

## Kinetix 5500 Servo Drives

Catalog Numbers 2198-H003-ERS, 2198-H008-ERS, 2198-H015-ERS, 2198-H025-ERS, 2198-H040-ERS, 2198-H070-ERS  
2198-CAPMOD-1300



Original Instructions

## Important User Information

Read this document and the documents listed in the additional resources section about installation, configuration, and operation of this equipment before you install, configure, operate, or maintain this product. Users are required to familiarize themselves with installation and wiring instructions in addition to requirements of all applicable codes, laws, and standards.

Activities including installation, adjustments, putting into service, use, assembly, disassembly, and maintenance are required to be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.

If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

In no event will Rockwell Automation, Inc. be responsible or liable for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

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Throughout this manual, when necessary, we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations.



**WARNING:** Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause an explosion in a hazardous environment, which may lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss.



**ATTENTION:** Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. Attentions help you identify a hazard, avoid a hazard, and recognize the consequence.

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### IMPORTANT

Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

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Labels may also be on or inside the equipment to provide specific precautions.



**SHOCK HAZARD:** Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that dangerous voltage may be present.



**BURN HAZARD:** Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that surfaces may reach dangerous temperatures.



**ARC FLASH HAZARD:** Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a motor control center, to alert people to potential Arc Flash. Arc Flash will cause severe injury or death. Wear proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Follow ALL Regulatory requirements for safe work practices and for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

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This manual contains new and updated information.

Topic	Page
Added Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit installation instructions to table.	12
Added Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit to system overview table.	14
Added Kinetix VP (Bulletin VPS) stainless-steel motors to the system overview table and throughout the manual.	
Added Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit and compatible MP-Series motors and actuators to configuration diagrams.	15...19
Added Hiperface-to-DSL converter kit and footnote to noise zone diagram.	35
Added Hiperface-to-DSL converter kit and footnote to motor feedback in table.	36
Added paragraph describing motor feedback types accepted by the Hiperface-to-DSL converter kit.	61
Added section to support wiring the motor power/brake and feedback connectors when using the Hiperface-to-DSL converter kit.	81
Updated Configure Feedback Only Axis Properties to include the Bulletin 842E-CM integrated motion encoder on the EtherNet/IP network.	110
Added Kinetix VP (Bulletin VPS) stainless-steel motors to the Kinetix VP interconnect diagram.	159
Added interconnect diagrams to support wiring the motor power/brake and feedback connectors when using the Hiperface-to-DSL converter kit.	160...162
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## Notes:

## About This Publication

This manual provides detailed installation instructions for mounting, wiring, and troubleshooting the Kinetix® 5500 servo drives, and system integration for your drive/motor combination with a Logix5000™ controller.

## Audience

This manual is intended for engineers or technicians directly involved in the installation and wiring of the Kinetix 5500 drives, and programmers directly involved in the operation, field maintenance, and integration of these drives with the EtherNet/IP communication module or controller.

If you do not have a basic understanding of the Kinetix 5500 drives, contact your local Rockwell Automation sales representative for information on available training courses.

## Conventions Used in This Manual

These conventions are used throughout this manual:

- Bulleted lists such as this one provide information, not procedural steps.
- Numbered lists provide sequential steps or hierarchical information.

## Studio 5000 Environment

The Studio 5000™ Engineering and Design Environment combines engineering and design elements into a common environment. The first element in the Studio 5000 environment is the Logix Designer application. The Logix Designer application is the rebranding of RSLogix™ 5000 software and continues to be the product to program Logix5000 controllers for discrete, process, batch, motion, safety, and drive-based solutions.



The Studio 5000 environment is the foundation for the future of Rockwell Automation® engineering design tools and capabilities. It is the one place for design engineers to develop all the elements of their control system.

## Additional Resources

These documents contain additional information concerning related products from Rockwell Automation.

Resource	Description
Kinetix 5500 servo drives Installation Instructions, publication <a href="#">2198-IN001</a>	Information on mounting and wiring the Kinetix 5500 servo drive.
Kinetix 5500 Feedback Connector Kit Installation Instructions, publication <a href="#">2198-IN002</a>	Information on installing and wiring the Kinetix 5500 motor feedback connector kit.
Kinetix 5500 AC Line Filter Installation Instructions, publication <a href="#">2198-IN003</a>	Information on installing and wiring the Kinetix 5500 AC line filters.
Kinetix 5500 Capacitor Module Installation Instructions, publication <a href="#">2198-IN004</a>	Information on installing and wiring the Kinetix 5500 capacitor module.
Kinetix 5500 Shared-bus Connector Kit Installation Instructions, publication <a href="#">2198-IN005</a>	Information on installing the Kinetix 5500 shared-bus connector kits.
Hiperface-to-DSL Feedback Converter Kit Installation Instructions, publication <a href="#">2198-IN006</a>	Information on installing the Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit.
Kinetix 300 Shunt Resistor Installation Instructions, publication <a href="#">2097-IN002</a>	Information on installing and wiring Kinetix 300 shunt resistors.
System Design for Control of Electrical Noise Reference Manual, publication <a href="#">GMC-RM001</a>	Information, examples, and techniques designed to minimize system failures caused by electrical noise.
EMC Noise Management DVD, publication GMC-SP004	
Kinetix Motion Control Selection Guide, publication <a href="#">GMC-SG001</a>	Overview of Kinetix servo drives, motors, actuators, and motion accessories designed to help make initial decisions for the motion control products best suited for your system requirements.
Kinetix 5500 Drive Systems Design Guide, publication <a href="#">GMC-RM009</a>	System design guide to select the required (drive specific) drive module, power accessory, feedback connector kit, and motor cable catalog numbers for your Kinetix 5500 drive and Kinetix VP motor motion control system.
Kinetix Rotary Motion Specifications Technical Data, publication <a href="#">GMC-TD001</a>	Product specifications for Kinetix VP (Bulletin VPL and VPS), MP-Series™ (Bulletin MPL, MPM, MPF, and MPS), Kinetix 6000M (Bulletin MDF), TL-Series™, RDD-Series™, and HPK-Series™ rotary motors.
Kinetix Servo Drives Specifications Technical Data, publication <a href="#">GMC-TD003</a>	Product specifications for Kinetix Integrated Motion over the EtherNet/IP network, Integrated Motion over sercos interface, EtherNet/IP networking, and component servo drive families.
Kinetix Motion Accessories Specifications Technical Data, publication <a href="#">GMC-TD004</a>	Product specifications for Bulletin 2090 motor and interface cables, low-profile connector kits, drive power components, and other servo drive accessory items.
Rockwell Automation Configuration and Selection Tools website <a href="http://www.rockwellautomation.com/en/e-tools">http://www.rockwellautomation.com/en/e-tools</a>	Motion Analyzer application analysis software for drive/motor sizing.
	Online product selection and system configuration tools, including AutoCAD (DXF) drawings.
Rockwell Automation Product Certification, website <a href="http://www.rockwellautomation.com/products/certification">http://www.rockwellautomation.com/products/certification</a>	For declarations of conformity (DoC) currently available from Rockwell Automation.
Integrated Motion on the EtherNet/IP Network Configuration and Startup User Manual, publication <a href="#">MOTION-UM003</a>	Information on configuring and troubleshooting your ControlLogix® and CompactLogix™ EtherNet/IP network modules.
ControlFLASH Firmware Upgrade Kit User Manual, publication <a href="#">1756-QS105</a>	For ControlFLASH™ information not specific to any drive family.
National Electrical Code, published by the National Fire Protection Association of Boston, MA	An article on wire sizes and types for grounding electrical equipment.
Rockwell Automation Industrial Automation Glossary, publication <a href="#">AG-7.1</a>	A glossary of industrial automation terms and abbreviations.

You can view or download publications at <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature>. To order paper copies of technical documentation, contact your local Allen-Bradley distributor or Rockwell Automation sales representative.



## Start

Use this chapter to become familiar with the design and installation requirements for Kinetix 5500 drive systems.

Topic	Page
About the Kinetix 5500 Servo Drive System	14
Typical Hardware Configurations	15
Typical Communication Configurations	20
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## About the Kinetix 5500 Servo Drive System

The Kinetix 5500 servo drives are designed to provide a Kinetix Integrated Motion solution for your drive/motor application.

**Table 1 - Kinetix 5500 Drive System Overview**

Drive System Component	Cat. No.	Description
Kinetix 5500 Servo Drives	2198-Hxxx-ERS	200V-class (single-phase or three-phase) and 400V-class (three-phase) drives operate in standalone and multi-axis shared AC, shared DC, shared AC/DC, and shared AC/DC hybrid configurations. Modules are zero-stacked from drive-to-drive and use the shared-bus connection system to extend power in multi-axis configurations.
Kinetix 5500 Capacitor Module	2198-CAPMOD-1300	Use for energy storage and/or to improve performance in applications producing regenerative energy and requiring shorter duty cycles (1360 $\mu$ f). Modules are zero-stacked side-by-side with servo drives and use the shared-bus connection system to extend power.
Shared-bus Connector Kits	2198-H040-x-x	Input wiring connectors and DC bus T-connector for frame 1 and 2 servo drives.
	2198-H070-x-x	Input wiring connectors and DC bus T-connector for frame 3 servo drives.
Feedback Connector Kit	2198-KITCON-DSL	Replacement feedback connector kit with 2-pin connector plug and grounding plate inside the connector housing.
Hiperface to DSL Converter Kit	2198-H2DCK	Use for Hiperface-to-DSL feedback conversion with MP-Series (Bulletin MPL, MPM, MPF, and MPS) 400V-class rotary motors and MP-Series (Bulletin MPAS-ball screw, MPAR, MPAL) 400V-class linear actuators. At launch, the converter kit is compatible with only 400V-class motors and actuators. Kits with 200V-class compatibility are coming soon.
I/O Connector Kits	2198-KITCON-IOSP	Replacement I/O connector kit (spring clamp) for I/O (IOD) connector.
	2198-KITCON-IOSC	Replacement I/O connector kit (screw terminal) for I/O (IOD) connector.
Connector Sets	2198-KITCON-PWR40	Replacement connector set, 40 A, for frame 1 and frame 2 drives.
	2198-KITCON-PWR70	Replacement connector set, 70 A, for frame 3 drives.
	2198-KITCON-CAP1300	Replacement connector set, 40 A, for capacitor module.
Logix5000 Controller Platform	1769-L18ERM 1769-L27ERM 1769-L30ERM 1769-L33ERM 1769-L36ERM	CompactLogix 5370 controllers with Integrated Motion on the EtherNet/IP network. Linear, ring, and star topology is supported.
	1756-EN2T module 1756-EN2TR module 1756-EN3TR module	ControlLogix 1756-L7x controllers with Integrated Motion on EtherNet/IP networks. Linear, device-level ring (DLR), and star topology is supported.
Studio 5000 Environment	N/A	Studio 5000 Logix Designer™ application, version 21.00 or later, provides support for programming, commissioning, and maintaining the CompactLogix and ControlLogix controller families.
Rotary Servo Motors	VPL-Axxxx VPL-Bxxxx VPS-Bxxxx	Compatible rotary motors include 200V and 400V-class Kinetix VP (Bulletin VPL and VPS).
	MP-Series	Compatible rotary motors include MP-Series (Bulletin MPL, MPM, MPF, and MPS) 400V-class motors when used with the Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit.
Linear Actuators	MP-Series	Compatible linear actuators include MP-Series (Bulletin MPAS ball screw, MPAR, and MPAL) 400V-class actuators when used with the Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit.
Induction motors	N/A	Induction motors with open loop volts/hertz frequency control are also supported.
Cables	2090-CSxM1DF-xxAxxx	Bulletin 2090 single-cable for motor power, feedback, and 24V DC brake power with Kinetix VP motors.
	2090-CFBM7DF-CEAxxx	Bulletin 2090 motor feedback cables for MP-Series motors and actuators.
	2090-CPxM7DF-xxAxxx	Bulletin 2090 motor power/brake cables for MP-Series motors and actuators.
	1585J-M8CBJM-x	Ethernet cables are available in standard lengths. Shielded cable is recommended.
AC Line Filters	2198-DB08-F 2198-DB20-F 2198-DB42-F	Bulletin 2198 three-phase AC line filters are required to meet CE and available for use in all Kinetix 5500 drive systems.
24V DC Power Supply	1606-XLxxx	Bulletin 1606 24V DC power supply for control circuitry, digital inputs, safety, and motor brake.
External Shunt Resistors	2097-R6 and 2097-R7	Bulletin 2097 external passive shunt resistors for when the drive's internal shunt capability is exceeded.

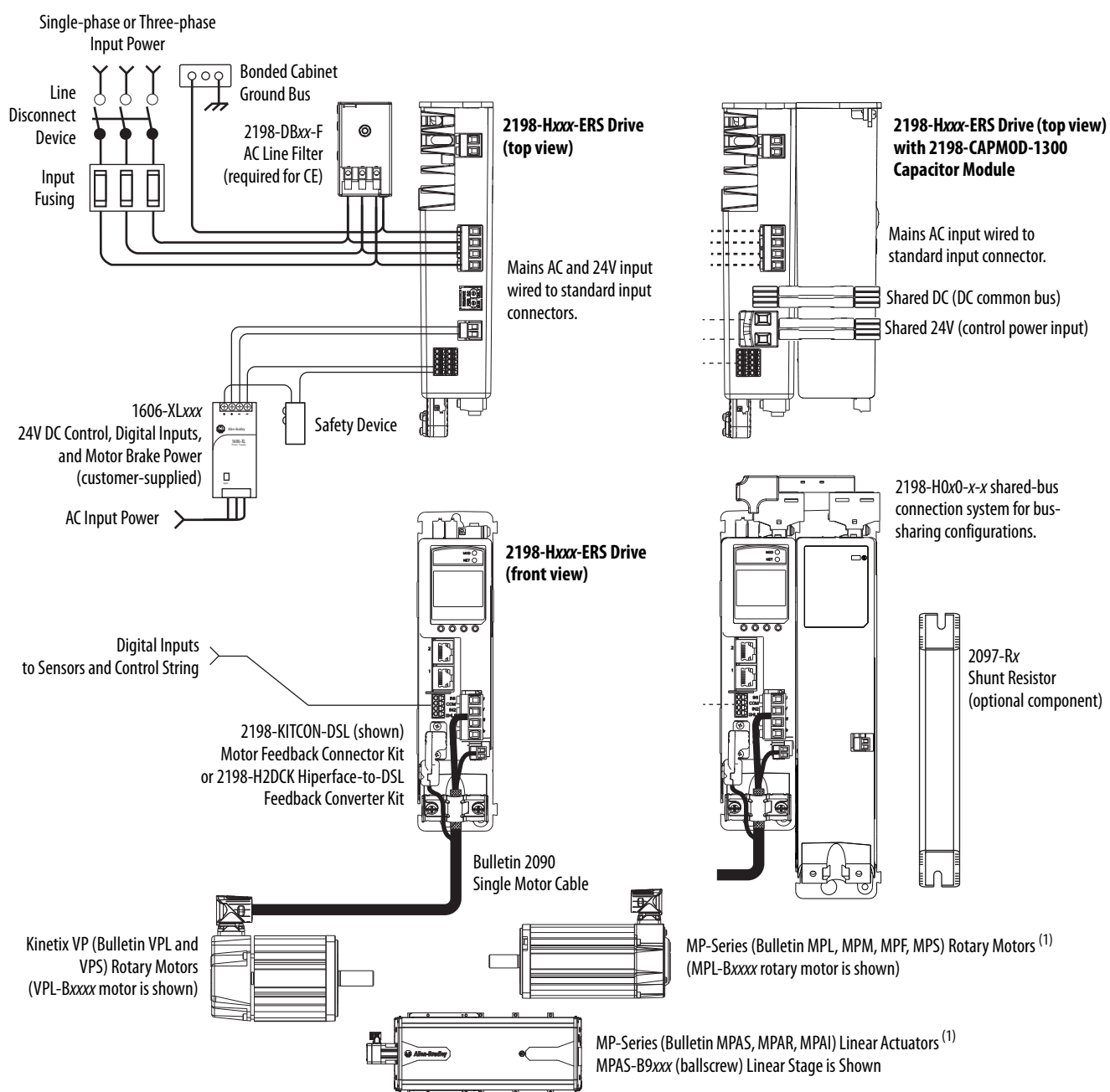
## Typical Hardware Configurations

Typical Kinetix 5500 systems include single-phase and three-phase standalone configurations, three-phase shared AC, shared AC/DC, shared DC, and shared AC/DC hybrid configurations.

### Standalone Configurations

In these examples, a single standalone drive is shown with and without the Bulletin 2198 capacitor module.

**Figure 1 - Typical Kinetix 5500 Standalone Installation**

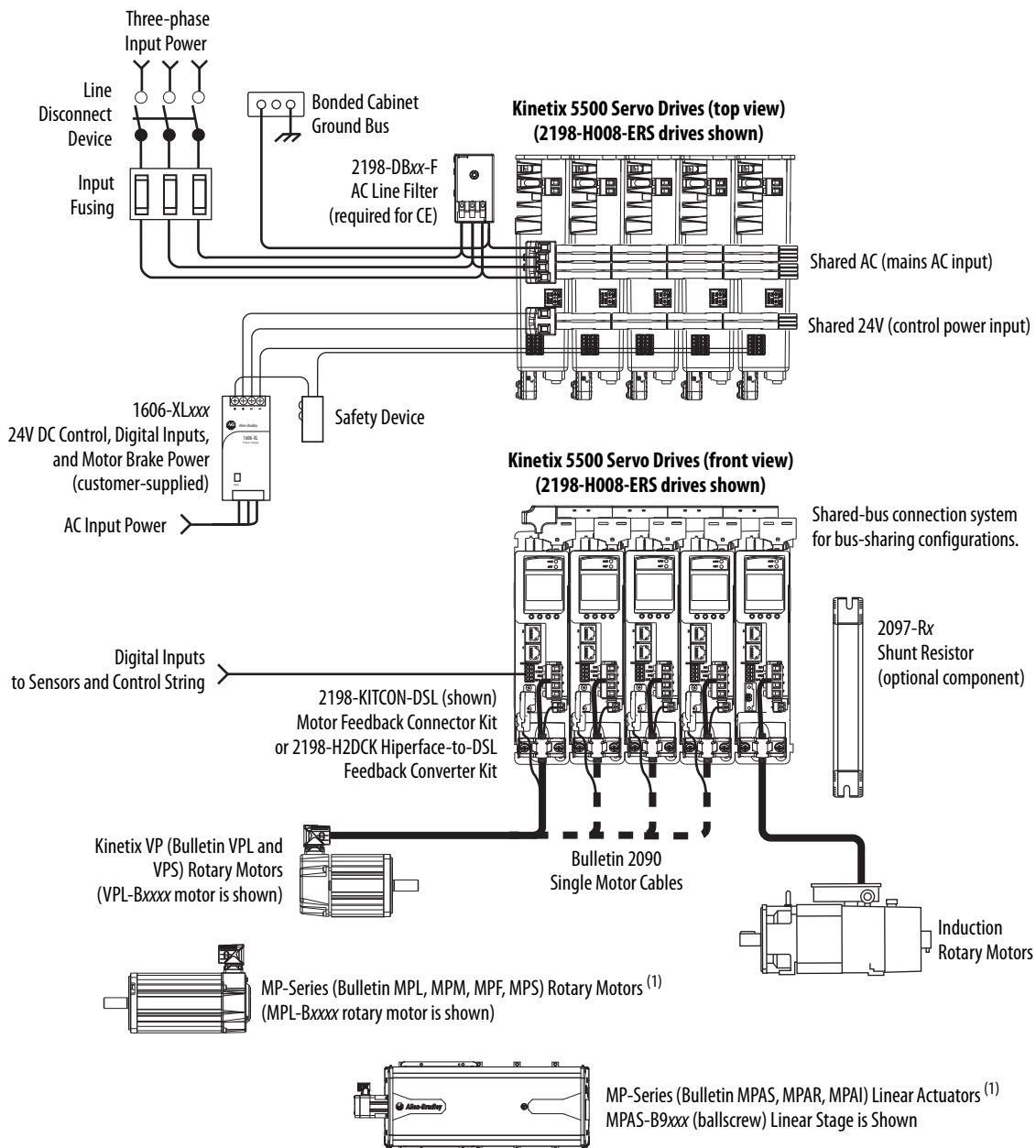


(1) Requires 2198-H2DCK Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit. Converter kit is currently compatible with only 400V-class motors and actuators.

## Shared AC Configurations

In this example, three-phase AC power and 24V control power is shared in a multi-axis configuration. All drives must have the same power rating (catalog number).

**Figure 2 - Typical Shared AC Installations**



(1) Requires 2198-H2DCK Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit. Converter kit is currently compatible with only 400V-class motors and actuators.

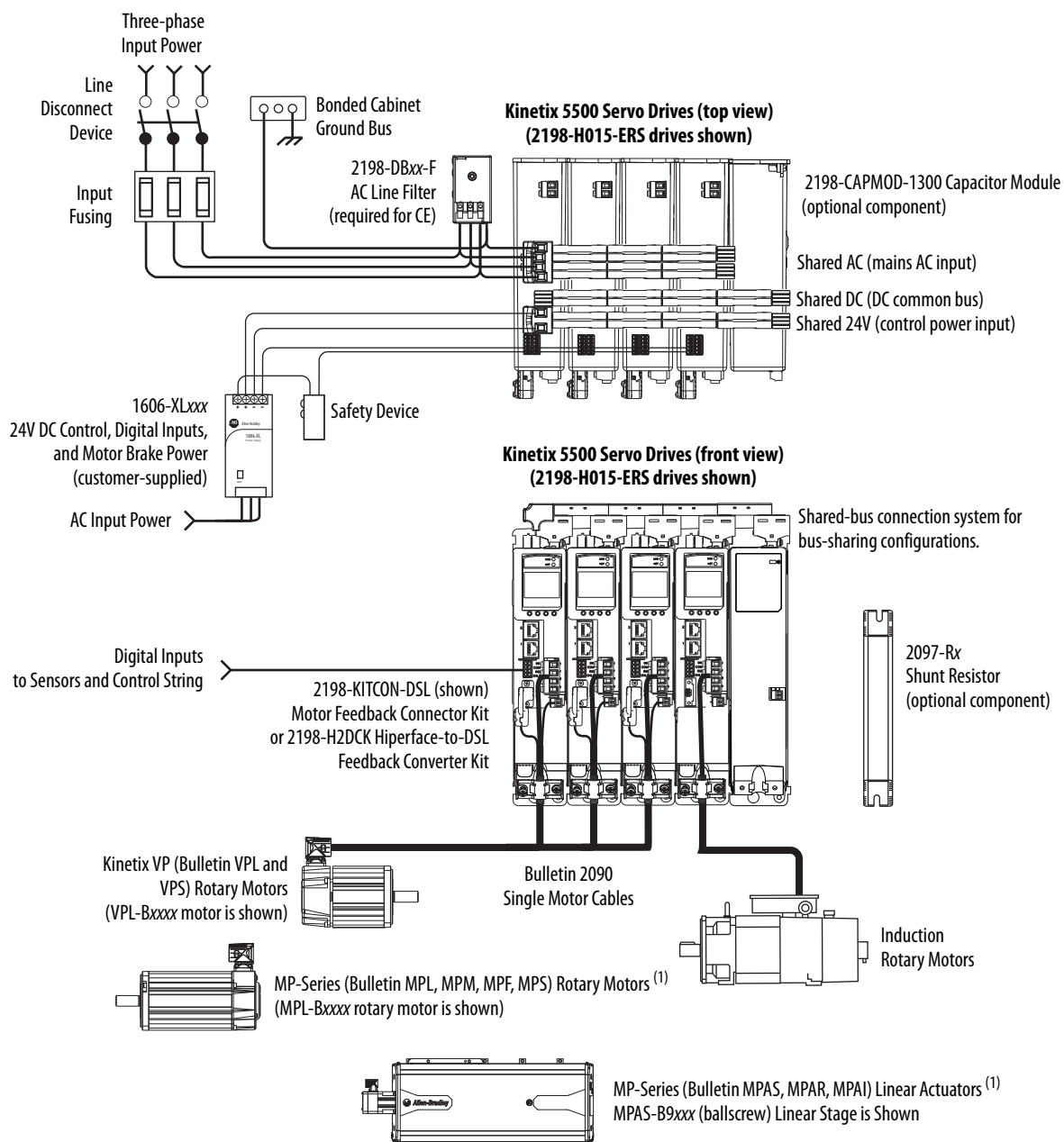
### IMPORTANT

In shared AC configurations, all drives must have the same power rating.  
Shared AC configurations do not support Bulletin 2198 capacitor modules.

## Shared AC/DC Configurations

In this example, three-phase AC input power, 24V control power, and DC bus power are shared in a multi-axis configuration. All drives must be the same power rating (catalog number).

**Figure 3 - Typical Shared AC/DC Installations**



(1) Requires 2198-H2DCK Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit. Converter kit is currently compatible with only 400V-class motors and actuators.

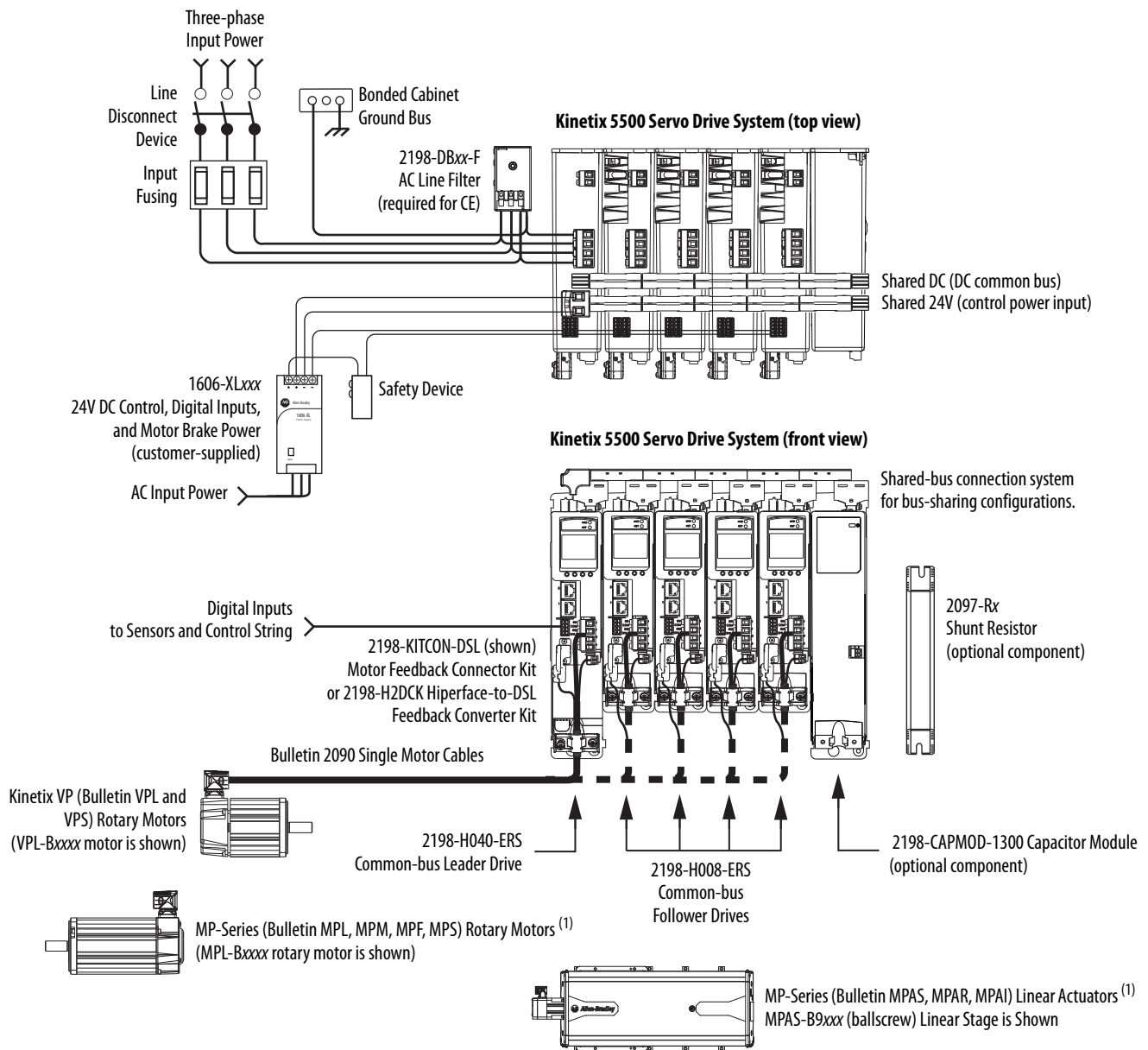
### IMPORTANT

In shared AC/DC configurations, all drives must have the same power rating (catalog number).

## Shared DC Common-bus Configurations

In this multi-axis example, the common-bus leader (sourcing) drive receives three-phase AC input power and supplies DC power to common-bus follower (sinking) drives. The common-bus leader drive power rating is greater than or equal to the power rating of each follower drive.

**Figure 4 - Typical Shared DC Common-bus Installations**



(1) Requires 2198-H2DCK Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit. Converter kit is currently compatible with only 400V-class motors and actuators.

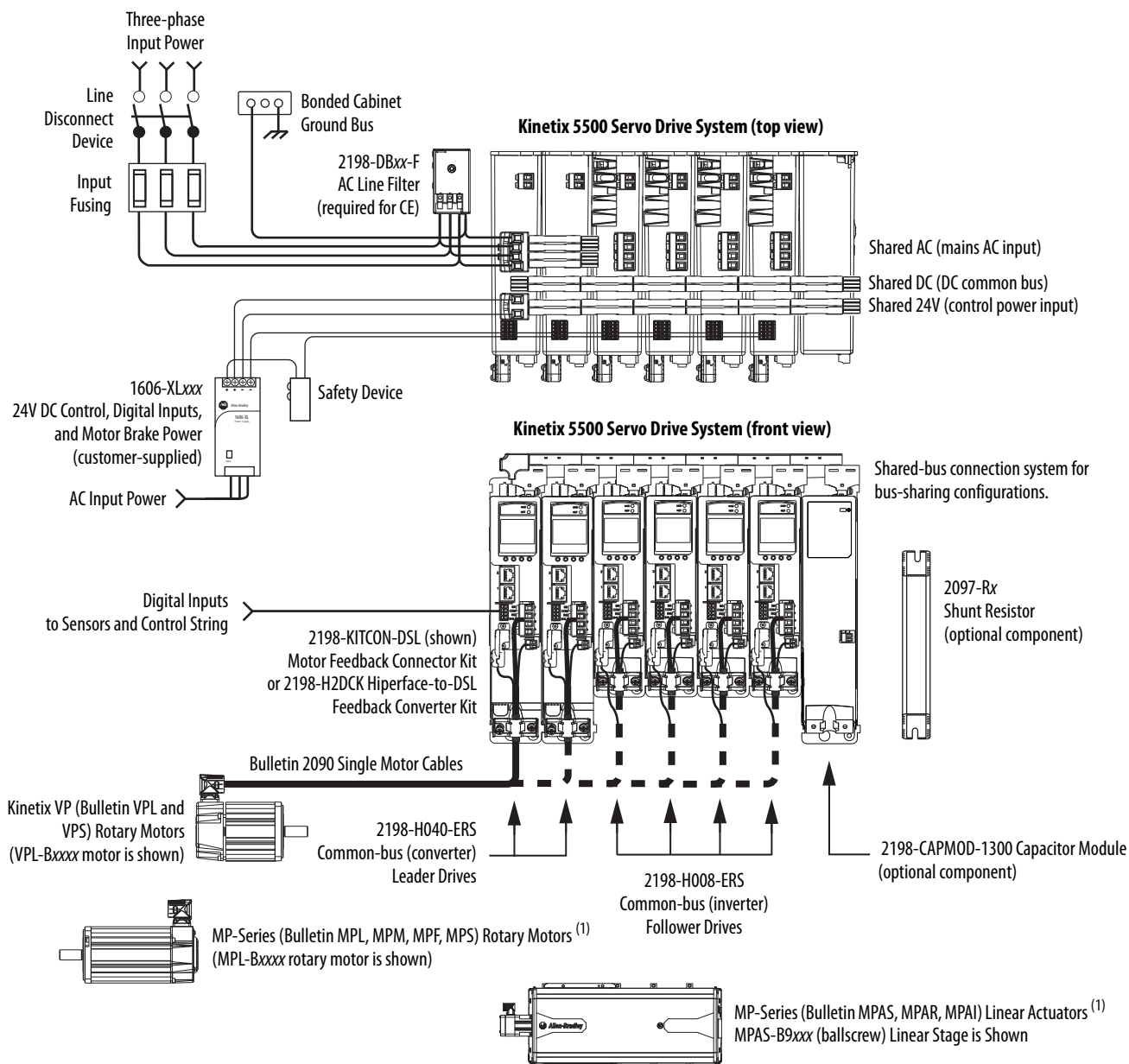
### IMPORTANT

In shared DC common-bus configurations, the leader drive power rating must be greater than or equal to the power rating of the follower drives.

## Shared AC/DC Hybrid Configuration

In this multi-axis example, three-phase AC input power is supplied to two converter drives. The converter drive ratings must be the same, and greater than or equal to the power ratings of the inverter drives. This parallel converter configuration increases the DC power supplied to the inverter drives.

**Figure 5 - Typical Shared AC/DC Bus Hybrid Installations**



(1) Requires 2198-H2DCK Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit. Converter kit is currently compatible with only 400V-class motors and actuators.

### IMPORTANT

In shared AC/DC hybrid configuration, the converter drives must have the same power rating and must be greater than or equal to the power ratings of the inverter drives.

## Typical Communication Configurations

The Kinetix 5500 drives support any Ethernet topology including linear, ring, and star.

These examples feature the CompactLogix 5370 programmable automation controllers (catalog number 1769-L36ERM) with support for Integrated Motion over the EtherNet/IP network. Controller features include the following:

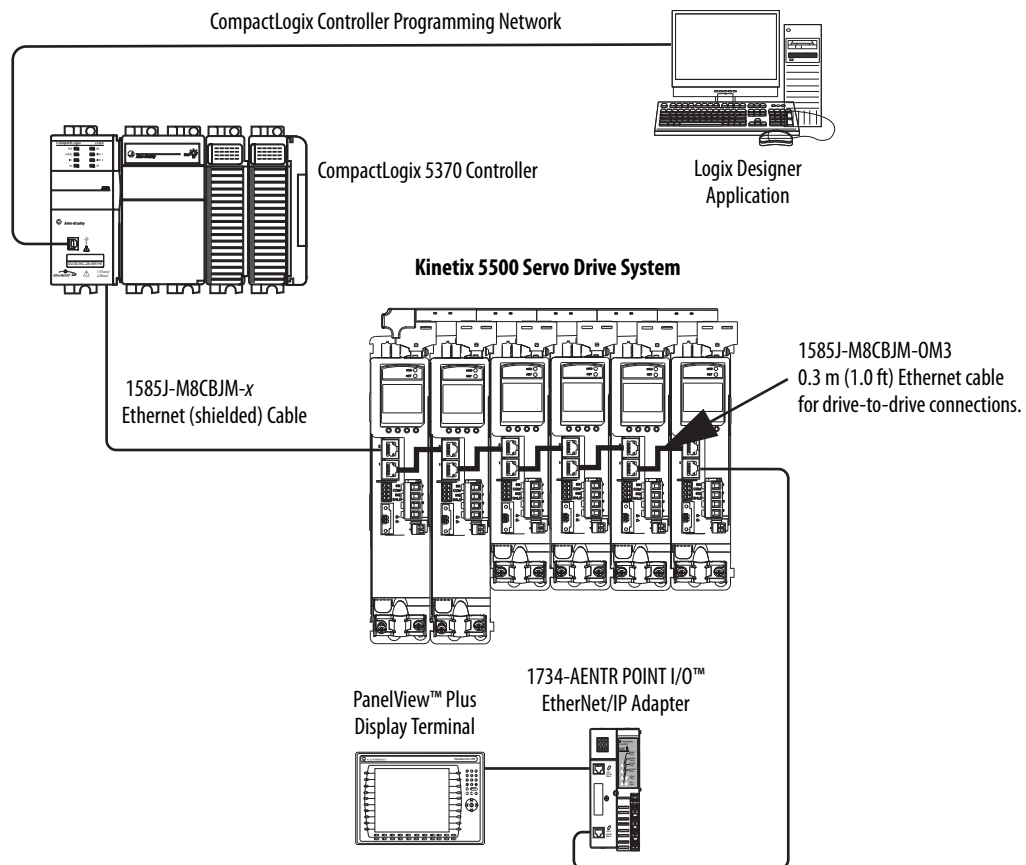
- Supports up to 16 axes
- Supports up to 48 devices in linear configurations
- Dual-port connectivity to support device-level ring (DLR) topology

Refer to CompactLogix Controllers Specifications Technical Data, publication [1769-TD005](#), for more information on CompactLogix 5370 L1, L2, and L3 controllers.

### Linear Topology

In this example, all devices are connected in linear topology. The Kinetix 5500 drives include dual-port connectivity, however, if any device becomes disconnected, all devices downstream of that device lose communication. Devices without dual ports must include the 1783-ETAP module or be connected at the end of the line.

**Figure 6 - Kinetix 5500 Linear Communication Installation**



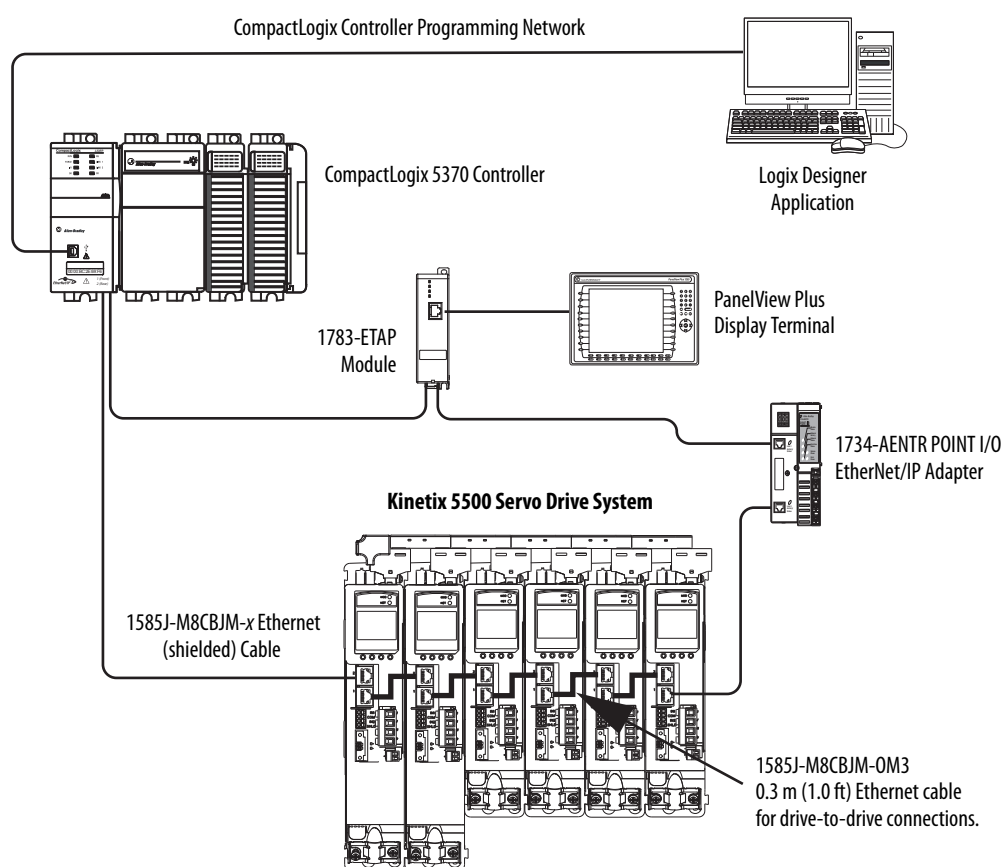


## Ring Topology

In this example, the devices are connected by using ring topology. If only one device in the ring is disconnected, the rest of the devices continue to communicate. For ring topology to work correctly, a device level ring (DLR) supervisor is required (for example, the Bulletin 1783 ETAP device). DLR is an ODVA standard. For more information, refer to the EtherNet/IP Embedded Switch Technology Application Guide, publication [ENET-AP005](#).

Devices without dual ports require a DLR supervisor, for example the 1783-ETAP module, to complete the network ring.

**Figure 7 - Kinetix 5500 Ring Communication Installation**

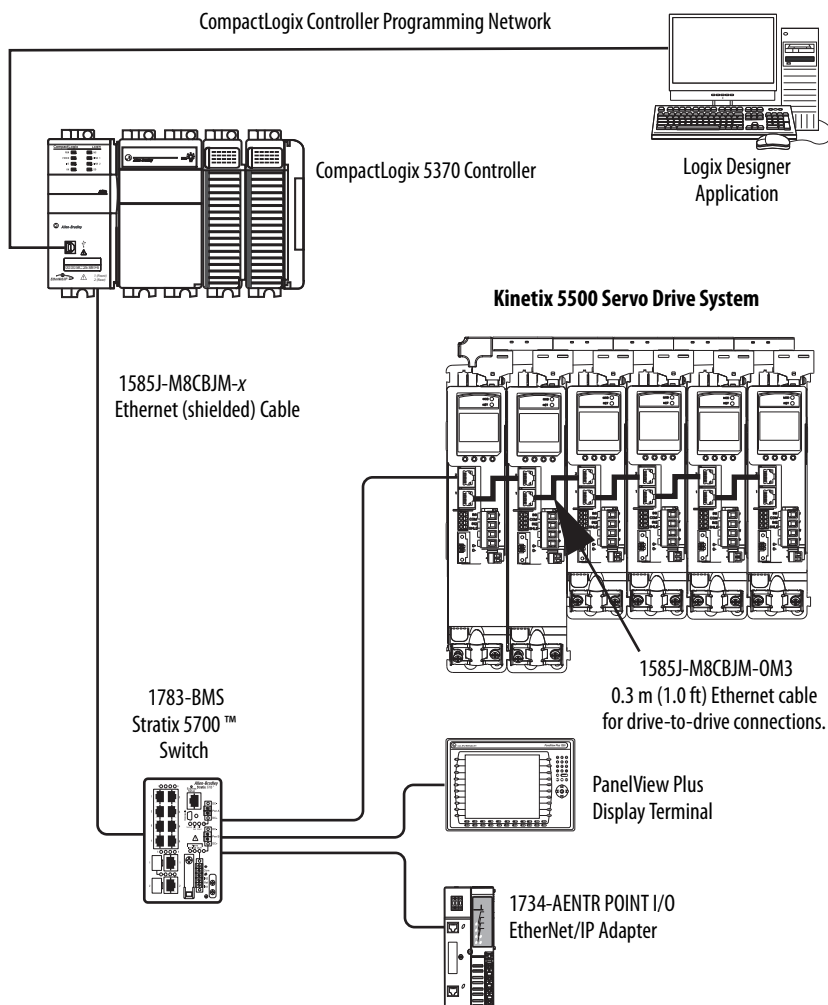


## Star Topology

In this example, the devices are connected by using star topology. Each device is connected directly to the switch.

Kinetix 5500 drives have dual ports, so linear topology is maintained from drive-to-drive, but Kinetix 5500 drives and other devices operate independently. The loss of one device does not impact the operation of other devices.

**Figure 8 - Kinetix 5500 Star Communication Installation**



## Catalog Number Explanation

Kinetix 5500 drive catalog numbers and performance descriptions.

**Table 2 - Kinetix 5500 Drive Catalog Numbers**

Cat. No.	Frame Size	Input Voltage	Continuous Output Power kW	Continuous Output Current A 0-pk
2198-H003-ERS	1	195...264V rms, single-phase 195...264V rms, three-phase 324...528V rms, three-phase	0.2 kW 0.3 kW 0.6 kW	1.4
2198-H008-ERS			0.5 kW 0.8 kW 1.6 kW	3.5
2198-H015-ERS	2	195...264V rms, single-phase 195...264V rms, three-phase 324...528V rms, three-phase	1.0 kW 1.5 kW 3.2 kW	7.1
2198-H025-ERS			2.4 kW 5.1 kW	11.3
2198-H040-ERS		195...264V rms, three-phase 324...528V rms, three-phase	4.0 kW 8.3 kW	18.4
2198-H070-ERS	3		7.0 kW 14.6 kW	32.5

**Table 3 - Drive Components Catalog Numbers**

Capacitor Module Cat. No.	Frame Size	Rated Voltage	Capacitance
2198-CAPMOD-1300	2	650V DC, nom	1360 µF, min

**Table 4 - Shared-bus Connector Kit Catalog Numbers**

Cat. No.	Frame Size	Application	Description
2198-H040-ADP-IN	Frame 1 or 2	First drive	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mains AC input wiring connector</li> <li>24V DC input wiring connector</li> <li>DC bus T-connector</li> </ul>
2198-H040-A-T	Next drive is... Frame 1 drives: 2198-H003-ERS 2198-H008-ERS Frame 2 drives: 2198-H015-ERS 2198-H025-ERS 2198-H040-ERS	AC sharing only	AC bus T-connector
2198-H040-D-T		DC sharing only	DC bus T-connector
2198-H040-P-T		Control power sharing only	Control power T-connector
2198-H040-AD-T		AC and DC bus sharing	AC and DC bus T-connectors
2198-H040-AP-T		AC and control power sharing	AC and control power T-connectors
2198-H040-DP-T		DC and control power sharing	DC and control power T-connectors
2198-H040-ADP-T		AC, DC, and control power sharing	AC, DC, and control power T-connectors
2198-H070-ADP-IN	Frame 3 drive: 2198-H070-ERS	First drive	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mains AC input wiring connector</li> <li>24V DC input wiring connector</li> <li>DC bus T-connector</li> </ul>
2198-H070-A-T	Next drive is... Frame 3 drives: 2198-H070-ERS	AC sharing only	AC bus T-connector
2198-H070-D-T		DC sharing only	DC bus T-connector
2198-H070-P-T		Control power sharing only	Control power T-connector
2198-H070-AD-T		AC and DC bus sharing	AC and DC bus T-connectors
2198-H070-AP-T		AC and control power sharing	AC and control power T-connectors
2198-H070-DP-T		DC and control power sharing	DC and control power T-connectors
2198-H070-ADP-T		AC, DC, and control power sharing	AC, DC, and control power T-connectors

## Agency Compliance

If this product is installed within the European Union and has the CE mark, the following regulations apply.



**ATTENTION:** Meeting CE requires a grounded system, and the method of grounding the AC line filter and drive must match. Failure to do this renders the filter ineffective and can cause damage to the filter. For grounding examples, refer to [Grounded Power Configurations](#) on [page 65](#).

For more information on electrical noise reduction, refer to the System Design for Control of Electrical Noise Reference Manual, publication [GMC-RM001](#).

To meet CE requirements, these requirements apply:

- Install an AC line filter (catalog number 2198-DBxx-F) for input power as close to the Kinetix 5500 drive as possible.
- Bond drive, capacitor module, and line filter grounding screws by using a braided ground strap as shown in [Figure 36 on page 69](#).
- Use Bulletin 2090 single motor cables with Kinetix VP servo motors. Use Bulletin 2090 motor power/brake and feedback cables for other compatible Allen-Bradley® motors and actuators.
- Combined motor cable length for all axes on the same DC bus must not exceed 250 m (820 ft). Drive-to-motor cables must not exceed 50 m (164 ft); however, use of continuous-flex cable and 2198-H2DCK converter kit limits the maximum length.

**Table 5 - Drive-to-Motor Maximum Cable Length**

Kinetix 5500 Servo Drive Cat. No.	Kinetix VP Servo Motors		Other Compatible Rotary Motors and Linear Actuators <sup>(1)</sup>
	Standard (non-flex) Cables <sup>(2)</sup> (cat. no. 2090-CSxM1DF-xxAAxx) m (ft)	Continuous-flex Cables (cat. no. 2090-CSBM1DF-xxAFxx) m (ft)	Motor Power/brake Cables (cat. no. 2090-CPxM7DF-xxAxxx) Feedback Cables (cat. no. 2090-CFBM7DF-CEAxxx) m (ft)
2198-H003-ERS 2198-H008-ERS	50 (164)	30 (98.4)	20 (65.6)
2198-H015-ERS 2198-H025-ERS 2198-H040-ERS	50 (164)		
2198-H070-ERS	50 (164)		

(1) Requires use of the 2198-H2DCK Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit.

(2) Can be used to replace Bulletin 2090 motor power/brake cables in 2198-H2DCK converter kit applications to increase the maximum length up to 50 m (164 ft).

- Install the Kinetix 5500 system inside an approved enclosure. Run input power wiring in conduit (grounded to the enclosure) outside of the enclosure. Separate signal and power cables.
- Segregate input power wiring from control wiring and motor cables.

Refer to Appendix A on [page 153](#) for input power wiring and drive/motor interconnect diagrams.

## Planning the Kinetix 5500 Drive System Installation

This chapter describes system installation guidelines used in preparation for mounting your Kinetix 5500 drive components.

Topic	Page
System Design Guidelines	26
Electrical Noise Reduction	32



**ATTENTION:** Plan the installation of your system so that you can perform all cutting, drilling, tapping, and welding with the system removed from the enclosure. Because the system is of the open type construction, be careful to keep metal debris from falling into it. Metal debris or other foreign matter can become lodged in the circuitry and result in damage to the components.

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## System Design Guidelines

Use the information in this section when designing your enclosure and planning to mount your system components on the panel.

For on-line product selection and system configuration tools, including AutoCAD (DXF) drawings of the product, refer to <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/en/c-tools>.

## System Mounting Requirements

- To comply with UL and CE requirements, the Kinetix 5500 drive systems must be enclosed in a grounded conductive enclosure offering protection as defined in standard EN 60529 (IEC 529) to IP54 such that they are not accessible to an operator or unskilled person. A NEMA 4X enclosure exceeds these requirements providing protection to IP66.
- The panel you install inside the enclosure for mounting your system components must be on a flat, rigid, vertical surface that won't be subjected to shock, vibration, moisture, oil mist, dust, or corrosive vapors.
- Size the drive enclosure so as not to exceed the maximum ambient temperature rating. Consider heat dissipation specifications for all drive components.
- Combined motor power cable length for all axes on the same DC bus must not exceed 250 m (820 ft). Drive-to-motor cables must not exceed 50 m (164 ft), however use of continuous-flex cable and 2198-H2DCK converter kit limits the maximum length. Refer to [Table 5](#) on [page 24](#) for specifications by frame size.

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<b>IMPORTANT</b>	System performance was tested at these cable length specifications. These limitations also apply when meeting CE requirements.
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- Ethernet cable lengths connecting drive-to-drive, drive-to-controller, or drive-to-switch must not exceed 100 m (328 ft).
- Registration and digital input cables greater than 30 m (98.4 ft) must be shielded.
- Segregate input power wiring from control wiring and motor cables.
- Use high-frequency (HF) bonding techniques to connect the modules, enclosure, machine frame, and motor housing, and to provide a low-impedance return path for high-frequency (HF) energy and reduce electrical noise.

Bond drive, capacitor module, and line filter grounding screws by using a braided ground strap as shown in [Figure 36](#) on [page 69](#).

Refer to the System Design for Control of Electrical Noise Reference Manual, publication [GMC-RM001](#), to better understand the concept of electrical noise reduction.

## Transformer Selection

The servo drive does not require an isolation transformer for three-phase input power. However, a transformer can be required to match the voltage requirements of the drive to the available service.

To size a transformer for the main AC power inputs, refer to the Kinetix 5500 power specifications in the Kinetix Servo Drives Technical Data, publication [GMC-TD003](#).

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<b>IMPORTANT</b>	When using an autotransformer, make sure that the phase to neutral/ground voltage does not exceed the input voltage ratings of the drive.
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<b>IMPORTANT</b>	Use a form factor of 1.5 for three-phase power (where form factor is used to compensate for transformer, drive module, and motor losses, and to account for utilization in the intermittent operating area of the torque speed curve).
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<b>IMPORTANT</b>	150 KVA, max and 3% impedance, min
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<b>EXAMPLE</b>	Sizing a transformer to the voltage requirements of this drive: 2198-H040-ERS = 8.4 kW = 12.6 KVA transformer.
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## Circuit Breaker/Fuse Selection

The Kinetix 5500 drives use internal solid-state motor short-circuit protection and, when protected by suitable branch circuit protection, are rated for use on a circuit capable of delivering up to 150,000 A.

While circuit breakers offer some convenience, there are limitations for their use. Circuit breakers do not handle high current inrush as well as fuses.

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<b>IMPORTANT</b>	UL has not approved circuit breakers for use as branch circuit protection for Kinetix 5500 drive systems.
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Make sure the selected components are properly coordinated and meet acceptable codes including any requirements for branch circuit protection. Evaluation of the short-circuit available current is critical and must be kept below the short-circuit current rating of the circuit breaker.

Refer to [Power Wiring Examples](#), on [page 154](#), for the wiring diagram.



**ATTENTION:** Do not use circuit protection devices on the output of an AC drive as an isolating disconnect switch or motor overload device. These devices are designed to operate on sine wave voltage and the drive's PWM waveform does not allow it to operate properly. As a result, damage to the device occurs.

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### Standalone Drive Systems

**Table 6 - Fuse Selection (Bussmann part numbers)**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	Three-phase	Single-phase
2198-H003-ERS	KTk-R-3	KTk-R-2
2198-H008-ERS	KTk-R-7	KTk-R-5
2198-H015-ERS	KTk-R-15	KTk-R-10
2198-H025-ERS	KTk-R-20	N/A
2198-H040-ERS	KTk-R-25	
2198-H070-ERS	LPJ-35SP	

**Table 7 - Circuit Breaker Selection (Allen-Bradley catalog numbers)**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	Three-phase <sup>(1)</sup>	Single-phase <sup>(1)</sup>
2198-H003-ERS	140U-D6D3-B20	140U-D6D2-B10
2198-H008-ERS	140U-D6D3-B60	140U-D6D2-B20
2198-H015-ERS	140U-D6D3-C12	140U-D6D2-B80
2198-H025-ERS	140U-D6D3-C20	N/A
2198-H040-ERS	140U-D6D3-C25	
2198-H070-ERS	N/A	

(1) UL has not approved circuit breakers for use as branch circuit protection for Kinetix 5500 drive systems.

### Shared DC (common-bus) Drive Systems

**Table 8 - Fuse Selection (Bussmann part numbers)**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	Three-phase
2198-H003-ERS	KTk-R-10
2198-H008-ERS	
2198-H015-ERS	KTk-R-15
2198-H025-ERS	KTk-R-20
2198-H040-ERS	KTk-R-25
2198-H070-ERS	LPJ-35SP

**Table 9 - Circuit Breaker Selection (Allen-Bradley catalog numbers)**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	Three-phase <sup>(1)</sup>
2198-H003-ERS	N/A
2198-H008-ERS	
2198-H015-ERS	140U-D6D3-C15
2198-H025-ERS	140U-D6D3-C20
2198-H040-ERS	140U-D6D3-C25
2198-H070-ERS	N/A

(1) UL has not approved circuit breakers for use as branch circuit protection for Kinetix 5500 drive systems.



*Shared AC Drive Systems***Table 10 - Fuse Selection (Bussmann part numbers)**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	2 Axes	3 Axes	4 Axes	5 Axes
2198-H003-ERS	KTK-R-15			
2198-H008-ERS	KTK-R-15			
2198-H015-ERS	KTK-R-20	KTK-R-25	N/A	
2198-H025-ERS	KTK-R-30		N/A	
2198-H040-ERS	LPJ-35SP	LPJ-45SP	N/A	
2198-H070-ERS	LPJ-60SP	N/A		

**Table 11 - Circuit Breaker Selection (Allen-Bradley catalog numbers)**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	2 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>	3 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>	4 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>	5 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>
2198-H003-ERS	N/A			
2198-H008-ERS				
2198-H015-ERS	140U-D6D3-C15	140U-D6D3-C20	N/A	
2198-H025-ERS	140U-D6D3-C25	140U-D6D3-C30	N/A	
2198-H040-ERS	N/A			
2198-H070-ERS	N/A			

(1) UL has not approved circuit breakers for use as branch circuit protection for Kinetix 5500 drive systems.

*Shared AC/DC and Hybrid Systems***Table 12 - Fuse Selection (Bussmann part numbers)**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	2 Axes	3 Axes	4 Axes	5 Axes	6 Axes	7 Axes	8 Axes
2198-H003-ERS	KTK-R-10					KTK-R-15	
2198-H008-ERS	KTK-R-15				KTK-R-20		
2198-H015-ERS	KTK-R-20			N/A			
2198-H025-ERS	KTK-R-30			N/A			
2198-H040-ERS	KTK-R-30	LPJ-45SP	LPJ-50SP	N/A			
2198-H070-ERS	LPJ-50SP	N/A					

**Table 13 - Circuit Breaker Selection (Allen-Bradley catalog numbers)**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	2 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>	3 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>	4 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>	5 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>	6 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>	7 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>	8 Axes <sup>(1)</sup>
2198-H003-ERS	N/A						
2198-H008-ERS	N/A						
2198-H015-ERS	140U-D6D3-C15	140U-D6D3-C20		N/A			
2198-H025-ERS	140U-D6D3-C20	140U-D6D3-C30		N/A			
2198-H040-ERS	140U-D6D3-C30	N/A					
2198-H070-ERS	N/A						

(1) UL has not approved circuit breakers for use as branch circuit protection for Kinetix 5500 drive systems.

## Enclosure Selection

This example is provided to assist you in sizing an enclosure for your Kinetix 5500 drive system. You need heat dissipation data from all components planned for your enclosure to calculate the enclosure size (refer to [Table 14](#)).

With no active method of heat dissipation (such as fans or air conditioning) either of the following approximate equations can be used.

Metric	Standard English
$A = \frac{0.38Q}{1.8T - 1.1}$	$A = \frac{4.08Q}{T - 1.1}$
Where T is temperature difference between inside air and outside ambient (°C), Q is heat generated in enclosure (Watts), and A is enclosure surface area (m <sup>2</sup> ). The exterior surface of all six sides of an enclosure is calculated as	Where T is temperature difference between inside air and outside ambient (°F), Q is heat generated in enclosure (Watts), and A is enclosure surface area (ft <sup>2</sup> ). The exterior surface of all six sides of an enclosure is calculated as
$A = 2dw + 2dh + 2wh$	$A = (2dw + 2dh + 2wh) / 144$
Where d (depth), w (width), and h (height) are in meters.	Where d (depth), w (width), and h (height) are in inches.

If the maximum ambient rating of the Kinetix 5500 drive system is 50 °C (122 °F) and if the maximum environmental temperature is 20 °C (68 °F), then T=30. In this example, the total heat dissipation is 416 W (sum of all components in enclosure). So, in the equation below, T=30 and Q=416.

$$A = \frac{0.38 (416)}{1.8 (30) - 1.1} = 2.99 \text{ m}^2$$

In this example, the enclosure must have an exterior surface of at least 2.99 m<sup>2</sup>. If any portion of the enclosure is not able to transfer heat, do not include that value in the calculation.

Because the minimum cabinet depth to house the Kinetix 5500 system (selected for this example) is 300 mm (11.8 in.), the cabinet needs to be approximately 1500 x 700 x 300 mm (59.0 x 27.6 x 11.8 in.) HxWxD.

$$1.5 \times (0.300 \times 0.70) + 1.5 \times (0.300 \times 2.0) + 1.5 \times (0.70 \times 2.0) = 3.31 \text{ m}^2$$

Because this cabinet size is considerably larger than what is necessary to house the system components, it can be more efficient to provide a means of cooling in a smaller cabinet. Contact your cabinet manufacturer for options available to cool your cabinet.

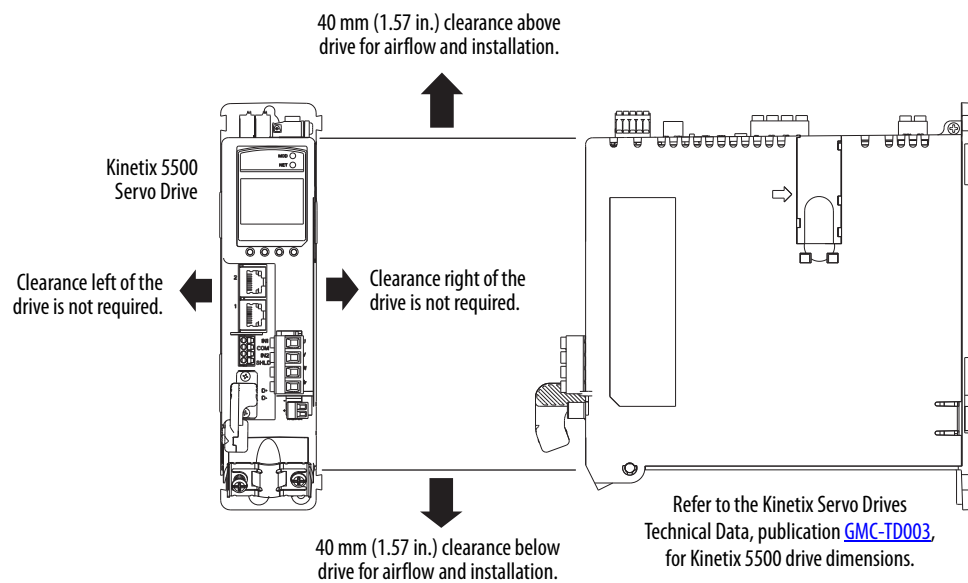
**Table 14 - Power Dissipation Specifications**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	Frame Size	Usage as % of Rated Power Output (watts)				
		20%	40%	60%	80%	100%
2198-H003-ERS	1	12	25	37	50	62
2198-H008-ERS						
2198-H015-ERS	2	40	80	120	160	200
2198-H025-ERS						
2198-H040-ERS						
2198-H070-ERS	3	64	128	192	256	320

## Minimum Clearance Requirements

This section provides information to assist you in sizing your cabinet and positioning your Kinetix 5500 drive:

- Additional clearance is required for cables and wires or the shared-bus connection system connected to the top of the drive.
- Additional clearance is required if other devices are installed above and/or below the drive and have clearance requirements of their own.
- Additional clearance left and right of the drive is required when mounted adjacent to noise sensitive equipment or clean wire ways.
- The recommended minimum cabinet depth is 300 mm (11.81 in.).

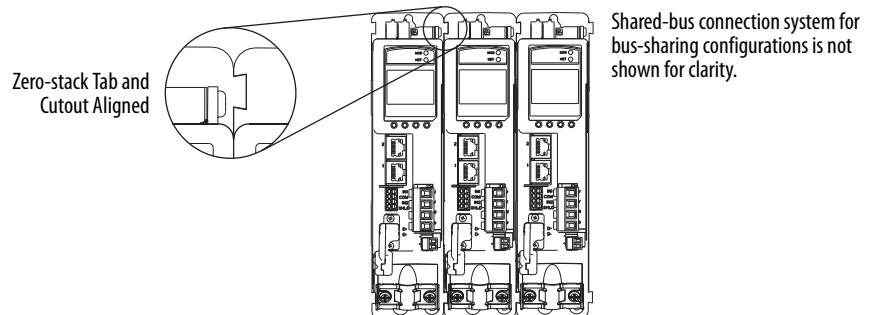
**Figure 9 - Minimum Clearance Requirements**

### IMPORTANT

Mount the drive in an upright position as shown. Do not mount the drive on its side.

In multi-axis shared-bus configurations, drives must be spaced by aligning the zero-stack tab and cutout.

**Figure 10 - Multi-axis Shared-bus Clearance Requirements**



## Electrical Noise Reduction

This section outlines best practices that minimize the possibility of noise-related failures as they apply specifically to Kinetix 5500 system installations. For more information on the concept of high-frequency (HF) bonding, the ground plane principle, and electrical noise reduction, refer to the System Design for Control of Electrical Noise Reference Manual, publication [GMC-RM001](#).

### Bonding Modules

Bonding is the practice of connecting metal chassis, assemblies, frames, shields, and enclosures to reduce the effects of electromagnetic interference (EMI).

Unless specified, most paints are not conductive and act as insulators. To achieve a good bond between power rail and the subpanel, surfaces need to be paint-free or plated. Bonding metal surfaces creates a low-impedance return path for high-frequency energy.

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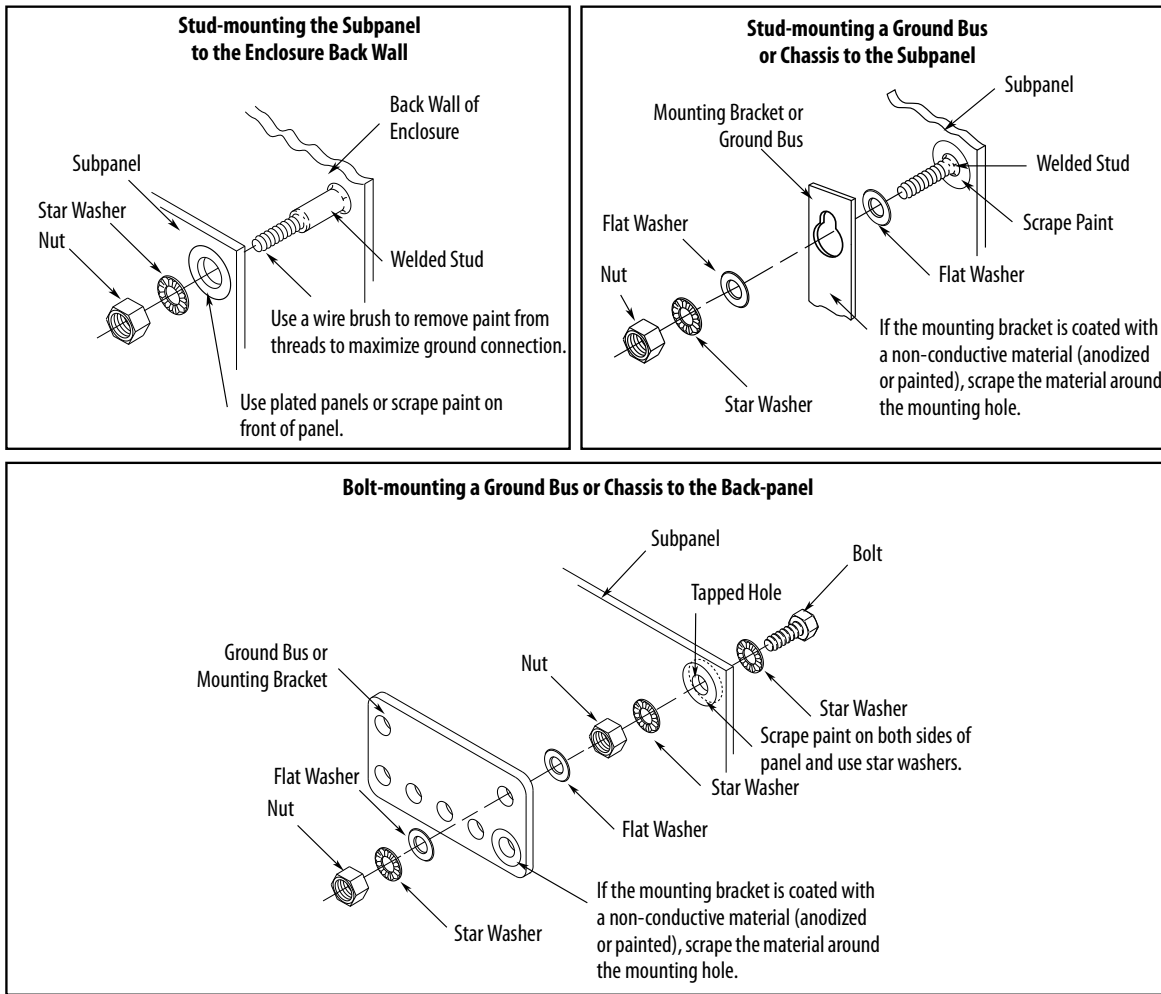
**IMPORTANT** To improve the bond between the power rail and subpanel, construct your subpanel out of zinc plated (paint-free) steel.

---

Improper bonding of metal surfaces blocks the direct return path and allows high-frequency energy to travel elsewhere in the cabinet. Excessive high-frequency energy can effect the operation of other microprocessor controlled equipment.

These illustrations show details of recommended bonding practices for painted panels, enclosures, and mounting brackets.

**Figure 11 - Recommended Bonding Practices for Painted Panels**

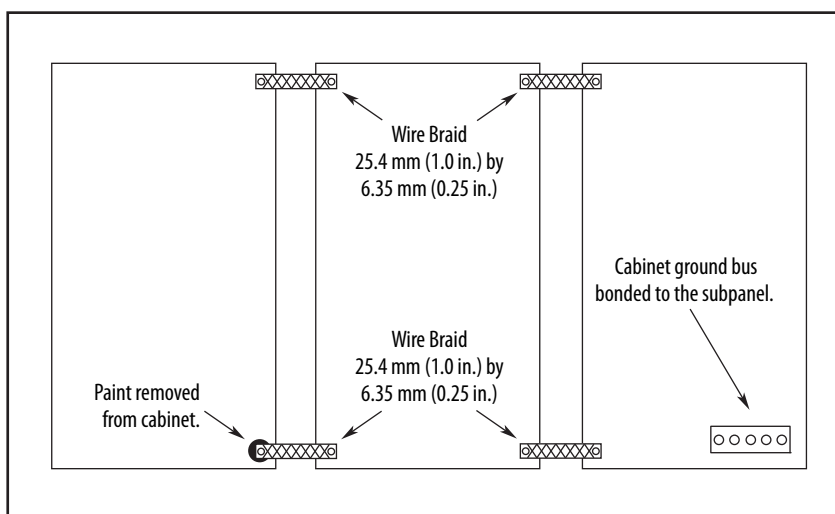


## Bonding Multiple Subpanels

Bonding multiple subpanels creates a common low impedance exit path for the high frequency energy inside the cabinet. Subpanels that are not bonded together do not necessarily share a common low impedance path. This difference in impedance can affect networks and other devices that span multiple panels:

- Bond the top and bottom of each subpanel to the cabinet by using 25.4 mm (1.0 in.) by 6.35 mm (0.25 in.) wire braid. As a rule, the wider and shorter the braid is, the better the bond.
- Scrape the paint from around each fastener to maximize metal-to-metal contact.

**Figure 12 - Multiple Subpanels and Cabinet Recommendations**

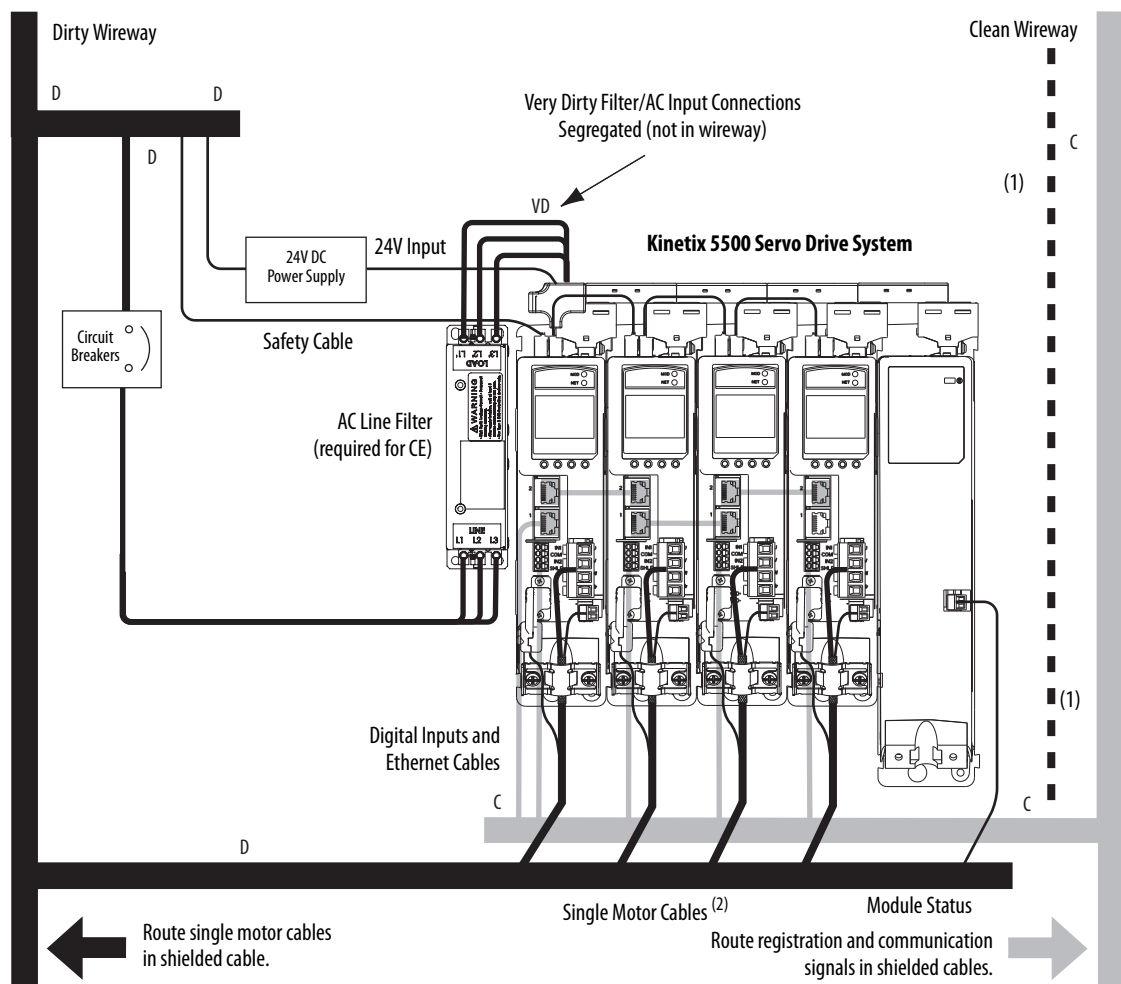


## Establishing Noise Zones

Observe these guidelines when routing cables used in the Kinetix 5500 system:

- The clean zone (C) is beneath the drive system and includes the digital inputs wiring and Ethernet cable (gray wireway).
- The dirty zone (D) is above and below the drive system (black wireways) and includes the circuit breakers, 24V DC power supply, safety, and motor cables.
- The very dirty zone (VD) is limited to where the AC line (EMC) filter VAC output jumpers over to the drive (or first drive in multi-axis systems). Shielded cable is required only if the very dirty cables enter a wireway.

**Figure 13 - Noise Zones**



(1) When space to the right of the drive does not permit 150 mm (6.0 in.) segregation, use a grounded steel shield instead. For examples, refer to the System Design for Control of Electrical Noise Reference Manual, publication [GMC-RM001](#).

(2) When 2198-H2DCK converter kit is used, feedback cable routes in the clean wireway.

## Cable Categories for Kinetix 5500 Systems

These tables indicate the zoning requirements of cables connecting to the Kinetix 5500 drive components.

**Table 15 - Kinetix 5500 Drive**

Wire/Cable	Connector	Zone			Method	
		Very Dirty	Dirty	Clean	Ferrite Sleeve	Shielded Cable
L1, L2, L3 (shielded cable)	IPD		X			X
L1, L2, L3 (unshielded cable)		X				
DC-/DC+ (DC bus)	DC	Bus-bar only, no wiring connector.				
DC+/SH (shunt)	RC		X			
U, V, W (motor power)	MP		X			X
Motor feedback <sup>(1)</sup>	MF		X			X
Motor brake	BC		X			X
24V DC	CP		X			
Safety enable for safe torque-off	STO		X			
Registration input, greater than 30 m (98.4 ft)	IOD			X		X
Registration input, less than 30 m (98.4 ft)				X		
Ethernet	PORT1 PORT2			X		X

(1) When the 2198-H2DCK converter kit is used, the feedback cable routes in the clean wireway.

**Table 16 - Capacitor Module**

Wire/Cable	Connector	Zone			Method	
		Very Dirty	Dirty	Clean	Ferrite Sleeve	Shielded Cable
DC-/DC+ (DC bus)	DC	Bus-bar only, no wiring connector.				
24V DC	CP	Bus-bar only, no wiring connector.				
Module status	MS		X			



## Noise Reduction Guidelines for Drive Accessories

Refer to this section when mounting an AC (EMC) line filter or external shunt resistor for guidelines designed to reduce system failures caused by excessive electrical noise.

### *AC Line Filters*

Observe these guidelines when mounting your AC (EMC) line filter (refer to the figure on [page 35](#) for an example):

- Mount the AC line filter on the same panel as the Kinetix 5500 drive and as close to the power rail as possible.
- Good HF bonding to the panel is critical. For painted panels, refer to the examples on [page 33](#).
- Segregate input and output wiring as far as possible.

---

<b>IMPORTANT</b>	CE test certification applies to only the AC line filter used with a single drive or the line filter used in multi-axis drive configurations. Sharing a line filter with more than one multi-axis drive configuration can perform satisfactorily, but the customer takes legal responsibility.
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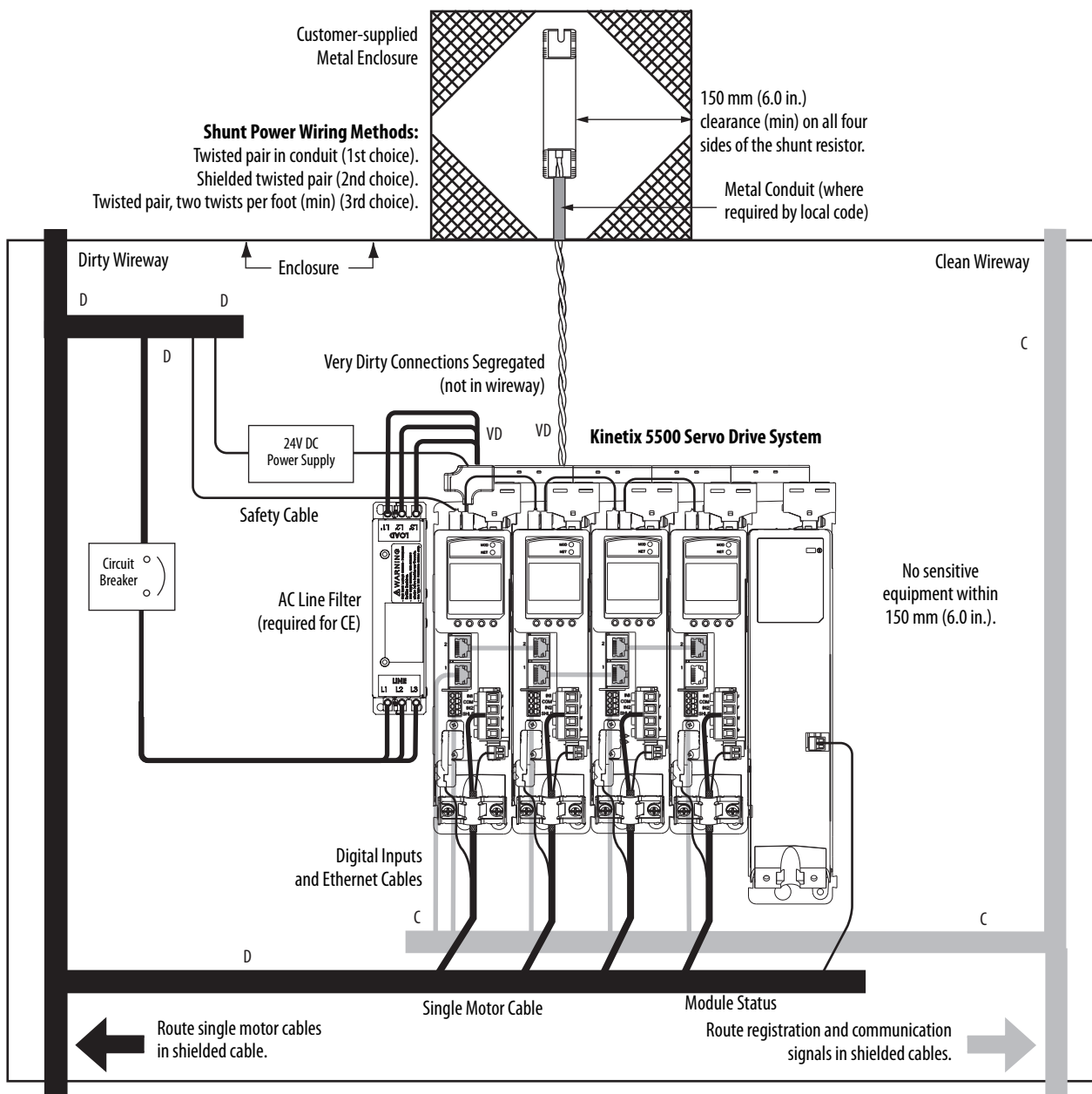
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### External Shunt Resistor

Observe these guidelines when mounting your external shunt resistor outside of the enclosure:

- Mount shunt resistor and wiring in the very dirty zone or in an external shielded enclosure.
- Mount resistors in a shielded and ventilated enclosure outside of the cabinet.
- Keep unshielded wiring as short as possible. Keep shunt wiring as flat to the cabinet as possible.

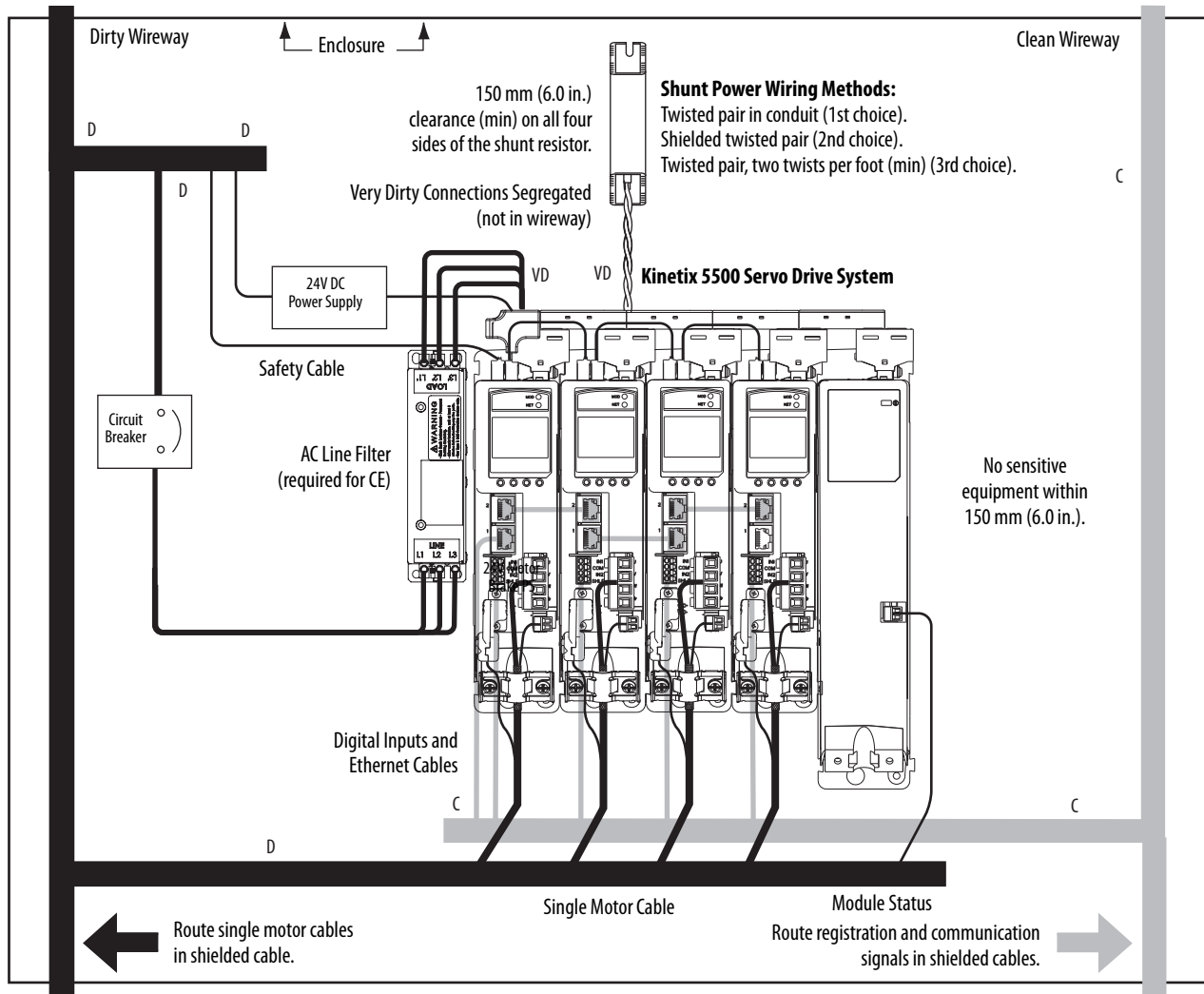
**Figure 14 - External Shunt Resistor Outside the Enclosure**



When mounting your shunt resistor inside the enclosure, follow these additional guidelines:

- Mount metal-clad modules anywhere in the dirty zone, but as close to the Kinetix 5500 drive as possible.
- Route shunt power wires with other very dirty wires.
- Keep unshielded wiring as short as possible. Keep shunt wiring as flat to the cabinet as possible.
- Separate shunt power cables from other sensitive, low voltage signal cables.

**Figure 15 - External Shunt Resistor Inside the Enclosure**



## **Notes:**

## Mounting the Kinetix 5500 Drive System

This chapter provides the system installation procedures for mounting your Kinetix 5500 drives to the system panel.

Topic	Page
Determining Mounting Order	42
Drilling Hole Patterns	45
Mount Your Kinetix 5500 Drive	52

This procedure assumes you have prepared your panel and understand how to bond your system. For installation instructions regarding equipment and accessories not included here, refer to the instructions that came with those products.



**SHOCK HAZARD:** To avoid hazard of electrical shock, perform all mounting and wiring of the Kinetix 5500 drives prior to applying power. Once power is applied, connector terminals can have voltage present even when not in use.



**ATTENTION:** Plan the installation of your system so that you can perform all cutting, drilling, tapping, and welding with the system removed from the enclosure. Because the system is of the open type construction, be careful to keep metal debris from falling into it. Metal debris or other foreign matter can become lodged in the circuitry and result in damage to the components.

## Determining Mounting Order

Mount drives in order (left to right) according to power rating (highest to lowest) starting with the highest power rating. If power rating is unknown, position drives (highest to lowest) from left to right based on amp rating.

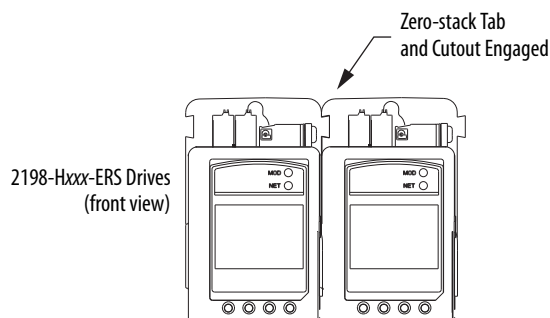
## Zero-stack Tab and Cutout

Engaging the zero-stack tab and cutout from drive-to-drive makes efficient use of panel space for installations with multiple drives.

### IMPORTANT

Engaging the zero-stack tab and cutout from drive-to-drive is required for shared-bus multi-axis drive systems. This is done to make sure the drive connectors are spaced properly to accept the shared-bus connection system.

**Figure 16 - Zero-stack Tab and Cutout Example**



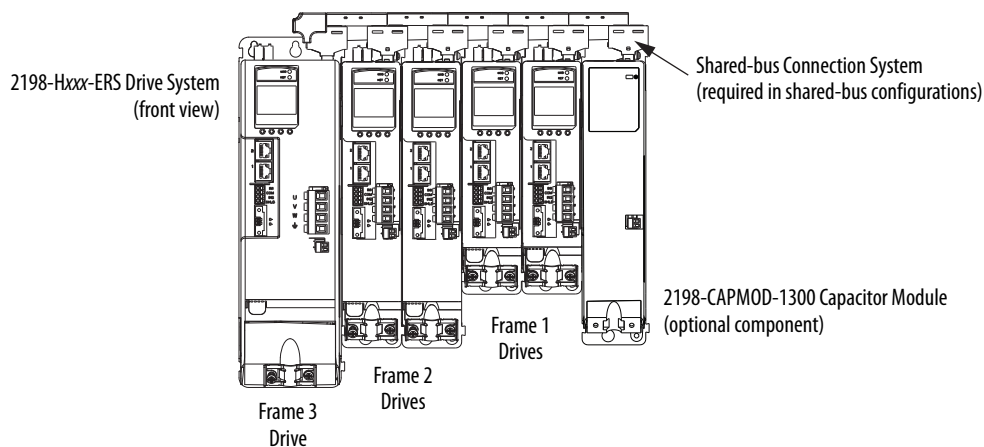
For the zero-stack feature to engage properly (when more than one frame size exists in the drive system) frame 3 drives must mount left of frame 1 or 2 drives, and frame 2 drives must mount left of frame 1 drives.

Capacitor modules can mount to the right of any frame size, but are always rightmost in any drive configuration.

### IMPORTANT

Mount drives in descending order, left to right, according to frame size with capacitor modules always mounted on the far right.

**Figure 17 - Shared-bus Connection System Example**



## Shared-bus Connection System

The shared-bus connection system is used to extend the mains AC input, 24V control input, and the DC bus power from drive-to-drive in shared-bus multi-axis configurations.

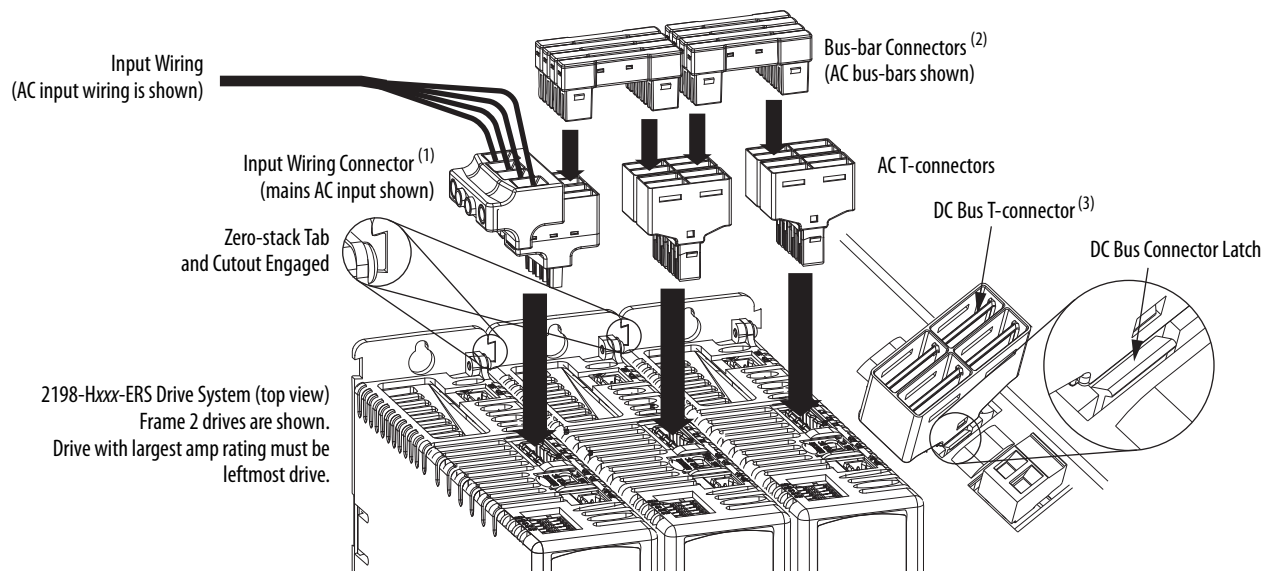
### IMPORTANT

When the shared-bus connection system is used, the zero-stack tab and cutout must be engaged between adjacent drives.

The connection system is comprised of three components:

- Input wiring connectors that plug into the leftmost drive and receive input wiring for mains AC and 24V DC.
- AC bus, DC bus, and 24V DC T-connectors that plug into the drives downstream from the first where AC, DC, and/or 24V control power is shared. DC bus T-connectors also plug into the first drive where DC bus power is shared.
- Bus bars that connect between drives to extend the mains AC bus, DC bus, and 24V DC control power from drive-to-drive.

**Figure 18 - Connection System Example**



- (1) Due to the higher amp rating of frame 3 drives, input wiring connectors for frame 3 drives (catalog number 2198-H070-ADP-IN) are slightly larger than connectors for frame 1 and 2 drives (catalog number 2198-H040-ADP-IN).
- (2) Due to the extra width of frame 3 drives, bus-bar connectors between frame 3 drives are slightly longer (85 mm) than connectors between frame 3, frame 2, and frame 1 drives (55 mm).
- (3) DC bus T-connectors latch on both sides when inserted into the drive. To remove the DC bus T-conductor, at least one latch must be pried away with a non-conductive probe.

The three components assemble from left to right across the drive system.

1. Attach wiring to input wiring connectors.
2. Insert input wiring connectors and T-connectors into the appropriate drive connectors.
3. Insert bus-bars to connect between wiring connectors and T-connectors.

## Single-axis Configurations

The following restrictions exist for standalone (single-axis) configurations:

- Standalone (single-axis) drives can be mounted to the panel individually or by using the zero-stack tab and cutout (refer to [Figure on page 43](#))
- The shared-bus connection system does not apply and must not be used

For a single-axis example configuration, refer to [Typical Kinetix 5500 Standalone Installation](#) on [page 15](#).

## Multi-axis Configurations

Each multi-axis configuration has restrictions that apply:

- The shared-bus connection system must be used. Do not attach discrete wires from drive-to-drive.
- The maximum number of drives in Shared AC bus power-sharing groups cannot exceed 5.
- The maximum number of drives in any other bus power-sharing group cannot exceed 8.

For a multi-axis example configuration, refer to [Typical Shared AC/DC Bus Hybrid Installations](#) on [page 19](#).



## Drilling Hole Patterns

Hole patterns for drives mounted in zero-stack or shared-bus configuration are provided for mounting your drives to the panel. Drives with the highest power rating are always mounted to the left of any drive with a lower power rating in shared-bus configurations:

- Frame 1 drives can be followed by only another frame 1 drive.
- Frame 2 drives can be followed by frame 1 drives or another frame 2 drive.
- Frame 3 drives can be followed by frame 1, frame 2, or another frame 3 drive.
- Mount Bulletin 2198 capacitor modules in the rightmost position.
  - Capacitor modules have the same hole pattern as frame 2 drives.
  - Only Shared DC, Shared AC/DC, and Shared AC/DC, hybrid configurations are compatible with Bulletin 2198 capacitor modules.

**Table 17 - Hole Pattern Overview**

Drive Cat. No.	Frame Size	Frame Size Patterns	Page
2198-H003-ERS 2198-H008-ERS	Frame 1	As many as eight frame 1 drives	47
2198-H015-ERS 2198-H025-ERS 2198-H040-ERS	Frame 2	As many as 8 frame 2 drives	
		One frame 2 drive followed by as many as seven frame 1 drives	48
2198-H070-ERS	Frame 3	As many as 8 frame 3 drives	49
		One frame 3 drive followed by as many as seven frame 1 drives	50
		One frame 3 drive followed by as many as seven frame 2 drives	51

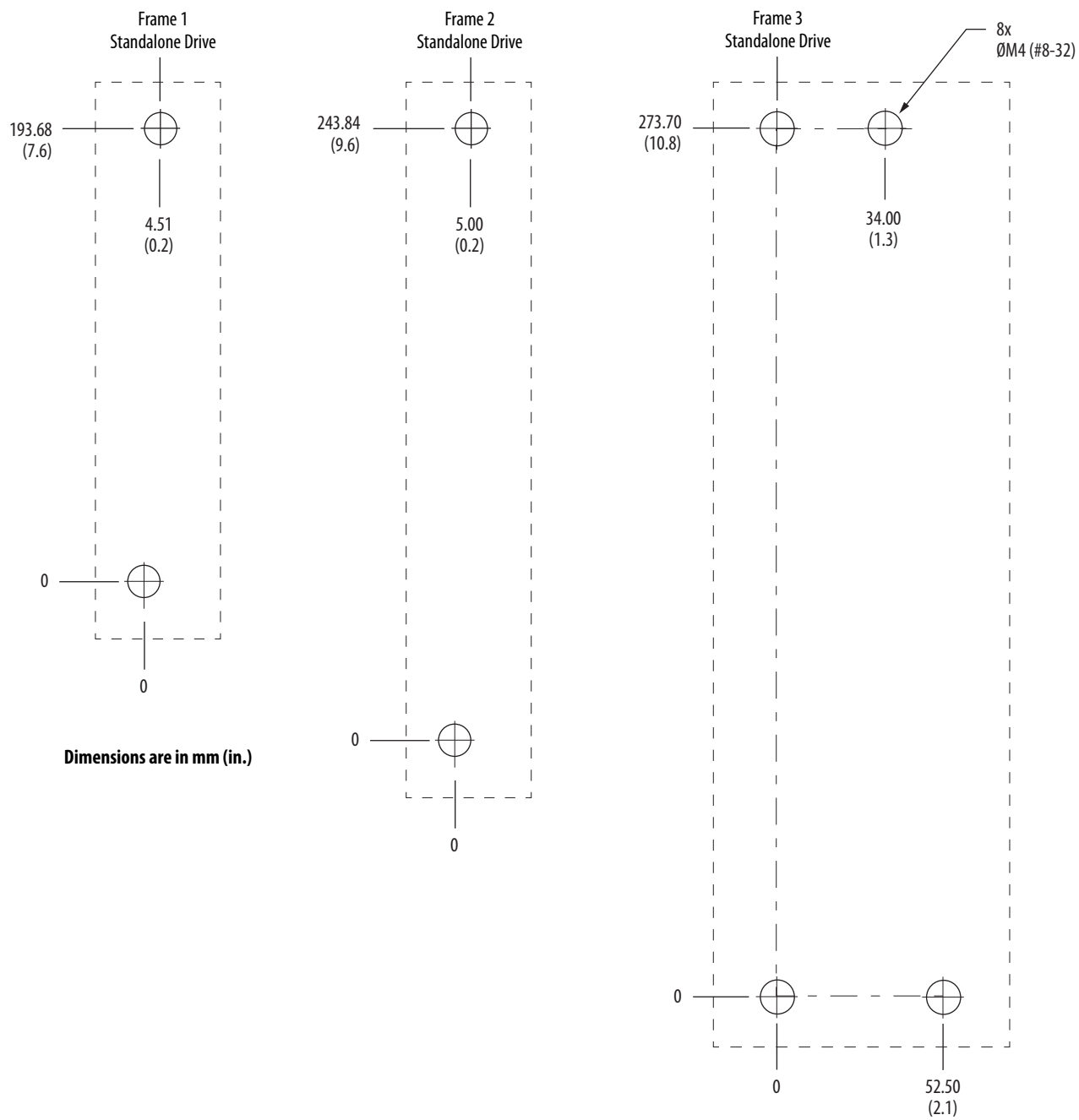
**Table 18 - Capacitor Module Support**

Drive Cat. No.	Frame Size	Standalone Single Phase Operation	Three-phase Operation			
			Standalone	Shared DC	Shared AC/DC	Shared AC/DC Hybrid
		Number of capacitor modules connected, max				
2198-H003-ERS <sup>(1)</sup>	1	0	0			
2198-H008-ERS <sup>(1)</sup>			1		2	
2198-H015-ERS <sup>(1)</sup>	2	N/A				
2198-H025-ERS						
2198-H040-ERS		3	4			
2198-H070-ERS						

(1) Catalog number 2198-H003-ERS and any drive in standalone single-phase operation is not compatible with the Kinetix 5500 capacitor module.

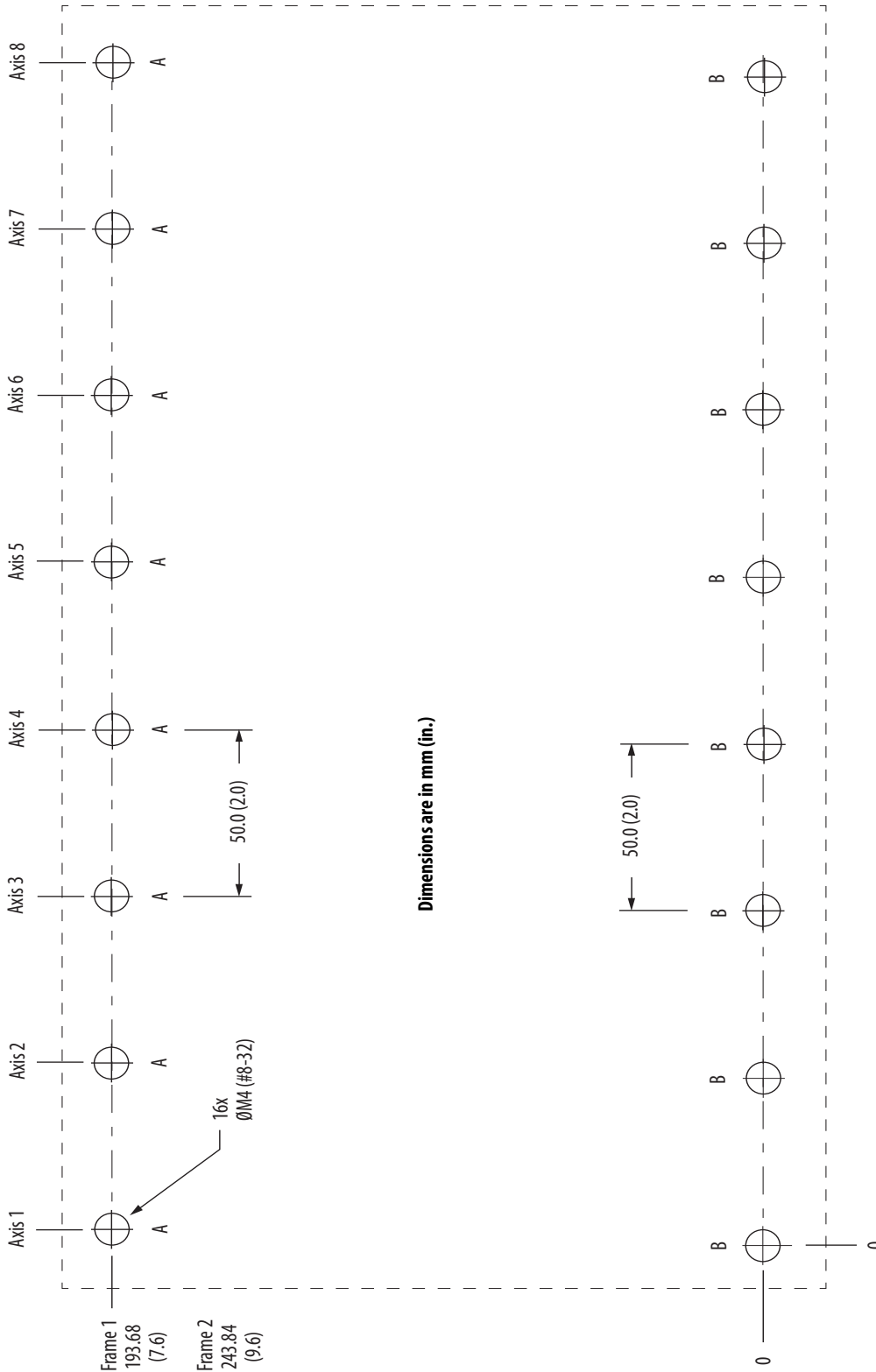
These hole patterns apply to standalone drives.

**Figure 19 - Frame 1, Frame 2, and Frame 3 Standalone Hole Patterns**



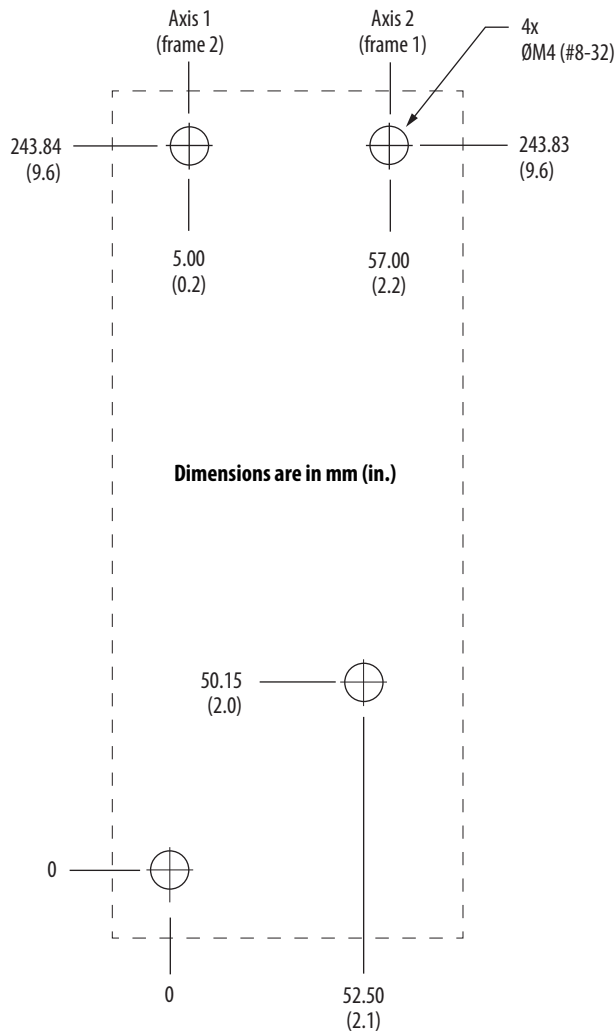
These hole patterns apply when all drives in the system are frame 1 or frame 2.  
There is 50 mm (2.0 in.) between mounting holes (A-to-A and B-to-B).

**Figure 20 - Frame 1 and Frame 2 Hole Patterns**



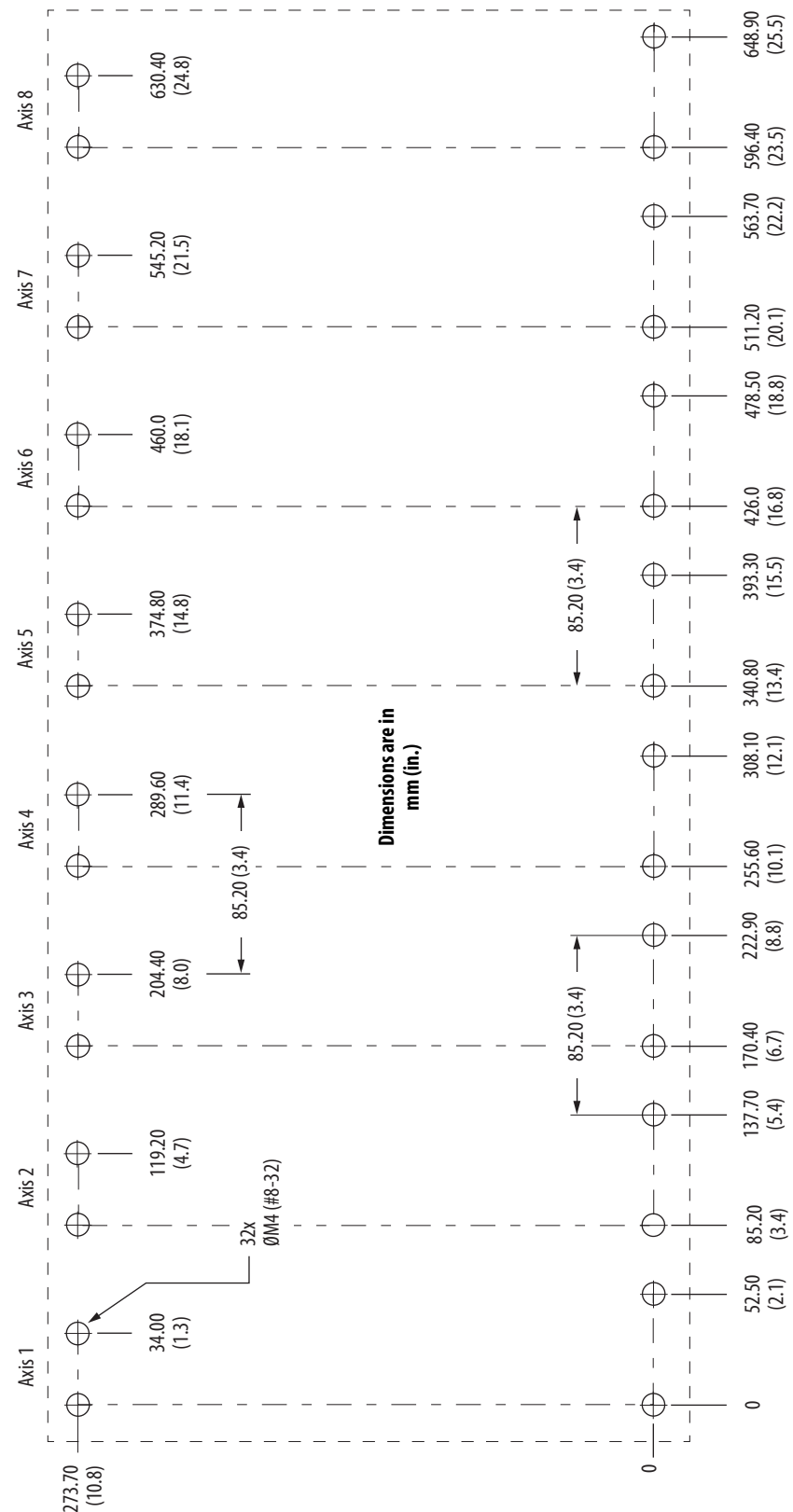
This hole pattern applies when transitioning from frame 2 drives to frame 1 drives. To mount additional frame 1 drives to the right of Axis 2 in this figure, refer to the frame 1 hole pattern in [Figure 20](#).

**Figure 21 - Frame 2 to Frame 1 Hole Pattern**



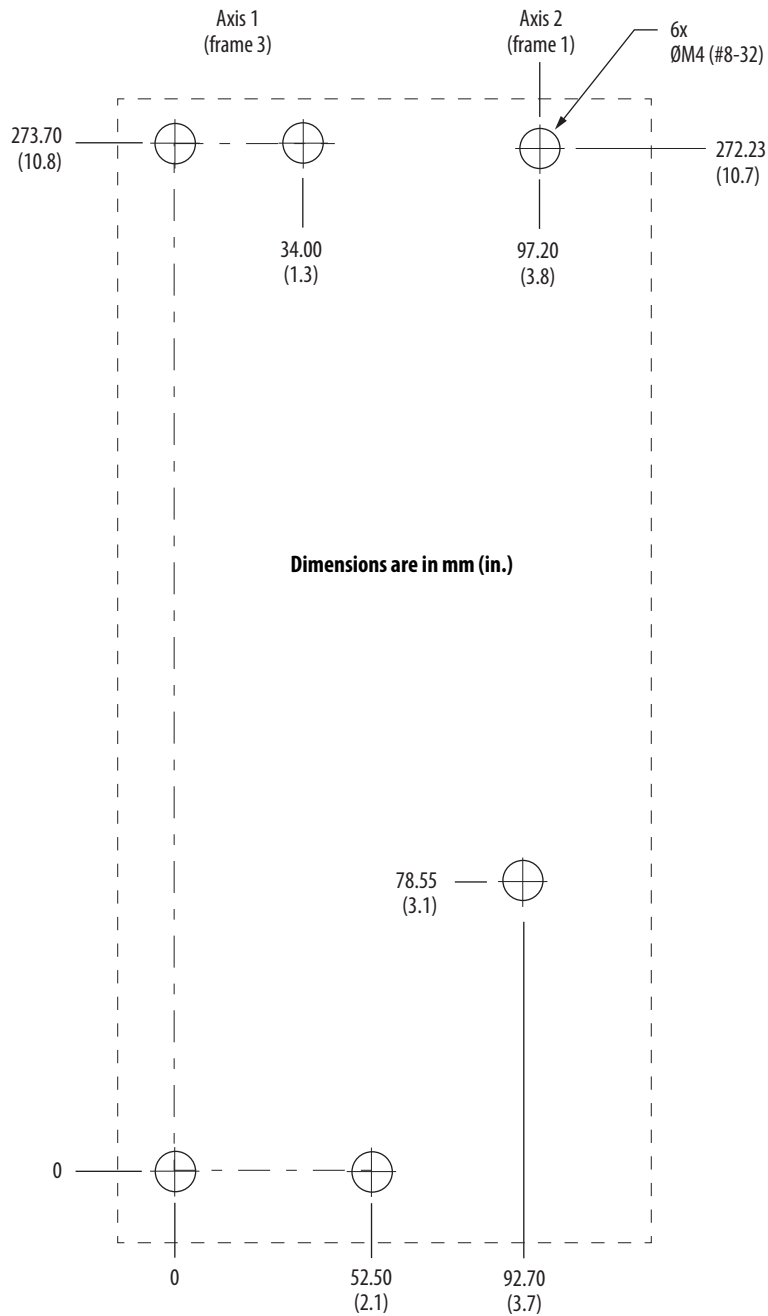
This hole pattern applies when all drives in the system are frame 3 drives. There is 85.20 mm (3.4 in.) between mounting holes, as shown.

**Figure 22 - Frame 3 Hole Pattern**



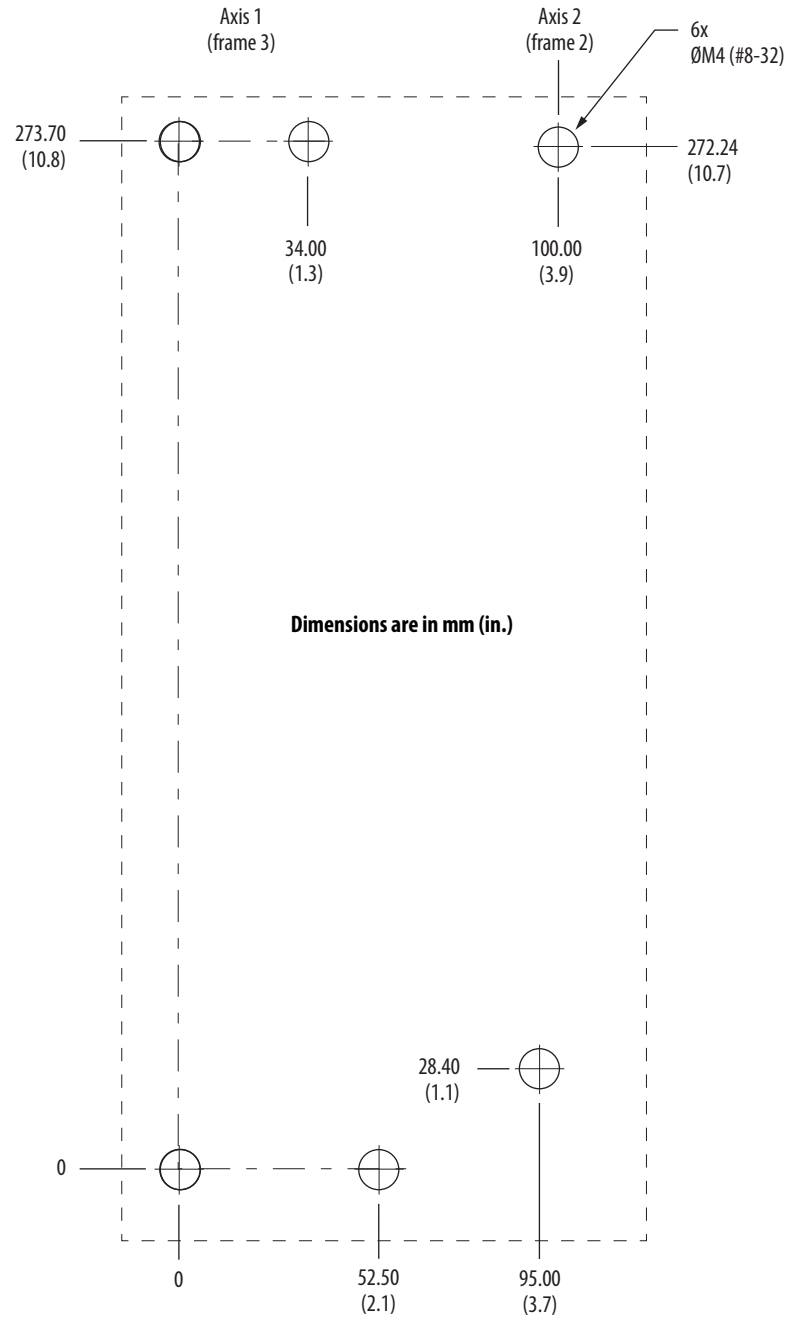
This hole pattern applies when transitioning from frame 3 drives to frame 1 drives. To mount additional frame 1 drives to the right of Axis 2 in this figure, refer to the frame 1 hole pattern in [Figure 20](#).

**Figure 23 - Frame 3 to Frame 1 Hole Pattern**



This hole pattern applies when transitioning from frame 3 drives to frame 2 drives. To mount additional frame 2 drives to the right of Axis 2 in this figure, refer to the frame 2 hole pattern in [Figure 20](#).

**Figure 24 - Frame 3 to Frame 2 Hole Pattern**



## Mount Your Kinetix 5500 Drive

This procedure assumes you have prepared your panel and understand how to bond your system. For installation instructions regarding other equipment and accessories, refer to the instructions that came with those products.

Follow these steps to mount your Kinetix 5500 drives to the panel.

1. Lay out the hole pattern for each Kinetix 5500 drive in the enclosure.

Refer to [Establishing Noise Zones](#) on [page 35](#) for panel layout recommendations.

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**IMPORTANT** To improve the bond between the Kinetix 5500 drive and subpanel, construct your subpanel out of zinc plated (paint-free) steel.

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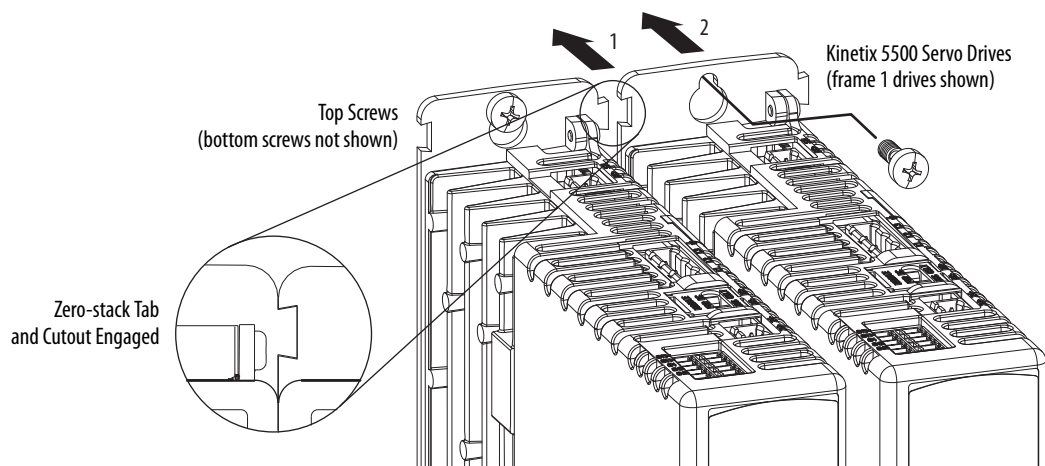
2. Drill holes in the panel for mounting your drive system.

Hole patterns, by frame size, are shown in [Drilling Hole Patterns](#) beginning on [page 45](#).

3. Loosely attach the mounting hardware to the panel.

The recommended mounting hardware is M4 (#8-32) steel bolts. Observe bonding techniques as described in [Bonding Modules](#) on [page 32](#).

4. Attach the leftmost drive to the cabinet panel.



5. Attach additional drives (if any) just to the right of the previous drive by using the same method, but also making sure the zero-stack tabs and cutouts are engaged.

Zero-stack mounting is required based on configuration, refer to the [Zero-stack Tab and Cutout Example](#) on [page 42](#).

6. Tighten all mounting fasteners.

Apply 2.0 N•m (17.7 lb•in) maximum torque to each fastener.



## Connector Data and Feature Descriptions

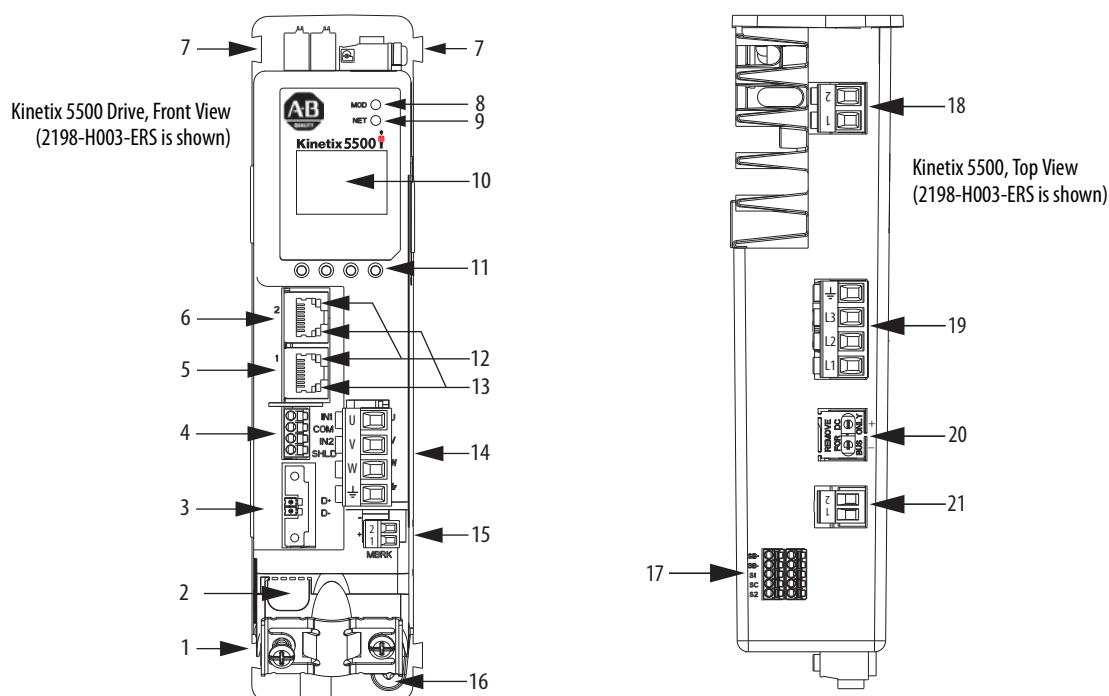
This chapter illustrates drive connectors and indicators, including connector pinouts, and provides descriptions for Kinetix 5500 drive features.

<b>Topic</b>	<b>Page</b>
Kinetix 5500 Connector Data	54
Understanding Control Signal Specifications	58
Feedback Specifications	61
Safe Torque-off Safety Features	61

## Kinetix 5500 Connector Data

Use these illustrations to identify the connectors and indicators for the Kinetix 5500 servo drives.

**Figure 25 - Kinetix 5500 Drive Features and Indicators**



Item	Description
1	Motor cable shield clamp
2	Converter kit mounting hole <sup>(1)</sup> (under cover)
3	Motor feedback (MF) connector
4	Digital inputs (IOD) connector
5	Ethernet (PORT1) RJ45 connector
6	Ethernet (PORT2) RJ45 connector
7	Zero-stack mounting tab/cutout

Item	Description
8	Module status indicator
9	Network status indicator
10	LCD display
11	Navigation pushbuttons
12	Link speed status indicators
13	Link/Activity status indicators
14	Motor power (MP) connector

Item	Description
15	Motor brake (BC) connector
16	Ground terminal
17	Safe torque-off (STO) connector
18	Shunt resistor (RC) connector
19	AC mains input power (IPD) connector
20	DC bus (DC) connector (under cover) <sup>(2)</sup>
21	24V control input power (CP) connector

(1) Protective knock-out covers the 2198-H2DCK Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit mounting hole. Remove knock-out for use with the converter kit.



(2) DC bus connector ships with protective knock-out cover that can be removed for use in shared-bus configurations.

## Safe Torque-off Connector Pinout

For the safe torque-off (STO) connector pinouts, feature descriptions, and wiring information, refer to [Chapter 9](#) beginning on [page 143](#).

## Input Power Connector Pinouts

**Table 19 - Mains Input Power Connector**

IPD Pin	Description	Signal
	Chassis ground	
L3	Three-phase input power	L3
L2		L2
L1		L1

**Table 20 - 24V Input Power Connector**

CP Pin	Description	Signal
1	24V power supply, customer supplied	24V+
2	24V common	24V-

## DC Bus and Shunt Resistor Connector Pinouts

**Table 21 - DC Bus Power Connector**

DC Pin	Description	Signal
1	DC bus connections	DC-
2		DC+

**Table 22 - Shunt Resistor Connector**

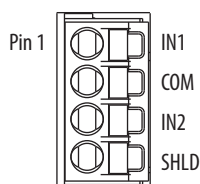
RC Pin	Description	Signal
1	Shunt connections (frames 2 and 3)	DC+
2		SH
1	Shunt connections (frame 1)	SH
2		DC+

## Digital Inputs Connector Pinout

IOD Pin	Description	Signal
1	High speed registration/home position input. A low/high or high/low transition triggers a registration event. This is a dual-function input.	IN1 <sup>(1)</sup>
2	I/O common for customer-supplied 24V supply.	COM
3	High speed registration input. A low/high or high/low transition triggers a registration event.	IN2
4	I/O cable shield termination point.	SHLD

(1) This signal has dual-functionality. You can use IN1 (IOD-1) as registration or Home input.

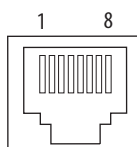
**Figure 26 - Pin Orientation for 4-pin Digital Inputs (IOD) Connector**



## Ethernet Communication Connector Pinout



Pin	Description	Signal
1	Transmit+	TD+
2	Transmit-	TD-
3	Receive+	RD+
4	Reserved	—
5	Reserved	—
6	Receive-	RD-
7	Reserved	—
8	Reserved	—

**Figure 27 - Pin Orientation for 8-pin Ethernet PORT1 and PORT2 Connectors**



## Motor Power, Brake, and Feedback Connector Pinouts

**Table 23 - Motor Power Connector**

MP Pin	Description	Signal	Color
U	Three-phase motor power	U	Brown
V		V	Black
W		W	Blue
	Chassis ground		Green

**IMPORTANT** Drive-to-motor power cables must not exceed 50 m (164 ft).  
System performance was tested at this cable length. These limitations also apply when meeting CE requirements.

**Table 24 - Motor Brake Connector**

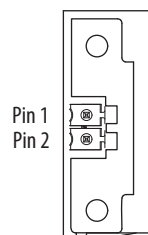
BC Pin	Description	Signal
1	Motor brake connections	MBRK+
2		MBRK-

## Motor Feedback Connector Pinout

MF Pin	Description	Signal
1	Bidirectional data and power for digital encoder interface	D+
2		D-
SHIELD	Cable shield and grounding plate (internal to 2198-KITCON-DSL connector kit) termination point.	SHIELD

**IMPORTANT** Drive-to-motor power cables must not exceed 50 m (164 ft).  
System performance was tested at these cable length specifications. These limitations also apply when meeting CE requirements.

**Figure 28 - Pin Orientation for 2-pin Motor Feedback (MF) Connector**



## Understanding Control Signal Specifications

This section provides a description of the Kinetix 5500 digital inputs, Ethernet communication, power and relay specifications, encoder feedback specifications, and safe torque-off features.

### Digital Inputs

Two digital inputs are available for the machine interface on the IOD connector. Digital inputs require a 24V DC @ 15 mA supply. These are sinking inputs that require a sourcing device. A common and cable shield connection is provided on the IOD connector for digital inputs.

The Registration 1 input is capable of dual functionality. You can also use this as the Home input. Configuration for dual functionality is not needed.

---

**IMPORTANT** To improve registration input EMC performance, refer to the System Design for Control of Electrical Noise Reference Manual, publication [GMC-RM001](#).

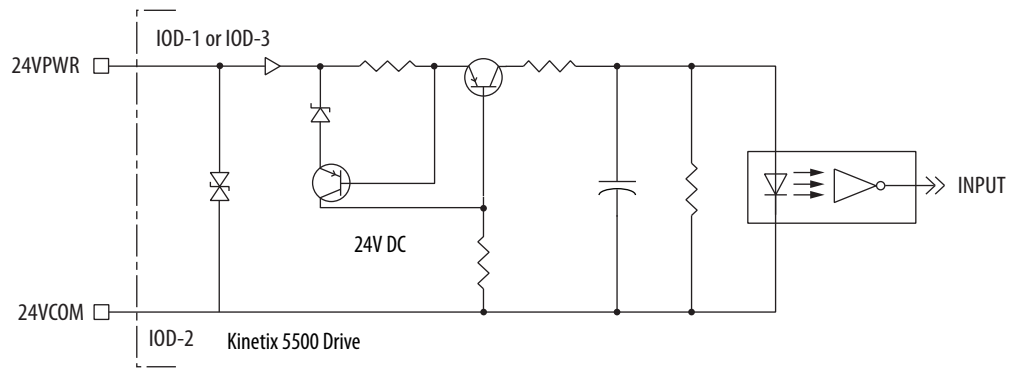
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**Table 25 - Understanding Digital Input Functions**

Function	Description	Default Behavior
Home/Reg1	An active state indicates to a homing sequence that the referencing sensor has been seen. Typically, a transition of this signal is used to establish a reference position for the machine axis.	The function is always inactive. You can enable in the Logix Designer application.
Registration 1	An inactive-to-active transition (also known as a positive transition) or active-to-inactive transition (also known as a negative transition) is used to latch position values for use in registration moves.	
Registration 2		

**Table 26 - Digital Input Specifications**

Attribute	Value
Type	Active high, single-ended, current sinking (EN 61131-2 Type 1)
Dedicated functions	Registration 1, Home, Registration 2
Input current (with 24V applied)	12 mA, typical
On-state input voltage	15...30V @ 15 mA, max
Off-state input voltage	-1.0...5.0V
Pulse reject filtering (registration functions)	12.0 µs
Pulse reject filtering (home input function) debounce filter	20 ms, nom
Propagation delay (registration functions)	0 (delay compensated)
Registration repeatability	700 ns
Windowed registration invalid-to-valid event delay	125 µs, min

**Figure 29 - Digital Input Circuitry**

## Ethernet Communication Specifications

The PORT1 and PORT2 (RJ45) Ethernet connectors are provided for communication with the Logix5000 controller.

Attribute	Value
Communication	The drive auto-negotiates speed and duplex modes. These modes can be forced through the Logix Designer application. 100BASE-TX, full duplex is recommended for maximum performance.
Cyclic update period	500 $\mu$ s, min
Embedded switch features	Three-port, cut-through, time correction on IEEE-1588 packets, limited filtering, quality of service with four priority levels
Auto MDI/MDIX crossover detection/correction	Yes
Port-to-port time synchronization variation	100 ns, max
Cabling	CAT5e shielded, 100 m (328 ft) max

### Motor Brake Circuit

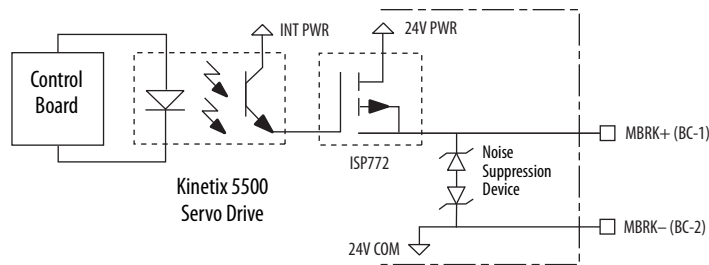
The customer-supplied 24V power supply drives the motor parking-brake output through a solid-state relay. The solid-state brake driver circuit provides the following:

- Brake thermal-overload protection
- Brake current-overload protection
- Brake over-voltage protection

Two connections (BC-1 and BC-2) are required for the motor brake output. Connections are rated for 2.0 A @ +24V (refer to [Figure 30](#)).

Control of the solid-state relay to release the motor brake is configurable in the Logix Designer application. An active signal releases the motor brake. Turn-on and turn-off delays are specified by the brake-active delay and brake-inactive delay (configurable in the Logix Designer application). Refer to Kinetix 5500 Drive and Motor/Actuator Wiring Examples beginning on [page 159](#) for wiring examples.

Figure 30 - Motor Brake Circuit



**IMPORTANT** Motor parking-brake switching frequency must not exceed 10 cycles/min.

### Control Power

The Kinetix 5500 drive requires 24V DC input power for control circuitry.

**IMPORTANT** SELV and PELV rated power supplies must be used to energize external safety devices connected to the Kinetix 5500 safety inputs.

The National Electrical Code and local electrical codes take precedence over the values and methods provided. Implementation of these codes is the responsibility of the machine builder.

Table 27 - Control Power Input Power Specifications

Attribute	Frame 1	Frame 2	Frame 3
Input voltage	21.6...26.4V DC		
Control power AC input current			
Nom @ 24V DC <sup>(1)</sup>	400 mA	800 mA	1.3 A
Inrush, max	2.0 A	3.0 A	3.0 A

(1) Plus BC connector (MBRK+) current.



## Feedback Specifications

The Kinetix 5500 drive accepts motor feedback signals from Stegmann Hiperface digital servo link (DSL) encoders.

Kinetix 5500 drive and Kinetix VP motor combinations use single-motor-cable technology with motor power, feedback, and brake wires (when specified) housed in a single cable. Feedback and brake wires are shielded separately and each provide a shield braid for grounding in the motor cable clamp.

**TIP** Auto-configuration in the Logix Designer application of intelligent absolute, high-resolution, and incremental encoders is possible with only Allen-Bradley motors.

**Table 28 - Stegmann Hiperface DSL Specifications**

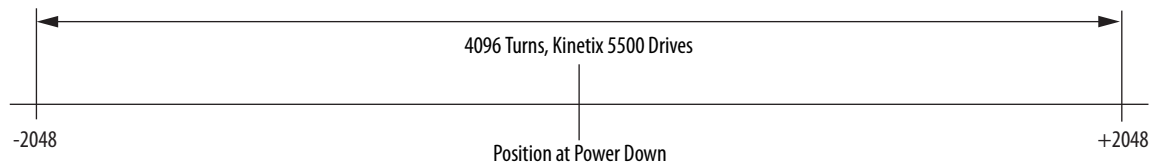
Attribute	Value
Protocol	Hiperface DSL
Memory support	Programmed with Allen-Bradley motor data
Hiperface data communication	9.375 Mbits/s

Allen-Bradley motors and actuators with Stegmann Hiperface single-turn or multi-turn high-resolution absolute encoders are also accepted, but only when using drive firmware revision 2.001 or later and the 2198-H2DCK Hiperface to DSL feedback converter for Hiperface-to-DSL conversion.

## Absolute Position Feature

The drive's absolute position feature tracks the position of the motor, within the multi-turn retention limits, while the drive is powered off. The absolute position feature is available only with multi-turn (-P) encoders, for example, motor catalog number VPL-Bxxxxx-P.

**Figure 31 - Absolute Position Retention Limits**



## Safe Torque-off Safety Features

Kinetix 5500 drives have the capability to safely turn off the inverter power transistors in response to a monitored digital input, according to Category 0 Stop behavior. These drives support parallel input terminals for cascading to adjacent drives over duplex wiring.

For applications that do not require the safety function you must install jumper wires to bypass the safe torque-off feature. Refer to [Chapter 9](#) on [page 143](#) for the STO connector pinout, installation, and wiring information.

## **Notes:**

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## Connecting the Kinetix 5500 Drive System

This chapter provides procedures for wiring your Kinetix 5500 system components and making cable connections.

<b>Topic</b>	<b>Page</b>
Basic Wiring Requirements	64
Determine the Input Power Configuration	65
Removing the Grounding Screws in Ungrounded Power Configurations	67
Grounding the Drive System	69
Wiring Requirements	71
Wiring Guidelines	72
Wiring the Power Connectors	73
Wiring the Digital Input Connectors	74
Wiring Kinetix VP Motors	75
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Capacitor Module Connections	89
External Shunt Resistor Connections	90
Ethernet Cable Connections	91

## Basic Wiring Requirements

This section contains basic wiring information for the Kinetix 5500 drives.



**ATTENTION:** Plan the installation of your system so that you can perform all cutting, drilling, tapping, and welding with the system removed from the enclosure. Because the system is of the open type construction, be careful to keep metal debris from falling into it. Metal debris or other foreign matter can become lodged in the circuitry and result in damage to components.



**SHOCK HAZARD:** To avoid hazard of electrical shock, perform all mounting and wiring of the Bulletin 2198 drive modules prior to applying power. Once power is applied, connector terminals can have voltage present even when not in use.

### IMPORTANT

This section contains common PWM servo system wiring configurations, size, and practices that can be used in a majority of applications. National Electrical Code, local electrical codes, special operating temperatures, duty cycles, or system configurations take precedence over the values and methods provided.

## Routing the Power and Signal Cables

Be aware that when you route power and signal wiring on a machine or system, radiated noise from nearby relays, transformers, and other electronic devices can be induced into I/O communication, or other sensitive low voltage signals. This can cause system faults and communication anomalies.

The Bulletin 2090 single motor cable contains the power, brake, and feedback wires, but is properly shielded to protect the noise-sensitive feedback signals.

Refer to [Electrical Noise Reduction](#) on [page 32](#) for examples of routing high and low voltage cables in wireways. Refer to the System Design for Control of Electrical Noise Reference Manual, publication [GMC-RM001](#), for more information.

## Determine the Input Power Configuration

Before wiring input power to your Kinetix 5500 system, you must determine the type of input power you are connecting to. The drive is designed to operate in both grounded and ungrounded environments.



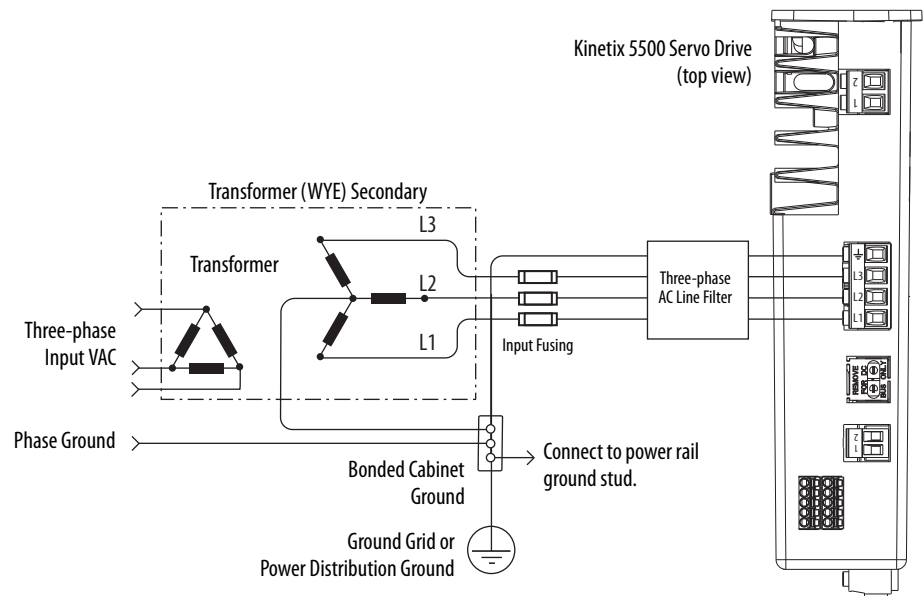
**ATTENTION:** Ungrounded and corner-grounded input power configurations are permitted, but you must remove the ground screws.

Refer to [Removing the Grounding Screws in Ungrounded Power Configurations](#) on [page 67](#) for more information.

## Grounded Power Configurations

The grounded (WYE) power configuration lets you ground your three-phase power at a neutral point. This type of grounded power configuration is preferred.

**Figure 32 - Grounded Power Configuration (WYE Secondary)**

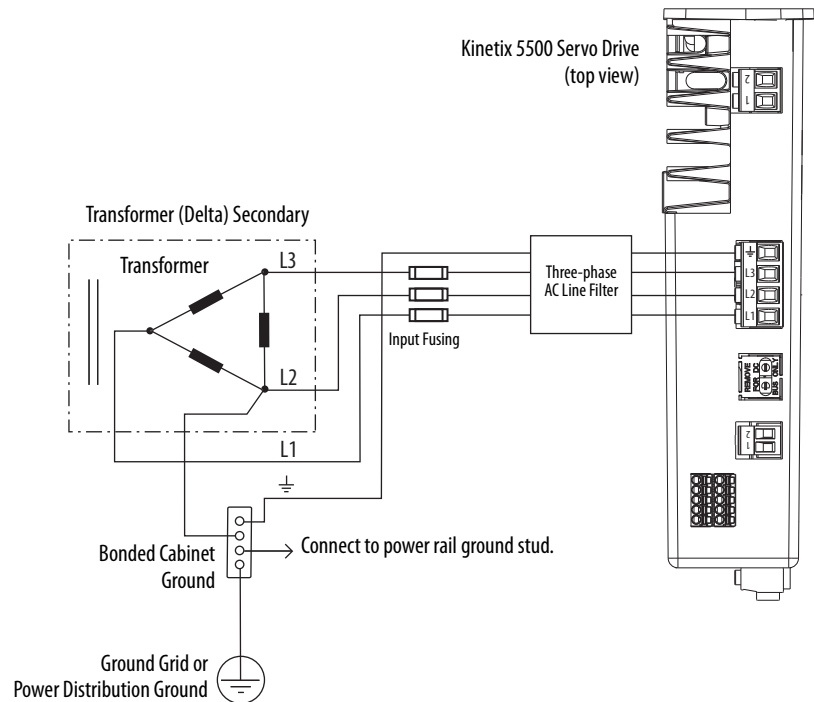


The Kinetix 5500 drive has factory-installed grounding screws for grounded power distribution.

**IMPORTANT** If you determine that you have grounded power distribution in your plant, you do not need to remove the grounding screws.

Refer to [Power Wiring Examples](#) beginning on [page 154](#) for input power interconnect diagrams.

**Figure 33 - Corner Grounded (B-phase) Power Configuration (Delta Secondary)**



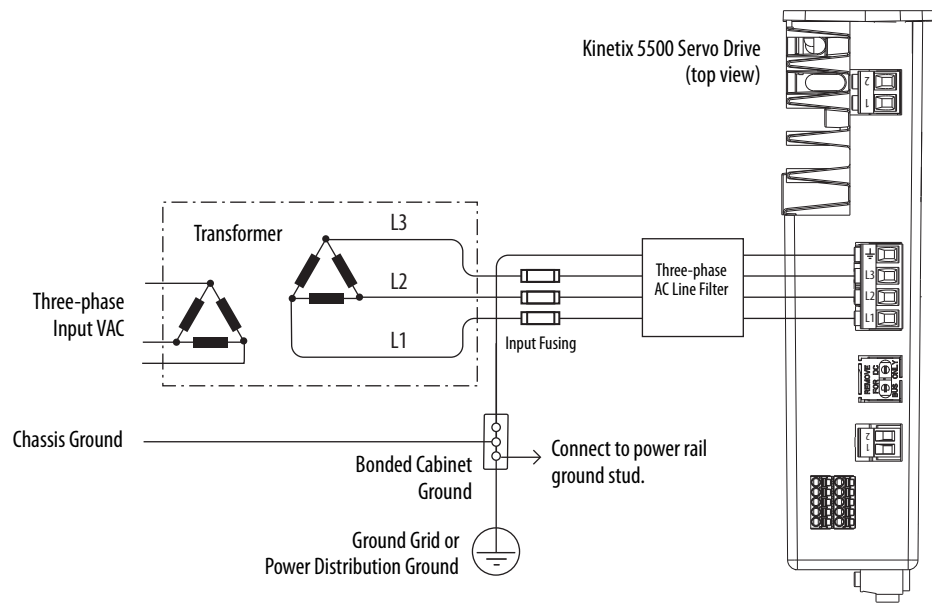
**IMPORTANT** Even though corner-grounded power configurations have a ground connection, treat them as ungrounded when installing Kinetix 5500 drive systems.

Refer to [Power Wiring Examples](#) beginning on [page 154](#) for input power interconnect diagrams.

## Ungrounded Power Configurations

The ungrounded power configuration ([Figure 34](#)) does not provide a neutral ground point.

**IMPORTANT** If you determine that you have ungrounded or high-impedance grounded power distribution in your facility, you need to remove the grounding screws. Refer to [Removing the Grounding Screws in Ungrounded Power Configurations](#) on [page 67](#) for more information.

**Figure 34 - Ungrounded Power Configuration**

**ATTENTION:** Ungrounded systems do not reference each phase potential to a power distribution ground. This can result in an unknown potential to earth ground.

Refer to [Power Wiring Examples](#) beginning on [page 154](#) for input power interconnect diagrams.

## Removing the Grounding Screws in Ungrounded Power Configurations

Removing the grounding screws is necessary only when using ungrounded or corner-ground power configurations. Removing the screws involves gaining access, opening the sliding door, and removing the screws.

**IMPORTANT** If you have grounded power distribution, you do not need to remove the grounding screws. Go to [Grounding the Drive System](#) on [page 69](#).

**IMPORTANT** Removing the grounding screws can affect EMC performance.

Removing the grounding screws in multi-axis configurations is best done when the drive is removed from the panel and placed on its side on a solid surface equipped as a grounded static-safe workstation.

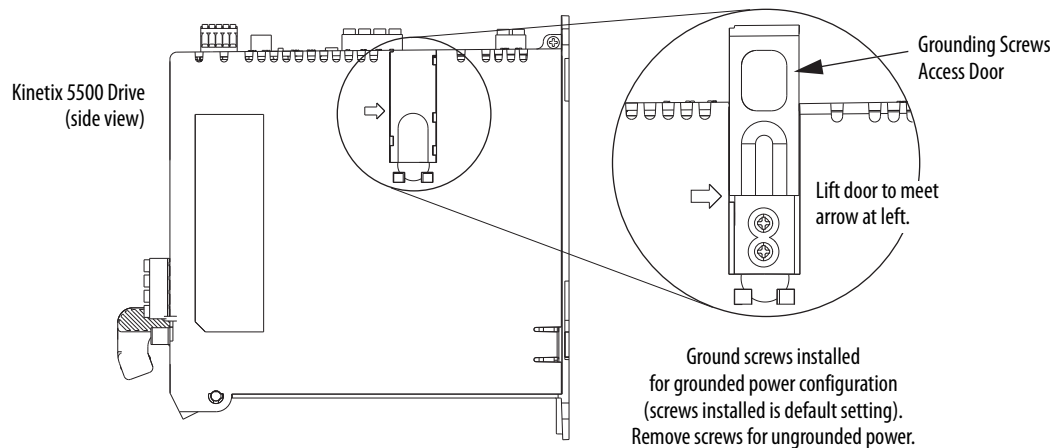


**ATTENTION:** By removing the grounding screws for ungrounded power configurations, you no longer maintain line-to-neutral voltage protection.



**ATTENTION:** This drive contains electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive parts and assemblies. You are required to follow static-control precautions when you install, test, service, or repair this assembly. If you do not follow ESD control procedures, components can be damaged. If you are not familiar with static control procedures, refer to Guarding Against Electrostatic Damage, publication [8000-4.5.2](#), or any other applicable ESD awareness handbook.

**Figure 35 - Removing the Ground Screws**



**ATTENTION:** Risk of equipment damage exists. The drive ground configuration must be accurately determined. Leave the grounding screws installed for grounded power configurations (default). Remove the screws for ungrounded power.

**Table 29 - Grounding Screw Configurations**

Ground Configuration	Example Diagram	Grounding Screw Configuration	Benefits of Correct Configuration
Grounded (wye)	<a href="#">Figure 32 on page 65</a>	Both screws installed (default setting)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>UL and EMC compliance</li> <li>Reduced electrical noise</li> <li>Most stable operation</li> <li>Reduced voltage stress on components and motor bearings</li> </ul>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>B-phase corner ground</li> <li>AC fed ungrounded</li> </ul>	<a href="#">Figure 33 on page 66</a> <a href="#">Figure 34 on page 67</a>	Both screws removed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Helps avoid severe equipment damage when ground faults occurs</li> <li>Reduced leakage current</li> </ul>



## Grounding the Drive System

All equipment and components of a machine or process system must have a common earth ground point connected to chassis. A grounded system provides a ground path for protection against electrical shock. Grounding your drives and panels minimize the shock hazard to personnel and damage to equipment caused by short circuits, transient overvoltages, and accidental connection of energized conductors to the equipment chassis.



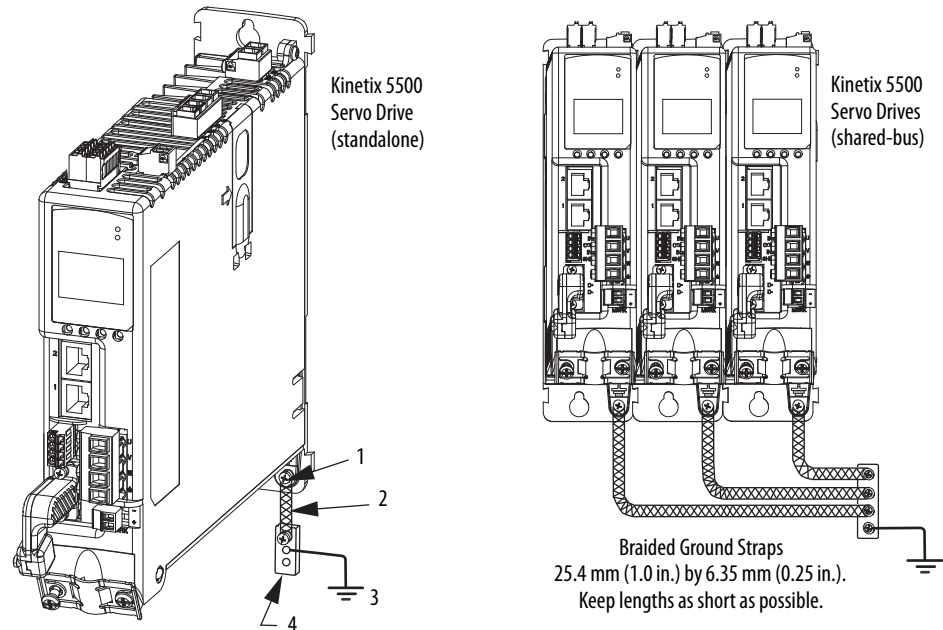
**ATTENTION:** The National Electrical Code contains grounding requirements, conventions, and definitions. Follow all applicable local codes and regulations to safely ground your system.

For CE grounding requirements, refer to [Agency Compliance](#) on [page 24](#).

### Ground the System Subpanel

Ground Kinetix 5500 drives and 2198-CAPMOD-1300 capacitor modules to a bonded cabinet ground bus with a braided ground strap or 4.0 mm<sup>2</sup> (12 AWG) copper wire.

**Figure 36 - Connecting the Ground Terminal**



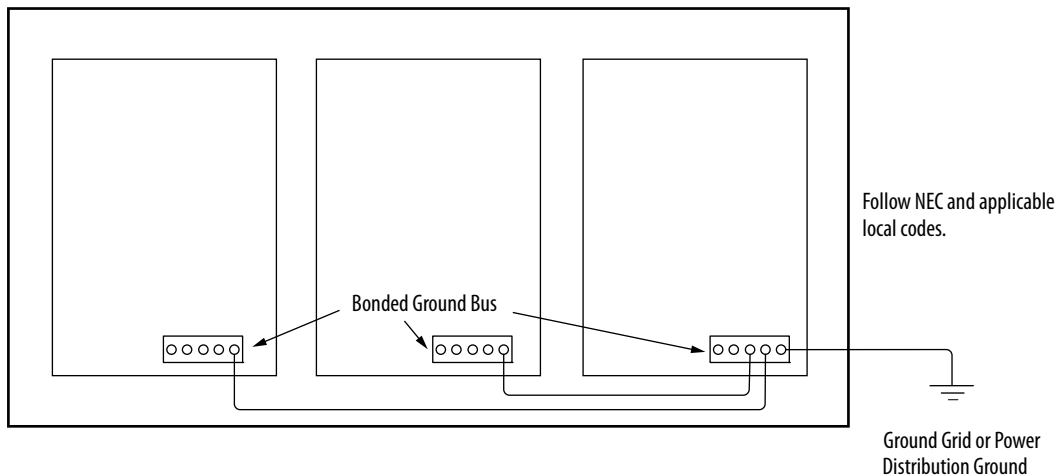
Item	Description
1	Ground screw (green) 2.0 N•m (17.7 lb•in), max
2	Braided ground strap (customer supplied)
3	Ground grid or power distribution ground
4	Bonded cabinet ground bus (customer supplied)

Refer to the System Design for Control of Electrical Noise Reference Manual, publication [GMC-RM001](#), for more information.

## Ground Multiple Subpanels

In this figure, the chassis ground is extended to multiple subpanels.

**Figure 37 - Subpanels Connected to a Single Ground Point**



High-frequency (HF) bonding is not illustrated. For HF bonding information, refer to [Bonding Multiple Subpanels](#) on [page 34](#).





## Wiring Requirements

Wires must be copper with 75 °C (167 °F) minimum rating. Phasing of main AC power is arbitrary and earth ground connection is required for safe and proper operation.

Refer to [Power Wiring Examples](#) on [page 154](#) for interconnect diagrams.

**IMPORTANT** The National Electrical Code and local electrical codes take precedence over the values and methods provided.

**Table 30 - Power and I/O Wiring Requirements**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	Description	Connects to Terminals		Wire Size AWG	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N·m (lb·in)
		Pin	Signal			
2198-H003-ERS 2198-H008-ERS 2198-H015-ERS 2198-H025-ERS 2198-H040-ERS	Mains input power	 L3 L2 L1	 L3 L2 L1	1.5...4 (16...12)	8.0 (0.31)	0.5...0.6 (4.4...5.3)
2198-H070-ERS				1.5...6 (16...10)	10.0 (0.39)	
2198-H003-ERS 2198-H008-ERS 2198-H015-ERS 2198-H025-ERS 2198-H040-ERS	Motor power	U V W 	U V W 	Motor power cable depends on motor/drive combination. 0.75...2.5 <sup>(1)</sup> (18...14)	8.0 (0.31)	0.5...0.6 (4.4...5.3)
2198-H070-ERS				2.5...6 <sup>(1)</sup> (14...10)	10.0 (0.39)	
2198-xxxx-ERS	PELV/SELV 24V power	CP-1 CP-2	24V+ 24V-	2.5...0.5 (14...20)	7.0 (0.28)	0.22...0.25 (1.9...2.2)
	Brake power	BC-1 BC-2	MBRK+ MBRK-	N/A		
	DC Bus power	DC-1 DC-2	DC- DC+	N/A <sup>(2)</sup>	N/A <sup>(2)</sup>	N/A <sup>(2)</sup>
	Shunt resistor (frame 2 and 3)	RC-1 RC-2	DC+ SH	4...0.5 (12...20)	8.0 (0.31)	0.5...0.6 (4.4...5.3)
	Shunt resistor (frame 1)	RC-1 RC-2	SH DC+			
	Safety	STO-1 STO-2 STO-3 STO-4 STO-5	SB+ SB- S1 SC S2	1.5...0.2 (16...24)	10.0 (0.39)	N/A
	Digital inputs	IOD-1 IOD-2 IOD-3 IOD-4	IN1 <sup>(3)</sup> COM IN2 SHLD	1.5...0.2 (16...24)	10.0 (0.39)	N/A

(1) Building your own cables or using third-party cables is not an option. Use single motor cable catalog number 2090-CSxM1DF-xxAAxx. Refer to the Kinetix Motion Accessories Specifications Technical Data, publication [GMC-TD004](#), for cable specifications.

(2) DC bus connections are always made from drive-to-drive over the bus bar connection system. These terminals do not receive discrete wires.

(3) This signal has dual-functionality. You can use IN1 (IOD-1) as registration or Home input.



**ATTENTION:** To avoid personal injury and/or equipment damage, observe the following:

- Make sure installation complies with specifications regarding wire types, conductor sizes, branch circuit protection, and disconnect devices. The National Electrical Code (NEC) and local codes outline provisions for safely installing electrical equipment.
  - Use motor power connectors for connection purposes only. Do not use them to turn the unit on and off.
  - Ground shielded power cables to prevent potentially high voltages on the shield.
- 

## Wiring Guidelines

Use these guidelines as a reference when wiring the power connectors on your Kinetix 5500 drive.

---

**IMPORTANT** For connector locations of the Kinetix 5500 drives, refer to [Kinetix 5500 Connector Data](#) on [page 54](#).

When removing insulation from wires and tightening screws to secure the wires, refer to the table on [page 71](#) for strip lengths and torque values.

---

**IMPORTANT** To improve system performance, run wires and cables in the wireways as established in [Establishing Noise Zones](#) on [page 35](#).

---

Follow these steps when wiring the connectors for your Kinetix 5500 drive.

1. Prepare the wires for attachment to each connector plug by removing insulation equal to the recommended strip length.

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**IMPORTANT** Use caution not to nick, cut, or otherwise damage strands as you remove the insulation.

---

2. Route the cable/wires to your Kinetix 5500 drive.
3. Insert wires into connector plugs.

Refer to connector pinout tables in [Chapter 4](#) or the interconnect diagrams in [Appendix A](#).

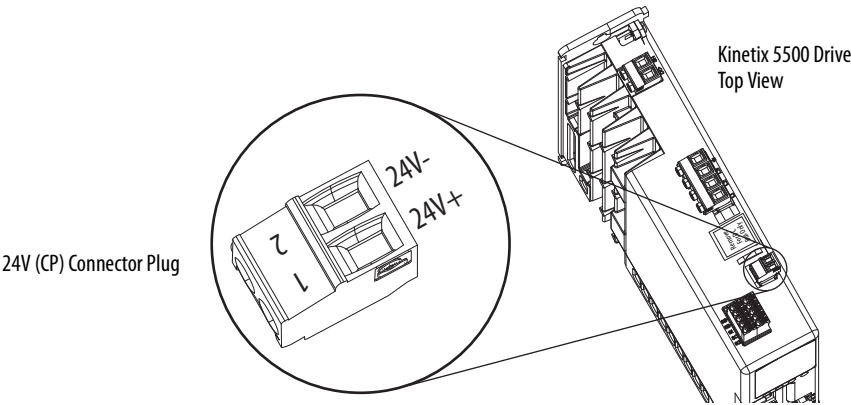
4. Tighten the connector screws.
5. Gently pull on each wire to make sure it does not come out of its terminal; reinsert and tighten any loose wires.
6. Insert the connector plug into the drive connector.

**Wiring the Power Connectors** This section provides examples and guidelines to assist you in making connections to the input power connectors.

**Wire the 24V Control Power Input Connector**

The 24V power (CP) connector requires 24V DC input for the control circuitry.

**Figure 38 - CP Connector Wiring**



**Table 31 - 24V Power (CP) Connector Specifications**

Drive Cat. No.	CP Pin	Signal	Recommended Wire Size mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N·m (lb·in)
2198-Hxxx-ERS	CP-1	24V+	2.5...0.5 (14...20)	7.0 (0.28)	0.22...0.25 (1.9...2.2)
	CP-2	24V-			

## Wire the Input Power Connector

The input power (IPD) connector requires 195...528V AC (single-phase or three-phase) for mains input power.



**ATTENTION:** Make sure the input power connections are correct when wiring the IPD connector plug and that the plug is fully engaged in the drive connector. Incorrect wiring/polarity or loose wiring can cause explosion or damage to equipment.

Figure 39 - IPD Connector Wiring

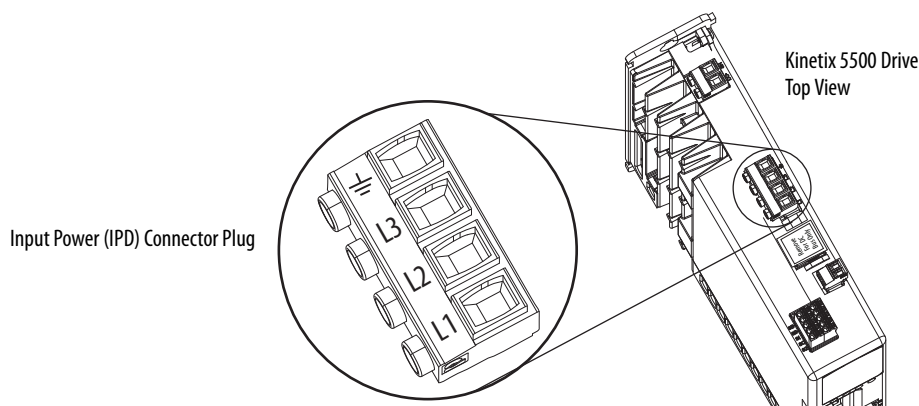




Table 32 - Input Power (IPD) Connector Specifications

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	Pin	Signal	Recommended Wire Size mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N·m (lb·in)
2198-H003-ERS 2198-H008-ERS 2198-H015-ERS 2198-H025-ERS 2198-H040-ERS	 L3 L2 L1	 L3 L2 L1	1.5...4 (16...12)	8.0 (0.31)	0.5...0.6 (4.4...5.3)
2198-H070-ERS			1.5...6 (16...10)	10.0 (0.39)	

## Wiring the Digital Input Connectors

This section provides guidelines to assist you in making digital input connections.

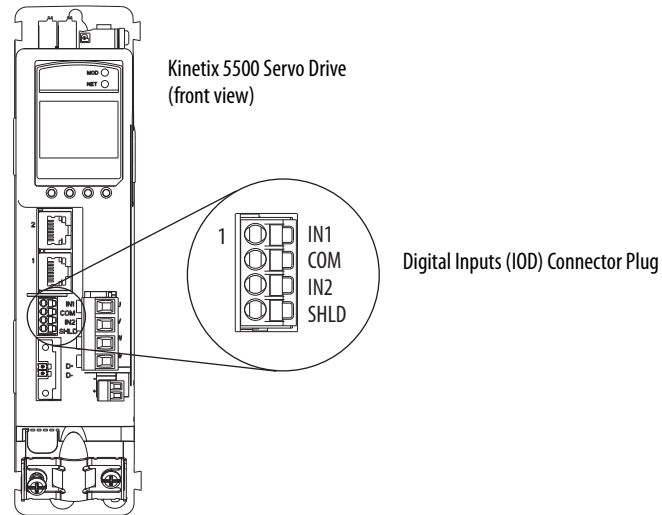
## Wire the Safe Torque-off Connector

For the safe torque-off (STO) connector pinouts, feature descriptions, and wiring information, refer to [Chapter 9](#) beginning on [page 143](#).

## Wire the Digital Inputs Connector

The digital inputs (IOD) connector uses spring tension to hold wires in place.

**Figure 40 - IOD Connector Wiring**



**Table 33 - Digital Inputs (IOD) Connector Specifications**

Drive Cat. No.	DC Pin	Signal	Recommended Wire Size mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N·m (lb·in)
2198-Hxxx-ERS	IOD-1 IOD-2 IOD-3 IOD-4	IN1 <sup>(1)</sup> COM IN2 SHLD	1.5...0.2 (16...24)	10.0 (0.39)	N/A

(1) This signal has dual-functionality. You can use IN1 (IOD-1) as registration or Home input.

## Wiring Kinetix VP Motors

The Kinetix 5500 drives with Kinetix VP motors use a single cable that includes conductors for motor power, brake, and encoder feedback. Standard and continuous-flex (Bulletin 2090) cables are available with and without the motor brake conductors.

### IMPORTANT

Due to the unique characteristics of single cable technology, designed for and tested with Kinetix 5500 drives and Kinetix VP motors, you cannot build your own cables or use third-party cables.

Refer to the Kinetix Motion Accessories Specifications Technical Data, publication [GMC-TD004](#), for cable specifications.

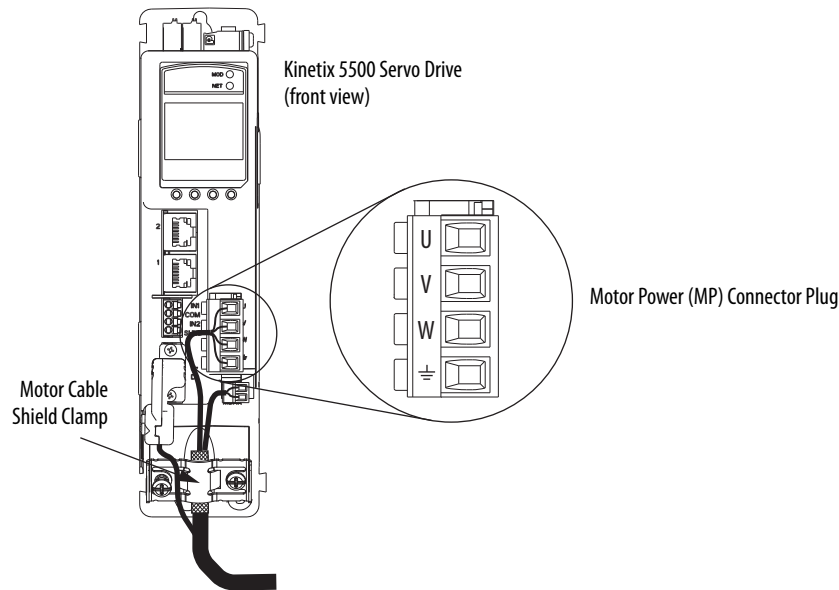
**Table 34 - Single Cable Catalog Numbers**

Motor Family	Feedback Kit Cat. No.	Motor Cat. No.	Motor Cable Cat. No. (with brake wires)	Motor Cable Cat. No. (without brake wires)
Kinetix VP	2198-KITCON-DSL	VPL-A/Bxxxx VPS-Bxxxxx	2090-CSBM1DF-xxAAxx (standard) cables 2090-CSBM1DF-xxAFxx (continuous-flex) cables	2090-CSWM1DF-xxAAxx (standard) cables

Refer to [Kinetix 5500 Drive and Motor/Actuator Wiring Examples](#) on [page 159](#) for an interconnect diagram.

Motor Power Connections

Figure 41 - MP Connector Wiring



**ATTENTION:** Make sure the motor power connections are correct when wiring the MP connector plug and that the plug is fully engaged in the module connector. Incorrect wiring/polarity or loose wiring can cause an explosion or damage to equipment.

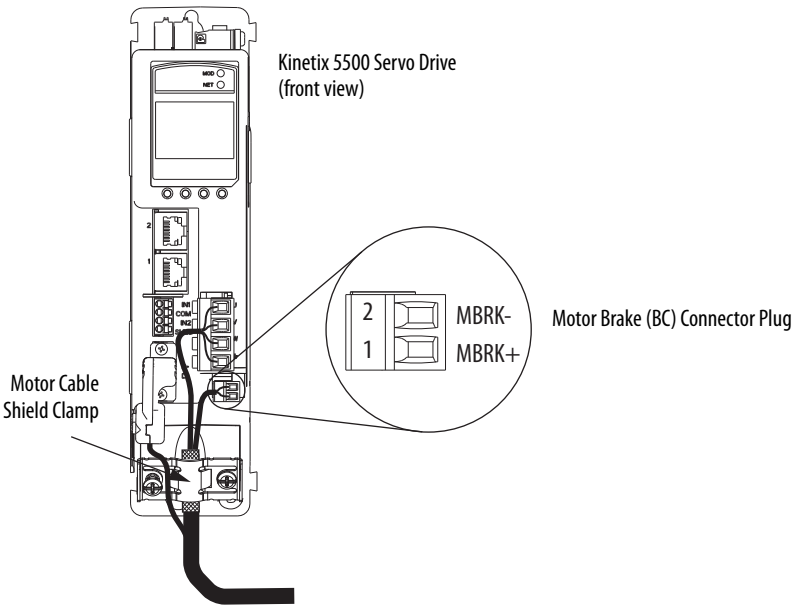
Table 35 - Motor Power (MP) Connector Specifications

Drive Cat. No.	Pin	Signal/Wire Color	Recommended Wire Size mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N·m (lb·in)
2198-H003-ERS 2198-H008-ERS 2198-H015-ERS 2198-H025-ERS 2198-H040-ERS	U V W ⏏	U Brown V Black W Blue ⏏ Green/Yellow	Motor power cable depends on motor/ drive combination.  0.75...2.5 (18...14) max	8.0 (0.31)	0.5...0.6 (4.4...5.3)
2198-H070-ERS			2.5...6 (14...10) max	10.0 (0.39)	



## Motor Brake Connections

**Figure 42 - BC Connector Wiring**



**Table 36 - Motor Brake (BC) Connector Specifications**

Drive Cat. No.	Pin	Signal/ Wire Color	Recommended Wire Size (AWG)	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N·m (lb·in)
2198-Hxxx-ERS	BC-1	MBRK+/-Black	N/A <sup>(1)</sup>	7.0 (0.28)	0.22...0.25 (1.9...2.2)
	BC-2	MBRK-/White			

(1) Motor brake wires are part of the 2090-CSBM1DF-xxAAxx motor cable.

### Motor Feedback Connections

Single motor cable feedback connections are made by using the 2198-KITCON-DSL feedback connector kit.

**IMPORTANT** Ambient temperature for Kinetix 5500 drive enclosures when using the 2198-KITCON-DSL feedback connector kit is 0...50 °C (32...122 °F).

Figure 43 - MF Connector Wiring

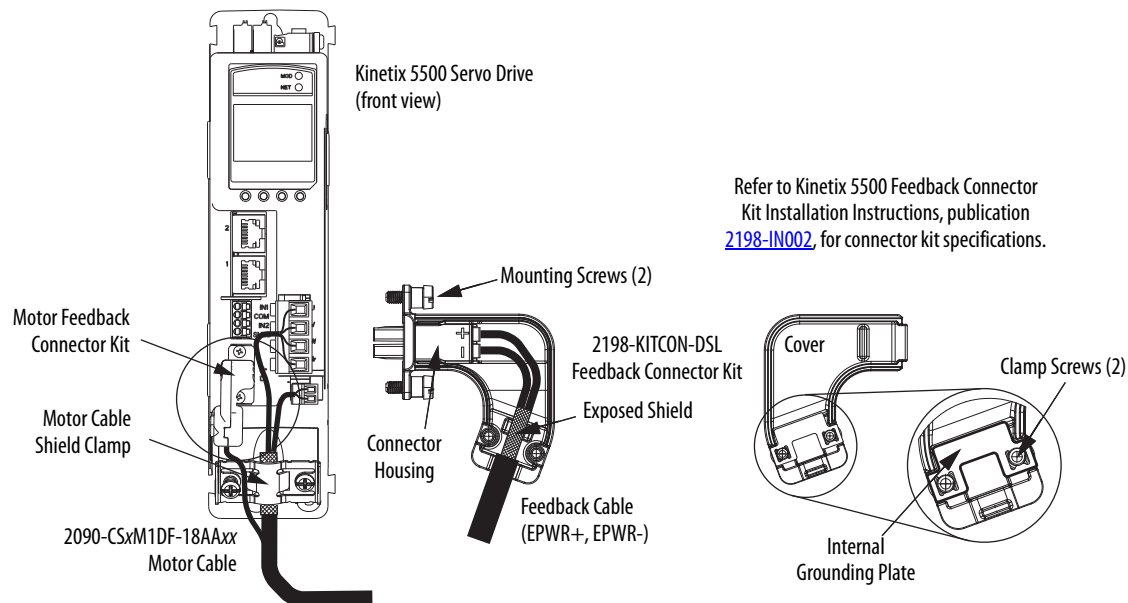


Table 37 - Motor Feedback (MF) Connector Specifications

Drive Cat. No.	Pin	Signal/ Wire Color	Wire Size AWG	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N•m (lb•in)
2198-Hxxx-ERS	MF-1	D+/Blue	22	10.0 (0.39)	0.4 (3.5)
	MF-2	D-/White/Blue			

**IMPORTANT** The feedback bundle in 2090-CSxM1DF-18AAxx motor cables (typically used with frame 1 drives) route around the shield clamp (as shown in [Figure 43](#)). The feedback bundle in 14 and 10 AWG cables (typically used with frame 2 and 3 drives) route with the power and brake wires inside the cable shield.

## Apply the Single Motor Cable Shield Clamp

Factory-supplied 2090-Series single motor cables are shielded, and the braided cable shield must terminate at the drive during installation. A small portion of the cable jacket has been removed to expose the shield braid. The exposed area must be clamped (with the clamp provided) at the bottom front of the drive.



**SHOCK HAZARD:** To avoid hazard of electrical shock, make sure shielded power cables are grounded according to recommendations.

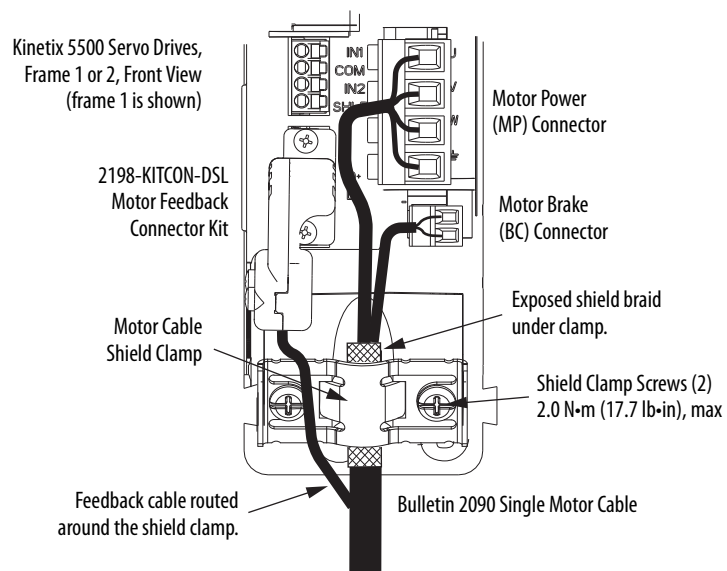
**TIP** Cables for Kinetix VP motors (catalog numbers 2090-CBxM1DF-18AAxx) do not route the feedback bundle under the shield clamp. The same cables with 14 or 10 AWG conductors have the feedback bundle within the cable shield braid.

This procedure assumes you have completed wiring your motor power, brake, and feedback connectors and are ready to apply the cable shield clamp.

Follow these steps to apply the motor cable shield clamp.

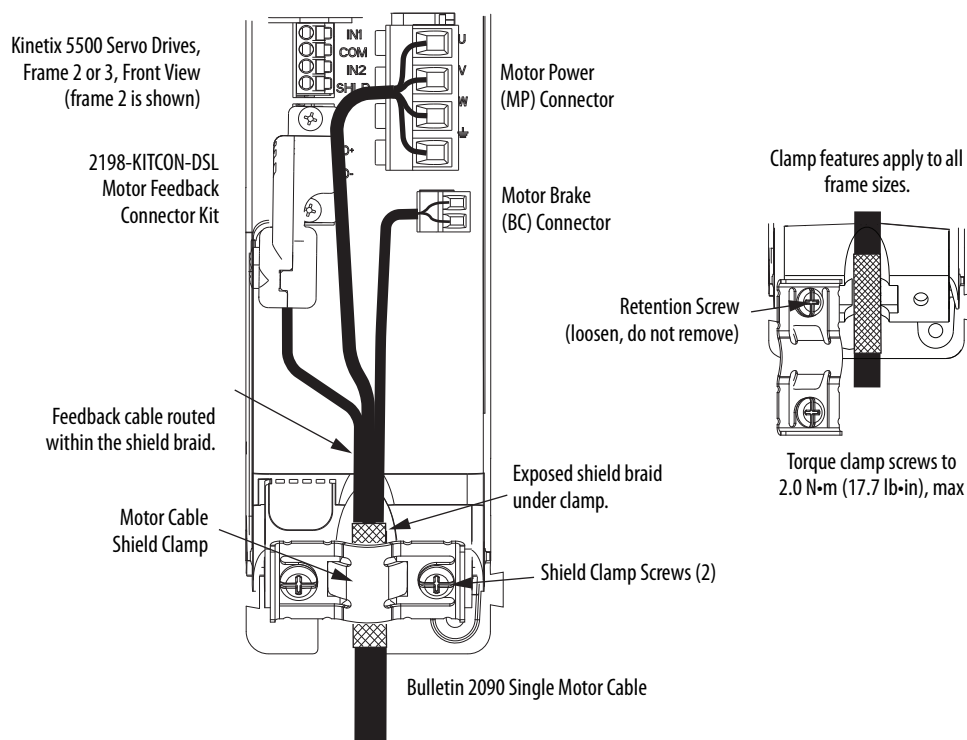
1. Loosen the clamp screws and remove at least one of the screws.

**Figure 44 - 18 AWG Cable Installation**



When the drive/motor combination calls for 18 AWG cable, the feedback cable routes around the motor cable shield clamp.

**Figure 45 - 14 and 10 AWG Cable Installation**



When the drive/motor combination calls for 14 or 10 AWG cable, the feedback cable routes along with the power and brake wiring.

2. Position the exposed portion of the cable braid directly in line with the clamp.
3. Tighten the clamp screws. Torque value 2.0 N•m (17.7 lb•in) max.
4. Repeat [step 1](#) through [step 3](#) for each drive in multi-axis configurations.

## Wiring Other Allen-Bradley Motors and Actuators

Kinetix 5500 drives are also compatible with other Allen-Bradley servo motors and actuators when wired at the drive by using the Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit, catalog number 2198-H2DCK. The kit is required for converting the 15-pin Hiperface feedback signals to 2-pin DSL feedback signals.

**Table 38 - Compatible Motors and Actuators**

Motor/Actuator Families <sup>(1)</sup>	Encoder Feedback Type
MP-Series low-inertia motors (Bulletin MPL)	Single-turn or multi-turn high-resolution, absolute
MP-Series medium-inertia motors (Bulletin MPM)	
MP-Series food-grade motors (Bulletin MPF)	
MP-Series stainless-steel motors (Bulletin MPS)	
MP-Series integrated linear stages (Bulletin MPAS/MPMA) ballscrew	
MP-Series electric cylinders (Bulletin MPAR)	
MP-Series heavy-duty electric cylinders (Bulletin MPAL)	

(1) The 2198-H2DCK converter kit is currently compatible with only 400V-class motors and actuators. Kits with 200V-class compatibility are coming soon.

### IMPORTANT

To configure these motors and actuators with your Kinetix 5500 servo drive, you must have drive firmware 2.001 or later and the Logix Designer application, version 22 or later, or the AOP for 2198 Kinetix Drives.

## Update Kinetix 5500 Add-On Profile

### IMPORTANT

The Kinetix 5500 Add-On Profile is independent of the Logix Designer application releases. Update your Kinetix 5500 Add-On Profile to make sure your application runs correctly.

Add-On profiles (AOP) are available for download at the Custom Downloads Add-On Profiles website: <https://download.rockwellautomation.com/esd/download.aspx?downloadid=addonprofiles>

Follow these steps to download the Kinetix 5500 Add-On profile.

1. Login to the Custom Download Add-On Profiles website.

The Custom Download Files dialog box opens.



2. Check AOP for Kinetix 5500 drives.
3. Click Download Now and accept the user license agreement.  
If prompted to install the Download Manager, allow the installation.
4. Click the Add-On Profile icon and follow the download instructions.
5. Extract the AOP zip file and run Setup.

## Motor Power and Brake Connections

The motors and actuators in [Table 38](#) have separate power/brake and feedback cables. The motor power/brake cable attaches to the cable clamp on the drive and wires to the MP and BC connectors, respectively.

**Table 39 - Current Motor Power Cable Compatibility**

Motor/Actuator Cat. No.	Motor Power Cables <sup>(1)</sup> (with brake wires)	Motor Power Cables <sup>(1)</sup> (without brake wires)
MPL-B15xxx-xx7xAA, MPL-B2xxx-xx7xAA, MPL-B3xxx-xx7xAA, MPL-B4xxx-xx7xAA, MPL-B45xxx-xx7xAA, MPL-B5xxx-xx7xAA, MPL-B6xxx-xx7xAA	2090-CPBM7DF-xxAAxx (standard) or 2090-CPBM7DF-xxAFxx (continuous-flex)	2090-CPWM7DF-xxAAxx (standard) or 2090-CPWM7DF-xxAFxx (continuous-flex)
MPM-Bxxxx, MPF-Bxxxx, MPS-Bxxxx		
MPAS-Bxxxx1-V05SxA, MPAS-Bxxxx2-V20SxA MPAI-Bxxxx, MPAR-B3xxx, MPAR-B1xxx and MPAR-B2xxx (series B)		

(1) Refer to the Kinetix Motion Accessories Specifications Technical Data, publication [GMC-ID004](#), for cable specifications.

Refer to [Motor Power Connections](#) on [page 76](#) and [Motor Brake Connections](#) on [page 77](#) for the MP and BC connector specifications.

**Table 40 - Legacy Motor Power Cables**

Motor Cable	Description	Cat. No.
Standard	Power/brake, threaded	2090-XXNPMF-xxSxx
	Power-only, bayonet	2090-XXNPMP-xxSxx
Continuous-flex	Power/brake, threaded	2090-CPBM4DF-xxAFxx
	Power-only, threaded	2090-CPWM4DF-xxAFxx
	Power-only, bayonet	2090-XXTPMP-xxSxx

To use your existing Bulletin 2090 cables with Kinetix 5500 drives, some preparation is necessary so that the cable shield, conductor, and strip lengths are correct. Follow these cable preparation guidelines:

- Trim the shield flush so that no strands can short to adjacent terminals.
- Measure the conductor lengths and include a service loop.
- Remove just enough insulation to provide the proper strip length.

### Maximum Cable Lengths

The power cable length for Kinetix 5500 drive and MP-Series motor/actuator combinations is limited to 20 m (65.6 ft); however, you can replace the existing motor power/brake cable with a 2090-CSBM1DF-xxAAxx single motor cable to extend the length up to 50 m (164 ft).

#### IMPORTANT

When replacing your existing motor power/brake cable with a 2090-CSBM1DF-xxAAxx single motor cable, only the motor power and brake conductors are used. Cut off the feedback conductors in the single motor cable and reuse the existing 2090-Series feedback cable.

### Motor Power/Brake Cable Preparation

Power cable preparation on existing 16 and 14 AWG cables is sufficient to reuse on Kinetix 5500 frame 1 and 2 drives, except for the brake conductors, which are much longer than required.

However, for frame 3 drives with 14 or 10 AWG cables, the overall length of the cable preparation area needs to be increased for the motor power conductors to reach the MP connector and also provide a proper service loop.

Follow these steps to prepare your existing brake conductors and 14 or 10 AWG power cable.

1. Remove a total of 325 mm (12.8 in.) of cable jacket from your existing cable.

This exposes additional cable shield.

2. Remove all but 63.5 mm (2.5 in.) of the shield.

3. Cover 12.5 mm (0.5 in.) of the shield ends and an equal length of the conductors with 25 mm (1.0 in.) of electrical tape or heat shrink.

Do the same on the other side of the cable shield. This keeps the shield ends from fraying and holds the conductors together.

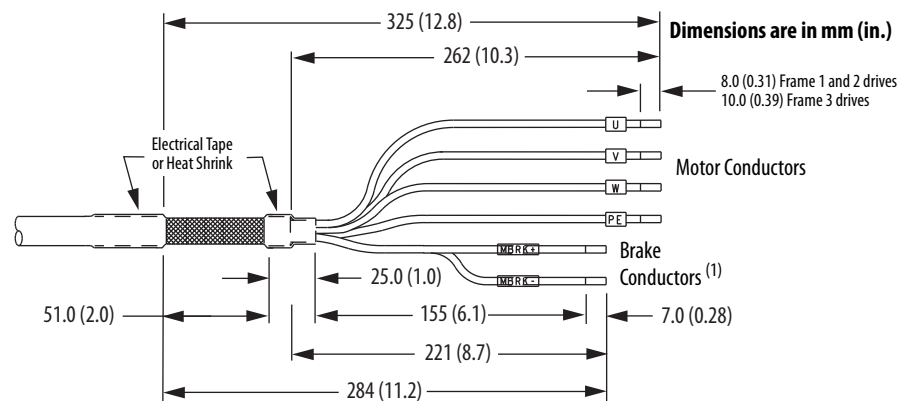
4. Cut the brake conductors back to 163 mm (6.4 in.) and trim the shield braid at the base of the jacket.

The shield braid covering the brake conductors is not needed.

5. Remove the specified length of insulation from the end of each wire.

This example applies to existing 2090-Series cables and 2090-Series single motor cables. If you are using a 2090-CSBM1DF-xxAAxx single motor cable, you can remove the shield braid covering the brake conductors.

**Figure 46 - Power/brake Cable (14 and 10 AWG)**



(1) The overall shield braid covering the brake conductors can be removed.

### Apply the Motor Power/brake Shield Clamp

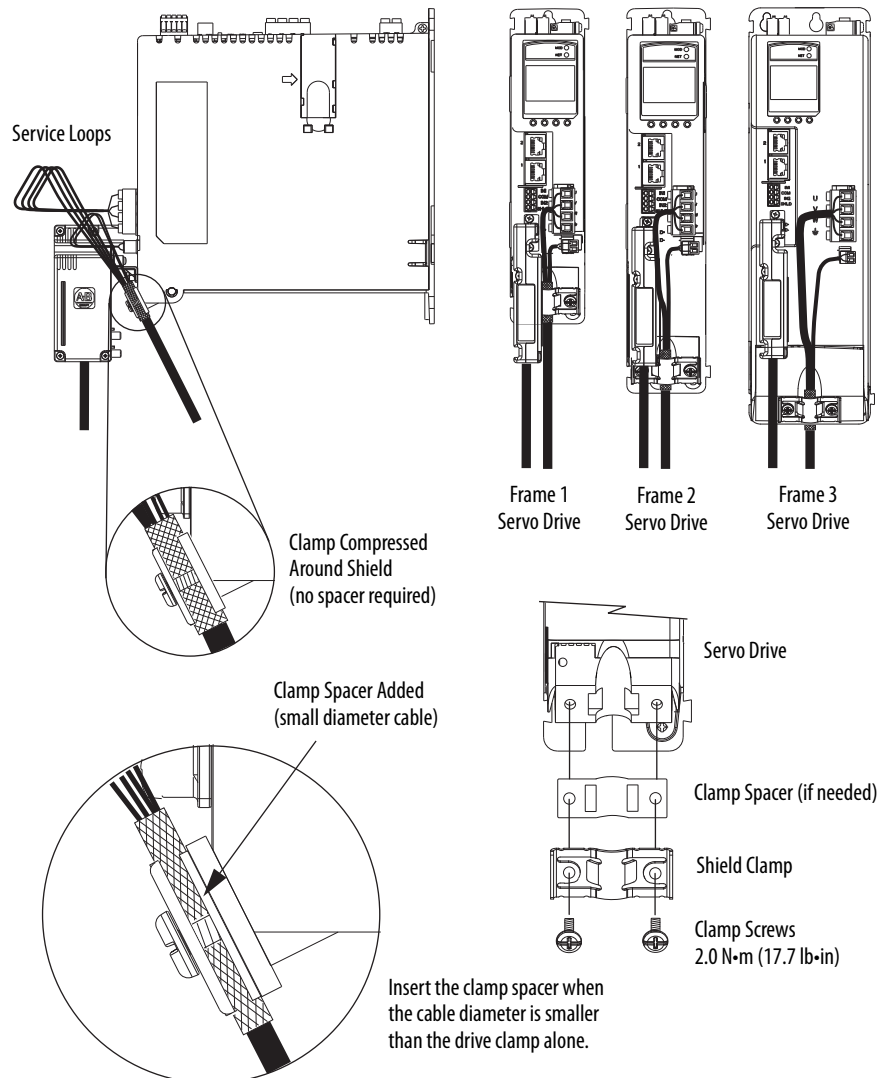
The power/brake cable shield attaches to the drive cable clamp. A clamp spacer is included with the kit for cable diameters that are too small for a tight fit within the drive clamp alone.

- Routing the conductors with service loops provides stress relief to the motor power and brake conductors.
- Make sure the cable clamp tightens around the cable shield and provides a good bond between the cable shield and the drive chassis.

#### IMPORTANT

If the power/brake cable shield has a loose fit inside the shield clamp, insert the clamp spacer between the shield clamp and the drive to reduce the clamp diameter. When the clamp screws are tight, 2.0 N·m (17.7 lb·in), the result must be a high-frequency bond between the cable shield and the drive chassis.

Figure 47 - Cable Clamp Attachment





## Motor Feedback Connections

The feedback cable attaches to the 2198-H2DCK converter kit and is wired to the 10-pin connector. Bulletin 2090 feedback cables require preparation to make sure the shield clamp attaches properly and conductors route smoothly to the 10-pin connector terminals.

---

**IMPORTANT** Ambient temperature for Kinetix 5500 drive enclosures when using the 2198-H2DCK feedback converter kit is 0...40 °C (32...104 °F).

---

All of the current and legacy feedback cables listed below are compatible with the 2198-H2DCK converter kit.

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**IMPORTANT** Only Allen-Bradley motors and actuators with single-turn or multi-turn high-resolution absolute encoders are compatible.

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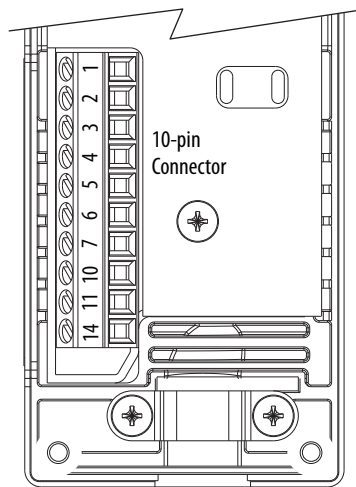
**Table 41 - Motor Feedback Cable Compatibility**

Motor/Actuator Cat. No.	Feedback Kit Cat. No.	Cable Cat. No.
MPL-B15xxx-V/Ex7xAA MPL-B2xxx-V/Ex7xAA	2198-H2DCK	2090-CFBM7DF-CEAAxx 2090-CFBM7DD-CEAAxx 2090-CFBM7DF-CERAxx (standard) or 2090-CFBM7DF-CEAFxx 2090-CFBM7DD-CEAFxx 2090-CFBM7DF-CDAFxx (continuous-flex)
MPL-B3xxx-S/Mx7xAA MPL-B4xxx-S/Mx7xAA MPL-B45xxx-S/Mx7xAA MPL-B5xxx-S/Mx7xAA MPL-B6xxx-S/Mx7xAA		
MPM-Bxxxx-S/M		
MPF-Bxxxx-S/M		
MPS-Bxxxx-S/M		
MPAS-Bxxxx1-V05SxA MPAS-Bxxxx2-V20SxA		
MPAR-B1xxx-V and MPAR-B2xxx-V (series B) MPAR-B3xxx-M		
MPAI-BxxxxM3		

**Table 42 - Legacy Motor Feedback Cables**

Motor Cable	Description	Cable Cat. No.
Standard	Encoder feedback, threaded	2090-XXNFMF-Sxx 2090-UXNFBMF-Sxx
	Encoder feedback, bayonet	2090-UXNFBMP-Sxx
		2090-XXNFMP-Sxx
Continuous-flex	Encoder feedback, bayonet	2090-XTFMP-Sxx
	Encoder feedback, threaded	2090-CFBM4DF-CDAFxx

Figure 48 - 2198-H2DCK Converter Kit Pinout



Terminal	Signal	Wire Color	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N•m (lb•in)
1	SIN+	Black	5.0 (0.2)	0.22...0.25 (1.9...2.2)
2	SIN-	White/Black		
3	COS+	Red		
4	COS-	White/Red		
5	DATA+	Green		
6	ECOM <sup>(1)</sup>	White/Gray		
7	EPWR_9V <sup>(2)</sup>	Orange		
10	DATA-	White/Green		
11	TS+	White/Orange	5.0 (0.2)	0.22...0.25 (1.9...2.2)
14	EPWR_5V <sup>(2)</sup>	Gray		

(1) The ECOM and TS- connections are tied together and connect to the cable shield.

(2) The converter kit generates 9V from a 12V supply coming from the drive. The 9V supply is used by 9V encoders in 400V-class motors.

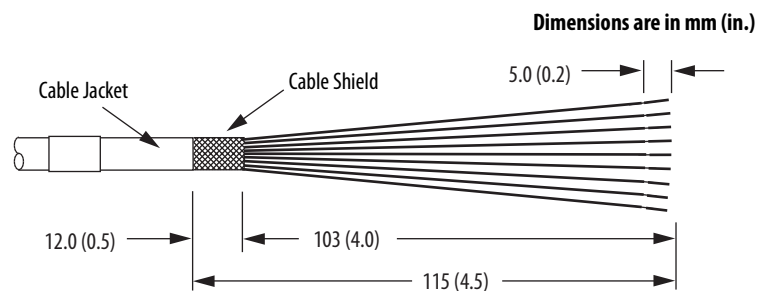
### Motor Feedback Cable Preparation

Follow these steps to prepare feedback cables.

1. Remove 115 mm (4.5 in.) of cable jacket and 103 mm (4.0 in.) of cable shield.

**IMPORTANT** This length of wire is needed to provide a service loop for the longest wires terminated at the 10-pin connector. However, most wires need to be trimmed shorter, depending on the terminal they are assigned to.

2. Determine the length for each of the 10 wires and trim as necessary.
3. Remove 5.0 mm (0.2 in.) of insulation from the end of each wire.

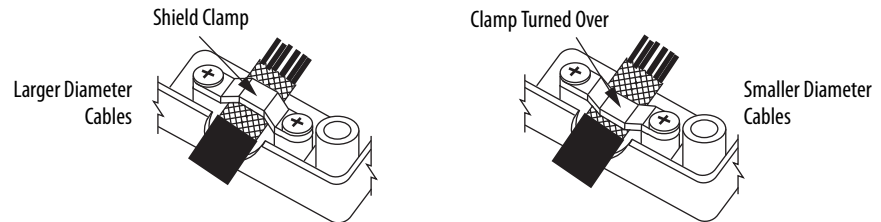


### Apply the Converter Kit Shield Clamp

Follow these steps to apply the converter kit shield clamp.

1. Apply the shield clamp to the 12 mm (0.5 in.) of exposed cable shield to achieve a high-frequency bond between the shield braid and clamp.

Apply 0.30 N•m (2.6 lb•in) torque to each screw.



---

**IMPORTANT** If necessary, turn the shield clamp over to achieve a high-frequency bond with the shield braid on smaller diameter cables.

---

**TIP** You can also remove filler strands from beneath the shield braid if that helps to achieve a tight fit whether the clamp is turned over or not.

2. Route and insert each wire to its assigned terminal.

Include a service loop, as shown in [Figure 49](#), and refer to the connector pinout in [Figure 48](#).

3. Tighten each terminal screw.

Apply 0.22...0.25 N•m (1.9...2.2 lb•in) torque to each screw.

4. Gently pull on each wire to make sure it does not come out of its terminal; reinsert and tighten any loose wires.
5. Attach the tie wrap for added stress relief.

Table 43 - 2090-CFBM7DF-CEAxxx Feedback Cables

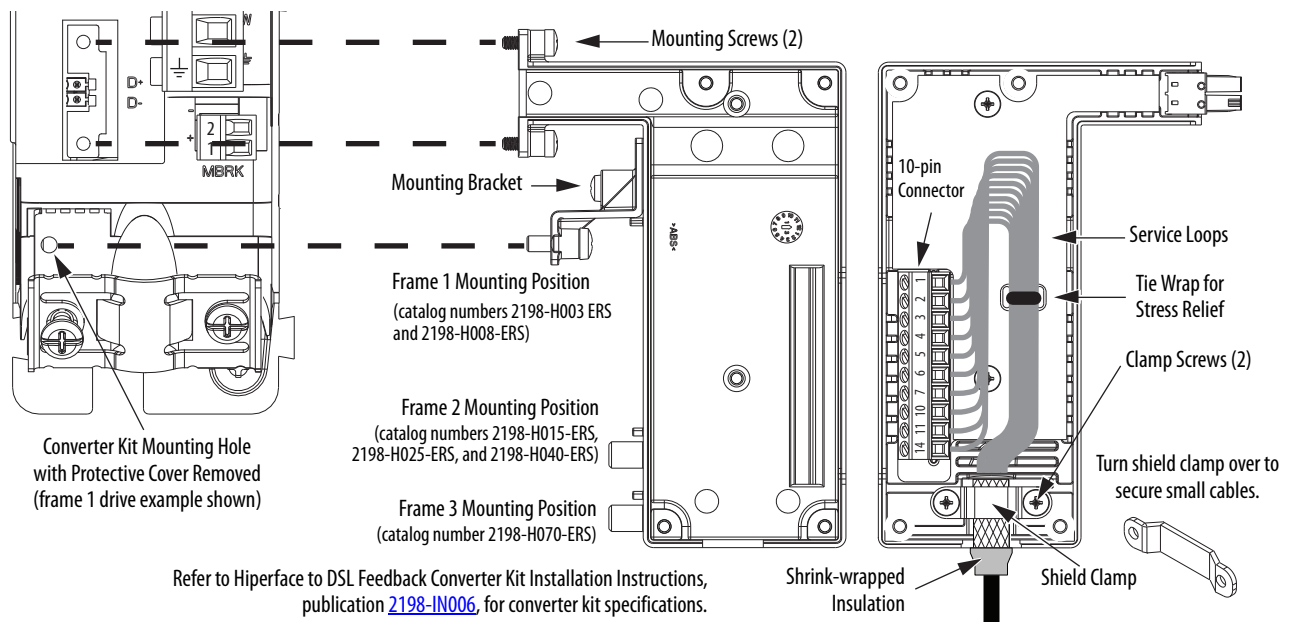
Rotary Motors	MPL-B15xxx...MPL-B2xxx-V/Ex4/7xAA MPF/MPS-Bxxx-M/S MPF-A5xxx-M/S	MPL-A15xxx...MPL-A2xxx-V/Ex4/7xAA MPF/MPS-A3xx-M/S MPF/MPS-A4xx-M/S MPF/MPS-A45xx-M/S MPS-A5xxx-M/S MPL-A3xxx-M/Sx7xAA MPL-A4xxx-M/Sx7xAA MPL-A45xxx-M/Sx7xAA MPM-A115xxx...MPM-A130xxx-M/S	2198-H2DCK Converter Kit Pin
	MPL-B3xxx...MPL-B6xxx-M/Sx7xAA MPL-A5xxx-M/Sx7xAA MPM-A165xxx...MPM-A215xxx MPM-Bxxxx-M/S		
Linear Actuators	MPAS-Bxxxx-VxxSxA MPAR-Bxxxx, MPAL-Bxxxx	MPAS-Axxxx-VxxSxA MPAR-Axxxx, MPAL-Axxxx	
1	Sin+	Sin+	1
2	Sin-	Sin-	2
3	Cos+	Cos+	3
4	Cos-	Cos-	4
5	Data+	Data+	5
6	Data-	Data-	10
9	Reserved	EPWR_5V	14
10	ECOM	ECOM	6 <sup>(1)</sup>
11	EPWR_9V	Reserved	7
12	ECOM	ECOM	6
13	TS+	TS+	11

(1) The ECOM and TS- connections are tied together and connect to the cable shield.

These motors and actuators require the 2198-H2DCK Hiperface-to-DSL feedback converter kit. The converter kit is currently compatible with only 400V-class motors and actuators and 200V-class motors and actuators with 9V encoders. Kits compatible with all 200V-class motors and actuators are coming soon.

A mounting bracket is included with the 2198-H2DCK converter kit to secure the kit to the drive. Install the mounting bracket in the mounting position specific to the frame size of your drive.

Figure 49 - Wiring the 2198-H2DCK Feedback Converter Kit



## Capacitor Module Connections

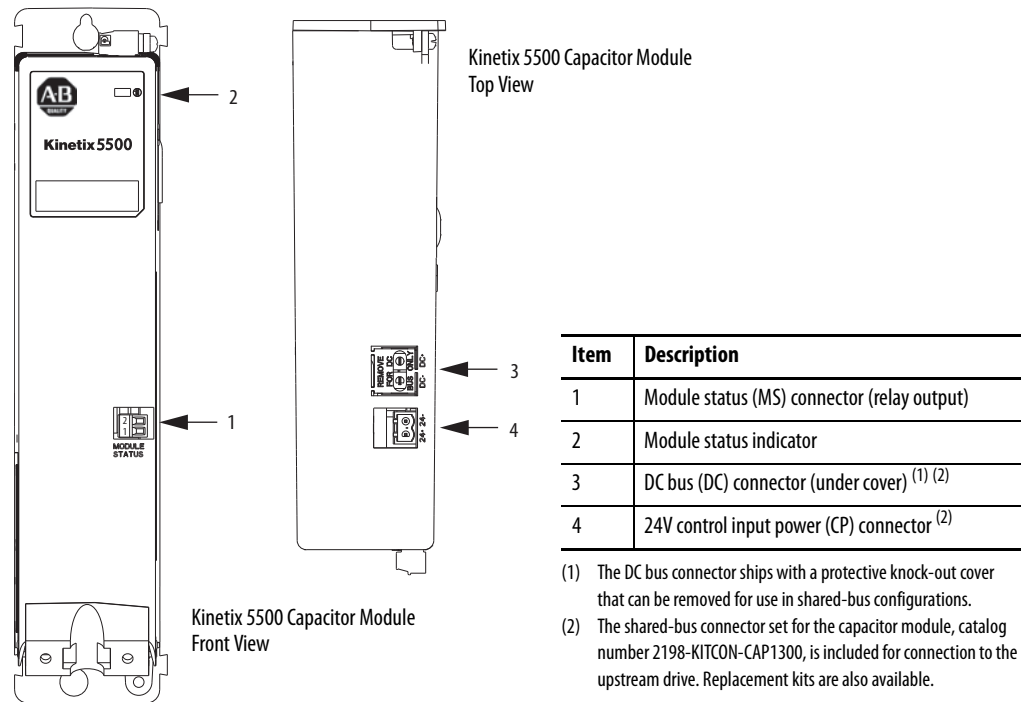
Follow these guidelines when wiring the 2198-CAPMOD-1300 capacitor module:

- Wire relay output (MS) connections to the Logix5000 controller (optional).
- Refer to [Kinetix 5500 Capacitor Module](#) wiring example on [page 155](#).
- Refer to [Kinetix 5500 Capacitor Module Status Indicators](#) on [page 132](#) for troubleshooting the module status indicator and relay output.
- Refer to the installation instructions provided with your Bulletin 2198 capacitor module, publication [2198-IN004](#).

**IMPORTANT** To improve system performance, run wires and cables in the wireways as established in [Chapter 2](#).

Connections to the DC bus and 24V control power must be made with the shared-bus connection system.

**Figure 50 - Capacitor Module Wiring**



**Table 44 - Capacitor Module Connector Specifications**

Capacitor Module Cat. No.	Pin	Signal	Recommended Wire Size mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N•m (lb•in)
2198-CAPMOD-1300	MS-1	RELAY+	0.14...1.5 (28...16)	7.0 (0.28)	0.22...0.25 (1.9...2.2)
	MS-2	RELAY-			

## External Shunt Resistor Connections

Follow these guidelines when wiring your 2097-Rx shunt resistor:

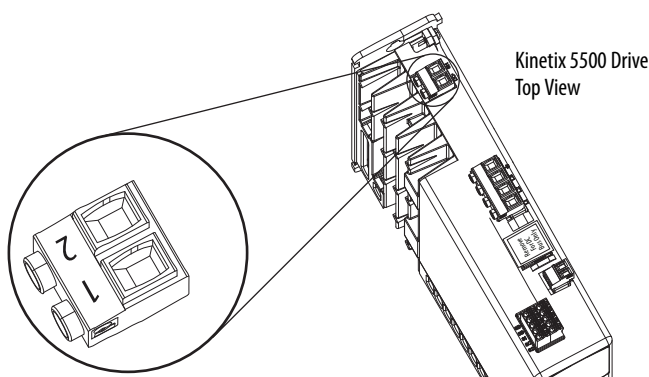
- Refer to [External Shunt Resistor](#) on [page 38](#) for noise zone considerations.
- Refer to [Shunt Resistor Wiring Example](#) on [page 158](#).
- Refer to the installation instructions provided with your Bulletin 2097 shunt resistor, publication [2097-IN002](#).

---

**IMPORTANT** To improve system performance, run wires and cables in the wireways as established in [Chapter 2](#).

---

**Figure 51 - RC Connector Wiring**



**Table 45 - Shunt Resistor (RC) Connector Specifications**

Drive Cat. No.	Pin	Signal	Recommended Wire Size mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N·m (lb·in)
2198-H003-ERS 2198-H008-ERS	RC-1 RC-2	SH DC+	4...0.5 (12...20)	8.0 (0.31)	0.5...0.6 (4.4...5.3)
2198-H015-ERS 2198-H025-ERS 2198-H040-ERS 2198-H070-ERS	RC-1 RC-2	DC+ SH			

---

**IMPORTANT** You must disconnect the internal shunt wires at the RC connector before connecting the Bulletin 2097 shunt resistor wires.

---

**Table 46 - Shunt Resistor Selection**

Drive Cat. No.	Bulletin 2097 Shunt Resistor Cat. No.
2198-H003-ERS	2097-R7
2198-H008-ERS	
2198-H015-ERS	
2198-H025-ERS	
2198-H040-ERS	2097-R6
2198-H070-ERS	

## Ethernet Cable Connections

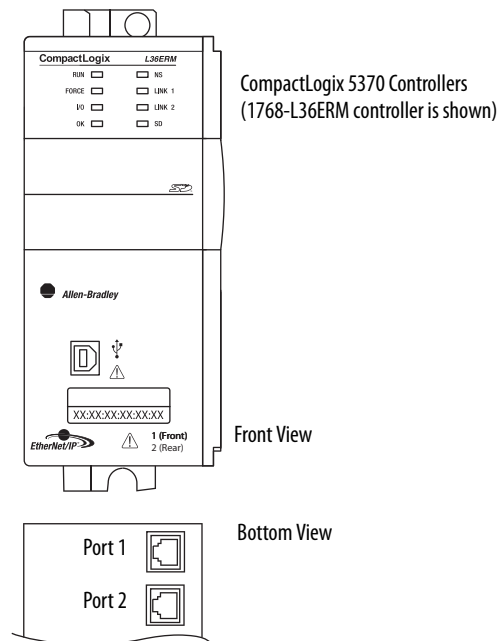
This procedure assumes you have your CompactLogix 5370 controller or ControlLogix EtherNet/IP module and Kinetix 5500 drives mounted and are ready to connect the network cables.

The EtherNet/IP network is connected by using the PORT 1 and PORT 2 connectors. Refer to [page 54](#) to locate the Ethernet connectors on your Kinetix 5500 drive. Refer to the figure below to locate the connectors on your CompactLogix 5370 controller.

Shielded Ethernet cable is available in several standard lengths. Refer to the Kinetix Motion Accessories Specifications Technical Data, publication [GMC-TD004](#), for more information.

Ethernet cable lengths connecting drive-to-drive, drive-to-controller, or drive-to-switch must not exceed 100 m (328 ft).

**Figure 52 - CompactLogix Ethernet Port Location**



The CompactLogix 5370 controllers accept linear, ring (DLR), and star network configurations. Refer to [Typical Communication Configurations](#) on [page 20](#) for linear, ring, and star configuration examples.

---

**IMPORTANT** When using an external Ethernet switch for routing traffic between the controller and the drive, switches with IEEE-1588 time synchronization capabilities (boundary or transparent clock) must be used to make sure switch delays are compensated.

---

## **Notes:**



## Configure and Start the Kinetix 5500 Drive System

This chapter provides procedures for configuring your Kinetix 5500 drive system with a Logix5000 controller.

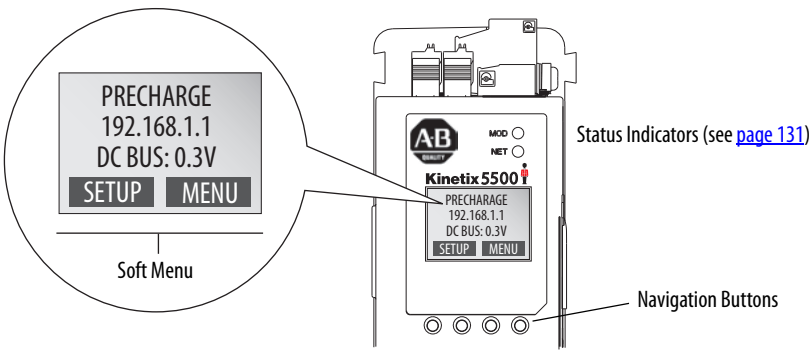
Topic	Page
Understanding the Kinetix 5500 Display	94
Configure the Drive	98
Configure the Logix5000 EtherNet/IP Controller	99
Apply Power to the Kinetix 5500 Drive	115
Test and Tune the Axes	117
Understanding Bus Sharing Group Configuration	121

**TIP** Before you begin, make sure you know the catalog number for each drive component, the Logix module and /or controller, and the servo motor used in your motion control application.

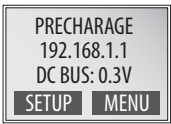
# Understanding the Kinetix 5500 Display

The Kinetix 5500 drive has two status indicators and an LCD status display. The indicators and display are used to monitor the system status, set network parameters, and troubleshoot faults. Four navigation buttons are directly below the display and are used to select items from a soft menu.

Figure 53 - Kinetix 5500 Drive LCD Display and Status Indicators

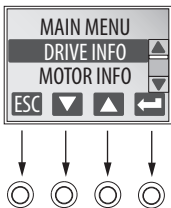


This is the Home screen. The SETUP selections are tied to the two left-side buttons and the MENU selections are tied to the two right-side buttons.



The soft menu provides a changing selection that corresponds to the current screen. Use the navigation buttons to perform the following.

Each soft menu item is executed by pressing the navigation button directly below the item, as shown in this example.



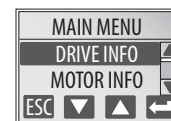
	Press to go back. Pressing enough times results in the HOME screen.
	Pressing either arrow moves the selection to the next (or previous) item. When changing values, pressing the up arrow increments the highlighted value. Values rollover after reaching the end of the list.
	Press to select values to change, moving from right to left. Values rollover when reaching the end of the list.
	Press to select a menu item.
	Press to return to the Home screen.
	Press to display the list of active fault codes.
	Press to display the fault text (exception code in troubleshooting tables). <sup>(1)</sup>
	Press to display the fault details (the problem in troubleshooting tables). <sup>(1)</sup>
	Press to display the fault help (possible solutions in troubleshooting tables). <sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Refer to [Fault Codes](#) beginning on [page 126](#) to review the troubleshooting tables.

## Menu Screens

The menu screens provide information about the drive, motor, and fault log. There are no choices to make or settings to save. Press one of the MENU buttons to access the menu.

You can use the soft menu items and navigation buttons to view the information.




**Table 47 - Navigating the Menu**

Menu/Sub Menu Selections	Attributes	Description	Example Values
Drive Info	Catalog number		2198-H008-ERS
	Firmware revision		FW REV: 1.1.33
	Hardware revision		HW REV: 1.1
	Serial number		SERIAL#xxxxxxxxxx
Motor Info	Model number		MODEL: VPL-B1003C
	Serial number		SERIAL#: xxxxxxxxxxxx
Diagnostics> Drive Diagnostics	Bus diagnostics		BUS VOLT: 0.0V
			BUS CUR: 0.0A
	Converter diagnostics		CONV UTIL: 0.7%
			CONV TEMP: 31.7C
	Inverter diagnostics		INV UTIL: 0.0%
			INV TEMP: 31.7C
Diagnostics> Motor Diagnostics	Shunt utilization		SHUNT UTIL: 0.0%
	Motor speed		SPEED:0.0 RPM
	Motor current		MTR CUR:0.0A RMS
	Motor utilization		MTR UTIL:0.0%
Diagnostics> Encoder Diagnostics	Motor temperature		MTR TEMP:0.00C
	Serial number		SERIAL#xxxxxxxxxx
	Resolution		RESOLUTION: 262144
	Number of turns		NO OF TURNS: 1
	Encoder temperature		ENC TEMP:33.7C
	Supply voltage		SUPP VOLT:11.3V
	Link quality	The link quality attribute indicates how noisy a communication link is and also indicates if there is a communication link already established at the drive end. The LINK QUAL value must always be 100%. Persistent values below 100% indicates a poor feedback ground connection.	LINK QUAL: 100.0%
	Remote signal strength indicator	Similar to Link Quality, RSSI reports the quality of link as seen at the motor end by the encoder. RSSI value must always be 100%. Persistent values below 100% indicates a poor feedback ground connection.	RSSI: 100.0%
	Accumulated position errors	This is an aggregated number of errors in the primary position feedback channel of DSL feedback.	POS ERRORS: 1
	Channel position errors	This is an aggregated number of errors on a secondary communication channel of the DSL feedback.	CHNL ERRORS: 5
Fault Log	Fault text	Fault code as listed in <a href="#">Fault Codes</a> beginning on <a href="#">page 126</a> .	FLT S45 - FDBK COMM FL
	Fault details	The problem as reported in <a href="#">Fault Codes</a> on <a href="#">page 126</a> .	The number of consecutive missed or corrupted serial data packets from the intelligent feedback device has exceeded a factory set limit
	Fault help	The Possible Solution as reported in <a href="#">Fault Codes</a> on <a href="#">page 126</a> .	Check motor feedback cable and connector

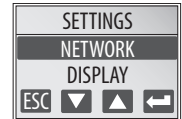
## Setup Screens

The setup screens provide the means of changing drive settings, for example, the IP address. Press one of the SETUP buttons to access the setup screens.

You can use the soft menu items and navigation buttons to view the information and make changes.

Press  to validate your changes:

- If the change is invalid, the value doesn't change.
- If the change is valid, an asterisk appears next to the changed attribute.



### IMPORTANT

You must cycle control power to make network configuration changes persistent. In this example, the IP address was changed. The change takes affect and the asterisk disappears after control power is cycled.

Display configuration changes take effect immediately.

**Table 48 - Navigating the Settings Menu**

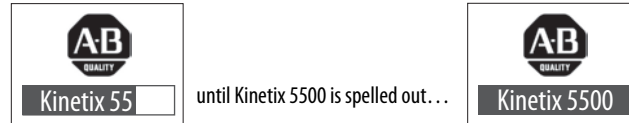
Settings Menu Selections	Sub Menu Selections	Attributes	Default	Description
Network	->Static IP <sup>(1)</sup>	IP address	192.168.1.1	Indicates current IP address
		Subnet mask	255.255.255.000	Indicates current subnet mask
		Gateway	192.168.001.001	Indicates current gateway
	DHCP	On		Turns DHCP on
		Off		Turns DHCP off
Display	Backlight Timeout	30 sec... NEVER (NEVER=no timeout period, the backlight is always on)	-> 3 min <sup>(1)</sup>	Sets backlight timeout period of the display
	Contrast	-10...+10	0	Contrast setting of the display
	Cyclic Data Select <sup>(2)</sup>	->DC BUS <sup>(1)</sup>		DC bus voltage
		ENC TEMP		Encoder temperature in °C
		INV UTIL		Inverter utilization in percent
		INV TEMP		Inverter temperature in °C
		CONV UTIL		Converter utilization in percent
		CONV TEMP		Converter temperature in °C
		SHUNT UTIL		Shunt utilization in percent
		MOTOR UTIL		Motor utilization in percent
		SPEED		RPM
		OUT PWR		Output power in watts
		OUT FREQ		Output frequency in hertz
		OUT CUR		Output current in amps

(1) An arrow (->) appears in front of the chosen attribute indicating that this attribute is currently configured. This is also the factory default setting.

(2) The DC bus voltage is one of several cyclic data attributes. You can select any of the Cyclic Data Select attributes to be displayed on the Home screen.

## Startup Sequence

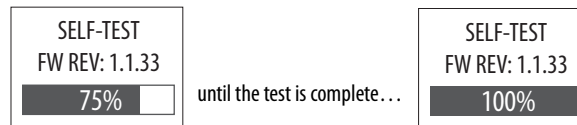
On initial powerup, the drive performs a self test. Upon successful completion, the drive firmware revision is displayed.



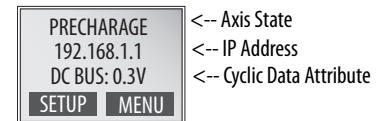
then...



then...



Next, the axis state, the IP address, and the default cyclic data attribute (in this example DC bus voltage) appears. In addition, the SETUP and MENU soft keys are displayed. This is the Home screen.



In this example PRECHARGE is the axis state attribute. [Table 49](#) lists the other axis states and their descriptions.

**Table 49 - Axis States on the Home Screen**

Axis State	Description
STANDBY	The drive is waiting to receive configuration information from the controller.
CONNECTING	The drive is trying to establish communication with the EtherNet/IP controller.
CONFIGURING	The drive is receiving configuration information from the controller.
SYNCING	The drive is waiting for a successful Group Sync service.
STOPPED	The drive is fully configured, but the control loops are not enabled.
PRECHARGE	The drive is ready for mains input power.
RUNNING	The drive is enabled and/or running.
TESTING	The drive is actively executing a test procedure, for example, a hookup test.
STOPPING	The drive is decelerating to a stop as the result of a disable.
ABORTING	The drive is decelerating to a stop as the result of a fault or an abort request.
MAJOR FAULTED	The drive is faulted due to an existing or past fault condition.
START INHIBITED	The drive has an active condition that inhibits it from being enabled.
SHUTDOWN	The drive has been shut down.

## Configure the Drive


You can include the drive in your Logix Designer application by adding it to a configured EtherNet/IP module or controller and adding it under the I/O configuration tree. After setting network parameters, you can view the drive status information in Studio 5000 software and use it in your Logix Designer application.

### Set the Network Parameters

You must program network parameters by using the LCD display.

1. From the LCD display, select SETUP>NETWORK and choose between STATIC IP and DHCP.

The default setting is STATIC IP.

2. If STATIC IP, then press  to configure the following parameters:
  - IP address
  - Gateway
  - Subnet mask

Settings are stored in nonvolatile memory. IP addressing can also be changed through the Module Configuration dialog box in RSLinx® software. Changes to the IP addressing take effect after power is cycled. The drive is factory programmed to static IP address of 192.168.1.1.

Refer to [Setup Screens](#) on [page 96](#) for help setting the network parameters.

## Configure the Logix5000 EtherNet/IP Controller

These procedures assume that you have wired your Kinetix 5500 drive system. In this example, the CompactLogix 5370 controller is used.

For help using Studio 5000 software and the Logix Designer application as it applies to configuring the ControlLogix or CompactLogix controllers, refer to [Additional Resources](#) on [page 12](#).

### Configure the Logix5000 Controller

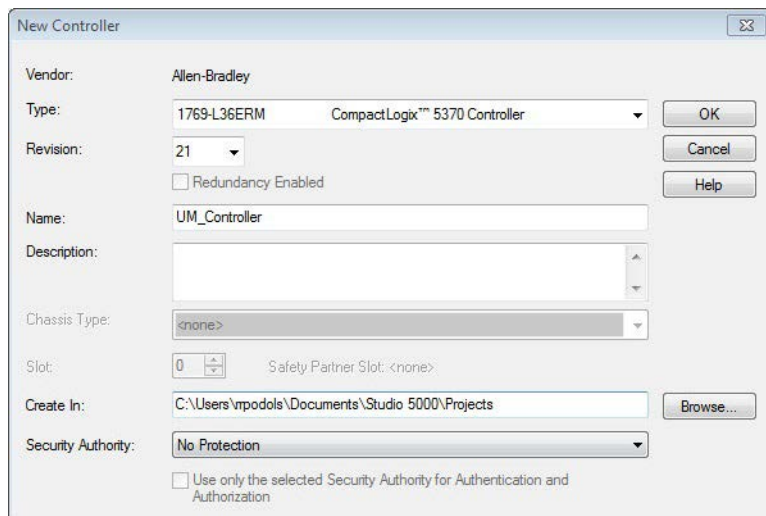
Follow these steps to configure the controller.

1. Apply power to your controller and open your Logix Designer application.



2. From the File menu, choose New.

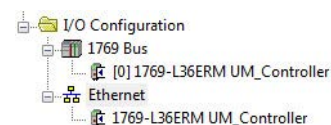
The New Controller dialog box appears.



3. Configure the new controller.
  - a. From the Type pull-down menu, choose the controller type.
  - b. From the Revision pull-down menu, choose the revision.
  - c. Type the file Name.

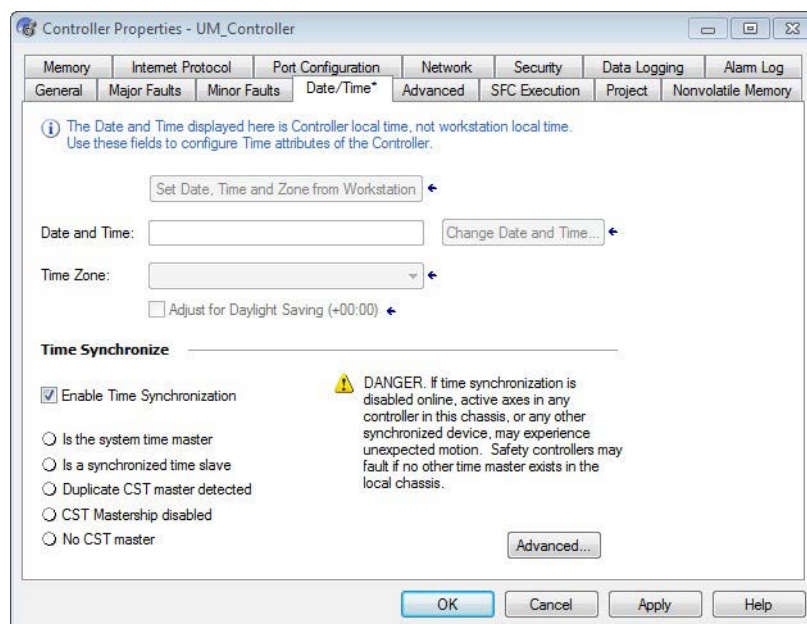
## 4. Click OK.

The new controller appears in the Controller Organizer under the I/O Configuration folder.



## 5. From the Edit menu, choose Controller Properties.

The Controller Properties dialog box appears.



## 6. Click the Date/Time tab.

## 7. Check Enable Time Synchronization.

The motion modules set their clocks to the module you assign as the Grandmaster.

---

**IMPORTANT** Check Enable Time Synchronization for all controllers that participate in CIP Sync. The overall CIP Sync network automatically promotes a Grandmaster clock, unless the priority is set in the Advanced tab.

---

## 8. Click OK.



## Configure the Kinetix 5500 Drive

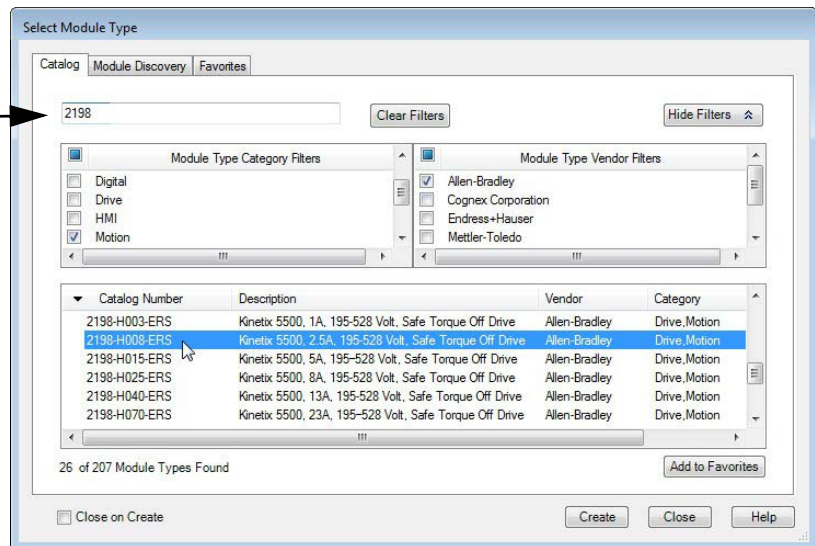
**IMPORTANT** To configure Kinetix 5500 drives (catalog numbers 2198-Hxxx-ERS) you must be using Logix Designer Application, version 21.00 or later.

Follow these steps to configure the Kinetix 5500 drive.

1. Above the controller you just created, right-click Ethernet and choose New Module.

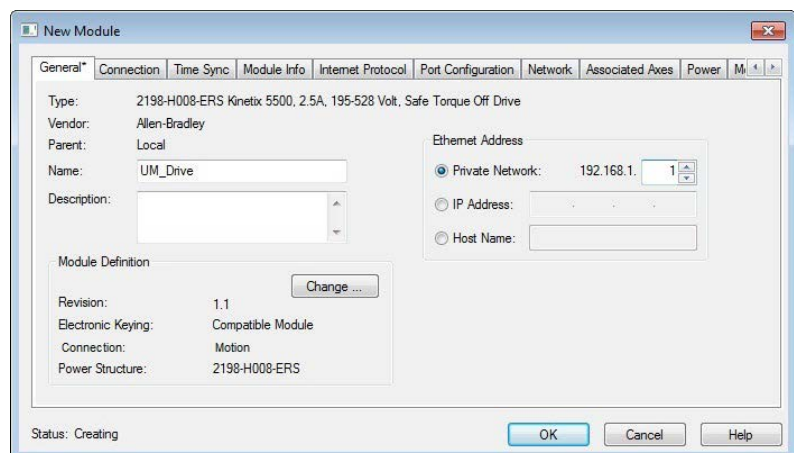
The Select Module Type dialog box appears.

Enter 2198 here to further limit your search.



2. By using the filters, check Motion and Allen-Bradley, and select your 2198-Hxxx-ERS servo drive as appropriate for your actual hardware configuration.
3. Click Create.

The New Module dialog box appears.



4. Configure the new drive.
  - a. Type the drive Name.
  - b. Select an Ethernet Address option.

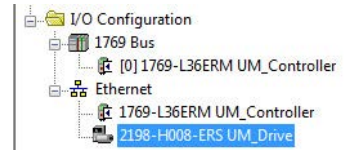
In this example, the Private Network address is selected.

- c. Enter the address of your EtherNet/IP module.

In this example, the last octet of the address is 1.

5. Click OK to close the New Module dialog box.

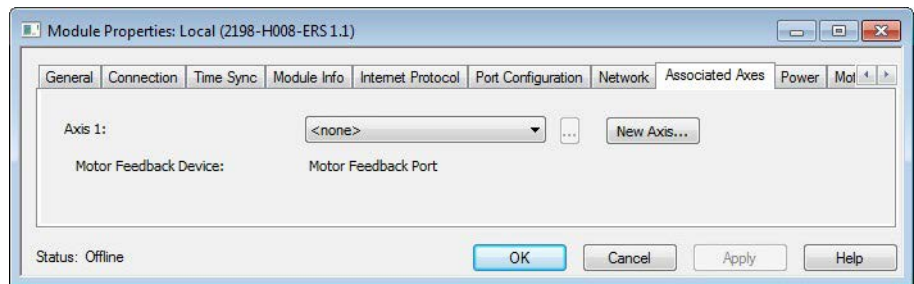
Your 2198-Hxxx-ERS servo drive appears in the Controller Organizer under the Ethernet controller in the I/O Configuration folder.



6. Click Close to close the Select Module Type dialog box.
7. Right-click the 2198-Hxxx-ERS servo drive you just created and choose Properties.

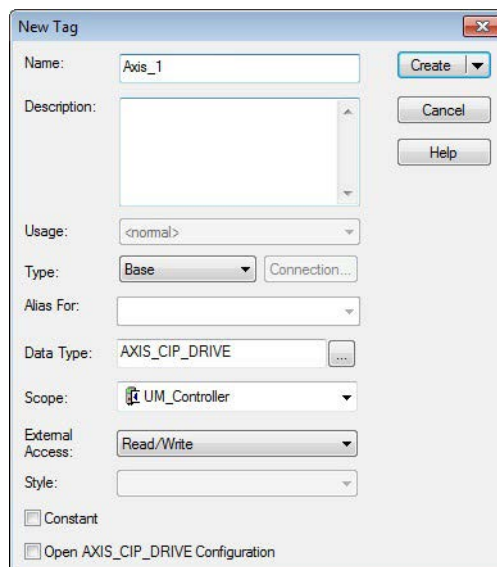
The Module Properties dialog box appears.

8. Click the Associated Axes tab.



9. Click New Axis.

The New Tag dialog box appears.

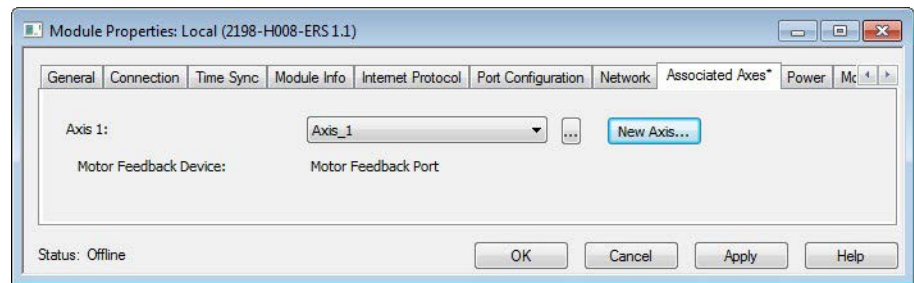


**10.** Type the axis Name.

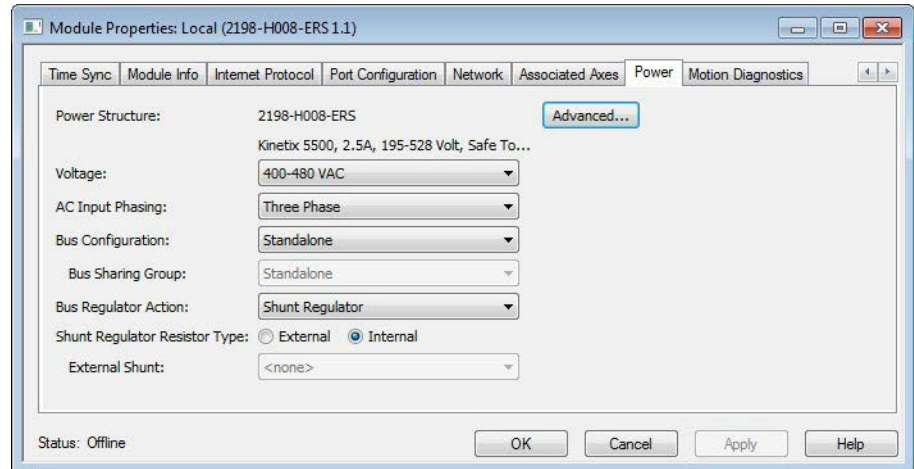
AXIS\_CIP\_DRIVE is the default Data Type.

**11.** Click Create.

The axis (Axis\_1 in this example) appears in the Controller Organizer under Motion Groups> Ungrouped Axes and is assigned as Axis 1.

**TIP**

You can configure an axis as Feedback Only. Refer to [Configure Feedback Only Axis Properties](#) on [page 110](#) for more information.

**12.** Click Apply.**13.** Click the Power tab.**IMPORTANT**

Single-phase operation is possible only when Module Properties>Power tab>Bus Configuration is configured as Standalone.

**IMPORTANT**

The Logix Designer application enforces shared-bus configuration rules for Kinetix 5500 drives, except for shared AC configurations.

14. From the pull-down menus, choose the power options appropriate for your actual hardware configuration.

Attribute	Menu	Description
Voltage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>400-480 VAC</li> <li>200-240 VAC</li> </ul>	AC input voltage class.
AC Input Phasing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Three Phase</li> <li>Single Phase</li> </ul>	Phase. Kinetix 5500 drives with single-phase operation is limited to 2198-H003-ERS, 2198-H008-ERS, and 2198-H015-ERS.
Bus Configuration <sup>(1) (2)</sup>	Standalone	Applies to single-axis drives and drives with Shared AC input configurations.
	Shared AC/DC	Applies to converter drives with Shared AC/DC and Shared AC/DC Hybrid input configurations.
	Shared DC	Applies to inverter drives with Shared DC input (common-bus) configurations.
Bus Sharing Group <sup>(3) (2)</sup>	Standalone	Applies to standalone bus configurations.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Group1</li> <li>Group2</li> <li>Group3 . . .</li> </ul>	Applies to any bus sharing configuration <sup>(4)</sup> .
Shunt Regulator Action	Disabled	Disables the internal shunt resistor and external shunt option.
	Shunt Regulator	Enables the internal and external shunt options.
Shunt Regulator Resistor Type	Internal	Enables the internal shunt (external shunt option is disabled).
	External	Enables the external shunt (internal shunt option is disabled).
External Shunt <sup>(5)</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>None</li> <li>2097-R6</li> <li>2097-R7</li> </ul>	Selects external shunt option. Only the shunt model intended for the drive model is shown.

(1) Refer to [Chapter 3](#) for more information on single-axis and multi-axis configurations.

(2) Bus Configuration selection is not applicable to Kinetix 350 and Kinetix 6500 drives.

(3) For more information on bus sharing groups, refer to [Understanding Bus Sharing Group Configuration](#) on [page 121](#).

(4) All drives physically connected to the same shared-bus connection system must be part of the same Bus Sharing Group in the Logix Designer application.

(5) Refer to the Kinetix Servo Drives Specifications Technical Data, publication [GMC-TD003](#), for more information on the Bulletin 2097 external shunt resistors.

15. Click OK.

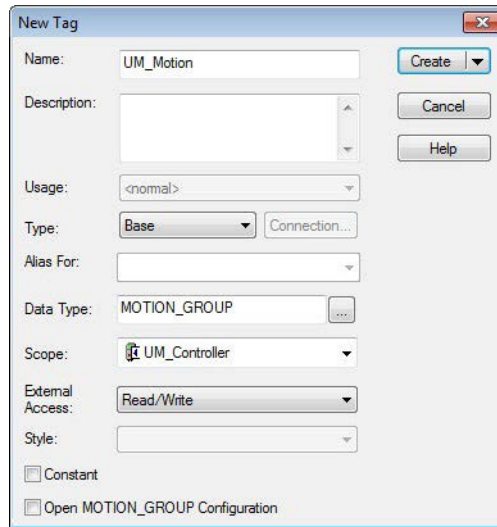
16. Repeat [step 1](#) through [step 15](#) for each 2198-Hxxx-ERS servo drive.

## Configure the Motion Group

Follow these steps to configure the motion group.

1. In the Controller Organizer, right-click Motion Groups and choose New Motion Group.

The New Tag dialog box appears.



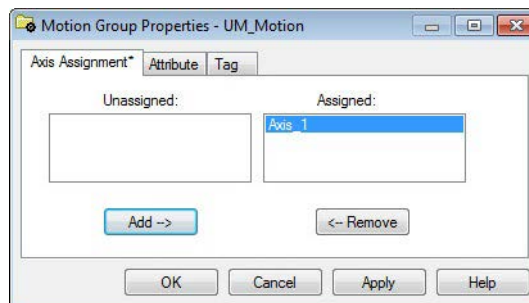
2. Type the new motion group Name.
3. Click Create.

Your new motion group appears in the Controller Organizer under the Motion Groups folder.



4. Right-click the new motion group and choose Properties.

The Motion Group Properties dialog box appears.



5. Click the Axis Assignment tab and move your axes (created earlier) from Unassigned to Assigned.
6. Click the Attribute tab and edit the default values as appropriate for your application.
7. Click OK.

Your axis moves to the new motion group.



## Configure Axis Properties

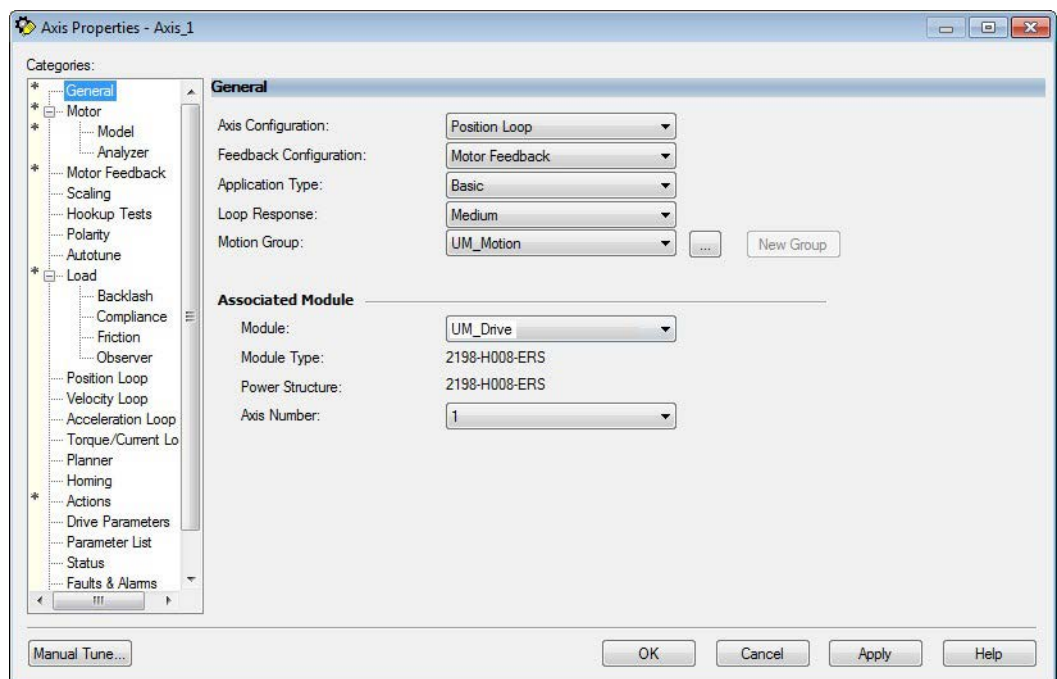
Axis configuration depends on the motor or other device (external encoder, for example) associated with each axis. This section provides guidelines for configuring servo motors, induction motors, and external encoder devices.

### Configure Servo Motor Axis Properties

Follow these steps to configure servo motor axis properties.

1. In the Controller Organizer, right-click an axis and choose Properties.
2. Select the General category.

The General and Associated Module dialog box appears.

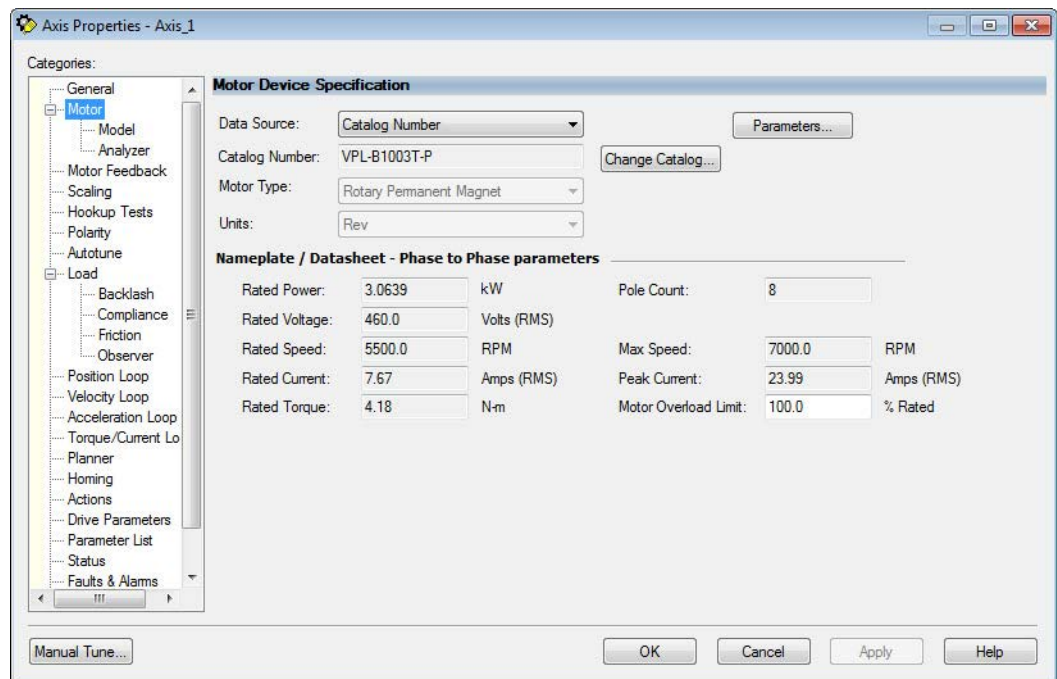


3. From the General pull-down menus, change configuration settings as needed for your application.
4. From the Associated Module>Module pull-down menu, choose your Kinetix 5500 drive.

The drive catalog number populates the Module Type and Power Structure fields.

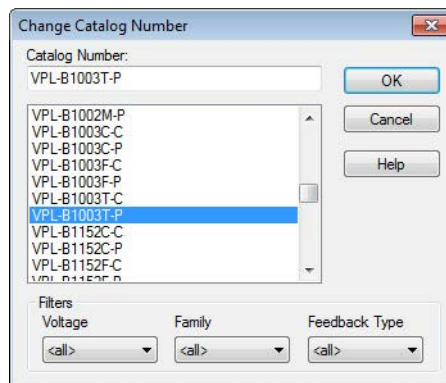
5. Click Apply.
6. Select the Motor category.

The Motor Device Specification dialog box appears.



7. From the Data Source pull-down menu, choose Catalog Number.
8. Click Change Catalog.

The Change Catalog Number dialog box appears.

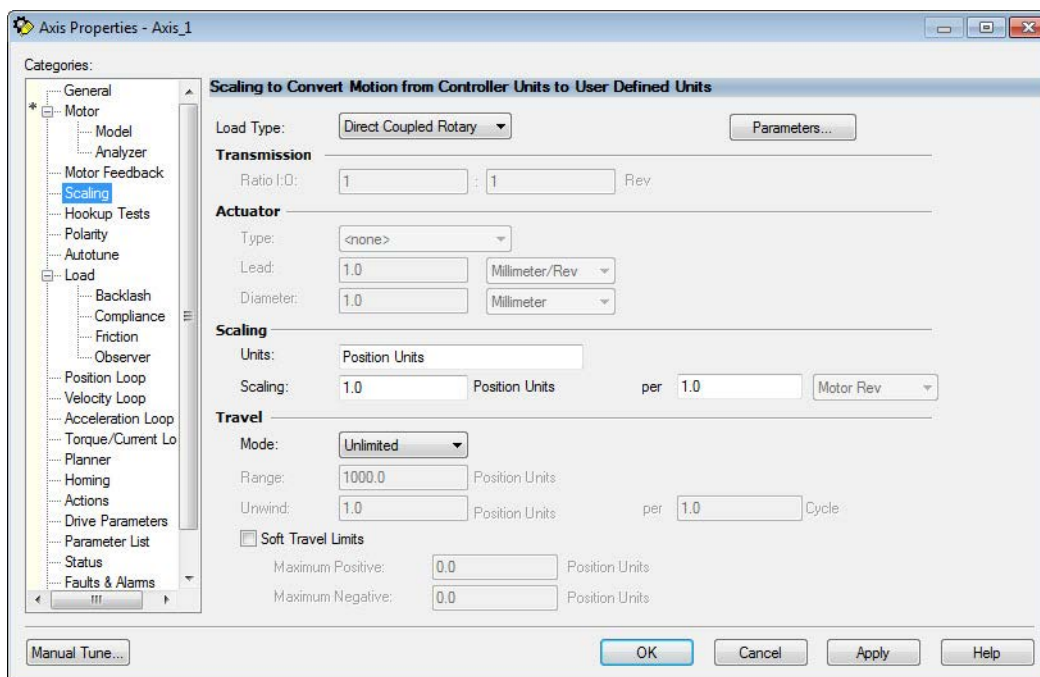


9. Select the motor catalog number appropriate for your application.  
To verify the motor catalog number, refer to the motor name plate.
10. Click OK to close the Change Catalog Number dialog box.
11. Click Apply.

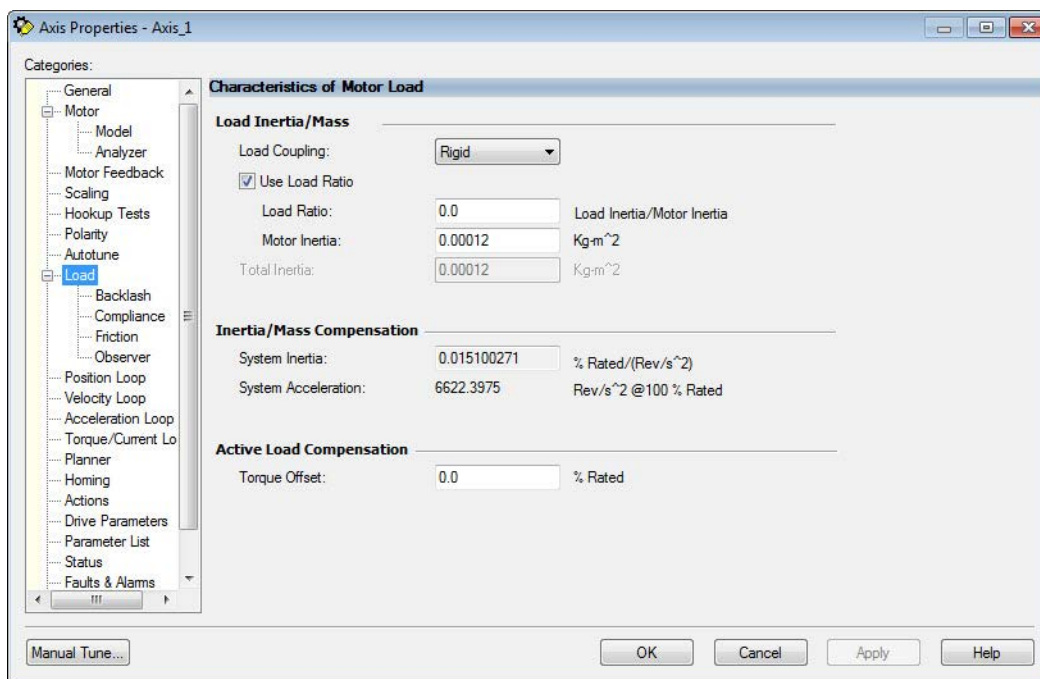
Motor data specific to your motor appears in the Nameplate / Datasheet - Phase to Phase parameters field.



12. Select the Scaling category and edit the default values as appropriate for your application.



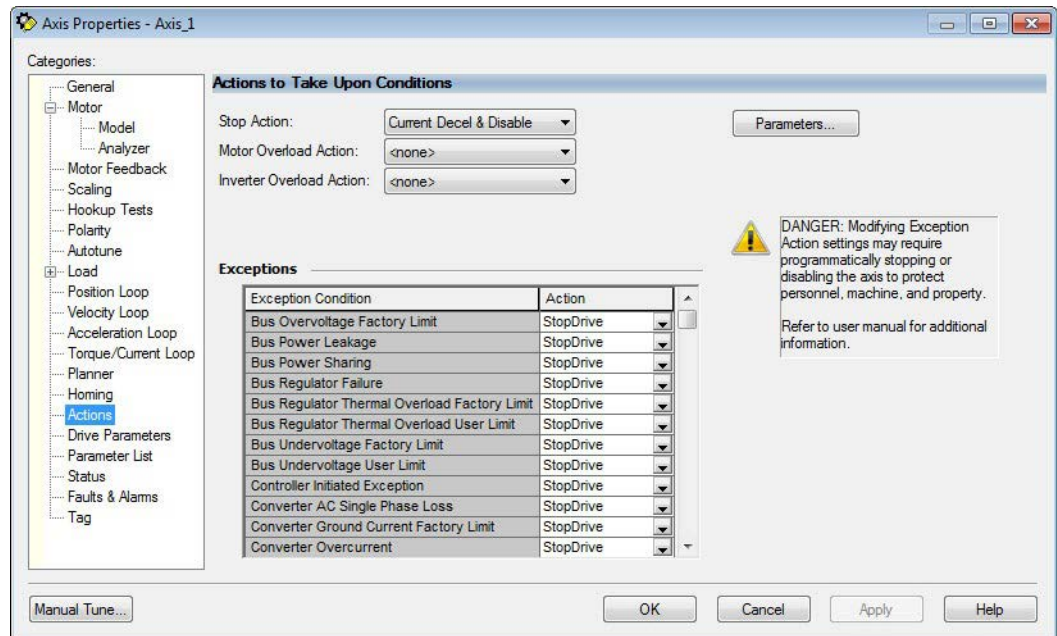
13. Click Apply, if you make changes.
14. Select the Load category and edit the default values as appropriate for your application.



15. Click Apply, if you make changes.
16. Select the Actions category.



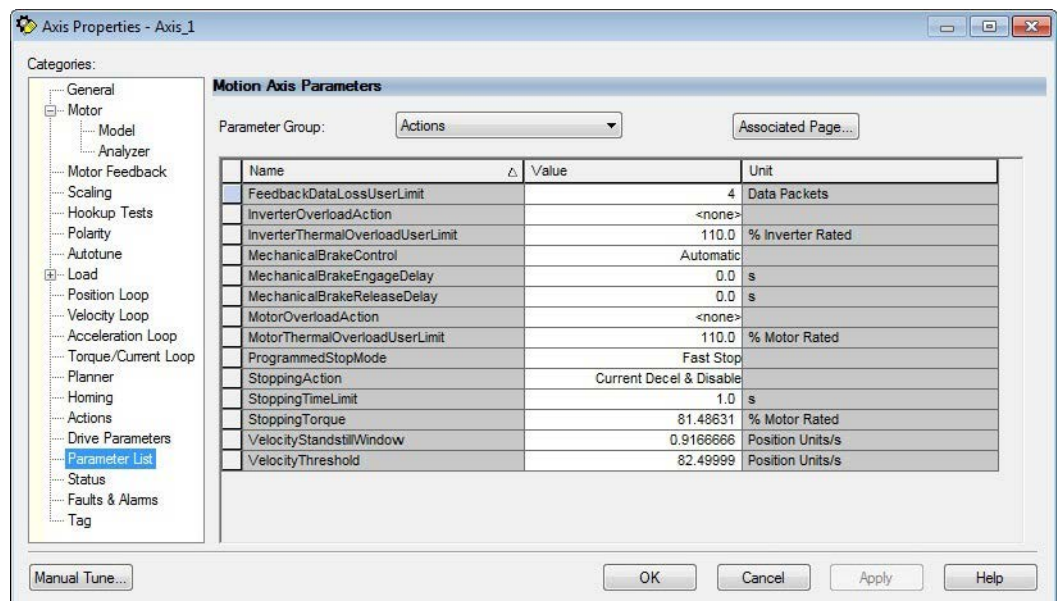
The Actions to Take Upon Conditions dialog box appears.



From this dialog box, you can program actions and change the action for exceptions (faults). Refer to [Logix5000 Controller and Drive Behavior](#) on page 134 for more information.

17. Select the Parameter List category.

The Motion Axis Parameters dialog box appears.



From this dialog box you can set delay times for servo motors. For recommended motor brake delay times, refer to the Kinetix Rotary Motion Specifications Technical Data, publication [GMC-TD001](#).

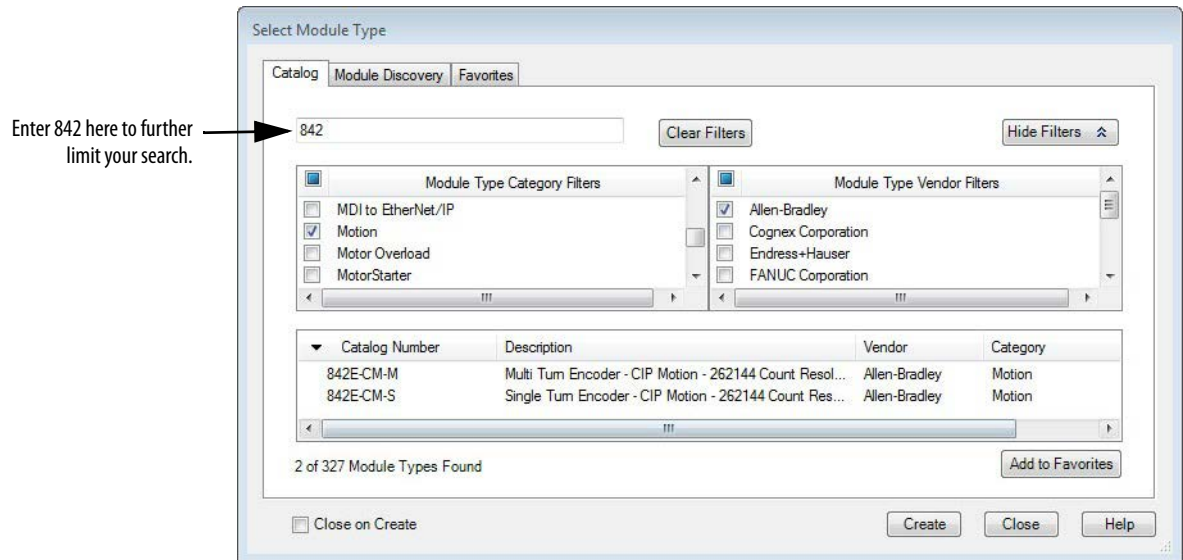
18. Click OK.
19. Repeat [step 1](#) through [step 18](#) for each servo motor axis.

### Configure Feedback Only Axis Properties

Follow these steps to create your external encoder module and configure feedback-only axis properties when using the 842E-CM integrated motion encoder on the EtherNet/IP network.

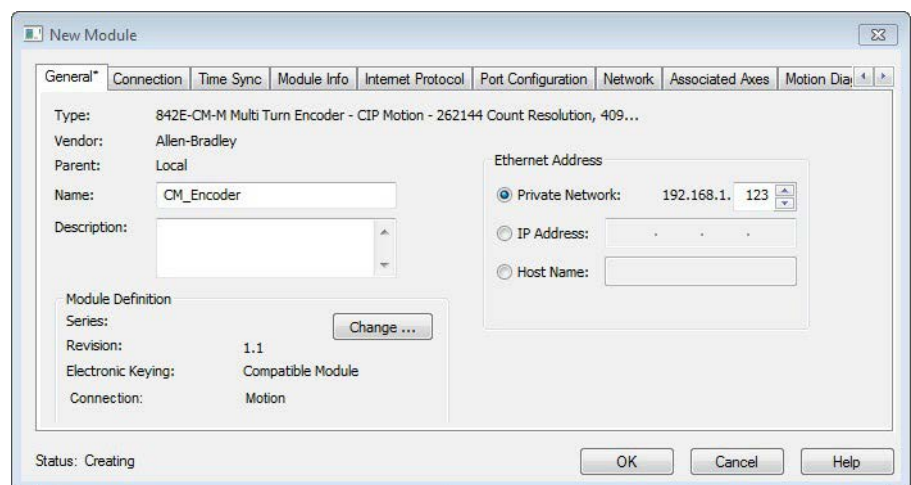
1. In the Controller Organizer, right-click Ethernet under the I/O Configuration folder and choose New Module.

The Select Module Type dialog box appears.



2. By using the filters, check Motion and Allen-Bradley, and select your 842E-CM encoder as appropriate for your actual hardware configuration.
3. Click Create.

The New Module dialog box appears.



4. Configure the 842E-CM encoder.

- Type the encoder Name.
- Select an Ethernet Address option.

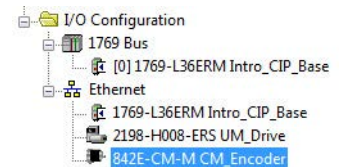
In this example, the Private Network address is selected.

- Enter the address of your EtherNet/IP module.

In this example, the last octet of the address is 123.

5. Click OK to close the New Module dialog box.

Your 842E-CM encoder appears in the Controller Organizer under the Ethernet controller in the I/O Configuration folder.



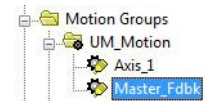
6. Click Close to close the Select Module Type dialog box.

7. Right-click the 842E-CM encoder you just created and choose Properties.

The Module Properties dialog box appears.

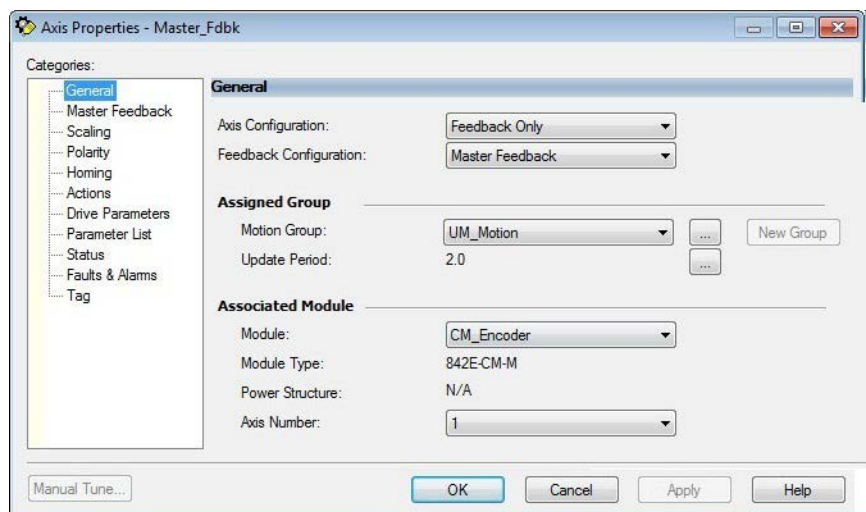
8. Configure the Associated Axis tab and the motion group for your 842E-CM encoder.

In this example, the feedback-only axis is named Master\_Fdbk.



9. In the Controller Organizer, right-click the feedback-only axis and choose Properties.

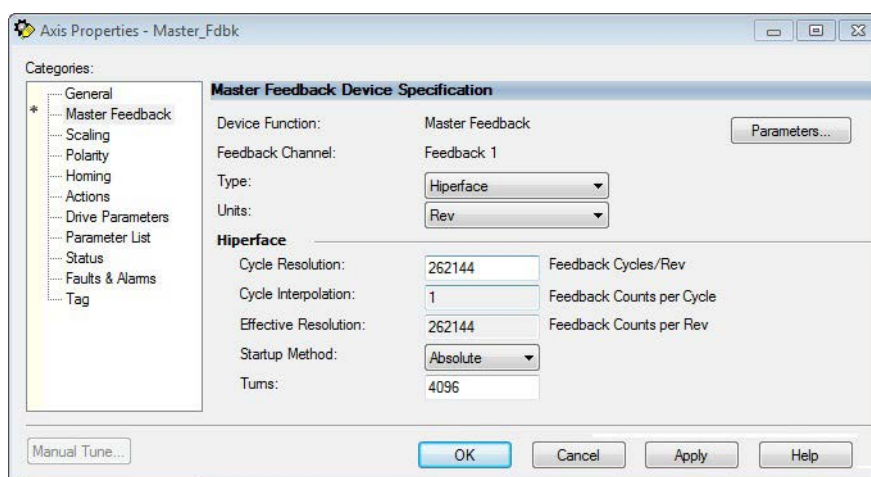
10. Select the General category.



11. From the Module pull-down menu, choose the 842E-CM encoder to associate with your Feedback Only axis.

The Module Type field populates with the chosen encoder catalog number.

## 12. Select the Master Feedback category.



## 13. Set the resolution for the encoder as needed for your actual hardware.

In this example, the multi-turn (-M) resolution and number of turns is shown. For single-turn (-S) resolution, the number of turns is 1.

## 14. Click OK.

15. Repeat [step 1](#) through [step 14](#) for each feedback-only axis.

For more information on configuring Bulletin 842E-CM encoders, refer to the 842E-CM Integrated Motion Encoder on EtherNet/IP User Manual, publication [842E-UM002](#).

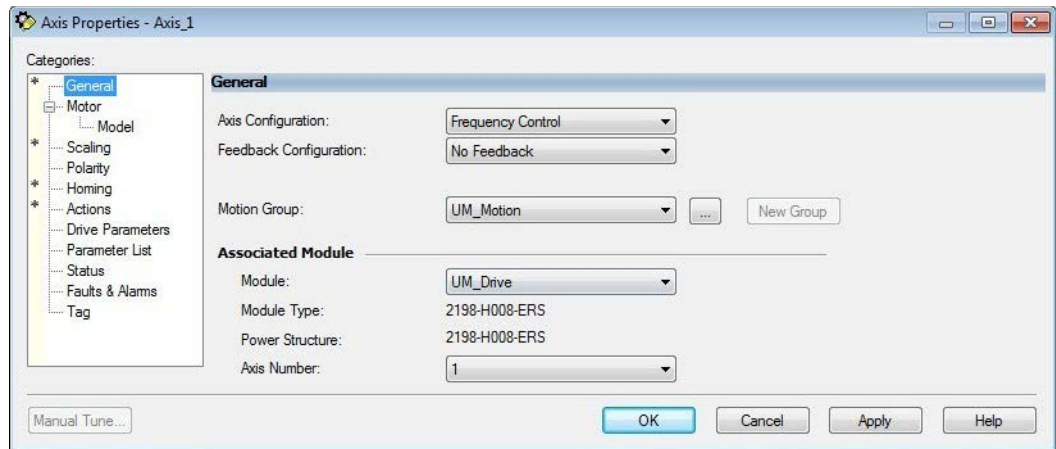
### Configure Induction Motor Axis Properties

The Kinetix 5500 servo drives support basic volts/hertz and sensorless vector frequency control methods. For more information regarding frequency control methods, refer to [Induction Motor Control Methods](#) on [page 185](#).

Follow these steps to configure induction motor axis properties.

1. In the Controller Organizer, right-click an axis and choose Properties.
2. Select the General category.

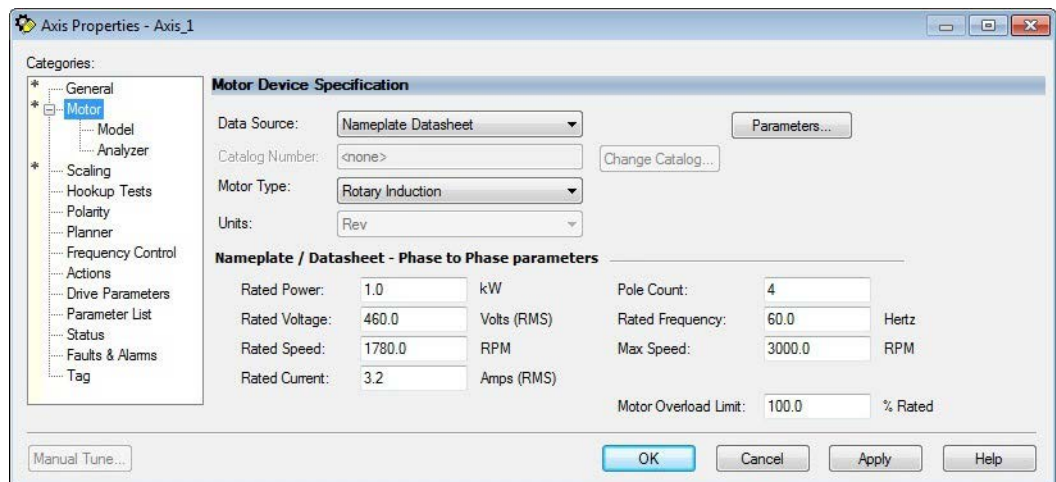
The General and Associated Module dialog box appears.



3. From the Axis Configuration pull-down menu, choose Frequency Control.
4. From the Module pull-down menu, choose the drive to associate with your Frequency Control axis.

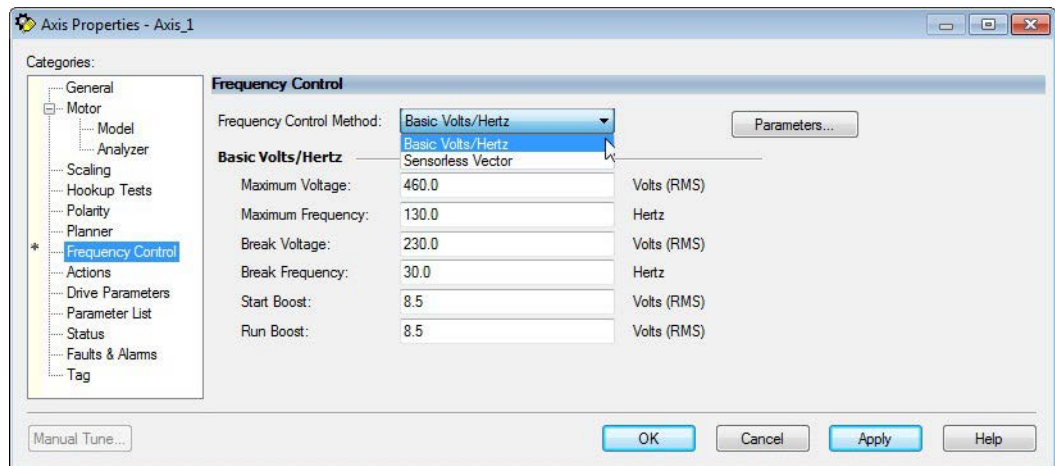
The Module Type and Power Structure fields populate with the chosen drive catalog number.

5. Click Apply.
6. Select the Motor category.

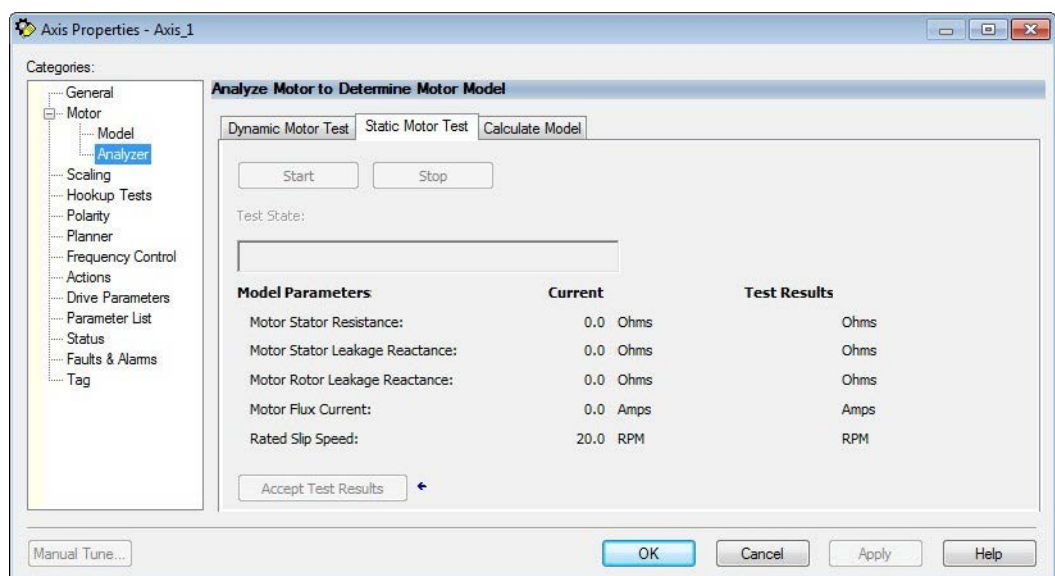




7. From the Data Source pull-down menu, choose Nameplate Datasheet.  
This is the default setting.
8. From the Motor Type pull-down menu, choose Rotary Induction.
9. From the motor nameplate or datasheet, enter the phase-to-phase values.
10. Click Apply.
11. Select the Frequency Control category.

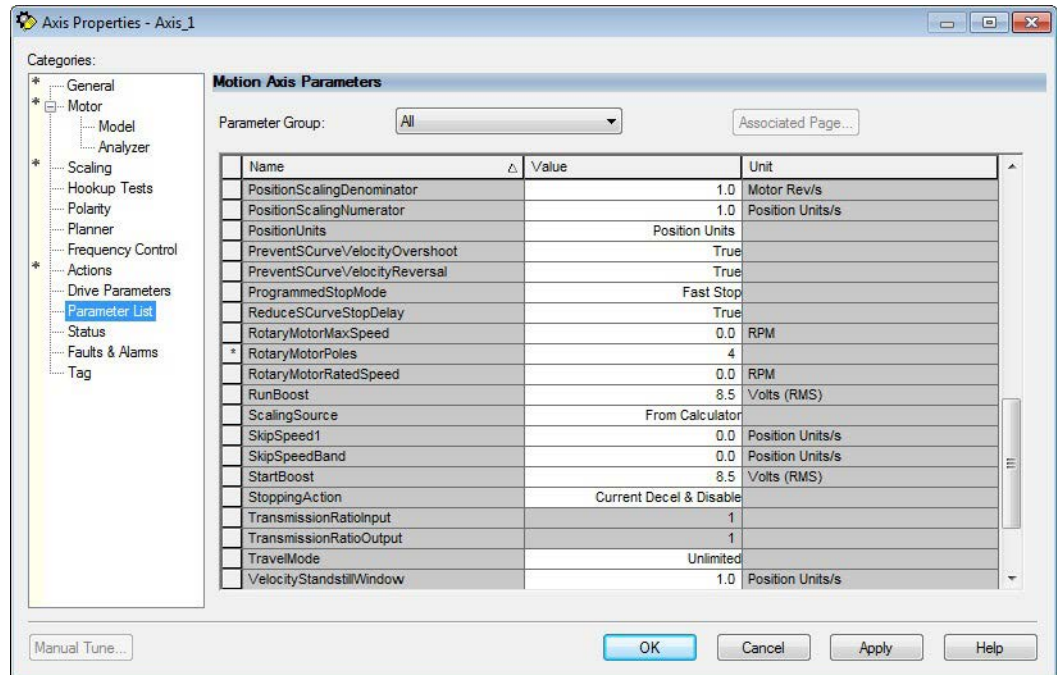


12. From the Frequency Control Method pull-down menu, choose the method appropriate for your application.
13. If you chose the Basic Volts/Hertz method, enter the nameplate data for your motor in the Basic Volts/Hertz fields.  
If you chose the Sensorless Vector method, the Basic Volts/Hertz fields are dimmed.
14. Click Apply.
15. If you chose the Sensorless Vector method, select the Motor>Analyzer category.



16. Click the Static Motor Test tab.
17. Click Start to run the test and measure Motor Stator Resistance.  
If you chose the Basic Volts/Hertz category, you can skip this test.
18. Select the Parameter List category.

The Motion Axis Parameters dialog box appears.



19. Enter values for the SkipSpeed1 and SkipSpeedBand parameters.  
For more information regarding skip frequency, refer to [Skip Frequency](#) on [page 188](#).
20. Click OK.
21. Repeat [step 1](#) through [step 20](#) for each induction motor axis.

## Download the Program

After completing the Logix Designer application and saving the file you must download your program to the Logix5000 processor.

## Apply Power to the Kinetix 5500 Drive

This procedure assumes that you have wired and configured your Kinetix 5500 system and your Logix5000 controller.



**SHOCK HAZARD:** To avoid hazard of electrical shock, perform all mounting and wiring of the Bulletin 2198 servo drives prior to applying power. Once power is applied, connector terminals can have voltage present even when not in use.

Follow these steps to apply power to the Kinetix 5500 system.

1. Disconnect the load to the motor.



**ATTENTION:** To avoid personal injury or damage to equipment, disconnect the load to the motor. Make sure each motor is free of all linkages when initially applying power to the system.

---

2. Apply 24V DC control power.

The LCD display begins the startup sequence. Refer to [Startup Sequence](#) on [page 97](#). If the startup sequence does not begin, check the 24V control power connections.

3. When the startup sequence completes, verify that the two status indicators are steady green and the axis state is PRECHARGE.

If the axis state does not reach PRECHARGE and the two status indicators are not solid green, refer to [Kinetix 5500 Drive Status Indicators](#) on [page 131](#).

---

**IMPORTANT**

Apply control power before applying three-phase AC power. This makes sure the shunt is enabled, which can prevent nuisance faults or Bus Overvoltage faults.

---

4. Apply mains input power and monitor the DC BUS voltage on the LCD display.

If the DC BUS does not reach the expected voltage level, check the three-phase input power connections. Also, it can take as many as 1.8 seconds after input power is applied before the drive can accept motion commands.

5. Verify that the axis state changes to STOPPED.

If the axis state does not change to STOPPED, refer to [Fault Codes](#) on [page 126](#).

## Applying Power after Changing Input Voltage Range

This step applies to any drive or multi-axis drive configuration that includes the Bulletin 2198 capacitor module.



**ATTENTION:** To avoid damage to equipment when the configured input voltage range of the drive or drives connected to a Bulletin 2198 capacitor module changes from 230V AC to 460V AC or from 460V AC to 230V AC, the bus voltage needs to bleed down below 50V DC before the new configured input voltage is applied.

---



## Test and Tune the Axes

This procedure assumes that you have configured your Kinetix 5500 drive, your Logix5000 controller, and applied power to the system.

**IMPORTANT** Before proceeding with testing and tuning your axes, verify that the MOD and NET status indicators are operating as described in [Kinetix 5500 Drive Status Indicators](#) on [page 131](#).

For help using the Logix Designer application as it applies to testing and tuning your axes with ControlLogix EtherNet/IP modules or CompactLogix 5370 controllers, refer to [Additional Resources](#) on [page 12](#).

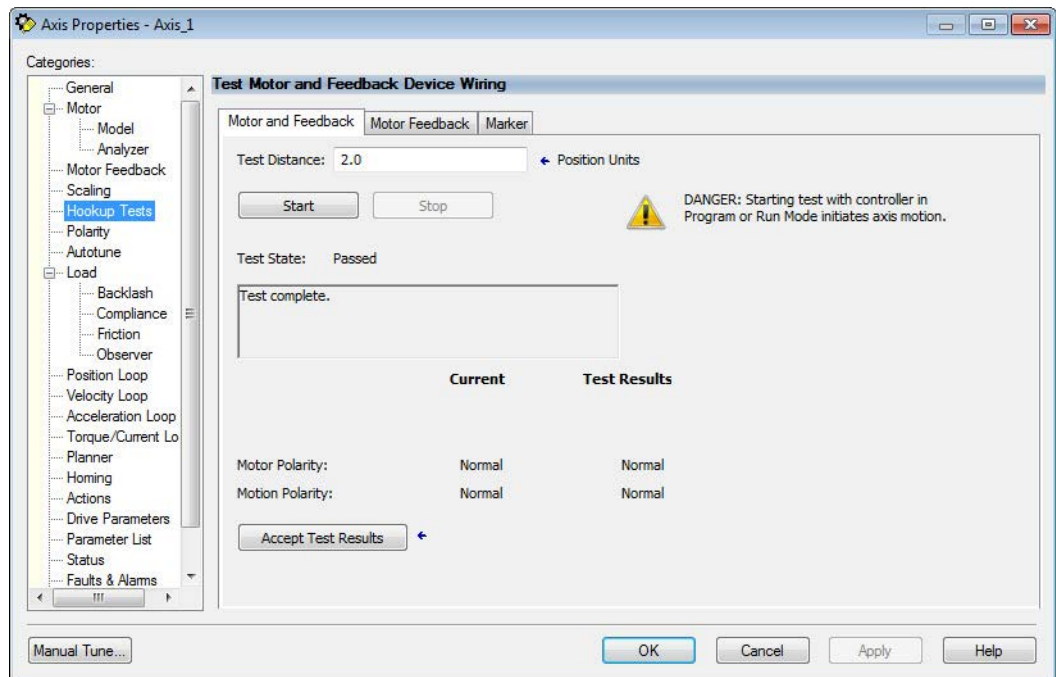
### Test the Axes

Follow these steps to test the axes.

1. Verify the load was removed from each axis.
2. In your Motion Group folder, right-click an axis and choose Properties.

The Axis Properties dialog box appears.

3. Click the Hookup Tests category.



4. In the Test Distance field, type 2.0 as the number of revolutions for the test.

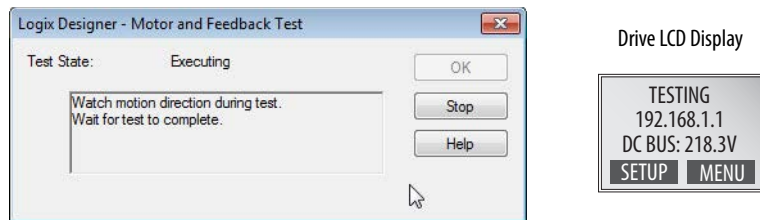
Test	Description
Marker	Verifies marker detection capability as you rotate the motor shaft.
Motor Feedback	Verifies feedback connections are wired correctly as you rotate the motor shaft.
Motor and Feedback	Verifies motor power and feedback connections are wired correctly as you command the motor to rotate.

5. Click the desired tab (Marker/Motor Feedback/Motor and Feedback).

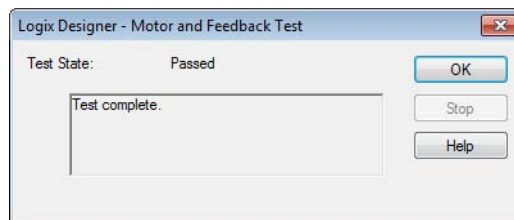
In this example, the Motor and Feedback test is chosen.

6. Click Start.

The Logix Designer - Motor and Feedback Test dialog box appears. The Test State is Executing. TESTING appears on the drive LCD display.



When the test completes successfully, the Test State changes from Executing to Passed.



7. Click OK.

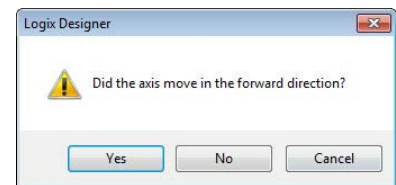
This dialog box appears asking if the direction was correct.

8. Click Yes.

9. Click Accept Test Results.

10. If the test fails, this dialog box appears.

- a. Click OK.
- b. Verify the DC bus voltage.
- c. Verify unit values entered in the Scaling category.
- d. Return to [step 5](#) and run the test again.



## Tune the Axes

Follow these steps to tune the axes.

1. Verify the load is still removed from the axis being tuned.



**ATTENTION:** To reduce the possibility of unpredictable motor response, tune your motor with the load removed first, then re-attach the load and perform the tuning procedure again to provide an accurate operational response.

2. Click the Autotune category.

Axis Properties - Axis\_1

Categories:

- General
  - Motor
  - Model
  - Analyzer
  - Motor Feedback
  - Scaling
  - Hookup Tests
  - Polarity
  - Autotune**
  - Load
    - Backlash
    - Compliance
    - Friction
    - Observer
  - Position Loop
  - Velocity Loop
  - Acceleration Loop
  - Torque/Current Lo
  - Planner
  - Homing
  - Actions
  - Drive Parameters
  - Parameter List
  - Status
  - Faults & Alarms

**Tune Control Loop by Measuring Load Characteristics**

Application Type: Basic

Loop Response: Medium

Load Coupling: Rigid

**Customize Gains to Tune**

- ☐ Position Integrator Bandwidth
- ☐ Velocity Integrator Bandwidth
- ☒ Velocity Feedforward
- ☐ Acceleration Feedforward
- ☒ Torque Low Pass Filter
- ☒ Measure Inertia using Tune Profile
  - ☒ Motor with Load
  - ☐ Uncoupled Motor

Travel Limit: 50.0 Position Units

Speed: 2.0 Position Units/s

Torque: 100.0 % Rated

Direction: Forward Uni-directional

**Perform Tune**

Start Stop

Tune Status: Ready

Loop Parameters Tuned

Name	Current	Tuned	Units
PositionLoopBandwidth	18.52124		Hz
PositionIntegratorBan...	0.0		Hz
VelocityLoopBandwidth	74.08496		Hz

☒ Advanced Compensation

Load Parameters Tuned

Name	Current	Tuned	Units
MaximumAcceleration	4860.1943		Po...
MaximumDeceleration	4860.1943		Po...
SystemInertia	0.014940577		% ...

Accept Tuned Values

Manual Tune... OK Cancel Apply Help

3. Type values for Travel Limit and Speed.

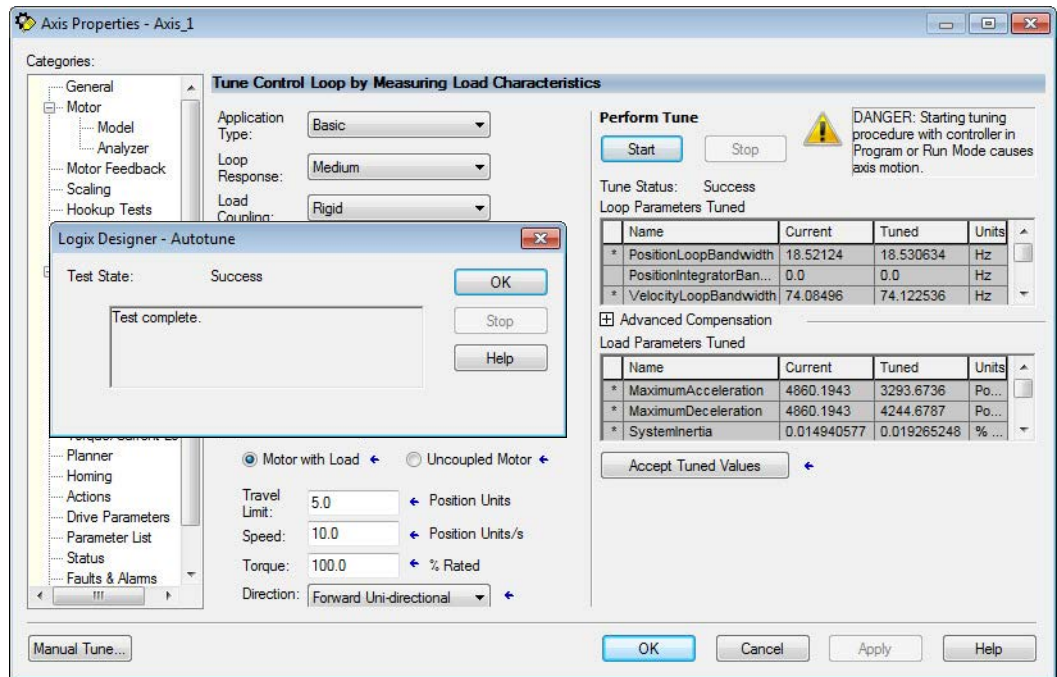
In this example, Travel Limit = 5 and Speed = 10. The actual value of programmed units depend on your application.

4. From the Direction pull-down menu, choose a setting appropriate for your application.

Forward Uni-directional is default.

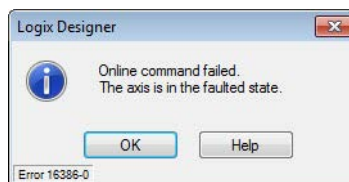
5. Edit other fields as appropriate for your application.
6. Click Start.

The Logix Designer - Autotune dialog box appears. When the test completes, the Test State changes from Executing to Success.



Tuned values populate the Loop and Load parameter tables. Actual bandwidth values (Hz) depend on your application and can require adjustment once motor and load are connected.

7. Click Accept Tuned Values.
8. Click OK to close the Logix Designer - Autotune dialog box.
9. Click OK to close the Axis Properties dialog box.
10. If the test fails, this dialog box appears.



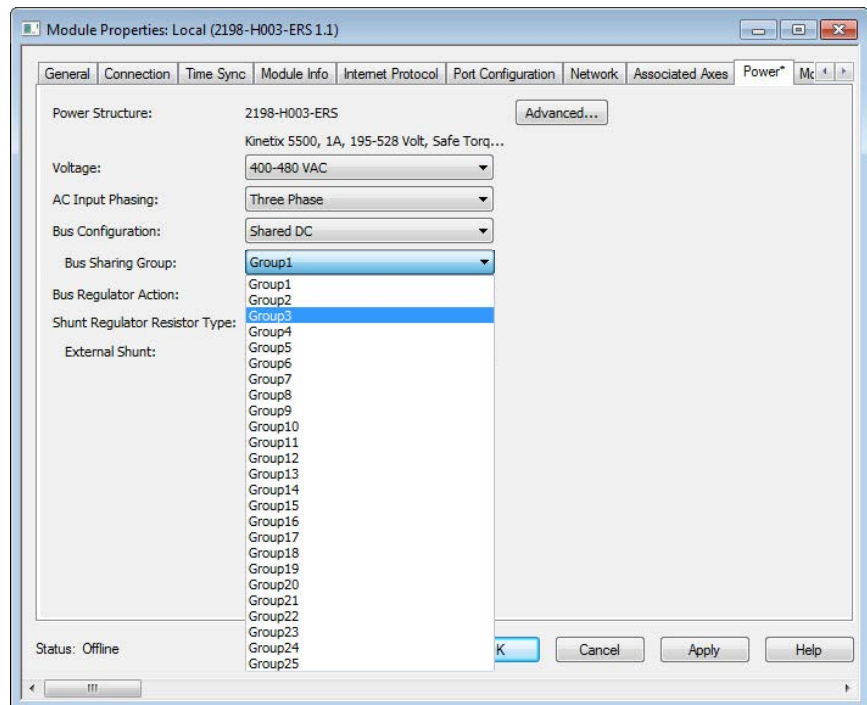
- a. Click OK.
- b. Make an adjustment to motor velocity.
- c. Refer to the controller user manual for more information.
- d. Return to [step 6](#) and run the test again.
11. Repeat [Test and Tune the Axes](#) for each axis.

## Understanding Bus Sharing Group Configuration

When configuring Module Properties>Power tab for each Kinetix 5500 servo drive, you can breakout drives from one or more servo systems into multiple bus-sharing (power) groups.

A drive that faults in Group 1 does not affect the operation of Group 2, even though all of the drives in Groups 1 and 2 are in the same Motion group in the Logix Designer application.

As many as 25 bus-sharing groups are possible.

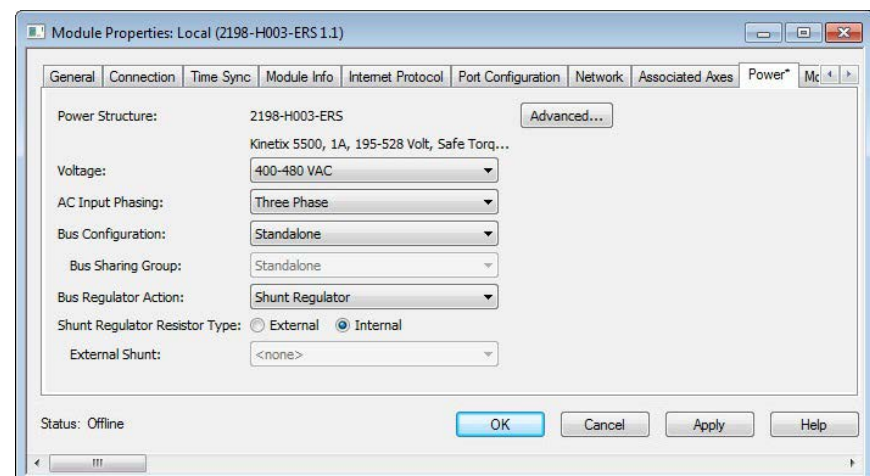



---

**IMPORTANT** Bus-sharing groups do not apply to drives with a Bus Configuration of Standalone.

---

When Standalone is configured as the Bus Configuration, Standalone (dimmed) is also configured as the Bus Sharing Group.

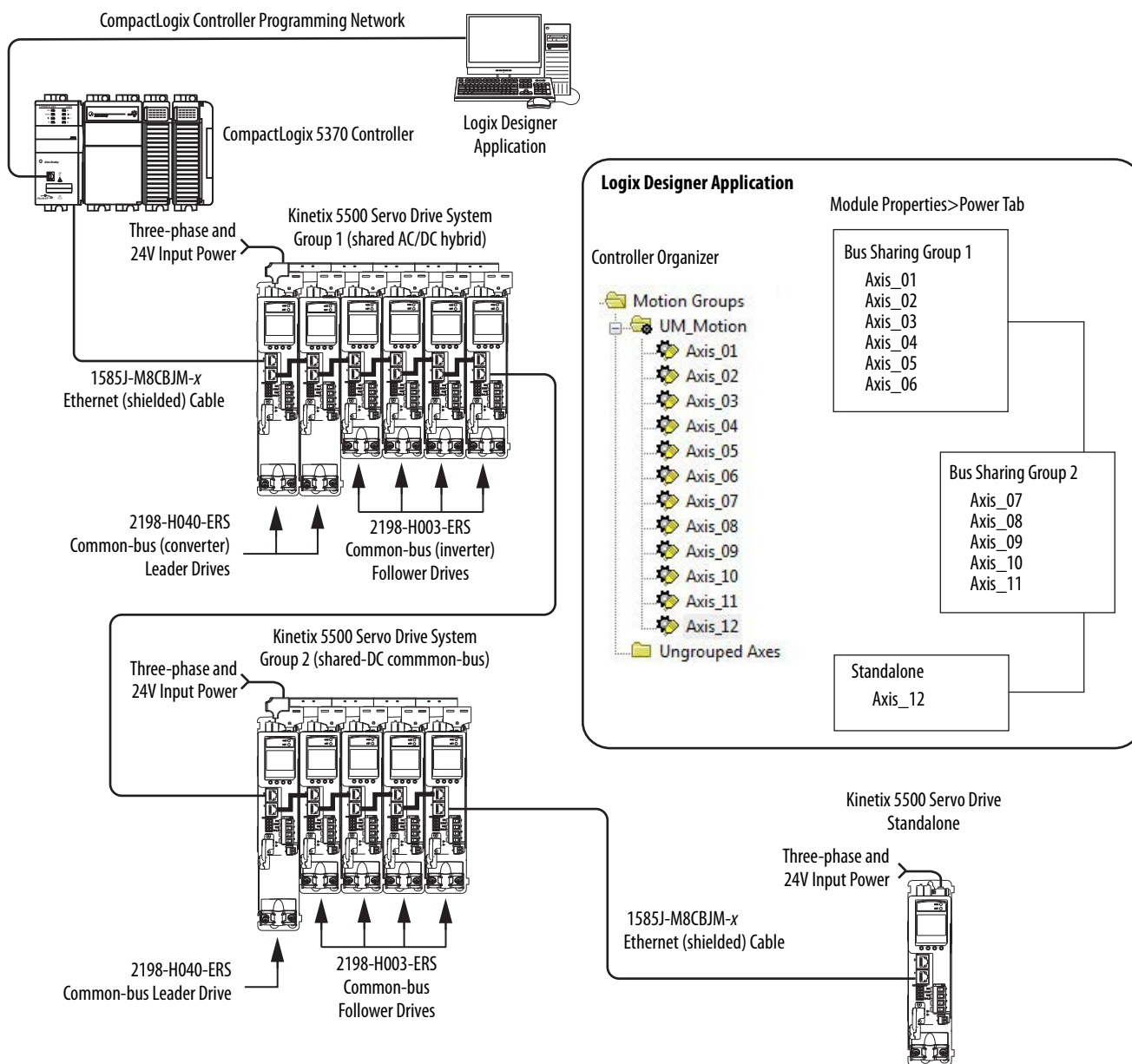


## Bus Sharing Group Example

In this example, twelve axes are needed to support the motion application. All twelve axes are configured in the same Motion group in the Logix Designer application.

However, the twelve axes of motion are also configured as two bus-sharing groups and one standalone drive in Module Properties>Power tab. By creating two bus-sharing groups, a converter drive that faults in Group 1 only disables Group 1 drives, and has no effect on the drive operation of Group 2 or the Standalone drive.

Figure 54 - Bus-sharing Group Example

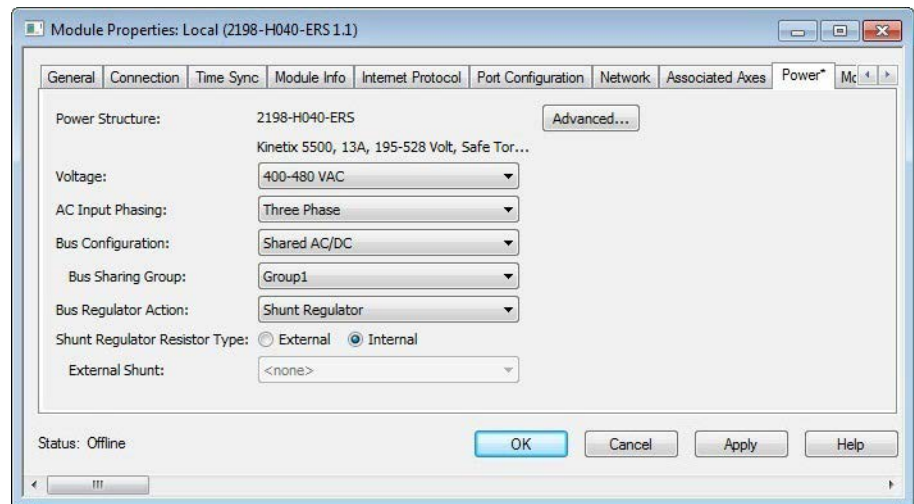




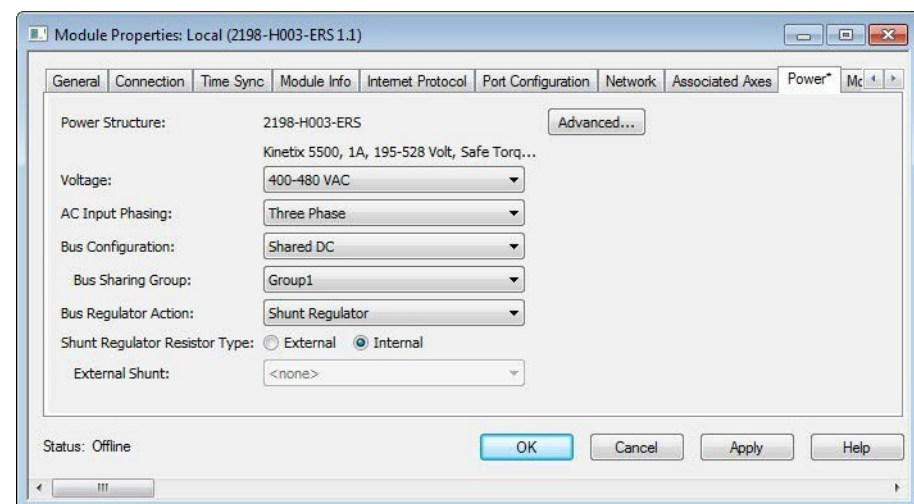
## Configure Bus-sharing Groups

Group 1 is a shared AC/DC hybrid configuration. The Bus Configuration for the first two converter drives is Shared AC/DC. The Bus Configuration for the inverter drives is Shared DC.

**Figure 55 - Group 1 Converter Drives Configuration**

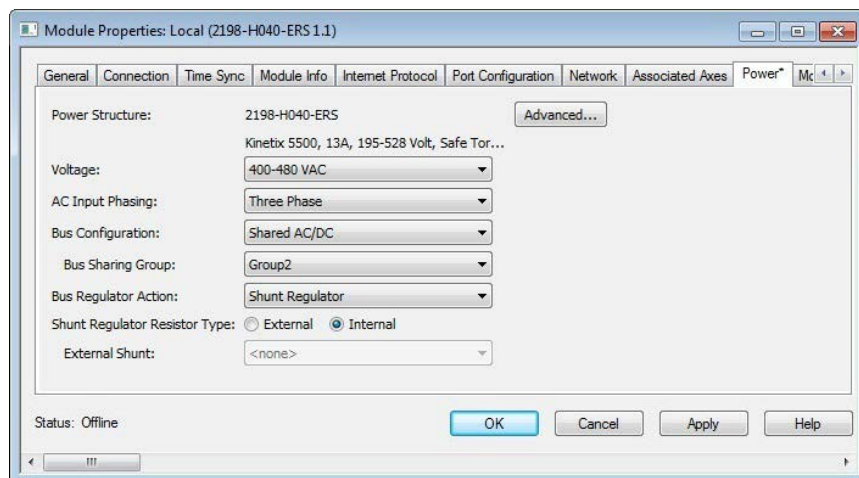


**Figure 56 - Group 1 Inverter Drives Configuration**

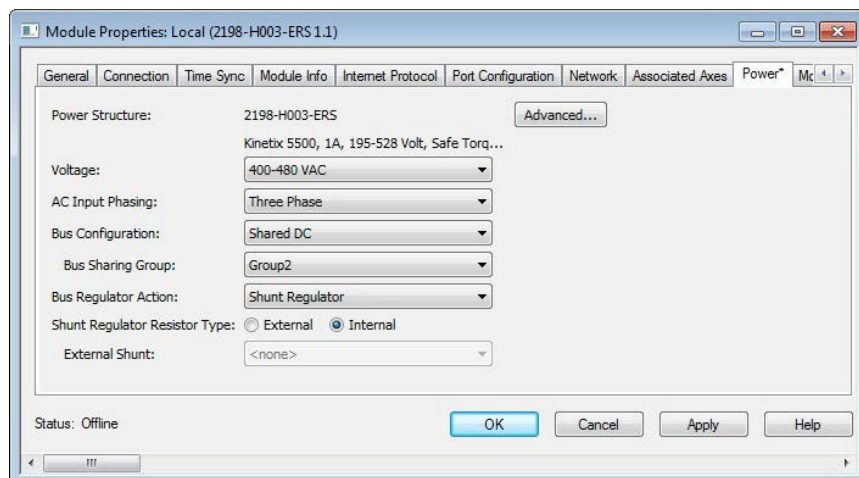


Group 2 is a shared DC (common-bus) configuration. The Bus Configuration for the leader drive is Shared AC/DC. The Bus Configuration for the follower drives is Shared DC.

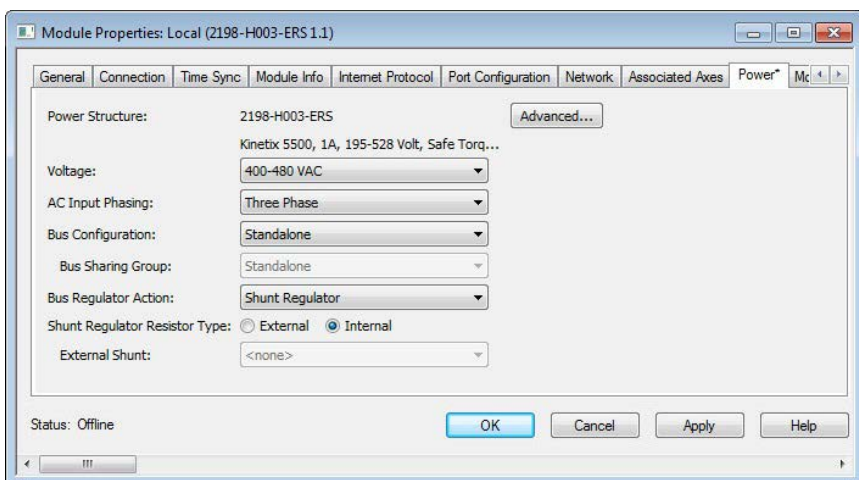
**Figure 57 - Group 2 Leader Drive Configuration**



**Figure 58 - Group 2 Follower Drives Configuration**



**Figure 59 - Standalone Drive Configuration**





## Troubleshooting the Kinetix 5500 Drive System

This chapter provides troubleshooting tables and related information for your Kinetix 5500 servo drives.

Topic	Page
Safety Precautions	125
Interpret Status Indicators	126
General Troubleshooting	132
Logix5000 Controller and Drive Behavior	134

### Safety Precautions

Observe the following safety precautions when troubleshooting your Kinetix 5500 servo drive.



**ATTENTION:** Capacitors on the DC bus can retain hazardous voltages after input power has been removed. Before working on the drive, measure the DC bus voltage to verify it has reached a safe level or wait the full time interval as indicated in the warning on the front of the drive. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



**ATTENTION:** Do not attempt to defeat or override the drive fault circuits. You must determine the cause of a fault and correct it before you attempt to operate the system. Failure to correct the fault could result in personal injury and/or damage to equipment as a result of uncontrolled machine operation.



**ATTENTION:** Provide an earth ground for test equipment (oscilloscope) used in troubleshooting. Failure to ground the test equipment could result in personal injury.

## Interpret Status Indicators

Refer to these troubleshooting tables to identify faults, potential causes, and the appropriate actions to resolve the fault. If the fault persists after attempting to troubleshoot the system, please contact your Rockwell Automation sales representative for further assistance.

## Display Interface

The LCD display provides fault messages and troubleshooting information by using the soft menu items and navigation buttons.



Refer to [Understanding the Kinetix 5500 Display](#) on [page 94](#) for more information on navigating the LCD display menu.

Use these soft menu items to access the fault log and troubleshooting information.

LOG	Press to display the list of active fault codes.
TEXT	Press to display the fault text (exception code in troubleshooting tables).
INFO	Press to display the fault details (the problem in troubleshooting tables).
HELP	Press to display the fault help (possible solutions in troubleshooting tables).

## Fault Codes

The fault code tables are designed to help you determine the source of the fault or exception. When a fault condition is detected, the drive performs the appropriate fault action, the fault is displayed, and the fault is added to a persistent fault log (along with diagnostics data). The earlier faults have priority to be displayed.

The drive removes the fault text from the display when a Fault Reset service is sent from the controller and the fault is no longer active. If a fault is still active following a Fault Reset service, the fault is again posted to the display and written to the fault log.

The drive maintains a log of the last 25 faults with time stamps and stores the fault log in persistent memory. However, the fault log cannot be cleared on the drive.

**Table 50 - Fault Code Summary**

Fault Code Type	Description
FLT Sxx	Standard runtime axis exceptions.
FLT Mxx	
INIT FLT Sxx	Exceptions that prevent normal operation and occur during the initialization process.
INIT FLT Mxx	
NODE FLTxx	Exceptions that prevent normal operation of the drive.
NODE ALARM xx	Exceptions that prevent normal operation of the drive, but do not result in any action other than reporting the alarm to the controller.
INHIBIT Mxx	Exceptions that prevent normal operation and indicate whenever the drive is active.

Refer to [Chapter 9](#) on [page 143](#) for information on troubleshooting SAFE FLT fault codes.

**TIP**

Fault codes triggered by conditions that fall outside factory set limits are identified by FL at the end of the display message. For example, FLT S07 – MTR OVERLOAD FL.

Fault codes triggered by conditions that fall outside user set limits are identified by UL at the end of the display message. For example, FLT S08 – MTR OVERLOAD UL.

**Table 51 - FLT Sxx Fault Codes**

Exception Code on Display	Exception Text	Problem	Possible Solutions
FLT S03 – MTR OVERSPEED FL	Motor Overspeed Factory Limit Fault	Motor speed has exceeded 125% of its maximum speed.	Check control loop tuning.
FLT S05 – MTR OVERTEMP FL	Motor Overtemperature Factory Limit Fault	Calculations based on the motor thermistor indicate that the motor factory temperature limit has been exceeded.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Operate motor within continuous torque rating</li> <li>Reduce motor ambient temperature</li> <li>Add motor cooling</li> </ul> Available only on Kinetix VP motors. Not supported on induction motors.
FLT S07 – MTR OVERLOAD FL	Motor Thermal Overload Factory Limit Fault	The motor thermal model has exceeded its factory set thermal capacity limit of 110%.	Modify the command profile to reduce speed or increase time.
FLT S08 – MTR OVERLOAD UL	Motor Thermal Overload User Limit Fault	The motor thermal model has exceeded the thermal capacity limit given by Motor Thermal Overload User Limit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Modify the command profile</li> <li>Increase the Motor Thermal Overload UL attribute value</li> </ul>
FLT S10 – INV OVERCURRENT	Inverter Overcurrent Fault	Inverter current has exceeded the instantaneous current limit (determined by hardware).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check motor power cable for shorts</li> <li>Verify motor windings are not shorted</li> <li>Verify motor power wire gauge</li> <li>Operate within the continuous power rating</li> <li>Reduce acceleration times</li> </ul>
FLT S11 – INV OVERTEMP FL	Inverter Overtemperature Factory Limit Fault	The measured inverter temperature has exceeded the factory set temperature limit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Modify the command profile to reduce speed or increase time</li> <li>Reduce drive ambient temperature</li> <li>Verify airflow through drive is not obstructed</li> </ul>
FLT S13 – INV OVERLOAD FL	Inverter Thermal Overload Factory Limit Fault	The thermal model for the power transistors indicates that the temperature has exceeded the factory set thermal capacity rating of 110%.	Modify the command profile to reduce speed or increase time.
FLT S14 – INV OVERLOAD UL	Inverter Thermal Overload User Limit Fault	The thermal model for the power transistors indicates that the temperature has exceeded the limit given by Inverter Thermal Overload User Limit.	Modify the command profile to reduce speed or increase time.
FLT S15 – CONV OVERCURRENT	Converter Overcurrent Fault	The measured converter current has exceeded the factory set current limit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduce acceleration times of all drives sharing the DC bus</li> <li>Reduce number of shared DC follower drives</li> <li>Reduce number of capacitor modules</li> </ul>
FLT S16 – GROUND CURRENT	Ground Current Factory Limit Fault	The sensing circuitry in the power stage has detected excessive ground current.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check motor power wiring; check power cable for shorts</li> <li>Replace motor if the fault persists</li> </ul>
FLT S18 – CONV OVERTEMP FL	Converter OverTemp Factory Limit Fault	The measured converter temperature has exceeded the factory set temperature limit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduce acceleration times of all drives sharing the DC bus</li> <li>Reduce number of shared DC follower drives</li> <li>Modify the command profile to reduce speed or increase time</li> <li>Reduce drive ambient temperature</li> <li>Verify airflow through drive is not obstructed</li> </ul>

Table 51 - FLT Sxx Fault Codes (continued)

Exception Code on Display	Exception Text	Problem	Possible Solutions
FLT S20 – CONV OVERLOAD FL	Converter Thermal Overload Factory Limit Fault	The converter thermal model indicates that the temperature has exceeded the factory set capacity rating of 110%.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduce acceleration times of all drives sharing the DC bus</li> <li>Reduce number of shared DC follower drives</li> <li>Reduce duty-cycle of commanded motion</li> </ul>
FLT S21 – CONV OVERLOAD UL	Converter Thermal Overload User Limit Fault	The converter thermal model indicates that the temperature has exceeded the limit given by Converter Thermal Overload User Limit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduce acceleration times of all drives sharing the DC bus</li> <li>Reduce number of shared DC follower drives</li> <li>Reduce duty-cycle of commanded motion</li> <li>Increase the Converter Thermal Overload UL attribute value</li> </ul>
FLT S23 – AC PHASE LOSS	AC Single Phase Loss Fault	A single AC input phase was lost while the drive was enabled.	Check AC input voltage on all phases.
FLT S25 – PRECHARGE FAILURE	Pre-charge Failure Fault	The pre-charge circuit monitoring algorithm detected that the DC bus did not reach a factory set voltage level after charging for a period of time.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check AC input voltage on all phases</li> <li>Check input power wiring</li> <li>Replace drive if fault persists</li> </ul>
FLT S29 – BUS OVERLOAD FL	Bus Regulator Thermal Overload Factory Limit Fault	The shunt thermal model has exceeded its factory set thermal capacity limit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Modify the duty cycle of the application</li> <li>Add external shunt for additional capacity</li> <li>Add capacitor module if needed</li> </ul>
FLT S30 – BUS OVERLOAD UL	Bus Regulator Thermal Overload User Limit Fault	The shunt thermal model has exceeded the thermal capacity limit given by Bus Regulator Thermal Overload User Limit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Modify the duty cycle of the application</li> <li>Add external shunt for additional capacity</li> <li>Increase the Bus Regulator Thermal Overload UL attribute value</li> </ul>
FLT S31 – BUS REGULATOR	Bus Regulator Failure	The shunt driver IC has detected that the shunt resistor is shorted.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check for shorts in the shunt connector</li> <li>Unplug the shunt connector and measure the resistance of the shunt</li> <li>Replace drive if shunt resistor is shorted</li> </ul>
FLT S33 – BUS UNDERVOLT FL	Bus Undervoltage Factory Limit Fault	DC Bus voltage level is below the factory set limit as determined by the configured input voltage.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify voltage level of the incoming AC</li> <li>Monitor AC power source for glitches or line droop</li> <li>Install UPS on AC input</li> </ul>
FLT S34 – BUS UNDERVOLT UL	Bus Undervoltage User Limit Fault	DC Bus voltage level is below the user set limit as given by Bus Undervoltage User Limit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify voltage level of the incoming AC</li> <li>Monitor AC power source for glitches or line droop</li> <li>Install UPS on AC input</li> <li>Increase Bus Undervoltage UL attribute value</li> </ul>
FLT S35 – BUS OVERVOLT FL	Bus Overvoltage Factory Limit Fault	DC Bus voltage level is above the factory set limit as determined by the configured input voltage.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Change the deceleration or motion profile of all drives connected to the DC bus</li> <li>Unplug the shunt connector and measure the resistance of the shunt</li> <li>Replace drive if shunt resistor is open</li> </ul>
FLT S39 – BUS POWER LEAK	Bus Power Leakage Fault	Measured converter power exceeded estimated inverter output power by more than a factory limit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check bus power sharing configuration attribute</li> <li>Check AC input and DC bus sharing connections</li> </ul>
FLT S45 – FDBK COMM FL	Motor Feedback Data Loss Factory Limit Fault	The number of consecutive missed or corrupted serial data packets from the intelligent feedback device has exceeded a factory set limit.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check motor feedback cable and connector</li> <li>Check motor power cable and feedback wire shields are secured correctly</li> <li>Check motor frame is grounded correctly</li> </ul>
FLT S47 – FDBK DEVICE FAILURE	Feedback Device Failure	The feedback device has detected an internal error.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check motor feedback cable and connector</li> <li>Cycle control power</li> <li>Replace motor if fault continues</li> <li>Check feedback shield connection</li> <li>Reduce shock and vibration to motor</li> </ul>
FLT S54 – POSN ERROR	Excessive Position Error Fault	The position error of the position control loop has exceeded the value given by Position Error Tolerance for a time period given by Position Error Tolerance Time.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check position loop tuning</li> <li>Increase the feedforward gain</li> <li>Verify sizing of the drive and motor</li> <li>Check motor power wiring</li> <li>Increase Position Error Tolerance and/or Position Error Tolerance Time attribute values</li> </ul>
FLT S55 – VEL ERROR	Excessive Velocity Error Fault	The velocity error of the velocity control loop has exceeded the value given by Velocity Error Tolerance for a time period given by Velocity Error Tolerance Time.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check velocity loop tuning</li> <li>Reduce acceleration</li> <li>Verify sizing of the drive and motor</li> <li>Check motor power wiring</li> <li>Increase Velocity Error Tolerance and/or Velocity Error Tolerance Time attribute values</li> </ul>
FLT S56 – OVERTORQUE LIMIT	Overtorque Limit Fault	Motor torque has risen above user defined maximum torque level given by Overtorque Limit for a time period given by Overtorque Limit Time.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify Torque Trim value</li> <li>Verify motion profile</li> <li>Verify sizing of the drive and motor</li> <li>Increase Overtorque Limit and/or Overtorque Limit Time attribute values</li> </ul>
FLT S57 – UNDERTORQUE LIMIT	Undertorque Limit Fault	Motor torque has dropped below user defined minimum torque level given by Undertorque Limit for a time period given by Undertorque Limit Time.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify motion profile</li> <li>Verify sizing of the drive and motor</li> <li>Decrease Undertorque Limit and/or Undertorque Limit Time attribute values</li> </ul>

**Table 52 - FLT Mxx Fault Codes**

Exception Code on Display	Exception Text	Problem	Possible Solutions
FLT M02 – MOTOR VOLTAGE	Motor Voltage Mismatch Fault	The configured voltage of the drive is greater than the motor rated voltage. For example, a 400V-class drive with a 200V-class motor.	Set the drive voltage to a lower value or replace motor with voltage rating that matches the drive.
FLT M14 – CURR FDBK OFFSET	Excessive Current Feedback Offset Fault	The calibration for the phase current feedback sensors required excessive offset to compensate.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cycle control power</li> <li>• Return drive for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
FLT M25 – COMMON BUS	DC Common Bus Fault	AC power was detected by the drive while configured for shared DC operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the drive power configuration from controller</li> <li>• Check wiring</li> </ul>
FLT M26 – RUNTIME ERROR	Runtime Error	The drive firmware encountered an unrecoverable runtime error.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cycle control power</li> <li>• Reset the drive</li> <li>• Return drive for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>

**Table 53 - INIT FLT Fault Codes**

Exception Code on Display	Exception Text	Problem	Possible Solutions
INIT FLT S03 – NVMEM CHKSUM	Nonvolatile memory checksum error	Data in the nonvolatile memory has a checksum error.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cycle control power</li> <li>• Reset the drive</li> <li>• Return drive for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
INIT FLT M01 – ENCODER DATA	Smart Encoder Data Corruption	The data stored in the encoder has a checksum error.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cycle control power</li> <li>• Return motor for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
INIT FLT M02 – MTR DATA RANGE	Motor Data Range Error	A motor data attribute stored in the encoder is out of range.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cycle control power</li> <li>• Return motor for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
INIT FLT M03 – MTR ENC STARTUP	Motor Feedback Communication Startup	Communication with the encoder could not be established.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cycle control power</li> <li>• Check motor feedback connector</li> <li>• Check motor power and feedback shield terminations on the drive</li> <li>• Return motor for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
INIT FLT M20 – UNKNOWN MODULE	Unknown Module	The product code of the power board is invalid.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cycle control power</li> <li>• Reset the drive</li> <li>• Return drive for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
INIT FLT M21 – FACTORY CONFIG	Factory Configuration	Factory configuration data is missing or invalid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cycle control power</li> <li>• Reset the drive</li> <li>• Return drive for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>

**Table 54 - INHIBIT Fault Codes**

Exception Code on Display	Exception Text	Problem	Possible Solutions
INHIBIT S02 – MOTOR NOT CONFIGURED	Motor Not Configured	The motor has not been properly configured for use.	Verify motor configuration in the Logix Designer application.
INHIBIT S03 – FEEDBACK NOT CONFIGURED	Feedback Not Configured	The feedback has not been properly configured for use.	Verify feedback configuration in the Logix Designer application.
INHIBIT M05 – SAFE TORQUE OFF	Start Inhibit – Safe Torque Off	The safety function has disabled the power structure.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check safety input wiring</li> <li>• Check state of safety devices</li> </ul>

Table 55 - NODE FLT Fault Codes

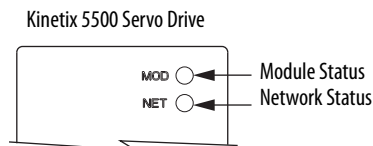
Exception Code on Display	Exception Text	Problem	Possible Solutions
NODE FLT 01 – LATE CTRL UPDATE	Control Connection Update Fault	Several consecutive updates from the controller have been lost.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remove unnecessary network devices from the motion network</li> <li>Change network topology so that fewer devices share common paths</li> <li>Use high performance network equipment</li> <li>Use shielded cables</li> <li>Separate signal wiring from power wiring</li> </ul>
NODE FLT 02 – PROC WATCHDOG nn	Processor Watchdog Fault	The processor on the power board or control board failed to update in a certain amount of time. The nn sub-codes 00...05 are internal and result in the same possible solution.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cycle control power</li> <li>Update the drive firmware</li> <li>Return drive for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
NODE FLT 03 – HARDWARE 00	Hardware Fault - PwrlF	Communication with the power board could not be established.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cycle control power</li> <li>Update the drive firmware</li> <li>Return drive for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
NODE FLT 03 – HARDWARE 01	Hardware Fault - Piccolo HW	DSP chip on the power board failure.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cycle control power</li> <li>Return motor for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
NODE FLT 03 – HARDWARE 02	Hardware Fault - DSL	Communication with the encoder could not be established.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DSL feedback wiring is incorrect (check against wiring diagram)</li> <li>DSL feedback wiring is shorted or open</li> <li>DSL feedback cable is defective</li> <li>Kinetix VP motor feedback device is defective</li> <li>Cycle power</li> <li>Return drive for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
NODE FLT 03 – HARDWARE 03	DSL External Memory Interface Fault	Errors were detected by the DSL external memory interface	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check DSL feedback device, wiring, and cable</li> <li>Cycle power</li> <li>Return drive for repair if fault continues</li> </ul>
NODE FLT 05 – CLOCK SKEW FLT	Clock Skew Fault	The controller time and the drive's system time are not the same.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cycle control power</li> <li>Check controller and Ethernet switch operation</li> </ul>
NODE FLT 06 – LOST CTRL CONN	Lost Controller Connection Fault	Communication with the controller has been lost.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check Ethernet connection</li> <li>Check controller and Ethernet switch operation</li> </ul>
NODE FLT 07 – CLOCK SYNC	Clock Sync Fault	Drive's local clock has lost synchronization with controller's clock and was not able to resynchronize within allotted time.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check Ethernet connection</li> <li>Check controller and Ethernet switch operation</li> </ul>
NODE FLT 09 – DUPLICATE IP ADDRESS	Duplicate IP Address Fault	Several consecutive updates from the controller have been lost.	Select an IP address not already in use on the network

Table 56 - NODE ALARM Fault Codes

Exception Code on Display	Exception Text	Problem	Possible Solutions
NODE ALARM 01 – LATE CTRL UPDATE	Control Connection Update Alarm	Updates from the controller have been late.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remove unnecessary network devices from the motion network</li> <li>Change network topology so that fewer devices share common paths</li> <li>Use high performance network equipment</li> <li>Use shielded cables</li> <li>Separate signal wiring from power wiring</li> </ul>
NODE ALARM 03 – CLOCK JITTER	Clock Jitter Alarm	The sync variance has exceeded the sync threshold while the device is running in sync mode.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the Ethernet connection</li> <li>Check controller and Ethernet switch operation</li> </ul>
NODE ALARM 05 – CLOCK SYNC ALARM	Clock Sync Alarm	Drive's local clock has lost synchronization with controller's clock for a short time during synchronous operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the Ethernet connection</li> <li>Check controller and Ethernet switch operation</li> </ul>

## Kinetix 5500 Drive Status Indicators

The module status and network status indicators are just above the LCD status display.



**Table 57 - Module Status Indicator**

Condition	Status
Steady Off	No power applied to the drive.
Steady Green	Drive is operational. No faults or failures.
Flashing Green	Standby (drive not configured).
Flashing Red	Major recoverable fault. The drive detected a recoverable fault, for example, an incorrect or inconsistent configuration.
Steady Red	Major fault. The drive detected a non-recoverable fault.
Flashing Green/Red	Self-test. The drive performs self-test during powerup.

**Table 58 - Network Status Indicator**

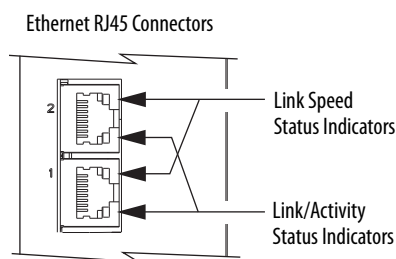
Condition	Status
Steady Off	No power applied to the drive or IP address is not configured.
Flashing Green	Drive connection is not established, but has obtained an IP address.
Steady Green	Drive connection is established. Normal operation.
Flashing Red	Connection timeout. One or more of the connections, for which this drive is the target, has timed out.
Steady Red	Duplicate IP address. IP address specified is already in use.
Flashing Green/Red	Self-test. The drive performs self-test during powerup.

**Table 59 - Ethernet Link Speed Status Indicator**

Condition	Status
Steady Off	10 Mbit
Steady On	100 Mbit

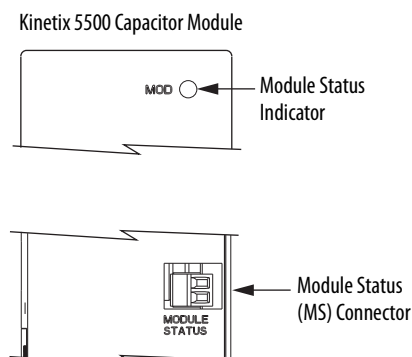
**Table 60 - Ethernet Link/Activity Status Indicator**

Condition	Status
Steady Off	No link
Steady On	Link established
Blinking	Network activity



## Kinetix 5500 Capacitor Module Status Indicators

The capacitor module status indicator and module status (MS) connector are on the front of the module. The module status connector is a relay output suitable for wiring to the Logix5000 controller.



**Table 61 - Module Status Indicator and Relay Output**

Module Status Indicator	Relay Output <sup>(1)</sup>	Status	Resolution
Steady Green	Closed	Bus is fully charged and no faults exist.	N/A
Flashing Green	Open	Control power is present and bus is waiting to charge up.	N/A
Flashing Red	Open	Recoverable fault (precharge or overvoltage fault).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cycle control and bus power</li> <li>• Verify that AC input meets specifications</li> </ul>
Steady Red	Open	Internal, non-recoverable fault condition inside the module.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cycle control and bus power</li> <li>• Verify that AC input meets specifications</li> <li>• Replace the module if fault persists</li> </ul>

(1) Wiring the module status relay output to the Logix5000 controller is optional.

## General Troubleshooting

These conditions do not always result in a fault code, but can require troubleshooting to improve performance.

**Table 62 - General Troubleshooting**

Condition	Potential Cause	Possible Resolution
Axis or system is unstable.	The position feedback device is incorrect or open.	Check wiring.
	Unintentionally in Torque mode.	Check to see what primary operation mode was programmed.
	Motor tuning limits are set too high.	Run Tune in the Logix Designer application.
	Position loop gain or position controller accel/decel rate is improperly set.	Run Tune in the Logix Designer application.
	Improper grounding or shielding techniques are causing noise to be transmitted into the position feedback or velocity command lines, causing erratic axis movement.	Check wiring and ground.
	Motor Select limit is incorrectly set (servo motor is not matched to axis module).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check setups.</li> <li>• Run Tune in the Logix Designer application.</li> </ul>
	Mechanical resonance.	Notch filter or output filter can be required (refer to Axis Properties dialog box, Output tab in the Logix Designer application).
You cannot obtain the motor acceleration/deceleration that you want.	Torque Limit limits are set too low.	Verify that torque limits are set properly.
	Incorrect motor selected in configuration.	Select the correct motor and run Tune in the Logix Designer application again.
	The system inertia is excessive.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check motor size versus application need.</li> <li>• Review servo system sizing.</li> </ul>
	The system friction torque is excessive.	Check motor size versus application need.
	Available current is insufficient to supply the correct accel/decel rate.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check motor size versus application need.</li> <li>• Review servo system sizing.</li> </ul>
	Acceleration limit is incorrect.	Verify limit settings and correct them, as necessary.
	Velocity Limit limits are incorrect.	Verify limit settings and correct them, as necessary.



**Table 62 - General Troubleshooting (continued)**

Condition	Potential Cause	Possible Resolution
Motor does not respond to a command.	The axis cannot be enabled until stopping time has expired.	Disable the axis, wait for 1.5 seconds, and enable the axis.
	The motor wiring is open.	Check the wiring.
	The motor cable shield connection is improper.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check feedback connections.</li> <li>Check cable shield connections.</li> </ul>
	The motor has malfunctioned.	Repair or replace the motor.
	The coupling between motor and machine has broken (for example, the motor moves, but the load/machine does not).	Check and correct the mechanics.
	Primary operation mode is set incorrectly.	Check and properly set the limit.
	Velocity or torque limits are set incorrectly.	Check and properly set the limits.
	Brake connector not wired	Check brake wiring
Presence of noise on command or motor feedback signal wires.	Recommended grounding per installation instructions have not been followed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify grounding.</li> <li>Route wire away from noise sources.</li> <li>Refer to System Design for Control of Electrical Noise, publication <a href="#">GMC-RM001</a>.</li> </ul>
	Line frequency can be present.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify grounding.</li> <li>Route wire away from noise sources.</li> </ul>
	Variable frequency can be velocity feedback ripple or a disturbance caused by gear teeth or ballscrew, and so forth. The frequency can be a multiple of the motor power transmission components or ballscrew speeds resulting in velocity disturbance.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Decouple the motor for verification.</li> <li>Check and improve mechanical performance, for example, the gearbox or ballscrew mechanism.</li> </ul>
No rotation	The motor connections are loose or open.	Check motor wiring and connections.
	Foreign matter is lodged in the motor.	Remove foreign matter.
	The motor load is excessive.	Verify the servo system sizing.
	The bearings are worn.	Return the motor for repair.
	The motor brake is engaged (if supplied).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check brake wiring and function.</li> <li>Return the motor for repair.</li> </ul>
	The motor is not connect to the load.	Check coupling.
Motor overheating	The duty cycle is excessive.	Change the command profile to reduce accel/decel or increase time.
	The rotor is partially demagnetized causing excessive motor current.	Return the motor for repair.
Abnormal noise	Motor tuning limits are set too high.	Run Tune in the Logix Designer application.
	Loose parts are present in the motor.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remove the loose parts.</li> <li>Return motor for repair.</li> <li>Replace motor.</li> </ul>
	Through bolts or coupling is loose.	Tighten bolts.
	The bearings are worn.	Return motor for repair.
	Mechanical resonance.	Notch filter can be required (refer to Axis Properties dialog box, Output tab in the Logix Designer application).
Erratic operation - Motor locks into position, runs without control or with reduced torque.	Motor power phases U and V, U and W, or V and W reversed.	Check and correct motor power wiring.

## Logix5000 Controller and Drive Behavior

By using the Logix Designer application, you can configure how the Kinetix 5500 drives respond when a drive fault/exception occurs.

**TIP** The INIT FLT xxx faults are always generated after powerup, but before the drive is enabled, so the stopping behavior does not apply.  
NODE ALARM xxx faults do not apply because they do not trigger stopping behavior.

The drive supports fault behavior for Ignore, Alarm, Minor Fault, and Major Fault as defined in [Table 63](#) and according to fault behavior tables beginning on [page 135](#).

The drive supports these configurable stopping actions:

- Disable and Coast
- Decel and Disable
- Decel and Hold

## Kinetix 5500 Drive Exception Behavior

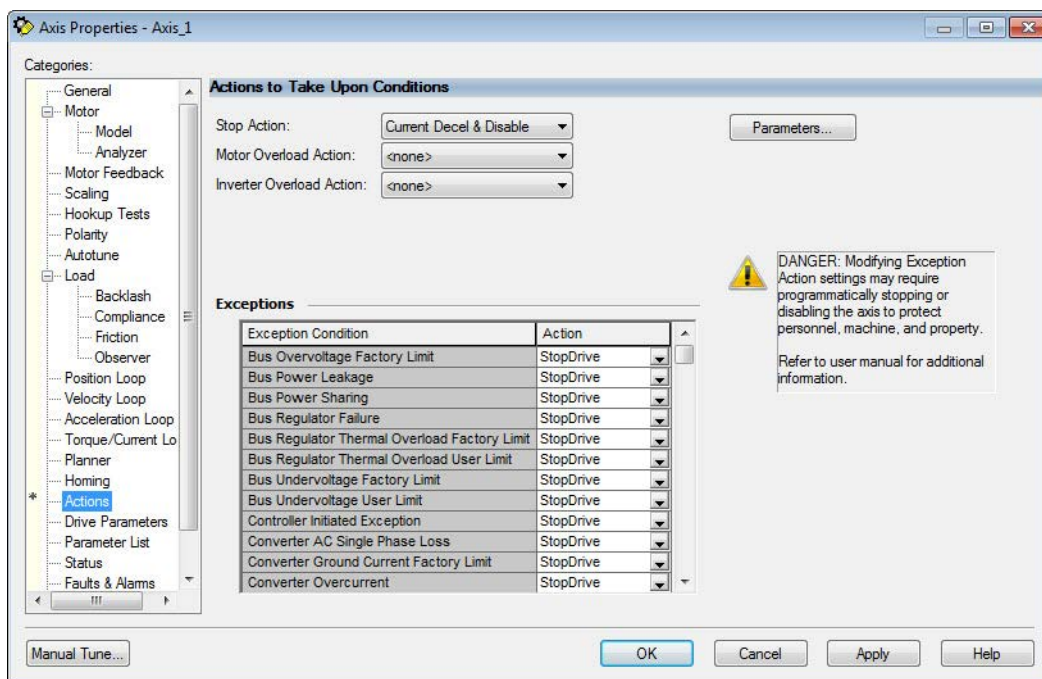
For Kinetix 5500 drives, you can configure exception behavior in the Logix Designer application from the Axis Properties dialog box, Actions category.

**Table 63 - Kinetix 5500 Drive Exception Action Definitions**

Exception Action	Definition
Ignore	The controller completely ignores the exception condition. For some exceptions that are fundamental to the operation of the planner, Ignore is not an available option.
Alarm	The controller sets the associated bit in the Motion Alarm Status word, but does not otherwise affect axis behavior. Like Ignore, if the exception is so fundamental to the drive, Alarm is not an available option. When an exception action is set to Alarm, the Alarm goes away by itself when the exceptional condition has cleared.
Fault Status Only	Like Alarm, Fault Status Only instructs the controller to set the associated bit in the Motion Fault Status word, but does not otherwise affect axis behavior. However, unlike Alarm an explicit Fault Reset is required to clear the fault once the exceptional condition has cleared. Like Ignore and Alarm, if the exception is so fundamental to the drive, Fault Status Only is not an available option.
Stop Planner	The controller sets the associated bit in the Motion Fault Status word and instructs the Motion Planner to perform a controlled stop of all planned motion at the configured maximum deceleration rate. An explicit Fault Reset is required to clear the fault once the exceptional condition has cleared. If the exception is so fundamental to the drive, Stop Planner is not an available option.
Stop Drive	When the exception occurs, the associated bit in the Fault Status word is set and the axis comes to a stop by using the stopping action defined by the drive for the particular exception that occurred. There is no controller based configuration to specify what the stopping action is, the stopping action is device dependant.
Shutdown	When the exception occurs, the drive brings the motor to a stop by using the stopping action defined by the drive (as in Stop Drive) and the power module is disabled. An explicit Shutdown Reset is required to restore the drive to operation.

Only selected drive exceptions are configurable. In the fault behavior tables, the controlling attribute is given for programmable fault actions.

**Figure 60 - Logix Designer Axis Properties - Actions Category**



This dialog box applies to Kinetix 5500 (EtherNet/IP network) servo drives.

**Table 64 - Drive Behavior, FLT Sxx Fault Codes**

Exception Fault Code	Exception Text	Permanent Magnet Motor	Induction Motor	Fault Action				Best Available Stopping Action (applies to major faults)
				Ignore	Alarm	Minor Fault	Major Fault	
FLT S03 – MTR OVERSPEED FL	Motor Overspeed Factory Limit Fault	X					X	Coast/Disable
FLT S05 – MTR OVERTEMP FL	Motor Overtemperature Factory Limit Fault	X					X	Coast/Disable
FLT S07 – MTR OVERLOAD FL	Motor Thermal Overload Factory Limit Fault	X	X				X	Decel/Disable
FLT S08 – MTR OVERLOAD UL	Motor Thermal OverLoad User Limit Fault	X	X	X	X	X	X	Decel/Hold
FLT S10 – INV OVERCURRENT	Inverter Overcurrent Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT S11 – INV OVERTEMP FL	Inverter Overtemperature Factory Limit Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT S13 – INV OVERLOAD FL	Inverter Thermal Overload Factory Limit Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT S14 – INV OVERLOAD UL	Inverter Thermal Overload User Limit Fault	X	X	X	X	X	X	Decel/Hold
FLT S16 – GROUND CURRENT	Ground Current Factory Limit Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT S18 – CONV OVERTEMP FL	Converter OverTemp Factory Limit Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT S20 – CONV OVERLOAD FL	Converter Thermal OverLoad Factory Limit Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable

**Table 64 - Drive Behavior, FLT Sxx Fault Codes (continued)**

Exception Fault Code	Exception Text	Permanent Magnet Motor	Induction Motor	Fault Action				Best Available Stopping Action (applies to major faults)
				Ignore	Alarm	Minor Fault	Major Fault	
FLT S21 – CONV OVERLOAD UL	Converter Thermal Overload User Limit Fault	X	X	X	X	X	X	Decel/Hold
FLT S23 – AC PHASE LOSS	AC Single Phase Loss Fault	X	X	X	X	X	X	Coast/Disable
FLT S25 – PRECHARGE FAILURE	Pre-charge Failure Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT S29 – BUS OVERLOAD FL	Bus Regulator Thermal OverLoad Factory Limit Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT S30 – BUS OVERLOAD UL	Bus Regulator Thermal Overload User Limit Fault	X	X	X	X	X	X	Decel/Hold
FLT S31 – BUS REGULATOR	Bus Regulator Fault	X	X	X	X	X	X	Coast/Disable
FLT S33 – BUS UNDERVOLT FL	Bus Undervoltage Factory Limit Fault	X	X	X	X	X	X	Decel/Disable
FLT S34 – BUS UNDERVOLT UL	Bus Undervoltage User Limit Fault	X	X	X	X	X	X	Decel/Hold
FLT S35 – BUS OVERVOLT FL	Bus Overvoltage Factory Limit Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT S39 – BUS POWER	Bus Power Leakage Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT S45 – MTR FDBK COMM FL	Motor Feedback Data Loss Factory Limit Fault	X		X	X	X	X	Coast/Disable
FLT S47 – FDBK DEVICE FAILURE	Feedback Device Failure	X					X	Coast/Disable
FLT S54 – POSN ERROR	Excessive Position Error Fault	X		X	X	X	X	Coast/Disable
FLT S55 – VEL ERROR	Excessive Velocity Error Fault	X		X	X	X	X	Coast/Disable
FLT S56 – OVERTORQUE LIMIT	Overtorque Limit Fault	X		X	X	X	X	Decel/Hold
FLT S57 – UNDERTORQUE LIMIT	Undertorque Limit Fault	X		X	X	X	X	Decel/Hold

**Table 65 - Drive Behavior, FLT Mxx Fault Codes**

Exception Fault Code	Exception Text	Permanent Magnet Motor	Induction Motor	Fault Action				Best Available Stopping Action (applies to major faults)
				Ignore	Alarm	Minor Fault	Major Fault	
FLT M02 – MOTOR VOLTAGE	Motor Voltage Mismatch Fault	X		X	X	X	X	Coast/Disable
FLT M14 – CURR FDBK OFFSET	Excessive Current Feedback Offset Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT M25 – COMMON BUS	DC Common Bus Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
FLT M26 – RUNTIME ERROR	Runtime Error	X	X				X	Coast/Disable

**Table 66 - Drive Behavior, NODE FLT Fault Codes**

Exception Fault Code	Exception Text	Permanent Magnet Motor	Induction Motor	Fault Action				Best Available Stopping Action (applies to major faults)
				Ignore	Alarm	Minor Fault	Major Fault	
NODE FLT 01 – LATE CTRL UPDATE	Control Connection Update Fault	X	X				X	Decel/Disable
NODE FLT 02 – PROC WATCHDOG	Processor Watchdog Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
NODE FLT 03 – HARDWARE	Hardware Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
NODE FLT 06 – LOST CTRL CONN	Lost Controller Connection Fault	X	X				X	Decel/Disable
NODE FLT 07 – CLOCK SYNC	Clock Sync Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable
NODE FLT 09 – DUPLICATE IP ADDRESS	Duplicate IP Address Fault	X	X				X	Coast/Disable

## **Notes:**

## Removing and Replacing Servo Drives

This chapter provides remove and replace procedures for Kinetix 5500 drives.

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**ATTENTION:** This drive contains electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive parts and assemblies. You are required to follow static-control precautions when you install, test, service, or repair this assembly. If you do not follow ESD control procedures, components can be damaged. If you are not familiar with static control procedures, refer to Guarding Against Electrostatic Damage, publication [8000-4.5.2](#), or any other applicable ESD awareness handbook.

### Before You Begin

When each drive is installed, network settings are configured from the setup screens. Before removing the drive, revisit the Network menu and make note of the static IP or DHCP settings. Refer to [Configure the Drive](#) on [page 98](#) to access those settings.

**IMPORTANT** If you intend to use the same Logix Designer application after replacing your drive, the new drive must be the same catalog number as the old drive.

You also need these tools available before you begin removal and replacement procedures:

- Screwdrivers (to loosen/remove screws)
- Voltmeter (to make sure no voltage exists on drive connectors)
- Non-conductive probe for removing DC bus T-connectors

## Remove and Replace Kinetix 5500 Servo Drives

Follow these steps to remove and replace servo drives from the panel.

### Remove Power and All Connections

1. Verify that all control and input power has been removed from the system.



**ATTENTION:** To avoid shock hazard or personal injury, assure that all power has been removed before proceeding. This system can have multiple sources of power. More than one disconnect switch can be required to de-energize the system.

2. Wait five minutes for the DC bus to discharge completely before proceeding.



**SHOCK HAZARD:** This product contains stored energy devices. To avoid the hazard of electrical shock, verify that voltage on capacitors has been discharged before attempting to service, repair, or remove this unit. Do not attempt the procedures in this document unless you are qualified to do so and are familiar with solid-state control equipment and the safety procedures in publication NFPA 70E.

3. Label and remove all wiring connectors from the drive you are removing.

To identify each connector, refer to [Kinetix 5500 Connector Data](#) on [page 54](#).

**TIP**

You do not need to remove the shunt (RC) connector, unless there is an external shunt wired to it.

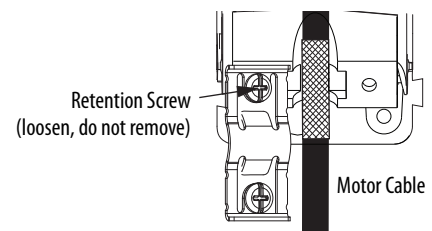
4. Remove the shared-bus input wiring connectors, T-connectors, and bus-bars from the drive you are removing.

**IMPORTANT**

DC bus T-connectors latch on both sides when inserted into the drive. To remove the DC bus T-connector, at least one latch must be pried away with a non-conductive probe.

Refer to [Shared-bus Connection System](#) on [page 43](#).

5. Use a screwdriver to loosen the two cable clamp screws, removing the one on the right.



6. Remove the single motor cable from the cable shield clamp.
7. Remove the ground screw and braided ground strap.

Refer to [Ground the System Subpanel](#) on [page 69](#).



## Remove the Servo Drive

You can remove single-axis drives from the panel or any single drive from a multi-axis configuration by using the same procedure.

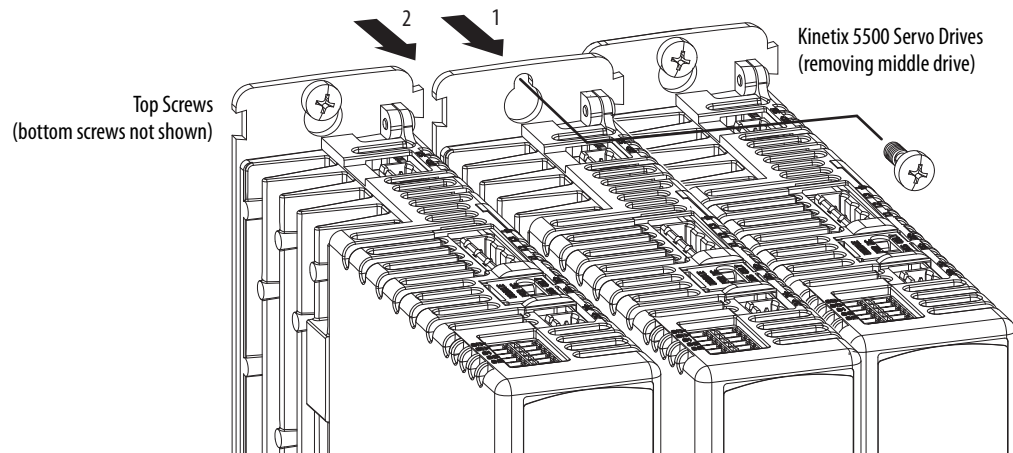
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**IMPORTANT** This procedure applies to any 2198-Hxxx-ERS drive in any configuration.

---

Follow these steps to remove Kinetix 5500 servo drives from the panel.

1. Remove the top and bottom screws of the drive to remove.  
Frame 1 and 2 drives have one top and bottom screw. Frame 3 drives have two top and bottom screws.
2. Grasp the top and bottom of the drive with both hands and pull the drive straight out and away from the panel, clearing the zero-stack mounting tabs and cutouts.



## Replace the Servo Drive

To replace the servo drive, reverse the steps shown above or refer to [Mount Your Kinetix 5500 Drive](#) on [page 52](#):

- Torque mounting, shield clamp, and ground screws to 2.0 N•m (17.7 lb•in) max.
- Reconnect the feedback connector kit and torque the mounting screws to 0.4 N•m (3.5 lb•in) max.

## Start and Configure the Drive

Follow these steps to configure the replacement drive.

---

<b>IMPORTANT</b>	If you intend to use the same Logix Designer application after replacing your drive, the new drive must be the same catalog number as the old drive.
------------------	--

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1. Reapply power to the drive/system.

Refer to [Apply Power to the Kinetix 5500 Drive](#) on [page 115](#) for the procedure.

2. Configure the network settings for the drive.

For example, if your old drive was configured as Static IP, you need to set the IP address, gateway, and subnet mask in the new drive identical to the old drive.

Refer to [Configure the Drive](#) on [page 98](#) to access those settings.

3. Download the Logix Designer application to the controller.
4. Verify the drive/system is working properly.

## Kinetix 5500 Safe Torque-off Feature

This appendix introduces you to how the safe torque-off feature meets the requirements of Performance Level d (PLd) and safety category 3 (CAT 3) per EN ISO 13849-1 and SIL 2 per IEC EN 61508, EN 61800-5-2 and EN 62061.

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### Certification

The TÜV Rheinland group has approved the 2198-Hxxx-ERS servo drives with safe torque-off for use in safety-related applications up to ISO 13849-1 Performance Level d (PLd) and category 3, SIL 2 per IEC EN 61508, EN 61800-5-2, and EN 62061, in which removing the motion producing power is considered to be the safe state.

To view the certificate, refer to [EC Type - Examination Certificate](#) on [page 191](#).

### Important Safety Considerations

The system user is responsible for the following:

- Validation of any sensors or actuators connected to the system
- Completing a machine-level risk assessment
- Certification of the machine to the desired EN ISO 13849-1 performance level or EN 62061 SIL level
- Project management and proof testing

## Category 3 Requirements According to ISO 13849-1

Safety-related parts are designed with these attributes:

- A single fault in any of these parts does not lead to the loss of the safety function.
- A single fault is detected whenever reasonably practicable.
- Accumulation of undetected faults can lead to the loss of the safety function and a failure to remove motion producing power from the motor.

## Stop Category Definition

Stop category 0 as defined in EN 60204 or Safe Torque Off as defined by EN 61800-5-2 is achieved with immediate removal of motion producing power to the actuator.

---

<b>IMPORTANT</b>	In the event of a malfunction, the most likely stop category is category 0. When designing the machine application, timing and distance must be considered for a coast to stop. For more information regarding stop categories, refer to EN 60204-1.
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## Performance Level (PL) and Safety Integrity Level (SIL)

For safety-related control systems, Performance Level (PL), according to EN ISO 13849-1, and SIL levels, according to EN 61508 and EN 62061, include a rating of the systems ability to perform its safety functions. All of the safety-related components of the control system must be included in both a risk assessment and the determination of the achieved levels.

Refer to the EN ISO 13849-1, EN 61508, and EN 62061 standards for complete information on requirements for PL and SIL determination.

## European Union Directives

If this product is installed within the European Union or EEC regions and has the CE mark, the following regulations apply.

## CE Conformity

Conformity with the Low Voltage Directive and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive is demonstrated by using harmonized European Norm (EN) standards published in the Official Journal of the European Communities. The safe torque-off circuit complies with the EN standards when installed according to instructions found in this manual.

## EMC Directive

This unit is tested to meet Council Directive 2004/108/EC Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) by using these standards, in whole or in part:

- EN 61800-3 - Adjustable Speed Electrical Power Drive Systems, Part 3 - EMC Product Standard including specific test methods
- EN 61326-3-1 EMC - Immunity requirements for safety-related systems

The product described in this manual is intended for use in an industrial environment.

CE Declarations of Conformity are available online at

<http://www.rockwellautomation.com/products/certification/ce> and in [EC Declaration of Conformity](#) on [page 192](#).

## Low Voltage Directive

These units are tested to meet Council Directive 2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive. The EN 60204-1 Safety of Machinery-Electrical Equipment of Machines, Part 1-Specification for General Requirements standard applies in whole or in part. Additionally, the standard EN 61800-5-1 Electronic Equipment for use in Power Installations apply in whole or in part.

Refer to the Kinetix Servo Drives Specifications Technical Data, publication [GMC-TD003](#), for environmental and mechanical specifications.

## Description of Operation

The safe torque-off feature provides a method, with sufficiently low probability of failure, to force the power-transistor control signals to a disabled state. When disabled, or any time power is removed from the safety enable inputs, all of the drive output-power transistors are released from the On-state. This results in a condition where the drive is coasting (stop category 0). Disabling the power transistor output does not provide mechanical isolation of the electrical output that is required for some applications.

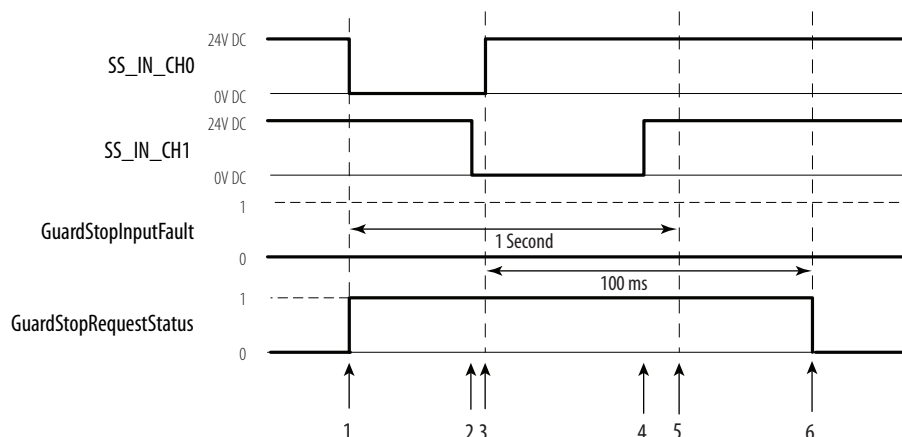
Under normal operation, the safe torque-off inputs are energized. If either of the safety enable inputs are de-energized, then all of the output power transistors turn off. The safe torque-off response time is less than 12 ms.



**ATTENTION:** Permanent magnet motors can, in the event of two simultaneous faults in the IGBT circuit, result in a rotation of up to 180 electrical degrees.



**ATTENTION:** If any of the safety enable inputs de-energize, the Start Inhibit field indicates SafeTorqueOffInhibit and GuardStopRequestStatus bit of AxisGuardStatus tag set to 1. Both inputs must be de-energized within 1 second and re-energized within 1 second to avoid GuardStopInputFault conditions.

**Figure 61 - System Operation when Inputs are Meeting Timing Requirements**

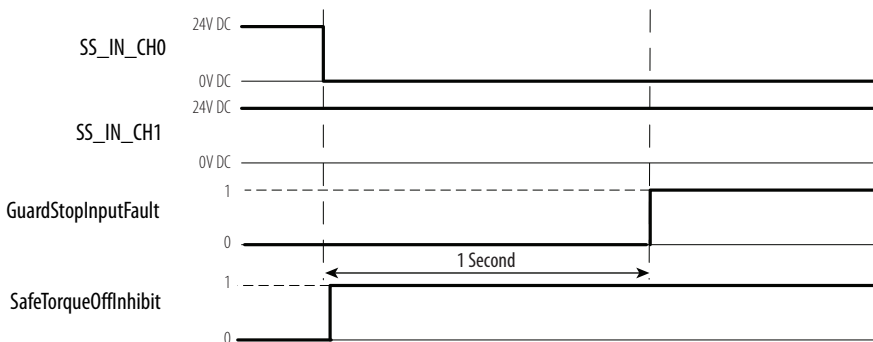
Event	Description
1	At least one input is switched-off. GuardStopRequestStatus bit is set to 1.
2	Second input is switched-off within 1 second. This event must always occur prior to Event 3 to prevent GuardStopInputFault.
3	First input is switched-on.
4	Second input is switched-on within 1 second of event 3.
5	Both inputs are in OFF state simultaneously within 1 second. As a result, GuardStopInputFault is not posted.
6	GuardStopRequestStatus bit sets back to 0 if event 4 occurred within 100 ms interval after event 3.

## Troubleshoot the Safe Torque-off Function

Fault Message Logix Designer	Anomaly	Potential Cause	Possible Resolution
GuardStopInputFault	Safe torque-off function mismatch. System does not allow motion. Safe torque-off mismatch is detected when safety inputs are in a different state for more than 1 second.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Loose wiring at safe torque-off connector.</li> <li>Miswiring of the safe torque-off connector.</li> <li>Cable/header not seated properly in safe torque-off connector.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify wire terminations, cable/header connections, and +24V.</li> <li>Reset error and run proof test.</li> <li>If error persists, return the drive to Rockwell Automation.</li> </ul>

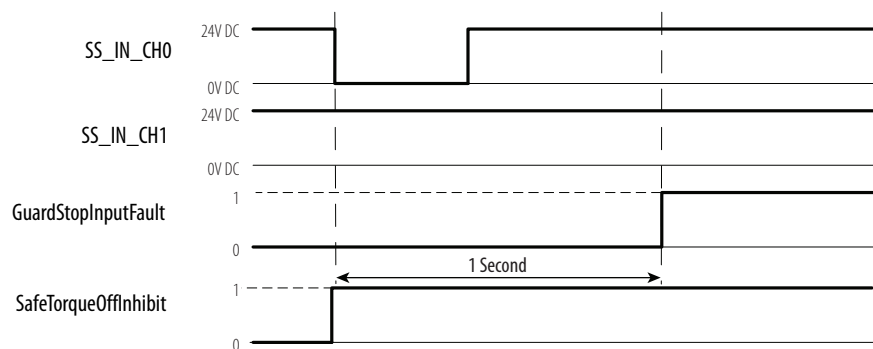
[Figure 62](#) demonstrates when the safe torque-off mismatch is detected and a GuardGateDriveFault is posted.

**Figure 62 - System Operation in the Event that the Safety Enable Inputs Mismatch**



When one safety input is turned off, the second input must also be turned off, otherwise a fault is asserted (see [Figure 63](#)). The fault is asserted even if the first safety input is turned on again.

**Figure 63 - System Operation in the Event that the Safety Enable Inputs Mismatch Momentarily**



**ATTENTION:** The safe torque-off fault is detected upon demand of the safe torque-off function. After troubleshooting, a safety function must be executed to verify correct operation.

**IMPORTANT**

The Safe Torque Off fault can be reset only if both inputs are in the Off-state for more than 1 second. After the fault reset requirement is satisfied, an MASR command in the Logix Designer application must be issued to reset the GuardGateDriveFault.

## PFD and PFH Definitions

Safety-related systems can be classified as operating in either a Low Demand mode, or in a High Demand/Continuous mode:

- Low Demand mode: where the frequency of demands for operation made on a safety-related system is no greater than one per year or no greater than twice the proof-test frequency.
- High Demand/Continuous mode: where the frequency of demands for operation made on a safety-related system is greater than once per year.

The SIL value for a low demand safety-related system is directly related to order-of-magnitude ranges of its average probability of failure to satisfactorily perform its safety function on demand or, simply, average probability of failure on demand (PFD). The SIL value for a High Demand/Continuous mode safety-related system is directly related to the probability of a dangerous failure occurring per hour (PFH).

## PFD and PFH Data

These PFD and PFH calculations are based on the equations from EN 61508 and show worst-case values.

This table provides data for a 20-year proof test interval and demonstrates the worst-case effect of various configuration changes on the data.

Determination of safety parameters is based on the assumption that the system operates in high demand mode and that the safety function is requested at least once a year.

**Table 67 - PFD and PFH for 20-year Proof Test Interval**

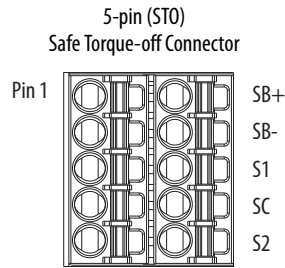
Attribute	Value
PFH (1e-9)	0.35
PFD (1e-3)	0.061
Proof test (years)	20



## Safe Torque-off Connector Data

Two rows of five pins are provided for making drive-to-drive connections in multi-axis configurations.

**Figure 64 - Pin Orientation for 5-pin Safe Torque-off (STO) Connector**



**Table 68 - Safe Torque-off Connector Pinouts**

STO Pin	Description	Signal
1	Safety bypass plus signal. Connect to both safety inputs to disable safe torque-off function.	SB+
2	Safety bypass minus signal. Connect to safety common to disable safe torque-off function.	SB-
3	Safe stop input channel 1 (SS_IN_CH0).	S1
4	Safe stop input common (SCOM).	SC
5	Safe stop input channel 2 (SS_IN_CH1).	S2

## Wire the Safe Torque-off Circuit

This section provides guidelines for wiring your Kinetix 5500 safe torque-off drive connections.

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**IMPORTANT** The National Electrical Code and local electrical codes take precedence over the values and methods provided.

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**IMPORTANT** To improve system performance, run wires and cables in the wireways as established in [Establishing Noise Zones](#) beginning on [page 35](#)

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**IMPORTANT** Pins 1 and 2 (SB+ and SB-) are used to disable the safe torque-off function. When wiring to the STO connector, the 24V supply (for an external safety device that triggers the safe torque-off request) must come from an external source, otherwise system performance is jeopardized.

---

### Safe Torque-off Wiring Requirements

The safe torque-off (STO) connector uses spring tension to secure the wire. Depress the tab, along side each pin, to release the wire. Two rows of pins are provided for drive-to-drive connections. Wire must be copper with 75 °C (167 °F) minimum rating.

**IMPORTANT** The National Electrical Code and local electrical codes take precedence over the values and methods provided.

**IMPORTANT** Stranded wires must terminate with ferrules to prevent short circuits, per table D7 of EN 13849.

Figure 65 - Safe Torque-off (STO) Terminal Plug

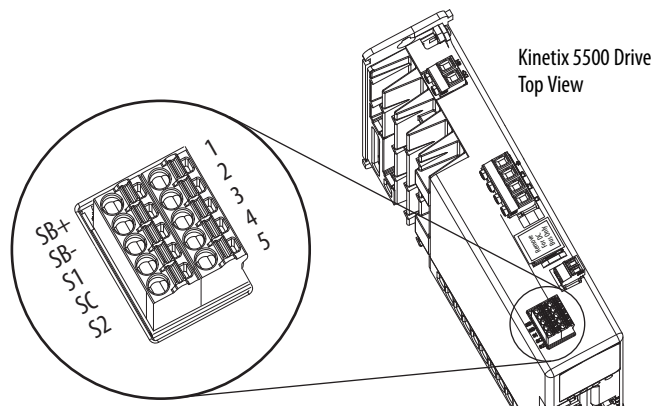


Table 69 - Safe Torque-off (STO) Terminal Plug Wiring

Safe Torque-off (STO) Connector		Recommended Wire Size mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG)	Strip Length mm (in.)	Torque Value N•m (lb•in)
Pin	Signal			
STO-1	SB+	1.5...0.2 (16...24)	10 (0.25)	N/A
STO-2	SB-			
STO-3	S1			
STO-4	S2			
STO-5	S3			

**IMPORTANT** To improve system performance, run wires and cables in the wireways as established in [Establishing Noise Zones](#) beginning on [page 35](#).

## Safe Torque-off Feature

The safe torque-off circuit, when used with suitable safety components, provides protection according to ISO 13849-1 (PLd), Cat3 or according to EN 62061 (SIL2). The safe torque-off option is just one safety control system. All components in the system must be chosen and applied correctly to achieve the desired level of operator safeguarding.

The safe torque-off circuit is designed to safely turn off all of the output-power transistors. You can use the safe torque-off circuit in combination with other safety devices to achieve the stop and protection-against-restart as specified in IEC 60204-1.



**ATTENTION:** This option is suitable only for performing mechanical work on the drive system or affected area of a machine. It does not provide electrical safety.



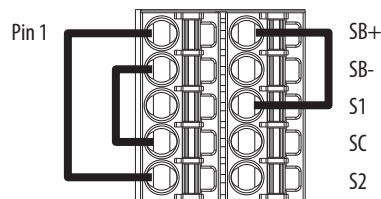
**SHOCK HAZARD:** In Safe Torque-off mode, hazardous voltages can still be present at the drive. To avoid an electric shock hazard, disconnect power to the system and verify that the voltage is zero before performing any work on the drive.

The Kinetix 5500 drives do not operate without a safety circuit or safety bypass wiring. For applications that do not require the safe torque-off feature you must install jumper wires to bypass the safe torque-off circuitry.

## Safe Torque-off Feature Bypass

Each Kinetix 5500 drive ships with two 5-pin wiring plugs for wiring to safety devices. To bypass the safety function, wire these signals as shown in [Figure 66](#). With the jumper wires installed, the safe-off feature is not used.

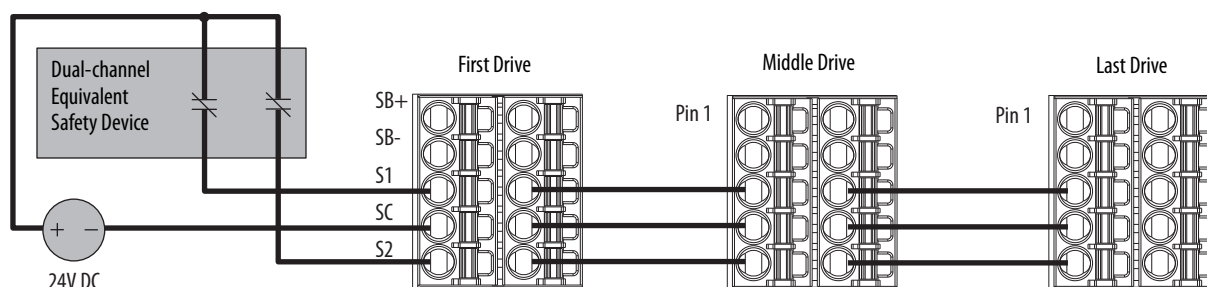
**Figure 66 - Safe Torque-off Bypass Wiring**



## Cascade the Safe Torque-off Signal

The total number of drives in a single cascaded safety circuit is limited due to the current carrying capacity of the cascaded safety wiring. Refer to [Table 70](#) for current rating per channel, per drive.

**Figure 67 - Cascaded Safe Torque-off Wiring**



## Safe Torque-off Specifications

To maintain safety rating, Kinetix 5500 drives must be installed inside protected control panels or cabinets appropriate for the environmental conditions of the industrial location. The protection class of the panel or cabinet must be IP54 or higher.

**Table 70 - Safe Torque-off Signal Specifications**

Attribute		Value
Safety inputs (per channel)	Input current	< 10 mA
	Input ON voltage range	18...26.4V DC
	Input OFF voltage, max	5V DC
	Input ON current	10 mA, each drive <sup>(1)</sup>
	Input OFF current	2 mA @ V in < 5V DC
	Pulse rejection width	700 μs
	External power supply	SELV/PELV
	Input type	Optically isolated and reverse voltage protected

(1) The maximum number of drives cascaded with safe torque-off wiring is 50.

For additional information regarding Allen-Bradley safety products, including safety relays, light curtain, and gate interlock applications, refer to the Safety Products Catalog, website <http://www.ab.com/catalogs>.


## Interconnect Diagrams

This appendix provides wiring examples and system block diagrams for your Kinetix 5500 system components.

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Kinetix 5500 Drive and Motor/Actuator Wiring Examples	159
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### Interconnect Diagram Notes

This appendix provides wiring examples to assist you in wiring the Kinetix 5500 drive system. These notes apply to the wiring examples on the following pages.

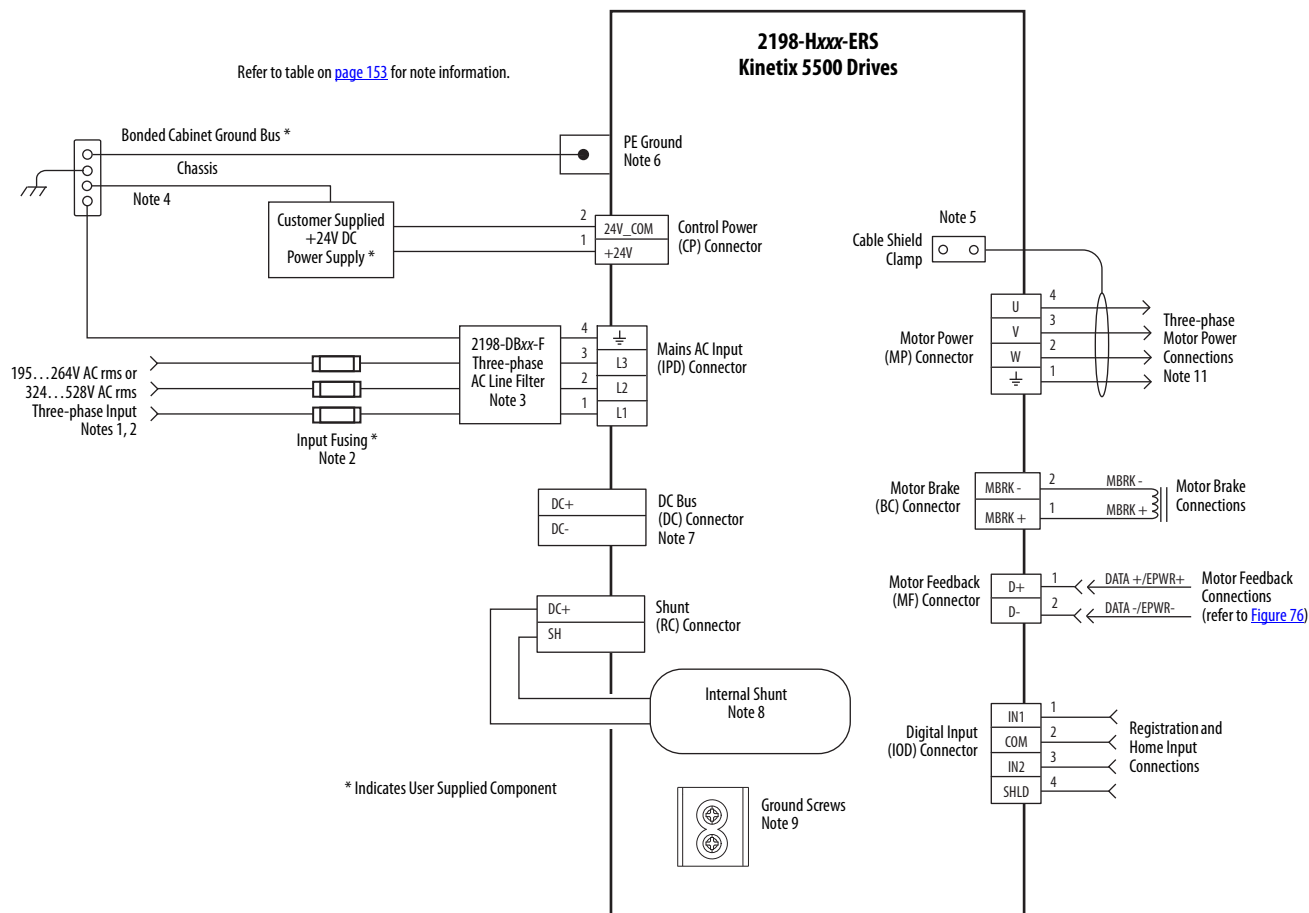
Note	Information
1	For power wiring specifications, refer to <a href="#">Wiring Requirements</a> on <a href="#">page 71</a> .
2	For input fuse and circuit breaker sizes, refer to Circuit Breaker/Fuse Selection on <a href="#">page 27</a> .
3	AC (EMC) line filter is required for EMC compliance. Place line filter as close to the drive as possible and do not route very dirty wires in wireway. If routing in wireway is unavoidable, use shielded cable with shields grounded to the drive chassis and filter case. For AC line filter specifications, refer to Kinetix Servo Drives Specifications Technical Data, publication <a href="#">GMC-TD003</a> .
4	Terminal block is required to make connections.
5	Cable shield clamp must be used to meet CE requirements.
6	PE ground connection bonded to the panel must be used to meet CE requirements.
7	DC connector covered with protective knockout is default configuration. Remove knockout to insert DC bus T-connector and bus-bars. No discrete wiring to DC bus terminals.
8	Internal shunt wired to the RC connector is default configuration. Remove internal shunt wires to attach external shunt wires.
9	Default configuration for ground screws is for grounded power at user site. For ungrounded or corner-grounded power, remove the screws. Refer to <a href="#">Determine the Input Power Configuration</a> on <a href="#">page 65</a> for more information.
10	 <b>ATTENTION:</b> Implementation of safety circuits and risk assessment is the responsibility of the machine builder. Please reference international standards EN 1050 and EN ISO 13849-1 estimation and safety performance categories. For more information refer to Understanding the Machinery Directive, publication <a href="#">SHB-900</a> .
11	For motor cable specifications, refer to Kinetix Motion Accessories Specifications Technical Data, publication <a href="#">GMC-TD004</a> .
12	MPL-A15xx...MPL-A45xx, MPM-A115xx...MPM-A130xx, MPF-A3xx...MPF-A45xx, MPS-Axxx, MPAR-Axxx, and MPAS-Axxx encoders use the +5V DC supply.
13	MPL-Bxx, MPL-A5xx, MPM-Bxx, MPM-A165xx...MPM-A215xx, MPF-Bxx, MPF-A5xx, MPS-Bxxx, MPAR-Bxxx, and MPAS-Bxxx encoders use the +9V DC supply.
14	Brake connector pins are labeled plus (+) and minus (-) or F and G respectively. Power connector pins are labeled U, V, W, and $\perp$ (GND) or A, B, C, and $\perp$ (D) respectively.

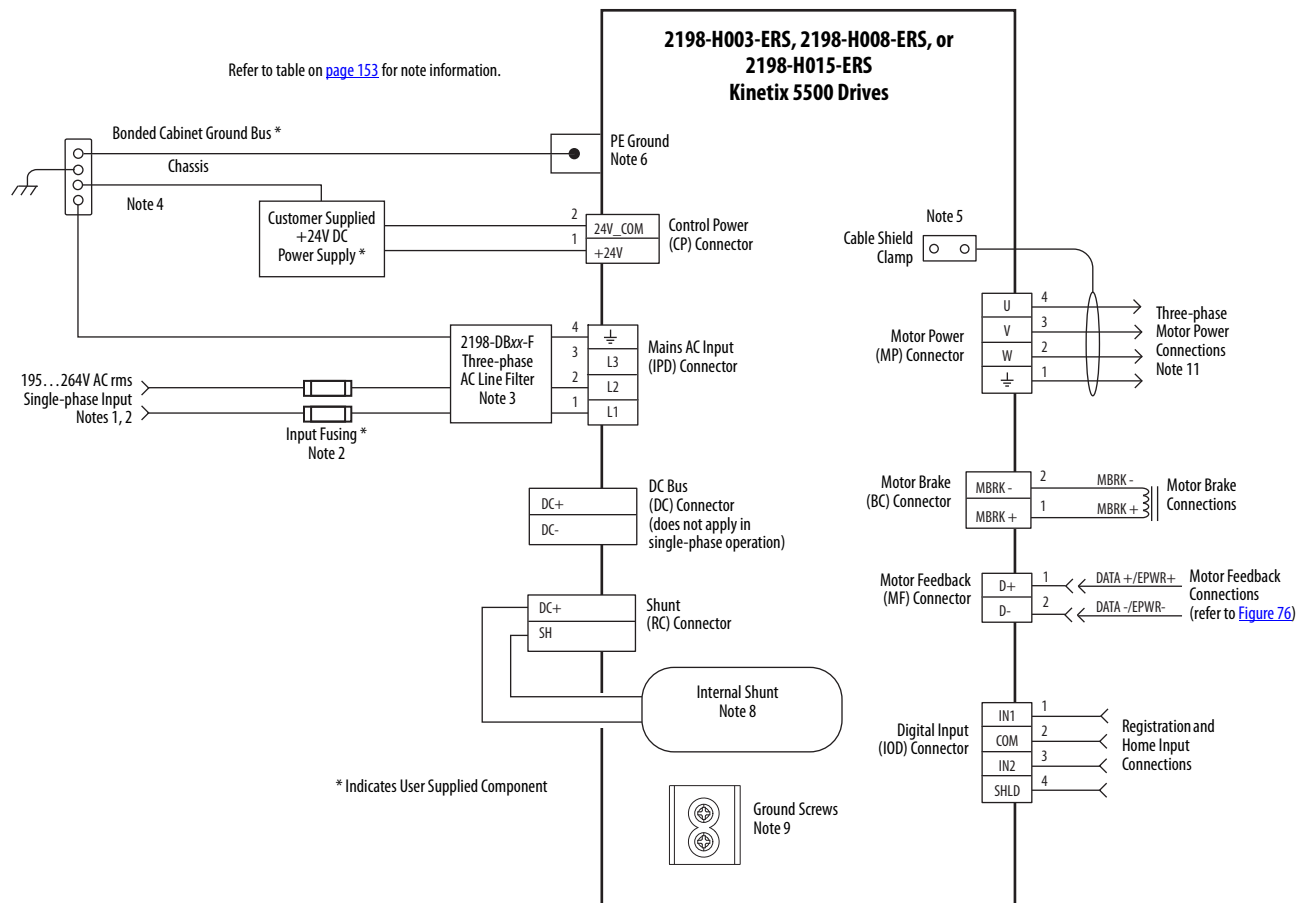
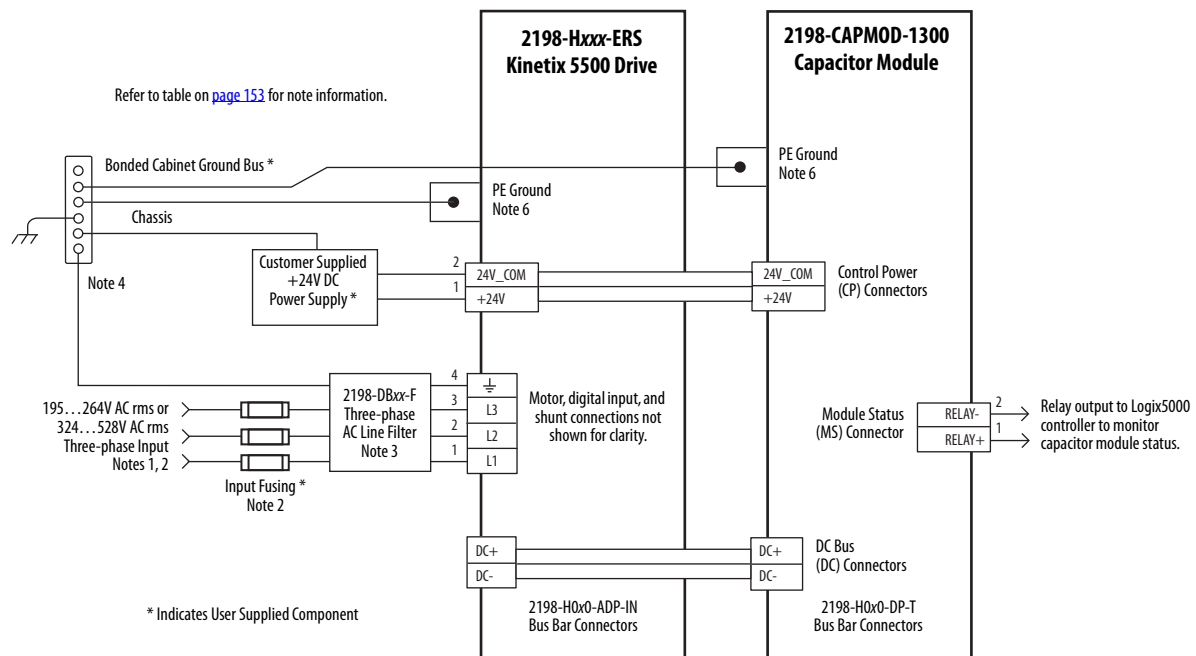
## Power Wiring Examples

You must supply input power components. The single-phase and three-phase line filters are wired downstream of the input fusing.

### Single-axis Drive Wiring Examples

**Figure 68 - Kinetix 5500 Drives Power Wiring (three-phase operation)**

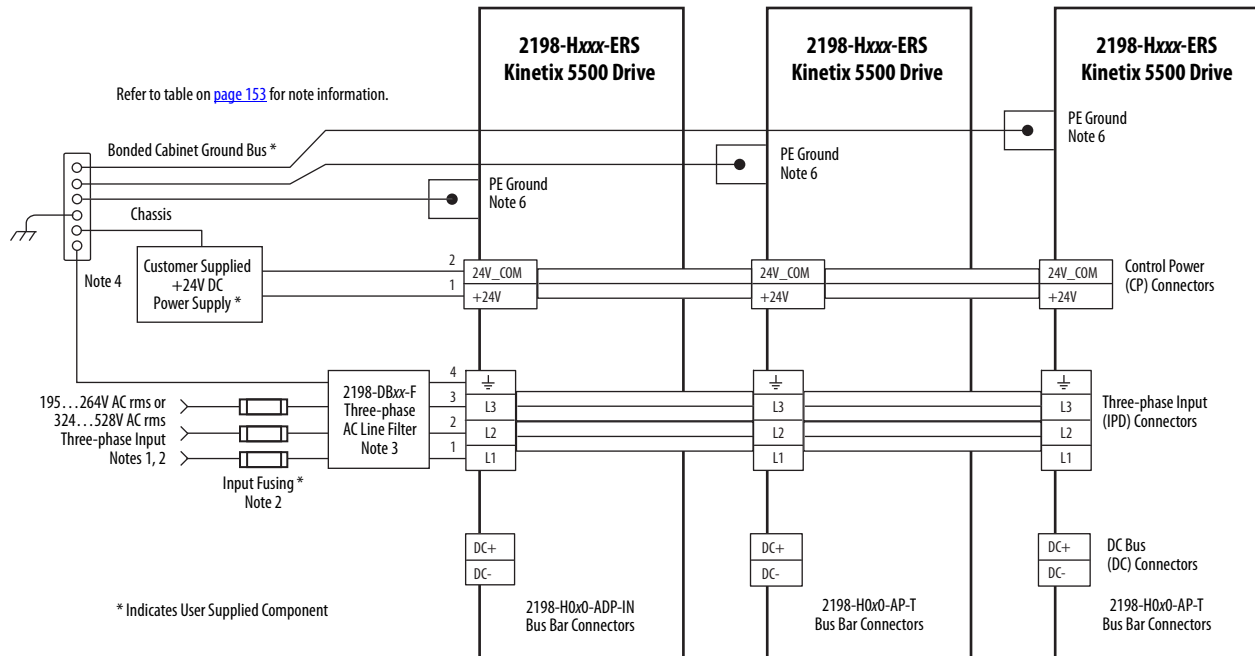


**Figure 69 - Kinetix 5500 Drives Power Wiring (single-phase operation)****Figure 70 - Kinetix 5500 Capacitor Module**

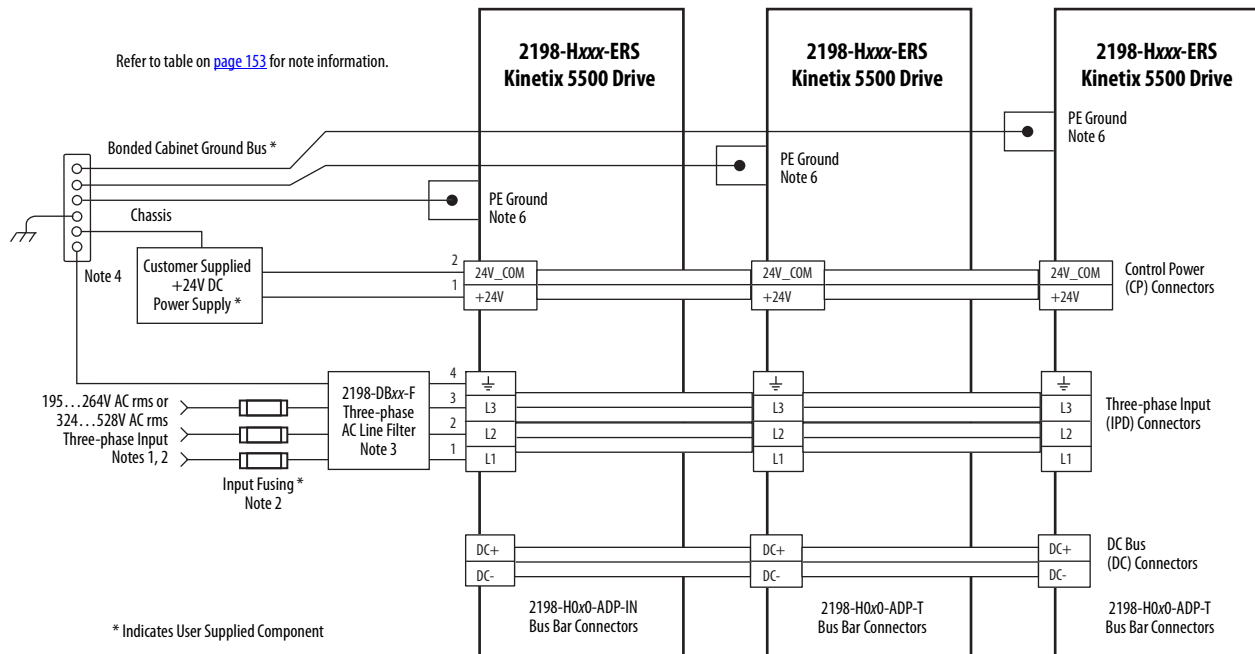
## Bus-sharing Wiring Examples

For bus-sharing configurations, use the 2198-H0x0-xx-x shared-bus connection system to extend power from drive to drive.

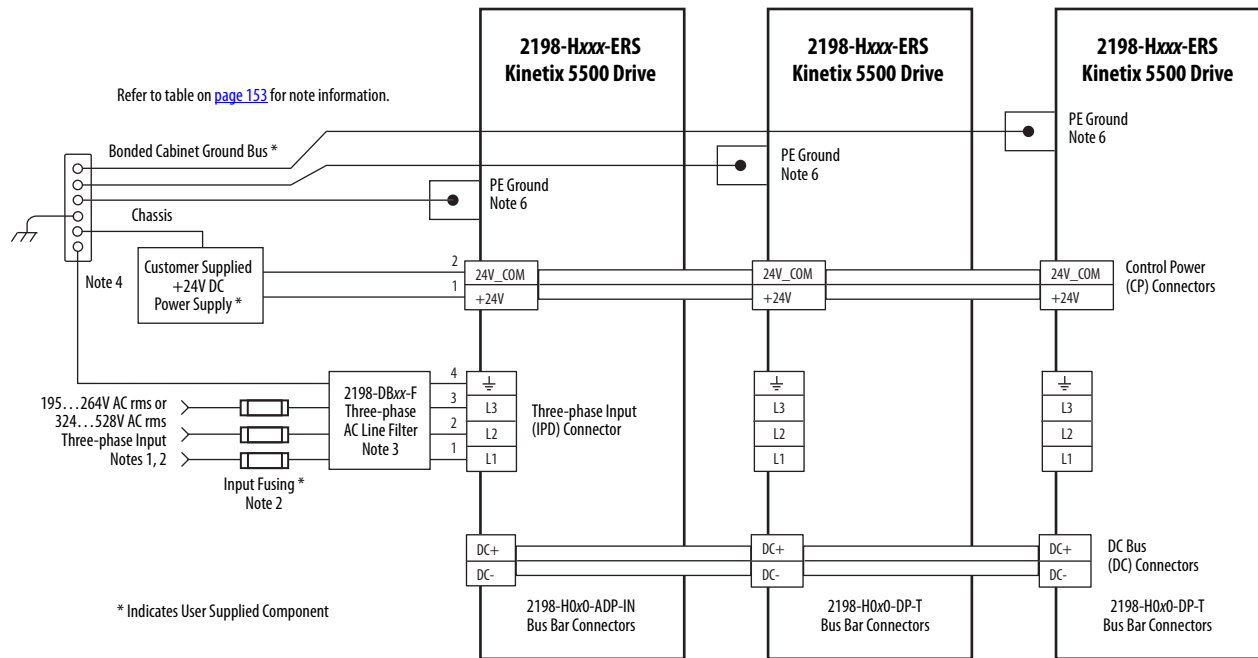
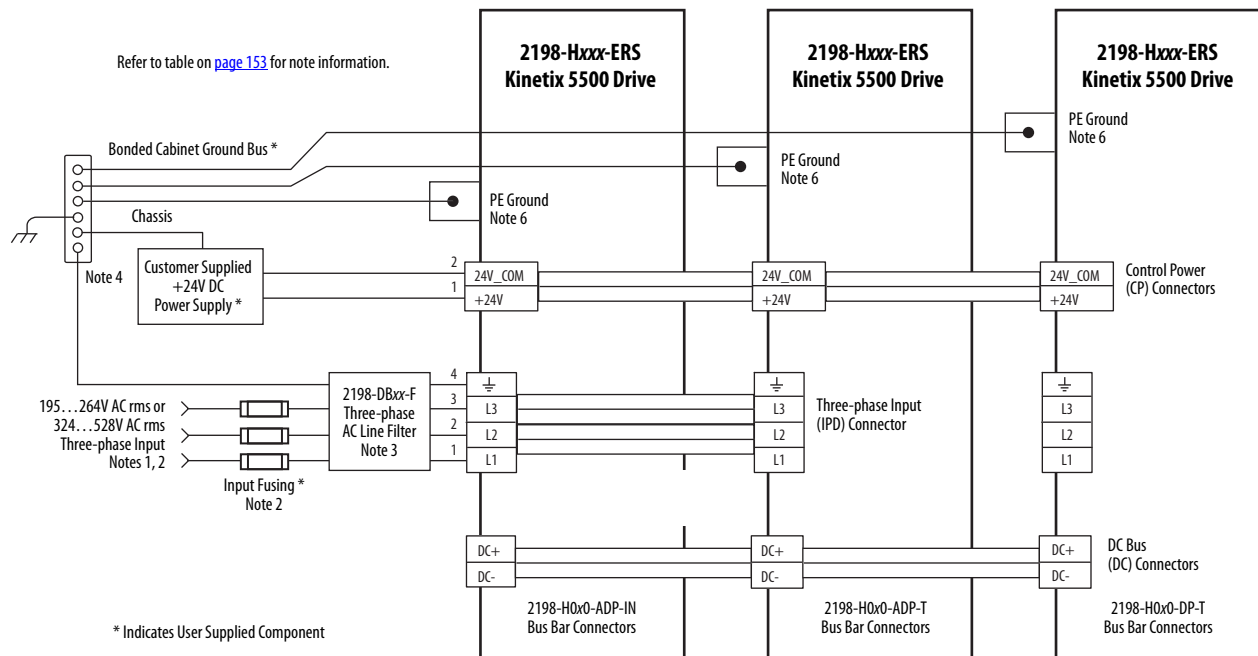
### Figure 71 - Kinetix 5500 Drives with Shared AC Bus



**Figure 72 - Kinetix 5500 Drives with Shared AC/DC Bus**





**Figure 73 - Kinetix 5500 Drives with Shared DC (common bus)****Figure 74 - Kinetix 5500 Drives with Shared AC/DC Hybrid Bus**

## Shunt Resistor Wiring Example

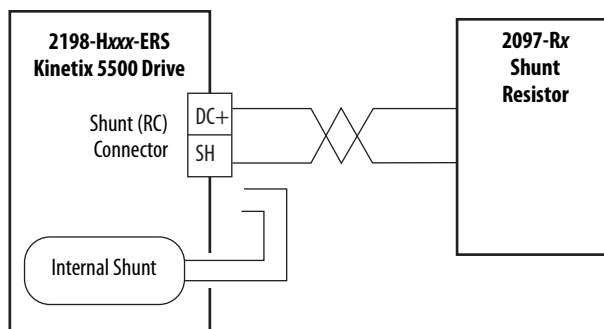
Refer to the [External Shunt Resistor Connections](#) on [page 90](#) for the Bulletin 2097 external shunt resistor catalog numbers available for Kinetix 5500 servo drives.

---

**IMPORTANT** Before wiring the Bulletin 2097 external shunt to the RC connector, remove the wires from the servo drive internal shunt. Do not connect internal and external shunt resistors to the drive.

---

**Figure 75 - Shunt Resistor Wiring Example**

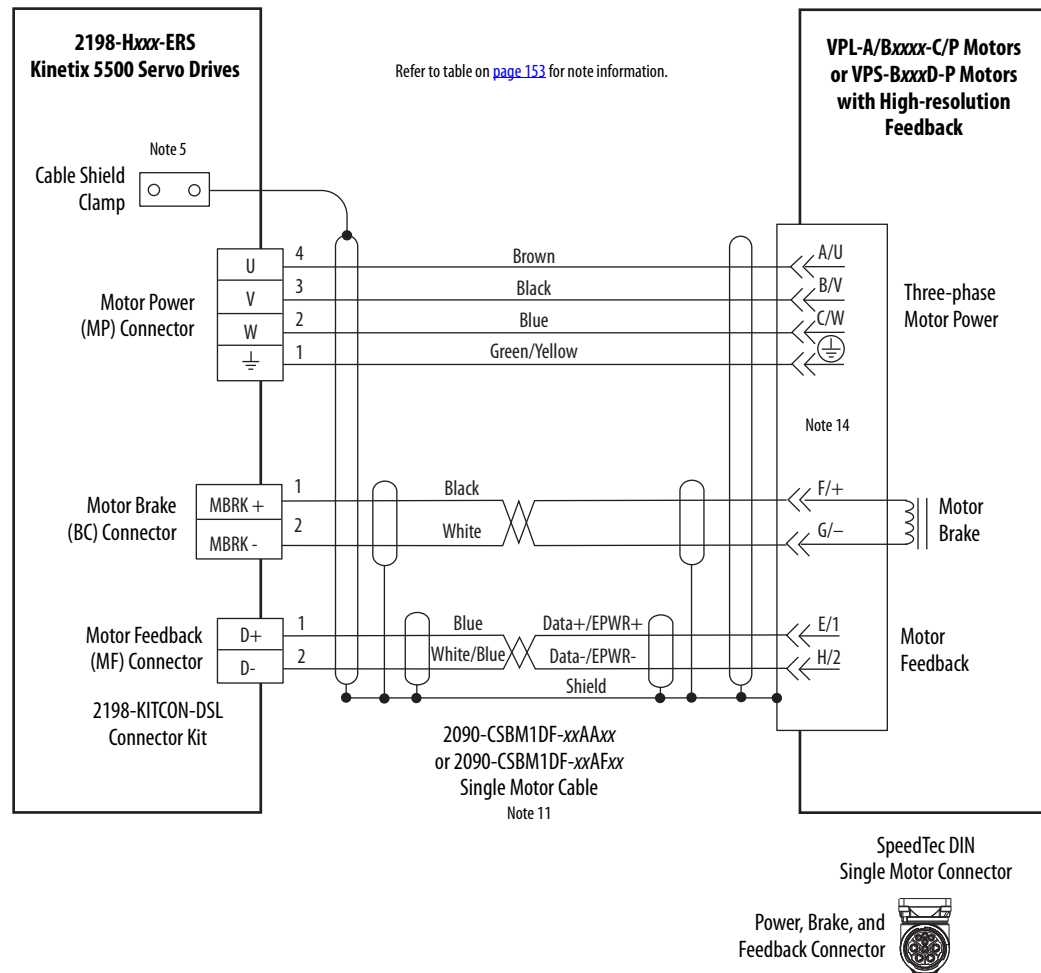


Refer to the Kinetix 300 Shunt Resistor Installation Instructions, publication [2097-IN002](#), for shunt resistor installation instructions.

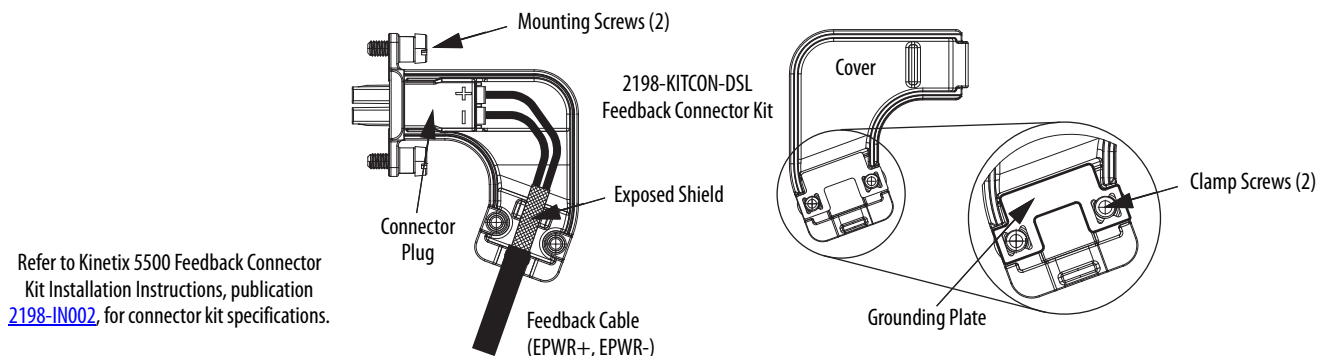
## Kinetix 5500 Drive and Motor/Actuator Wiring Examples

The Kinetix VP motors use single cable technology. The motor power, brake, and feedback wires are all packaged in a single cable.

**Figure 76 - Kinetix 5500 Drives with Kinetix VP Motors (Bulletin VPL and VPS)**

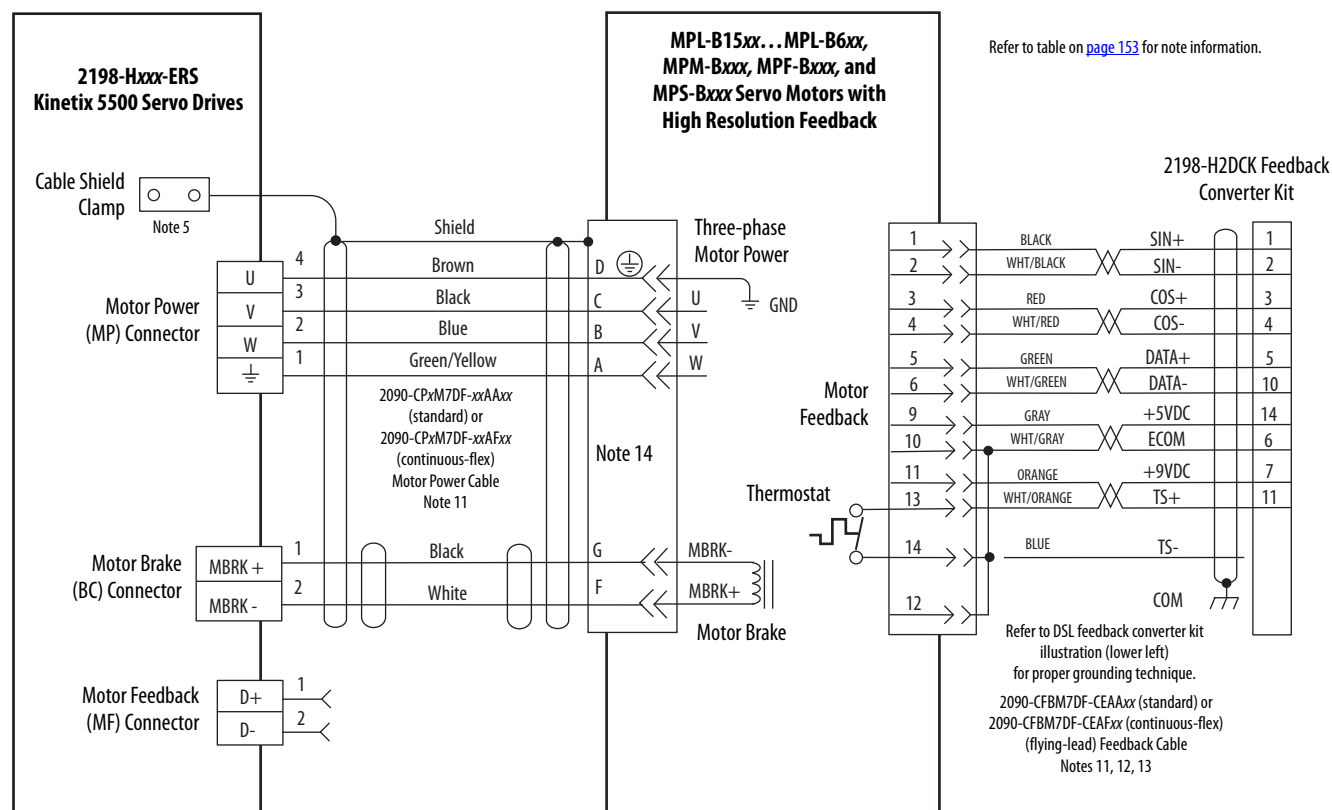


**Figure 77 - Grounding Technique for Feedback Cable Shield**

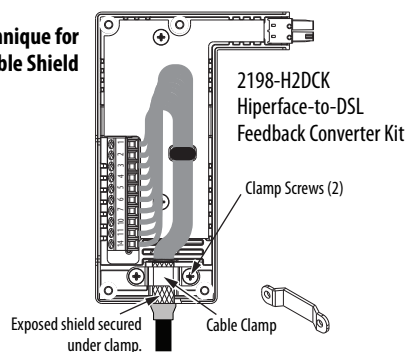


Compatible Allen-Bradley rotary motors (Bulletin MPL, MPM, MPF, and MPS) and linear actuators (Bulletin MPAS, MPAR, and MPAI) have separate connectors and cables for power/brake and feedback connections.

**Figure 78 - Kinetix 5500 with MP-Series Rotary Motors**

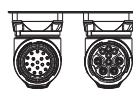


#### Grounding Technique for Feedback Cable Shield



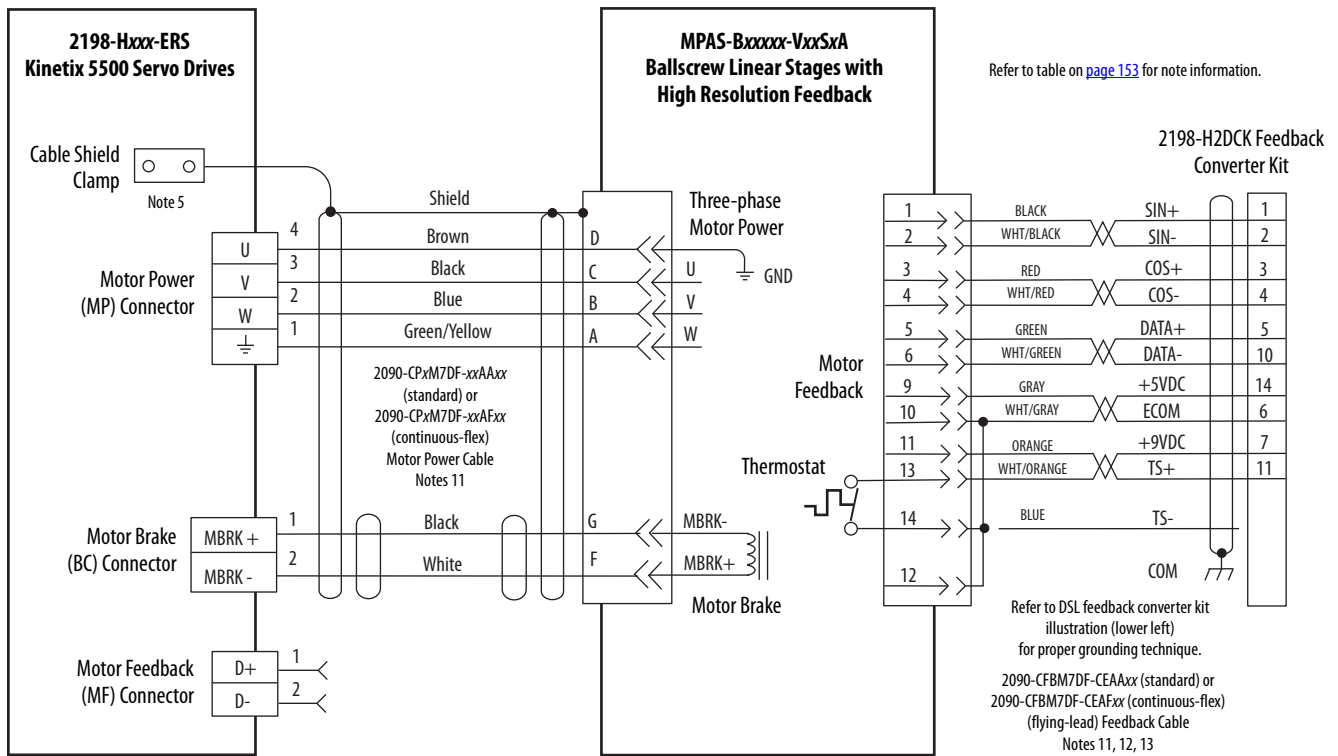
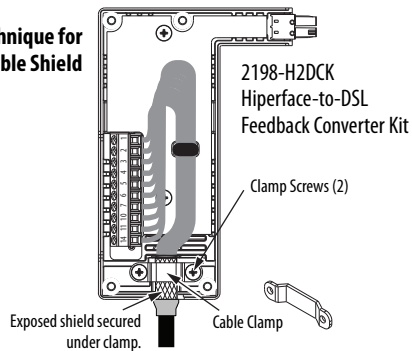
#### SpeedTec DIN Motor Connectors

Feedback Connector

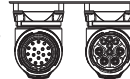


Power Connector

Refer to Hiperface to DSL Feedback Converter Kit Installation Instructions, publication [2198-IN006](#), for converter kit specifications.

**Figure 79 - Kinetix 5500 with MP-Series Linear Stages****Grounding Technique for  
Feedback Cable Shield****SpeedTec DIN  
Motor Connectors**

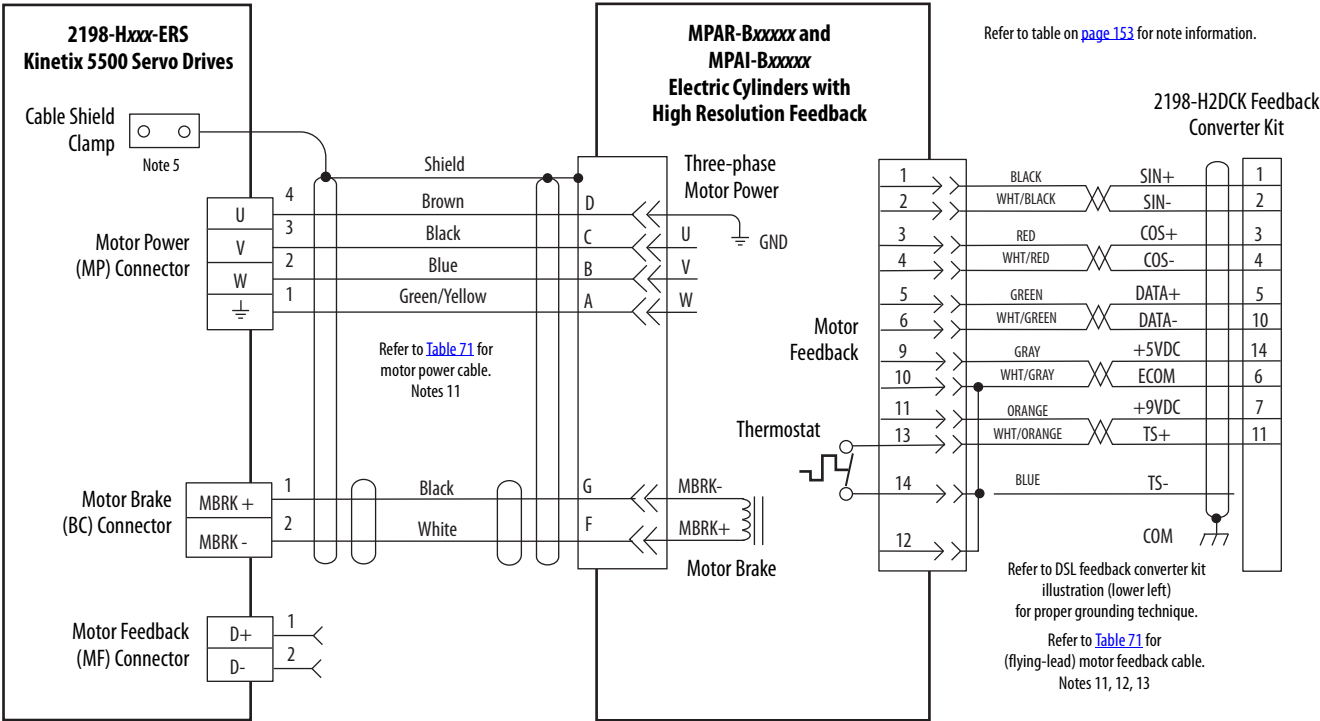
Feedback Connector



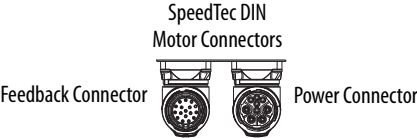
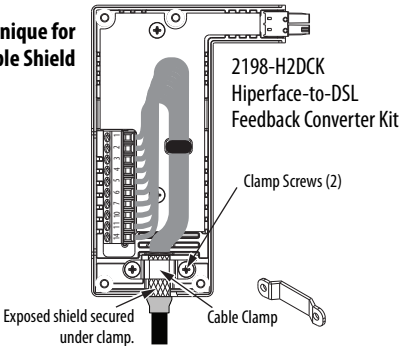
Power Connector

Refer to Hiperface to DSL Feedback Converter Kit Installation Instructions, publication [2198-IN006](#), for converter kit specifications.

Figure 80 - Kinetix 5500 with MP-Series Electric Cylinders



Grounding Technique for Feedback Cable Shield



Refer to Hiperface to DSL Feedback Converter Kit Installation Instructions, publication [2198-IN006](#), for converter kit specifications.

Table 71 - MP-Series Electric Cylinder Power and Feedback Cables

MP-Series Electric Cylinder Cat. No.	Frame	Power Cable Cat. No.	Feedback Cable Cat. No.
MPAR-B1xxx (series A)	32	2090-XXNPMF-16Sxx (standard) or 2090-CPxM4DF-16AFxx (continuous-flex)	2090-XXNFMF-Sxx (standard) or 2090-CFBM4DF-CDAFxx (continuous-flex)
MPAR-B2xxx (series A)	40		
MPAR-B1xxx (series B)	32	2090-CPxM7DF-16AAxx (standard) or 2090-CPxM7DF-16AFxx (continuous-flex)	2090-CFBM7DF-CEAAxx (standard) or 2090-CFBM7DF-CEAFxx (continuous-flex)
MPAR-B2xxx (series B)	40		
MPAR-B3xxx	63		
MPAI-B2xxxx	64		
MPAI-B3xxxx	83		
MPAI/B4xxxx	110		
MPAI-B5xxxx	144		

## System Block Diagrams

This section provides block diagrams of the Kinetix 5500 drive modules.

**Figure 81 - Kinetix 5500 Drive Block Diagram**

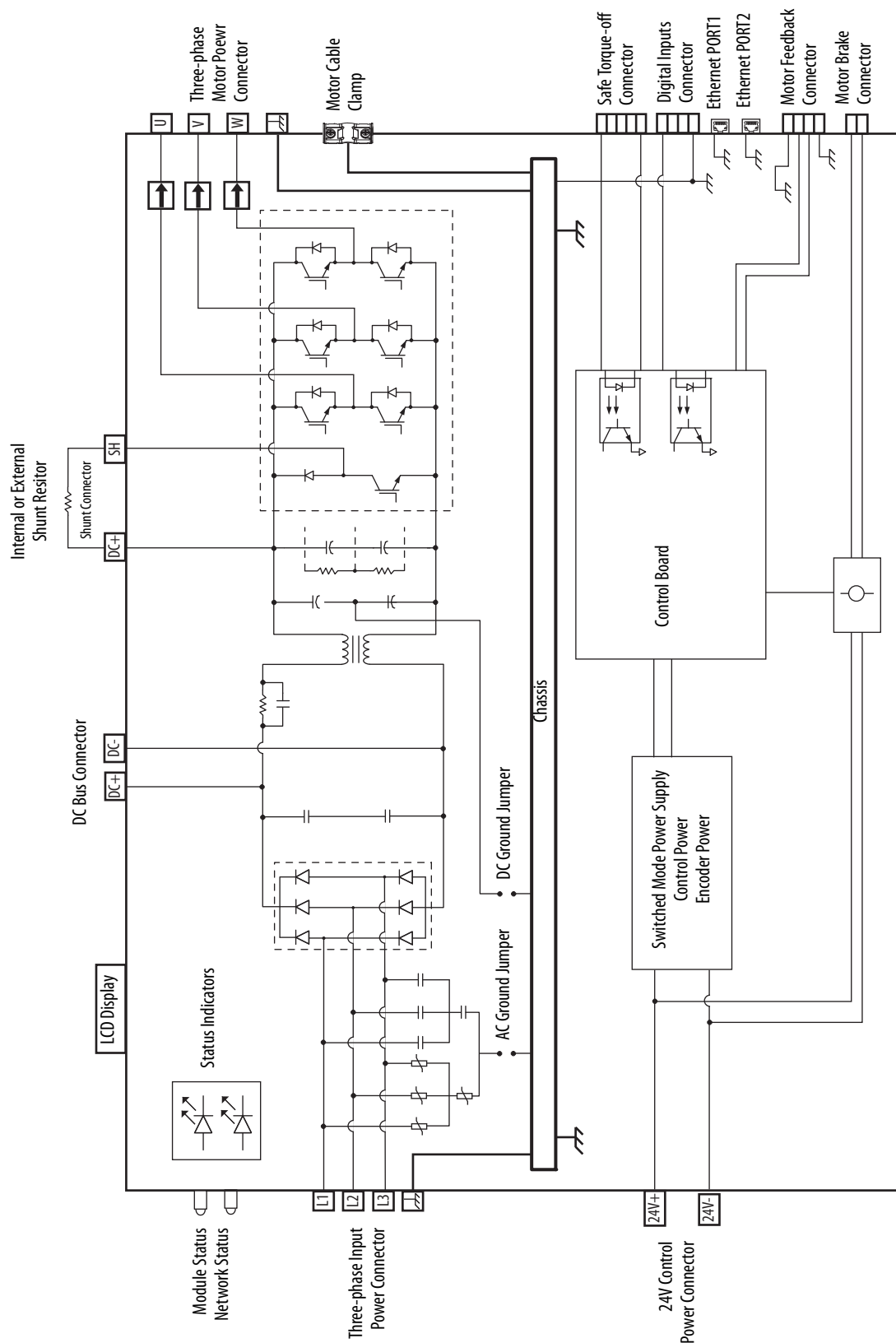
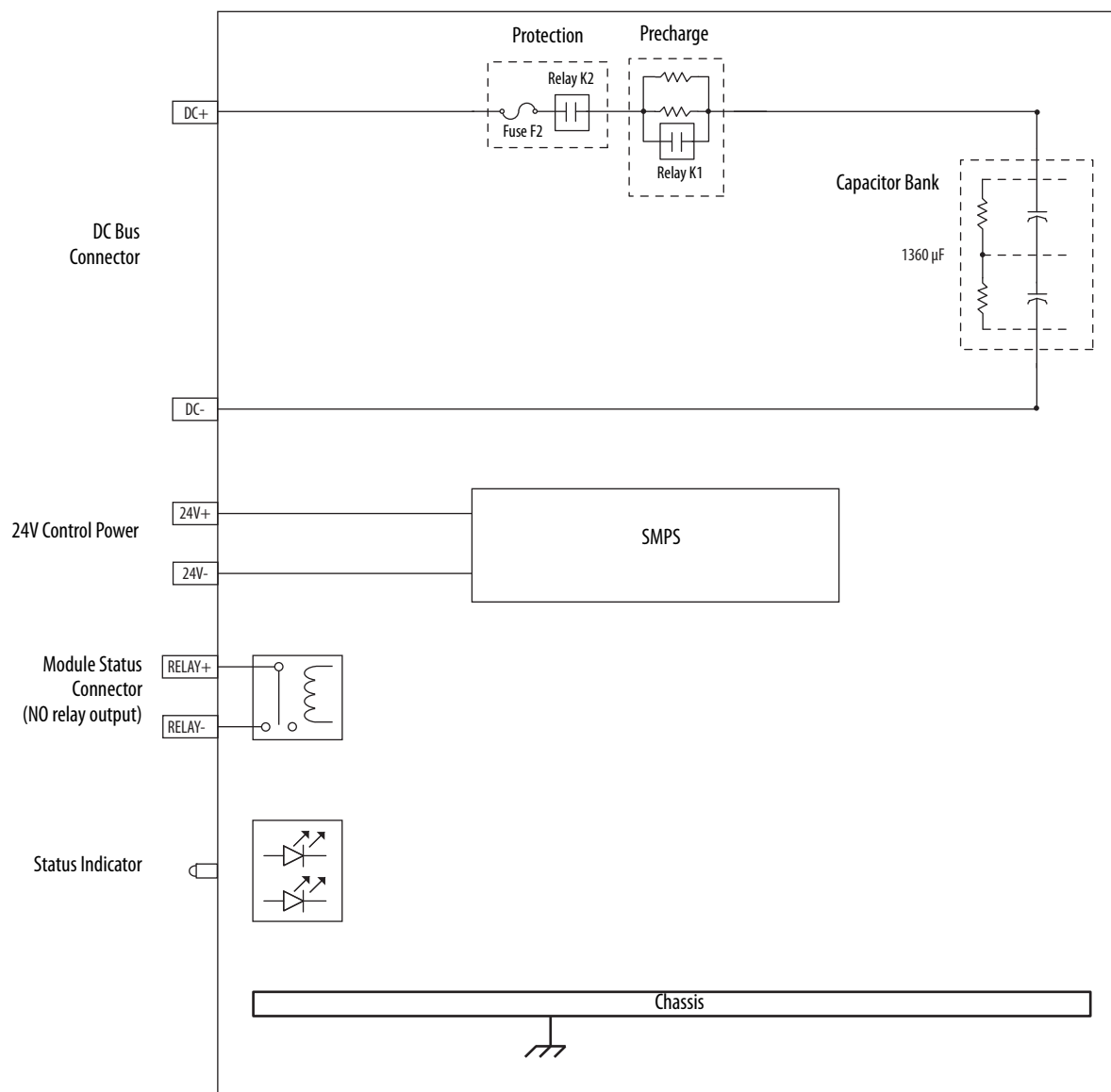


Figure 82 - Kinetix 5500 Capacitor Module Block Diagram





## Upgrade the Drive Firmware

This appendix provides procedures for upgrading firmware by using ControlFLASH software.

Topic	Page
Before You Begin	166
Upgrade Firmware	169
Verify the Firmware Upgrade	173

Upgrading drive firmware by using ControlFLASH software involves configuring your Logix5000 controller communication, selecting the drive to upgrade, and upgrading the firmware.

---

<b>IMPORTANT</b>	If the drive firmware contains updated safety firmware, you must de-energize the safety inputs first or the upgrade fails.  To update the drive firmware in Feedback Only mode, you must inhibit the axis first. Refer to <a href="#">Inhibit Feedback Only Axis</a> on <a href="#">page 168</a> for more information.
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---

## Before You Begin

The firmware revision for software must be as shown for EtherNet/IP networks.

**Table 72 - Kinetix 5500 System Requirements**

Description	Firmware Revision
Logix Designer application	21.00 or later
RSLink software	2.58 or later
ControlFLASH software kit <sup>(1)</sup>	11.00 or later
Catalog numbers of the targeted Kinetix 5500 drive module you want to upgrade.	
Network path to the targeted Kinetix 5500 drive module you want to upgrade.	

(1) Download the ControlFLASH kit from <http://support.rockwellautomation.com/controlflash>. Contact Rockwell Automation Technical Support at (440) 646-5800 for assistance.

For more ControlFLASH information (not drive specific), refer to the ControlFLASH Firmware Upgrade Kit Quick Start, publication [1756-QS105](#).

**IMPORTANT** Control power must be present at CP-1 (24V+) and CP-2 (24V-) prior to upgrading your target drive. The axis state on the LCD display must be STANDBY, CONFIGURING, STOPPED, or PRECHARGE before beginning this procedure.



**ATTENTION:** To avoid personal injury or damage to equipment during the firmware upgrade due to unpredictable motor activity, do not apply three-phase AC or common-bus DC input power to the drive.

## Configure Logix5000 Controller Communication

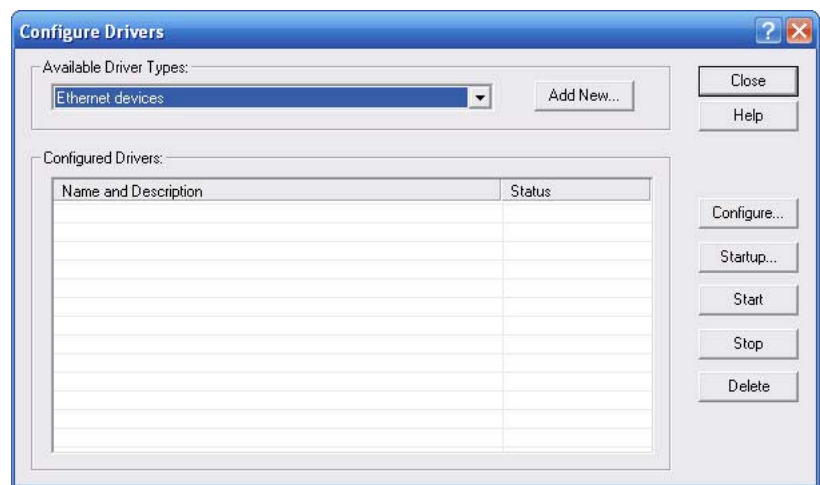
This procedure assumes that your communication method to the Logix5000 controller is the Ethernet network. It also assumes that your Logix5000 Ethernet module or controller has already been configured.

For more controller information, refer to [Additional Resources](#) on [page 12](#).

Follow these steps to configure Logix5000 controller communication.

1. Open your RSLinx Classic software.
2. From the Communications menu, choose Configure Drivers.

The Configure Drivers dialog box appears.



3. From the Available Driver Types pull-down menu, choose Ethernet devices.
4. Click Add New.

The Add New RSLinx Classic Driver dialog box appears.

5. Type the new driver name.



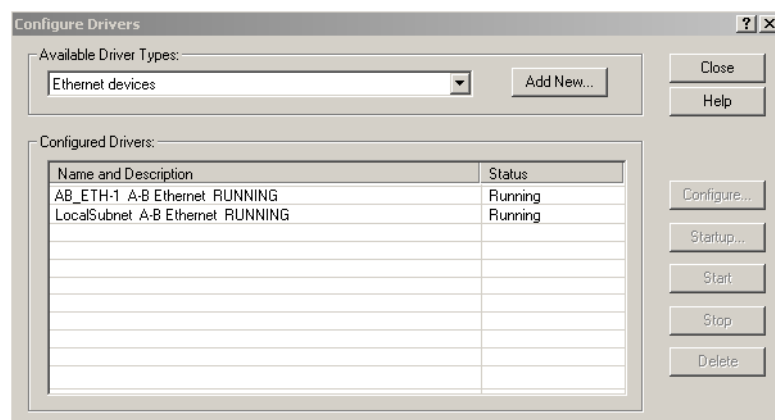
6. Click OK.

The Configure driver dialog box appears.



7. Type the IP address of your Kinetix 5500 servo drive.
8. Click OK.

The new Ethernet driver appears under Configured Drivers.



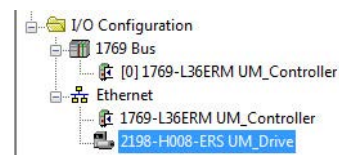
9. Click Close.
10. Minimize the RSLinx application dialog box.

## Inhibit Feedback Only Axis

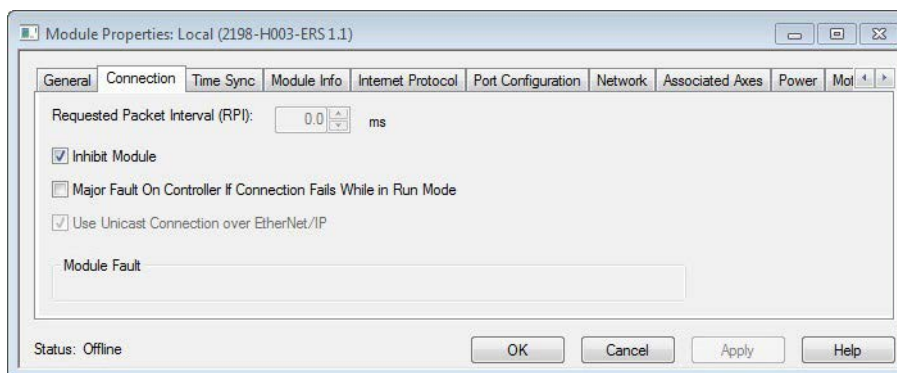
If an axis is configured as Feedback Only, you must inhibit the axis prior to performing the firmware upgrade. Follow these steps to inhibit an axis.

1. Open your Logix Designer application.
2. Right-click the 2198-Hxxx-ERS servo drive you configured as Feedback Only and choose Properties.

The Module Properties dialog box appears.



3. Click the Connection tab.



4. Check Inhibit Module.
5. Click OK.
6. Save your file and download the program to the controller.

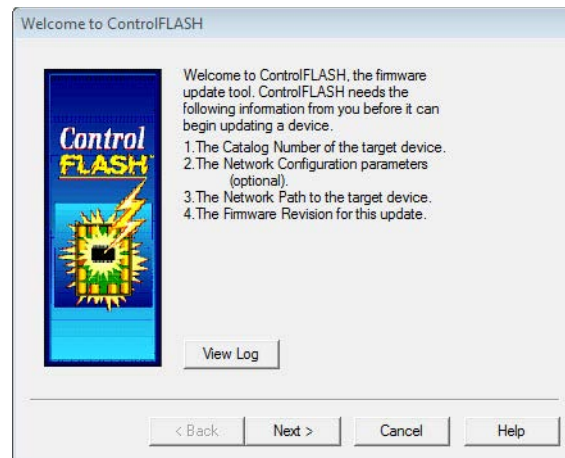
## Upgrade Firmware

Follow these steps to select the drive module to upgrade.

1. In the Logix Designer application, from the Tools menu, choose ControlFLASH.

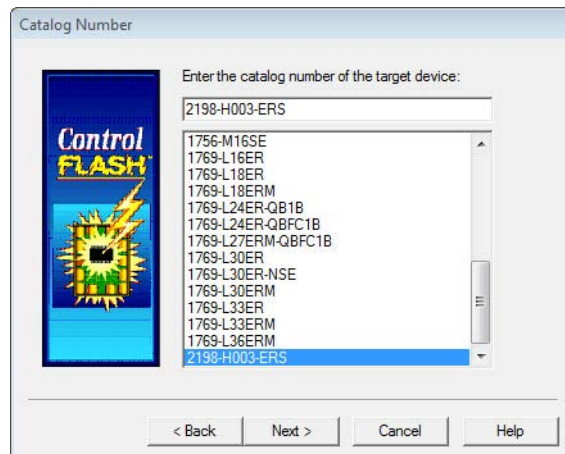
**TIP** You can also open ControlFLASH software by choosing Start>Programs>FLASH Programming Tools>ControlFLASH.

The Welcome to ControlFLASH dialog box appears.



2. Click Next.

The Catalog Number dialog box appears.

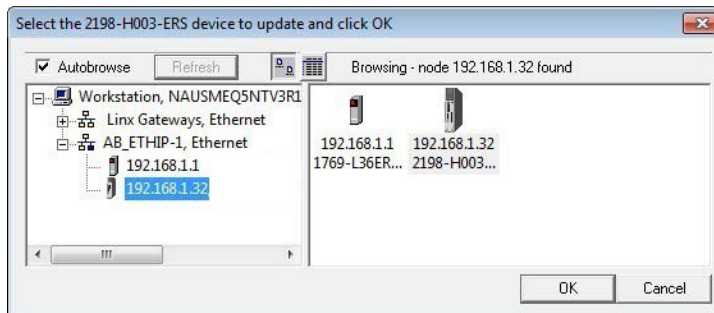


3. Select your drive module.

In this example, the 2198-H003-ERS servo drive is selected.

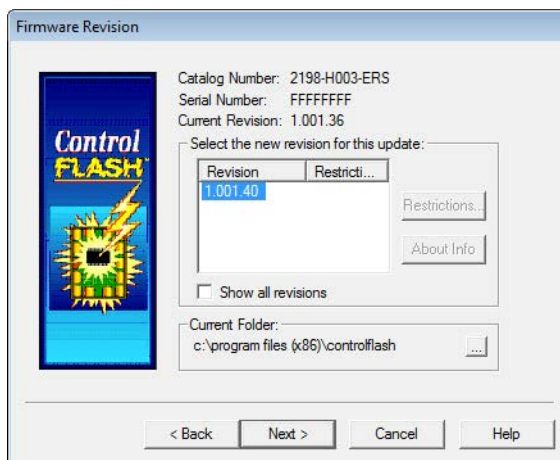
4. Click Next.

The Select Device to Update dialog box appears.



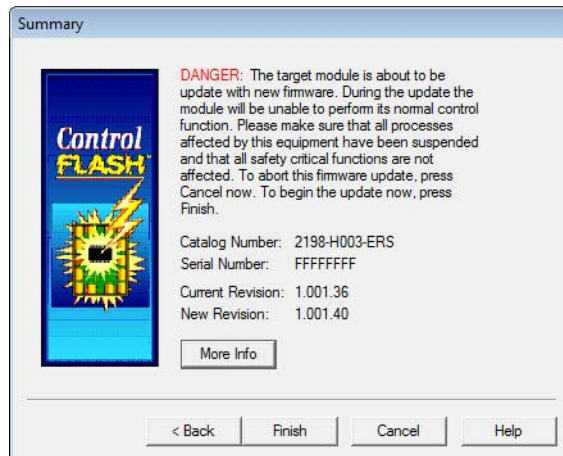
5. Expand your Ethernet node, Logix backplane, and EtherNet/IP network module.
6. Select the servo drive to upgrade.
7. Click OK.

The Firmware Revision dialog box appears.



8. Select the firmware revision to upgrade.
9. Click Next.

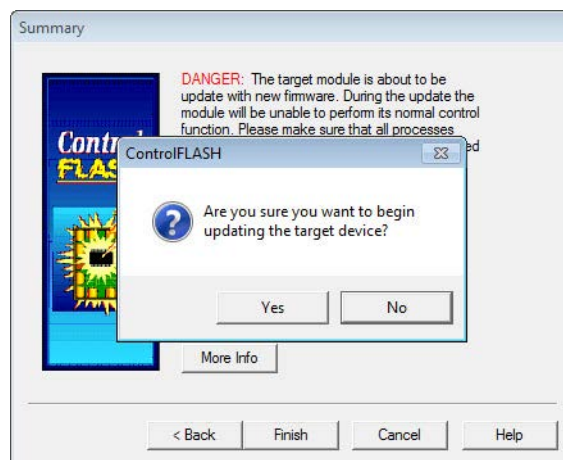
The Summary dialog box appears.



10. Confirm the drive catalog number and firmware revision.

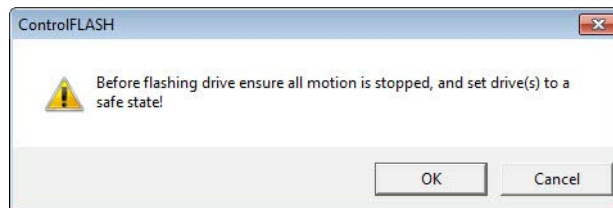
11. Click Finish.

This ControlFLASH warning dialog box appears.



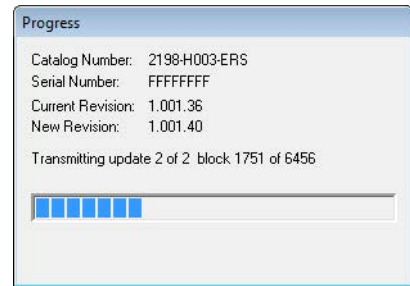
12. Click Yes (only if you are ready).

This ControlFLASH warning dialog box appears.



13. Acknowledge the warning and click OK.

The Progress dialog box appears and updating begins.

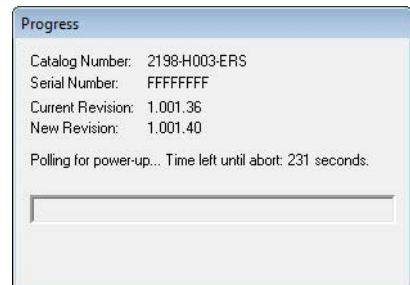


The axis state on the LCD display changes from CONFIGURING, STOPPED, or PRECHARGE to FIRMWARE UPDATE, which indicates that the upgrade is in progress.

After the upgrade information is sent to the drive, the drive resets and performs diagnostic checking.

14. Wait for the Progress dialog box to time out.

It is normal for this process to take several minutes.




---

**IMPORTANT** Do not cycle power to the drive during this process or the firmware upgrade does not complete successfully.

---

15. Verify that the Update Status dialog box appears and indicates success or failure as described below.

Upgrading Status	If
Success	Update complete appears in a GREEN Status dialog box, then go to <a href="#">step 16</a> .
Failure	Update failure appears in a RED Status dialog box, then refer to ControlFLASH Firmware Upgrade Kit Quick Start, publication <a href="#">1756-0S105</a> , for troubleshooting information.



16. Click OK.

---

**IMPORTANT** If you are upgrading a feedback-only axis and you checked Inhibit Module on the Connection tab in Module Properties, you must clear the Inhibit Module checkbox before resuming normal operation.

---

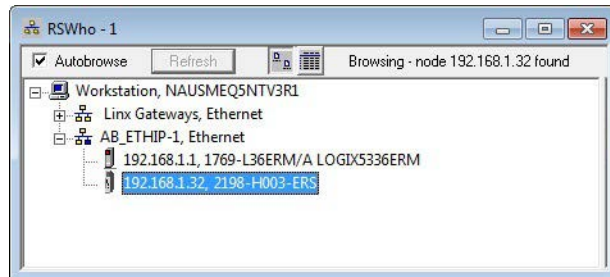


## Verify the Firmware Upgrade

Follow these steps to verify your firmware upgrade was successful.

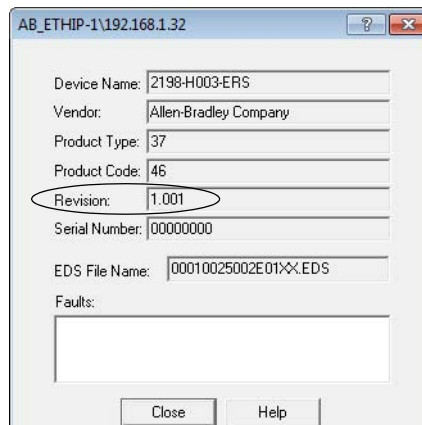
**TIP** Verifying the firmware upgrade is optional.

1. Open your RSLinx software.
2. From the Communications menu, choose RSWho.



3. Expand your Ethernet node, Logix backplane, and EtherNet/IP network module.
4. Right-click the drive module and choose Device Properties.

The Device Properties dialog box appears.



5. Verify the new firmware revision level.
6. Click Close.

## **Notes:**

## Sizing Multi-axis Shared-bus Configurations

This appendix provides information and examples for sizing your Kinetix 5500 drive shared-bus configurations.

Topic	Page
Shared-bus Configurations	175
Power Sharing Sizing Examples	180
Control Power Current Calculations	182
Energy Calculations	184

Shared-bus configurations include the following types:

- Shared AC
- Shared DC (common bus)
- Shared AC/DC
- Shared AC/DC Hybrid

These restrictions apply to all shared-bus configurations:

- Shared-bus configurations must use the shared-bus connection system.

---

**IMPORTANT** Do not make drive-to-drive connections with discrete wires.

---

- Single-phase drive operation is not supported.
- Shared AC/DC and shared AC/DC hybrid configurations result in a derating of 30% of the total converter power available.
- The zero-stack tabs and cutouts must be engaged from drive-to-drive. Systems cannot start in one cabinet and end in another.
- Program drives for the same converter AC input voltage.

### Shared-bus Configurations

These restrictions apply to multi-axis shared-bus configurations:

- All drives in a bus-sharing group must be configured with the same bus power-sharing group number in the Logix Designer application.
- The maximum number of drives in any bus power-sharing group cannot exceed eight.

## Shared AC Configurations

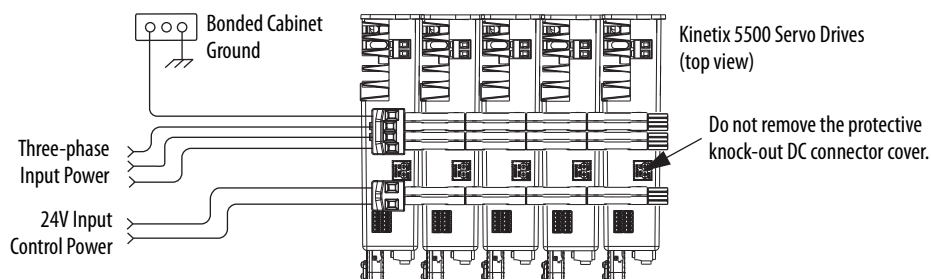
In shared AC configurations, the first (leftmost) drive receives AC input voltage. The shared-bus connection system extends the AC bus to all downstream drives:

- All drives are configured in the project file as Standalone drives.
- Drives configured in the project file as Standalone in a Shared AC configuration must be of the same power rating (catalog number).
- Shared AC configurations do not support Bulletin 2198 capacitor modules.
- The maximum number of drives in Shared AC configurations is restricted as described in [Table 73](#).

**Table 73 - Shared AC Panel Layout**

Drive Cat. No.	Frame Size	Number of Drives Configured as Shared AC, max
2198-H003-ERS	1	5
2198-H008-ERS		
2198-H015-ERS	2	3
2198-H025-ERS		
2198-H040-ERS		
2198-H070-ERS	3	2

**Figure 83 - Typical Shared AC Configuration**



For an example shared AC installation with additional details, refer to [Typical Shared AC Installations](#) on [page 16](#).

## Shared DC Configurations

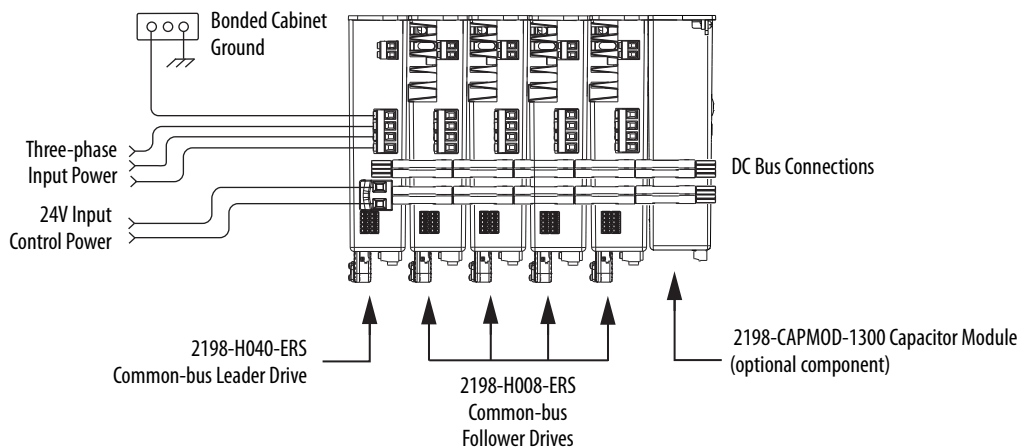
In a Shared DC (DC common bus) configuration, the first (leftmost) drive is the leader drive and is the only drive that receives the AC input voltage. All drives to the right of the leader drives are follower drives. They receive the DC bus voltage extended from the leader drive through the shared-bus connection system:

- For DC common-bus installations, the power rating of the leader drive must be greater than or equal to the power rating of the follower drives.
- The leader drive is configured in the project file as a Shared AC/DC drive.
- The follower drives are configured in the project file as Shared DC drives.
- Shared DC configurations support Bulletin 2198 capacitor modules.

**Table 74 - Shared DC Panel Layout**

Frame Size Combination	Leader Drive Cat. No.	Follower Drives, max <sup>(1)</sup>	Follower Cat. No.	Number of Capacitor Modules, max
1	2198-H003-ERS	4	2198-H003-ERS	0
	2198-H008-ERS	4	2198-H003-ERS	1
			2198-H008-ERS	1
2 and 1	2198-H015-ERS	6	2198-H003-ERS	1
2			2198-H008-ERS	
			2198-H015-ERS	
2 and 1	2198-H025-ERS	6	2198-H003-ERS	3
2			2198-H008-ERS	
			2198-H015-ERS	
			2198-H025-ERS	
2 and 1	2198-H040-ERS	6	2198-H003-ERS	3
2			2198-H008-ERS	
			2198-H015-ERS	
			2198-H025-ERS	
			2198-H040-ERS	
3 and 1	2198-H070-ERS	7	2198-H003-ERS	4
3 and 2			2198-H008-ERS	
			2198-H015-ERS	
			2198-H025-ERS	
			2198-H040-ERS	
			2198-H070-ERS	
3				

(1) For Bulletin 2198 capacitor module maximum values, refer to the Kinetix 5500 Capacitor Module Installation Instructions, publication [2198-IN004](#).

**Figure 84 - Typical DC Common Bus Configuration****IMPORTANT**

Total number of drives in Kinetix 5500 drive system must not exceed 8.

For an example shared DC installation with additional details, refer to [Typical Shared DC Common-bus Installations](#) on [page 18](#).

## Shared AC/DC Configurations

In a shared AC/DC configuration, the first (leftmost) drive receives AC input voltage. The shared-bus connection system extends the AC and DC bus to all downstream drives:

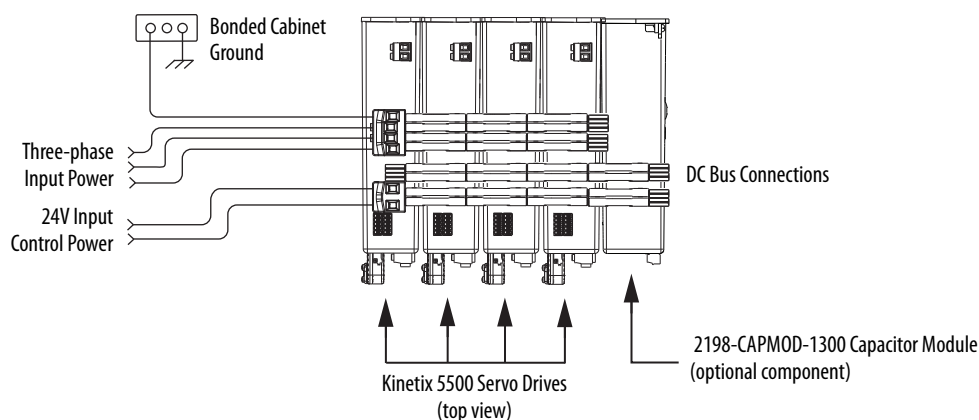
- All drives are configured in the project file as Shared AC/DC drives.
- Drives configured in the project file as Shared AC/DC must be of the same power rating (catalog number).
- Shared AC/DC configurations support Bulletin 2198 capacitor modules.
- Total available converter power is derated by 30%.
- The maximum number of drives configured as Shared AC/DC is described in [Table 75](#).

**Table 75 - Shared AC/DC Panel Layout**

Drive Cat. No.	Frame Size	Drives Configured as Shared AC/DC, max <sup>(1)</sup>	Number of Capacitor Modules, max
2198-H003-ERS	1	8	0
2198-H008-ERS			1
2198-H015-ERS	2	4	4
2198-H025-ERS			
2198-H040-ERS			
2198-H070-ERS	3	2	4

(1) For Bulletin 2198 capacitor module maximum values, refer to the Kinetix 5500 Capacitor Module Installation Instructions, publication [2198-IN004](#).

**Figure 85 - Typical Shared AC/DC Configuration**



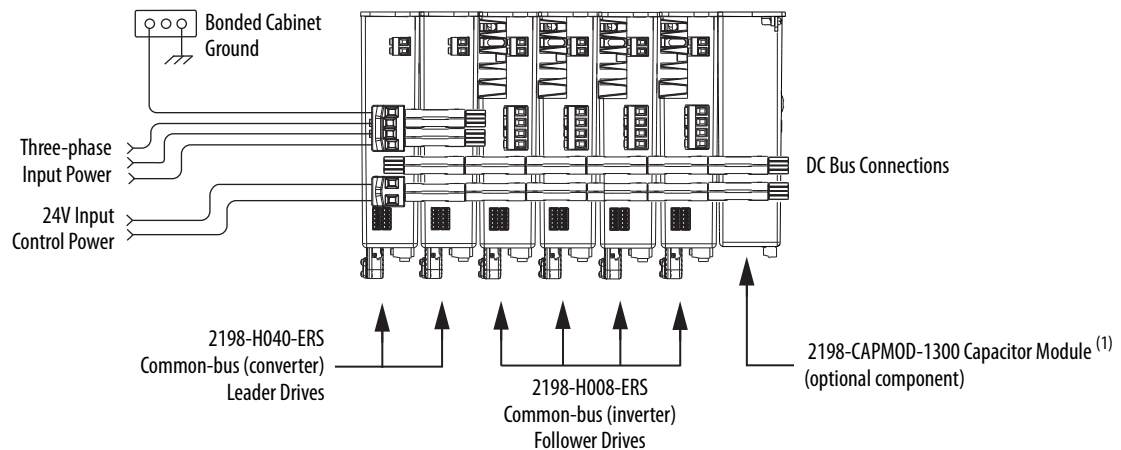
For an example shared AC/DC installation with additional details, refer to [Typical Shared AC/DC Installations](#) on [page 17](#).

## Shared AC/DC Hybrid Configurations

In shared AC/DC hybrid configurations, three-phase AC input power is supplied to two or more (leader) drives that act as converters. This parallel converter configuration increases the DC power supplied to the inverter (follower) drives:

- The leftmost drives in a hybrid configuration (configured as Shared AC/DC) act as parallel converter drives and must be of the same power rating (catalog number).
- Shared DC (inverter) drives mounted to the right of the shared AC/DC (converter) drives must have the same or lower power rating (catalog number) than the shared AC/DC drives.
- The total motoring load must not exceed the rated load for the drives sourcing the DC power. Each follower drive must be sized for the motor load connected to it.
- Total available converter power is derated by 30%.
- The maximum number of drives configured in the project file as Shared AC/DC is restricted according to [Table 75 on page 178](#).
- The maximum number of drives configured in the project file as Shared DC is restricted according to [Table 74 on page 177](#).
- Shared AC/DC hybrid configurations support Bulletin 2198 capacitor modules.

**Figure 86 - Typical Shared AC/DC Hybrid Configuration**



(1) For Bulletin 2198 capacitor module maximum values, refer to the Kinetix 5500 Capacitor Module Installation Instructions, publication [2198-IN004](#).

For an example shared AC/DC hybrid installation with additional details, refer to [Typical Shared AC/DC Bus Hybrid Installations](#) on [page 19](#).

## Power Sharing Sizing Examples

For best results, size motors based on load torque requirements by using Motion Analyzer software. Select drives based on continuous or peak torque requirements. Based on the load profile, use Motion Analyzer software to estimate the net converter and inverter power and bus regulator capacity.

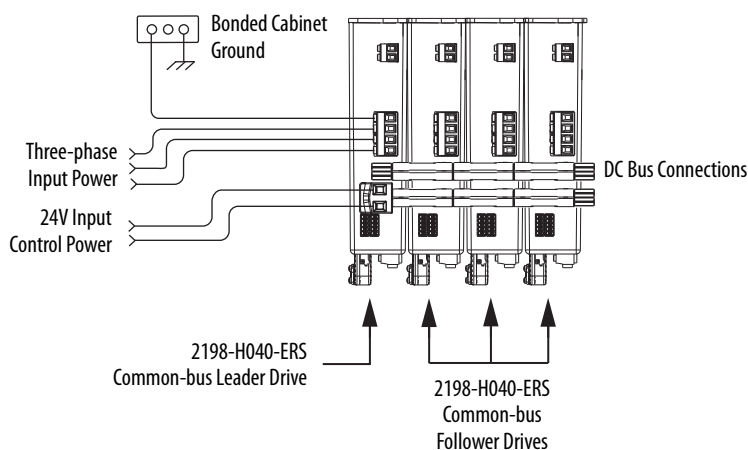
**Table 76 - Converter and Bus Regulator Capacity**

Configuration	Available Converter Capacity	Available Regenerative Capacity
Shared AC	Converter power rating of each drive	Internal shunt of each drive
Common bus	Converter power rating of leader drive	Sum of all internal shunts from each drive in bus-sharing group
Shared AC/DC	Sum of converter power ratings times 0.7 (70%)	
Shared AC/DC hybrid		

### Shared DC Example

In this example four 2198-H040-ERS drives are used in a common-bus configuration.

**Figure 87 - DC Common Bus Configuration**



Each 2198-H040-ERS drive is rated at 8.4 kW continuous output power to bus. However, only the leader drive acts as the converter, so the available converter power to the system is 8.4 kW. In this example, total motoring load must not exceed 8.4 kW.

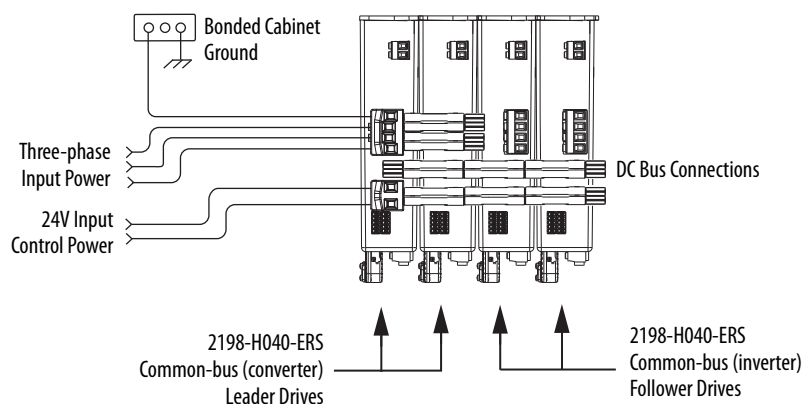


## Shared AC/DC Hybrid Example

If the required motoring power exceeds the available converter power sourced by the shared DC configuration, then connect a second converter drive to make a shared AC/DC hybrid configuration. This increases the available converter power.

In this example, the same four 2198-H040-ERS drives are used, however, two are connected as parallel converter (leader) drives and the other two as common-bus (follower) drives. The total converter power is derated by 30%.

**Figure 88 - Shared AC/DC Hybrid Configuration**



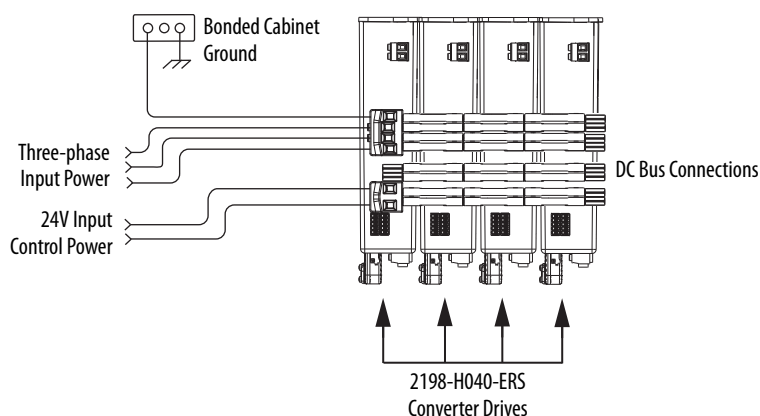
The available converter power to the system is  $(8.4 \bullet 2) \bullet 0.7 = 11.76 \text{ kW}$ . In this example, total motoring load must not exceed 11.76 kW. The available converter power was increased by 30% over the same drives in shared DC configuration.

## Shared AC/DC Example

If the required motoring power exceeds the available converter power sourced by two leader drives, then connect all four drives as parallel converter drives. This further increases the available converter power.

In this example, the same four 2198-H040-ERS drives are used, however, all four are connected as parallel converter (leader) drives. The total converter power is derated by 30%.

**Figure 89 - Shared AC/DC Configuration**



The available converter power to the system is  $(8.4 \bullet 4) \bullet 0.7 = 23.52$  kW. In this example, total motoring load must not exceed 23.52 kW. The available converter power was increased by 65% over the same drives in shared DC configuration.

## Control Power Current Calculations

Kinetix 5500 servo drives and the Bulletin 2198 capacitor module have different 24V DC power consumption. Factors to consider when calculating the combined current demand from your 24V DC power supply includes the following:

- Catalog number for each drive in the system
- Whether Bulletin VPL motors include the holding brake option
- Whether the system includes Bulletin 2198 capacitor modules (1 to 4 modules are possible)

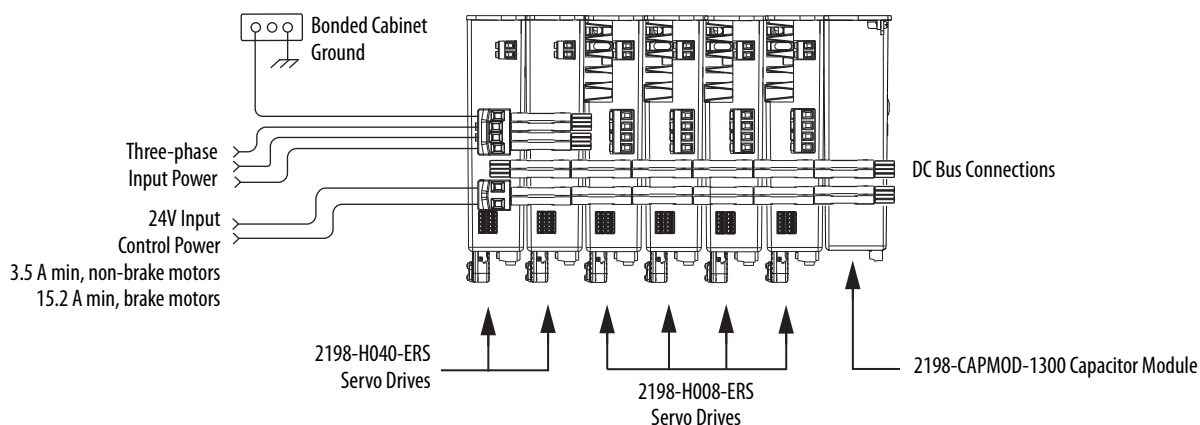
**Table 77 - Control Power Current Demand**

Cat. No.	24V Current (non-brake motor) $A_{DC}$	24V Current (2 A brake motor) $A_{DC}$	24V Inrush Current <sup>(1)</sup> A
2198-H003-ERS	0.4	2.4	2.0
2198-H008-ERS			
2198-H015-ERS	0.8	2.8	3.0
2198-H025-ERS			
2198-H040-ERS			
2198-H070-ERS	1.3	3.3	2.0
2198-CAPMOD-1300	0.3	N/A	

(1) Inrush current duration is less than 30 ms.

## Kinetix 5500 System Current Demand Example

In this example, the Kinetix 5500 drive system includes two 2198-H040-ERS drives, four 2198-H008-ERS drives, and one capacitor module.

**Figure 90 - Shared AC/DC Hybrid Configuration****Table 78 - Kinetix 5500 System Current Demand Calculations**

Kinetix 5500 Module Cat. No.	Qty	24V Current (non-brake motors) $A_{DC}$	24V Current (2 A brake motors) $A_{DC}$	24V Inrush Current <sup>(1)</sup> A
2198-H008-ERS	4	$0.4 \times 4 = 1.6$	$2.4 \times 4 = 9.6$	$2 \times 4 = 8$
2198-H040-ERS	2	$0.8 \times 2 = 1.6$	$2.8 \times 2 = 5.6$	$3 \times 2 = 6$
2198-CAPMOD-1300	1	$0.3 \times 1 = 0.3$	N/A	$2 \times 1 = 2$
Total current demand		3.5	15.2	16

(1) Inrush current duration is less than 30 ms.

## Energy Calculations

The Kinetix 5500 servo drives have internal shunt resistors for dissipating excessive energy. In addition, Bulletin 2097 external shunt resistors and Bulletin 2198 capacitor modules are available to increase the shared DC bus capacitance.

Use this table to calculate the total energy absorbing potential (joules).

**Table 79 - Energy Absorbing Potential**

Kinetix 5500 Drive Cat. No.	Internal Shunt <sup>(2)</sup> J	External Shunt <sup>(1)</sup> kJ	Capacitor Module <sup>(2)</sup> J	Capacitor Module, max <sup>(3)</sup> J
2198-H003-ERS	427.09	12.51	N/A	N/A
2198-H008-ERS			554.4	554.4
2198-H015-ERS	549.01	12.521	676.32	676.32
2198-H025-ERS	575.223	12.549	702.53	957.162
2198-H040-ERS	601.434	22.647	728.74	983.373
2198-H070-ERS	1827.01	27.218	1954.3	2208.95

(1) External shunt values for Kinetix 5500 drives are being evaluated.

(2) Value assumes the use of one servo drive and one capacitor module.

(3) Value assumes the use of one servo drive and the maximum number of capacitor modules allowed.

Refer to Motion Analyzer software, version 7.0 or later, for custom shunt sizing.

## Induction Motor Support

This appendix provides induction motor feature descriptions supported by Kinetix 5500 servo drives.

Topic	Page
Induction Motor Control Methods	185
Skip Frequency	188

### Induction Motor Control Methods

The Kinetix 5500 servo drives support two open-loop frequency control methods. These are the choices:

- **Basic Volts/Hertz** - This method is used in single or multi-motor asynchronous motor applications.
- **Sensorless Vector with Slip Compensation** - This method is used for most constant torque applications. Provides excellent starting, acceleration, and running torque.

To configure your induction motor in the Logix Designer application, refer to [Configure Induction Motor Axis Properties](#) on [page 113](#).

Open-loop frequency control is suitable in applications such as conveyors, pumps, and fans. These are the features:

- Start Boost, Run Boost, and Auto Boost
- Electronic motor thermal overload protection per Class 10 requirements
- Single skip frequency, in which the drive does not operate
- All three-phase induction motors suitable for variable speed drives (VFD) operation are supported

**Table 80 - Induction Motor Specifications**

Attribute	Value
Output frequency, max	400 Hz
Pole pairs, max	50
Motor cable length, max	50 m (164 ft)

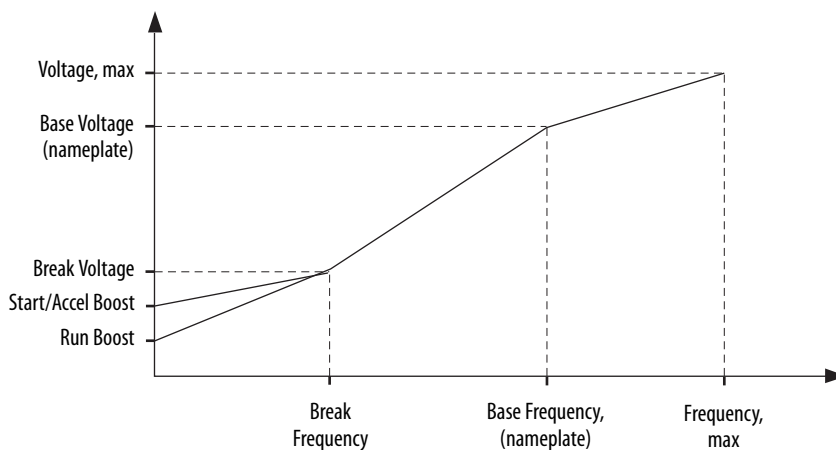
## Basic Volts/Hertz

Volts/hertz operation creates a fixed relationship between output voltage and output frequency. Voltage is applied to the motor, based on the operating frequency command at a fixed volts/hertz ratio. The ratio is calculated from the motor nameplate data and entered into the Logix Designer application > Axis Properties > Frequency Control category.

The Basic Volts/Hertz method provides a variety of patterns. The default configuration is a straight line from zero to rated voltage and frequency. As seen in the diagram below, the volts/hertz ratio can be changed to provide increased torque performance when required by programming five distinct points on the curve:

- **Start Boost** - Used to create additional torque for breakaway from zero speed and acceleration of heavy loads at lower speeds.
- **Run Boost** - Used to create additional running torque at low speeds. The value is typically less than the required acceleration torque. The drive lowers the boost voltage to this level when running at low speeds (not accelerating). This reduces excess motor heating that could result if the higher start/accel boost level were used.
- **Break Voltage/Frequency** - Used to increase the slope of the lower portion of the Volts/hertz curve, providing additional torque.
- **Motor Nameplate Voltage/Frequency** - sets the upper portion of the curve to match the motor design. Marks the beginning of the constant power region.
- **Maximum Voltage/Frequency** - Slopes the portion of the curve used above base speed.

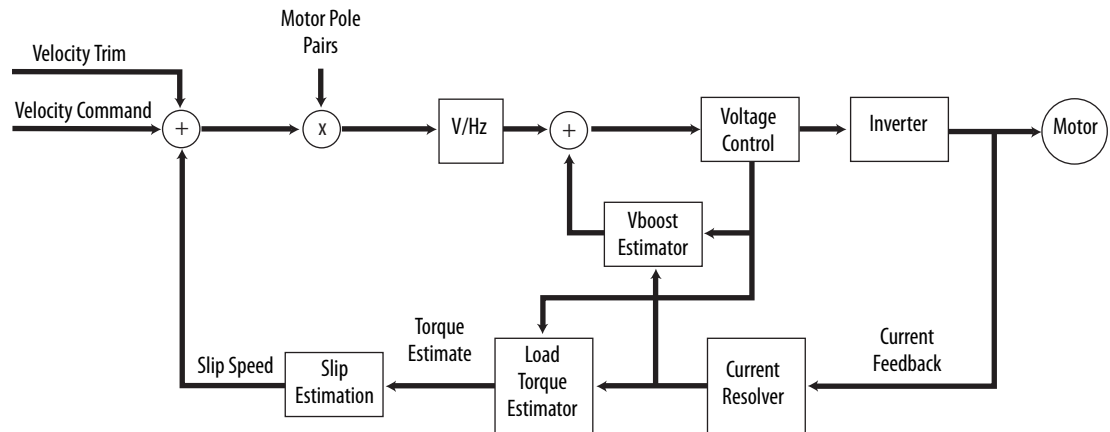
Figure 91 - Basic Volts/Hertz Method



## Sensorless Vector

Sensorless Vector mode uses a volts/hertz core enhanced by a current resolver, slip estimator, and a voltage boost compensator based on the operating conditions of the motor.

**Figure 92 - Sensorless Vector Method**

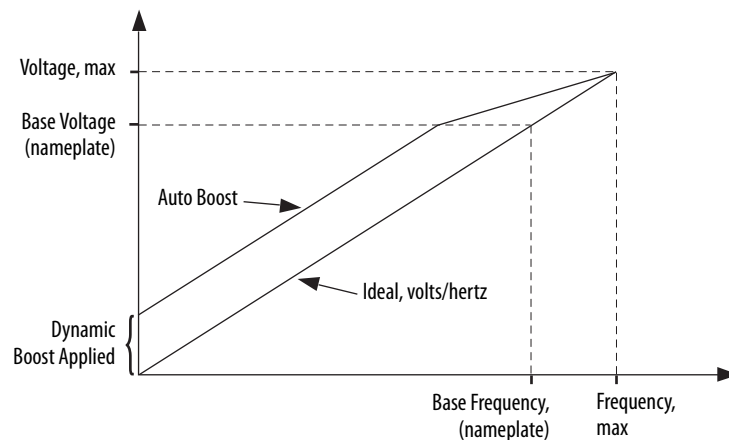


The algorithms operate on the knowledge of the relationship between the rated slip and torque of the motor. Drive uses applied voltages and measured currents to estimate operating slip frequency. You can enter values to identify the motor resistance value or you can run an autotune routine to identify the motor resistance value (see [Tune the Axes](#) on [page 119](#)). This is done so that the drive can accurately estimate the required boost voltage.

This method offers better torque production and speed regulation over a wider speed range than basic volts/hertz. However, it is not appropriate when more than one motor is connected to the same drive.

The auto boost feature is applied internally to compensate voltage drop and improve starting torque.

**Figure 93 - Approximate Load Curve**



## Skip Frequency

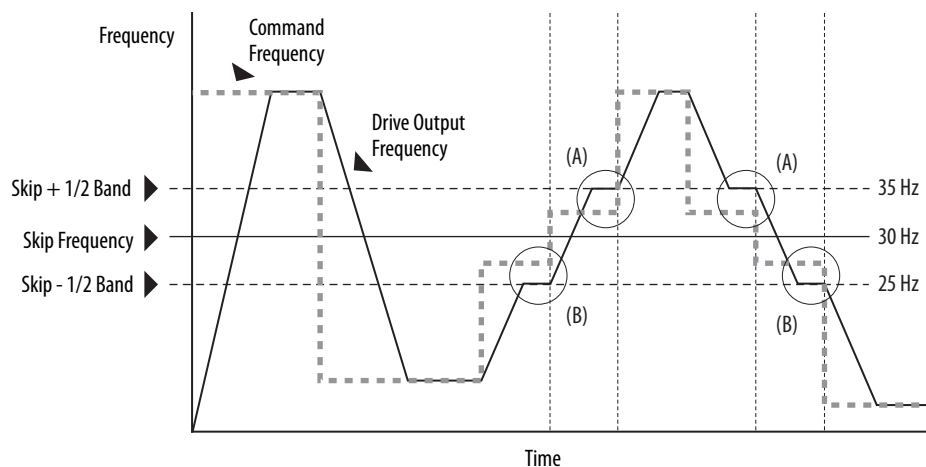
Some machines have a resonant operating frequency (vibration speed) that is undesirable or could cause equipment damage. To guard against continuous operation at one or more resonant points, you can configure the SkipSpeed parameters in the Logix Designer application > Axis Properties > ParametersList category.

The value programmed into the SkipSpeed1 parameter, sets the center point for an entire skip band of frequencies. The width of the band (range of frequency around the center point) is determined by the SkipSpeedBand parameter. The range is split, half above and half below the SkipSpeed1 parameter.

If the commanded frequency is greater than or equal to the skip (center) frequency and less than or equal to the high value of the band (skip plus 1/2 band), the drive sets the output frequency to the high value of the band. See (A) in [Figure 94](#).

If the commanded frequency is less than the skip (center) frequency and greater than or equal to the low value of the band (skip minus 1/2 band), the drive sets the output frequency to the low value of the band. See (B) in [Figure 94](#).

**Figure 94 - Skip Frequency**





**Table 81 - Skip Frequency Examples**

Skip Band Description	Graphic Illustration
The skip frequency has hysteresis so the output does not toggle between high and low values. You can program three distinct bands. If none of the skip bands touch or overlap, each band has its own high/low limit.	
If the band is outside of the limits, the skip band is inactive.	

Acceleration and deceleration are not affected by the skip frequencies. Normal accel/decel proceeds through the band.

## Notes:


## EC Certifications

This appendix provides Kinetix 5500 servo drive certification information.

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EC Declaration of Conformity	192

### EC Type - Examination Certificate


For product certifications currently available from Rockwell Automation, go to <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/products/certification>.


**TÜVRheinland®**

**ZERTIFIKAT**  
**CERTIFICATE**



**EC Type-Examination Certificate**  
**Reg.-No.: 01/205/5255/12**

<b>Product tested</b>	Safety Function "Safe Torque Off" (STO) within the adjustable Frequency AC Drives Kinetix 5500	<b>Certificate holder</b>	Rockwell Automation 6400 West Enterprise Drive Mequon, WI 53092 USA
<b>Type designation</b>	2198-H003-ERS, 2198-H008-ERS, 2198-H015-ERS, 2198-H025-ERS, 2198-H040-ERS, 2198-H070-ERS	<b>Manufacturer</b>	see certificate holder
<b>Codes and standards forming the basis of testing</b>	EN 61800-5-2:2007 EN ISO 13849-1:2008 + AC:2009 EN 62061:2005 + AC:2010 EN 61800-5-1:2007 (in extracts)		EN 61800-3:2004 EN 50204-1:2006 + A1:2009 + AC:2010 (in extracts) IEC 61508 Parts 1-7:2010
<b>Intended application</b>	The integrated safety function "Safe Torque Off" within the Frequency AC Drives Kinetix 5500 complies with the requirements of the relevant standards (Cat. 3/ PL d acc. to EN ISO 13849-1, SILCL 2 acc. to EN 62061/ EN 61800-5-2/ IEC 61508) and can be used in applications up to Cat. 3/ PL d acc. to EN ISO 13849-1, SIL 2 acc. to EN 62061/ IEC 61508.		
<b>Specific requirements</b>	The instructions of the associated Installation and Operating Manual shall be considered.		
It is confirmed, that the product under test complies with the requirements for machines defined in Annex I of the EC Directive 2006/42/EC.			
This certificate is valid until 2017-10-01.			



The test report no.: 968/M 367.00/12 dated 2012-10-01 is an integral part of this certificate.

The holder of a valid licence certificate for the product tested is authorized to affix the test-mark shown opposite to products, which are identical with the product tested.

Berlin, 2012-10-01
Certification Body for Machinery, NB 0035
Dipl.-Ing. Eberhard Frejno

TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH, Abteiler 55, 12103 Berlin, Germany  
Tel: +49 30 7590-10000 Fax: +49 30 7590-10001 E-Mail: tuvr@tuev.com

## EC Declaration of Conformity

For all declarations of conformity (DoC) currently available from Rockwell Automation, go to <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/rockwellautomation/certification/overview.page>.

**Rockwell  
Automation**

### EC Declaration of Conformity

The undersigned, representing the manufacturer

**Rockwell Automation, Inc.**  
6400 W. Enterprise Drive  
Mequon, WI 53092  
U.S.A.

and the authorized representative established within the Community

**Rockwell Automation B.V.**  
Rivium Promenade 160  
2909 LM Capelle aan den IJssel  
The Netherlands

herewith declare that the Products

**Digital Servo Drives and Accessories Kinetix 5500**

Product identification (brand and catalogue number/part number):

**Allen-Bradley Bulletin 2198**  
(reference the attached list of catalogue numbers)

Product Safety Function:

**Safe Torque-Off**

are in conformity with the essential requirements of the following EC Directive(s) when installed in accordance with the installation instructions contained in the product documentation:

2006/95/EC	Low Voltage Directive
2004/108/EC	EMC Directive
2006/42/EC	Machinery Directive

and that the standards and/or technical specifications referenced below have been applied:

EN 61800-5-1:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 5-1: Safety requirements – Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-5-2:2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 5-2: Safety requirements – Functional
EN 61800-3:2004	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems – Part 3: EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 60204-1:2006/A1:2009	Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines – Part 1: General requirements
EN 60034-1:2010	Rotating electrical machines – Part 1: Rating and performance
EN 61508: Part 1-7:2010	Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems
EN ISO 13849-1:2008	Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of control systems – Part 1: General principles for design

Year of CE Marking:

2012

Manufacturer:

Authorized Representative in the Community:



**Signature**

Name: Thomas Van Groll  
Position: Director Engineering  
Date: 31-Oct-2012



**Signature**

Name: Iain Lindsay  
Position: Regulatory Affairs (Europe)  
Date: 01-Nov-2012



Catalogue number	Series <sup>3</sup>	Description	Directive <sup>4</sup>		
			EMC	LVD	MD
Bulletin 2198 Servo Drives <sup>1</sup>					
2198-H003-ERS		Kinetix 5500, Frame 1, 195-528Vrms, 0.6 kW, Inverter 1.0Amp, Safe Torque-Off	Yes	Yes	Yes
2198-H008-ERS		Kinetix 5500, Frame 1, 195-528Vrms, 1.6 kW, Inverter 2.5Amp, Safe Torque-Off	Yes	Yes	Yes
2198-H015-ERS		Kinetix 5500, Frame 2, 195-528Vrms, 3.2 kW, Inverter 5.0Amp, Safe Torque-Off	Yes	Yes	Yes
2198-H025-ERS		Kinetix 5500, Frame 2, 195-528Vrms, 5.2 kW, Inverter 8.0Amp, Safe Torque-Off	Yes	Yes	Yes
2198-H040-ERS		Kinetix 5500, Frame 2, 195-528Vrms, 8.4 kW, Inverter 13.0Amp, Safe Torque-Off	Yes	Yes	Yes
2198-H070-ERS		Kinetix 5500, Frame 3, 195-528Vrms, 14.9 kW, Inverter 23.0Amp, Safe Torque-Off	Yes	Yes	Yes
AC Line Filters					
2198-DB08-F		460 Volt 7.5 Amp Three-Phase AC Line Filter	Yes	Yes	N/R
2198-DB20-F		460 Volt 20 Amp Three-Phase AC Line Filter	Yes	Yes	N/R
2198-DB42-F		460 Volt 42 Amp Three-Phase AC Line Filter	Yes	Yes	N/R
Shunts					
2097-R6		75 Ohm, 150W, External Shunt Resistor	Yes	Yes	N/R
2097-R7		150 Ohm, 80 W, External Shunt Resistor	Yes	Yes	N/R
Capacitor Module					
2198-CAPMOD-1300		Kinetix5500 Capacitor Module	Yes	Yes	N/R
Motor Compatibility <sup>1,2</sup>					
VPL-Axxxxx-yyyyyy		230 Volt VP Low-inertia Servo Motor	Yes	Yes	N/R
VPL-Bxxxxx-yyyyyy		460 Volt VP Low-inertia Servo Motor	Yes	Yes	N/R
Cable Compatibility <sup>1</sup>					
2090-CSWM1DF-YYAALL		Motor power/feedback cable for use with VP family motors, YY = wire gauge, LL = length in meters	N/R	N/R	N/R
2090-CSBM1DF-YYAALL		Motor power/feedback with brake cable for use with VP family motors, YY = wire gauge, LL = length in meters	N/R	N/R	N/R
Connector Kits and Miscellaneous Accessories <sup>2</sup>					
2198-H040-x-x		Input wiring connectors and DC bus T connector for frame 1 and 2 servo drives	N/R	N/R	N/R
2198-H070-x-x		Input wiring connectors and DC bus T connector for frame 3 servo drive.	N/R	N/R	N/R
1585J-M8CBJM-x		Shielded Ethernet cable	N/R	N/R	N/R
1606-XLxxx		24V DC Power Supply	N/R	N/R	N/R
2198-KITCON-DSL		Replacement feedback connector kit for Kinetix 5500	N/R	N/R	N/R
2198-KITCON-IOSP		Replacement I/O connector kit (spring clamp) for IOD connector	N/R	N/R	N/R
2198-KITCON-IOSC		Replacement I/O connector kit (screw terminal) for IOD connector	N/R	N/R	N/R



Catalogue number	Series <sup>3</sup>	Description	Directive <sup>4</sup>		
			EMC	LVD	MD
Connector Kits and Miscellaneous Accessories <sup>2</sup>					
2198-KITCON-PWR40		Replacement connector set, 40 Amp, for Kinetix 5500 Frame 1 & 2 drives	N/R	N/R	N/R
2198-KITCON-PWR70		Replacement connector set, 70 Amp, for Kinetix 5500 Frame 3 drives	N/R	N/R	N/R

- 1) Only the following motor and cable families are compatible with the Kinetix 5500 servo drives.
- 2) The following letters are used in the compatibility matrix to indicate model number description fields that do not affect this DoC: x, y. These fields may be filled with any number(s) or letter(s).
- 3) If no series number is given, then all series are covered.
- 4) Legend as follows:  
 No = Product is not certified to this directive.  
 Yes = Product is certified to this directive.  
 N/R = this directive is not required for this product

## History of Changes

This appendix summarizes the revisions to this manual. Reference this appendix if you need information to determine what changes have been made across multiple revisions. This may be especially useful if you are deciding to upgrade your hardware or software based on information added with previous revisions of this manual.

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### 2198-UM001B-EN-P, September 2013

Change
Added capacitor module shared-bus replacement kit to System Overview table.
Updated the Ring Topology diagram.
Added Drive-to-Motor Maximum Cable Lengths table to CE requirements.
Added IMPORTANT advisory regarding non-UL Listed circuit breakers.
Updated Circuit Breaker Selection tables with Allen-Bradley catalog numbers.
Updated Connection System Example diagram with DC bus T-connector removal instructions.
Updated Drilling Hole Patterns with corrected dimension values.
Updated Motor Brake Circuit text and diagram.
Updated Wire the Motor Power, Brake, and Feedback Connectors with continuous-flex cable catalog numbers and IMPORTANT advisory regarding single-cable technology.
Updated NODE FLT 03 HARDWARE 01 and added sub-codes HARDWARE 02 and HARDWARE 03.
Added non-conductive probe to bulleted list of tools.
Added IMPORTANT advisory regarding DC bus T-connector removal.
Added Input ON current specification and related footnote to Safety Inputs table.
Updated motor feedback (MF-2) wire color (from White to White/Blue).
Updated Kinetix 5500 drive block diagram to reflect a connection between the control board and brake circuit.
Updated Kinetix 5500 drive block diagram to reflect a connection between the control board and brake circuit.

## Notes:



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