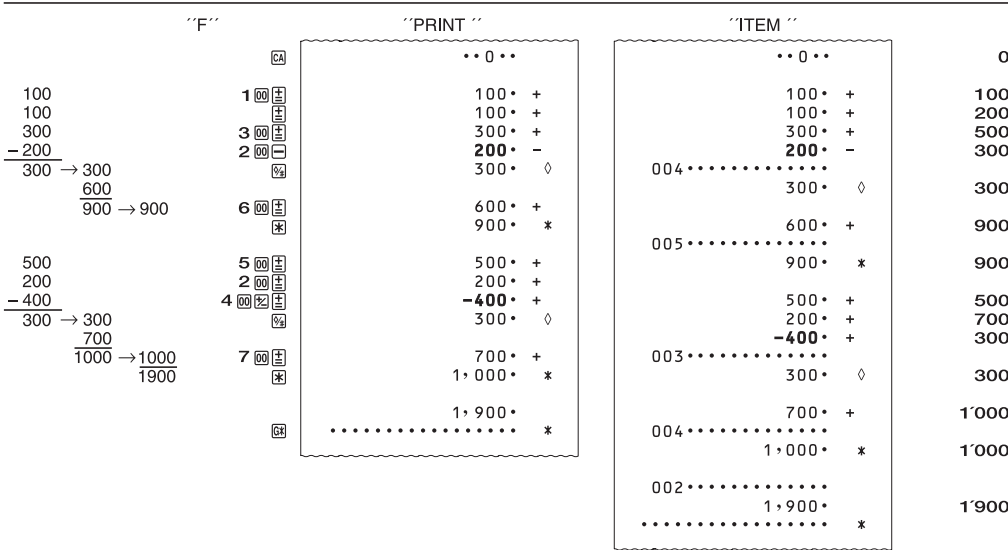


* Branchez l'adaptateur secteur directement sur une prise secteur.

Calculs



		20	• • 0 • •	0
300				
300	3	00	300 • +	300
480				600
250	480	00	480 • +	1'080
400	250	00	250 • +	1'330
400	4	00	400 • +	1'730
400			400 • +	2'130
400			400 • +	2'530
2530			2'530 • *	2'530

$(100 + 400) \times 100$	=		(A)	.. 0 ..	0
= 50'000	=		1 ☐ ☒	100 • +	100'000
	=		4 ☐ ☒	400 • +	500'000
	=		1 ☐ ☒	500 • ×	500'000
	=		1 ☐ ☒	100 =	50'000
	=			50'000 • +	

$39600 \div 1600 = 24.75$ $396 \overline{) 1600} \begin{matrix} 24 \\ 16 \\ 160 \\ 1600 \end{matrix}$	$39,600 \div 1,600 = 24.75$ $39,600 \div 25 = 1,584$
--	---

		$\cdot \cdot 0 \cdot$	
$100 \times 20 = 2000$	1	$100 \cdot \times$	100
$20 \times 30 = 600$	20	$20 \cdot =$	2'000
		$2\ 000 \cdot +$	
2600			
	20	$20 \cdot \times$	20
	30	$30 \cdot =$	600
		$600 \cdot +$	
		$2 \cdot 600 \cdot \times$	2'600
$50 \times 40 = 2000$	50	$50 \cdot \times$	50
$-) \ 10 \times 15 = 150$	40	$40 \cdot =$	2'000
		$2\ 000 \cdot +$	
1850			
	10	$10 \cdot \times$	10
	15	$-15 \cdot =$	-150
		$-150 \cdot +$	
		$1\ 850 \cdot \times$	1'850
4450		$4\ 450 \cdot \times$	4'450

$36 \times 28.35 = 1020.6$	$28 \square 35 \begin{array}{ c } \hline \times \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 28 \times 35 \\ 28 \times 35 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 28.35 \\ 28.35 \\ \hline \end{array}$
$25.4 \times 28.35 = 720.09$	$36 \begin{array}{ c } \hline \div \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 36 \div \\ 1,020 \div 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1'020.6 \\ \hline \end{array}$
	$25 \square 4 \begin{array}{ c } \hline \div \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 25 \div 4 \\ 720 \div 09 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 720.09 \\ \hline \end{array}$

		0
\$ 23.25	2325	23 * 25 + 23.25
45.75	4575	45 * 75 + 69.00
-12.50	12 5	12 * 50 - 56.50
96.25	9625	96 * 25 + 152.75
\$ 152.75		152 * 75 * 152.75

[illegible]

Diagram illustrating the calculation of 12% of 3574. The bar shows 100% total, with 12% highlighted and 3574 labeled below it. The calculation is shown as:

$$3,574 \cdot 12\% = 428.88$$

100% 6% 1590	6 1590	6 6 1.590 95 3.698 221	6 6 95,40 221,88
100% 6% 3698	3698	3.698 221	221,88

100%	15%	1500	1500
1500	225	225	225
7(1725)		1725	1725

100%	1950 $\times$	1 950 $\cdot$ $\times$	1 950
	25 $\times$	25 $\cdot$ $\times$	487,5
1950		487,5 $+$	
?(1462,5)	$\div$	1 462,5 $- \%$	1 462,5

Diagram illustrating the relationship between a whole (100%) and its parts (852 and 654).

The whole is represented by a bar divided into two sections: 100% (the whole) and 852 (a part).

The part 852 is further divided into two sections: 654 (a part) and ? (76.76%) (the remaining part).

Below the diagram, there are two boxes showing calculations:

- Box 1: $\frac{654}{852}$
- Box 2: $\frac{654}{852} = 76.76\%$

Diagram illustrating the calculation of the percentage difference between 100 and 110. The diagram shows a horizontal bar divided into two segments: a solid black segment labeled '100' and a dashed segment labeled '110'. Below the bar, a dimension line indicates the solid segment is 100 (90.91%) and the dashed segment is 10 (9.09%). To the right, a calculator screen shows the calculation: 100 ÷ 110 = 90.91%, followed by 100 - 90.91 = 9.09%.

Purchase Price/Precio de compra/ Prix d'achat	\$480	480 ×	480 ×	480 ×
		40 ÷	40 ÷	40 ÷
Profit/Ganancia/Bénéfice	40% ? (\$320)	320 ÷	320 ÷	320 ÷
Selling Price/Precio de venta/ Prix de vente	? (\$800)	800 ÷	800 ÷	800 ÷
		320 ÷	320 ÷	320 ÷

Purchase Price/Precio de compra/ Prix d'achat	\$130	130 ÷ 4	130 ÷ 4 = 32.5	130 125
Loss/Pérdida/Perte	4% ? (\$5)		5 = -% 125 =	
Selling Price/Precio de venta/ Prix de vente	? (\$125)	5 = -%		5

Note :
• A regular percentage or ratio calculation result is automatically stored in the total memory used for accumulation of totals.

Nota :
• Un porcentaje regular o resultado de cálculo de relación, se almacena automáticamente en la memoria de total que se usa para la acumulación de totales.

Note :
• Le résultat d'un calcul de ratio ou de pourcentage régulier est automatiquement mémorisé dans la mémoire de total utilisée pour l'accumulation des totaux.

```
"PRINT/ITEM/CONVERSION", "F"
```

Selling Price (\$2000) / Precio de venta (\$2000)
 Prix de vente (2000 \$)

Cost (\$1000) / Costo (\$1000)
 Coût (1000 \$)

Margin? (50%) / ¿Margen? (50%)
 Marge? (50%)

Calculator display: 1000 ÷ 2000 = 0.5 = 50%

Selling Price? (\$200) / ¿Precio de venta? (\$200)
 Prix de vente? (200 \$)

Cost (\$120)
 Costo (\$120)
 Coût (120 \$)

Margin (40%)
 Margin Amount? (\$80)
 Margen (40%)
 ¿Importe de margen? (\$80)
 Marge (40%)
 Montant de la marge? (80 \$)

120 ^{USD}
 40 ^{USD}

120 ^{USD}
 40 ^{USD}
 200 ^{USD}

120 ^{USD}
 40 ^{USD}
 200 ^{USD}

80 ^{USD}
 200 ^{USD}

[illegible]

Nombre d'articles

[illegible]

- | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|
| 150
220
<u>-100</u>
270 — Item count 3 / Cuenta de ítemes 3 /
Nombre d'articles 3

Average value 90 / Valor promedio 90 /
Valeur moyenne 90 | <div>CA</div> <div>150 </div> <div>220 </div> <div>1 00 </div> <div>IT</div> <div>IT</div> <div>IT</div> | <div>.. 0 ..</div> <div>150 • +</div> <div>220 • +</div> <div>100 • -</div> <div>003.....</div> <div>90 •</div> <div>003.....</div> | <div>0</div> <div>150</div> <div>370</div> <div>270</div> <div>003</div> <div>90</div> <div>003</div> |
|--|--|---|---|

20	00	0
150	150	150
220	220	370
1	100	270
00	003.....	270
00	270	270
00	90	90

- Pressing **[Σ]** in the Item Mode prints the total along with the item count. Now pressing **[IT]** prints the average amount per item.
 - Presionando **[Σ]** en el modo de ítem imprime el total junto con la cuenta de ítems. Presionando ahora **[IT]** imprime el importe promedio por ítem.
 - Pour imprimer le total avec le nombre d'articles, il faut appuyer sur **[Σ]** en mode Article. Pour afficher le montant moyen par article, il suffit d'appuyer en plus sur **[IT]**.
- **Specifying the Number of Items**
- Inputting a value and pressing **[IT]** adds up to the three least significant (rightmost) digits of the input value to the item count. If the input value includes a decimal part, the decimal part is cut off and only the integer is used.
- Example:** 1234 **[IT]** → Adds 234 to the item count.
 1.23 **[IT]** → Adds 1 to the item count.
- If you specified the number of items, it is printed on the left.

- **Spécification du nombre d'articles**

- Si vous spécifiez le nombre d'articles, il sera imprimé sur la gauche.

		0
1234	234..... +	234
1.23	001..... +	1
	235.....	235

Corrections

$123 \times 456 \times 78$ $= 4374864$	$44Z \rightarrow 456$ $78X \rightarrow 78$	$\begin{cases} 123 \text{ X} \\ 447 \\ 456 \text{ X} \\ 789 \end{cases}$	$123 \cdot \times$ $456 \cdot \times$	$\begin{cases} 123 \\ 447 \\ 0 \\ 56088 \\ 789 \\ 78 \\ 4374864 \end{cases}$
		$\begin{cases} \text{C} \\ \text{D} \\ \text{E} \end{cases}$	$78 \cdot =$ $4 \cdot 374 \cdot 864 \cdot +$	

Impression des numéros de référence

# 17.11.2006	17	11	2	00	6	8	# 17.11.2006.....	17.112006
# 10022			1	00	22	8	# 10022.....	10'022

- Whenever you input a value that is longer than 12 digits.
- Clear the input value only by pressing or or the entire calculation by pressing .
- Whenever the integer part of a result (whether intermediate or final) is longer than 12 digits.
In this case, the display shows the 11 most significant digits of the result. The true decimal point of the result is 12 places to the right of the decimal position shown in this display. Clear the entire calculation by pressing .
- Whenever the integer part of a total being accumulated in memory is longer than 12 digits.
Clear the entire calculation by pressing .

Entradas

Apply the **if** and **else** logic to calculate:

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