INSTRUo Dual All Pass Filter



INSTRUo Dual All Pass Filter User Manual

Home » INSTRUO » INSTRUO Dual All Pass Filter User Manual



Contents

- 1 INSTRUo Dual All Pass Filter
- 2 Features
- 3 Installation
- **4 Specifications**
- 5 dåpf | da:/f | (acronym) Dual All-pass

Filter

- 6 Global
- 7 Patch Examples
- 8 Documents / Resources
 - 8.1 References
- 9 Related Posts



INSTRUo Dual All Pass Filter



Specifications

• Module Type: Dual All-Pass Filter

• Power Requirement: Eurorack synthesizer system

• Width: 4 HP

• Features: Phase shifting, CV inputs, Pole toggle

Description / Features

The Dual All-Pass Filter module provides two independent all-pass filters for phase shifting audio signals. It features phase sliders, CV inputs for modulation, and a pole toggle to set the filter slope.

Installation

- 1. Confirm that the Eurorack synthesizer system is powered off.
- 2. Locate 4 HP of space in your Eurorack synthesizer case.
- 3. Connect the 10-pin side of the IDC power cable to the 2×5 pin header.

4. **Note:** This module has reverse polarity protection. Inverted installation of the power cable will not damage the module.

Channel 1

- Input (IN): Provides direct access to the channel 1 all-pass filter.
- Output (OUT): Provides the filtered signal from the channel 1 input.
- Pole Toggle: Sets the slope of the all-pass filter.
- Phase Slider: Shifts the center frequency of the filter processing the input signal.
- Phase CV Input: Bipolar control voltage input for modulating the phase slider.
- Phase CV Attenuverter: Determines depth and polarity of external modulation on phase parameter.

Channel 2

- Input (IN): Provides direct access to the second all-pass filter.
- Output (OUT): Provides the filtered signal from channel 2 input.
- Phase Slider: Shifts the center frequency of the filter processing the input signal.
- Phase CV Input: Bipolar control voltage input for modulating the phase slider.
- Phase CV Attenuverter: Determines depth and polarity of external modulation on phase parameter.
- Output Indicator: Provides LED illumination of signal amplitudes at channel 2 output.

Global Normalling

The normalling of input signals moves clockwise from channel 2 Input to channel 2 Output, suitable for mono-to-mono, mono-to-stereo, and stereo-to-stereo processing.

Patch Examples

1. Mono Phase-Shifting:

An oscillator connected to channel 1's Input is monitored through channel 1's Output. Modulate the phase with a control voltage signal.

2. Serial Mono Phase-Shifting:

An attenuated oscillator connected to channel 2's Input is monitored through channel 2's Output, creating a mono sum. Modulate each channel's phase with different control voltage signals.

FAQ

1. Q: Can I use this module with other synthesizer systems?

A: This module is designed for use with Eurorack synthesizer systems and may not be compatible with other systems without proper adapters or converters.

2. Q: How do I ensure proper power connection?

A: Make sure to connect the IDC power cable correctly, aligning the pins and avoiding reversed polarity to prevent damage to the module.

Dual All-Pass Filter

Description

Introducing dåpf, the first dedicated effects processor in the Instruō product line. The Instruō dåpf is a set of two analogue all-pass filters.

You might be asking yourself, "What is the point of a filter that passes everything?" All-pass filters don't actually attenuate frequency amplitudes directly, but rather alter the phase relationship of frequencies across the spectrum. All-pass filter stages appear in the vast majority of voltage-controlled filter topologies as well as serving as a core building block within DSP.

The normalled I/O of dapf allows for cascaded or independent use of the two all-pass filter circuits, offering everything from classic phase-shifting to psychoacoustic stereo enhancement and synthetic Doppler effect.

Features

- Two parallel all-pass filters
- · Independent attenuverters for voltage control
- 1-Pole/2-Pole configuration for channel 1
- · Gascaded normalisation
- Global 1 volt per octave tracking

Installation

- 1. 1. Confirm that the Eurorack synthesizer system is powered off.
 - 2. Locate 4 HP of space in your Eurorack synthesizer case.
 - 3. Connect the 10 pin side of the IDC power cable to the 2×5 pin header on the back of the module, confirming that the red stripe on the power cable is connected to -12V.
 - 4. Connect the 16 pin side of the IDC power cable to the 2×8 pin header on your Eurorack power supply, confirming that the red stripe on the power cable is connected to -12V.
 - 5. Mount the Instruō dapf in your Eurorack synthesizer case.
 - 6. Power your Eurorack synthesizer system on.

Note:

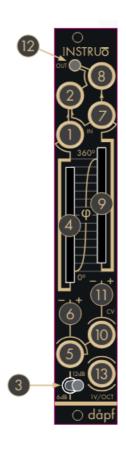
This module has reverse polarity protection.

Inverted installation of the power cable will not damage the module.

Specifications

Width: 4 HP
Depth: 30mm
+12V: 60mA
-12V: 60mA

dåpf | da:/f | (acronym) Dual All-pass Filter



Key

- 1. Channel 1 Input
- 2. Channel 1 Output
- 3. Pole Toggle
- 4. Channel 1 Phase Slider
- 5. Channel 1 Phase CV Input
- 6. Channel 1 Phase CV Attenuverter
- 7. Channel 2 Input
- 8. Channel 2 Output
- 9. Channel 2 Phase Slider
- 10. Channel 2 Phase CV Input
- 11. Channel 2 Phase CV Attenuverter
- 12. 1V/Oct Input

Channel 1

- Input (IN): The channel 1 Input (left) provides direct access to the channel 1 all-pass filter.
- Output (OUT): The channel 1 Output (left) provides the filtered signal present at the channel 1 Input.
 - If no cable is connected to the channel 1 Output, then the signal present at the channel 1 Input is processed and passed to the channel 2 Output. Either configuration can be used for mono-to-mono processing.

Pole Toggle: The Pole Toggle sets the slope of the all-pass filter.

If the toggle is in its left position, the profile of the all-pass filter is set to −6dB/Octave (1-Pole).

- If the toggle is in its right position, the profile of the all-pass filter is set to -12dB/Octave (2-Pole).
- Phase Slider: The Phase Slider shifts the centre frequency of the all-pass filter processing the input signal.
 - If the Slope Toggle is set to -6dB/Octave (1-Pole), moving the Phase Slider from its minimum position to its maximum position results in a global phase shift of the input signal by 180°.
 - If the Slope Toggle is set to -12dB/Octave (2-Pole), moving the Phase Slider from its minimum position to its maximum position results in a global phase shift of the input signal by 360°.
- Phase CV Input: The Phase CV Input is a bipolar control voltage input for the Phase Slider.
 - Control voltage is summed with the Phase Slider and scaled and/or inverted by the Phase CV Attenuverter.
- Phase CV Attenuverter: The Phase CV Attenuverter determines the depth and polarity of external modulation applied to the phase parameter.

Channel 2

- Input (IN): The channel 2 Input (right) provides direct access to the second all pass filter.
- If no cable is connected to the channel 1 Input, the signal present at the channel 2 Input normals to both allpass filter channels. In this scenario, only the corresponding phase parameter will affect the signal present at the respective channel Output. This can be used for mono-to-stereo processing.
- If no cable is connected to the channel 1 Input or channel 1 Output, then both channel's phase parameters will
 affect the signal present at the channel 2 Input, creating a mono sum of both Outputs. This can be used for
 mono-to-mono processing with two parallel all-pass
 filter stages.
- Attenuating the input signal before connecting to the channel 2 Input is advisable to avoid clipping.
 - Output (OUT): The channel 2 Output (right) provides the filtered signal present at the channel 2 Input.
- Phase Slider: The Phase Slider shifts the centre frequency of the all-pass filter processing he input signal.
 - Moving the Phase Slider from its minimum position to its maximum position results in a global phase shift of the input signal by 360°.
- Phase CV Input: The Phase CV Input is a bipolar control voltage input for the Phase Slider.
 - Control voltage is summed with the Phase Slider and scaled and/or inverted by the Phase CV Attenuverter.
- Phase CV Attenuverter: The Phase CV Attenuverter determines the depth and polarity of external modulation applied to the phase parameter.
 - **Output Indicato**r: The Output Indicator provides LED illumination of the signal amplitudes present channel 2 Output.

Global

- 1V/Oct Input: The 1V/Oct Input is a bipolar control voltage input that is calibrated for 1 volt per octave tracking.
 - Control voltage is summed with the values set by the Phase Sliders and Phase CV Inputs.

Normalling

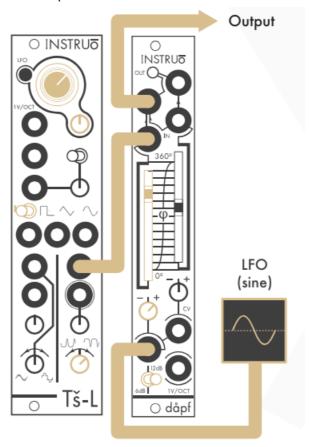
The normalling of input signals moves clockwise around the panel from the channel 2 Input to the channel 2
Output.

• This normalling scheme can be used for mono-to-mono, mono-to-stereo, and stereo-to-stereo processing.

Patch Examples

• Mono Phase-Shifting:

Summary: An oscillator is connected to channel 1's Input and monitored through channel 1's Output. A
control voltage signal modulates the phase.



Audio Path:

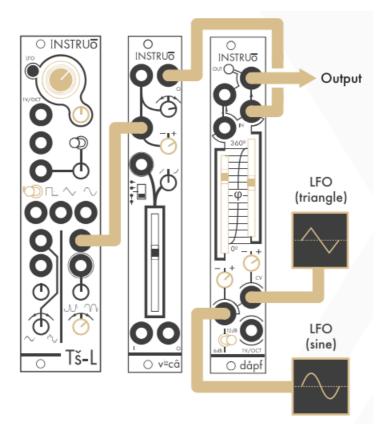
- Connect the output of a harmonically rich oscillator waveform to the channel 1 Input.
- Monitor from the channel 1 Output.
- Set the Pole Toggle to a desired setting.

Control Path:

- Connect a control voltage signal to the channel 1 Phase CV Input and set the corresponding Phase CV Attenuverter to a desired position.
- **Note:** If using bipolar control voltage signals, bias the corresponding Phase Slider so that negative voltage doesn't clip the Phase CV Input.

Serial Mono Phase-Shifting:

Summary: An oscillator is attenuated and then connected to channel 2's Input and monitored through channel 2's Output, creating a mono sum of both channels. Two different control voltage signals modulate the phase of each channel.



Audio Path:

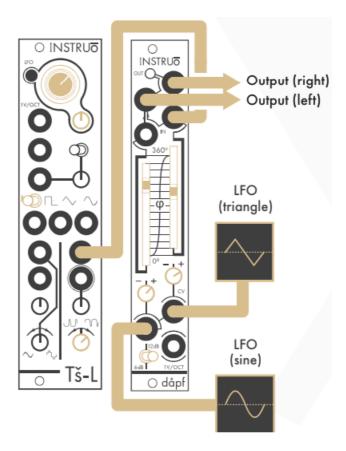
- Connect the output of a harmonically rich oscillator waveform to an attenuator to attenuate the amplitude of the waveform. Set the attenuator to a desired level.
- Connect the output of the attenuator to the channel 2 Input.
- Monitor from the channel 2 Output.
- Set the Pole Toggle to its right position to set a -12dB/Oct pole for channel 1.

Control Path:

Connect two different control voltage signals to both Phase CV Inputs and set the corresponding Phase CV Attenuverters to a desired position. Note: If using bipolar control voltage signals, bias the corresponding Phase Sliders so that negative voltage doesn't clip the Phase CV Inputs.

Mono-to-Stereo Phase-Shifting:

Summary: An oscillator is connected to channel 2's Input and monitored through both Outputs. Two different control voltage signals modulate the phase of each channel.



Audio Path:

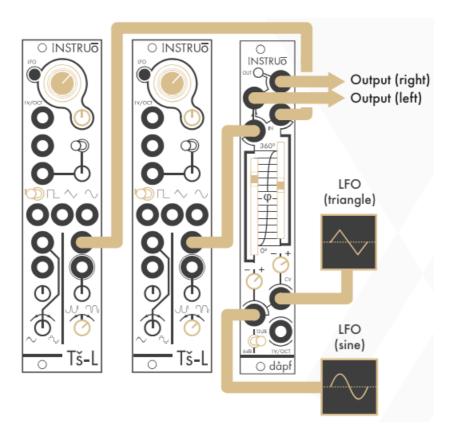
- Connect the output of a harmonically rich oscillator waveform to the channel 2 Input.
- Monitor from both Outputs.
- Both outputs will need to be externally panned hard left and hard right.
- Set the Pole Toggle to its right position to set a -12dB/Oct pole for channel 1.

Control Path:

- Connect two different control voltage signals to both Phase CV Inputs and set the corresponding Phase CV
 Attenuverters to a desired position.
- **Note:** If using bipolar control voltage signals, bias the corresponding Phase Sliders so that negative voltage doesn't clip the Phase CV Inputs.

Stereo Phase-Shifting:

Summary: Two oscillators are connected to both Inputs and monitored through both Outputs. Two different control voltage signals modulate the phase of each channel.



Audio Path:

- Connect the outputs of two harmonically rich oscillator waveforms to both Inputs.
- Monitor from both Outputs.
- Note: Both outputs will need to be externally panned hard left and hard right.
- Set the Pole Toggle to its right position to set a -12dB/Oct pole for channel 1.

Control Path:

- Connect two different control voltage signals to both Phase CV Inputs and set the corresponding Phase CV
 Attenuverters to a desired position.
- **Note:** If using bipolar control voltage signals, bias the corresponding Phase Sliders so that negative voltage doesn't clip the Phase CV Inputs.

Manual Author: Collin Russell Manual Design: Dominic D'Sylva

This device meets the requirements of the following standards: EN55032, EN55103-2, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3, EN62311.

Documents / Resources



INSTRUO Dual All Pass Filter [pdf] User Manual Dual All Pass Filter, All Pass Filter, Pass Filter, Filter

References

User Manual

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