SIEMENS

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Preface

Legal information

Warning notice system

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

A DANGER

indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.

AWARNING

indicates that death or severe personal injury may result if proper precautions are not taken.

ACAUTION

indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.

NOTICE

indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.

If more than one degree of danger is present, the warning notice representing the highest degree of danger will be used. A notice warning of injury to persons with a safety alert symbol may also include a warning relating to property damage.

Qualified Personnel

The product/system described in this documentation may be operated only by **personnel qualified** for the specific task in accordance with the relevant documentation, in particular its warning notices and safety instructions. Qualified personnel are those who, based on their training and experience, are capable of identifying risks and avoiding potential hazards when working with these products/systems.

Proper use of Siemens products

Note the following:

AWARNING

Siemens products may only be used for the applications described in the catalog and in the relevant technical documentation. If products and components from other manufacturers are used, these must be recommended or approved by Siemens. Proper transport, storage, installation, assembly, commissioning, operation and maintenance are required to ensure that the products operate safely and without any problems. The permissible ambient conditions must be complied with. The information in the relevant documentation must be observed.

Trademarks

All names identified by ® are registered trademarks of Siemens AG. The remaining trademarks in this publication may be trademarks whose use by third parties for their own purposes could violate the rights of the owner.

Disclaimer of Liability

We have reviewed the contents of this publication to ensure consistency with the hardware and software described. Since variance cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full consistency. However, the information in this publication is reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections are included in subsequent editions.

Preface

Purpose of the documentation

This manual supplements the system manual Distributed I/O System ET 200SP (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58649293).

Functions that affect the system in general are described in this system manual.

The information in this manual and the system/function manuals provide support when you commission the system.

A description of the F-system SIMATIC Safety can be found in the programming and operating manual SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126).

Conventions

CPU: When the term "CPU" is used in the following, it refers to both the CPUs of the S7-1500 automation system as well CPUs / interface modules of the ET 200SP distributed I/O system.

STEP 7: In this documentation, "STEP 7" is used as a synonym for all versions of the configuration and programming software " (STEP 7 TIA Portal)".

Note the following identified notes:

Note

A note includes important information on the product described in the documentation, on handling the product or on the part of the documentation to which you ought to pay special attention.

Standards

You can find a dated reference to the respective standards in the certificate (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/57141281) or in the EC Declaration of Conformity (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/71764057) for the F-module.

Important note for maintaining the operational safety of your system

Note

The operators of systems with safety-related characteristics must adhere to specific operational safety requirements. The supplier is also obliged to comply with special product monitoring measures. Siemens informs system operators in the form of personal notifications about product developments and properties which may be or become important issues in terms of operational safety.

You should subscribe to the corresponding notifications in order to obtain the latest information and to allow you to make any necessary modifications to your system.

Log on to Industry Online Support. Follow the links below and click on "Email on update" on the right-hand side in each case:

- SIMATIC S7-300/S7-300F (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=13751&lc=en-WW)
- SIMATIC S7-400/S7-400H/S7-400F/FH (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=13828&lc=en-WW)
- SIMATIC WinAC RTX (F) (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/ps/13915)
- SIMATIC S7-1500/SIMATIC S7-1500F (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=13716&lc=en-WW)
- SIMATIC S7-1200/SIMATIC S7-1200F (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=13683&lc=en-WW)
- Distributed I/O (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=14029&lc=en-ww)
- STEP 7 (TIA Portal) (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/products?pnid=14340&lc=en-WW)

Security information

Siemens provides products and solutions with industrial security functions that support the secure operation of plants, systems, machines and networks.

In order to protect plants, systems, machines and networks against cyber threats, it is necessary to implement – and continuously maintain – a holistic, state-of-the-art industrial security concept. Siemens' products and solutions only form one element of such a concept.

Customer is responsible to prevent unauthorized access to its plants, systems, machines and networks. Systems, machines and components should only be connected to the enterprise network or the internet if and to the extent necessary and with appropriate security measures (e.g. use of firewalls and network segmentation) in place.

Additionally, Siemens' guidance on appropriate security measures should be taken into account. For more information about industrial security, please visit (http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity).

Siemens' products and solutions undergo continuous development to make them more secure. Siemens strongly recommends to apply product updates as soon as available and to always use the latest product versions. Use of product versions that are no longer supported, and failure to apply latest updates may increase customer's exposure to cyber threats.

To stay informed about product updates, subscribe to the Siemens Industrial Security RSS Feed under (http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity).

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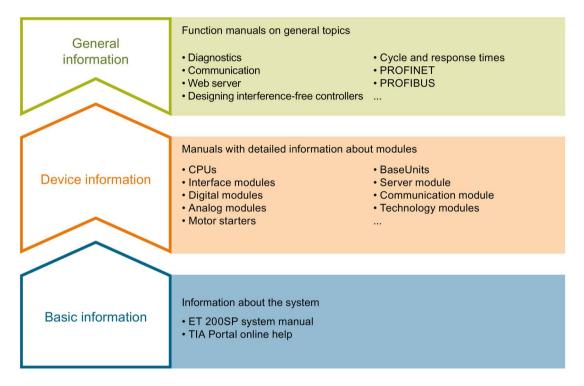
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Documentation guide

The documentation for the SIMATIC ET 200SP distributed I/O system is arranged into three areas.

This arrangement enables you to access the specific content you require.



Basic information

The system manual describes in detail the configuration, installation, wiring and commissioning of the SIMATIC ET 200SP. distributed I/O system. The STEP 7 online help supports you in the configuration and programming.

Device information

Product manuals contain a compact description of the module-specific information, such as properties, wiring diagrams, characteristics and technical specifications.

General information

The function manuals contain detailed descriptions on general topics regarding the SIMATIC ET 200SP distributed I/O system, e.g. diagnostics, communication, Web server, motion control and OPC UA.

You can download the documentation free of charge from the Internet (http://w3.siemens.com/mcms/industrial-automation-systems-simatic/en/manual-overview/tech-doc-et200/Pages/Default.aspx).

Changes and supplements to the manuals are documented in a Product Information.

You can download the product information free of charge from the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/us/en/view/73021864).

Manual Collection ET 200SP

The Manual Collection contains the complete documentation on the SIMATIC ET 200SP distributed I/O system gathered together in one file.

You can find the Manual Collection on the Internet (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/84133942).

"mySupport"

With "mySupport", your personal workspace, you make the most of your Industry Online Support.

In "mySupport" you can store filters, favorites and tags, request CAx data and put together your personal library in the Documentation area. Furthermore, your data is automatically filled into support requests and you always have an overview of your current requests.

You need to register once to use the full functionality of "mySupport".

You can find "mySupport" in the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/My/ww/en).

"mySupport" - Documentation

In the Documentation area of "mySupport", you have the possibility to combine complete manuals or parts of them to make your own manual.

You can export the manual in PDF format or in an editable format.

You can find "mySupport" - Documentation in the Internet (http://support.industry.siemens.com/My/ww/en/documentation).

"mySupport" - CAx Data

In the CAx Data area of "mySupport", you can have access the latest product data for your CAx or CAe system.

You configure your own download package with a few clicks.

In doing so you can select:

- Product images, 2D dimension drawings, 3D models, internal circuit diagrams, EPLAN macro files
- Manuals, characteristics, operating manuals, certificates
- Product master data

You can find "mySupport" - CAx Data in the Internet (http://support.industry.siemens.com/my/ww/en/CAxOnline).

Application examples

The application examples support you with various tools and examples for solving your automation tasks. Solutions are shown in interplay with multiple components in the system - separated from the focus in individual products.

You can find the application examples on the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/sc/ww/en/sc/2054).

TIA Selection Tool

With the TIA Selection Tool, you can select, configure and order devices for Totally Integrated Automation (TIA).

This tool is the successor of the SIMATIC Selection Tool and combines the known configurators for automation technology into one tool.

With the TIA Selection Tool, you can generate a complete order list from your product selection or product configuration.

You can find the TIA Selection Tool on the Internet (http://w3.siemens.com/mcms/topics/en/simatic/tia-selection-tool).

SIMATIC Automation Tool

You can use the SIMATIC Automation Tool to run commissioning and maintenance activities simultaneously on various SIMATIC S7 stations as a bulk operation independently of the TIA Portal.

The SIMATIC Automation Tool provides a multitude of functions:

- Scanning of a PROFINET/Ethernet network and identification of all connected CPUs
- Address assignment (IP, subnet, gateway) and station name (PROFINET device) to a CPU
- Transfer of the data and the programming device/PC time converted to UTC time to the module
- Program download to CPU
- Operating mode switchover RUN/STOP
- Localization of the CPU by means of LED flashing
- Reading out CPU error information
- · Reading the CPU diagnostic buffer
- Reset to factory settings
- Updating the firmware of the CPU and connected modules

You can find the SIMATIC Automation Tool on the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/98161300).

PRONETA

With SIEMENS PRONETA (PROFINET network analysis), you analyze the plant network during commissioning. PRONETA features two core functions:

- The topology overview independently scans PROFINET and all connected components.
- The IO check is a fast test of the wiring and the module configuration of a system.

You can find SIEMENS PRONETA on the Internet (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/67460624).

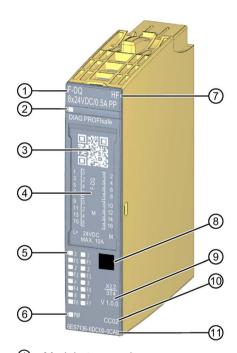
Product overview 2

2.1 Properties

Article number

6ES7136-6DC00-0CA0

View of the module



- 1 Module type and name
- ② LED for diagnostics
- 3 2D matrix code
- 4 Connection diagram
- 5 LEDs for channel status
- 6 LED for supply voltage
- (7) Function class
- 8 Color identification module type
- 9 Function and firmware version
- 10 Color code to select the color identification labels
- 11 Article number

Figure 2-1 View of the module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF

2.1 Properties

Properties

The module has the following technical characteristics:

- Fail-safe digital module
- PROFIsafe
- Supports the "RIOforFA-Safety" profile on F-CPUs S7-1200/1500.
- PROFIsafe address type 2
- 8 outputs, PP-switching (SIL3/Cat.4/PLe)
- Supply voltage L+
- Output current 0.5 A per output
- Sourcing output (PP-switching)
- Suitable for solenoid valves, DC contactors and signal lamps
- Direct interconnection to inputs of an F-DI possible
- Diagnostics display (DIAG red/green LED)
- Status display for each output (green LED)
- Fault display for each output (red LED)
- Diagnostics
 - e.g., short-circuit, channel-specific
 - e.g. supply voltage missing, module-specific
- module-wide passivation

The module supports the following functions:

- Firmware update
- I&M identification data



The fail-safe performance characteristics in the technical specifications apply for a mission time of 20 years and a repair time of 100 hours. If a repair within 100 hours is not possible, remove the respective module from the BaseUnit or switch off its supply voltage before 100 hours expires. The module switches off independently after the 100 hours have expired.

Follow the repair procedure described in section Diagnostics alarms (Page 42).

Note

Cyclic reading of I&M data

Cyclic reading of I&M data can affect the timing of the F-modules. You should therefore avoid short read cycles of less than 500 ms.

Accessories

The following accessory must be ordered separately:

- Labeling strips
- Color identification labels
- Reference identification labels
- Shield connection
- Electronic coding element as spare part

You can find additional information about accessories in the Distributed I/O System ET 200SP System Manual (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58649293).

Passivation of fail-safe outputs over a long period of time



Unintentional activation of F-I/O with fail-safe outputs

If an F-I/O with fail-safe outputs is passivated for a period longer than that specified in the safety parameters (> 100 hours) and the fault remains uncorrected, you need to exclude the possibility that the F-I/O can be activated unintentionally by a second fault, and thus put the F-system in a dangerous state.

Even though it is highly unlikely that such hardware faults occur, you must prevent the unintentional activation of F-I/O with fail-safe outputs by using circuit measures or organizational measures.

One possibility is the shutdown of the power supply of the passivated F-I/O within a time period of 100 hours, for example.

The required measures are standardized for plants with product standards.

For all other plants, the plant operator must create a concept for the required measures and have it approved by the inspector.

Property of the individual shutdown of F-modules with fail-safe outputs:

A channel-specific shutdown occurs when a fault is detected. It is also possible to react to critical process states staggered over time or to perform safety-related shutdown of individual outputs.

Connecting

3.1 Wiring and block diagram

This section provides the block diagram of the F-DQ 8×24VDC/0.5A PP HF F-module with the terminal assignment.

You can find information about the various connection options and their configuration in the section Applications of the F-I/O module (Page 26) or Parameters/address space (Page 16).

You can find additional information about wiring BaseUnits in the Distributed I/O System ET 200SP System Manual (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58649293).

Note

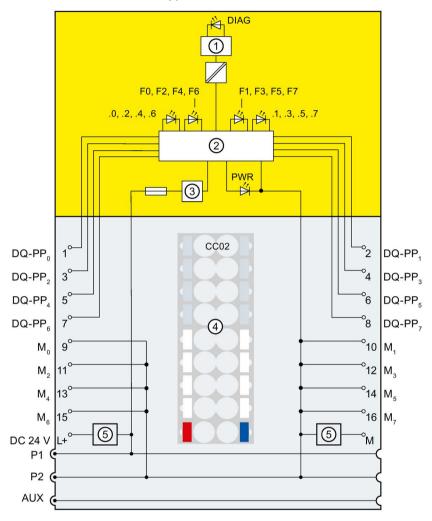
The load group of the F-module must begin with a light-colored BaseUnit. Keep this in mind as well during configuration.

Note

Make sure that you only use the digital output module with BaseUnit type A0 during commissioning.

Block diagram

The following figure shows the wiring of the F-DQ 8×24VDC/0.5A PP HF digital output module on BaseUnit BU type A0 without AUX terminals.



① ②	Backplane bus interface Output electronics	M _n P1, P2, AUX	Ground for connection of actuator of channel n. Internal self-assembling voltage buses Connection to the left (dark-colored BaseUnit) Connection to the left interrupted (light-colored BaseUnit)
3	Reverse polarity protection	DQ-PPn	Output bit n, channel n, PP-switching (sourcing output)
4	Color-coded label with color code CC02 (optional)	DIAG	LED error of diagnostics (green, red)
⑤	Filter circuit supply voltage (available in light-colored BaseUnit only)	.0 to .7	LED channel status (green)
24 VDC	Supply voltage L+ (feed for light-colored BaseUnit only)	F0 to F7	LED channel error (red)
M	Supply voltage ground	PWR	LED Power (green)

Figure 3-1 Block diagram

Parameters/address space

4

4.1 Parameters

Parameters for F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF



Diagnostics functions should be activated or deactivated in accordance with the application, see section Applications of the F-I/O module (Page 26).

The following parameters are possible:

Table 4- 1 Configurable parameters

Parameters Value range		Default	Parameter reassignment in RUN	Scope
F-parameters:				
Manual assignment of F-	• disable	disabled	No	Module
monitoring time	• enable			
F-monitoring time	1 to 65535 ms	150 ms	No	Module
F-source address	1 to 65534	depends on parameter assignment of F-CPU	No	Module
F-destination address	1 to 65534	suggested by F-system	No	Module
F-parameter signature (without addresses)	0 to 65535	calculated by F-system	No	Module
Behavior after channel faults	Passivate the entire modulePassivate channel	Passivate channel	No	Module
Reintegration after channel fault Adjustable All channels automatically All channels manually		(S7-300/400) Adjustable (S7-1200/1500) All channels manually	No	Module
F-I/O DB manual number assignment	disable enable	disabled	No	Module
F-I/O DB number		suggested by F-system	No	Module
F-I/O DB name	_	suggested by F-system	No	Module

Parameters	Value range	Default	Parameter reassignment in RUN	Scope
DQ parameters:				
Maximum test period	• 100 s • 1000 s	1000 s	No	Module
Disable dark test for 48 hours	e dark test for 48 hours • disable • enable		No	Module
Channel parameters:				
Channel n				
Activated	enable	enabled	No	Channel
Max. readback time light test / dark test	• 0.8 / 1.0 ms • 3.0 / 5.0 ms	0.8 / 1.0 ms	No	Channel
Activated light test	• enable	enabled	No	Channel
Channel failure acknowledge • Manual • Automatic The value range offered depends on the F-CPU in use and on the configuration of the F-parameter "Reintegration after channel fault".		(S7-300/400) Parameter is not supported (S7-1200/1500) Manual	No	Channel

4.2 Explanation of parameters

4.2.1 F-parameters

4.2.1.1 F-parameters

You must assign the PROFIsafe address (F-destination address together with F-source address) to the F-module before you put it into operation.

- You define the F-source address using the "Base for PROFIsafe addresses" parameter in the F-CPU.
- An F-destination address unique throughout the CPU is automatically assigned for each F-module. You can manually change the F-destination addresses assigned in the hardware configuration.

You can find information on F-parameters for the F-monitoring time, the PROFIsafe address assignment (F-source address, F-destination address) and the F I/O DB in the manual SIMATIC Safety - Configuring and Programming (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126).

4.2.1.2 Behavior after channel fault

This parameter is used to specify whether the entire F-module is passivated or just the faulty channel(s) in the event of channel faults:

- "Passivate the entire module"
- "Passivate channel"

4.2.1.3 Reintegration after channel fault

Use this parameter to select how the channels of the fail-safe module are reintegrated after a fault.

Use in S7-300/400 F-CPUs

This parameter is always set to "Adjustable" when you use the fail-safe module in S7-300/400 F-CPUs.

You make the required setting in the F-I/O DB of the fail-safe module.

Use in S7-1500 F-CPUs

When using the fail-safe module in S7-1500 F-CPUs, you set this parameter in the STEP 7 dialog of the fail-safe module:

- "Adjustable"
- "All channels automatically"
- "All channels manually"

If you have set the "Behavior after channel fault" parameter to "Passivate channel", you enable individual setting of the reintegration type per channel with the parameter assignment "Adjustable". The reintegration type of the respective channel is specified with the "Channel failure acknowledge" channel parameter.

If you have set the "Behavior after channel fault" parameter to "Passivate the entire module", you can only select the same reintegration type for all channels.

4.2.2 Parameters of the channels

4.2.2.1 Maximum test period

With this parameter, you specify the time within which the light, dark tests (complete bit pattern test) should be performed throughout the module. When this time expires, the tests are repeated. In case of a fault, the test period is reduced to 60 seconds.

- Use "1000 s", for example, to conserve your actuators.
- Use "100 s" to detect faults more quickly.

4.2.2.2 Disable dark test for 48 hours

This option allows you to suppress the dark test.

To suppress dark test pulses, you must ensure that all channels together carry the 0-signal once within the 48 hours. If this condition is not fulfilled, all dark test pulses will be applied anyway on all channels after expiration of this time.

With 0-signal channels, the test pulses of light test continue to occur.



When you use the function "Disable dark test for 48 hours", cross-circuits between channels with 1-signal are not detected.

If an error caused by short-circuits (cross-circuits) is detected when you request the safety function (shutdown of the output), not only is this output passivated, but all outputs are shut down and the F-module is passivated.

Also take into consideration the respective requirements of your product standards regarding error detection time.

When you activate the parameter "Disable dark test for 48 hours", all channels use the values set for channel 0 for the parameter "Max. readback time light test / dark test".

4.2 Explanation of parameters

4.2.2.3 Activated

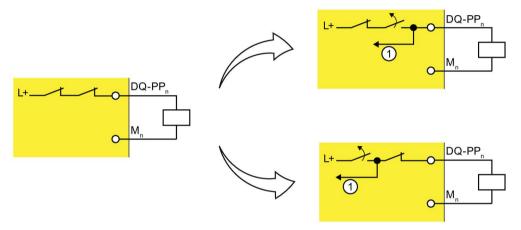
The channel is always activated for this F-module.

4.2.2.4 Max. readback time dark test

Function

Dark tests are shutdown tests with bit pattern test.

For a dark test, a test signal is switched to the output channel while the output channel has the 1-signal. This output channel is then briefly disabled (= "dark period") and read back. A sufficiently slow actuator does not respond to this and remains switched on.



① Readback

Figure 4-1 Functional principle of the dark test (PP switching)

This parameter allows you to set the time for the readback.

If the expected signals could not be read back correctly after expiration of the readback time dark test, the output channel is passivated.

No new process values are switched to the output channels while a bit pattern is still active (switch test is carried out). This means that a higher maximum readback time for the dark test increases the reaction time of the F-module.



Through the configured readback time dark test, short circuits (cross-circuits) to a signal with a frequency greater than 1/(2 x configured readback time dark test) Hz cannot be recognized (50:50 sampling ratio).

Short-circuits (cross-circuits) to an output of the same module are recognized.

The parameter also has an effect on the short-circuit detection (cross-circuit) with 1-signal when the output signal is changed from "1" to "0" with the safety program.

Setting readback time dark test

Because the fault reaction time is extended by the length of the readback time dark test, we recommend that you set the readback time dark test as low as possible, but high enough that the output channel is not passivated.

In case of the "Connecting a load per digital output" (Page 27) application, see the warnings and notes in the section describing the application.

To determine the readback time required for your actuator, refer to the diagram in the section Switching capacitive loads (Page 51).

Setting readback time dark test with unknown actuator capacity

If the capacity of the actuator is not known, it may be necessary for you to determine the value for the readback time dark test by trial and error. This may also be necessary due to the part variances in the actuator or external influences.

Proceed as follows:

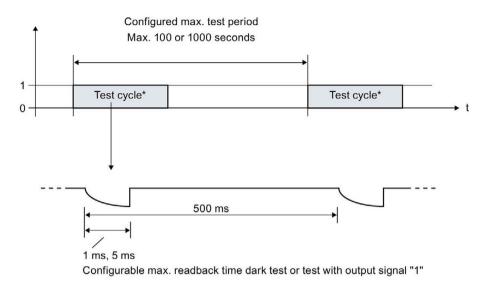
- Set the readback time dark test so that the output channel can be read back correctly but your actuator does not respond yet.
- For verification use a 1-signal with a minimum duration that corresponds to the "Maximum test period".
- If the output channel is passivated sporadically, set a higher value for the maximum readback time dark test.
- If the output channel is passivated, the readback time dark test is too small for a connected capacitive load. The discharge cannot take place during the configured readback time dark test. Increase the readback time dark test.

If you have set the readback time dark test to the maximum value of 5 ms and there is still a passivation of the output channel, there is either an external fault or the connected capacity is outside the permitted range.

To increase availability, we recommend that you maintain an interval to the determined limit for the times.

Test pulses of the dark test

The interval between two test pulses is 500 ms.



Output of test pulses only during test cycle.

Figure 4-2 Test pulses of the dark test

Note

If the dark test detects an error, the affected channel is switched off with the error message "Short circuit to L+", all the other channels with the error message "Safety-related shutoff".

4.2.2.5 Max. readback time light test

Function

Short-circuit is detected with a 0-signal at the output.

For a light test, a test signal is switched to the output channel while the output channel has the 0-signal. The output channel is switched on briefly during the light test (= "light period") and read back. A sufficiently slow actuator does not respond to this and remains switched off.

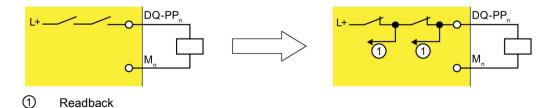
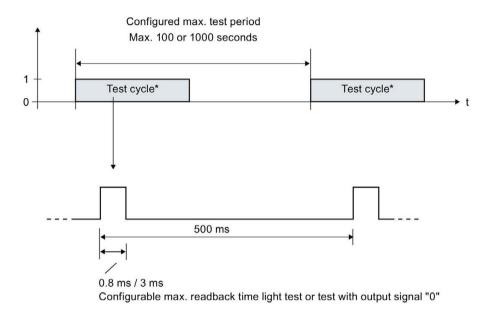


Figure 4-3 Functional principle of the light test

If the signal was not read back correctly once the maximum readback time light test has expired, the output channel is passivated.

No new process values are switched to the output channels while a bit pattern is still active (switch test is carried out). This means that a higher maximum readback time light test for the light test increases the reaction time of the F-module.

Test pulses of the light test



* Output of test pulses only during test cycle.

Figure 4-4 Test pulses of the light test

A light pulse with the configured duration takes place within the configured maximum test period per output channel.

If a light pulse returns a fault, the same light pulse (which means the same bit pattern) is repeated once after 500 ms. If the fault is still present, the maximum test period is automatically reduced to 60 seconds and a diagnostics alarm is generated. If the fault is no longer present, the output channel is reintegrated after the next fault-free test cycle.

4.2.2.6 Activated light test

The light test is always enabled for this F-module.

4.2.2.7 Channel failure acknowledge

Use in S7-1500 F-CPUs

This parameter is only relevant if the fail-safe module is operated on an S7-1500 F-CPU, and can only be set if the F-parameter "Behavior after channel fault" is set to "Passivate channel" and the F-parameter "Reintegration after channel fault" is set to "Adjustable".

The value of this parameter specifies how the channel should react to a channel fault:

- Manual: A channel failure is reintegrated after manual acknowledgment.
- Automatically: The channel is reintegrated automatically after a channel fault. Manual acknowledgment is not necessary.

Use in S7-300/400 F-CPUs

The value of this parameter is not relevant in the case of operation on S7-300/400 F-CPUs. There you set the corresponding property at the F-I/O DB by means of the ACK_NEC tag.

For detailed information about the F-I/O DB, refer to the SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126) manual.

4.3 Address space

Address assignment of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF

The digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF occupies the following address areas in the F-CPU:

Table 4- 2 Address assignment in the F-CPU

Occupied bytes in the F-CPU:					
F-CPU	In input range	In output range			
S7-300/400 F-CPUs	IB x + 0 to x + 4	QB x + 0 to x + 4			
S7-1500 F-CPUs	IB x + 0 to x + 5	QB x + 0 to x + 5			

x = Module start address

Address assignment of the user data and the value status of digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF

The user data occupy the following addresses in the F-CPU out of all the assigned addresses of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF:

Table 4-3 Address assignment of user data in the input range

Byte in the F-	Assigned bits in F-CPU per F-module:							
CPU	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
IB x + 0	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
	status	status	status	status	status	status	status	status
	DQ ₇	DQ_6	DQ ₅	DQ ₄	DQ ₃	DQ_2	DQ ₁	DQ_0

x = Module start address

Table 4-4 Address assignment of user data in the output range

Byte in the F-	Assigned bits in F-CPU per F-module:							
CPU	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
QB x + 0	DQ ₇	DQ ₆	DQ ₅	DQ ₄	DQ ₃	DQ ₂	DQ ₁	DQ_0

x = Module start address

Note

You may only access the addresses occupied by user data and value status.

The other address areas occupied by the F-modules are assigned for functions including safety-related communication between the F-modules and F-CPU in accordance with PROFIsafe.

Additional information

For detailed information about F-I/O access, refer to the SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126) manual.

See also

Value status (Page 46)

Applications of the F-I/O module

5

You achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe with the following applications.

The wiring is performed on the suitable BaseUnit. For more on this, see Connecting section in the system manual Distributed I/O System ET 200SP (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58649293).

5.1 Installation of the ground line between the power supply and the BaseUnit

Interconnection	Achievable fail-safe performance characteristics				
	Single ground line	Redundant ground line			
Connection of the load to the M _n terminal of the BaseUnit	SIL3/Cat.4/PLe	Not required			
Connection of the load to the ground of the BaseUnit	SIL3/Cat.3/PLd	SIL3/Cat.4/PLe			

In case of redundant installation of the ground line between the power supply and the BaseUnits, the ground connection to the BaseUnits must be installed as follows:

- When the fail-safe digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF is installed on a dark-colored BaseUnit, terminal M of this dark-colored BaseUnit must be additionally connected to the ground of the power supply.
- When the fail-safe digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF is installed on a light-colored BaseUnit, terminal M of the dark-colored BaseUnit installed to the right of the light-colored BaseUnit must be additionally connected to the ground of the power supply.



When connecting the load to the ground of the power supply, you must run two ground lines between the power supply and the BaseUnits for safety reasons to achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe. Otherwise, the maximum residual current at signal "0" (specified in the technical specifications) cannot be maintained if a single ground line is interrupted.

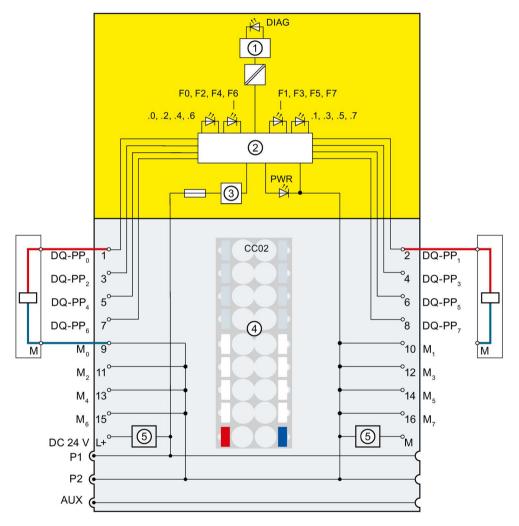
See also

Connecting (Page 14)

5.2 Application: Wiring a load to each digital output

Each of the 8 fail-safe digital outputs consists of two P-switches, which form a PP-switch DQ-PP_n. You connect the load between the sourcing output DQ-PP_n and ground. The ground may be the internal ground M_n or an external ground. The two P-switches are always activated so that voltage is applied to the load. This circuit achieves SIL3/Cat.4/PLe.

To achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe see section Installation of the ground line between the power supply and the BaseUnit (Page 26).



- ① Backplane bus interface
- ② Output electronics

- 4 Color-coded label with color code CC02 (optional)
- (5) Filter circuit supply voltage (available in light-colored BaseUnit only)

3 Reverse polarity protection

Figure 5-1 Wiring diagram for one relay each to a F-DQ of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF

AWARNING

In order to achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe with this wiring, you must install a suitably-qualified actuator, for example in accordance with IEC 60947.

AWARNING

The actuator can no longer be shut down if a cross circuit has developed between positive potential (e.g. L+) and DQ-PP_n. To prevent cross-circuits between positive potential (e.g. L+) and DQ-PP_n, you must route the lines used to connect the actuators in a cross-circuit-proof manner (for example, as separate, sheathed cables or in separate cable ducts).

AWARNING

If there is cross-circuit to another output at a non-passivated, switched off output, a brief 1-signal can occur with a duration of 2x max. cycle time (T_{cycle}) + Max. readback time dark test (T_{rb}).

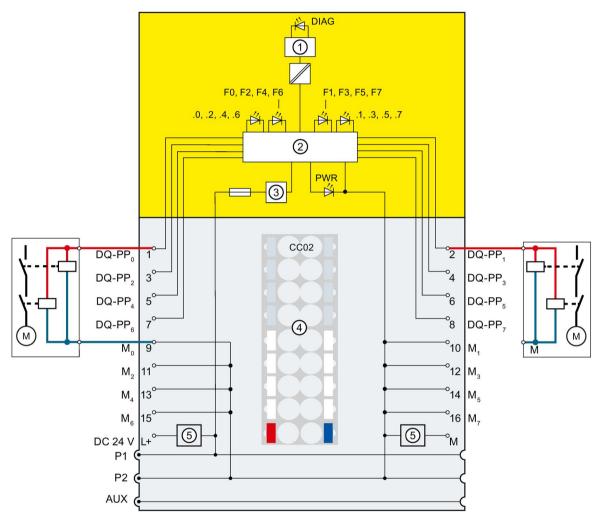
If there is a cross-circuit between two outputs, the test pulses of light tests of the respective other output are also visible. With a different setting of the "Max. readback time light test" parameter, this can cause cyclically occurring 1-signals that last as long as the longest configured "Max. readback time light test".

If the above mentioned 1-signals dangerously affect the plant when a cross-circuit occurs between outputs, you need to guard against the cross-circuits between the outputs with a cross-circuit-proof installation, for example, with separate sheathed cables or separate cable ducts.

5.3 Application: Wiring two loads in parallel to each digital output

The ground may be the internal ground M_n or an external ground. This circuit achieves SIL3/Cat.4/PLe.

To achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe see section Installation of the ground line between the power supply and the BaseUnit (Page 26).



- 1 Backplane bus interface
- ② Output electronics

- 4 Color-coded label with color code CC02 (optional)
- ⑤ Filter circuit supply voltage (available in light-colored BaseUnit only)

3 Reverse polarity protection

Figure 5-2 Wiring diagram for two relays in parallel to a F-DQ of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF

AWARNING

The actuator can no longer be shut down if a cross circuit has developed between positive potential (e.g. L+) and DQ-PP_n. To prevent cross-circuits between positive potential (e.g. L+) and DQ-PP_n, you must route the lines used to connect the actuators in a cross-circuit-proof manner (for example, as separate, sheathed cables or in separate cable ducts).

If there is cross-circuit to another output at a non-passivated, switched off output, a brief 1-signal can occur with a duration of 2x max. cycle time (T_{cycle}) + Max. readback time dark test (T_{rb}).

If there is a cross-circuit between two outputs, the test pulses of light tests of the respective other output are also visible. With a different setting of the "Max. readback time light test" parameter, this can cause cyclically occurring 1-signals that last as long as the longest configured "Max. readback time light test".

If the above mentioned 1-signals dangerously affect the plant when a cross-circuit occurs between outputs, you need to guard against the cross-circuits between the outputs with a cross-circuit-proof installation, for example, with separate sheathed cables or separate cable ducts.

5.4 Application: Connection of a fail-safe digital input to each digital output

Each of the 8 fail-safe digital outputs can be connected to a fail-safe digital input of the type 1. 2 or 3 in accordance with IEC61131-2.

In this application, the input delay of the fail-safe digital input must be set so that the light test and the dark test of the fail-safe digital output do not impair the fail-safe digital input.

You can achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe with this circuit.



To achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe using this wiring, you must use a suitably qualified fail-safe digital input, e.g. ET 200SP F-DI 8x24VDC HF.

Input without ground return

To achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe see section Installation of the ground line between the power supply and the BaseUnit (Page 26).

If the fail-safe digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF and the fail-safe digital input module are supplied by different power supply units, the grounds of the two power supply units must be connected to each other.

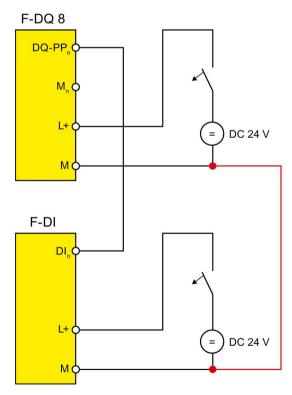


Figure 5-3 Wiring diagram of an output of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF with an input of a fail-safe digital input module (without ground return).

5.4 Application: Connection of a fail-safe digital input to each digital output

AWARNING

To avoid an impermissible process value at the fail-safe digital input, the wiring must be installed so that an interruption of the connection between the ground of the fail-safe digital output module and the ground of the fail-safe digital input module can be excluded (e.g. redundant lines).

MWARNING

In case of a cross-circuit between a positive potential (e.g. L+) and $DQ-PP_n$, a 1-signal is permanently present at the fail-safe digital input. To prevent cross-circuits between positive potential (e.g. L+) and $DQ-PP_n$, you must route the lines used to connect the fail-safe digital inputs in a cross-circuit-proof manner, for example, as separate, sheathed cables or in separate cable ducts.

AWARNING

If there is cross-circuit to another output at a non-passivated, switched off output, a brief 1-signal can occur with a duration of 2x max. cycle time (T_{cycle}) + Max. readback time dark test (T_{rb}).

If there is a cross-circuit between two outputs, the test pulses of light tests of the respective other output are also visible. With a different setting of the "Max. readback time light test" parameter, this can cause cyclically occurring 1-signals that last as long as the longest configured "Max. readback time light test".

If the above mentioned 1-signals dangerously affect the plant when a cross-circuit occurs between outputs, you need to guard against the cross-circuits between the outputs with a cross-circuit-proof installation, for example, with separate sheathed cables or separate cable ducts.

Input with ground return

To achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe see section Installation of the ground line between the power supply and the BaseUnit (Page 26).

In this application for potential-free, fail-safe digital inputs, the connection DI_{n-} of the fail-safe digital input is returned to the internal ground M_n of the fail-safe digital output module.

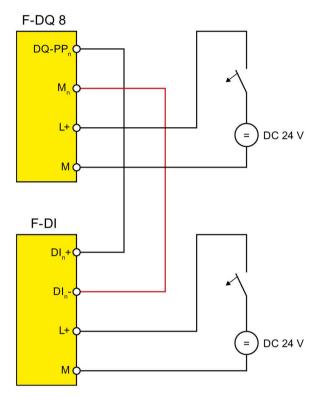


Figure 5-4 Wiring diagram of an output of the digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF with an input of a fail-safe digital input module (with ground return).

AWARNING

In case of a cross-circuit between a positive potential (e.g. L+) and $DQ-PP_n$, a 1-signal is permanently present at the fail-safe digital input. To prevent cross-circuits between positive potential (e.g. L+) and $DQ-PP_n$, you must route the lines used to connect the fail-safe digital inputs in a cross-circuit-proof manner, for example, as separate, sheathed cables or in separate cable ducts.

5.4 Application: Connection of a fail-safe digital input to each digital output

If there is cross-circuit to another output at a non-passivated, switched off output, a brief 1-signal can occur with a duration of 2x max. cycle time (T_{cycle}) + Max. readback time dark test (T_{rb}).

If there is a cross-circuit between two outputs, the test pulses of light tests of the respective other output are also visible. With a different setting of the "Max. readback time light test" parameter, this can cause cyclically occurring 1-signals that last as long as the longest configured "Max. readback time light test".

If the above mentioned 1-signals dangerously affect the plant when a cross-circuit occurs between outputs, you need to guard against the cross-circuits between the outputs with a cross-circuit-proof installation, for example, with separate sheathed cables or separate cable ducts.

5.5 Application: Connection of the ET 200SP digital output module F-RQ 1x24VDC/24..230VAC/5A (6ES7136-6RA00-0BF0)

You can use any of the 8 fail-safe digital outputs to actuate one or more digital output modules F-RQ 1x24VDC/24..230VAC/5A.

Pay attention to the permitted current for the corresponding output channel and the total current over all outputs at the corresponding ambient temperature.

To achieve SIL3/Cat.4/PLe see section Installation of the ground line between the power supply and the BaseUnit (Page 26).

For the operation of the digital output module F-RQ 1x24VDC/24..230VAC/5A, the use of extended readback times is required (channel parameter Max. readback time light test / dark test with "3.0 / 5.0 ms").

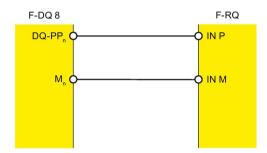


Figure 5-5 Wiring diagram

Note

The output signals "OUT P, OUT M" of the digital output module F-RQ 1x24VDC/24..230VAC/5A are looped through from "IN P, IN M" and should therefore be considered like the output signals of the F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF "DQ-PPn, Mn". For this reason, please observe the wiring rules for the F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF.



The digital output module F-RQ 1x24VDC/24..230VAC/5A can no longer be shut down if a cross circuit has developed between positive potential (e.g. L+) and DQ-PP_n. To prevent cross-circuits between positive potential (e.g. L+) and DQ-PP_n, you must route the lines used to connect the digital output modules F-RQ 1x24VDC/24..230VAC/5A in a cross-circuit-proof manner, e.g. as separate, sheathed cables or in separate cable ducts.

5.5 Application: Connection of the ET 200SP digital output module F-RQ 1x24VDC/24..230VAC/5A (6ES7136-6RA00-0BF0)

AWARNING

If there is cross-circuit to another output at a non-passivated, switched off output, a brief 1-signal can occur with a duration of 2x max. cycle time (T_{cycle}) + Max. readback time dark test (T_{rb}).

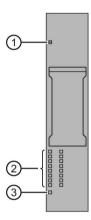
If there is a cross-circuit between two outputs, the test pulses of light tests of the respective other output are also visible. With a different setting of the "Max. readback time light test" parameter, this can cause cyclically occurring 1-signals that last as long as the longest configured "Max. readback time light test".

If the above mentioned 1-signals dangerously affect the plant when a cross-circuit occurs between outputs, you need to guard against the cross-circuits between the outputs with a cross-circuit-proof installation, for example, with separate sheathed cables or separate cable ducts.

6.1 Status and error display

LED display

The following figure shows the LED display of the F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF.



- ① DIAG (green/red)
- ② Channel status (green), channel fault (red)
- 3 PWR (green)

Figure 6-1 LED display

6.1 Status and error display

Meaning of the LED displays

The following tables show the meaning of the status and error displays. You can find solutions for diagnostics alarms in section Diagnostics alarms (Page 42).



The DIAG LED and the channel status and channel fault LEDs of the outputs are not designed as safety-related LEDs and therefore may not be evaluated for safety-related activities.

DIAG LED

Table 6-1 Error display of the LED DIAG

DIAG	Meaning
Off	Backplane bus supply of the ET 200SP not okay
洪 Flashing	Module parameters not configured
On	Module parameters configured and no module diagnostics
洪 Flashing	 Module parameters configured and module diagnostics Operation in S7-1200/1500 F-CPUs: At least one channel is waiting for user acknowledgment.
Flashing	 Operation in S7-1200/1500 F-CPUs: The F-module expects user acknowledgment after a module error. Operation in S7-300/400 F-CPUs: The F-module is waiting for user acknowledgment.

Channel status/channel fault LED

Table 6-2 Status display of the LEDs channel status / channel error

Channel status	Channel fault	Meaning
		Process signal = 0 and no channel diagnostics
Off	Off	
		Process signal = 1 and no channel diagnostics
On	Off	
		Process signal = 0 and channel diagnostics
Off	On	
沖/ ┆ Alternately flashing		Operation in S7-1200/1500 F-CPUs: At least one channel is waiting for user acknowledgment.
		Operation in S7-300/400 F-CPUs: At least one channel is waiting for user acknowledgment.

Channel status/DIAG/channel fault LED

Table 6-3 Status display of the LEDs channel status / DIAG / channel error

Channel status	DIAG	Channel fault	Meaning
Off	兴 Flash- ing	All On	The PROFIsafe address does not match the configured PROFIsafe address
兴 Flashing	兴 Flash- ing	Off	Identification of the F-module when assigning the PROFIsafe address

PWR LED

Table 6-4 Status display of LED PWR

PWR	Meaning
Off	Supply voltage L+ missing
• On	Supply voltage L+ available

6.2 Interrupts

6.2 Interrupts

The fail-safe digital output module F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF supports diagnostic interrupts.

Diagnostic interrupts

The F-module generates a diagnostic interrupt for each diagnostics alarm described in section Diagnostics alarms (Page 42).

The table below provides an overview of the diagnostic interrupts of the F-module . The diagnostic interrupts are assigned either to one channel or the entire F-module.



Before acknowledging the short circuit diagnostics message, correct the respective fault and validate your safety function. In this case, follow the steps described in section Diagnostics alarms (Page 42).

Table 6- 5 Diagnostic interrupts of the F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF

Diagnostic interrupt	Fault code	Scope of diag- nostics inter- rupt	Configurable
Overtemperature	5 D	F-module	No
Error	9 D		
Parameter error	16 _D		
Supply voltage missing	17 _D		
Safety-related shutoff	25 _D		
Channel/component temporarily unavailable	31 _D		
Mismatch of safety destination address (F_Dest_Add)	64 _D		
Safety destination address not valid (F_Dest_Add)	65 _D		
Safety source address not valid (F_Source_Add)	66 D		
Safety watchdog time value is 0 ms (F_WD_Time)	67 _D		
Parameter F_SIL exceeds SIL from specific device application	68 _D	7	
Parameter F_CRC_Length does not match the generated values	69 _D	7	
Version of F-parameter set incorrectly	70 _D		
CRC1 fault	71 _D		
Save iParameter watchdog time exceeded	73 _D		
Restore iParameter watchdog time exceeded	74 _D		
Inconsistent iParameters (iParCRC error)	75 _D		
F_Block_ID not supported	76 _D		
Transmission error: Inconsistent data (CRC error)	77 _D		
Transmission error: Timeout (watchdog time 1 or 2 expired)	78 _D		
Module is defective	256 _D		
Watchdog tripped	259 _D		
Short-circuit to L+	261 _D	Channel	
Short-circuit to ground	262 _D		
Invalid/inconsistent firmware present	283 _D	F-module	No
Channel failure acknowledgment	779 _D	Channel	
F-address memory not accessible	781 _D	F-module	
Frequency too high	785 _D	Channel	
Undertemperature	786 _D	F-module	
Supply voltage too high	801 _D	F-module	No
Supply voltage too low	802 _D	F-module	

6.3 Diagnostics alarms

Diagnostics alarms

A diagnostics alarm is generated for each diagnostics event and the F-module flashes the DIAG LED. You can read out the diagnostics alarm, for example, from the diagnostics buffer of the F-CPU. You can evaluate the error codes using the user program.

Note

You can connect several actuators per output.

If several actuators are connected to an output, the diagnostics of each actuator affects the other ones.

In other words, a single short-circuit affects multiple actuators.

Once the fault is eliminated, the F-module must be reintegrated in the safety program. For additional information on passivation and reintegration of F-I/O, refer to the SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming

(http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126) manual.

Table 6- 6 Diagnostics alarms, their meaning and possible remedies

Diagnostics alarm	Fault code	Meaning	Solution
Overtemperature	5 _D	An excessively high temperature was measured in the F-module.	Operate the F-module within the specified temperature range (see Technical specifications (Page 47))
			Once the temperature has been reduced and returns to the specified range, the F-module must be removed and inserted or the power switched OFF and ON.
Error	9 _D	The F-module has detected an internal error and does not start.	Replace the F-module.
Parameter error	16 _D	Parameter assignment errors include:	Correct the parameter assignment.
		The F-module cannot use the parameters (unknown, invalid combination, etc.).	
		The F-module parameters have not been configured.	
Supply voltage missing	17 _D	Missing or insufficient supply voltage L+	Operate the F-module within the specified supply voltage range.

Diagnostics alarm	Fault code	Meaning	Solution
Safety-related shutoff	25 _D	For safety purposes, channel was switched off due to an error on another channel. Possible causes: A short-circuit exists.	 Correct the process wiring. Increase the test times (dark, light).
		The capacitive load is too high.	
Channel/component temporarily unavailable	31 _D	The firmware version of the F-module is inconsistent.	Repeat the firmware update.
Mismatch of safety destination address (F_Dest_Add)	64 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected a different F-destination address.	 Check the parameter assignment of the PROFIsafe driver and the PROFIsafe address assigned to the F-module. Assign the PROFIsafe address to the F-module (again).
Safety destination address not valid (F_Dest_Add)	65 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected an illegal different F-destination address.	Check the configuration/parameter assignment of the iPar server.
Safety source address not valid (F_Source_Add)	66 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected a different F-source address.	
Safety watchdog time value is 0 ms (F_WD_Time)	67 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected an invalid watchdog time.	
Parameter F_SIL exceeds SIL from specific device application	68 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected a discrepancy between the SIL setting of the communication and the application.	
Parameter F_CRC_Length does not match the generated values	69 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected a discrepancy in the CRC length.	
Version of F-parameter set incorrectly	70 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected an incorrect F_Par_Version or an invalid F_Block_ID.	
CRC1 fault	71 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected inconsistent F-parameters.	
Save iParameter watchdog time exceeded	73 _D	iPar server does not respond to "save IPar" within 4.4 minutes.	
Restore iParameter watch- dog time exceeded	74 _D	iPar server does not respond to "restore IPar" within 4.4 minutes.	Check the configuration/parameter assignment of the iPar server.
Inconsistent iParameters (iParCRC error)	75 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected inconsistent iParameters.	Check the parameter assignment.
F_Block_ID not supported	76 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected an incorrect block ID.	Check the parameter assignment of the PROFIsafe driver.

6.3 Diagnostics alarms

Diagnostics alarm	Fault code	Meaning	Solution
Transmission error: Inconsistent data (CRC error)	77 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected a CRC error. Possible causes:	Check the communication connection between the F-module and F-CPU. The second se
		The communication between the F- CPU and F-module is disturbed.	Eliminate the electromagnetic interference.
		 Impermissibly high electromagnetic interference is present. 	Power switched OFF and ON for station
		An error occurred in the sign-of-life monitoring.	 Assign the configuration and parameter assignment to the F-module (of the station).
Transmission error: Timeout (watchdog time 1 or 2 expired)	78 _D	The firmware of the F-module has detected a timeout. Possible causes: The F-monitoring time is set incorrectly. A bus fault is present.	 Check the parameter assignment. Ensure that communication is functioning correctly.
Module is defective	256 _D	 Possible causes: Impermissibly high electromagnetic interference is present. The F-module has detected an internal error and has reacted in a safety-related manner. 	 Eliminate the interference. The module must then be pulled and plugged, or the power switched OFF and ON If the F-module cannot be put back into operation, consider replacing it.
		wrong BaseUnit	Use a BaseUnit of the type A0.
Watchdog tripped	259⊳	Possible causes: Impermissibly high electromagnetic interference is present. The F-module has detected an internal error and has reacted in a safety-related manner.	Eliminate the interference. The module must then be pulled and plugged, or the power switched OFF and ON If the F-module cannot be put back into operation, consider replacing it.
Short-circuit to L+	261₀	 Short circuit to L+ can mean: The output cable is short-circuited to L+. The capacitive load between the channels is too high (for example, due to cable length or load current being too low). There is a short circuit between two output channels. You must eliminate the error within 100 hours; otherwise, the F-module is permanently passivated and an acknowledgment is no longer possible. 	 Correct the process wiring. Increase the test times (dark, light). Pay attention to the warnings in Applications of the F-I/O module (Page 26).

Diagnostics alarm	Fault code	Meaning	Solution
Short-circuit to ground	262 _D	Short-circuit to ground can mean:	Correct the process wiring.
		 The output cable is short-circuited to ground. The output signal is short-circuited to 	Increase the test times (dark, light).Check the actuator.
		ground.	
		The capacitive load is too high.	
		You must eliminate the error within 100 hours; otherwise, the F-module is permanently passivated and an acknowledgment is no longer possible.	
Invalid/inconsistent firmware present	283 _D	The firmware is incomplete and/or firmware added to the F-module is incompatible. This leads to errors or functional limitations when operating the F-module.	 Perform a firmware update for all parts of the F-module and note any error messages. Use only firmware versions re-
			leased for this F-module.
Channel failure acknowledgment	779 _D	A channel fault was detected. Confirmation is required to enable the channel.	Confirm the channel fault.
F-address memory not accessible	781 _D	The F-source address and F-destination address stored in the coding element cannot be accessed.	Verify that the coding element is present or replace the coding element.
Frequency too high	785 _D	The maximum switching frequency of the F-module has been exceeded.	Reduce the switching frequency (see Technical specifications (Page 47))
Undertemperature	786 _D	The minimum permissible temperature limit has been violated.	Operate the F-module within the specified temperature range (see Technical specifications (Page 47))
			Once the temperature has increased and returns to the specified range, the F-module must be removed and inserted or the power switched OFF and ON.
Supply voltage too high	801 _D	The supply voltage is too high.	Check the supply voltage.
Supply voltage too low	802 _D	The supply voltage is too low.	Check the supply voltage.

Supply voltage outside the nominal range

If the supply voltage L+ is outside the specified value range, the DIAG LED flashes and the module is passivated.

When the voltage is then recovered (level must remain within the specified value for at least 1 minute (see Technical specifications (Page 47) Voltages, Currents, Potentials)), the DIAG LED stops flashing. The module remains passivated.

6.4 Value status

Generally applicable information on diagnostics

Information on diagnostics that pertains to all fail-safe modules (for example, readout of diagnostics functions or passivation of channels) is available in the SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming

(http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126) manual.

See also

S7 Distributed Safety - Configuring and Programming (https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/22099875)

6.4 Value status

Properties

In addition to the diagnostics alarm and the status and error display, the F-module provides information about the validity of each input and output signal – the value status. The value status is entered in the process image along with the input signal.

Value status for digital input and output modules

The value status is additional binary information of a digital input or output signal. It is entered in the process image of the inputs (PII) at the same time as the process signal. It provides information about the validity of the input or output signal.

The value status is affected by a short-circuit and the plausibility check.

- 1_B: A valid process value is output for the channel.
- 0_B: A fail-safe value is output for the channel, or the channel is deactivated.

Assignment of the inputs and value status in the PII

Each channel of the F-module is assigned a value status in the process image of the inputs. You can find the assignment in section Address space (Page 24).

Reference

A detailed description of the evaluation and processing of the respective input signals can be found in the SIMATIC Safety – Configuring and Programming (http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/54110126) manual.

Technical specifications

Technical specifications of the F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF

	6ES7136-6DC00-0CA0
General information	
Product type designation	F-DQ 8x24 V DC/0.5 A PP HF
Firmware version	
FW update possible	Yes
Usable BaseUnits	BU type A0
Color code for module-specific color-coded label	CC02
Product function	
I&M data	Yes; I&M0 to I&M3
Engineering with	
STEP 7 TIA Portal can be configured/integrated as of version	V14 SP1 with HSP 202
STEP 7 can be configured/integrated as of version	Check the entry
	(https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/vi
	ew/15208817).
Supply voltage	
Rated value (DC)	24 V
Low limit of permissible range (DC)	20.4 V
High limit of permissible range (DC)	28.8 V
Reverse polarity protection	Yes
Input current	
Current consumption (rated value)	75 mA; without load
Current consumption, max.	21 mA; from backplane bus
Output voltage	
Rated value (DC)	24 V
Power	
Power consumption from the backplane bus	70 mW
Power loss	
Power loss, typ.	3 W
Address area	
Address space per module	
Inputs	6 bytes; 5 bytes non-RIO for FA; 6 bytes RIO for FA
Outputs	6 bytes; 5 bytes non-RIO for FA; 6 bytes RIO for FA
Hardware configuration	
Automatic coding	
Electronic coding element type F	Yes

	6ES7136-6DC00-0CA0
Digital outputs	0E37130-0DC00-0CA0
Number of outputs	8
Short-circuit protection	Yes
Response threshold, typ.	min. 0.7 A
Wire break detection	No
Voltage induced on current interruption limited to	Typ39 V
Control of a digital input	Yes
Switching capacity of outputs	
With resistive load, max.	0.5 A
With lamp load, max.	2 W
Load resistance range	
Low limit	48 Ω
High limit	12000 Ω
Output voltage	
For "1" signal, min.	24 V; L+ (-0.5 V)
Output current	
For "1" signal, rated value	0.5 A
For "0" signal, residual current, max.	0.5 mA
Switching frequency	
With resistive load, max.	30 Hz; symmetrical
With inductive load, max.	0.1 Hz; according to IEC 60947-5-1, DC-13, balanced
For capacitive load, max.	2 Hz; balanced
With lamp load, max.	10 Hz; symmetrical
Total current of outputs	
Max. current per channel	0.5 A; note derating information in the manual
Current per module, max.	3 A; note derating information in the manual
Total current of the outputs (per module)	
Horizontal mounting position	
• Up to 40 °C, max.	3 A
• Up to 50 °C, max.	2.5 A
• Up to 60 °C, max.	2 A
Vertical mounting position	
• Up to 50 °C, max.	2 A
Length of cable	
shielded, max.	100 m
unshielded, max.	100 m
Interrupts/diagnostics/status information	
Diagnostics function	Yes, see section "Interrupts/diagnostics alarms" in the manual
Fail-safe values can be switched to	No
Interrupts	
Diagnostic interrupt	Yes

	6ES7136-6DC00-0CA0
Diagnostics display LED	
RUN LED	Yes; green LED
ERROR LED	Yes; red LED
Monitoring of the supply voltage (PWR-LED)	Yes; green PWR LED
Channel status display	Yes; green LED
For channel diagnostics	Yes; red LED
For module diagnostics	Yes; green/red DIAG LED
Electrical isolation	
Electrical isolation channels	
Between channels	No
Between channels and backplane bus	Yes
Between the channels and the voltage supply of the electronics	No
Isolation	
Isolation test voltage	707 V DC (type test)
Standards, approvals, certificates	707 V DO (type test)
Maximum achievable safety class in safety mode	
Performance Level according to ISO 13849-1	Pl e
Category according to ISO 13849-1	Cat. 4
SIL according to IEC 61508	SIL 3
Probability of failure (with a mission time of 20 years and time to repair of 100 hours)	
Low demand mode: PFDavg according to SIL3	< 6.00E-05
High demand/continuous mode: PFH according to SIL3	< 2.00E-09 1/h
Environmental conditions	
Ambient temperature in operation	
Horizontal installation, min.	0 °C
Horizontal installation, max.	60 °C
Vertical installation, min.	0 °C
Vertical installation, max.	50 °C
Dimensions	
Width	15 mm
Weights	
Weight, approx.	48 g

Dimension drawing

See ET 200SP BaseUnits

(http://support.automation.siemens.com/WW/view/en/58532597/133300) manual

Response times A

Introduction

You can find the reaction times of the F-DQ 8x24 V DC/0.5 A PP HF digital output module below. The reaction times of the F-DQ 8x24 V DC/0.5 A PP HF digital output module are included in the calculation of the F-system reaction time.

Definition of reaction time for fail-safe digital outputs

The reaction time represents the interval between an incoming safety message frame from the backplane bus and the signal change at the digital output.

Times required for the calculation

- Max. cycle time: T_{cycle} = 8 ms
- Max. acknowledgment time (Device Acknowledgment Time): T_{DAT} = 16 ms

The maximum reaction time in the case of fault (One Fault Delay Time, OFDT) is equivalent to the maximum reaction time with no faults (Worst Case Delay Time, WCDT).

Assign the parameters for maximum readback time dark test (Maximum Readback Time, T_{rb}) and maximum readback time light test (Maximum Readback Time Light Test, T_{rb_lt}) in STEP 7/in the TIA Portal.

Operating mode: Disable dark test for 48 hours – disabled

Maximum reaction time with no faults (Worst Case Delay Time, WCDT)

 $t \le 4 * T_{cycle}$

Maximum reaction time with detection of a channel fault by readback

 $t \le 6 * T_{cycle} + T_{rb}$

Maximum reaction time with detection of a channel fault by bit pattern test

t <= 2 * T_{cycle} + maximum test period

Operating mode: Disable dark test for 48 hours – enabled

Maximum reaction time with no faults (Worst Case Delay Time, WCDT)

$$t \le 5 * T_{cycle} + T_{rb} + T_{rb_lt}$$

Maximum reaction time with detection of a channel fault

A channel fault may not be detected until a 0-1 process value change takes place on the corresponding channel. Please note the restrictions detailed in section Disable dark test for 48 hours (Page 19)

Switching of loads

B.1 Connecting capacitive loads

If an F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF digital output module is interconnected with loads that have an excessive capacitance, this can lead to detection of a short-circuit. Reason: The capacitance cannot be sufficiently discharged or charged during the configured readback time of the bit pattern test.

The typical trend shown in the diagram below represents the correlation between load current and maximum switchable load capacitance at a supply voltage of 24 V DC.

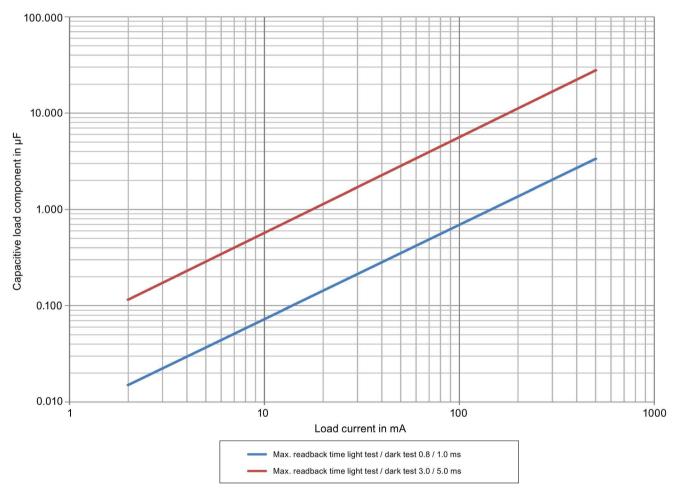


Figure B-1 Switching of capacitive loads for the F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF digital output module depending on the configured max. readback time light test / dark test.

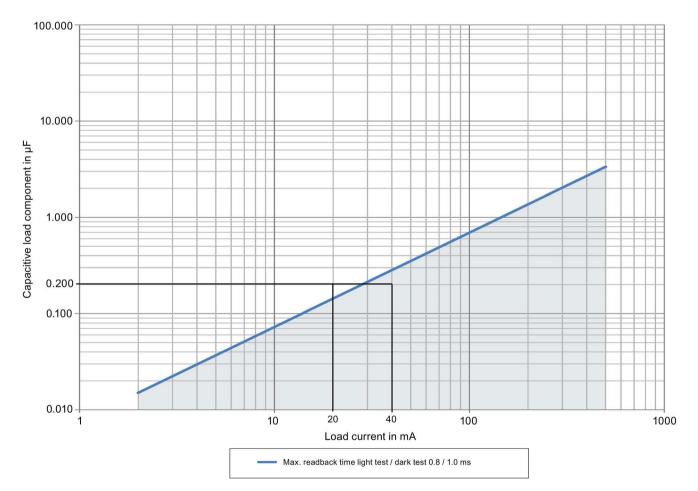
Remedy for detecting a short circuit

- 1. Determine the load current and capacitance of the load.
- 2. Locate the operating point in the diagram above.
- 3. If the operating point is above the trend, select an actuator with higher current consumption so that the new operating point is below the curve.

Example

You have configured a maximum readback time light test/dark test of "0.8 / 1.0 ms". You have set the load current to 20 mA and the capacity to 0.2 μ F. The operating point is thus outside the range defined by the trend (gray background).

Solution: Select an actuator with higher current consumption. In this example, 40 mA. Alternatively, you can configure the parameter "Max. readback time light test / dark test" with "3.0 / 5.0 ms".



B.2 Switching of inductive loads

Switching of inductive loads

The diagram below shows the maximum permitted inductive loads as a function of the load current and switching frequency.

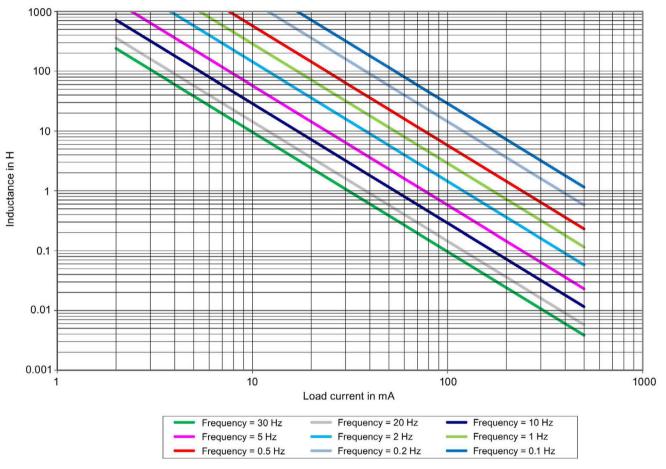


Figure B-2 Switching of inductive loads for the F-DQ 8x24VDC/0.5A PP HF digital output module depending on the load current and switching frequency