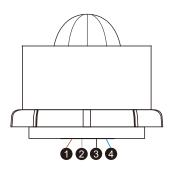
Casambi Wireless IP65 ZHAGA 18 PIR Sensor + Light Sensor + DALI Dimming



Important: Read All Instructions Prior to Installation

Function introduction



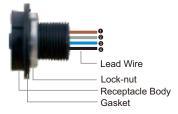
Zhaga Receptacle Accessory(optional for order)

1 Port 1 (Brown): VCC(12-24V)

2 Port 2 (Gray): GND/ DA- (DALI signal)

3 Port 3 (Blue): No connection

4 Port 4 (Black): DA+ (DALI signal)



Product Description

The IP65 motion sensor combines presence sensing, daylight harvesting, DALI dimming and Casambi radio technology. The sensor can work with DALI LED drivers or luminaires, the luminaires just need to be connected to mains power. The result is increased occupant comfort and significant energy savings that meet the most demanding building energy codes. The sensor is suitable for low bay applications which need sensor based automation.

Casambi Technology Explained

The Casambi technology provides a mesh network where all the intelligence of the system is replicated in every node and, in such a way, creates a system with no single point of failure. In this kind of fully distributed architecture, any unit can go offline and catch up from others when they return back online.

Wireless Features

- · Control a large number of fixtures from any point
- · Simple to use UI
- Wide range of functionality Grouping Luminaires, different lighting situations for different occasions, colour temperature, daylight sensor, occupancy sensor and much more.

Key Features

- · PIR motion detection
- Daylight harvesting
- Works with DALI drivers or luminaires, broadcast control
- · Autonomous sensor-based control
- Can be use for outdoor applications
- ZHAGA Book 18 socket

Benefits

- Cost-effective solution for energy
- · Energy code compliance
- · Robust mesh network

Applications

- for energy Warehouses
 - Factories
 - · Street and Area Lighting
 - Outdoor Luminaires Wall Packs -Parking Lots - Walkways
 - Photo Controls
 - · Central Management System

Product Data

Electrical Information

| Power Supply | 12-24VDC |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Power Consumption | Max. 30mA |
| Control | DALI-2 |
| Marking Terminals | V+,DA-, DA+ |
| Status Indicators | Red (motion detection) |

Wireless Communication

| Transceiver Frequency | 2.4GHz ISM band |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Radio Range | 164 feet (50m) in open field |
| Radio Certification | FCC/IC, CE |

Lighting Control

| Features | DALI broadcast, Individual/group addressing, Scene control |
|----------|--|
| | Autonomous sensor-based control, Scheduler control |

Sensing

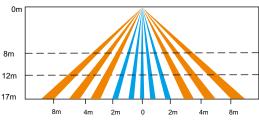
| Occupancy Sensing Type | PIR sensor |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Lux Detection Range | 0-1000 Lux |
| Mounting Height | Up to 17m, recommended height: 12-15m |
| Detection Angle/Range | 360° (ceiling)/18m(diameter) |

Environment

| Operating Temperature Range | -20°C to 40°C |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| Operating Humidity | 0-95% (non condensing) |
| Safety Certification | cULus Listed, CE |

Detection Pattern

Coverage Side View



The detection area for movement sensor can be roughly divided into two parts:

Slow movement (person moving < 1.0'/s or 0.3m/s)

Quick movement (person moving > 1.3'/s or 0.4m/s)

9m 6m 3m 1m 0 1m 3m 6m

9m 6m 3m 1m 0 1m 3m 6m 9m

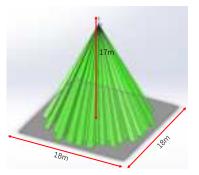
Coverage Top View



Detection Area

Note:

- 1) Following different detection areas are based on different installation heights & patterns.
- 2) Detection Pattern is a relevant value, the performance should depends on the site conditions (installation height/ temperature/ sunlight/ humidity/ Blind area...etc)



— 6m
— 3m
— 0m
— 3m
— 6m
— 9m

9m

Detection pattern at 17m height

Detection pattern at 17m height

Application

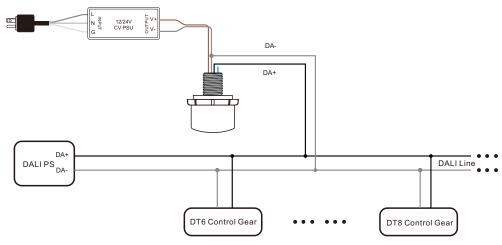






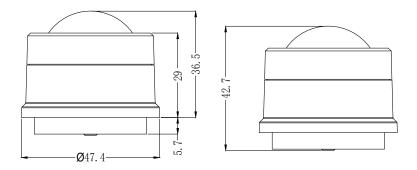
Outdoor Application

Wiring Diagram



Note: please make sure the polarity of DALI signal of the sensor is correctly connected.

Product Dimension



Installation Precautions

- Avoid areas with frequent temperature changes: Keep away from air conditioners, fans, refrigerators, ovens, and other objects that cause rapid temperature changes. The detection effectiveness of PIR motion sensors is closely related to temperature fluctuations, and vents or heat sources can lead to false alarms.
- Avoid areas with significant air flow.
- Avoid facing glass doors and windows directly: 1) Do not face glass doors and windows directly to avoid
 interference from strong light. 2) Avoid complex environments outside doors and windows, such as direct
 sunlight, crowds, and moving vehicles.
- Avoid installing opposite large, constantly moving objects: Large objects with significant motion can cause sudden changes in airflow within the detection area, leading to false alarms. Outdoor PIR motion sensors should not be installed opposite large trees or tall bushes.
- Avoid areas with screens, furniture, large potted plants, or other obstacles within the detection range.
- Avoid areas exposed to direct sunlight.