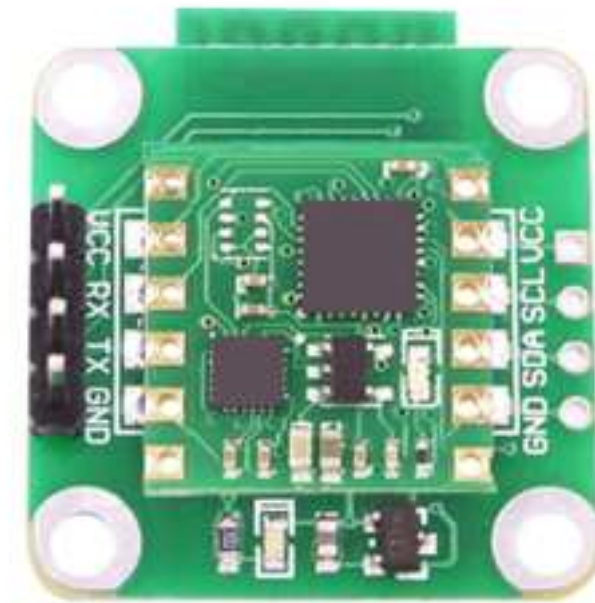


USER MANUAL BWT901

Bluetooth 2.0 Inclinometer Sensor





Tutorial Link

[Google Drive](#)

Link to instructions DEMO:

[WITMOTION Youtube Channel](#)

[BWT901 Playlist](#)

If you have technical problems or cannot find the information that you need in the provided documents, please contact our support team. Our engineering team is committed to providing the required support necessary to ensure that you are successful with the operation of our AHRS sensors.

Contact

[Technical Support Contact Info](#)

Application

- AGV Truck
- Platform Stability
- Auto Safety System
- 3D Virtual Reality
- Industrial Control
- Robot
- Car Navigation
- UAV
- Truck-mounted Satellite Antenna Equipment

Contents

Tutorial Link.....	- 2 -
Contact.....	- 2 -
Application.....	- 2 -
Contents.....	- 3 -
1 Introduction.....	- 5 -
1.1 Warning Statement.....	- 6 -
1.2 LED Status.....	- 6 -
2 Use Instructions with PC.....	- 7 -
2.1 Connection Method.....	- 7 -
2.1.1 Serial Connection.....	- 7 -
2.1.2 USB-HID Connection.....	- 9 -
2.1.3 PC's Bluetooth Connection.....	- 10 -
2.2 Software Introduction.....	- 11 -
2.2.1 Main Menu.....	- 11 -
2.2.2 Menu of Configuration.....	- 12 -
2.3 Calibration.....	- 16 -
2.3.1 Accelerometer Calibration.....	- 16 -
2.3.2 Magnetic Field Calibration.....	- 18 -
2.3.3 Gyroscope Automatic Calibration.....	- 21 -
2.3.4 Reset Z-axis Angle.....	- 21 -
2.3.5 Reset Height to 0.....	- 21 -
2.4 Configuration.....	- 22 -
2.4.1 Return Content.....	- 22 -
2.4.2 Output Rate.....	- 23 -
2.4.3 Baud Rate.....	- 23 -
2.4.4 Data Recording.....	- 24 -

2.4.5 Data Playback.....	- 26 -
2.4.6 Standby and Wake Up.....	- 28 -
2.4.7 Placement Direction.....	- 28 -
2.4.8 Bandwidth.....	- 29 -
2.4.9 6-axis/ 9-axis Algorithm.....	- 31 -
3 Use Instructions with Android Phone.....	- 32 -
3.1 APP Installation.....	- 32 -
3.2 Connection.....	- 33 -
3.2.1 APP Pairing.....	- 33 -
3.2.2 Phone's Bluetooth Pairing.....	- 35 -
3.3 Calibration.....	- 37 -
3.3.1 Acceleration Calibration.....	- 37 -
3.3.2 Magnetic Field Calibration.....	- 38 -
4 Multiple Connection.....	- 39 -
4.1 Download Link.....	- 39 -
4.2 Connection Instructions.....	- 39 -
5 MCU Connection.....	- 40 -
5.1 Arduino.....	- 40 -
5.2 STM32.....	- 40 -
5.3 Raspberry pi.....	- 40 -
5.4 C#.....	- 40 -
5.5 C++.....	- 41 -
5.6 Matlab.....	- 41 -



1 Introduction

The BWT901 is a multi-sensor device detecting acceleration, angular velocity, angle as well as magnetic field. The small outline makes it perfectly suitable for industrial retrofit applications such as condition monitoring and predictive maintenance. Configuring the device enables the customer to address a broad variety of use cases by interpreting the sensor data by smart algorithms.

BWT901's scientific name is **AHRS IMU sensor**. A sensor measures 3-axis angle, angular velocity, acceleration, magnetic field. Its strength lies in the algorithm which can calculate three-axis angle accurately.

BWT901 is an CE standard accelerometer. It is employed where the highest measurement accuracy is required. BWT901 offers several advantages over competing sensor:

- Heated for best data availability: new WITMOTION patented zero-bias automatic detection calibration algorithm outperforms traditional accelerometer sensor
- High precision Roll Pitch Yaw (X Y Z axis) Acceleration + Angular Velocity + Angle + Magnetic Field output
- Low cost of ownership: remote diagnostics and lifetime technical support by WITMOTION service team
- Developed tutorial: providing manual, datasheet, Demo video, free software for Windows computer, APP for Android smartphones , and sample code for MCU integration including 51 serial, STM32, Arduino, Matlab, Raspberry Pi, communication protocol for project development
- WITMOTION sensors have been praised by thousands of engineers as a recommended attitude measurement solution

1.1 Warning Statement

- Putting more than 5 Volt across the sensor wiring of the main power supply can lead to permanent damage to the sensor.
- VCC cannot connect with GND directly, otherwise it will lead to the burning of the circuit board.
- For proper instrument grounding: use WITMOTION with its original factory-made cable or accessories.
- Do not change the baud rate because WITMOTION BLUETOOTH sensor's baud rate is fixed.
- For secondary developing project or integration: use WITMOTION with its compiled sample code

1.2 LED Status

LED	Status	Remark
Red	Flashing	Working
Blue	Flashing	Pairing process
	Keeping still	Successful pairing

2 Use Instructions with PC

2.1 Connection Method

PC software is only compatible with Windows system.

[BWT901 Playlist](#)

2.1.1 Serial Connection

Step 1. Connect the sensor with a serial converter

PIN Connection:

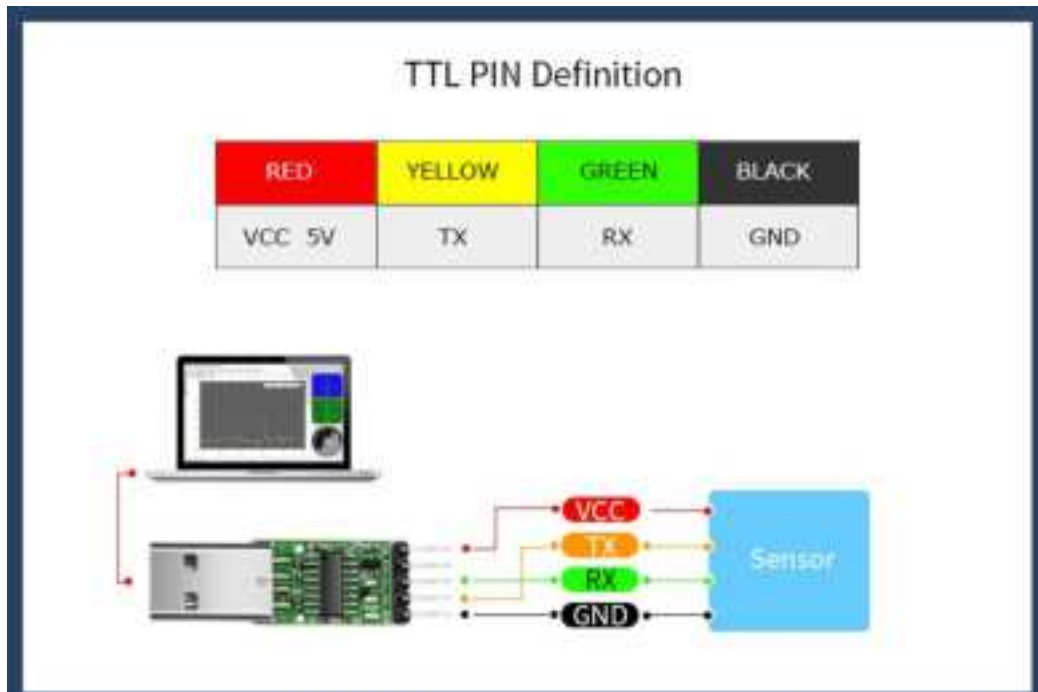
VCC - 5V

TX - RX

RX - TX

GND - GND

(When connecting with computer, VCC-5V is recommended.)



Recommended tools:



3-in-1 converter



6-in-1 converter



TTL serial cable

Step 2. Unzip the software and install the driver CH340 or CP2102 (Depending on which accessory for usage.)

[Link to tutorial of 3-in-1 serial converter/ TTL serial cable \(CH340 driver\)](#)

[Link to tutorial of 6-in-1 serial converter \(CP2102 driver\)](#)

Step 3. Plugin the converter to computer and confirm the “com port” in device manager



Step 4. Open the software(Minimu.exe)
Data will appear after auto-search finishes

Notice: If not successful, please operate manually
Choose the com port and baud rate 115200, data will be shown on the software.

2.1.2 USB-HID Connection



Step 1. Plugin the USB-HID adapter to computer

Step 2. Power on the sensor after red light of HID adapter flashes

Step 3. Wait till the sensor's blue LED light keeps on--means pairing succeeded

Step 4. Open the software, Minimu.exe

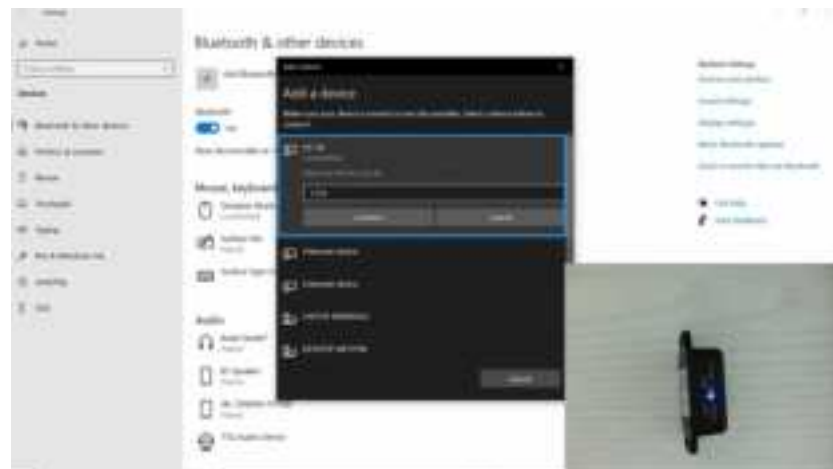
Step 5. Data will appear once the auto-search finishes

2.1.3 PC's Bluetooth Connection

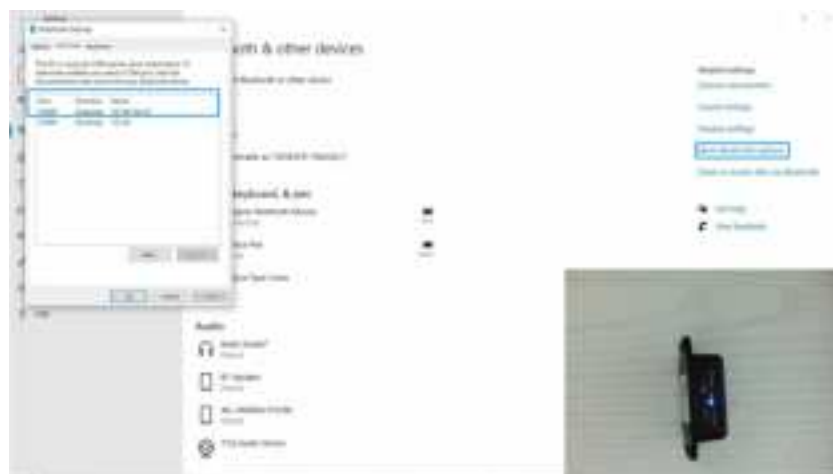
Step 1. Turn on computer's Bluetooth

Step 2. Power on the sensor

Step 3. Search HC-06 device and input pairing password, 1234



Step 4. Confirm the "outgoing com port" on "More Bluetooth Options" page



Step 5. Open software (Minimu.exe) and choose the correct com port

Step 6. Data will appear once the automatic search finishes

2.2 Software Introduction

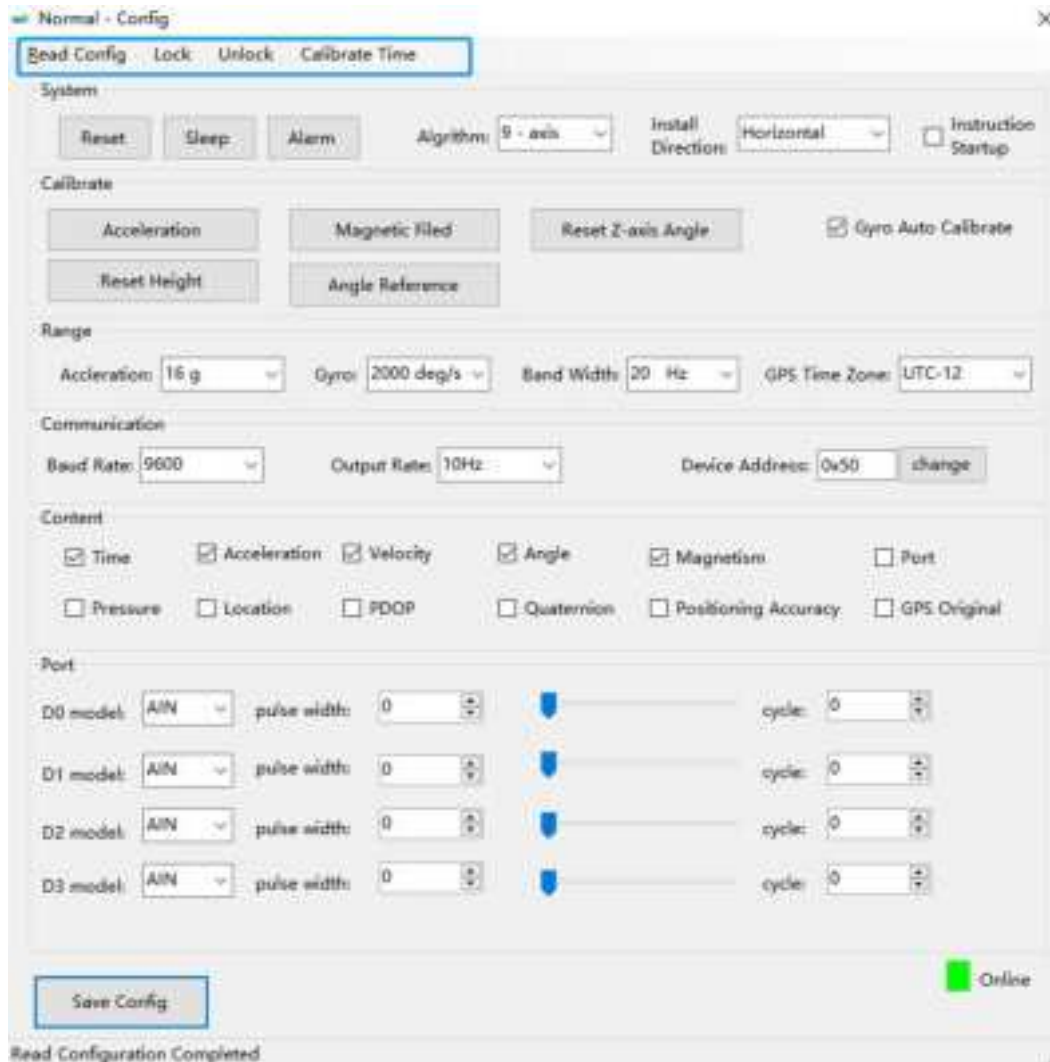
[Link to download software](#)

2.2.1 Main Menu



Main Menu of Software		
Button		Function
File		Launch recorded HEX file (Bin format)
Tools		Hide or display tools box on left side
Record		Record function
3D		3D DEMO
Config		Configuration setting
Help	Language	English or Chinese
	Bluetooth Set	Binding device or unbind
	Firmware update	Option for firmware update
	About Minimu	Info about Minimu.exe
	Factory test	For manufacturer internal test only
Auto-search		Auto searching the sensor
Port		Com port selection
Baud		Baud rate selection
Type		Fixed setting as Normal for BWT901
Open		Open com port
Close		Close com port

2.2.2 Menu of Configuration



Menu of Configuration	
Button	Function
Read Config	Reading the current configuration
Lock	Lock the sensor
Unlock	Unlock the sensor
Calibrate Time	Calibration time of chip
Save Config	Save configuration

System

Reset Sleep Alarm Algorithm: 9 - axis Install Direction: Horizontal ☐ Instruction Startup

Menu of System	
Button	Function
Reset	Reset to factory setting
Sleep	Sleep function
Alarm	Alarm function
Algorithm	6-axis algorithm or 9-axis
Installation Direction	Vertical or horizontal installation
Instruction Start-up	Instructions sending to start-up the sensor

Calibrate

Acceleration Magnetic Field Reset Z-axis Angle ☒ Gyro Auto Calibrate

Reset Height Angle Reference

Menu of Calibrate	
Button	Function
Acceleration	Accelerometer calibration
Magnetic Field	Magnetometer calibration
Reset Height	Reset height data to 0 (only for sensor built-in barometer, including WT901B, WTGAHRS2, WTHARS1, HWT901B)
Reset Z-axis Angle	Reset Z-axis angle to 0 degree, not available for BWT901 in 9-axis algorithm
Angle Reference	Setting current angle as 0 degree
Gyro Auto Calibrate	Auto-calibration of gyroscope

Range

Acceleration: 16 g Gyro: 2000 deg/s Band Width: 20 Hz GPS Time Zone: UTC-12

Menu of Range	
Button	Function
Acceleration	Acceleration measurement range
Gyro	Gyroscope measurement range
Band Width	Bandwidth range
GPS Time Zone	GPS positioning of time zone

Communication

Baud Rate: 9600 Output Rate: 10Hz Device Address: 0x50 [change](#)

Menu of Communication	
Button	Function
Baud Rate	Baud rate selection, not available for Bluetooth sensor series
Output Rate	Return rate selection
Device Address	Not available for Bluetooth sensor series

Content

☒ Time
 ☒ Acceleration
 ☒ Velocity
 ☒ Angle
 ☒ Magnetism
 ☐ Port

☐ Pressure
 ☐ Location
 ☐ PDOP
 ☐ Quaternion
 ☐ Positioning Accuracy
 ☐ GPS Original

Menu of Content	
Button	Function
Time	Time data output
Acceleration	Acceleration data output
Velocity	Angular velocity data output
Angle	Angle data output
Magnetism	Magnetic field data output
Port	Port data output, not available for Bluetooth sensor series
Pressure	Pressure output, only available with the sensor built-in barometer like HWT901B, WTGAHRS2, WT901B, etc
Location	Latitude&Longitude data output, only for GPS IMU series, such as WTGAHRS1, WTGAHRS2
PDOP	Ground velocity data output, only for GPS IMU series, such as WTGAHRS1, WTGAHRS2
Quaternion	Quaternion data output
Positioning Accuracy	Option for GPS positioning accuracy output, including Satellite quantity, PDOP, HDOP, VDOP data, only for GPS IMU series, such as WTGAHRS1, WTGAHRS2
GPS Original	Only output GPS raw data, only for GPS IMU series, such as WTGAHRS1, WTGAHRS2

Menu of Port	
D0 Model	Not available for Bluetooth sensor series
D1 Model	Not available for Bluetooth sensor series
D2 Model	Not available for Bluetooth sensor series
D3 Model	Not available for Bluetooth sensor series
Pulse width	Not available for Bluetooth sensor series

Cycle	Not available for Bluetooth sensor series
-------	---

Port

D0 model:	A/N	pulse width:	0		cycle:	0
D1 model:	A/N	pulse width:	0		cycle:	0
D2 model:	A/N	pulse width:	0		cycle:	0
D3 model:	A/N	pulse width:	0		cycle:	0

2.3 Calibration

Preparation:

Make sure the sensor is "Online".

Calibration on PC software:

It is required to calibrate for the first time usage.

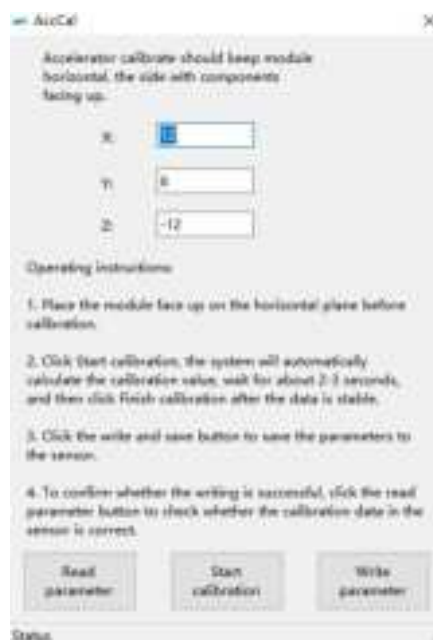
2.3.1 Accelerometer Calibration

Purpose:

The accelerometer calibration is used to remove the zero bias of the accelerometer. Before calibration, there will be different degrees of bias error. After calibration, the measurement will be accurate.

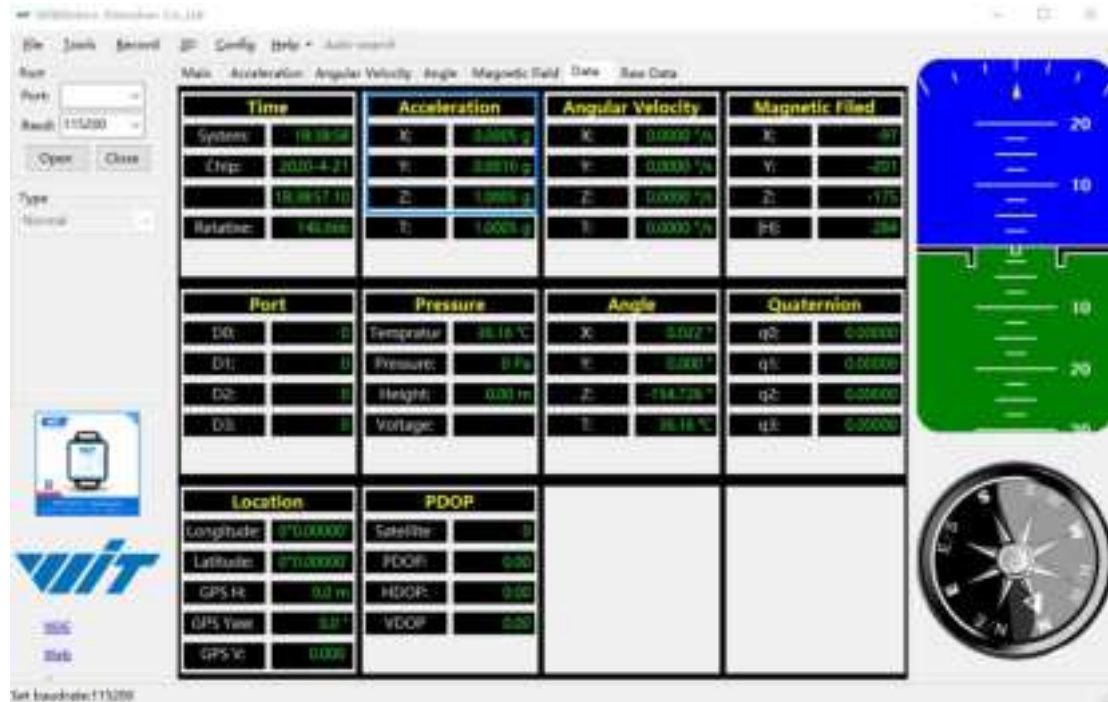
Methods:

- Step 1. Keep the module horizontally stationary
- Step 2. Click the accelerometer calibration
- Step 3. Click the "Start calibration" and wait for 3 seconds



- Step 4. Click "Complete Calibration"

Step 5. Judge the result--confirm if there is 1g on Z-axis acceleration



1. After 1 ~ 2 seconds, the three axial acceleration value of the module is about 0, 0,1, the X and Y axis Angle is around 0°. After calibration, the x-y axis Angle is accurate.

Note: When putting the module horizontal, there is 1g of gravitational acceleration on the Z-axis.

2.3.2 Magnetic Field Calibration

Purpose:

Magnetic calibration is used to remove the zero bias of the magnetic field sensor. Usually, the magnetic field sensor will have a large zero error when it is manufactured. If it is not calibrated, it will bring a large measurement error, which will affect the accuracy of the measurement of the z-axis Angle of the heading Angle.

Preparation:

Sensors should be 20CM away from magnetic and iron and other materials

Methods:

Step 1. Open the Config menu

Step 2. Click the magnetic field calibration button. click the "Start calibration"

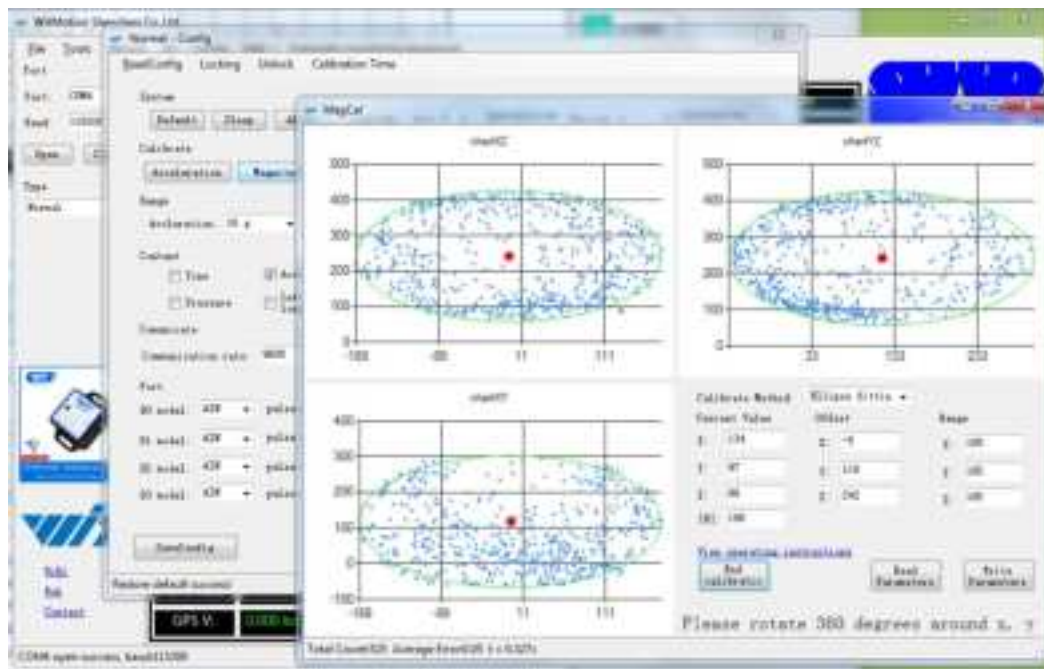




Step 3. Slowly rotate the module 360° around X, Y, Z, 3-axis accordingly



Step 4. After rotation, click "End calibration"



Successful result:

Most of data dots will be within the ellipse.

If not successful, please stay away from the objective that can create magnetic field interference.

2.3.3 Gyroscope Automatic Calibration

The gyroscope calibration is to calibrate the angular velocity, and the sensor will calibrate automatically.

It is recommended that the automatic calibration of gyroscopes can be inactivated only if the module rotates at a constant speed.

2.3.4 Reset Z-axis Angle

Note: If you want to avoid magnetic interference, you can change the algorithm to Axis 6, then you can use reset function of "Reset Z-axis angle".

The z-axis angle is an absolute angle, and it takes the northeast sky as the coordinate system can not be relative to 0 degree.

Z axis to 0 is to make the initial angle of the z axis angle is relative 0 degree. When the module is used before and z - axis drift is large, the z - axis can be calibrated, When the module is powered on, the Z axis will automatically return to 0.

Calibration methods as follow:

Step 1: Keep the module static.

Step 2: Open the "Config" and then click the "Reset Z-axis Angle" option, you will see the angle of the Z-axis backs to 0 degree in the module data bar.

2.3.5 Reset Height to 0

Only available for the module built-in barometer like WT901B, HWT901B, WTGAHRS1, WTGAHRS2.

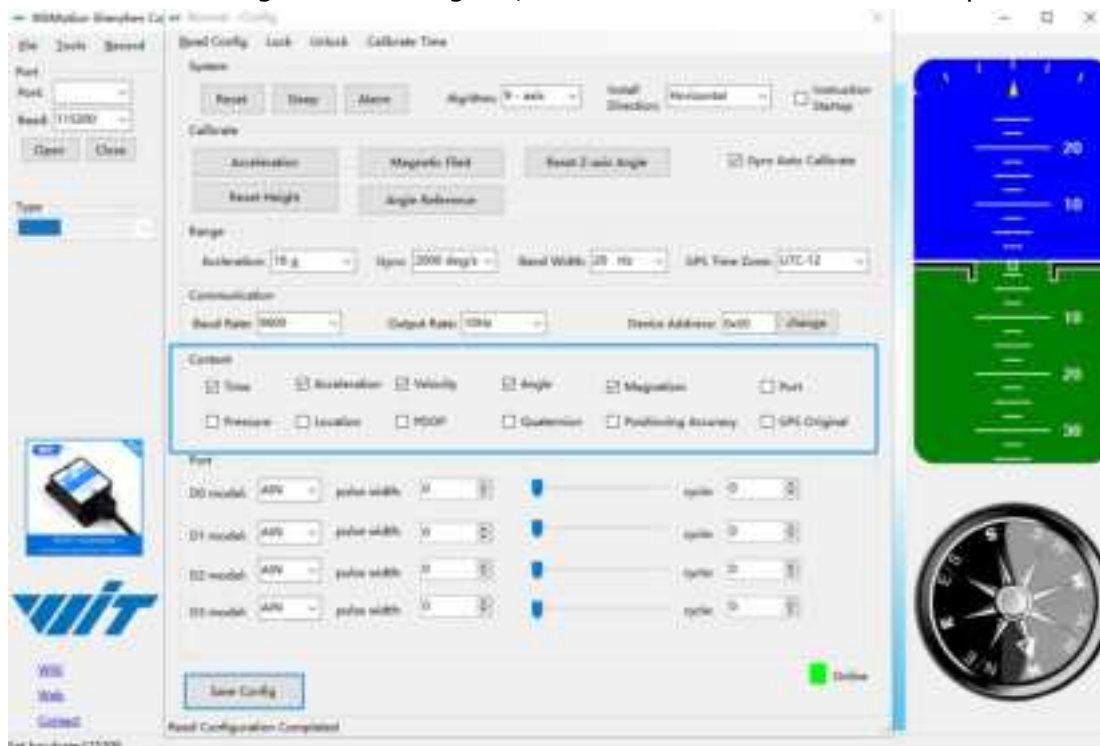
2.4 Configuration

2.4.1 Return Content

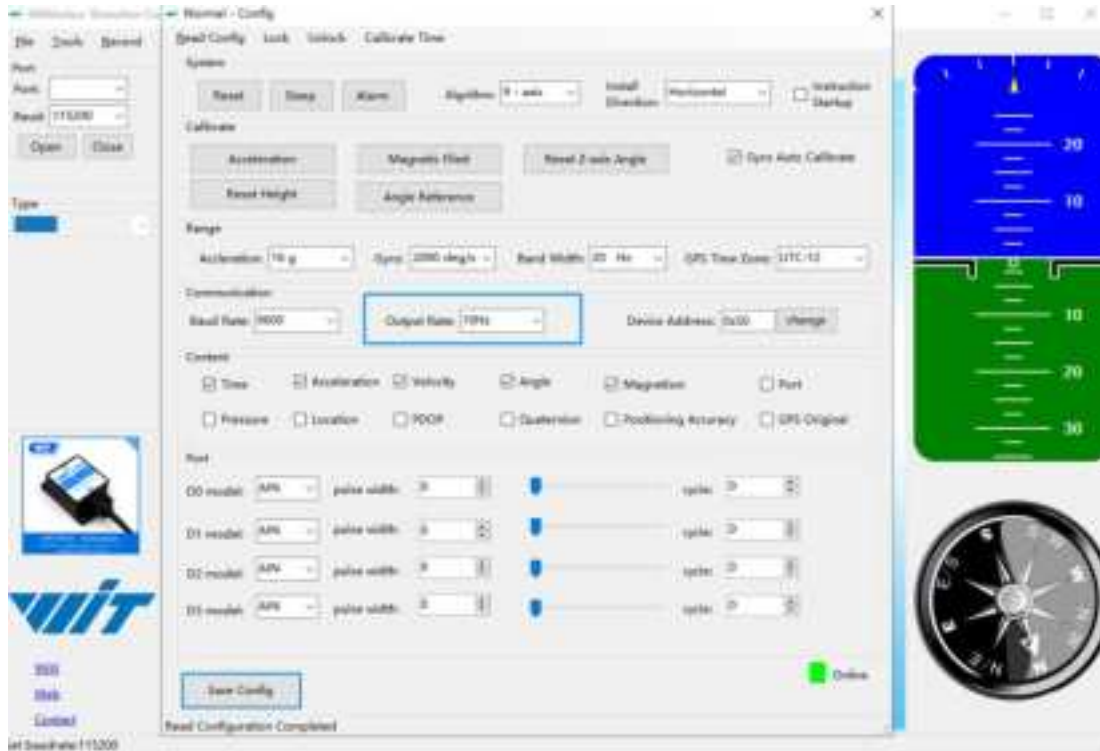
Setting method: The content of the data return can be set according to user needs, click the configuration option bar, and check the data content to be output.

Taking BWT901 as an example, the default output of the module is acceleration, angular velocity, angle, and magnetic field.

Notice: If choosing the GPS Original, there will be no other data output.



2.4.2 Output Rate



The default return rate of the module is 10Hz, the highest return rate supports 200Hz.

10Hz refers to 10 packets returned every second. There contain 33bytes in a data packet in default.

Reminder: If there being many types of return data and low baud rate of communication, the module will automatically reduce the frequency and output at a maximum allowable output rate. The default baud rate is 115200.

2.4.3 Baud Rate

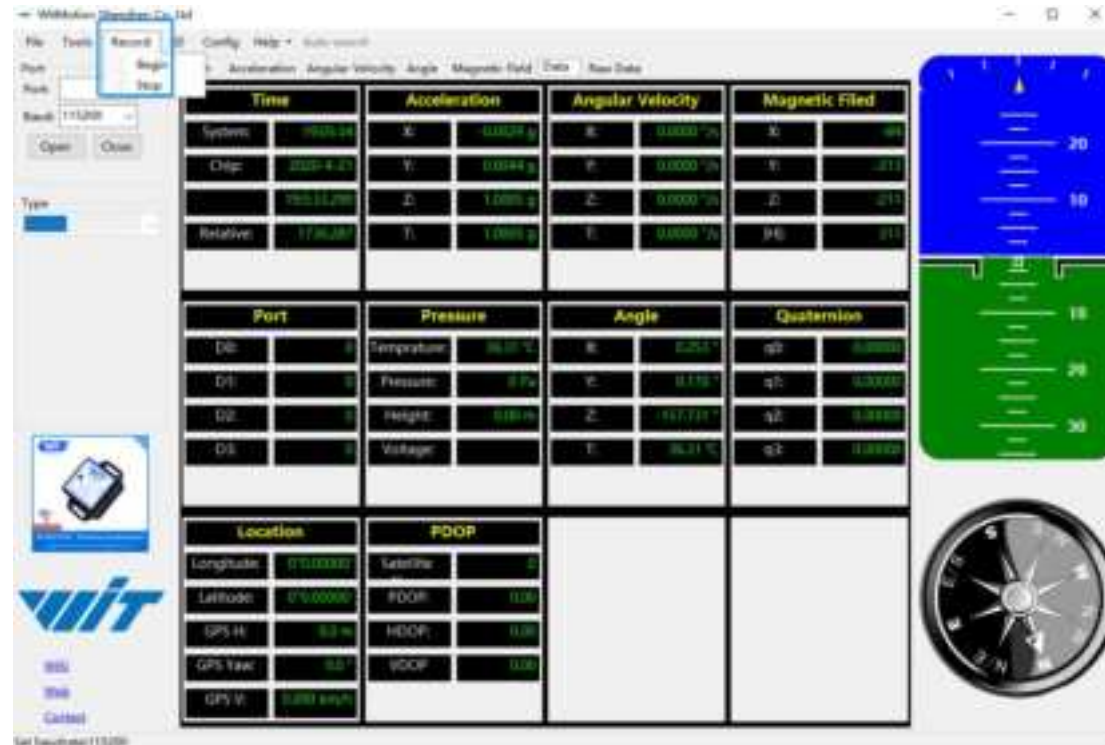
Not available for Bluetooth sensor series.

2.4.4 Data Recording

Method are as follows:

Step 1: Click "Record" and "Begin"

Step 2: Click "Stop"



Step 3: Extract the data as "txt" file



Notice: If there is repeated "TIME" of data, that's caused by low-resolution of the Windows system's time. The changes in other data is correct.

It is highly recommended that data can be pasted to an Excel file. In this way, all data will be shown in order.

StartTime	2020-04-11 18:54:44.517											
Address	Time(s)	ChpTime(s)	ax(g)	ay(g)	az(g)	w(deg)	v(deg)	u(deg)	AngleX(deg)	AngleY(deg)	AngleZ(deg)	T1
0x50	43.06.4	02:40.4	0.4443	0.1777	0.0696	1.1138	0.1662	-28.541	188.0364	29.2072	120.3299	24.57
0x50	43.06.5	02:40.5	0.02	0.5796	-0.7739	192.0166	283.9155	-700.2563	142.0532	-24.884	154.8907	39
0x50	43.06.6	02:40.6	0.2996	0.8599	-0.5571	-8.2397	-1.7842	-264.5264	124.0741	20.0171	-158.2196	80
0x50	43.06.7	02:40.7	-0.771	0.5322	-0.4761	38.0718	-43.8232	228.8677	132.884	-41.4514	-150.0872	30
0x50	43.06.8	02:40.8	-0.5601	0.4233	-0.5562	55.7661	101.0667	274.1669	144.5087	35.5792	-132.4292	30
0x50	43.06.9	02:40.9	-0.0050	0.5593	-1.0103	136.0661	-32.7750	432.251	141.4828	1.9073	-174.1113	30
0x50	43.07.0	02:41.0	0.2656	0.3887	-0.8594	124.3896	7.6735	341.1805	154.8888	-15.5886	167.8077	30.01
0x50	43.07.1	02:41.1	0.5911	0.1104	-0.8467	40.7715	11.8019	257.1411	177.3803	-26.7684	127.7326	30
0x50	43.07.2	02:41.2	0.3896	0.3022	-0.8594	80.0679	135.5149	268.9819	183.4801	31.9887	128.8829	30.01
0x50	43.07.3	02:41.3	0.2939	0.9531	-0.2837	251.5258	-48.645	-750.4272	119.0148	-0.3825	-174.1808	30.01
0x50	43.07.4	02:41.4	0.4614	0.7075	0.3384	-27.3438	-18.4702	-226.9287	152.8021	30.8519	-181.4001	30
0x50	43.07.5	02:41.5	-0.7968	0.6279	-0.5044	28.0762	61.7261	122.1924	122.0087	39.8035	-181.1389	30
0x50	43.07.6	02:41.6	-0.3495	0.8135	-0.5327	36.3177	5.6763	93.0176	121.8484	15.7214	-181.109	30
0x50	43.07.7	02:41.7	0.5057	0.7452	-0.5996	34.0356	-0.061	379.7607	128.7608	11.4478	-178.8711	30.03
0x50	43.07.8	02:41.8	0.4922	0.4853	-0.7129	134.7658	24.231	268.9619	145.3658	-32.4756	165.3832	30.02
0x50	43.07.9	02:41.9	0.4507	0.4272	0.7871	186.5234	36.5119	420.6543	186.2618	-49.1583	130.2824	30.02
0x50	43.08.0	02:42.0	0.6045	-0.3862	-0.8027	37.9028	7.6284	-138.0005	173.4357	-45.8514	118.0206	30.03
0x50	43.08.1	02:42.1	0.6713	0.6811	-0.5888	-172.6885	7.1411	-537.6587	157.8312	-81.3388	183.8171	30.03
0x50	43.08.2	02:42.2	-0.0649	0.873	-0.4028	115.6616	2.3189	-276.2451	113.6481	-4.6417	-169.8791	29.98
0x50	43.08.3	02:42.3	-0.4052	0.858	-0.1818	134.6877	35.208	-155.7007	89.8822	-26.933	-185.943	30.03
0x50	43.08.4	02:42.4	0.3171	0.6804	-0.1152	84.1064	0.0155	86.2427	84.8285	33.2866	-107.5413	30.06
0x50	43.08.5	02:42.5	-0.1782	0.9595	-0.2793	243.2881	29.3579	406.8604	110.7367	13.3429	-188.0888	30.03

2.4.5 Data Playback

New function: When creating recorded file each time, there will a BIN file created in the folder of record file in path of installed software meanwhile.

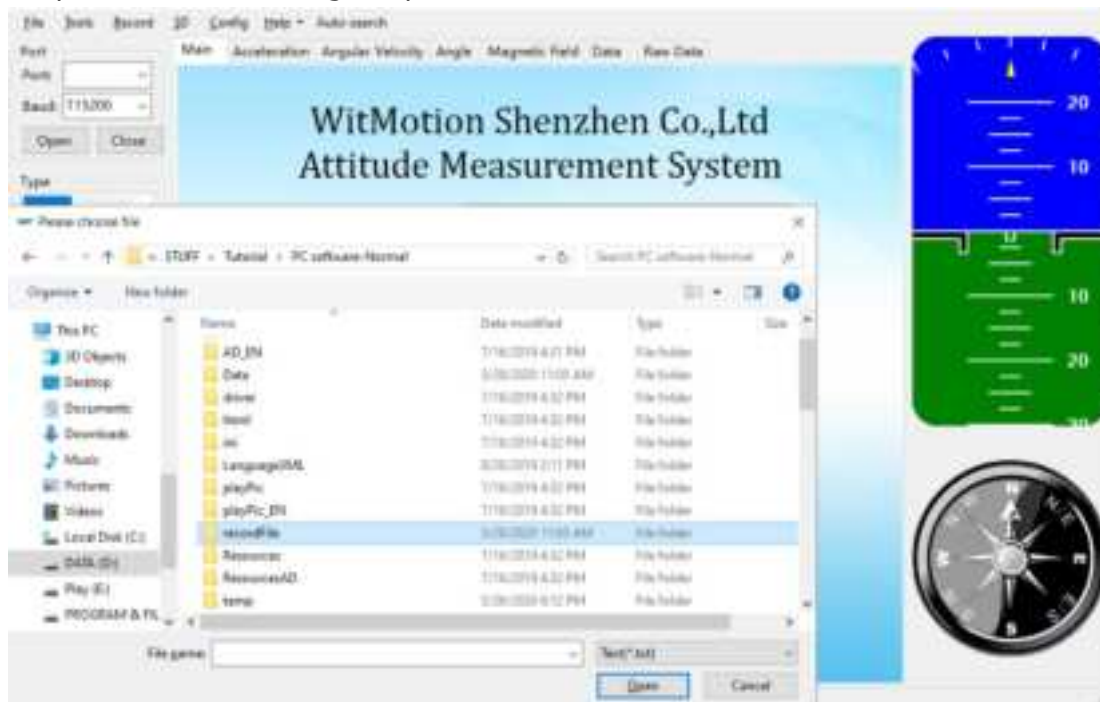
Recorded data playback method:

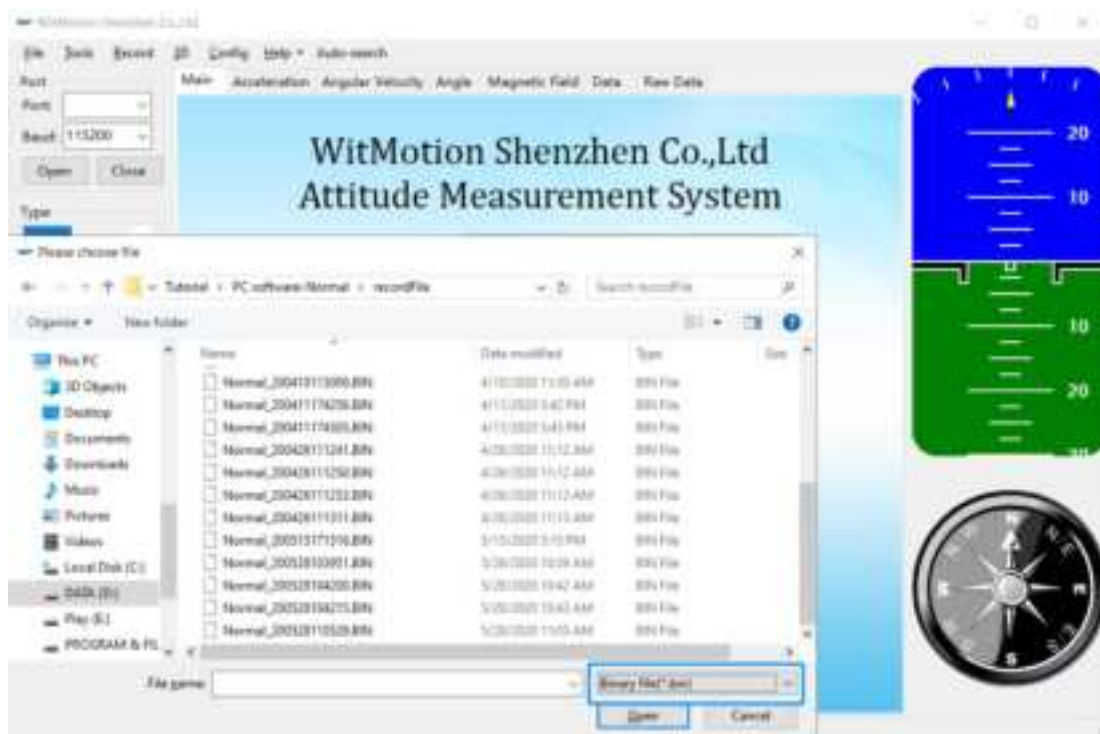
Step 1: Disconnect the sensor

Step 2: Click "File" Button and then click "Load"



Step 3: Choose the original path of software installation and load the Bin file





Step 4: Click "Run" and the Binary file will be playback
When playback, the rate can be editable.



2.4.6 Standby and Wake Up

Not available for Bluetooth sensor series.

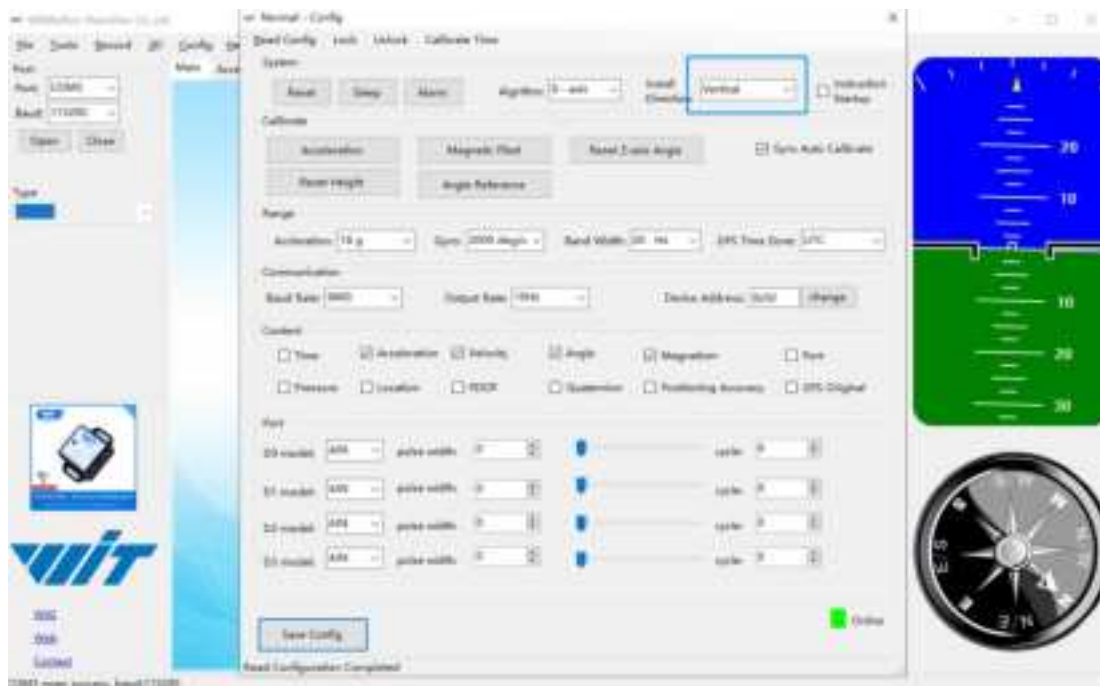
2.4.7 Placement Direction

The default installation direction of the module is horizontal. When the module needs to be installed vertically, the vertical installation can be set.

Step 1: Rotate the module 90 degrees around the X-axis

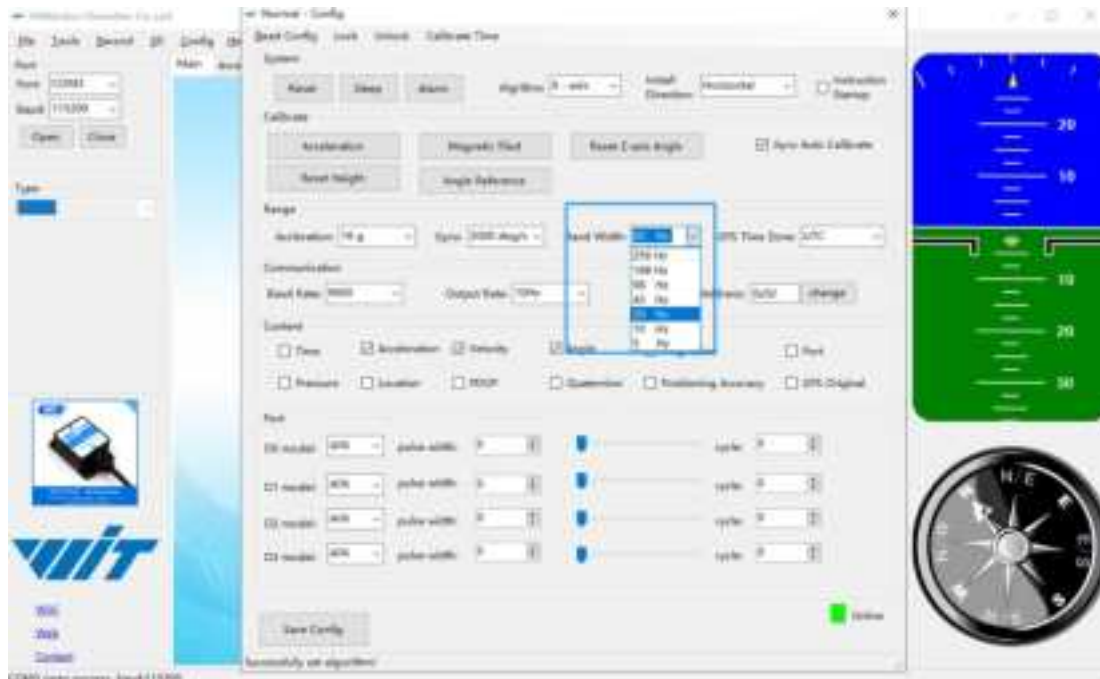
Step 2: Place the sensor 90 degrees vertically

Step 3: Click "Vertical" as install directions on "Config" menu



2.4.8 Bandwidth

Default bandwidth is 20Hz.

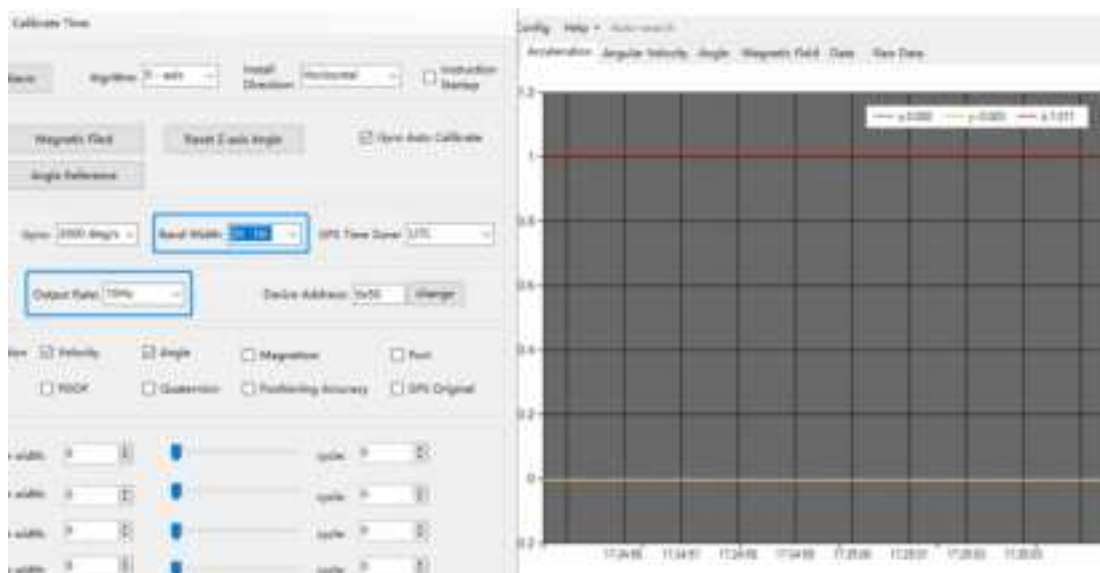


Function:

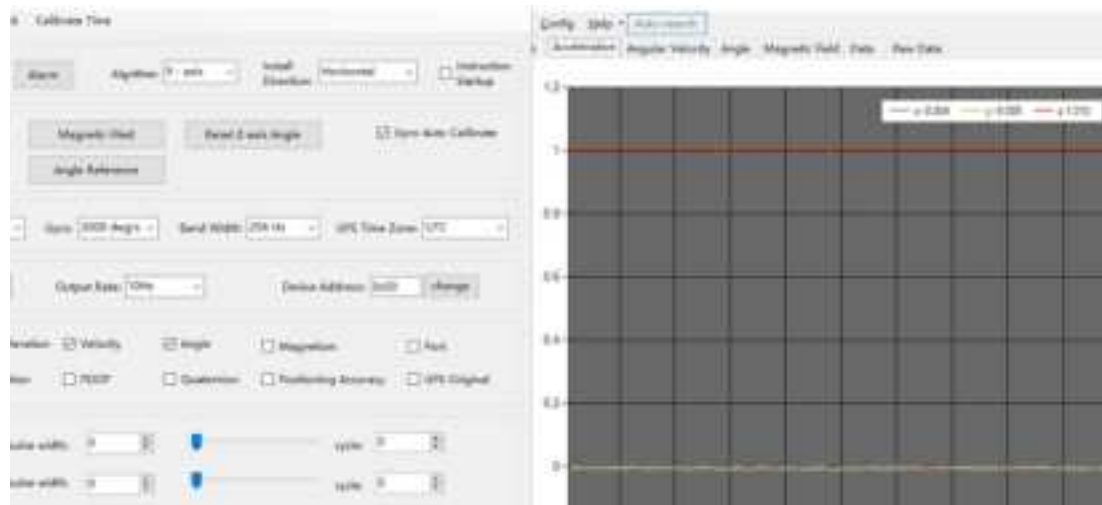
1. The higher rate of bandwidth setting will lead to the higher fluctuation in data waveform. Conversely, the lower rate of bandwidth, data will become more fluent.

For example:

Bandwidth as 20Hz, Output rate as 10Hz. The waveform is very steady.



Bandwidth as 256Hz, Output rate as 10Hz. The waveform will show more fluctuation.



2. The higher rate of bandwidth will solve the data-repeating problem.

For example, if the bandwidth setting is 20Hz, retrieval rate as 100Hz, there will be 5 repeating data.

If you prefer there is no repeating data, it is required to increase the bandwidth more than 100Hz.

2.4.9 6-axis/ 9-axis Algorithm

6-axis algorithm: Z-axis angle is mainly calculated based on angular velocity integral. There will be calculated error on Z-axis angle.

9-axis algorithm: Z-axis angle is mainly calculated and analyzed based on the magnetic field. Z-axis angle will have few drift.

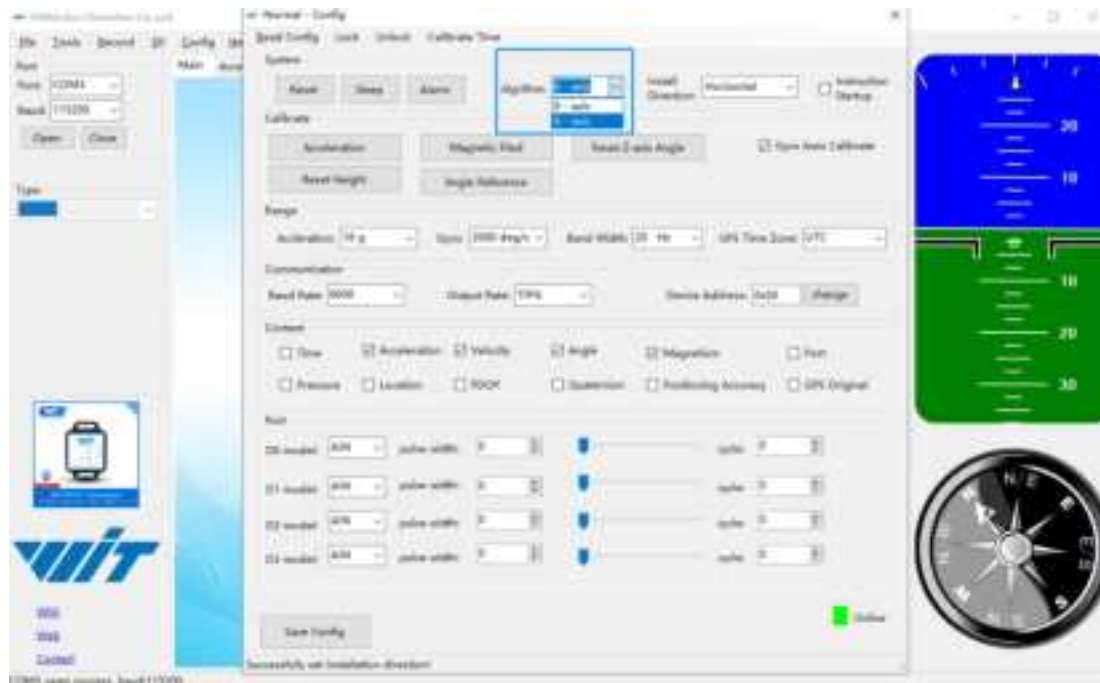
The default algorithm of BWT901 is 9-axis. If there is magnetic field interference around installed environment, it is recommended to switch to 6-axis algorithm to detect the angle.

Method:

Step 1: Switch to the "6-axis" algorithm on "Config" menu

Step 2: Proceed the "Accelerometer calibration" and "Reset Z-axis angle" calibration.

After the calibration is completed, it can be used normally.



3 Use Instructions with Android Phone

For APP configuration introduction, please referring to the Chapter 2.2

3.1 APP Installation

Install the APK file, give permission of Location and Storage



[Link to download Android APP](#)



About Android APP:

1. Note: Paired devices can be searched without turning on positioning. According to Google's requirements, if APP installed on a higher version of Android (6.0) mobile phone, pairing with a Bluetooth device, Location must be allowed when using Bluetooth at the same time.
2. It is recommended to use method shown in the Chapter 3.3.1
If Bluetooth device cannot be shown on search result, it is recommended to try another method in the Chapter 3.3.2

3.2 Connection

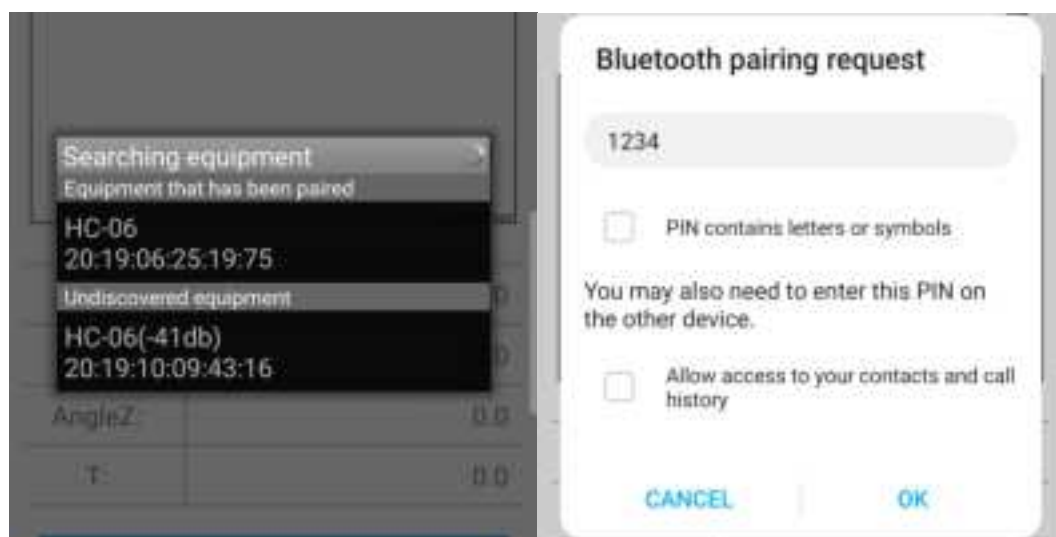
3.2.1 APP Pairing

Step 1. Install the APK file, give permission of Location and Storage

Step 2. Open APP and choose "9-axis series"



Step 3. Turn on the sensor and search "HC-06", input password "1234".



Step 4. When pairing is done, the blue LED light of sensor will remain still. After a few seconds, the data will show automatically.



3.2.2 Phone's Bluetooth Pairing

Step 1. Install the APK file, give permission of Location and Storage

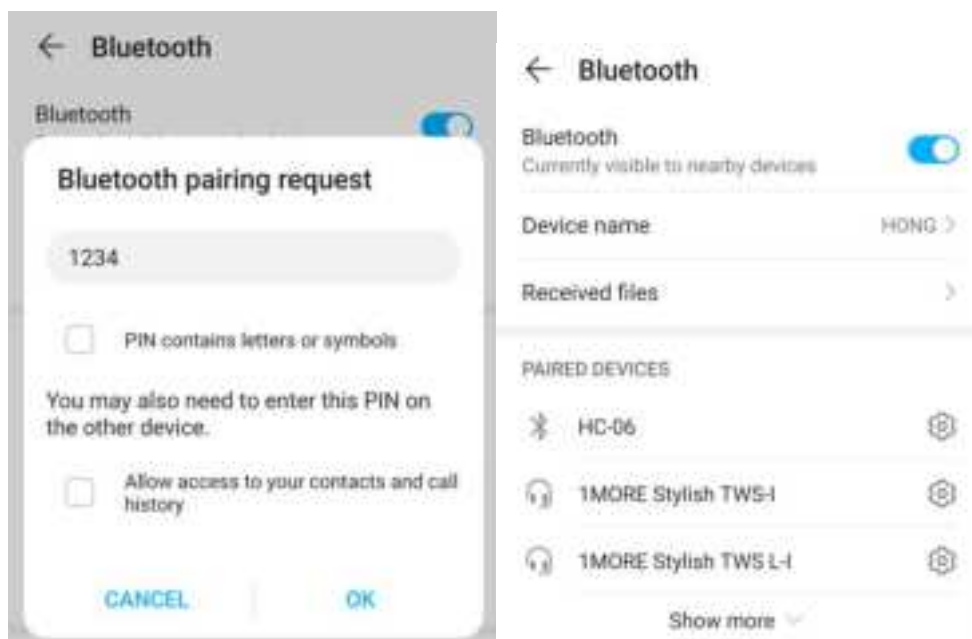
Step 2. Turn on the Bluetooth in the setting menu of smartphone

Step 3. Search the Bluetooth sensor

(First pairing the device will be recognize as mac address and will be shown as HC-06 after successful pairing.)



Step 4. Click the "MAC address" device and input the password "1234"



Step 5. Open the WITMOTION APP, and choose "9-axis Series"

Step 6. Click "Scan" and select the paired Bluetooth device "HC-06"
(No need to input password)

Step 7. The Blue LED light of sensor will keep on. Connection with APP is successful.



3.3 Calibration

[BWT901 Playlist](#)

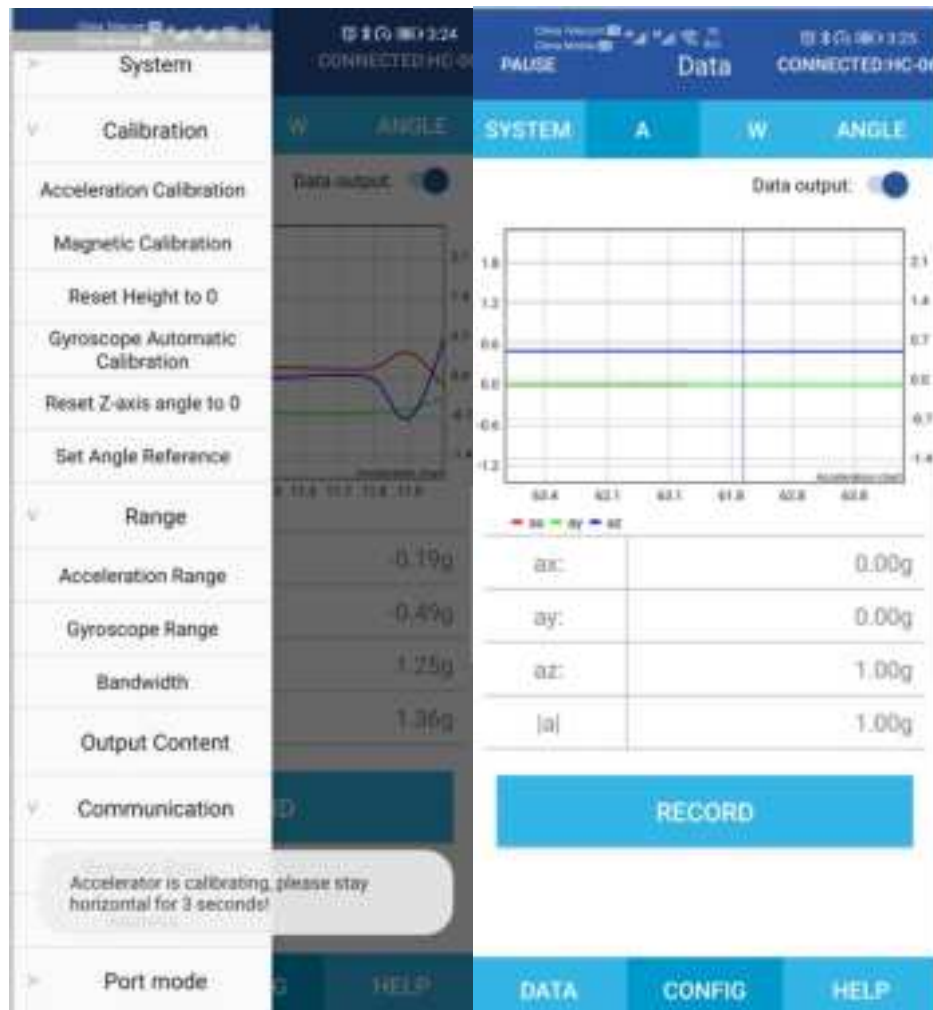
3.3.1 Acceleration Calibration

Step 1. Keep the module horizontally stationary

Step 2. Click the "Calibration" menu

Step 3. Click the "Acceleration Calibration" and wait for 3 seconds

Step 5. Judge the result--confirm if there is 1g on Z-axis acceleration



3.3.2 Magnetic Field Calibration

Step 1. Click "Calibration" menu

Step 2. Click the "Magnetic calibration" button

Step 3. Slowly rotate the module 360° around X, Y, Z, 3-axis accordingly

Step 4. After rotation, click "Finish"



Check the result: The Z-axis angle will have fewer drift than before.

Notice: If not successful, please stay away from the objective that can create magnetic field interference.



4 Multiple Connection

For software introduction, please referring to the Chapter 2.2.

4.1 Download Link

For multi-connection, please download the multi-connection HID software.

[Download link](#)

4.2 Connection Instructions

[DEMO Link](#)

Instruction:

Step 1. Open the multiple-connection PC software

Step 2: Plugin the USB-HID adapter in the beginning

Step 3. Turn on the sensor after the red light of USB-HID adapter begins flashing

Step 4. Wait till sensor's blue LED light keeps on. Pairing succeeds

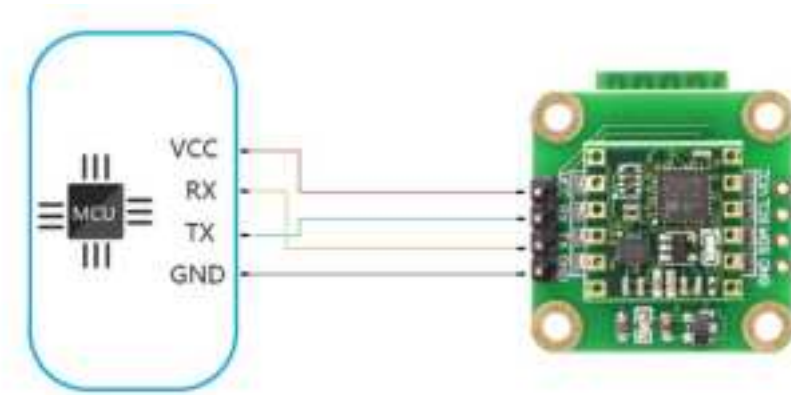
Step 5. For multiple-connection, repeat Step 2-4

Step 6. Click the HID device accordingly and the data will show

Notice:

1. The multiple-connection will require the USB-HID 2.0 adapter.
The USB-HID adapter is driver-free design.
2. Each BWT901 Bluetooth 2.0 sensor can only pair with 1 USB-HID adapter.
3. The multiple-connection can reach up to 8pcs.

5 MCU Connection



[Link to download all sample code](#)

[Link to sample code instructions demo](#)

Notice: There is no sample code provided for Linux or Python system at present.

5.1 Arduino

[Download link](#)

[Arduino UNO3 Demo Link](#)

5.2 STM32

[Download link](#)

5.3 Raspberry pi

[Tutorial link](#)

5.4 C#

[DEMO link](#)



5.5 C++

[DEMO link](#)

5.6 Matlab

[Receive Sample Code](#)

[Dataplot DEMO](#)