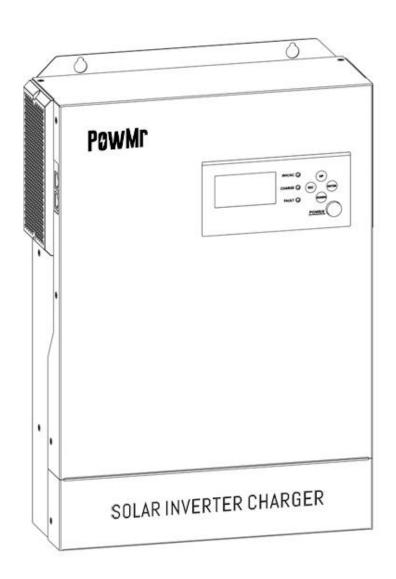
# Product Model POW-HVM5.5K-48V POW-HVM5.5K-48V-P POW-HVM5.5K-48V-LIP



# POWMC

# SOLAR INVERTER CHARGER

**User Manual** 



# **Table Of Contents**

ABOUT THIS MANUAL	
Purpose	1
Scope	1
SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	1
INTRODUCTION	2
Features	2
Basic System Architecture	2
Product Overview	3
INSTALLATION	4
Unpacking and Inspection	4
Preparation	4
Mounting the Unit	4
Battery Connection	5
AC Input/Output Connection	6
PV Connection	8
Final Assembly	9
Dry Contact Signal	10
OPERATION	11
Power ON/OFF	
Operation and Display Panel	11
LCD Display Icons	12
LCD Setting	14
Display Setting	22
Operating Mode Description	25
Fault Reference Code	28
Warning Indicator	
BATTERY EQUALIZATION	
SETTING FOR LITHIUM BATTERY	32
SPECIFICATIONS	37
Table 1 Line Mode Specifications	37
Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications	38
Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications	39
Table 4 General Specifications	39
TROUBLE SHOOTING	
Parallel Installation Guide	
1. Instruction	
2. Package Contents	
3. Mounting the Unit	41
4. Wiring Connection	
5. Parallel Operation in Single phase	
6. Support 3-phase equipment	
7. PV Connection	
8. LCD Setting and Display	
9. Commissioning	
10. Trouble shooting	52

#### **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

#### **Purpose**

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations. Keep this manual for future reference.

#### **Scope**

This manual provides safety and installation guidelines as well as information on tools and wiring.

#### SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

- 1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
- 2. **CAUTION** --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
- 3. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 4. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
  - 5. **CAUTION** Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
  - 6. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
- 7. For optimum operation of this inverter/charger, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter/charger.
- 8. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
- 9. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
  - 10. Fuse is provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
- 11. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This inverter/charger should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- 12. NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
- 13. **Warning!!** Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this inverter/charger back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.

#### INTRODUCTION

This is a multi-function inverter/charger, combining functions of inverter, MPPT solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user-configurable and easy-accessible button operation such as battery charging current, AC/solar charger priority, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

#### **Features**

- Pure sine wave inverter
- Inverter running without battery
- •Built-in MPPT solar controller
- •Configurable input voltage range for home appliances and personal computers via LCD setting
- •Configurable battery charging current based on applications via LCD setting
- •Configurable AC/Solar Charger priority via LCD setting
- Compatible to mains voltage or generator power
- •Auto restart while AC is recovering
- Overload/ Over temperature/ short circuit protection
- •Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- Cold start function

#### **Basic System Architecture**

The following illustration shows basic application for this inverter/charger. It also includes following devices to have a complete running system:

- •Generator or Utility.
- •PV modules (option)

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements. This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor-type appliances such as tube light, fan, refrigerator and air conditioner.

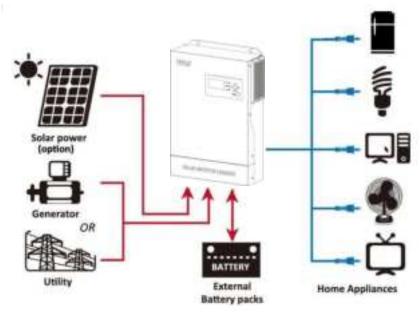
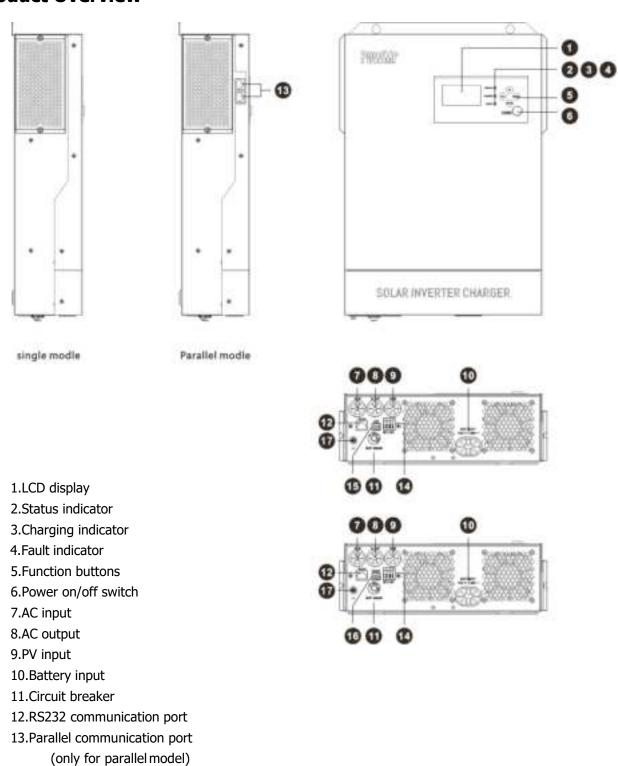


Figure 1 Hybrid Power System

#### **Product Overview**

14.Dry contact (Optional)15.USB communication port16.RS485 communication port

17. Grounding



**NOTE:** For parallel model installation and operation, please check the parallel installation guide for the details.

#### **INSTALLATION**

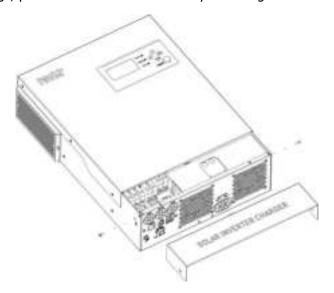
#### **Unpacking and Inspection**

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:

- •The unit x 1
- •User manual x 1
- •Communication cable x 1

# **Preparation**

Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below.



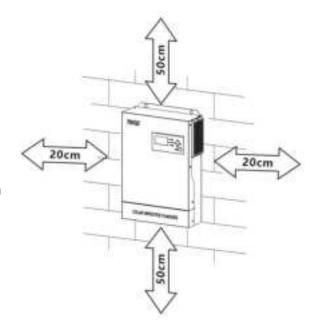
# **Mounting the Unit**

Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

- •Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
  - Mount on a solid surface
- •Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- •The ambient temperature should be between 0°C and 55°C to ensure optimal operation.
- $\bullet \mbox{The}$  recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- •Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the right diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.



SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.



Install the unit by screwing three screws. It's recommended to use M4 or M5 screws.

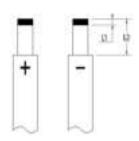


#### **Battery Connection**

**CAUTION:** For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size. **Stripping Length:** 

#### **WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable stripping length(L2) and tinning length(L1) as below.

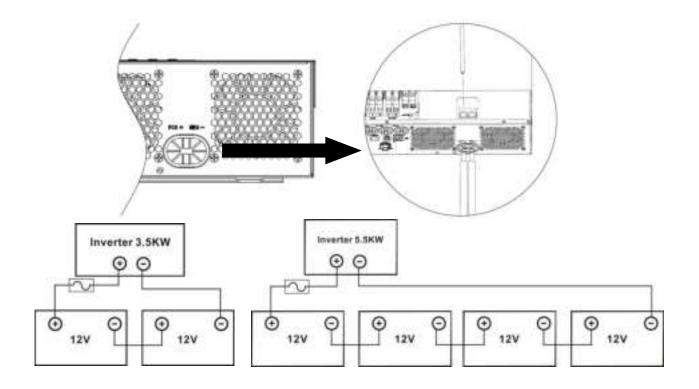


#### Recommended battery cable stripping length (L2) and tinning length(L1):

Model	Maximum Amperage	Battery capacity	Wire Size	Cable mm <sup>2</sup>	L1 (mm)	L 2 (mm)	Torque value
3.5KVA	137A	100AH	2AWG	38	3	18	2~ 3 Nm
5.5KVA	137A	200AH	2AWG	38	3	18	2~ 3 Nm

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 18 mm for positive and negative cables based on recommended stripping length.
- 2. Connect all battery packs as units requires. It's suggested to use recommended battery capacity.
- 3. Insert battery cable flatly into battery connector of inverter and make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 2-3 Nm. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and battery cables are tightly screwed to the battery connector.





#### **WARNING: Shock Hazard**

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



**CAUTION!!** Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal Otherwise, overheating may occur.

**CAUTION!!** Do not apply anti-oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.

**CAUTION!!** Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

# **AC Input/Output Connection**

**CAUTION!!** Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 50A. **CAUTION!!** There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

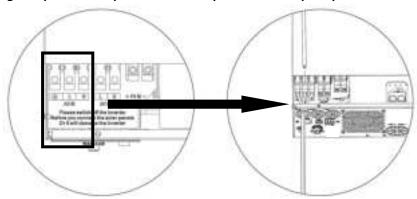
**WARNING!** It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

#### Suggested cable requirement for AC wires

Model	Gauge	Torque Value
3.5KVA	10AWG	1.4~ 1.6Nm
5.5KVA	8 AWG	1.4~ 1.6Nm

Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

- 1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm for six conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3mm.
- 3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor ( ) first.
- $\Longrightarrow$  Ground (yellow-green) L $\rightarrow$ LINE (brown or black) N $\rightarrow$ Neutral (blue)





#### **WARNING:**

Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

4. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor ( ) first.

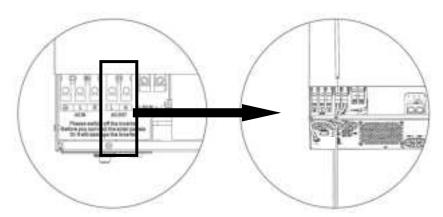
#### ⊌→Ground (yellow-green)

#### L→LINE (brown or black)

#### N→Neutral (blue)

#### **Note:Important**

- When the inverter is working in battery mode or standby mode, neutral of output is connected to grounding of AC output.
- When the inverter is working in AC mode, neutral of output is disconnected to grounding of AC output and connected to neural of AC input.



5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

#### **CAUTION: Important**

Be sure to connect AC wires with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

**CAUTION:** Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter/charger will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

#### **PV Connection**

**CAUTION:** Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

**WARNING!** All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

**WARNING!** It'' very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Model	Typical Amperage	Cable Size	Torque
3.5KVA	15A	12 AWG	1.4~1.6 Nm
5.5KVA	18A	12 AWG	1.4~1.6 Nm

#### **PV Module Selection:**

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

- 1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 2. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

Solar Charging Mode			
INVERTER MODEL	3.5KVA / 5.5KVA		
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	500DC		
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	120VDC~450VDC		

Take the 330Wp PV module as an example. After considering above two parameters, the recommended module configurations are listed in the table below.

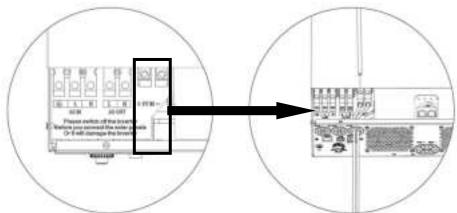
	The state of the gardeness and the state of						
Solar Panel Spec.	SOLAR INPUT	Q'ty of	Total input	Inverter			
(reference)	Min in serial: 6 pcs, max. in serial: 12 pcs	panels	power	Model			
- 330Wp	6 pcs in serial	6 pcs	1980W	3.5KVA/5.5KVA			
- Vmp: 33.25Vdc - Imp: 9.925A	10 pcs in serial	10 pcs	3300W	3.5KVA/5.5KVA			
- Voc: 40.35Vdc	12 pcs in serial	12 pcs	3960W	3.5KVA/5.5KVA			
- Isc: 10.79A	6 pieces in serial and 2 sets in parallel	12 pcs	3960W	3.5KVA/5.5KVA			
- Cells: 60	8 pieces in serial and 2 sets in parallel	16 pcs	5280W	5.5KVA			

#### **PV Module Wire Connection:**

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
- 2. Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.

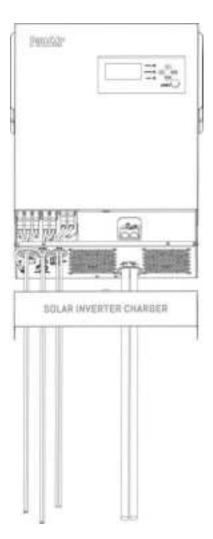




3. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

# **Final Assembly**

After connecting all wirings, please put bottom cover back by screwing two screws as shown below.



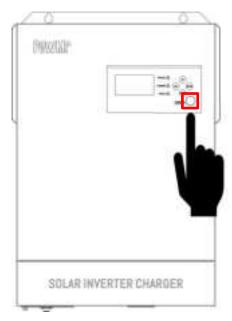
# **Dry Contact Signal**

There is one dry contact (3A/250VAC) available on the rear panel. It could be used to deliver signal to external device when battery voltage reaches warning level.

Unit Status	Condition		Condition  Dry contact port:			
					NO & C	
Power Off	Unit is off an	d no output is	powered.	Close	Open	
	Output is pov	wered from Util	lity.	Close	Open	
Power On	Program 01 set as Utility  Power On From Battery or Solar.  Solar.  Program 01 set as Utility  Program 01 is set as SBU or SUB or Solar first	Output is set as Utility powered		Battery voltage < Low DC warning voltage  Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 13 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Open Close	Close Open
, end. en		Battery voltage < Setting value in Program 12	Open	Close		
		Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 13 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open		

#### **OPERATION**

#### **Power ON/OFF**



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.

# **Operation and Display Panel**

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



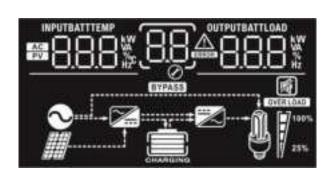
#### **LED Indicator**

LED Indicator			Messages
TNIV//AC	INV/AC Green		Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
INV/AC			Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
CHARCE	Cucon	Solid On	Battery is fully charged.
CHARGE	CHARGE Green		Battery is charging.
FALLE	544F B I		Fault occurs in the inverter.
FAULT	Red	Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.

# **Function Keys**

Function Key	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode

# **LCD Display Icons**



Icon	Function description		
Input Source Inf	ormation		
AC	Indicates the AC input.		
PV	Indicates the PV input		
888%	Indicate input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, battery voltage and charger current.		
Configuration Pro	ogram and Fault Information		
88	Indicates the setting programs.		
	Indicates the warning and fault codes.		
(8.8 <u>)</u>	Warning: 88 flashing with warning code.  Fault: 88 lighting with fault code		
Output Informat	ion		
8.88 ×	Indicate output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load in VA, load in Watt and discharging current.		
<b>Battery Informat</b>	ion		
CHARGING	Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% in battery mode and charging status in line mode.		

Load Information						
OVERLOAD	Indicates overload.					
	Indicates the load	level by 0-24%, 25-4	49%, 50-74% and 7	5-100%.		
100%	0%~24%	25%~49%	50%~74%	75%~100%		
25%	[]	7	<b>[</b> ]	7		
<b>Mode Operation</b>	Information					
•	Indicates unit conr	Indicates unit connects to the mains.				
M	Indicates unit connects to the PV panel.					
BYPASS	Indicates load is supplied by utility power.					
Z	Indicates the utility charger circuit is working.					
	Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.					
Mute Operation						
<b>F</b>	Indicates unit alarm is disabled.					

# **LCD Setting**

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

#### **Setting Programs:**

Program	Description	Selectable option		
		Solar first	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority.  If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power the loads at the same time.  Utility provides power to the loads only when any one condition happens: - Solar energy is not available - Battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.	
01	Output source priority: To configure load power source priority	Utility first (default)	Utility will provide power to the loads as first priority.  Solar and battery energy will provide power to the loads only when utility power is not available.  Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority.  If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads	
		0 <sub>0</sub> 1_56U_	at the same time.  Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 12.	
		SUB priority  0 J SUB	Solar energy is charged first and then power to the loads.  If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, Utility energy will supply power to the loads at the same time.	

		10A 02 10 *	20A OZ 20^
	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility	0g 30 ·	40A O2 40*
02	chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	50A 02 50 ·	60A (default)
		70A 0g 10^	0g <u>80^</u>
		Appliances (default)	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90-280VAC.
		UPS UPS	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170-280VAC.
03	AC input voltage range	Generator  Generator	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170-280VAC and compatible with
			generators.  Note: Because generators are unstable, maybe the output of inverter will be unstable too.
04	Power saving mode	Saving mode disable (default)	If disabled, no matter connected load is low or high, the on/off status of inverter output will not be effected.
	enable/disable	Saving mode enable	If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.
		AGM (default)	Flooded DS FLd
05	Battery type	User-Defined  USE USE	If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 26, 27 and 29.
06	Auto restart when overload occurs	Restart disable (default)	Restart enable  06 LHE
07	Auto restart when over temperature occurs	Restart disable (default)	Restart enable  D

00	Outrout voltage	220V 0 <u>8</u> 220·	230V (default)  08 230'
08	Output voltage	240V 0 <u>8</u> 240 <sup>v</sup>	
09	Output frequency	50Hz (default)	60Hz 09 60
10	Auto bypass When selecting "auto", if the mains power is normal, it will automatically bypass, even if the switch is off.	manual(default)	auto ID ALO
		2A	10A
11	Maximum utility charging current	40A     40A   60A	50A     SOR   70A
		80A   80A	I <sub>0</sub> I <u>10A</u>
			44.0V to 57.2V for 48v model, but The ust be less than the value of program13.  45V  47V
12	Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	48V 12 480° 50V	49V 12 490 v
		1 <u>2 SÖÖ*</u> 12 SÖÖ*	12 5 10 1 12 5 10 1
		54V 12 540	55V 12 550°

		Available options in 24V models: Setting range is from 22.0V to 28.6V for 24v model, but The max setting value must be less than the value of program13.
		22 V   23V (default)   24 V   2 2 3 0
		25 V   26V   27 V   28
		Available options in 48V models:  Setting range is from 48V to full (the value of program26-0.4V), but the max setting value must be more than the value of program12.
		Battery fully charged (default)
		13 490 I3 500
		13 5 0 13 520 13 5 0 13 520
13	Setting voltage point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	13 <u>530</u> 13 <u>540</u>
		13 <u>550</u> 13 <u>560</u>
		13 590 13 600 13 600
		61V 13 62V 13 620v

	T			
		Available options in 24		
			24V to full (the value of program26- etting value must be more than the value	
		of program12.	tions value must be more than the value	
		Battery fully charged	24V	
		(default)	L TO BATT	
		A BATT	ld 240°	
		iz FUL	Ø_ <u>C 1.0</u>	
		25V	26V	
		13 300	17 700	
		1 <u>3 5271,</u>	1 <u>2                                    </u>	
		27V (default)	28V	
		13 350	13 300	
		13 5 111,	1 <u>3                                    </u>	
		29v	30v	
		13 300.	ID DOO.	
		13 <u>520,</u>	'⊋ <u>_3UU`</u>	
		If this inverter/charger is working in Line, Standby or Fault		
		mode, charger source can be programmed as below:		
		Solar first	Solar energy will charge battery as	
			first priority.	
			Utility will charge battery only when	
			solar energy is not available.	
			Utility will charge battery as first	
		Utility first	priority.	
		ib LIII-	Solar energy will charge battery only	
		0	when utility power is not available.	
16	Charger source priority: To configure charger	Solar and	,,	
	source priority	Utility		
	source priority	(default)	Solar energy and utility will charge	
		IC COLL	battery at the same time.	
		10 <u>2110</u>	22.2	
		Only Solar	Solar energy will be the only charger	
		16 ncn	source no matter utility is available	
		<u> 070</u>	or not.	
			er is working in Battery mode or Power	
		saving mode, only solar energy can charge battery. Solar		
		energy will charge ba	ttery if it's available and sufficient.	

		Madat		
	Buzzer mode	PNS 18 49 1	Buzzer mute	
		Mode2 6U2   B nd2	The buzzer sounds when the input source changes or there is a specific warning or fault	
18		PNS 18 U93	The buzzer sounds when there is a specific warning or fault	
		Mode4(default)	The buzzer sounds when there is a fault	
19	Auto return to default display screen	Return to default display screen (default)	If selected, no matter how users switch display screen, it will automatically return to default display screen (Input voltage /output voltage) after no button is pressed for 1 minute.	
		Stay at latest screen	If selected, the display screen will stay at latest screen user finally switches.	
20	Backlight control	Backlight on (default)	Backlight off	
23	Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will transfer to line mode if overload occurs in battery mode.	Bypass disable (default)	Bypass enable	
25	Modbus ID Setting	Modbus ID Setting Range: 001(default)~247		
		48V models default setting: 56.4V		
26	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)	24V models default setting: 28.2V		
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 24.0V to 31.0V for 24v model and 48.0V to 62.0V for 48v model. But the setting value must be more than or equal the value of program27. Increment of each click is 0.1V.		
27	Floating charging voltage	48V models default setting: 54.0V		

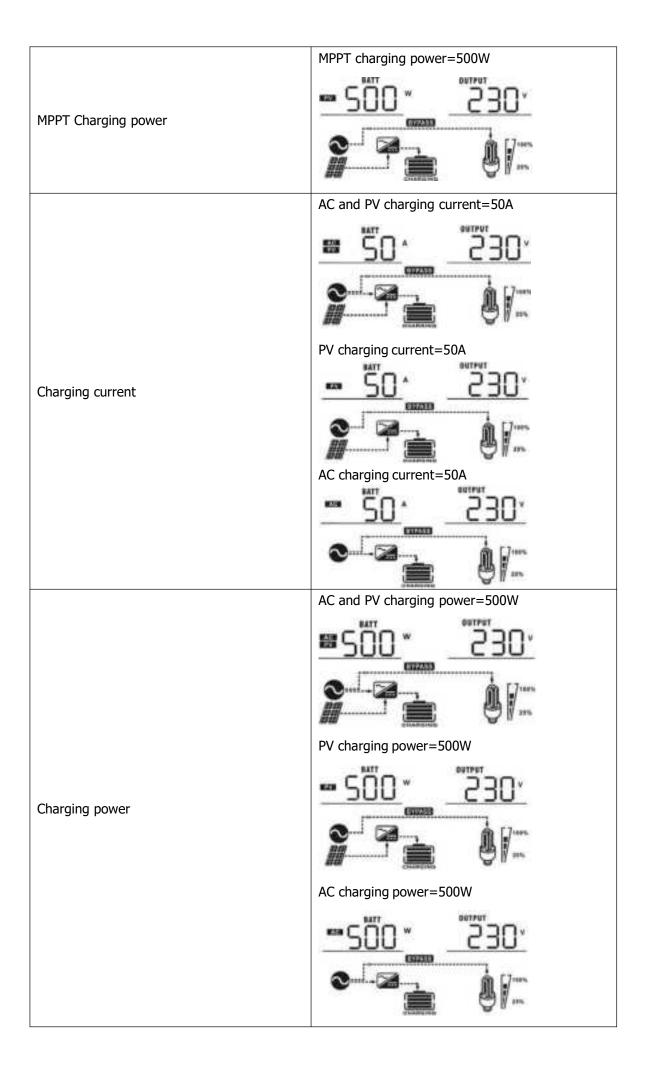
		24V models default setting: 27.0	.□*_	
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 24.0V to the value of program 26 for 24v model and 48.0V to the value of program 26 for 48v model. Increment of each click is 0.1V.		
		Single: This inverter is used in single phase application.	Parallel: This inverter is operated in parallel system. (Need hardware support)	
28	AC output mode	L1 phase 3P	The inverter is operated in L1 phase in 3-phase application	
		28 3P2	The inverter is operated in L2 phase in 3-phase application	
		28 <u>3P3</u>	The inverter is operated in L3 phase in 3-phase application	
	Low DC cut-off voltage	48V models default setting: 42.0	OV	
		_CDn_58_45	<u>'O'</u>	
		24V models default setting: 21.0	Ov .	
29		_COn_5\$_5_	Ï.O°	
		Setting range is from 20.0V to 54.0V for 48v model. The setting of program12. Increment of each	ogram 5, this program can be set up. o 27.0V for 24v model and 40.0V to ng value must be less than the value ch click is 0.1V.Low DC cut-off voltage o matter what percentage of load is	
32	Bulk charging time (C.V stage)	Automatically (Default):	If selected, inverter will judge this charging time automatically.	
		5 min 32 5 900 min 32 900	The setting range is from 5 min to 900 min. Increment of each click is 5 min.	
		If "USE" is selected in program 0	5, this program can be set up.	

		Battery equalization	Battery equalization disable (default)
33	Battery equalization	22 FFII	33 E92
		If "Flooded" or "User-Defined" is program can be set up.	selected in program 05, this
34 Battery equalization voltage		48V models default setting is 58.4V. Setting range is from 48V ~ 64V. Increment of each click is 0.1V.  24V models default setting is 29.2V. Setting range is from 24V ~	
		32V. Increment of each click is 0	0.1V.
35	Battery equalized time	60min (default) 35 60	Setting range is from 5min to 900min. Increment of each click is 5min.
36	Battery equalized timeout	120min (default)	Setting range is from 5min to 900 min. Increment of each click is 5 min.
37	Equalization interval	30days (default)	Setting range is from 0 to 90 days.  Increment of each click is 1 day
39	Equalization activated immediately	set up. If "Enable" is selected in equalization immediately and LC "Disable" is selected, it will cance	Disable (default)  d in program 33, this program can be this program, it's to activate battery  D main page will shows " ". If el equalization function until next es based on program 37 setting. At

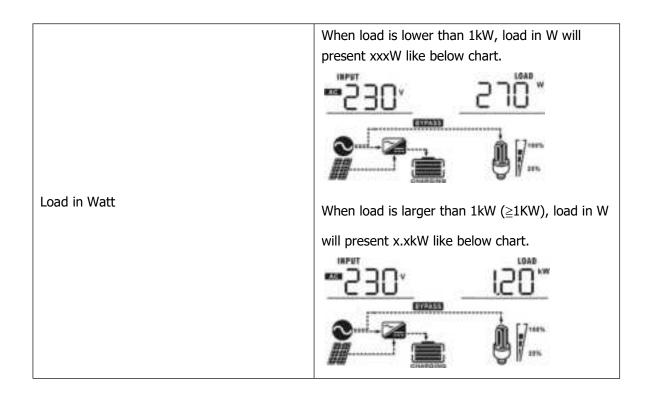
# **Display Setting**

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, MPPT charging current, MPPT charging power, charging current, charging power, battery voltage, output voltage, output frequency, load percentage, load in VA, load in Watt, DC discharging current, main CPU Version and second CPU Version.

Selectable information	LCD display
Input voltage/Output voltage (Default Display Screen)	Input Voltage=230V, output voltage=230V
Input frequency	Input frequency=50Hz
PV voltage	PV voltage=200V
MPPT Charging current	Current ≥10A  - 258



Battery voltage/ DC discharging current	Battery voltage=25.5V, discharging current=1A
Output frequency	Output frequency=50Hz
Load percentage	Load percent=70%
Load in VA	When connected load is lower than 1kVA, load in VA will present xxxVA like below chart.  When load is larger than 1kVA (≥1KVA), load in VA will present x.xkVA like below chart.



# **Operating Mode Description**

Operation mode	Description	LCD display
Standby mode / Power saving mode  Note:  *Standby mode: The inverter is not turned on yet but at this time, the inverter can charge battery without AC output.  *Power saving mode: If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.	No output is supplied by the unit but it still can charge batteries.	Charging by utility.  Charging by utility.  Charging by PV energy.  No charging.

Fault mode Note:  *Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on.	PV energy and utility can charge batteries.	Charging by utility and PV energy.  Charging by utility.  Charging by PV energy.  No charging.
	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	Charging by utility and PV energy.
Line Mode	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	Charging by utility.
	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	If "solar first" is selected as output source priority and solar energy is not sufficient to provide the load, solar energy and the utility will provide the loads and charge the battery at the same time.

	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	if "SUB" is selected as output source priority and battery is connected, solar energy will charge battery as first priority. if solar energy is sufficient for charging, solar and the utility will provide the loads.
Line Mode	The unit will provide output power from the mains.	If "solar first" is selected as output source priority and battery is not connected, solar energy and the utility will provide the loads.  Power from utility.
Battery Mode	The unit will provide output power from battery and PV power.	Power from battery and PV energy.  PV energy will supply power to the loads and charge battery at the same time  Power from battery only.  Power from PV energy only.

# **Fault Reference Code**

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
01	Over temperature of inverter module	[I]_
02	Over temperature of DCDC module	_(50)
03	Battery voltage is too high	(O3 <u>—</u>
04	Over temperature of PV module	(DY) <b>—</b>
05	Output short circuited.	[05]—
06	Output voltage is too high.	(DE) <del>_</del>
07	Overload time out	[F]_
08	Bus voltage is too high	(08)-
09	Bus soft start failed	<del></del>
10	PV over current	(IO_
11	PV over voltage	TI
12	DCDC over current	[12] <u> </u>
13	Over current or surge	[13]_
14	Bus voltage is too low	[H]_
15	Inverter failed (Self-checking)	[15]—
16	Over DC voltage in AC output	[16]_
17	Reserved	
18	Op current offset is too high	[18]_
19	Inverter current offset is too high	[19]_
20	DC/DC current offset is too high	<del>[20]</del>
21	PV current offset is too high	25-
22	Output voltage is too low	(55)-
23	Inverter negative power	[23]_

# **Warning Indicator**

Warning Code	Warning Event	Audible Alarm	Icon flashing
02	Temperature is too High	Beep three times every second	450
04	Low battery	Beep once every second	<u>04</u> ^
07	Overload	Beep once every 0.5 second	
10	Output power derating	Beep twice every 3 seconds	
15	PV energy is low	Beep twice every 3 seconds	[15]A
19	Lithium Battery communication is failed	Beep once every 0.5 second	194
20	Battery low and it isn't up to the setting value of program 13	Beep twice every 3 seconds	<u>~05</u>
٤٩	Battery equalization	None	[E9] <sup>A</sup>
ЬР	Battery is not connected	None	[F]A[

# **BATTERY EQUALIZATION**

Equalization function is added into charge controller. It reverses the buildup of negative chemical effects like stratification, a condition where acid concentration is greater at the bottom of the battery than at the top. Equalization also helps to remove sulfate crystals that might have built up on the plates. If left unchecked, this condition, called sulfation, will reduce the overall capacity of the battery. Therefore, it's recommended to equalize battery periodically.

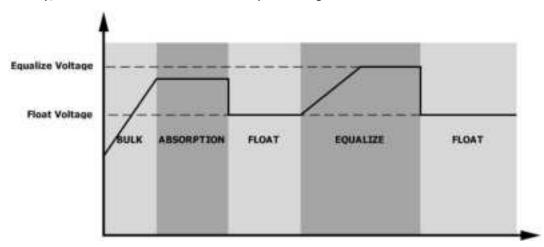
#### How to Apply Equalization Function

You must enable battery equalization function in monitoring LCD setting program 33 first. Then, you may apply this function in device by either one of following methods:

- 1. Setting equalization interval in program 37.
- 2. Active equalization immediately in program 39.

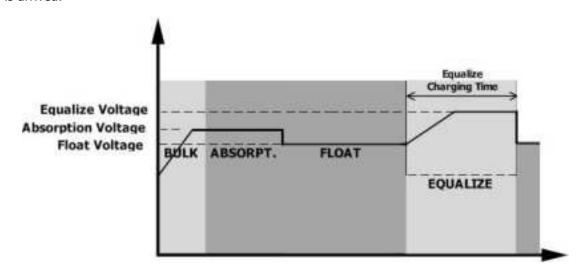
#### When to Equalize

In float stage, when the setting equalization interval (battery equalization cycle) is arrived, or equalization is active immediately, the controller will start to enter Equalize stage.

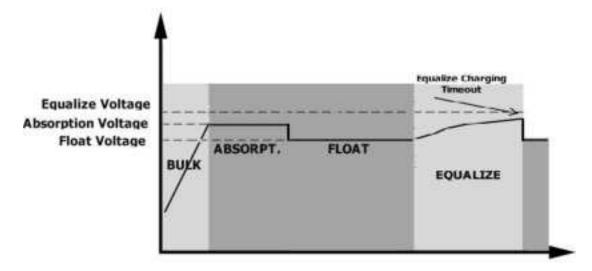


#### • Equalize charging time and timeout

In Equalize stage, the controller will supply power to charge battery as much as possible until battery voltage raises to battery equalization voltage. Then, constant-voltage regulation is applied to maintain battery voltage at the battery equalization voltage. The battery will remain in the Equalize stage until setting battery equalized time is arrived.



However, in Equalize stage, when battery equalized time is expired and battery voltage doesn't rise to battery equalization voltage point, the charge controller will extend the battery equalized time until battery voltage achieves battery equalization voltage. If battery voltage is still lower than battery equalization voltage when battery equalized timeout setting is over, the charge controller will stop equalization and return to float stage.



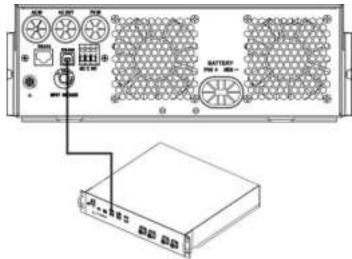
#### SETTING FOR LITHIUM BATTERY

#### **Lithium Battery Connection**

If choosing lithium battery for the inverter, you are allowed to use the lithium battery only which we have configured. There're two connectors on the lithium battery, RS485 port of BMS and power cable.

Please follow below steps to implement lithium battery connection:

- 1). Assemble battery terminal based on recommended battery cable and terminal size (same as Lead acid, see section Lead-acid Battery connection for details).
- 2). Connect the end of RS485 port of battery to BMS(RS485) communication port of inverter.



#### Lithium battery communication and setting

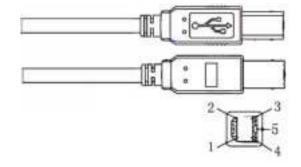
if choosing lithium battery, make sure to connect the BMS communication cable between the battery and the inverter. This communication cable delivers information and signal between lithium battery and the inverter. This information is listed below:

- Re-configure charging voltage, charging current and battery discharge cut-off voltage according to the lithium battery parameters.
- Have the inverter start or stop charging according to the status of lithium battery.

#### Connect the end of RS485 of battery to RS485 communication port of inverter

Make sure the lithium battery RS485 port connects to the inverter is Pin to Pin, the communication cable is inside of package and the inverter RS485 port pin assignment shown as below:

Pin number	RS485 Port	Wire color
PIN1	RS485-B	Red
PIN2	RS485-A	White
PIN3	GND	Green
PIN4	GND	Yellow
PIN5	NC	NC



#### **LCD** setting

After connecting, you need to finish and confirm some settings as follow:

Program	Description	Selectable option	
05	Battery type	0 <u>\$_86n_</u>	AGM (default)
		OŞ FLd	Flooded
		OS USE	User-Defined
		05 FI I	Standard communication Protocol form inverter supplier
		0% F15	Support PYLON US2000 Protocol
		05 LI3	Customized Protocol or Support FOX ESS Lithium Battery Protocol
		05 FIA	Customized Protocol
		05 F12	Customized Protocol
43	Setting SOC point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01	(4 <u>3) ošo</u> .	Default 50%, 20%~50% Settable
44	Setting SOC point back to battery mode when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first "in program 01	[4 <u>4] 095.</u>	Default 95%, 60%~100% Settable
45	Low DC cut-off SOC	<u> 45 050.</u>	Default 20%, 5%~30% Settable

**Note:** Program 43/44/45 are only available with successful communication, they will replace the Program 12/13/29 function, at the same time, program 12/13/29 become unavailable.

# **LCD Display**

If communication between the inverter and battery is successful, there is some information showing on the LCD as follow:

Item	Description	LCD display
1	Communication successful icon	will be flashing  SBO*  OYO*
2	Max lithium battery charging voltage	S60° 040°

		Max lithium battery charging voltage is 56.0V.
3	Max lithium battery charging current	Max lithium battery charging current is 40A.
4	Lithium battery discharging is forbidden	will flash once every 1 second
5	Lithium battery charging is forbidden	will flash once every 2 second
6	Lithium battery SOC(AH)	000
7	Lithium battery SOC(%)	Lithium battery SOC is 63AH and 60%

#### **Setting for PYLON US2000 lithium battery**

1). PYLONTECH US2000 lithium battery setting:

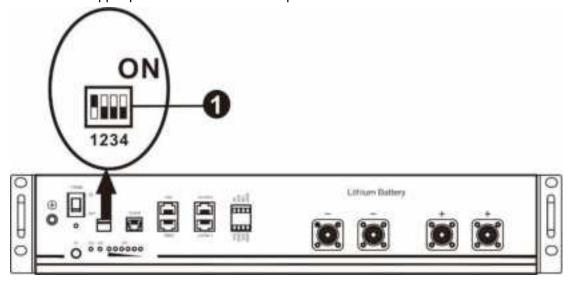
Dip Switch: There are 4 Dip Switches that sets different baud rate and battery group address. If switch position is turned to the "OFF" position, it means "0". If switch position is turned to the "ON" position, it means "1".

Dip 1 is "ON" to represent the baud rate 9600.

Dip 2, 3 and 4 are reserved for battery group address.

Dip switch 2, 3 and 4 on master battery (first battery) are to set up or change the group address.

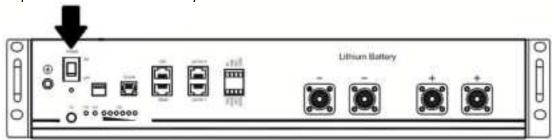
**NOTE:** "1" is upper position and "0" is bottom position.



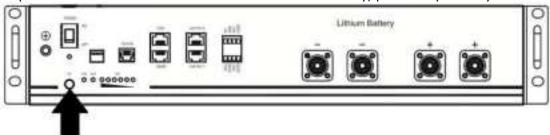
#### 2). Process of install

Step 1. Use the RS485 cable to connect inverter and Lithium battery as Fig 1.

Step 2. Switch on Lithium battery.



Step 3. Press more than three seconds to start Lithium battery, power output ready.



Step 4. Turn on the inverter.

Step 5. Be sure to select battery type as "Li2" in LCD program 5.

If communication between the inverter and battery is successful, the battery icon on LCD display will light **Setting for lithium battery without communication** 

This suggestion is used for lithium battery application and avoid lithium battery BMS protection without communication, please finish the setting as follow:

- 1.Before starting setting, you must get the battery BMS specification:
  - A. Max charging voltage
  - B. Max charging current
  - C. Discharging protection voltage

#### 2.Set battery type as"USE" (user-defined)

		AGM (default)	Flooded FLd
05	Battery type	<b>User-Defined</b>	If "User-Defined" is selected, battery
		NS HICE	charge voltage and low DC cut-off
		03 <u>01c</u>	voltage can be set up in program 26,
			27 and 29.

3. Set C.V voltage as Max charging voltage of BMS-0.5V.

		default setting: 56.4V
26	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)	
	(con results)	If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 24.0V to 31.0V for 24v model and 48.0V to 62.0V for 48v model. But the setting value must be more than or equal the value of program27. Increment of each click is 0.1V.

4. Set floating charging voltage as C.V voltage.

		default setting: 54.0V
27	Floating charging voltage	FLU 23 <u>540</u>
		If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 24.0V to the value of program 26 for 24v model and 48.0V to the value of program 26 for 48v model. Increment of each click is 0.1V.

5. Set Low DC cut-off voltage ≥discharging protection voltage of BMS+2V.

		default setting: 42.0V
		_COn_5\$_4 <u>50</u> ,
29	Low DC cut-off voltage	If self-defined is selected in program 5, this program can be set up. Setting range is from 20.0V to 27.0V for 24v model and 40.0V to 54.0V for 48v model. The setting value must be less than the value of program12. Increment of each click is
		0.1V.Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value no matter what percentage of load is connected.

6. Set Max charging current which must be less than the Max charging current of BMS.

b. Set Max c	5. Set Max charging current which must be less than the Max charging current of BMS.					
		10A		20A		
		_ وو	10 -	0§ <u>50  </u>		
	Mariania de ausia a suguente	30A		40A		
02	Maximum charging current: To configure total charging current for solar and utility	_ وو	30.	0g <u>40·</u>		
		50A		60A (default)		
	utility charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	0Š <sup>—</sup>	501	0§ <u>60.</u>		
		70A		80A		
		0\$ _	70 ^	0\$ <u>80  </u>		

7. Setting voltage point back to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01. The setting value must be ≥Low DC cut-off voltage+1V, or else the inverter will have a warning as battery voltage low.

	Setting voltage point back	Available options in 48V models: 46V (default)
12	to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	Available options in 24V models: 23V (default)

#### Remark:

1.you'd better to finish setting without turn on the inverter(just let the LCD show, no output);

2.when you finish setting, please restart the inverter.

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

Table 1 Line Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	3.5KVA	5.5KVA	
Input Voltage Waveform	Sinusoidal (utility or generator)		
Nominal Input Voltage	230Vac		
	170Vac=	±7V (UPS)	
Low Loss Voltage		(Appliances)	
Low Loss Return Voltage	180Vac±	-7V (UPS);	
Low Loss Return Voltage	100Vac±7V	(Appliances)	
High Loss Voltage	280V	ac±7V	
High Loss Return Voltage	270V	ac±7V	
Max AC Input Voltage	30	0Vac	
Nominal Input Frequency	50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection)		
Low Loss Frequency	40±1Hz		
Low Loss Return Frequency	42±1Hz		
High Loss Frequency	65±1Hz		
High Loss Return Frequency	uency 63±1Hz		
Output Short Circuit Protection	Line mode: Circuit Breaker		
output Short en curt i rotection	Battery mode: Electronic Circuits		
Efficiency (Line Mode)	>95% ( Rated R load	l, battery full charged )	
Transfer Time	10ms typical (UPS);		
Transfer Time	20ms typical (Appliances)		
	Output Power		
Output power derating:	<b>_</b>		
When AC input voltage drops to 95V or	Rated Power		
170V depending on models, the output	50% Power		
power will be derated.	90V 170V 280V Inpu		

Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	3.5KVA	5.5KVA	
Rated Output Power	3.5KVA/3.5KW	5.5KVA/5.5KW	
Output Voltage Waveform	Pure Sine Wave		
Output Voltage Regulation	230Vac±5%		
Output Frequency	60Hz o	r 50Hz	
Peak Efficiency	94	%	
Overload Protection	5s@≥140% load; 10s@100%~140% load		
Surge Capacity	2* rated power for 5 seconds		
Nominal DC Input Voltage	24Vdc 48V		
Cold Start Voltage	23.0Vdc	46.0Vdc	
Low DC Warning Voltage	22.0Vdc	44.0Vdc	
@ load < 20%	21.4Vdc	42.8Vdc	
@ 20% ≤ load < 50%	20.2Vdc	40.4Vdc	
@ load ≥ 50%			
Low DC Warning Return Voltage  © load < 20%	23.0Vdc	46.0Vdc	
@ 10ad < 20% @ 20% ≤ load < 50%	22.4Vdc	44.8Vdc	
@ load ≥ 50%	21.2Vdc	42.4Vdc	
Low DC Cut-off Voltage	21.0Vdc	42.0Vdc	
@ load < 20%			
@ 20% ≤ load < 50%	20.4Vdc	40.8Vdc	
@ load ≥ 50%	19.2Vdc	38.4Vdc	

Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications

	Je Mode Specif	1000010			
Utility Chargi					
INVERTER MODEL		3.5KVA	5.5KVA		
Max Charging Current (PV+AC)		100Amp (@ V <sub>I/P</sub> =230Vac)			
Max Charging Current (AC)			Amp 230Vac)		
Bulk Charging	Flooded Battery	29.2Vdc	58.4Vdc		
Voltage	AGM / Gel Battery	28.2Vdc	56.4Vdc		
Floating Chai	ging Voltage	27Vdc	54Vdc		
Overcharge F	Protection	33Vdc	63Vdc		
Charging Alg	orithm	3-:	Step		
Charging Curve		Battery Voltage, per cell  2.43Vdc (2.35Vdc)  2.25Vdc  T0  T1 = 10* T0, minimum 10mins, maximum 8t  Rulk (Constant Current) (Constant Voltage)	Charging Current, %  Voltage  100%  Some Discourse of the control		
Solar Input					
INVERTER M	ODEL	3.5KVA	5.5KVA		
Rated Power		4000W	5500W		
Max. PV Arra Voltage	y Open Circuit	500Vdc			
PV Array MPF Range	PT Voltage	120Vdc~450Vdc			
Max. Input C	urrent	15A 18A			
Max Charging	g Current(PV)	100A			
	. ,		_		

**Table 4 General Specifications** 

INVERTER MODEL	3.5KVA	5.5KVA		
Safety Certification	CE			
Operating Temperature Range	-10°C to 55°C			
Storage temperature	-15°C~ 60°C			
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing)			
Dimension (D*W*H), mm	448x295x105			
Net Weight, kg	8.2 9.9			

# **TROUBLE SHOOTING**

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do	
Unit shuts down automatically during startup process.	LCD/LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.	The battery voltage is too low	Re-charge battery.     Replace battery.	
No response after power on.	No indication.	<ol> <li>The battery voltage is far too low.</li> <li>Battery polarity is connected reversed.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Check if batteries and the wiring are connected well.</li> <li>Re-charge battery.</li> <li>Replace battery.</li> </ol>	
	Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.	
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)	<ol> <li>Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long.</li> <li>Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS→Appliance)</li> </ol>	
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Solar First" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.	
When the unit is turned on, internal relay is switched on and off repeatedly.	LCD display and LEDs are flashing	Battery is disconnected.	Check if battery wires are connected well.	
	Fault code 07	Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.	
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.	
	Fault code 02	Internal temperature of inverter component is over 100°C.	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high.	
		Battery is over-charged.	Return to repair center.	
Buzzer beeps continuously and	Fault code 03	The battery voltage is too high.	Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.	
red LED is on.	Fault code 06/22	Output abnormal (Inverter voltage below than 190Vac or is higher than 260Vac)	Reduce the connected load.     Return to repair center	
	Fault code 08/09/15	Internal components failed.	Return to repair center.	
	Fault code 13	Over current or surge.	Doctart the unit if the error	
	Fault code 14	Bus voltage is too low.	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return	
	Fault code 16	Output voltage is unbalanced.	to repair center.	
	Another fault code		If the wires is connected well, please return to repair center.	

# **Parallel Installation Guide**

## 1. Instruction

This inverter can be used in parallel with two different operation modes.

- 1. Parallel operation in single phase with up to 12 units. The supported maximum output power is 66KW/66KVA.
- 2. Maximum 12 units work together to support three-phase equipment. 10 units support one phase maximum. The supported maximum output power is 66KW/66KVA and one phase can be up to 55KW/55KVA.

## 2. Package Contents

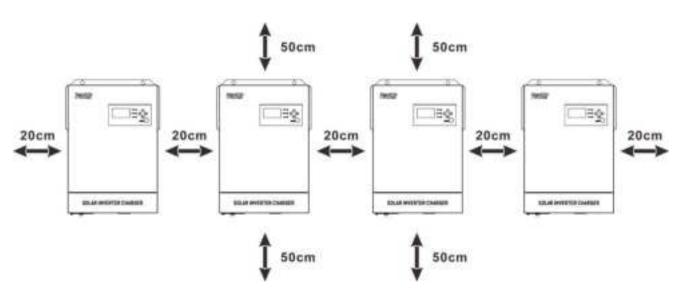
In parallel kit, you will find the following items in the package:



Parallel communication cable

# 3. Mounting the Unit

When installing multiple units, please follow below chart.



**NOTE:** For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20 cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit. Be sure to install each unit in the same level.

## 4. Wiring Connection

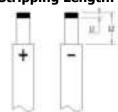
## NOTICE: It's requested to connect to battery for parallel operation.

The cable size of each inverter is shown as below:

Recommended battery cable and terminal size for each inverter:

Madal Wire Cire		Cable	Dimensions		Torque
Model	Wire Size	mm <sup>2</sup>	L1 (mm)	L2 (mm)	value
5.5KVA	2AWG	38	3	18	2~ 3 Nm

#### **Stripping Length:**



**WARNING:** Be sure the length of all battery cables is the same. Otherwise, there will be voltage difference between inverter and battery to cause parallel inverters not working.

Recommended AC input and output cable size for each inverter:

Model	AWG no.	Torque
5.5KVA	8 AWG	1.4~1.6Nm

You need to connect the cables of each inverter together. Take the battery cables for example: You need to use a connector or bus-bar as a joint to connect the battery cables together, and then connect to the battery terminal. The cable size used from joint to battery should be X times cable size in the tables above. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Regarding AC input and output, please also follow the same principle.

**CAUTION!!** Please install the breaker at the battery and AC input side. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of battery or AC input. The recommended mounted location of the breakers is shown in the figures in Point 5.

Recommended breaker specification of battery for each inverter:

Model	1 unit*
5.5KVA	100A/60VDC

<sup>\*</sup>If you want to use only one breaker at the battery side for the whole system, the rating of the breaker should be X times current of 1 unit. "X" indicates the number of inverters connected in parallel.

Recommended breaker specification of AC input with single phase:

Mode	l 2 units	3 units	4 units	5 units	6 units	7 units	8 units	9 units	10 units	11 units	12 units
5.5KV	A 100A	150A	200A	250A	300A	350A	400A	450A	500A	550A	600A

**Note1:** Also, you can use 40A breaker (50A for 5.5KVA) for only 1 unit, and each inverter has a breaker at its AC input.

#### Recommended battery capacity

Inverter parallel numbers	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Battery Capacity	400AH	600AH	800AH	1000AH	1200AH	1400AH	1600AH	1800AH	2000AH	2200AH	2400AH

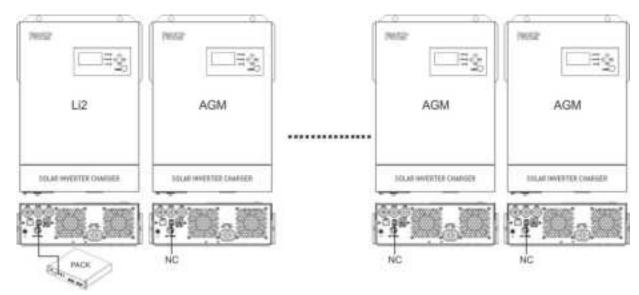
**WARNING!** Be sure that all inverters will share the same battery bank. Otherwise, the inverters will transfer to fault mode.

#### Communicating with battery BMS in parallel system

- 1) Only support common battery installation
- 2) Use RJ45 cable to connect any one of inverters (no need to connect to a specific inverter) and Lithium battery.

Simply set this inverter battery type to "Li 2" in LCD program 5. Others should be default value "AGM".

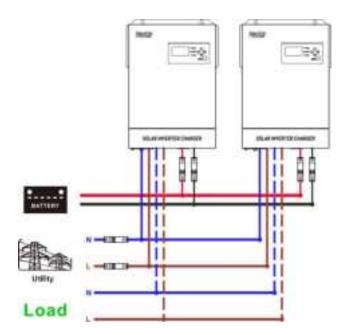
**Note:** Make sure only one inverter is connected RJ45 cable and only the one is set as Lithium in LCD program 5.



# 5. Parallel Operation in Single phase

Two inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**

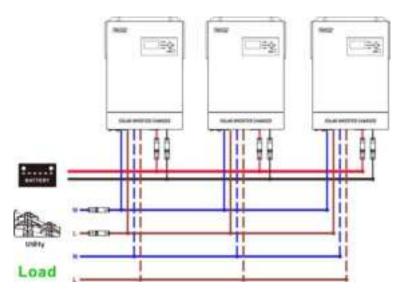


#### **Communication Connection**

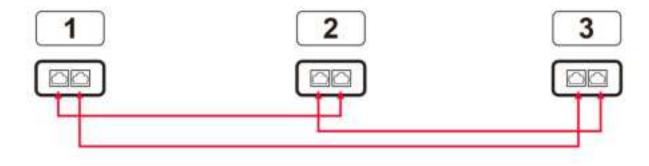


Three inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**

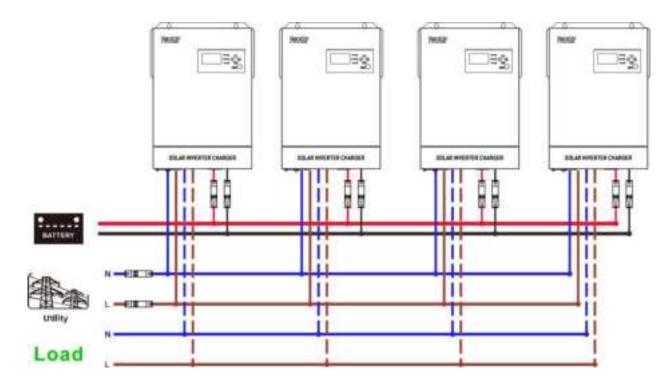


#### **Communication Connection**



Four inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**

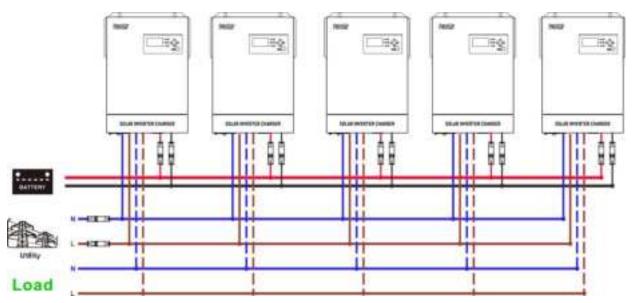


#### **Communication Connection**

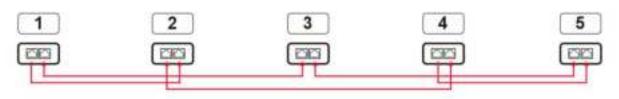


#### Five inverters in parallel:

#### **Power Connection**

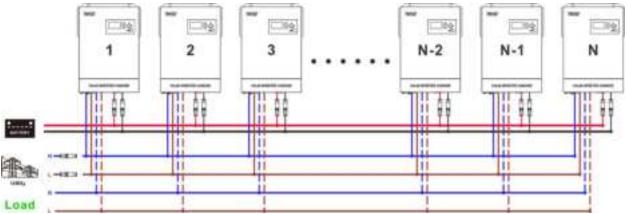


**Communication Connection** 

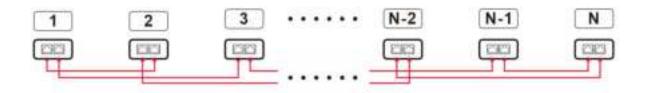


Six inverters in parallel:





**Communication Connection** 

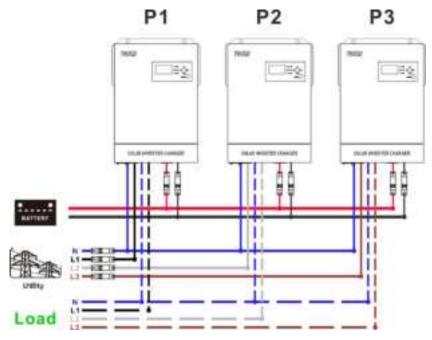


Note: Nmax=12units.

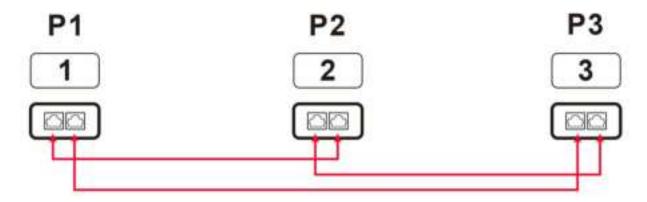
# 6. Support 3-phase equipment

One inverter in each phase:

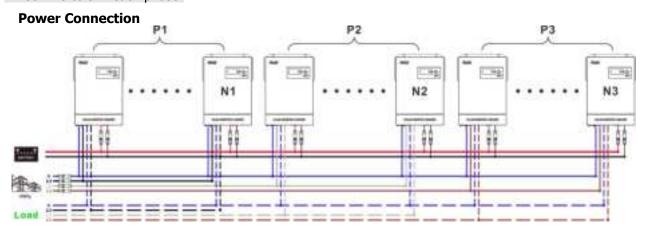
#### **Power Connection**



**Communication Connection** 



Three inverters in each phase:

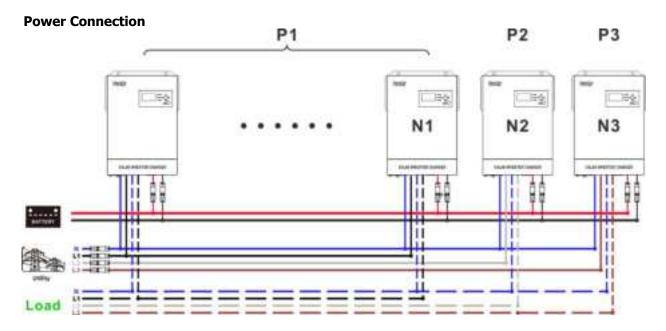


**Note**: It's up to customer's demand to pick **10** inverters on any phase.

P1: L1-phase, P2: L2-phase, P3: L3-phase.

N=N1+N2+N3,Nmax=12units

N1max=10units is in one phase and one inverter for the other two phases (N2=N3=1) :



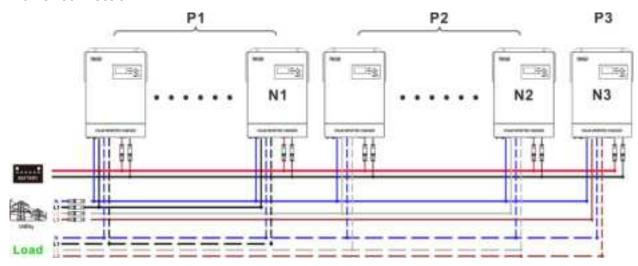
**Note**: It's up to customer's demand to pick 7 inverters on any phase.

P1: L1-phase, P2: L2-phase, P3: L3-phase.

N=N1+N2+N3,Nmax=12units

## N1max= N2max =9units is in two phases and one inverter for the one phase (N3=1) :

#### **Power Connection**



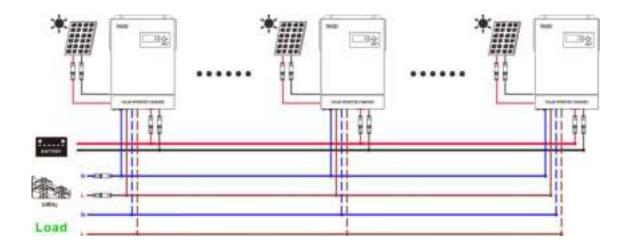
#### **Communication Connection**



# 7. PV Connection

Please refer to user manual of single unit for PV Connection.

**CAUTION:** Each inverter should connect to PV modules separately.



# 8. LCD Setting and Display

# **Setting Program:**

Program	Description	Selectable option	
		Single: This inverter is used in single phase application.	Parallel: This inverter is operated in parallel system. (Need hardware support)
28	AC output mode	L1 phase 3P	The inverter is operated in L1 phase in 3-phase application
		28 3P2	The inverter is operated in L2 phase in 3-phase application
		28 <u>3P3</u>	The inverter is operated in L3 phase in 3-phase application
	PV judge condition (Only apply for setting "Solar first" in program 1: Output source priority)	One Inverter (Default):	When "ONE" is selected, as long as one of inverters has been connected to PV modules and PV input is normal, parallel or 3-phase system will continue working according to rule of "solar first" setting.  For example, two units are connected in parallel and set "SOL" in output source priority. If one of two units has connected to PV modules and PV input is normal, the parallel system will provide power to loads from solar or battery power. If both of them are not sufficient, the system will provide power to loads from utility.
30		All of Inverters:	When "ALL" is selected, parallel or 3-phase system will continue working according to rule of "solar first" setting only when all of inverters are connected to PV modules.  For example, two units are connected in parallel and set "SOL" in output source priority. When selecting "ALL" in program 30, it's necessary to have all inverters connected to PV modules and PV input is normal to allow the system to provide power to loads from solar and battery power. Otherwise, the system will provide power to loads from utility.

Fault code display:

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
24	Host loss	(24 <b>)</b>
25	Synchronization loss	[25]
26	Incompatible battery type	<del>_</del> 65j
27	Firmware version inconsistent	(2J

Warning code display:

Warning Code	Warning Event	Icon on
6	CAN communication loss	(16)△
17	AC output mode setting is different	[1] <sub>\top</sub>
18	Battery voltage detected different	[18]A

## 9. Commissioning

#### Parallel in single phase

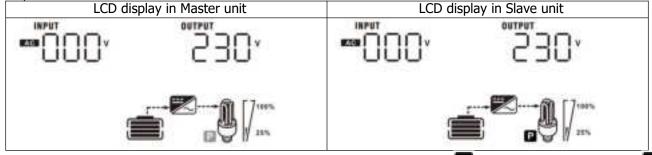
Step 1: Check the following requirements before commissioning:

- Correct wire connection
- Ensure all breakers in Line wires of load side are open and each Neutral wires of each unit are connected together.

Step 2: Turn on each unit and set "PAL" in LCD setting program 28 of each unit. And then shut down all units.

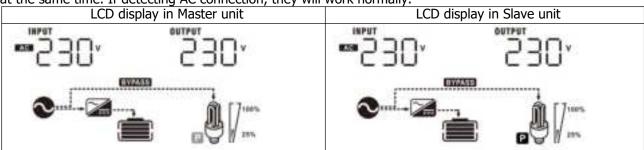
**NOET:** It's necessary to turn off switch when setting LCD program. Otherwise, the setting can not be programmed.

Step 3: Turn on each unit.



**NOTE:** Master and slave units are randomly defined. If it is master the icon blinks, if it is slave the icon normally on.

Step 4: Switch on all AC breakers of Line wires in AC input. It's better to have all inverters connect to utility at the same time. If detecting AC connection, they will work normally.



Step 5: If there is no more fault alarm, the parallel system is completely installed.

Step 6: Please switch on all breakers of Line wires in load side. This system will start to provide power to the load.

10.Trouble shooting

	Situation	
Fault Code	Fault Event Description	Solution
24	Host data loss	<ol> <li>Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the inverter.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
25	Synchronization data loss	<ol> <li>Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the inverter.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
26	Incompatible battery type	<ol> <li>Check the battery type setting to ensure that only the device connected to the BMS in the system is one of Li1 or Li2 or Li3</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>
27	Firmware version inconsistent	<ol> <li>Update all inverter firmware to the same version.</li> <li>Check the version of each inverter via LCD setting and make sure the CPU versions are same. If not, please contact your instraller to provide the firmware to update.</li> </ol>
		3. After updating, if the problem still remains, please contact your installer.

	Situation			
Warning Code	Warning Event Description	Solution		
16	CAN communication loss	<ol> <li>Check if communication cables are connected well and restart the inverter.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>		
17	AC output mode setting is different.	<ol> <li>Switch off the inverter and check LCD setting #28.</li> <li>For parallel system in single phase, make sure "PAL" is set on #28.</li> <li>If the problem remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>		
18	The battery voltage of each inverter is not the same.	<ol> <li>Make sure all inverters share same groups of batteries together.</li> <li>Remove all loads and disconnect AC input and PV input. Then, check battery voltage of all inverters. If the values from all inverters are close, please check if all battery cables are the same length and same material type. Otherwise, please contact your installer to provide SOP to calibrate battery voltage of each inverter.</li> <li>If the problem still remains, please contact your installer.</li> </ol>		

# POWMC

# SHENZHEN HEHEJIN INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD

Tel/Fax: +86 755-28219903

Email: aftersale@ysolartech.com

Web: www.ysolartech.com

Add: Henggang Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China