - · Zone(s) enabled
  - Fire drill
  - AC
  - · Zone fault
  - Earth
  - Battery
  - Telephone line
  - Notification Appliance Circuits
  - Communication
  - Annunciator trouble
  - · System off normal
- 5. 24 Hour Test (lowest priority)

Red LEDs are provided on the circuit board to identify which telephone line is activated. Also, a green LED labeled *Kissoff* will turn on whenever the control panel has successfully transmitted reports to the Central Station. The *Kissoff* LED may turn on several times during communications with a Central Station.

The table below shows UL listed receivers which are compatible with the NFW2-100.

**Table 5.3 Compatible UL Listed Receivers** 

	Format # (Addresses 16 & 42)	Ademco 685 (1)	Silent Knight 9000 (2)	ITI CS-4000 (3)	FBI CP220FB	Osborne Hoffman Models 1 & 2	Radionics 6000 (6)	Radionics 6500 (5)	Sescoa 3000R (7)	Surguard MLR-2 (9)
0	4+1 Ademco Express	~			<b>'</b>					<b>'</b>
1	4+2 Ademco Express	~			<b>'</b>	<b>✓</b> (8)				~
2	3+1/Standard/1800/2300	~	~	~	<b>✓</b> (4)	<b>'</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>
3	3+1/Expanded/1800/2300	~	<b>/</b>	~	<b>✓</b> (4)	~			<b>/</b>	<b>'</b>
4	3+1/Standard/1900/1400	~	<b>/</b>		<b>✓</b> (4)	~			<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>
5	3+1/Expanded/1900/1400	~	<b>/</b>		<b>✓</b> (4)	~			<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>
6	4+1/Standard/1800/2300	~	~	~	<b>✓</b> (4)	<b>'</b>		<b>V</b>	<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>
7	4+1/Expanded/1800/2300	~	<b>/</b>		<b>✓</b> (4)	~			<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>
8	4+1/Standard/1900/1400	~	<b>/</b>		<b>✓</b> (4)	~			<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>
9	4+1/Expanded/1900/1400	~	~		<b>✓</b> (4)	<b>'</b>			<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>
A	4+2/Standard/1800/2300	~	<b>/</b>	~	<b>✓</b> (4)	~		<b>V</b>	<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>
В	4+2/Expanded/1800/2300	~	<b>/</b>		<b>✓</b> (4)	~			<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>
С	4+2/Standard/1900/1400	~	~		<b>✓</b> (4)	<b>'</b>			~	<b>'</b>
D	4+2/Expanded/1900/1400	1	/		<b>✓</b> (4)	<b>'</b>			~	<b>✓</b>
Е	Ademco Contact ID	~			<b>'</b>	<b>'</b>				<b>'</b>
F	Not Used									

- 1. With 685-8 Line Card with Rev. 4.4d software
- 2. With 9002 Line Card Rev. 9035 software or 9032 Line Card with 9326A software
- 3. Rev. 4.0 software
- 4. FBI CP220FB Rec-11 Line Card with Rev. 2.6 software and a memory card with Rev. 3.8 software
- 5. Model 6500 with Rev. 600 software
- 6. Mode 6000 with Rev. 204 software
- 7. With Rev. B control card at Rev. 1.4 software and Rev. C line card at Rev. 1.5 software
- 8. Model 2 only
- 9. Version 1.62 software

**IMPORTANT!** It is the installer's responsibility to ensure that the Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter is compatible with the Central Station Receiver, utilized by the monitoring service, prior to installation. The Compatibility Table provides a list of compatible receivers and associated software versions for the receivers. Changes in the hardware and/or software by the receiver manufacturers may affect the receiver compatibility with the FACP DACT. After completing the installation, communication between the DACT and Central Station Receiver must be tested and verified.

# Section 6: Remote Site Upload/Download

The control panel may be programmed or interrogated off-site via the public switched telephone network. Any personal computer with Windows™ 95 or greater, with a 14.4 Kbaud compatible modem and Upload/Download software kit P/N VFWarden-CD, may serve as a Service Terminal. This allows download of the entire program or upload of the entire program, history file, walktest data, current status, system voltages, time and date.



#### **CAUTION:**

After successfully downloading a program, make certain to perform the following steps:

- 1. Print out all programmed data via Print Mode or manually view programmed entries and compare to intended program data.
- 2. Test all affected panel operations
- 3. Immediately correct any problems found.

# 6.1 Downloading Program

The first time that the control panel is downloaded (whether initiated at the jobsite or remotely), a secret code is loaded in by a Service Terminal. Future upload or download requests cause verification of the secret code by the control panel before processing of data is allowed. If the secret code is not verified, the control panel will terminate the request.

While the control panel is communicating with the Service Terminal, one of the DACT's red phone line active LEDs will remain on steady. At the conclusion of a successful download, the green *Kissoff* LED will turn on steady for five seconds and the red phone line active LED will turn off.

In order to download the panel (whether initiated at the jobsite or remotely), the following must be true:

- The control panel must be in the Normal Mode of operation. Downloading is not possible if the panel is in any other mode
- There cannot be any active communications ongoing with a Central Station receiver
- All active events must be successfully 'kissed-off' by the Central Station(s). The communicator must be in a standby state with no new information waiting to be transmitted to a Central Station

Two basic communication mechanisms are supported as follows:

- Download with callback the Service Terminal calls the control panel. The control panel answers the call, confirms the calling party then hangs up. The Service Terminal then waits for a callback from the control panel. After the control panel calls the Central Station and successfully reports that a request for downloading has been received, the control panel calls the Service Terminal back. Upon secret code verification, data transfers occur. When the data transfers are completed and the Service Terminal disconnects from the control panel, the panel calls the Central Station back to confirm either successful or unsuccessful results.
- Download with callback disabled the Service Terminal calls the control panel. No hang-up sequence occurs. Data transfers proceed.

Note that Callback enable/disable is controlled by the master user at the Service Terminal on a per call basis.

Anytime a download with callback is initiated, the first thing the control panel will do is one of the following:

• contact the primary Central Station

- contact the primary and secondary Central Stations
- contact the first available Central Station phone number

Once contact has been established, the control panel will report a 'request for upload/download' message. Following 'kissoff' of the request by the Central Station(s), the control panel will then call the appropriate Service Terminal and begin the downloading process.

Any time a download with callback disabled is initiated, the control panel and the Service Terminal will communicate and transfer data without first contacting a Central Station. When the data transfers are completed and the control panel disconnects from the Service Terminal, the control panel will call the Central Station and report one of the following conditions:

- Upload/download request received
- Upload and/or download request successful
- Upload/download failed

To prevent the 'request for upload/download' message(s) from being reported to the Central Station(s), make certain to disable all upload/download reports back to both Central Stations.

During the downloading process, the fire protection remains <u>active</u>. Should a system trouble or alarm condition occur, the control panel immediately terminates downloading and processes the trouble or alarm locally and transmits the information to the Central Station(s).

# 6.1.1 Security Features

Remote site upload and download with the control panel has been carefully designed to include key security features to ensure proper functionality. The key features are listed and explained below.

#### **Secret Code Verification**

A secret code is stored in the control panel by a Service Terminal to prevent unauthorized access. The secret code is created at the Service Terminal by the master user and cannot be viewed or changed by anyone other than a master user. Viewing of the secret code is prohibited at the control panel. Prior to allowing an upload or download of data, the control panel will verify the secret code transmitted by the Service Terminal.

### **Time-out at Control Panel**

Upon answering an incoming call on either the primary or secondary Central Station phone line, the control panel will listen for a modem connection signal. If this signal is not received within 30 seconds, the control panel will disconnect the call. Upon successful connection (secret code verified and callback completed if applicable), if no communication occurs within five minutes, the panel will disconnect the call.

#### Callback to Service Terminal

Any time the control panel is requested to allow an upload or download, it will confirm the source of the incoming call, hang-up and call back the calling party (Service Terminal phone number).

Panel Identification Number

The panel identification number is typically used to identify the panel to the Service Terminal when the control panel calls the Service Terminal. If more than one call comes into the Service Terminal, the control panel ID number is used to sort out the calling parties.

Another use of this code allows for identical secret codes to be placed into multiple control panels at one jobsite, using the panel ID number to distinguish between the individual panels.

#### **Error Checking**

As each block of data is received by the control panel, it is checked for accuracy. If an error is detected, the block is retransmitted until correct, up to a maximum of four times. If the Secret Code is not verified and four errors occur, the call is disconnected and the report that the upload/download was not successful is called to the Central Station(s).

#### Central Station Acknowledge

There is an option, referred to as the 'callback' option, whereby the control panel will report to one or both Central Stations that a request for uploading or downloading has been received prior to processing the call. If the Central Station(s) does not acknowledge receipt of this request, uploading or downloading is prohibited. If acknowledged by the Central Station(s), another message is transmitted, informing the Central Station(s) that:

- · Downloading was successful
- · Uploading was successful
- Uploading/downloading was not successful

#### **Central Station Data Protection**

The primary and secondary Central Station phone numbers, communications format, account code, test time and programmable event codes are vital Central Station information. These blocks of data are protected from partial programming due to faulty phone connections, line noise and other errors. This prevents the panel from being confused due to a wrong phone number, account code, test time and most critical formatting errors.

# 6.2 Downloading Initiated at a Service Terminal

Before initiating the download procedure, make certain that the control panel is:

- In Normal Mode
- Central Station communications are off
- The communicator is in the standby state (red phone line active LEDs are off and Kissoff LEDs are off)

Once the control panel accepts/answers an incoming call, the panel will:

- 1. Establish basic modem connection
- 2. Verify secret code and panel identification number
- 3. Verify callback vs. no callback request from the service terminal. If callback is requested, steps 4 through 9 will occur. If no callback is requested, only steps 8 and 9 will occur
- 4. Identify the Service Terminal location
- 5. Hang-up/disconnect call
- 6. Call the Central Station(s) and transmit a request for upload/download message (if programmed to do so). If this message is accepted, the control panel will proceed to the next step
- 7. Return call to Service Terminal
- 8. After security clearance, begin downloading
- 9. Upon completion of download, call Central Station(s) back and report either a successful download or failed upload/download message (if programmed to do so)

# 6.3 Uploading Initiated at a Service Terminal

Items that may be uploaded from the control panel to a Service Terminal are:

- All programmed data plus the real-time clock, time and date
- Entire Walktest data file
- Troubleshoot Mode system voltages
- Entire event History file
- · Current system status

Uploading is possible at any time provided the following conditions are true:

- The control panel must be in the Normal Mode of operation. Uploading is not possible if the panel is in any other mode
- There cannot be any active communications ongoing with a Central Station receiver
- All active events must be successfully 'kissed-off' by the Central Station (the communicator must be in a standby state with no new information waiting to be transmitted to a Central Station)

Once an incoming call is accepted/answered by the control panel, the panel will:

- 1. Establish basic modem connection
- 2. Verify secret code and panel identification number
- 3. Verify callback vs. no callback request from the service terminal. If callback is requested, steps 4 through 9 will occur. If no callback is requested, only steps 8 and 9 will occur
- 4. Identify the Service Terminal location
- 5. Hang-up/disconnect call
- 6. Call the Central Station(s) and transmit a request for upload/download message (if programmed to do so). If this message is accepted, the control panel will proceed to the next step
- 7. Return call to Service Terminal
- 8. After security clearance, begin uploading
- 9. Upon completion of upload, call Central Station(s) back and report either a successful upload or failed upload/download message (if programmed to do so).

During the uploading process, the fire protection remains <u>active</u>. Should a system trouble or alarm condition occur, the control panel immediately terminates uploading and processes the trouble or alarm locally and transmits the information to the Central Station(s).

# **Section 7: Power Supply Calculations**

# 7.1 Overview

This section contains instructions and tables for calculating power supply currents in alarm and standby conditions. This is a four-step process, consisting of the following:

- 1. Calculating the total amount of AC branch circuit current required to operate the system
- 2. Calculating the power supply load current for non-fire and fire alarm conditions and calculating the secondary (battery) load
- 3. Calculating the size of batteries required to support the system if an AC power loss occurs
- 4. Selecting the proper batteries for your system

# 7.2 Calculating the AC Branch Circuit

The control panel requires connection to a separate, dedicated AC branch circuit, which must be labeled **FIRE ALARM**. This branch circuit must connect to the line side of the main power feed of the protected premises. No other non-fire alarm equipment may be powered from the fire alarm branch circuit. The branch circuit wire must run continuously, without any disconnect devices, from the power source to the control panel. Overcurrent protection for this circuit must comply with Article 760 of the National Electrical Codes as well as local codes. Use 14 AWG (2.00 mm<sup>2</sup>) wire with 600 volt insulation for this branch circuit.

Use Table 7.1, to determine the total amount of current, in AC amperes (A), that must be supplied to the system.

Device Type	Numb Devi			Current Draw (AC amps)		Total Current per Device
NFW2-100 or NFW2-100E	1		X	3.00 or 1.50	=	
CHG-75	[	]	X	2.05	=	
CHG-120	[	]	X	2.00	=	
	[	]	X	[ ]	=	
	Sum C	olumn	for AC Brancl	Current Required	=	

**Table 7.1 AC Branch Circuit Requirements** 

# 7.3 Calculating the System Current Draw

### 7.3.1 Overview

The control panel must be able to power all internal and external devices continuously during the non-fire alarm condition. To calculate the non-fire alarm load on the system power supply when primary power is applied, use Calculation Column 1 in Table 7.3 on page 160. The control panel must support a larger load current during a fire alarm condition. To calculate the fire alarm load on the power supply, use Calculation Column 2 in Table 7.3 on page 160. The secondary power source (batteries) must be able to power the system during a primary power loss. To calculate the non-fire alarm load on the secondary power source, use Calculation Column 3 in Table 7.3 on page 160.

When calculating current draw and the battery size, note the following:

- 'Primary' refers to the main power source for the control panel
- 'Secondary' refers to the control panel's backup batteries
- All currents are given in amperes (A). Table 7.2 shows how to convert milliamperes and microamperes to full amperes.

Table 7.2 Converting to Full Amperes

To convert	Multiply	Example
Milliamperes (mA) to amperes (A)	mA x 0.001	3  mA x  0.001 = 0.003 A
Microamperes (µA) to amperes (A)	μΑ x 0.000001	300 μA x 0.000001 = 0.0003 A

# 7.3.2 How to Use Table 7.3 on page 160 to Calculate System Current Draw

Use Table 7.3 on page 160 to calculate current draws as follows:

- 1. Enter the quantity of devices in all three columns
- 2. Enter the current draw where required. Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for compatible devices and their current draw
- 3. Calculate the current draws for each in all columns
- 4. Sum the total current for each column
- 5. Copy the totals from Column 2 and Column 3 to Table 7.4 on page 161

Following are the types of current that can be entered into Table 7.3 on page 160:

- Calculation Column 1 The primary supply current load that the control panel must support during a non-fire alarm condition, with AC power applied.
- Calculation Column 2 The primary supply current load that the control panel must support during a fire alarm condition, with AC power applied.
- Calculation Column 3 The standby current drawn from the batteries in a non-fire alarm condition during a loss of AC power.

Table 7.3 contains columns for calculating current draws. For each column, calculate the current and enter the total (in amperes) in the bottom row. When finished, copy the totals from Calculation Column 2 and Calculation Column 3 to Table 7.4 on page 161.

**Table 7.3 System Current Draw Calculations** 

Device Type		tion Column 1 , Non-Fire Alarm Cur	rent	Calculation Column 2 Primary, Fire Alarm Current (amps)				ion Column 3 ary, Non-Fire Alarm C	urrent
	Qty	X[current draw]=	Total	Qtv	X [current draw] =	Total	Qty	X[current draw]=	Total
Main Circuit Board	1	X[0.300]=	0.300	1	X[0.325]=	0.325	1	X[0.255]=	0.255
ACM-8R	[ ]	X[0.030]=		[ ]	$X[0.158]^{1}=$		[ ]	X[0.030]=	
ACM-16AT ACM-32A	[ ]	X[0.040]		[ ]	$X[0.056]^2 =$		[ ]	X[0.040]=	
AEM-16AT AEM-32A	[ ]	X[0.002]		[ ]	$X[0.018]^2 =$		[ ]	X[0.002]=	
AFM-16AT AFM-32A	[ ]	X[0.040]		[ ]	$X[0.056]^2 =$		[ ]	X[0.040]=	
AFM-16A	[ ]	X[0.025]		[ ]	$X[0.065]^2 =$		[ ]	X[0.025]=	
UDACT	l J 1 max.	X[0.040]		[ ]	X[0.075]=		[ ]	X[0.040]=	
LDM-32	[ ]	X[0.040]		[ ]	$X[0.056]^3 =$		[ ]	X[0.040]=	
LDM-E32	[ ]	X[0.002]		[ ]	X[0.018]=		[ ]	X[0.002]=	
FDU-80	[ ]	X[0.064]		[ ]	X[0.064]=		[ ]	X[0.025]=	
4XTM	[ ]	X[0.005]=		[ ]	$X[0.011]^4=$		[ ]	X[0.005]=	
4-wire Detector Heads	[ ]	X[ ] <sup>5</sup> =		[ ]	X[ ]=		[ ]	X[ ]=	
Power Supervision Relays <sup>6</sup>	[ ]	X[0.025]=		[ ]	X[0.025]=		[ ]	X[0.025]=	
NI-100	r 1	X[0.00030]=					Г 1	X[0.00030]=	
NP-100	++	X[0.00030]= X[0.00030]=		-			+ +	X[0.00030]= X[0.00030]=	
NP-100T	+ +	X[0.00030]=		-			1	X[0.00030]= X[0.00030]=	
NH-1001	+ +	X[0.00030]=		1			+ 1	X[0.00030]= X[0.00030]=	
NH-100R	+ +	X[0.00030]=					+ +	X[0.00030]=	
ND-100	i i	X[0.00030]=		1			i i	X[0.00030]=	
NDM-100	i i	X[0.00075]=		mo	ximum alarm draw		i i	X[0.00075]=	
ND-100R	i i	X[0.00030]=		IIIa	XIIIIuiii aiaiiii uraw	0.400	i i	X[0.00030]=	
NMM-100	i i	X[0.00040]=			for all devices		i i	X[0.00040]=	
NMM-100P	i i	X[0.000375]=					i i	X[0.000375]=	
NZM-100	i i	X[0.00027]=					i i	X[0.00027]=	
NOT-BG12LX	i i	X[0.00023]=					i i	X[0.00023]=	
NC-100	i i	X[0.00039]=					ii	X[0.00039]=	
NC-100R	i i	X[0.00027]=		1			i i	X[0.00027]=	
N-100ISO	<del>i i</del>	X[0.00045]=		1			i i	X[0.00040]=	
NAC #1 <sup>7</sup>				[ ]	X[ ]=				
NAC #2				<del>li i</del>	X[ ]=				
NAC #3				i i	X[ ]=				
NAC #4				i i	X[ ]=				
Current Draw from TB3									
(nonalarm <sup>8</sup> )		[ ]=		[ ]	[ ]=		[ ]	[ ]=	
Sum each column <sup>9</sup> for totals	Primary	Non-Alarm =		Primary	Alarm =		Seconda	ary Non-Alarm =	

- 1 All eight ACM-8R relays activated on a single module.
- 2 All annunciator LEDs on
- 3 LDM-32 with LEDs on
- 4 If using the Reverse Polarity Alarm output, add 0.005 amps; if using the Reverse Polarity Trouble output, add another 0.005 amps.
- 5 Refer to the Device Compatibility Document for standby current.
- 6 Must use compatible listed Power Supervision Relay.
- 7 Current limitation of Terminal TB3 & TB4 circuits is 2.5 amps per NAC.
- 8 The total standby current must include both the nonresettable/resettable (TB1 Terminals 1 & 2) and resettable (TB1 Terminals 3 & 4) power. Caution must be taken to ensure that current drawn from these outputs during alarm does not exceed maximum ratings specified. Current limitations of TB3 & TB4 circuits is 2.5 amps per NAC output and 0.5 amps per special application auxiliary power output
- 9 Total current draw listed above cannot exceed 6.0 amps.

# 7.4 Calculating the Battery Size

Use Table 7.4 to calculate the total Standby and Alarm load in ampere hours (AH). This total load determines the battery size (in AH), required to support the control panel under the loss of AC power. Complete Table 7.4 as follows:

- 1. Enter the totals from Table 7.3 on page 160, Calculation Columns 2 and 3 where shown
- 2. Enter the NFPA Standby and Alarm times (refer to 'NFPA Requirements' below)
- 3. Calculate the ampere hours for Standby and Alarm, then sum the Standby and Alarm ampere hours
- 4. Multiply the sum by the derating factor of 1.2 to calculate the proper battery size (in AH)
- Write the ampere hour requirements on the Protected Premises label located inside the cabinet door

Table 7.4 Total Secondary Power Requirements at 24 VDC

Secondary Standby Load (total from Table 7.3 Calculation	Required Standby Time (24 or 60 hours)		
Column 3)			
[ ]	X[ ]	=	AH
Primary Alarm Load (total from Table 7.3 Calculation Column 2)	Required Alarm Time (for 5 min., enter 0.084, for 10 min., enter 0.168)		
[ ]	X[ ]	=	AH
Sum of Standby and Alarm Ampere	e Hours	=	AH
Multiply by the Derating Factor	X 1.2		
Battery Size, Total Ampere Hours I	Required	=	АН

# 7.4.1 NFPA Battery Requirements

- NFPA 72 Local and Proprietary Fire Alarm Systems require 24 hours of standby power followed by 5 minutes in alarm
- NFPA 72 Central, Auxiliary and Remote Station Fire Alarm Systems require 60 hours of standby followed by 5 minutes in alarm. Batteries installed in a system powered by a generator need to provide at least 4 hours of standby power

# 7.4.2 Selecting and Locating Batteries

Select batteries that meet or exceed the total ampere hours calculated in Table 7.4. The control panel can charge batteries in the 7 AH to 18 AH range. The control panel cabinet is capable of housing batteries up to 18 AH. Batteries larger than 18 AH require a UL listed external battery charger and cabinet such as the BB-26, NFS-LBB or other UL listed external battery cabinet.

# **Appendix A: Software Zones**

# A.1 Correlations

Setup and configuration of an addressable system is different than a conventional system. In a conventional system, assignment of input devices (smoke detectors, pull stations, heat detectors, etc.) to zones is accomplished through wiring. The wiring is direct from clearly marked panel terminals to any device assigned to a particular zone. Connection of output devices (horns, bells, strobes, etc.) in a conventional system is accomplished by direct wiring of the output devices to Notification Appliance Circuit terminals.

In an addressable system, a minimum of a single pair of wires (SLC communication loop) is used to connect all addressable input and output devices. Communications between the FACP (Fire Alarm Control Panel) and all addressable devices takes place over the wire pair which originates from the FACP. Software programming is used to configure the system as opposed to direct wiring. Zone assignments are created via software means, hence the term software zones.

Setup of an NFW2-100 software zone is accomplished by panel programming. Each addressable device can be assigned to a maximum of five software zones. Each software zone, however, may have from 1 to 99 addressable input devices assigned to it and from 1 to 99 addressable output devices assigned to it.

Monitor and control modules comprise one group of 99 addresses, with each module having a unique address from 1 to 99. Detectors comprise a separate group of 99 addresses, each detector having a unique address from 1 to 99 in its group. Be careful not to duplicate addresses within any one group (modules and detectors). Refer to the following page for an example of zoning.

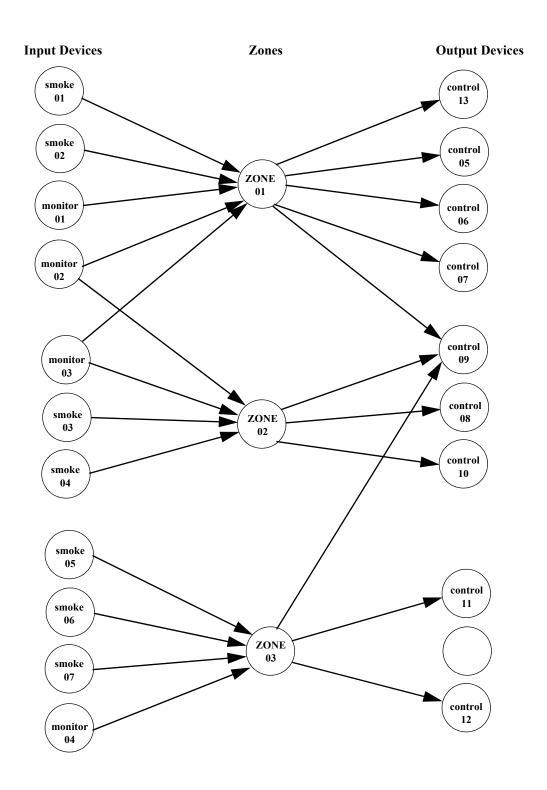
In the example on the following page:

- Zone 01 has the following addressable devices assigned to it:
  - smoke detectors with addresses 01 and 02
  - monitor module with address 01
  - monitor module with address 02 and 03
  - control modules with addresses 05, 06, 07, 09 and 13
- Zone 02 has the following addressable devices assigned to it:
  - monitor module with addresses 02 and 03
  - smoke detectors with addresses 03 and 04
  - control modules with addresses 08, 09 and 10
- Zone 03 has the following addressable devices assigned to it:
  - smoke detectors with addresses 05, 06 and 07
  - control module with address 04
  - control modules with addresses 09, 11 and 12

The example points out some of the key assignment features of the NFW2-100. Addresses of detectors are not duplicated. Addresses of monitor and control modules are not duplicated. The control module with address 09 is assigned to three software zones (providing floor above and floor below). Be careful to properly plan the installation prior to installing any devices.

Correlations Software Zones

## **Correlation of Input and Output Zones**



The zone correlations which are shown graphically above are also presented in Table A.1 on page 164 and Table A.2 on page 165.

Software Zones Correlations

**Table A.1 Detector Programming Sheet Example** 

DETECTOR ZONE ASSIGNMENT												
Address	Device Type	Zone Number	ADJ/NOUN	Address	Device Type	Zone Number	ADJ/NOUN					
01	smoke	1	FIRST HALL	51								
02	smoke	1	ELEV. LOBBY	52								
03	smoke	2	2ND FLOOR	53								
04	smoke	2	ROOM 210	54								
05	smoke	3	3RD FLOOR	55								
06	smoke	3	MEZZANINE	56								
07	smoke	3	MECH. ROOM	57								
08	51110110			58								
09				59								
10				60								
11				61								
12				62								
13				63								
14				64								
15				65								
16				66								
17				67								
18				68								
19				69								
20				70								
21				71								
22				72								
23				73								
24				74								
25				75								
26				76								
27				77								
28				78								
29				79								
30				80								
31				81								
32				82								
33				83								
34				84								
35				85								
36				86								
37				87								
38				88								
39				89								
40				90								
41				91								
42				92								
43				93								
44				93								
				95								
45												
46				96								
47				97								
48				98								
49				99								

Correlations Software Zones

Table A.2 Module Programming Sheet Example

MONITOR/CONTROL MODULE ZONE ASSIGNMENT											
Address	Device	Zone	ADJ/NOU	Address	Device	Zone	ADJ/NOUN				
0.1	Type	Number	N	F 1	Type	Number					
01	monitor	1		51							
02	monitor	1, 2		52							
03	monitor	1, 2		53							
04	monitor	3		54							
05	control	1		55							
06	control	1		56 57							
07 08	control	2		58							
09	control	1, 2, 3		59							
	control	1, 2, 3		60							
10 11	control	3		61							
12	control	3		62							
13	control			63							
	control	1									
14				64							
15				65							
16				66							
17				67							
18				68							
19				69							
20				70							
21				71							
22				72							
23				73							
24				74							
25				75							
26				76							
27				77							
28				78							
29				79							
30				80							
31				81							
32				82							
33				83							
34				84							
35				85							
36				86							
37				87							
38				88							
39				89							
40				90							
41				91							
42				92							
43				93							
44				94							
45				95							
46				96							
47				97							
48				98							
49				99							

Software Zones Correlations

Table A.3 Blank Detector Programming Sheet - 1 of 2

	DETECTOR ZONE ASSIGNMENT										
Address	Device Type	Zone Number	ADJ/NOU N	Address	Device Type	Zone Number	ADJ/NOUN				
01	туре	Number	11	51	Турс	Number					
02				52							
03				53							
04				54							
05				55							
06				56							
07				57							
08				58							
09				59							
10				60							
11				61							
12				62							
13				63							
14				64							
15				65							
16				66							
17				67							
18				68							
19				69							
20				70							
21				71							
22				72							
23				73							
24				74							
25				75							
26				76							
27				77							
28				78							
29				79							
30				80							
31				81							
32				82							
33				83							
34				84							
35				85							
36				86							
37				87							
38				88							
39				89							
40				90							
41				91							
42				92							
43				93		·					
44				94							
45				95							
46				96							
47				97							
48				98							
49				99							

Correlations Software Zones

Table A.4 Blank Module Programming Sheet - 1 of 2

				DULE ZONE			
Address	Device Type	Zone Number	ADJ/NOU N	Address	Device Type	Zone Number	ADJ/NOUN
01	-J P -	- 1,0		51	-J P -	- 1,0	
02				52			
03				53			
04				54			
05				55			
06				56			
07				57			
08				58			
09				59			
10				60			
11				61			
12				62			
13				63			
14				64			
15				65			
16				66			
17				67			
18				68			
19				69			
20				70			
21				71			
22				72			
23				73			
24				74			
25				75			
26				76			
27				77			
28				78			
29				79			
30				80			
31				81			
32				82			
33				83			
34				84			
35				85			
36				86			
37				87			
38				88			
39				89			
40			·	90			
41			·	91			
42				92			
43				93			
44				94			
45				95	-		
46				96			
47				97			
48				98		·	
49				99			

# **Appendix B: Default Programming**

The following table provides a list of the programming options and their factory default settings.

Program Option	Factory Default	Program Option	Factory Default
Detector Programming	Not Installed	Daylight Savings	Yes
Detector Type	Smoke-Photo	Month Start Daylight Savings	April
Detector Verification	Off	Week Start Daylight Savings	1st Week
Detector Walktest	Yes	Month End Daylight Savings	October
Detector PAS	No	Week End Daylight	Last Week
Detector Presignal	No	Verification	No
Detector Zone Assign.	000 only	(future)	
Detector Adj/Noun	none	PAS Timer	0
Module Programming	Not Installed	Presignal Timer	0
Module Type	Monitor	Waterflow Retard Timer	0
Module Walktest	Yes	NAC 1, 2, 3 & 4 Enable	Enabled
(not used)		NAC 1, 2, 3 & 4 Silenceable	Yes
Module Presignal	No	NAC 1, 2, 3 & 4 Type	Bell
Module Zone Assign.	000 only	NAC 1, 2, 3 & 4 Sync Type	System Sensor
Module Adj/Noun	none	NAC 1, 2, 3 & 4 Autosilence	0
Zone 0 Enable	Enabled	NAC 1, 2, 3 & 4 Coding	Steady
Zone 1 Enable	Enabled	NAC 1, 2, 3 & 4 Zones	Zone 000 only
Zone 2 Enable	Enabled	NAC 1, 2, 3 & 4 Silence Inhibit	0
Zone 3 Enable	Enabled	Relay 1	Alarm
through		Relay 2	Trouble (fixed)
Zone 96 Enable	Enabled	Relay 3	Supervisory
Zones 97, 98 & 99	Enabled	(future)	No
(future)		Annunciator Terminal Mode	No
Loop Style	Style 4	Annunciator ACS Mode	
Loop Protocol	CLIP	UDACT	No
Trouble Reminder	Off	ACS Installed	No
Banner	Honeywell Life Safety	Onboard DACT	No
Time Format	12 Hr	Printer-PC	No
Hours Setting	12	Printer Baud	9600
Minutes Setting	00		
Second Settings	00		
AM-PM Setting	AM		
Month Setting	01		
Day Setting	01		
Year Setting	00		

# Appendix C: NFPA Standard-Specific Requirements

The NFW2-100 has been designed for use in commercial, industrial and institutional applications and meets the requirements for service under the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standards outlined in this Appendix. The minimum system components required for compliance with the appropriate NFPA standard are listed below:

### **NFW2-100 Control Panel**

Contains the main control board, cabinet (backbox and door), main power supply transformer and power supply.

#### **Batteries**

Refer to "Power Supply Calculations" on page 158, for Standby Power Requirements.

### **Initiating Devices**

Connected to one of the control panel's Initiating Device Circuits.

### **Notification Appliances**

Connected to the control panel's Notification Appliance Circuits via a control module.

The following additional equipment is needed for compliance with the NFPA 72 standards listed below:

#### NFPA 72 NATIONAL FIRE ALARM STANDARDS FOR:

### NFPA 72 Central Station Service (Protected Premises Unit) or Remote Station Service

Onboard Digital Alarm Communicator Transmitter for connection to a compatible listed Central Station DACR or Protected Premises Receiving Unit. This unit must be installed as outlined in "Digital Alarm Communicator/Transmitter" on page 16.

#### OR

4XTM Transmitter Module for connection to the RS82 Remote Station Receiver. See Figure C.2, "Remote Station Connection Using 4XTM Module," on page 171, for installation instructions for this unit.

### NFPA 72 Auxiliary Fire Alarm System

4XTM Transmitter Module for connection to a compatible listed Local Energy Municipal Box. This unit must be installed as illustrated in the section titled "4XTM Transmitter Module Installation" on page 34 and as outlined in Figure C.1, "Municipal Box Connected to 4XTM Transmitter Module," on page 170.

### NFPA 72 Proprietary Fire Alarm System

NFW2-100 Alarm, Trouble and Supervisory contacts connected to Transmitter(s). See Figure C.3, "Proprietary Protective Signaling System," on page 172, for installation instructions for this unit.

### NFPA 72 Auxiliary Fire Alarm System

All connections are power-limited and supervised. This application is not suitable for separate transmission of sprinkler supervisory or trouble conditions.

### Notes:

- 3 ohms maximum loop resistance allowed for wiring from control panel to Municipal Box.
- 2. Cut JP3 on the NFW2-100 main circuit board to supervise placement of 4XTM module and circuit.
- 3. Cut JP2 on the NFW2-100 main circuit board to enable FACP Supervisory relay.
- 4. Refer to "4XTM Transmitter Module Installation" on page 34 for detailed information.

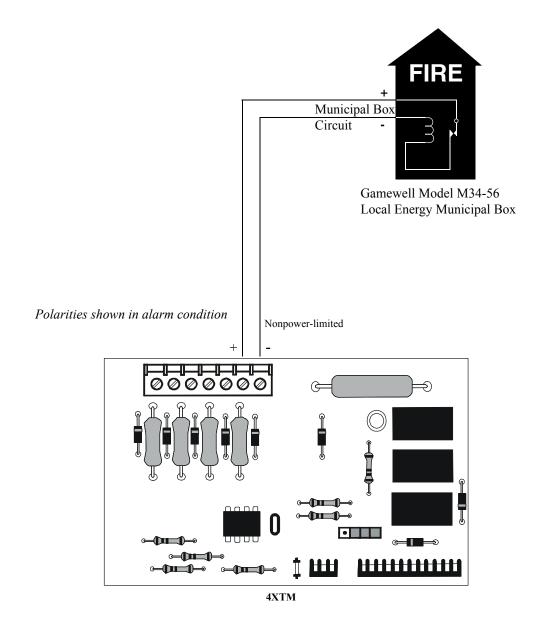


Figure C.1 Municipal Box Connected to 4XTM Transmitter Module

### NFPA 72 Remote Station Protective Signaling System

### Notes:

- 1. Cut Jumper JP3 on the NFW2-100 main circuit board to supervise placement of the 4XTM module.
- 1. Refer to "4XTM Transmitter Module Installation" on page 34 for detailed information.

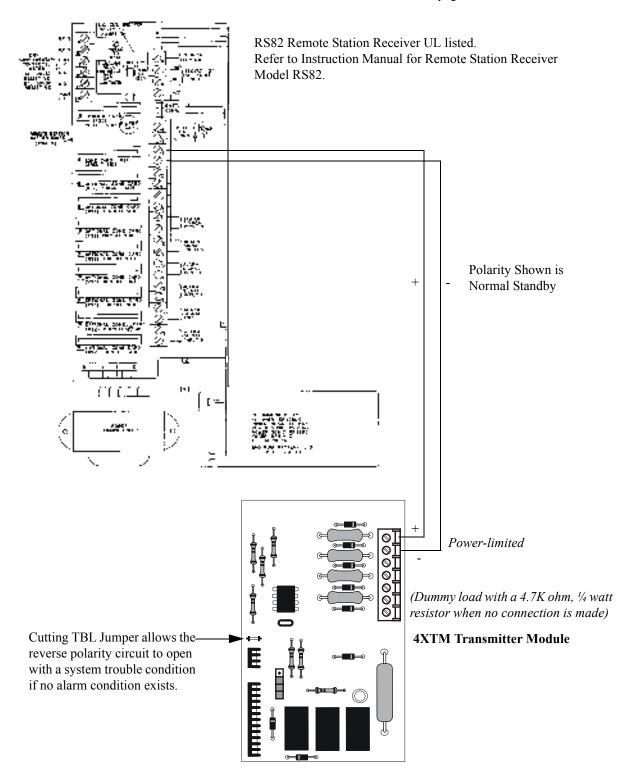


Figure C.2 Remote Station Connection Using 4XTM Module

### NFPA 72 Proprietary Protective Signaling Systems

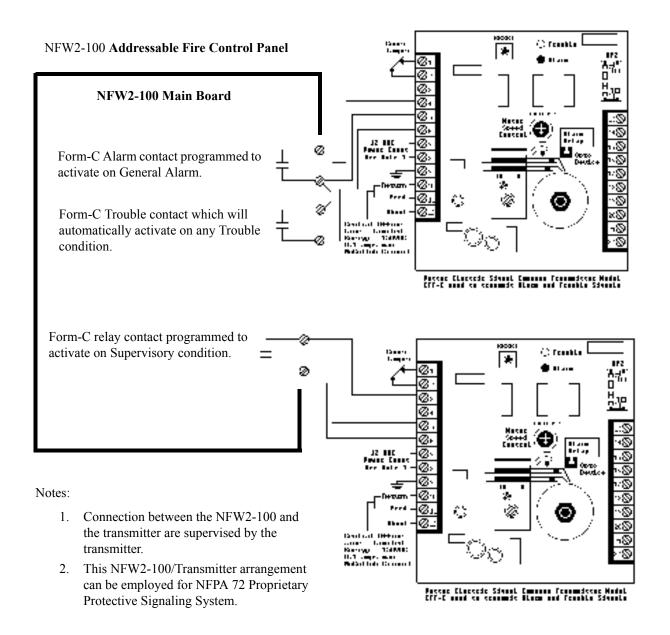


Figure C.3 Proprietary Protective Signaling System

# **Appendix D: Wire Requirements**

T-tapping of the SLC loop wiring is allowed for 2-wire (Style 4) configurations. The total resistance of any branch cannot exceed 40 ohms. The total wire length of all branches cannot exceed 10,000 feet (3,000 m).

Connecting external system accessories to the NFW2-100 main circuits must be carefully considered to ensure proper operation. It is important to use the correct type of wire, wire gauge and wire run length for each NFW2-100 circuit. Reference the chart below to specify wire requirements and limitations for each NFW2-100 circuit.

Note: If the SLC loop is to be run in conduit with Notification Appliance Circuits, the risk of encountering problems can be greatly reduced by exclusively employing electronic sounders (such as MA/SS-24D) instead of more electronically noisy notification appliances such as electromechanical bells or horns.

Table D.1 NFW2-100 Wire Specifications

CIRCUIT CONNECTIONS		WIRE REQUIREMENTS			
Circuit Type	Circuit Function	Wire Type and Limitations	Recommended Max. Distance Feet (meters)	Wire Gauge and Compatible Brands	
SLC loop (power-limited)	Connects to Addressable Devices	Twisted pair, 40 ohms maximum per length of Style 6 and 7 loops. 40 ohms per branch maximum	10,000 (3,000 m) 8,000 (2,400 m)	12 AWG (3.1 mm <sup>2</sup> ): Genesis WG-4315, WG-4515, Belden 5020UL, 6020UL 14 AWG (2.00 mm <sup>2</sup> ): Genesis WG-4313, WG-4513, Belden 5120UL, 6120UL	
		for Style 4 loops*	4,875 (1,450 m)	16 AWG (1.30 mm <sup>2</sup> ): Genesis WG-4311, WG-4511, Belden 5220UL, 6220UL	
			3,225 (980 m)	18 AWG (0.78 mm <sup>2</sup> ): Genesis WG-4306, WG-4506, Belden 5320UL, 6320UL	
		Untwisted, unshielded pair	3,000 (900 m)	12-18 AWG (3.25 - 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )	
ACS/TERM (EIA-485) (power-limited)	Connects to annunciator modules	Twisted, shielded pair with a characteristic impedance of 120 ohms	6,000 (1,800 m)	18 AWG (0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )	
EIA-232 (power-limited)	connects to remote printer and PC computer	Twisted, shielded pair	50 (15 m)	18 AWG (0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> ) minimum	
Monitor Module (power-limited)	Initiating Device Circuit	Maximum loop wire resistance is 40 ohms for the Monitor Module and 20 ohms for the mini-module	2,500 (760 m)	12-18 AWG (3.25 - 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )	
Monitor Module for 2-wire smokes (power-limited)	Initiating Device Circuit	No more than a 2.4 volt drop allowed at end of circuit. Maximum loop wire resistance is 25 ohms	2,500 (760 m)	12-18 AWG (3.25 - 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )	
Control Module (power-limited)	Notification Appliance Circuit	In alarm, no more than a 1.2 volt drop allowed at end of circuit	Distance limitation set by 1.2 volt maximum line drop	12-18 AWG (3.25 - 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )	
24 VDC filtered resettable (power-limited)	Connects to 4-wire smoke detectors	No more than 1.2 volt drop allowed from supply source to end of any branch	Distance limitation set by 1.2 volt maximum line drop	12-18 AWG (3.25 - 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )	
24 VDC nonresettable (power-limited)	Connects to control modules, annunciators and accessories	No more than 1.2 volt drop allowed from supply source to end of any branch	Distance limitation set by 1.2 volt maximum line drop	12-18 AWG (3.25 - 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )	
CHG-120 or CHG-75	Remote secondary power source	12 AWG (3.25 mm <sup>2</sup> ) in conduit	20 (6 m)	12-18 AWG (3.25 - 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> )	

<sup>\*</sup> When using untwisted, unshielded wire, full conduit is recommended for optimum EMI/RFI protection.

# **Appendix E: HVAC Control**

The FACP can be programmed to shut down a building's HVAC fans in the event of a fire. The fans cannot be restarted until the fire alarm condition has been cleared and the FACP has been reset to a normal (non-alarm) condition.

**IMPORTANT!** This HVAC feature is <u>not</u> to be used for smoke control. It is only designed to shut down fans during a fire alarm condition.

# **E.1 Control Module Operation**

### E.1.1 HVAC SHUTDN

The **HVAC SHUTDN** type code can be assigned to any addressable control relay module for the purpose of shutting down HVAC fans during a fire alarm condition. Devices connected to a module with this type code are unsupervised. To program this feature in the FACP:

- Program the **HVAC SHUTDN** type code to the control module which will be used to shut down the fans (refer to *Type* under the section titled"Edit Module Screen for Control Modules" on page 65).
- Program the control module to a software zone and program alarm input devices which, when activated are to cause fan shutdown, to the same software zone (refer to *Zone Assignment* under the section titled "Edit Module Screen for Control Modules" on page 65).
- Monitor the control module using an addressable monitor module programmed for Supervisory Auto-resettable. The monitor module label should be programmed to indicate HVAC SHUTDOWN. When the control module is active (HVAC SHUTDN), the monitor module will indicate a supervisory condition at the FACP and the display should indicate the HVAC is shut down.

Once activated, the HVAC SHUTDN control module remains activated, even if the FACP is silenced or reset. After the alarm condition on the FACP has been cleared and the panel reset, the HVAC SHUTDN control module remains activated and the fans remain off. The monitor module programmed for Supervisory Auto-resettable which is being used to supervise the control module, will indicate a supervisory condition at the control panel and the LCD should display that the HVAC is shut down. The fans can only be restarted when the HVAC SHUTDN control module is deactivated by the HVAC RESTART module.

# **E.2 Monitor Module Operation**

### E.2.1 HVAC RESTART

The **HVAC RESTART** type code can be assigned to any addressable monitor module for the purpose of resetting (deactivating) the **HVAC SHUTDN** control module and turning the fans back on. The HVAC RESTART monitor module acts globally throughout the FACP system and therefore is not programmed to a particular software zone. To program this feature in the FACP:

• Program the HVAC RESTART type code to the monitor module which will be used to deactivate the HVAC SHUTDN control module and restart the fans (refer to Type Monitor under the section titled "Edit Module Screen for Monitor Module" on page 56).

The HVAC RESTART monitor module does not latch when activated. Pressing a switch connected to the monitor module will deactivate the HVAC SHUTDN control module only if the fire alarm condition has been cleared and the FACP reset to a normal condition. Pressing the switch during an alarm condition will have no effect.

## **E.2.2 HVAC OVRRIDE**

The **HVAC OVRRIDE** type code can be assigned to any addressable monitor module for the purpose of overriding or preventing the HVAC SHUTDN control modules from activating and shutting down fan during an alarm or manual evacuate condition. The HVAC OVRRIDE monitor module acts globally throughout the FACP system and therefore is not programmed to a particular software zone. To program this feature in the FACP:

Program the HVAC OVRRIDE type code to the monitor module which will be used to
override the HVAC SHUTDN control module and prevent the fans from turning off (refer to
Type Monitor under the section titled "Edit Module Screen for Monitor Module" on
page 56).

The HVAC OVRRIDE monitor module does not latch when activated. Activating a switch connected to the monitor module will override all HVAC SHUTDN control modules in the system, preventing the fans from being turned off and causing the FACP LCD to display an active HVAC OVRRIDE module. Releasing the switch will allow the HVAC SHUTDN control modules to activate, turning off the fans.

**Important!** If an alarm exists in the system and HVAC Shutdown has already occurred, HVAC OVRRIDE will have no effect on the HVAC SHUTDN control relay modules. HVAC OVRRIDE will prevent HVAC Shutdown from occurring <u>only</u> if it is initiated prior to an alarm condition.

Note: Activation of the HVAC OVRRIDE module causes a trouble event that will be communicated to the Central Station if enabled.

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