



NEW Y-STRUCTURE KIT 2

for proximity binding assay - Spot 2

Dynamic Biosensors GmbH HK-NYS-2 v1.0





Key Features

- Ideal for studying **ternary complex formation** upon binding of bispecific small molecules (e.g., **PROTACs**, molecular glues), homo-dimerization and bispecific antibodies with weak affinities.
- The new optimized **Y-structure** design allows higher **FRET** sensitivity.
- Compatible with heliX[®] Adapter Chip.
- The **Y-structure Red Adapter** strand (specific to Spot 2) carries a moderately hydrophilic red dye (**Ra**) with a single positive net charge.
- The Y-structure Green Adapter strand carries a hydrophilic green dye (Ga) with a single negative net charge.
- Green and red dyes can detect binding on each arm via **Fluorescence Proximity Sensing (FPS)**, or report if the structure is OPEN or CLOSED via sensitive **FRET**.
- Homo-/hetero-proteins can be coupled easily to the arms via exchangeable ligand strands.
- The flexible hinge region confines two proteins to a small volume and defined distance.

Product Description

Order Number: HK-NYS-2

Table 1. Contents and Storage Information

Material	Сар	Concentration	Amount	Buffer	Storage
New Y-structure Red Adapter strand 2 with Ra	Orange	400 nM	5 x 50 μL	TE40 [1]	-20°C
New Y-structure Green Adapter strand with Ga	Green	400 nM	5 x 50 μL	TE40 [1]	-20°C
New Y-structure <i>Ligand Free Strand (Ifs) - Red</i> for binary binding in green	Yellow	500 nM	3 x 100 μL	TE40 [1]	-20°C
New Y-structure <i>Ligand Free Strand (Ifs) - Green</i> for binary binding in red	Yellow	500 nM	3 x 100 μL	TE40 [1]	-20°C

For research use only.

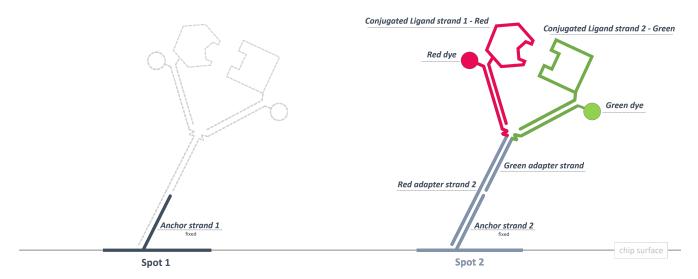
This product has a limited shelf life, please see expiry date on label.

To avoid many freeze thaw cycles please aliquot the nanolever.

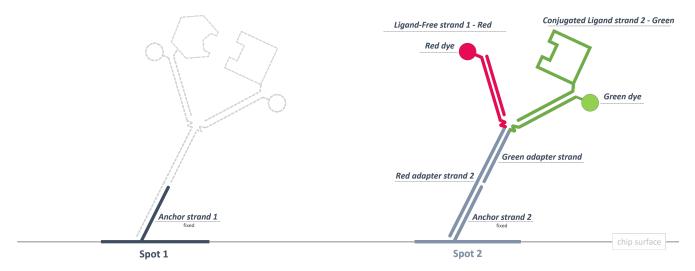


heliX® Adapter Chip Overview

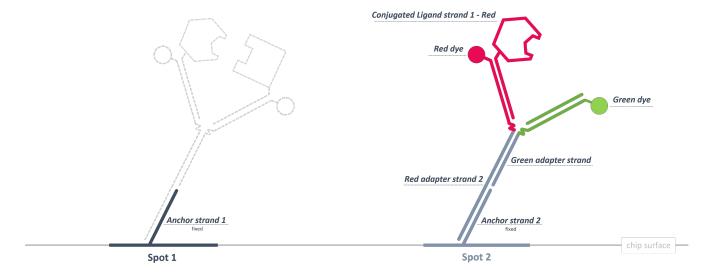
Ternary binding



Binary binding in green

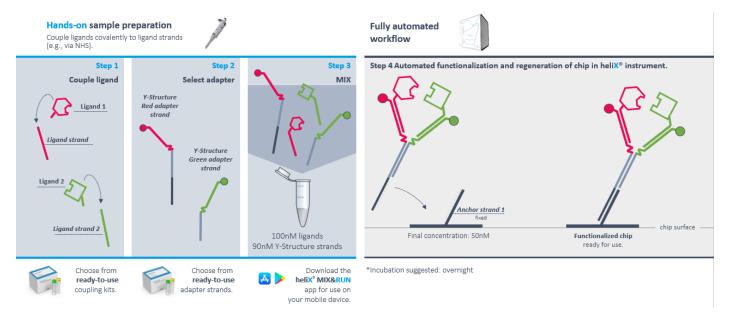


Binary binding in red





Preparation



Step 1

The *Ligand strands* can be extended at either the 5' (*Ligand strand 1* - Red arm) or 3' (*Ligand strand 2* - Green arm) end with any DNA/RNA sequence. Additionally, they can be crosslinked to a protein of interest through amine coupling using the specialized **heliX**® Amine Coupling Kits (**HK-NYS-NHS-1**, which hybridizes to the red arm, and **HK-NYS-NHS-2**, which hybridizes to the green arm). It is highly recommended to purify the conjugation product with **pro**FIRE® before conducting kinetic studies.

TIP

For higher FRET quality, the covalent coupling of the ligands is recommended. + Alternatively, the protein can be captured via His-tag using the HK-NYS-NTA kit.

Step 2

For surface functionalization, the **Y-structure Red Adapter strand 2** harboring the red dye **Ra** and the **Y-structure Green Adapter strand** harboring the green dye **Ga** need to be pre-hybridized with the **Ligand-strands** in order to build the **Y-structure**.

Example of sample preparation for measuring ternary binding on Spot 1 and binary binding in green on Spot 2:

Vial 1 | In solution hybridization of **Y-structure** strands and ligand strands for **Spot 1** (not included in this kit, refer to HK-NYS-1, HK-NYS-NHS-1 and HK-NYS-NHS-2).

- i. Mix Y-structure *Red Adapter strand* (400 nM), *Green Adapter strand* (400 nM) conjugated *Ligand strand* 1 (500 nM) and conjugated *Ligand strand* 2 (500 nM) at a 1:1 ratio (v/v).
- ii. Incubate the solution of step i) at **RT for 2 hours** to ensure complete hybridization. Overnight incubation at 4°C is also possible, but it depends on the stability of the conjugated protein.

Vial 2 | In solution hybridization of Y-structure strands and ligand strands for Spot 2.

- i. Mix Y-structure Red Adapter strand 2 (400 nM), Green Adapter strand (400 nM), Ligand-free strand 1 Red (500 nM) and conjugated Ligand strand 2 Green (500 nM) at a 1:1 ratio (v/v).
- ii. Incubate the solution of step i) at **RT for 2 hours** to ensure complete hybridization. Overnight incubation at 4°C is also possible, but it depends on the stability of the conjugated protein.

Step 3

Mix solution of step 2 at 1:1 ratio (v/v).



Step 4

Solution is ready to use for **heliX**[®] **Adapter Chip** functionalization.

Example

Required volume for 1 functionalization: **35 µL** with a final concentration of **50 nM**.

Vial 1		Vial 2		
New Y-structure Red Adapter strand & Green Adapter strand (400 nM)	Conjugated <i>Ligand strand 1</i> & Conjugated <i>Ligand strand</i> 2 (500 nM)		Ligand-free strand 1 - Red & Conjugated Ligand strand 2 (500 nM)	
4.5 μL each > 9 μL tot	4.5 μL each > 9 μL tot	4.5 μL each > 9 μL tot	4.5 μL each > 9 μL tot	

After incubation time, mix vial 1 and vial 2 to obtain a ready-to-use DNA solution.

Assay Setup in heliOS

For studying ternary complex formation upon binding of bispecific small molecules (e.g., PROTACs, molecular glues).

Go to heliOS > create a New Assay Workflow > add Custom Assay > load Y-Structure FRET Kinetics > modify the parameters based on your needs and run the assay.

Suggested assay parameters (e.g., flow rates, functionalization time, LED power, etc.) are within the heliOS assay.



For binary interaction in red, please set LED red \geq 1. However, do not forget to set it back to 0 when **FRET** interaction are under investigation.

For more details, please refer to the **heliX**⁺ guide available this **link**.

Alternatevely, **Y-Structure FRET Kinetics - auto LED** assay can be utilized, where the **heliX**[®] system automatically adjusts the LED power to optimize the fluorescence signal for a better signal-to-noise ratio. This approach is highly recommended for weak binders or screening applications.

For studying bispecific antibodies with weak affinities (e.g., Hemlibra binding to Factor X and IX)

Go to **heliOS** > create a **New Assay Workflow** > add simply **Kinetics with Functionalization** from the **Custom Assay** list > modify the parameters based on your needs and run the assay.

TIF

Antibodies are big proteins which do not allow to bring the two dyes in close proximity, therefore FRET cannot be recorded. This is the reason why classic kinetics workflow and Fluorescence Proximity Sensing (FPS) is used for detecting binding.

For further questions, please contact the support team at **support.dbs@bruker.com**.

Useful Order Numbers

Table 2. Order Numbers

Product Name	Amount	Order No
Y-structure Amine coupling kit 1 - Red	3 conjugations	HK-NYS-NHS-1
Y-structure Amine coupling kit 2 - Green	3 conjugations	HK-NYS-NHS-2
New Y-structure Kit 1: for proximity binding assay Spot 1	400 nM x 250 μL	HK-NYS-1
New Y-structure His Capture Kit	500 nM x 200 μL	HK-NYS-NTA



Contact

Dynamic Biosensors GmbHPerchtinger Str. 8/10
81379 Munich
Germany

Bruker Scientific LLC 40 Manning Road, Manning Park Billerica, MA 01821 USA

Order Information order.biosensors@bruker.com
Technical Support support.dbs@bruker.com

www.dynamic-biosensors.com

Instruments and chips are engineered and manufactured in Germany. ©2025 Dynamic Biosensors GmbH
For Research Use Only. Not for use in clinical diagnostic procedures.