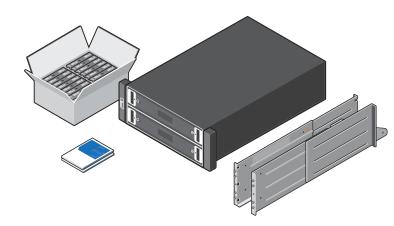
Before You Begin

△ Warning! Before you set up and operate your Dell system, review the safety instructions that came with your system.

Unpack Storage Center Equipment

A Dell SCv2080 includes:

- Drives
- Storage system chassis
- Mounting rails (2)
- Getting Started Guide



Develop a Configuration Plan

Before installing the storage hardware, develop a configuration plan where you can record host server information, switch information, and VLAN information.

Record system information on the worksheet in the Getting Started Guide.

- System management IPv4 address for Storage Center IPv4 address for each storage controller
- Domain name
- DNS server address

Consider Plans for Multipath/Failover

Redundancy is provided by fault domains, which allow alternate paths if a path fails. Fault domains are determined by the number of independent Fibre Channel (FC) fabrics or iSCSI networks. Each switch carries a separate fault domain. If a port fails, any port within the same fault domain takes over for the failed port. Dell recommends using multipathing, so that volumes are mapped to ports in more than one fault domain.

More Information

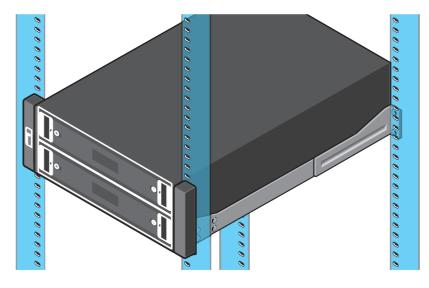
For operating system, host bus adapter (HBA) and switch requirements, see the Dell Storage Compatibility Matrix on the Dell Tech Center at http://en.community.dell.com/techcenter/storage. For additional deployment instructions, see the Dell Storage Center SCv2080 Storage System Deployment Guide on dell.com/support.

Rack Chassis and Optional Enclosure

△ Warning! The storage system chassis is heavy. Do not attempt to lift the chassis without assistance.

Use the racking instructions included with your package to rack the chassis.

Mount the storage system chassis and expansion enclosures in a manner that allows for expansion in the rack and prevents the rack from becoming top-heavy. Dell recommends mounting the storage system chassis in the bottom of the rack.

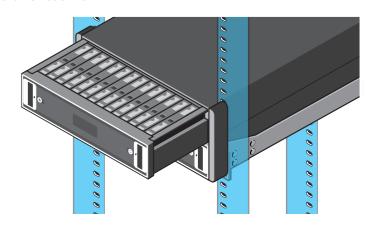


Install Hard Drives

The minimum number of drives for an SCv2080 storage system is 28, which is one full, front row in the top drawer and one full, front row in the bottom drawer.

- 1. Push and hold both drawer latches toward the center of the drawer and pull the top drawer all the way out until it stops.
- 2. Populate the first row in the drawer with 14 drives. Insert each disk drive in carrier (DDIC) into the drawer, one at a time. Populate each row with identical drives. Do not mix types, speeds, or sizes in a single row.
- 3. Close the drawer after adding the first row DDICs.
- 4. Repeat this process for the bottom drawer, populating the first row with 14 drives.

△ CAUTION To maintain proper airflow, populate the remaining rows in the following order: top drawer middle row, bottom drawer middle row, top drawer back row, bottom drawer back row.



Prepare the Host Servers

Refer to the Dell Storage Compatibility Matrix for a list of supported HBAs or iSCSI network adapters.

Windows and Linux Hosts

Install the HBAs or network adapters, install the drivers, and make sure that the latest supported BIOS is installed.

Fibre Channel

- 1. Install Fibre Channel HBAs in the host servers.
- 2. Install supported HBA drivers and make sure that HBAs have the latest supported firmware.
- 3. Use the Fibre Channel cabling diagrams to cable host servers to switches. Connecting host servers directly to the storage system without using Fibre Channel switches is not supported.

- 1. Install iSCSI HBAs or network adapters dedicated for iSCSI traffic in the host servers.
- 2. Install supported HBA drivers and make sure that HBAs have the latest supported firmware.
- 3. Use the iSCSI cabling diagrams to cable the host servers to switches. Connecting host servers directly to the storage system without using Ethernet switches is not supported.
- 4. Assign IP addresses to each iSCSI port to match the subnets for each fault domain.
- \triangle CAUTION: Make sure to assign the correct IP addresses to the HBAs or network adapters. Assigning IPs to the wrong ports can cause connectivity issues.

NOTE: If using jumbo frames, enable and configure jumbo frames on all devices in the data path: adapter ports, switches, and storage system.

SAS

- Install SAS HBAs in the host servers.
- 2. Install supported HBA drivers and make sure that HBAs have the latest supported firmware.
- 3. Use the SAS cabling diagram to cable the host servers directly to the storage controllers.

VMware ESXi Hosts

Install the HBAs or network adapters and make sure that the latest supported BIOS is installed. Fibre Channel

- 1. Install Fibre Channel HBAs in the ESXi hosts.
- 2. Use the Fibre Channel cabling diagrams to cable ESXi hosts to switches. Connecting ESXi hosts directly to the storage system without using Fibre Channel switches is not supported.

- 1. Install iSCSI HBAs or network adapters dedicated for iSCSI traffic in the ESXi hosts.
- 2. If using network adapters, create a VMkernel port for each adapter. (One VMkernel per vSwitch)
- 3. Assign IP addresses for each adapter port to match the subnets for each fault domain.
- △ CAUTION: Make sure to assign the correct IP addresses to the HBAs or network adapters. Assigning IPs to the wrong ports can cause connectivity issues.

NOTE: If using jumbo frames, enable and configure jumbo frames on all devices in the data path: adapter ports, switches, and storage system.

- 4. If using network adapters, add the VMkernel ports to the iSCSI software initiator.
- 5. Use the iSCSI cabling diagrams to cable the ESXi hosts to switches. Connecting ESXi hosts directly to the storage system without using Ethernet switches is not supported.

- Install SAS HBAs in the ESXi hosts. For more information about configuring VMware ESXi hosts with SAS HBAs, see the Dell Storage Center SCv2080 Storage System Deployment Guide.
- Use the SAS cabling diagram to cable the ESXi hosts directly to the storage controllers.
- NOTE: Configure only one ESXi host at a time.

Deploy the Host Servers

The SCv2080 storage system supports Fibre Channel, iSCSI, and SAS protocols to connect the Storage Center to host servers. Fault domains provide fault tolerance at the controller level. If you are using Fibre Channel, incorporate your switch zoning strategy with the fault domains. Dell recommends using redundant cabling to avoid a single point of failure.

To connect the storage system:

- 1. Identify the protocol being used to connect the host servers to the storage system.
- 2. Refer to the diagram below that corresponds to the proper protocol. These cabling guidelines ensure the configuration has redundancy and failover capability.

Fibre Channel 2 Port 16 Gb Configuration

- Connections shown in orange belong to fault domain 1.

- Connections shown in blue belong to fault domain 2.

iSCSI 2 Port 10 GbE Configuration

1. Connect each host server to both switches.

2. Connect fault domain 1 (in orange) to switch 1

- Left storage controller: port 1 to switch 1

3. Connect fault domain 2 (in blue) to switch 2.

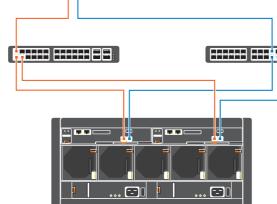
- Right storage controller: port 1 to switch 1

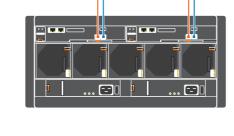
 Left storage controller: port 2 to switch 2 - Right storage controller: port 2 to switch 2

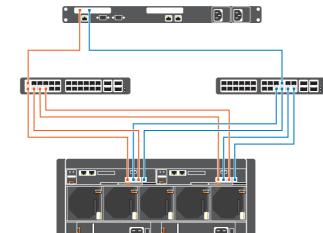
For more information about cabling, see the Dell Storage Center SCv2080 Storage System Deployment Guide.

Fibre Channel and iSCSI Cabling

To maintain continuous connectivity to stored data from the host server, implement a strategy for redundant I/O paths.







Fault domain 1

Fault domain 2

Fibre Channel 4 Port 8 Gb Configuration iSCSI 4 Port 1 GbE Configuration

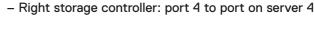
- 1. Connect each host server to both switches. - Connections shown in orange belong to fault domain 1.
- Connections shown in blue belong to fault domain 2.
- 2. Connect fault domain 1 (in orange) to switch 1.
- Left storage controller: port 1 to switch 1 - Left storage controller: port 3 to switch 1
- Right storage controller: port 1 to switch 1
- Right storage controller: port 3 to switch 1
- 3. Connect fault domain 2 (in blue) to switch 2. Left storage controller: port 2 to switch 2
- Left storage controller: port 4 to switch 2
- Right storage controller: port 2 to switch 2 - Right storage controller: port 4 to switch 2

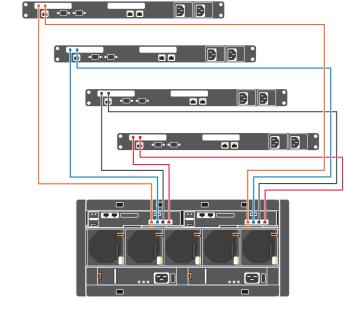
SAS Cabling

You can directly connect host servers to a storage system.

4 Port 12 GB Configuration

- 1. Connect fault domain 1 (in orange) to server 1.
- Left storage controller: port 1 to port on server 1 Right storage controller: port 1 to port on server 1
- 2. Connect fault domain 2 (in blue) to server 1.
- Left storage controller: port 2 to port on server 2
- Right storage controller: port 2 to port on server 2
- 3. Connect fault domain 3 (in gray) to server 2. - Left storage controller: port 3 to port on server 3
- Right storage controller: port 3 to port on server 3
- 4. Connect fault domain 4 (in red) to server 2.
- Left storage controller: port 4 to port on server 4





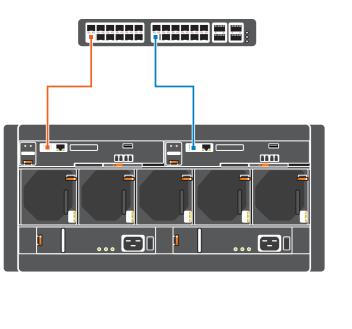




Connect to Management Network

The Ethernet management interface of each storage controller must be connected to a management network. The Ethernet management port (eth0) provides access to the Storage Center and is used to send emails, alerts, SNMP traps, and support data.

- 1. Connect the Ethernet management port on the right storage controller to the Ethernet switch.
- 2. Connect the Ethernet management port on the left storage controller to the Ethernet switch.



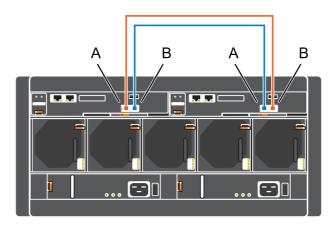
Cable the Backend

Interconnect the Storage Controllers

If you are installing an SCv2080 storage system without expansion enclosures, connect SAS cables between the initiator and target ports of each storage controller.

To interconnect the storage controllers:

- 1. Connect a SAS cable between port A on one storage controller and port B on the other storage controller.
- 2. Connect a SAS cable between port B on one storage controller and port A on the other storage controller.



Cable an SC180 Expansion Enclosure

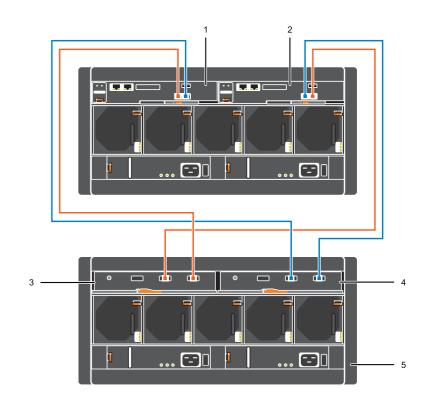
To add capacity to your storage system, you can connect one SC180 expansion enclosure to an SCv2080 storage system. A maximum of 168 physical drives are supported in an SCv2080 storage system. The expansion enclosure includes two Enclosure Management Modules (EMM) in two interface slots.

Chain 1: A Side (Orange)

- 1. Left storage controller: port A to EMM 1, port C
- 2. Right storage controller: port B to EMM 1, port B

Chain 1: B Side (Blue)

- 1. Right storage controller: port A to EMM 2, port C
- 2. Left storage controller: port B to EMM 2, port B



- Left storage controller
- 2. Right storage controller
- 3. EMM 1
- 4. EMM 2

Storage Manager Client

Discover and configure uninitialized Storage Centers on this subnet. Layer 2 multicast must be allowed on the

Configure this host to access storage on a Storage Center. This creates a server object representing this host on

the Storage Center and applies best practices to this host for performing IO. Requires a valid Storage Center login

Configure a VMware vSphere host or multiple vSphere hosts through a vCenter Server to access storage on a Storage Center. This creates a server object representing this host on the Storage Center and applies bes practices to the cluster or server for performing IO (additional best practice modifications may be required).

Monitor, manage, and analyze a Storage Center, a Storage Manager Data Collector or a PS Group

Display Language English

Requires a valid Storage Center login

Do not show this again

Available Client Actions

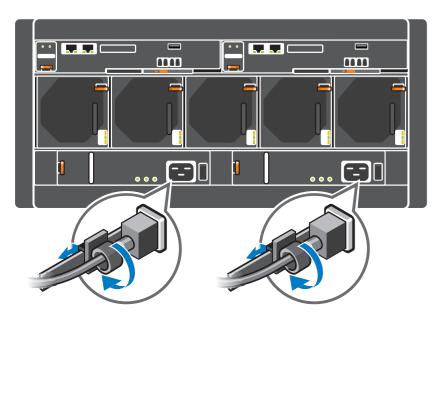
5. Expansion enclosure

8 Connect the Power Cables

△ CAUTION: Make sure the power switch is set to off (O) before connecting the power.

To connect the power cables:

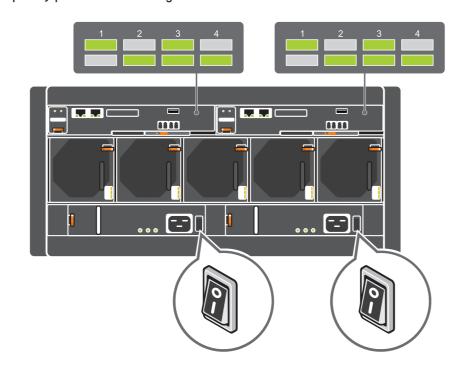
- 1. Connect power cables from each power supply module to a power
- 2. Use the strain relief fasteners to secure the power cables to the power supply modules so they cannot be pulled out accidentally.



Power on Storage System Components

- 1. Turn on any network switches, routers, or other standalone components.
- 2. Power on any expansion enclosures that might be a part of the system.
- 3. Power on the storage system by turning on the two power supply units on the

NOTE: Before attempting to discover or manage the storage system, wait for the green indicator lights on the on the back of the storage controllers to match the pattern shown in the following illustration. It may take up to five minutes to completely power on the storage controllers.



Download, Install, and Run the Dell Storage Manager Client

The Dell Storage Manager Client provides access to the initial setup wizards. The wizards help you remotely discover and configure storage systems and configure connected host servers.

NOTE: The initial setup wizards are only supported on 64-bit operating systems.

To use the Dell Storage Manager Client:

- 1. Go to dell.com/support, navigate to Servers, Storage, & Networking → Dell Storage → Dell Storage SCv2080, click the Drivers & downloads link, and download the Windows or Linux version of the Dell Storage Manager Client.
- 2. Install the Dell Storage Manager Client on the host server. To discover and configure a Storage Center, install the software on a host sever that is located on the same subnet as the storage system. For host setup, the host server does not have to be located on the same subnet as the storage system.
- 3. To start the software on a Windows computer, right-click on the Dell Storage Manager Client shortcut and select Run as administrator. To start the software on a Linux computer, execute the command ./Client from the var/lib/dell/bin directory. The Dell Storage Manager Client welcome screen is displayed.

Discover and Configure Storage Center Wizard

- 1. Click the Discover and Configure Uninitialized Storage Centers link. The Discover and
- 2. Follow the steps in the wizard to discover uninitialized SCv2080 systems and configure them.
- 3. For a Storage Center with Fibre Channel HBAs, the deployment wizard provides the storage controller WWNs for zoning requirements. When prompted, create the required zones for each

- Configure Storage Center wizard opens.

Configure a Host to Access Storage Center Wizard

- 1. For Windows and Linux servers, click the Configure this host to access a Storage Center link and log in to the Storage Center. The Set up localhost on Storage Center wizard opens. For VMware ESXi hosts, click Configure VMware vSphere to access a Storage Center. The Set up VMware Host on Storage Center wizard opens.
- MOTE: To configure access to a Storage Center with SAS HBAs, you must log in to a Dell Storage Manager Data Collector.
- 2. For a Storage Center with Fibre Channel HBAs, configure zoning to make sure that storage is visible to the host servers. Using switch software, create a zone for each HBA connected to the switch. In the zone, include only one HBA WWN and all of the virtual WWNs of the storage controller I/O ports connected to that switch. This is referred to as single initiator/multiple target zoning. For hosts, you can obtain the WWNs from the operating system or use the switch software.
- 3. Follow the steps in the wizard to configure host servers to access the Storage Center and configure best practices for performing I/O.

When the host configuration is complete, use the Dell Storage Manager Client to create and map volumes.

The following documentation is available for the Dell Storage Center SCv2080 storage system:

- Dell Storage Center SCv2080 Storage System Getting Started Guide
- Dell Storage Center SCv2080 Storage System Owner's Manual Dell Storage Center SCv2080 Storage System Deployment Guide
- Storage Center OS Release Notes

Dell Storage Manager Release Notes

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Notes, Cautions, and Warnings

A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your system.

A CAUTION indicates potential damage to hardware or loss of data if instructions are not followed. A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

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