

Technical Whitepaper

Software RAID features in iDRAC Service Module

Abstract

This technical whitepaper provides information about the software RAID feature on iDRAC Service Module (iSM), and guides you through the steps to perform enumeration, configuration, and monitoring of the controllers, physical disks, and virtual disks that are attached to Dell PowerEdge servers.

December 2024



Revisions

Date	Description
December 2024	Initial release

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Executive summary

The software RAID feature in iDRAC Service Module (iSM), facilitates enumeration, configuration and monitoring of the controllers, physical disks, and virtual disks that are attached to PowerEdge servers.

This technical whitepaper serves as a comprehensive reference which helps you to migrate from Dell OpenManage Server Administrator (OMSA) to iSM before the End Of Life (EOL) of OMSA.

The technical whitepaper provides information about the software RAID functionalities on iSM, providing instructions for its configuration. By simplifying the complexities of transitioning to iSM, this whitepaper aims to provide an understanding of software RAID capabilities, ensuring a seamless adoption of iSM Software RAID feature in place of Dell OpenManage Server Administrator (OMSA).

1 Access operations of software RAID in iDRAC Service Module (iSM)

When you migrate from OMSA to iSM, you can use the Command-Line Interface (CLI) to perform operations pertaining to the software RAID features.

Prerequisites

Install the iSM software on the operating system.

About this task

To view software RAID operations in iSM, complete the following tasks:

Steps

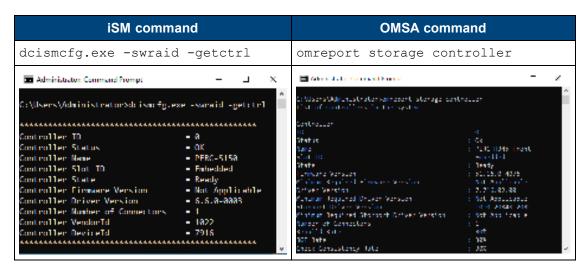
- 1. From the Start menu, start CLI as an administrator.
- 2. To view the Online Help content of the Software RAID feature, run the following command: dcismcfg.exe -swraid

The following table lists the dcismcfg CLI options of the Software RAID feature:

iSM command	Description
dcismcfg.exe -swraid -getctrl	To display the Software RAID controller properties.
<pre>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0/1 [-getpd]/[-getvd]</pre>	To display the Physical or Virtual Disk properties managed by the controller 0/1.
dcismcfg.exe -swraid -getpd	To display the Physical Disk properties.
dcismcfg.exe -swraid -getvd	To display the Virtual Disk properties.

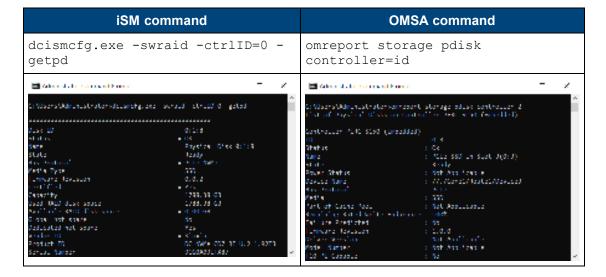
1.1 Display controller properties

To display the properties of the software RAID controller, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:



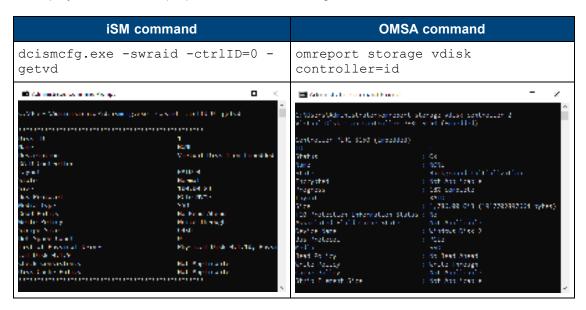
1.2 Display physical disk properties

To display the physical disk properties, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:



1.3 Display virtual disk properties

To display the virtual disk properties, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:



1.4 Create a virtual disk

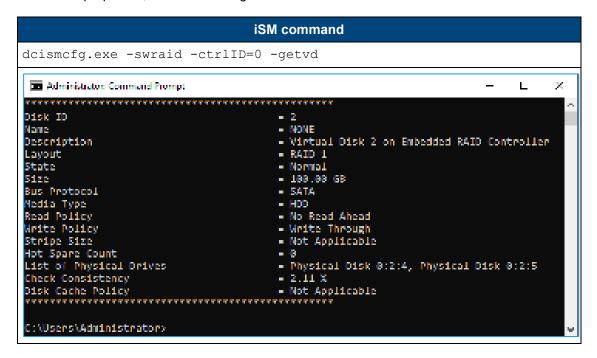
To create a virtual disk from one or more physical disks of a specific RAID level, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:

NOTE: The size parameter is optional in iSM.

iSM command	OMSA command
<pre>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0/1 -createVD/-cvd -raidlevel/- rl=<raid type=""> -pdisk/-pd=<comma disk="" ids="" physical="" separated=""> - vdName/-vdn=<virtual disk="" id=""> - size/-s -rwpolicy/-rp -wpolicy/- wp -diskCachePolicy/-dcp</virtual></comma></raid></pre>	<pre>omconfig storage controller action=createvdisk controller=id raid=<c r0="" r10="" r1c="" r1 ="" r5="" r50="" r6="" r60="" =""> size=<number b="" g="" m="" max="" min="" =""> pdisk=<pdiskid> [stripesize=< 2kb 4kb 8kb 16kb 32kb 64kb 128kb 256kb 512kb 1mb >] [cachepolicy=<d c="" ="">] [readpolicy=<ra ara="" nra="" nrc="" rc="" ="">] [writepolicy=<wb fwb="" nwc="" wc="" wt="" ="">] [diskcachepolicy=<default disabled="" enabled="" ="">] [name=<string>] [spanlength=<n>] [secureflag=yes] [vdpienabled=yes]</n></string></default></wb></ra></d></pdiskid></number></c></pre>



You can verify if the virtual disk is created by viewing the properties of the new virtual disk. To display the virtual disk properties, run the following iSM command:



Example 1: To create a virtual disk of type RAID <5>, using three physical disks with IDs <0:1:0>, <0:1:1>, and <0:1:2> that have storage disk space <100> GB, run the following command:

```
C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -cvd -rl=r5 -
pd=0:1:0,0:1:1,0:1:2 -size=100
```

When a virtual disk is created successfully, the following message is displayed:

```
Creating a virtual disk of size 100.00 GB The virtual disk is successfully created.
```

Example 2: To create a virtual disk of type RAID <0>, using two physical disks with IDs <0:1:0> and <0:1:1> that have storage space <100> GB, run the following command:

```
C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -cvd -rl=r0 -
pd=0:1:0,0:1:1 -s=100
```

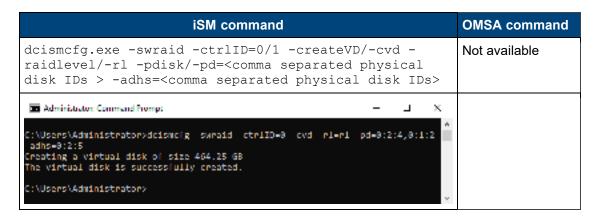
When a virtual disk is created successfully, the following message is displayed:

```
Creating a virtual disk of size 100.00 GB The virtual disk is successfully created.
```

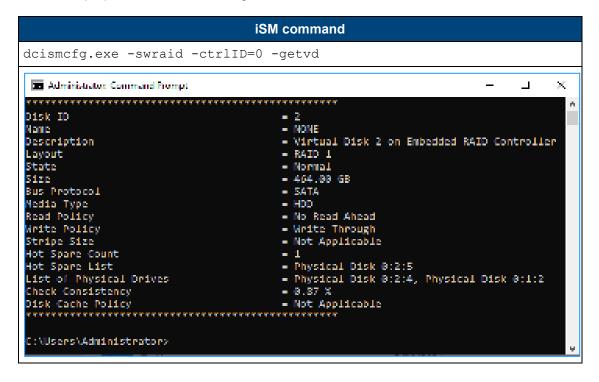
1.4.1 Create virtual disk with dedicated hot spare devices

To create a virtual disk with one or more dedicated hot spare devices, run the following:

NOTE: The maximum number of dedicated hot spare devices that can be assigned to a virtual disk is six.



You can verify if the virtual disk is created by viewing the properties of the new virtual disk. To display the virtual disk properties, run the following iSM command:



Example 1: To create a virtual disk of type RAID <5>, using three physical disks with IDs <0:1:0>, <0:1:1>, and 0:1:2 that have storage disk space <100> GB and a dedicate hot spare device associated with disk ID <0:1:3>, run the following command:

```
C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -cvd -rl=r5 -
pd=0:1:0,0:1:1,0:1:2 -size=100 -adhs=0:1:3
```

When a virtual disk is created successfully, the following message is displayed:

Creating a virtual disk of size 100.00 GB The virtual disk is successfully created.

Example 2: To create a virtual disk of type RAID <1>, using two physical disks with IDs <0:1:0> and <0:1:1> that have storage disk space <100> GB and dedicate hot spare devices associated with disk IDs <0:1:2> and <0:1:3>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -cvd -rl=r1 pd=0:1:0,0:1:1-size=100 -adhs=0:1:2,0:1:3

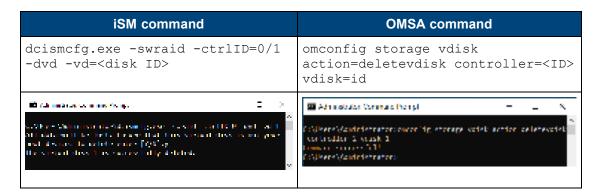
When a virtual disk is created successfully, the following message is displayed:

Creating a virtual disk of size 100.00 GB The virtual disk is successfully created.

1.5 Delete a virtual disk

To delete a virtual disk, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:

NOTE: Ensure that the virtual disk is not the boot device.



Example: To delete a virtual disk associated with disk ID <2>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -dvd -vd=2 All data will be lost. Ensure that this virtual disk is not your boot device. To delete enter [Y/N]:y

When a virtual disk is deleted successfully, the following message is displayed:

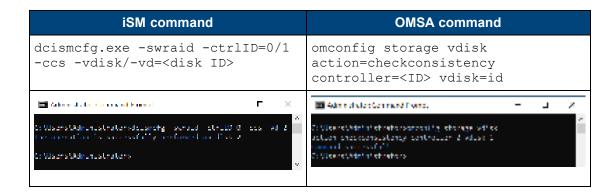
The virtual disk 2 is successfully deleted.

1.6 Check-consistency operation

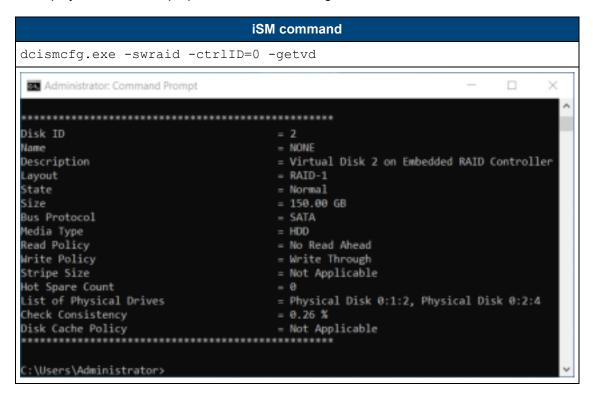
Check-consistency is a background operation that verifies data parity on software RAID storage. iDRAC Service Module enables you to start and cancel the check-consistency operation.

1.6.1 Start the check-consistency operation

To start the check-consistency operation, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:



You can verify the percentage completed of the check-consistency operation through virtual disk properties. To display the virtual disk properties, run the following iSM command:



Example: To start the check-consistency operation on a virtual disk with disk ID <3>, run the following command:

```
C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -ccs -vd=3
```

When the check-consistency operation is completed successfully, the following message is displayed: The operation is successfully performed on disk 3.

1.6.2 Cancel the check-consistency operation

To cancel the check-consistency operation, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:

iSM command	OMSA command	
<pre>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0/1 -cce -vdisk/-vd=<disk id=""></disk></pre>	omconfig storage vdisk action=cancelcheckconsistency controller= <id> vdisk=id</id>	
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Example: To cancel check-consistency operation on a virtual disk with disk ID <3>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -cce -vd=3

When the check-consistency operation is completed successfully, the following message is displayed: The operation is successfully performed on disk 3.

1.7 Assign and unassign hot spare devices

Prerequisites

The physical disk which must be assigned as a dedicated hot spare must be in Ready state.

Limitations

- A dedicated hot spare device cannot be assigned to a virtual disk with Volume or RAID 0 type.
- A dedicated hot spare device cannot be assigned for different media type disks.
- A maximum of six dedicated hot spare devices can be assigned to a virtual disk.
- A physical disk cannot act both as a global hot spare device and a dedicated hot spare device.

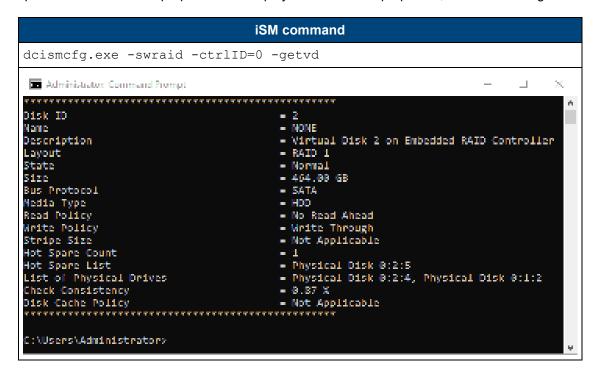
1.7.1 Assign dedicated hot spare devices

To assign one or more dedicated hot spare devices to a virtual disk, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:

iSM command	OMSA command
<pre>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0/1 -adhs=<comma disk="" ids="" physical="" separated=""> -vdisk/-vd=<disk id=""></disk></comma></pre>	<pre>omconfig storage vdisk action=assigndedicatedhotspare controller=<id> vdisk=id pdisk=<pdisk id=""> assign=yes</pdisk></id></pre>

```
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```

You could verify if the assign dedicated hot spare operation is completed using the physical disk ID in the hot spare devices list of VD properties. To display the virtual disk properties, run the following iSM command:



Example 1: To assign a dedicated hot spare associated with physical disk ID <0:1:0>, to a virtual disk with disk ID <1>, run the following command:

```
C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -adhs=0:1:0 -vd=1
```

When a dedicated hot spare is assigned successfully to the virtual disk, the following message is displayed: The physical disk 0:1:0 is successfully assigned as dedicated hot spare to the virtual disk 1.

Example 2: To assign dedicated hot spares associated with physical disk IDs <0:1:0> and <0:1:1>, to a virtual disk with disk ID <1>, run the following command:

```
C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -adhs=0:1:0,0:1:1 -vd=1
```

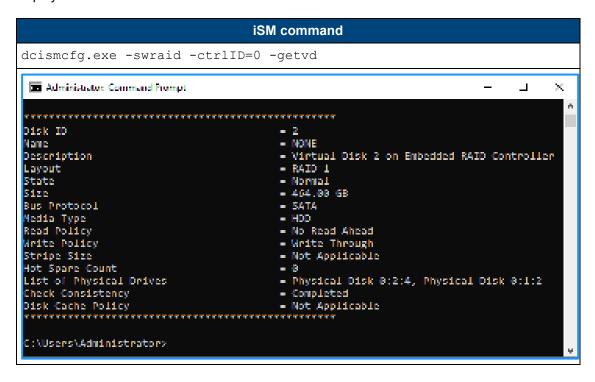
When dedicated hot spares are assigned successfully to the virtual disk, the following message is displayed: The physical disks 0:1:0,0:1:1 are successfully assigned as dedicated hot spare to the virtual disk 1.

1.7.2 Unassign dedicated hot spare devices

To unassign one or more dedicated hot spare devices to a virtual disk, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:

iSM command	OMSA command
<pre>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0/1 -udhs=<comma disk="" ids="" physical="" separated=""> -vdisk/-vd=<disk id=""></disk></comma></pre>	<pre>omconfig storage vdisk action=assigndedicatedhotspare controller=<id> vdisk=id pdisk=<pdisk id=""> assign=no</pdisk></id></pre>
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When dedicated hot spare devices are assigned successfully to the virtual disk, the following message is displayed:



Example 1: To unassign a dedicated hot spare associated with physical disk ID <0:1:0> from a virtual disk with disk ID <1>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -udhs=0:1:0 -vd=1

When the dedicated hot spare is unassigned successfully from the virtual disk, the following message is displayed:

The physical disk 0:1:0 is successfully unassigned as dedicated hot spare to the virtual disk 1.

Example 2: To unassign dedicated hot spares associated with physical disk IDs <0:1:0> and <0:1:1>, from a virtual disk with disk ID 1, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -udhs=0:1:0,0:1:1 -vd=1

When the dedicated hot spare is unassigned successfully from the virtual disk, the following message is displayed:

The physical disks 0:1:0,0:1:1 are successfully unassigned as dedicated hot spare to the virtual disk 1.

1.7.3 Assign global hot spare devices

To assign one or more global hot spare device to a virtual disk, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:

iSM command	OMSA command	
<pre>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0/1 -aghs=<comma disk="" ids="" physical="" separated=""></comma></pre>	<pre>omconfig storage pdisk action=assignglobalhotspare controller=<id> pdisk=<pdisk id=""> assign=yes</pdisk></id></pre>	
■ Aleman Section and Prompt	■ Sets Account of Compt 7 ×	
so When Water is an about a suring second in the IRPH in plus 6.7.13. The physical basis Mattal in successfully assigned as the global and a pure. so When Water is an idea.	C: WisenstAdministratersensering isterage educe a time-estignish of the control insect of insection three igneyes Command is accessed at 1 C: WisenstAdministrators	

Example 1: To assign a global hot spare device associated with physical disk ID <0:1:0>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -aghs=0:1:0

When a global hot spare device is assigned successfully to the virtual disk, the following message is displayed:

The physical disk 0:1:0 is successfully assigned as the global hot spare.

Example 2: To assign two global hot spare devices associated with physical disk IDs <0:1:0> and <0:1:1>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -aghs=0:1:0,0:1:1

When the global hot spare devices are assigned successfully to the virtual disk, the following message is displayed:

The physical disks 0:1:0,0:1:1 are successfully assigned as the global hot spare.

1.7.4 Unassign global hot spare devices

To unassign one or more global hot spare devices to a physical disk, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:

iSM command	OMSA command	
<pre>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0/1 -ughs=<comma disk="" ids="" physical="" separated=""></comma></pre>	omconfig storage vdisk action=assigndedicatedhotspare controller= <id> vdisk=id pdisk=<pdisk id=""> assign=no</pdisk></id>	
** Chambries commerce up. ** **Control Statement of the Statement of the Hilbert uples Actual History for the Hilbert uples Actual History for the Hilbert up and according to the Hilbert up to the Hilbert up and according to the Hilbert up to th	C: Washa Calculate the control beauty of the	

Example 1: To unassign a global hot spare device associated with physical disk ID <0:1:0>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -ughs=0:1:0

When a global hot spare device is unassigned successfully from the virtual disk, the following message is displayed:

The physical disk 0:1:0 is successfully unassigned as the global hot spare.

Example 2: To unassign two global hot spare devices associated with physical disk IDs <0:1:0> and <0:1:1>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -ughs=0:1:0,0:1:1

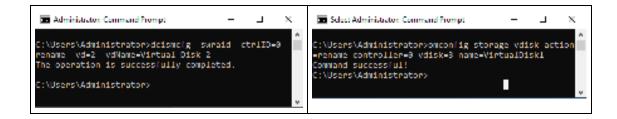
When a global hot spare device is unassigned successfully from the virtual disk, the following message is displayed:

The physical disks 0:1:0,0:1:1 are successfully unassigned as the global hot spare.

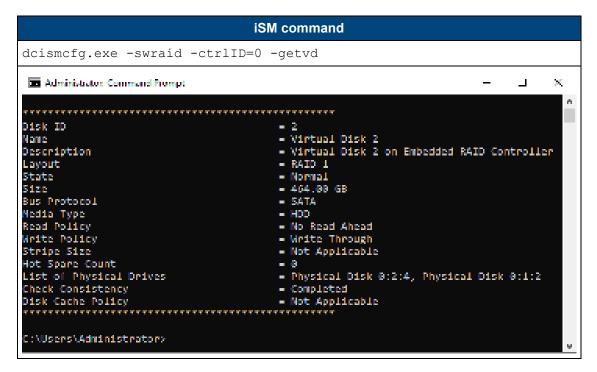
1.8 Rename a virtual disk

To rename an existing virtual disk, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:

iSM command	OMSA command
-rename -vd= <disk id=""> -</disk>	omconfig storage vdisk omconfig storage vdisk action=rename controller=id vdisk=id name=new name



You can verify if the virtual disk is renamed, through the virtual disk name in virtual disk properties. To display the virtual disk properties, run the following iSM command:



Example 1: To rename a virtual disk with disk ID <1> with <OLD NAME> to <NEW NAME>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -rename -vd=1 -vdName=NEW
NAME

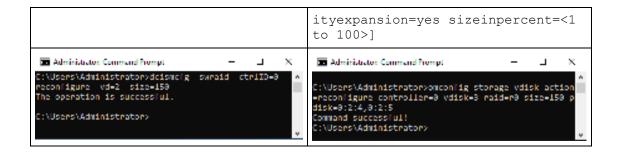
When a virtual disk is renamed successfully, the following message is displayed:

The operation is successfully completed.

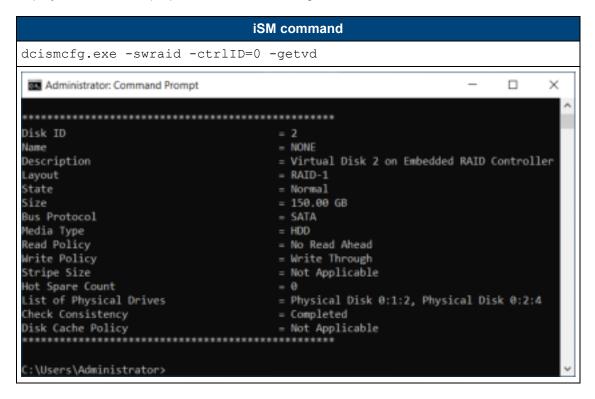
1.9 Reconfiguration of Virtual Disk

To reconfigure an existing virtual disk, run the following commands of iSM and OMSA:

iSM command	OMSA command
<pre>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0/1 -reconfigure -vd=<disk id=""> - size/-s=<size> -pdisk/-pd=<disk id="">]</disk></size></disk></pre>	<pre>omconfig storage vdisk action=reconfigure controller=id vdisk=id raid=<c r0 r1 r1c r5 r10> pdisk=<pdiskid>[size=<size>vdcapac</size></pdiskid></c r0 r1 r1c r5 r10></pre>



You can verify if the virtual disk is reconfigured, through the virtual disk size in virtual disk properties. To display the virtual disk properties, run the following iSM command:



Example 1: To reconfigure a virtual disk with disk ID <2> of size <100> GB to <150> GB, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -reconfigure -vd=2 size=150

When a virtual disk is reconfigured successfully, the following message is displayed: The operation is successful.

Example 2: To reconfigure a virtual disk with disk ID <2> of size <100>GB to <200>GB with additional physical disk of disk ID <0:1:2>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -reconfigure -vd=2 size=200 -pd=0:1:2

When a virtual disk is reconfigured successfully, the following message is displayed: The operation is successful.

1.10 View the maximum size of a virtual disk for reconfiguration

To view the maximum size supported of a virtual disk up to which it can be reconfigured, run the following command:

iSM command	OMSA command
<pre>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0/1 -getsize -vd=<disk id=""> -pdisk/-pd=<disk id="">]</disk></disk></pre>	Not available
■ Administrator Command Prompt – J X	
C:\Users\Administrator>dcismc[g swraid ctrlID=8 getsize vd=2 The maximum virtual disk size that is supported for reconfiguration operation is 465.24 GB. The operation is successful. C:\Users\Administrator>	

Example 1: To display the maximum size to which a virtual disk can be reconfigured with virtual disk ID <3>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -getsize -vd=3

When the above command is run successfully, the following message is displayed:

The maximum virtual disk size that is supported for reconfiguration operation is 1711.96 GB.

The operation is successful.

Example 2: To display the maximum size to which a virtual disk can be reconfigured with virtual disk ID <4> and with additional physical disks of disk IDs <0:1:2> and <0:1:3>, run the following command:

C:\Users\Administrator>dcismcfg.exe -swraid -ctrlID=0 -getsize -vd=4 pd=0:1:2,0:1:3

When the above command is run successfully, the following message is displayed:

The maximum virtual disk size that is supported for reconfiguration operation is 1711.96 GB.

The operation is successful.

2 Access operating system logs using Event Viewer

iDRAC Service Module (iSM) monitors alerts when OpenManage Server Administrator (OMSA) is running on the operating system. However, the alerts are logged only in the Lifecycle Controller log, and not in the operating system log. When OMSA is not running on the operating system, iSM logs the alerts in the operating system log and the Lifecycle Controller log. The source name for alerts that are logged in the operating system log is **iDRACServiceModule-SWRAID**. iSM monitors the alerts every 15 minutes, and a maximum of 50 alerts are logged per day.

To view the operating system logs using the Event Viewer, perform the following:

- 1. Start Windows **Event Viewer** application on your system.
- 2. On Event Viewer, click Windows Logs > System.
- 3. On the **System** tab, click to view the **Lifecycle Controller Log** events. You can view the event information under the **General** tab.

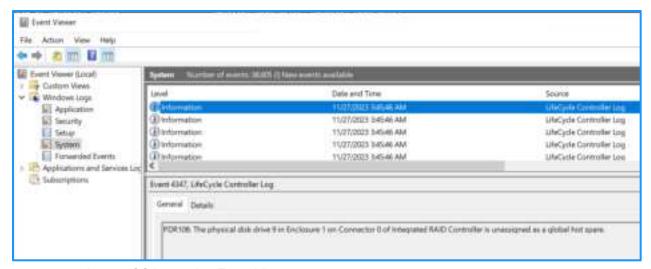


Figure * Access OS logs using Event Viewer