

EVSPIN32G06Q1S1: 3-phase inverter based on STSPIN32G0601



Introduction

The EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 board is a three-phase complete inverter based on the STSPIN32G0601Q controller, which embeds a three-phase 600 V gate driver and a Cortex®-M0+ STM32 MCU. The power stage features STGD6M65DF2 IGBTs, but can be populated with any IGBT or power MOSFET in DPAK or PowerFLAT 8x8 HV package. The board has a single-shunt sensing topology, and both sensored/sensorless FOC and 6-step control algorithms can be implemented. This allows driving permanent magnet synchronous motors (PMSMs) and brushless DC (BLDC) motors.

It provides an easy-to-use solution for the evaluation of the device in different applications such as refrigerator compressors, dishwasher pumps, fans, and industrial appliances.

The evaluation board is compatible with a wide range of input voltages and includes a power supply stage with the VIPER06XS in flyback configuration to generate +15 V and +3.3 V supply voltages required by the application.

Debug and configuration of the FW can be performed with standard STM32 tools through the STLINK-V3SET debugger/programmer. SWD and UART TX/RX connectors are also available.



Figure 1. EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 evaluation board



1 Main features

The EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 has the following features:

- Input voltage from 35 V_{AC} (50 V_{DC}) to 280 V_{AC} (400 V_{DC})
- Suitable for ~250 W applications, 1 A_{RMS} phase current
- STGD6M65DF2 IGBTs power stage featuring:
 - V_{(BR)CES} = 650 V
 - V_{CE(sat)} = 1.55 V @ I_C = 6 A
- Overcurrent threshold is set to 2.8 A_{peak} (value configurable by the user)
- Dual footprint for IGBT/MOSFET packages
 - DPAK or PowerFLAT 8x8 HV
- · Single-shunt current sensing, suitable for:
 - Sensored or sensorless 6-step algorithm
 - Sensored or sensorless single-shunt vector (FOC) algorithm
- Smart shutdown overcurrent protection
- · Digital Hall sensors and encoder input
- Bus voltage sensing
- 15 V VCC and 3.3 V VDD supplies
- External connection through STLINK-V3SET
- · Easy user interface with buttons and trimmer
- RoHS compliant

1.1 Target applications

- · Residential and industrial refrigerator compressors
- Industrial drives, pumps, and fans
- Air conditioning compressors and fans
- Corded power tools, garden tools
- Home appliances
- Industrial automation

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 2/19



Safety and operating instructions







HOT SURFACE



HIGH VOLTAGE

2.1 **General terms**

During assembly, testing, and operation, the evaluation board poses several inherent Warning:

hazards, including bare wires, moving or rotating parts, and hot surfaces.

Danger: There is a danger of serious personal injury, property damage, or death due to electrical

shock and burn hazards if the kit or components are improperly used or installed incorrectly.

Attention: The kit is not electrically isolated from the high-voltage supply AC/DC input. The evaluation board is directly

linked to the mains voltage. No insulation is ensured between the accessible parts and the high voltage. All measuring equipment must be isolated from the mains before powering the board. When using an oscilloscope with the demo, it must be isolated from the AC line. This prevents shock from occurring as a result of touching any single point in the circuit, but does NOT prevent shock when touching two or more points in the circuit.

All operations involving transportation, installation and use, and maintenance must be performed by skilled Important: technical personnel able to understand and implement national accident prevention regulations. For the purposes of these basic safety instructions, "skilled technical personnel" are suitably qualified people who are

familiar with the installation, use, and maintenance of power electronic systems.

2.2 Intended use of evaluation board

> The evaluation board is designed for demonstration purposes only, and must not be used for electrical installations or machinery. Technical data and information concerning the power supply conditions are detailed in the documentation and should be strictly observed.

2.3 Installing the evaluation board

- The installation and cooling of the evaluation board must be in accordance with the specifications and target application.
- The motor drive converters must be protected against excessive strain. In particular, components should not be bent nor should isolating distances be altered during transportation or handling.
- No contact must be made with other electronic components and contacts.
- The board contains electrostatically sensitive components that are prone to damage if used incorrectly. Do not mechanically damage or destroy the electrical components (potential health risks).

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 3/19



2.4 Operating the evaluation board

To properly operate the board, follow these safety rules:

- 1. Work area safety:
 - The work area must be clean and tidy.
 - Do not work alone when boards are energized.
 - Protect against inadvertent access to the area where the board is energized using suitable barriers and signs.
 - A system architecture that supplies power to the evaluation board must be equipped with additional control and protective devices in accordance with the applicable safety requirements (i.e., compliance with technical equipment and accident prevention rules).
 - Use a non-conductive and stable work surface.
 - Use adequately insulated clamps and wires to attach measurement probes and instruments.

2. Electrical safety:

- Remove the power supply from the board and electrical loads before taking any electrical measurements.
- Proceed with the arrangement of measurement setup, wiring, or configuration paying attention to high voltage sections.
- Once the setup is complete, energize the board.

Danger:

Do not touch the evaluation board when it is energized or immediately after it has been disconnected from the voltage supply as several parts and power terminals containing potentially energized capacitors need time to discharge.

Do not touch the boards after disconnection from the voltage supply as several parts, like heat sinks and transformers, may still be very hot.

The kit is not electrically isolated from the AC/DC input.

3. Personal safety:

- Always wear suitable personal protective equipment such as, for example, insulating gloves and safety glasses.
- Take adequate precautions and install the board in such a way to prevent accidental touch. Use
 protective shields such as, for example, an insulating box with interlocks, if necessary.

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 4/19



3 Hardware and software requirements

Using the EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 evaluation board requires the following software and hardware:

- A Windows PC (XP, Vista, Win 7, Win 8, Win 10, or Win 11) to install the software package.
- An STLINK-V3SET debugger/programmer to connect the EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 board to the PC.
- The STM32 Motor Control Software Development Kit (available on www.st.com).
- A 3-phase brushless PMSM/BLDC motor with compatible voltage and current ratings.
- AC mains power supply or external DC power supply.

Warning: The kit is not electrically isolated from the AC/DC input.

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 5/19



4 Getting started

The maximum ratings of the board are as follows:

- Power stage supply voltage between 35 V_{AC} (50 V_{DC}) and 280 V_{AC} (400 V_{DC}).
- Overcurrent protection set to 2.8 A_{peak} (value configurable by the user).

To start your project with the board:

- 1. Check the jumper position according to the target configuration (see Section 5).
- 2. Connect the motor on the connector J10 keeping in mind the motor phase sequence.
- 3. Supply the board through AC mains connector J4. The LD4 LED (green) turns on.

Develop the application using the code examples provided or the STM32 FOC MC library. Refer to the relevant user manual for details.

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 6/19



5 Hardware description and configuration

The following figure shows the position of the main circuitry blocks of the board.

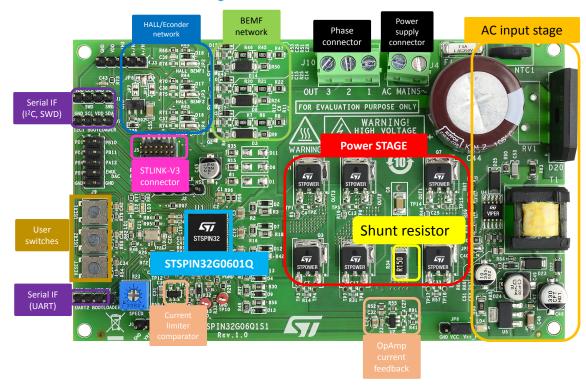


Figure 2. Board function blocks

The following figure shows the position of the connectors and jumpers of the board.

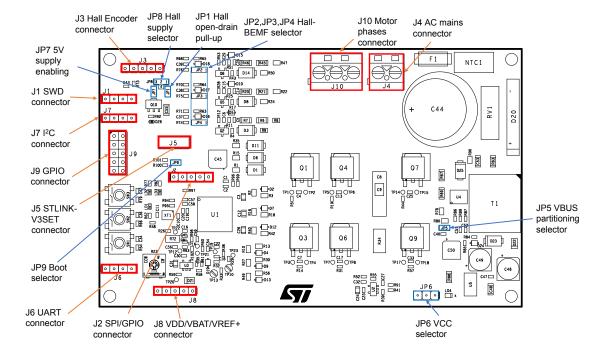


Figure 3. Main components and connector positions

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 7/19



Table 1. Hardware jumper settings

| Jumper | Permitted configurations | Default condition |
|--------|---|----------------------|
| JP1 | Selection Hall encoder power supply to VDD | OPEN |
| JP2 | Selection PA0 connected to BEMF1 (1-2 CLOSED) or Hall 1 (2-3 CLOSED) | 1-2 CLOSED |
| JP3 | Selection PA1 connected to BEMF2 (1-2 CLOSED) or Hall 2 (2-3 CLOSED) | 1-2 CLOSED |
| JP4 | Selection PA2 connected to BEMF3 (1-2 CLOSED) or Hall 3 (2-3 CLOSED) | 1-2 CLOSED |
| JP5 | Selection VBUS feedback partition value | CLOSED |
| JP6 | Selection VCC connected to power supply (1-2 CLOSED) or external supply (VCC = pin 2 GND = pin 3, jumper removed) | 1-2 CLOSED |
| JP7 | Auxiliary +5 V supply for Hall sensors | OPEN |
| JP8 | Selection Encoder sensor power to VDD (1-2 CLOSED), VCC (2-3 CLOSED) or +5 V (2-4 CLOSED) | 2-4 CLOSED |
| JP9 | Selection of Boot from Flash or System/SRAM if nBOOT_SEL = 0 (flash option bit, legacy mode) | OPEN |

Table 2. Connectors

| Name | Pin | Label | Description | |
|------|------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | 1 | VDD | | |
| J1 | 2 | SWD CLK | Auviliant connector for SWD made debugging/programming | |
| JI | 3 | GND | Auxiliary connector for SWD mode debugging/programming | |
| | 4 | SWD IO | | |
| J2 | 1 | GND | | |
| | 2 | SPI1_MOSI | SPI interface or customizable GPIOs | |
| | 3 | SPI1_MISO | | |
| | 4 | SPI1_CLK | | |
| | 5 | SPI1_NSS | | |
| J3 | 1 | A+/H1 | | |
| | 2 | B+/H2 | Hall/encoder sensors connector | |
| | 3 | Z+/H3 | | |
| | 4 | VDD | Hall sensors/encoder supply | |
| | 5 | GND | | |
| J4 | 1 - 2 | J4 - AC MAINS ~ | AC mains power supply | |
| | 3 | VDD | | |
| | 4 | SWD_IO | ST-LINKV3SET connector | |
| | 5 - 7 - 11 | GND | | |
| J5 | 6 | SWD_CLK | | |
| | 12 | NRST | | |
| | 13 | UART1_RX | | |
| | 14 | UART1_TX | | |
| | 1 | GND | | |
| IG | 2 | RX | UART2 | |
| J6 | 4 | VDD | UARIZ | |
| | 4 | TX | | |

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 8/19



| Name | Pin | Label | Description | |
|------|-----|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | 1 | GND | | |
| J7 | 2 | I2C1_SCL/UART1_TX | I2C1 / UART1 | |
| 37 | 3 | VDD | 12017 DARTT | |
| | 4 | I2C1_SDA/UART1_RX | | |
| | 1 | E3V3 (onboard regulator output) | | |
| | 2 | VDD (digital power supply) | VDD/VBAT/VREF+ power supply connector Connect E3V3 to VDD with a jumper if no external supply is available | |
| J8 | 3 | VBAT | | |
| | 4 | VREF+ | | |
| | 5 | GND | | |
| | 1 | PD1 | | |
| | 2 | PB10 | | |
| | 3 | PD2 | | |
| | 4 | PB11 | | |
| J9 | 5 | PB8 | GPIO connector | |
| 19 | 6 | PB2 | | |
| | 7 | PB9 | | |
| | 8 | EMUL_DAC | | |
| | 9 | GND | | |
| | 10 | GND | | |
| | 1 | OUT3 | | |
| J10 | 2 | OUT2 | 3-phase BLDC motor phase connector | |
| | 3 | OUT1 | | |

Table 3. Test points

| Name | Description |
|----------------|---|
| TP1 | High side gate 3 |
| TP2 | OUT 3 |
| TP3 | Low side gate 3 |
| TP4, TP8, TP18 | SENSE |
| TP5 | High side gate 2 |
| TP6 | OUT 2 |
| TP7 | Low side gate 2 |
| TP10 | GND – signal ground |
| TP12 | EMUL_DAC (emulated DAC) |
| TP13 | OD – SmartSD timing Open Drain output, unlatch, and restart input |
| TP14 | High side gate 1 |
| TP15 | OUT 1 |
| TP16 | Current feedback |
| TP17 | Low side gate 1 |
| TP19 | CIN – comparator positive input |
| TP20 | Comparator output/ETR |

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 9/19



| Name | Description |
|------|---------------------|
| TP21 | Current reference |
| TP22 | PA4 GPIO (SPEED) |
| TP23 | PGND – power ground |

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 10/19



6 Board description

6.1 Sensorless

By default the evaluation board is configured in sensorless mode. This enables the BEMF zero crossing detection network. Jumpers are set in the following way:

- JP2 pins 1-2 closed, PA0 connected to BEMF1
- JP3 pins 1-2 closed, PA1 connected to BEMF2
- JP4 pins 1-2 closed, PA2 connected to BEMF3

6.2 Hall/encoder motor speed sensor

The EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 evaluation board supports the digital Hall and quadrature encoder sensors for motor position feedback. The sensors can be connected to the STSPIN32G0601Q through the J3 connector as listed in the following table.

| Name | Pin | Description |
|------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| Hall1/A+ | 1 | Hall sensor 1/encoder out A+ |
| Hall2/B+ | 2 | Hall sensor 2/encoder out B+ |
| Hall3/Z+ | 3 | Hall sensor 3/encoder Zero feedback |
| VDD_sensor | 4 | Sensor supply voltage |
| GND | 5 | Ground |

Table 4. Hall/encoder connector (J3)

A protection series resistor of 1.8 k Ω is mounted in series with sensor outputs.

For sensors requiring external pull-up, three 10 $k\Omega$ resistors are already mounted on the output lines and connected to VDD voltage when JP1 is closed.

The jumper JP8 selects the power supply for sensor supply voltage:

- JP8 pins 1-2 closed: Hall sensors powered by VDD (3.3 V)
- JP8 pins 2-3 closed: Hall sensors powered by VCC (15 V)
- JP8 pins 2-4 closed: Hall sensors powered by +5 V supply

The MCU of STSPIN32G0601Q can decode Hall/encoder sensor outputs configuring jumpers as follows:

- JP2 pins 2-3 closed, PA0 connected to Hall 1
- JP3 pins 2-3 closed, PA1 connected to Hall 2
- JP4 pins 2-3 closed, PA2 connected to Hall 3

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 11/19



6.3 Overcurrent detection and current sensing measurement

The EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 evaluation board implements overcurrent protection based on the STSPIN32G0601Q integrated comparator. The single-shunt resistor measures the load current bringing the voltage signal associated to the load current to the CIN pin (TP19). When the peak current in the phases exceeds the selected threshold, the integrated comparator is triggered and all the power switches are disabled. Power switches are enabled again when the current falls below the threshold and the *output disable time* expires, thus implementing a current limitation control.

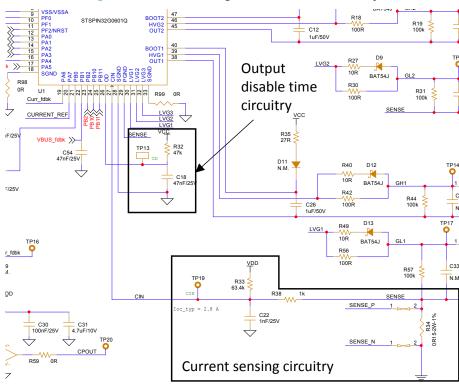


Figure 4. Current sensing and disable time circuitry

By default, the evaluation board has an overcurrent threshold set to I_{OC_typ} = 2.8 A and a restart time after fault detection of ~590 µs.

The overcurrent threshold can be modified by changing the R33 bias resistor, R38 loop resistor, and R34 shunt resistor according to the following formulas:

- V_{REF typ} = 460 mV
- VDD = 3.3 V
- R_{SHUNT} = R34 = 150 mΩ
- $R_{PU} = R33 = 63.4 \text{ k}\Omega$
- $R_{LOOP} = R38 = 1 k\Omega$

$$I_{OC_typ} = V_{REF_typ} \cdot \frac{(R_{PU} + R_{LOOP})}{R_{SHUNT} \cdot R_{PU}} - VDD \cdot \frac{(R_{PU} + R_{LOOP}) \cdot (R_{LOOP} + R_{SHUNT})}{R_{SHUNT} \cdot R_{PU} \cdot (R_{LOOP} + R_{SHUNT} + R_{PU})}$$

The *output disable time* can be monitored on the OD pin (TP13) and is determined mainly by the time required to recharge the C18 capacitor up to the V_{SSDh} threshold, according to the following formulas:

- V_{SSDh} = 4 V
- V_{SSDI} = 0.56 V
- V_{OD} = VCC = 15 V

$$t_2 \cong C18 \cdot R32 \cdot \ln \left(\frac{V_{SSDl} - V_{OD}}{V_{SSDh} - V_{OD}} \right)$$

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 12/19



Taking into account also the contribution of the OD internal current source I_{OD} (typical value 5 μ A) the previous equation becomes:

$$t_2 \cong C_{OD} \cdot R_{OD_ext} \cdot \ln \left(\frac{v_{SSDl} - v_{OD} - I_{OD} \cdot R_{OD_ext}}{v_{SSDh} - v_{OD} - I_{OD} \cdot R_{OD_ext}} \right)$$

6.4 Bus voltage circuit

The EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 evaluation board provides the bus voltage sensing. This signal is set through a voltage divider from the motor supply voltage (VBUS) (R67, R69 and R78, R80), and sent to PB0 GPIO (channel 8 of the ADC) of the embedded MCU.

- JP5 closed (by default) allows the bus voltage divider to be set to 146.
- JP5 open allows the bus voltage divider to be set to 126.

6.5 Hardware user interface

The board provides a hardware user interface as follows:

- A potentiometer R23 setting, for example, the target speed
- Switch SW1: reset STSPIN32G0601Q MCU
- Switch SW2: user button 2
- Switch SW3: user button 1
- LED LD1: turned on when user 2 button is pressed
- LED LD2: turned on when user 1 button is pressed
- LED LD3: turned on when VDD is on (MCU stage powered)
- LED LD4: turned on when VCC supply from flyback is on (gate driver stage powered)

6.6 Debug

The EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 evaluation board embeds an STLINK-V3SET debugger/programmer. Some of the features supported by STLINK are:

- USB 2.0 high-speed compatible interface
- Direct firmware update support (DFU)
- Virtual com port interface on USB connected to PB6/PB7 pins of the STSPIN32G0601Q (UART1)
- SWD and serial wire viewer (SWV) communication support

Just plug the provided flat cable on the J5 connector (STDC14 STM32 JTAG/SWD and VCP) to start programming/debugging the board through the preferred IDE.

The firmware can be generated using the STM32 Motor Control Software Development Kit.

6.7 Using an external DC power supply

The EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 evaluation board generates VDD = 3.3 V and VCC = 15 V through a flyback converter by default.

Optionally, it can be configured to provide VDD and VCC through an external power supply:

- VCC is provided by removing the jumper JP6 between VCC & Vcc_F and connecting pin2 to a suitable supply (i.e. 15 V or 12 V) and pin3 to GND.
- VDD can be provided by removing the jumper between E3V3 & VDD of connector J8 and connecting pin2 to 3.3 V and pin5 to GND.

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 13/19



7 References

This user manual provides information on the hardware features and use of the EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 evaluation board. For additional information refer to:

- EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 data brief (schematics, bill of materials, layouts)
- STSPIN32G0601Q datasheet
- STGD6M65DF2 datasheet
- UM2448 STLINK-V3SET debugger/programmer for STM8 and STM32 user manual
- STM32 Motor Control Software Development Kit (MCSDK)

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 14/19



Revision history

Table 5. Document revision history

| Date | Version | Changes |
|-------------|---------|------------------|
| 17-Apr-2024 | 1 | Initial release. |

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 15/19



Contents

| 1 | Maiı | n features | 2 |
|-----|----------|---|----|
| | 1.1 | Target applications | 2 |
| 2 | Safe | ety and operating instructions | 3 |
| | 2.1 | General terms | 3 |
| | 2.2 | Intended use of evaluation board | 3 |
| | 2.3 | Installing the evaluation board | 3 |
| | 2.4 | Operating the evaluation board | 4 |
| 3 | Har | dware and software requirements | 5 |
| 4 | Gett | ting started | 6 |
| 5 | Har | dware description and configuration | 7 |
| 6 | Boa | ard description | 11 |
| | 6.1 | Sensorless | 11 |
| | 6.2 | Hall/encoder motor speed sensor | 11 |
| | 6.3 | Overcurrent detection and current sensing measurement | 12 |
| | 6.4 | Bus voltage circuit | 13 |
| | 6.5 | Hardware user interface | 13 |
| | 6.6 | Debug | 13 |
| | 6.7 | Using an external DC power supply | 13 |
| 7 | Refe | erences | 14 |
| Re | vision | history | 15 |
| | | bles | |
| Lis | t of fic | gures | 18 |



List of tables

| Table 1. | Hardware jumper settings | 8 |
|----------|-----------------------------|----|
| Table 2. | Connectors | 8 |
| Table 3. | Test points | ç |
| Table 4. | Hall/encoder connector (J3) | 11 |
| Table 5. | Document revision history | 15 |

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 17/19





List of figures

| Figure 1. | EVSPIN32G06Q1S1 evaluation board | 1 |
|-----------|--|---|
| Figure 2. | Board function blocks | 7 |
| Figure 3. | Main components and connector positions | 7 |
| Figure 4. | Current sensing and disable time circuitry | 2 |

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 18/19



IMPORTANT NOTICE - READ CAREFULLY

STMicroelectronics NV and its subsidiaries ("ST") reserve the right to make changes, corrections, enhancements, modifications, and improvements to ST products and/or to this document at any time without notice. Purchasers should obtain the latest relevant information on ST products before placing orders. ST products are sold pursuant to ST's terms and conditions of sale in place at the time of order acknowledgment.

Purchasers are solely responsible for the choice, selection, and use of ST products and ST assumes no liability for application assistance or the design of purchasers' products.

No license, express or implied, to any intellectual property right is granted by ST herein.

Resale of ST products with provisions different from the information set forth herein shall void any warranty granted by ST for such product.

ST and the ST logo are trademarks of ST. For additional information about ST trademarks, refer to www.st.com/trademarks. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

Information in this document supersedes and replaces information previously supplied in any prior versions of this document.

© 2024 STMicroelectronics – All rights reserved

UM3306 - Rev 1 page 19/19