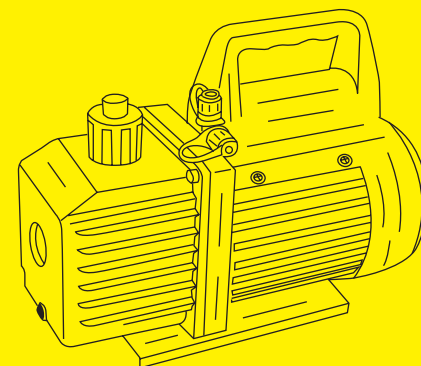


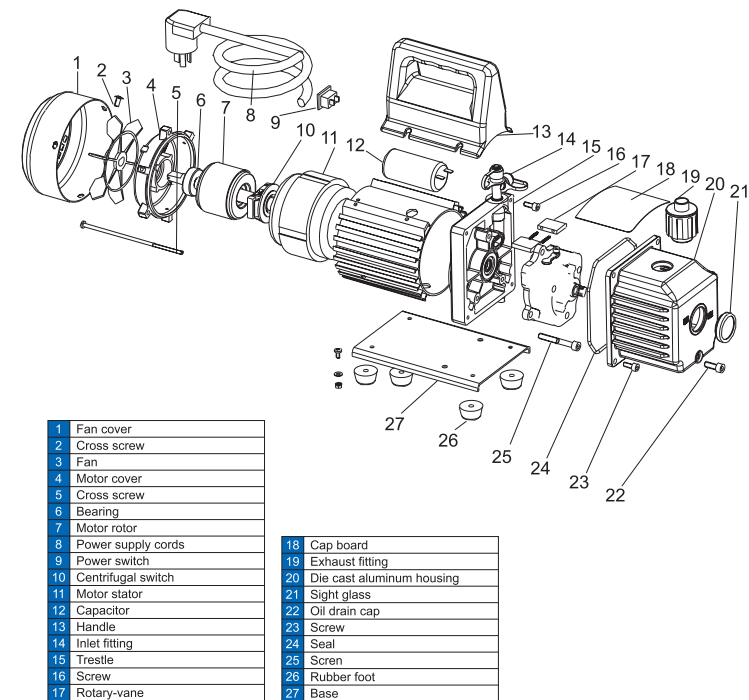
VIVOHOME

VACUUM PUMP



Please read the operating manual carefully before using and reserve it properly

VI.Exploded Drawing



VACUUM PUMP

will improve briefly while the oil is sealing the leak.

(2) Be sure the pump oil is clean. A badly contaminated pump may require several oil flushes.

(3) Be sure the oil is at the proper level. For maximum pump operation, the oil must be even with OIL LEVEL line on the sight glass when the pump is running. Do not overfill---- operating temperatures will cause the oil expand, so it will appear at a higher level than when the pump is not running. To check the oil level, start the pump with the inlet capped, Check the oil level in the sight glass. Add oil if necessary.

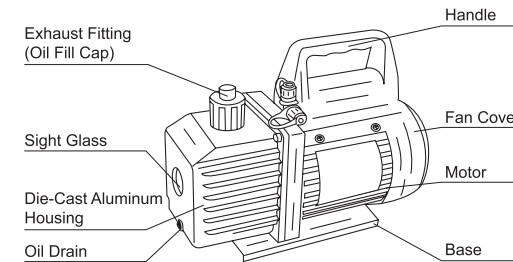
V. Technical Parameter

		Single Stage Vacuum Pump											
Model		VP115		VP125		VP135		VP145		VP160		VP180	
Voltage		220V ~50Hz	110V ~60Hz	220V ~50Hz	110V ~60Hz	220V ~50Hz	110V ~60Hz	220V ~50Hz	110V ~60Hz	220V ~50Hz	110V ~60Hz	220V ~50Hz	110V ~60Hz
Free Air Displacement	CFM	1.5	1.8	3	3.5	3.5	4	4.5	5	6	7	8	9
	L/min	42	50	70	84	100	114	128	142	170	198	226	254
Ultimate Vacuum	Pa	5		5		5		5		5		5	
	mbar	0.05		0.05		0.05		0.05		0.05		0.05	
Motor		1/4		1/4		1/3		1/3		1/2		3/4	
Intake Fitting		1/4" Flare		1/4" Flare		1/4" Flare		1/4" Flare		1/4" & 3/8" Flare		1/4" & 3/8" Flare	
Oil Capacity		320		300		350		350		450		800	
Dimensions(mm)		270x119x216		270x119x216		278x119x216		278x119x216		320x134x232		270x140x250	
Net Weight(kg)		5.3		5.5		6.5		6.8		10		14	

Dual Stage Vacuum Pump															
Model		VP215		VP225		VP235		VP245		VP260		VP280		VP2100	
Voltage		220V ~/50Hz	110V ~/60Hz	220V ~/50Hz	110V ~/60Hz	220V ~/50Hz	110V ~/60Hz	220V ~/50Hz	110V ~/60Hz	220V ~/50Hz	110V ~/60Hz	220V ~/50Hz	110V ~/60Hz	220V ~/50Hz	110V ~/60Hz
Free Air Displacement	CFM	1.5	1.8	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	6	7	8	9	10	12
	L/min	42	50	70	84	100	114	128	142	170	198	226	254	283	340
Ultimate Vacuum	Pa	3x10 ⁻¹		3x10 ⁻¹		3x10 ⁻¹		3x10 ⁻¹		3x10 ⁻¹		3x10 ⁻¹		3x10 ⁻¹	
	mbar	0.003		0.003		0.003		0.003		0.003		0.003		0.003	
	Microns	25		25		25		25		25		25		25	
Motor		1/4		1/3		1/3		1/2		3/4		1		1	
Intake Fitting		1/4" Flare		1/4" Flare		1/4" & 3/8" Flare		1/4" & 3/8" Flare		1/4" & 3/8" Flare		1/4" & 3/8" Flare		1/4" & 3/8" Flare	
Oil Capacity		180		280		360		350		700		600		700	
Dimensions(mm)		270x119x216		278x119x216		320x134x232		320x134x232		370x140x250		370x140x250		390x140x250	
Net Weight(kg)		6		7		11		11.8		15		15.5		16	

VACUUM PUMP

I. Pump components



II. Operating Manual

1. Before using your vacuum pump

In all cases, motors are designed for operating voltages plus or minus 10% of the normal rating. Single voltage motors are supplied fully connected and ready to operate.

(1) Check to be sure the voltage and frequency at the outlet match the specifications on the pump motor decal. Check the ON-OFF switch to be sure it is in the OFF position before you plug the pump into an outlet. Remove and discard the exhaust cap from the end of the pump's handle.

(2) The pump is shipped without oil in the reservoir. Before starting the pump, fill it with oil. Remove the Exhaust Fitting cap and add oil until oil just shows in the bottom of the sight glass. The approximate oil capacity of the pump is 180~800ml (reference the technical data).

(3) Replace the Exhaust Fitting cap and remove the cap from one of the inlet ports. Turn the motor switch to ON. When the pump runs smoothly, replace the cap on the inlet port. This may take from two to 30 seconds depending on the ambient temperature. After the pump runs for approximately one minute check the sight glass for proper oil level. The level should be even with the sight glass oil level line. Add oil if necessary.

Note: When the pump is running, the oil level should be even with the line on the sight glass. Under filling will result in poor vacuum performance. Over filling can result in oil blowing from the exhaust.

VACUUM PUMP

2.To shut down your pump after use

To help prolong pump life and promote easy starting. Follow these procedures for shutdown.

- (1)Close the manifold valve between the pump and the system.
- (2)Remove the hose from the pump inlet.
- (3)Cap the inlet port to prevent any contamination or loose particles from entering the port.

III.To maintain your high vacuum pump

1.Vacuum pump oil:

The condition and type of oil used in any high vacuum pump are extremely important in determining the ultimate attainable vacuum. We recommend the use of High Vacuum Pump Oil. This oil has been specifically blended to maintain maximum viscosity at normal running temperatures and to improve cold weather starts.

2.Oil Change Procedure

- (1)Be sure the pump is warmed up.
- (2)Remove the OIL DRAIN cap. Drain contaminated oil into a suitable container and dispose of properly. Oil can be forced from the pump by opening the inlet and partially blocking the exhaust with a cloth while the pump is running. Do not operate the pump for more than 20 seconds using this method.
- (3)When the flow of oil has stopped,tilt the pump forward to drain residual oil.
- (4)Replace the OIL DRAIN cap.Remove the exhaust fitting and fill the reservoir with new vacuum pump oil until the oil just shows at the bottom of the sight glass.The approximate oil capacity of the pump is 180-800ml (reference the technical data).
- (5)Be sure the inlet ports are capped then turn on the pump. Allow it to run for one minute then check the oil level space. If the oil is below the sight glass OIL LEVEL line add oil slowly (with the pump running) until the oil reaches the OIL LEVEL line. Replace the exhaust fitting, making sure the inlet is capped and the

VACUUM PUMP

(6)a)If the oil is badly contaminated with sludge that forms when water is allowed to collect in the oil, you may need to remove the oil reservoir cover and wipe it out.

b)Another method of dealing with heavily contaminated oil is to force the oil from the pump reservoir. To do this, allow the pump to run until it is warmed up. While the pump is still running remove the oil drain cap.Slightly restrict the exhaust. This will back-pressure the oil reservoir and force the oil from it, carrying more contamination. When the oil ceases to flow, turn off the pump.

Repeat this procedure as required until the contaminatin is removed.

Replace the OIL DRAIN cap and refill the reservoir to the proper level with fresh pump oil.

IV.Troubleshooting Guide

Your pump has been for dependable use and long life. If something should go wrong, the following guide will help you get the pump back into service as quickly as possible.

If diassembly of the pump is required, please check your warranty.The warranty may be voided by misuse or customer tampering which results in the pump being inoperable.

1.Failure To Start

Check the line voltage. The pump ned to start at $\pm 10\%$ line voltage (loaded) at 32°F. At extremes, switching between the startand run windings may occur.

2.Oil leakage

- (1)Be sure the oil is not a residual accumulation from spillage, etc.
 - (2)If leakage exists the module cover gasket or the shaft seal may need replacing.
- If leakage exists in the area of the oil drain plug you may need to reseal the plug using a commercial pipe thread sealer.

3.Failure To Pull A Good Vacuum

- (1)Be sure the vacuum gauge and all connections are in good condition and leak free. You can confirm leakage by monitoring the vacuum with a thermistor gauge