



MICROCHIP

**KSZ9477S EDS2
Daughter Card
User Guide**

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ISBN: 979-8-3371-1811-6

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Table of Contents

Preface	5
Introduction	5
Document Layout	5
Conventions Used in this Guide	6
Warranty Registration	7
The Microchip Web Site	7
Development Systems Customer Change Notification Service	7
Customer Support	8
Document Revision History	8
Chapter 1. Overview	
1.1 Introduction	9
1.2 Features	10
1.3 References	10
1.4 Acronyms and Definitions	10
Chapter 2. Getting Started	
2.1 Overview	13
2.2 KSZ9477S Installation	13
2.3 Quick Start	15
2.4 KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card Removal	16
Chapter 3. Hardware	
3.1 Introduction	17
3.2 Connectors	18
3.3 Test Points	19
3.4 LEDS	20
3.5 Configuration Straps	20
3.6 Management Interface Selection	21
3.7 Reset	22
3.8 Clocks	22
3.9 Power	22
3.10 KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card EEPROM	23
Chapter 4. System Boot	
4.1 Overview	25
4.2 KSZ9477S EDS2 System Power-Up	26
Appendix A. Schematics	
A.1 Introduction	33

Appendix B. Bill of Materials

 B.1 Introduction 39

Appendix C. PCB Layers

 C.1 Introduction 43

Preface

NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS

All documentation becomes dated, and this manual is no exception. Microchip tools and documentation are constantly evolving to meet customer needs, so some actual dialogs and/or tool descriptions may differ from those in this document. Please refer to our web site (www.microchip.com) to obtain the latest documentation available.

Documents are identified with a “DS” number. This number is located on the bottom of each page, in front of the page number. The numbering convention for the DS number is “DSXXXXA”, where “XXXX” is the document number and “A” is the revision level of the document.

For the most up-to-date information on development tools, see the MPLAB® IDE online help. Select the Help menu, and then Topics to open a list of available online help files.

INTRODUCTION

This chapter contains general information that will be useful to know before using the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card User Guide. Items discussed in this chapter include:

- [Document Layout](#)
- [Conventions Used in this Guide](#)
- [Warranty Registration](#)
- [The Microchip Web Site](#)
- [Development Systems Customer Change Notification Service](#)
- [Customer Support](#)
- [Document Revision History](#)

DOCUMENT LAYOUT

This document features the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card. The manual layout is as follows:

- **Chapter 1. “Overview”** – This chapter provides an overview of the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card and a brief description of the card’s features.
- **Chapter 2. “Getting Started”** – This chapter provides information on the setup and operation of the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.
- **Chapter 3. “Hardware”** – This chapter shows the different connection types found on the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.
- **Chapter 4. “System Boot”** – This chapter explains how to use device tree overlays when booting the host system.
- **Appendix A. “Schematics”** – This section shows the schematic drawings of the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.
- **Appendix B. “Bill of Materials”** – This section shows the Bill of Materials (BOM) for the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.
- **Appendix C. “PCB Layers”** – This section shows the PCB layers of the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.

CONVENTIONS USED IN THIS GUIDE

This manual uses the following documentation conventions:

DOCUMENTATION CONVENTIONS

Description	Represents	Examples
Arial font:		
Italic characters	Referenced books	<i>MPLAB® IDE User's Guide</i>
	Emphasized text	...is the <i>only</i> compiler...
Initial caps	A window	the Output window
	A dialog	the Settings dialog
	A menu selection	select Enable Programmer
Quotes	A field name in a window or dialog	"Save project before build"
Underlined, italic text with right angle bracket	A menu path	<u>File>Save</u>
Bold characters	A dialog button	Click OK
	A tab	Click the Power tab
N'Rnnnn	A number in verilog format, where N is the total number of digits, R is the radix and n is a digit.	4'b0010, 2'hF1
Text in angle brackets < >	A key on the keyboard	Press <Enter>, <F1>
Courier New font:		
Plain Courier New	Sample source code	#define START
	Filenames	autoexec.bat
	File paths	c:\mcc18\h
	Keywords	_asm, _endasm, static
	Command-line options	-Opa+, -Opa-
	Bit values	0, 1
	Constants	0xFF, 'A'
Italic Courier New	A variable argument	<i>file.o</i> , where <i>file</i> can be any valid filename
Square brackets []	Optional arguments	mcc18 [options] <i>file</i> [options]
Curly brackets and pipe character: { }	Choice of mutually exclusive arguments; an OR selection	errorlevel {0 1}
Ellipses...	Replaces repeated text	var_name [, var_name...]
	Represents code supplied by user	void main (void) { ... }

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- **General Technical Support** – Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs), technical support requests, online discussion groups, Microchip consultant program member listing
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- **Emulators** – The latest information on Microchip in-circuit emulators. This includes the MPLAB REAL ICE and MPLAB ICE 2000 in-circuit emulators.
- **In-Circuit Debuggers** – The latest information on the Microchip in-circuit debuggers. This includes MPLAB ICD 3 in-circuit debuggers and PICkit 3 debug express.
- **MPLAB IDE** – The latest information on Microchip MPLAB IDE, the Windows Integrated Development Environment for development systems tools. This list is focused on the MPLAB IDE, MPLAB IDE Project Manager, MPLAB Editor and MPLAB SIM simulator, as well as general editing and debugging features.
- **Programmers** – The latest information on Microchip programmers. These include production programmers such as MPLAB REAL ICE in-circuit emulator, MPLAB ICD 3 in-circuit debugger and MPLAB PM3 device programmers. Also included are nonproduction development programmers such as PICSTART Plus and PIC-kit 2 and 3.

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- Field Application Engineer (FAE)
- Technical Support

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Technical support is available through the web site at:

<http://www.microchip.com/support>

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revisions	Section/Figure/Entry	Correction
DS50003928A (08-18-25)	Initial release	

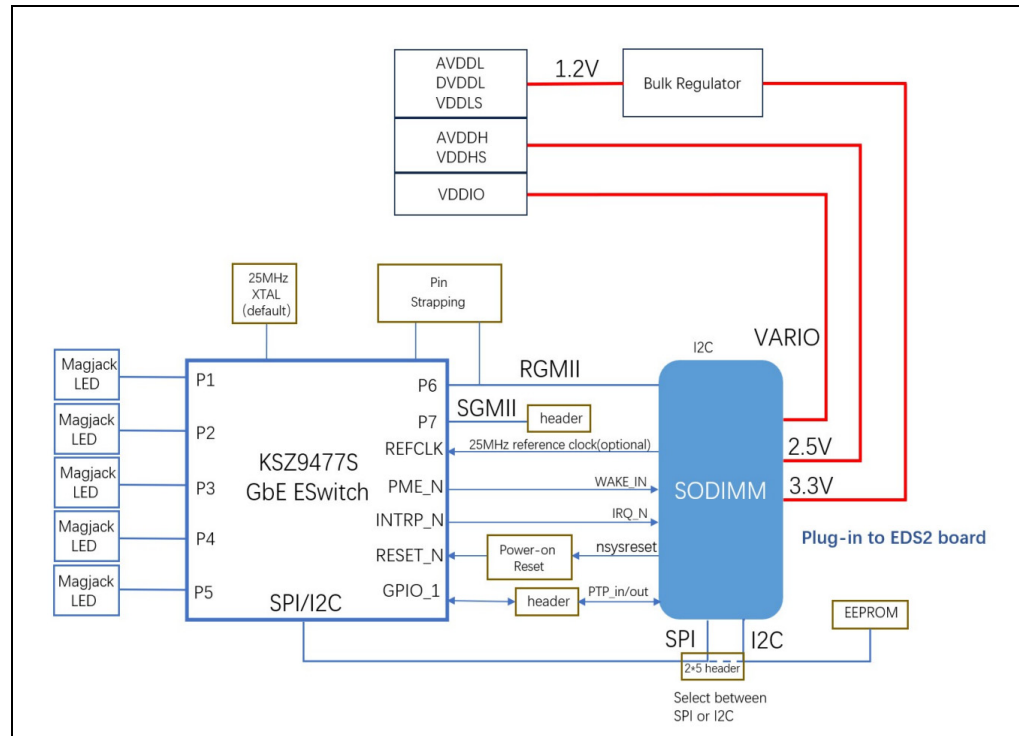
Chapter 1. Overview

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The KSZ9477S is designed for evaluation of the Microchip KSZ9477S Gigabit Ethernet Switch when used with a Microchip EDS2 compatible host board. A SODIMM 260-pin connector for the EDS2 Host - KSZ9477S Interface is used due to its high performance, high pin count, and low cost.

This document describes the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card setup and user interface features. A simplified block diagram is shown in [Figure 1-1](#).

FIGURE 1-1: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD BLOCK DIAGRAM



1.2 FEATURES

These are the features of the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card:

- Microchip KSZ9477S Gigabit Ethernet Switch with SGMII and RGMII/MII/RMII
- Microchip VXM7-9013-25M0000 crystal for 25 MHz
- Microchip MIC23303YML-TR 4 MHz Buck PWM regulator for 1.2V generation
- Microchip MIC2790N Reset supervisor with Reset LED indicator
- Microchip 24AA014H I²C Serial EEPROM for board identification
- Two Dual 10/100/1000 Mb RJ45 Integrated Connector and Magnetics with LEDs
- One Single 10/100/1000 Mb RJ45 Integrated Connector and Magnetics with LEDs
- 1x5-pin SGMII header
- Selectable SPI or I²C Management interface
- Compliant with the SODIMM EDS2 Interface Specification with RGMII interface to the Host processor
- SPST switch for Reset
- Green LED indicator for 1.2V
- Test points for power rails and GND
- Configurable GPIO pins for IEEE1588 (Precision Time Protocol) timestamp capture input or event trigger output

1.3 REFERENCES

Concepts and materials available in the following documents may be helpful when reading this document. Visit the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card product page at www.microchip.com for the latest documentation.

- *KSZ9477S Data Sheet*
- *KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card Schematics*
- *KSZ9477S Hardware Design Checklist*
- *SAMA7D65 Curiosity Rev 2 Schematics*
- *SAMA7D65 Curiosity Rev 2 User's Guide*
- *EDS2 SODIMM IF Development Guide*

1.4 ACRONYMS AND DEFINITIONS

Table 1-1 shows the terms used in this user guide.

TABLE 1-1: ACRONYMS AND DEFINITIONS

Term	Definition
ARP	Address Resolution Protocol
COM	Communications Port
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DIP	Dual In-line Package
DSUB	D - Subminiature
EP	Extended Page
GPIO	General Purpose Input/Output
HSR	High-reliability Seamless Redundancy
ICM	Integrated Connector Magnetic
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers
I/O	Input/Output

TABLE 1-1: ACRONYMS AND DEFINITIONS (CONTINUED)

Term	Definition
IP	Internet Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
LSB	Least Significant Byte/Bit
MAC	Media Access Controller
MDIO	Management/Data Input/Output
MII	Media Independent Interface
NIC	Network Interface Card
OUI	Organizationally Unique Identifier
PC	Personal Computer
PCB	Printed Circuit Board
PCS	Physical Coding Sublayer
PDU	Payload Data Unit
PHY	Physical Layer Transceiver
PN	Part Number
PRP	Parallel Redundancy Protocol
RGMII	Reduced Gigabit Media Independent Interface
SGMII	Serial Gigabit Media Independent Interface
QSGMII	Quad Serial Gigabit Media Independent Interface
Q-USGMII	Quad Universal Serial Gigabit Media Independent Interface
SMA	Sub-Miniature version A
SODIMM	Small Outline Dual In-line Memory Module
TCXO	Temperature-Compensated Crystal Oscillator
TFTP	Trivial File Transfer Protocol
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
USB	Universal Serial Bus
VDFN	Very-small Dual Flat, No Leads
VM	Virtual Machine
VREG	Voltage Regulator
XO	Crystal oscillator

NOTES:

Chapter 2. Getting Started

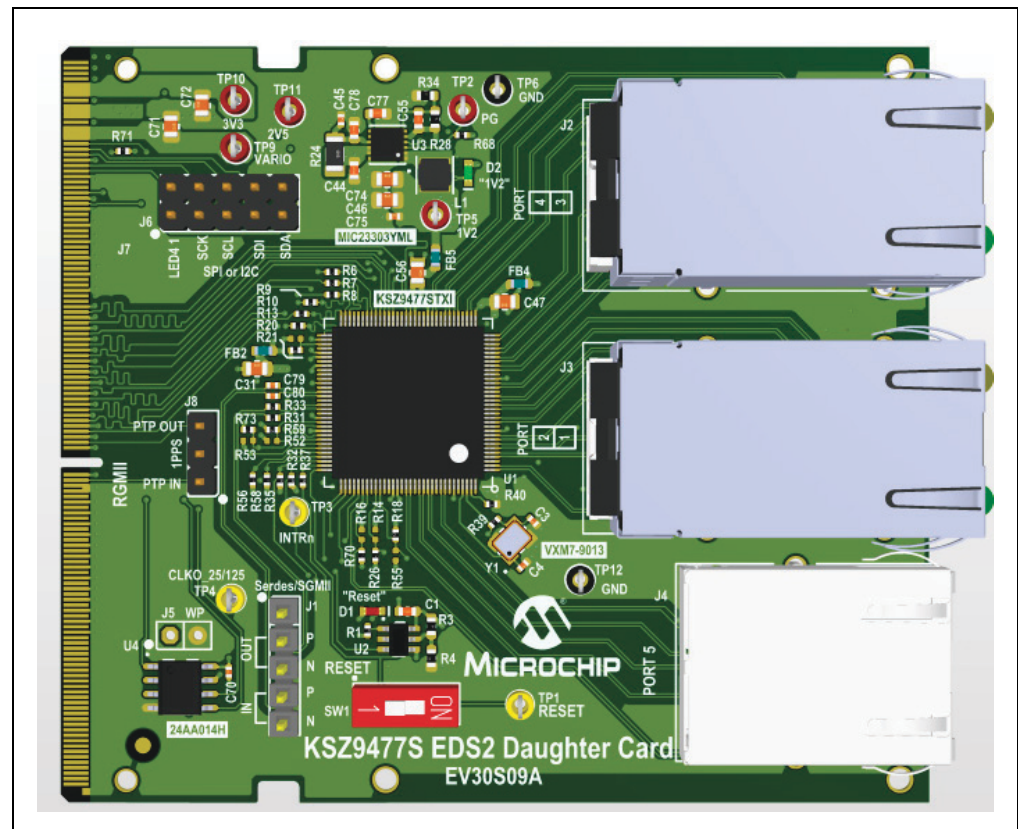
2.1 OVERVIEW

This chapter provides a quick start guide for using the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card. The SAMA7D65 Curiosity (Rev 2) serves as the host board. Refer to the *SAMA7D65 Curiosity User Guide* for the correct jumper configuration.

2.2 KSZ9477S INSTALLATION

Figure 2-1 shows the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.

FIGURE 2-1: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD



1. Verify that the host board power is OFF.
2. Install the two snap lock spacers (Würth Elektronik part number 709652500) included in the kit on the SAMA7D65 Curiosity mounting holes for mechanical support. See [Figure 2-2](#).

Header	Function
J2	AUX power at board shutdown
J4	VBA1 series jumper
J6, J7	PAC1934 TMI selection
J12	M.2 WiFi Intf. SELECT
J32	CAN1...3 Enable
J36	NAND Chip Select
J37	GMAC1 25MHz CLK enable
J39	QSPI0 Chip Select

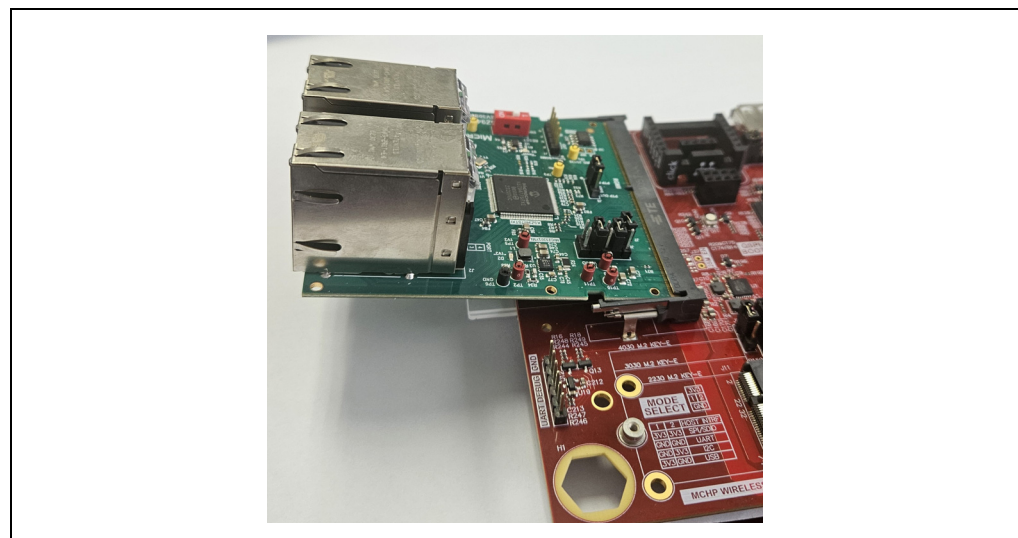
PAC1934 USB

SD CARD

4030 M.2 KEY-E

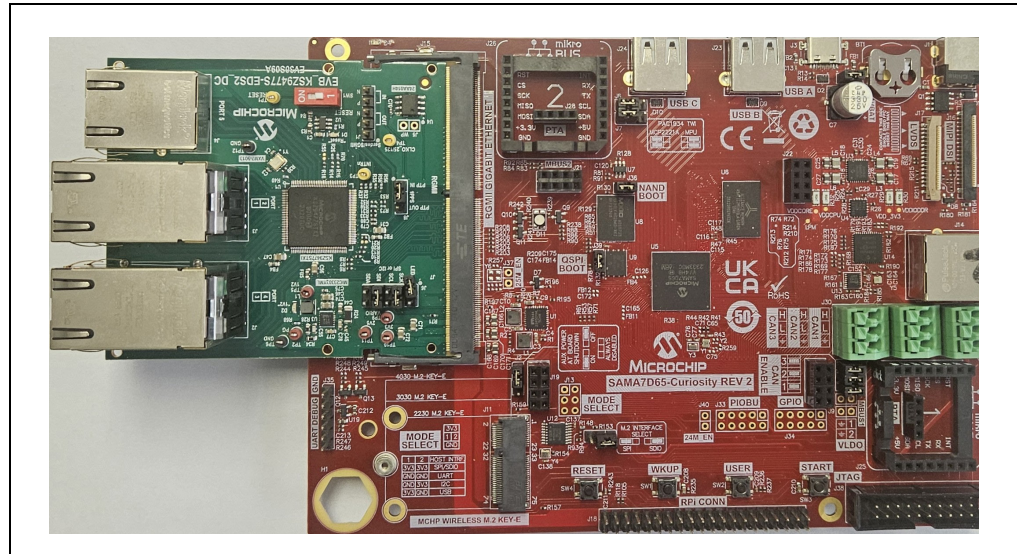
J25 J2 J3 J4 J5 J6 J7 J8 J9 J10 J11 J12 J13 J14 J15 J16 J17 J18 J19 J20 J21 J22 J23 J24 J25 J26 J27 J28 J29 J30 J31 J32 J33 J34 J35 J36 J37 J38 J39 J40 J41 J42 J43 J44 J45 J46 J47 J48 J49 J50 J51 J52 J53 J54 J55 J56 J57 J58 J59 J60 J61 J62 J63 J64 J65 J66 J67 J68 J69 J70 J71 J72 J73 J74 J75 J76 J77 J78 J79 J80 J81 J82 J83 J84 J85 J86 J87 J88 J89 J90 J91 J92 J93 J94 J95 J96 J97 J98 J99 J100

- ### FIGURE 2-3: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD INSTALLATION



4. Push down the daughter card until it latches into the SODIMM receptacle latches.
5. After installation, the boards should appear as shown in [Figure 2-4](#).

FIGURE 2-4: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD INSTALLED



6. Connect an Ethernet cable between the Daughter Card's RJ45 port and a link partner device.

CAUTION

Connecting or disconnecting Ethernet cables after powering up the board is not recommended as the board fingers could be disconnected from the SODIMM receptacle and leave the board in an inconsistent state or even cause damage to the board.

2.3 QUICK START

Conduct the following steps to start using the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card:

1. Verify if the SW1 slide switch is set as shown in [Figure 2-5](#).

FIGURE 2-5: SW1 SLIDE SWITCH



2. Insert a programmed microSD card on SAMA7D65 Curiosity microSD card slot J10.
3. Connect an FTDI TTL-232R-3V3 USB cable between J35 of SAMA7D65 and a Windows PC.
4. Power on the SAMA7D65 board by plugging a 5V DC power supply from the AC/DC adapter to J1 of the SAMA7D65 board.
5. See [Chapter 4. "System Boot"](#) for details of the boot process.

2.4 KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD REMOVAL

Complete the following procedure to remove the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card from the SODIMM EDS2 receptacle:

1. Verify that the host board power is OFF.
2. Disconnect the RJ45 cables.
3. If snap locks are used, release them from the daughter card. A pair of long-nose pliers can be used to close the latch pins for easy release.
4. Gently pull the SODIMM receptacle arms away from the daughter card. It should snap upwards.
5. Grab the daughter card by its edges and remove it from the SODIMM EDS2 receptacle.

Chapter 3. Hardware

3.1 INTRODUCTION

This chapter provides a description of the KSZ9477S hardware, including the headers, test points, LEDs, and switches on the board.

The top side and bottom side of the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card are shown in [Figure 3-1](#) and [Figure 3-2](#), respectively.

FIGURE 3-1: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD (TOP SIDE)

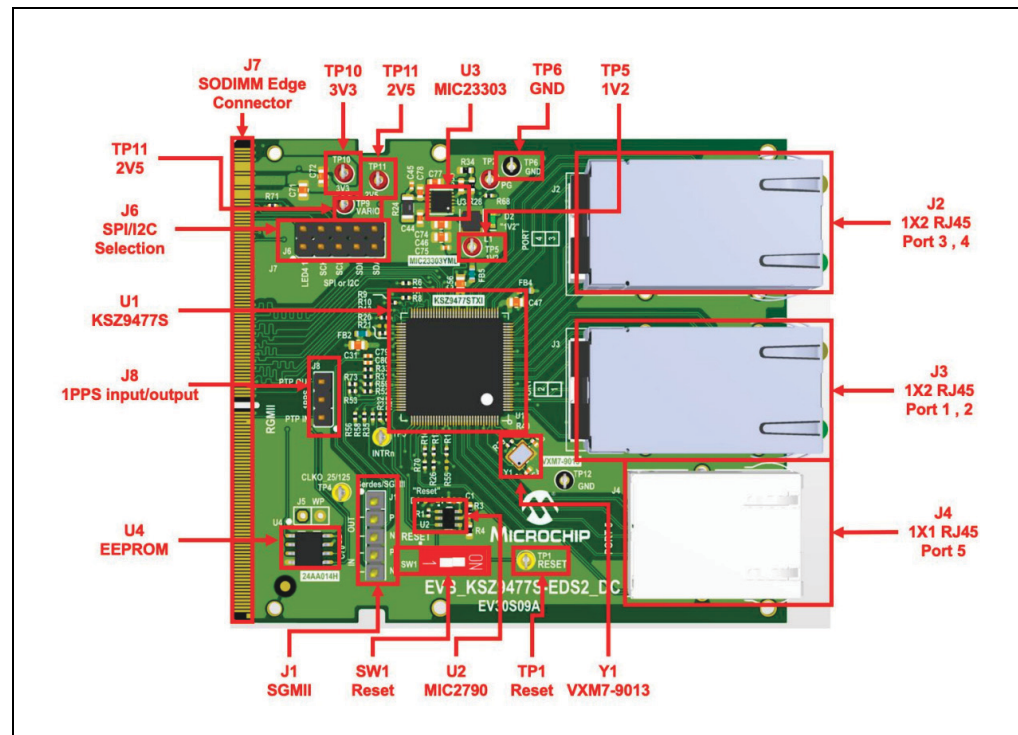
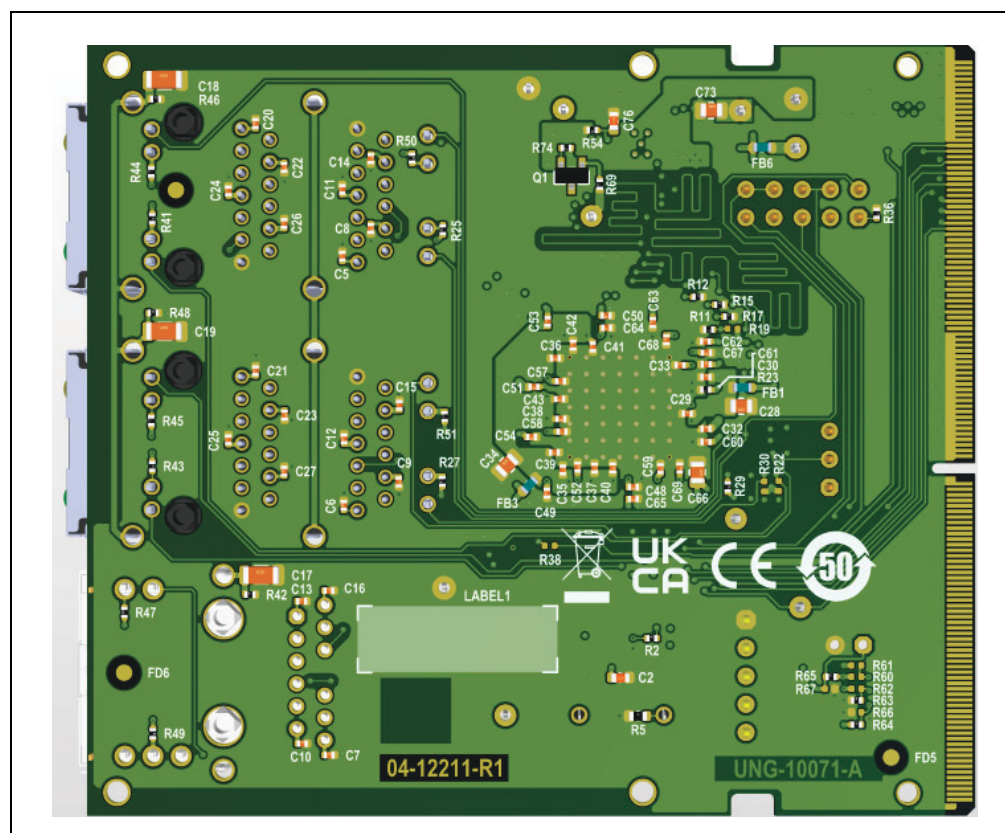


FIGURE 3-2: KSZ9477S (BOTTOM SIDE)



3.2 CONNECTORS

Table 3-1 describes the connectors on the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.

TABLE 3-1: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD CONNECTORS

Reference Designator	Name	Description
J1	SGMII header 1x5	Provides access to the SGMII port of the KSZ9477S switch
J2	RJ45 ICM 1x2	Ethernet RJ45 connector with integrated magnetics for two 1 Gb ports
J3	RJ45 ICM 1x2	Ethernet RJ45 connector with integrated magnetics for two 1 Gb ports
J4	RJ45 ICM 1x1	Single-port Ethernet RJ45 connector with integrated magnetics
J5	EEPROM WP header 1x2	EEPROM write protection (header not installed). Used to disable write protection during EEPROM programming.
J6	SPI/I ² C selection header 2x5	Used to select between SPI or I ² C management interface from Microchip EDS2 compatible host to KSZ9477S

TABLE 3-1: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD CONNECTORS

Reference Designator	Name	Description
J7	SODIMM-260 pin Edge Connector	Provides power and signals for operation. Connects to Micro-chip EDS2 compatible host.

3.3 TEST POINTS

[Table 3-2](#) lists the test points on the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.

TABLE 3-2: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD TEST POINTS

Test Point	Color	Description
TP1	Yellow	RESET_SW
TP2	Red	1V2 power good
TP3	Yellow	INTR_N
TP4	Yellow	CLKO_25_125
TP5	Red	1V2
TP6	Black	GND
TP9	Red	VARIO
TP10	Red	3V3
TP11	Red	2V5
TP12	Black	GND

3.4 LEDS

Table 3-3 details the LEDS on the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.

TABLE 3-3: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD LEDS

Reference Designator	Name	Description
D1	RESET	Red LED RESET indicator
D2	1V2	Green LED 1V2 indicator
J3A - Left	RJ45 Port 1 - Left	Green LED connected to KSZ9477S LED1_1
J3A - Right	RJ45 Port 1 - Right	Yellow LED connected to KSZ9477S LED1_0
J3B - Left	RJ45 Port 2 - Left	Green LED connected to KSZ9477S LED2_1
J3B - Right	RJ45 Port 2 - Right	Yellow LED connected to KSZ9477S LED2_0
J2A - Left	RJ45 Port 3 - Left	Green LED connected to KSZ9477S LED3_1
J2A - Right	RJ45 Port 3 - Right	Yellow LED connected to KSZ9477S LED3_0
J2B - Left	RJ45 Port 4 - Left	Green LED connected to KSZ9477S LED4_1
J2B - Right	RJ45 Port 4 - Right	Yellow LED connected to KSZ9477S LED4_0
J4 - Left	RJ45 Port 5 - Left	Green LED connected to KSZ9477S LED5_1
J4 - Right	RJ45 Port 5 - Right	Yellow LED connected to KSZ9477S LED5_0

3.5 CONFIGURATION STRAPS

Table 3-4 shows the configuration straps on the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.

TABLE 3-4: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD CONFIGURATION STRAP

Reference Designator PU/PD	Name	Description
R14/R26*	Quiet Wire Filtering	0 – Enable, 1* – Disable
R18/R55*	Flow Control	0 – Disable 1* – Enable
R30/R58*	Link-up mode	0 – Fast Link-up 1* – Normal Link-up
R52/R59*	Auto-negotiation bit 1	0 0 – Reserved 0 1 – Auto-negotiation Disabled
R22/R56*	Auto-negotiation bit 0	1 0 – Test Mode 1 1* – Auto- negotiation Enabled
R36 (note 3)	Management I/F Bit 1	Management I/F [1:0]
R53/R73*	Management I/F Bit 0	0 0 – MIIM 0 1 – I ² C* 1 X – SPI*

Note 1: Only one of the two PU/PD resistors is installed.

2: * indicates default.

3: See [Section 3.6 “Management Interface Selection”](#) for more configurations for the management interface.

TABLE 3-4: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD CONFIGURATION STRAP

Reference Designator PU/PD	Name	Description
R16/R70*	SW_EN	0 – Switch disabled at startup 1* – Switch enabled at startup
R20/R21*	IBA	0 – Disable In-Band Management* 1 – Enable In-Band Management
R19/R11*	Port 6 Speed Select	0* – 1000 Mbps Mode 1 – 100 Mbps Mode
R12*	Port 6 Mode Bit 1	Port 6 Mode [1:0] 00 – RGMII*
R15*	Port 6 Mode Bit 0	01 – RMII 10 – Reserved 11 – MII

- Note 1:** Only one of the two PU/PD resistors is installed.
2: * indicates default.
3: See [Section 3.6 “Management Interface Selection”](#) for more configurations for the management interface.

3.6 MANAGEMENT INTERFACE SELECTION

The management interface types supported by KSZ9477S include SPI, I²C, and MIIM which are determined by two strapping bits as shown in [Table 3-5](#):

TABLE 3-5: STRAPPING PINS TO SELECT MANAGEMENT INTERFACE

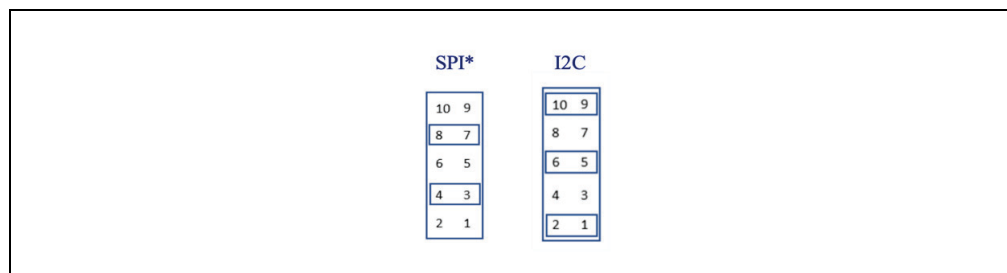
Reference Designator	Name	Description
R36 and J6	Management I/F Bit 1	Management I/F [1:0]
R53/R73*	Management I/F Bit 0	00 – MIIM 01 – I ² C* 1X – SPI*

R73 is installed by default, so Management I/F Bit 0 is set to 1. Therefore, I²C or SPI can be further determined by Management I/F Bit 1. In this design, Management I/F Bit 1 is connected to pin 2 of J6 and pin 1, and J6 is connected to R36 and then to GND. Shorting pin 1 and 2 results in Management I/F Bit 1 being low, allowing I²C mode selection. Leaving pin 1 and 2 open results in Management I/F Bit 1 being high by default, allowing SPI mode selection. [Figure 3-3](#) shows the jumper placement for selecting either SPI or I²C mode.

Short pins 3, 4, 7, and 8 of J6 to select SPI mode.

Short pins 1, 2, 5, 6, 9, and 10 of J6 to select I²C mode.

FIGURE 3-3: JUMPER PLACEMENT TO SELECT MANAGEMENT INTERFACE

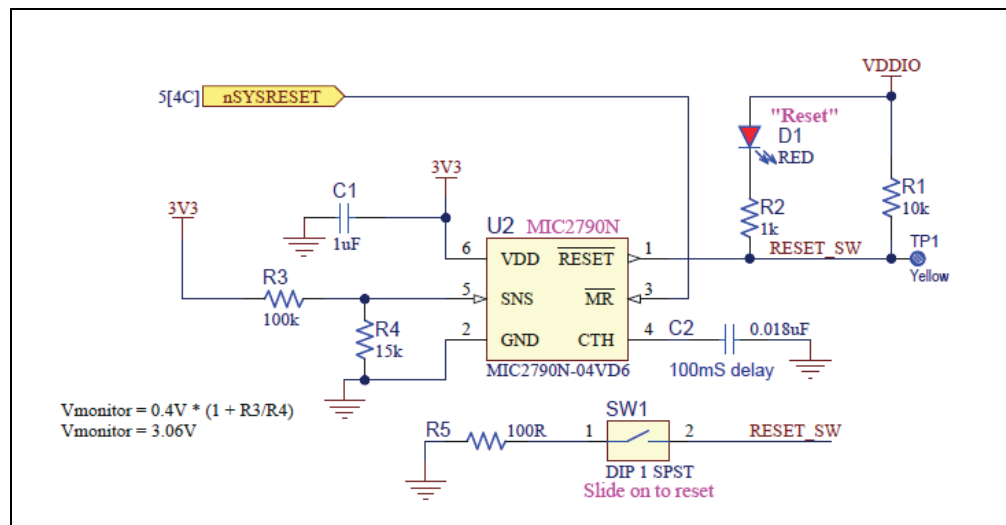


MIIM mode is not supported on the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card.

3.7 RESET

The KSZ9477S includes a Reset circuit using the Microchip MIC2790N Reset supervisor as shown in Figure 3-4. The system Reset signal, **nSYSRESET**, is driven from the SODIMM EDS2 host interface and is connected to the MIC2790 master Reset input MR. When MR goes low, the MIC2790N Reset output on net **RESET_SW** goes low, resetting the KSZ9477S and turning on the Reset LED D1. The **RESET_SW** net goes high 100 milliseconds after **nSYSRESET** goes high, turning off the Reset LED and releasing the KSZ9477S from Reset. The configuration straps are sampled when **RESET_SW** goes high.

FIGURE 3-4: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD RESET CIRCUIT



The DIP Switch (SW1), as shown in Figure 3-4, can be used to place the KSZ9477S in Reset without affecting the rest of the system. This feature is useful when testing and updating the KSZ9477S Linux® driver after the system has booted up.

3.8 CLOCKS

The KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card uses a Microchip VXM7-9013-25M0000 25 MHz crystal for the KSZ9477S clock reference.

The KSZ9477S generates a 25 MHz or 125 MHz clock for Synchronous Ethernet (SyncE) applications.

3.9 POWER

The KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card requires 3.3V, 2.5V, and 1.2V. The EDS2 SODIMM EDS2 interface provides 3.3V, 2.5V, and VARIO (3.3V or 2.5V). An on-board Microchip MIC23303YML switching regulator is used to generate the 1.2V required by the KSZ9477S analog, digital core, and PLL power inputs.

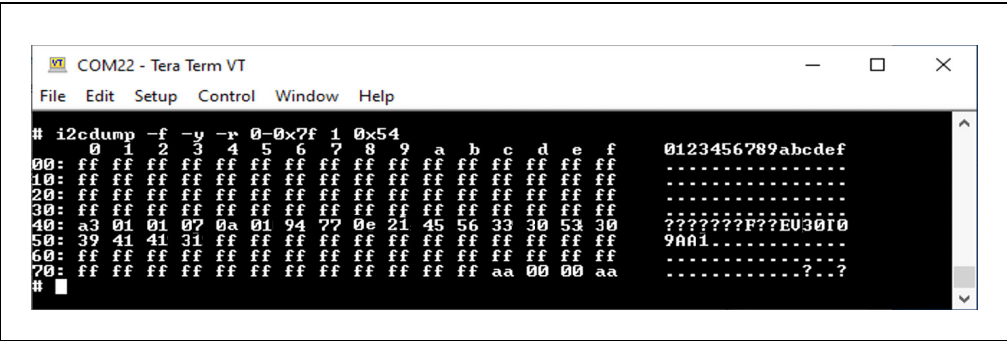
TABLE 3-6: EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD EEPROM (CONTINUED)

Byte Address	Name	Type	Description	Value
4A	DEVT	ASCII	Dev Tools part number	45h = 'E'
4B				56h = 'V'
4C				39h = '3'
4D				34h = '0'
4E				54h = 'S'
4F				39h = '0'
50				39h = '9'
51				41h = 'A'
52	BREVD	ASCII	UNG board revision letter	41h = 'A'
53	BREVD	ASCII	Dev tools board revision number	31h = '1'

After the host board boots up with Linux (refer to [Chapter 4. “System Boot”](#)), the EEPROM's contents can be read within Linux via the following command:

```
# i2cdump -f -y -r 0-0x7F 1 0x54
```

FIGURE 3-6: EEPROM DUMP



Chapter 4. System Boot

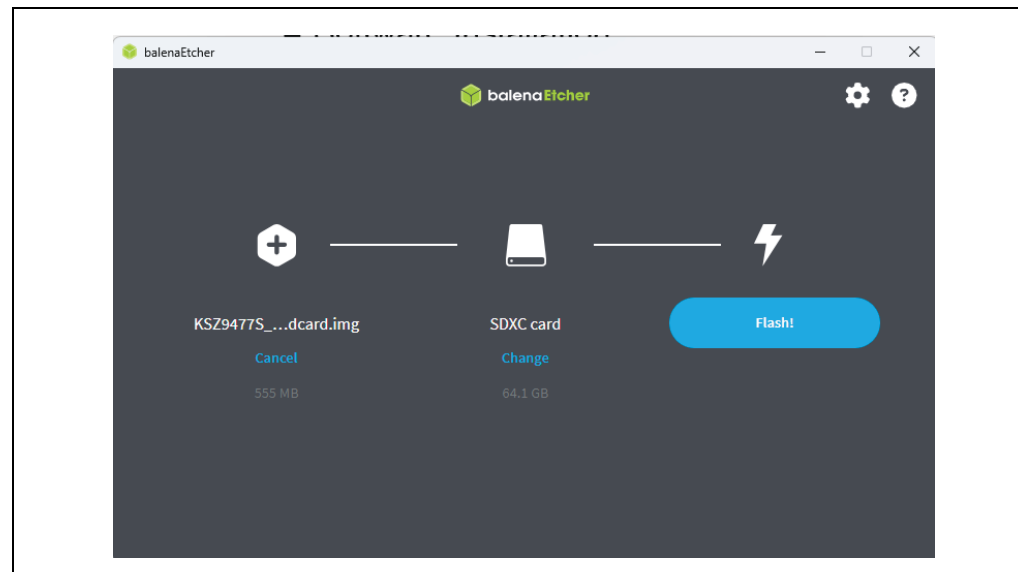
4.1 OVERVIEW

This chapter describes the boot process using the SAMA7D65 Curiosity EDS2 host using Linux software running on the SAMA7D65. The boot process for other EDS2 host platforms should be similar.

The EDS2 host board should be properly configured with Linux and driver supporting the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card. Refer to the software documentation on the KSZ9477S EDS2 Daughter Card product page at <https://www.microchip.com/en-us/development-tool/EV30S09A>. Download the microSD card image and program into an microSD card using a tool, such as balenaEtcher, with the following steps:

1. Download the SD card image file from the Microchip website.
2. Download and install balenaEtcher. This tool is an open-source software which can be downloaded here: <https://www.balena.io/etcher/>.
3. Insert the SD card into the PC with either an internal or external SD card reader and launch Etcher.

FIGURE 4-1: BALENAETCHER



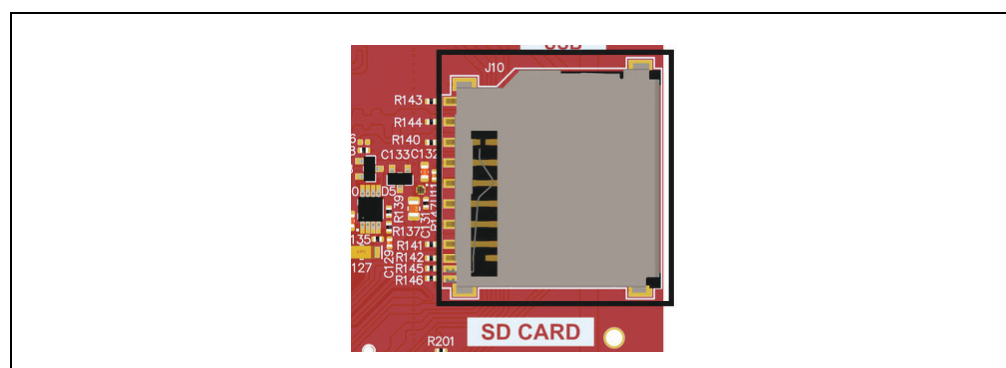
4. Select `KSZ9477S_EDS2_DC_sdcard.img`.
5. Select the device corresponding to the SD card reader.
6. Click on the **Flash!** button and wait for the programming to be completed.

4.2 KSZ9477S EDS2 SYSTEM POWER-UP

At this point, the KSZ9477S should be installed in the SODIMM EDS2 connector (refer to [Section 2.2 “KSZ9477S Installation”](#)). Perform the following steps to power up the SAMA7D65 Curiosity EDS2:

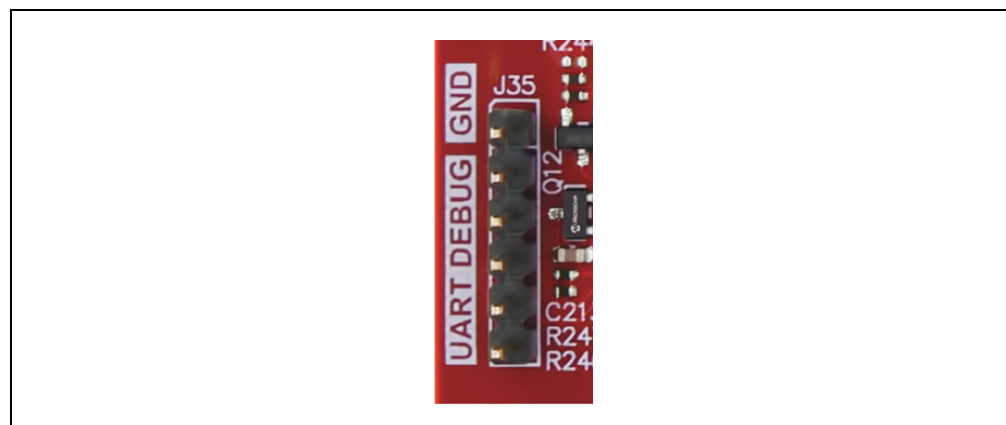
1. Verify the host board's default jumper settings within the *SAMA7D65 Curiosity EDS2 User's Guide*.
2. Insert the microSD card in SAMA7D65 Curiosity microSD card slot J10. See [Figure 4-2](#).

FIGURE 4-2: MICROSD CARD



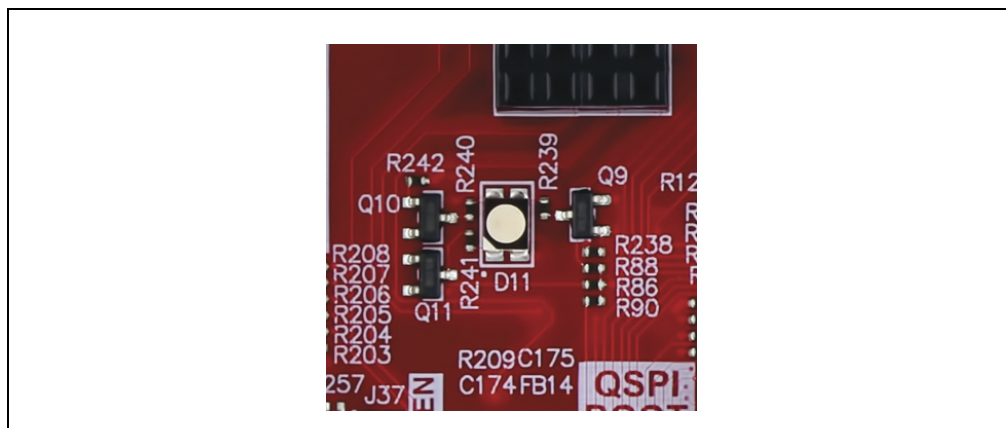
3. Connect the 1x6 female header of an FTDI or compatible TTL-232R-3V3 USB-to-serial cable into the UART debug header J35 on the SAMA7D65 Curiosity EDS2 host board. Note that the header black wire must connect to pin GND of J35. See [Figure 4-3](#).

FIGURE 4-3: SAMA7D65 UART DEBUG HEADER



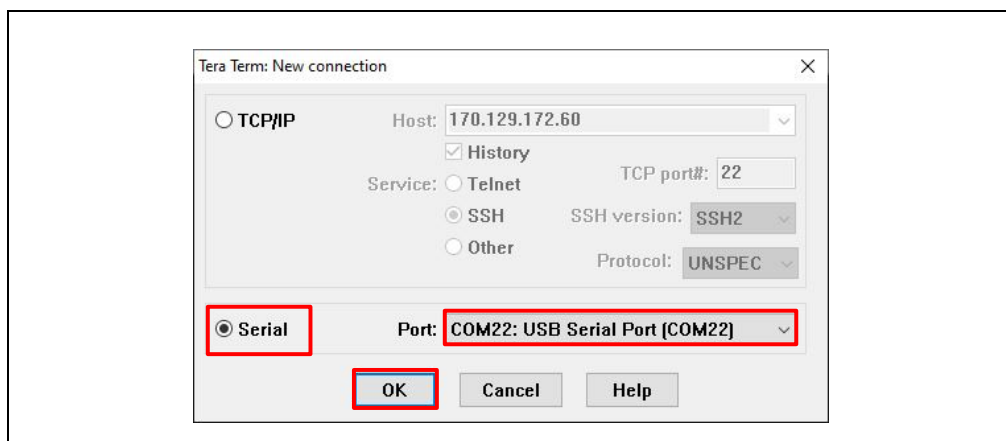
4. Connect a 5V 1A (minimum) power supply with a DC plug to DC Jack J1 on the SAMA7D65 Curiosity EDS2 host. The RGB LED LD11 should begin its startup sequence. See [Figure 4-4](#).

FIGURE 4-4: SAMA7D65 CURIOSITY RGB LED



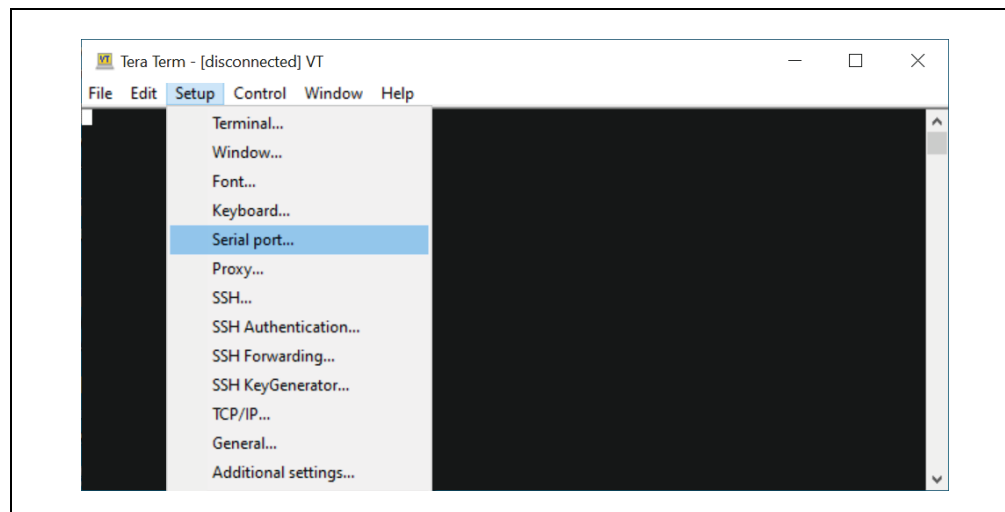
5. Open Tera Term. Tick the **Serial** radial button and look for COMx:USB Serial Port. See [Figure 4-5](#).
6. Click on **OK**. Noted that [Figure 4-5](#) shows COM22. Windows may assign a different port number.

FIGURE 4-5: TERA TERM SERIAL PORT SELECTION



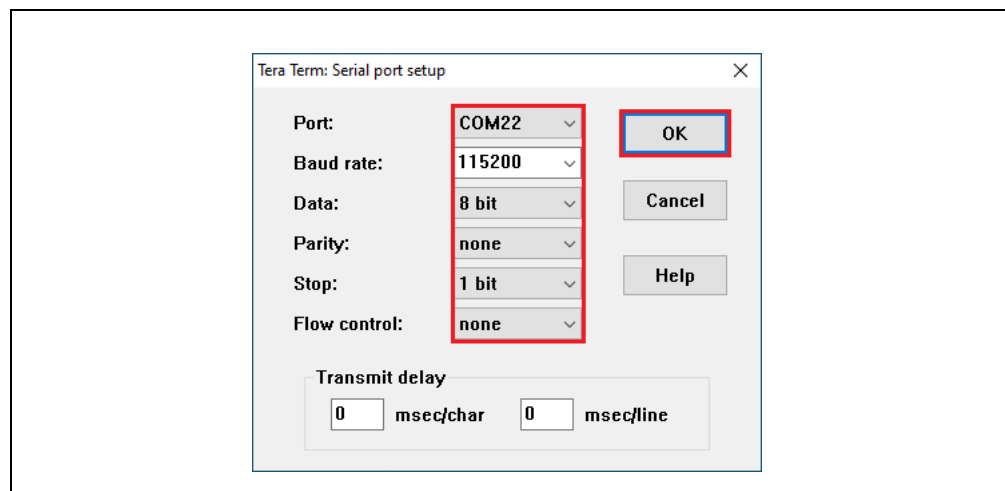
7. Go to the setup menu and select Serial port. See [Figure 4-6](#).

FIGURE 4-6: TERA TERM SETUP MENU



8. Set the selected port to 115200, 8-bit, no parity, 1 stop bit, no flow control, and 40 msec/line. Click on **OK**. See [Figure 4-7](#).

FIGURE 4-7: TERA TERM SERIAL PORT SETUP



9. Setup the u-boot environment to activate KSZ9477S DSA driver with the following steps:
- Power cycle the SAMA7D65 EDS2 host.
 - Hold down any key immediately to stop autoboot and wait for the message, "Hit any key to stop autoboot : 0," to appear on the console before releasing the key.
 - Enter the following commands on the console:

```
=>setenv display_var 'gmac_ksz9477'
=>saveenv
=>reset
```

See u-boot environment setup to activate the KSZ9477S DSA driver in [Figure 4-8](#).

FIGURE 4-8: KSZ9477S DSA DRIVER ACTIVATION

```
AT91Bootstrap 4.0.7-sama7d65-ea (2025-02-11 11:55:40)
SD/MMC: Image: Read file u-boot.bin to 0x66f00000
MMC: ADMA supported
SD: Card Capacity: High or Extended
SD: Specification Version 3.0X
SD/MMC: Done to load image
<debug_uart>

U-Boot 2023.07.02-sama7d65-ea (Feb 11 2025 - 11:54:35 +0530)

CPU: SAMA7D65
Crystal frequency: 24 MHz
CPU clock : 800 MHz
Master clock : 200 MHz

Model: Microchip SAMA7D65 CURIOSITY
DRAM: 1 GiB
Zone: 225 devices, 22 uclasses, devicetree: separate
NAND: 512 MiB
MMC: mmc@e120000: 0
Loading Environment from FAT... OK
In: serial@200
Out: serial@200
Err: serial@200
Net: eth0: ethernet@e161000
Error: ethernet@e161000 address not set.

Hit any key to stop autoboot: 0
->
->
->
->
->
-> setenv display_var "gnac_KSZ9477"
-> saveenv
Saving Environment to FAT... OK
-> reset
```

Note: For the succeeding steps, it is assumed that the IP address of the SAMA7D65 is not changed from the default 192.0.2.1 and that a host PC with an Ethernet port that can be pinged at 192.0.2.100 is available.

10. Enter the following command to perform a ping test (see [Figure 4-9](#)):
#ping 192.0.2.100.

FIGURE 4-9: PINGS FROM SAMA7D65 TO THE HOST PC

```
Welcome to the Microchip SAMA7D65 CURIOSITY Demo
sama7 login: root
# macb e161c000.ethernet eth1: Link is Up - 16bps/Full - flow control rx/tx

# ping 192.0.2.100
PING 192.0.2.100 (192.0.2.100): 56 data bytes
64 bytes from 192.0.2.100: seq=0 ttl=64 time=0.790 ms
64 bytes from 192.0.2.100: seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.313 ms
64 bytes from 192.0.2.100: seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.340 ms
64 bytes from 192.0.2.100: seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.292 ms
64 bytes from 192.0.2.100: seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.298 ms
64 bytes from 192.0.2.100: seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.306 ms
64 bytes from 192.0.2.100: seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.312 ms
64 bytes from 192.0.2.100: seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.331 ms
64 bytes from 192.0.2.100: seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.283 ms
64 bytes from 192.0.2.100: seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.296 ms
```

11. Verify that the KSZ9477S driver has loaded into the kernel. This switch utilizes DSA drivers from prior existing switch models. It should display KSZ9897 or KSZ9477, depending on how the image was built. Either option is fine. See [Figure 4-10](#).

FIGURE 4-10: # Dmesg | GREP -I KSZ

```
#
#
# dmesg | grep -i ksz
kernel command line: console=ttyS0,115200 root=/dev/mmcblk0p2 rw rootwait mtdparts=atmel_nand:256k(bootstrap
pe)ro,-(rootfs) ubi.mtd=12 spi-ksz9897.multi_dev=1 spi-ksz9897.iba=0 spi-ksz9897.eth1_ports=3 spi-ksz9897.et
plan=0x7f spi-ksz9897.eth2_proto=redbox
<=9897 spi0.3: chip id 0x00042200
i2c e161c000.ethernet eth0: PHY [sw.0:01] driver [Microchip KSZ9477 Switch] (irq=POLL)
i2c e161c000.ethernet eth1: PHY [sw.0:03] driver [Microchip KSZ9477 Switch] (irq=POLL)
#
```

12. Plug an Ethernet cable into one of the RJ45 ports. Check the link status with the IP utility. One of the LAN ports shows an “Up” status indicator. See [Figure 4-11](#).

FIGURE 4-11: # IP -C LINK

```
# ip -c link
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN mode DEFAULT group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
2: can0: <NOARP,ECHO> mtu 16 qdisc noop state DOWN mode DEFAULT group default qlen 10
    link/can
3: can1: <NOARP,ECHO> mtu 16 qdisc noop state DOWN mode DEFAULT group default qlen 10
    link/can
4: can2: <NOARP,ECHO> mtu 16 qdisc noop state DOWN mode DEFAULT group default qlen 10
    link/can
5: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc mq state UP mode DEFAULT group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:10:a1:12:34:01 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff permaddr 00:10:a1:94:77:10
6: eth1: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc mq state DOWN mode DEFAULT group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:10:a1:12:34:01 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff permaddr 00:10:a1:94:77:10
7: sit0: <NONE> mtu 1480 qdisc noop state DOWN mode DEFAULT group default qlen 1000
    link/sit 0.0.0.0 brd 0.0.0.0
8: eth0.201@eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state UP mode DEFAULT group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:10:a1:12:34:01 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
9: eth0.202@eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state UP mode DEFAULT group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:10:a1:12:34:01 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
#
```

13. Verify that your IP configuration is compatible with your network. The example in [Figure 4-12](#) indicates the switch is configured with an IP address of 192.0.2.101 with 24 bits for the network mask which is equivalent to 255.255.255.0. This configuration provides access to other devices on the 192.0.2.x addressed network.

FIGURE 4-12: # IP -C ADDR

```
# ip -c addr
1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
   link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
   inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
   inet6 ::1/128 scope host
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
2: can0: <NOARP,ECHO> mtu 16 qdisc noop state DOWN group default qlen 10
   link/can
3: can1: <NOARP,ECHO> mtu 16 qdisc noop state DOWN group default qlen 10
   link/can
4: can2: <NOARP,ECHO> mtu 16 qdisc noop state DOWN group default qlen 10
   link/can
5: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc mq state UP group default qlen 1000
   link/ether 00:10:a1:12:34:01 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff permaddr 00:10:a1:94:77:10
   inet 192.0.2.101/24 brd 255.255.255.0 scope global eth0
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
   inet6 fe80::210:a1ff:fe12:3401/64 scope link
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
6: eth1: <NO-CARRIER,BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP> mtu 1500 qdisc mq state DOWN group default qlen 1000
   link/ether 00:10:a1:12:34:01 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff permaddr 00:10:a1:94:77:10
   inet6 fe80::210:a1ff:fe12:3401/64 scope link
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
7: sit0@NONE: <NOARP> mtu 1480 qdisc noop state DOWN group default qlen 1000
   link/sit 0.0.0.0 brd 0.0.0.0
8: eth0.201@eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state UP group default qlen 1000
   link/ether 00:10:a1:12:34:01 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
   inet6 fe80::210:a1ff:fe12:3401/64 scope link
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
9: eth0.202@eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state UP group default qlen 1000
   link/ether 00:10:a1:12:34:01 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
   inet6 fe80::210:a1ff:fe12:3401/64 scope link
       valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
#
```

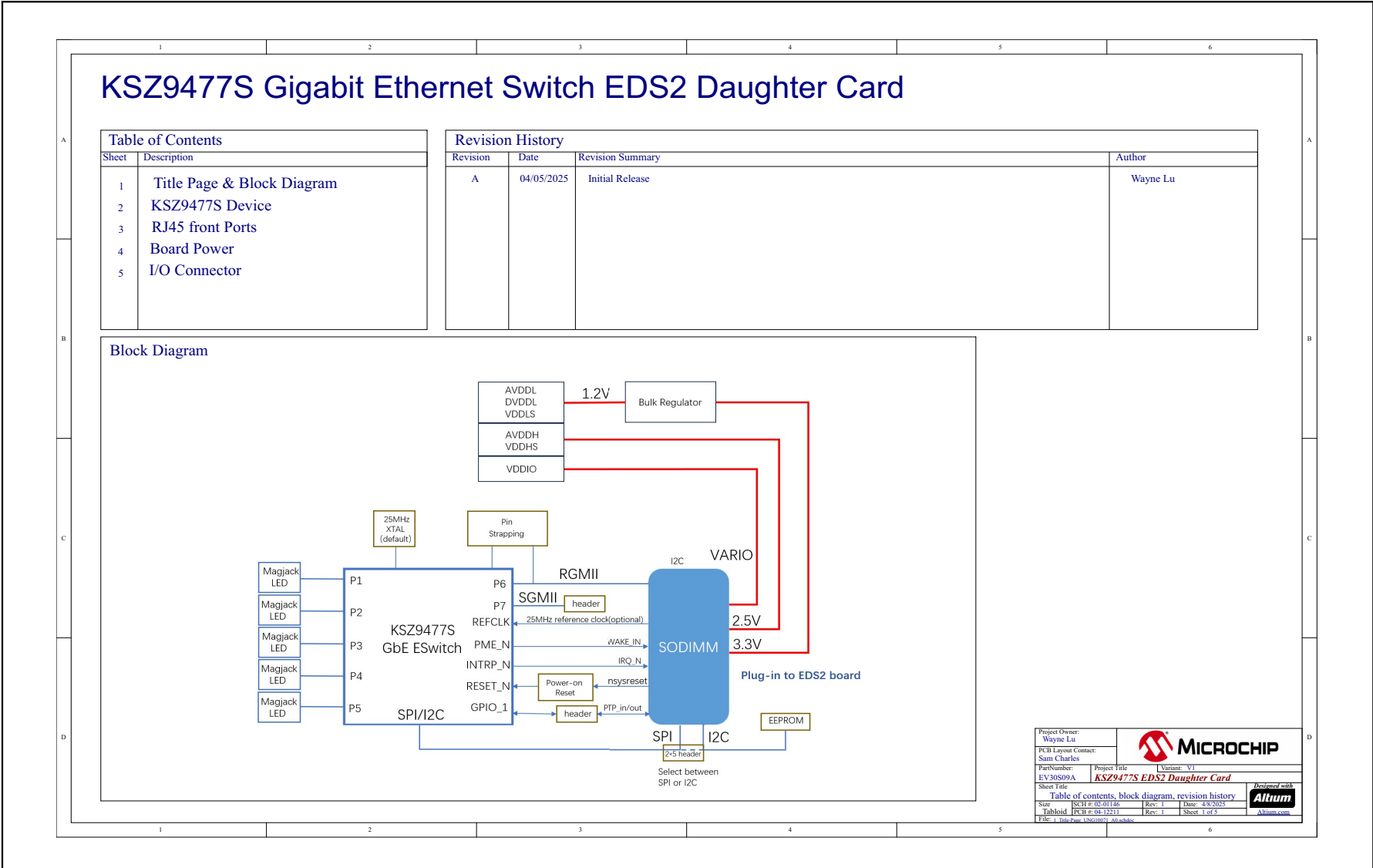
NOTES:

Appendix A. Schematics

A.1 INTRODUCTION

This appendix shows the KSZ9477S schematics.

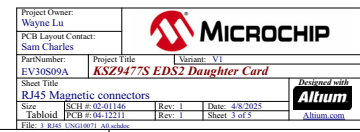
FIGURE A-1: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD



KSZ9477S Switch and System reset generator



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1.2V regulator and KSZ9477S Power pins



[illegible]



KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD USER GUIDE

Appendix B. Bill of Materials

B.1 INTRODUCTION

This appendix contains the KSZ9477S Bill of Materials (BOM).

TABLE B-1: BILL OF MATERIALS (BOM)

Item	Qty	Reference	Description	Populated	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part Number
1	3	C1, C76, C78	CAP CER 1uF 16V 10% X5R SMD 0603	Yes	Yageo	CC0603KRX5R7BB105
2	1	C2	CAP CER 0.018uF 50V 10% X7R SMD 0603	Yes	KEMET	C0603C183K5RACTU
3	2	C3, C4	CAP HiQ 15pF 50V 5% NP0 2.32GHz SMD 0402	Yes	Johanson	500R07S150JV4T
4	57	C5, C6, C7, C8, C9, C10, C11, C12, C13, C14, C15, C16, C20, C21, C22, C23, C24, C25, C26, C27, C29, C30, C32, C33, C35, C36, C37, C38, C39, C40, C41, C42, C43, C45, C48, C49, C50, C51, C52, C53, C54, C57, C58, C59, C60, C61, C62, C63, C64, C65, C67, C68, C69, C70, C75, C79, C80	CAP CER 0.1uF 35V 10% X7R SMD 0402	Yes	TDK	CGA2B3X7R1V104K050BB
5	3	C17, C18, C19	CAP CER 1000pF 2KV 10% X7R SMD 1206	Yes	Johanson	202R18W102KV4E
6	11	C28, C31, C34, C46, C47, C56, C66, C71, C72, C73, C74	CAP CER 22uF 16V 10% X5R SMD 0805	Yes	Samsung	CL21A226KOQNNNG
7	1	C44	CAP CER 4.7uF 10V 10% X5R SMD 0603	Yes	Taiyo Yuden	LMK107BJ475KA-T
8	1	C55	CAP CER 33pF 50V 5% NP0 SMD 0603	Yes	NIC Components	NMC0603NP0330J50TRPF
9	1	C77	CAP CER 2200pF 16V 10% X7R SMD 0603	Yes	Kyocera AVX	0603YC222KAT2A
10	1	D1	DIO RED 2V 20mA 54mcd CLEAR SMD 0603	Yes	Vishay Lite-On	LTSTC191KRKT
11	1	D2	DIO LED GREEN 2V 30mA 35mcd Clear SMD 0603	Yes	Vishay Lite-On	LTST-C191KGKT
12	6	FB1, FB2, FB3, FB4, FB5, FB6	FERRITE 220R @ 100MHz 2A SMD 0603	Yes	Murata	BLM18EG221SN1D
13	1	J1	CON HDR-2.54 Male 1x5 Gold 5.84MH TH VERT	Yes	Samtec	TSW-105-07-S-S
14	2	J2, J3	CON MODULAR JACK RJ45 10/100/1000 MAGNETICS 2xLEDS SHIELD TH RA	Yes	Bel	0845-2R1T-E4
15	1	J4	CON MODULAR JACK RJ45 10/100/1000 MAGNETICS 2xLEDS SHIELD TH	Yes	Bel	L829-1J1T-43
16	0	J5	CON HDR-2.54 Male 1x2 Gold 5.84MH TH VERT	Yes	Sullins	PBC02SAAN
17	1	J6	CON HDR-2.54 Male 2x5 Tin 5.84MH TH VERT	Yes	Sullins	PEC05DAAN
18	1	J8	CON HDR-2.54 Male 1x3 Gold 5.84MH TH VERT	Yes	Burndy	68000-103HLF
19	4	JP1, JP2, JP3, JP4	MECH HW JUMPER 2.54mm 1x2 GOLD	MECH	Sullins	QPC02SXGN-RC
20	1	L1	INDUCTOR 1uH 2.1A 30% SMD L3W3H1.5	Yes	Taiyo Yuden	NR3015T1R0N
21	1	Q1	TRANS BJT NPN MMBT3904 40V 200mA 310mW SOT-23-3	Yes	Diodes Zetex	MMBT3904-7-F
22	18	R1, R12, R15, R17, R26, R29, R32, R35, R54, R56, R58, R59, R63, R64, R65, R68, R70, R73	RES TF 10k 1% 1/10W SMD 0402 AEC-Q200	Yes	KOA Speer	RK73H1ERTTP1002F
23	4	R2, R11, R21, R69	RES TKF 1k 1% 1/10W SMD 0402	Yes	Panasonic	ERJ-2RKF1001X
24	1	R3	RES TKF 100k 1% 1/4W SMD 0603	Yes	Vishay	CRCW0603100KFKEAHP

TABLE B-1: BILL OF MATERIALS (BOM) (CONTINUED)

Item	Qty	Reference	Description	Populated	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part Number
25	1	R4	RES TF 15k 0.5% 1/10W SMD 0603	Yes	Yageo	RT0603DRD0715KL
26	1	R5	RES TKF 100R 1% 1/10W SMD 0603 AEC-Q200	Yes	Yageo	AC0603FR-10100RL
27	7	R6, R7, R8, R9, R10, R13, R37	RES TKF 22R 1% 1/20W SMD 0402	Yes	Panasonic	ERJ-2RKF22R0X
28	0	R14, R16, R22, R30, R52, R53	RES TKF 750R 1/10W 1% SMD 0402	Yes	Panasonic Electronic Components	ERJ-2RKF7500X
29	2	R18, R36	RES TKF 750R 1/10W 1% SMD 0402	Yes	Panasonic Electronic Components	ERJ-2RKF7500X
30	0	R19, R20, R55, R60, R61, R62, R66, R67	RES TF 10k 1% 1/10W SMD 0402 AEC-Q200	Yes	KOA Speer	RK73H1ERTTP1002F
31	1	R23	RES TKF 191R 1% 1/16W SMD 0402	Yes	Yageo	RC0402FR-07191RL
32	1	R24	RES TKF 10R 1% 1/4W SMD 1206 AEC-Q200	Yes	Vishay	CRCW120610R0FKEA
33	4	R25, R27, R50, R51	RES TKF 100R 5% 1/16W SMD 0402	Yes	Bourns	CR0402AJW-101GAS
34	1	R28	RES TKF 240k 1% 1/10W SMD 0603	Yes	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF2403V
35	3	R31, R33, R39	RES TKF 0R SMD 0402 AEC-Q200	Yes	Panasonic	ERJ-2GE0R00X
36	1	R34	RES TKF 249k 1% 1/10W SMD 0603	Yes	Panasonic	ERJ-3EKF2493V
37	0	R38	RES TKF 0R SMD 0402 AEC-Q200	Yes	Panasonic	ERJ-2GE0R00X
38	1	R40	RES TKF 6.04k 1% 1/10W SMD 0402 AEC-Q200	Yes	KOA Speer	RK73H1ETTP6041F
39	10	R41, R42, R43, R44, R45, R46, R47, R48, R49, R74	RES TKF 330R 1% 1/10W SMD 0402 AEC-Q200	Yes	Panasonic	ERJ-2RKF3300X
40	1	R71	RES TKF 2.2k 1% 1/10W SMD 0402	Yes	Panasonic	ERJ-2RKF2201X
41	1	SW1	SWITCH DIP 1 SPST 24V 25mA 418117270901 TH	Yes	Wurth Electronics	418117270901
42	3	TP1, TP3, TP4	MISC, TEST POINT PC MINI, 0.040" D YELLOW	Yes	Keystone Electronics	5004
43	5	TP2, TP5, TP9, TP10, TP11	MISC, TEST POINT MULTI PURPOSE MINI RED	Yes	Keystone Electronics	5000
44	2	TP6, TP12	MISC, TEST POINT MULTI PURPOSE MINI BLACK	Yes	Keystone Electronics	5001
45	1	U1	MCHP INTERFACE ETHERNET KSZ9477STXI TQFP-128	Yes	Microchip	KSZ9477STXI
46	1	U2	MCHP ANALOG SUPERVISOR 0.4V to 5.5V MIC2790N-04VD6 SOT-23-3	Yes	Microchip Technology	MIC2790N-04VD6
47	1	U3	MCHP ANALOG SWITCHER ADJ MIC23303YML-TR DFN-12	Yes	Microchip	MIC23303YML-TR
48	1	U4	MCHP MEMORY SERIAL EEPROM 1kb I2C 24AA014H-I/SN 8SOIC	Yes	Microchip	24AA014H-I/SN
49	1	Y1	MCHP CRYSTAL 25Mhz 10pF SMD L3.2W2.5H0.8	Yes	Microchip	VXM7-9013-25M0000000

NOTES:



Appendix C. PCB Layers

C.1 INTRODUCTION

This appendix contains the KSZ9477S's silkscreen top and bottom layers.

FIGURE C-1: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD TOP SILK SCREEN

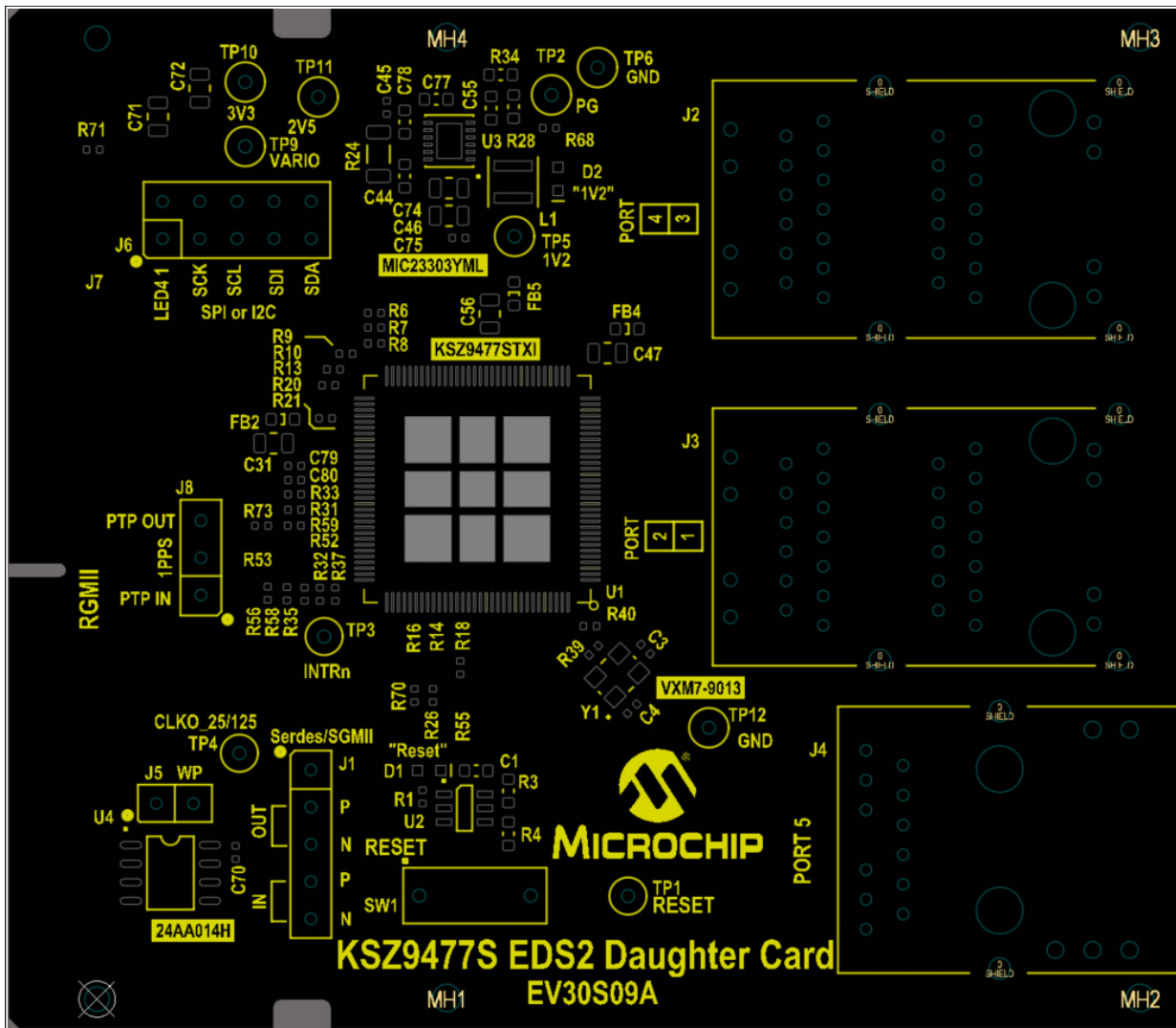


FIGURE C-2: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD TOP LAYER

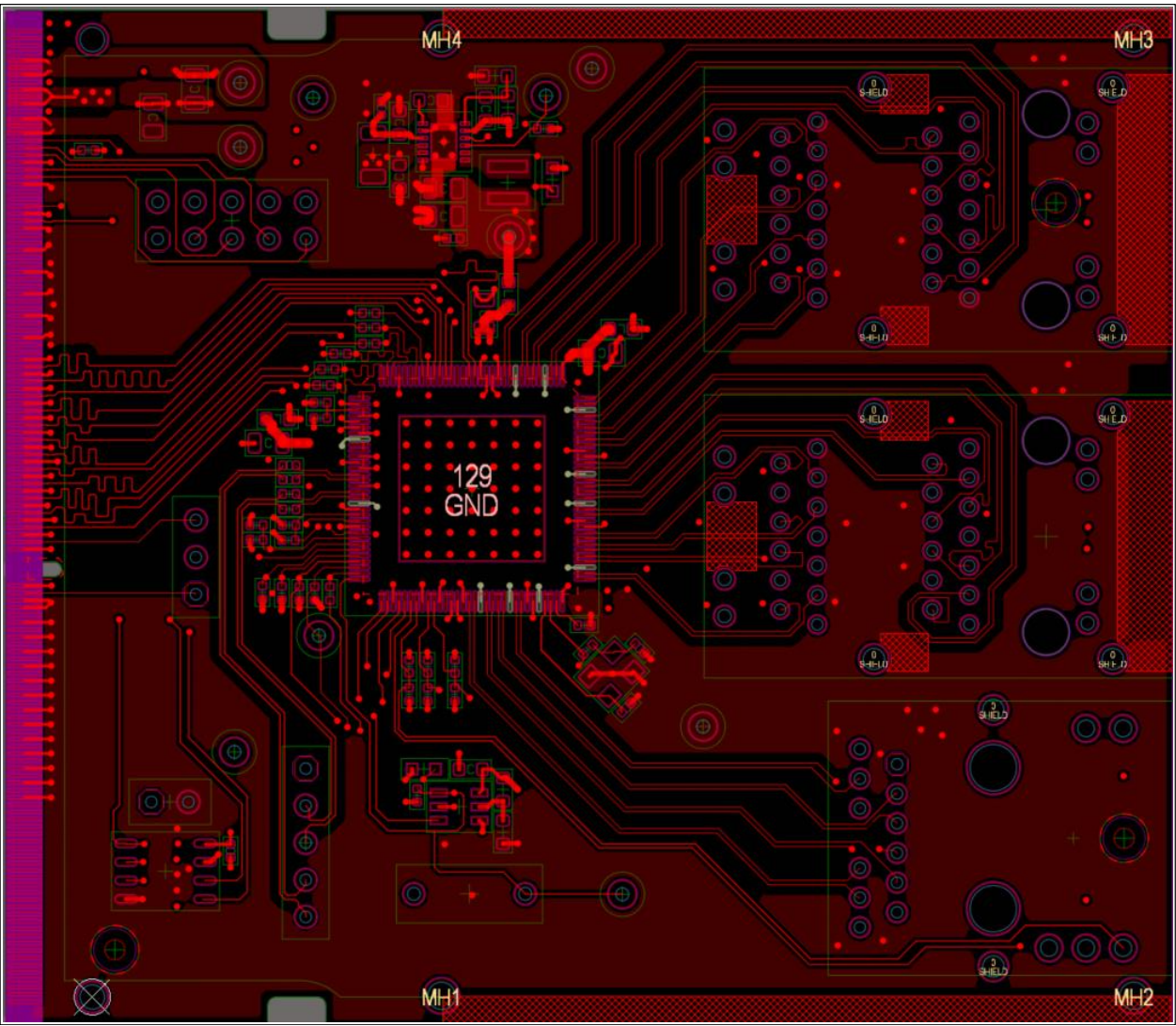


FIGURE C-3: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD BOTTOM LAYER

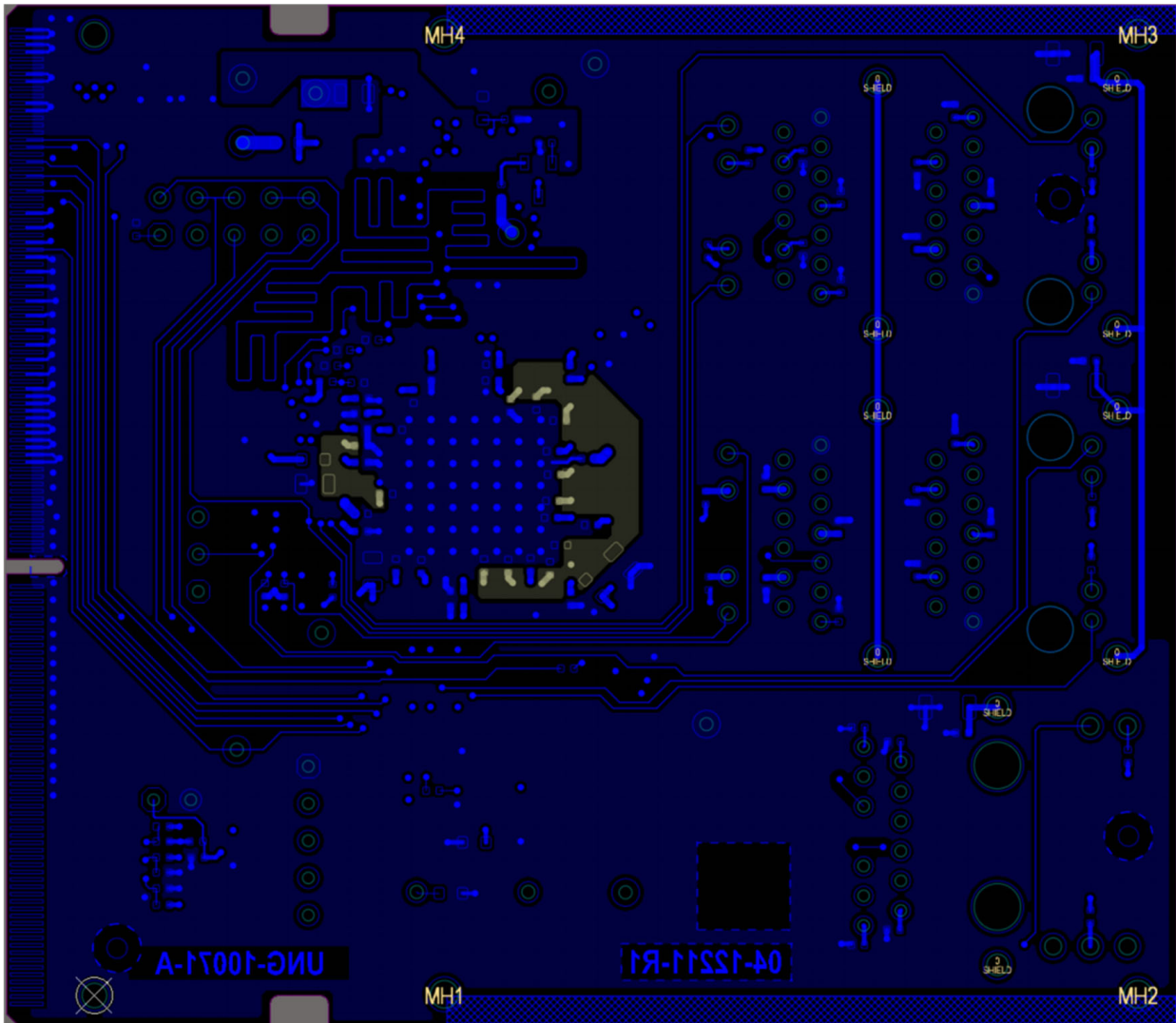


FIGURE C-4: KSZ9477S EDS2 DAUGHTER CARD BOTTOM SILK SCREEN

