

# **iSMACONTROLLI SFAR-S-8AO Modbus I-O Module Instructions**

Home » iSMACONTROLLI » iSMACONTROLLI SFAR-S-8AO Modbus I-O Module Instructions

iSMACONTROLLI SFAR-S-8AO Modbus I-O



#### **Contents**

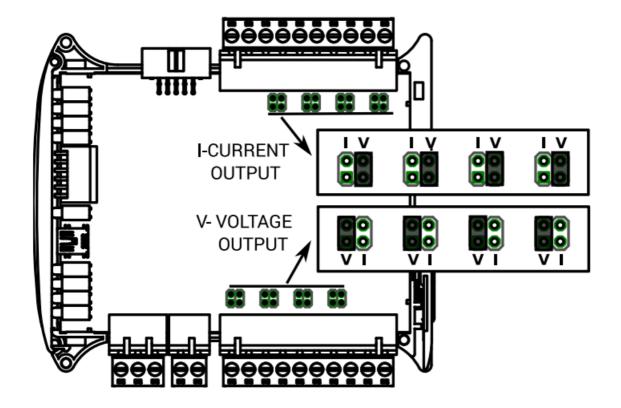
- 1 SPECIFICATION
- **2 JUMPER SETTING**
- **3 TOP PANEL**
- **4 ANALOG OUTPUTS**
- **5 COMMUNICATION**
- **6 POWER SUPPLY**
- 7 TERMINALS OF THE

**DEVICE** 

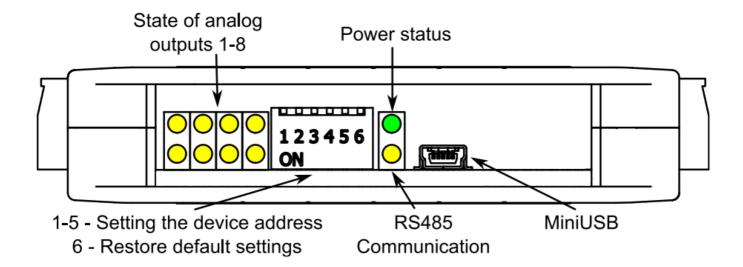
- 8 Registered access
- **9 INSTALLATION GUIDELINE**
- **10 CUSTOMER SUPPORT**
- 11 Documents / Resources
- 11.1 References
- **12 Related Posts**

#### **SPECIFICATION**

| Power supply       | Voltage                           | 10-38 V DC; 10-28 V AC          |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Power supply       | Power consumption                 | 2,4 W @ 24 V DC 3 V A @ 24 V AC |
| Temperature inputs | 6x Resistive or thermocouple con  | nfigurable, resolution 0,1°C    |
| Digital outputs    | 2xTransistor output max 55 V DC   | C, max 500 mA                   |
| Galvanic isolation | Max 1500 Vrms                     |                                 |
| Interface          | RS485, up to 128 devices on the   | bus                             |
| Baudrate           | From 2400 to 115200 bps           |                                 |
| Ingress protection | IP40 – for indoor installation    |                                 |
| Temperature        | Operating -10°C - +50°C; Storaç   | ge -40°C – +85°C                |
| Relative humidity  | 5 to 95% RH (without condensat    | ion)                            |
| Connectors         | Max 2.5 mm2                       |                                 |
| Dimension          | 119,1 mm x 101 mm x 22,6 mm       |                                 |
| Mounting           | DIN rail mounting (DIN EN 50022   | 2)                              |
| Housing material   | Plastic, self-extinguishing PC/AB | S                               |



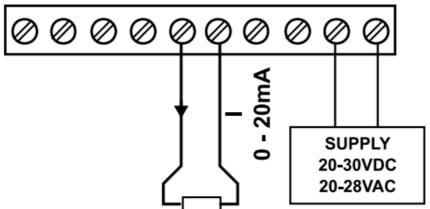
#### **TOP PANEL**



### **ANALOG OUTPUTS**

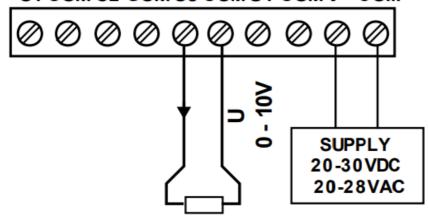
# Current output





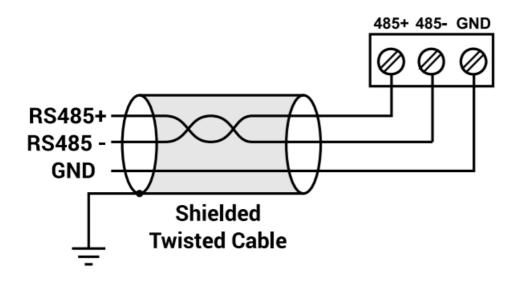
Voltage output

### O1 COM O2 COM O3 COM O4 COM V+ COM

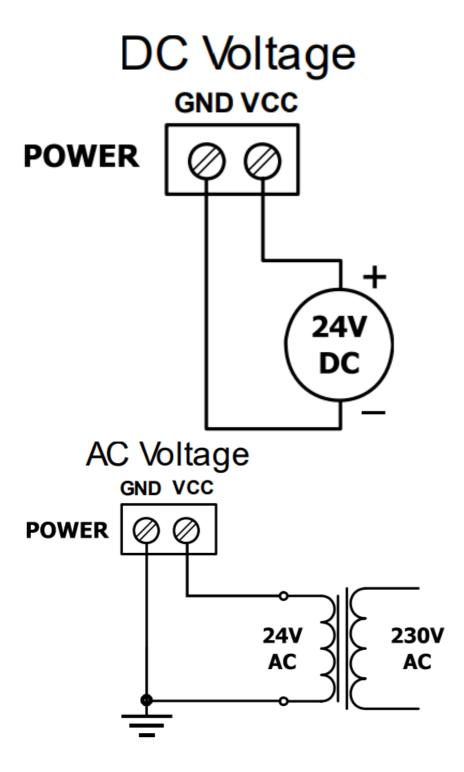


**COMMUNICATION** 

# **RS485 Communication**



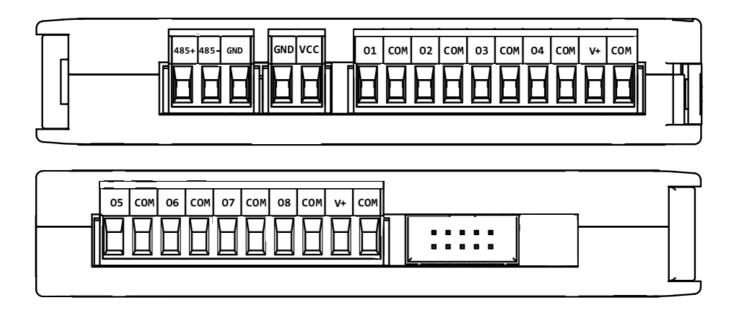
**POWER SUPPLY** 



#### **WARNING**

- Note, an incorrect wiring of this product can damage it and lead to other hazards. Make sure the product has been correctly wired before turning the power ON.
- Before wiring, or removing/mounting the product, be sure to turn the power OFF. Failure to do so might cause electric shock.
- Do not touch electrically charged parts such as the power terminals. Doing so might cause electric shock.
- Do not disassemble the product. Doing so might cause electric shock or faulty operation.
- Use the product within the operating ranges recommended in the specification (temperature, humidity, voltage, shock, mounting direction, atmosphere etc.). Failure to do so might cause fire or faulty operation.
- Firmly tighten the wires to the terminal. Insufficient tightening of the wires to the terminal might cause fire

## **TERMINALS OF THE DEVICE**



# **Registered access**

| Modbus | Dec | Hex  | Register Name         | Access       | Description                    |
|--------|-----|------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 30001  | 0   | 0x00 | Version/Type          | Read         | Version and Type of the device |
| 30002  | 1   | 0x01 | Switches              | Read         | Switches state                 |
| 40003  | 2   | 0x02 | Baud rate             | Read & Write | RS485 baud rate                |
| 40004  | 3   | 0x03 | Stop Bits & Data Bits | Read & Write | No of Stop bits & Data Bits    |
| 40005  | 4   | 0x04 | Parity                | Read & Write | Parity bit                     |
| 40006  | 5   | 0x05 | Response Delay        | Read & Write | Response delay in ms           |
| 40007  | 6   | 0x06 | Modbus Mode           | Read & Write | Modbus Mode (ASCII or RTU)     |
| 40009  | 8   | 0x08 | Watchdog              | Read & Write | Watchdog                       |

| No of received packets   | Read & Write | Received packets LS<br>R (Least Significant<br>Reg.) | 0x20 | 32 | 40033 |
|--|--------------|--|------|----|-------|
|  | Read & Write | Received packets M<br>SR (Most Significant<br>Reg.)  | 0x21 | 33 | 40034 |
| No of received packets with error  | Read & Write | Incorrect packets LS<br>R                            | 0x22 | 34 | 40035 |
|  | Read & Write | Incorrect packets MS<br>R                            | 0x23 | 35 | 40036 |
| No of sent packets   | Read & Write | Sent packets LSR                                     | 0x24 | 36 | 40037 |
|  | Read & Write | Sent packets MSR                                     | 0x25 | 37 | 40038 |
| Bit is set if value ≠ 0  | Read         | Outputs  | 0x32 | 50 | 30051 |
|  | Read & Write | Analog output 1                                      | 0x34 | 52 | 40053 |
| Value of Analog Output: in mV for v oltage output (max 10240) in µA for current output 0 – 20 mA (max 204 80) in ‰ for current output 4-20 mA (max 1000) | Read & Write | Analog Output 2                                      | 0x35 | 53 | 40054 |
|  | Read & Write | Analog Output 3                                      | 0x36 | 54 | 40055 |
|  | Read & Write | Analog Output 4                                      | 0x37 | 55 | 40056 |
|  | Read & Write | Analog Output 5                                      | 0x38 | 56 | 40057 |
|  | Read & Write | Analog Output 6                                      | 0x39 | 57 | 40058 |
|  | Read & Write | Analog Output 7                                      | 0x3A | 58 | 40059 |
|  |              |  |      |    |       |

|       |    |      |                            |              | -  |
|-------|----|------|----------------------------|--------------|--|
| 40060 | 59 | 0x3B | Analog Output 8            | Read & Write |  |
| 40061 | 60 | 0x3C | Default output 1 valu<br>e | Read & Write |  |
| 40062 | 61 | 0x3D | Default output 2 valu<br>e | Read & Write |  |
| 40063 | 62 | 0x3E | Default output 3 valu      | Read & Write |  |
| 40064 | 63 | 0x3F | Default output 4 valu<br>e | Read & Write | Default value of output set when   |
| 40065 | 64 | 0x40 | Default output 5 valu      | Read & Write | power is on or when watchdog reset occurs  |
| 40066 | 65 | 0x41 | Default output 6 valu      | Read & Write |  |
| 40067 | 66 | 0x42 | Default output 7 valu      | Read & Write |  |
| 40068 | 67 | 0x43 | Default output 8 valu      | Read & Write |  |
| 40069 | 68 | 0x44 | Output 1 setting           | Read & Write |  |
| 40070 | 69 | 0x45 | Output 2 setting           | Read & Write |  |
| 40071 | 70 | 0x46 | Output 3 setting           | Read & Write | Setting of output mode: 0 – output   |
| 40072 | 71 | 0x47 | Output 4 setting           | Read & Write | disabled  1. voltage outpu   |
| 40073 | 72 | 0x48 | Output 5 setting           | Read & Write | <ul><li>2. current output 0-20 m</li><li>3. current output 4-20 mA</li><li>Caution! For the change to take eff</li></ul> |
| 40074 | 73 | 0x49 | Output 6 setting           | Read & Write | ect, you must also set the jumper in side the module.  |
|       | 1  | 1    | ,                          |              |  |

| 40075 | 74 | 0x4A | Output 7 setting | Read & Write |
|-------|----|------|------------------|--------------|
| 40076 | 75 | 0x4B | Output 8 setting | Read & Write |

#### **INSTALLATION GUIDELINE**

Please read the instruction before use or operating the device. In case of any questions after reading this document, please contact the iSMA CONTROLLI Support Team (<a href="mailto:support@ismacontrolli.com">support@ismacontrolli.com</a>).

- A Before wiring or removing/mounting the product, make sure to turn the power off. Failure to do so might cause an electric shock.
- Improper wiring of the product can damage it and lead to other hazards. Make sure that the product has been correctly wired before turning the power on.
- Do not touch electrically charged parts such as power terminals. Doing so might cause an electric shock.
- Do not disassemble the product. Doing so might cause an electric shock or faulty operation
- Use the product only within the operating ranges recommended in the specification (temperature, humidity, voltage, shock, mounting direction, atmosphere, etc.). Failure to do so might cause a fire or faulty operation.
- Avoid installing the product in close proximity to high-power electrical devices and cables, inductive loads, and switching devices. Proximity of such objects may cause an uncontrolled interference, resulting in an instable operation of the product.
- Proper arrangement of the power and signal cabling affects the operation of the entire control system. Avoid laying the power and signal wiring in parallel cable trays. It can cause interferences in monitored and control signals.
- It is recommended to power controllers/modules with AC/DC power suppliers. They provide better and more stable insulation for devices compared to AC/AC transformer systems, which transmit disturbances and transient phenomena like surges and bursts to devices. They also isolate products from inductive phenomena from other transformers and loads.
- Power supply systems for the product should be protected by external devices limiting overvoltage and effects
  of lightning discharges.
- Avoid powering the product and its controlled/monitored devices, especially high power and inductive loads, from a single power source. Powering devices from a single power source causes a risk of introducing disturbances from the loads to the control devices.
- If an AC/AC transformer is used to supply control devices, it is strongly recommended to use a maximum 100
   VA Class 2 transformer to avoid unwanted inductive effects, which are dangerous for devices.
- Long monitoring and control lines may cause loops in connection with the shared power supply, causing
  disturbances in the operation of devices, including external communication. It is recommended to use galvanic
  separators.
- To protect signal and communication lines against external electromagnetic interferences, use properly

grounded shielded cables and ferrite beads.

- Switching the digital output relays of large (exceeding specification) inductive loads can cause interference
  pulses to the electronics installed inside the product. Therefore, it is recommended to use external
  relays/contactors, etc. to switch such loads. The use of controllers with triac outputs also limits similar
  overvoltage phenomena.
- Many cases of disturbances and overvoltage in control systems are generated by switched, inductive loads supplied by alternating mains voltage (AC 120/230 V). If they do not have appropriate built-in noise reduction circuits, it is recommended to use external circuits such as snubbers, varistors, or protection diodes to limit these effects.

Electrical installation of this product must be done in accordance with national wiring codes and conform to local regulations.

#### **CUSTOMER SUPPORT**

iSMA CONTROLLI S.p.A. – Via Carlo Levi 52, 16010 Sant'Olcese (GE) – Italy | support@ismacontrolli.com www.ismacontrolli.com Installation Guideline| 1 st Issue rev. 1 | 05/2022



#### **Documents / Resources**



<u>iSMACONTROLLI SFAR-S-8AO Modbus I-O Module</u> [pdf] Instructions SFAR-S-8AO Modbus I-O Module, SFAR-S-8AO, Modbus I-O Module, I-O Module, Module

#### References

• © <u>iSMA CONTROLLI S.p.A.</u>

Manuals+