LEEDARSON Door/Window Sensor 7A-SS-VE-H0 Manual

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LEEDARSON

Door/Window Sensor

SKU: 7A-SS-VE-H0

Quickstart

This is a
secure
Alarm Sensor
for
U.S. / **Canada** / **Mexico**.

Please make sure the internal battery is fully charged.

To add this device to your network execute the following action:
Add for inclusion: 1).Insert the battery.2).Set the Z-Wave network main controller into learning mode.3).Triggering this action button.4).If the add for inclusion is successful, the LED will blink fast and then keep on 3 seconds. Otherwise, the LED will blink 25 seconds and then turn off, in which case you need to repeat the process from step

Please refer to the
Manufacturers Manual for more information.

Important safety information

Please read this manual carefully. Failure to follow the recommendations in this manual may be dangerous or may violate the law.
The manufacturer, importer, distributor and seller shall not be liable for any loss or damage resulting from failure to comply with the instructions in this manual or any other material.
Use this equipment only for its intended purpose. Follow the disposal instructions.

Do not dispose of electronic equipment or batteries in a fire or near open heat sources.

What is Z-Wave?

Z-Wave is the international wireless protocol for communication in the Smart Home. This device is suited for use in the region mentioned in the Quickstart section.

Z-Wave ensures a reliable communication by reconfirming every message (**two-way communication**) and every mains powered node can act as a repeater for other nodes (**meshed network**) in case the receiver is not in direct wireless range of the transmitter.

This device and every other certified Z-Wave device can be **used together with any other certified Z-Wave device regardless of brand and origin** as long as both are suited for the same frequency range.

If a device supports **secure communication** it will communicate with other devices secure as long as this device provides the same or a higher level of security. Otherwise it will automatically turn into a lower level of security to maintain backward compatibility.

For more information about Z-Wave technology, devices, white papers etc. please refer to www.z-wave.info.

Product Description

The LEEDARSON Door/Window Sensor is a wireless sensor that is powered by a CR2 battery. The door/window sensor lets you know when a door or window is opened, or closed, and can trigger different actions in response to that open action or close action. This sensor uses the Z-Wave communication module to connect with Z-Wave Gateway. This device can be adapted to use in the EU(868.42Mhz) and US. The door/window sensor supports the Over The Air (OTA) feature for the products firmware upgrade. If you want your Door/Window Sensor to be a security device that uses secure/encrypted messages to communicate in a Z-Wave network, then a security enabled Z-Wave controller/gateway is needed.

Prepare for Installation / Reset

Please read the user manual before installing the product.

In order to include (add) a Z-Wave device to a network it **must be in factory default state.** Please make sure to reset the device into factory default. You can do this by performing an Exclusion operation as described below in the manual. Every Z-Wave controller is able to perform this operation however it is recommended to use the primary controller of the previous network to make sure the very device is excluded properly from this network.

Reset to factory default

This device also allows to be reset without any involvement of a Z-Wave controller. This procedure should only be used when the primary controller is inoperable.

LED will blink fast for 5 seconds and then keep solid for 3 seconds, after that Door/Window Sensor will send Device_Reset_Locally to the main controller and exclude from the Z-Wave network.Please use this procedure only when the network primary controller is missing or otherwise inoperable.

Inclusion/Exclusion

On factory default the device does not belong to any Z-Wave network. The device needs to be **added to an existing wireless network** to communicate with the devices of this network. This process is called **Inclusion**.

Devices can also be removed from a network. This process is called **Exclusion**. Both processes are initiated by the primary controller of the Z-Wave network. This controller is turned into exclusion respective inclusion mode. Inclusion and Exclusion is then performed doing a special manual action right on the device.

Inclusion

Add for inclusion: 1).Insert the battery.2).Set the Z-Wave network main controller into learning mode.3).Triggering this action button.4).If the add for inclusion is successful, the LED will blink fast and then keep on 3 seconds. Otherwise, the LED will blink 25 seconds and then turn off, in which case you need to repeat the process from step

Exclusion

Remove for exclusion;1.Insert the CR battery.2.Set the Z-Wave network main controller into exclusion mode.3.Triggering this action button.If the remove for exclusion is successful, the LED will blink fast and turn off. Otherwise, the LED will keep solid for 2 seconds and then turn off, in which case you need to repeat the process from step 2.

Communication to a Sleeping device (Wakeup)

This device is battery operated and turned into deep sleep state most of the time to save battery life time. Communication with the device is limited. In order to communicate with the device, a static controller **C** is needed in the network. This controller will maintain a mailbox for the battery operated devices and store commands that can not be received during deep sleep state. Without such a controller, communication may become impossible and/or the battery life time is significantly decreased.

This device will wakeup regularly and announce the wakeup state by sending out a so called Wakeup Notification. The controller can then empty the mailbox. Therefore, the device needs to be configured with the desired wakeup interval and the node ID of the controller. If the device was included by

a static controller this controller will usually perform all necessary configurations. The wakeup interval is a tradeoff between maximal battery life time and the desired responses of the device. To wakeup the device please perform the following action:

1. Short press 3 time.2. LED will blink one time; sending wake up notification cc

Quick trouble shooting

Here are a few hints for network installation if things dont work as expected.

1. Make sure a device is in factory reset state before including. In doubt exclude before include.
2. If inclusion still fails, check if both devices use the same frequency.
3. Remove all dead devices from associations. Otherwise you will see severe delays.
4. Never use sleeping battery devices without a central controller.
5. Dont poll FLIRS devices.
6. Make sure to have enough mains powered device to benefit from the meshing

Association – one device controls an other device

Z-Wave devices control other Z-Wave devices. The relationship between one device controlling another device is called association. In order to control a different device, the controlling device needs to maintain a list of devices that will receive controlling commands. These lists are called association groups and they are always related to certain events (e.g. button pressed, sensor triggers, …). In case the event happens all devices stored in the respective association group will receive the same wireless command wireless command, typically a ‘Basic Set’ Command.

Association Groups:

Group NumberMaximum NodesDescription

1	5	1. Notification Report.Sensor will send Notification Report when the supported event is triggered.2. Batte ry Report.Sensor will send Battery Report when the battery level is low and the battery reports value is 0 xFF.3. Device Reset Locally.
2	5	1.Basic SetSensor will send Basic Set when the sensor body and magnet removed or combined.

Configuration Parameters

Z-Wave products are supposed to work out of the box after inclusion, however certain configuration can adapt the function better to user needs or unlock further enhanced features.

IMPORTANT: Controllers may only allow configuring signed values. In order to set values in the range 128 … 255 the value sent in the application shall be the desired value minus 256. For example: To set a parameter to 200â€ˆit may be needed to set a value of 200 minus 256 = minus 56. In case of a two byte value the same logic applies: Values greater than 32768 may needed to be given as negative values too.

Parameter 10: Level of low battery

This parameter defines a battery level as the low battery.
Size: 1 Byte, Default Value: 10

SettingDescription

0 – 50	%

Parameter 14: Enable/Disable BASIC SET command

Door/Window Sensor can send BASIC SET command to nodes associated with group 2
Size: 1 Byte, Default Value: 0

SettingDescription

0	Disable
1	Enable

Parameter 15: Value of the BASIC SET

Door/Window Sensor can reverse its value of BASIC SET when the magnet is triggered.
Size: 1 Byte, Default Value: 0

SettingDescription

0	Send BASIC SET VALUE = 255 to nodes associated with group 2 when door/window is opened.Send BASIC SET VALUE = 0 to nodes associated with group 2 when door/window is closed.
1	Send BASIC SET VALUE = 0 to nodes associated with group 2 when door/window is opened.Send BASIC SET VALUE = 255 to nodes associated with group 2 when door/window is closed.

Parameter 254: Enable/disable the configuration command

Lock/unlock all configuration parameters.
Size: 1 Byte, Default Value: 0

SettingDescription

0	Unlock
1	Lock

Technical Data

Hardware Platform	ZM5101
Device Type	Notification Sensor
Network Operation	Reporting Sleeping Slave
Firmware Version	HW: 32 FW: 1.08
Z-Wave Version	6.71.01
Certification ID	ZC10-18036058
Z-Wave Product Id	0x0300.0x0200.0x0008
Supported Notification Types	Access ControlHome Security
Sensors	Open/Closed (Binary)
Firmware Updatable	Updatable by Consumer by RF
Security V2	S2_UNAUTHENTICATED ,S2_AUTHENTICATED
Frequency	XXfrequency
Maximum transmission power	XXantenna

Supported Command Classes

- Association Grp Info
- Association V2
- Battery
- Configuration
- Device Reset Locally
- Firmware Update Md V4
- Manufacturer Specific V2
- Notification V8
- Powerlevel
- Security
- Security 2
- Supervision
- Transport Service V2
- Version V2
- Wake Up V2
- Zwaveplus Info V2

Controlled Command Classes

- Basic

Explanation of Z-Wave specific terms

- **Controller** — is a Z-Wave device with capabilities to manage the network.
  Controllers are typically Gateways,Remote Controls or battery operated wall controllers.

- **Slave** — is a Z-Wave device without capabilities to manage the network. Slaves can be sensors, actuators and even remote controls.
- **Primary Controller** — is the central organizer of the network. It must be a controller. There can be only one primary controller in a Z-Wave network.
- **Inclusion** — is the process of adding new Z-Wave devices into a network.
- **Exclusion** — is the process of removing Z-Wave devices from the network.
- **Association** — is a control relationship between a controlling device and a controlled device.
- **Wakeup Notification** — is a special wireless message issued by a Z-Wave device to announces that is able to communicate.
- **Node Information Frame** — is a special wireless message issued by a Z-Wave device to announce its capabilities and functions.