

Great Britain

EN

High-efficiency wall-hung boilers

Avanta 12v - 15v - 18v - 24v - 30v



Installation and service manual

120579-130711

OR remeha



Benchmark places responsibilities on both manufacturers and installers. The purpose is to ensure that customers are provided with the correct equipment for their needs, that it is installed, commissioned and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions by competent persons and that it meets the requirements of the appropriate Building Regulations. The Benchmark Checklist can be used to demonstrate compliance with Building Regulations and should be provided to the customer for future reference. Installers are required to carry out installation, commissioning and servicing work in accordance with the Benchmark Code of Practice which is available from the Heating and Hotwater Industry Council who manage and promote the Scheme.

Visit www.centralheating.co.uk for more information.

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INTRODUCTION

The Remeha Avanta is a series of wall mounted high-efficiency fully condensing central heating boilers, for open vented systems.

These technical instructions contain useful and important information for the correct installation, operation and maintenance of the Remeha Avanta boiler.



Read these instructions carefully before putting the boiler into operation, familiarise yourself with their control functions and operation, strictly observing the instructions given. Failure to do so may invalidate warranty or prevent the boiler from operating correctly.

The installation, commissioning, Inspection and servicing of the boiler must be carried out by a competent registered Engineer who holds valid ACS certification and in accordance with current gas safety (installation and use) regulations, the building regulations and all other relevant codes of practice.

All electrical work must be carried out by a competent Engineer and to be installed in accordance with the current IEE regulations.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that all flue systems are installed in accordance with manufacturers instructions and all the requirements of EN 14471.

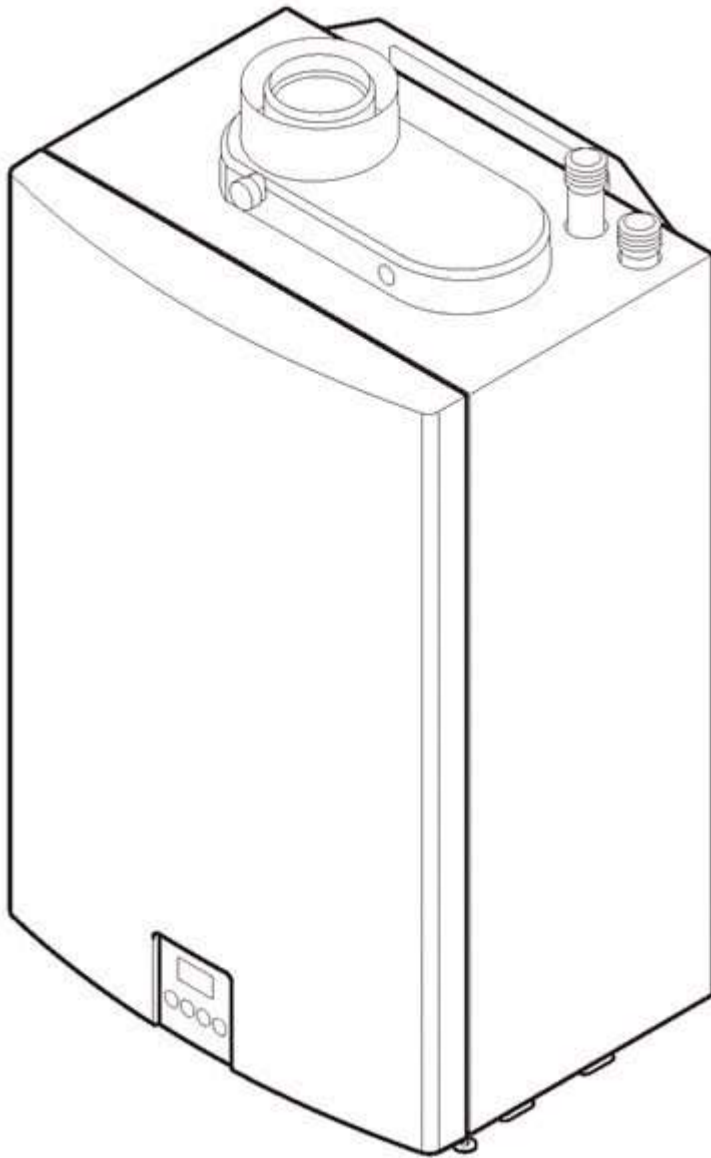


fig. 01 Remeha Avanta

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On commissioning the certificate in the Benchmark Checklist within the installation + service manual must be completed and left on site with a copy send on to Remeha for registration purposes.

If you have any questions, require an engineer to call on site, or if you need more information about specific subjects relating to this boiler, or it's installation please do not hesitate to contact our technical help line 0118 974 3070.



When contacting Remeha with a problem on the boiler please have available the boiler type, Serial No (located on the bottom of the casing), and the symptoms or fault code (the fault code is a series of flashing red digits in the display panel).

The data published in these technical instructions is based on the latest information (at date of publication) and may be subject to revisions.

We reserve the right to continuous development in both design and manufacture, therefore any changes to the materials or technology employed may not be retrospective nor may we be obliged to adjust earlier supplies accordingly.

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1 SAFETY

1.1 General safety

The following pictograms are used in this Installation and Service manual to specifically draw certain points to your attention:

Tip		Useful tip or practical advice.
Indication		Important instruction in carrying out a particular operation.
Warning		Possible danger of personal injury or material damage to the regulator, building or environment.
Danger		Serious personal injury can occur because of risk of electric shocks.

1.2 Safety during assembly and installation

Observe the appropriate safety measures, as given in these instructions.



Can you smell gas? What to do:

- do not smoke and do not create any flame or sparks;
- do not use any electric switches;
- turn off the gas tap;
- open windows and doors;
- trace possible leaks and seal them.

Warning! If the leak is before the gas meter, alert your gas supplier, TRANSCO, tel. 0800 111 999.



Can you smell smoke or flue gasses? What to do:

- isolate power supply
- open windows and doors
- trace possible leaks and seal them.

1.3 Safety during installation, inspection and maintenance

Under the Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations 1998, the Remeha Avanta, in common with all gas appliances, must be installed by a competent person in accordance with that regulation.

Statutory regulations, in any country, cannot be overridden by any of the notes or instructions from the manufacturer. Compliance with National Standards does not provide any degree of immunity from legal obligations. In the UK, the installation must be in accordance with the national and local norms and requirements.

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For any issues or circumstances not addressed within these instructions, please call our After Sales Department 0844 879 7690.

Remeha Avanta OV - PIN: 0063BQ3009
Gas Council numbers: Remeha Avanta 12v: 41-288-09
Remeha Avanta 15v: 41-288-13
Remeha Avanta 18v: 41-288-06
Remeha Avanta 24v: 41-288-10
Remeha Avanta 30v: 41-288-14

Classification type for evacuation of the combustion products; according EN 483: see [par. 8.1](#).

Health and safety information

- The Avanta system is below the maximum lift weight for one person, however please ensure all necessary care is taken when lifting the boiler on to the wall mounting bracket.
- All sealants and gaskets are free from harmful products. On first firing the boiler, a smell of these products may be present and should cease after a short period.

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2 INSTALLATION

2.1 Scope of delivery

The standard delivery of the Remeha Avanta boiler includes:

- the boiler + mounting bracket;
- nylon plugs and screws for fixing mounting bracket;
- gas cock with gasket + 90° gas pipe (22 mm);
- olives and nuts;
- spacers;
- cable glands;
- Wiring diagrams;
- Warranty Leaflet (The terms and conditions of the warranty are included in the warranty leaflet, on installation of the boiler please fill in the registration card and return to Remeha);
- Installation and Service manual, Quick reference card and Mounting Template.

This Installation and Service manual deals with the standard supplied boiler only. For the installation or assembly of any optional accessories supplied with the boiler, such as stand off frame, pipe work kits, cover plate, control kits, etc, please refer to the Assembly Instructions supplied with these accessories.

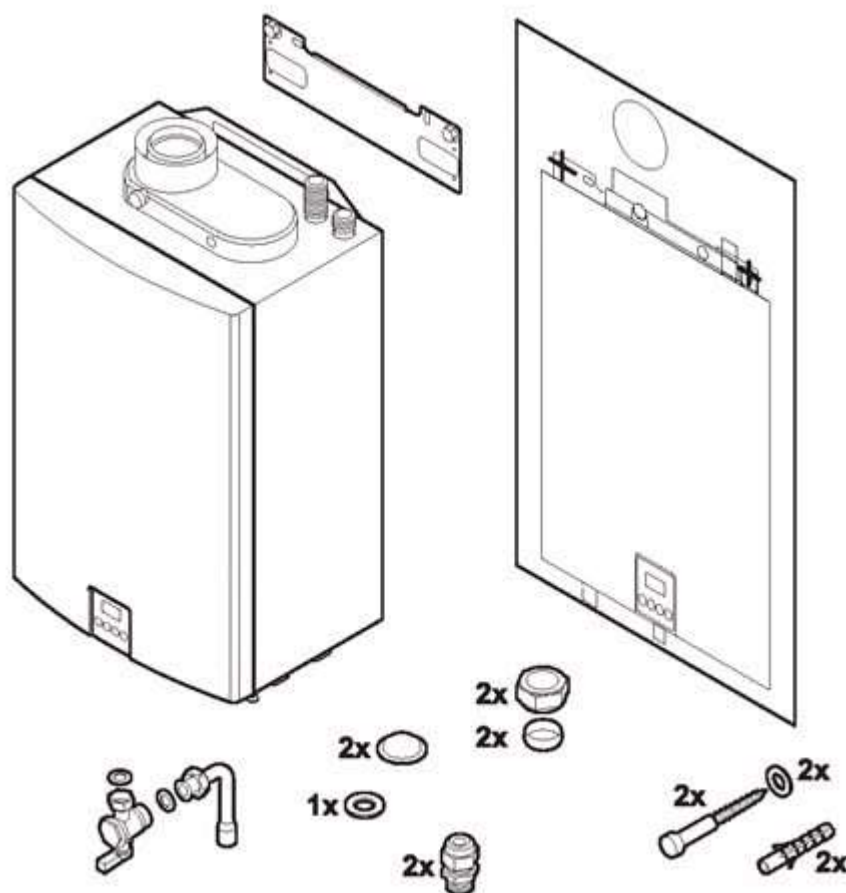


fig. 02 Scope of delivery

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2.2 Mounting the boiler

Packed in the box with the Remeha Avanta box is this Installation and Service manual. Read instructions and remarks carefully. This section includes the

guidelines and instructions for the connection of gas, water, electricity, safety devices, the regulator, control unit, flue discharge and air supply.

2.2.1 Installation / maintenance clearance requirements

The gas connection is located on the bottom of the boiler whilst the water connections, air inlet and flue gas outlet are located on the top of the boiler. The boiler is supplied as standard with gas pipe work tails.

For installation, servicing and inspection min. 600 mm in front of the boiler is required. If this free space is obtained by opening a door or removing a panel, the boiler may be installed for instance in a closed cupboard. All servicing / inspection / repairs are made from the front of the boiler.

For ease of installation we recommend clearances of 0.5 cm at the side so that the unit is easy to open, with a free space of 25 cm under the appliance and 25 cm above the appliance, as the minimum requirement.

However once installed, it is possible to reduce these clearances to 22 cm at the top, and 25 cm at the bottom provided the boiler front panel can be removed and the isolating valves are easily accessible without the use of tools.

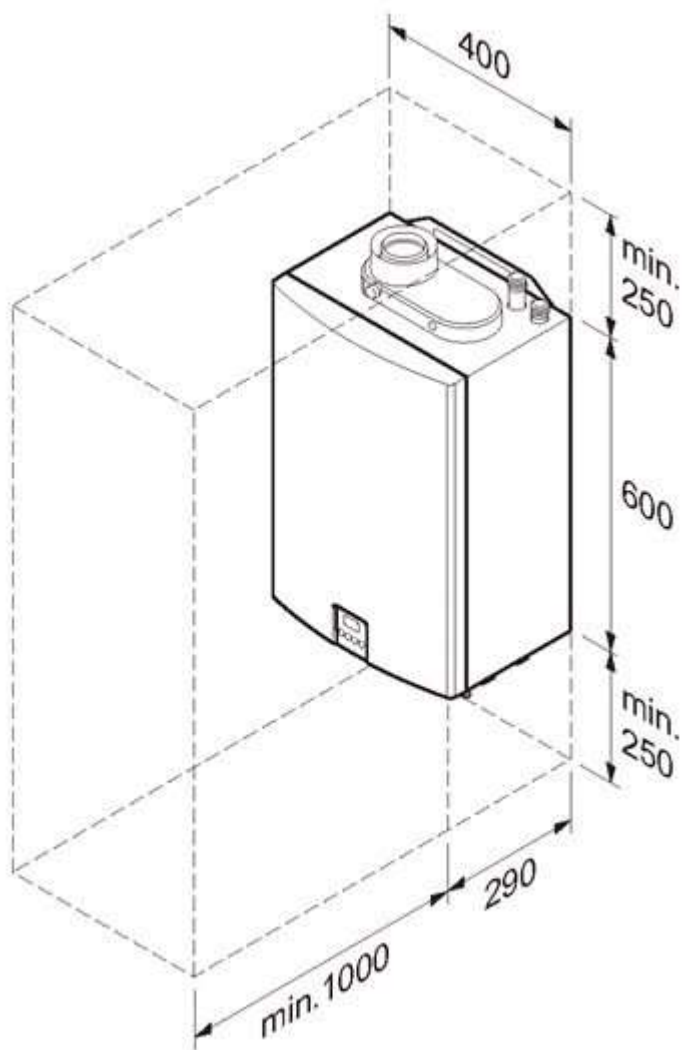


fig. 03 Clearance requirements

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Clearances shown are for ease of installation - once fitted it is possible to enclose the boiler in a cupboard with 25 mm clearances around the casing provided a door is included to allow the front cover to be removed completely for maintenance and allowance is made to access the gas valve and flow / return connections.

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2.2.2 Dimensions and connection points



Return connection Ø22 mm



Flow connection Ø22 mm



Gas connection Ø22 mm



Combustion air inlet Ø100 mm (concentric)



Flue duct Ø60 mm (concentric)



Condensate drain connection ¾"
(standard overflow pipe size)



- Based on the guidelines and the required installation space, determine where to mount the Remeha Avanta.
- In determining the boiler position, consider carefully the flue outlet position and any plumbing consequences.

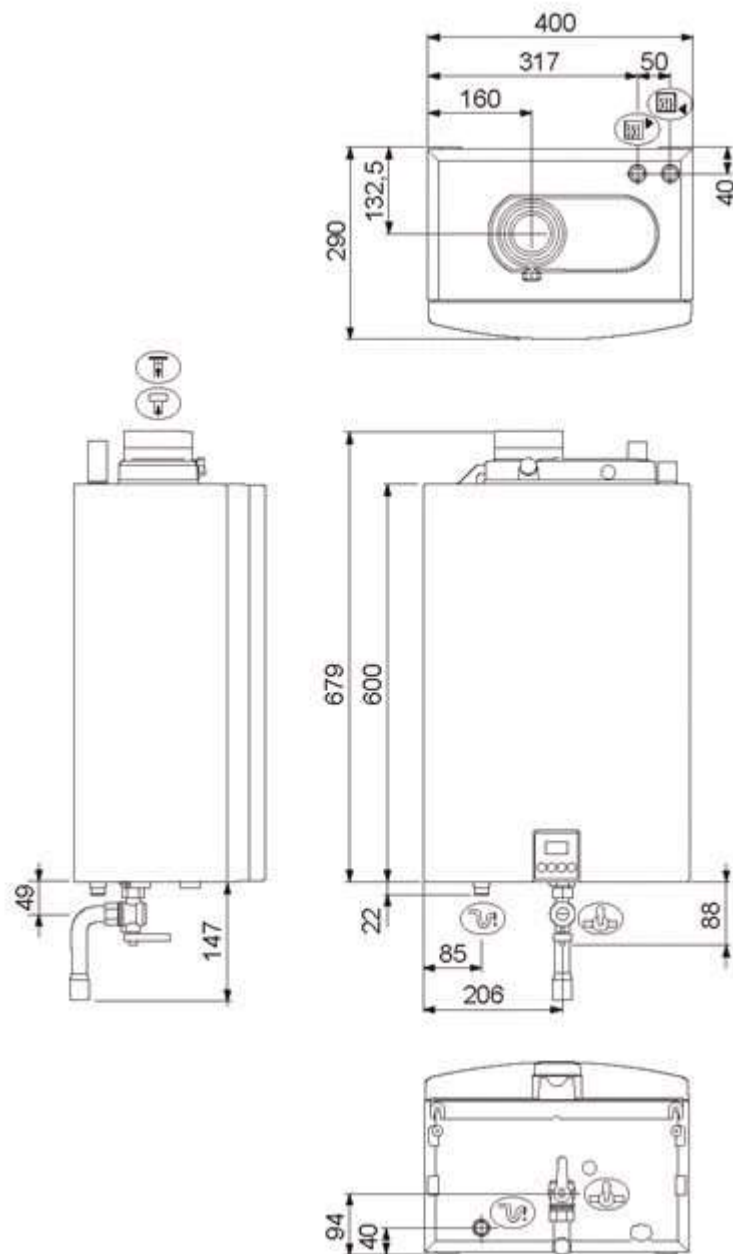


fig. 04 Dimensions and connection points of the Remeha Avanta

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2.2.3 Mounting the Remeha Avanta

- Remove template from the box.
- Using the template determine and mark the position of the mounting bracket and flue outlet.
- Drill the (Ø8 mm) holes.
- Fit the (Ø8 mm) plugs.
- Core drill the (Ø125 mm) hole for the flue outlet
- Fit (Ø6 mm) screws into the plugs.
- Remove boiler from the box and mount on bracket.



- The boiler should be mounted on a suitable vertical wall which is able to support the weight of the boiler.
- The boiler should be mounted in a room which, even during severe cold weather, remains frost-free, or frost protection controls **MUST** be fitted.
- If the boiler is to be installed in a timber framed building, please refer to British Gas publication: 'Guide for Gas Installations in Timber frame Housing', reference DM2.



- Make sure the boiler and any open connections are protected from building dust etc. during the installation.
- There must be a 3 amp fused switched spur within 1 m of the boiler.
- Provision must be made for the condensate discharge.

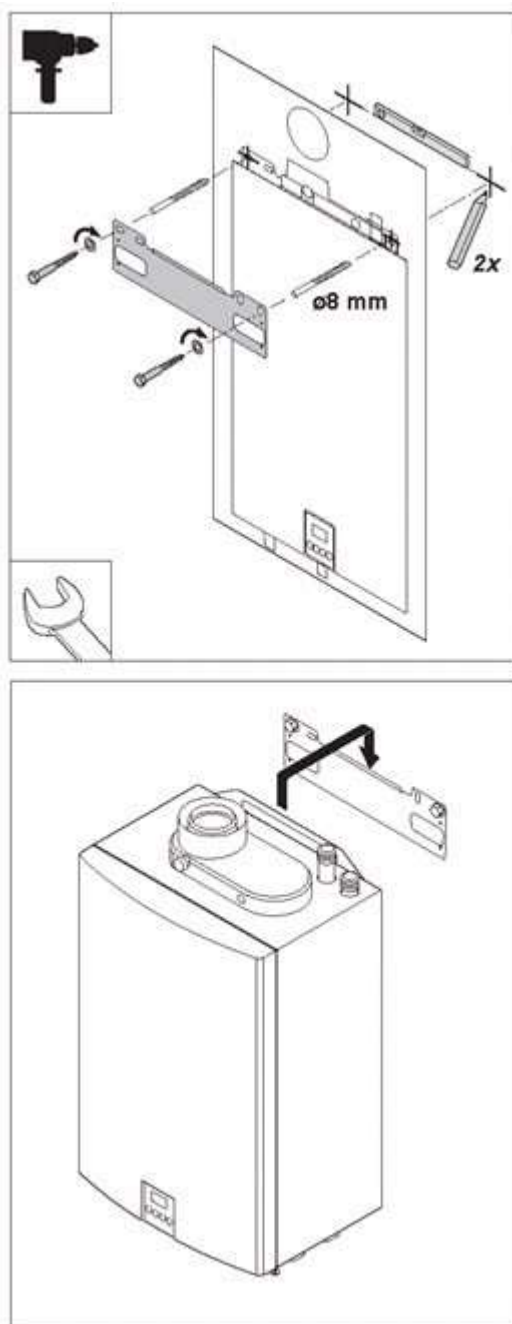


fig. 05 Mounting the Avanta

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2.3 Water-side connections

2.3.1 Water flow

The central heating system should not require a bypass, unless all radiators are fitted with TRV's or when the system controls could allow the boiler and pump to operate when there is no flow. Where a bypass has to be fitted, the bypass must be placed at least 1.5 metres away from the boiler.

The '**abc®**' control also monitors the temperature difference across the flow and return connections and the rate of temperature rise and will automatically regulate the boiler output to ensure that it remains operational for as long as possible without the need to 'lock out' requiring a manual reset.

2.3.2 System Pump

The system pump must be wired directly to the boiler terminal strip and be capable of providing the nominal flow at design conditions against the combined resistance of the boiler and system.

Required water flow at $\Delta T = 15^{\circ}\text{C}$ and 11°C				
Type	ΔT 15	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	ΔT	11°C
	m3/h	l/s	m3/h	l/s
12v	0,7	0,19	0,91	0,25
15v	0,88	0,24	1,14	0,32
18v	1,05	0,29	1,37	0,38
24v	1,41	0,39	1,82	0,51
30v	1,76	0,49	2,28	0,63

table 01 Required water flow

2.3.3 Pressure loss of the boiler

1. **Avanta 12v, 15v, 18v**
2. **Avanta 24v, 30v**

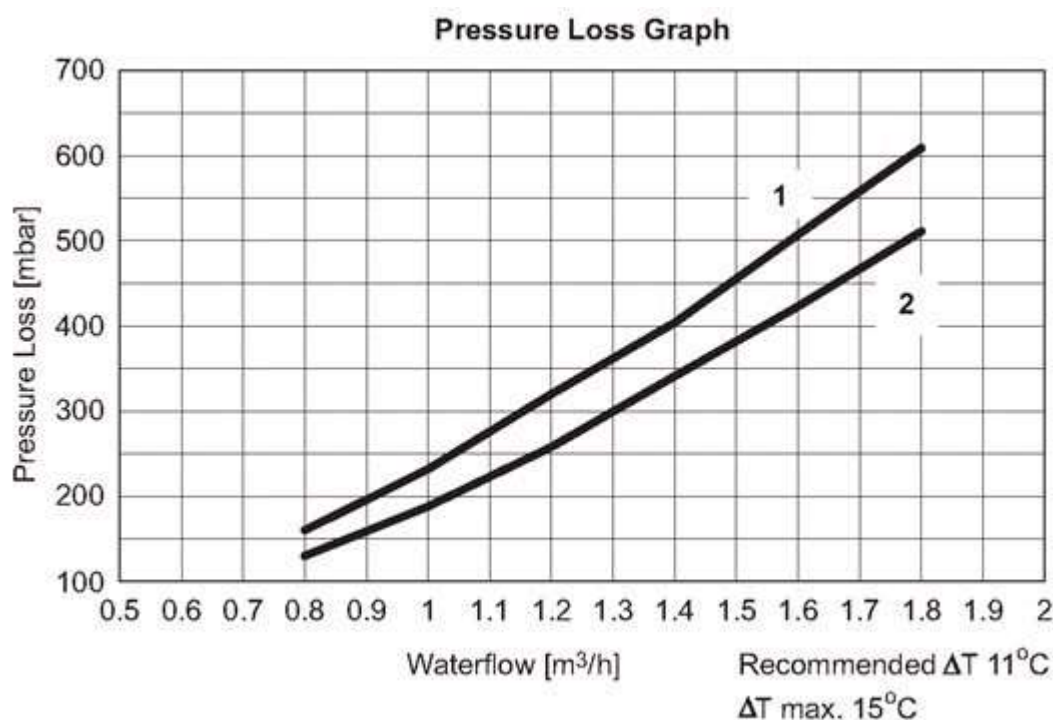


fig. 06 Pressure loss graph

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2.3.4 Open-Vented System

The feed and expansion tank must be situated at a minimum height of 1 metre and a maximum height of 30 metres above the boiler to provide the correct operating head pressure.

The cold feed must be at least 15 mm and the open vent must be at least 22 mm. The pipes must rise continuously from the system. The heating vent must be at least 450 mm above the water level in the feed and expansion cistern. The pump should be fitted on the flow pipe from the boiler and have isolating valves each side.

2.3.5 Sealed systems

If the Avanta is installed on a sealed system, an appropriately sized expansion vessel and a safety valve **MUST** be installed close to the inlet side of the pump. A mains filling loop **MUST** be installed close to the outlet side of the system pump, along with automatic air vents positioned in the system pipe work to ensure adequate system venting during filling and operation. An adequate pressure gauge should be fitted in a position where it can be seen during filling of the system. All in accordance with the current issue of the relevant British Standards.

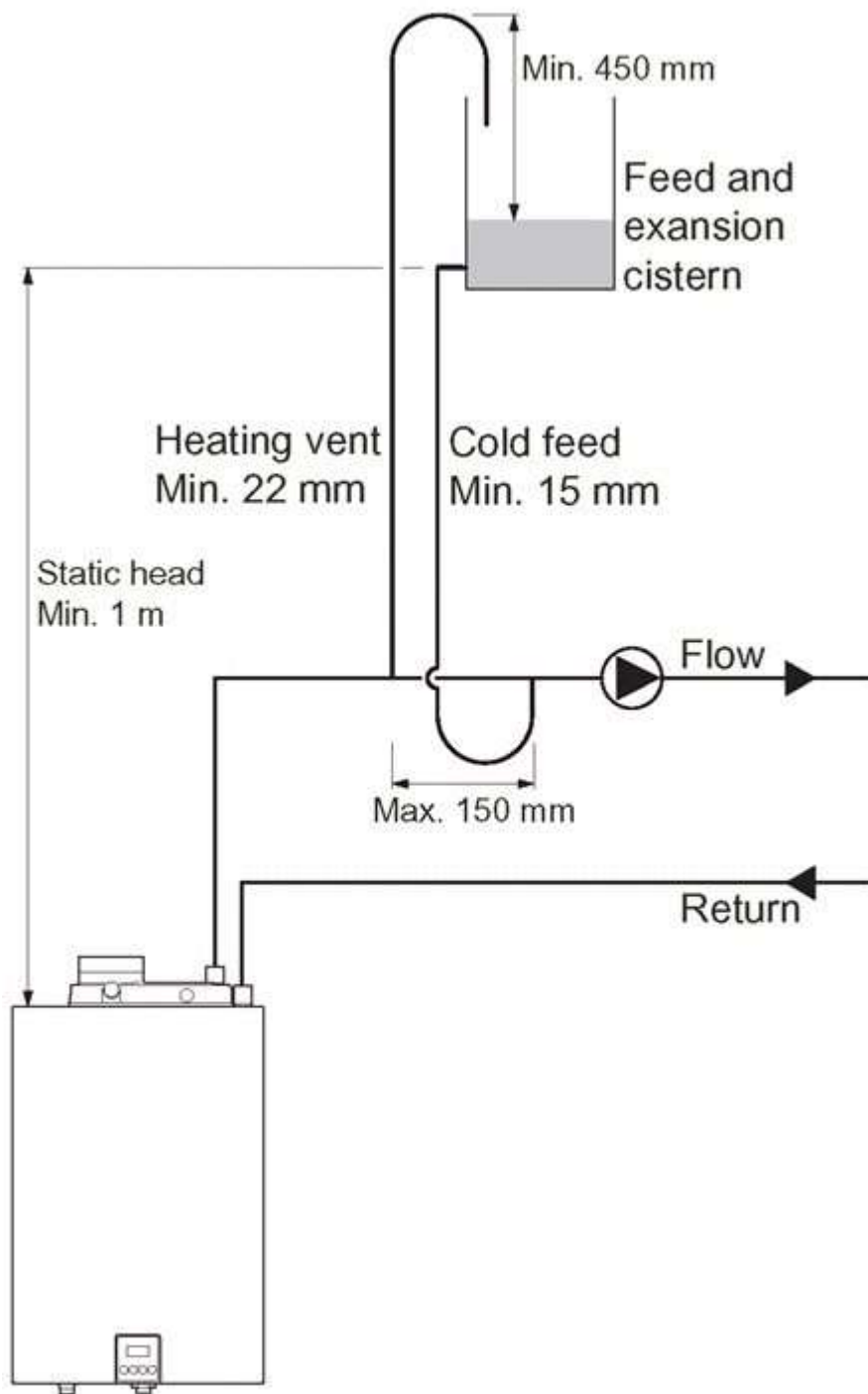


fig. 07 Open-Vented system

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2.3.6 Additional guidelines for the domestic and CH water

- Flush the pipes and radiators thoroughly before connecting the boiler to the central heating system in accordance with BS 7593 (1992).



- The temperature of the central heating pipes and the radiators can rise to 95°C.
- Use untreated tap water only to fill the CH system.
- The pH value of the system water must be between 6 and 9.
- In case inhibitors are being used, please follow the instructions given in, see [par. 2.3.7](#).

2.3.7 Water treatment

If used correctly water treatment can improve the boilers efficiency and increase the anticipated life expectancy of the boiler. For further information a special document "Quality requirements CH water" is available from Remeha. As most systems contain a variety of metals, it is considered good practice to provide some form of water treatment in order to prevent or reduce the following:

- Metallic corrosion
- Formation of scale and sludge
- Microbiological contamination
- Chemical changes in the untreated system water

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All scale deposits however small will reduce the efficiency of the boiler and should be prevented.

Suitable chemicals and their use should be discussed with a specialist water treatment company prior to carrying out any work (environmental aspects, health aspects). The specification of the system and manufacturers recommendations must be taken into account, along with the age and condition of the system. New systems should be flushed thoroughly to BS 7593 (1992) to remove all traces of flux, debris, grease and metal swarf generated during installation. Care to be taken with old systems to ensure any black metallic iron oxide sludge and other corrosive residues are removed, again by power flushing, ensuring that the system is drained completely from all low points.



Please ensure that the new boiler plant is not in circuit when the flushing takes place, especially if cleansing chemicals are used to assist the process.

It is important to check the inhibitor concentration after installation, system modifications, filling the system and every service in accordance with these instructions.

For the correct dosage and the suitability of inhibitors for use with our boilers and for further information on water treatment or system cleaning we advise direct contact with either of the following companies:

'F1®' manufactured by:
Fernox, Cookson Electronics
Forsyth Road
Sheerwater
Woking
Surrey GU21 5RZ
Tel No: 01483 793200
Fax No: 01483 793201
Email: admin@fernox.com
Web site: www.fernox.com

or:

Sentinal 'X100®' manufactured by:
The Heath Business & Technical Park
Runcorn
Cheshire,
WA7 4QX
Tel No: 0800 389 4670
Fax No: 0800 389 4677
Email: info.uk@sentinel-solutions.net
Web site: www.sentinel-solutions.net

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2.3.8 Safety valve discharge

A pressure relief safety valve is not needed for Open-Vented systems.

2.3.9 Draining Provision

Drain points must be provided at all the low points of the system to ensure that the entire system can be completely drained. The boiler is provided with a drain in the return pipe.

2.3.10 Connecting the 'CH return'

- Remove the dust cap from the 'CH return' connection  at the top of the boiler.
- Fit the return pipe to 22 mm Ø compression fitting.



fig. 08 Connecting CH return

59970.LT.GB.W7H.005

2.3.11 Connecting 'CH flow'

- Remove the dust cap from the 'CH flow' connection  at the top of the boiler.
- Fit the flow pipe to the 22 mm Ø compression fitting.

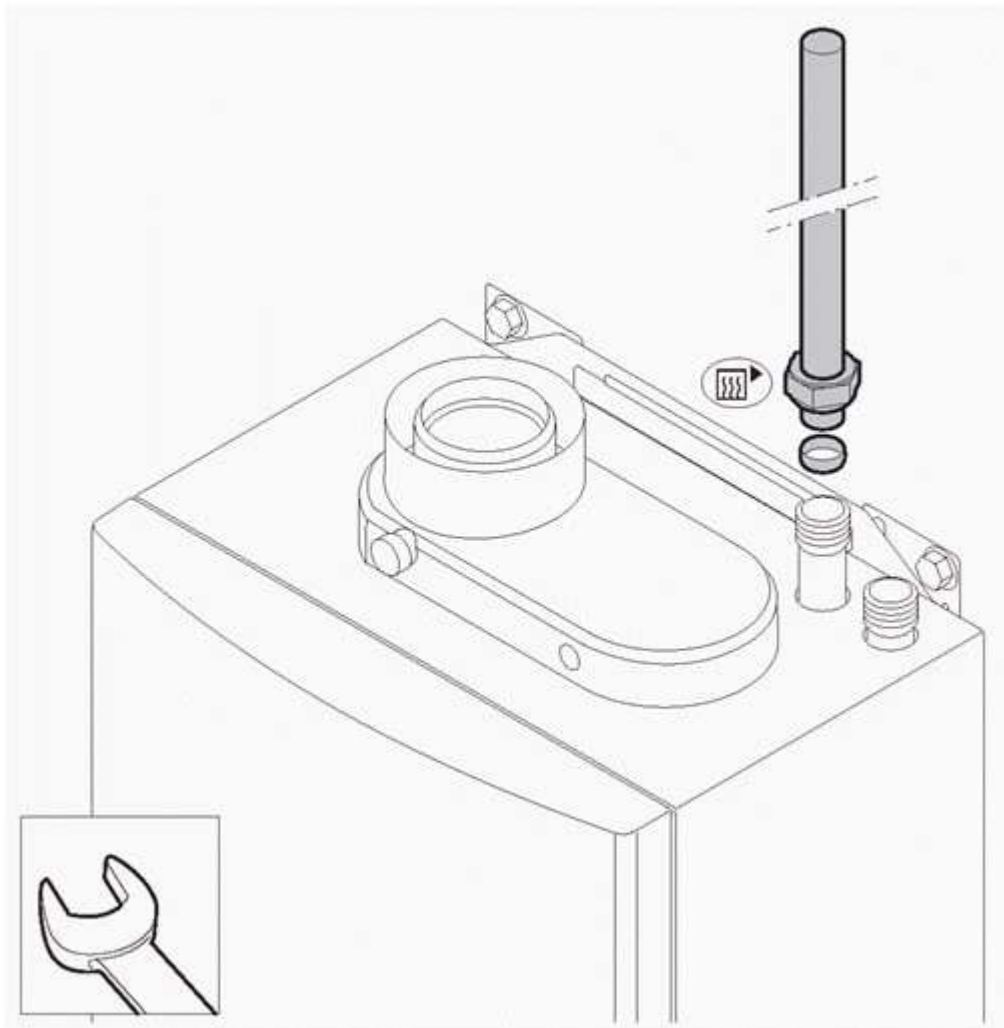


fig. 09 Connecting CH flow

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2.3.12 Connecting condensate drain

- Connect the condensate drain outlet  to a suitable waste water drain point using acid resisting pipe work (i.e. - ¾" overflow). To enable the siphon in the boiler to be removed / serviced, the connection should not be a permanent one (i.e. "push fit" system or a "tundish" immediately below the boiler).
- To prevent the risk of freezing connect the condensate into an internal vertical soil pipe using a tundish (air break) c/w a min 75 mm water seal trap.
- If the condensate pipe has to run externally make sure this is done by realizing the shortest possible route, and increase the diameter to at least 1¼" or insulate it with weather resistant insulation.
- The drain should slope at least 3 cm per meter, with a maximum horizontal length of 5 m.



- If connecting into an internal discharge branch (i.e. sink waste etc) the connection must be down stream of the existing waste trap.
- Fill the boiler siphon with water before operation, to prevent flue gasses discharging into the room.
- The condensate drain must be connected in accordance with current regulations.

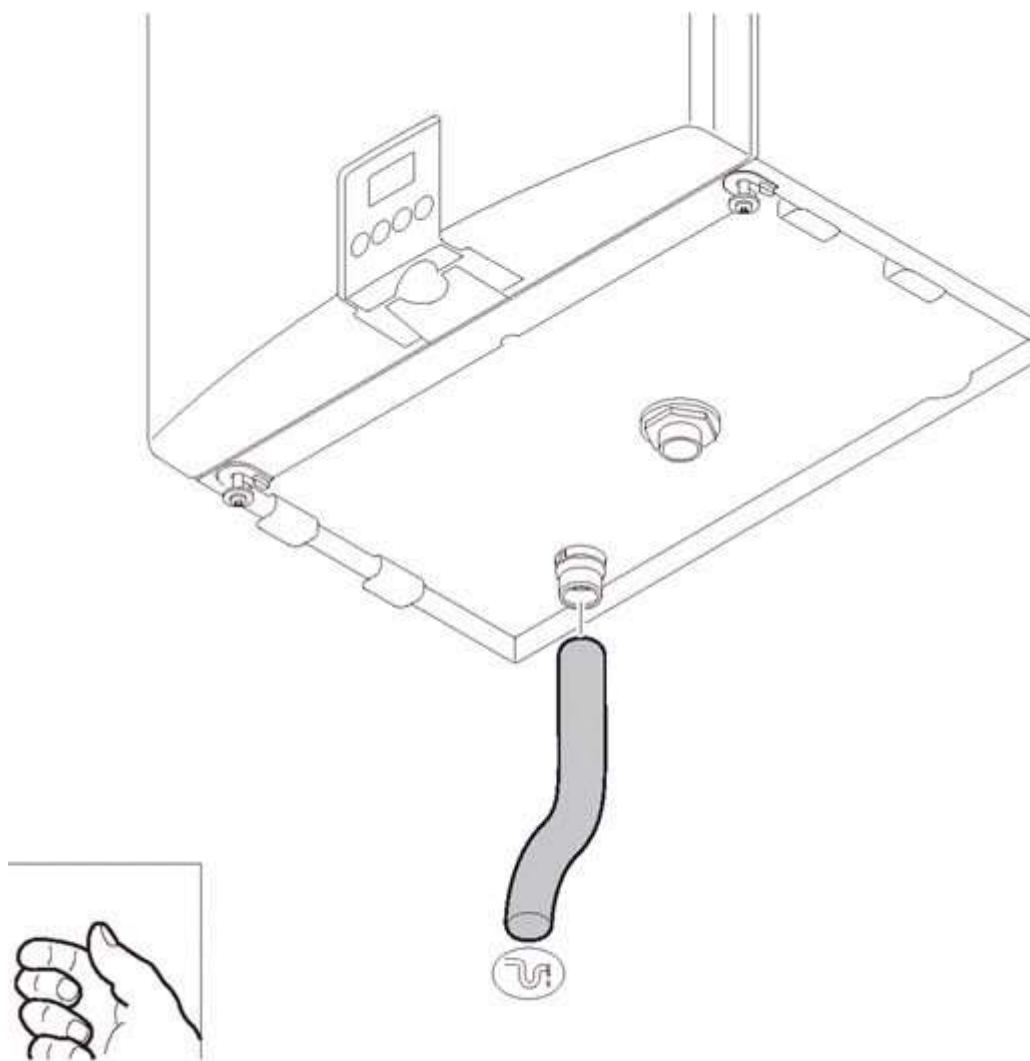


fig. 10 Connecting condensate drain

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2.4 Gas-side connections

2.4.1 Additional guidelines for gas connections



Before installation, check that the gas meter has sufficient capacity for the demand. Remember to consider the consumption of all household appliances.

2.4.2 Adjusting boiler to other gas-type

The Avanta boiler is suitable for both natural gas and propane firing. For propane a kit with restrictor is required. The boiler is supplied as standard set for natural gas (G20), therefore the following procedure must be carried out BEFORE the boilers are fired and commissioned for the first time on propane:

- Fit restrictor (not included with boiler)
- Adjust the fan speed (see [par. 2.10.8](#)) and adjust the gas/air ratio (see [par. 2.10.3](#)).

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2.4.3 Connecting the gas supply

- Before starting any work on the gas supply, turn off the main isolation valve.
- Remove the dust cap from the gas connection  at the bottom of the boiler.
- Connect the gas supply to the 22 mm Øconnection (copper tail supplied).



- Make sure there is no dirt in the gas pipe.
- Make sure that there is sufficient gas pressure available (at full load > 17 mbar).
- Preferably install a gas filter in the gas pipe to protect the boiler.
- The gas supply must be connected, tested for soundness and purged by a qualified Engineer and in accordance with BS 6891.

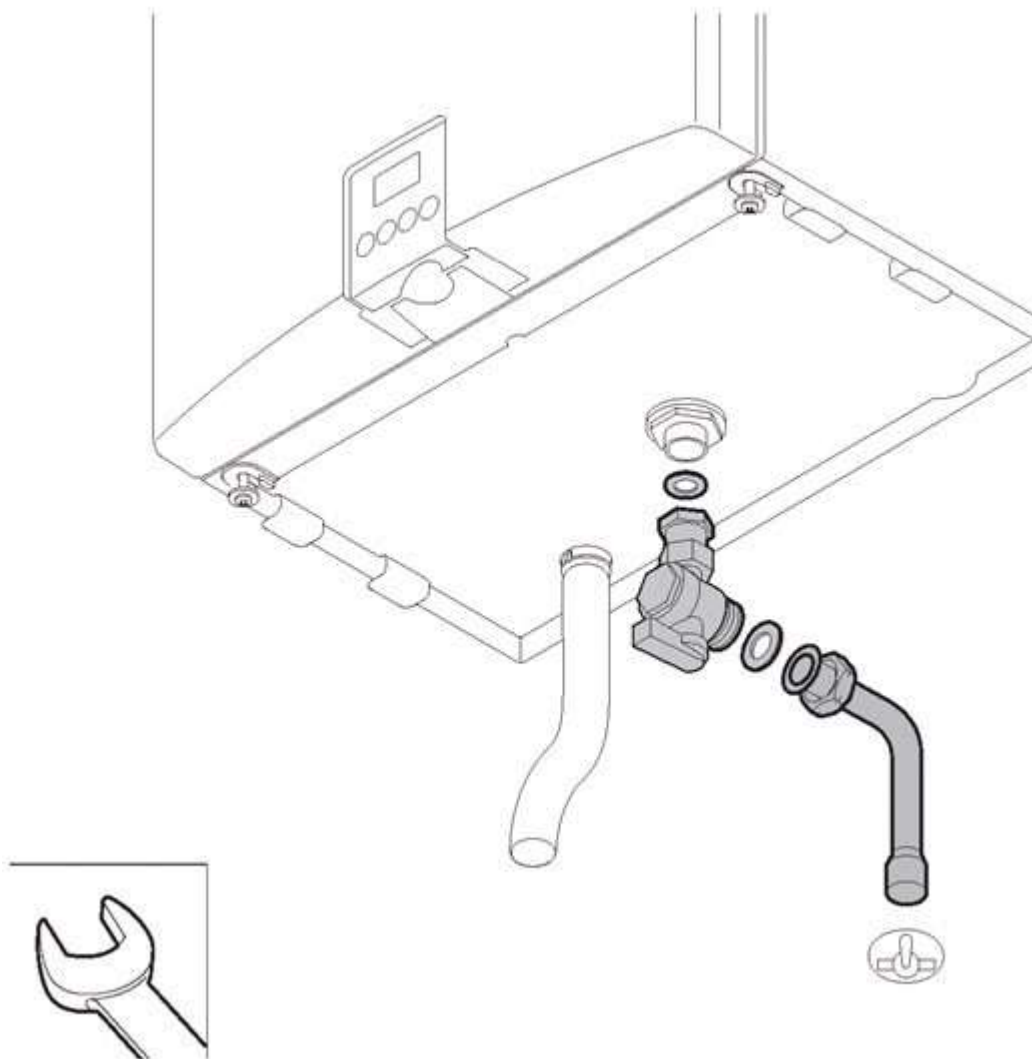


fig. 11 Connecting gas supply

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2.5 Flue terminal and air supply connections

The Remeha Avanta is only suitable for room sealed operation with a standard concentric connection 60/100 mm Ø or the optional 80/125 mm Ø connection. Detailed recommendations for air supply and flue terminals are given in BS 5440. It should not be necessary to provide compartment ventilation when the boiler is used with a standard concentric flue.

2.5.1 Flue terminal positions

The flue terminal must be located with care to ensure that the products of combustion are dispersed properly in all weather conditions and cause minimum nuisance to the building user or any adjacent buildings. If the terminal is positioned less than 2 m above the ground, balcony, or flat roof where access by persons is possible a suitable guard must be employed.



The boiler will produce a water vapour plume during normal operation. Positions for the Remeha Avanta are shown in the figure and [table 02](#).

The principle of the 1:1 gas valve ensures the Avanta range is able to deliver it's full output at inlet pressure down to 17 mbar. However if dynamic pressure below 19 mbar are experienced ensure this is adequate for ALL other gas appliances in the property.

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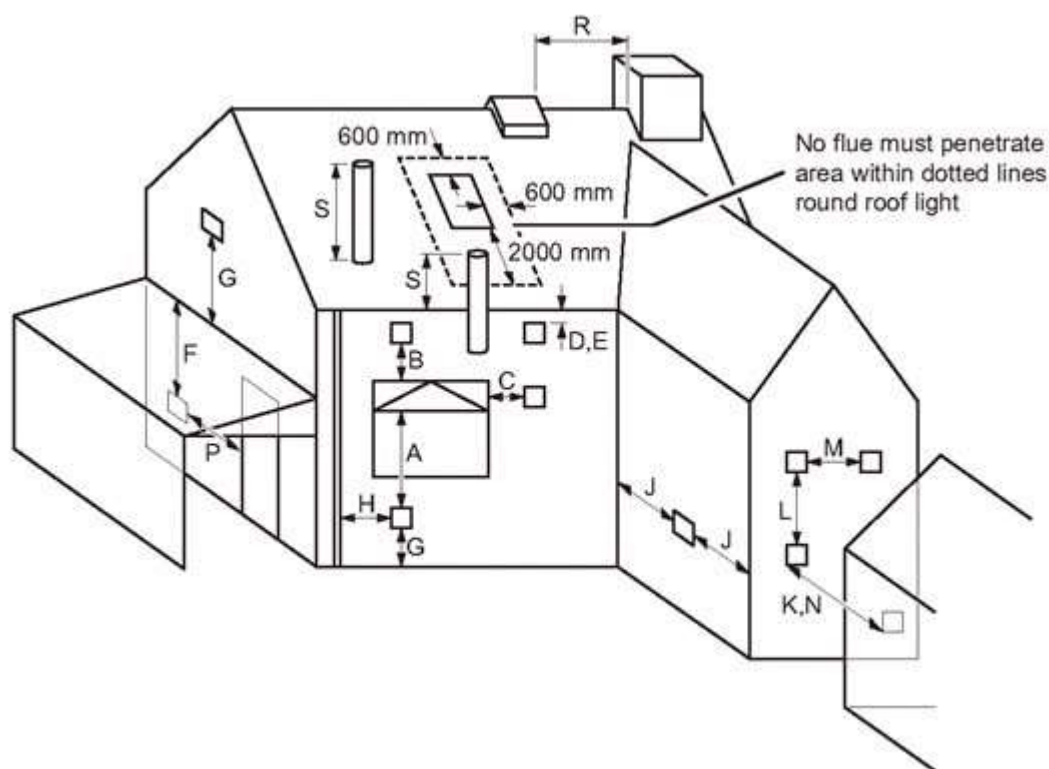


fig. 12 Flue terminal positions

fig. 12 Flue terminal positions

R000150-A

Dimensions	Terminal location	Minimum distance to terminal (room sealed)
A	Directly below an opening, air brick, opening window, etc.	300 mm
B	Above an opening, air brick, opening window, etc.	300 mm
C	Horizontally to an opening, air brick, opening window, etc.	300 mm
D	Below a gutter or sanitary pipe work	75 mm

E	Below the eaves	200 mm
F	Below a balcony or carport roof	200 mm
G	Above ground, roof or balcony level	300 mm
H	From vertical drain/soil pipe work	150 mm
J	From an internal or external corner	300 mm
K	From a surface or boundary facing the terminal	1500 mm
L	Vertically from a terminal on same wall	1500 mm
M	Horizontally from a terminal on same wall	300 mm
N	From a terminal facing the terminal	1200 mm
P	From an opening in a carport (e.g. door, window) into the building	1200 mm
R	From a vertical structure on the roof	n/a
S	Above an intersection with the roof	300 mm

table 02 Minimum distances to terminal

n/a = not applicable.

2.5.2 Room sealed flue

See table 03 for the maximum pipe length of flue ducts and air supply pipes for this 'room sealed' application.

It is not necessary to provide combustion air to the room or internal space in which the boiler is installed.

	Diameter in mm Ø	M&G material	
		60/100	80/125
	Maximum length 'L' allowed [m]	8	34
	Eq. Length of 90° elbow  LT W6H 000 031	1.4	

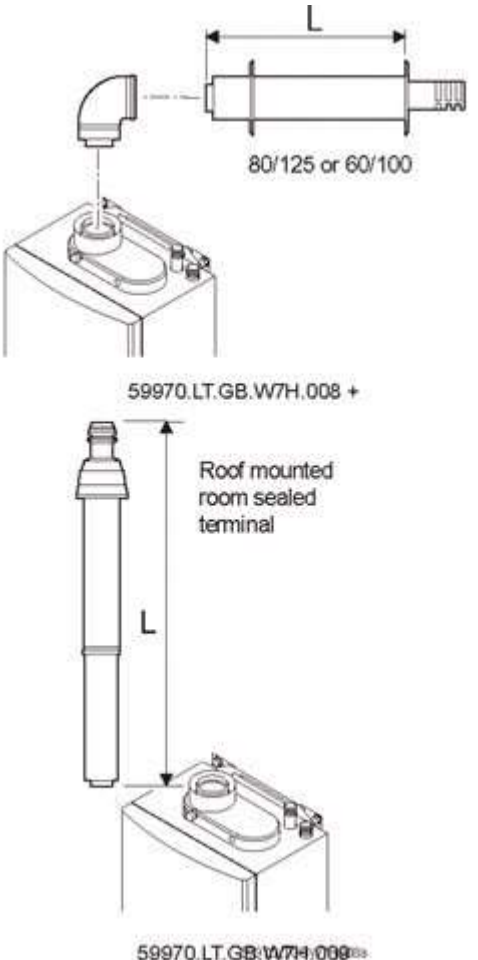
	Eq. Length of 45° elbow  LT W6H 000 032	0.65
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table 03 Maximum pipe lengths for flue duct and air supply in room sealed application

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For flue installations not covered by this booklet, please contact our Technical Enquires: 0118 974 3070.

2.5.3 Connecting the flue terminal and air supply

- Check the depth of the wall and cut the terminal to suit - taking note of the cutting instructions supplied with it.
- Core drill a 125 mm Ø hole in the wall, fit the rubber closure plate at the exit end and slide the terminal through the wall until the closure plate is clear of the outer edge of the wall - pull back the terminal till the closure plate is flush then fit inner wall closure to secure.



- Flue components must be installed in accordance with the instructions supplied with them.
- All connections must be airtight, waterproof and well supported.
- Horizontal extension sections should slope towards the boiler (at least 5 cm per metre).

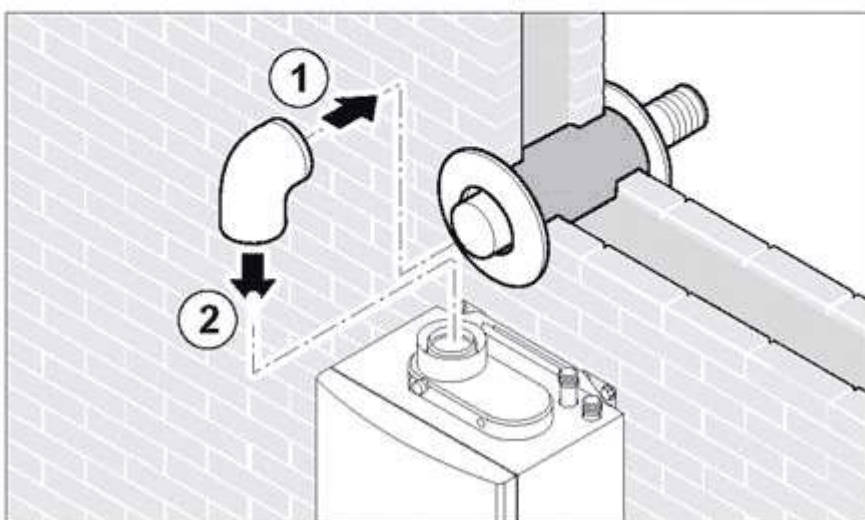
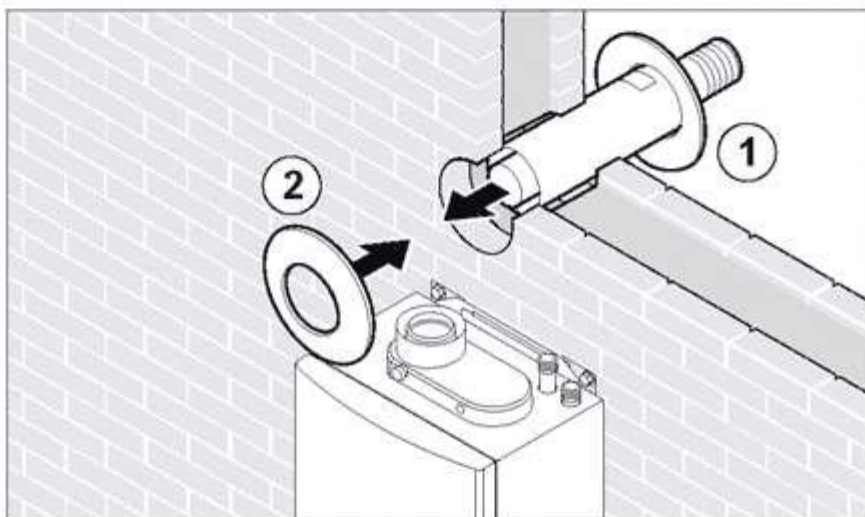
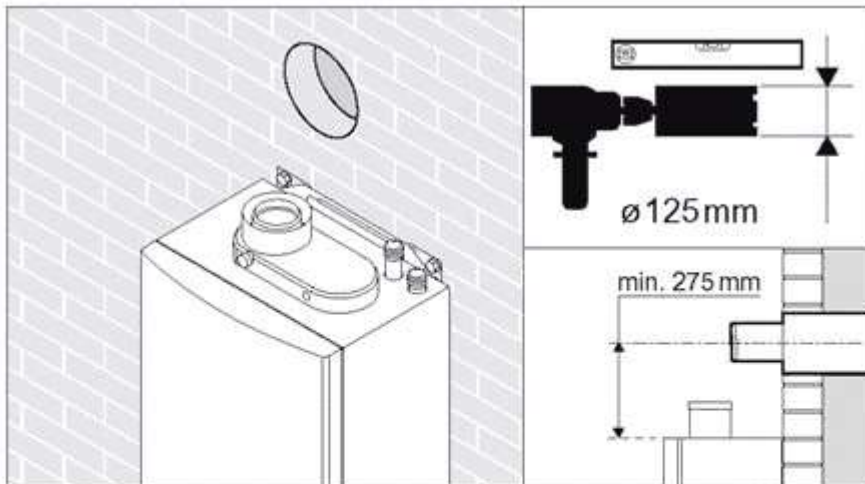


fig. 13 Connecting flue terminal and air supply

59970LTGBW7H010

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2.6 Electrical connection

- Connect the boiler to the fused (3 amp) switch spur unit adjacent to the boiler.
- The switch unit must always be accessible.



When the switch spur is on the following components of this appliance can be live (230 V):

- electrical connection gas combination block;
- most parts of the control unit;
- ignition transformer;
- X1, X2, X4, X5, X6 and X7 terminal strip;
- 230 V supply cable connection.

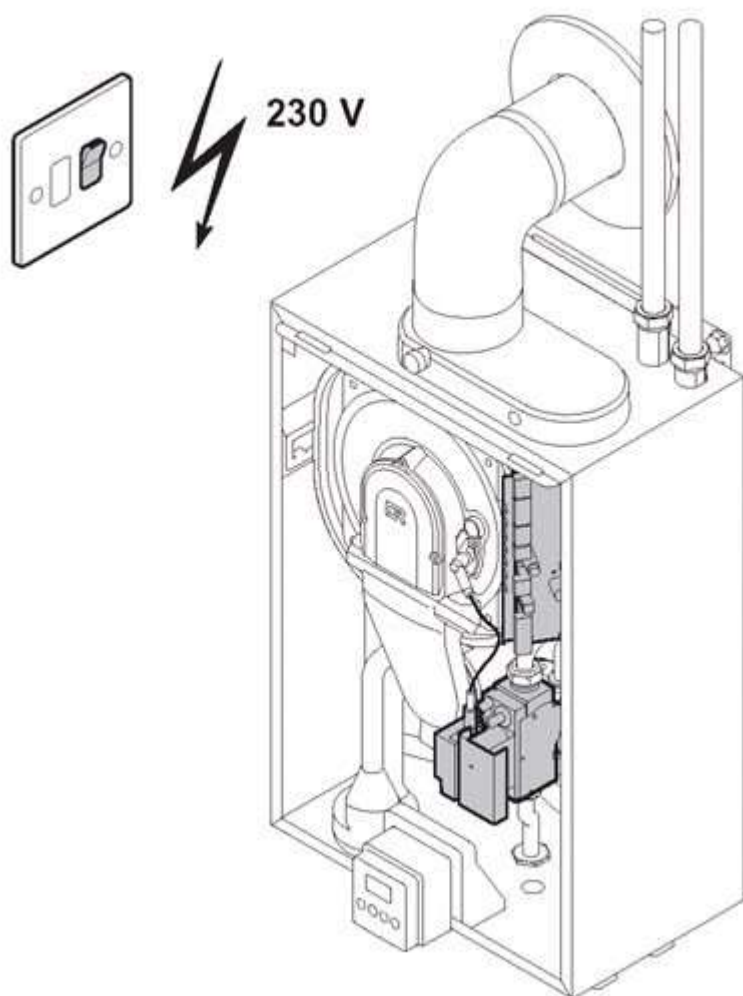


fig. 14 Electrical components with live 230 V

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2.6.1 The control unit

The Remeha Avanta has an electronic regulation and control unit with an integrated ionisation flame detector. The heart of the boiler control unit is a microprocessor, the '**abc®**', which controls and protects the boiler.

The maximum rated input of the boiler is 150 W. The boiler is fully pre-wired internally, all external connections can be made using the terminal strips X5 - X7 - X9 and 230 V input (X2 terminal). See the diagram for the position of the connectors and fuse (F2) on the control unit. The most important properties of the control unit are summarized in table 04.

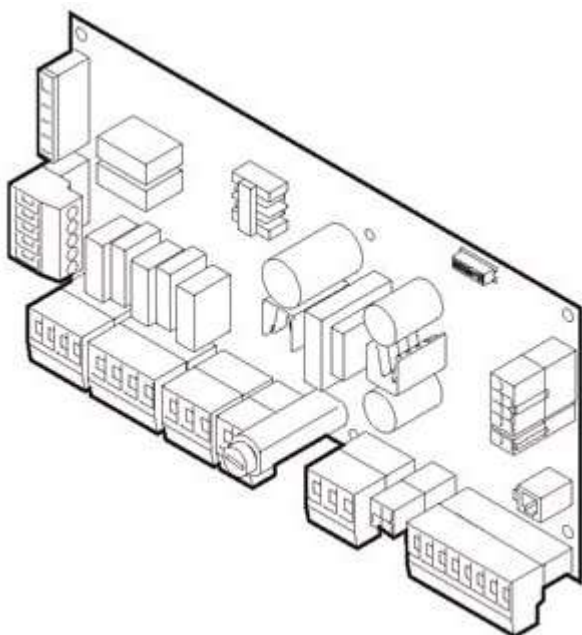


fig. 15 The control unit

LTALW7H000023

Manufacturer	Sit Controls
Supply voltage	230 V - 1ph - 50 Hz
Pre-purge time	3 s
Post-purge time	5 s
Ignition time	2.5 s
Safety time	5 s
Anti-cycling time	3 till 10 min.
Fuse value F1 (230 V)	2 AT
DC fan	24 VDC

table 04 Control unit characteristics



Any loads other than those specified above are only allowed if an isolating transformer is used.

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The output of the Remeha Avanta can be controlled in the following ways:

1. **On/off control - volt free switching** - The boilers internal control will modulate the output to achieve the flow temperature set point of the boiler. This contact is on the X9 terminal strip (low voltage only).

2. **On/off control - 230 V switching** - The boiler's internal control will modulate the output to achieve the flow temperature set point of the boiler. This contact is on the X2 terminal strip (230 VAC only).
3. **Modulated control - Open Therm** - The external controls will modulate the boiler's output to achieve the flow temperature determined by the modulating regulator. This contact is on the X9 terminal strip (low voltage only).
4. **Modulated control - Open Therm in combination with an externally mounted simple 230 V switching time clock** - The boiler will provide room compensated heating and time control over CH and DHW (System boiler).



- All connections on terminal X1, X2, X4, X5, X6 and X7 are 230 VAC.
- All connections on terminal X9 are low voltage only.

2.7 Connecting external controls

- Release the two screws at the bottom of the front casing, release plastic clip below display and remove the front casing.
- Remove one of the supplied grommets in the base of the boiler, fit a cable gland and feed the cables through.
- Connect the cables to the relevant connectors, as shown in the diagrams.



Isolate power supply at the fused spur before carrying out any work on the boiler controls.

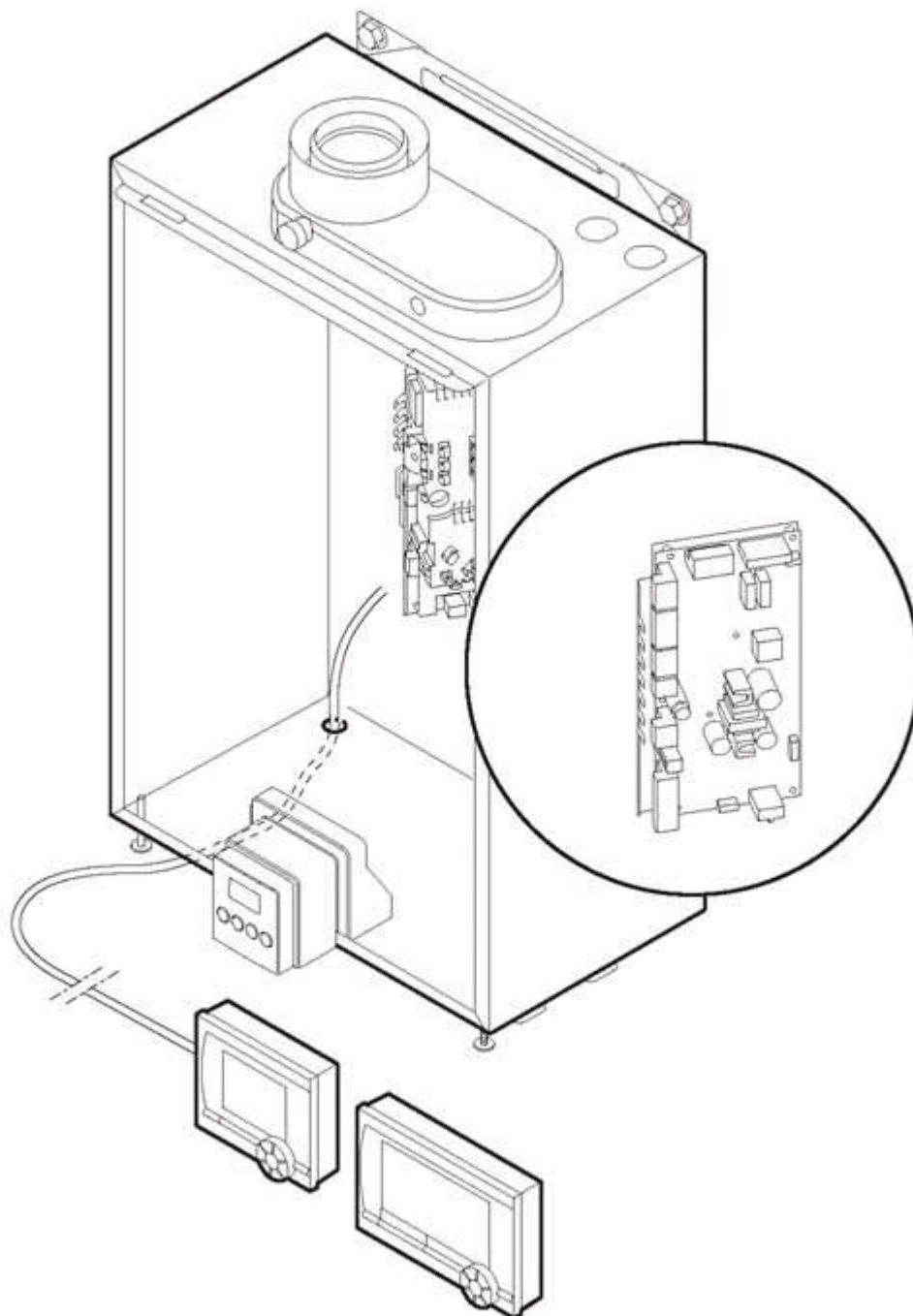
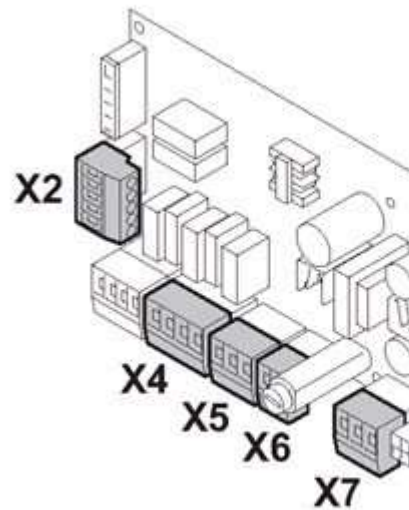
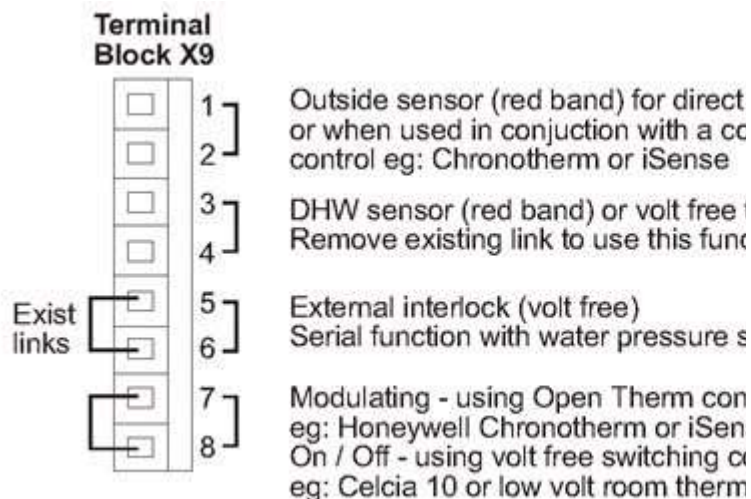
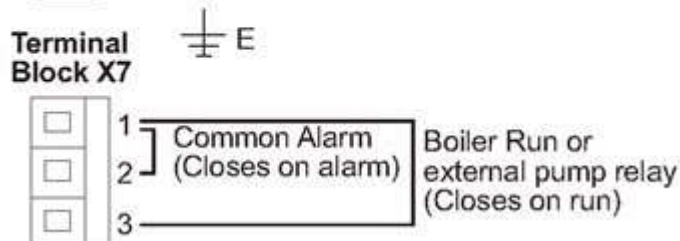
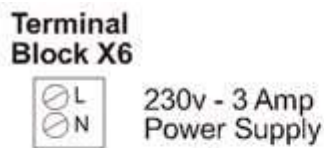
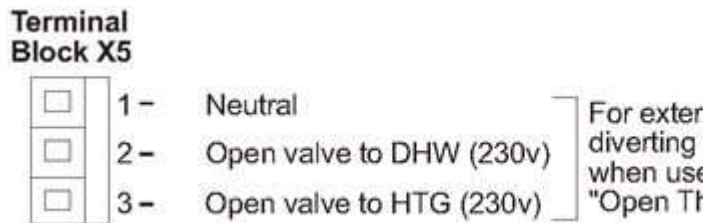
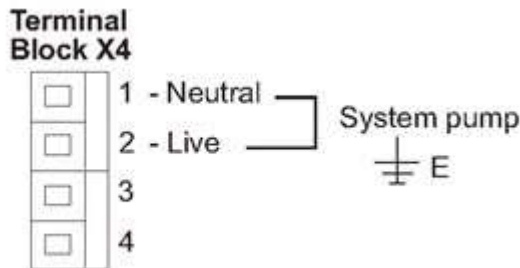
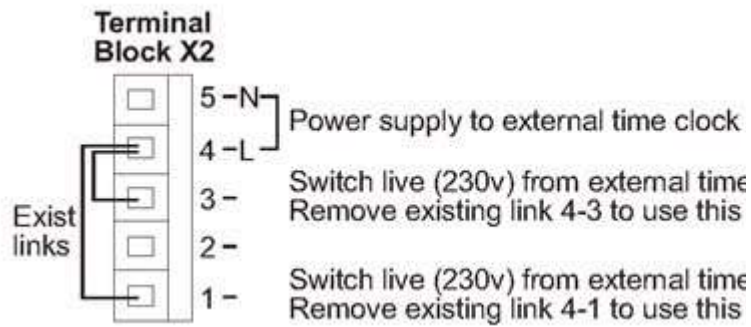


fig. 16 Connecting external controls

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NOTE: Terminal blocks are not in line as shown - diagrammatic only

fig. 17 Boiler External Connection terminal details

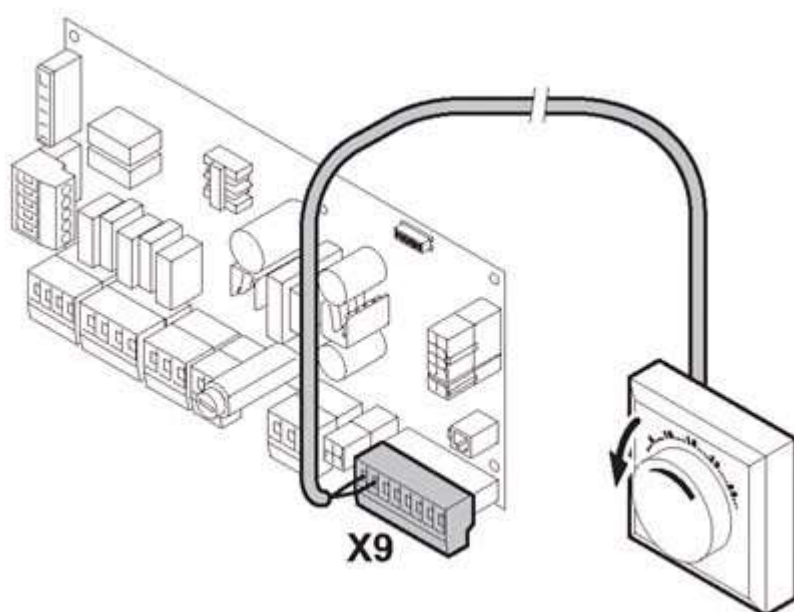
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2.7.1 Connecting an on/off control - room temperature (volt free switching)

The Remeha Avanta can be connected to a 2-wire on/off thermostat, such as the Remeha Celcia 10.

- Mount the thermostat in a reference room (usually the living room).
- Remove existing link and connect the 2-wire 24 V room thermostat to connectors 7 and 8 of the X9 terminal strip.

If a room thermostat with an anticipation resistor is being used, parameter **[P][5]** should be changed from **[0]** to **[1]**, see [par.2.10.8](#).



Wiring diagram on/off control

fig. 18 Wiring diagram on/off control

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2.7.2 Connecting a time control using an external 230 V clock



When the switch spur is on, the terminal strip X2 will be live (230 V).

- A 230 V two channel time clock for CH and DHW control can be connected to the Remeha Avanta. Live 230 V supply for the time clock - connect to connectors 4 (L) and 5 (N) on X2 terminal strip.
- For CH - remove exist link between connectors 4 and 1 of the X2 terminal strip and connect the 230 V output from the time clock to terminal 1 on the terminal strip X2.
- For DHW - remove exist link between connectors 4 and 3 of the X2 terminal strip and connect the 230 V output from the time clock to terminal 3 on the terminal strip X2.



For this option to function correctly, a link or room control must be fitted between connectors 7 and 8 of X9 terminal strip (remove existing link before use). If the 230 V supply for the external time clock is not taken from the boiler - terminal block X2 connections 4 & 5, it must be taken from the same phase as the boiler 230 V supply and correct polarities observed.

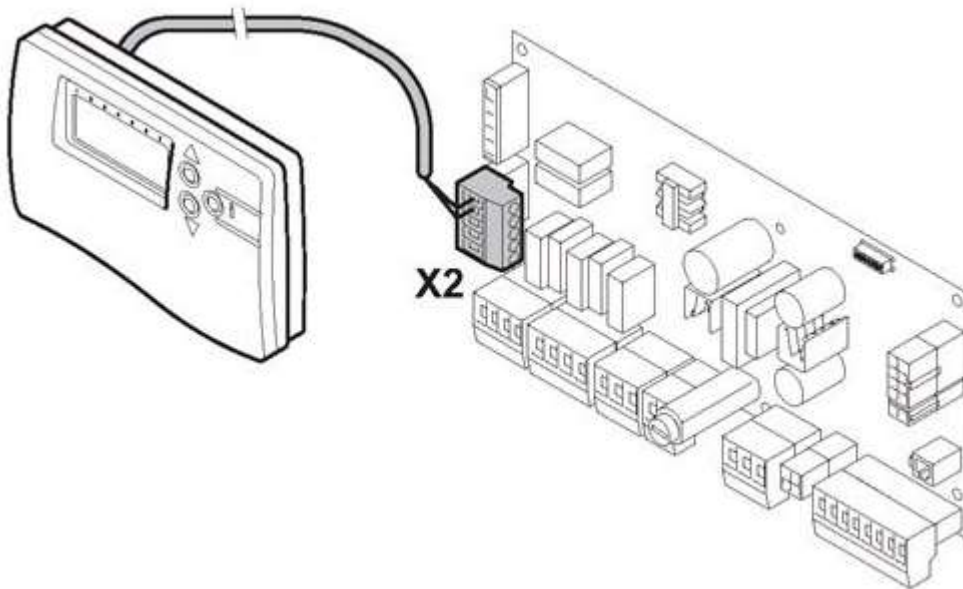


fig. 19 Wiring diagram for an external 230 V time clock

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2.7.3 Connecting a 230 V time clock in combination with a modulating room control

With an externally mounted simple 230 V switching time clock connected to connectors on X2 terminal strip and a qSense connected to connectors 7 and 8 of X9 terminal strip (remove existing link), the Remeha Avanta will provide room compensated heating and time control over CH and DHW.



An OpenTherm® room modulating control (qSense) used in conjunction with a simple external 230 V time clock will provide easy to set up and operate - timed room compensation heating.

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2.7.4 Connecting a modulating control - room or outside compensation

The Remeha Avanta has an OpenTherm® interface. This enables our modulating range of OpenTherm® room controls (e.g. the Remeha qSense or iSense) to be connected without any further modifications.

- Mount the control in a reference room (usually the living room).
- Remove existing link and connect the two-wire interface cables to connectors 7 and 8 of the X9 terminal strip.
- When using the iSense it is possible to add an outside sensor to provide weather compensation with room adjustment. Connect the outside sensor to connectors 1 and 2 on the X9 terminal strip.

If the DHW water temperature on the OpenTherm® control can be adjusted, then the Remeha Avanta will supply water at the temperature determined at the OpenTherm® with the maximum being set in the boiler. OpenTherm® is an industry standard modulating control available from several control manufacturers.

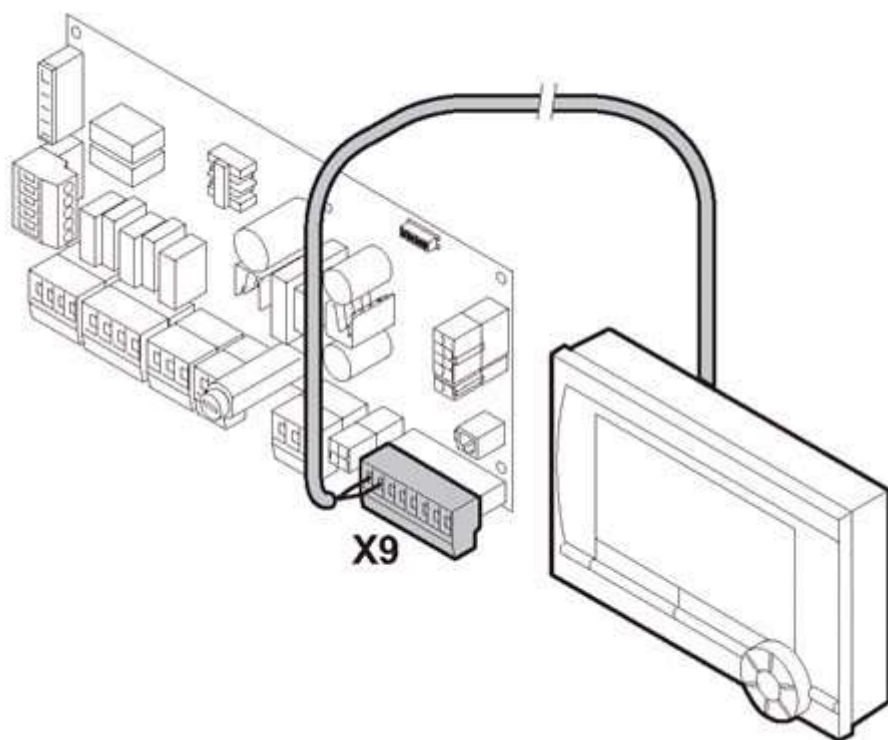


fig. 20 Wiring diagram modulating regulator



The Remeha Avanta can therefore be controlled directly by any other



controls with this OpenTherm® logo

2.7.5 Connecting an outside temperature sensor

An outside temperature sensor can be connected to connectors 1 and 2 of the X9 terminal strip. The boiler will regulate the output using the set point of the internal heat curve. This can be set as follows:

- Outside temperature minimum set point = -15°C (adjustable with parameter **[P][2][9]** to between 0 and -30°C).
- Outside temperature maximum set point = 20°C (adjustable with parameter **[P][2][8]** to between 0 and 40°C).
- Flow temperature set point at maximum outside temperature = 20°C (adjustable with parameter **[P][2][7]** to between 0 and 60°C).
- Flow temperature set point at minimum outside temperature = 20°C (**[P][1]** Adjustable between 20 - 85°C but the highest water temperature setting for this type of boilers is limited to 75°C , see [par 2.10.8](#).)



An outside sensor used in conjunction with a simple 230 V time clock will provide easy to set up and operate - timed weather compensation heating based on the graph below.

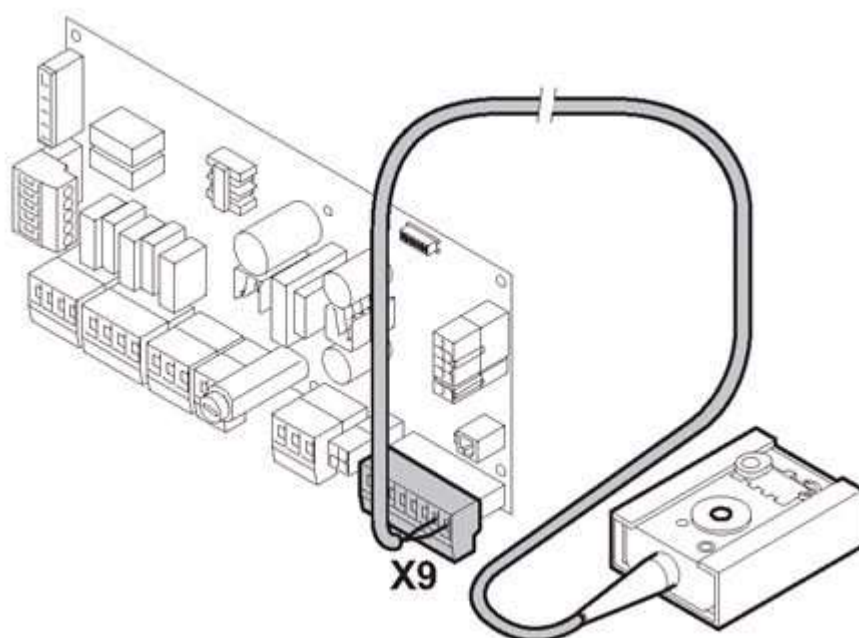


fig. 21 Wiring diagram outside temperature sensor

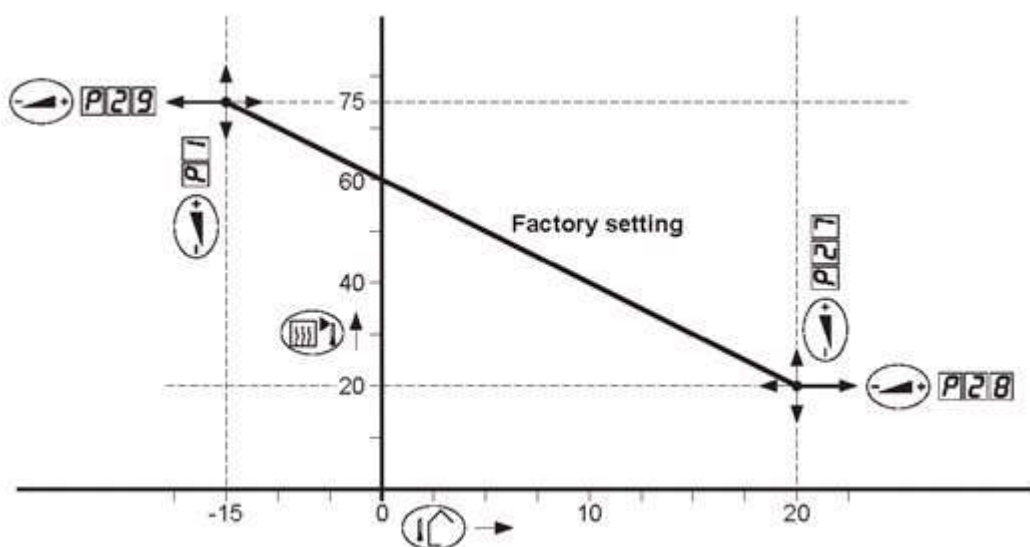


fig. 22 Heat curve Remeha Avanta

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2.7.6 Connecting the DHW sensor/thermostat

If an external DHW calorifier is being used with the Avanta system boiler a DHW control sensor or volt-free thermostat can be connected to connectors 3 and 4 of the X9 terminal strip. The control will automatically detect whether a sensor or a thermostat has been connected.

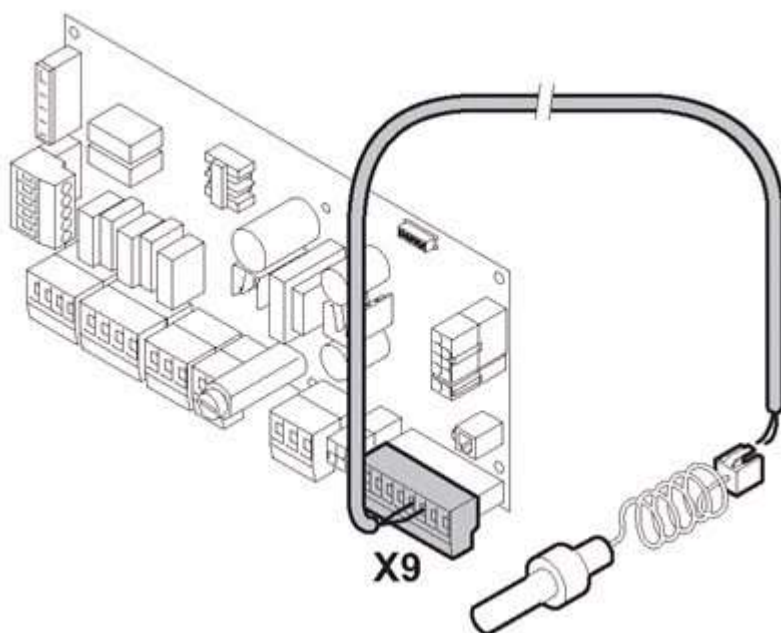


fig. 23 Wiring diagram DHW calorifier sensor or thermostat

R000194-A

2.7.7 Connecting a three-way valve

If required a 230 V DIVERTING three-way valve can be connected to terminal X5 of the control unit. When used in conjunction with an "Open Therm" compensator the DHW-production operates with priority.

Connector X5-1 for N (neutral), connector X5-2 for "open valve to DHW" (port A of three-way valve) and connector X5-3 for "open valve to CH" (port B of three-way valve)



If port A is connected to heating and port B to hot water X5-3 should be used to enable DHW.

The cable must be fed through the boiler's casing by means of the supplied cable gland and run trough the cable clamp on the right-hand inside of the boiler.

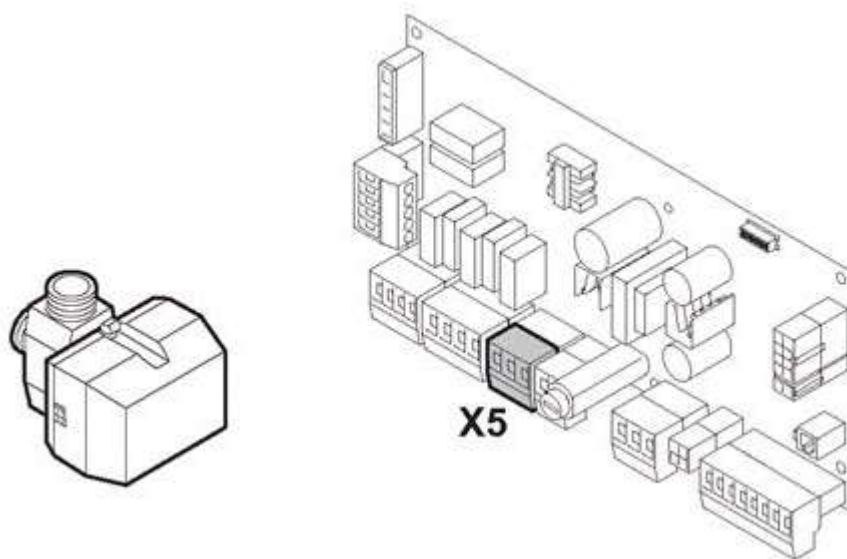


fig. 24 Wiring diagram three-way valve

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2.7.8 Connecting a frost thermostat

The boiler must be installed in a frost-free area to prevent the condensate drain from freezing. However if the temperature of the CH water in the boiler drops too low, the integrated boiler protection device is activated as follows:

- at a water temperature below 7°C: the circulation pump is switched on;
- at a water temperature below 3°C: the boiler is switched on;

- when the water temperature is above 10°C: the boiler is switched off and the circulation pump runs for another 15 minutes.

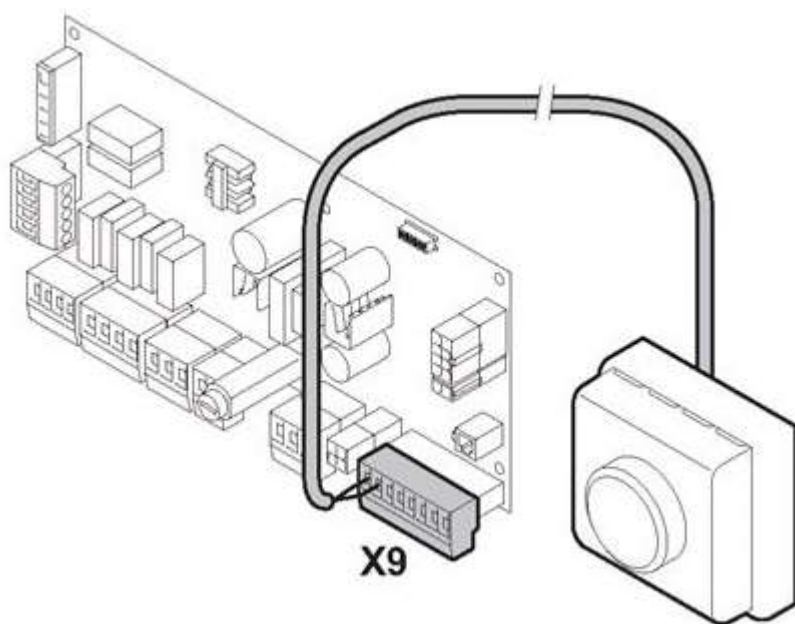


fig. 25 Wiring diagram for frost thermostat

R000155-B



If a 230 V switching time clock is connected to terminal strip X2, the frost thermostat wired as indicated (on connectors 7 and 8 of the X9 terminal strip) it will not bring the boiler on if the time clock is in the OFF position. In these cases the frost stat must be connected in parallel with the time clock on connectors 1 and 4 of the X2 terminal strip (frost stat contacts to close on temperature fall).

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-
- A frost thermostat should preferably be installed in rooms with a high frost risk.
 - Connect the frost thermostat in parallel to the room thermostat - connectors 7 and 8 of the X9 terminal strip (remove existing link between connectors 7 and 8 before use).
 - The integrated boiler protection described above will not provide complete system or fabric protection.
 - When a iSense control has been fitted to connectors 7 and 8 on X9 (see [par. 2.7.4](#)) an outside sensor as detailed in [par. 2.7.5](#)) must be used to provide system and building fabric frost protection.
 - If a frost thermostat is connected parallel to the iSense on connectors 7 and 8 on X9, when the frost thermostat calls for heat (contact closed) it will override the

iSense control and cause an error message (OT ERROR) flashes in the display and the boiler will operate continuously to achieve the flow set point.

2.7.9 Connecting an external interlock

The Remeha Avanta is supplied with an external interlock function. A volt free switching device (i.e. external gas pressure switch, safety thermostat for under floor heating) can be connected to connectors 5 and 6 of the X9 terminal strip after removing the existing link. When this circuit is open the boiler will shut down with the display showing (code **[9]**) and will restart when the circuit is closed.

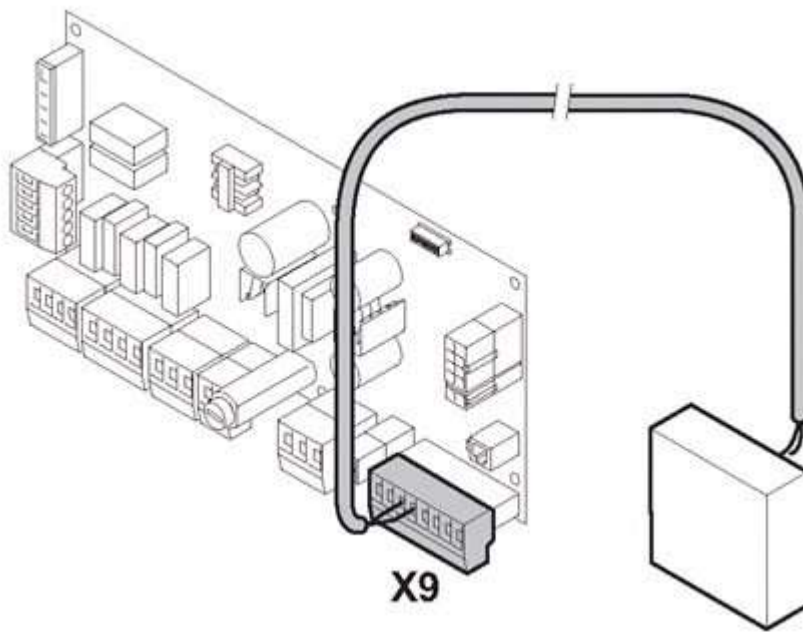


fig. 26 Wiring diagram for an external interlock

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2.7.10 Connecting remote alarm and boiler run indication

As standard the boiler is supplied with 3 volt free connectors on terminal X7. They can be used for an external gas valve, remote alarm and boiler run indication.

- Common alarm signal connect to connectors 1 and 2 on terminal X7. Contact closes on lock out. For this purpose set parameter **[2][4]** from **[0]** to **[1]**.
- Boiler run signal connect to connectors 1 and 3 on terminal X7. Contact closes on heat demand. For this purpose set parameter **[2][4]** from **[0]** to **[2]**.

- Connect an external gas valve to connectors 1 and 3 on terminal X7. Contact closes when the gas valve is activated. For this purpose set parameter **[2][4]** from **[0]** to **[3]**.
- Connect an external pump relay* to connectors 1 and 3 on terminal X7. Contact closes on heat demand. For this purpose set parameter **[2][4]** from **[0]** to **[4]**.



* Never connect a pump directly to connectors 1 and 3 on terminal X7, but only via a relay.

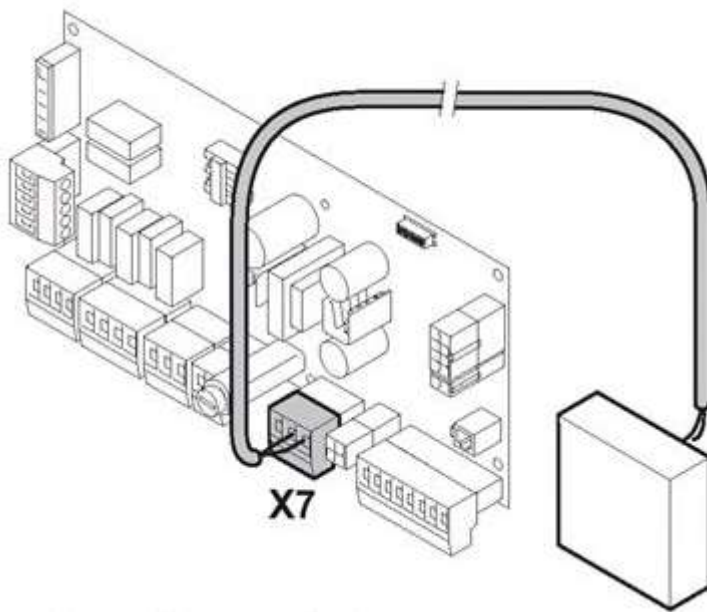


fig. 27 Connecting remote alarm

R000196-A

2.7.11 Connecting a PC/PDA

Using the optional Recom interface package a PC or PDA can be connected to the X10 "telephone connector". Using the Recom PDA service software you can load, change and download various boiler settings and readings. See the user instructions supplied with the software/hardware.



Not all PDA will run the Recom software - check with Remeha before buying a unit.

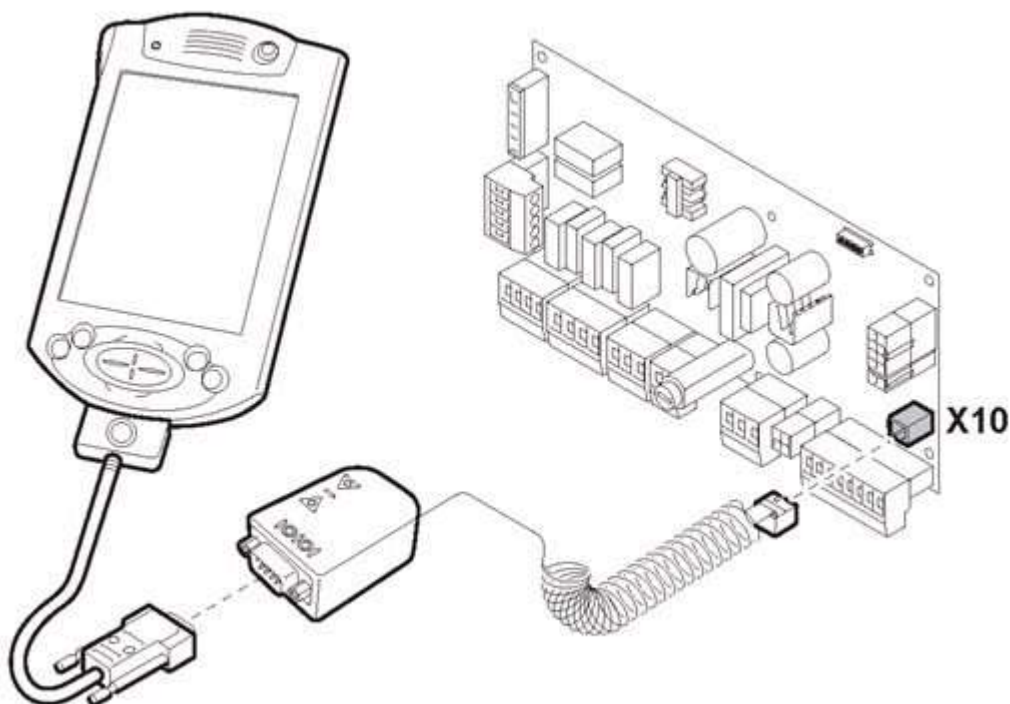


fig. 28 X10 socket connector

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2.8 Connecting an external pump

Connect the system pump to terminal X4 (X4-1 and X4-2) of the control unit. The pump's earth connection must be connected to the control unit's earth connection with an AMP-connector (supplied with boiler). The cable must be fed through the boiler's casing by means of the supplied cable gland and run through the cable clamp on the right-hand inside of the boiler.

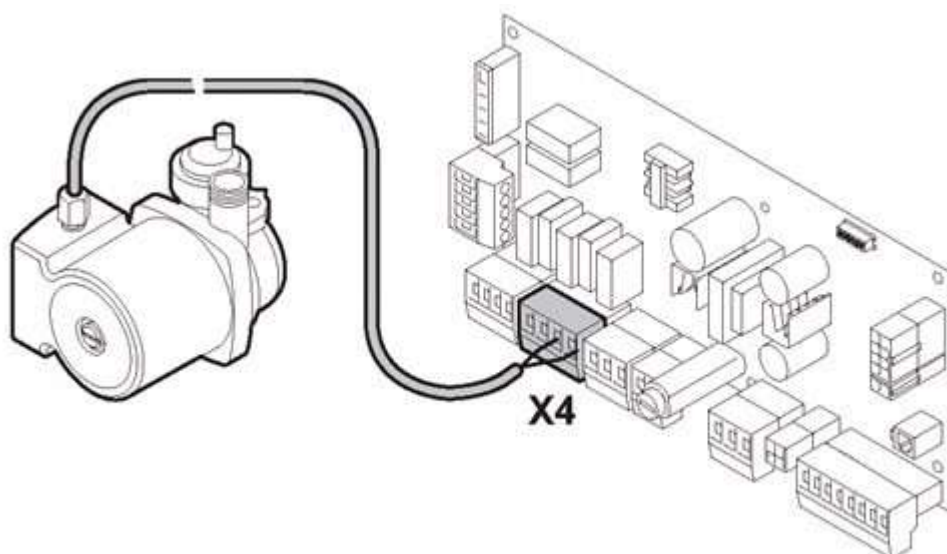


fig. 29 Connecting external pump

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2.9 Wiring diagram

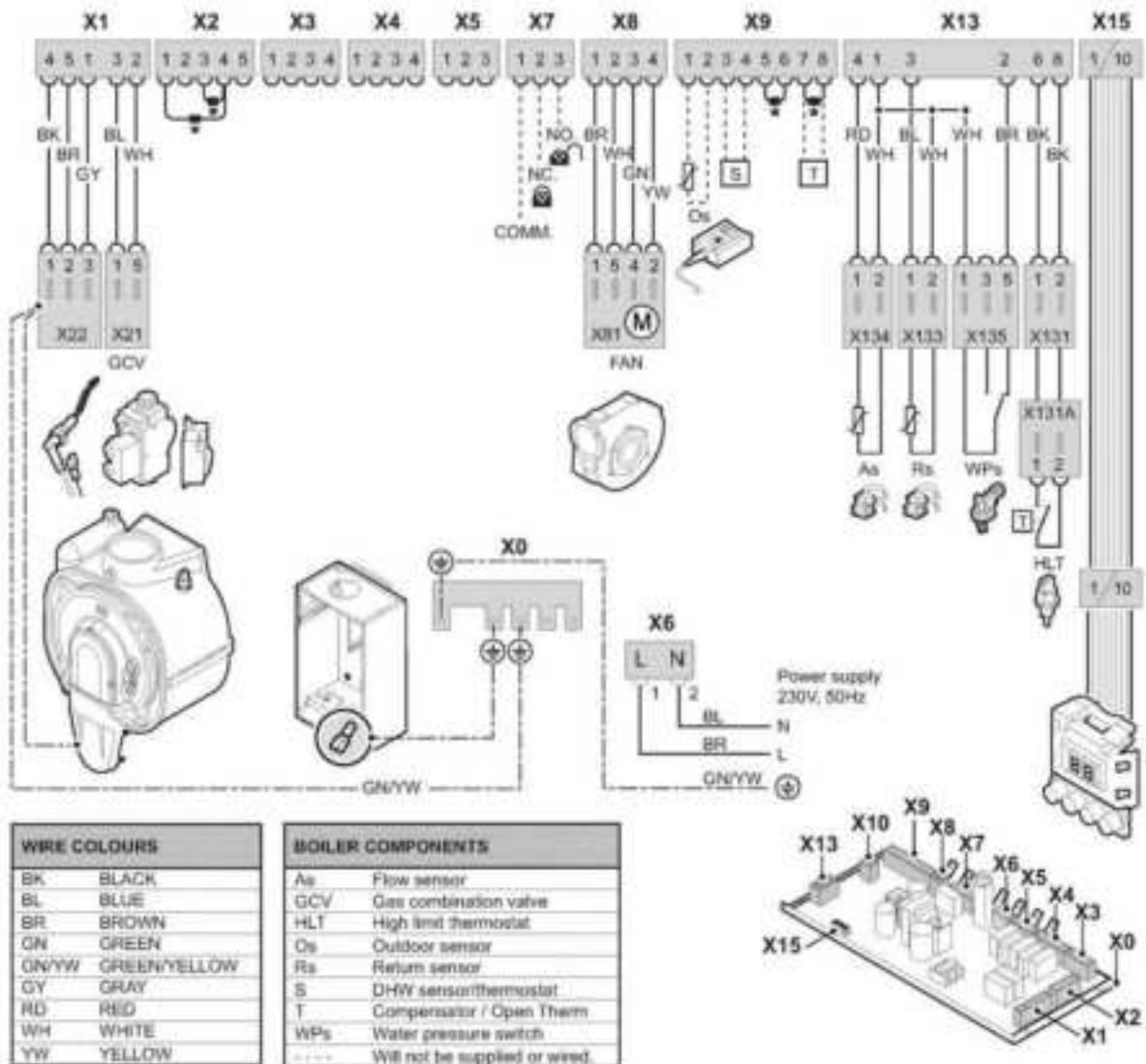


fig. 30 Wiring diagram

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2.10 Commissioning

2.10.1 Control Panel

The control panel of the Remeha Avanta has 4 function keys and a LED display. The function keys are used to read or change the settings and temperatures.

- 1 = display
- 2 = [reset] key
- 3 = [-] key
- 4 = [+] key
- 5 = [enter] key

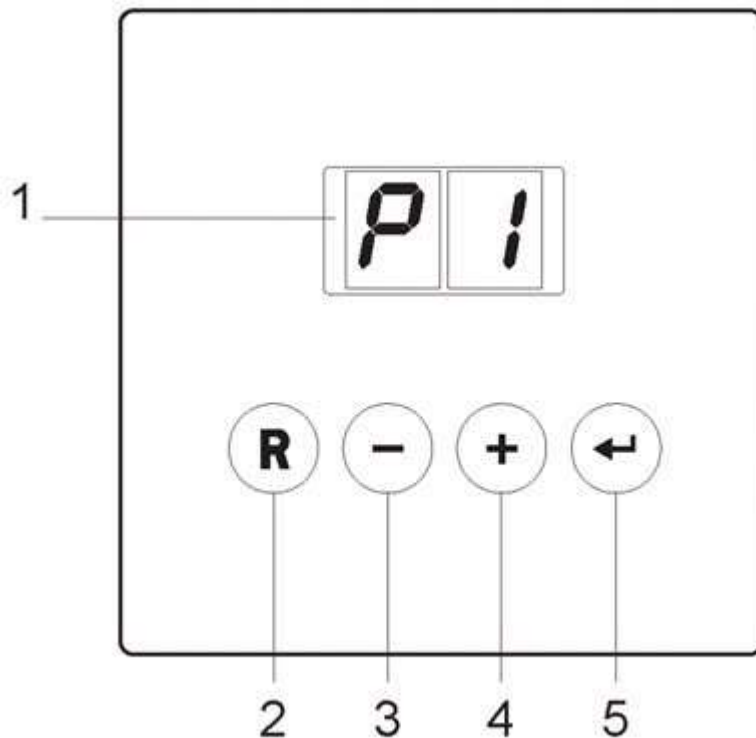


fig. 31 Control Panel

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The display has two positions and displays information on the current operating status of the boiler and any errors. Numbers, dots and/or letters can appear in the display.

If no key is pressed for longer than three minutes with the "boiler in stand-by mode", only one dot is lit. With the "boiler operating", two dots are displayed (Factory default).

- Press any key and the current boiler status and operation code will appear in the display.
- In the event of a fault, the fault code is displayed instead of the dots.

2.10.2 Additional guidelines for commissioning

- When commissioning, complete all relevant sections of the Benchmark Commissioning Checklist, located on the inside back of this document.
- Work through all the stages of this section, and send a copy of the completed commissioning details to Remeha along with the completed registration card in the supplied warranty leaflet.
- The Avanta boiler has been live test fired on the production line and set up for Natural Gas with an inlet gas pressure of 17-20 mbar whilst operating and should therefore not require any further adjustments.



The boiler must not be put into operation with a different type of gas without reference to [par. 2.4.2](#)

At the time of commissioning, complete all relevant sections of the Benchmark Checklist located on the inside back of this document.

GAS BOILER SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST									
This Commissioning Checklist is to be completed in full by the competent person who commissioned the boiler as a means of demonstrating compliance with the appropriate Building Regulations and then handed to the customer to keep for future reference.									
Failure to install and commission this equipment to the manufacturer's instructions may invalidate the warranty but does not affect statutory rights.									
Customer Name _____					Telephone Number _____				
Address _____									
Boiler Make and Model _____									
Boiler Serial Number _____									
Commissioned by (print name) _____					CONOR ID Number _____				
Company Name _____					Telephone Number _____				
Company Address _____					Commissioning Date _____				
To be completed by the customer on receipt of a Building Regulations Compliance Certificate: Building Regulations Notification Number (if applicable) _____									
CONTROLS Tick the appropriate boxes									
Time and Temperature Control to Heating		Room Thermostat and Programmable/Timer ☐		Programmable Room Thermostat ☐		Load/Weather Compensation ☐		Optimum Start Control ☐	
Time and Temperature Control to Hot Water		Cylinder Thermostat and Programmable/Timer ☐		Combination Boiler ☐					
Heating Zone Valves		First ☐		Not Required ☐					
Hot Water Zone Valves		First ☐		Not Required ☐					
Thermostatic Radiator Valves		First ☐		Not Required ☐					
Automatic Bypass to System		First ☐		Not Required ☐					
Boiler Controls				Provided ☐					
ALL SYSTEMS									
The system has been flushed and cleaned in accordance with BS7593 and boiler manufacturer's instructions ☐									
What system cleaner was used? _____									
What inhibitor was used? _____ Quantity _____ Size _____									
CENTRAL HEATING MODE Measure and Record									
Gas Rate		_____ m³/hr		OR		_____ m³/hr		m³/hr	
Burner Operating Pressure (if applicable)		_____ mbar		OR		Gas Inlet Pressure		_____ mbar	
Central Heating Flow Temperature		_____ °C							
Central Heating Return Temperature		_____ °C							
COMBINATION BOILERS ONLY									
Is the installation in a hard water area (above 200ppm)? ☐ Yes ☐ No									
If yes, has a water scale reducer been fitted? ☐ Yes ☐ No									
What type of scale reducer has been fitted? _____									
DOMESTIC HOT WATER MODE Measure and Record									
Gas Rate		_____ m³/hr		OR		_____ m³/hr		m³/hr	
Burner Operating Pressure (at maximum rate)		_____ mbar		OR		Gas Inlet Pressure (at maximum rate)		_____ mbar	
Cold Water Inlet Temperature		_____ °C							
Hot water has been checked at all outlets		Yes ☐		Temperature		_____ °C			
Water Flow Rate		_____ l/min							
CONDENSING BOILERS ONLY									
The condensate drain has been installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and/or BS6449/BS6454 ☐									
ALL INSTALLATIONS									
If required by the manufacturer, record the following: CO ☐ NO ☐ CR ☐ CO ☐ YES ☐ OR CO/CO ₂ Ratio ☐									
The heating and hot water system complies with the appropriate Building Regulations ☐									
The boiler and associated products have been installed and commissioned in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions ☐									
The operation of the boiler and system controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the customer ☐									
The manufacturer's literature, including Benchmark Checklist and Service Record, has been explained and left with the customer ☐									
Commissioning Engineer's Signature _____									
Customer's Signature _____									
Do confirm satisfactory demonstration and receipt of manufacturer's literature									
*All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Person Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.									
© Heating and Hotwater Industry Council (H4IC)									
 www.centralheating.co.uk									

fig. 32 Benchmark checklist

2.10.3 Putting the boiler into operation

This section details the procedure for putting the boiler into operation. There are 7 stages to the procedure:

1. Isolating the power supply and opening the front cover;
2. Checking the connections and making the boiler operational;
3. Switching the boiler on and setting the controls;
4. Checking/setting the gas/air ratio at full load;
5. Checking/setting the gas/air ratio at low load;
6. Making the boiler ready for use;
7. Instructing the user.

1. Isolating the power supply and opening the front cover

- Switch off the boiler at the fused spur and remove the fuse;
- Remove the front panel - release the two screws at the bottom of the front panel, pull the bottom of the panel towards you from the centre, making sure that the plastic catch is released from the central display.

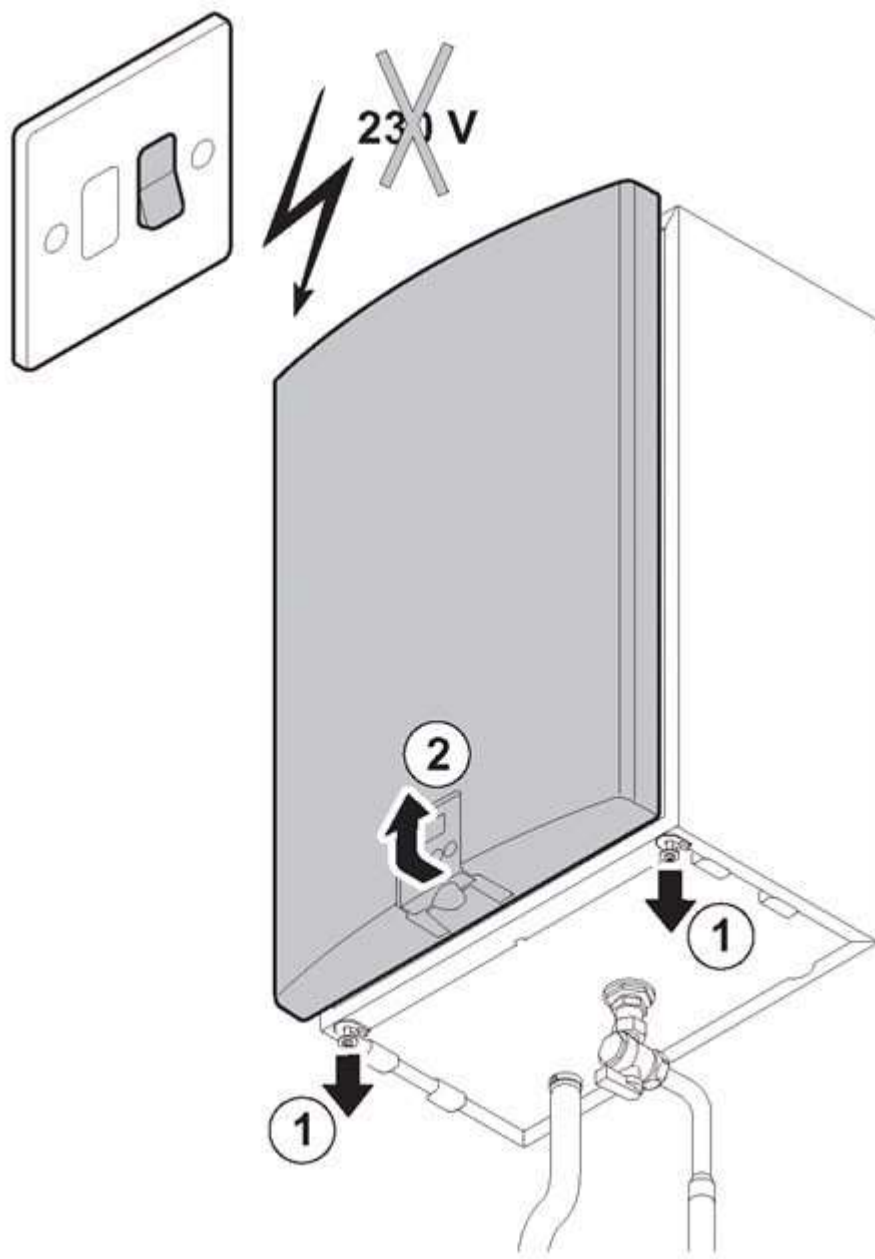


fig. 33 Isolating power

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2. Checking the connections and making the boiler operational



Open the valves on all the radiators connected to the central heating system before filling the system with water.

- Open the valves on all the radiators connected to the central heating system;
- Fill the system with water, making sure that the feed and expansion tank is full;
- Vent the system;

- Check the condensate siphon. This should be filled with clean water if necessary.



Avoid water getting into the boiler.

- Check the system pump (spin the shaft to check that the impellor can move freely);
- Check that all boiler connections are watertight;

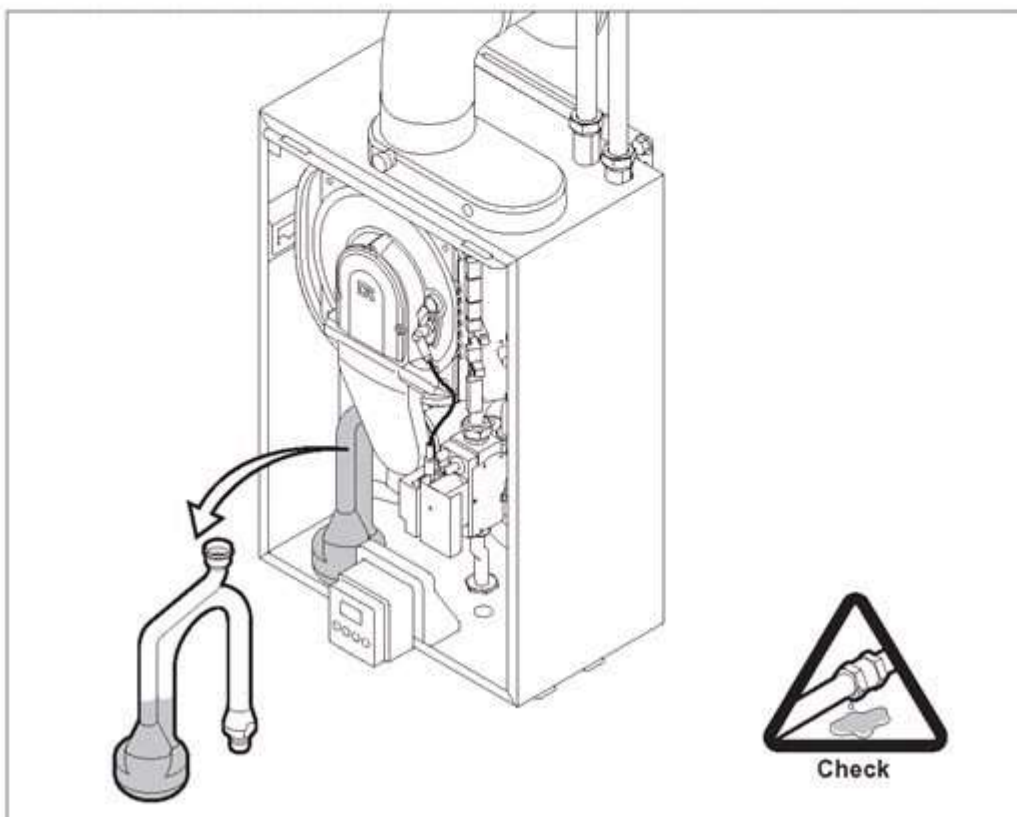
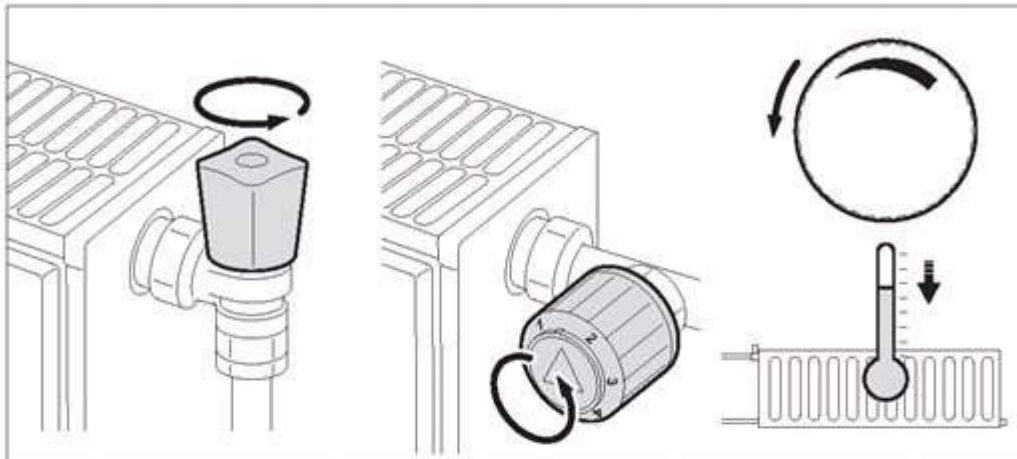


fig. 34 Open the valves

- Open the boiler gas valve and check the static pressure to the boiler at the measurement point (C) on the gas block.



- The boiler has been factory tested for natural gas at 20 mbar.
- The minimum gas inlet pressure is 17 mbar for natural gas
- The minimum gas inlet pressure is 37 mbar for propane.

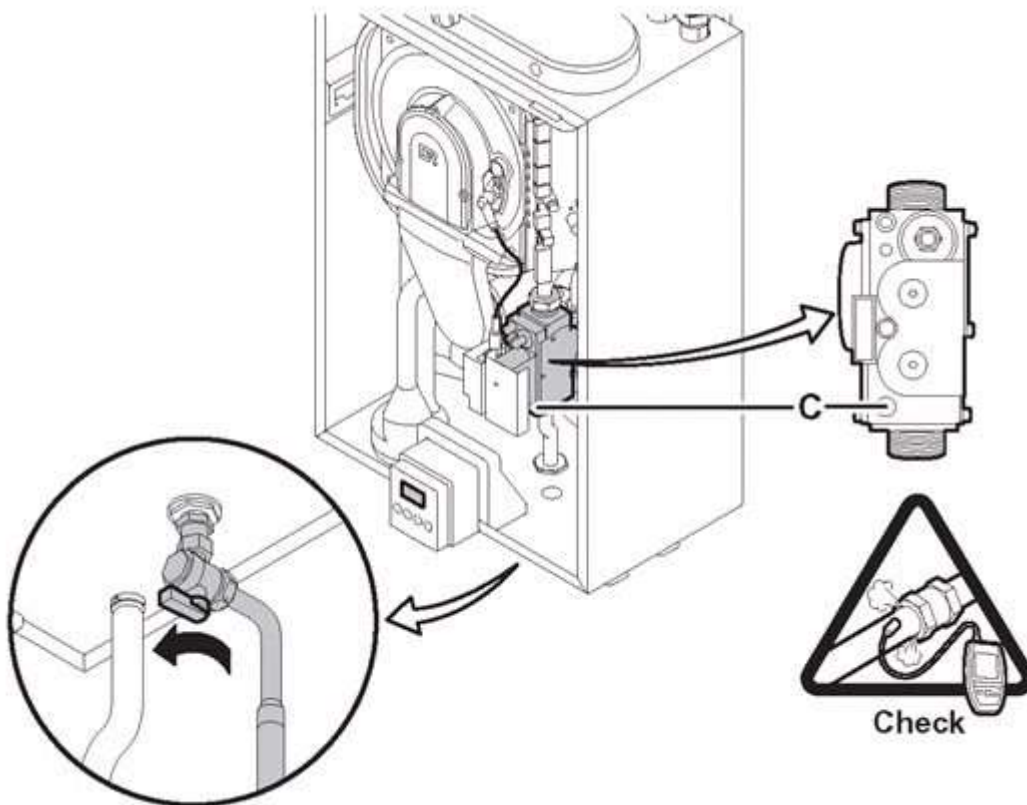


fig. 35 Measurement point c on the gas block

- Check that the gas supply to the boiler is gas tight (in compliance with the current regulations, see [Chapter 7](#) the maximum test pressure at the gas pipe inlet, with the boiler gas valve open, is 60 mbar.
- Vent the gas pipe by unscrewing the measurement point (C) on the gas block (tighten it again as soon as the pipe is fully vented).
- Check that the gas connections in the boiler are sealed.

- Check that all electrical connections, including the earth connection, have been made correctly.
- Check the electrical connections to the thermostat and other external controls.
- Check that the flue-gas and air-supply connections are sealed.

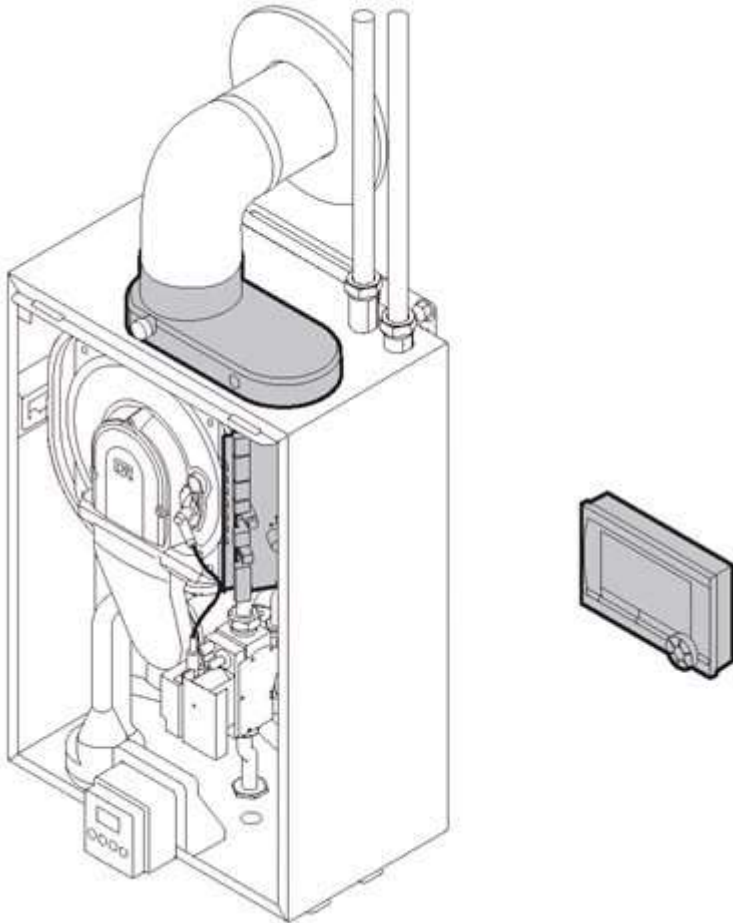


fig. 36 Check electrical connections and thermostat

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3. Switching the boiler on and setting the controls

- Replace the fuse and switch on the 230 V power supply.
- Set the controls to heat demand.
- When 230v power is first applied to the boiler or after the 230v supply has been isolated for maintenance the boiler will not start until it has fully completed its venting cycle - this will take about 3 minutes during which time the display will show **[F]:[X][X]** alternating with **[P]:[X][X]** (where **[X][X]** displays the software version number). This is not a fault, please wait until the cycle is finished. Provided no error codes

appear during this time, the boiler will then start to run if called for by the controls.

- The boiler now starts to run. The operational status is shown in the display. Combustion checking/setting must be carried out by a competent person. It must not be carried out unless that person is equipped with a combustion analyser which conforms to the relevant British Standards.

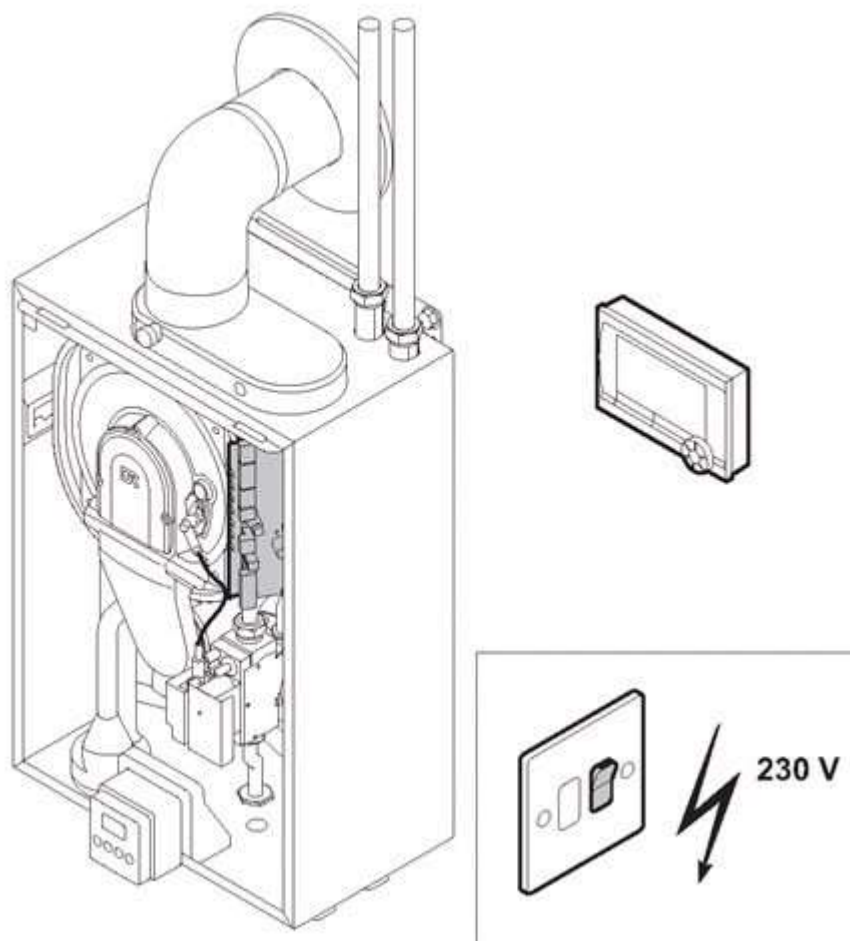


fig. 37 Power on and controls on heat demand

R000165-A

4. Setting the gas/air ratio at full load

The Avanta boilers are suitable for both natural gas and propane firing (restrictor required for propane not supplied). The boilers are supplied as standard set for natural gas (G20), therefore the following procedure must be carried out BEFORE the boilers are fired and commissioned for the first time on propane:

- fit restrictor (instructions supplied);
- adjust the fan speed (for procedure see [par. 2.10.8](#), for values see [table 06](#) and [table 08](#));
- adjust the gas/air ratio (for values see [table 06](#) and [table 08](#)).

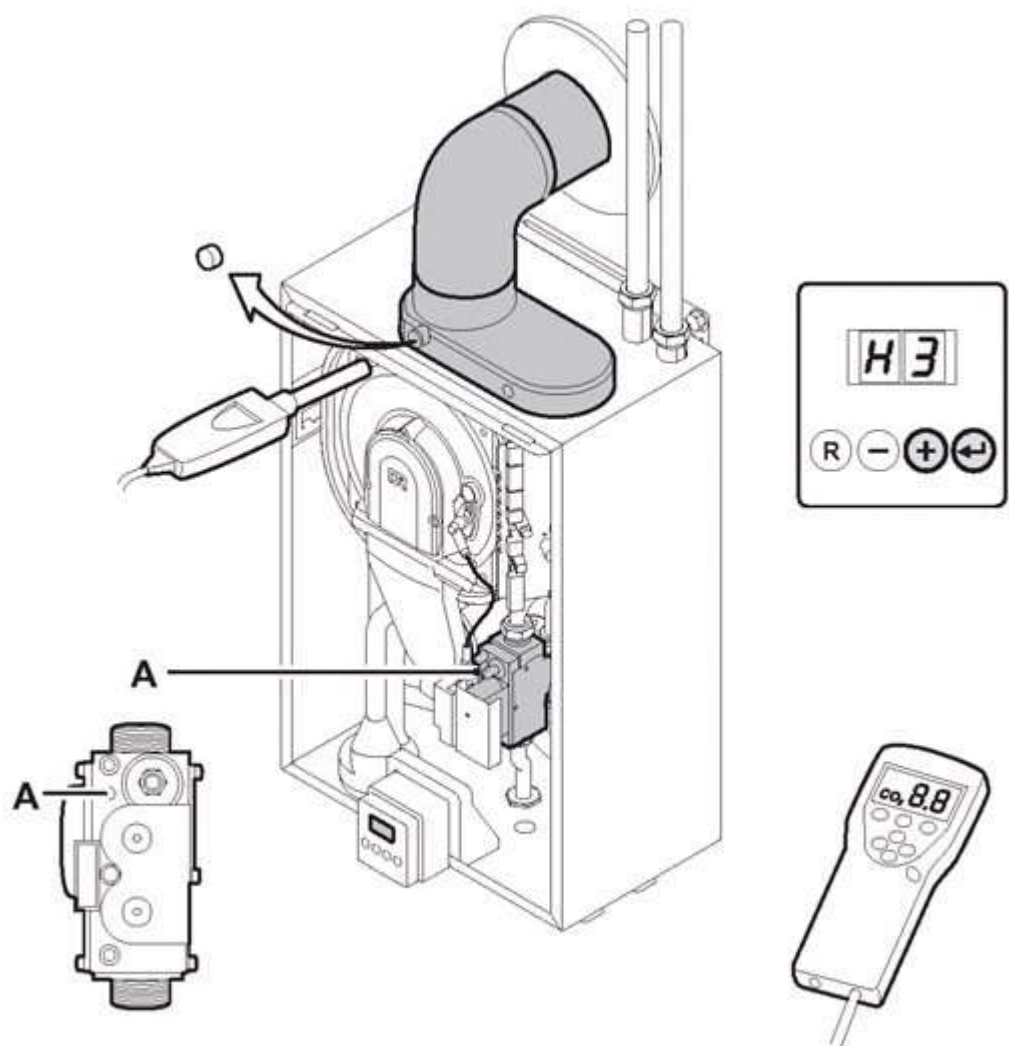


fig. 38 Check the gas/air ratio control - set to full load - gas/air ratio adjustment A on gas block

59970LTGBW7H017

Setting values O ₂ /CO ₂ for natural gas			
Boiler type	Fan speed (rpm)	O ₂	CO ₂
	Full load [H][3] *	%	%
12v	approx. 2400	5.2 ± 0.1	8.8 ± 0.1
15v	approx. 3000	5.2 ± 0.1	8.8 ± 0.1
18v	approx. 3500	5.2 ± 0.1	8.8 ± 0.1
24v	approx. 4500	5.2 ± 0.1	8.8 ± 0.1
30v	approx. 5200	5.2 ± 0.1	8.8 ± 0.1

table 05 Setting values full load CO₂ and O₂ (front panel not fitted)

Setting values O ₂ /CO ₂ for LPG (propane)
--

Boiler type	Fan speed (rpm)	O ₂	CO ₂
	Full load [H][3] *	%	%
12v	approx. 2400	5.1 ± 0.1	10.3 ± 0.1
15v	approx. 2800	5.1 ± 0.1	10.3 ± 0.1
18v	approx. 3300	5.1 ± 0.1	10.3 ± 0.1
24v	approx. 4300	5.1 ± 0.1	10.3 ± 0.1
30v	approx. 5000	5.1 ± 0.1	10.3 ± 0.1

table 06 Setting values full load CO₂ and O₂ (front panel not fitted)

* On forced full load, the 2nd digit indicates the operating code

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-
- Unscrew the flue gas sampling cap and connect the flue gas analyser.
 - Set boiler to full load: Press the **[enter]**-key, keep it pressed and also press the **[+]**-key until **[H][3]** appears in the display; full load has been set.
 - Once the unit has reached the full-load fan speed, measure the O₂ /CO₂ - percentage and compare this to the values in [table 05](#) or [table 06](#).
 - If the values are not in accordance with the table then correct the gas /air ratio controls using the adjusting screw A on the gas block.
 - If the value is too low turn the screw A anti clockwise this increases the gas rate - if the value is too high turn the screw clockwise which decreases the gas rate
 - Check the flame through the sight glass which should be stable with a regular blue distribution.



Only make small adjustments to the adjusting screw, maximum 1/8 turns when setting O₂ /CO₂



Ensure that the analysing probe has a gas tight seal in the sampling point with the probe end in the centre of the flue duct.

5. Setting the gas/air ratio at part load

Setting values O ₂ /CO ₂ for natural gas			
Boiler type	Fan speed (rpm)	O ₂	CO ₂
	Part load [L][3] *	%	%
12v	approx. 1300	5.2 ± 0.1	8.8 ± 0.1
15v	approx. 1300	5.2 ± 0.1	8.8 ± 0.1
18v	approx. 1300	5.2 ± 0.1	8.8 ± 0.1
24v	approx. 1300	5.2 ± 0.1	8.8 ± 0.1

30v	approx. 1300	5.2 ± 0.1	8.8 ± 0.1
-----	--------------	---------------	---------------

table 07 Setting values part load CO₂ and O₂(front panel not fitted)

Setting values O ₂ /CO ₂ for LPG (propane)			
Boiler type	Fan speed (rpm)	O ₂	CO ₂
	Part load [L][3] *	%	%
12v	approx. 2000	5.1 ± 0.1	10.3 ± 0.1
15v	approx. 2000	5.1 ± 0.1	10.3 ± 0.1
18v	approx. 2000	5.1 ± 0.1	10.3 ± 0.1
24v	approx. 2000	5.1 ± 0.1	10.3 ± 0.1
30v	approx. 2000	5.1 ± 0.1	10.3 ± 0.1

table 08 Setting values part load CO₂ and O₂ (front panel not fitted)

* On forced part load, the 2nd digit indicates the operating code.

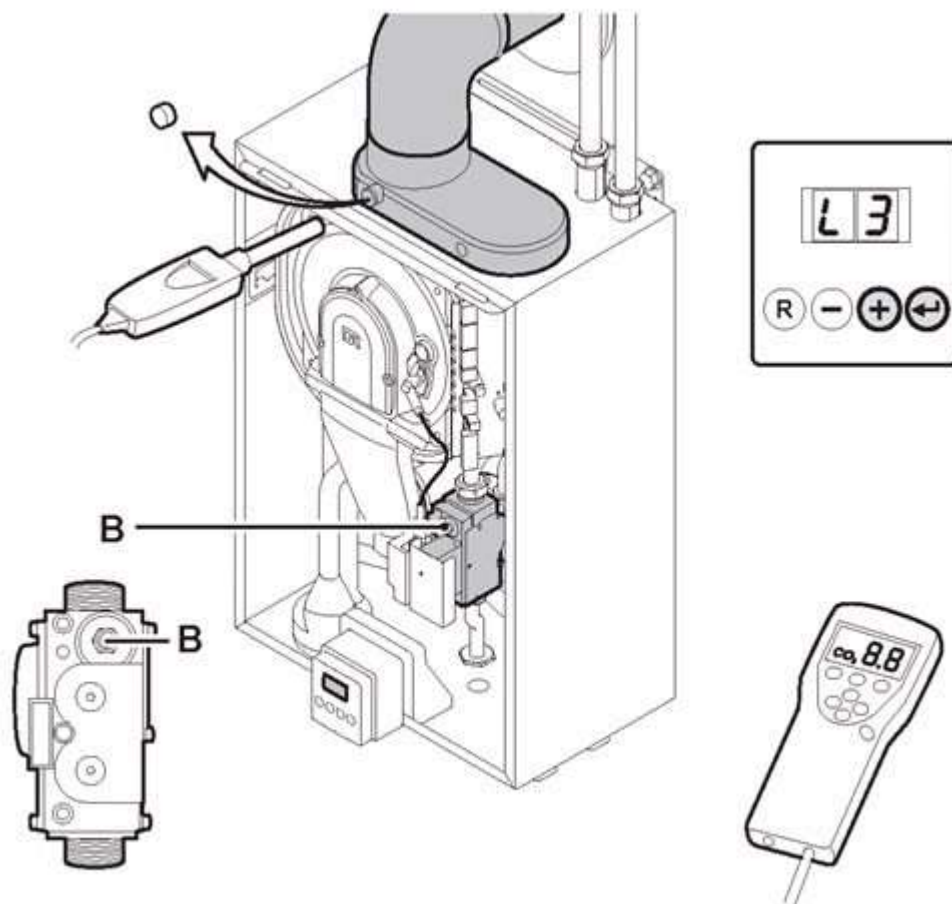


fig. 39 Check the gas/air ratio control - set to part load - gas/air ratio adjustment B on gas block

Set boiler to part load: Press the **[enter]**-key until **[L][3]** appears in the display, part load has been set.

- Once the unit has reached the part load fan speed, measure the O₂ /CO₂ - percentage and compare this to the value in [table 07](#).
- If the values are not in accordance with the table then correct the gas /air ratio controls using the adjusting screw B on the gas block.
- If the value is too low turn the screw B clockwise this increases the gas rate - if the value is too high turn the screw B anti clockwise which decreases the gas rate.

Check the flame through the sight glass which should be stable with a regular orange distribution. Once the unit has been set to part load, the 'test at full load' should be repeated.



Only make small adjustments of the adjusting screw, maximum 1/8 turns when setting O₂ /CO₂



Ensure that the analysing probe has a gas tight seal in the sampling point with the probe end in the centre of the flue duct.

Repeat the 'test at full load' and 'test at part load' as often as necessary until the correct values are achieved without further adjustments

6. Preparing the boiler for use

- Remove the analysing probe and replace the cap on the flue gas sampling point.
- Refit the front panel and secure with the two screws again.
- Press **[reset]**-key for the boiler to return to the normal operating mode.



Following a manual override the boiler will return to normal operating mode if no keys are pressed for 15 minutes.

- Run the boiler on heating until the system reaches approx 70°C
- Switch the boiler off (using the controls i.e. thermostat or time clock)
- Complete the type plate in the boiler by adding the gas type - Natural or LPG
- Fill in the Commissioning Checklist, located on the inside back of this document.

The boiler is now ready for operation.



The Remeha Avanta is delivered pre-tested and operating parameters set up with standard factory settings to suit the most common systems. These settings can be adjusted to suit specific site conditions but must not be changed without reference to Remeha or one of our approved contractors

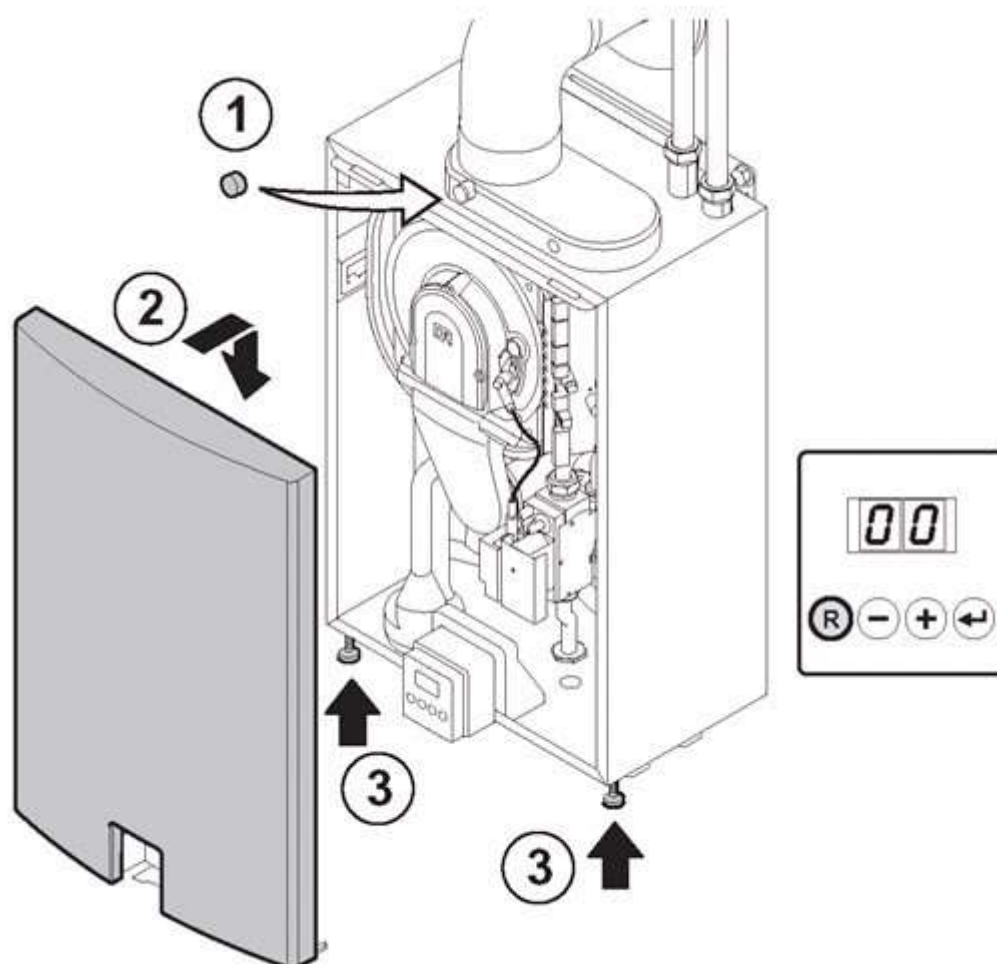


fig. 40 Preparing boiler for use

59970LTGBW7H019

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7. Instructing the user

It is the responsibility of the installer as part of the commissioning procedure to instruct the user in the day to day operation of the boiler and controls fitted to the system and to hand over the completed Benchmark Checklist at the back of this manual.

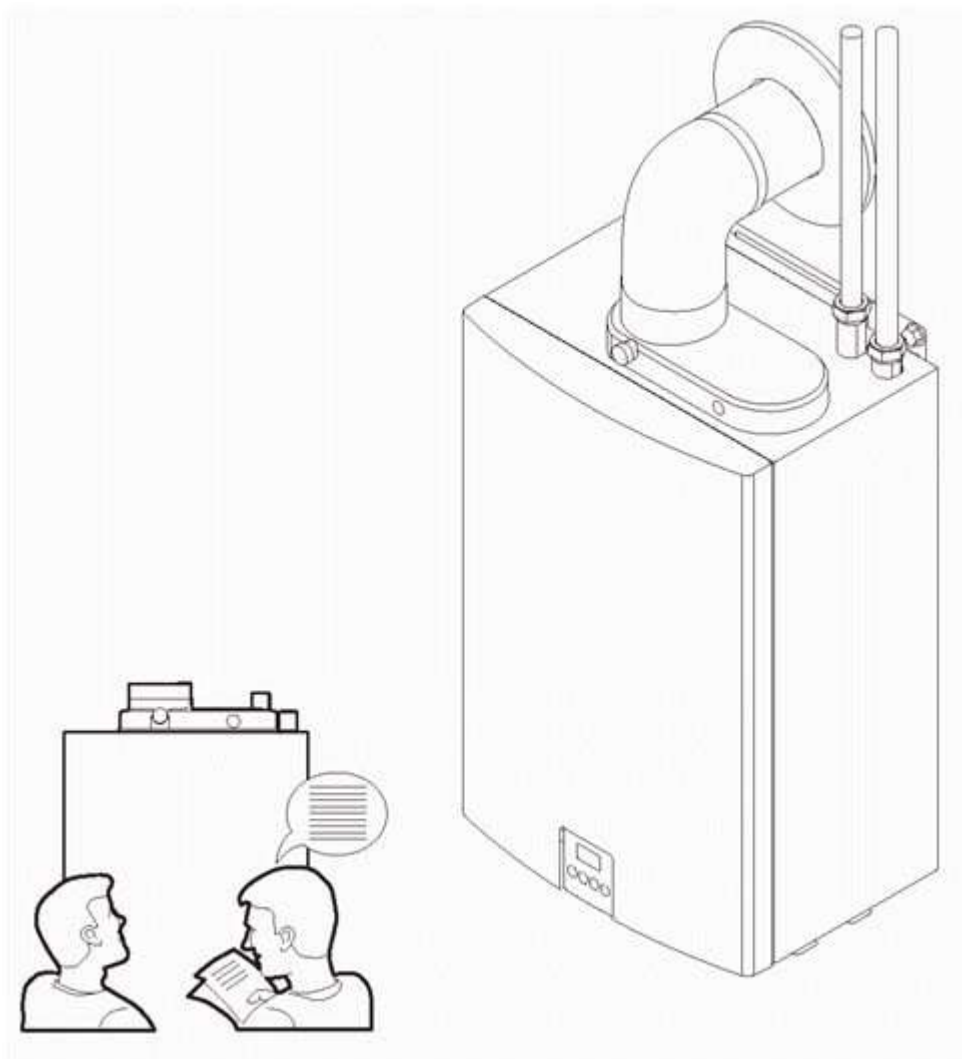


fig. 41 Instructing the user

59970LTGBW7H020

2.10.4 Normal start-up procedure

- Switch on the boiler at the fused spur unit and ensure that the time control is in the on position and any other controls (i.e. room thermostat etc) calling for heat
- The boiler will begin its start sequence. The following sequence will appear in the display:

- A display test will briefly appear showing all segments of the display:

[F]: [X][X] software version;

[P]: [X][X] parameter version;

- A venting cycle of 3 minutes now follows, the version numbers will be displayed alternately;

- Next, the following will appear in the display:

: [0] stand-by mode

2.10.5 Error during the start-up procedure

- If the display is blank (should show red dots or letters), check:
 - 230 V main supply available to switch spur;
 - switch spur fuse;
 - cable and connections between the switched spur and the boiler control unit;
 - fuse on the boiler control unit (F2 = 2AT, 230V).
- An error code appearing in the display can be recognised as follows:

[E][1][0], (the display alternately shows an **[E]** and a number e.g. **[1][0]**). The meaning of this error codes can be found in the error table, see [Chapter 4](#).

- Resolve the error first if possible.
- Press the **[reset]**-key and hold for at least 1 second to restart the boiler.

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After any error **[E][1]**, **[E][2]**, **[E][7]**, **[E][1][0]** or **[E][1][3]** ; the 3 minute venting cycle will run first before starting the boiler.

- Checking CH function;
 - Ensure the time control is in the CH on position
 - Set the room thermostat on a high demanding temperature and, the display shows:
 - [1]** pre-purge stage;
 - [2]** Ignition stage;
 - [3]** operating in CH mode.
 - Set the room thermostat back to a lower temperature (no more heat demand), the display shows:
 - [5]** waiting-time; 3 to 10 minutes (only when flow temperature has already been reached and heating demand is still existing);
 - [1]** pre-purge stage;
 - [6]** pump run on after CH or DHW is satisfied;
 - [0]** stand-by mode.

2.10.6 Read out settings

The following settings can be read out in the 'user menu':

- **[t][1]** = flow temperature [°C];
 - **[t][2]** = return temperature [°C];
 - **[t][3]** = calorifier temperature [°C];
 - **[t][4]** = outside temperature [°C];
 - **[F][L]** = ionisation current [µA];
 - **[F]** = fan speed [rpm];
- Press the **[+]**-key, until **[t][1]** appears and, for example, **[6][8]** (68°C), the current flow temperature;

- Press the **[+]**-key again until **[t][2]** appears and, for example, **[4][5]** (45°C), the current return temperature;
- Press **[+]**-key again until **[F][L]** appears and e.g. **[6][0]** (6uA), the present ionisation current;
- Press **[+]**-key again until **[F]** appears and e.g. **[3][0]** (3000 rpm), the present fan speed;
- Press **[+]**-key again and the read-out cycle will start again with **[t][1]**, etc.;
- Press **[reset]**-key to return to the display with the current operating status.

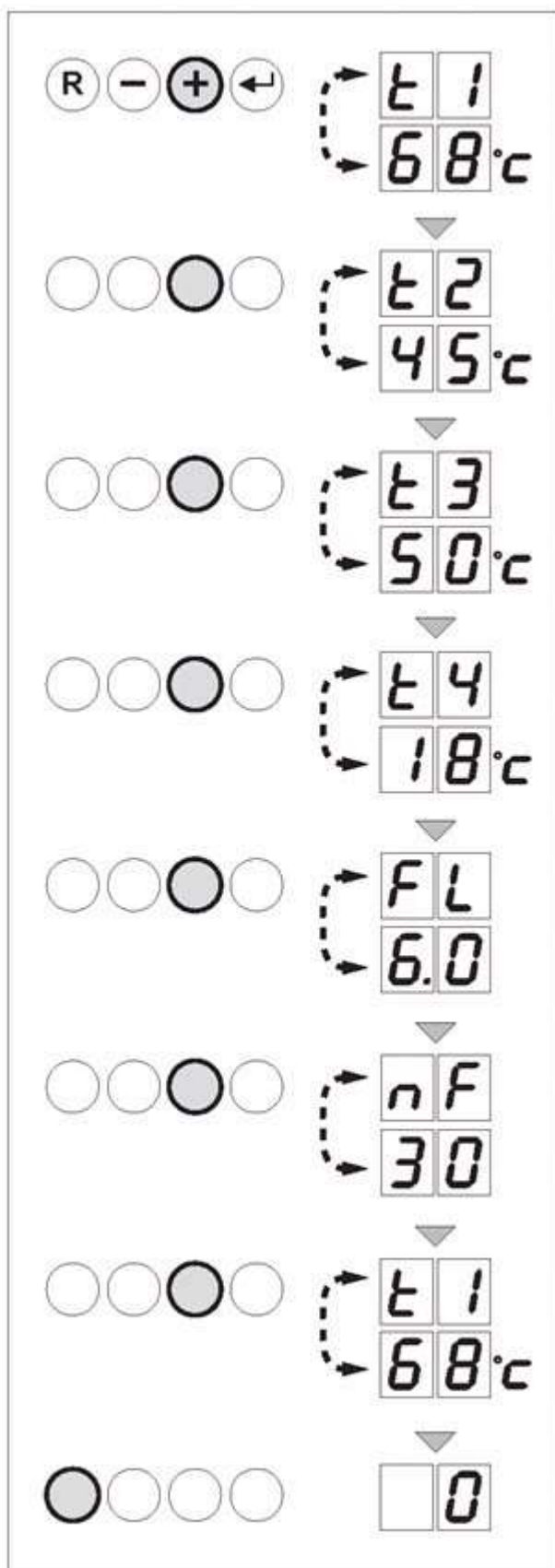


fig. 42 Read out settings

2.10.7 Adjust the boiler according to the system

The operating parameters of the Remeha Avanta have been factory set to suit most systems. However it is possible to adjust some of the parameters to enable the Remeha Avanta to operate more efficiently to match specific system designs and site conditions. These parameters are split into two specific sections:

1. User level - Parameters **[P][1]** to **[P][6]**; can be changed by the user to suit CH and DHW comfort conditions
2. Service level - **[P][1][7]** to **[d][F]**; must only be changed by Remeha approved Engineer after consultation with the system designer.



How to change the parameters at user level can be read on the "Short reference card" provided and therefore will not be detailed in this Installation and Service manual.

2.10.8 Changing the parameters at service level (with access code)

To avoid non authorised adjustments, some parameter settings can only be changed once the special access code **[1][2]** has been entered. This code may only be used by qualified installers.

The following settings can be changed at user and service level:

Codes in display		Description	Setting range and notes where applicable	Factory settings				
				12v	15v	18v	24v	30v
	[P][1]	T _{set} flow	20 - 85°C	75°C ⁶⁾				
	[P][2]	T _{set} DHW	40 - 65°C	55°C				
	[P][3]	Boiler regulation	0 = CH _{off} and DHW _{off} 1 = CH _{on} and DHW _{on} 2 = CH _{on} and DHW _{off} 3 = CH _{off} and DHW _{on}	2				
	[P][4]	Eco or comfort setting	0 = comfort setting 1 = eco mode ²⁾ 2 = regulated by controller	2				
	[P][5]	Anticipated current	0 = no anticipated current for thermostat on/off 1 = anticipated current for thermostat on/off	0				

Can also be changed by users	[P][6]	Display off automatically	0 = display stays off 1 = display stays on 2 = display light switches off automatically after 3 minutes	2				
To be changed by installer only	[P][1][7]	Maximum fan speed CH (natural gas)	Do not change ³⁾	24 ¹⁾	30 ¹⁾	35 ¹⁾	45 ¹⁾	52 ¹⁾
		Maximum fan speed CH (propane)	Adjustments for Propane firing	24 ¹⁾	28 ¹⁾	33 ¹⁾	43 ¹⁾	50 ¹⁾
	[P][1][8]	Maximum fan speed DHW (natural gas)	Do not change ³⁾	24 ¹⁾	30 ¹⁾	35 ¹⁾	45 ¹⁾	52 ¹⁾
		Maximum fan speed DHW (propane)	Adjustments for Propane firing	24 ¹⁾	28 ¹⁾	33 ¹⁾	43 ¹⁾	50 ¹⁾
	[P][1][9]	Minimum fan speed (CH and DHW) (natural gas)	Do not change ³⁾	13				
		Minimum fan speed (CH and DHW) (propane)	Adjustments for propane firing	20 ¹⁾				

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Codes in display		Description	Setting range and notes where applicable	Factory settings				
				12v	15v	18v	24v	30v
	[P][2][0]	Starting fan speed	Do not change	25	25	25	28	28
	[P][2][1]	Pump setting CH	Do not change	0				
	[P][2][2]	Pump running time after CH	1 - 99 minutes	2				

To be changed by installer only	[P][2][3]	Connection with Heat Recovery Unit (HRU)	0 = no connection with HRU 1 = connection with HRU	0
	[P][2][4]	State remote alarm (X7 terminal)	0 = off (connectors 1 and 2 closed) 1 = alarm signal (connectors 1 and 2 closed) 2 = run indication (connectors 1 and 3 closed) 3 = ext. gas valve (connectors 1 and 3 closed) 4 = external pump relay (connectors 1 and 3 closed)	0
	[P][2][5]	Legionella protection	0 = off 1 = on 2 = automatic (after putting boiler into operation, it will run for DHW operation 65°C once a week)	0
	[P][2][6]	DHW cut-in temperature	2 - 15°C	5 ⁵⁾
	[P][2][7]	Heat curve set point flow temperature	0 - 60°C	20
	[P][2][8]	Heat curve set point outside temperature (min)	0 - 30°C	20
	[P][2][9]	Heat curve set point outside temperature (max)	-40 - 0°C	- 15 ⁴⁾
	[P][3][0]	Boiler type	Do not change	3
	[P][3][1]	Set point augmentation calorifier	0 - 20°C	15 ⁵⁾
	[P][d][F] ([P][d][U] is shown later	Restore factory settings	On identification plate [d][F] setting X is shown. Change parameter into X will restore the factory settings, see par. 2.10.10 .	X
			On identification plate [d][U] setting Y is shown. Change parameter into Y will restore the factory settings, see par. 2.10.10 .	Y

table 09 Settings at service level

¹⁾ Do not exceed this value.

²⁾ The boiler in combination with an external calorifier will not warm up the calorifier in the Eco-mode.

³⁾ Only change for propane firing.

⁴⁾ "Minus" character is not shown in display.

⁵⁾ Only in combination with a calorifier with a DHW sensor.

⁶⁾ **[P][1]** Adjustable between 20 - 85°C but the highest water temperature setting for this type of boilers is limited to 75°C.



Changing the factory settings could result in the boiler not working properly.

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The parameters can be changed from the stand-by status as follows:

- Press the **[enter]**-key and briefly the **[reset]**-key until codes **[C]** and **[0]** appear alternately in the display;
- Press the **[+]**-key until access code **[1][2]** is displayed;
- Press the **[enter]**-key until **[P][1]** appears (codes **[P]** and **[1]** are displayed alternately);
- This parameter can now be changed as follows;
- Press the **[enter]**-key; the set value for the maximum flow temperature now appears e.g.; **[7][5]** (75°C);
- Press the **[+]** or **[-]** key to change this value, for example to **[6][5]** (65°C);
- Press **[enter]**-key to confirm the value; codes **[P]** and **[1]** are displayed alternately;
- Press the **[+]**-key to change the next parameter, etc;
- Press **[reset]**-key to return to the operating mode.

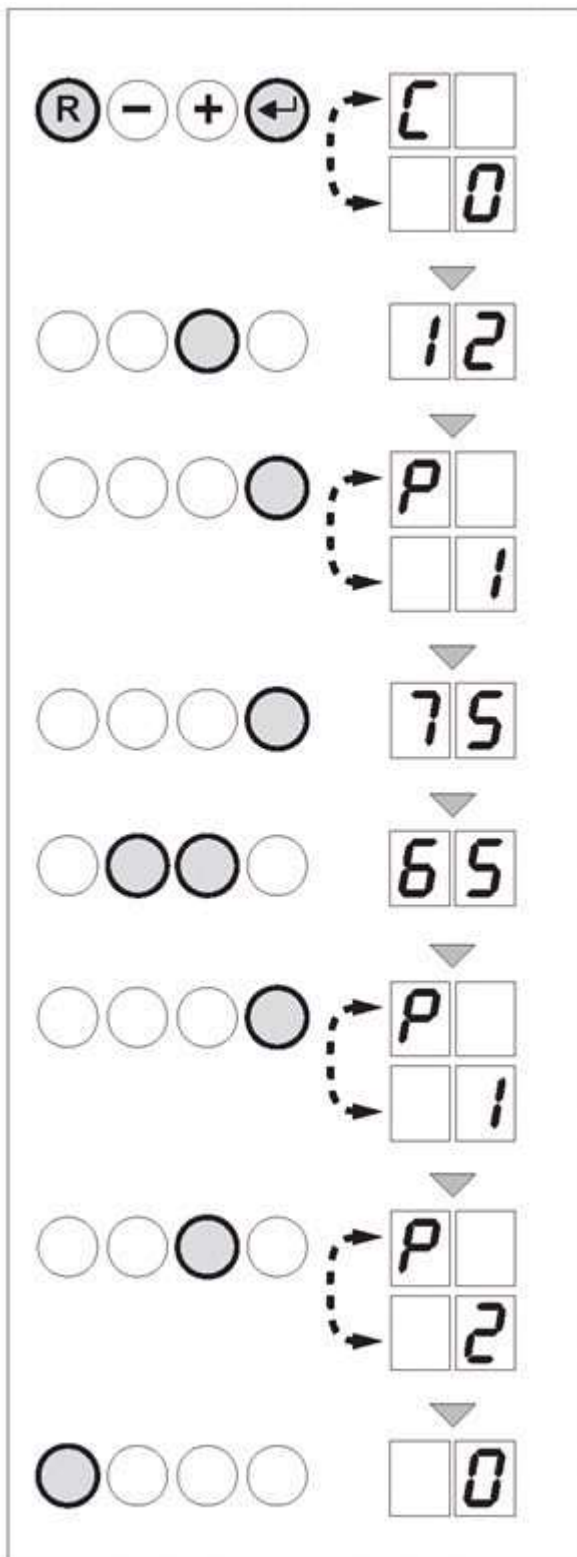


fig. 43 Change parameters in service level



The boiler will automatically return to the normal operating mode if no keys are pressed for 10 minutes.

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2.10.9 Changing the maximum output (Hi) for CH operation

The maximum output for CH operation can be changed with parameter **[P][1][7]** (maximum fan speed) and is set standard to a speed of 2400, 3000, 3500, 4500 or 5200 rpm for the five System-types. See the speed-input ratio [figures](#).

This parameter can be changed from the stand-by status as follows:

- Press the **[enter]**-key and briefly the **[reset]**-key until codes **[C]** and **[0]** appear alternately in the display;
- Press the **[+]**-key until access code **[1][2]** is displayed;
- Press the **[enter]**-key until **[P][1]** appears (codes **[P]** and **[1]** are displayed alternately);
- Press the **[+]**-key to go to parameter **[1][7]**;
- Press the **[enter]**-key until **[P][1][7]** appears (codes **[P]** and **[1][7]** are displayed alternately);
- Press the **[+]** or **[-]** key to change this value for Avanta 18v, for example to **[3][5]** (3500 rpm corresponds with 18kW);
- Press **[enter]**-key to confirm the value;
- Press **[reset]**-key to return to the operating mode.

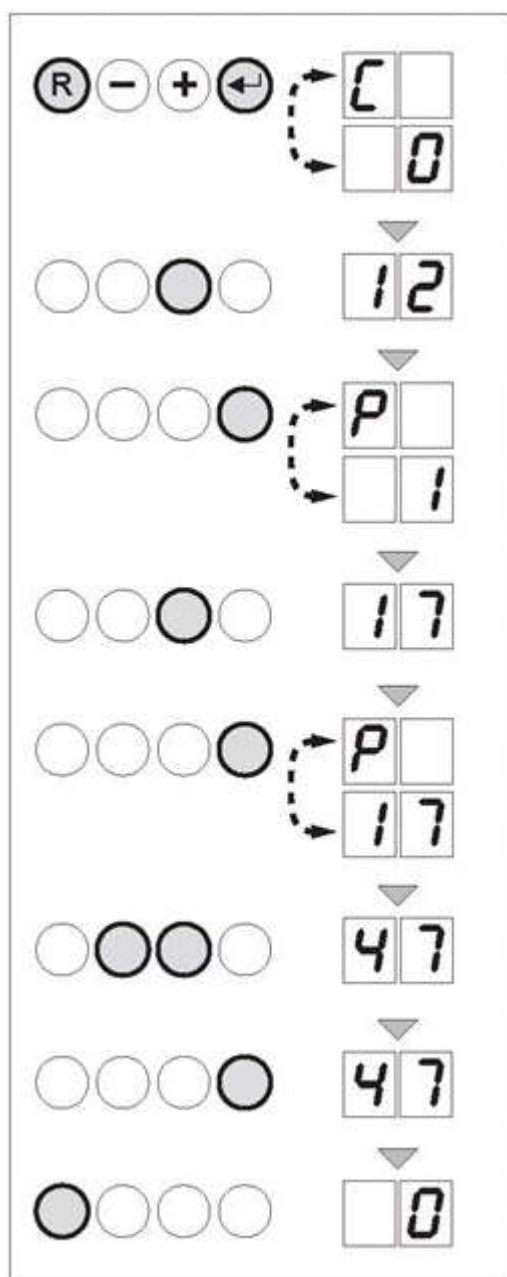


fig. 44 Change boiler output

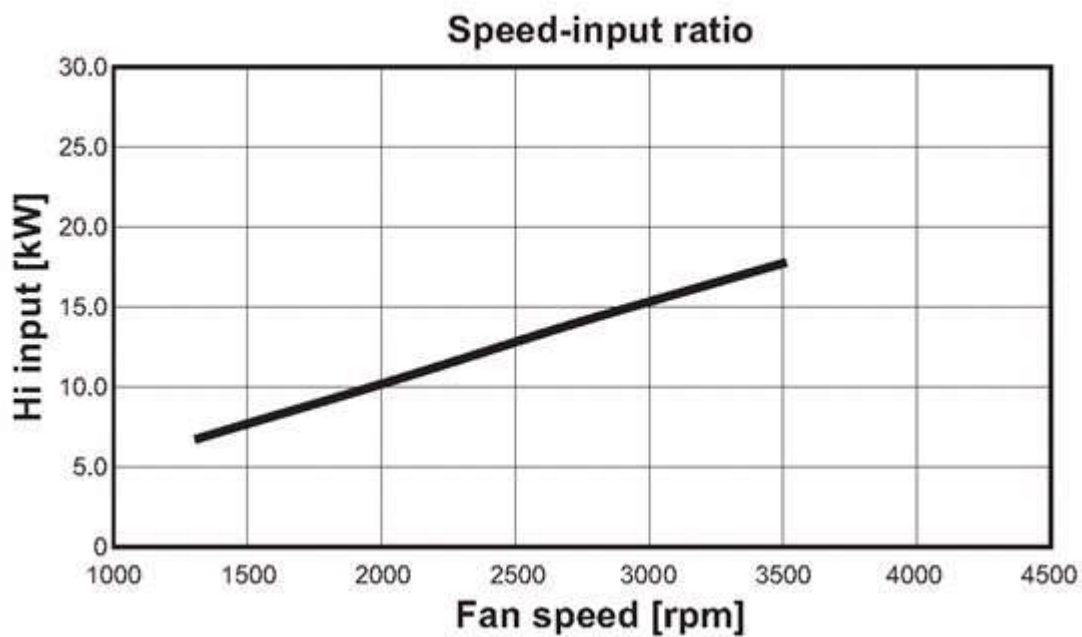


fig. 45 Fan speed / boiler input ratio Avanta 12V, 15V and 18V

T001103

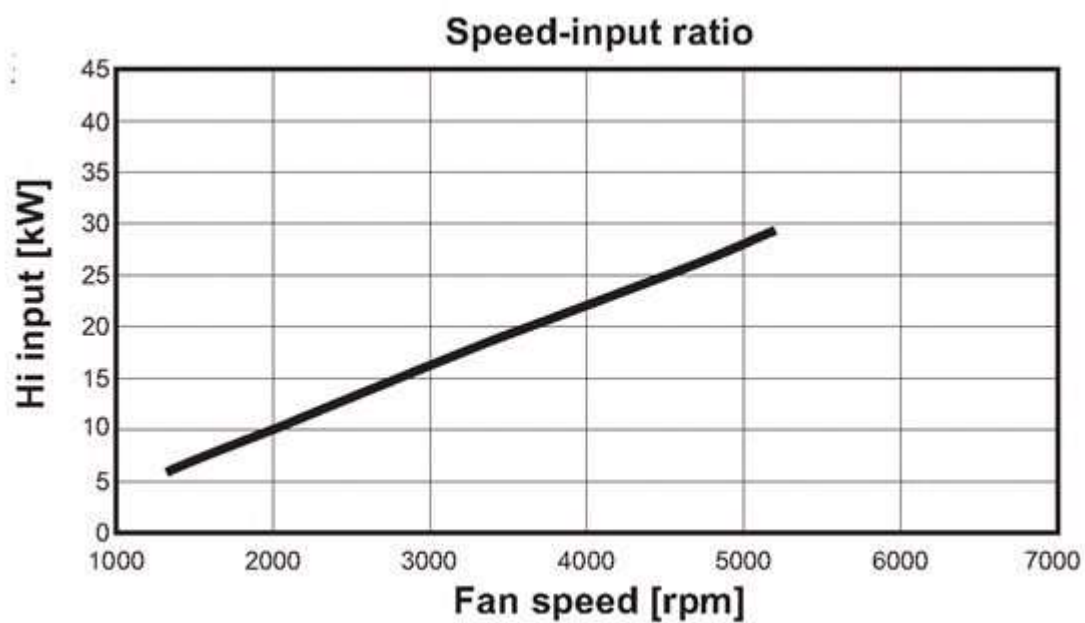


fig. 46 Fan speed / boiler input ratio Avanta 24V and 30V

T001104

The factory settings can be restored in the service level as follows:

1. After parameter **[P][3][1]** has shown, press the **[+]**-key; **[d][F]** and **[X][X]** appear alternately;
2. Press **←**-key; **[X][X]** appears;
3. Read boiler identification plate for value of **[d][F]**; press **[+]** or **[-]** key to reach this value;
4. Press **←**-key to confirm; **[d][U]** and **[Y][Y]** appear alternately;
5. Read boiler identification plate for value of **[d][U]**; press **[+]** or **[-]** key to reach this value;
6. Press **←**-key to confirm; boiler restarts with original factory settings.

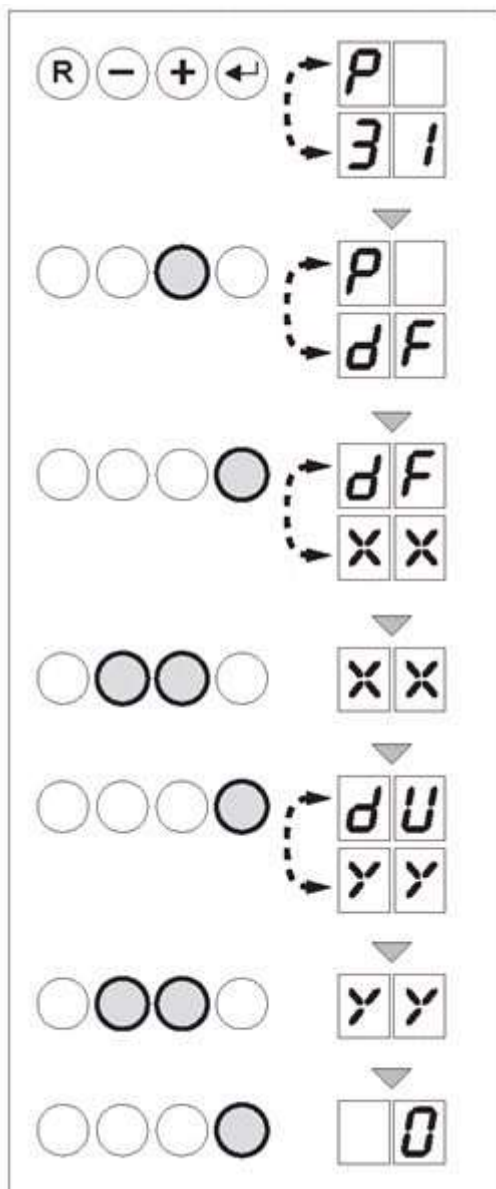


fig. 47 Restore factory settings

LT.AL.W7H.000.052

2.11 Putting the boiler out of operation

The boiler must be switched off and allowed to cool down before any maintenance or repairs are carried out. If the central heating system is not going to be used for a long time (during the holidays, for instance, or frost-free periods) it is advisable to put the boiler out of operation.

2.11.1 Boiler with frost protection, during longer periods of non-use

- Set the room thermostat or other controls to a low temperature, e.g. 10°C,
- Switch setting **[P][4]** to **[1]** (Eco mode), this will switch off the heat retention function.

Now the boiler will only start working to protect itself against freezing. With external frost protection, the boiler can also prevent the central heating system from freezing.

2.11.2 Boiler without frost protection, during longer periods of non-use

- Turn time clock off and allow system to cool down then isolate mains power supply at the fused spur unit.
- Isolate the gas supply at the boiler valve.



Drain the boiler and central heating system if you will not be using the home for a long period and there is a chance of night frost.

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3 INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

The Remeha Avanta is practically maintenance free but should be inspected annually.



If during the annual inspection the flue gas analysis indicates that the values are outside the figures given in [table 10](#), maintenance work should be carried out as described in [par. 3.2](#).

Also carry out maintenance if the ionisation read-out value is lower than 3 or higher than 9µA, or when the flame core is not correct.

Only Remeha spare parts/materials should be used. All service and maintenance must be carried out by a qualified Engineer with the relevant training and certification (i.e. ACS - IEE registrations etc).

3.1 Inspection

The annual inspection of the Remeha Avanta can be limited to the following checks:

- check the flue pipes and air supply pipes for leaks, see [par. 3.1.1](#);
- check and clean (if necessary) the condensate siphon, see [par. 3.1.2](#);
- check the ionisation/ignition electrode and change if necessary, see [par. 3.1.3](#);
- check the combustion and flame pattern, see [par. 3.1.4](#);
- fill in the Benchmark Service Record on the inside back pages of this document.

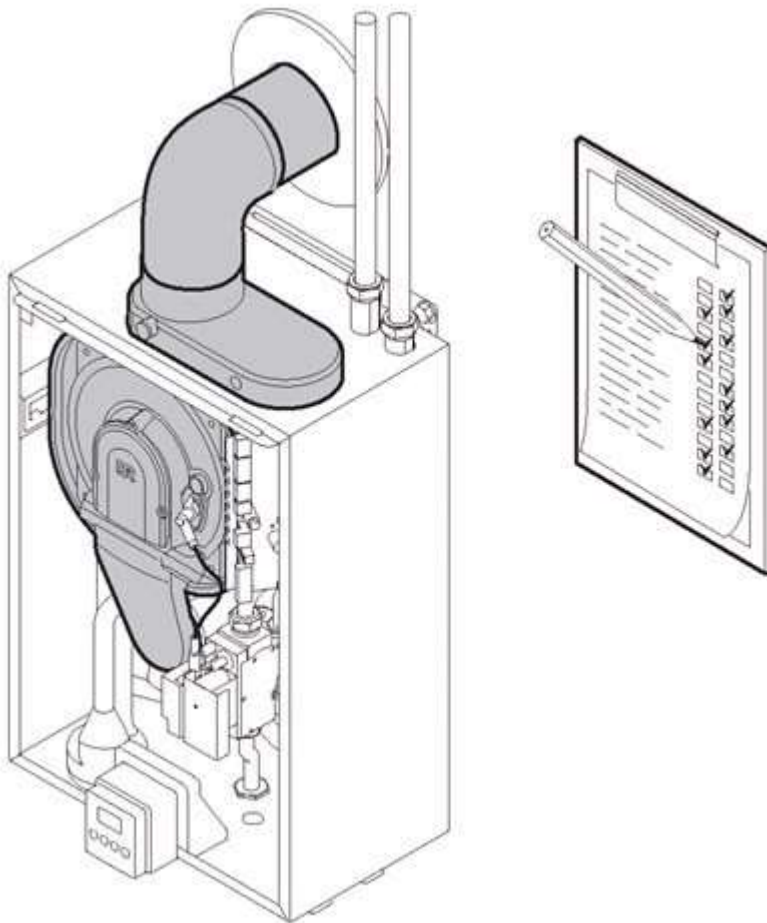


fig. 48 Annual inspection

59970LTGBW7H022

3.1.1 Checking the flue pipes and air supply pipes for leaks

- Check that the flue and air-supply connections and pipes are sealed and the terminal exit is clear.

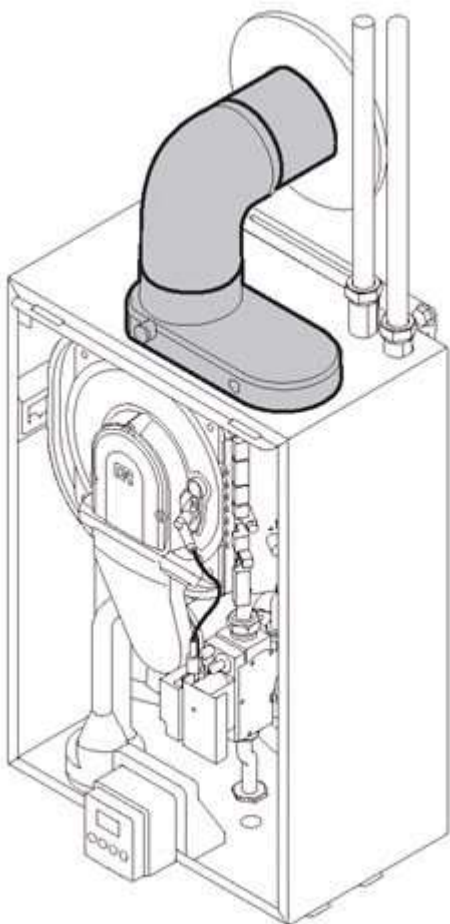


fig. 49 Checking flue pipes

59970LTGBW7H023

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3.1.2 Checking the condensate siphon

- Check the condensate siphon. Remove any dirt residues and refill with clean water to the mark.

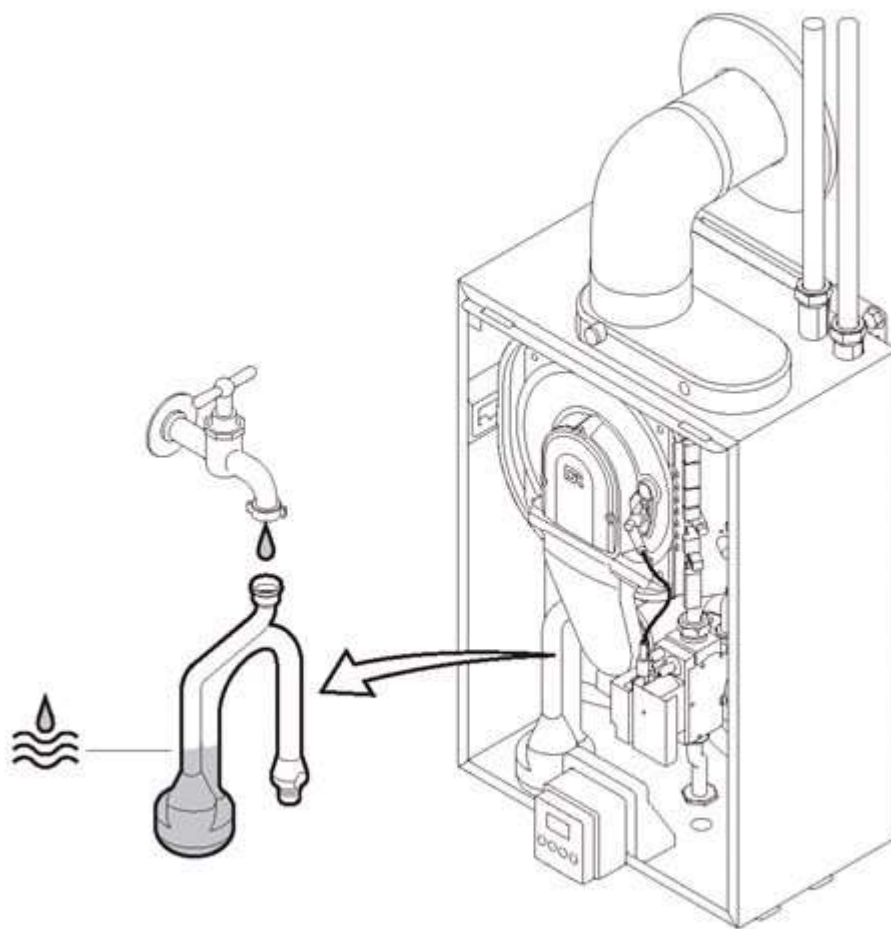


fig. 50 Checking the condensate siphon

59970LTGBW7H0234

3.1.3 Checking the ignition electrode

- Check the ionisation /ignition electrode for:

- deposits (remove any white deposits with abrasive cloth);
- the adjustment of the ignition electrode (between 3 and 4mm);
- the quality of the gasket and condition of the porcelain (this should not be cracked) inspect and replace if necessary;

- Check the ionisation current after 1 minute on the display code **[F][L]**, see [par. 2.10.6](#).

If the read-out value is lower than 3 or higher than 9 μ A, check cable and connections are sound if OK replace the ignition electrode.



The ignition cap is fixed on the ignition electrode and therefore cannot be removed.

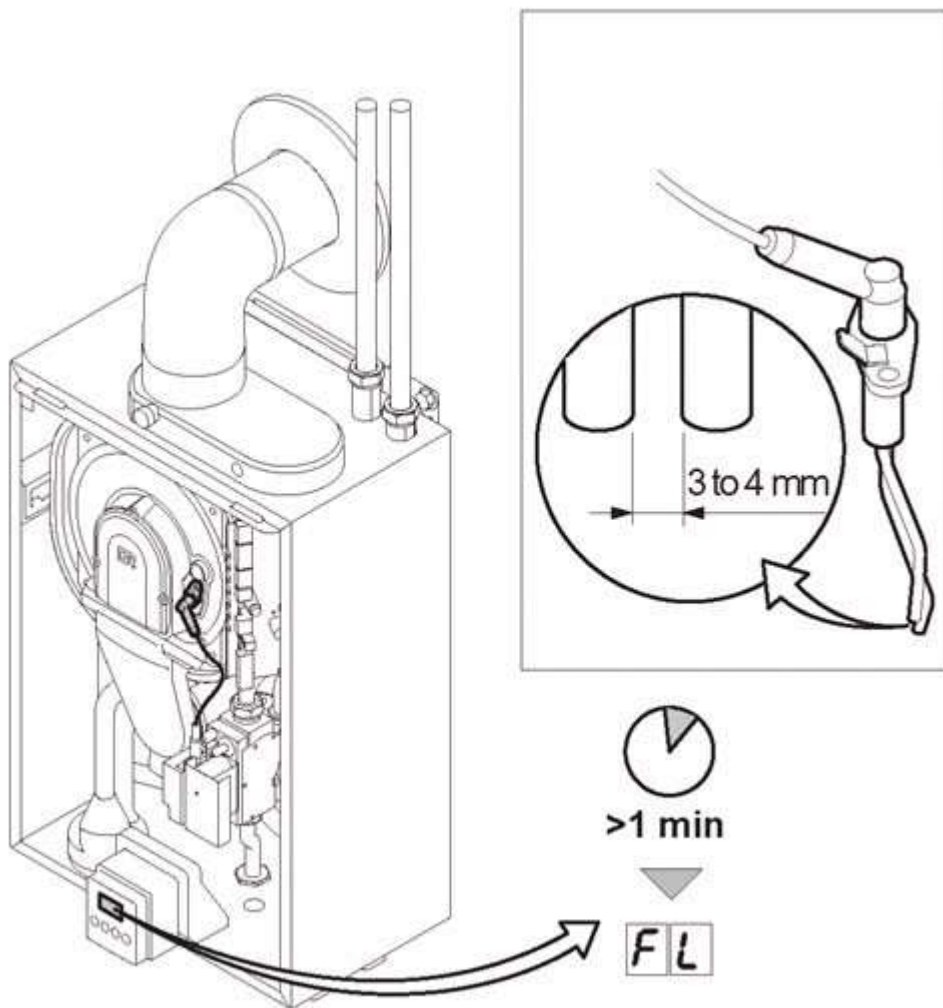


fig. 51 Checking the ignition electrode

59970LTGBW7H026

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3.1.4 Checking the combustion

- Measure the O_2 / CO_2 percentage and the flue gas temperature at the flue gas sample point.

Do this as follows:

- heat the water temperature in the boiler to approx. 70°C;
- unscrew the top of the flue gas point of measurement;
- measure the O_2 / CO_2 percentage and compare this to the check values in [table 10](#).

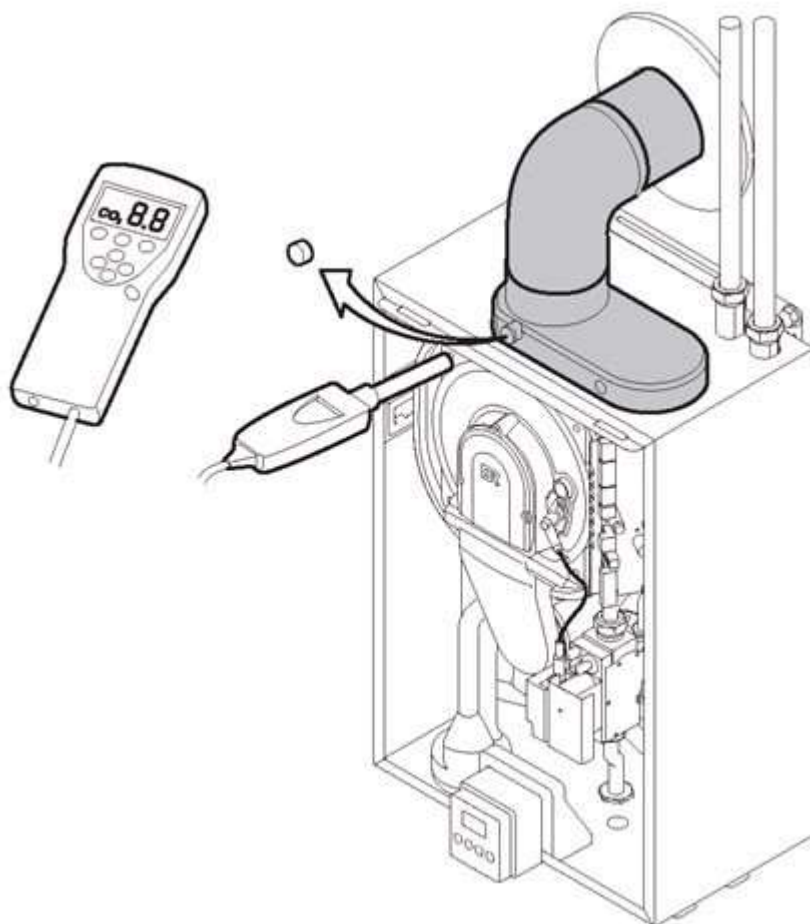


fig. 52 Checking the combustion

59970LTGBW7H025

Ensure that the analysing probe has a gas tight seal in the sampling point with the probe end in the centre of the flue duct.

Checking values O ₂ /CO ₂ for natural gas				
Boiler-type	Fan speed (rpm)		O ₂	CO ₂
	Full load [H][3]	Part load [L][3]	%	%
12v	approx. 2400	approx. 1300	5.2 ± 0.2	8.8 ± 0.3
15v	approx. 3000	approx. 1300	5.2 ± 0.2	8.8 ± 0.3
18v	approx. 3500	approx. 1300	5.2 ± 0.2	8.8 ± 0.3
24v	approx. 4500	approx. 1300	5.2 ± 0.2	8.8 ± 0.3
30v	approx. 5200	approx. 1300	5.2 ± 0.2	8.8 ± 0.3

table 10 Checking values O₂ /CO₂ (front panel not fitted)

Checking values O ₂ /CO ₂ for LPG (propane)			
	Fan speed (rpm)	O ₂	CO ₂

Boiler-type	Full load [H][3]	Part load [L][3]	%	%
12v	approx. 2400	approx. 2000	5.1 ± 0.2	10.3 ± 0.3
15v	approx. 2800	approx. 2000	5.1 ± 0.2	10.3 ± 0.3
18v	approx. 3300	approx. 2000	5.1 ± 0.2	10.3 ± 0.3
24v	approx. 4300	approx. 2000	5.1 ± 0.2	10.3 ± 0.3
30v	approx. 5000	approx. 2000	5.1 ± 0.2	10.3 ± 0.3

table 11 Checking values O₂ /CO₂ (front panel not fitted)



The O₂ /CO₂ - values in table 10 and table 11 are **checking** values. For **setting** values see [table 05](#) - [table 08](#)

If the flue gas analysis readings are within the values in [table 09](#) the boiler combustion is correct. However, if the readings are outside the given values, then adjust the gas air ratio control to the given values, see [table 05](#) - [table 08](#) in [par.2.10.3](#).

If the adjustments cannot achieve the mentioned values, the boiler will require a full service please refer to the maintenance instructions in [par. 3.2](#).

- Check the flame via the inspection glass; in full load the flame should be stable with an even blue colour and in part load should be stable with an even orange colour.

After servicing, complete the relevant Service Interval Record section of the Benchmark Checklist located on the inside back pages of this document.

SERVICE RECORD

It is recommended that your heating system is serviced regularly and that the appropriate Service Record is completed.

Service Provider:
Before completing the appropriate Service Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturer's instructions.
Always use the manufacturer's specified spare part when replacing controls.

SERVICE 1 Date _____ Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Engineer Name _____ Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____ CORGI ID Number _____ Comments _____ Signature _____	SERVICE 2 Date _____ Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Engineer Name _____ Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____ CORGI ID Number _____ Comments _____ Signature _____
SERVICE 3 Date _____ Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Engineer Name _____ Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____ CORGI ID Number _____ Comments _____ Signature _____	SERVICE 4 Date _____ Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Engineer Name _____ Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____ CORGI ID Number _____ Comments _____ Signature _____
SERVICE 5 Date _____ Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Engineer Name _____ Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____ CORGI ID Number _____ Comments _____ Signature _____	SERVICE 6 Date _____ Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Engineer Name _____ Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____ CORGI ID Number _____ Comments _____ Signature _____
SERVICE 7 Date _____ Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Engineer Name _____ Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____ CORGI ID Number _____ Comments _____ Signature _____	SERVICE 8 Date _____ Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Engineer Name _____ Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____ CORGI ID Number _____ Comments _____ Signature _____
SERVICE 9 Date _____ Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Engineer Name _____ Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____ CORGI ID Number _____ Comments _____ Signature _____	SERVICE 10 Date _____ Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐ Engineer Name _____ Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____ CORGI ID Number _____ Comments _____ Signature _____

fig. 53 Benchmark checklist

T002020

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3.2 Maintenance

To conduct maintenance:



- During regular maintenance inspections the integrity of all combustion circuit seals, especially the burner door seal must be checked for potential leaks. If

any evidence of seal leakage is detected then Remeha strongly recommend the gasket making the seal is replaced.

- Any gasket that is exposed during maintenance or inspection should always be replaced.
- A service gasket set and new ignition/ionisation electrode is available as a spare if deemed necessary for a change following an inspection.



Isolate power supply at the fused spur before carrying out any work on the boiler.

1. Open the boiler

- Isolate the 230 V supply at the switched spur and remove the fuse.
- Isolate the gas supply at the boiler gas valve.
- Remove the front panel - release the two screws at the bottom of the front panel, pull the bottom of the panel towards you from the centre, making sure that the plastic catch is released from the central display.

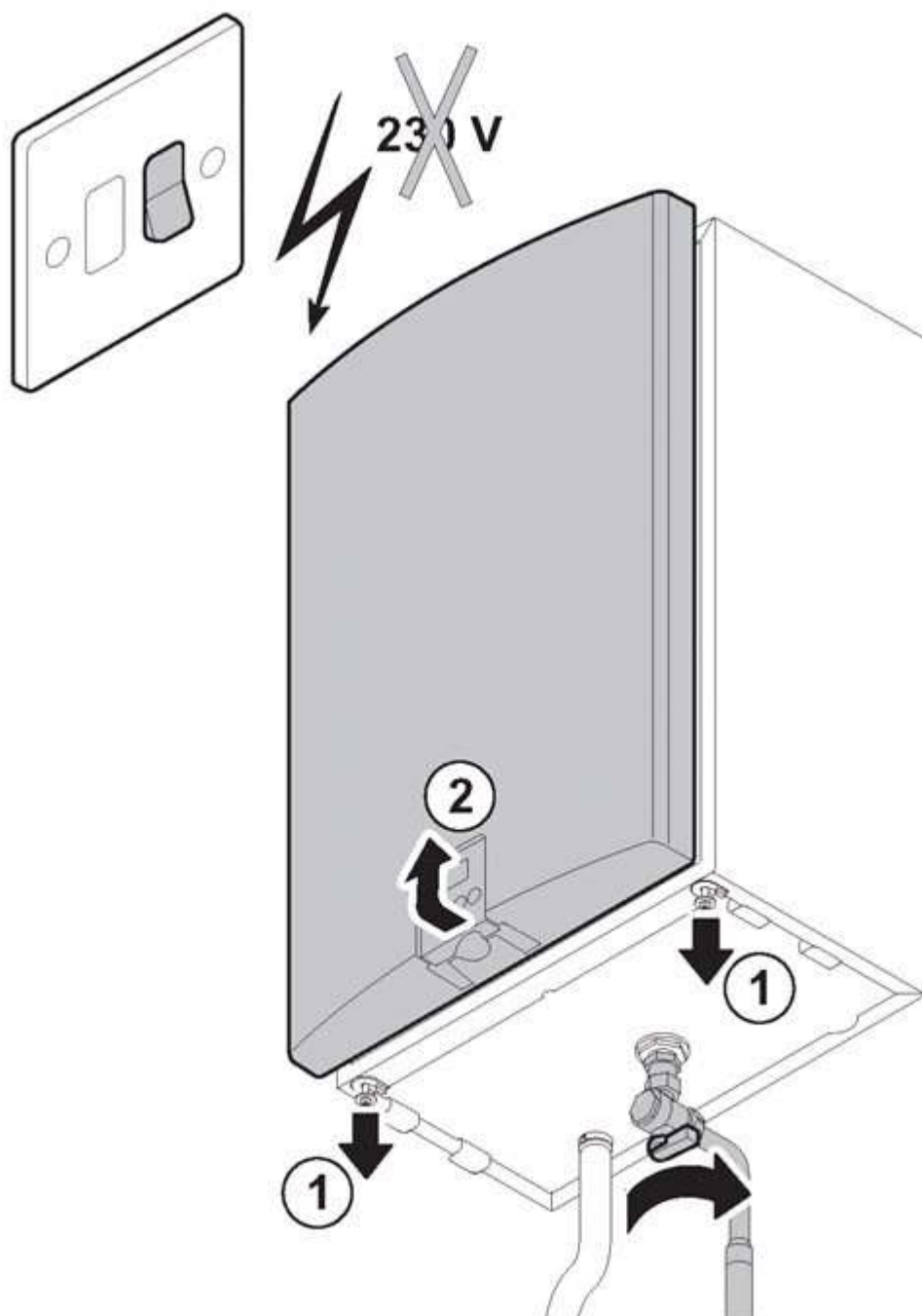


fig. 54 Open the boiler

59970LTGBW7H038

2. Maintenance of the ignition/ionisation electrode

- Disconnect the earth wire from the electrode mounting plate.
- Release the two screws on the electrode and remove the assembly.
- Inspect, clean, re-gap or replace the electrode if required following inspection, see [par 3.1.3](#).
- Do not over tighten the screws when replacing.

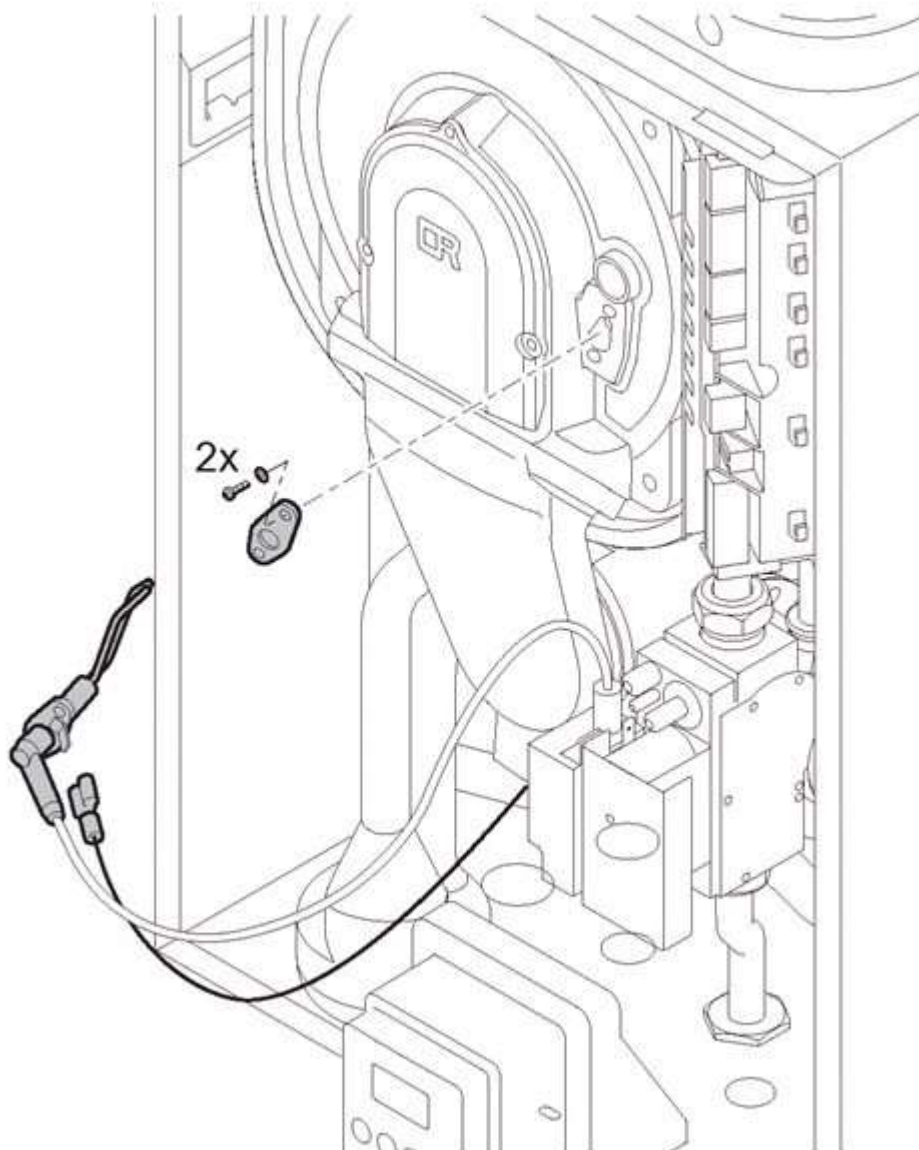


fig. 55 Maintenance of the electrode

59970LTGBW7H027

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3. Dismantling the front plate of the heat exchanger

- Isolate gas supply.
- Release the ignition transformer mounting plate and remove it completely.
- Disconnect the electrical connection on the gas block.
- Release the union nut from the gas pipe on the inlet to the gas block.
- Disconnect the electrical plug on the back of the fan, so it becomes accessible.
- Release the four nuts on the heat exchanger front plate.

- Carefully pull the front plate assembly c/w fan, gas block, venturi pipe and burner unit away from the heat exchanger by approx. 10 cm.
- Remove the front plate assembly completely.

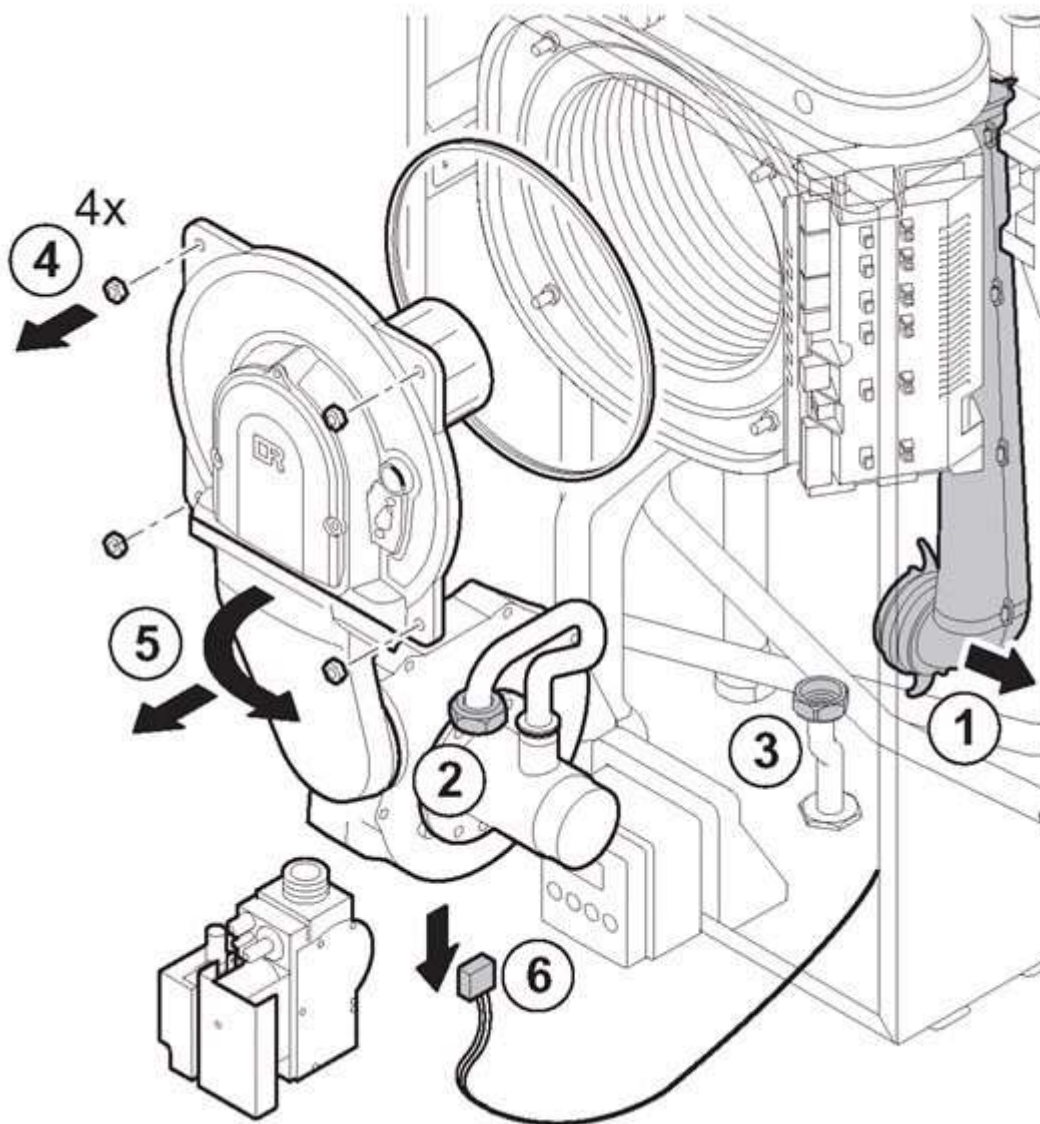


fig. 56 Dismantling the front plate of the heat exchanger

59970LTGBW7H028

4. Maintenance to the burner

- Carefully clean the burner with pressured air (do not keep the nozzle too close to the surface).
- Visual inspection of the burner for any damages or cracks on the surface. If you see any damages, then replace the burner.
- Check for any perceptible movement of the burner within the frontplate. If required dismantle burner plate and replace the burner mounting gasket and burner plate seal if necessary.

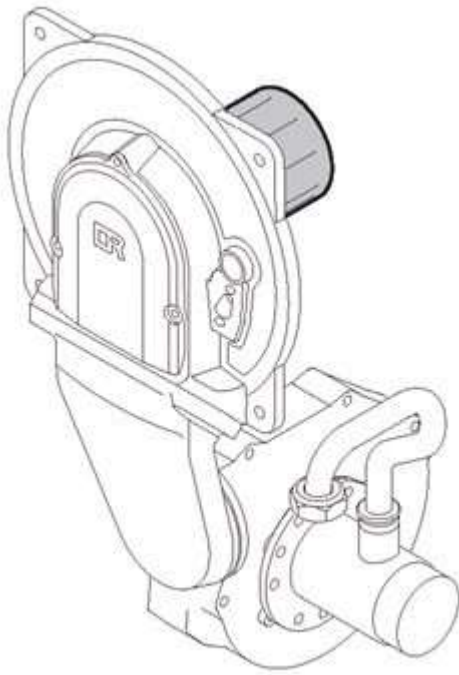


fig. 57 Checking the burner

59970LTGBW7H029

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5. Maintenance to the heat exchanger (CH)

- Check the seal between the front plate and the heat exchanger and the insulation section.
- Handle the fragile front-plate insulation and the back-plate insulation of the heat exchanger with great care and do not let them get wet.
- Visual inspection of the heat exchanger for scale or dirt. If you see obvious deposits, than clean the heat exchanger carefully. Carefully remove any loose dirt with a vacuum cleaner.
- Then brush the coils of the heat exchanger (if required a cleaning brush is available as an accessory) and remove the loosened particles with a vacuum cleaner.

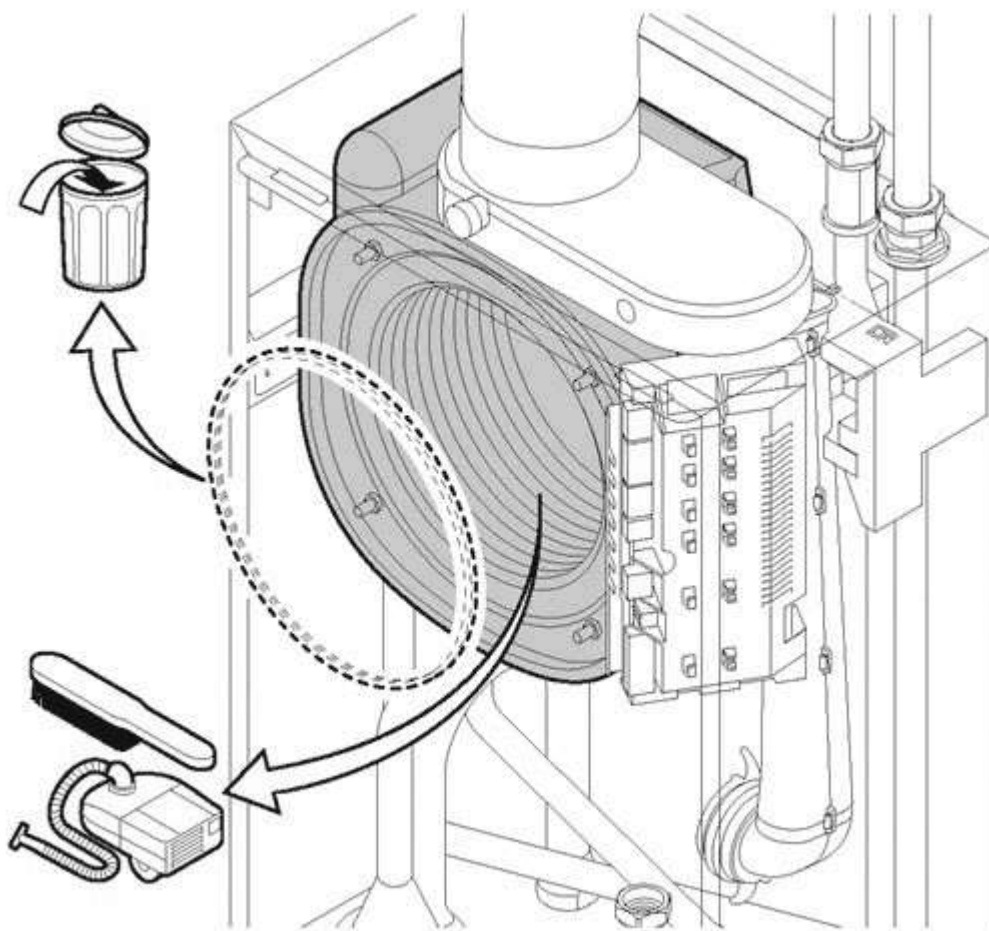


fig. 58 Maintenance to the heat exchanger

59970LTGBW7H030

6. Re-Assembling the boiler and checking the combustion

- Re-assemble all the components in reverse order.



- Remember to connect the fan plug again before it is completely home on the front of the heat exchanger.
- Check that the packing between the front plate and the heat exchanger has been fitted correctly.
- Switch the boiler back on.
- Check the CO₂ /O₂ -percentage, see [par. 2.10.3](#), point 4.
- Check the ionisation current by reading the display, see [par. 3.1.3](#).
- Check the connections on the gas block on gas-leaking.

Fill in the Benchmark Service Record on the inside back pages of this document, after conducting any maintenance.

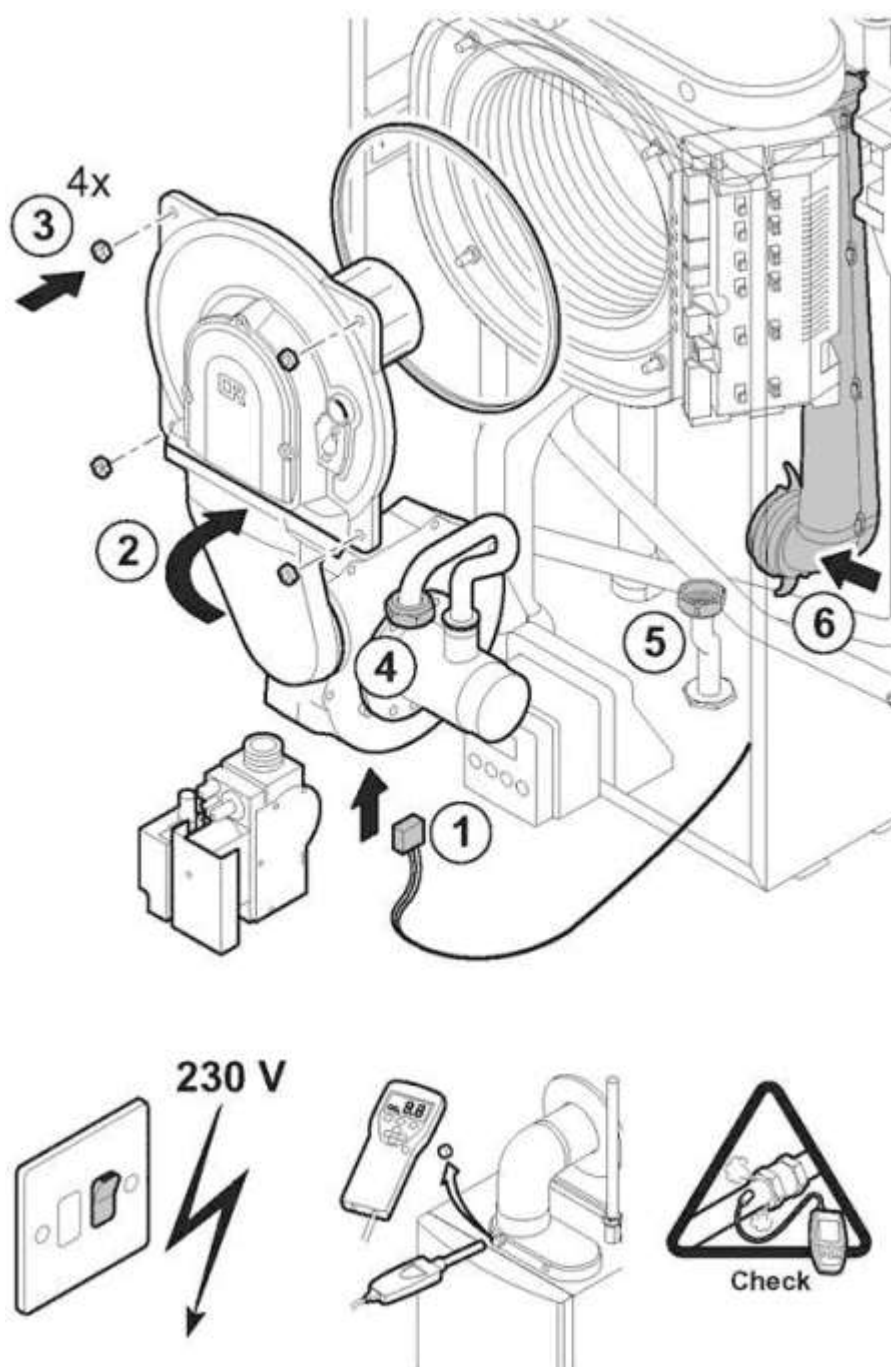


fig. 59 Assembling the boiler

59970LTGBW7H031

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4 ERRORS

4.1 General

The Remeha Avanta has an advanced control unit. The heart of this control unit is a microprocessor, the **abc®**-control which both controls and protects the boiler. If an error is detected anywhere in the boiler, it will lock out and an error code will appear in the display.

4.2 Error codes

The Remeha Avanta displays the error codes as follows: **[E][2]** (the display alternately shows an **[E]** and a number e.g. **[2]**). The meaning of the various error codes can be found in the error table, see [table 12](#).

How to deal with errors:

- Make a note of the displayed error code.



The error code is important for the correct and swift detection of the nature of the error and for possible support from our technical help line 0118 974 3070.

- Press the **[reset]**-key for 3 seconds. If the error code continues to appear, look for the cause in the error table below and resolve it.

Error code	Description	Possible cause	Check / solution
[E][0]	Flow or return sensor fault.	Short circuit in the flow, return or boiler temperature sensor.	Check the wiring and the connections of the sensors visually: are the plugs all correctly in position? With a multimeter: measure the resistance in the wiring and connection.
		Defective or not (properly) connected flow, return or boiler temperature sensor.	Check that the sensors are working; take the sensors out* and measure the resistance with a multimeter at room temperature (20 - 25°C); the sensor is working properly if the resistance is between 12 and 15 kOhm.
[E][1]	Flow temperature is higher than the set maximum temperature .	Insufficient water.	Check the water level and check for leaks.
		No through flow.	Check that the pump is working; turn the spindle with a screwdriver, if that works but the pump still does not respond, check the wiring; if that is in order the pump is faulty.

		Too much air in the system.	Vent the system.
		Deviation in the flow or return temperature sensor.	Check that the sensors are working; take the sensors out* and measure the resistance with a multimeter at room temperature (20 - 25°C); the sensor is working properly if the resistance is between 12 and 15 kOhm.
[E][2]	Return temperature is higher than the flow temperature.	Insufficient water.	Check the water level and check for leaks.
		No through flow.	Check that the pump is working; turn the spindle with a screwdriver, if that works but the pump still does not respond, check the wiring; that is in order the pump is faulty.
		Too much air in the system.	Vent the system.
		Sensors not wired correctly.	Check the wiring between sensors and control unit.
		Pump operating in wrong direction.	Check wiring from and to control unit.
		Flow and return connections crossed.	Flow and return connections.
		Deviation in the flow or return temperature sensor.	Check that the sensors are working; take the sensors out* and measure the resistance with a multimeter at room temperature (20 - 25°C); the sensor is working properly if the resistance is between 12 and 15 kOhm.

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Error code	Description	Possible cause	Check / solution
[E][3]	Control unit or earth fault.	Mains supply not correctly earthed. Control unit faulty.	Check that the power supply from the switch spur is properly earthed; if that is the case the control unit is faulty.
[E][4]	More than 5 start attempts without any flame formation.	No ignition spark.	Check: the connection between the ignition wire and the ignition trafo;

			- the ignition wire and electrode for 'dielectric breakdown'; - the inner-electrode distance, this should be 3 - 4 mm; that weather - the ignition electrode is properly earthed.
		A spark but no flame.	Check that: - the gas tap is open; - the gas pre-pressure is sufficient; - the gas pipe is de-aerated; - the gas valve is energised during ignition and opens; - the electrode is correctly fitted and clean; - the CO₂ adjustment at low and full load; - there is no obstruction / fitting fault in the gas pipe; - there is no obstruction in the air supply or flue (e.g. a blocked siphon); - there is no recirculation of flue gasses (either inside or outside the boiler).
		There is a flame but no, or insufficient ionisation (lower than 3 or higher than 9 µA).	Check: - the flame, is the heart of the flame visible and the flame stable? - the CO₂ adjustment at low and full load; - that the ignition electrode is correctly earthed; visual check of the ignition/ionisation electrode: look for white oxide film (remove with sandpaper or a screwdriver); look at the shape (are the pins still the original shape and is the distance between the two ends of the pins between 3 and 4 mm).
[E][5]	No ionisation or ionisation failure more than 5 times during one heat demand.	CO ₂ wrongly adjusted.	Check: - CO₂ adjustment on the gas block; - ignition/ionisation pin; - flue/air-supply connections; - gas flow at full load; If there is no recirculation of flue gasses (either inside or outside the boiler).

[E][6]	Unwanted flame formation.	Ignition Unit.	Faulty ignition unit, replace ignition unit.
		Control unit.	Faulty control unit, replace control unit.
[E][7]	No water in the boiler or the pump is not working.	Insufficient water.	Check the water level and check for leaks.
		No through flow.	Check that the pump is working; turn the spindle with a screwdriver, if that works but the pump still does not respond, check the wiring; that is in order the pump is faulty.
		Too much air in the system.	Vent the system.
		Pump operating in wrong direction.	Check wiring from and to control unit.
		Pump not running.	Check wiring, connections and pump.
[E][8]	Fan fault.	Fan is not working.	Check: - fan function; - fan wiring and connection.
		Fan does not stop.	Check: - fan function; - fan wiring and connection; - excess chimney draught.

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Error code	Description	Possible cause	Check / solution
[E][9]	No water in the boiler or the pump is not working	Insufficient water in central heating system	Check the minimum water pressure, read off the gauge and check for leaks (ie. Expansion vessel)
			Refill the central heating system
			Bleed the central heating system
			Reset boiler
		Failure water pressure switch	Contact installer
[E][1][0]	No through flow during venting cycle.	Insufficient water.	Check the water level and check for leaks.
		Too much air in the system.	Vent the system.
		No through flow.	- Check that the pump is working; turn the spindle with a screwdriver, if that works but the pump still does not respond, check the wiring; if that is in order the pump is faulty; - Open the radiator valves.

[E][1][1]	Air box temperature to high.	Air leakage from heat exchanger to air box.	Check: - the sealing of the viewing glass; - whether front plate of heat exchanger is properly tightened - front plate sealing; - whether ignition electrode is properly fitted.
[E][1][3]	Heat-exchanger fuse protection has responded; replace the heat exchanger after finding and solving the cause.	Heat exchanger faulty.	Check wiring between heat exchanger fuse.
		Insufficient water.	Check the water level and check for leaks.
		No through flow.	Check that the pump is working; turn the spindle with a screwdriver, if that works but the pump still does not respond, check the wiring; if that is in order the pump is faulty.
[E][4][3]	Parameter limits.	Automation settings.	Replace [d][F] / [d][U] settings, see par. 2.10.10 . If this error code still returns after resetting; please contact Remeha.
[E][4][4]	Parameter check.	Automation settings.	Replace [d][F] / [d][U] settings, see par. 2.10.10 . If this error code still returns after resetting; please contact Remeha.
[E][4][5]	Default parameters.	Automation settings.	Replace boiler control unit.

table 12 Error codes

* When sensors have been taken out, be sure to replace them max. 40 mm underneath heat exchanger.

If you read out a not listed error, please report to Remeha.

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4.3 Control stop or lock-out

The code [d][8], [d][5] or [d][9] can appear in the display.

- Code [d][8] is a control stop and will appear if the measured flow temperature ([t][1]) is higher than the flow temperature set ($T_{\text{set flow}}$). The boiler will start working again automatically once the flow temperature falls below the flow temperature set.
- Code [d][5] is a control stop from 3 till 10 minutes and appears if the set flow temperature (t1) has already been reached and the heating demand still exists.

- Code **[d][9]** is a lock-out and appears if the maximum temperature rise is exceeded or if the ΔT between the supply and return temperature $> 22^{\circ}\text{C}$ or a rate of rise in the flow temperature $> 2,7^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{sec.}$ and also at a boiler-start with no through flow or insufficient water. The boiler will try to restart after 10 minutes.



Every 10 minutes the boiler will try to restart until the cause has been removed.

- Code **[d][9]** is a lock-out and can appear in the following situation:
 - the shut down input (between terminals 5 and 6 on X9) has been activated (= opened).



The lock-out will disappear once the cause has been removed!

4.4 Error code memory

The Remeha Avanta control unit has an error code memory, in which the last 16 errors are stored. In addition to the error code (**[E]** and a number **[X][X]**).

- The following data is also stored:
 - the number of times the error occurred (n and a number xx).
 - the operating status of the boiler (5t and a number xx).
 - the flow temperature (t1 and the value xx) return temperature (t2 and the value xx) at the time the error occurred.

To get access to the error memory, access code must be entered.

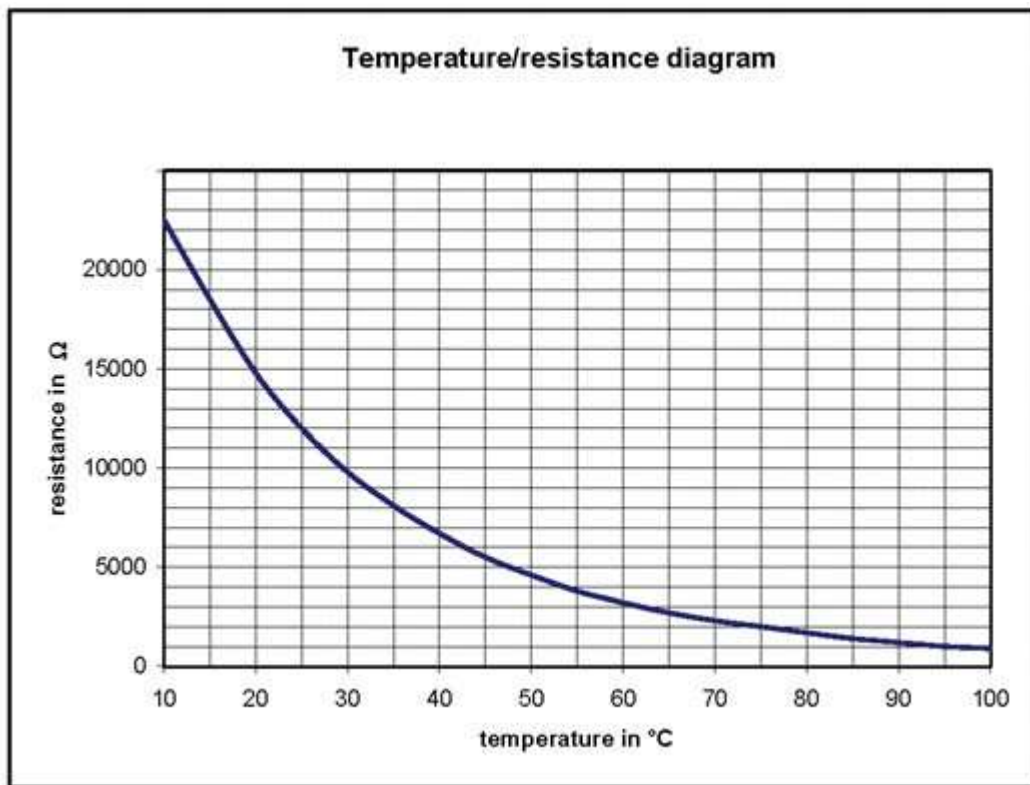


fig. 60 Sensor resistance graph

Sensor resistance

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4.4.1 Error read outs

- Press the **[enter]**-key and keep it pressed;
- Press the **[reset]**-key until codes **[C]** and **[0]** appear alternately in the display;
- Enter the special access code **[8][8]** with the **[+]** or **[-]**-key;
- Press the **[enter]**-key; the display shows er and the number of the last error alternately, for example **[0][2]**;
- Press the **[+]** or **[-]** key to go forwards or backwards in the list of errors;
- Press the **[enter]**-key to take a closer look at the error. The display shows the error code as follows:
 - first error code **[E]** with error number e.g. **[1][2]**;
 - then status code **[S][t]** with status number e.g. **[3]** (burning for central heating);
 - then number of time that the error has occurred **[n]** and a number e.g. **[3]**;
 - then the flow temperature when the error occurred **[t][1]** and temperature e.g. **[7][5]**;
 - final the return temperature when the error occurred **[t][2]** and temperature e.g. **[6][0]**;

This cycle continues to repeat itself.

- Press the **[reset]**-key to stop the cycle; the following appears in the display; **[E][r]** and e.g the numbers **[1]** and **[8]**;
- Press the **[+]** or **[-]** key to look at the following error data.

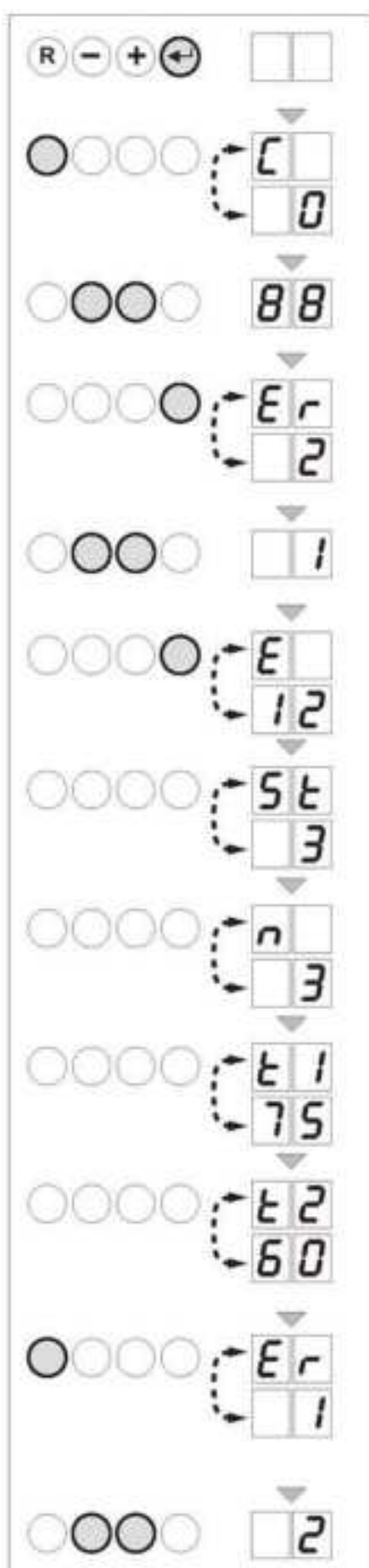


fig. 61 Error read outs

LT.AL.W7H.000.064

4.4.2 Deleting errors

The last message in the list, Er followed by cl will appear in the display;

- Press the **[enter]**-key again, and the following will appear in the display: **[0]**;
- Press the **[+]**-key to set the parameter to **[1]**;
- Press the **[enter]**-key, to delete the error memory;
- Press the **[escape]**-key twice to exit the error memory.



When tracing an error, the cause can often be found more quickly if the operating status at the time the error occurred can be retrieved from the error memory.

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5 SERVICE PARTS SERVICE PARTS

5.1 General

If, following the annual inspection or maintenance any part of the boiler is found to need replacing, use Remeha spare parts only or spare parts and materials recommended by Remeha.

If any component is to be replaced and it is covered by the terms and condition as described in the warranty leaflet return the faulty component to Remeha with the details as shown in table 13.

Your reference		Date	
Customer			
Name			
Address			
City			
Post Code			
Contact person			
Telephone			

Part. no.	Description	Boiler serial nr.*	Model	Installation date	Problem description	Reference

table 13 Return form example

* These details can be found on the boiler type plate; the type plate is stuck to the bottom of the boiler.

59970EVGBW7H010

Break down parts kit		
Part No	Description	Position
S100006	Heat exchanger 12v, 15v, 18v	2001
S100014	Heat exchanger 24v, 30v	2001
S62741	Burner 12v, 15v, 18v	2003
S100017	Burner 24v, 30v	2003
S62743	Electrode ignition/ionisation	2004
S59118	Glass inspection set	2005
S100015	Siphon assembly	2021
S58733	Sensor temperature (2 pcs)	2023
S100011	Fan assembly	3001
S58685	Gas combination block	3005
S101057	Control board	4001
S59128	Display print board	4002
S100012	Transformer ignition	4003
S43561	Fuse glass 2 amp slow (10pcs)	4006

table 14 Break down parts kit

6 EC DECLARATION

Manufacturer	: Remeha B.V.
Address	: Kanaal Zuid 110
Town, Country	: Postbus 32, NL-7300 AA Apeldoorn
- hereby declares that the appliance(s)	
	: Remeha Avanta 12V, 15V, 16V, 24V, 30V

comply / complies with the specifications of the following EEC directives:

EEC Directive:	90/396/EEC	applied standards: EN 297(1994*), EN 483(1999*), EN 677(1998*)	 05
	92/42/EEC		
	2006/95/EEC	EN 50165(1997*) EN 60335-1(1994*)	
	2004/108/EEC	EN 50165(1997*) EN 55014-1(2000*), EN 55014-2(1997*) EN 61000-3-2(2000*), EN 61000-3-3(1995*)	
	97/23/EEC	(art. 3, lid 3) (art. 3 section 3)	

*) inclusief (eventuele) aanvulling
*) including (if any) completion

Apeldoorn, oktober 2008



W.F. Tjhuis
Approval Manager
703/2008/10/68

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7 REGULATIONS

7.1 EC regulations

The boiler meets the requirements of the EC regulations at the following directives:

- 90/396EEC Gas appliances directive
- 92/42/EEC Efficiency directive
- 2006/95/EEC Electrical low voltage directive

- 2004/108/EEC EMC directive
- 97/23/EEC Pressure equipment directive (art. 3, sub. 3)

Classification type for evacuation of the combustion products; according EN 483

7.2 Remeha factory test

Before it leaves the factory, each Remeha Avanta boiler is optimally adjusted and tested for:

- Electrical safety;
- CO₂- adjustment;
- Hot water function;
- Water tightness;
- Gas tightness;
- Automation parameters.

7.3 Additional guidelines

In addition to the regulations and guidelines as mentioned in [par. 7.1](#) the following guidelines in this documentation should also be observed.

It applies for all regulations and guidelines, mentioned in this Installation and Service manual, that any additions or new regulations and guidelines at the time of installation will also apply.

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8 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND WORKING PRINCIPLE

8.1 Technical data

Appliance type Remeha Avanta		12v	15v	18v	24v	30v
General						
Gas council number	-	41-288-09	41-288-13	41-288-06	41-288-10	41-288-14
Boiler control		modulating or on /off				
Nominal output P_n (80/60°C, CH)	kW	12.1	15.0	17.6	23.5	29.4
Nominal output P_n (50/30°C, CH)	kW	12.8	15.8	19.0	25.0	31.3
Nominal input Q_n (Hi)	kW	5.8 - 12.3	5.8 - 15.3	5.8 - 18.0	6.1 - 25.2	6.1 - 30.0
Nominal input Q_{nw} (Hi)	kW	12.3	15.3	18.0	25.2	30.0
Assembly dry weight	kg	20	20	20	21.5	21.5

Noise level at distance of 1m from the boiler (at full load)	dB(A)	< 44="">				
Gas and flue details						
Classification due to discharging flue gases	-	B23, B33, C13, C33, C43, C53, C63, C83				
Gas type permitted	-	II (2H3P natural gas and propane)				
Gas inlet pressure natural gas	mbar	20 - 25				
Gas consumption natural gas (maximum)	m³/h n	1.3	1.6	1.8	2.7	3.2
Gas flue rate	kg/h	20.5	25.8	31.0	42.4	50.5
Gas inlet pressure propane	mbar	37 - 50				
Gas consumption propane (maximum)	m³/h n	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.2
NO _x Class ²⁾	-	5 ¹⁾				
NO _x annual emission (n = 1)	ppm	< 30="">				
	mg/kWh	< 53="">				
Residual fan duty (full load)	Pa	30	35	40	50	100
CH side						
Water capacity (heat exchanger and piping)	l	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0
Minimum operating water pressure	bar	0.1				
Maximum operating water pressure PMS	bar	3				
Water temperature (maximum)	°C	98				
Operating temperature (maximum)	°C	75				
Water pressure loss ΔT = 11°C	mbar	220	330	450	630	970
Electrical						
Main supply	V/Hz	230 / 50				
Power consumption W (maximum)	W	50	50	50	115	115
Power consumption W (in stand-by status)	W	< 3="">				
Degree of protection	IP	X4D				

table 15 Summary of technical data

¹⁾ Measured according EN 483 (Class 5 complies with a limited concentration of NO_x < 70 mg/kWh).

²⁾ This data applies for natural gas.

8.2 The boiler components

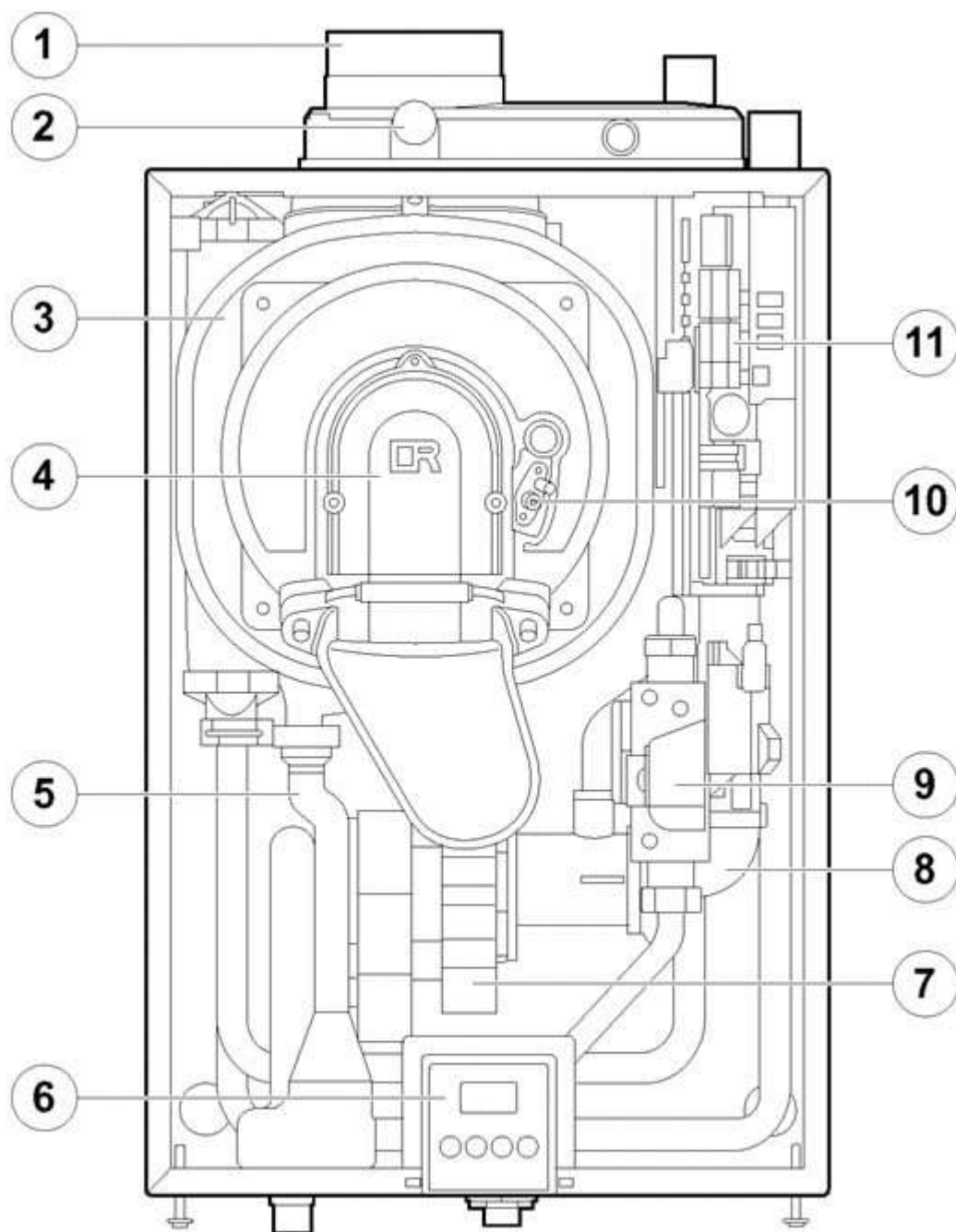


fig. 63 Components of the Remeha Avanta

59970LTGBW7H045

1. Flue / Air inlet connection
2. Flue gas measuring point
3. Heat exchanger
4. Front plate heat exchanger
5. Siphon
6. Control panel
7. Fan
8. Air inlet tube
9. Gas valve multiblock / Ignition transformer

10. Ignition/ionization electrode
11. Control unit

8.3 Working principle

The Remeha Avanta casing serves as a sealed air box, with air drawn in by the fan. On the outlet side of the fan is a venturi, into which a measured quantity of gas is injected based on the volume of air available. The fan speed control is dependent on the settings of the external control, the advanced boiler controller '**abc®**' and the prevailing temperatures (measured by the temperature sensors).

This method of gas/air ratio control ensures that the gas quantity is precisely adjusted to the air quantity. Thus creating optimum combustion over the whole heat input range. The gas and air is mixed in the venturi and then passes into the specially designed pre-mix burner. After combustion, the hot flue gas is directed through a specially designed, high efficiency helicoil stainless steel heat exchanger with a large surface area, and transfers its heat to the system water circulating around the coils. In the condensing part of the exchanger the water vapour in the flue gas condense within it and the heat released during this process (the so-called latent or condensing heat) is also transferred to the system water. The condensate water so formed is discharged from the heat exchanger via a siphon.



In normal operation, the boiler's flue gas discharge will produce a visible white condensing "plume" and therefore care should be taken when choosing a location for the terminal.

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8.3.1 Regulating

The Remeha Avanta is a fully modulating boiler and can be regulated using one or more of the following methods:

1. Open Therm - 2 wire interface compatible with the Remeha qSense room compensator and the Remeha iSense outside weather compensator or with any other proprietor's OpenTherm® controls.
2. Open Therm thermostat in combination with an external time clock.
3. On/Off room thermostat - volt free (on the X9 terminal strip).
4. On/Off room thermostat - 230 V (on the X2 terminal strip).
5. 230 V Switching time clock - compatible with the Remeha two channel time clock or with any other appropriate time clock. For further details see [par. 2.8](#).

8.3.2 Advanced boiler control ('**abc®**'-control)

An intelligent advanced boiler control ('**abc®**') continuously monitors the boiler conditions and ensures a very reliable supply of heat. This control system is adept at dealing with negative influences from the system such as flow reduction, airflow

problems and alike. In the event of such influences, the boiler will not go to "lock-out" failure mode, but will in the first instance modulate back, and if necessary, depending on the nature of the circumstances, will temporarily switch off (shutdown or control stop), and then after a short while simply try again.



Provided that the situation is not actually hazardous, the Remeha Avanta will always try to supply heat. The 'abc®'- control prevents unnecessary additional call outs.

8.3.3 Regulating the water temperature

The Remeha Avanta is fitted with an electronic temperature regulator with flow and return temperature sensors. The flow temperature can be set to between 20 and 75°C, see [par.2.10.8](#) (factory setting 75°C).

The boiler modulates it's output up and down to match the flow set point from internal or external control. When the boiler is at it's at minimum output and the flow temperature still continues to rise, once the flow set point is exceeded by 5°C the boiler will shut down on a controlled stop (code **[8]**).

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8.3.4 Low flow / water protection

The Remeha Avanta has a low-water protection based on temperature readings. By modulating down as soon as there is a risk of an insufficient water flow, the boiler will keep working for as long as possible. An insufficient water flow, however caused, - indicated by a flow/return $\Delta T > 22^{\circ}\text{C}$ or a rate of rise in the flow temperature $> 1^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{sec}$ - will be sensed by the 'abc®' control which will shut the boiler down in a blocking mode with the display showing (code **[9]**) for 10 minutes and before re starting.

If there is no water in the boiler or if the pump is not running, it will go to lock out (code **[E][7]**) and require manual re-set.

8.3.5 High Limit temperature protection

If the flow temperature exceeds 98°C the high limit temperature protection device switches off the boiler in a lock out mode with the display showing (code **[E][1]**). This mode will require a manual re-set.

When the fault is corrected, the boiler can be restarted by pressing the **[reset]**-key on the control panel and holding for 3 seconds.

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9 EFFICIENCY DATA AND GAS EFFICIENCY LABELS

9.1 Annual efficiency

108.7 % in relation to H_i at a load of 30% and a return temperature of 30°C.

9.2 Water-side efficiency

98 % in relation to H_i at full load and an average water temperature of 70°C (80/60°C).

94.3 % in relation to H_i at full load and an average water temperature of 40°C (50/30°C).

GAS BOILER SYSTEM COMMISSIONING CHECKLIST

This Commissioning Checklist is to be completed in full by the competent person who commissioned the boiler as a means of demonstrating compliance with the appropriate Building Regulations and then handed to the customer to keep for future reference.

Failure to install and commission this equipment to the manufacturer's instructions may invalidate the warranty but does not affect statutory rights.

Customer Name _____ Telephone Number _____
 Address _____
 Boiler Make and Model _____
 Boiler Serial Number _____
 Commissioned by (print name) _____ Gas Safe Register Number _____
 Company Name _____ Telephone Number _____
 Company Address _____
 Commissioning Date _____

To be completed by the customer on receipt of a Building Regulations Compliance Certificate*:

Building Regulations Notification Number (if applicable) _____

CONTROLS Tick the appropriate boxes

Time and Temperature Control to Heating	Room Thermostat and Programmer/Timer ☐	Programmable Room Thermostat ☐	Load/Weather Compensation ☐	Optimum Start Control ☐
Time and Temperature Control to Hot Water		Cylinder Thermostat and Programmer/Timer ☐		Combination Boiler ☐
Heating Zone Valves		Fitted ☐		Not Required ☐
Hot Water Zone Valves		Fitted ☐		Not Required ☐
Thermostatic Radiator Valves		Fitted ☐		Not Required ☐
Automatic Bypass to System		Fitted ☐		Not Required ☐
Boiler Interlock				Provided ☐

ALL SYSTEMS

The system has been flushed and cleaned in accordance with BS7593 and boiler manufacturer's instructions Yes ☐
 What system cleaner was used? _____
 What inhibitor was used? _____ Quantity _____ litres

CENTRAL HEATING MODE Measure and Record:

Gas Rate _____ m³/hr OR _____ ft³/hr
 Burner Operating Pressure (if applicable) _____ mbar OR Gas Inlet Pressure _____ mbar
 Central Heating Flow Temperature _____ °C
 Central Heating Return Temperature _____ °C

COMBINATION BOILERS ONLY

Is the installation in a hard water area (above 200ppm)? Yes ☐ No ☐
 If yes, has a water scale reducer been fitted? Yes ☐ No ☐
 What type of scale reducer has been fitted? _____

DOMESTIC HOT WATER MODE Measure and Record:

Gas Rate _____ m³/hr OR _____ ft³/hr
 Burner Operating Pressure (at maximum rate) _____ mbar OR Gas Inlet Pressure (at maximum rate) _____ mbar
 Cold Water Inlet Temperature _____ °C
 Hot water has been checked at all outlets Yes ☐ Temperature _____ °C
 Water Flow Rate _____ l/min

CONDENSING BOILERS ONLY

The condensate drain has been installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and/or BS5546/BS6798 Yes ☐

ALL INSTALLATIONS

If required by the manufacturer, record the following CO₂ _____ % OR CO _____ ppm OR CO/CO₂ Ratio _____
 The heating and hot water system complies with the appropriate Building Regulations Yes ☐
 The boiler and associated products have been installed and commissioned in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions Yes ☐
 The operation of the boiler and system controls have been demonstrated to and understood by the customer Yes ☐
 The manufacturer's literature, including Benchmark Checklist and Service Record, has been explained and left with the customer Yes ☐

Commissioning Engineer's Signature _____

Customer's Signature _____

(To confirm satisfactory demonstration and receipt of manufacturer's literature)

*All installations in England and Wales must be notified to Local Authority Building Control (LABC) either directly or through a Competent Persons Scheme. A Building Regulations Compliance Certificate will then be issued to the customer.



SERVICE RECORD

It is recommended that your heating system is serviced regularly and that the appropriate Service Record is completed.

Service Provider

Before completing the appropriate Service Record below, please ensure you have carried out the service as described in the manufacturer's instructions.

Always use the manufacturer's specified spare part when replacing controls.

SERVICE 1 Date

Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone Number

Gas Safe Register Number

Comments

Signature

SERVICE 2 Date

Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone Number

Gas Safe Register Number

Comments

Signature

SERVICE 3 Date

Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone Number

Gas Safe Register Number

Comments

Signature

SERVICE 4 Date

Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone Number

Gas Safe Register Number

Comments

Signature

SERVICE 5 Date

Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone Number

Gas Safe Register Number

Comments

Signature

SERVICE 6 Date

Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone Number

Gas Safe Register Number

Comments

Signature

SERVICE 7 Date

Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone Number

Gas Safe Register Number

Comments

Signature

SERVICE 8 Date

Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone Number

Gas Safe Register Number

Comments

Signature

SERVICE 9 Date

Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone Number

Gas Safe Register Number

Comments

Signature

SERVICE 10 Date

Energy Efficiency Checklist completed? Yes ☐ No ☐

Engineer Name

Company Name

Telephone Number

Gas Safe Register Number

Comments

Signature

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