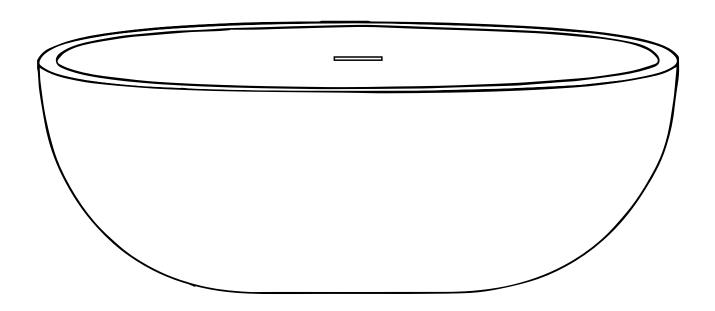


# **Bathtub Maintenance Guide**







## **Avoid High Temperatures**

- Do not directly place objects with high temperatures on the bathtub or leave them on the surface for an extended period.
  Although the bathtub is heat-resistant, excessive heat can damage its surface.
  For instance, kettles containing boiling water or other extremely hot items may cause surface damage.
- Ensure the water temperature in the bathtub or any water poured into it does not exceed 50°C (122°F).

# 2

# Handling Spots from Scratches, Chemicals, Burns, or Minor Impacts

Spots caused by scratches, burns, or minor impacts can be addressed using the following steps:

- Wash the surface thoroughly with clean water to remove any dust.
- Ensure the surface remains moist to prevent dirt from adhering.



#### **Keep the Surface Dry**

- Water contains bleaching agents and minerals that can affect the color and appearance of the bathtub if left on the surface for too long.
- After use, dry the bathtub thoroughly to maintain its appearance and prevent discoloration.





## **Avoid Strong Chemicals**

- Do not use the following substances on the bathtub surface:
  - Paint-removing detergents
  - Metal cleaning agents
  - Stove cleaning detergents
  - Methylene chloride
  - Acetone (such as nail polish remover)
  - Strong acidic detergents
- If the surface comes into contact with any of these substances, immediately wash it with soap and water.
- For nail polish stains, use an acetone-free cleaner and a water rinse.



# **Protect from Heavy or Sharp Objects**

- Avoid impacts from heavy or sharp-ended objects, as they can scratch or damage the surface.
- If the surface becomes scratched or tarnished over time, consult a professional to restore it through polishing.

By following these guidelines, you can ensure your bathtub's longevity and pristine appearance.