

LSI DNB146 3 Axis Ultrasonic Anemometer User Manual

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LSI DNB146 3 Axis Ultrasonic Anemometer



Description

Main features

DNB146 is 3-axes ultrasonic anemometer for measuring surface wind speed and wind direction. It is ideal for general meteorological applications requiring high wind speed range, no moving parts for low-maintenance or measurements with fast response even in very low-range wind speed conditions. The sensor is equipped with a magnetic compass for automatic alignment to the Magnetic North. It has 5 4Ã-20 mA analog outputs and a digital output on RS-485 serial with Modbus-RTU protocol. The anemometer can be connected to LSI LASTEM acquisition systems, or any other device using such kind of input.

Technical specifications

	DNB146			
	Principle	Ultrasounds		
Wind speed	Measuring range	0÷70 m/s		
willa speea	Resolution	0.01 m/s		
	Accuracy	± 1% read value		
	Principle	Ultrasounds		
Wind direction	Measuring range	0÷360°		
Willia direction	Resolution	0.1°		
	Accuracy	± 1°		
	Range	-40÷60 °C		
Sonic temperatu re	Resolution	0.1°C		
	Accuracy	± 1°		
	Range	0÷3600/10°		
Compass	Resolution	0.1°		
	Accuracy	± 1°		
	Power supply	12÷30 Vdc		
	Power consumption	110 mA @ 15 Vdc		
		RS-485:		
		· Wind speed		
		· Wind direction		
	Serial output	· Elevation		
		· Sonic temperature		
		· Compass		
General features		· Errors		
	Communication protocols	Modbus-RTU		
		5 x 4÷20 mA (max. load 500 Ω)		
		· Wind speed		
		· Wind direction		
	Analog outputs	· Elevation		
		· Sonic temperature		
		· Compass		

	Electrical connection	26-pole male connector			
	Operating temperature	-40÷60 °C			
	Protection degree	IP 66			
	Weight	1500 g			
	Housing	Luran/aluminum			
		On mast Ø 33 mm			
	Mounting	On mast Ø 55 mm (using DNB192 adapter – not included)			
General features	Data logger compatibility	Analog outputs:			
		M-Log code ELO008 (one quantity must be excluded)			
		· R-Log code ELR515 (one quantity must be excluded)			
		· E-Log			
		· ALIEM			
		RS-485 digital output:			
		· Alpha-Log			
		· E-Log code ELO3305.1			

Installation

For the installation choose a well-exposed spot for the anemometer. The WMO (World Meteorological Organization) suggests that the sensor should be assembled 10 m off the ground; in a place where the dis-tance between the anemometer and surrounding obstacles which might disturb the measurements is at least 10 times the height of those objects from the ground. As such a position is difficult to find, the WMO suggests that the sensor should be assembled in a spot which is reasonably uninfluenced by local obstructions.

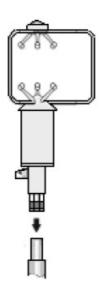
General safety rules

Please read the following general safety rules to avoid injuries to people and prevent damages to the prod-uct or to possible other products connected with it. To avoid any damages, use this product exclusively ac-cording to the instructions herein contained. The installation and maintenance procedures must be carried-out only by authorized and skilled service personnel. Power the instrument in a suitable manner. Pay attention and observe the power supplies like indicated for the model in your possession. Carry-out all connections in a suitable manner. Pay strict attention to the connection diagrams supplied with the instrument. Do not use the product in case of suspected malfunctions. In case of suspected malfunction, do not power the instrument and contact authorized technical support immediately. Before you carry-out any operation on electrical connections, power supply system, sensors and communi-cation apparatus:

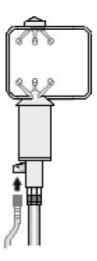
- Disconnect the power supply.
- Discharge the accumulated electrostatic discharges touching an earthed conductor or apparatus.

Mechanical installation

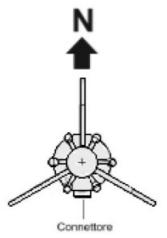
1. Mount the anemometer on the mast \varnothing 33 mm. In case of mast \varnothing 50 mm, use the DNB192 adapter.



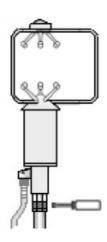
2. Screw the 26-pole fe-male connector of the cable to the anemome-ter. Ensure connection stability by tightening the connector external nut.



3. The anemometer does not require positioning as the orientation is determined by the internal com-pass. However, if it must be disa-bled (§3.3), for example due to magnetic interference with sur-rounding metallic objects, it must be positioned with the metal sup-port opposite the connector facing Nord.



4. Once the align-ment is complete, fix it on the sup-port mast by tight-ening the cable tie at the bot-tom of the anemometer.

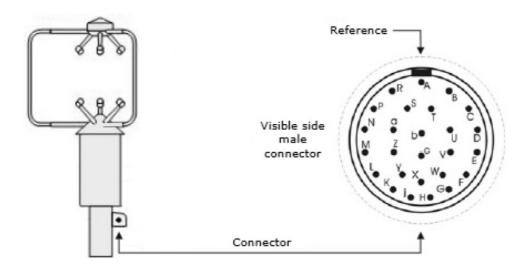


Please note the following:

- The anemometer measures the provenience of the wind.
- The measure refers:
 - to magnetic North if the compass is active (default condition)
 - to geographical North (support reference opposite the connector) if the compass is disabled
- Geographical North differs from magnetic North indicated by the compass; the difference, called magnetic
 declination, depends on the area in which the sensor is installed; for example, in North America it is about 15°
 while in Europe it is less than 3°.

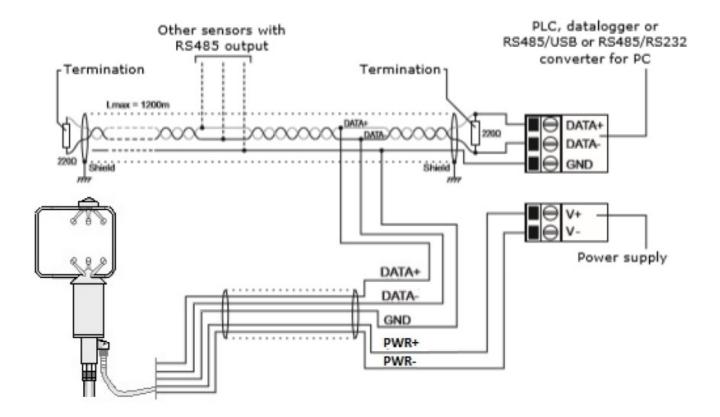
Electrical connections

All connections are performed through a 26-pole male connector situated at the bottom of the anemome-ter. The figure and the table below show numbers and function of the connector contacts:



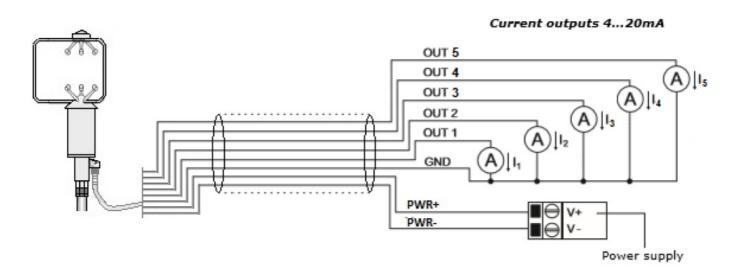
Pin connector	Signal	Description	Cable wire color
Н	PWR-	Negative Power Supply	Brown
J	PWR- (TX+*)	Negative Power Supply (Tx B RS-422*)	Black
G	PWR+	Positive Power Supply	Grey & Brown
К	PWR+ (TX-*)	Positive Power Supply (Tx A RS-422*)	Red
F	DATA + (RX+*	Pole B RS-485 (Rx B RS-422*)	White & Green
W	DATA – (RX-*)	Pole A RS-485 (Rx A RS-422*)	Grey
Х	SG	Ground RS-232	Yellow
Υ	TXD	Tx data RS-232	White & Yellow
L	RXD	Rx data RS-232	Yellow & Brown
E	OUTV1	Analog Out voltage 1	Pink & Brown
V	OUTV2	Analog Out voltage 2	Red & Blue
С	OUTV3	Analog Out voltage 3	Grey & Red
Z	OUTV4	Analog Out voltage 4	Brown & Green
М	OUTV5	Analog Out voltage 5 Green	
D	REF	Analog ground	Blue
U	OUTmA1	Analog Out current 1 Pink	
b	OUTmA2	Analog Out current 2	White
a	OUTmA3	Analog Out current 3	White & Grey
N	OUTmA4	Analog Out current 4	White & Red
С	OUTmA5	Analog Out current 5	Violet
Т	Q0	Reserved	_
S	Q1	Reserved	_
Р	Q2	Reserved -	
В	Q3	Reserved	-
A	Q4	Reserved	-
R	SHIELD	Shielding Shield	

RS-485 serial connection



For more information regarding RS-485, consult the EIA (Electronic Industries Association).

Analog Output connection



Connection to LSI LASTEM data logger

For the wiring connection to LSI LASTEM data logger see the DISACC200074 supplied with the anemometer.

Configuration

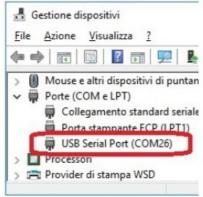
The DNB146 anemometer is ready for working with LSI LASTEM data loggers. The table below shows its configuration

Path\Parameter	Description	Value
Baud	Communication speed of the serial ports	9600 bps
Threshold	Minimum wind speed threshold	0.02 m/s
Average interval	Time interval of the average calculation	1 s
Analog output\ma-V Ranges	Analog output type and range	4÷20 mA
Output quantity\user Sensor output quantities (AN1, AN2, AN3, AN4, AN5)		789tce (Wind speed, Wind direction, Elevation, Sonic temperature, Compass)
Wind Units	Wind speed unit of measurement	m/s
COMM Mode	Method of communication	ModBusRTU
COMM Mode\ModBusRTU	Serial data format	8N1
ID	Modbus address	1

Connecting PC to the sensor

By means of a terminal emulation program, such as Windows Hyper terminal, it is possible to modify the sensor configuration parameters from the PC by connecting via an RS-232/RS-485 converter (not supplied). To access the configuration, proceed as follows:





- 1. Connect the cable to the sensor.
- 2. Connect the cable wires to the RS-232/RS-485 converter:
 - 1. White & Green: Data +
 - 2. Grey: Data -
- 3. Connect the cable wires to the power sup-ply*:
 - 1. Grev & Brown: + Vcc
 - 2. Brown: Vcc

E-Log supplies 12 Vdc on terminals 31+, 32-, while M-Log and R-Log on terminals 28-, 30+. Alpha-Log on terminals 14+, 16-.

- 4. Connect the RS-232/RS-485 converter to the PC and identify the serial port number associ-ated to the device.
- 5. Start the terminal emulation program and choose the serial port number identified in the previous point, then set the communica-tion parameters to 9600 bps, 8 data bits, None Parity, 1 Stop bit, No flow control.

Accessing the configuration

Once the anemometer has been connected to the PC (§3.1), turn on the sensor and check the reception of the values on the terminal.

Press the key? to access the main menu. The menu items can be selected by entering the let-ter assigned to each item. Upon selection a submenu is opened or the selected parameter is displayed with its value. Changes to values are confirmed with Enter or discarded with Esc. If no key is pressed on the PC, the sensor spontaneously returns to the previous menu until exiting Setup.

Disabling compass

To disable the compass, connect the anemometer to the PC (§3.1), turn on the sensor and hold down the # key. Then proceed with the configuration for operation with manual North orientation. To position the sensor, refer to §2.2.

LSI Lastem data logger configuration

The DNB146 sensor is configured to work with both analog and digital outputs. Configure the type of sensor output based on the data logger in use.

	Sensor outputs					
Data logger	Analog (5 x 4÷20 mA)	Digital (RS-485 Modbus RTU)				
Alpha-Log		Х				
ALIEM	X					
E-Log	X	Х				
M-Log	X*	Х				
R-Log	X*	Х				

Use of analog outputs

To use the sensor with analog outputs, start the 3DOM program and proceed as follows:

- Open the current configuration of the data logger.
- Add the DNB146 An sensor from the sensor library.
- Then, for each measurement:
 - In the General tab, if you use multiple sensors of the same type, customize the name of the measures to distinguish them from each other.
 - In the Elaborations tab, choose the desired elaborations.
- Save the configuration and send it to the data logger.

Use of digital output

To use the sensor with analog outputs, start the 3DOM program and proceed as follows:

- Open the current configuration of the data logger.
- Add the DNB146 Dig sensor from the sensor library. If the data logger in use is Alpha-Log, you will be asked to

set the Modbus as input type and the communication parameters of the serial port where the sensor will be connected.

- Then, for each measurement:
 - In the General tab, if you use multiple sensors of the same type, customize the name of the measures to distinguish them from each other.
 - In the Elaborations tab, choose the desired elaborations.
- If the data logger in use is E-Log, set the Modbus protocol and the communication parameters of the sensor in the serial line 2 of the data logger.
- Save the configuration and send it to the data logger

Modbus-RTU

The DNB146 ultrasonic anemometer implements the Modbus protocol in RTU slave mode.

Supported commands

The sensor supports the Read input registers (0x04) command for accessing the acquired data. If the data request refers to an incorrect command or register, the sensor does not generate any response message.

Map of registers

Register #	Register a ddress	Data	Multiplication f actor	Format
1	0x00	Wind speed (m/s)	100	unsigned 16 bits
2	0x01	Wind direction (°)	10	unsigned 16 bits
3	0x02	Elevation (°)	10	signed 16 bits
4	0x03	Sonic temperature (°C)	10	signed 16 bits
5	0x04	compass (°)	10	unsigned 16 bits
6	0x05	Error code (-)	1	unsigned 16 bits
7	0x06	Previous error code (-)	1	unsigned 16 bits
8	0x07	Number of invalid measurement (-)	1	unsigned 16 bits

To obtain the correct measurement, the received value must be divided by the relative multiplication fac-tor.

Error codes table

Error code	Description / Anomaly
1x	First pair lower transducer* error
2x	First pair upper transducer error
Зх	Second pair lower transducer error
4x	Second pair upper transducer error
5x	Third pair lower transducer error
6x	Third pair upper transducer error
x0	None (combined with 0 for transducer too)
x1	Electrical interruption transducer circuit. Transducer's break. Obstruction of the path
x2 x5	Time anomaly or wave amplitude anomaly of ultrasonic pulse
x7	Compass anomaly
xN	Internal codes

Sonic transducers are grouped in pairs of facing elements. For the first pair, the upper transducer is next to the metallic support which indicates the North direction. The other pairs follow anti-clockwise.

Error example:

In case of an anomaly in transducer 4, due to a physical obstruction in the measurement volume, which brings to the rejection of 2 raw measurements during a measure loop, the three numbers are: 41 0 2

Without anomalies:

0 0 0 For additional information regarding the protocol, visit the website www.modbus.org.

Maintenance

Testing

This type of testing is only required if the user wishes to verify the well functioning of each part of the anemometer. Please note that these tests are not intended to establish the operational limitations of the sensor.

Visual check

- body of the anemometer is in a level position
- there are no foreign objects in the transducer area

Operational check for 4÷20 mA output

To check the current output you need a multimeter and an air flow (you can use a hair dryer).

- 1. Set the multimeter to measure signals in direct current (DC) and 20 mA scale.
- 2. Referring to DISACC200074, connect the multimeter to the first output (wind speed) and power on the anemometer.
- 3. Place the sensor where there are not wind flows (0 m/s) and read 4 mA on the multimeter.
- 4. Subject the sensor to the air flow and read a value grater then 4 mA on the multimeter.
- 5. Connect the multimeter to the second output (wind direction).

6. Subject the sensor to the air flows with the angles 0, 90, 180 and 270° checking the corresponding current values as indicated in the following table:

Air flow provenience (°)	Output (mA)
0 (o 360)	4 (o 20)
90	8
180	12
270	16

- 7. Connect the multimeter to the third output (elevation).
- 8. Subject the sensor to the air flows from bottom to top and read a value between 12 and 20 mA on the multimeter.
- 9. Subject the sensor to the air flows from top to bottom and read a value between 4 and 12 mA on the multimeter.
- 10. Connect the multimeter to the fourth output (sonic temperature).
- 11. Check that the output value is congruent with the ambient temperature. Below are the current values based on some temperature values

°C	mA								
-4	9.76	4	11.04	12	12.32	20	13.60	28	14.88
-2	10.08	6	11.36	14	12.64	22	13.92	30	15.20
0	10.40	8	11.68	16	12.96	24	14.24	32	15.52
2	10.72	10	12.00	18	13.28	26	14.56	34	15.84

- 12. Connect the multimeter to the fifth output (compass).
- 13. Check that the output value is congruent with the value read by the anemometer. Below are the current values based on some angle values.

°C	mA								
-4	9.76	4	11.04	12	12.32	20	13.60	28	14.88
-2	10.08	6	11.36	14	12.64	22	13.92	30	15.20
0	10.40	8	11.68	16	12.96	24	14.24	32	15.52
2	10.72	10	12.00	18	13.28	26	14.56	34	15.84

Operational check for RS-485 Modbus-RTU output

Verification of the RS-485 digital output can be done using a PC in which the third-party program modpoll (https://www.modbusdriver.com/modpoll.html) is installed. For the air flow you can use a hair dryer.

1. Connect the anemometer to the PC using a RS-232/RS-485 serial converter (§3.1); power on the sensor.

- 2. Open a DOS Prompt window and type the following command (it is assumed that the transmission parameters are set as follows: Baudrate: 9600 bps, Parity: None and that the PC serial port used is COM1): modpoll -a 1 -r 1 -c 8 -t 3 COM1 [Enter] The program displays the measurement values in the following order: Wind Speed, Wind Direction, Elevation, Sonic Temperature, Compass, Error Code, Previous Error Code and Error Measurements. For the list of available commands, type the command modpoll /help. [CTRL] + [C] to stop the program.
- 3. Subject the sensor to the air flows with the angles 0, 90, 180 and 270° and, for each angle, check the values obtained considering that the wind speed value is multiplied by 100 and the others, with the exception of the error codes, are multiplied by 10 (§5.2). Here an example with a polling rate of 5 seconds:

- 1. [1]: 33
- 2. [2]: 869
- 3. [3]: 0
- 4. [4]:234
- 5. [5]:1110
- 6. [6]:0
- 7. [7]:0
- 8. [8]0

Periodic maintenance

The absence of moving parts minimizes the sensor maintenance.

- Clean the anemometer paying attention at the pairs of transducers.
- Check and possibly restore the integrity of the connector seal.

LSI LASTEM suggests to check the anemometer calibration every 2 years.

Accessories / Spare parts

Code	Description
DNB192	Adapter for DNB146 sensor to pole Ø 50 mm
SVICA2203	ISO9001 type calibration certificate (Wind Speed)
SVICA2304	ISO9001 type calibration certificate (Wind Direction)
SVACA2216	ISO17025-ACCREDIA type calibration certificate (Wind Speed)

Disposal

This product is a device with high electronic content. In accordance with the standards of environmental protection and collection, LSI LASTEM recommends handling the product as waste of electrical and elec-tronic

equipment (RAEE). For this reason, at the end of its life, the instrument must be kept apart from oth-er wastes. LSI LASTEM is liable for the compliance of the production, sales and disposal lines of this product, safeguarding the rights of the consumer. Unauthorized disposal of this product will be punished by the law.

How to contact LSI LASTEM

In case of problem contact the technical support of LSI LASTEM sending an e-mail to support@lsi-lastem.com, or compiling the technical support request module at www.lsi-lastem.com. For further information refer to addresses and numbers below:

- Phone number +39 02 95.414.1 (switchboard)
- Address: Via ex S.P. 161 Dosso n. 9 20049 Settala, Milano
- Web site: www.lsi-lastem.com
- Commercial service: info@lsi-lastem.com
- After-sales service: support@lsi-lastem.com, Repairs: riparazioni@lsi-lastem.com

Documents / Resources



LSI DNB146 3 Axis Ultrasonic Anemometer [pdf] User Manual

DNB146, 3 Axis Ultrasonic Anemometer, DNB146 3 Axis Ultrasonic Anemometer, Ultrasonic A nemometer, Anemometer

References

- • The domain name lastem.com is for sale
- Environmental Monitoring Solutions LSI LASTEM
- M_The Modbus Organization
- Modbus Protocol Software
- W Electronic Industries Alliance Wikipedia
- **B** Free Modbus Master Simulator and Test Tool

Manuals+,