



LANTRONIX SARA-R5 Series NB-IoT Modules User Manual

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LANTRONIX SARA-R5 Series NB-IoT Modules



Document information

- **Title** SARA-R500S-01B
- **Subtitle** LTE-M / NB-IoT modules
- **Document type** Data sheet

Product Status	Corresponding content status	
Functional sample	Draft	For functional testing. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.
In development / Prototype	Objective specification	Target values. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.
Engineering sample	Advance information	Data based on early testing. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.
Initial production	Early production information	Data from product verification. Revised and supplementary data may be published later.
Mass production / End of life	Production information	The document contains the final product specification.

Functional description

Overview

- SARA-R500S-01B, general purpose LTE Cat M1 / LTE Cat NB2 product designed for multi-regional deployments

The miniature SARA LGA form factor (26.0 x 16.0 mm, 96-pin) allows easy integration into compact designs and seamless drop-in migration from other LTRX cellular module families. SARA-R5 series modules are form-factor compatible with the LTRX LISA, LARA and TOBY cellular module families and they are pin-to-pin compatible with the u-blox SARA-R4, SARA-N2, SARA-N3, SARA-N4, SARA-G3, SARA-G4 and SARA-U2 cellular modules families. This facilitates migration from other LTRX LPWA modules as well as from other LTRX GSM/GPRS, CDMA, UMTS/HSPA and higher LTE categories modules, maximizing customer investments, simplifying logistics, and enabling very short time-to-market. SARA-R500S-01B modules provide software-based multi-band configurability enabling international multi-regional coverage in LTE Cat M1 / NB2 radio access technologies, supporting a comprehensive set of 3GPP Rel. 14 features that are relevant for IoT applications. SARA-R500s modules offer data communications up to 1200 kbit/s over an extended operating temperature range of $-40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, with low power consumption, and coverage enhancement for a deeper range into buildings and basements (and underground with NB2).

Block diagram

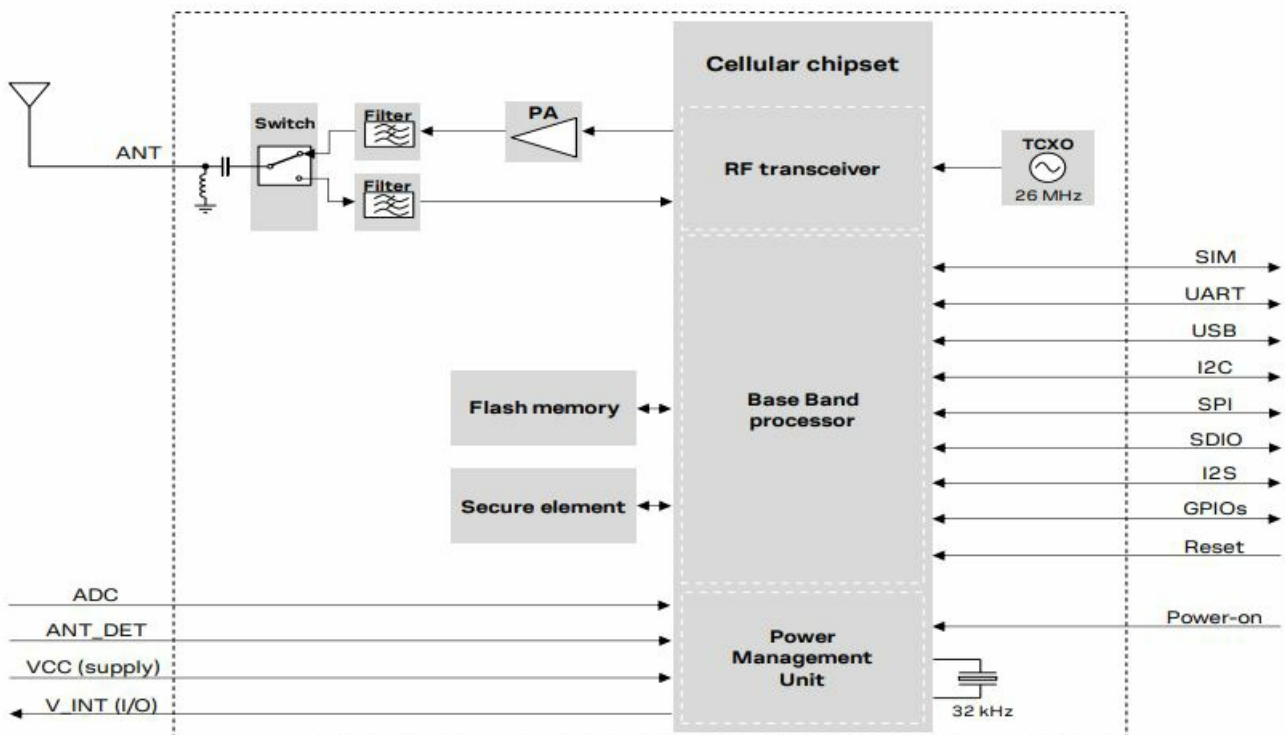


Figure 1: SARA-R500 block diagram

1.4 Product description

Item **SARA-R500S-01B**

Cellular protocol stack 3GPP Rel.13 LTE Cat M1 and NB1

3GPP Rel.14 LTE Cat M1: Coverage Enhancement Mode B, Uplink TBS of 2984b 3GPP Rel.14 LTE Cat NB2: Higher data rate (TBS of 2536b), Mobility enhancement (RRC connection re-establishment), E-Cell ID, two HA RQ processes, Release Assistant, Random access on Non-Anchor Carrier

Cellular RAT LTE Cat M1 Half-Duplex LTE Cat NB2 Half-Duplex

Cellular operating bands	LTE FDD band 1 (2100 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 2 (1900 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 3 (1800 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 4 (1700 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 5 (850 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 8 (900 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 12 (700 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 13 (750 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 18 (850 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 19 (850 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 20 (800 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 25 (1900 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 26 (850 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 28 (700 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 66 (1700 MHz)
	LTE FDD band 71 (600 MHz)
LTE FDD band 85 (700 MHz)	

Cellular power class	LTE power class 3 (23 dBm)	LTE power class 3 (23 dBm)
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Cellular data rate	LTE category M1: up to 1200 kbit/s UL, up to 375 kbit/s DL LTE category NB2: up to 140 kbit/s UL, up to 125 kbit/s DL
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AT command support

The SARA-R500s modules support AT commands according to the 3GPP standards TS 27.007 [4], TS 27.005 [5], TS 27.010 [6].

- For the complete list of all supported AT commands and their syntax, see SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1].

Supported features

Table 3 lists some of the main features supported by SARA-R500s modules. For more details, see the SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2] and the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1].

Feature	Description
Device security	<p>An immutable chip ID and hardware-based Root of Trust (RoT) embedded in a dedicated Common Criteria EAL5+ high certified Secure Element¹ provide foundational security and a unique device identity.</p> <p>Device security features include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Secure boot: software authenticity and integrity • Secure update: secure delivery of the correct FW to the module • Anticlone detection and rejection¹: system automatically identifies and blocks clones that use the same RoT
Data security ¹	<p>Secure libraries allow generation of hardware-backed crypto functions and keys for local encryption to secure local file storage and for end-to-end encryption.</p> <p>Data security features include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local data protection: symmetric crypto functions via AT command to locally encrypt / decrypt and authenticate data (e.g. certificates, tokens) on the device. Allows also secure local storage of sensitive information in a non-secure location (e.g. in "standard" device memory) • Local chip-to-chip (C2C) security: unique cryptographic pairing between the MCU of the device and u-blox module by providing confidentiality, integrity, mutual authentication for their communication channel (e.g. UART interface) • E2E symmetric KMS: highly scalable method to provision and manage a session unique PSK available in cloud via REST API. Up to 8 times reduction in secure communication data overhead reducing data power consumption and cost • E2E data protection: minimize data traffic and power encrypting data on a device and decrypting asynchronously in cloud independent of protocols, servers, platforms or time before reaching final destination • E2E data integrity²: sign data on a device and verify the signature asynchronously in cloud
Secure access management ¹	<p>Allow only authenticated access to device and features, safely manage changes of device ownership and provide out-of-the-box, simple, secure and cost effective zero touch onboarding to popular IoT cloud platforms.</p> <p>Access management features include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Change of ownership: efficient way to change the ownership and to apply the policies / authorizations of the new owner, even if the device is already in the field • Zero touch provisioning for AWS and Azure: out-of-the-box, simple, secure and cost effective AWS and Azure onboarding
MQTT Anywhere ³ , MQTT Flex ³	<p>With u-blox's communication services – MQTT Anywhere or MQTT Flex – data overhead, time spent on-the-air, and energy consumption can be reduced, thus enabling users to extend device life cycles, lower costs, and improve ROI.</p>
Integrated GNSS receiver ⁴	<p>SARA-R510M8S modules are pre-integrated with a u-blox UBX-M8030 concurrent GNSS chipset with SPG 3.01 firmware version, comprehensive of a dedicated GNSS antenna interface, additional LNA and SAW filter for a highly reliable, accurate positioning data.</p> <p>The GNSS system is totally independent from the LTE system and can run concurrently to a LTE communication.</p>

Feature	Description
External GNSS control via modem 5	<p>Access to external u-blox GNSS positioning chips and modules through I2C interface.</p> <p>This means that any external host processor can control the SARA-R500E, SARA-R500S or SARA-R510S cellular module and the u-blox GNSS chip/module through a single serial port.</p>

Embedded AssistNow Software	Embedded AssistNow Online and AssistNow Offline clients are available to provide better GNSS performance and faster Time-to-First-Fix. An AT command can enable/disable the clients.
CellLocate®	<p>Enables the estimation of device position based on the parameters of the mobile network cells visible to the specific device based on the CellLocate® database.</p> <p>CellLocate® is available via a set of AT commands for CellLocate® service configuration and position requests.</p>
Hybrid Positioning	<p>Provides the module's current position using a u-blox positioning chip or module (external for SARA-R500E / SARA-R500S / SARA-R510S, integrated UBX-M8 chip for SARA-R510M8S) or</p> <p>the estimated position from CellLocate®, depending on which positioning method provides the best and fastest solution according to the user configuration.</p> <p>Hybrid positioning is implemented through a set of AT commands that allow the configuration and the position request.</p>
CellTime	<p>Returns accurate timing retrieved from the LTE network and/or from the u-blox positioning chip or module (external for the SARA-R500E / SARA-R500S / SARA-R510S cellular modules, integrated UBX-M8 chip for the SARA-R510M8S modules).</p> <p>Can be used to provide periodic time stamps to an external application processor or to output a time indication associated to an interrupt detected on a GPIO (e.g. coming from an external sensor connected to the module).</p> <p>The implementation of CellTime can be extended to control and maintain timing info in a network of sensors (each one integrating a SARA-R5 module).</p>
Antenna dynamic tuning	Control via two GPIOs and an external antenna matching IC according to the LTE band used by the module.
Embedded TCP and UDP stack	Embedded TCP/IP and UDP/IP stack including direct link mode for TCP and UDP sockets. Sockets can be set in Direct Link mode to establish a transparent end-to-end communication with an already connected TCP or UDP socket via the serial interface.
HTTP, HTTPS (v1.0 for +UHTTP, v1.1 for LwM2M client)	Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol as well as Secure Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol (SSL encryption) functionalities are supported via AT commands.
FTP, FTPS	File Transfer Protocol as well as Secure File Transfer Protocol (SSL encryption of FTP control channel) functionalities are supported by means of AT commands.
CoAP (RFC 7252) [11]	Embedded Constrained Application Protocol (CoAP) datagram-based client/server application protocol designed to easily translate from HTTP for simplified integration with the web.
MQTT (v3.1.1) and MQTT-SN (v1.2)	Embedded Message Queuing Telemetry Transport (MQTT) and MQTT for Sensor Networks (MQTT-SN) publish-subscribe messaging protocols designed for lightweight M2M communications over TCP (MQTT) or over UDP (MQTT-SN). These allow one-to-one, one-to-many and many-to-one communications over a TCP or UDP connection.

LwM2M with dynamically loaded objects (v1.0)	<p>The LwM2M is a light and compact communication protocol designed for managing IoT machine-to-machine communication between a LwM2M Server and a LwM2M Client located in lightweight, low power or resource-constrained LwM2M devices, with object data model.</p> <p>SARA-R5 series modules allow customers to configure dynamically loaded run time objects, define necessary custom objects, create instances of those objects as appropriate, and manage the module LwM2M protocol stack to interact with the LwM2M server.</p>
TLS (v1.0, v1.1, v1.2, v1.3) and DTLS (v1.2)	<p>Transport Layer Security (TLS) provides security for HTTP, FTP, MQTT and TCP communications.</p> <p>Embedded Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) provides security for CoAP, LwM2M, MQTT-SN and UDP communications.</p>
Jamming detection	<p>Detects “artificial” interference that obscures the operator’s carrier entitled to give access to the radio service and automatically reports the start and stop of such conditions to the application processor that can react accordingly.</p>

Interfaces

Power management

Module supply input (VCC)

SARA-R500S-01B modules must be supplied through the VCC pins by a proper external DC power supply providing a nominal voltage within the normal operating range (see Table 11). Voltage must be stable, because during operation the current drawn from VCC may vary significantly, based on the power consumption profile of the LTE Cat M1 and LTE Cat NB2 radio access technologies (described in the SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2]). The three VCC pins of SARA-R5 series modules are internally connected to both the internal Power Amplifier and the internal Power Management Unit, which integrates voltage regulators generating all the internal supply voltages needed by the module for the designed operations, as the supply voltage for the generic digital interfaces (V_INT), the supply voltage for the SIM interface (VSIM), and the supply voltage for the internal GNSS receiver. It is important that the system power supply circuit is able to withstand the maximum pulse current during a transmit burst at maximum power level (see Table 13).

Generic digital interfaces supply output (V_INT)

SARA-R5 series modules provide a 1.8 V supply rail output on the V_INT pin, which is internally generated when the module is switched on. The same voltage domain is used internally to supply the generic digital interfaces of the module. The V_INT supply output can be used in place of an external discrete regulator.

- It is recommended to provide accessible test point directly connected to the V_INT pin.

Antenna interface

Cellular antenna RF interface (ANT)

The ANT pin is the cellular RF antenna I/O interface, designed with 50 Ω characteristic impedance.

GNSS antenna RF interface (ANT_GNSS)

- The GNSS antenna RF interface is not supported by SARA-R500E, SARA-R500S, and SARA-R510S. The ANT_GNSS pin represents the GNSS RF input of the SARA-R510M8S modules, designed with 50

characteristic impedance and with an internal DC block, suitable for both active and/or passive GNSS antennas due to the built-in SAW filter followed by an LNA in front of the integrated high performing LTRX M8 concurrent positioning engine.

Antenna detection (ANT_DET)

The ANT_DET pin is an Analog to analog-to-digital converter (ADC) input with a current source provided by SARA-R5 series modules to sense the external antenna presence (as an optional feature), evaluating the DC resistance to GND by means of an externally implemented circuit (for more details, see the LTRX SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2] and the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1]).

System functions

Module power-on

When the SARA-R500E, SARA-R500S and SARA-R510M8S modules are not powered, they can be switched on as follows:

- Rising edge on the VCC supply input to a valid voltage for modules supply: the modules switch on applying VCC supply starting from a voltage value lower than 2.15 V, providing a fast enough VCC voltage slope, as it must ramp from 2.15 V to 3.0 V within 300 ms, and reach a regular nominal VCC voltage value within the operating range (see Table 11). When the SARA-R510S modules are not powered, they can be switched on as follows:
- Applying a voltage at the VCC module supply input within the operating range (see Table 11), and then forcing a low level at the PWR_ON input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for a valid period (see section 4.2.9, module switch on). When the SARA-R5 series modules are in power-off mode (i.e. switched off, but with a valid voltage present at the VCC module supply input within the operating range reported in Table 11), they can be switched on as follows:
- Forcing a low level at the PWR_ON input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for a valid period (see section 4.2.9, module switch-on). When the SARA-R5 series modules are in low-power PSM / eDRX6 deep-sleep mode, with a valid voltage present at the VCC module supply input within the operating range reported in Table 11, they can be woken up as follows:
- Forcing a low level at the PWR_ON input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for a valid period (see section 4.2.9, module early wake-up from PSM / eDRX deep-sleep). The PWR_ON line is intended to be driven by the open drain, open collector or contact switch.

Module power-off

The proper graceful power-off of the SARA-R5 series modules, with storage of the current parameter settings in the module's non-volatile memory and a clean network detach, can be triggered by:

- AT+CPWROFF command (see the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1]) A faster and safe power-off procedure of the modules, with storage of the current parameter settings in the module's non-volatile memory and without a clean network detach, can be triggered by:
- AT+CFUN=10 command (see the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1])
- Toggling the GPIO input configured with the faster and safer power-off function (see section 2.7) An abrupt emergency hardware shutdown of the modules, without saving current parameter settings in the module's non-volatile memory and without clean network detach, can be executed by:

- Forcing a low pulse at the PWR_ON and RESET_N input pins, in the proper sequence described in section 4.2.9 with details in Figure 6
- It is recommended to provide an accessible test point directly connected to the PWR_ON input pin.

An abrupt under-voltage shutdown occurs on SARA-R5 series modules when the VCC supply is removed. If this occurs, it is not possible to store the current parameter settings in the module's non-volatile memory or to perform the proper network detach.

An over-temperature or an under-temperature shutdown occurs on the SARA-R5 series modules when the temperature measured within the module reaches the dangerous area (see section 4.2.16), if the optional "Smart temperature supervisor" feature is enabled and configured by the dedicated AT command (see the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1], +USTS AT command).

Module reset

SARA-R5 series modules can be reset (re-booted), saving current parameter settings in the module's non-volatile memory and performing a proper network detach, by:

- AT+CFUN=16 command (for other options and further details, see the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1]). This causes a graceful software reset of the module. An abrupt software reset of the module is executed by applying a low pulse at the RESET_N input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for a valid time period (see section 4.2.10). The current parameter settings are not saved in the module's non-volatile memory and a proper network detach is not performed.

The RESET_N line is intended to be driven by open drain, open collector or contact switch.

- It is recommended to provide accessible test point directly connected to the RESET_N input pin.

SIM

- The external SIM interface is not supported by the SARA-R500E modules.

SIM interface

SARA-R5 series modules provide the VSIM, SIM_IO, SIM_CLK, SIM_RST pins as an interface to connect an external SIM card/chip. Both 1.8 V and 3.0 V SIM types are supported. Activation and deactivation with an automatic voltage switch from 1.8 V to 3.0 V is implemented according to the ISO-IEC 7816-3 specifications.

SIM detection

The GPIO5 pin of SARA-R5 series modules is a 1.8 V digital input which can be configured as an external interrupt to detect the SIM card presence (as a feature which can be optionally used), as intended to be properly connected to the mechanical switch of an external SIM card holder. For more details, see the SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2] and the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1].

Serial communication

The SARA-R5 series provides the following serial communication interfaces:

- UART interfaces, available for communications with host application processor (2.5.1)
- USB 2.0 compliant interface, available for diagnostics only (2.5.2)
- SPI interfaces, available for communications with external SPI devices and for diagnostic (2.5.3)
- SDIO interface, available for communications with external SDIO devices (2.5.4)
- I2C bus compatible interface, available for communications with external I2C devices (2.5.5)

UART interfaces

The SARA-R5 series modules include 1.8 V unbalanced asynchronous serial interfaces (UART) for communication with external application host processor(s). UART can be configured by a dedicated AT command in the following variants:

- Variant 0 (default configuration), consists of a single UART interface that supports AT commands, data communication, multiplexer protocol functionality, FW update using FOAT or using the u-blox EasyFlash tool, and provides the following lines:
 - data lines (RXD as output, TXD as input),
 - hardware flow control lines (CTS as output, RTS as input),
 - modem status and control lines (DTR as input, RI as output)
- Variant 1, consists of a single UART interface that supports AT commands, data communication, multiplexer protocol functionality, FW update using FOAT or using the u-blox EasyFlash tool, and provides the following lines:
 - data lines (RXD as output, TXD as input),
 - hardware flow control lines (CTS as output, RTS as input),
 - modem status and control lines (DTR as input, DSR as output, DCD as output, RI as output)
- Variants 2, 3 and 4, consists of two UART interfaces plus ring indicator function:
 - First primary UART interface supports AT commands, data communication, multiplexer protocol functionality, FW update using FOAT or using the u-blox EasyFlash tool, and provides the following lines:
 - data lines (RXD as output, TXD as input),
 - hardware flow control lines (CTS as output, RTS as input),
 - Second auxiliary UART interface supports AT commands (variant 2 only), data communication (variant 2 only), FW update using FOAT (variant 2 only), diagnostic trace logging (variant 3 only), and GNSS tunnelling (variant 4 only), and provides the following lines:
 - data lines (DCD as data output, DTR as data input),
 - hardware flow control lines (RI as flow control output, DSR as flow control input),
 - Ring indicator function over the GPIO pin configured with RI function (see section 2.7)

UART general features, valid for all variants, are:

- Serial port with RS-232 functionality conforming to the ITU-T V.24 recommendation [8], with CMOS compatible levels (0 V for low data bit or ON state, and 1.8 V for high data bit or OFF state)
- Hardware flow control (default value) or none flow control is supported
- UART power saving indication available on the hardware flow control output, if hardware flow control is enabled: the line is driven to the OFF state when the module is not prepared to accept data by the UART interface
- One-shot autobauding is supported and it is enabled by default: automatic baud rate detection is performed only once, at module start-up. After the detection, the module works at the fixed baud rate (the detected one) and the baud rate can only be changed via AT command (see SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1])
- The following baud rates are supported and can be auto-detected: 9600 bit/s, 19200 bit/s, 38400 bit/s, 57600 bit/s, 115200 bit/s, 230400 bit/s, 460800 bit/s, 921600 bit/s
- The following baud rates are supported but cannot be auto-detected: 3000000 bit/s, 3250000 bit/s
- The default frame format is 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit)
- Following frame formats are supported: 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit), 8N2 (8 data bits, no parity, 2

stop bit), 8E1 (8 data bits, even parity, 1 stop bit), 8O1 (8 data bits, odd parity, 1 stop bit), 7N1 (7 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit), 7E1 (7 data bits, even parity, 1 stop bit), 7O1 (7 data bits, odd parity, 1 stop bit) The UART interfaces can be conveniently configured through AT commands. For more details, see the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1] and SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2].

- It is highly recommended to provide accessible test points directly connected to the TXD and RXD pins for FW upgrade purposes.
- It is recommended to provide accessible test points directly connected to the DCD and DTR pins for diagnostic purposes.

Multiplexer protocol

SARA-R5 series modules include multiplexer functionality as per 3GPP TS 27.010 [6] on the UART interface physical link. This is a data link protocol that uses HDLC-like framing and operates between the module (DCE) and the application processor (DTE), allowing several simultaneous sessions over the physical link (UART). When USIO variant 0 or 1 is set, the following virtual channels are defined:

- Channel 0: control channel
- Channel 1 – 3: AT commands/data communication
- Channel 4: GNSS tunnelling

When USIO variant 2 is set, AT commands and data communication are available on the second auxiliary UART and the following virtual channels are defined on the primary UART:

- Channel 0: control channel
- Channel 1 – 2: AT commands/data communication
- Channel 3: GNSS tunnelling

When USIO variant 3 is set, the diagnostic trace log is available on the second auxiliary UART and the following virtual channels are defined on the primary UART:

- Channel 0: control channel
- Channel 1 – 3: AT commands/data communication
- Channel 4: GNSS tunnelling

When USIO variant 4 is set, GNSS tunnelling is available on the second auxiliary UART, and the following virtual channels are defined on the primary UART:

- Channel 0: control channel
- Channel 1 – 3: AT commands/data communication

USB interface

SARA-R5 series modules include a high-speed USB 2.0 compliant interface with a maximum 480 Mbit/s data rate according to the USB 2.0 specification [9]. The module itself acts as a USB device and can be connected to any USB host equipped with compatible drivers. The USB interface is available for diagnostic purposes only. The USB_D+ / USB_D- lines carry the USB data and signaling, while the VUSB_DET pin represents the input to enable the USB interface by applying an external valid USB VBUS voltage (5.0 V typical).

It is highly recommended to provide accessible test points directly connected to the USB interface pins (VUSB_DET, USB_D+, USB_D-) for diagnostic purpose.

SPI interfaces

- The SPI interfaces are not supported by the “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, and “71B” product versions of SARA-R5 series modules, except for diagnostic purposes. SARA-R5 series modules include 1.8V Serial Peripheral Interfaces available for communications with external SPI target devices, or with the module acting as SPI controller, for diagnostic purposes.

SDIO interface

- The SDIO interface is not supported by the “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, and “71B” product versions of SARA-R5 series modules. SARA-R5 series modules include a 1.8V 4-bit Secure Digital Input Output interface over the SDIO_D0, SDIO_D1, SDIO_D2, SDIO_D3, SDIO_CLK and SDIO_CMD pins, with the module acting as an SDIO controller, available for communications with compatible external SDIO devices, and for diagnostic purpose.
- Accessible test points directly connected to the SDIO_D0, SDIO_D1, SDIO_D2 and SDIO_D3 pins may be provided for diagnostic purposes, alternatively to the highly recommended accessible test points provided on the USB interface pins.

I2C interface

- Communication with an external GNSS receiver is not supported by SARA-R510M8S modules. SARA-R5 series modules include a 1.8V I2C-bus compatible interface over the SDA and SCL pins, available to communicate with an external u-blox GNSS receiver and with external I2C devices as an audio codec: the SARA-R5 series module acts as an I2C controller that can communicate with I2C target devices per the I2C bus specifications [10].

Audio

- Audio is not supported by SARA-R5 series modules. SARA-R5 series modules include a 1.8V I2S digital audio interface over the I2S_TXD, I2S_RXD, I2S_CLK and I2S_WA pins, not supported by any product version.

ADC

- ADC is not supported by the “00B” product version of SARA-R5 series modules. SARA-R5 series modules include an Analog-to-Digital Converter input pin, ADC, configurable via a dedicated AT command (for further details, see the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1]).

GPIO

SARA-R5 series modules include pins that can be configured as general-purpose input/output or to provide custom functions as summarized in Table 4. For further details, see the SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2] and the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1], +UGPIOC, +UGPIOR, +UGPIOW AT commands).

Function	Description	Default GPIO	Configurable GP IOs
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General purpose output	Output to set high or low digital level	–	GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6
General purpose input	Input to sense high or low digital level	–	GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6
Network status indication	Output indicating cellular network status: registered, data transmission, no service	–	GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6
External GNSS supply enable ⁷	Output to enable/disable the supply of an external u-blox GNSS receiver connected to the cellular module by the I2C interface	–	GPIO2 ⁷
External GNSS data ready ⁷	Input to sense when an external u-blox GNSS receiver connected to the module is ready for sending data over the I2C interface	–	GPIO3 ⁷
SIM card detection ⁸	Input for SIM card physical presence detection, to optionally enable / disable SIM interface upon detection of external SIM card physical insertion / removal	–	GPIO5 ⁸
Module status indication	Output indicating module status: power-off or deep-sleep mode versus idle, active or connected mode	–	GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6
Module operating mode indication	Output indicating module operating mode: power-off, deep-sleep or idle mode versus active or connected mode	–	GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6
Ring indicator	Output providing events indicator	–	GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6
Last gasp	Input to trigger last gasp notification	–	GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3 ⁹ , GPIO4, GPIO6
Time pulse output	Output providing accurate time reference, as a sequence with configurable 10 PPS or as single time pulse, based on the GNSS system or the LTE system (CellTime)	–	GPIO6
Time stamp of external interrupt input	Input triggering via interrupt the generation of an URC time stamp over AT serial interface	–	EXT_INT
Faster and safe power-off	Input to trigger a faster and safe shutdown of the module (as triggered by AT+CFUN=10 command)	–	GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3 ⁹ , GPIO4, GPIO6
External GNSS time pulse ⁷	Input to receive an accurate time reference, as a sequence with configurable 10 PPS from an external GNSS system	–	SDIO_CMD ⁷
External GNSS time stamp of external interrupt ⁷	Output triggering via interrupt the generation of an URC time stamp from an external GNSS system	–	GPIO4 ⁷

Pin disabled	Tri-state with an internal active pull-down enabled	GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, EXT_INT, SDIO_CMD	GPIO1, GPIO2, GPIO3, GPIO4, GPIO5, GPIO6, EXT_INT, SDIO_CMD
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Cellular antenna dynamic tuner interface

SARA-R5 series modules include two output pins (named I2S_TXD and I2S_WA) that can optionally be used to control in real time an external antenna tuning IC, as the two pins change their output value dynamically according to the specific current LTE band in use by the module (see Table 5).

I2S_TXD	I2S_WA	LTE frequency band in use
0	0	B71 (< 700 MHz)
0	1	B12, B13, B28, B85 (700..800 MHz)
1	0	B5, B8, B18, B19, B20, B26 (800..900 MHz)
1	1	B1, B2, B3, B4, B25, B66 (> 1000 MHz)

Table 5: SARA-R5 series modules antenna dynamic tuning truth table

For design guidelines, see the SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2]. For details about how to enable the feature, see the SARA-R5 series AT commands manual [1], +UTEST=4 AT command.

GNSS peripheral outputs

- The GNSS peripheral output pins are not supported by SARA-R500E, SARA-R500S, SARA-R510S and SARA-R510M8S-00B product versions.

SARA-R510M8S modules provide the following 1.8 V peripheral output pins directly connected to the internal u-blox M8 GNSS chipset (as is illustrated in Figure 4):

- The ANT_ON output pin, over the I2S_RXD pin, can provide optional control for switching off power to an external active GNSS antenna or an external separate LNA. This facility is provided to help minimize power consumption in power save mode operation.
- The GEOFENCE output pin, over the I2S_CLK pin, can provide an optional indication of the geofencing status and can be used, for example, to wake up a host on activation.

Reserved pin (RSVD)

SARA-R5 series modules have a pin reserved for future use, marked as RSVD. This pin is to be left unconnected on the application board.

Pin definition

Pin assignment

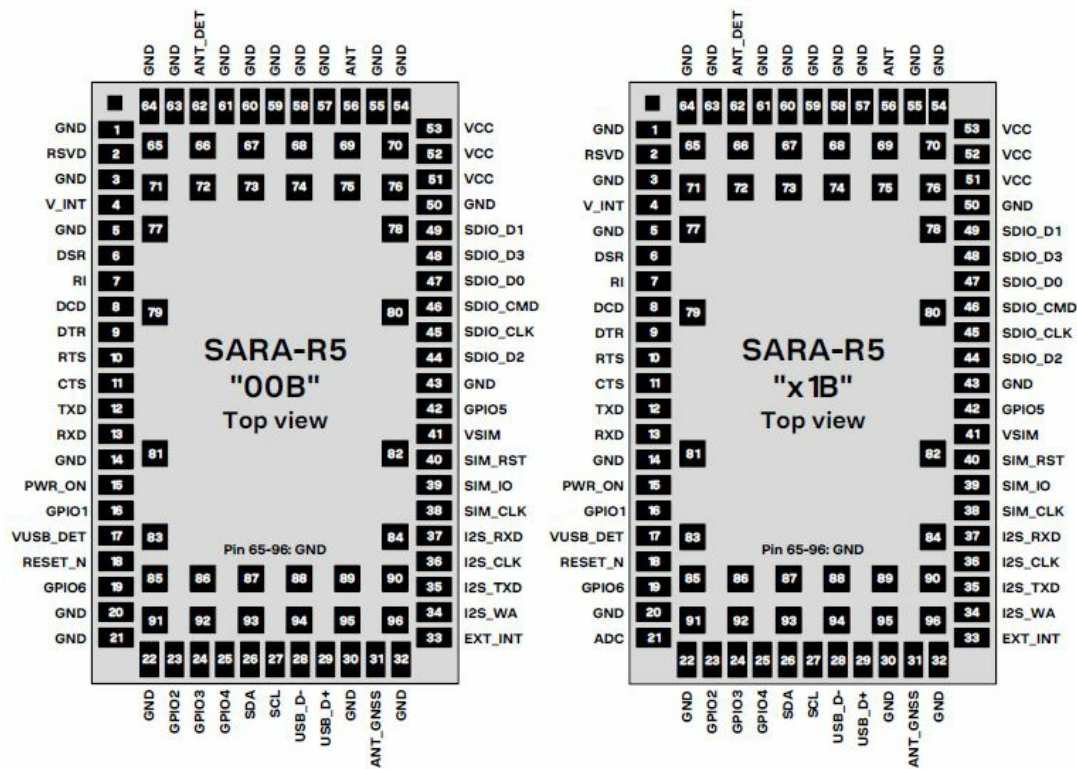


Figure 5: SARA-R5 series modules pin assignment (top view)

No.	Name	Power domain	I/O	Description	Remarks
1	GND	—	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to the ground.
2	RSVD	—	N/A	Reserved pin	Leave unconnected.
3	GND	—	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to the ground.
4	V_INT	—	O	Generic Digital Interfaces supply output	V_INT is generated by the module when is switched on. See section 2.1.2 for functional description. See section 4.2.3 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.
5	GND	—	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to the ground.
6	DSR	GDI	O/I	UART data set ready / AUX UART request to send	Circuit 107 in ITU-T V.24 (DSR output, push-pull, idle high, active low), alternatively configurable as Second Auxiliary UART RTS (HW flow control input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled). See section 2.5.1 for a functional description. See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.

No.	Name	Power domain	I/O	Description	Remarks
7	RI	GDI	O / O	UART ring indicator / AUX UART clear to send	<p>Circuit 125 in ITU-T V.24 (RI output, push-pull, idle high, active low), alternatively configurable as Second Auxiliary UART CTS (HW flow control output, push-pull, idle high, active low).</p> <p>See section 2.5.1 for functional description.</p> <p>See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.</p>
8	DCD	GDI	O / O	UART data carrier detect / AUX UART data output	<p>Circuit 109 in ITU-T V.24 (DCD output, push-pull, idle high, active low), alternatively settable as Second Auxiliary UART RXD (data output, push-pull, idle high, active low). Fixed push-pull.</p> <p>See section 2.5.1 for functional description.</p> <p>See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.</p>
9	DTR	GDI	I / I	UART data terminal ready / AUX UART data input	<p>Circuit 108/2 in ITU-T V. 24 (DTR input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled), alternatively settable as Second Auxiliary UART TXD (data input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled).</p> <p>See section 2.5.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.</p> <p>Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.</p>
10	RTS	GDI	I	UART request to send	<p>Circuit 105 in ITU-T V.24 (RTS flow control input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled).</p> <p>See section 2.5.1 for functional description.</p> <p>See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.</p>
11	CTS	GDI	O	UART clear to send	<p>Circuit 106 in ITU-T V.24 (CTS hardware flow control output, push-pull, idle high, active low).</p> <p>See section 2.5.1 for functional description.</p> <p>See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.</p>
12	TXD	GDI	I	UART data input	<p>Circuit 103 in ITU-T V.24 (TxD data input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled).</p> <p>See section 2.5.1 for functional description.</p> <p>See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for FW update purposes.</p>

13	RXD	GDI	O	UART data output	<p>Circuit 104 in ITU-T V.24 (RxD data output, push-pull, idle high, active low).</p> <p>See section 2.5.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.</p> <p>Provide test point for FW update purposes.</p>
14	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
15	PWR_ON	POS	I	Power-on input	<p>Internal active pull-up. Active low.</p> <p>See section 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 for functional description. See section 4.2.9 for detailed electrical specs.</p> <p>Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.</p>
16	GPIO1	GDI	I/O	GPIO	<p>Configurable GPIO. Push-pull output type. See section 2.8 for functional description.</p> <p>See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.</p>
17	VUSB_DET	USB	I	USB detect input	<p>Input for VBUS (5 V typical) USB supply sense.</p> <p>USB interface supported for diagnostic purpose only. See section 2.5.2 for functional description.</p> <p>See section 4.2.15 for detailed electrical specs.</p> <p>Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.</p>
18	RESET_N	GDI	I	External reset input	<p>Internal active pull-up. Active low.</p> <p>See section 2.3.3 for functional description. See section 4.2.10 for detailed electrical specs.</p> <p>Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.</p>

No.	Name	Power domain	I/O	Description	Remarks
19	GPIO6	GDI	I/O / O	GPIO / Time pulse output	Configurable GPIO, alternatively configurable as accurate time reference output. Push-pull output type.
					See section 2.8 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.
20	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.

21	GND 11	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
	ADC 12	ADC	I	ADC input	12-bit Analog to Digital Converter input. This pin can be externally connected to GND, if the ADC function is not needed in the application.
					See section 4.2.16 for detailed electrical characteristics.
22	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
23	GPIO2	GDI	I/O	GPIO	Configurable GPIO. Push-pull output type.
					See section 2.8 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.
24	GPIO3	GDI	I/O	GPIO	Configurable GPIO. Push-pull output type.
					See section 2.8 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.
25	GPIO4	GDI	I/O / O	GPIO / External GNSS time stamp of external interrupt 13	Configurable GPIO, alternatively configurable as output indicating the generation of an URC time stamp. Push-pull output type.
					See section 2.8 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.
26	SDA	I2C	I/O	I2C bus data line	Open drain output type.
					Internal active pull-up. Idle high, active low.
					See section 2.5.5 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.
27	SCL	I2C	O	I2C bus clock line	Open drain output type.
					Internal active pull-up. Idle high, active low.

					See section 2.5.5 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.
28	USB_D -	USB	I/O	USB Data Line D-	90 W nominal differential impedance.
					Pull-up, pull-down and series resistors, as required by the USB 2.0 specifications [9], are part of the USB pin driver and shall not be provided externally.
					USB interface supported for diagnostic purpose only.
					See section 2.5.2 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.15 for detailed electrical specs.
					Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.
29	USB_D +	USB	I/O	USB Data Line D+	90 W nominal differential impedance.
					Pull-up, pull-down and series resistors, as required by USB 2.0 specifications [9], are part of the USB pin driver and shall not be provided externally.
					USB interface supported for diagnostic purpose only.
					See section 2.5.2 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.15 for detailed electrical specs.
					Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.
30	GND	—	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.

No.	Name	Power domain	I/O	Description	Remarks
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31	ANT_GNSS14	–	I	GNSS antenna	RF input for GNSS Rx antenna.
					50 Ω nominal impedance.
					See section 2.2.2 and Table 2 for functional description.
32	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
33	EXT_INT	GDI	I	External interrupt	Configurable as interrupt input triggering the generation
					of an URC time stamp. Internal active pull-down enabled.
					See section 2.8 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.
34	I2S_WA	GDI	O /	I2S word alignment /	I2S not supported by “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, “71B” versions.
			O	Pin for antenna dynamic tuning	Configurable as pin for antenna dynamic tuning. Push-pull output type.
					See section 2.7 / 2.9 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.
35	I2S_TXD	GDI	O /	I2S transmit data /	I2S not supported by “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, “71B” versions.
			O	Pin for antenna dynamic tuning	Configurable as pin for antenna dynamic tuning. Push-pull output type.
					See section 2.7 / 2.9 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.
36	I2S_CLK	GDI	O	I2S clock	I2S not supported by “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, “71B” versions.
	GEOFEN CE15	GNS S	O	Geofencing status	Configurable to provide optional indication of the

				indication	geofencing status.
					See section 4.2.13 for detailed electrical specs.
37	I2S_RXD	GDI	I	I2S receive data	I2S not supported by “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, “71B” versions.
	ANT_ON15	GNSS	O	Antenna or LNA enable	External GNSS active antenna and/or LNA on/off signal
					driven by u-blox M8 chipset, connected to internal LNA.
					See section 4.2.13 for detailed electrical specs.
38	SIM_CLK	SIM	O	SIM clock	External SIM not supported by SARA-R500E modules.
					See section 2.4.1 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs.
39	SIM_IO	SIM	I/O	SIM data	External SIM not supported by SARA-R500E modules.
					See section 2.4.1 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs.
40	SIM_RST	SIM	O	SIM reset	External SIM not supported by SARA-R500E modules.
					See section 2.4.1 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs.
41	VSIM	–	O	SIM supply output	External SIM not supported by SARA-R500E modules.
					See section 2.4.1 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.11 for detailed electrical specs.
42	GPIO5	GDI	I/O /	GPIO /	Configurable GPIO, alternatively configurable as input pin
			I	SIM card detection 16	for SIM card detection. Push-pull output type.

					See sections 2.4.2 and 2.8 for functional description.
					See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.
43	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
44	SDIO_D2	GDI	I/O /	SDIO serial data [2] /	SDIO not supported by “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, “71B” versions
			O	SPI_CLK	The pin is alternatively configurable as SPI_CLK, for
					diagnostic purpose only. Push-pull output type.
45	SDIO_CLK	GDI	O	SDIO serial clock	SDIO not supported by “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, “71B” versions

- Not supported by SARA-R500S and SARA-R510S modules
- Not supported by “00B” products versions
- Not supported by SARA-R500E modules

No.	Name	Power domain	I/O	Description	Remarks
46	SDIO_CMD	GDI	I/O / I	SDIO command / External GNSS time pulse input 17	SDIO not supported by “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, and “71B” versions Configurable as input for external GNSS time pulse. Push-pull output type. See section 2.8 for a functional description. See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.
47	SDIO_D0	GDI	I/O / O	SDIO serial data [0] / SPI_MOSI	SDIO not supported by “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, “71B” versions The pin is alternatively configurable as SPI_MOSI, for diagnostic purposes only. Push-pull output type.
48	SDIO_D3	GDI	I/O / O	SDIO serial data [3] / SPI_CS	SDIO not supported by “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, “71B” versions The pin is alternatively configurable as SPI_CS, for diagnostic purposes only. Push-pull output type.
49	SDIO_D1	GDI	I/O / I	SDIO serial data [1] / SPI_MISO	SDIO not supported by “00B”, “01B”, “61B”, “71B” versions The pin is alternatively configurable as SPI_MISO, for diagnostic purpose only.

50	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
51	VCC	–	I	Module supply input	All VCC pins must be connected to external supply. See section 2.1.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.3 for detailed electrical specs.
52	VCC	–	I	Module supply input	All VCC pins must be connected to external supply. See section 2.1.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.3 for detailed electrical specs.
53	VCC	–	I	Module supply input	All VCC pins must be connected to external supply. See section 2.1.1 for functional description. See section 4.2.3 for detailed electrical specs.
54	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
55	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
56	ANT	–	I/O	Cellular antenna	RF input/output for Cellular Rx/Tx antenna. 50 W nominal impedance. See section 2.2.1 and 4.2.6 for details.
57	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
58	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
59	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
60	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to the ground.
61	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to the ground.
62	ANT_DET	ADC	I	Antenna detection	Antenna presence detection function. See section 2.2.3 for details. See section 4.2.7 for detailed electrical specs.
63	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
64	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.

65-96	GND	–	N/A	Ground	All the GND pins must be connected to ground.
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- For more information about pin-out, see the u-blox SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2].
- See appendix A for an explanation of the abbreviations and terms used.

Electrical specifications

Stressing the device above one or more of the ratings listed in the Absolute Maximum Rating section may cause permanent damage. These are stress ratings only. Operating the module at these or at any conditions other than those specified in the Operating Conditions sections (section 4.2) of the specification should be avoided. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- Electrical characteristics are defined according to the verification on a representative number of samples or according to the simulation.
- Where application information is given, it is advisory only and does not form part of the specification.

Absolute maximum rating

- The limiting values given below are per Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
VCC	Module supply voltage	Input DC voltage at VCC pins	-0.3	4.6	V
VUSB_DET	USB detection pin	Input DC voltage at VUSB_DET pin	-0.3	5.5	V
USB	USB D+/D- pins	Input DC voltage at USB interface pins	-0.3	3.6	V
GDI	Generic digital interfaces	Input DC voltage at Generic digital interfaces pins	-0.3	2.3	V
I2C	I2C interface	Input DC voltage at I2C interface pins	-0.3	2.3	V
GNSS	GNSS digital interfaces	Input DC voltage at GNSS digital interfaces pins	-0.3	2.3	V
SIM	SIM interface	Input DC voltage at SIM interface pins	-0.3	3.5	V
POS	Power-on input	Input DC voltage at PWR_ON pin	-0.3	4.6	V
ADC	ADC signal	Input DC voltage at ANT_DET and ADC pins	-0.3	2.3	V
P_RF	RF power	Input RF power at ANT pin		3	dBm
		Input RF power at ANT_GNSS pin		0	dBm
Rho_ANT	Antenna ruggedness	Output RF load mismatch ruggedness at ANT pins		10:1	VSWR
Tstg	Storage temperature		-40	+85	°C

The product is not protected against overvoltage or reversed voltages. If necessary, voltage spikes exceeding the voltage specifications given in the table above, must be limited to values within the specified boundaries by using appropriate protection devices.

Maximum ESD

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Remarks
ESD sensitivity for all pins		1000	V	Human Body Model according to JS-001-2017
		500	V	Charged Device Model according to JS-002-2018

- LTRX cellular modules are electrostatic-sensitive devices and require special precautions when handling. See section 7.3 for ESD handling instructions.

Operating conditions

- Unless otherwise indicated, all operating condition specifications are at an ambient temperature of +25 °C.
- Operation beyond the operating conditions is not recommended and extended exposure beyond them may

affect device reliability.

Operating temperature range

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Normal operating temperature	-20	+25	+65	°C	Operating within 3GPP / ETSI specifications
Extended operating temperature	-40		+85	°C	Operating with a possible slight deviation in RF performance outside the normal operating range

Thermal parameters

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Ψ_{M-A}	Module-to-Ambient thermal parameter		10		°C/W	Thermal characterization parameter $\Psi_{M-A} = (T_M - T_A) / P_H$ proportional to the delta between internal module temperature (T_M) and ambient temperature (T_A), due to heat power dissipation (P_H), with the module mounted on a 79 x 62 x 1.41 mm 4-Layer PCB with a high coverage of copper, in still air conditions
Ψ_{M-C}	Module-to-Case thermal parameter		2		°C/W	Thermal characterization parameter $\Psi_{M-C} = (T_M - T_C) / P_H$ proportional to the delta between internal module temperature (T_M) and ambient temperature (T_C), due to heat power dissipation (P_H), with the module mounted on a 79 x 62 x 1.41 mm 4-Layer PCB with a high coverage of copper, with a robust aluminium heat-sink and with forced air ventilation, i.e. reducing to a value close to 0 °C/W the thermal resistance from the case of the module to the ambient

Table 10: Thermal characterization parameters of the module

Supply/power pins

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
VCC	Module supply normal operating input voltage 18	3.3	3.8	4.4	V
	Module supply extended operating input voltage 19	3.0		4.5	V

Table 11: Input characteristics of the Supply/Power pins

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
VSIM	SIM supply output voltage with 1.8 V external SIM		1.8		V
	SIM supply output voltage with 3.0 V external SIM		3.0		V
V_INT	Generic Digital Interfaces supply output voltage		1.8		V
	Generic Digital Interfaces supply output current capability			70	mA

Table 12: Output characteristics of the Supply/Power pins

1. Operating within 3GPP / ETSI specifications.
2. Operating with possible slight deviation in RF performance outside normal operating range. The input voltage has to be above the extended operating range minimum limit to switch-on the module and to avoid possible switch-off of the module.
3. Typical values with matched antenna, VCC = 3.8 V

Current consumption

Mode	Condition	Tx power	Module	Min	Typ20	Max	Unit
Power-off mode	Average current value (power-off mode)	—	SARA-R510S		0.5		μA
			SARA-R500E SARA-R500S SARA-R510M8S		62		μA
PSM deep-sleep mode	Average current value (PSM deep-sleep mode)	—	SARA-R510S		0.5		μA
			SARA-R500E SARA-R500S SARA-R510M8S		62		μA
Cyclic deep-sleep / active mode (+UPS V: 1)	Average current value (eDRX deep-sleep mode21 rock bottom floor current)	—	SARA-R510S		0.5		μA
			SARA-R500E SARA-R500S SARA-R510M8S		62		μA
	Average current value	—	SARA-R510S		180		μA
	(DRX = 2.56 s, PTW = 20.48 s,						

	eDRX = 655.36 s, +UPSMVER: 822)		SARA-R500E SARA-R500S SARA-R510M8S		250		μA
Cyclic idle / active mode (+UPSV: 1)	Average current value (low power idle mode rock bottom floor current)	—	All		0.723		mA
	Average current value (DRX = 2.56 s, PTW = 20.48 s, eDRX = 655.36 s, +UPSMVER: 0)	—	All		0.723		mA
	Average current value (DRX = 2.56 s, no eDRX)	—	All		1.123		mA
	Average current value (DRX = 1.28 s, no eDRX)	—	All		1.523		mA
Idle mode (+UPSV: 1)	Average current value (airplane mode, +CFUN: 0)	—	All		0.723		mA
Active mode (+UPSV: 0)	Average current value (DRX = 1.28 s)	—	All		25		mA
LTE Cat M1 connected mode	Average current value (Tx / Rx data transfer)	Minimum	All		95		mA
		0 dBm	All		100		mA
		8 dBm	All		115		mA
		14 dBm	All		140		mA
		20 dBm	All		170		mA
		Maximum	All		195		mA
	Maximum current value (during Tx only)	Maximum	All		395		mA
LTE Cat NB2 connected mode	Average current value (Tx / Rx data transfer)	Minimum	All		85		mA
		0 dBm	All		90		mA
		8 dBm	All		100		mA
		14 dBm	All		110		mA

		20 dBm	All		125		mA
		Maximum	All		135		mA
	Maximum current value (during Tx only)	Maximum	All		395		mA

Mode / Condition	Min	Typ 24	Max	Unit
Average current value with power saving enabled (+UPSV: 1), UBX-R5 in PSM, UBX-M8 in cyclic tracking mode with 1 s update period (GPS)		13		mA
Average current value with power saving enabled (+UPSV: 1), UBX-R5 in PSM, UBX-M8 in cyclic tracking mode with 1 s update period (GPS & GLONASS)		14		mA
Average current value with power saving enabled (+UPSV: 1), UBX-R5 in PSM, UBX-M8 in continuous tracking mode (GPS & GLONASS)		41		mA
Average current value with power saving enabled (+UPSV: 1), UBX-R5 in DRX = 1.28 s, UBX-M8 in cyclic tracking mode with 1 s update period (GPS)		14		mA
Average current value with power saving enabled (+UPSV: 1), UBX-R5 in DRX = 1.28 s, UBX-M8 in cyclic tracking mode with 1 s update period (GPS & GLONASS)		15		mA
Average current value with power saving enabled (+UPSV: 1), UBX-R5 in DRX = 1.28 s, UBX-M8 in continuous tracking mode (GPS & GLONASS)		42		mA
Average current value with power saving disabled (+UPSV: 0), UBX-R5 in DRX = 1.28 s, UBX-M8 in continuous tracking mode (GPS & GLONASS)		64		mA
Average current value with power saving disabled (+UPSV: 0), UBX-R5 in DRX = 1.28 s, UBX-M8 in acquisition mode (GPS & GLONASS)		72		mA
Peak current value with power saving disabled (+UPSV: 0), UBX-R5 in DRX = 1.28 s, UBX-M8 in acquisition mode (GPS & GLONASS)		100		mA

Table 14: Indicative VCC current consumption of the SARA-R510M8S module with GNSS on

GNSS characteristics

Parameter	Condition	Value				
Receiver type		72-channel u-blox M8 engine GPS L1C/A, SBAS L1C/A, QZSS L1C/A, QZSS L1-SAIF, GLONASS L1OF, BeiDou B1I, Galileo E1B/C				
Operational limits ²⁵	Dynamics	≤ 4 g				
	Altitude	50'000 m				
	Velocity	500 m/s				
Velocity accuracy ²⁶		0.05 m/s				
Heading accuracy ²⁶		0.3 degrees				
GNSS		GPS & GLONASS	GPS	GLONASS	BeiDou	Galileo
Horizontal position accuracy ²⁷		2.5 m	2.5 m	4 m	3 m	3 m
Max navigation update rate		10 Hz	18 Hz	18 Hz	18 Hz	18 Hz
Time-To-First-Fix ²⁸	Cold start	26 s	29 s	30 s	34 s	45 s
	Aided starts ²⁹	2 s	2 s	2 s	3 s	7 s
Sensitivity	Tracking & Navigation	-167 dBm	-166 dBm	-166 dBm	-160 dBm	-159 dBm
	Reacquisition	-160 dBm	-160 dBm	-156 dBm	-157 dBm	-153 dBm
	Cold start	-148 dBm	-148 dBm	-145 dBm	-143 dBm	-138 dBm

Table 15: GNSS characteristics and performance of the SARA-R510M8S module

- Typical values with matched antenna, VCC = 3.8 V
- Assuming Airborne < 4 g platform
- 50% @ 30 m/s
- CEP, 50%, 24 hours static, -130 dBm, > 6 SVs
- All satellites at -130 dBm, except Galileo at -127 dBm
- Dependent on aiding data connection speed and latency
- Time pulse/time stamp is always generated by the UBX-R5 cellular chipset after the process of the GNSS time pulse signal.

LTE RF characteristics

The LTE Cat M1 / NB2 bands supported by SARA-R5 series modules are defined in Table 2, while the following Table 16 describes the frequency ranges for each LTE band as per 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7].

Parameter		Min.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Frequency range FDD band 71 (600 MHz)	Uplink	663	698	MHz	Module transmits
	Downlink	617	652	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range FDD band 12 (700 MHz)	Uplink	699	716	MHz	Module transmits
	Downlink	729	746	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range FDD band 28 (700 MHz)	Uplink	703	748	MHz	Module transmits
	Downlink	758	803	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range FDD band 85 (700 MHz)	Uplink	698	716	MHz	Module transmits
	Downlink	728	746	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range FDD band 13 (750 MHz)	Uplink	777	787	MHz	Module transmits
	Downlink	746	756	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range FDD band 20 (800 MHz)	Uplink	832	862	MHz	Module transmits
	Downlink	791	821	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range FDD band 26 (850 MHz)	Uplink	814	849	MHz	Module transmits
	Downlink	859	894	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range FDD band 18 (850 MHz)	Uplink	815	830	MHz	Module transmits
	Downlink	860	875	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range FDD band 5 (850 MHz)	Uplink	824	849	MHz	Module transmits
	Downlink	869	894	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range FDD band 19 (850 MHz)	Uplink	830	845	MHz	Module transmits
	Downlink	875	890	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range FDD band 8 (900 MHz)	Uplink	880	915	MHz	Module transmits

	Downlink	925	960	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range	Uplink	1710	1755	MHz	Module transmits
FDD band 4 (1700 MHz)	Downlink	2110	2155	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range	Uplink	1710	1780	MHz	Module transmits
FDD band 66 (1700 MHz)	Downlink	2110	2200	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range	Uplink	1710	1785	MHz	Module transmits
FDD band 3 (1800 MHz)	Downlink	1805	1880	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range	Uplink	1850	1910	MHz	Module transmits
FDD band 2 (1900 MHz)	Downlink	1930	1990	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range	Uplink	1850	1915	MHz	Module transmits
FDD band 25 (1900 MHz)	Downlink	1930	1995	MHz	Module receives
Frequency range	Uplink	1920	1980	MHz	Module transmits
FDD band 1 (2100 MHz)	Downlink	2110	2170	MHz	Module receives

Table 16: LTE operating RF frequency bands

SARA-R5 series modules include a UE Power Class 3 LTE Cat M1 / NB2 transmitter (see Table 2) and an LTE receiver, with output power and characteristics according to 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7].

- The “00B” product version of SARA-R5 series modules and SARA-R500E modules do not support the LTE NB-IoT Radio Access Technology.
- The “00B” product version of SARA-R5 series modules do not support LTE FDD bands 66, 71, 85. SARA-R5 series modules’ LTE receiver characteristics are compliant to 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7], with LTE-conducted receiver sensitivity performance described in Table 17 and Table 18.

Parameter	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Receiver input sensitivity Band 71 (600 MHz)		-108.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 12 / 28 / 85 (700 MHz)		-108.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 13 (750 MHz)		-108.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 20 (800 MHz)		-108.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 5 / 18 / 19 / 26 (850 MHz)		-107.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 8 (900 MHz)		-107.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 3 (1800 MHz)		-107.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 2 / 25 (1900 MHz)		-107.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 1 / 4 / 66 (2100 MHz)		-107.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Condition: 50 W, throughput > 95%, QPSK modulation, other settings as per clause 7.3EA of 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7]					

Table 17: LTE Cat M1 receiver sensitivity performance

Parameter	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Receiver input sensitivity Band 71 (600 MHz)		-116.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 12 / 28 / 85 (700 MHz)		-116.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 13 (750 MHz)		-116.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 20 (800 MHz)		-115.5		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 5 / 18 / 19 / 26 (850 MHz)		-115.5		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 8 (900 MHz)		-115.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 3 (1800 MHz)		-114.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 2 / 25 (1900 MHz)		-115.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Receiver input sensitivity Band 1 / 4 / 66 (2100 MHz)		-115.0		dBm	Without repetitions
Condition: 50 W, throughput > 95%, other settings as per clause 7.3F of 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7]					

Condition: 50Ω, throughput > 95%, other settings as per clause 7.3F of 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [7]

Table 18: LTE Cat NB2 receiver sensitivity performance

ANT_DET pin

Pin Name	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
ANT_DET	Output DC current pulse value		3		μA	
	Output DC current pulse time length		20		ms	

Time pulse

Parameter		Specification	Unit
Accuracy of time pulse/time stamp	GNSS source 30	RMS 99% 50 100	ns ns
	LTE source	RMS 99% 500 1	ns μs
Configurable31 period of time pulse		0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0 or 4.0	s

PWR_ON pin

Parameter	Module	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Low-level input	All	-0.3		0.3	V	
Pull-up resistance	All		10		kΩ	Integrated pull-up to internal rail
Low-level input current	All		-300		μA	
PWR_ON low time	SARA-R510S	1		2	s	Low time to trigger module switch-on from power-off mode
		1		2	s	Low time to trigger module early wake-up from PSM / eDRX32 deep-sleep
	SARA-R500E SARA-R500S SARA-R510M	0.1		2	s	Low time to trigger module switch-on from power-off mode
	8S	0.1		2	s	Low time to trigger module early wake-up from PSM / eDRX32 deep-sleep

The PWR_ON and RESET_N input lines have to be driven as described in Figure 6 to perform an abrupt emergency hardware shutdown of the SARA-R5 series modules:

- First, PWR_ON line has to be set to the LOW level
- Then, RESET_N line has to be set to the LOW level, keeping the PWR_ON line set to the LOW level
- Then, after at least 23 s (minimum) since the PWR_ON line has been set to the LOW level, the PWR_ON line has to be released to the HIGH level, keeping the RESET_N line set to the LOW level
- Then, after at least 1.5 s (minimum) since the PWR_ON line has been released to the HIGH level, the RESET_N line has to be released to the HIGH level

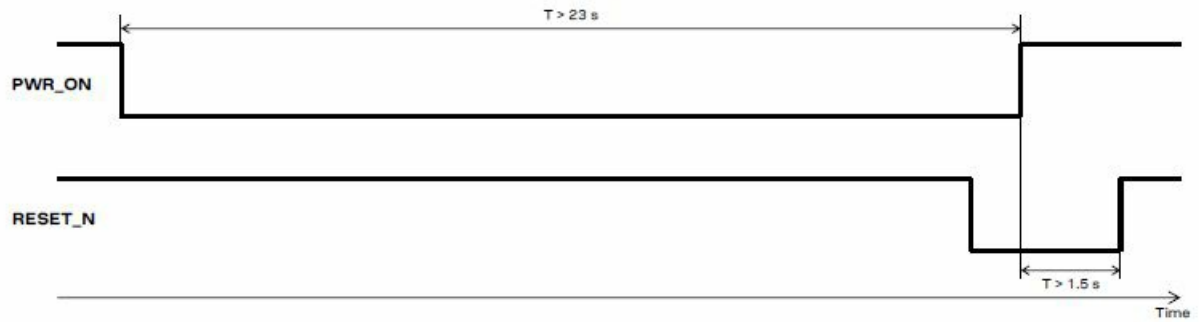


Figure 6: PWR_ON and RESET_N lines waveforms timings to perform an abrupt emergency hardware shutdown

1. The time pulse/time stamp is always generated by the UBX-R5 cellular chipset after the process of the GNSS time pulse signal.
2. Configurability not supported by “00B” products version; period is fixed to 1.0 s
3. eDRX deep-sleep is not supported by “00B” products version

RESET_N pin

Parameter	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Internal supply		1.8			Digital I/O Interfaces supply (V_INT)
Low-level input	-0.3		0.5	V	
Low-level input current	-18	-32	-56	μA	
RESET_N low time	100			ms	Low time to trigger module reset/reboot

SIM pins

The SIM pins are a dedicated interface to the external SIM card/chip. The electrical characteristics fulfill the regulatory specification requirements. The values in Table 23 are for information only.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Internal supply domain for SIM interface		1.8		V	VSIM, with external 1.8 V SIM type
		3.0		V	VSIM, with external 3.0 V SIM type
Low-level input	-0.3		0.2*VSIM	V	
High-level input	0.6*VSIM		VSIM+0.3	V	
Low-level output		0.0		V	
High-level output		VSIM		V	
Internal pull-up resistor on SIM_IO		4.7		kΩ	Internal pull-up to VSIM supply
Clock frequency on SIM_CLK		3.13		MHz	

Generic Digital Interfaces pins

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Remarks
Internal supply for GDI domain		1.8		V	Digital I/O Interfaces supply (V_INT)
Low-level input	-0.3		0.5	V	
High-level input	1.3		2.1	V	
Low-level output		0.0	0.4	V	
High-level output	1.4	1.8		V	
Input leakage current			1	μA	0 V < VIN < 1.8 V
Output high driver strength	3.28	5.22	7.92	mA	VOUT = 1.4
Output low driver strength	3.02	5.41	8.63	mA	VOUT = 0.4
Pull-up input current	-18	-32	-56	μA	
Pull-down input current	15	30	56	μA	

GNSS digital interfaces pins

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Remarks
Internal supply for GNSS domain		1.80		V	
Low-level output		0.00	0.40	V	
High-level output	1.40	1.80		V	

I2C pins

I2C lines (SCL and SDA) are compliant to the I2C-bus standard mode specification. See the I2C-bus specification [10] for detailed electrical characteristics.

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Remarks
Internal supply for I2C domain		1.8		V	Digital I/O Interfaces supply (V_INT)
Low-level input	-0.3		0.5	V	
High-level input	1.3		2.1	V	
Low-level output		0.0		V	
Pull-up input current		-450		μA	

USB pins

USB data lines (USB_D+ / USB_D-) are compliant with the USB 2.0 high-speed specification. See the Universal Serial Bus specification revision 2.0 [9] for detailed electrical characteristics. The values in Table 27 related to USB 2.0 high-speed physical layer specifications are for information only.

Parameter	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Remarks
VUSB_DET pin, High-level input	4.40	5.00	5.25	V	
High-speed squelch detection threshold (input differential signal amplitude)	100		150	mV	
High speed disconnect detection threshold (input differential signal amplitude)	525		625	mV	
High-speed data signaling input common mode voltage range	-50		500	mV	
High-speed idle output level	-10		10	mV	
High-speed data signaling output high level	360		440	mV	
High-speed data signaling output low level	-10		10	mV	
Chirp J level (output differential voltage)	700		1100	mV	
Chirp K level (output differential voltage)	-900		-500	mV	

ADC pin

Parameter	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Remarks
Resolution		12		Bits	
Input voltage range	0		1.2	V	
Input resistance		5		MW	With respect to GND

Smart temperature supervisor

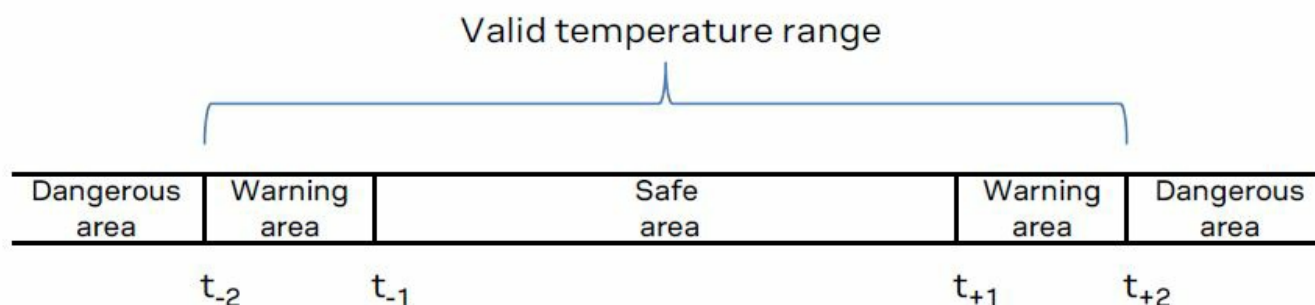


Figure 7: Temperature range and limits

Symbol	Parameter	Temperature
t-2	Low temperature shutdown	−40 °C
t-1	Low temperature warning	−30 °C
t+1	High temperature warning	+77 °C
t+2	High temperature shutdown	+97 °C

Table 29: Thresholds definition for the “Smart temperature supervisor” feature on the SARA-R5 series modules

- The sensor measures the board temperature inside the shield, which can differ from the ambient temperature.

Parameters for ATEX applications

This section provides useful parameters and information to integrate SARA-R5 series modules in applications intended for use in areas with potentially explosive atmospheres (ATEX), including:

- Total internal capacitance and inductance of the modules (see Table 30)
- Maximum RF output power at the antenna (ANT) pin of the modules (see Table 31)
 - For any device integrating the SARA-R5 series modules and intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres, check the detailed requisites on the pertinent normative for the application, as for example the IEC 60079-0 [12], IEC 60079-11 [13], and IEC 60079-26 [14] standards. The requirements must be fulfilled according to the exact applicable standards.
 - The certification of the application device that integrates a SARA-R5 series module and the compliance of the application device with all the applicable certification schemes, directives and standards required for use in potentially explosive atmospheres are the sole responsibility of the application device manufacturer.

Table 30 describes the maximum total internal capacitance and the maximum total internal inductance, considering internal parts tolerance, of the SARA-R5 series modules.

Module	Parameter	Description	Value	Unit
SARA-R500E, SARA-R500S	Ci	Maximum total internal capacitance	373	μF
	Li	Maximum total internal inductance	10.7	μH
SARA-R510S	Ci	Maximum total internal capacitance	379	μF
	Li	Maximum total internal inductance	10.7	μH
SARA-R510M8S	Ci	Maximum total internal capacitance	385	μF
	Li	Maximum total internal inductance	10.7	μH

Table 30: SARA-R5 series maximum total internal capacitance and maximum total internal inductance

Table 31 describes the maximum RF output power transmitted by SARA-R5 series modules from the antenna (ANT) pin as Power Class 3 User Equipment for the LTE bands.

Module	Parameter	Description	Value	Unit
All	ANT Pout	Maximum RF output power from ANT pin	25.00	dBm

- SARA-R5 series modules do not contain internal blocks that increase the input voltage (such as step-up, duplicators, or boosters) except for the antenna (ANT) pin, for which the maximum RF output power shown in Table 31.

Mechanical specifications

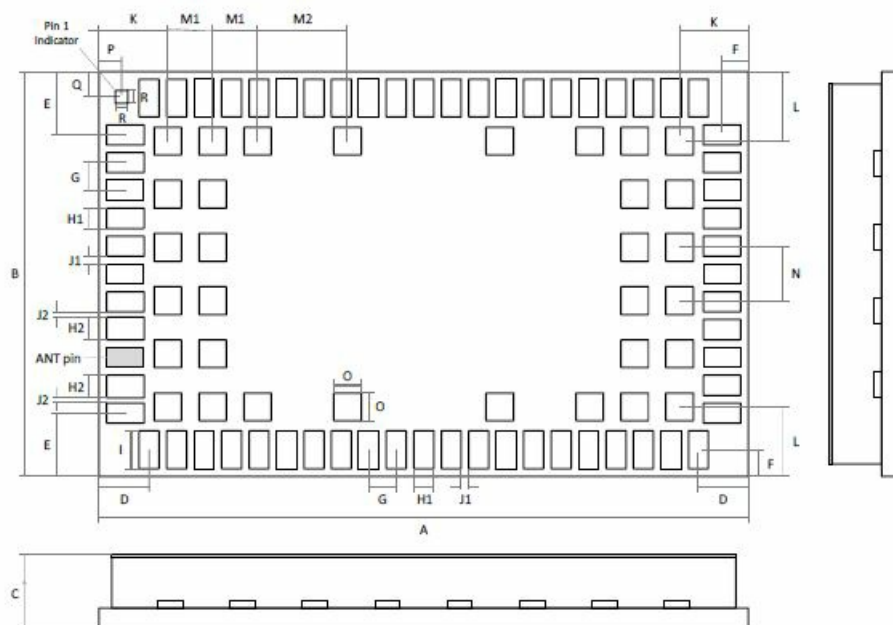


Figure 8: SARA-R5 series dimensions (bottom and side views)

Parameter	Description	Typical		Tolerance	
A	Module height [mm]	26.0	(1023.6 mil)	+0.20/-0.20	(+7.9/-7.9 mil)
B	Module width [mm]	16.0	(629.9 mil)	+0.20/-0.20	(+7.9/-7.9 mil)
C	Module thickness [mm]	2.2	(86.6 mil)	+0.25/-0.15	(+9.8/-5.9 mil)
D	Horizontal edge to lateral pin pitch [mm]	2.0	(78.7 mil)	+0.20/-0.20	(+7.9/-7.9 mil)
E	Vertical edge to lateral pin pitch [mm]	2.5	(98.4 mil)	+0.20/-0.20	(+7.9/-7.9 mil)
F	Edge to lateral pin pitch [mm]	1.05	(41.3 mil)	+0.20/-0.20	(+7.9/-7.9 mil)
G	Lateral pin to pin pitch [mm]	1.1	(43.3 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
H1	Lateral pin height [mm]	0.8	(31.5 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
H2	Lateral pin close to ANT height [mm]	0.9	(35.4 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
I	Lateral pin width [mm]	1.5	(59.1 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
J1	Lateral pin to pin distance [mm]	0.3	(11.8 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
J2	Lateral pin to pin close to ANT distance [mm]	0.2	(7.9 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
K	Horizontal edge to central pin pitch [mm]	2.75	(108.3 mil)	+0.20/-0.20	(+7.9/-7.9 mil)
L	Vertical edge to central pin pitch [mm]	2.75	(108.3 mil)	+0.20/-0.20	(+7.9/-7.9 mil)
M1	Central pin to pin horizontal pitch [mm]	1.8	(70.9 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
M2	Central pin to pin horizontal pitch [mm]	3.6	(141.7 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
N	Central pin to pin vertical pitch [mm]	2.1	(82.7 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
O	Central pin height and width [mm]	1.1	(43.3 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
P	Horizontal edge to pin 1 indicator pitch [mm]	0.9	(35.4 mil)	+0.20/-0.20	(+7.9/-7.9 mil)
Q	Vertical edge to pin 1 indicator pitch [mm]	1.0	(39.4 mil)	+0.20/-0.20	(+7.9/-7.9 mil)
R	Pin 1 indicator height and width [mm]	0.5	(19.7 mil)	+0.05/-0.05	(+2.0/-2.0 mil)
Weight	Module weight [g]	< 3			

Table 32 : SARA-R5 series dimensions

- Module height tolerance ± 0.20 mm may be exceeded close to the corners of the PCB due to the cutting process: in the worst cases, the height could be $+0.40$ mm longer than the typical value.
- For information regarding the Footprint and Paste Mask recommended for the application board integrating the cellular module, see the SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2].

Qualification and approvals

Reliability tests

Reliability tests for SARA-R5 series modules are executed according to u-blox qualification policy, based on AEC-Q104 standard.

Approvals

SARA-R500s modules comply with the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and the Council on the Restriction of Use of certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EU RoHS 2) and its amendment Directive (EU) 2015/863 (EU RoHS 3). SARA-R500s modules are RoHS 3 compliant. No natural rubbers, hygroscopic materials, or materials containing asbestos are employed. Table 33, Table 34 and Table 35 summarize the main approvals for the “00B” and “01B” product versions of SARA-R5 series modules.

Certification	SARA-R500S-00B
GCF	Cat M1 bands 1,2,3,4,5,8,12,13,18,19,20,25,26,28
PTCRB	Cat M1 bands 1,2,3,4,5,8,12,13,18,19,20,25,26,28
CE Europe	Cat M1 bands 1,3,8,20,28
UKCA United Kingdom	Cat M1 bands 1,3,8,20,28
FCC United States	Cat M1 bands 2,4,5,12,13,25,26
ISED Canada	Cat M1 bands 2,4,5,12,13,25
GITEKI Japan	Cat M1 bands 1,3,8,18,19,26
NCC Taiwan	Cat M1 bands 1,3,8,28
ACMA RCM Australia	Cat M1 bands 1,3,5,8,28
AT&T	Cat M1 bands 2,4,5,12
Verizon	Cat M1 bands 4,13

Table 33: SARA-R500S-00B / SARA-R510S-00B / SARA-R510M8S-00B modules main certification approvals summary

Certification	SARA-R500S-01B
PTCRB	Cat M1 bands 1,2,3,4,5,8,12,13,18,19,20,25,26,28,66,71
CE Europe	Cat M1 bands 1,3,8,20,28 Cat NB2 bands 1,3,8,20,28
UKCA United Kingdom	Cat M1 bands 1,3,8,20,28 Cat NB2 bands 1,3,8,20,28
FCC United States	Cat M1 bands 2,4,5,8 ³⁴ ,12,13,25,26,66,71 Cat NB2 bands 2,4,5,8 ³⁴ ,12,13,66,71,85
ISED Canada	Cat M1 bands 2,4,5,12,13,25,26,66,71 Cat NB2 bands 2,4,5,12,13,66,71,85
GITEKI Japan	Cat M1 bands 1,3,8,18,19,26,28 Cat NB2 bands 1,3,8,18,19,26,28
NCC Taiwan	Cat M1 bands 1,3,8,28 Cat NB2 bands 1,3,8,28
ACMA RCM Australia	Cat M1 bands 1,3,5,8,28 Cat NB2 bands 1,3,5,8,28
KC Korea	Cat M1 bands 3,5,26
AT&T	Cat M1 bands 2,4,5,12 FirstNet
Verizon	Cat M1 bands 4,13
T-Mobile US	Cat M1 bands 2,4,5,12,66,71
US Cellular	Cat M1 bands 2,4,5,12
Rogers	Cat M1 bands 4,5,12
Telus	Cat M1 bands 4,5,12,13
Telstra	Cat M1 bands 3,28

Table 35: SARA-R500S-01B / SARA-R510S-01B / SARA-R510M8S-01B modules main certification approvals summary

- For guidelines and notices about compliance with certification approvals requirements integrating the SARA-R5 series modules in the end-device, see the SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2].
- For the complete list of approvals and for specific details on all country, conformance and network operators' certifications available for all the different SARA-R5 series modules' ordering numbers, including related certificates of compliancy, please contact your nearest u-blox office or sales representative. The certification approvals listed in Table 33, Table 34 and Table 35 might not be available for all the different product type numbers.

Important Compliance Information for North American Users

The SARA-R500S-01B has been granted modular approval for mobile applications. Integrators may use the SARA-R500S-01B1 in their end products without additional FCC certification if they meet the following conditions. Otherwise, additional FCC approvals must be obtained.

1. The end product must use the RF trace design approved with the SARA-R500S-01B. The Gerber file of the trace design can be obtained upon LANTRONIX request.
2. At least 20 cm separation distance between the antenna and the user's body must be maintained at all times.
3. To comply with FCC regulations limiting both maximum RF output power and human exposure to RF radiation, the maximum antenna gain including cable loss in a mobile-only exposure condition must not exceed the limits stipulated in below

- 7.8 dBi in 700 MHz, i.e. LTE FDD-12 band
- 9.2 dBi in 750 MHz, i.e. LTE FDD-13 band

- 9.4 dBi in 850 MHz, i.e. LTE FDD-5 band
- 7.4 dBi in 850 MHz, i.e. LTE FDD-26 band
- 6.8 dBi in 1700 MHz, i.e. LTE FDD-4 band
- 10.3 dBi in 1900 MHz, i.e. LTE FDD-2 band
- 10.4 dBi in 1900 MHz i.e. LTE FDD-25 band

1. SARA-R500S-01B may transmit simultaneously with other collocated radio transmitters within a host device, provided the following conditions are met:
 - Each collocated radio transmitter has been certified by FCC for mobile application.
 - At least 20 cm separation distance between the antennas of the collocated transmitters and the user's body must be maintained at all times.
2. A label must be affixed to the outside of the end product into which the SARA-R500S-01B is incorporated, with a statement similar to the following: This device contains FCC ID: R68FOX4M1BLE
3. A user manual with the end product must clearly indicate the operating requirements and conditions that must be observed to ensure compliance with current FCC RF exposure guidelines. The end product with an embedded SARA-R500S-01B may also need to pass the FCC Part 15 unintentional emission testing requirements and be properly authorized per FCC Part 15.

Note: If this module is intended for use in a portable device, you are responsible for separate approval to satisfy the SAR requirements of FCC Part 2.1093.

Important Compliance Information for the United States and Canada

RC7611(-1), upon commercial release, will have been granted modular approval for mobile applications. Integrators may use the SARA-R500S-01B in their final products without additional FCC/ISED (Industry Canada) certification if they meet the following conditions. Otherwise, additional FCC/ISED approvals must be obtained.

1. At least 20 cm separation distance between the antenna and the user's body must be maintained at all times.
2. To comply with FCC/ISED regulations limiting both maximum RF output power and human exposure to RF radiation, the maximum antenna gain including cable loss in a mobile-only exposure condition must not exceed the limits
3. A label must be affixed to the outside of the end product into which SARA-R500S-01B module is incorporated, with a statement similar to the following:
 - This device contains FCC ID: R68FOX4M1BLE Contains transmitter module ISED: 3867A-FOX4M1BLE
4. A user manual with the end product must clearly indicate the operating requirements and conditions that must be observed to ensure compliance with current FCC/ISED RF exposure guidelines.

The end product with an embedded RC7611-1 module may also need to pass the FCC Part 15 unintentional emission testing requirements and be properly authorized per FCC Part 15.

Note: If this module is intended for use in a portable device, you are responsible for separate approval to satisfy the SAR requirements of FCC Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS102.

Industry Canada Statement

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. this device may not cause interference, and
2. this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

This module is intended for OEM integrators. The OEM integrator is responsible for compliance to all the rules that apply to the product into which this certified RF module is integrated. Additional testing and certification may be necessary when multiple modules are used. This equipment complies with ISED RSS-102 radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance 20 cm between the radiator and your body.

Parameter	Typical value	Tolerance	Unit
A0	16.8	0.2	mm
B0	26.8	0.2	mm
K0	3.2	0.2	mm

Table 38 : SARA-R5 series tape dimensions (mm)

- 10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance ± 0.2 mm.
- Pocket position relative to the sprocket hole is measured as the true position of the pocket, not a pocket hole.
- A0 and B0 are calculated on a plane at a distance “R” above the bottom of the pocket.

Moisture sensitivity levels

- SARA-R5 series modules are moisture-sensitive devices (MSD) per the IPC/JEDEC specification.

The Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) relates to the packaging and handling precautions required. SARA-R5 series modules are rated at MSL level 4. For more information regarding moisture sensitivity levels, labelling, storage and drying, see the u-blox package information user guide [3].

For the MSL standard, see IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 (can be downloaded from www.jedec.org).

Reflow soldering

Reflow profiles are to be selected according to u-blox recommendations (see the SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2]).

- Failure to observe these recommendations can result in severe damage to the device!


ESD precautions

- SARA-R5 series modules contain highly sensitive electronic circuitry and are Electrostatic Sensitive Devices (ESD). Handling SARA-R5 series modules without proper ESD protection may destroy or damage them permanently. SARA-R5 series modules are Electrostatic Sensitive Devices (ESD) and require special ESD precautions typically applied to ESD-sensitive components. Table 8 details the maximum ESD ratings of the SARA-R5 series modules. Proper ESD handling and packaging procedures must be applied throughout the processing, handling and operation of any application that incorporates SARA-R5 series modules. ESD precautions should be appropriately implemented on the application board where the module is mounted, as




described in the SARA-R5 series system integration manual [2].

- Failure to observe these precautions can result in severe damage to the device!

Documents / Resources

 <small>SARA R5005-01B LTE-M / NB-IoT Modules</small>	LANTRONIX SARA-R5 Series NB-IoT Modules [pdf] User Manual SARA-R5 Series NB-IoT Modules, SARA-R5 Series, NB-IoT Modules, IoT Modules, Modules
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References

-  [Home | JEDEC](#)
-  [Home | JEDEC](#)
-  [Home | u-blox](#)
- [User Manual](#)