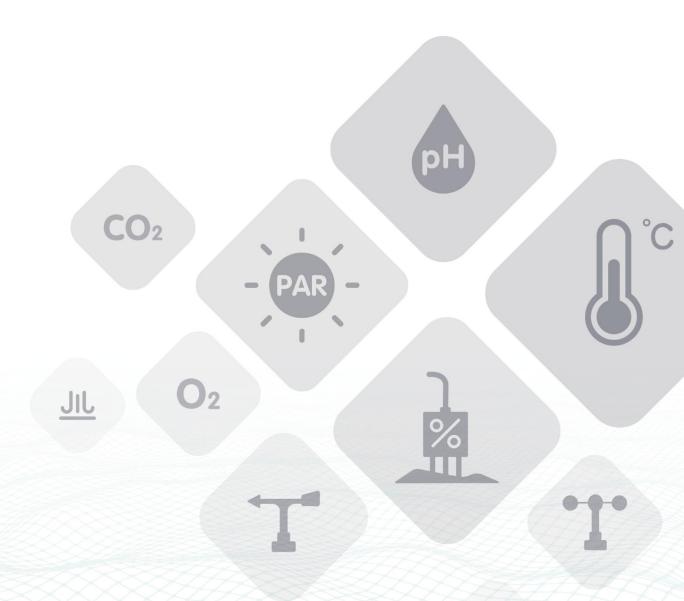


Multi-Depth Soil Sensor User Manual

Product Model: S-Multi Soil MTEC-01B

Version: V1.0





1 Product Introduction

This Multi-Soil MT-01 Soil Sensor can monitor soil at different depths in real-time. By measuring the dielectric constant of the soil, this Multi-Soil MT-01 sensor can directly and stably reflect the true moisture content of various soils, and is the internationally standard method of measuring soil moisture. Apply to water-saving in farming, checking the weather, monitoring the environment, growing flowers and vegetables in greenhouses, grassy fields, soil testing, plant cultivation, scientific experiments, and more.

Features:

- Soil moisture content, electrical conductivity, and temperature all in one.
- Multi-layer monitoring. Supports 4 layers of soil temperature & moisture & EC monitoring.
- High-quality plastic shell. Anti-aging and resistant to corrosion from acid and alkali in the soil.
- Tight waterproof treatment. It can be immersed in water for a long time without leakage.
- Reliable performance. Measurement accuracy is high, less affected by soil salinity, and applicable to various soil types.
- Multi-directional imitation misconnection protection. With the power line, ground line, and signal line, there is multi-directional anti-wrong connection protection.



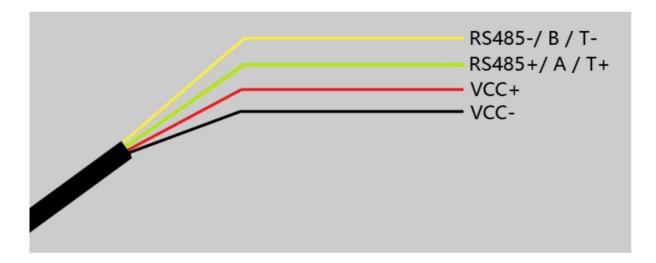
2 Specification

Soil Temperature	
Range	-30 ∼ 70 ℃
Accuracy	±0.5 ℃
Resolution	0.1 ℃
Soil Moisture	
Range	0 ~ 70 %
Accuracy	±3 %
Resolution	0.1 %
Electrical Conductivity	
Range	$0 \sim 5000$ μs/cm Extensible customization range: $0 \sim 20000$ μs/cm
Accuracy	±10 %
Resolution	10 μs/cm
General Parameters	
Interface	RS-485
Protocol	MODBUS-RTU RS485
Measurement Point	10cm (4 in) 20cm (8 in) 30cm (12 in) 40cm (16 in)
Measurement Area	Within 10cm outside the surface
Response Time	<100ms
Start-up Time	10 seconds after powering on
Power Supply	12V ~ 24V
	12V /40mA
Current Consumption	24V /20mA
Operating Temperature	24V /20mA -10℃ ~ 55℃
-	
Operating Temperature	-10℃ ~ 55℃



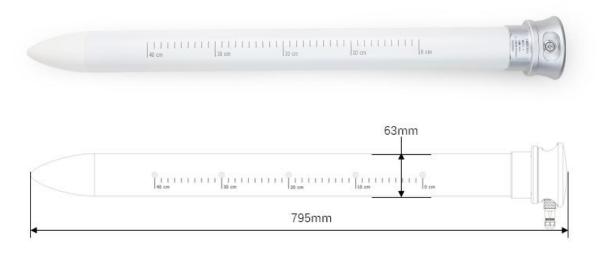
3 Hardware overview

3.1 Wiring



1	Aviation Connector	Sensor Wire	Description
	1	VCC+	DC 12-24V
5	2	NC	No connect
$\left[\left(\begin{array}{ccc} \otimes & 3 & \bigcirc \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \end{array} \right) \right]$	3	RS485 A	-
2 4	4	RS485 B	-
	5	GND	Ground

3.2 Dimensions





4 Installation

Set monitoring locations:

Use an earth auger to drill holes at suitable locations, then remove impurities from the removed earth, rub it fine, and add water to make a slurry.





Grouting installation:

Slowly pour the mud into the hole and turn the sensor down slowly in one direction. Until some of the mud is spilled and the 0 scale line is level with the ground surface.





Notice: Installation should be done slowly, do not pull the sensor upwards to avoid air entering the hole and affecting the measurement.

Wait for mud to stabilize:

After completing the installation, it is necessary to wait for a period of time until the slurry has stabilised and returned to its normal state before starting monitoring.



5 RS485 Modbus Protocol

5.1 Modbus Protocol

Modbus Protocol is widely used to establish master-slave communication between intelligent devices or sensors. A MODBUS message sent from a master to a slave contains the address of the slave, the function code (e.g. 'read register' or 'write register'), the data, and a checksum (LRC or CRC).

Multi-Soil MT-01 sensor with RS485 interface supports Modbus protocol. The communication parameters to factory default values for: Baud rate 9600 bps, one start bit, 8 data bits, no parity, one stop bit.

Communication protocol is Modbus RTU protocol. Communication parameters can be changed by the setup program or MODBUS command, after the communication parameters are changed, the sensor is required to re-enter the sensor to be effective.

Following modbus function code are supported by sensor:

Modbus Function Code 0x03: used for reading holding register.

Modbus Function Code 0x04: used for reading input register.

Modbus Function Code 0x06: used for writing single holding register.

Modbus Function Code 0x10: used for writing multiple



5.2 Modbus Registers

Parameter Name	Register Address	Parameter Type	Modbus Function number	Parameter Range and Description
Soil Temperature (10cm)	0x0000 /0	INT16, read	3/4	-32768-32767 Divide by 10 to get the true value Unit: °C
Soil Moisture (10cm)	0x0001 /1	UINT16, read	3/4	0-1000 Correspond to 0-100%
Soil EC (10cm)	0x0002 /2	UINT16, read	3/4	0-500 Correspond to 0-5000 µs/cm
Soil Temperature (20cm)	0x0003 /3	INT16, read	3/4	-32768-32767 Divide by 10 to get the true value Unit: °C
Soil Moisture (20cm)	0x0004 /4	UINT16, read	3/4	0-1000 Correspond to 0-100%
Soil EC (20cm)	0x0005 /5	UINT16, read	3/4	0-500 Correspond to 0-5000 µs/cm
Soil Temperature (30cm)	0x0006 /6	INT16, read	3/4	-32768-32767 Divide by 10 to get the true value Unit: °C
Soil Moisture (30cm)	0x0007 /7	UINT16, read	3/4	0-1000 Correspond to 0-100%
Soil EC (30cm)	0x0008 /8	UINT16, read	3/4	0-500 Correspond to 0-5000 µs/cm
Soil Temperature (40cm)	0x0009 /9	INT16, read	3/4	-32768-32767 Divide by 10 to get the true value Unit:°C
Soil Moisture (40cm)	0x000A /10	UINT16, read	3/4	0-1000 Correspond to 0-100%
Soil EC (40cm)	0x000B/11	UINT16, read	3/4	0-500 Correspond to 0-5000 µs/cm
Slave ADDRESS	0x0100 /256	UINT16, Read/Write	3/6/16	0-255 Default is 49 (Dec)



5.3 Reading Sensor Data

Reads data (soil temperature, soil moisture, soil EC) from the sensor (address 49, decimal)

Master Send:

31 03 0000 000C 403F (CRC Checksum)

Sensor Response:

31 03 18	00D3 (Soil Temperature-10cm)	0110 (Soil Moisture-10cm)	0028 (Soil
EC-10cm)	00D0 (Soil Temperature-20cm)	0121 (Soil Moisture-20cm)	0032 (Soil
EC-20cm)	00CD (Soil Temperature-30cm)	012E (Soil Moisture-30cm)	003C (Soil
EC-30cm)	00CB (Soil Temperature-40cm)	0138 (Soil Moisture-40cm)	0041 (Soil
EC-40cm)	62D9 (CRC Checksum)		

Data representation:

Soil Temperature: INT16 format, divide by 10 to get real value in $^{\circ}$ C Soil Moisture: UINT16 format, divide by 10 to get real value in $\%(m^3/m^3)$ Soil EC: UINT16 format, multiply by 10 to get the true value in μ s/cm

For example, the data above indicates that:

10cm: Soil Temperature: 21.	°C, Soil Moisture: 27.2%(n	<mark>n³/m³)</mark> ,	Soil EC: 400 µs/cm;
20cm: Soil Temperature: 20.8	<mark>8℃, Soil Moisture: 28.9%(</mark> r	<mark>n³/m³)</mark> ,	Soil EC: 500 µs/cm;
30cm: Soil Temperature: 20.5	<mark>5℃, Soil Moisture: 30.2%(</mark> r	<mark>n³/m³)</mark> ,	Soil EC: 600 µs/cm;
40cm: Soil Temperature: 20.3	<mark>5℃, Soil Moisture: 31.2%(</mark> n	n ³ /m ³),	Soil EC: 650 µs/cm;

5.4 Modify Modbus Address

Set default Modbus address (49 in decimal) to 02:

Slave	Function	Register	Register	Register	Register	CRC16	CRC16
Addr	Code	Addr H	Addr L	Data H	Data L	Н	L
31	06	01	00	00	02	0C	07

Repeat the sent command if the sensor successfully receives and modifies the address.

Use the **broadcast command** to set the sensor address to **03**:

Slave	Function	Register	Register	Register	Register	CRC16	CRC16
Addr	Code	Addr H	Addr L	Data H	Data L	Н	L
FF	06	01	00	00	03	DC	38

Repeat the sent command if the sensor successfully receives and modifies the address.

Notice: Make sure that only **one slave** is connected when using the broadcast address to modify the sensor address.



6 Document Version

Version	Date	Description	Editor
V1.0	1/24/2025	First edition	Leo Liu