Total T₄ Testing Guide: Canine Hypothyroidism

Dynamic range

 $0.5-10.0 \,\mu \text{g/dL}$ (6.4–128.7 nmol/L)

Catalyst Total T₄ results

Low	$<$ 1.0 μ g/dL	(<13.0 nmol/L)
Low Normal	$1.0-2.0~\mu\mathrm{g/dL}$	(13.0-26.0 nmol/L)
Normal	1.0 – $4.0~\mu$ g/dL	(13.0-51.0 nmol/L)
High	$>$ 4.0 μ g/dL	(>51.0 nmol/L)
Therapeutic	$2.1-5.4~\mu \mathrm{g/dL}$	(27.0-69.0 nmol/L)

Canine screening

- Dogs with low total T₄ (T₄) and evidence of nonthyroidal illness (NTI) should have the NTI addressed.
- Dogs with T₄ results in the low normal range may be hypothyroid.

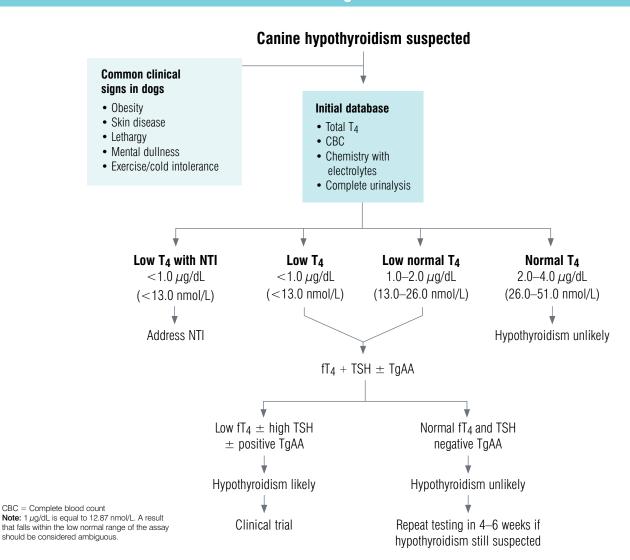
In dogs with low or low normal T₄ results and with consistent clinical signs, consider one or more of the following to aid in confirming hypothyroidism:

- Free T₄ (fT₄)
- Endogenous thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH)
- · Possible thyroglobulin autoantibodies (TgAA)

Hypothyroidism therapeutic monitoring

For dogs on thyroid supplement, acceptable 4–6-hour post-pill T_4 values will generally fall in the upper end of the reference interval or slightly above.

Algorithm





Total T₄ Testing Guide: Feline Hyperthyroidism

(<10.0 nmol/L)

(>60.0 nmol/L)

Dynamic range

 $0.5-20.0 \,\mu g/dL$ (6.4-257.4 nmol/L)

Catalyst Total T₄ results

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Normal	$0.8 extstyle{-}4.7~\mu ext{g/dL}$	(10.0-60.0 nmol/L)
Gray zone in old or symptomatic cats	2.3–4.7 μg/dL	(30.0–60.0 nmol/L)

 $< 0.8 \,\mu \text{g/dL}$

or symptomatic cats

Subnormal

Consistent with hyperthyroidism

>4.7 μ g/dL

Feline screening

Cats with consistent clinical signs and total T₄ (T₄) values in the borderline high range (gray zone) may have early hyperthyroidism with a concurrent nonthyroidal illness (NTI).

In these cases, consider the following to aid in confirming the diagnosis:

- Free T₄ (fT₄)
- T₃ suppression test
- Radionuclide thyroid imaging

Hyperthyroidism therapeutic monitoring

Following treatment with methimazole (or similar), T₄ values will generally fall within the lower to midportion of the reference interval.

Algorithm

