

Address:



# **TEST REPORT**

Product Name: Super Console X5 Pro

FCC ID: 2A9VX-X5PRO

Trademark: KINHANK

Model Number: Super Console X5 Pro

Prepared For: Shandong Yihang Technology Development Co., Ltd

Address: Room 1703, Building 1, Fortune 1 Plaza, Huaiyin District, Jinan City,

**Shandong Province** 

Manufacturer: Shandong Yihang Technology Development Co., Ltd

Address: Room 1703, Building 1, Fortune 1 Plaza, Huaiyin District, Jinan City,

Shandong Province

Prepared By: Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd.

1&2/F., Building A, No.26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Sample Received Date: Jan. 19, 2024

Sample tested Date: Jan. 19, 2024 to Feb. 20, 2024

Issue Date: Feb. 20, 2024

Report No.: CTB240127003RFX

Test Standards 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E

Test Results PASS

Remark: This is WIFI-5GHz band radio test report.

Compiled by: Reviewed by: Approved by:

Zhou kui Arroin Liu

<u>u Kui</u> <u>Arron Liu</u> <u>Bin Mei / Director</u>

Note: If there is any objection to the inspection results in this report, please submit a written report to the company within 15 days from the date of receiving the report. The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp. This result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. Without written approval of Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. this report can't be reproduced except in full. The tested sample(s) and the sample information are provided by the client. "\*" indicates the testing items were fulfilled by subcontracted lab. "#" indicates the items are not in CNAS accreditation scope.



# **TABLE OF CONTENT**

Test R	eport Declaration	Page
7.	VERSION	4
2.	TEST SUMMARY	
3.	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	
4.	PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TEST SETUP	
4.1	Product Information	
4.2	Test Setup Configuration	
4.3	Support Equipment	
	Test Mode	
4.6	Test Environment	
5.	TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED	
5.1	Test Facility	
5.2	Test Instrument Used	
6.	AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION	
6.1	Block Diagram Of Test Setup	12
6.2	Limit	12
6.3	Test procedure	
6.4	Test Result	
7.	RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	
7.1	Block Diagram Of Test Setup	
7.2	Limit	
7.3	Test procedure	
	Test Result	
8.	BAND EDGE	
8.1	Block Diagram Of Test Setup	
	Limit	
8.3	Test procedure	
	Test Result	
9.	CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	
9.1	Block Diagram Of Test Setup	
	Limit	
	Test procedure	
9.4	Test Result	
10.		
10.1		
10.2		
	Test Procedure	
10.4		
11.	POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	
11.1		
11.2		
11.3		
11.4		
12.	FREQUENCY STABILITY	
12.1		
12.2		
12.2		
12.3		
13.		
13.1		
13.1		
13.2 14.	ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	
15.	EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS	
15.	LUI ILUI SETUF FRUTUGRAFRO	0/



(Note: N/A means not applicable)

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 3 of 88



# 1. VERSION

Report No.	Issue Date	Description	Approved
CTB240127003RFX	Feb. 20, 2024	Original	Valid

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 4 of 88



# 2. TEST SUMMARY

The Product has been tested according to the following specifications:

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)(6)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
Radiated Spurious emissions	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033	PASS
Band edge	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033	PASS
Emission Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(e)	KDB789033	PASS
Power Spectral Density	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033	PASS
Frequency stability	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (g)	KDB789033	PASS
Operation in the absence of information to the transmit	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E	PASS
Antenna Requirement	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.203	5 6 16 6	PASS

Remark:

Test according to ANSI C63.10-2013.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 5 of 88



# 3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded

uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Item	Uncertainty
Occupancy bandwidth	U=±54.3Hz
Adjacent channel power	U=±1.3dB
Conducted Adjacent channel power	U=±1.38dB
Conducted output power Above 1G	U=±1.0dB
Conducted output power below 1G	U=±0.9dB
Power Spectral Density , Conduction	U=±1.0dB
Conduction spurious emissions	U=±2.8dB
Out of band emission	U=±54Hz
3m camber Radiated spurious emission(9KHz-30MHz)	U=±4.8dB
3m camber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	U=±4.3dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	U=±4.5dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	U=±3.4dB
humidity uncertainty	U=±5.3%
Temperature uncertainty	U=±0.59℃
Supply voltages	U=±3%
Time	U=±5%
Conducted emission(150K-30MHz)	3.2dB

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 6 of 88



#### 4. PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TEST SETUP

#### 4.1 Product Information

Model(s): Super Console X5 Pro

Model Description: N/A

Wi-Fi Specification: IEEE 802.11a/n/ac

Hardware Version: V1.0
Software Version: V1.0

Operation Frequency: IEEE 802.11a/n/ac(20M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 4 channel

IEEE 802.11n/ac(40M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 2 channel IEEE 802.11ac(80M): 5150MHz ~5250MHz/ 1 channel

IEEE 802.11a/n/ac(20M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 5 channel IEEE 802.11n/ac(40M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 2 channel IEEE 802.11ac(80M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 1 channel

Max. RF output power: WiFi (5G): 15.232dBm

Type of Modulation: WiFi: OFDM

Antenna installation: WiFi: FPC antenna

Antenna Gain: 5.2G: ANT1: 2.76dBi

ANT2: 2.76dBi

5.8G: ANT1: -1.15dBi

ANT2: - 1.15dBi

Ratings: Adapter: Input: 100-240V~50/60Hz 1.0A Max

Output: 12.0V=2.0A

#### 4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

4.3 Support Equipment

5	Item Equipment Mfr/Brand		Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note	
	<b>1.</b> 0	SWITCHING GANGQI ADAPTER		GQ24-120200-CU	\$ 1 \$ C	\$ 1,8

#### Notes:

- 1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
- 2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 7 of 88



#### 4.4 Channel List

For 802.	11a/n/ac( 20M) Operation	in the 5180MHz ~5240	MHz band
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
36	5180MHz	44	5220MHz
40	5200MHz	48	5240MHz
For 802.	11a/n/ac( 20M) Operation	in the 5745MHz ~5825	MHz band
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745MHz	161	5805MHz
153	5765MHz	165	5825MHz
157	5785MHz	NA	NA

For 802.11n/ac	(40M) Operation in	in the 5190MHz ~5230 MHz band	
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
38	5190MHz	46	5230MHz
For 802.11n/ac	(40M) Operation in	n the 5755MHz ~5795 M	lHz band
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
151	5755MHz	159	5795MHz

For 802.1	1ac(80M) Operation in	the 5210 MHz ban	dv vy vy
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
42	5210MHz	NA	NA
For 802.1	1ac(80M) Operation in	the 5775 MHz ban	d
Channel	Frequency	NA NA	NA NA
155	5775MHz	NA NA	NA NA

#### 5.2G:

EUT has two Internal Antenna with Max Antenna Gain 2.76dBi on every antenna, CDD device with two spatial streams, according to KDB662911 D01 v02r01,

Directional gain= GANT + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows.

1) For power spectral density(PSD) measurements,

Array Gain=10log(NANT/NSS)dB=10log(2/1)=1.38dB,

So the directional gain for PSD is 4.14dBi

2) For power measurements,

The Array gain=1.0 dB for NANT≤4,

So the directional gain for Power measurements is 2.76dBi

### 5.8G:

EUT has two Internal Antenna with Max Antenna Gain -1.15dBi on every antenna, CDD device with two spatial streams, according to KDB662911 D01 v02r01,

Directional gain= GANT + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows.

1) For power spectral density(PSD) measurements,

Array Gain=10log(NANT/NSS)dB=10log(2/1)=-0.575dB,

So the directional gain for PSD is -1.725dBi

2) For power measurements,

The Array gain=1.0 dB for NANT≤4,

So the directional gain for Power measurements is -1.15dBi

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 8 of 88



NOTE: Dutycycle>98%.

Test mode	rate
802.11a	54M
802.11n	500M
802.11/ac	500M

# 4.5 Test Mode

All test mode(s) and condition(s) mentioned were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full tests, the worst data were recorded and reported.

Test Mode	Tx/Rx	RF Channel			
rest Mode	IX/KX	Low(L)	Middle(M)	High(H)	
902 11 a /a /a / (20M)	40 40 40	Channel 36	Channel 40	Channel 48	
802.11a/n/ac(20M)	Chi Chi Chi Ch	5180MHz	5200MHz	5240MHz	
000 11=(00(10))	5400MU- 5040 MU-	Channel 38	N/A	Channel 46	
802.11n/ac(40M)	5180MHz ~5240 MHz	5190MHz	N/A	5230MHz	
000 1100(00M)	CIP CIP CIP	N/A	Channel 42	N/A	
802.11ac(80M)		N/A	5210MHz	N/A	
202 11 a /a /a / 20M)	40 40 40	Channel 149	Channel 157	Channel 165	
802.11a/n/ac(20M)	67 67 67	5745MHz	5785MHz	5825MHz	
000 44=//4014)	5745NALL- 5005NALL-	Channel 151	N/A	Channel 159	
802.11n/ac(40M)	5745MHz ~5825MHz	5755MHz	N/A	5795MHz	
000 44(0014)		N/A	Channel 155	N/A	
802.11ac(80M)		N/A	5775MHz	N/A	

# 4.6 Test Environment

Humidity(%):	54 6 6 6
Atmospheric Pressure(kPa):	101
Normal Voltage(DC):NV	12
Normal Temperature(°C):NT	23
Low Temperature(°C):LT	
High Temperature(°C):HT	40

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 9 of 88



# 5. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED

# 5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1&2F., Building A, No. 26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

# 5.2 Test Instrument Used

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Calibrated until
1,	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090073	2024.07.05
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120032	2024.07.05
3	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120034	2024.07.05
4	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	2024.07.05
5	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51289897	2024.07.05
6	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50140365	2024.07.05
7	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47420195	2024.07.05
8	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	2024.07.06
9	2.4 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF2400-2483. 5MS-1154	20181015001	2024.07.05
10	5 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF5150-5850 MS-1155	20181015001	2024.07.06
11	Filter	Xingbo	XBLBQ-DZA12 0	190821-1-1	2024.07.06
12	BT&WI-FI Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8000	Ver. 2.0.0.0	
13	Rohde & Schwarz SFU Broadcast Test System	R&S	SFU	101017	2024.10.30
14	Temperature humidity chamber	Hongjing	TH-80CH	DG-15174	2024.07.05
15	234G Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8200	Ver. 2.0.0.0	
16	966 chamber	C.R.T.	966		2024.08.11
17	Receiver	R&S	ESPI	100362	2024.07.05
18	Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02747	2024.07.05
19	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	2024.07.05
20	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	00869	2024.07.08

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 10 of 88



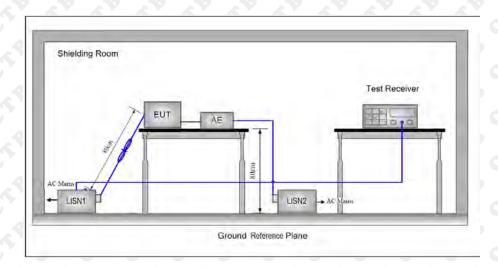
21	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	01911	2024.07.08
22	EMI test software	Fala	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE	7
23	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	1519B-224	2024.07.08
24	loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	GTS534	7
25	40G Horn antenna	A/H/System	SAS-574	588	2024.10.30
26	Amplifier	AEROFLEX	Aeroflex	097	2024.07.05

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 11 of 88



#### 6. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

#### 6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



#### 6.2 Limit

requency (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBµV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 <sup>Note 1</sup>	56 to 46 <sup>Note 1</sup>
).5 - 5	56	46
- 30	60	50

<sup>\*</sup> Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

### 6.3 Test procedure

- 1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.
- 2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a  $50\Omega/50\mu\text{H} + 5\Omega$  linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.
- 3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane,
- 4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0,4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0,8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 12 of 88



This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0,8 m from the LISN 2.

5) In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10 on conducted measurement.

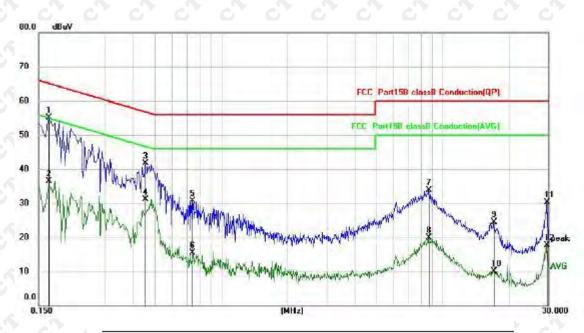
Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 13 of 88



# 6.4 Test Result

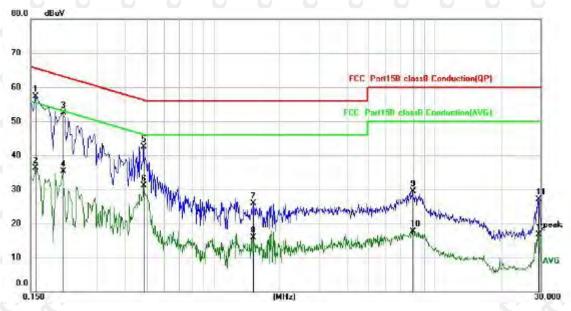
Modulation: 802.11a (the worst data)

L:



No. Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over	
	MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dBuV	dB	Detector
1 *	0.1660	45.08	9.95	55.03	65.16	-10.13	QP
2	0.1660	26.48	9.95	36.43	55.16	-18.73	AVG
3	0.4540	31.72	9.98	41.70	56.80	-15.10	QP
4	0.4540	21.14	9.98	31.12	46.80	-15.68	AVG
5	0.7420	20.59	10.02	30.61	56.00	-25.39	QP
6	0.7420	5.53	10.02	15.55	46.00	-30.45	AVG
7	8.6779	23.29	10.55	33.84	60.00	-26.16	QP
8	8.6779	9.33	10.55	19.88	50.00	-30.12	AVG
9	17.1018	13.74	10.77	24.51	60.00	-35.49	QP
10	17.1018	-0.66	10.77	10.11	50.00	-39.89	AVG
11	29.6340	18.85	11.41	30.26	60.00	-29.74	QP
12	29.6340	6.28	11.41	17.69	50.00	-32.31	AVG





No. Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over	Detector
1 *	0.1580	47.26	9.95	57.21	65.57	-8.36	QP
2	0.1580	26.28	9.95	36.23	55.57	-19.34	AVG
3	0.2100	42.58	9.95	52.53	63.21	-10.68	QP
4	0.2100	25.30	9.95	35.25	53.21	-17.96	AVG
5	0.4860	32.60	9.99	42.59	56.24	-13.65	QP
6	0.4860	21.02	9.99	31.01	46.24	-15.23	AVG
7	1.5140	15.82	10.05	25.87	56.00	-30.13	QP
8	1.5140	5.93	10.05	15.98	46.00	-30.02	AVG
9	7.9660	18.88	10.54	29.42	60.00	-30.58	QP
10	7.9660	7.17	10.54	17.71	50.00	-32.29	AVG
11	29.2940	15.75	11.38	27.13	60.00	-32.87	QP
12	29.2940	5.37	11.38	16.75	50.00	-33.25	AVG

# Remark:

- Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Limit Level
   All modes were tested at AC 120V and 240V, only the worst result of AC 120V 60Hz was reported.
- 3. All the test modes completed for test. Only the worst result of was reported.



# 7. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

# 7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

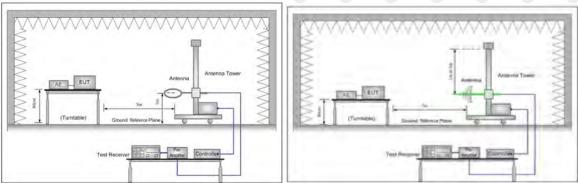


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

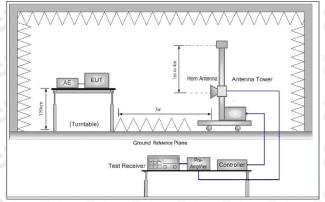


Figure 3. Above 1GHz

# 7.2 Limit

Spurious Emissions:

Frequency	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
0.009MHz-0.490MHz	20log 2400/F (kHz) + 80	Quasi-peak	3
0.490MHz-1.705MHz	20log 24000/F (kHz) + 40	Quasi-peak	03
1.705MHz-30MHz	20log 30 + 40	Quasi-peak	3
30MHz-88MHz	40.0	Quasi-peak	03
88MHz-216MHz	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
216MHz-960MHz	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
960MHz-1GHz	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
Above 1GHz	54.0	Average	3

Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 16 of 88



If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows:

(i) EIRP =  $((E*d)^2) / 30$ 

where:

- E is the field strength in V/m;
- d is the measurement distance in meters:
- EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in watts.
- (ii) Working in dB units, the above equation is equivalent to:

 $EIRP[dBm] = E[dB\mu V/m] + 20 \log(d[meters]) - 104.77$ 

(iii) Or, if d is 3 meters:

 $EIRP[dBm] = E[dB\mu V/m] - 95.2$ 

#### 7.3 Test procedure

#### Below 1GHz test procedure as below:

a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

b.The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.

c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.

d.For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rota table table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.

e.The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

f.If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

# Above 1GHz test procedure as below:

g.Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber and change form table 0.8 meter to 1.5 meter (Above 18GHz the distance is 1 meter and table is 1.5 meter).

h.Test the EUT in the lowest channel ,the middle channel ,the Highest channel

i.Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

#### Receiver set:

Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30KHz	Quasi-peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	120 kHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
Above IGHZ	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 17 of 88



# Test Result

30MHz-1GHzTest Results: Modulation: 802.11a (the worst data) Test Channel: 5780MHz

Antenna polarity: H

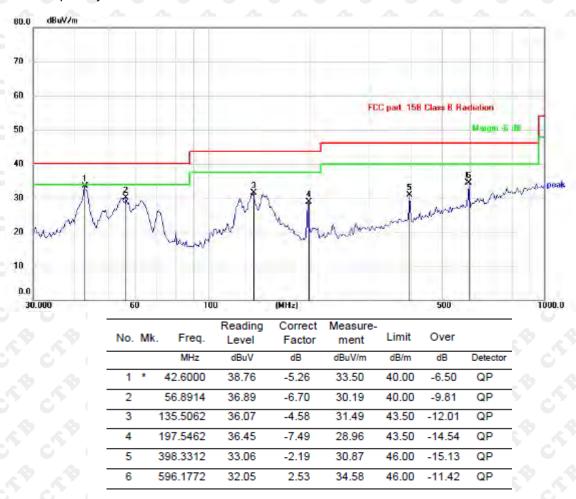


	No.	Mk	. Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure- ment	Limit	Over	
			MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	Detector
	1		43.3534	28.08	-5.40	22.68	40.00	-17.32	QP
_	2		63.2023	27.65	-7.15	20.50	40.00	-19.50	QP
	3		147.9214	29.58	-3.42	26.16	43.50	-17.34	QP
_	4		197.5461	39.96	-7.49	32.47	43.50	-11.03	QP
_	5	*	398.3312	41.74	-2.19	39.55	46.00	-6.45	QP
_	6		991.2719	36.63	7.78	44.41	54.00	-9.59	QP

Report Page 18 of 88 Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net



# Antenna polarity: V



Remark: Factor = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Limit – Level

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 19 of 88



# Radiated Spurious Emission ( Above 1GHz):

Modulation: 802.11(a) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarizatior
C,	C. C.	0	C, C	Channel:5	180MHz	O. O.	C,	C, C	, C
10360	39.38	16.39	55.77	74	-18.23	PK	1.39	52	H
10360	27.10	16.39	43.49	54	-10.51	AV	1.18	123	A H
10360	40.84	16.39	57.23	74	-16.77	PK	1.12	328	V
10360	27.18	16.39	43.57	54	-10.43	AV	1.44	236	◆ V ◆
0,	0, 0,	C'	0,0	Channel:5	240MHz	0, 0,	O'	C'C	, 0
10480	39.38	16.11	55.49	74	-18.51	PK	1.22	256	Н
10480	27.35	16.11	43.46	54	-10.54	AV	1.27	200	⊕ H ⊕
10480	40.12	16.11	56.23	74	-17.77	PK	1.60	357	V
10480	26.29	16.11	42.40	54	-11.60	AV	1.76	292	V
0	0.0	0	0,0	Channel:5	745MHz	0	0	0, 0	
11490	39.17	17.46	56.63	74	-17.37	PK	1.81	133	H
11490	25.26	17.46	42.72	54	-11.28	AV	1.83	292	Н
11490	40.69	17.46	58.15	74	-15.85	PK	1.60	308	V
11490	25.40	17.46	42.86	54	-11.14	AV	1.51	244	⋄ v ⋄
C'	0, 0,	0	0 0	Channel:5	825MHz	0'0'	C'	C, C	, 0
11650	40.40	17.57	57.97	74	-16.03	PK	1.31	115	♥ H, ♥
11650	26.52	17.57	44.09	54	-9.91	AV	1.05	126	Н
11650	39.10	17.57	56.67	74	-17.33	PK	1.34	333	V
11650	27.78	17.57	45.35	54	-8.65	AV	1.14	31	◆ V ◆

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 20 of 88



Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
. 40	420 4	20 421	40	Channel:5	190MHz	40 4	b 40	420	40 40
10380	39.78	16.34	56.12	74	-17.88	PK	1.56	201	Н
10380	25.69	16.34	42.03	54	-11.97	AV	1.22	277	♦ H, ♦
10380	39.22	16.34	55.56	74	-18.44	PK	1.25	25	V
10380	26.28	16.34	42.62	54	-11.38	AV	1.14	63	V
	A .	30		Channel:5	230MHz	A 4	h	<i>A</i>	A A
10460	39.82	16.15	55.97	74	-18.03	PK	1.03	70	Н
10460	26.64	16.15	42.79	54	-11.21	AV	1.42	109	O H O
10460	40.20	16.15	56.35	74	-17.65	PK	1.88	119	V
10460	25.59	16.15	41.74	54	-12.26	AV	1.35	142	V
3		3 3	2	Channel:5	755MHz		20 020	<i>A</i>	<i>A</i> 20 <i>A</i> 20
11510	40.63	17.49	58.12	74	-15.88	PK	1.11	291	Н
11510	27.56	17.49	45.05	54	-8.95	AV	1.16	305	♦ H. ♦
11510	40.92	17.49	58.41	74	-15.59	PK	1.14	168	V
11510	26.03	17.49	43.52	54	-10.48	AV	1.86	81	V
. 45	<b>*</b>	80 48	40	Channel:5	795MHz	40 4	b &	46	& &
11590	41.51	17.52	59.03	74	-18.51	PK	1.48	69	Н
11590	26.21	17.52	43.73	54	-14.97	AV	1.26	135	A HOW
11590	40.80	17.52	58.32	74	-15.68	PK	1.23	332	V
11590	27.79	17.52	45.31	54	-8.69	AV	1.38	236	V

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 21 of 88



Modulation: 802.11(VH80) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height	Degree	Antenna polarization
b 45	40 4	20 40	45	Channel:5	210MHz	45 4	b 4b	45	40 40
10420	39.24	16.25	55.49	74	-18.51	PK	1.86	258	Н
10420	26.74	16.25	42.99	54	-11.01	AV	1.36	202	Н
10420	39.37	16.25	55.62	74	-18.38	PK	1.37	47	V
10420	27.52	16.25	43.77	54	-10.23	AV	1.51	281	◆ V.◆
0 0		3 3	0 0	Channel:5	775MHz	<i>A A</i>	30 50	0 0	4
11550	40.43	17.50	57.93	74	-16.07	PK	1.59	327	Н
11550	27.41	17.50	44.91	54	-9.09	AV	1.58	140	H
11550	40.92	17.50	58.42	74	-15.58	PK	1.33	9	V V
11550	25.92	17.50	43.42	54	-10.58	AV	1.47	262	♦ V ♦

#### Remark:

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 22 of 88

<sup>1.</sup>Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin

<sup>=</sup> Emission level - Limits

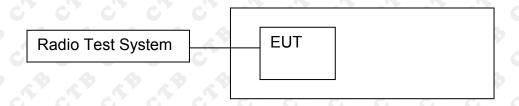
<sup>2.</sup> The EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.

<sup>3.</sup>Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



#### 8. BAND EDGE

#### 8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



#### 8.2 Limit

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

#### 8.3 Test procedure

- 1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
- 2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
- 3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
- 4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
- 5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

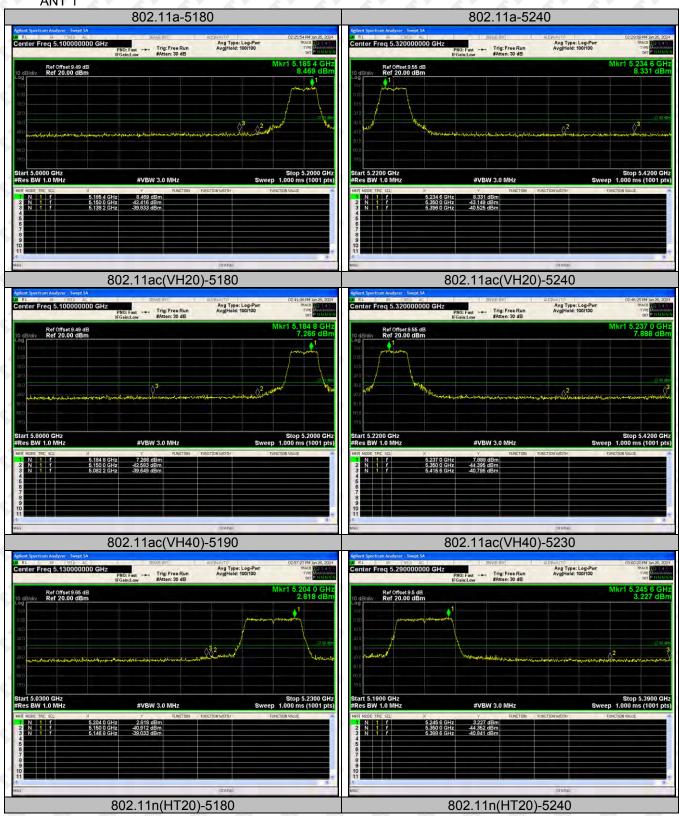
Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 23 of 88



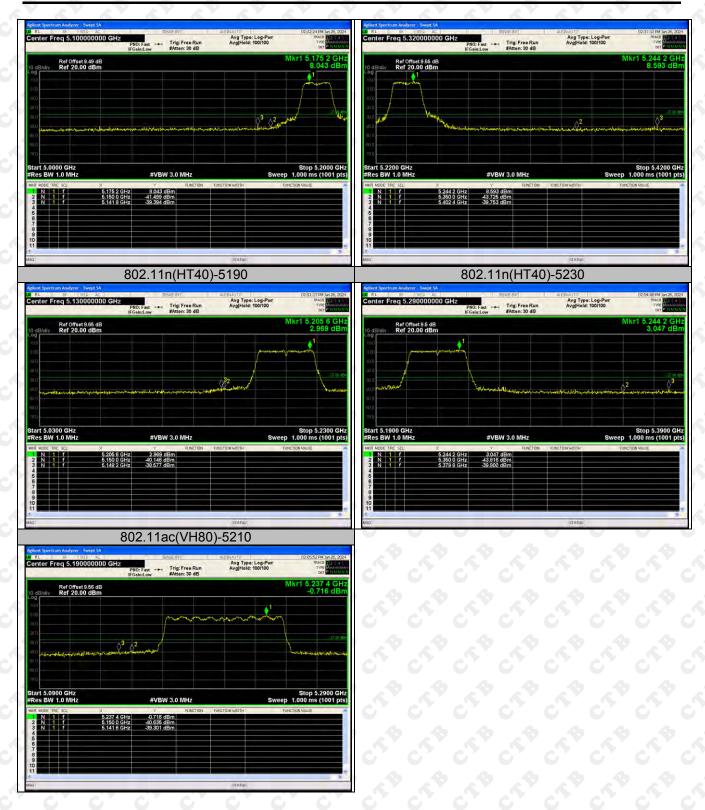
#### 8.4 Test Result

# **Test Graph**

# ANT 1



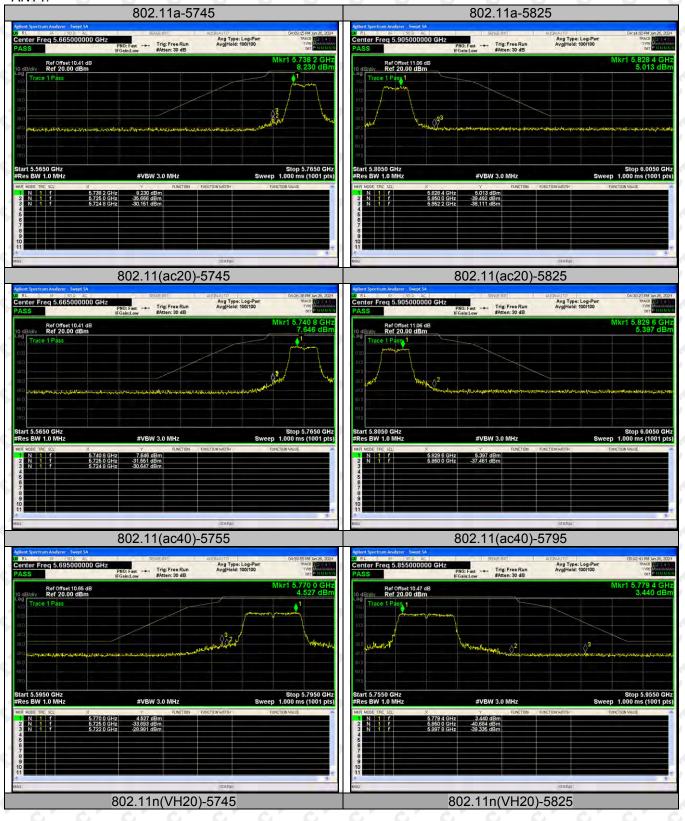




Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 25 of 88



#### ANT1:



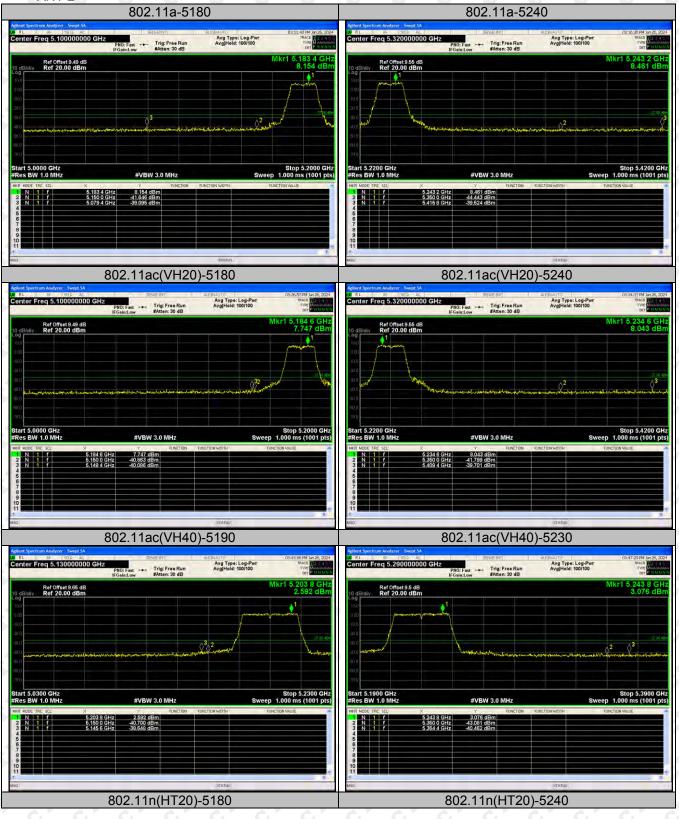




Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 27 of 88



ANT 2







Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 29 of 88



#### ANT2:





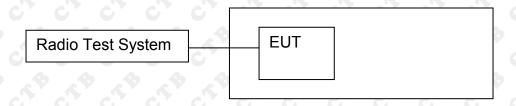


Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 31 of 88



#### 9. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

### 9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



#### 9.2 Limit

- (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p.
- at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm). (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (4) The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.
- (5) The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band are made over a reference bandwidth of 500 kHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 32 of 88



bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

- (h) Transmit Power Control (TPC) and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS).
- (1) Transmit power control (TPC). U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band and the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW.

#### 9.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

- (i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- (ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.
- (iii) Set VBW ≥ 3 MHz.
- (iv) Number of points in sweep  $\geq$  2 × span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq$  RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- (v) Sweep time = auto.
- (vi) Detector = power averaging (rms), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
- (vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98%, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to "free run."
- (viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.
- (ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the spectrum.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 33 of 88



# 9.4 Test Result

# ANT 1+ANT 2

Test mode1	Test Channel (MHz)	Output Power dBm ANT1	Output Power dBm ANT2	Output Power dBm Total	Limit dBm
	5180	11.085	10.255	1	23.98
802.11a	5200	10.943	10.920	7 7	23.98
	5240	11.095	11.058	67167	23.98
802.11ac20	5180	10.919	11.101	14.021	23.98
	5200	11.197	11.350	14.284	23.98
	5240	11.566	12.026	14.812	23.98
000 1110	5190	8.882	9.110	12.008	23.98
802.11ac40	5230	9.225	9.148	12.197	23.98
802.11ac80	5210	7.709	7.615	10.673	23.98
do do .	5180	11.398	11.532	14.476	23.98
802.11n(HT20)	5200	11.639	11.796	14.729	23.98
0,10	5240	12.016	12.215	15.127	23.98
000 44-(UT40)	5190	8.960	8.845	11.913	23.98
802.11n(HT40)	5230	9.407	9.348	12.388	23.98

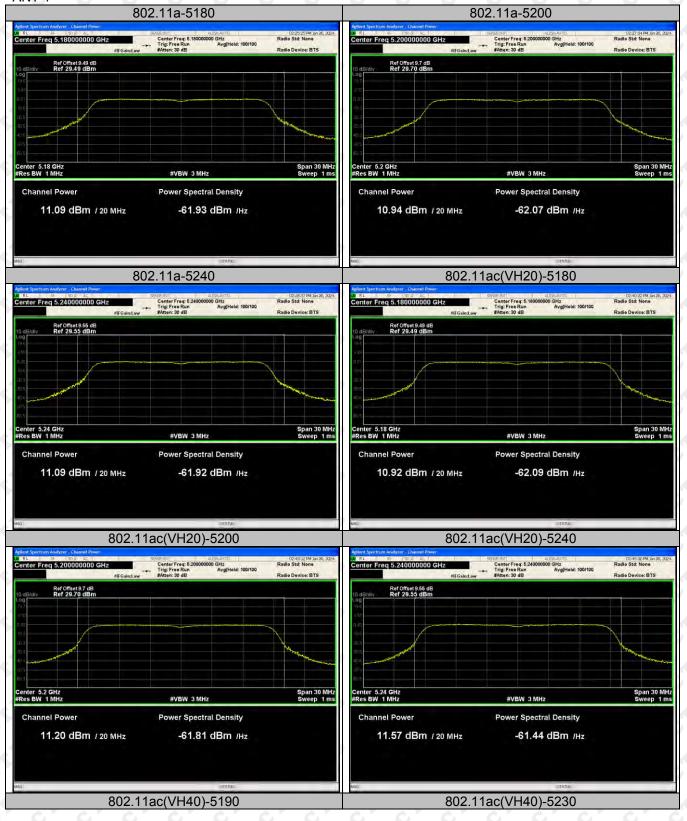
# ANT 1+ANT 2

Test mode1	Test Channel (MHz)	Output Power	Output Power	Output Power	Limit
rest mode r	rest Charmer (WITZ)	dBm ANT1	dBm ANT2	dBm Total	dBm
B	5745	11.017	12.002	<b>1</b>	30
802.11a	5785	11.353	11.279		30
	5825	10.992	9.369		30
A VA VA	5745	11.397	10.891	14.162	30
802.11ac20	5785	11.169	10.629	13.918	30
	5825	9.549	9.122	12.351	30
902 110010	5755	11.841	11.694	14.778	30
802.11ac40	5795	10.788	10.642	13.726	30
802.11ac80	5775	10.764	11.141	13.967	30
	5745	11.457	11.087	14.286	30
802.11n(HT20)	5785	11.267	10.781	14.041	30
0 0 0	5825	10.873	9.165	13.113	30
902 11n/UT40)	5755	12.884	11.440	15.232	30
802.11n(HT40)	5795	11.229	10.679	13.973	30

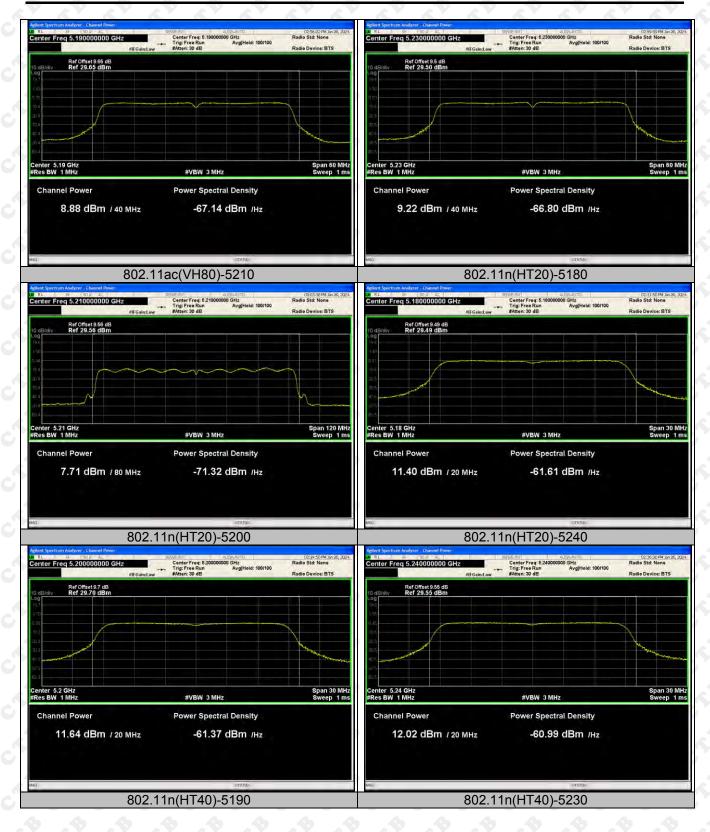
Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 34 of 88



#### ANT 1

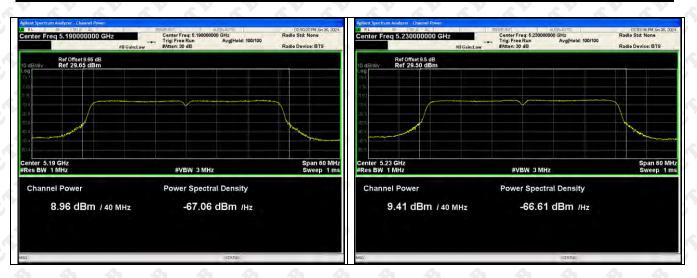




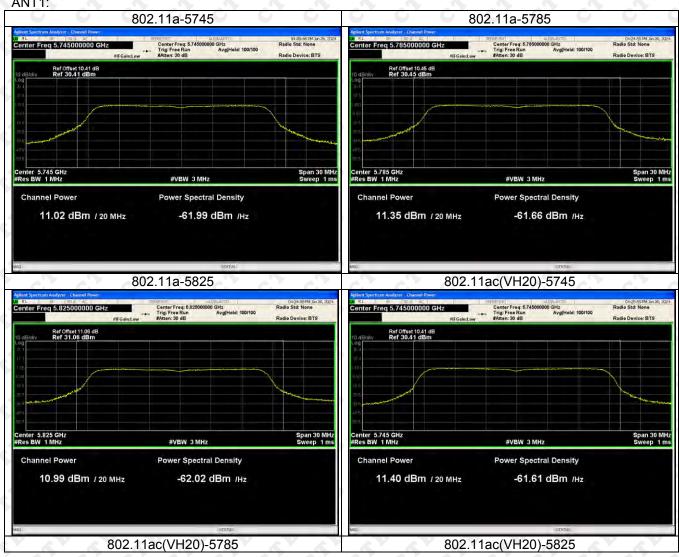


Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 36 of 88



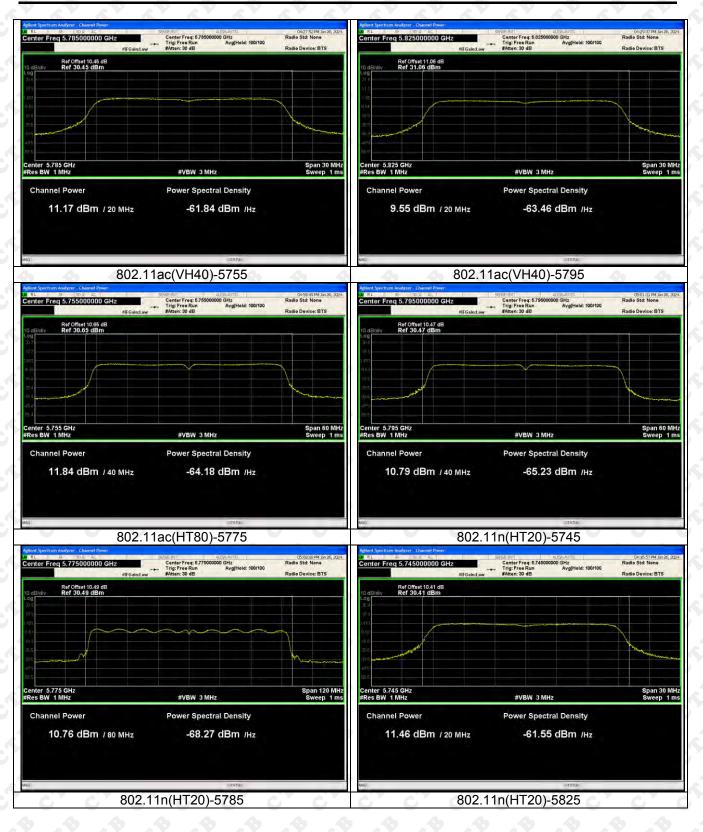


## ANT1:



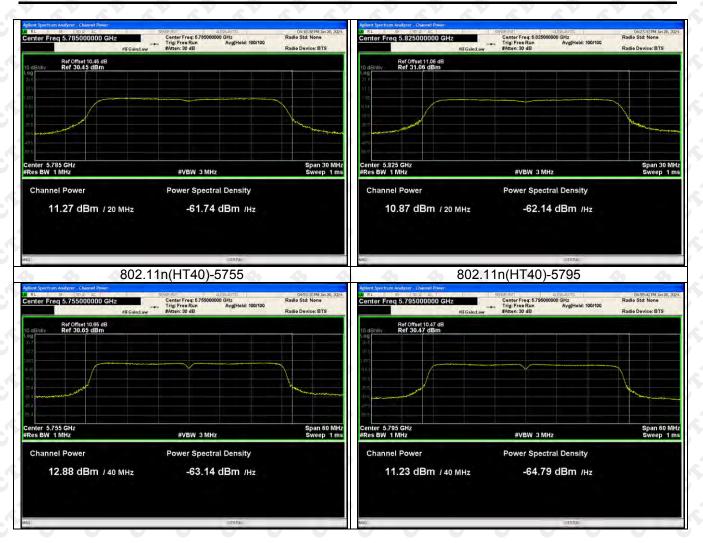
Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 37 of 88



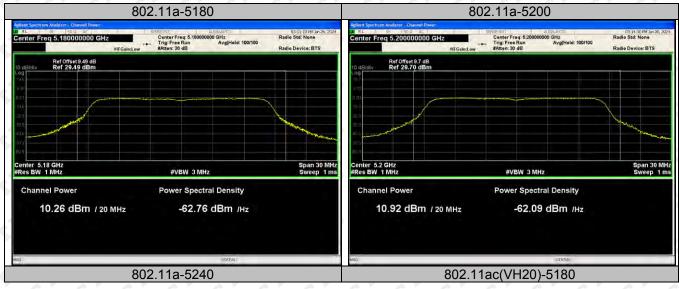


Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 38 of 88



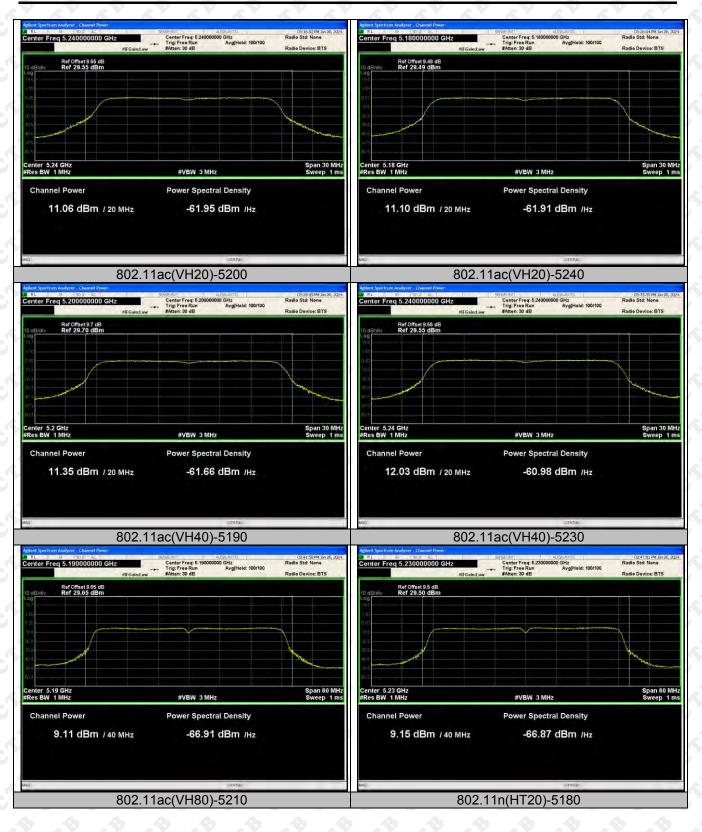


# ANT 2



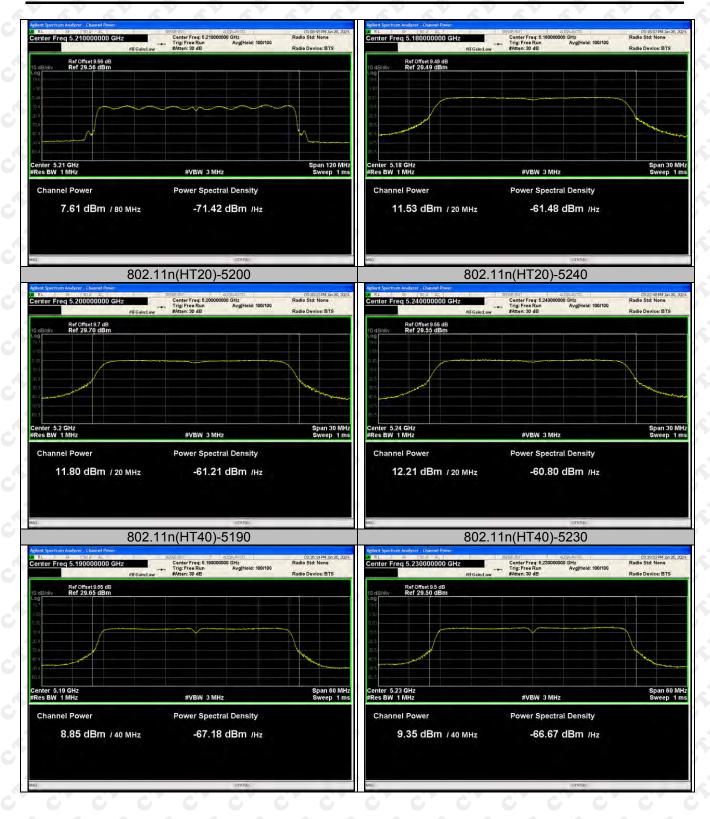
Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 39 of 88





Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 40 of 88

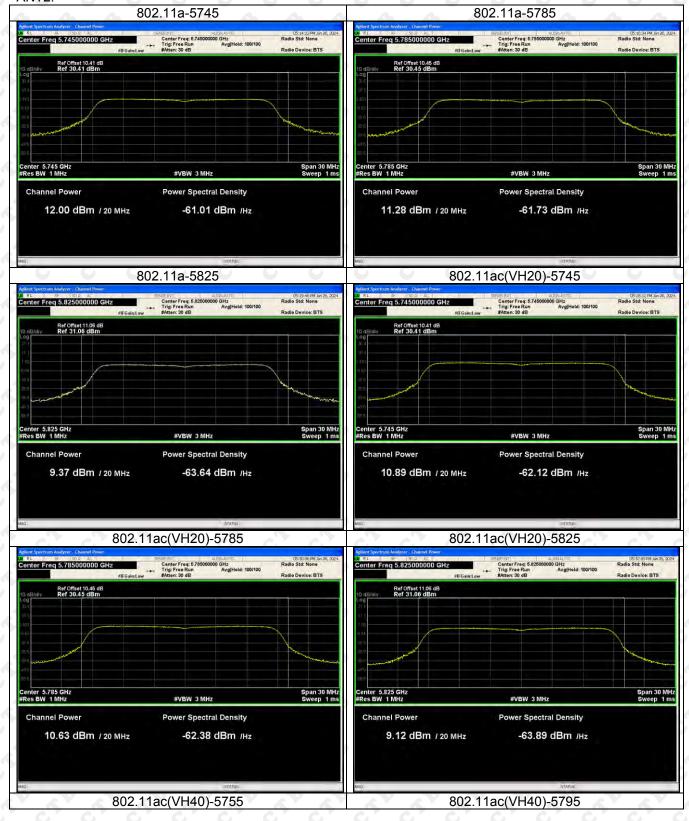




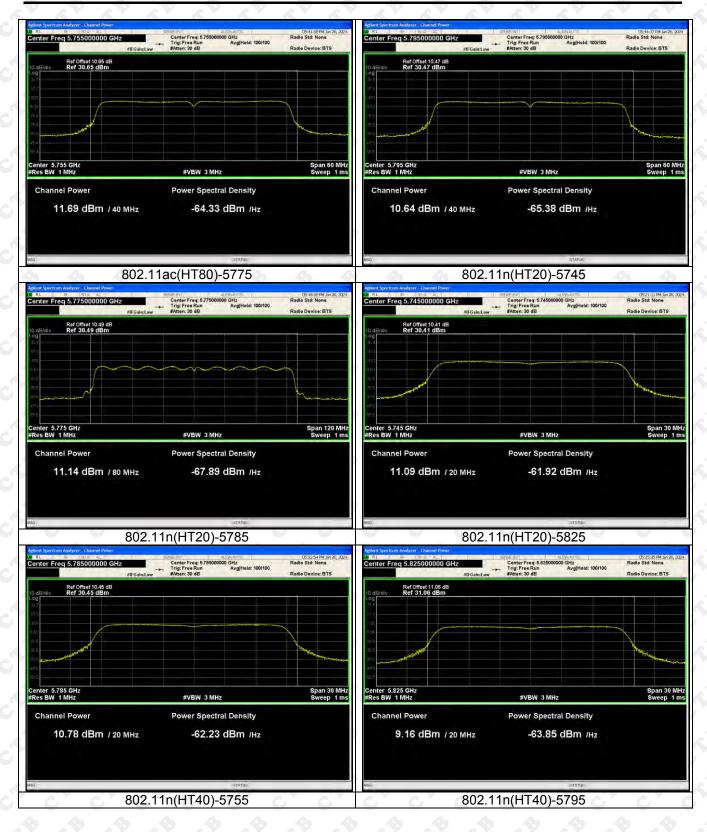
Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 41 of 88



## ANT2:

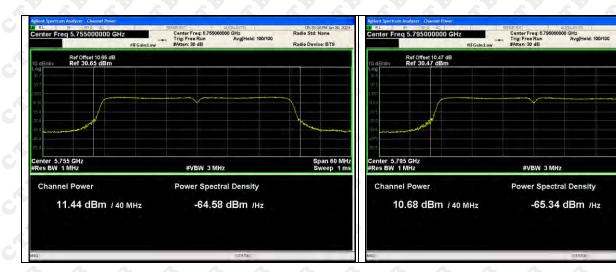






Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 43 of 88





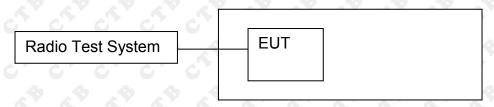
Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net

Span 60 MHz Sweep 1 ms



#### 10. EMISSION BANDWIDTH& OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

## 10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



#### 10.2 Limits

- (1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (e) Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

## 10.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

#### 1. Emission Bandwidth (EBW)

- a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
- b) Set the VBW > RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

### 2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 kHz for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

- a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 \* RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 45 of 88



- d) Trace mode = max hold.
- e) Sweep = auto couple.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described in this section. For devices that use channel aggregation refer to III.A and III.C for determining emission bandwidth.

#### D. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99% occupied bandwidth is *required* only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99% occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to define the minimum frequency range over which the 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Page 4 spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with Section 15.407(a).

The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:

- 1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.
- 2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.
- 3. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW
- 4. Set VBW ≥ 3 \* RBW
- 5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- 6. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).
- 7. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 46 of 88



# 10.4 Test Results

Test mode	Test Channel	26dB Bandwidth
ANT 1	(MHz)	(MHz)
	5180	21.055
802.11a	5200	21.059
A . A .	5240	21.198
0 0	5180	21.324
802.11ac20	5200	21.101
	5240	20.970
802.11ac40	5190	40.973
002.11a040	5230	40.860
802.11ac80	5210	78.924
An An	5180	21.358
802.11n(HT20)	5200	21.029
	5240	21.193
000 44m/LIT40)	5190	40.546
802.11n(HT40)	5230	40.570

Test mode ANT 2	Test Channel (MHz)	26dB Bandwidth (MHz)	
A 4	5180	21.025	
802.11a	5200	20.832	
	5240	20.959	
VA VA	5180	21.259	
802.11ac20	5200	20.942	
	5240	21.078	
000 4440	5190	41.306	
802.11ac40	5230	40.945	
802.11ac80	5210	79.129	
	5180	21.145	
802.11n(HT20)	5200	21.165	
	5240	21.072	
000 44m/LIT40)	5190	40.863	
802.11n(HT40)	5230	40.535	

Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 47 of 88



# 5725-5850 MHz

Test mode Ant 1	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
802.11a	5745	16.523	Pass
	5785	16.511	Pass
	5825	16.550	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5745	17.791	Pass
	5785	17.763	Pass
	5825	17.795	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5755	36.506	Pass
	5795	36.471	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5775	76.272	Pass
802.11n(VH20)	5745	17.802	Pass
	5785	17.799	Pass
	5825	17.799	Pass
802.11n(VH40)	5755	36.519	Pass
	5795	36.486	Pass

Test mode Ant 2	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
802.11a	5745	16.546	Pass
	5785	16.560	Pass
	5825	16.537	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5745	17.762	Pass
	5785	17.725	Pass
	5825	17.781	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5755	36.497	Pass
	5795	36.491	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5775	76.364	Pass
802.11n(VH20)	5745	17.719	Pass
	5785	17.707	Pass
	5825	17.716	Pass
802.11n(VH40)	5755	36.505	Pass
	5795	36.440	Pass

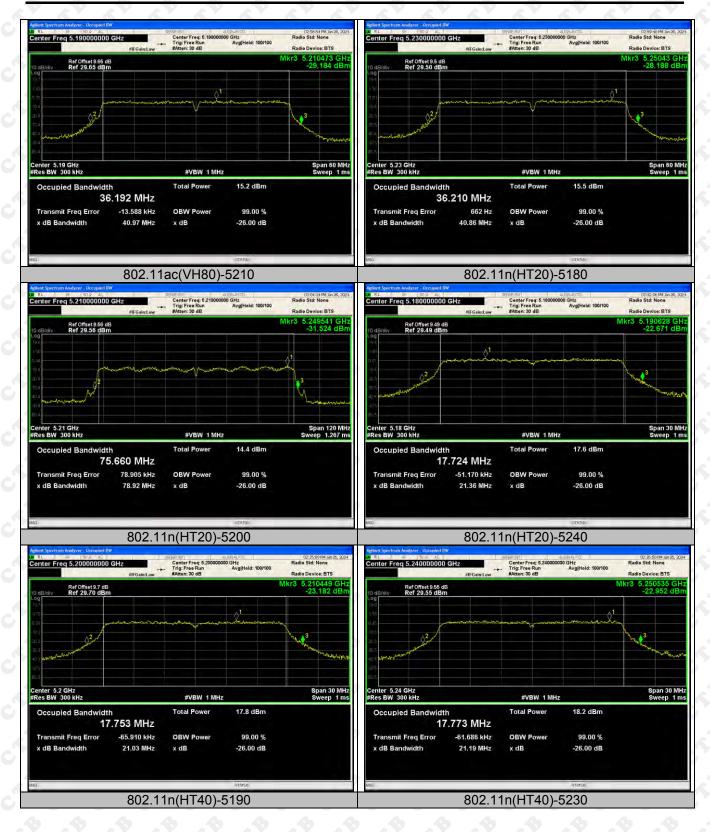
Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 48 of 88



## **Test Graph**







Report Tel: 4008-707-283 Web: http://www.ctb-lab.net Page 50 of 88