

PRESTIGE 350



OWNER'S MANUAL



PRESTIGE®

WELCOME ABOARD

Madam, Sir,

You have just taken delivery of your new PRESTIGE boat and we thank you for the confidence you have shown us in ordering a vessel of our brand. The whole PRESTIGE team welcomes you aboard.

A PRESTIGE is made to last, in order to bring you all the pleasure you expect from a vessel over a period of many years. Each boat is subject to the utmost attention to detail from the design stage right through to launching.

This manual is meant to help you to enjoy your boat comfortably and safely. It includes the boat specifications, the equipment provided or installed, the systems and tips on her operation and maintenance. Some of the equipment described in this manual may be optional.

Your PRESTIGE dealer will be able to help and advise you in the use and maintenance of your boat.

Read this user's guide/owner's manual carefully and get to know your boat before using it.

The better you know your vessel the more pleasure you will get from being at the helm.

The sea is a source for learning. Caution based on a knowledge of one's own limits and those of the boat is the pre-requisite for an accomplished sailor.

Even when your boat has been adapted for them, the sea and wind conditions corresponding to the design categories A, B, C and D may vary, ranging from severe conditions to strong storms subject to the risks of exceptional waves and gusts of wind, this meaning they are dangerous conditions in which only an experienced, fit and well trained crew manoeuvring a well maintained boat can sail in a satisfactory manner.

This user's guide/owner's manual is not a course in safety at sea or about sailing sense. If this is your first boat or if you change to a new type of boat which you are not used to, get some training in boat control and sailing to ensure your safety and comfort. Your dealer, your international sailing association or your yacht club will be very happy to recommend local sailing schools or professional instructors.

Make sure the sea and wind conditions will correspond to the category of your boat and you and your crew are able to handle the boat in these conditions.

Always listen to the weather forecast before you put out to sea.

Keep this user's guide/owner's manual in a safe place and hand it over to the new owner if you sell your boat.

You are advised to keep all the instructions and manuals provided by the boat equipment manufacturers (accessories...) in the same place as this manual.

PRESTIGE

INTRODUCTION

THE USERS OF THE BOAT ARE INFORMED OF THE FOLLOWING:

■ This user guide/owner's manual is not a maintenance or repair guide. In case of difficulty do not hesitate to call on the services of your concessionaire PRESTIGE.

■ Any alterations which may affect the safety specifications of the boat must be assessed, carried out and recorded by persons qualified to do so. Any change in the distribution of the vessel's mass (adding a radar, altering the mast, changing an engine, etc) may affect the stability, trim and performance of your boat.

The SPBI shipyards may not be held responsible for any alterations which they have not approved.

■ The complete crew must be equipped appropriately.

■ In numerous countries, a licence, an authorization or a training course is requested. Make sure you have this legal authorization before you use your boat.

■ Adapt the use of your boat to her condition that wears out with time and use.

■ Any boat, however solid she may be, may be severely damaged if badly used. This is not compatible with safe navigation. Always adapt the speed and direction of your boat to the conditions of the sea.

■ The boat shall not be loaded more with than the maximum load recommended by the builder, in particular the total weight of the food supplies, of the different equipment that are not supplied by the builder and of the persons on board.

■ The weight of the boat shall be properly distributed.

■ The stability is reduced when you add weight in the upper parts.

■ In case of heavy weather, the hatches, lockers and doors shall be closed in order to minimize the risk of water coming in.

■ Breaking waves are a serious threat to stability.

■ The water in the bilge shall be kept at its minimum.

■ The stability may be reduced when you tow a boat or when you lift heavy weights with the davits or the boom.

■ If your boat is equipped with a liferaft, carefully read the instructions. The boat must have on board all the proper safety equipment (lifejackets, buoys, harness, flares, liferafts, etc.) depending on the type of vessel, its certification, the country, the weather conditions encountered, etc.

■ The crew must be familiar with the use of all the safety equipment and the emergency safety procedures (MOB, towing etc.). Sailing schools organise regular training sessions.

■ Anyone on the deck shall wear a life jacket or a buoyancy aid.

The safety regulations as defined by the sailing code and enforced by the "COLREG" should be observed.

NAME PLATE:

Some of the data is shown on the manufacturer's plate fixed to the boat. The explanation of the data is given in the appropriate chapters of this manual.

IDENTIFICATION OF VESSEL:

The vessel's identification is found on the builder's certificate delivered with the boat and is engraved on the starboard aft side.

So as to be able to continuously improve their product the SPBI shipyards reserve the right to make any alterations in design, layout or equipment which they judge necessary.

That is the reason why the specifications and information given are not contractual, they may be modified without prior notice or up dates.

This owner's manual is designed in accordance with the ISO 10240 standard requirements, it has a general purpose and it may sometimes list some equipment or accessories or deal with some points or questions that are not relevant to your own boat.

The different warnings used throughout this guide are broken down as follows.



DANGER

Indicates the existence of a serious inherent danger with a high risk of death or serious injury if the appropriate precautions are not taken.



WARNING

Indicates the existence of a danger which could lead to injury or death if the appropriate precautions are not taken.

PRECAUTION

Indicates a reminder of safety practice or draws attention to dangerous practices which could cause injury to persons or damage to the vessel or to its components.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

Indicates a recommendation or advice for carrying out manoeuvres appropriate for the planned manoeuvres.

HISTORY OF UPDATES

• Index A	02/2011
• Index B	10/2011
• Index C	11/2012
• Index D	03/2013

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PERSONAL NOTES



SPECIFICATIONS AND WARRANTY

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

DESIGN CATEGORY

YOUR BOAT

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

L.O.A.....	11,25 m
Hull length.....	10,92 m
L.W.L.....	9,39 m
Overall width.....	3,76 m
Beam.....	3,72 m
Waterline beam.....	3,36 m
Air draught (Empty vessel).....	4,50 m
Draught (Maximum).....	0,95 m
Light displacement.....	6 450 kg
Total mass of liquids (all tanks full).....	850 kg
Freshwater capacity.....	250 l
Capacity of sewage tank.....	80 l
Fuel oil tank capacity.....	2 x 325 l
Refrigeration unit capacity.....	130 l + 42 l (Fly)
Recommended maximum power.....	324 kW
Maximum motorisation mass.....	726 kg
Battery capacity - Engine.....	2 x 110 A
Battery capacity - Service.....	2 x 110 A
Battery capacity - Bow thruster.....	50 A
Battery capacity - Generator.....	110 A
Cabins.....	2
Sleeping capacity.....	4

Note: The capacities indicated are maximum (including options).

Architect..... Jernej JAKOPIN
Interior design..... Garroni Design, J-F de Prémorél

CERTIFICATION

CE Category	B	C	D
Persons Maximum	8	10	10
Charge maxim registered	2 420 kg	2 510 kg	2 460 kg
Displacement with maximum load	8 870 kg	8 960 kg	8 910 kg

Including the mass of the persons who are authorized on board (75 kg/175 lbs per adult), the supplies, the liquids that can be used (fresh water and fuel) in fixed completely full tanks, the additional loads, the optional equipments, the liferaft and the scope for load.



The engine is the main propulsion means of the PRESTIGE 350.



DANGER

Vessel use limitation when sailing in design category B: When sailing in conditions of design category B (wind force up to and including 8 Beaufort and significant wave height up to and including 4 metres) the Flying Bridge crew must be limited to 5 persons of the 8 persons on board.

DESIGN CATEGORY

Design category	Wind force (Beaufort scale)	Significant height of waves to be considered (in metres H 1/3)
Vessel designed for navigation: A - "At high sea"	Over 8	Over 4
B - "In open sea"	Up to and including 8	Up to and including 4
C - "Near to the coast"	Up to and including 6	Up to and including 2
D - "In sheltered waters"	Up to and including 4	Up to and including 0,3

The PRESTIGE 350 model conforms to the directive 2003/44/CE.

Category A: At high sea

This craft is designed to operate in winds that may exceed wind force 8 (Beaufort scale) and in significant wave heights of 4 m and above.

This craft is largely self-sufficient. Abnormal conditions such as hurricanes are excluded.

Such conditions may be encountered on extended voyages, for example across oceans, or inshore when unsheltered from the wind and waves for several hundred nautical miles.

Category B: In open sea

This craft is designed to operate in winds up to Beaufort force 8 and the associated wave heights (significant wave height up to 4 m, see Note 1 below).

Such conditions may be encountered on offshore voyages of sufficient length, or on coastal waters when unsheltered from the wind and waves for several dozens of nautical miles.

These conditions may also be experienced on inland seas of sufficient size for the wave height to be generated.

Category C: Near to the coast

This craft is designed to operate in winds up to Beaufort force 6 and the associated wave heights (significant wave height up to 2 m, see Note 1 below). You may meet with such conditions in exposed inland waters, in estuaries and in coastal waters with moderate weather conditions.

Category D: In sheltered waters

This craft is designed to operate in winds up to Beaufort force 4 and the associated wave heights (occasional maximum waves of 0,5 m height).

Such conditions may be encountered in sheltered inland waters, and in coastal waters in fine weather.

NOTE:

- The significant wave height is the mean height of the highest one-third of the waves, which approximately corresponds to the wave height estimated by an experienced observer. Some waves will be double this height.
- The creation of different design categories results from the need to distinguish between different levels of risk according to the construction of the boats. The parameters for the characteristics are established to define the conditions of navigation which each category may encounter; they serve purely to evaluate the boat designs and are not to be used to limit the geographical areas in which these boats may operate..
- One boat may be classed in several design categories at the same time, each with their different maximum capabilities.

YOUR BOAT



Version

NAME OF THE BOAT

NAME OF THE OWNER

ADDRESS

HULL NUMBER

SERIAL NUMBER

REGISTRATION NUMBER

DELIVERY DATE

DOOR KEY NUMBER

MAKE OF ENGINE

ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER

ENGINE KEY NUMBER

SPECIFICATIONS AND WARRANTY

Your agent

PRESTIGE

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SAFETY

SAFETY EQUIPMENT

GENERAL INFORMATION

GAS SYSTEM

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GAS

FIGHT AGAINST FIRE

BILGE PUMP SYSTEM

INSTRUCTIONS IN THE EVENT OF STEERING GEAR FAILURE

SAFETY EQUIPMENT



1. Position of swimming ladder.
2. Location of liferaft locker (not supplied).

Swimming ladder (means of coming back onboard)



Liferaft



Note: If over 10 persons on board, 2 liferafts compulsory

GENERAL INFORMATION



DANGERS

The major hazards concern:

- The gas system.
- The electrical system.
- The handling of the vessel.
- The motorisation.

Please refer to the relevant paragraphs.

DANGER



- Vessel use limitation when sailing in design category B: When sailing in conditions of design category B (wind force up to and including 8 Beaufort and significant wave height up to and including 4 metres) the Flying Bridge crew must be limited to 5 persons of the 8 persons on board.
- Certain vessels are equipped with a retractable swimming ladder. The swimming ladder must be in position as soon as you are onboard.
- Reduce speed in waves.

WARNING



- Before you sail, list the compulsory safety equipment.
- Don't exceed the number of persons indicated in the chapter 'Specifications'.
- The total weight of the persons and equipment must never exceed the maximum load recommended by the manufacturer.
- Use the seats provided.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- When sailing, never padlock or lock the liferaft locker.
- Before putting to sea, carefully read the launching instructions shown on the liferaft.
- Close the deck hatches and portholes before each trip (including sliding windows).
- Don't store anything below the floorboards.
- Ensure that movable items are firmly secured when the boat is under way.

GAS SYSTEM

LOCATION OF GAS VALVE



A pictogram helps to locate it easily



Valve

6. Open valve

7. Closed valve

WARNING



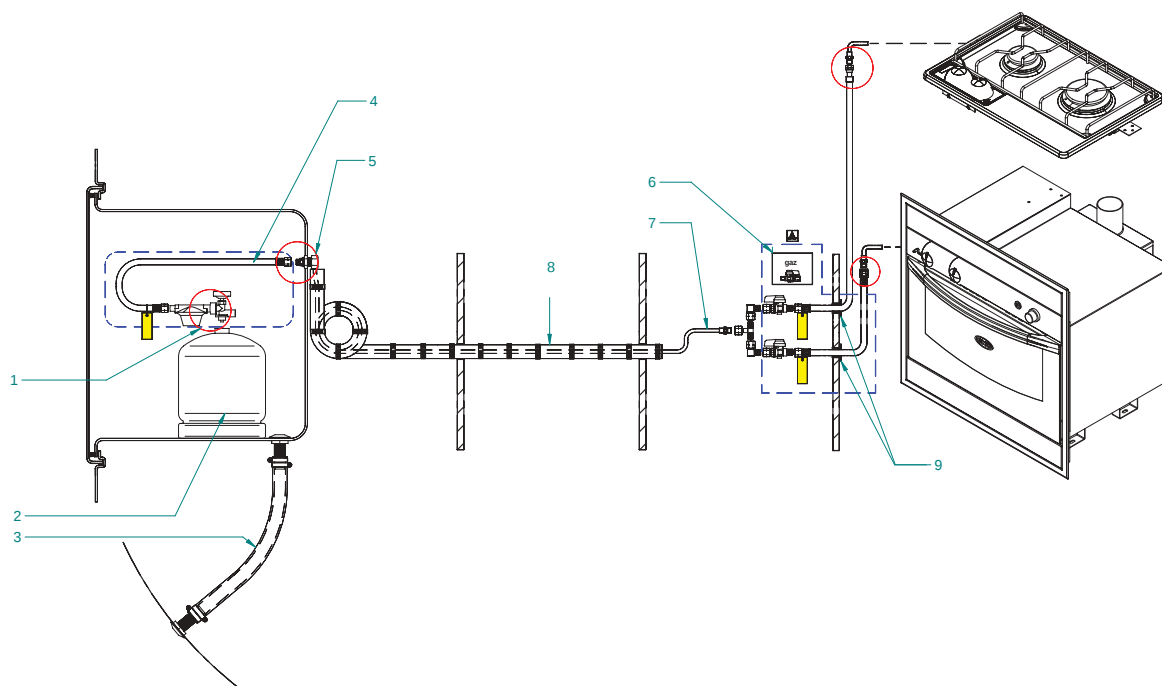
- For all recommendations concerning gas: Refer to chapter 2, «Safety».
- Don't use a solution containing ammonia.
- Don't use a flame to detect leaks.
- Don't smoke, don't use a naked flame when you change the gas cylinder.

POSITION OF GAS BOTTLE



SAFETY

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM GAS - VERSION EUROPE



REF	Designation
1	Regulator valve
2	Gas cylinder
3	Drain
4	Connection kit gas bottle
5	Rubber washers
6	Pictogram
7	Connection kit gas copper
8	PVC girdled sleeve
9	Gas appliance connection kit

Cooker



WARNING

Make sure the temperature of the stove before you close the hood.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GAS



SAFETY

Type of cylinder: butane, service pressure 10 kg/cm² or according to current standards of your country).

Close the valves on the system and on the cylinder when the appliances are not used. Close the valves before you change cylinders and immediately in case of emergency.

Never leave unattended an appliance that is working. Don't install or store flammable materials above or over the stove (curtains, papers, napkins etc.).

Make sure that the valves of the appliances are closed before you open the cylinder or hose valve.

In case you smell gas or find that the burners have gone out (although appliance models cut off automatically if the flames go out), turn off the valves of the appliances. Do ventilate the boat in order to get rid of any residual gas. Find the cause of the problem.

Regularly test the gas system in order to detect any gas leak.

Check all the connections using water and soap or detergent, closing the valves of the appliances and opening the valve on the cylinder.

If you detect a leak, close the valve of the cylinder and repair before you use it again.

The appliances use the oxygen of the cabin and release combustible gases. Ventilate your boat when using appliances.

Don't obstruct the air vents and at least leave the door open. Don't use the oven or stove as back up heaters.

Lock the stove oven when being not used in order to avoid damaging the tubes when sailing.

Never obstruct the fast access to the components of the gas system. Keep the taps of the empty cylinders turned off and the cylinders disconnected.

Keep the protection, lids, covers and taps in their places.

Don't use the gas cylinder storage place to store other equipment. Only use the proper locker to store the gas cylinders.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- Shut off the gas supply at the bottle as well as the cooker tap.
- When changing the cylinder, refit the cap in place on the regulator threaded section (to avoid corrosion).
- For winter storage instructions and precautions, refer to Chapter 13.

EMERGENCY EVACUATION AND LOCATION OF EXTINGUISHERS



Emergency exits in case of fire:

- Companionway
- Sliding hatch
- Ladder - Flying bridge

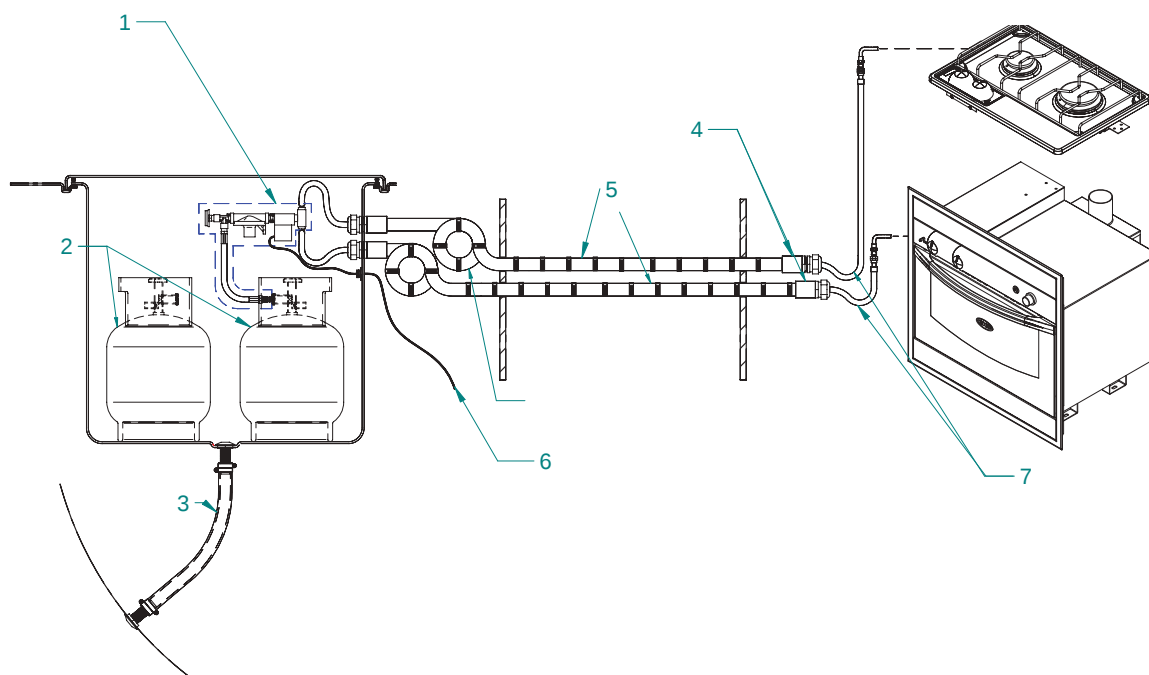


Position of portable extinguishers (not supplied):

- Aft cabin closet
- Saloon seating
- Compartment - Flying bridge



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM GAS - VERSION US



REF	Designation
1	Regulator valve 12V
2	Gas cylinder
3	Drain
4	Stuffing box
5	PVC girdled sleeve
6	Electromagnetic valve for gas 12V
7	Pipe Propane Plastic

Regularly check and replace the rubber tubings that link the cylinder to one end of the circuit and the stove to the other one, depending on the norms and regulations in force in your country.

Pay particular attention to keep in good condition the screw thread of the cylinder on which the regulator is. Check the condition of the regulator every year and change it if necessary. Use regulators identical to the ones that are fitted.

Have the repairs carried out by someone skilled.

POSITION OF GAS BOTTLE

The locker for storing gas bottles can be reached through the cockpit.

The locker can accommodate a gas bottle. The locker is equipped with bottle fastening straps.

FIGHT AGAINST FIRE



It is the owner's or the skipper's responsibility:

- To have the extinguishers checked in pursuance of the instructions given.
- Use extinguisher replacements with equivalent features (same capacity and fire resistance) if the ones in place are out of date or have been used.
- To tell the crew:
 - where the extinguishers are and how they work,
 - the position of the remote fixed extinguisher control,
 - where the emergency exits are.
- Make sure the extinguishers can be reached easily when people are on board.
- Make sure that the ventilation openings in the engine (and generator, if installed) compartment are well cleared.

Keep the bilge clean. Regularly check that there is no fuel or gas vapour.

Always fasten the curtains open when the gas cooker is working.

For protection of the deck, the vessel owner/user should provide at least one fire bucket complete with rope in an immediately accessible position.

Do not store combustible materials in the engine compartment.

If non-combustible materials are stored in the engine compartment they must be secured so there is no danger of them falling on machinery and they do not obstruct access to and from the compartment.

Exits other than the doors and hatches of the main companionway, equipped with permanently fitted ladders, are identified with a symbol.



WARNING

- Keep an extinguisher handy in case the fire should start again.
- Fire fighting equipment (portable extinguishers, fire blankets and buckets) must be permanently and immediately accessible.



DANGER

To enable functioning of the fixed fire extinguishers, the safety pins on each extinguisher must all be removed completely.

FIXED EXTINGUISHER SYSTEM

Extinguisher remote control



A pictogram helps to locate it easily

Position of fixed extinguishers



EXTINGUISHERS

The extinguishers are part of the compulsory equipment.

An extinguisher and a fire blanket must be placed less than 2 m from any naked flame appliance.

Extinguishers must be placed less than 5 m from any berth.

An extinguisher shall be less than 1 m from the steering station.

The extinguishers must be in position (see "Extinguisher positions" diagram).

Extinguisher, per unit, minimum capacity 5 A/34 B.

For the Prestige 350: 15A/102B (3 extinguishers of this minimum capacity).



DANGER

- There may be danger of fire or explosion if direct or alternating current systems are incorrectly used (Refer to chapter Electricity).



WARNING

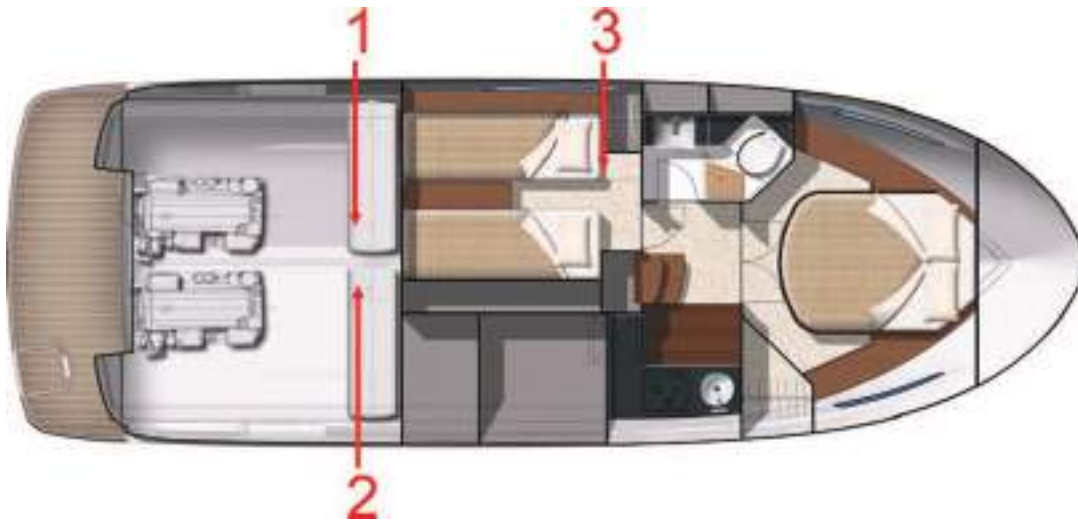
- Do not obstruct the ways to the emergency exits.
- Do not obstruct the safety controls (fuel oil valves, gas valves, power switches).
- Do not block the extinguishers placed on shelves.
- Do not leave the vessel unattended when a cooker or heater is in use.
- Do not use gas lamps in the vessel.
- Do not alter the vessel systems (electrical, gas or fuel).
- Do not fill up a tank or change a gas cylinder when an engine is running or a cooker or heater is on.
- Do not smoke while handling fuels or gas.



WARNING

- The **CO²** extinguishers shall be used only to fight **electrical fires**.
- Clear the area immediately after use in order to avoid suffocation.
- Air before entering.

POSITION OF FUEL SUPPLY VALVES



1. Opening valve / Closure - Diesel (Port engine)
2. Opening valve / Closure - Diesel (Starboard engine)
3. Remote pull switches for diesel shut-off



Remote pull switches



**Fuel supply valve
(Ref 1 & 2)**



INSTRUCTIONS TO FOLLOW IN CASE OF A FIRE IN THE ENGINE COMPARTMENT BILGE:

- Stop the engine.
- Switch off power and stop fuel supply.
- Block off the air supply from the air inlets and outlets of the engine.
- Activate the fixed extinguisher remote control.
- Wait.
- Open the access hatches and repair.

SAFETY

MANUAL BILGE PUMP



Location



Operation



Capacity: 31,5 litre / minute

BILGE PUMP SYSTEM

PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED

- Switch on power to the electric bilge pumps.
- If necessary activate the manual pump.
- Identify the source of the leak by tasting the water and decide on the relevant action to be taken:
 - freshwater = watertank leak.
 - seawater = breach of hull.

ELECTRIC BILGE PUMPS

Electric bilge pump 12V
Location: Engine compartment



Capacity: 35 litre / minute

Electric bilge pump 12V
Location: Plumbing board



Capacity: 15 litre / minute

Control:
Inside wheelhouse



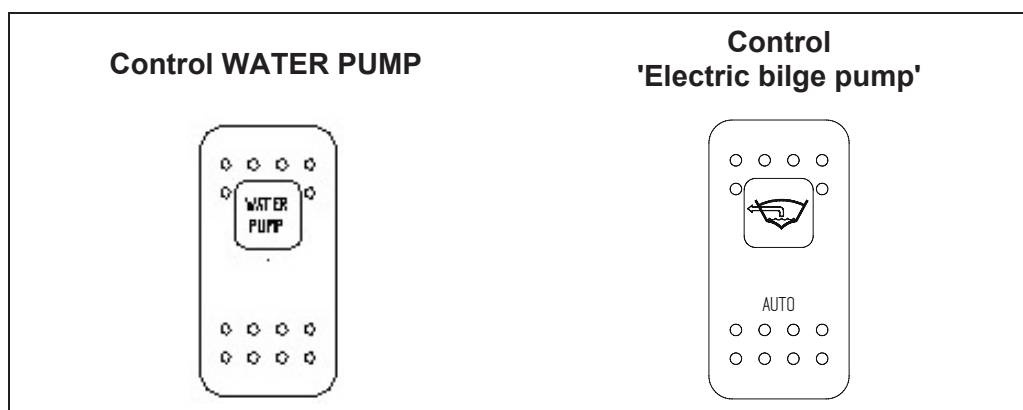
Operation:

The electric bilge pumps are connected to the 12V service circuit. To enable operation the 12V circuit must be activated by turning on the battery switches.

You can energize the electric bilge pump from the electrical panel.

The WATER PUMP switch energizes all the electric bilge pumps connected after the battery cut-out switch: They are energized in 'automatic' mode.

To run a bilge pump, press on the required bilge pump switch.



On the electrical panel - three possible positions : OFF / Automatic / Mechanically operated.

In the automatic position each pump is set off automatically by a trip switch located in the sump area or in the bottom of the hull.

MANUAL BILGE PUMP

The manual bilge pump is in the cockpit.

The control arm of the pump shall be kept accessible whatever the circumstances. It is located in the cockpit locker.



WARNING

- The bilge pump system is not designed to provide buoyancy to the boat in case of damage.
- The bilge pump system is designed to drive out the water being either sea spray or leaks but absolutely not the water coming through a hole in the hull, this hole being the result of a damage.
- Do not let the pumps run while dry, this may cause them damage.
- The water in the bilge shall be kept at its minimum.
- Check the functioning of each bilge pump regularly.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Clean off debris which could block the pump intake points or strainers. If the watertight partitions which seal off the fore and aft points are fitted with valves they must be closed at all times and only opened to drain water into the main bilge.

INSTRUCTIONS IN THE EVENT OF STEERING GEAR FAILURE

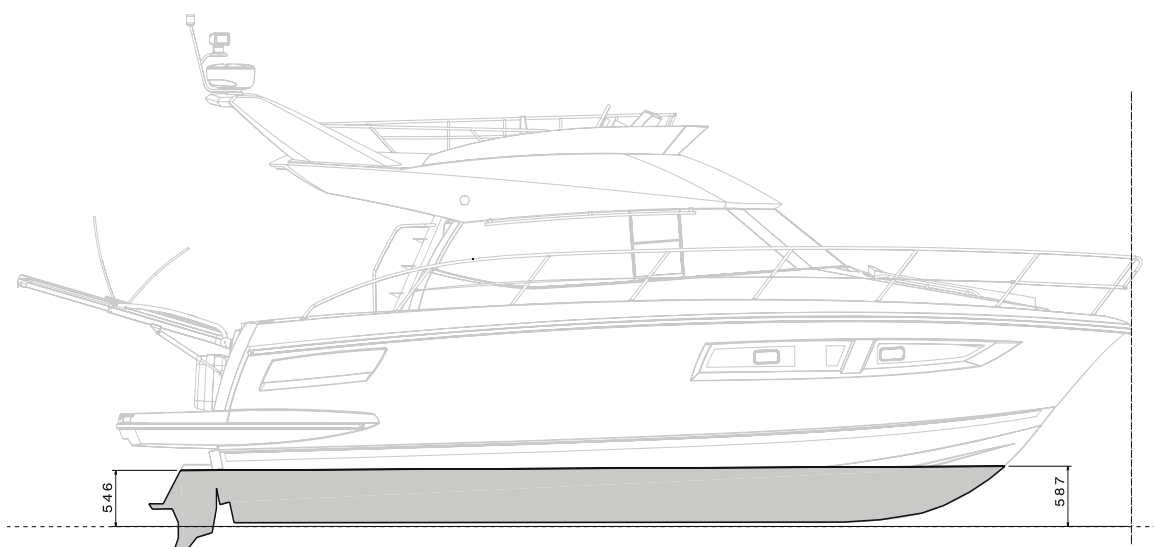
On a twin-engined vessel the emergency tiller system works on the difference in drive between the port and starboard engines (difference in throttle and/or forward/aft).

HULL



MAINTENANCE OF THE HULL

LIFTING



Upper limit of antifoul: Measurements are expressed in mm.

These measurements are for 'light boat'.

WETTED AREA: 29 M²

PRECAUTION

- Consult the harbourmaster's office to find out the conditions of water use and the maintenance area for cleaning your vessel.
- It is necessary to seek the advice of your concessionnaire with regard to gel-coat repairs.

PRECAUTION

- When applying the anti-fouling paint do not paint over the electronic instrument sensors nor the anodes.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- During the refit, check the anodes (See "Motorisation" chapter).
- When the boat is stored at a dry dock, the corrosion protection is not as effective due to oxidation of the anodes: even the new anodes oxidize the surface. Before returning the boat into the water, clean the anodes.
- Cleaning anodes: Use sandpaper.
Do not use metal brushes or steel tools to clean the boat, it may damage the galvanic protection.
- Replacing the anodes: The anodes are fastened with screws and nuts. First, remove the screws and nuts that hold the anode, then clean the contact surface. Press the new anode to obtain a good electrical contact.

MAINTENANCE OF THE HULL



The materials and equipments of your boat have been selected because of their high quality and performance and ease of maintenance. However you shall carry out a minimum maintenance in order to protect your boat from outside attacks (salt, sun, electrolysis ...).

Preferably wash your boat on shore.

Use as few cleaning agents as possible.

Don't use solvents or aggressive detergent agents. Don't discharge cleaning agents into the water.

LIFTING

The lower hull of your boat should be covered with an anti-fouling paint which will prevent the adhesion of marine growth.

The nature of the water in which the boat sails will determine the choice of the anti-fouling paint as well as the frequency of hull stripping and painting. Do not hesitate to take advice from your specialists.

Refer to chapter 12 for launching instructions.

Before applying anti-fouling paint never:

- Do any sandblasting.
- Use any other solvents than ethylic alcohol.
- Use detergents under pressure.
- Use scrapers.
- Do any sanding other than a light rubbing down by hand with a grade 400 wet abrasive paper (for the first application).

If cleaning of the anti-fouling paint has to be done with a high pressure hose:

- The water temperature must not exceed 15 °C.
- The water pressure must not exceed 150 bars.
- The distance between the hose nozzle and the hull must not be less than 10 centimetres.

Follow the supplier's instructions very closely when applying the anti-fouling paint.

All these hull maintenance operations can be carried out by your dealer.



DECK

DECK LAYOUT

MOORING LINES

TOWING

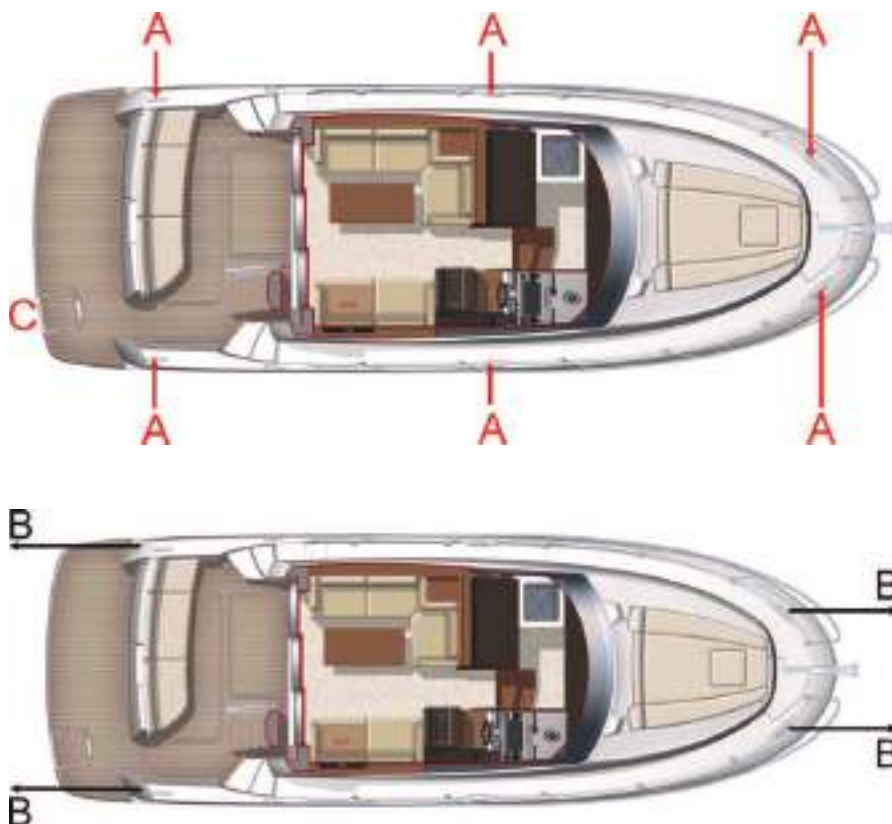
PREVENTION OF MAN OVERBOARD

STABILITY

MOORING

MAINTENANCE OF THE DECK

DECK LAYOUT



- A. Mooring cleats (Jack-lines to be fixed to the mooring cleats)
- B. Mooring cleats :
 - at the bow, to be towed
 - at the stern, to tow
- C. Swimming ladder (means of coming back onboard)



WARNING

The sudden closing of a locker due to a gust of wind or movement of the boat could result in injury.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

Close the deck hatches and portholes before each trip (including the sliding door window in heavy weather).



MOORING LINES

A sufficient number of mooring lines suitably sized and suitable for the environment shall be on board for mooring your boat.

- Always manoeuvre your boat using the engine.
- Make allowance for the current and wind when you handle your boat.
- Protect your boat to the highest degree with suitably sized fenders.
- Always keep the mooring ropes unfouled and stored away.
- Handle your boat at a reduced speed.

AFTER MOORING

- Protect the mooring lines against chafing with plastic sleeves.
- Make allowance for the variations in tides if need be.

DANGER



- Wear your life jacket.
- In heavy weather, wear your safety harness and fasten yourself to the boat.
- When at sea close the guardrail side-opening or openings.
- Do not try to stop the boat using a boat hook or your foot, your hand or any other part of the body.

TOWING

TOWING BOAT

- Tow another boat at a reduced speed and as smoothly as you can.
- Pay particular attention when you throw or catch the towing rope (it may foul on the propeller).

Note: *The stability may be reduced when you tow a boat.*

TOWED BOAT

Keep steering your boat and see to it that you stay in the wake of the towing boat.

- Inappropriate towing can damage your vessel.

PREVENTION OF MAN OVERBOARD

- Certain vessels are equipped with a retractable swimming ladder. The swimming ladder must be in position as soon as you are onboard.
- The parts of the deck which should not be used while under way are indicated on the diagram below:
 - Aft quarterdeck
 - Forward sun deck
 - Arceau de fly



DANGER

Vessel use limitation when sailing in design category B: When sailing in conditions of design category B (wind force up to and including 8 Beaufort and significant wave height up to and including 4 metres) the Flying Bridge crew must be limited to 5 persons of the 8 persons on board.

Access - Cockpit: Must be closed while sailing



Portlight - Side: Must be closed while sailing



STABILITY



Breaking waves represent a serious danger for stability and for taking in water. Close the companionway doors and hatches in heavy seas.

During sailing keep all the portholes, windows and doors closed.

- The stability is reduced when you add weight in the upper parts.

Stability may be reduced when towing a boat or when heavy weights are lifted with the davits.

DECK

ELECTRIC WINDLASS - BREAKER



1. Bow fitting
2. Windlass 12V 1000W
3. Opening - Mooring locker
4. Remote control
5. Handle
6. Chain lifter 10mm diameter

Location: Technical room



1. 100A breaker
2. Operation relay

Windlass control - Inside wheelhouse



Windlass control - Wheelhouse: Flying bridge



**WARNING**

Turn off all battery breakers before leaving the vessel (risk of total battery park).

MOORING

As a rule, set the anchor in at least 3 times the depth of water.

ANCHORING WITHOUT WINDLASS

- Have your boat pointed into the wind and without speed.
- Pay out the chain while moving back slowly.
- Once the anchor snags, make it fast by reversing slightly.
- Secure the hawser or the chain to the cleat.

ANCHORING WITH ELECTRIC WINDLASS

- Turn on the boat engine.
- Check that the electrical supply of the windlass is switched on (battery switch, circuit breaker).
- Use the remote control to activate the windlass in lowering mode. Let the chain feed out by keeping the lowering button on the remote control pressed down.
- Let the chain out while moving backwards slowly and as straight as possible.
- Once the anchor snags, make it fast by reversing slightly.
- Secure the hawser or the chain to the cleat.

PRECAUTION

- Before anchoring check the depth of water, the power of the current and the nature of the sea bed.
- Anchoring manoeuvres with the electric windlass can only be carried out with the engine running.

**WARNING**

Windlass operations are dangerous:

- Always keep the anchor chain or rode free and unfouled.
- Always proceed with care, using gloves and always wearing shoes.
- If your boat is equipped with the twin control optional extra, make sure you use **only one** control at the same time.

ANCHORING BY HAND WITH USE OF A MANUAL WINDLASS

- Release the windlass brake using the handle located in the chain locker so as to allow the chain lifter to turn freely and to release the anchor from the stem fitting
- Re-engage the brake and let the anchor hang until the mooring position is reached.
- Have the boat pointed into the wind and without speed.
- Release the brake and pay out the chain slowly.
- Control the speed of anchor lowering using the brake.
- Once the anchor has taken hold re-engage the brake and secure the hawser to the cleat.

HEAVING UP THE ANCHOR

- Lock the cable lifter snubber.
- Ensure the chain is properly set on the cable lifter.
- Slowly go near the anchor, using your engine (Don't use your windlass to winch the boat).
- Heave the anchor completely.
- Visually check the last meters till the anchor gets into contact with the davit.
- If you just change berth, check the position of the anchor on the stem fitting.
- For sailing, store the anchor in the chain locker or fasten the anchor to its roller.
- For electrical windlasses cut off the power supply as soon as the anchor has been lifted.

STERN ANCHORING

Stern anchoring shall be performed with the engine declutched.

- Secure the required length of cablet on the mooring cleat.
- Pay out the anchor line slowly.
- Be careful not to damage the propellers or the engine housings.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- After each trip rinse the windlass and anchor chain or rode with fresh water.
- Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for windlass maintenance at the beginning or end of the season.
- Check the swinging area once the boat is at anchor.

MAINTENANCE OF THE DECK



Preferably wash your boat on shore.

Use as few cleaning agents as possible.

Don't use solvents or aggressive detergent agents (Refer to chapter 3 "Hull").

Don't discharge cleaning agents into the water.

Regularly brush the deck with a degreasing shampoo and fresh water.

DECK FITTING

- Rinse thoroughly all your equipments with fresh water.
- Thoroughly and frequently wash off the pulleys and sheaves with clear water.
- Clean and polish with "Rénovateur chrome et inox Jeanneau" (supplied in the maintenance case) the stainless steel parts that may have small rusty spots or minor oxidation pits

SOLID WOOD ON EXTERIOR WOODEN PANELLING

Regularly clean the woodworks with fresh water using a sponge (if need be add some gentle soap).

PLEXIGLAS

- Rinse plexiglas with fresh water.
- Use a polish paste for thin scratches.
- Consult your dealer concerning deep scratches.

STAINLESS STEEL

Stainless steel is not incompressible and requires a minimum of upkeep:

- The use of chrome tools is preferable whenever handling stainless steel.
- Re-nourish the protective film regularly with passivation paste (consult your dealer).

EXTERIOR CUSHIONS

- Bring the removable cushions inside (washed with soapy water then dried) when the vessel is unoccupied.

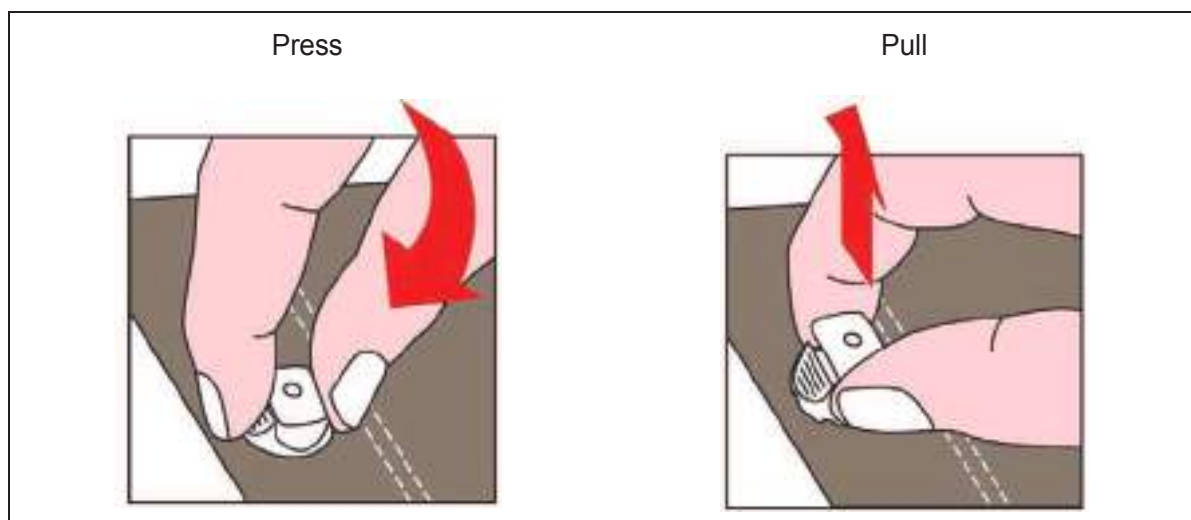
PRECAUTION

- Consult the harbourmaster's office to find out the conditions of water use and the maintenance area for cleaning your vessel.
- Don't use solvent, alcohol, acetone on plexiglas.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- Use only products similar to the ones that are included in the maintenance case you have been delivered with your boat.
- Don't use a pressure washer.

Fixing PERFIX®



WARNING

Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for use and maintenance.



STEERING SYSTEM

STEERING GEAR

STEERING GEAR

The steering is hydraulic.



MAINTENANCE

- Regularly check:
 - The tightness of the steering system components.
- Lubricate all the elements.

Maintain the nylon, ertalon or teflon bushes with only a suitable lubricant.

Note: Do not hesitate to consult your dealer about system maintenance.

BASE - ENGINE STERN-DRIVE





INTERIOR

INTRODUCTION

INTERIOR MAINTENANCE

MAINTENANCE OF FABRICS

INTERIOR EQUIPMENT

INTRODUCTION

Saloon



Cabins



INTERIOR MAINTENANCE



INTERIOR

- Take advantage of the fine weather to take the settee and berth cushions out.
- Put the cushions vertically if you leave the boat for long.
- Use blinds to protect the inside of the boat against UV rays.
- Carefully remove all crumbs.
- Make sure the bilges are clean and dry.
- Installed in the square of a dehumidifier air leaving the cabin doors and open storage (cupboards, coolers).
- Defrost the fridge regularly/Cool boxes.
- During long absence leave the fridge and icebox doors open to avoid mould developing.

INSIDE VARNISH

- Rinse the inside varnish with fresh water mixed with spot remover and shampoo.
- Polish the interior varnishing with a chamois leather.

MAINTENANCE OF FABRICS

STAIN REMOVAL

- Dab with a clean rag.
- Remove the stain with a solvent poured onto a clean rag. Never pour the solvent directly over the stain.
- Rub with a clean and dry rag.
- Brush the fabric against the grain.
- Use the vacuum cleaner when the fabric is dry.

PVC OR COATED FABRICS

- Use a sponge and water and soap (household soap type).

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- Preferably wash your boat on shore.
- Use as few cleaning agents as possible.
- Don't discharge cleaning agents into the water.
- Take the removable upholstery inside when the vessel is not being used.
- Place protective covers/awnings.
- Mark up each cover and foam when dismantling.

PRECAUTION

- For the PVC fabrics, don't use any solvent or solvent based product (pure alcohol, acetone, trichloroethylene).

100% POLYESTER/DRALON JACQUARD

If you cannot remove the fabric:

- Clean with the vacuum cleaner.
- Clean with a foam for synthetic fabrics (please refer to the product instructions).

If you can remove the fabric:

- Hand wash with an ordinary washing powder at 30° C.

In both cases, dry cleaning is possible. Remove the stains as soon as possible with a damp rag.

COTTON JACQUARD

- Dry clean.
- Do not iron.
- Do not use hypochlorite.
- Remove the stains with fractionated petrol.

LEATHER

- Use a leather cream for ordinary care.
- Do not use detergent.
- Do not use silicone based products.
- Clean with a sponge and soapy water.
- Remove ball point pen marks with methylated spirit.
- Remove the grease stains with an absorbent powder (e.g. talcum powder).

INTERIOR EQUIPMENT



INTERIOR

Sink



Sliding hatch - Must be secured while sailing



Mosquito net /Blackout curtain



Shower screen - Fixing



Access - Technical room: Under the starboard bench seat





WATER AND SEWAGE WATER

WATER TANKS

WATER SYSTEM - DISTRIBUTION

WASTE WATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM

SEWAGE - WC

WATER TANK

FILLING WATER AND WATER HEATER TANKS

Deck filler - Location



Tank
Location: Aft cabin
Capacity: 250 litre



Gauge
Location: On the fuel tank



WARNING

The tanks' nominal capacity cannot be fully used due to the load and the need to maintain the correct trim. A 20% reserve should be kept.



OPERATION

In order to prevent any handling mistakes, never fill the water and fuel tanks at the same time.

During filling, avoid handling contaminants near the fillers.

Open and close the filler caps with the suitable key.

Check the filler cap seals for condition during filling.

The tanks are fitted with overflow outlets and vents.

Never insert the water filling hose deep down into the system in order to prevent any over-pressure in the systems.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- Pay attention to the quality of the water for the filling up. Check if it is drinking water.
- It is possible to sterilize the tanks with a Clonazione tablet (sold at the Chemist's).
- If the boat is not used for long, purify the tanks and pipes with acetic acid (or white vinegar).
- For winter storage instructions and precautions, refer to Chapter 12.

WATER SYSTEM - DISTRIBUTION

Plumbing board Location: Engine compartment



1. Supply - Tank
2. Water pump 12V
3. Water unit filter
4. Bilge pump 12V
5. Expansion tank



Water unit - Control
(Inside wheelhouse)

Water heater



Operation: The water heater works off the starboard engine system + on 220V.

1. Thermostatic mixer valve
2. Water heater 25L 220V

Location: Engine compartment



Control: Electrical panel

Supply valve - Water heater / Starboard engine

(allows to isolate the hot water circuit of engine)

Location: Engine compartment



Location - Shower + Socket - Shore water



Deck shower



1. Mixer tap
2. Cockpit shower spray

Shore freshwater supply



Shore freshwater supply: Operation

A non-return flap in the distribution system enables shore water to be used directly, without opening a valve.



WARNING

To avoid freezing during very cold spells and/or winter storage bleed the cockpit shower hose water system.
Turn off shore water before leaving the vessel

PRECAUTION

- Never operate the water system equipment when the valve is closed or the tank is empty (the electrical equipment may be damaged).
- Check the water filter for condition (refer to manufacturer's instructions).
- Close the taps of empty tanks.

WASTE WATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- Regularly check the valves and thru-hull seacocks for proper operation and watertightness.
- Turn off the valves when the water system is not in use.
- Visually check the water pump flow.
- Check the clamps and flexible hose connections for tightness.
- Pay attention to the seals for condition.
- Regularly make sure that the strum box and bilge are perfectly clean.
- Immediately switch off the electric system in case a pump is running while all the water supplies are turned off.
- In case of a leak check the system.

OPERATION

Waste water from the sink, washbasins and heads is drained off by thru-hull fittings with ball valves (the valve is closed when the valve handle is perpendicular to the hose, the valve is open when the valve handle is in line with the hose).

All the floors have holes (limber holes) for the water flow.

A watertight bilge tray under the engine receives the possible oil leaks.

.The main sump is partially drained by an electric or a manual pump. Regularly dry the sump with a sponge.

USE OF THE WASHBASINS AND SHOWERS

- Close the valves and turn off the taps after use.

WASHROOM DRAINING

Shower draining + Washbasin:
Under the cupboard



Shower pump



Drainage pump control -
Shower



WATER AND SEWAGE WATER

Galley draining - Sink



SEWAGE - WC



WARNING

Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for use and maintenance.

USE OF THE MARINE HEADS

Before you use the heads, check that the water intake valve and draining valve are open.

To empty the bowl:

- Set the control lever of the pump slantwise (FLUSH).
- Operate the pump.

To dry the bowl:

- Set the lever back vertical (DRY).
- Operate the pump.

To avoid blocking the toilets only use absorbent paper in reasonable quantities.

Schedule a regular rinsing through of the heads with fresh water.

Close the valves after each use (in particular when the boat is unattended).

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- When you are in a marina, use the club-house sanitary facilities (if there are).
- Since it is prohibited to discharge sewage water in certain marinas or countries it may be necessary to use the foul water holding tank ('WHT').

Shower Bench - Operation



ELECTRIC TOILET

Layout of components



1. Seawater inlet - WC
2. Electric pump - WC

Control



WARNING

Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for use and maintenance.

SEWAGE TANK

Deck drainage



Sewage tank
Location: Under the passageway
Capacity: 80 l



Gauge +
Tank discharge switch to sea



Pump - Thru-hull seacock
(Masher)



WC evacuation to sea -
Forward cabin



WARNING

- The valve must be opened before starting the pump.



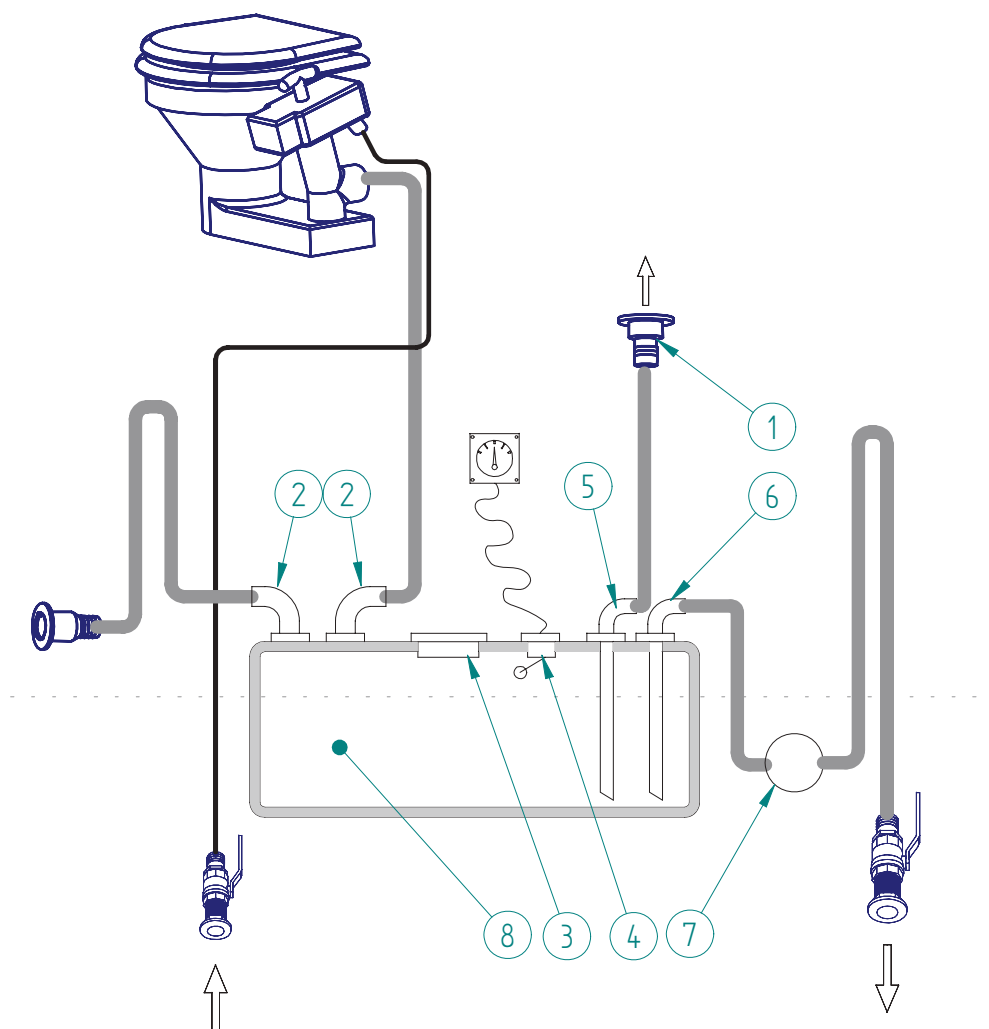
WARNING

- The tanks' nominal capacity cannot be fully used due to the load and the need to maintain the correct trim. A 20% reserve should be kept.



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

WATER AND SEWAGE WATER



1. Filler cap (Deck drainage)
2. Thru-hull fitting - elbowed
3. Inspection hatch
4. Electrical gauge
5. Elbowed plunger
6. Elbowed plunger
7. Masher
8. Sewage tank

USE OF MARINE WCS FITTED WITH BLACK WATER TANK

Open the water intake valve (valve handle parallel to the pipe).

In the case of a direct discharge into the sea: Open the draining valve.

In case you store the waste waters in the tank: Make sure the draining valve is closed (valve handle perpendicular to the pipe).

To drain the bowl, set the control lever of the pump slantwise (FLUSH) then operate the pump.

To dry the bowl, set the lever vertical (DRY) then operate the pump.

In order to avoid clogging the heads:

- Only use absorbent paper in reasonable quantities.
- Schedule a regular rinsing through of the system with fresh water.
- Always retain a little water in the bottom of the bowl to avoid smells

To empty the tank:

- In an authorized area, open the draining valve.
- In a marina equipped with a system to suck the waste waters, put the sucking hose into the tank through the deck filler. Start the pump of the sucking system. The filler caps are opened and closed with an appropriate key. When the tank is empty, check the cap seal for condition then close the filler.



WARNING

- Ask for information about the laws in force in your country or your marina about discharging your waste waters into the sea.

PRECAUTION

- Close the valves after each use and above all when the boat is unattended.

PRECAUTION

- Regular check the tank level. High pressure due to too high a level may cause leaks or more unpleasant troubles.



RESPECT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

- Remain informed of local regulations concerning the environment and follow the codes of best practice.
- Do not drain the contents of the sewage tank near the coast or in zones where it is forbidden.
- Make use of the port or marina pump facilities to drain the sewage tank before leaving port.
- Find out the international regulations against marine pollution (Marpol) and follow them as far as possible.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- Completely empty the black water system before leaving the vessel unattended in temperatures below freezing.
- To prevent odors caused by organic waste in pipes one should clarify the circuit after each use. For this procedure, drive about ten times the manual pump of the toilet or for a minute if it is an electrical pump.
- When you leave the ship for several days, flush the toilets circuit assembly with fresh water. Purify with specific products (for example a health additive to clean, disinfect and neutralize odors).



ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

SYNOPTIC - GENERAL

GENERAL INFORMATION

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT, 12 V

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT, 110-220 V

EQUIPMENT

SYNOPTIC - GENERAL



- 1. Trim indicators - Port side
- 2. Fuel gauge - Port tank
- 3. Tachometer - Port side
- 4. Compass
- 5. Tiller angle indicator
- 6. Tachometer - Starboard
- 7. Fuel gauge - Starboard tank
- 8. Trim indicators - Starboard
- 9. Repeater - Engine

- 10. Repeater - Engine
- 11. Joystick
- 12. VHF
- 13. Engine starter
- 14. Trim control
- 15. Engine control
- 16. Steering wheel
- 17. Electrical controls
- 18. Electronic

GENERAL INFORMATION



ELECTRICAL PANEL

The electrical switchboard does not require any routine maintenance. In case an electric appliance is not energized, check:

- The main power supply (batteries, battery switches).
- The switches and circuit breakers on the line.
- the relevant electrical unit.

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT, 12 V

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

- Never work on a live electric fitting.
- The batteries must be strongly fastened.
- Do not block the battery ventilation ducts, some of them may give off hydrogen which represents a danger of explosion.
- The batteries must be handled with care. In the case of contact with electrolyte thoroughly rinse off the affected part of the body and consult a doctor.
- To avoid short-circuiting between the battery poles do not store conducting objects near to the batteries (metal tools, etc...).
- Turn off the electrical circuit with the battery switches when installing batteries or during their connection/disconnection.
- Never modify the specifications of power overload protection devices.
- Never modify an installation. Use the services of a qualified marine electricity technician.
- Never install or replace the electric appliances (or any electric equipment) by components exceeding the capacity (amperage) of the circuit.
- Do not leave the vessel unattended when the electrical system is switched on
- Certain lights represent a significant heat source, be careful of surrounding objects.

Note that the 12 V circuit wires are red for positive and black for negative..



DANGER

- There may be danger of fire or explosion if direct current systems are incorrectly used.



WARNING

- Handle the batteries with care (Please refer to the manufacturer's instructions).
- In case of electrolyte splashing, thoroughly rinse the part of the body that has been in contact with it. Obtain medical advice.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- Keep the batteries clean and dry in order to avoid premature wear.
- Periodically check the electrolyte level. Add distilled water when needed.
- Tighten and maintain the terminal connectors by greasing them regularly.
- Disconnect the batteries during winter storage or long periods of inactivity.

DETAIL OF 12 V DC ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT BREAKER CONTROLS

Location - Pilot seat - Wheelhouse



**Electrical battery switches
Manual operation**



**Electrical battery switches 12V -
Location: Technical room**



1. Positive - Service
2. Positive - Port engine
3. Positive - Starboard engine
4. Negative terminal - Common

In case of power failure, it is possible to initiate the battery switch manually by pressing the top.

OPERATION

1. Activate the locking: This operation enables the battery breaker control switches to be operated.
2. To activate the button button of cuts batteries. The battery breaker is OFF when the indicator light is out. The battery breaker is ON when the green indicator light is lit.
3. To put out cup batteries, press on the button button.



WARNING

- Never work on a live electric fitting.
- Do not touch battery terminals, risk of electric shock.

PRECAUTION

- Switch off the electrical system with the battery switches when the boat is unattended.
- Never leave the vessel unattended with the mains electricity switched on.
- Turn off the electrical system with the battery switches and circuit breakers before gaining access to the rear of the electrical panels.
- Check the level of maintainable lead batteries.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- It is recommended that you switch off all electrical devices before turning off the battery switches.
- Turn off all battery switches when the vessel is unoccupied.

BATTERIES

Battery charging is achieved through the alternator coupled to the engine or through use of the 220 V shore charger.

Keep the batteries charged enough (essential to ensure them a correct service life).

Make the most of time alongside to use the 220 V shore charger so as to start out sailing with fully charged batteries.

Always check the condition of the batteries and charge system before putting to sea.

BATTERY CHARGER

Operation: The battery charger operates based on a signal processor that converts alternating current (220V or 110V) into a direct current (12V). The operation of the charger is fully automatic, after selecting the type of battery and load type (Refer to the instructions for use).

**Batteries installation:
Engine compartment**

- Engine: 2 x 110A
- Service: 2 x 110A

**Charger location
12V 25A:
Technical room**

MAIN COMPONENTS 12V

VISIBILITY FROM THE STEERING STATION

Demister 12V
Location: Engine compartment



Control



Demister outlets on the windscreen



The demisting system is mechanical. It operates when the port engine is warm and running.

Wiper tank
Location: Starboard saloon



Control



Wiper - Control
Location



TELEVISION

Location: Saloon



**Inverter 12 / 220V
Location: Technical room**



OPERATION

The televisions power, supplied by a transformer which is powered with batteries of service, operates at 12V.

Starting up: First turn on the circuit breaker, then switch on the TV. The transformer is switched on and off automatically when you turn on or off the breaker..

**Aerial
Location: Flying bridge**



**TV aerial amplifier
Location: Technical room**



WARNING



- Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for use and maintenance
- The inverter has an ON / OFF button.

CD PLAYER AND RADIO
Location - Port saloon



BOW THRUSTER

General view



Control (Steering station)



Anode



FLAPS

Control - Inside wheelhouse



Control - Wheelhouse flying bridge



Location
Control box: Engine compartment



Location



WARNING



- Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for use and maintenance.

HYDRAULIC GANGWAY

Location

Maximum load: 170kg
Length - Folded out: 2,3m



Control



HORN

Location: Flying bridge arch



Control - Inside wheelhouse



Control - Wheelhouse exterior

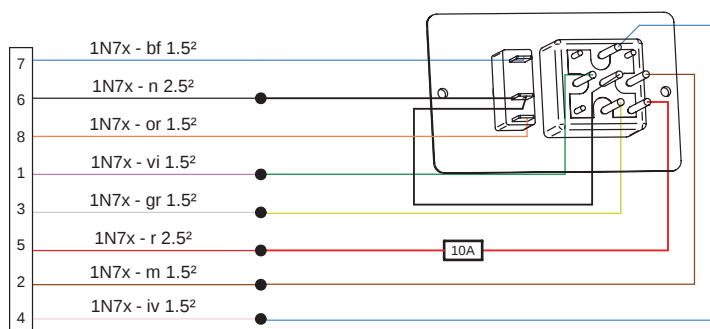


REVOLVING DECK SEARCHLIGHT

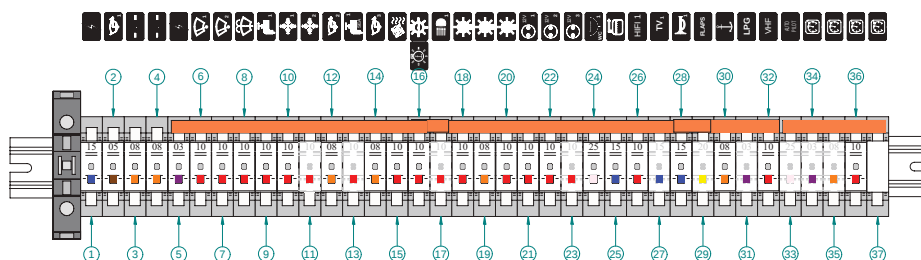
Location



Connection



Circuit breakers 12V Location: Technical room



- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Supply - Battery switch | 22. 12V socket - Cabins |
| 2. Aft electric bilge pump | 23. 12V socket - Swelling |
| 3. Relay supply - Shunt - Starboard | 24. Electric toilet |
| 4. Relay supply - Shunt - Port side | 25. Masher (Tank drain pump - Sewage) |
| 5. Relay box: Electronic - Horn - Demister | 26. Hifi |
| 6. Port windscreen wiper | 27. Inverter - TV |
| 7. Starboard windscreen wiper | 28. Horn |
| 8. Windscreen washer | 29. Flaps |
| 9. Water unit | 30. Windlass |
| 10. Refrigeration unit - Galley | 31. Solenoid - Gas (US) |
| 11. Refrigeration unit - Fly | 32. VHF |
| 12. Centre bilge pump | 33. Auto pilot |
| 13. Pump for deck washing | 34. HUB Seataalk |
| 14. Shower pump | 35. Depth sounder |
| 15. Demister | 36. GPS - Chart plotter |
| 16. Navigation lights | 37. Radome |
| 17. Deck searchlight | |
| 18. Lighting: Exterior - Saloon - Engine compartment | |
| 19. Lighting: Galley - Engine compartment - Technical room | |
| 20. Lighting: Aft cabin - Forward cabin - Head version | |
| 21. 12V socket - Steering station | |



OPERATION

Circuit breakers are resettable.

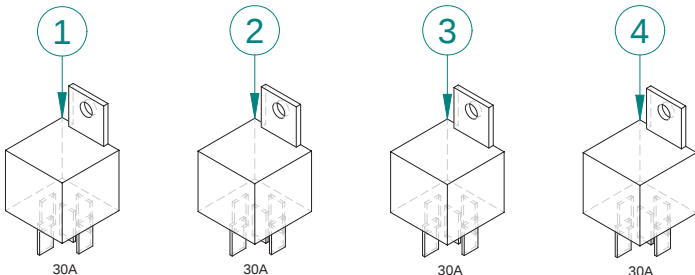
Press the tab manually on black back on the road circuit (see photo)



ARMED BREAKER / BREAKER DISARMED

Relay box
Location: Technical room





1. Horn
2. Demister (Control)
3. Demister (Supply)
4. Windlass

Fridge

Location - interior



Control: directly on the device



WARNING



Must be secured while sailing.
During long absence leave the fridge and icebox doors open to avoid mould developing.
Defrost the fridge regularly.

Location - Outside: Flying bridge
Control: directly on the device



ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT, 110-220 V

GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Certain vessels are equipped (as either standard or optional features depending on the model) with a 110 V or 220 V circuit.

The following measures are recommended in order to avoid the danger of electrical shock and fire:

- Never work on a live electric fitting.
- Plug in the boat/shore supply cable in the boat before you plug it into the shore supply socket.
- Never let the end of the boat/shore supply cable hang in the water.
- Turn off the shore supply with the onboard cut-off switch before connecting or disconnecting the vessel/shore supply line.
- Disconnect the ship/shore power cable at the shore socket first.
- Check the polarity indicator for the shore connections (110V AC version).
- If the reverse polarity indicator is activated immediately disconnect the cable. Rectify the polarity fault before using the vessel's electrical installation.
- Close the shore supply input cover firmly after use.
- Do not modify the vessel/shore supply line connections; only use compatible connections.
- Do not alter the vessel's electrical system. The installation, modifications and maintenance must be carried out by a qualified marine electricity technician. Check the system at least twice a year.
- Disconnect the vessel supply when the system is not being used. This is to prevent the danger of fire.
- Use double insulated or earthed appliances.

Note that the live wires are brown, the neutral ones are blue and the earth wires are green and yellow.



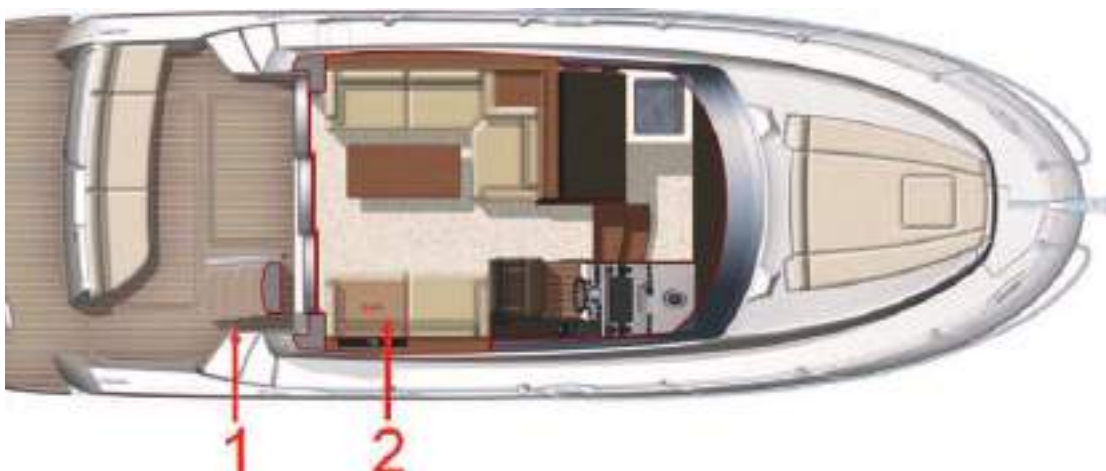
DANGER

- Never let the end of the boat/shore supply cable hang in the water: The result may be an electric field liable to hurt or kill the swimmers nearby.
- There may be danger of electrocution if alternating current systems are incorrectly used.

PRECAUTION

- Never modify an electric fitting and relevant diagrams yourself.
- Call in a technician skilled in marine electricity to carry out any electric modification.
- Never change the breaking capacity (amperage) of the overcurrent safety devices.
- Never install or replace the electric appliances (or any electric equipment) by components exceeding the capacity (amperage) of the circuit (Watt for bulbs).

ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT, 220 V AC - SHORE POWER SOCKET



**Shore power socket 220V - 32A
(Reference 1)**



**Shore power breaker 220V - 32A
(Reference 2)**



B

Master switch



ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

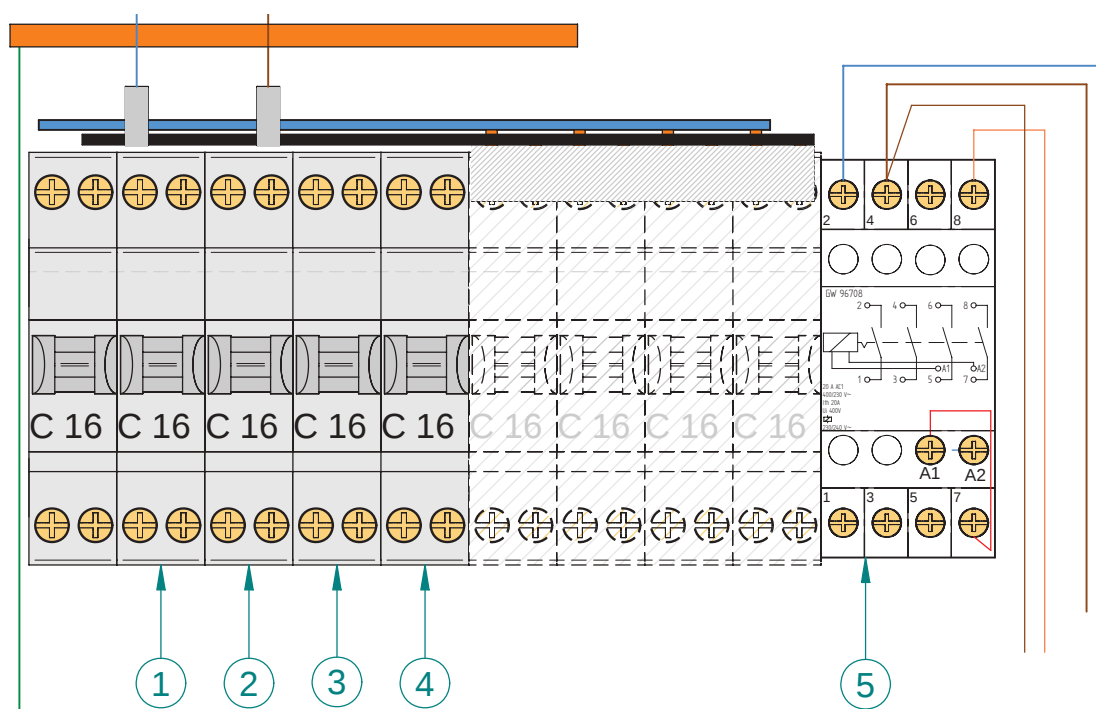
- In order to reduce the risks of electric shock and fire:
- Before you plug in or unplug the boat/shore supply cable, switch off the shut off device connected to the shore supply.
- Plug in the boat/shore supply cable in the boat before you plug it into the shore supply socket.
- Unplug the boat/shore supply cable on shore first. Close the shore socket cover.
- Do not modify the connections of the boat/shore supply cable.



DANGER

- Unplug the dock before leaving the dock.

Circuit breakers 220V - Synoptic



1. Battery charger - 1
2. Battery charger - 2
3. Standard equipment: Sockets 220V
4. Standard equipment: Sockets 220V
5. Water heater

Location: Technical room



MAIN COMPONENTS 220V

WATER HEATER 220V Location: Engine compartment



1. 220V socket
2. Water heater - 25 litre
3. Thermostatic mixer valve

OPERATION:

The water heater works off of the starboard engine cooling system + On the 220 V circuit.

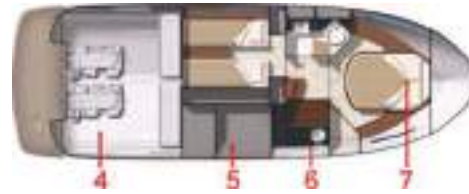
SUPPLY VALVE - WATER HEATER / ENGINE

Location: Engine compartment

This valve allows you to isolate a faulty circuit



AIR CONDITIONING LAYOUT OF COMPONENTS



**220V socket
(Reference 1)**



**Compressor - Saloon
(Reference 2)**



**Master switch
(Reference 3)**



**Seawater inlet
(Reference 4)**



Maintenance of filters (to engage in regular):

- Close valves taken seawater.
- Unscrew the top of the filter.
- Clean the strainer.
- Put everything back in place.

**A. Bipolar circuit breaker
B. Differential circuit breaker
C. Relay box
(Reference 5)**



**Drainage - Compressors
(Reference 6)**



**Compressor - Forward
cabin
(Reference 7)**



Control



WARNING

Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for use and maintenance.

AIR CONDITIONING



GENERAL POINTS:

The air-conditioning cools the air temperature inside the boat (only when the boat is floating in water).

The cooling circuit consists of one or more compressors that operate independently. A compressor is called "reversible" because it can heat the boat if the sea water temperature exceeds 10°C.

In winter, you can programme the dehumidifier function on the airconditioning controls.

The refrigeration compressors are made by one or two seawater pumps. These pumps are powered by 220V or 110V and are guided by one or two relay boxes.

Sea water is evacuated through a through-hull fitting equipped with a valve, located above the waterline.

Each compressor has its own through-hull evacuation fitting. It is advisable to check the flow of water visually once the air conditioning starts running.

OPERATION:

Before starting the engine::

- Open the raw water intake valves and evacuation valves.
- Use the switch on the chart table to select the power source (shore power or generator).

If using shore power: plug into the shore power socket ;

If using the generator: before turning on the air conditioning, leave the generator running for about 3 minutes.

THE AIR CONDITIONING IS RUNNING:

- Switch the circuit breakers 220V ,from the air conditioning,ON.

Select the temperature of each compressor using the control units.

HEATING - PULSED AIR - 5500W - 12V

LOCATION - EQUIPMENT - HEATING



1. Joining - Diesel
2. Mouth heating
3. Heater

Heater
Location: Engine compartment



Mouth heating



Control



WARNING

- Never switch off or de-energise the electric system when the engine is running.
- Imperatively operate the stop pull handle (or button) before using the ignition key to switch off a diesel engine.

OPERATION

Electricity: The heater circuit is powered by 12V thanks to the battery backup.

Diesel: The power of the boiler is made by a dive in the fuel tank (starboard) and using a diesel pump.

STARTING UP

- Verify that the circuit * 1V is turned on.
- Open the heater ventilation-intakes.
- Turn the control box at ON.
- Adjust the temperature of the heater using the thermostat.

EQUIPMENT



GENERAL INTRODUCTION

(As far as possible) use electric appliances with double insulation or with three conductors (Neutral-Live wire-Ground).

ELECTRONIC

Wire runs are available to complete the boat equipment.

Do not install electronic instruments or repeaters less than 1,50 m away from the radio loudspeakers.

ADVICE: *For further information refer to the appliance instructions.*

LEAD LINES

The loch and depth sounder transducers are located in the engine compartment, to port. Keep the log sensor cowl close to the instrument so as to be able to intervene in complete safety.

Do not store material on top of the sensors.

AUTO PILOT

The pilot consists of several elements listed as follows:

- Repeater, located under the wheel house.
- Compass and Calculator drivers in the cockpit locker.
- To supply power to all elements switch on the "Navigation" circuit breaker on the electrical panel.
- For use and maintenance of the material consult the manufacturer instructions

MAINTENANCE

Clean the transducer probe during each dry dock and the log sensor regularly. Read the instructions for maintenance recommendations.

Refer to chapter 12 "Launching" for the precautions to be taken concerning the sensors during hoisting.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- For best results, remove any metal compass.
- Do not store material close to the calculator and electrical connections.

Clean the repeater dials with freshwater. Refer to the instructions before using any other produce. The use of alcohol must be avoided.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- Place the protective covers on the repeaters when unused for long periods.
- When sailing store the protective covers inside the boat to avoid losing them.
- The various repeater displays are back-lit.
- The onboard radio is fitted with two outside speakers.
- When mooring be careful to adjust the sound so as not to disturb your neighbours.

ELEMENTS - AUTO PILOT

Location: Cockpit locker



VHF

Location - Inside wheelhouse



Location - Wheelhouse exterior



Elements - VHF
Location: Technical room



WARNING

Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for use and maintenance.



ENGINE

GENERAL INFORMATION

ENGINE INSTALLATION

GENERAL INFORMATION

TYPE OF MOTORISATION

Your boat is fitted with two in-board diesel engines.

Transmission type is Stern-drive.



DANGER

- Stop the engine and refrain from smoking during fuel tank filling.
- Make sure that the ventilation openings in the engine (and generator, if installed) compartment are well cleared.

PRECAUTION

- Never run the engine when the boat is hauled out.

PRECAUTION

- Stop the engine before you open the companionway hatch and side hatches.
- In case of an intervention when the engine is running:
- Stay away from belts and hot or mobile parts.
- Be careful with full clothes, long hair, rings etc. (you may be caught).
- Wear appropriate clothes (gloves, caps etc.).

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- Carefully read the engine instructions given with your boat.



PRECAUTIONS OF USE, OPERATING ADVICE

General point

- In this vessel, do not install an engine with a greater power and weight than that recommended, this will create a danger for its stability.
- Fuel which is stored elsewhere than in the fuel-tanks (portable tanks, jerrycans, etc...) must be kept in a ventilated space.
- Make sure that the engine compartment is clean and dry.
- Avoid contact between inflammable substances and the hot parts of the engine.
- On certain models there is a fitted extinguisher system which enables a fire in the engine compartment to be put out. Make sure you know where the activating mechanism is and how it works (Refer to chapter 2).

Filling

Fill the fuel tank using the filler. In order to protect the deck from possible fuel splash, wet the area around the filler with sea water before you remove the filler cap. In case of splashing rinse the deck thoroughly (deck filler closed).

The level of fuel is transmitted to the indicator on the wheelhouse thanks to the dipstick interior.

LOCATION OF DECK FILLERS



Fuel tank - Capacity: 2 x 325 l
Location: Engine compartment



Gauge
Location: Inside wheelhouse



MAIN COMPONENTS OF THE ENGINE

Location: Engine compartment

Fuel filter



Box Electronics Engine



Hydraulic fluid tank - Trim



ENGINE FITTING



Engine

These instructions give detailed explanations on proper operation of the engine.

- Refill before the fuel tanks have almost run dry (the fuel system may be stopped for lack of fuel).
- Make sure you have enough fuel before sailing.

Access to the engine

Access to the engine is obtained through the service compartment.

Engine water intake valve

If water does not flow out:

- Stop the engine immediately.

Regularly inspect and clean the seawater filter.

Engine operation

Before starting the engine:

- Turn on the fuel valve.
- Open the seawater inlet valve located by the housings.
- Operate the battery switches and energise the electric system.
- Disengage the reverse gear (it will make the acceleration possible when in neutral).

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

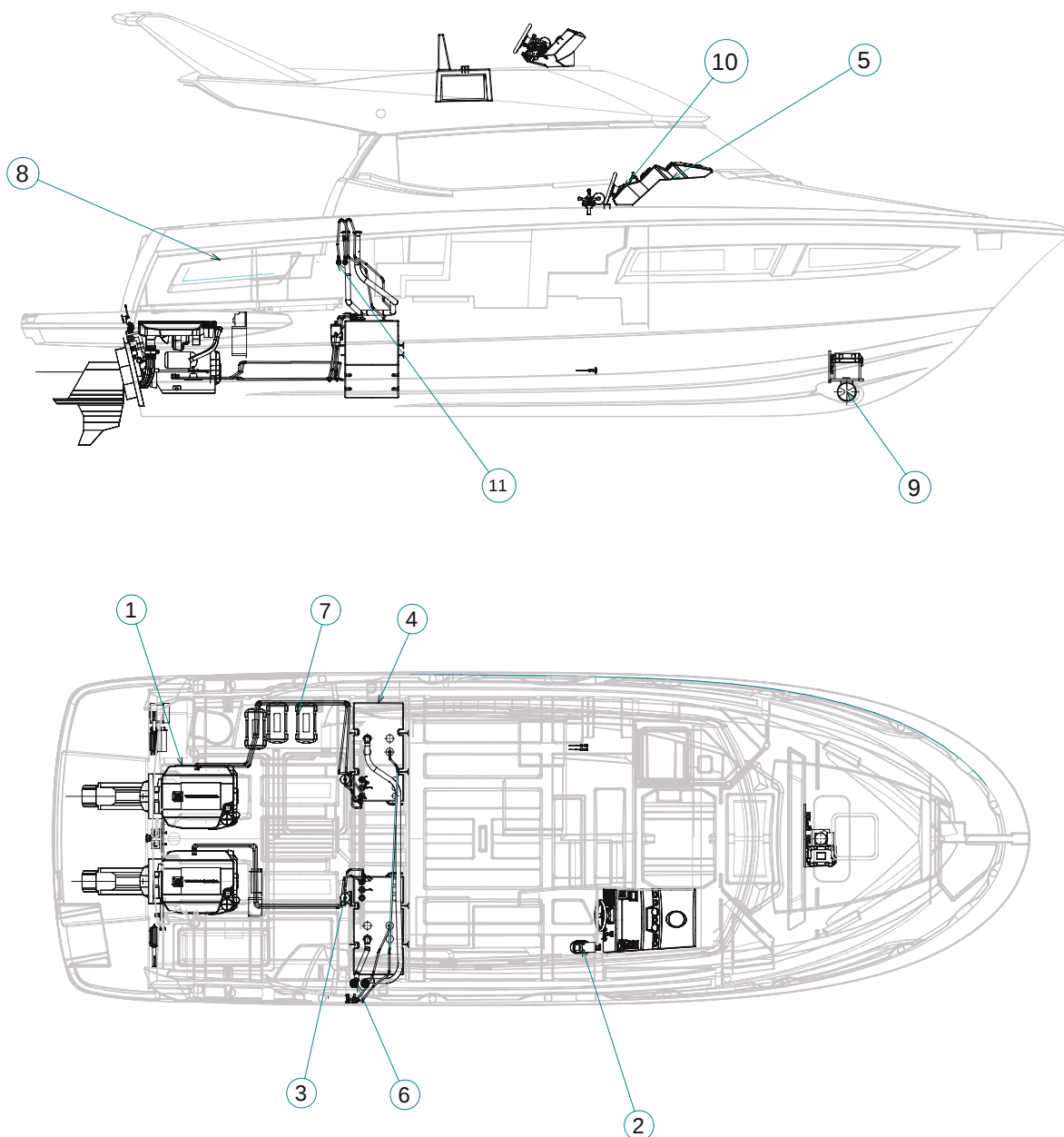
- Get used to checking immediately after starting the engine if water is expelled with the exhaust gases.

WARNING



- Never switch off or de-energise the electric system when the engine is running.
- Imperatively operate the stop pull handle (or button) before using the ignition key to switch off a diesel engine.

ENGINE FITTING



REF	Designation
1	Engine
2	Engine control
3	Fuel filter
4	Fuel tank
5	Engine instrument panel
6	Filler cap - Diesel
7	Batteries
8	Ventilation
9	Bow thruster
10	Steering
11	Vents

**POSITION OF FUEL SUPPLY VALVES
SEA WATER INLET VALVE FOR ENGINE**



ENGINE

Fuel supply valve



Sea water inlet valve for engine
(located directly on sockets)



PRECAUTION

- Do not change the propeller without specialist's advice.

Anodes

Anodes - Flaps



Anode General



Anodes - Base



ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- Regularly check the anode for corrosion, at least 2 times a year.
- Change the anode if necessary (Before it lost 50% of its weight).
- Use anodes corresponding to the zone of navigation of the boat (fresh water / sea water).
- If bases are raised, anodes are outside the water: respect the recommendations of the motoriste.

WARNING



- Change systematically anodes at the end of the first 3 or 4 months of launch of the new boat: their wear is accelerated during this period.



Fuel filter

Engine running problems may have different origins, including dirty fuel. The injection pump may wear out if there is water in the system.

The water results either from the condensation resulting from an insufficiently filled tank, or from a filler cap either not closed properly or with a damaged seal.

In order to prevent any water infiltration, the fuel runs through two filters:

- One filter is an integral part of the engine, its role is to filter fuel very finely. To know when you have to intervene and how frequently you have to change it, please refer to the engine's manual.
- The second filter is on the pipe that links the tank to the engine, it plays the role of a water decanter and prefilter.

Drain by undoing the knurled screw at the base of the decantation bowl (but not removing it).

Allow to flow into a box till the fuel looks clean.

Do this several times a year.

Change the pre-filter at least once a year (access to it when you remove the bowl).

As for the procedures in case of fire, refer to Chapter 2.



DANGER

- Never obstruct access to the fuel valve.
- The lever must be in neutral to start the engine.



WARNING

- The tanks' nominal capacity cannot be fully used due to the load and the need to maintain the correct trim. A 20% reserve should be kept.

ENGINE CONTROL

Ignition key



Ignition key (EVC-E version)



Inside wheelhouse

Engine control lever



Joystick
(For manoeuvring vessel at low speed)



Wheelhouse - Flying bridge

Engine control lever



Joystick



Electronics box - Joystick
Location: Engine compartment



WARNING

Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for use and maintenance.



The instrument panel has all the testing functions of the engine and it does not require any special precaution (refer to engine leaflet).

Check the clutch and accelerator cables (lubricate the end fittings and forks).

VISIBILITY FROM THE STEERING STATION

The international regulations to prevent collision at sea (COLREG) and the course regulations make mandatory a permanent and proper surveillance and the respect of priority.

Make sure there is no other boat on your way.

The visibility from the steering station may be obstructed in the following conditions:

- Speed.
- Position of the upper and side awnings.
- Load and load distribution.
- Sea conditions, rain, spray, fog or darkness.
- Lights on inside the boat.
- Persons and removable equipment in the helmsman's field of visibility.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- When the engine is running, avoid making noise and chops near the other users.
- Respect speed limits.
- To start the engine again, reduce the speed of the boat when sailing (in order to be able to disengage the clutch before starting it again).

NAVIGATION: REMINDER OF SOME ADVICE

Stability

During sailing keep all the portholes, windows and doors closed.

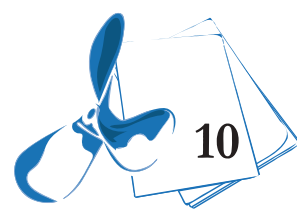
- The stability is reduced when you add weight in the upper parts.
- Stability may be reduced when towing a boat or when heavy weights are lifted with the davits.
- Breaking waves represent a serious danger for stability and for taking in water. Close the companionway doors and hatches in heavy seas.

Propellers

The propellers fitted as standard to your boat result from trials carried out in collaboration with the engine manufacturer.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

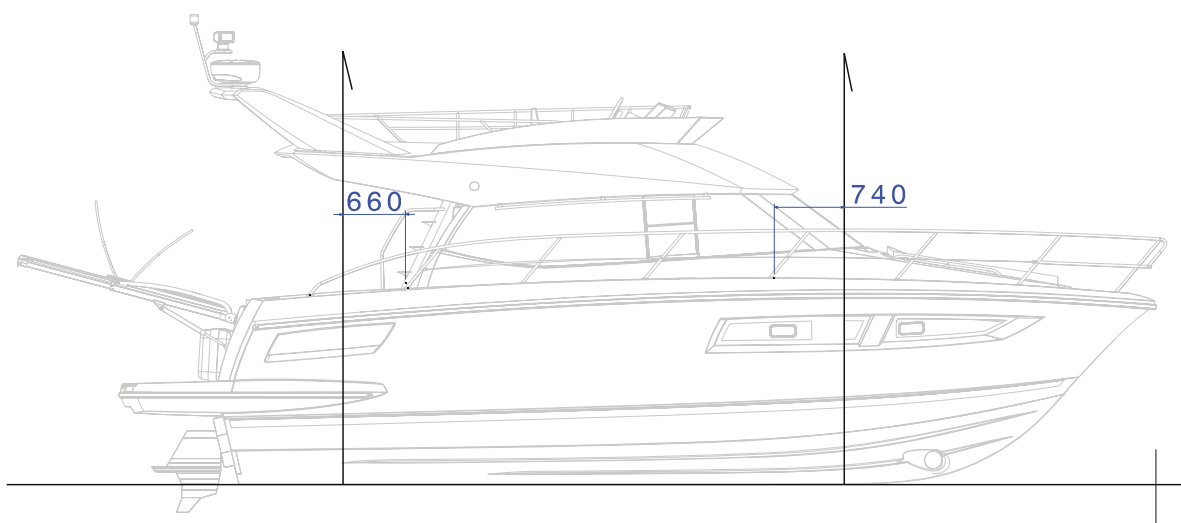
- Have the whole driving and steering systems checked and maintained by a professional.
- Refer to the manufacturers' instructions supplied with your boat.
- Regularly check the O ring of the filler for good condition (in order to prevent water entries).
- Do not turn off the fuel tap after each use (except in case the boat is unattended for long).
- Keep the fuel tank as full as possible (to avoid condensation).
- Every year check the fuel system for condition (hose, valves, etc.).
- Have a professional to carry out the works on the damaged parts of the fuel system.
- Refer to the manufacturer's manual given with your boat.
- Be careful with any possible risk of oil and fuel spillage.



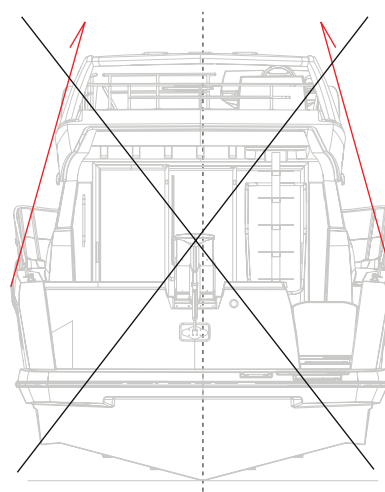
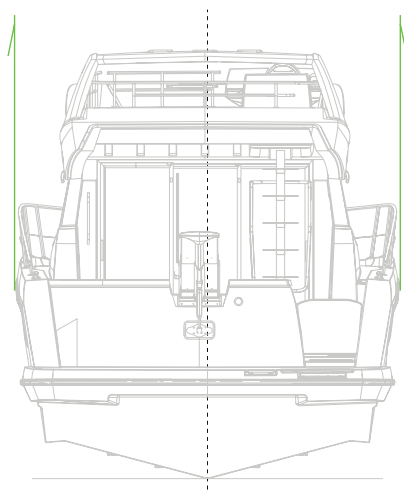
LAUNCHING

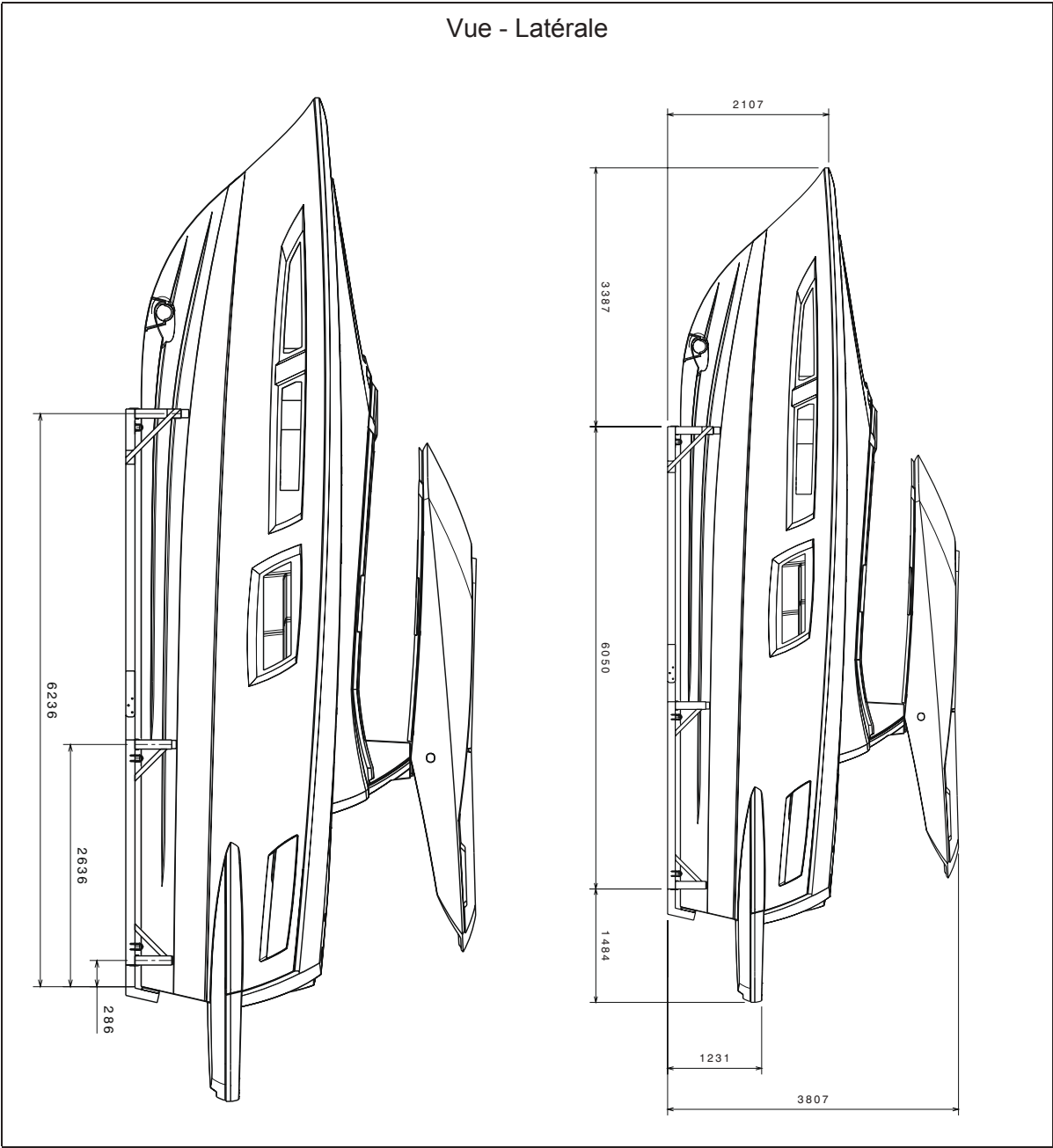
LAUNCHING RECOMMENDATIONS

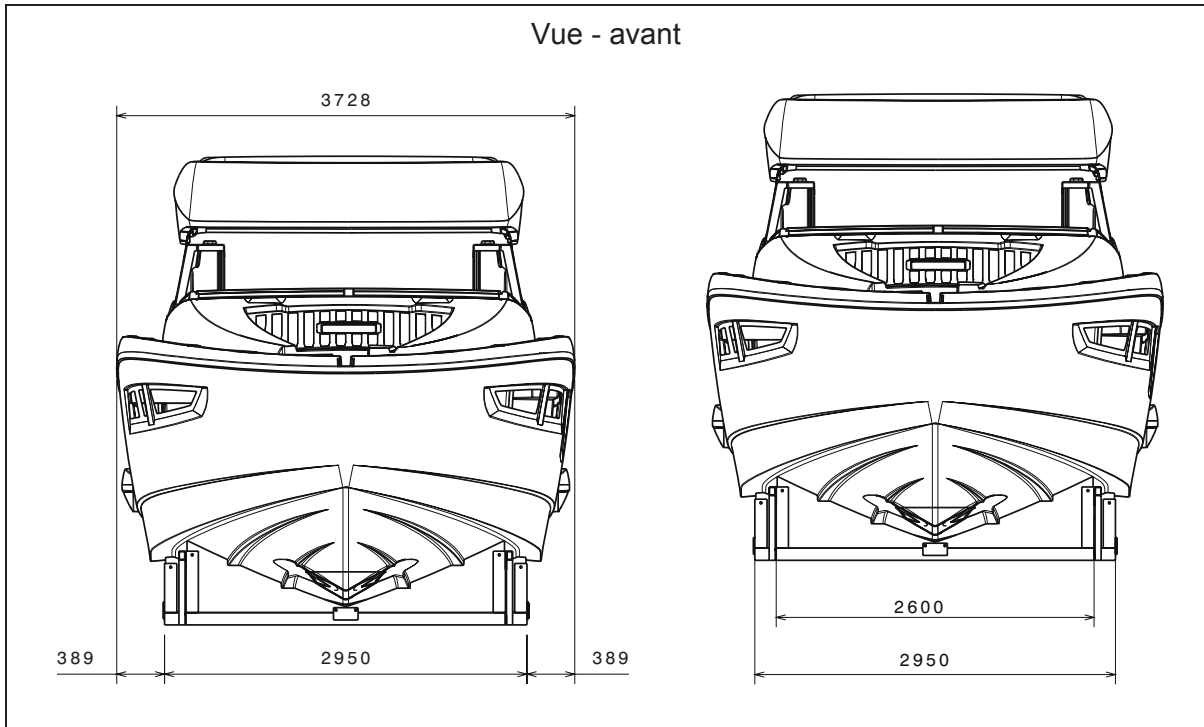
POSITION OF HOISTING CRADLE AND STRAPS



Note: Measurements are expressed in mm.

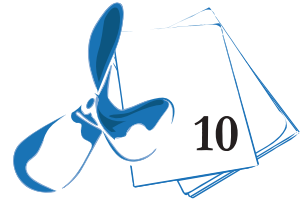






Note: Measurements are expressed in mm.

LAUNCHING RECOMMENDATIONS



A lot of skill and care is required to commission your PRESTIGE boat. The proper working of all your boat's equipment is the result of the quality of the commissioning operations.

In order to remain completely under guarantee in the case of any failure of parts or materials the first launching and the first trials of different equipment must be carried out by your PRESTIGE dealer.

If later you have to launch your boat yourself, you should take the following precautions:

BEFORE LAUNCHING

- If your boat is to be fitted with sounder and speedometer, allow for the relevant fittings and their installation.
- Check the water intake strain box for cleanliness.
- Check the engine and reduction gear oil levels (refer to engine manual).
- Turn off the engine cooling water drain valves.
- Retract the speedometer into its housing (it may be damaged by the handling belts).
- For the on-line engines, check the anode at the end of the shaft is in place. Check the nut tightening (the lock washer shall be turned over onto the nut). The anode shall not be painted.
- Turn off all the water inlet and drain valves (sink, washbasin, heads, engine).

HANDLING

- Install a fore rope, a rear rope and fenders.
- When craning, check that no device is crushed by the belts (sounder, speedometer, shaft, etc.).
- Locate the strap positions using the stick-on markers. The belt position will be useful during the craning for a future launching.



WARNING

- Do not stay on board or under the boat during hoisting.

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- The proper working of all your boat's equipment is the result of the quality of the commissioning operations.

AFTER LAUNCHING

- Check the sounder and speedometer fittings for tightness if need be.
- Open the valves and make sure that they are tight with the hull and relevant hose.

Before starting the engine, refer to chapter 11 "Engine".



WINTER STORAGE

LAYING UP

PROTECTION AND MAINTENANCE

LAYING UP

- Take ashore all the ship's log, the ropes that are not used for mooring, the galley equipment, supplies, clothes, the safety equipment, batteries, the gas cylinder.
- Mark again the safety equipment, check the expiration dates, have the liferaft overhauled.
- Take advantage of this laying up to draw up a complete inventory of the equipment.

PROTECTION AND MAINTENANCE

INTERIOR

- Drain all the fresh water pipes and rinse them with water and vinegar (do not use a chlorine based product).
- Lubricate and close all the water inlet valves and thru-hull fittings. Rinse and completely drain the heads bowls and pumps.
- Remove the depth sounder and log sensors.
- Installed in the square of a dehumidifier air leaving the cabin doors and open storage (cupboards, coolers).
- Leave the cushions outside for long before putting them back into the boat in the upright and side position in order to have minimum contact surfaces.
- During long absence leave the fridge and icebox doors open to avoid mould developing.

EXTERIOR

- Thoroughly rinse the hull and deck.
- Grease all moving and mechanical parts (latches, hinges, locks, etc).
- Protect all ropes and mooring lines against chafing.
- Protect the boat as well as possible with fenders.
- Make sure the boat is properly moored.
- Bring the removable cushions inside (washed with soapy water then dried) when the vessel is unoccupied.

This is not an exhaustive list of recommendations. .

ADVICE - RECOMMENDATION

- You alone know all the particularities of your boat and its equipment:
- To lay up your vessel carefully and methodically is the best guarantee to avoid problems when re-fitting out.
- This is not an exhaustive list of recommendations. Your dealer will give you the advice you need and will carry out the technical maintenance of your boat.
- Take advantage of this laying up to draw up a complete inventory of the equipment.



ENGINE

The engine winterization shall be carried out by a professional. Depending on the boat location, afloat or ashore, winterization is different.

Here are a few major tasks to carry out:

Afloat

- Drain the cooling system and fill it with antifreeze.
- Shut off the battery switches, grease the terminals and check the battery voltage.
- Fill the fuel tanks to a maximum in order to avoid condensation.
- Please refer to the engine manual for anything relating to the engine.

Ashore

- Take the batteries ashore and keep them on maintenance charge.
- Change the anodes.
- Carry out the winterization operations specified by the manufacturer, keeping in mind that the freeze hazard is more significant when the boat is ashore.
- Slacken the a.c. generator and pump belts.

Personal notes

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