

# Kelly HPM72601 HPM High Power Opto Isolated Full Bridge Permanent Magnet DC Motor Controller User Manual

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#### Introduction

#### Overview

This manual introduces the Kelly HPM motor controllers" features, their installation and their maintenance. Read the manual carefully and thoroughly before using the controller. If you have any questions, please contact the support center of Kelly Controls.

Kelly"s programmable motor controllers provide high efficient, smooth and quiet controls for electric vehicles like golf carts, forklifts and hybrid vehicles, as well as electric boats and industrial motor speed control. It uses high power MOSFET"s and, PWM to achieve efficiencies of up to 99% in most cases. A powerful microprocessor brings in comprehensive and precise control to the controllers. It also allows users to adjust parameters, conduct tests, and obtain diagnostic information quickly and easily.

Kelly"s HPM high power motor controller is full bridge or 4 quadrant controller. It provides fast and reliable electronic direction control. There is no arc, spark, or life limit on motor direction changes.

### **Main Features and Specifications**

- 1. Extended fault detection and protection. The LED flashing pattern indicates the fault sources. Green LED indicates normal operation. Controller will shut down in some fault conditions.
- 2. Monitoring battery voltage. It will stop driving if the battery voltage is too high and it will progressively cut back motor drive power as battery voltage drops until it cuts out altogether at the preset "Low Battery Voltage" setting.
- 3. Built-in current loop and over current protection.
- 4. Configurable motor temperature protection range.
- 5. Current cutback at low temperature and high temperature to protect battery and controller. The current begins to ramp down at 90°case temperature, shutting down at 100°.
- 6. Two RS232 ports. Both can be used for configuration.
- 7. Configurable and programmable with a host computer though RS232 or USB. Provide free GUI which can run on Windows XP/2000, Windows 7 and Vista (recommend using Kelly Standard USB To RS232 Converter).
- 8. Provision of a +5 volt output to supply various kinds of sensors, including Hall effect type.
- 9. 4 switch inputs which are activated by connection to Ground. Default to throttle switch, brake witch, reversing switch and Boost/Economy switch input.
- 10. 3 analog 0-5V inputs that default to throttle input, brake input and motor temperature input.
- 11. Pulsed reverse alarm output.
- 12. Main contactor driver. Cutting off the power if any fault is detected.

- 13. Current meter to display both drive and regen current. Save shunt.
- 14. Configurable boost switch. Enables the maximum output power achievable if the switch is turned on.
- 15. Configurable economy switch. Limits the maximum current to half if the switch is turned on.
- 16. Maximum reverse power is configurable to half power.
- 17. Enhanced regen brake function. A novel ABS technique provides powerful and smooth regen.
- 18. Configurable 12V brake signal input, in lieu of motor temperature sensor.
- 19. Optional joystick throttle. A bi-symmetrical 0-5V signal for both forwarding and reversing.
- 20. Configurable motor over-temperature detection and protection with the recommended thermistor KTY84-130.
- 21. Using battery-powered.
- 22. Optional CAN bus.

#### **Features**

- Opto-isolated technology achieve stability.
- · Intelligence with powerful microprocessor.
- Synchronous rectification, ultra low drop, and fast PWM to achieve very high efficiency.
- Electronic reversing, no reversing contactor needed, fast direction change, high reliability and efficiency, low noise, no arc, no wearing, no life limit, easy maintenance.
- Voltage monitoring on voltage source 12V and 5V.
- Current limit and torque control. Configurable torque mode and speed mode.
- · Low EMC.
- · LED fault code.
- Battery protection: current cutback, warning and shutdown at configurable high and low battery voltage.
- Rugged aluminum housing for maximum heat dissipation and harsh environment. Support fan or water cooling.
- Rugged high current terminals, and rugged aviation connectors for small signal.
- Thermal protection: current cut back, warning and shutdown at high temperature.
- Configurable high pedal protection: the controller will not work if high throttle is detected at power on.
- Brake switch is used to start regen.
- Support three modes of regenerative braking: brake switch regen, release throttle regen, 0-5V analog signal variable regen.
- An RS232 port allows for configuration, programming and software upgrades using the free Windows GUI with your PC.
- Standard PC/Laptop computer is used to do programming. No special tools needed.
- User program provided. Easy to use. No cost to customers.
- · No adjustment.

#### **Specifications**

- Frequency of Operation: 16.6kHz.
- Standby Battery Current depending on the model: usually less than 2mA.
- 5V Sensor Supply Current: 40mA.
- Controller logic supply voltage Logic PWR: 8-20V
- Controller input power, PWR: less than 10W.
- Standard Throttle Input: 0-5 Volts(3-wire resistive pot), 1-4 Volts(hall active throttle).

- Analog Brake and Throttle Input: 0-5 Volts.
- Reverse Alarm, Main Contactor Coil Driver, Meter.
- Full Power Temperature Range: 0° to 50° (controller case temperature).
- Operating Temperature Range: -30° to 90°,100° shutdown(controller case temperature).
- Max Battery Current : Configurable.

Kelly HPM-High Power Opto-Isolated Full Bridge Permanent Magnet DC MotorController with Regen					
Model	Nominal Voltage	MaxOperating Vol tage	Peak Current 2 mi nutes	Continuous Curr ent	Regen
HPM72601	24-72V	86V	600A	240A	Yes
HPM72801	24-72V	86V	800A	320A	Yes
HPM72101	24-72V	86V	1000A	400A	Yes
HPM12401	24-120V	136V	400A	160A	Yes
HPM12601	24-120V	136V	600A	240A	Yes
HPM12801	24-120V	136V	800A	320A	Yes
HPM14401	24-144V	173V	400A	160A	Yes
HPM14601	24-144V	173V	600A	240A	Yes
Female plugs of J1&J2 will be shipped for free.					

## Wiring and Installation

## **Mounting the Controller**

The controller can be oriented in any position which should be as clean and dry as possible, if necessary, shielded with a cover to protect it from water and contaminants.

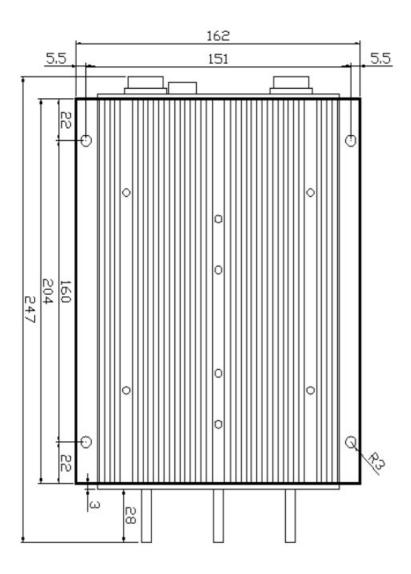
To ensure full rated output power, the controller should be fastened to a clean, flat metal surface with four or six screws. Applying silicon grease or some other thermal conductive material to contact surface will enhance thermal performance.

Proper heat sinking and airflow are vital to achieve the full power capability of the controller.

The case outline and mounting holes" dimensions are shown in Figure 1 and 2.

#### Caution:

- RUNAWAYS Some conditions could cause the vehicle to run out of control. Disconnect the motor, or
  jack up the vehicle, and get the drive wheels off the ground before attempting any work on the motor
  control circuitry.
- HIGH CURRENT ARCS Electric vehicle batteries can supply very high power, and arcs can occur if they are short circuit. Always turn off the battery circuit before working on the motor control circuit. Wear safety glasses, and use properly insulated tools to prevent short circuit.



## **Connections**

## Front and Back Panels of PM Motor Controller:

Four metal bars and two plugs (J1, J2) are provided for connecting to the battery, motor and control signals in the front and back panels of the controller shown as Figure 3 and 4

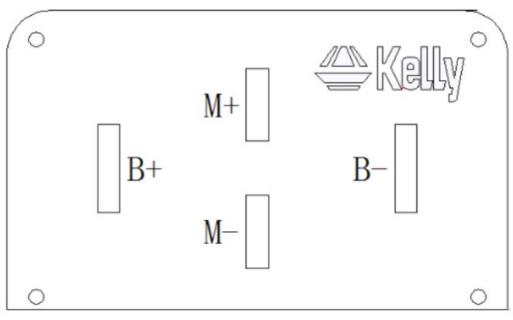


Figure 2: Front panel of HPM motor controller

B+: Battery positive B-: Battery negative M+: armature positive M-: armature negative

Figure 3: Back panel of HPM motor controller

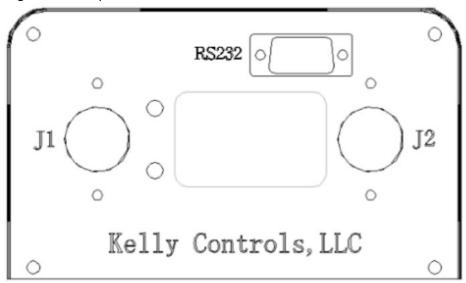
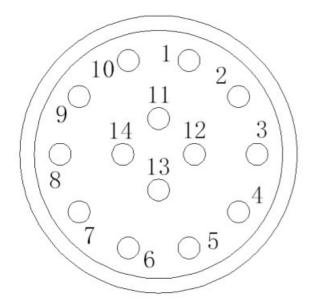


Figure 4: The connecting diagram of J1 and J2



## J1 Pin Definition

- 1. PWR: Controller power supply (output).
- 2. Current meter. <200mA
- 3. Main contactor driver. <2A
- 4. Alarm: To drive reverse beeper, <200mA.
- 5. GND: Signal return
- 6. Green LED: Running indication
- 7. GND: Signal return
- 8. Reserved

- 9. Reserved
- 10. CAN bus high. Optional
- 11. CAN bus low. Optional
- 12. Reserved
- 13. GND: Signal return, or power supply ground
- 14. Red LED: Fault code.

#### J2 Pin Definition

- 1. PWR: Controller power supply (input)
- 2. GND: Signal return, or power supply ground
- 3. GND: Signal return
- 4. Motor temperature input.
- 5. Throttle analog input, 0-5V
- 6. Brake analog input, 0-5V
- 7. 5V: 5V supply output. <50mA
- 8. Micro\_SW: Throttle switch input
- 9. Reversing switch input
- 10. Brake switch input
- 11. Reserved
- 12. Reserved
- 13. Reserved
- 14. GND: Signal return

#### Notes:

- 1. All RTN and GND pins are internally connected, but isolated from B-.
- 2. Two PWR pins, J1-1 and J2-1, are internally connected. It's recommended to use J1-1 to supply peripherals like alarm and contactor. Twist peripheral wires with PWR is the preferred for EMC.
- 3. Kelly Ammeter positive connect to 5V power supply of controller, negative to J1- 4. Switch to ground is active. Open switch is inactive

#### Caution:

- Do not apply power until you are certain the controller wiring is correct and has been double checked.
   Wiring faults will damage the controller.
- Ensure that the B- wiring is securely and properly connected before applying power.
- The preferred connection of the system contactor or circuit breaker is in series with the B+ line.
- All contactors or circuit breakers in the B+ line must have precharge resistors across their contacts. Lack of even one of these precharge resistors may severely damage the controller at switch-on.

#### Standard Wiring of HPM Motor Controller

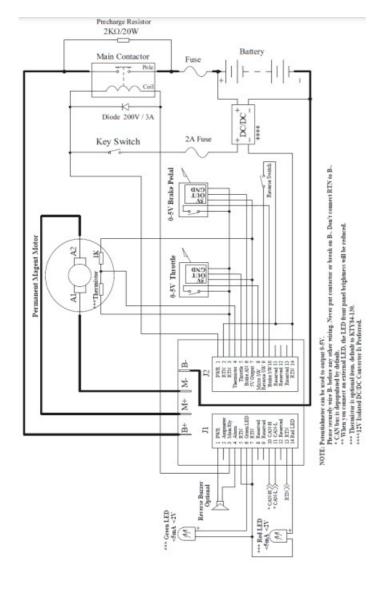


Figure 5: HPM motor controller standard wiring

#### **Communication Port**

A RS232 port of controller is provided to communicate with host computer for calibration and configuration.

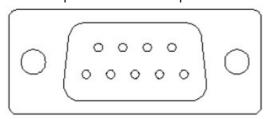


Figure 6: standard RS232 interface

## **Installation Checklist**

Before operating the vehicle, complete the following checkout procedures. Use LED code as a reference as listed in Table 1.

## Caution:

- Put the vehicle up on blocks to get the drive wheels off the ground before beginning these tests.
- Do not allow anyone to stand directly in front of or behind the vehicle during the checkout.
- · Make sure the PWR switch and the brake is off

- · Use well-insulated tools.
- · Make sure the wire is connected correctly.
- Turn on the PWR switch, the Red flashes once and the Green is off. After the start-up delay, normally the Red will stay off and the Green will turn on. If there is error, the Red LED will flashes for fault codes. If the S/N less: 11xxxxxx: Turn on the PWR switch, the Red flashes once and the Green is on. Normally, the Red will stay off. If there is error, the Red LED will flashes for fault codes.
- The fault code will be detected automatically at restart.
- With the brake switch open, select a direction and operate the throttle. The motor should spin in the selected direction. Verify wiring or voltage and the fuse if it does not. The motor should run faster with increasing throttle. If not, refer to the Table 1 LED code, and correct the fault as determined by the fault code.
- Take the vehicle off the blocks and drive it in a clear area. It should have smooth acceleration and good top speed.

#### **Maintenance**

There are no user-serviceable parts inside the controllers. Do not attempt to open the controller as this will void your warranty. However, periodic, exterior cleaning of the controller should be carried out.

The controller is a high powered device. When working with any battery powered vehicle, proper safety precautions should be taken that include, but are not limited to, proper training, wearing eye protection, avoidance of loose clothing, hair and jewelry. Always use insulated tools.

#### Cleaning

Although the controller requires virtually no maintenance after properly installation, the following minor maintenance is recommended in certain applications.

- Remove power by disconnecting the battery, starting with battery positive, providing that the battery negative is not earthed. If battery negative is earthed, disconnect that first.
- Discharge the capacitors in the controller by connecting a load (such as a contactor coil, resistor or a horn) across the controller"s B+ and B- terminals.
- Remove any dirt or corrosion from the bus bar area. The controller should be wiped down with a moist rag. Make sure that the controller is dry before reconnecting the battery.
- Make sure the connections to the bus bars, if fitted, are tight. To avoid physically stressing the bus bars use two, well-insulated wrenches

#### Configuration

You can configure the controller with a host computer through either an RS232 or USB port

- · Disconnect motor wiring from controller.
- Do not connect B+, throttle and so on. The controller may display fault code in some conditions, but it doesn't affect programming or configuration.
- Use a straight through RS232 cable or Kelly USB To RS232 Converter to connect to a host computer. Provide 8V-20V (either J2 pin1 or J1 pin1) to PWR. Wire power supply return to any RTN pin, isolated from B-.

Download the free configuration software from

## http://www.kellycontroller.com/support.php

## Caution:

- •Make certain that the motor is disconnected before trying to run the Configuration Software!
- Configuration software will be regularly updated and published on the website. Please Update your Configuration Software regularly. You must uninstall the older version before updating.

## **LED CODES**

## **Green LED Code**

LED Code	Explanation	Solution
Green Off	No power orswitched of f	Check if all wires are correct.2. Check fuse and powe r supply.
Green On	Normal operation	That"s great! You got solution!
Green & Red are both O		Software still upgrading.2. Supply voltage too I ow or battery too high3. The controller is damaged. C ontact Kelly about a warranty repair.

Red LED Code

1,2	¤	¤¤	Over voltage error	Battery voltage is too high for the controller. Check ba ttery volts and configuration.2. Regeneration over-voltag e. Controller will have cut back or stopped regen.3. This only accurate to ± 2% upon Overvoltagesetting.
1,3	¤	888	Low voltage error	The controller will clear after 5 seconds if battery volts returns to normal.2. Check battery volts & recharge if re quired.
1,4	¤	nana	Over temperature warning	Controller case temperature is above 90°C. Current will be limited. Reduce controller loading or switch Off until controller cools down.2.  Clean or improve heatsink or f an.
2,2	aa	¤¤	Internal voltage fault	Measure that B+ & PWR are correct when measured to B- or RTN.2. There may be excessive load on the +5 V supply caused by too low a value of Regen or throttle pot entiometers or incorrect wiring.3. Controller is damaged. Contact Kelly about awarranty repair.
2,3	¤¤	888	Over temperature	The controller temperature has exceeded 100°C. The controller will be stopped but will restart whentemperature falls below 80°C.
2,4	aa	aaaa	Throttle error atpower u	Throttle signal is higher than the preset "dead zone"at Power On. Fault clears when throttle is released.
3,1	aaa	¤	Frequent reset	May be caused by over-voltage, bad motor

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	,		
			intermittent earthing problem, bad wiring, etc.
3,2	000 00	Internal reset	May be caused by some transient fault condition like a tem porary over-current, momentarily high or low battery voltag e. This can happen during normaloperation.
3,3	000 000	Hall throttle is open ors hort-circuit	When the throttle is repaired, a restart will clear the fault.
3,4	000 0000	Non-zero throttle on dir ectionchange	Controller won"t allow a direction change unless the throttl e or speed is at zero. Fault clears whenthrottle is released.
4,1	0000 D	Regen or Start-up over- voltage	Motor drive is disabled if an over-voltage is detected at star t-up or during regen. The voltage threshold detection level is set during configuration. The max threshold is about 1.25 times of controller rated voltage. I.e. you may set threshold lower than 60V for 48V controller.
4, 3	0000 000	Motorover-temperature	Motor temperature has exceeded the configured maximum. The controller will shut down until themotor tem perature cools down.

The Red LED flashes once at power on as a confidence check and then normally stays Off. "1, 2" means the Re d flashes once and after a second pause, flashes twice. The pause time between multiple flash code groups is t wo seconds.

#### **Contact Us**

Kelly Controls Home Page:

http://www.kellycontroller.com

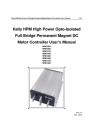
E-mail:

support@kellycontroller.com

Phone:

(01) 224 637 5092

## **Documents / Resources**



<u>Kelly HPM72601 HPM High Power Opto Isolated Full Bridge Permanent Magnet DC Motor Controller</u> [pdf] User Manual

HPM72601, HPM72801, HPM72101, HPM12401, HPM12601, HPM12801, HPM14401, HPM14 601, HPM72601 HPM High Power Opto Isolated Full Bridge Permanent Magnet DC Motor Controller, HPM High Power Opto Isolated Full Bridge Permanent Magnet DC Motor Controller, High Power Opto Isolated Full Bridge Permanent Magnet DC Motor Controller, Opto Isolated Full Bridge Permanent Magnet DC Motor Controller, Full Bridge Permanent Magnet DC Motor Controller, Permanent Magnet DC Motor Controller, Magnet DC Motor Controller, Controller, DC Motor Controller, Controller

## References

- <u>Kelly Controls Motor Controllers, EV Parts</u>
- <u>kellycontroller.com/</u>
- <u>kellycontroller.com/support.php</u>

Manuals+,