

intel Mailbox Client with Avalon Streaming Interface FPGA IP **User Guide**

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Mailbox Client with Avalon® Streaming Interface Intel FPGA IP Overview

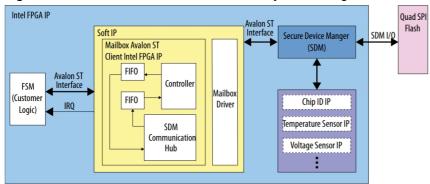
The Mailbox Client with Avalon® streaming interface Intel® FPGA IP (Mailbox Client with Avalon ST Client IP) provides a communication channel between your custom logic and the secure device manager (SDM). You can use the Mailbox Client with Avalon ST IP to send command packets and receive response packets from SDM peripheral modules. The Mailbox Client with Avalon ST IP defines functions that the SDM runs.

Your custom logic can use this communication channel to receive information and access flash memory from the following peripheral modules:

- The Temperature Sensor
- · The Voltage Sensor
- Quad serial peripheral interface (SPI) flash memory

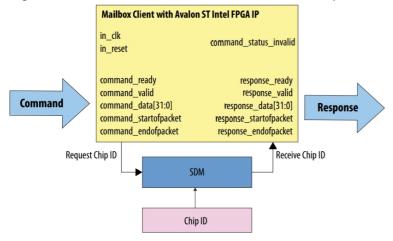
Note: Throughout this user guide, the term Avalon ST abbreviates the Avalon streaming interface or IP.

Figure 1. Mailbox Client with Avalon ST IP System Design



The following figure shows an application in which the Mailbox Client with Avalon ST IP reads the Chip ID.

Figure 2. Mailbox Client with Avalon ST IP Reads Chip ID



Device Family Support

The following lists the device support level definitions for Intel FPGA IPs:

- Advance support The IP is available for simulation and compilation for this device family. Timing models include initial engineering estimates of delays based on early post-layout information. The timing models are subject to change as silicon testing improves the correlation between the actual silicon and the timing models. You can use this IP for system architecture and resource utilization studies, simulation, pin out, system latency assessments, basic timing assessments (pipeline budgeting), and I/O transfer strategy (data-path width, burst depth, I/O standards trade offs).
- **Preliminary support** The IP is verified with preliminary timing models for this device family. The IP meets all functional requirements, but might still be undergoing timing analysis for the device family. It can be used in production designs with caution.
- **Final support** The IP is verified with final timing models for this device family. The IP meets all functional and timing requirements for the device family and can be used in production designs.

Table 1. Device Family Support

Device Family	Support
Intel Agilex™	Advance

Note: You cannot simulate the Mailbox Client with Avalon Streaming Interface Intel FPGA IP because the IP receives the responses from the SDM. To validate this IP, Intel recommends that you perform hardware evaluation.

Related Information

Mailbox Client with Avalon Streaming Interface Intel FPGA IP Release Notes

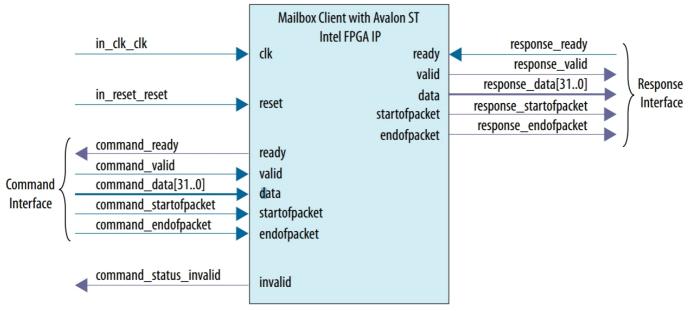
Parameters

Parameter Name	Value	Description		
Enable status interface	On Off	When you enable this interface, the Mailbox Client with Avalon strea ming interface Intel FPGA IP includes the command_status_invalid signal. When command_status_invalid asserts, you must reset the IP.		

Interfaces

The following figure illustrates the Mailbox Client with Avalon Streaming Interface Intel FPGA IP interfaces:

Figure 3. Mailbox Client with Avalon Streaming Interface Intel FPGA IP Interfaces



For more information about Avalon streaming interfaces, refer to the Avalon Interface Specifications.

Related Information

Avalon Interface Specifications

Clock and Reset Interfaces

Table 2. Clock and Reset Interfaces

Signal Name	Direction	Description			
in_clk	Input	This is the clock for the Avalon streaming interfaces. The maximum frequency in 250 MHz.			
in_rese t	Input	This is an active high reset. Assert in_reset to reset the Mailb ox Client with Avalon streaming interface Intel FPGA IP (Mail box Client with Avalon ST IP). When the in_reset signal asserts, the SDM must flush any pending activity from the Mai lbox Client with Avalon ST IP. The SDM continues to process commands from other clients. To ensure the Mailbox Client with Avalon ST IP functions correctly when the device enters user mode, your design must include the Reset Release Intel FPGA IP to hold the reset until the FPGA fabric entered user mode. Intel recommends using a reset synchronizer when connecting the user reset or output of the Reset Release IP to			
		the reset port of the Mailbox Client with Avalon ST IP. To imple ment the reset synchronizer, use the Reset Bridge Intel FPGA IP available in the Platform Designer. Note: For IP instantiation and connection guidelines in the Platform Designer, refer to the Required Communication and Host Components for the Remote System Update Design Example figure in the Intel Agilex Configuration User Guide.			

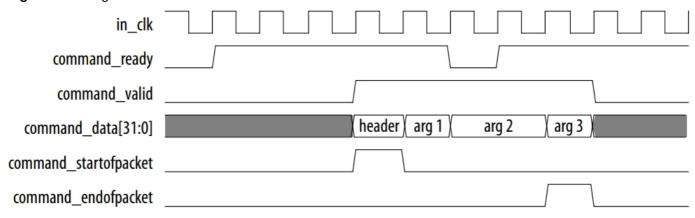
Command Interface

Use the Avalon Streaming (Avalon ST) interface to send commands to the SDM.

Table 3. Command Interface

Signal Name	Direction	Description
command_ready	Output	The Mailbox Client with Avalon ST Intel FPGA IP asserts comm and_ready when it is ready to receive commands from the appli cation. The ready_latency is 0 cycles. The Mailbox Client with Avalon ST can accept command_data[31:0] in the same cycle t hat command_ready asserts.
command_valid	Input	The command_valid signal asserts to indicate that command_d ata is valid.
command_data[31:0]	Input	The command_data bus drives commands to the SDM. Refer t o Command List and Description for definitions of the commands.
command_startofpacket	Input	The command_startofpacket asserts in the first cycle of a command packet.
command_endofpacket	Input	The command_endofpacket asserts in the last cycle of comma nd a packet.

Figure 4. Timing for Avalon ST Command Packet



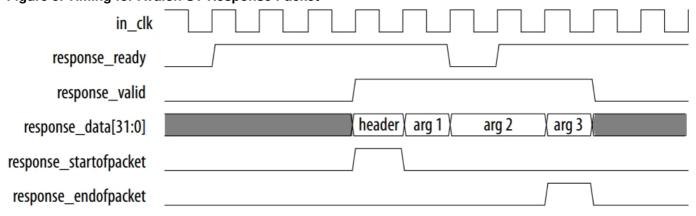
Response Interface

The SDM Avalon ST Client IP sends responses to your application using the response interface.

Table 4. Response Interface

Signal 5	Direction	Description
response_ready	Input	Application logic can assert the response_ready signal whenev er it is able to receive a response.
response_valid	Output	The SDM asserts response_valid to indicate that response_dat a is valid.
response_data[31:0]	Output	The SDM drives response_data to provide the requested infor mation. The first word of the response is a header that identifies the command that the SDM is providing. Refer to <i>Command Lis t and Description</i> for definitions of the commands.
response_startofpacket	Output	The response_startofpacket asserts in the first cycle of a response packet.
response_endofpacket	Output	The response_endofpacket asserts in the last cycle of a respon se packet.

Figure 5. Timing for Avalon ST Response Packet

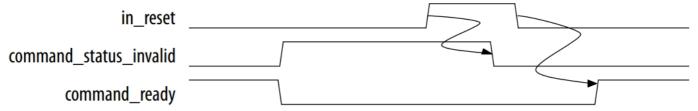


Command Status Interface

Table 5. Command Status Interface

Signal Name Direction		Description		
command_status_invalid	Output	The command_status_invalid asserts to indicate an error. This signal typically asserts to indicate that the length of the command specified in the command header does not match the length of the command sent. When command_status_invalid asserts, your application logic must assert in_reset to restart the Mailbox Client with Avalon streaming interface Intel FPGA IP.		

Figure 6. Reset After command_status_invalid Asserts

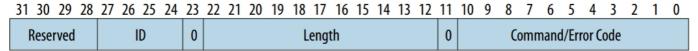


Commands and Responses

The host controller communicates with the SDM using command and response packets via the Mailbox Client Intel FPGA IP.

The first word of the command and response packets is a header that provides basic information about the command or response.

Figure 7. Command and Response Header Format



Note: The LENGTH field in the command header must match the command length of corresponding command. The following table describes the fields of the header command.

Table 6. Command and Response Header Description

Header	Bit	Description		
Reserved	[31:28]	Reserved.		
ID	[27:24]	The command ID. The response header returns the ID specified in the command header. Refer to Operation Commands for command descriptions.		
0	[23]	Reserved.		
LENGTH	[22:12]	Number of words of arguments following the header. The IP responds with an error if a wrong number of words of arguments is entered for a given command. If there is a mismatch between the command length specified in the command header and the number of words sent. The IP raises bit 3 of the Interrupt Status Register (COMMAND_INVALID) and the Mailbox Client must be reset.		
Reserved	[11]	Reserved. Must be set to 0.		
Command Code/Error Cod e	[10:0]	Command Code specifies the command. The Error Code indicates whether the command succeeded or failed. In the command header, these bits represent command code. In the response header, these bits represent error code. If the command succeeds, the Error Code is 0. If the command fails, refer to the error codes defined in the <i>Error Code Responses</i> .		

Operation Commands

Resetting Quad SPI Flash

Important: For Intel Agilex devices, you must connect the serial flash or quad SPI flash reset pin to the AS_nRST pin. The SDM must fully control the QSPI reset. Do not connect the quad SPI reset pin to any external host.

Table 7. Command List and Description

Command	Code (Hex)	Comman d Length	Respons e Length (1)	Description
NOOP	0	0	0	Sends an OK status response.

GET_IDCOD E	10	0	1	The response contains one argument which is the JTAG IDCO DE for the device
GET_CHIPID	12	0	2	The response contains 64-bit CHIPID value with the least signi ficant word first.
GET_USERC ODE	13	0	1	The response contains one argument which is the 32-bit JTAG USERCODE that the configuration bitstream writes to the device.
GET_VOLTAG E	18	1	n(2)	The GET_VOLTAGE command has a single argument which is a bitmask specifying the channels to read. Bit 0 specifies channel 0, bit 1 specifies channel 1, and so on. The response includes a one-word argument for each bit set in the bitmask. The voltage returned is an unsigned fixed-point number with 16 bits below the binary point. For example, a voltage of 0.75V returns 0x0000C000. (3) Intel Agilex devices have a single voltage sensor. Consequently, the response is always one word.

GET_ TEMPE RATURE	19	1	n(<u>4</u>)	The GET_TEMPERATURE command returns the temperature or temperatures of the core fabric or transceiver channel locations you specify. For Intel Agilex devices, use the sensor_req argument to specify the locations. The sensor_req includes the following fields: Bits[31:28]: Reserved. Bits[27:16]: Sensor Location. Specifies the TSD location. Bits[15:0]: Sensor mask. Specifies the sensors to read for the esensor location specified. The response contains one word for each temperature requested. If omitted, the command reads channel 0. The least significant bit (lsb) corresponds to sensor 0. The most significant bit (msb) corresponds to channel 15. The temperature returned is a signed fixed value with 8 bits below the binary point. For example, a temperature of 10°C returns 0x00000A00. A of temperature -1.5°C returns 0xFFFFFE80. If the bitmask specifies an invalid Location, the command returns an error code which is any value in the range 0x80000000 - 0x800000FF. For Intel Agilex devices, refer to the Intel Agilex Power Management User Guide for more information about local build-in temperature sensors.
RSU_IMAGE_ UPDATE	5C	2	0	Triggers reconfiguration from the data source that can be either the factory or an application image.
continued		,		

- 1. This number does not include the command or response header.
- 2. For Intel Agilex devices that support reading multiple devices, index n matches the number of channels you enable on your device.
- 3. Refer to the *Intel Agilex Power Management User Guide* for more information about temperature sensor channels and locations.
- 4. Index n depends on the number of sensor masks.

Command	Code (Hex)	Comman d Length (1)	Respons e Length (1)	Description				
				This command takes an optional 64-bit argument that specifies the reconfiguration data address in the flash. When sending the argument to the IP, you first send bits [31:0] followed by bits 63:32]. If you do not provide this argument its value is assumed to be 0. • Bit [31:0]: The start address of an application image. • Bit [63:32]: Reserved (write as 0). Once the device processes this command, it returns the response header to response FIFO before it proceeds to reconfigure the device. Ensure the host PC or host controller stops servicing other interrupts and focuses on reading the response header data to indicate the command completed successfully. Otherw se, the host PC or host controller may not be able to receive the response once the reconfiguration process started. Once the device proceeds with reconfiguration, the link between the external host and FPGA is lost. If you use PCIe in your design, you need to re-enumerate the PCIe link. Important: When resetting quad SPI, you must follow instructions specified in Resetting Quad SPI Flash on page 9.				
				RSU_GET_SPT retrieves the quad SPI flash location for the tw o sub- partition tables that the RSU uses: SPT0 and SPT1. The 4-word response contains the following information:				
				Word	Name	Description		
RSU_GET_S				0	SPT0[63:32]			
PT	5A	0	4			SPT0 address in quad SPI flash.		

				1	SPT0[31:0]	
				2	SPT1[63:32]	
				3	SPT1[31:0]	SPT1 address in quad SPI flash.
				command	to check the c	last reconfiguration. You can use this onfiguration status during and after coe contains the following information:
				Word	Summary	Description
CONFIG_ST ATUS	4	0	6	0	State	Describes the most recent configurat ion related error. Returns 0 when the re are no configuration errors. The error field has 2 fields: • Upper 16 bits: Major error code. • Lower 16 bits: Minor error code. Refer to Appendix: CONFIG_STATU S and RSU_STATUS Error Code De scriptions in the Mailbox Client Intel FPGA IP User Guide for more information.

	1	Quartus Ver sion	Available in Intel Quartus® Prime so ftware versions between 19.4 and 2 1.2, the field displays: • Bit [31:28]: Index of the firmware or decision firmware copy that was used the most recently. Possible values are 0, 1, 2, and 3 • Bit [27:24]: Reserved • Bit [23:16]: Value is '0'
			Available in Intel Quartus Prime soft ware version 21.3 or later, the Quart us version displays: • Bit [31:28]: Index of the firmware or decision firmware copy that wa s used the most recently. Possible values are 0, 1, 2, and 3 . • Bit [27:24]: Reserved • Bit [23:16]: Major Quartus release number • Bit [15:8]: Minor Quartus release number • Bit [7:0]: Quartus update number For example, in Intel Quartus Prime software version 21.3.1, the followin g values represent the major and mi nor Quartus release numbers, and the Quartus update number: • Bit [23:16] = 8'd21 = 8'h15 • Bit [15:8] = 8'd3 = 8'h3 • Bit [7:0] = 8'd1 = 8'h1

				2	Pin status	 Bit [31]: Current nSTATUS outp value (active low) Bit [30]: Detected nCONFIG inp value (active low) Bit [29:8]: Reserved Bit [7:6]: Configuration clock so ce 01 = Internal oscillator 10 = OSC_CLK_1 Bit [5:3]: Reserved Bit [2:0]: The MSEL value at poer up
				3	Soft function status	Contains the value of each of the st functions, even if you have not as gned the function to an SDM pin. Bit [31:6]: Reserved Bit [5]: HPS_WARMRESET Bit [4]: HPS_COLDRESET Bit [3]: SEU_ERROR Bit [2]: CVP_DONE Bit [1]: INIT_DONE Bit [0]: CONF_DONE
				4	Error locatio	Contains the error location. Return 0 if there are no errors.
				5	Error details	Contains the error details. Returns if there are no errors.
				e this cor uration a	mmand to check	ote system upgrade status. You can the configuration status during con ompleted. This command returns th
RSU_STATU S	5B	0	9			

	Word	Summary	Description (Continue)
--	------	---------	------------------------

1. This number does not include the command or response header

		0-1	Current imag e	Flash offset of the currently running application image.
		2-3	Failing imag e	Flash offset of the highest priority fail ing application image. If multiple ima ges are available in flash memory, st ores the value of the first image that failed. A value of all 0s indicates no failing images. If there are no failing i mages, the remainder of the remaining words of the status information do not store valid information. Note: A rising edge on nCONFIG to reconfigure from ASx4, does not clear this field. Information about failing i mage only updates when the Mailbox Client receives a new RSU_IMAGE_UPDATE command and successfully configures from the update image.
		4	State	Failure code of the failing image. The error field has two parts: • Bit [31:16]: Major error code • Bit [15:0]: Minor error code Returns 0 for no failures. Refer to Appendix: CONFIG_STATUS and R SU_STATUS Error Code Descriptions in the Mailbox Client Intel FPGA IP User Guide for more information.
		5	Version	RSU interface version and error source. For more information, refer to RSU S tatus and Error Codes section in the Hard Processor System Remote System Update User Guide.

	6	6	Error locatio	Stores the error location of the failin g image. Returns 0 for no errors.
	7	7	Error details	Stores the error details for the failing image. Returns 0 if there are no erro rs.
	8	8	Current imag e retry count er	Count of the number of retries that h ave been attempted for the current i mage. The counter is 0 initially. The counter is set to 1 after the first retry, then 2 after a second retry. Specify the maximum number of retr ies in your Intel Quartus Prime Settin gs File (.qsf). The command is: set_global_assignment -name RSU_MA X_RETRY_COUNT 3. Valid values f or the MAX_RETRY counter are 1-3. The actual number of available retrie s is MAX_RETRY -1 This field was added in version 19.3 of the Intel Quartus Prime Pro Editio n software.
continued				

1. This number does not include the command or response header.

RSU_NOTIFY	5D	1	0	Clears all error information in the RSU_STATUS response and resets the retry counter. The one-word argument has the follo wing fields: • 0x00050000: Clear current reset retry counter. Resetting the current retry counter sets the counter back to zero, as if the current image was successfully loaded for the first time. • 0x00060000: Clear error status information.
RSU_NOTIFY	5D	1	0	e current retry counter sets the counter back to zero, as if th e current image was successfully loaded for the first time.
				Quartus i illile i io Euition sollware.

QSPI_OPEN	32	0	0	Requests exclusive access to the quad SPI. You issue this request before any other QSPI requests. The SDM accepts the request if the quad SPI is not in use and the SDM is not configuring the device. Returns OK if the SDM grants access. The SDM grants exclusive access to the client using this mailb ox. Other clients cannot access the quad SPI until the active client relinquishes access using the QSPI_CLOSE command. Access to the quad SPI flash memory devices via any mailbox client IP is not available by default in designs that include the HPS, unless you disable the QSPI in HPS software configuration. Important: When resetting quad SPI, you must follow instructions specified in Resetting Quad SPI Flash on page 9.
QSPI_CLOSE	33	0	0	Closes the exclusive access to the quad SPI interface. Important:When resetting quad SPI, you must follow instructions specified in Resetting Quad SPI Flash on page 9.

QSPI_SET_C S	34	1	0	Specifies one of the attached quad SPI devices via the chip sel ect lines. Takes a one-word argument as described below • Bits[31:28]: Flash device to select. Refer to information belo w for the value that corresponds to the nCSO[0:3] pins • Value 4'h0000 selects the flash that corresponds to n CSO[0]. • Value 4'h0001 selects the flash that corresponds to n CSO[1]. • Value 4'h0002 selects the flash that corresponds to n CSO[2]. • Value 4'h0003 selects the flash that corresponds to n CSO[3]. • Bits[27:0]: Reserved (write as 0). Note: Intel Agilex or Intel Stratix® 10 devices support one AS x 4 flash memory device for AS configuration from quad SPI device connected to nCSO[0]. Once the device entered user mode, you can use up to four AS x4 flash memories for use wit h Mailbox Client IP or HPS as data storage. TheMailbox Client IP or HPS can use nCSO[3:0] to access quad SPI devices. This command is optional for the AS x4 configuration scheme, the chip select line follows the last executed QSPI_SET_CS command or defaults to nCSO[0] after the AS x4 configuration. The JTAG configuration scheme requires executing this command to access the QSPI flash memory devices using SDM_IO pins. Access to the QSPI flash memory devices using SDM_IO pins is only available for the AS x4 configuration scheme, JTAG con figuration, and a design compiled for AS x4 configuration. For the Avalon streaming interface (Avalon ST) configuration scheme, you must connect QSPI flash memories to GPIO pins.
continued				

1. This number does not include the command or response header

				Important: When resetting quad SPI, you must follow instructio ns specified in Resetting Quad SPI Flash on page 9.
QSPI_READ	ЗА	2	N	Reads the attached quad SPI device. The maximum transfer si ze is 4 kilobytes (KB) or 1024 words. Takes two arguments: • The quad SPI flash address (one word). The address must be word aligned. The device returns the 0x1 error code for n on- aligned addresses. • Number of words to read (one word). When successful, returns OK followed by the read data from the quad SPI device. A failure response returns an error code. For a partially successful read, QSPI_READ may erroneously return the OK status. Note: You cannot run the QSPI_READ command while device configuration is in progress. Important:When resetting quad SPI, you must follow instructions specified in Resetting Quad SPI Flash on page 9.
QSPI_WRITE	39	2+N	0	 Writes data to the quad SPI device. The maximum transfer siz e is 4 kilobytes (KB) or 1024 words. Takes three arguments: The flash address offset (one word). The write address mus t be word aligned. The number of words to write (one word). The data to be written (one or more words). A successful wr ite returns the OK response code. To prepare memory for writes, use the QSPI_ERASE comman d before issuing this command. Note: You cannot run the QSPI_WRITE command while devic e configuration is in progress. Important:When resetting quad SPI, you must follow instructions specified in Resetting Quad SPI Flash on page 9.

QSPI_ERASE	38	2	0	Erases a 4/32/64 KB sector of the quad SPI device. Takes two arguments: • The flash address offset to start the erase (one word). Depending on the number of words to erase, the start address must be: • 4 KB aligned if number words to erase is 0x400 • 32 KB aligned if number words to erase is 0x2000 • 64 KB aligned if number words to erase is 0x4000 Returns an error for non-4/32/64 KB aligned addresses. • The number of words to erase is specified in multiples of: • 0x400 to erase 4 KB (100 words) of data. This option is the minimum erase size. • 0x2000 to erase 32 KB (500 words) of data • 0x4000 to erase 64 KB (1000 words) of data A successful erase returns the OK response code. Important:When resetting quad SPI, you must follow instructions specified in Resetting Quad SPI Flash on page 9.
QSPI_READ_ DEVICE_REG	35	2	N	Reads registers from the quad SPI device. The maximum read is 8 bytes. Takes two arguments: • The opcode for the read command. • The number of bytes to read.
continued				

1. This number does not include the command or response header.

				A successful read returns the OK response code followed by the data read from the device. The read data return is in multiple of 4 bytes. If the bytes to read is not an exact multiple of 4 bytes, it is padded with multiple of 4 bytes until the next word boun dary and the padded bit value is zero. Important: When resetting quad SPI, you must follow instructions specified in Resetting Quad SPI Flash on page 9.
QSPI_WRITE _ DEVICE_R EG	36	2+N	0	Writes to registers of the quad SPI. The maximum write is 8 by tes. Takes three arguments: • The opcode for the write command. • The number of bytes to write. • The data to write. To perform a sector erase or sub-sector erase, you must specify the serial flash address in most significant byte (MSB) to least significant byte (LSB) order as the following example ill ustrates. To erase a sector of a Micron 2 gigabit (Gb) flash at address 0x04FF0000 using the QSPI_WRITE_DEVICE_REG command, write the flash address in MSB to LSB order as shown here: Header: 0x00003036 Opcode: 0x000000DC Number of bytes to write: 0x00000004 Flash address: 0x000 0FF04 A successful write returns the OK response code. This command pads data that is not a multiple of 4 bytes to the next word boundary. The command pads the data with zero. Important:When resetting quad SPI, you must follow instructions specified in Resetting Quad SPI Flash on page 9.
QSPI_SEND_ DEVICE_OP	37	1	0	Sends a command opcode to the quad SPI. Takes one argume nt: • The opcode to send the quad SPI device. A successful command returns the OK response code. Important:When resetting quad SPI, you must follow instructions specified in Resetting Quad SPI Flash on page 9.

- Mailbox Client Intel FPGA IP User Guide: CONFIG_STATUS and RSU_STATUS Error Code Descriptions
 For more information about the CONFIG_STATUS and RSU_STATUS error codes.
- Intel Agilex Power Management User Guide

For more information about the temperature sensor channel numbers and temperature sensing diodes (TSDs).

- Intel Agilex Hard Processor System Technical Reference Manual
- Intel Agilex Hard Processor System Remote System Update User Guide

Error Code Responses

Table 8. Error Codes

Valu e (He x)	Error Code Res ponse	Description
0	ОК	Indicates that the command completed successfully. A command may erroneously return the OK status if a command, such as QSPI_READ is partially successful.
1	INVALID_COM MAND	Indicates that the currently loaded boot ROM cannot decode or recognize the comm and code.
3	UNKNOWN_CO MMAND	Indicates that the currently loaded firmware cannot decode the command code.
4	INVALID_COM MAND_ PARAM ETERS	Indicates that the command is incorrectly formatted. For example, the length field set ting in header is not valid.
6	COMMAND_IN VALID_ON_ SO URCE	Indicates that the command is from a source for which it is not enabled.
8	CLIENT_ID_NO _MATCH	Indicates that the Client ID cannot complete the request to close the exclusive acces s to quad SPI. The Client ID does not match the existing client with the current exclusive access to quad SPI.

	9	INVALID_ADDR ESS	The address is invalid. This error indicates one of the following conditions: • An unaligned address • An address range problem • A read permission problem • An invalid chip select value, displaying value of more than 3 • An invalid address in RSU case • An invalid bitmask value for GET_VOLTAGE command • An invalid page selection for GET_TEMPERATURE command			
•	Α	AUTHENTICATI ON_FAIL	Indicates the configuration bitstream signature authentication failure.			
	В	TIMEOUT	This error indicates time out due to the following conditions: Command Waiting for QSPI_READ operation to complete Waiting for the requested temperature reading from one of the temperature sensors. May indicate a potential hardware error in the temperature sensor.			
	С	HW_NOT_REA DY	 Indicates one of the following conditions: The hardware is not ready. Can indicate either an initialization or configuration pro blem. The hardware may refer to quad SPI. RSU image is not used to configure the FPGA. 			
	D	HW_ERROR	Indicates that the command completed unsuccessfully due to unrecoverable hardware error.			
,			Indicates a command specific error due to an SDM command you used.			d you used.
			SDM Command	Error Name	Err or c ode	Description
	80 – 8F	COMMAND_SP ECIFIC_ERRO R	GET_CHIPID	EFUSE_SYSTEM_ FAIL URE	0x8 2	Indicates that the eFus e cache pointer is inval id.

		QSPI_OPEN/ QSPI_CLO SE/ QSPI_SET_CS/ QSPI_READ_D EVICE_R EG/	QSPI_HW_E	RROR	0x8 0	Indicates QSPI flash m emory error. This error indicates one of the foll owing conditions:
		QSPI_WRITE_ DEVICE_R QSPI_SEND_D EVICE_OF QSPI_READ			 A QSPI flash chi p select setting p roblem A QSPI flash initi alization problem A QSPI flash res etting problem A QSPI flash sett ings update probl em 	
			QSPI_AL READY_ OPEN	0x81	Indicates that the cli ent's exclusive acce ss to QSPI flash via QSPI_OPEN comm and is already open.	
100	NOT_CONFIGU RED	Indicates that the device is not configured.				
1FF	ALT_SDM_MBO X_RESP_ DEVICE_BUSY	Indicates that the device is busy due to following use cases: • RSU: Firmware is unable to transition to different version due to an internal erro r. • HPS: HPS is busy when in HPS reconfiguration process or HPS cold reset.				
2FF	ALT_SDM_MBO X_RESP_NO_V ALID_RESP_AV AILABLE	Indicates that there is no valid response available.				
3FF	ALT_SDM_MBO X_RESP_ ERRO R	General Error.				

Error Code Recovery

The table below describes possible steps to recover from an error code. Error recovery depends on specific use case.

Table 9. Error Code Recovery for known Error Codes

Value	Error Code Response	Error Code Recovery
4	INVALID_COMMAND_ P ARAMETERS	Resend the command header or header with arguments with corrected parameters. For example, ensure that the length field setting in header is sent with the correct value.
6	COMMAND_INVALID_ O N_SOURCE	Resend the command from valid source such as JTAG, HPS, or core fab ric.
8	CLIENT_ID_NO_MATCH	Wait for the client who opened the access to quad SPI to complete its access and then closes the exclusive access to quad SPI.
9	INVALID_ADDRESS	Possible error recovery steps: For GET_VOLTAGE command: Send command with a valid bitmask. For GET_TEMPERATURE command: Send command with valid sensor location and sensor mask. For QSPI operation: • Send command with a valid chip select. • Send command with a valid QSPI flash address. For RSU: Send command with a valid start address of the factory image or application.
В	TIMEOUT	Possible recovery steps: For GET_TEMPERATURE command: Retry to send the command again. If problem persists, reconfigure or power cycle the device. For QSPI operation: Check signal integrity of QSPI interfaces and attempt command again. For HPS restart operation: Retry to send the command again.

С	HW_NOT_READY	Possible recovery steps: For QSPI operation: Reconfigure the device via source. Ensure that IP u sed to build your design allows access to the QSPI flash.
		For RSU: Configure the device with RSU image.
80	QSPI_HW_ERROR	Check the QSPI interface signal integrity and ensure the QSPI device is not damaged.
81	QSPI_ALREADY_OPEN	Client already opened QSPI. Continue with the next operation.
82	EFUSE_SYSTEM_FAILU RE	Attempt reconfiguration or power cycle. If error persists after reconfigura tion or power cycle, the device may be damaged and unrecoverable.
100	NOT_CONFIGURED	Send a bitstream that configures the HPS.
1FF	ALT_SDM_MBOX_RESP _ DEVICE_ BUSY	Possible error recovery steps: For QSPI operation: Wait for ongoing configuration or other client to complete operation. For RSU: Reconfigure device to recover from internal error. For HPS restart operation: Wait for reconfiguration via HPS or HPS Cold Reset to complete.

Mailbox Client with Avalon Streaming Interface Intel FPGA IP User Guide Document Archives

For the latest and previous versions of this user guide, refer to <u>Mailbox Client with Avalon Streaming Interface</u> <u>Intel FPGA IP User Guide</u>. If an IP or software version is not listed, the user guide for the previous IP or software version applies.

IP versions are the same as the Intel Quartus Prime Design Suite software versions up to v19.1. From Intel Quartus Prime Design Suite software version 19.2 or later, IP cores have a new IP versioning scheme.

Document Revision History for the Mailbox Client with Avalon Streaming Interface Intel FPGA IP User Guide

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2022.09.26	22.3	1.0.1	 Made the following changes: Updated the GET_VOLTAGE command row in the Command List and Description table. Added note to Table Device Family Support. Revised QSPI_SET_CS command description in the Command List and Description table.
2022.04.04	22.1	1.0.1	 Updated the Command List and Description table. Updated pin status description for the CONFIG_STAT US command. Removed the REBOOT_HPS command.
2021.10.04	21.3	1.0.1	Made the following change: • Revised Command List and Description table. Update d description for: • CONFIG_STATUS • RSU_STATUS
2021.06.21	21.2	1.0.1	Made the following changes: • Revised Command List and Description table. Update d description for: • RSU_STATUS • QSPI_OPEN • QSPI_SET_CS • QSPI_ERASE

2021.03.29	21.1	1.0.1	 Made the following changes: Revised RSU_IMAGE_UPDATE description in the <i>Command List and Description</i> table. Restructured <i>Operation Commands</i>. Removed major and minor error code descriptions for the CONFIG_STATUS and RSU_STATUS commands. The major and minor error codes are now documented a san appendix in the <i>Mailbox Client Intel FPGA IP User Guide</i>.
2020.12.14	20.4	1.0.1	Made the following changes:

- Added important note about resetting QSPI flash in the *Operation Comman* ds topic.
- Updated the *Command List and Desc ription* table:
 - Revised GET_TEMPERATURE command description.
 - Revised RSU_IMAGE_UPDATE command description.
- Added text about resetting QSPI flash
- Added text describing behavior between the external host and FPGA.
- Removed text: Returns a non-zero re sponse if the device is already proces sing a configuration command.
 - Updated QSPI_WRITE and QS PI_READ descriptions to specif y that the maximum transfer siz e is 4 kilobytes or 1024 words.
 - Corrected response length from 1 to 0 for the QSPI_OPEN, QSP I_CLOSE and QSPI_SET_CS c ommand.
 - Revised QSPI_OPEN, QSPI_W
 RITE, QSPI_READ_DEVICE_R
 EG, and QSPI_WRITE_DEVIC
 E_REG descriptions.
 - Added a new command: REBO OT_HPS.
- Added new topic: Error Code Recovery.

			Changed the title of this user guide fr om Mailbox Avalon Streaming Interfa ce Client Intel FPGA IP User Guide to Mailbox Client with Avalon Streaming Interface Intel FPGA IP User Guide d
			 Quartus Prime IP Catalog. Globally updated all IP name instance s. Revised GET TEMPERATURE comm and description for Intel Agilex device s in the Command List and Descriptio
2020.10.05	20.3	1.0.1	 n table. Added recommendation about the res et synchronizer in the Clock and Reset Interfaces table. Updated the Error Codes table. Adde d new error code responses: HW_ERROR COMMAND_SPECIFIC_ERRO R Removed the Temperature Sensor Lo cations topic. The temperature sensor information is available in the Intel Agilex Power Management User Guide.

2020.06.30	20.2	1.0.0		 Changed the title of this user guide fr om Mailbox Avalon ST Client Intel FP GA IP User Guide to Mailbox Avalon Streaming Interface Client Intel FPGA IP User Guide. Renamed topic title Command and R esponse Header to Commands and Responses. Revised ID, LENGTH, and Command Code/Error Code descriptions in the Command and Response Header De scription table. Renamed topic title Supported Commands to Operation Commands.
			ommand Lis GET_ RSU_ QSPI_ Renamed to nses.	e following commands description in the <i>C</i> st and Description table: _TEMPERATURE _STATUS _SET_CS opic title <i>Error Codes</i> to <i>Error Code Respo</i> JNKNOWN_BR command from the <i>Error C</i>

2020.04.13	20.1	1.0.0	 Added information about the temperature sensors for the GET_TEMPERATURE command, including figure s illustrating TSD locations. Added RSU_NOTIFY command in the Command Code List and Description table. Updated the Error Codes table: Renamed INVALID_COMMAND_PARAMETER S to INVALID_LENGTH. Changed COMMAND_INVALID_ON_SOURCE hex value from 5 to 6. Changed CLIENT_ID_NO_MATCH hex value from 6 to 8. Changed INVALID_ADDRESS hex value from 7 to 9. Added AUTHENTICATION_FAIL command. Changed TIMEOUT hex value from 8 to B. Changed HW_NOT_READY hex value from 9 to C.
2019.09.30	19.3	1.0.0	Initial release.

For feedback, please visit: FPGAtechdocfeedback@intel.com

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